

Supporting data

Quantitative estimations of Squalene levels in acute respiratory distress syndrome (ARDS) and treated lung tissues by Gas chromatography–Mass spectrometry

Bala Manikantha Adimoolam ^{a,c,#}, Aruna Jangam ^{b,c,#}, S Babu Dadinaboyina ^{a,c}, Sai Balaji Andugulapati ^{b,c,#}, Anthony Addlagatta ^{b,c*} and Jagadeshwar Reddy Thota ^{a,c,*}

a. Department of Analytical and Structural Chemistry, CSIR-Indian Institute of Chemical Technology, Hyderabad-500 007, India.

b. Division of Applied Biology, CSIR-Indian Institute of Chemical Technology, Hyderabad-500007, India.

c. Academy of Scientific and Innovative Research (AcSIR), Ghaziabad-201002, India.

Contributed equally

*Corresponding author:

Dr. Jagadeshwar Reddy Thota

Centre for Mass Spectrometry,

Department of Analytical and Structural Chemistry,

CSIR-Indian Institute of Chemical Technology, Hyderabad-500 007, India,

Phone: +91-8953563333,

Email: tjreddy@iict.res.in

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Table S1: EI-MS data of squalene and squalane.

Name of the compound	Quantifier ions (<i>m/z</i>) (relative abundance in %)	Other ions (<i>m/z</i>) (relative abundance in %)
squalene	69(99)	81(54), 41(26), 95(15), 137(12), 121(12)
squalane	71(78)	57(99), 85(44), 43(30), 113(28), 127(16)

Table S2: Squalene extraction data (1 μ g/mL, n=3) obtained from the lung tissue.

Solvent	Spiked Concentration (μ g/mL)	Back- concentration (μ g/mL) SD; RSD (%)	Recovery (%)
ethyl acetate	1	0.887386856 \pm 0.006;4.2	88
hexane	1	1.0661457 \pm 0.017;9.7	106
methanol	1	0.604511999 \pm 0.05;6.2	60
chloroform	1	0.703571449 \pm 0.02;17.7	70
PBS-buffer	1	0.6295603 \pm 0.02;2.1	62

Table S3: GC-MS linearity parameters of Squalene.

S.No	Compound	Linearity equation	R ^{2 a)}	Linearity range	LOD b)	LOQ c)	Validation accuracy (% RSD) d)		
							Low (0.5 µg/mL)	Middle (2µg/mL)	High (10 µg/mL)
1	Squalene	Y = 0.1786x - 0.0114	0.996	0.5-10	0.05	0.5	115 (3.8)	95 (4.2)	94 (3.3)

a) Coefficient of Determination, b) LOD – Limit of Detection, c) LOQ – Limit of quantification,
d) The values in the parentheses represent %RSD values (n=3).

Table S4: GC-MS intra-day and inter-day precision studies (n=3) of Squalene obtained from the lung tissue.

Concentration (µg/mL)	Intra-day Precision	Inter-day Precision
	observed concentration (µg/mL) SD; RSD (%)	observed concentration (µg/mL) SD; RSD (%)
0.5	0.58±0.011;13.43	0.55±0.004;5.45
2	2.01±0.009;2.76	2.26±0.051;12.84
10	9.91±0.007;0.39	10.44±0.074;3.38

Table S5. GC-MS robustness study of Squalene.

Concentration (µg/ml)	Flow variations (SD±%RSD)			Oven temperature variations (°C/min) (SD±%RSD)		
	1.1 mL/min (minus)	1.2 mL/min (Control)	1.3 mL/min (plus)	95 °C/min (minus)	100 °C/min (Control)	105 °C/min (plus)
0.5	0.004±4.67	0.002±2.45	0.003±4.01	0.006±5.02	0.011±11.09	0.015±1.81
2	0.024±6.68	0.023±6.85	0.027±7.28	0.051±14.67	0.026±7.57	0.018±6.10
10	0.037±2.13	0.032±1.81	0.037±2.13	0.048±2.67	0.180±9.03	0.028±10.27

Table S6: Recovery data of Squalene (n=3) obtained from the lung tissue.

Spiked Concentration ($\mu\text{g/mL}$)	Calculated spiked concentration ($\mu\text{g/mL}$) SD; RSD (%)	Recovery (%)
0.5	$0.57 \pm 0.003; 3.83$	115
2	$1.91 \pm 0.014; 4.22$	95
10	$9.41 \pm 0.058; 3.37$	94

Table S7: Observed concentrations of Squalene (n=3) obtained from the lung tissue by linearity graph.

	Observed conc. ($\mu\text{g/mL}$)	SD	%RSD
Control	1.511416206	0.011693	4.52
	1.929371287	0.015964	4.74
	1.664174188	0.041845	14.59
	1.508391472	0.025849	10.02
	1.603274766	0.030336	11.01
	1.452444932	0.013273	5.36
	1.46437065	0.017643	7.07
	1.487494785	0.006773	2.67
Disease	0.83763504	0.004	3.01
	0.796840248	0.002944	2.35
	0.963312673	0.00686	4.38
	0.780327621	0.003989	3.26

	0.795925217	0.004271	3.41
	0.433416462	0.003343	5.78
	1.689737809	0.016059	15.21
	0.780863288	0.003265	2.66
Treatment (HAEGS-125 mg/kg)	0.991814855	0.017614	10.89
	0.842386408	0.004449	3.32
	0.885240558	0.005764	4.06
	0.970826626	0.004647	2.94
	0.888033606	0.005348	3.75
	0.761918171	0.004568	3.84
	1.12412573	0.008063	4.36
	0.794598865	0.00117157	0.95
Treatment (HAEGS-250 mg/kg)	1.425791013	0.015967	6.58
	1.49379667	0.010291	4.03
	1.487494785	0.006773	2.67
	1.043229402	0.01523	8.89
	1.254027438	0.012118	5.76
	1.420774808	0.00792	3.28
	1.067762695	0.022905	13.02
	0.963312673	0.00686	4.38

Table S8: Comparison studies of limits of detection (LODs), quantification (LOQs), and recovery (%) found in the previous studies using different extraction techniques in different matrices.

S.N o.	Analyte	Matrix	Extraction Technique	Analys is	LOD ($\mu\text{g/mL}$)	LOQ ($\mu\text{g/mL}$)	Recover y (%)	Year, Referen ce
1.	SQ	formulations of anthrax vaccine adsorbed	Hexane	HPLC	0.14	0.5	88-95	2002 ¹
2.	SQ	Human hair	Acidic/basic hydrolysis followed by hexane extraction	GC- MS, Raman	0.1	1	96.4 \pm 1.46	2016 ²
3.	SQ	shark liver oils	Hexane: ethanol (4:1)	IR, Raman,	--	0.4	82-111	2016 ³

			(v:v).	MS				
4.	SQ, FAME	fish oil, edible oils	Hexane	GC-FID	0.4	1.3	95-105	2019 ⁴
5.	SQ	Olive oil	Hexane: methanol (4:1) (v:v).	GC- MS, FID	3	8	98± 3	2020 ⁵
6.	SQ, phytocompon ents	Clerodendru m serratum Linn roots	Ethanolic extract	GC- MS, GC- FID	0.79	1.89	96-101	2021 ⁶
7.	SQ, SQA	e-cigarette or vaping, products (EVPs)	hexane	GC- MS	0.25	--	104– 113	2022 ⁷
8.	SQ, SQA	Bronchoalve olar Lavage Fluid	hexane	GC- MS	0.3	1 μ	97–105	2022 ⁸
9.	SQ	edible vegetable oil	Methanol:hex ane	GC- MS	0.013	0.04	102- 105	2022 ⁹
10.	SQ, phytocompon ents	coldpressed seed oil of <i>Celastrus paniculatus</i>	Hexane	HPTLC	13.84 (ng/ban d)	41.95 (ng/ban d)	90-110	2024 ¹⁰
11	squalene, cholesterol and seven COPs	Oxidation Products in Food of Animal Origin	saponification , extraction and silylation	GC- TQ	0.08	0.25	89-92	2024 ¹¹

Abbreviations: SQ-squalene, SQA-squalane, HPLC- High-Performance Liquid Chromatography, GC-MS- Gas Chromatography-Mass Spectrometry, GC-FID-Gas Chromatography with Flame Ionization Detection, FAME- Fatty acid methyl esters, HPTLC- High-Performance Thin Layer Chromatography, COPs -cholesterol oxidation products.

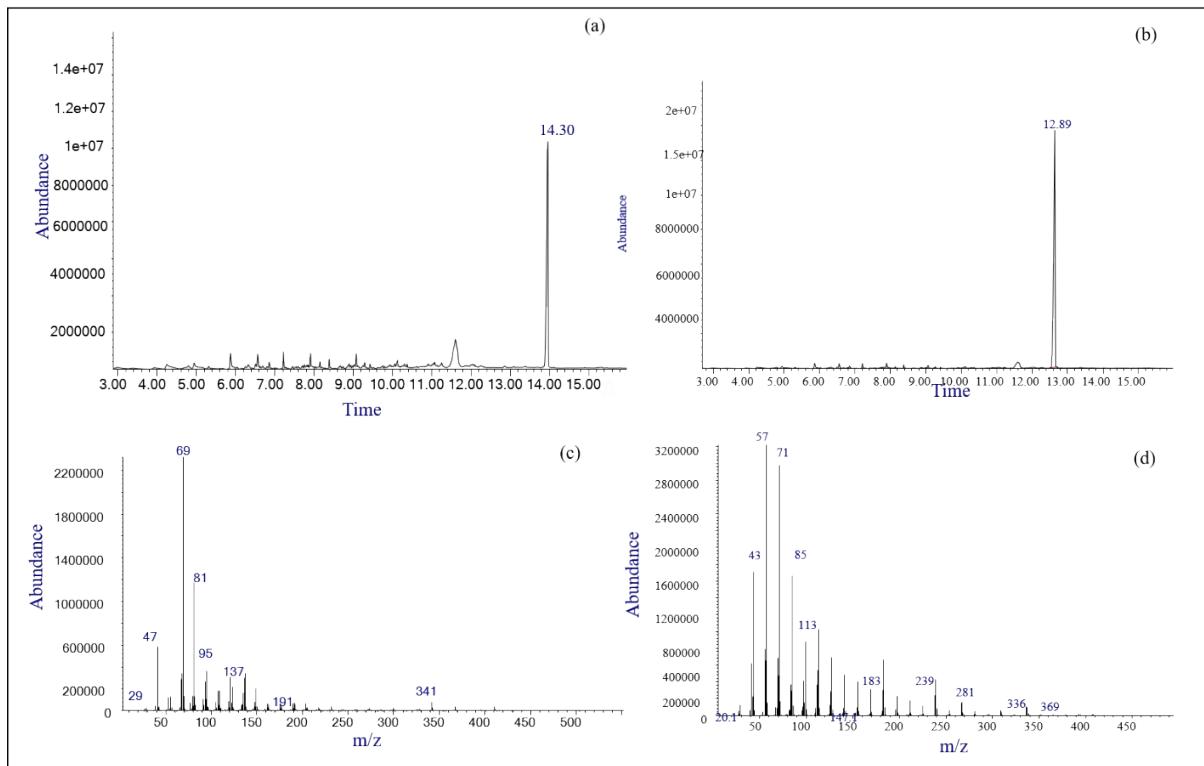


Figure S1: a) Total ion chromatogram (TIC) of squalene ($R_t=14.30$) at 50 $\mu\text{g/mL}$, b) Total ion chromatogram (TIC) of squalane ($R_t=12.89$) at 50 $\mu\text{g/mL}$, c) EI-MS spectrum of squalene and d) EI-MS spectrum of squalane.

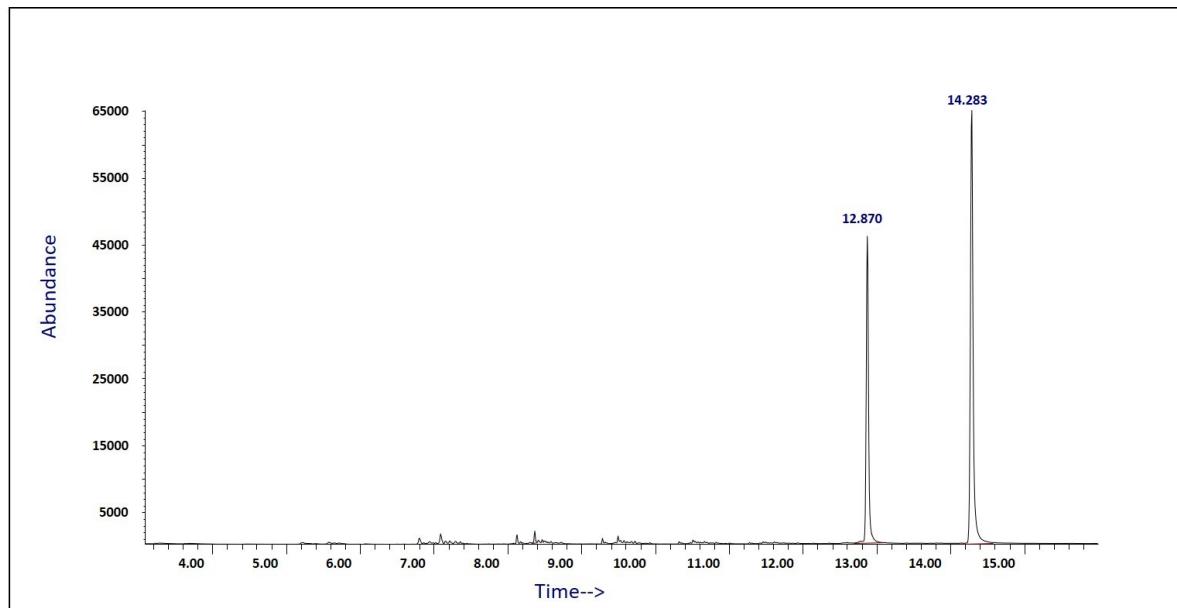


Figure S2: GC-MS SIM-Ion chromatogram of squalane ($m/z 71$, $R_t=12.870$) and squalene ($m/z 69$, $R_t=14.283$) at 10 $\mu\text{g/mL}$.

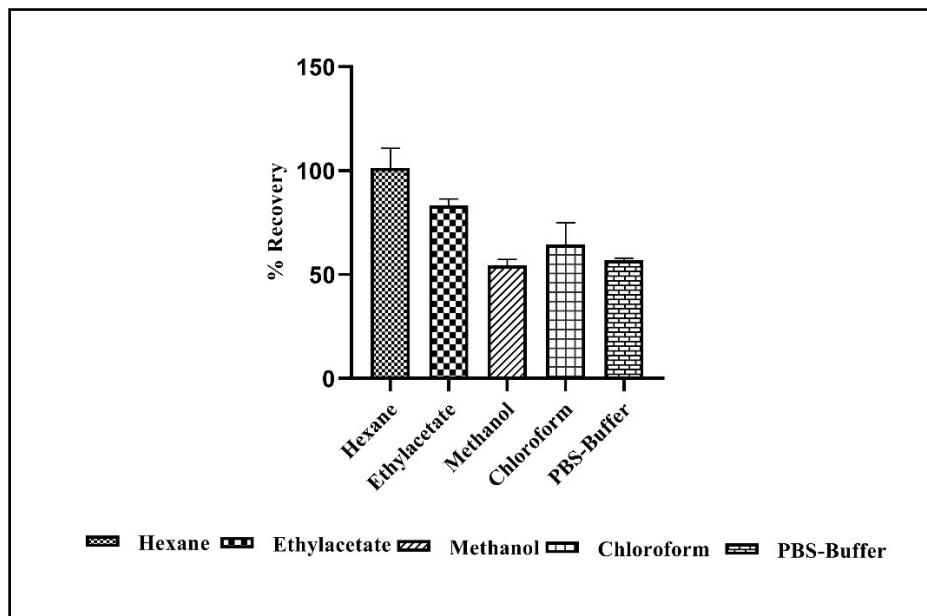


Figure S3: Recovery of Squalene at a concentration of 1 μ g/mL in different solvents.

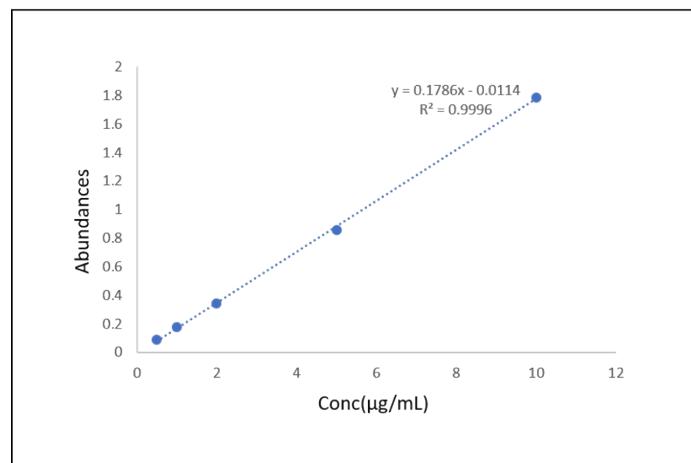


Figure S4: Linearity graph of squalene (0.5-10 μ g/mL).

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