# Insights into the enhanced electrochemical performance and energy storage mechanism of manganese vanadate cathode for rechargeable

## aqueous zinc ion batteries

Hong Liu<sup>a</sup>, Litao Han<sup>a</sup>, Chen Lu<sup>a,\*</sup>, Shi Tao<sup>a</sup>, Fanjun Kong<sup>a, b\*</sup>, Bin Qian<sup>a, b</sup>

<sup>a</sup> School of Electronic and Information Engineering, Changshu Institute of Technology, Changshu 215500, China

<sup>b</sup> School of Physical Science and Technology, Soochow University, Suzhou 215006, China

#### Synthesis of MVO/NG composite

The MVO/NG composite was synthesized by a simple co-precipitation method and following calcination treatment. Typically, 0.753 g of  $Mn(NO_3)_2 \cdot 4H_2O$  was dissolved in 10 ml of distilled (DI) water (solution A). The 0.2 g of graphene oxide (GO) and 0.351 g of NH<sub>4</sub>VO<sub>3</sub> were dispersed in 37 ml of DI water (solution B) under sonication. The solution A was added to solution B with continuously stirring. After 1 h, the black precursor was obtained by washing several times with DI water, and then drying in vacuum at 80°C for 12 h. Finally, the N-doped reduced GO wrapped  $MnV_2O_6$  nanrods (MVO/NG) composite was formed by calcined at 350 °C for 8 h in N<sub>2</sub> with a heating rate 2 °C/min. For comparison, MVO rods were synthesized with the same method without GO.

#### Characterization

The crystal phases of MVO rods and MVO/NG composite were characterized by X-ray diffractometer (XRD, RUGAKU SmartLab SE) using Cu K<sub> $\alpha$ </sub> radiation ( $\lambda$ =1.5418Å). Thermo gravimetric analysis (TGA, Micro for TriStar II Plus 2.02) of MVO/NG composite were carried out from room temperature to 1000 °C with a temperature ramp of 10 °C min<sup>-1</sup> in air atmosphere. Elemental analysis test of MVO/NG composite was performed on the FlashSmart (Thermo Scientific). X-ray photoelectron spectroscopy (XPS) spectra of MVO/NG composite were recorded to analyze the elemental bonding state with an Escalab250Xi spectrometer. Field-emission scanning electron microscopy (FE-SEM, Hitachi Regulus8100) and transmission electron microscopy (TEM, Talos F200X) performed were conducted to investigate morphology and microscopic structure of MVO rods and MVO/NG composite.

### **Electrochemical Measurements**

The working electrodes on carbon paper consisted of 70 wt% MVO rods or MVO/NG composite, 20 wt% acetylene black and 10 wt% polyvinylidene. The CR2032-type coin cells were assembled using Zinc foil as the counter electrode, glass fiber filter paper as the separator and 2 M ZnSO<sub>4</sub> as the electrolyte. Galvanostatic charge and discharge tests were performed on a LAND CT2001A in the voltage range

0.3-1.9 V at a current rate of 0.2 A g<sup>-1</sup>. Cyclic voltammetry (CV) between 0.3 and 1.9 V at a scan rate of 0.1 mV s<sup>-1</sup> and in-situ electrochemical impedance spectroscopy (EIS) in the frequency range from 0.1 Hz and 10 KHz were performed on the VSP electrochemical workstation (Bio-logic, FRA). For the Galvanostatic Intermittent Titration Technique (GITT) experiments, batteries after 100 cycles at 0.2 A g<sup>-1</sup> are galvanostatically cycled under a current flux density of 50 mA g<sup>-1</sup> for a transient time of 10 min with a relaxed time of 30 min.



Fig. S1. CVs of MVO rods MVO rods and MVO/NG composite in the 4th and

5th scanning cycle.



Fig. S2. Cycling performance of MVO/NG composite with different NG content.



Fig. S3. Rate performance of MVO rods and MVO/NG composite.



Fig. S4. The GITT curves of MVO rods and MVO/NG composite.



Fig. S5. In-situ EIS Nyquist plots of MVO rods and MVO/NG composite.



Fig. S6. HRTEM image in the discharged state of 0.3 V of MVO/NG composite



Fig. S7. XRD pattern of MVO/NG composite after 100 cycles.



Fig. S8. XRD patterns of Zn anode before cycling and after 100 cycles.



Fig. S9. Ex situ SEM images of (a) MVO rods and (b) MVO/NG composite after

100 cycles.



Fig. S10. Ex situ SEM images of Zn anode (a) before cycling and (b) after 100

cycles.

	AZIDS.			
Materials	Constructing methods	Cycling stability	Ref.	
		(mAh g <sup>-1</sup> /A g <sup>-1</sup> /cycles)		
MnV <sub>2</sub> O <sub>4</sub>	Hydrothermal-Calcination	272/0.2/50	1	
$MoV_2O_8$	Hydrothermal-Calcination	282.4/0.1/100	2	
MnV <sub>2</sub> O <sub>6</sub> /PANI	Hydrothermal	258.8/0.1/100	3	
Na <sub>1.1</sub> V <sub>3</sub> O <sub>7.9</sub> @rGO	Hydrothermal-Calcination	220/0.3/100	4	
MgV <sub>6</sub> O <sub>16</sub> ·6H <sub>2</sub> O	Sol-Gel	289/0.02/300	5	
V <sub>2</sub> O <sub>5</sub> @rGO	Solvothermal-Calcination	270/0.1/100	6	
Ag <sub>2</sub> V <sub>4</sub> O <sub>11</sub> @rGO	Hydrothermal	328/0.1/100	7	
VSe <sub>2</sub> /V <sub>2</sub> O <sub>5</sub> ·nH <sub>2</sub> O/rGC	Hydrothermal	327.4/0.2/100	8	
$Cu_{0.26}V_2O_5@C$	Hydrothermal-Calcination	328.8/0.2/100	9	
$Co_3V_2O_8@MnO_2$	Hydrothermal	245.4/0.1/10	10	
MnV <sub>2</sub> O <sub>6</sub> /NG	Co-precipitation-Calcination	331.1/0.2/100	This work	
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Table S1. Zn<sup>2+</sup> storage performance of other V-based electrodes reported for