

# Ancestral Sequence Reconstruction Reveals New Functional Fluorinases and Mechanistic Insights into Enzymatic Fluorination

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# Materials and methods

## Chemicals

All chemicals were purchased from Sigma-Aldrich and used as received unless otherwise stated. S-Adenosyl-L-methionine (SAM) was purchased from Santa Cruz Biotechnology. 5'-fluoro-5'-deoxyadenosine (5'-FDA) was synthesized as previously mentioned.<sup>1</sup>

## Construction of expression plasmids for expression of fluorinases in *E. coli*

Codon-optimized DNA sequences for *Escherichia coli* (*E. coli*) were synthesized by Twist Bioscience. The inserts were assembled into the pET28a(+) expression vector via Golden Gate cloning and initially transformed into *E. coli* OmniMAX competent cells (Thermo Fisher Scientific) for plasmid propagation. The verified constructs were subsequently transformed into *E. coli* XJb (Zymo Research) for protein expression.

## New variants construction

Site-directed mutagenesis was performed on the FL135 construct to generate new protein variants. Mutation-specific primers were synthesized by Integrated DNA Technologies (IDT) (Table S9). The mutagenesis reactions were carried out using FL135 as the plasmid template. Mutations were verified by nanopore sequencing of the plasmids prior to downstream protein expression.

## High throughput (HTP) growth and lysis

The plasmids harbouring the fluorinase genes were transformed into *E. coli* BL21(DE3)  $\Delta$ PNP strain,<sup>1</sup> 84 colonies of the various constructs, 6 colonies of FLA\_MA37 (as positive control),<sup>2</sup> and 6 colonies of pET28a (as negative control) were inoculated into a 96-well plate. Individual colony was inoculated in 180  $\mu$ L LB medium containing kanamycin (50  $\mu$ g/mL) and cultured overnight at 37°C. 20  $\mu$ L of cultures were transferred to 380  $\mu$ L 2xYT medium containing 50  $\mu$ g/mL kanamycin and grown until an absorbance of 0.5 at 600 nm was reached. Overexpression was induced by adding 0.2 mM Isopropyl  $\beta$ -d-1-thiogalactopyranoside (IPTG) and incubation was continued at 22°C for 20 h. Cells were harvested by centrifugation (2,182 x g for 10 min at 4°C). The cell pellets were lysed with 250  $\mu$ L lysis buffer (50 mM sodium phosphate buffer, pH 7.8, 10% glycerol, 0.1% Triton-X) at room temperature for 2 h at speed 6.5 on titer plate shaker (Barnstead). The lysates were obtained by centrifugation (2,182 x g for 20 min at 4°C).

### **Expression and purification of fluorinases**

A single colony from the transformed *E. coli* XJb plate was inoculated into 5 mL of LB medium supplemented with 50 µg/mL kanamycin and cultured overnight at 37°C with shaking at 250 rpm. The overnight culture was used to inoculate 500 mL of fresh LB medium containing 50 µg/mL kanamycin and grown at 37°C, 250 rpm until the optical density at 600 nm (OD<sub>600</sub>) reached 0.6. Protein expression was induced by the addition of IPTG to a final concentration of 0.2 mM. and the culture was incubated overnight at 22°C with shaking at 250 rpm. Cells were harvested by centrifugation and resuspended in binding buffer (50 mM sodium phosphate, pH 7.8; 300 mM NaCl; 5 mM imidazole; 10% v/v glycerol). The cell suspension was lysed by sonication, and the lysate was clarified by centrifugation for 1 h at 4 °C. The supernatant was incubated with HisPur Ni-NTA resin (Thermo Fisher Scientific) overnight at 4°C. The resin was then washed with 40 mL of binding buffer. Bound proteins were eluted using elution buffer (50 mM sodium phosphate, pH 7.8; 300 mM NaCl; 250 mM imidazole; 10% v/v glycerol). The eluate was buffer-exchanged and concentrated using Amicon Ultra centrifugal filters (Merck) and stored in 50 mM sodium phosphate buffer (pH 7.8) containing 10% v/v glycerol at -80°C. The protein concentration was measured using a NanoDrop 2000 spectrophotometer (Thermo Scientific). The extinction coefficient was determined using the ExpAsy ProtParam tool.

### **Enzymatic reaction**

Enzymatic reactions were conducted at two different scales: HTP 96-well plates and 1.5 mL tube formats.

HTP enzymatic reaction conditions (plates) were performed with SAM (1 mM), NaF or NaCl (200 mM), and fluorinase lysates (182 µL) in a final volume of 260 µL. HTP enzymatic reaction was carried out in a 96-well deepwell plate at 37°C for 4 h and reaction was stopped by quenching with 1:1 volume of methanol. The quenched reaction mixtures were centrifuged (2,182 x g for 20 min) and 10 µL was used for HPLC-UV analysis.

Enzymatic reaction conditions (tubes) were performed with SAM (1 mM), NaF or NaCl (200 mM), and fluorinase purified proteins (20 µM) in a final volume of 100 µL. Purified proteins reactions were carried out in triplicates in 1.5 mL tubes in shaking incubator at 250 rpm at 37°C for 1.5 h and 24 h. Reactions were stopped by heating the samples at 95°C for 1 min (using heatblock). The precipitated protein was then removed by centrifugation (20,238 x g for 2 min). 10 µL of the reaction mixture was used for HPLC-UV analysis.

### **HPLC analysis**

HPLC analysis was performed using an Agilent 1200 Infinity series system coupled with a CTC Analytics HTS PAL autosampler. Mobile phase A: 0.1% formic acid in water; B: 0.1% formic acid in methanol, Phenomenex, Kinetex® 2.6 µm Biphenyl 100 Å, LC Column 150 x 4.6 mm, 0.6 mL/min flow rate, isocratic elution, 23% B for 15 min. The retention time of 5'-FDA is approximately 3.75 min. The retention time of 5'-CIDA is approximately 5.53 min.

### **Protein thermal shift assay**

Protein thermal shift assay conditions: 0.25 µg/µL Purified proteins, 1x GloMelt dye, 20 µL total volume, SYBR Green channel, 25°C for 1 min, melting curve of 25°C – 95°C with increment of 0.1°C/s, 95°C for 1.5 min. Protein thermal shift assay were carried out using Biorad CFX96™ Real-Time System and melting temperatures were obtained from analysis using its respective software.

## Dynamics of key catalytic components

Variants ancestral\_16, M2, M3, M12, and M23 exhibit elevated SAM and SBS dynamics (Figs S3–S8; Table S8), likely contributing to reduced activity. To discern the individual contributions of mutations at positions 50 (SBS), 157 (IBS), and 252 (SCL), we examined key intermolecular distances: (1) W50/F50 to SAM purine ring, (2) Y157/F157 to fluoride ion, and (3) P252/R252 to SAM purine ring (Fig S9). FLA\_MA37 maintains the most native-like contact geometry, closely followed by ancestral\_22 and M13. Position 157 (Y/F, IBS) exhibits minimal conformational variability across all variants, likely due to the chemical similarity of tyrosine and phenylalanine. In contrast, position 50 (W/F, SBS) shows divergent behaviour: variants containing the F50W mutation (M1, M12) fail to establish native-like SAM contacts, whereas M13 and M123 restore proper SAM positioning, explaining their improved activities.

In simulations of variants containing the R252P mutation (M3, M13, M23, M123), the R252 sidechain reorients away from SAM (Fig S9, bottom panel) and forms a strong cation- $\pi$  interaction with Y232 (Fig S9-S11). This interaction destabilizes the local  $\beta$ -sheet structure spanning residues 232–252 (Fig S12). We hypothesize that the P252R mutation increases backbone flexibility in the SAM capping loop, potentially disrupting the configurations necessary for maintaining the catalytically competent active site geometry. Secondary structure quantification shows a significant loss of  $\beta$ -sheet content in this region for R252-containing variants (Fig S12), consistent with this hypothesis.

Single mutants M1 (F50W), M2 (F157Y), and M3 (R252P) all fail to rescue activity despite addressing individual defects. M1 exhibits unfavourable positioning of catalytic residues relative to SAM/F<sup>-</sup> (Figure 4), while M2 and M3 show elevated SBS flexibility and high SAM fluctuations (Table S8; Figures S3-S4), indicating that single-site corrections cannot overcome the complex interplay of catalytic defects in ancestral\_16. Among double mutants, M13 uniquely succeeds by simultaneously addressing two critical factors: the F50W mutation provides stronger  $\pi$ -stacking with SAM while R252P removes the disruptive R252-Y232 cation- $\pi$  interaction (Figures S9-S12), restoring native-like SAM positioning and substantially reducing water permeation to levels comparable with FLA\_MA37 and ancestral\_22 (Table 2). In contrast, M12 retains the unfavourable residue-SAM contact geometry despite moderate water exclusion (Figure S9; Table 2), while M23 exhibits high water permeation (78%) and SAM fluctuations despite improved SCL structure (Tables 2, S8). Remarkably, triple mutant M123 shows native-like protein and cofactor dynamics (Figure 4; Table S8; Figures S3-S9) but exhibits the highest water penetration at the IBS (Table 2), demonstrating that active site dehydration is the dominant factor controlling fluorination activity, that even optimal protein dynamics cannot overcome.

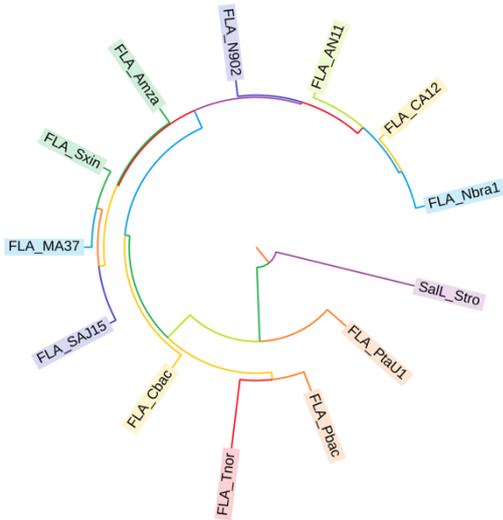


Figure S1. Phylogenetic tree of the candidate sequences employed for ancestral sequence reconstruction.

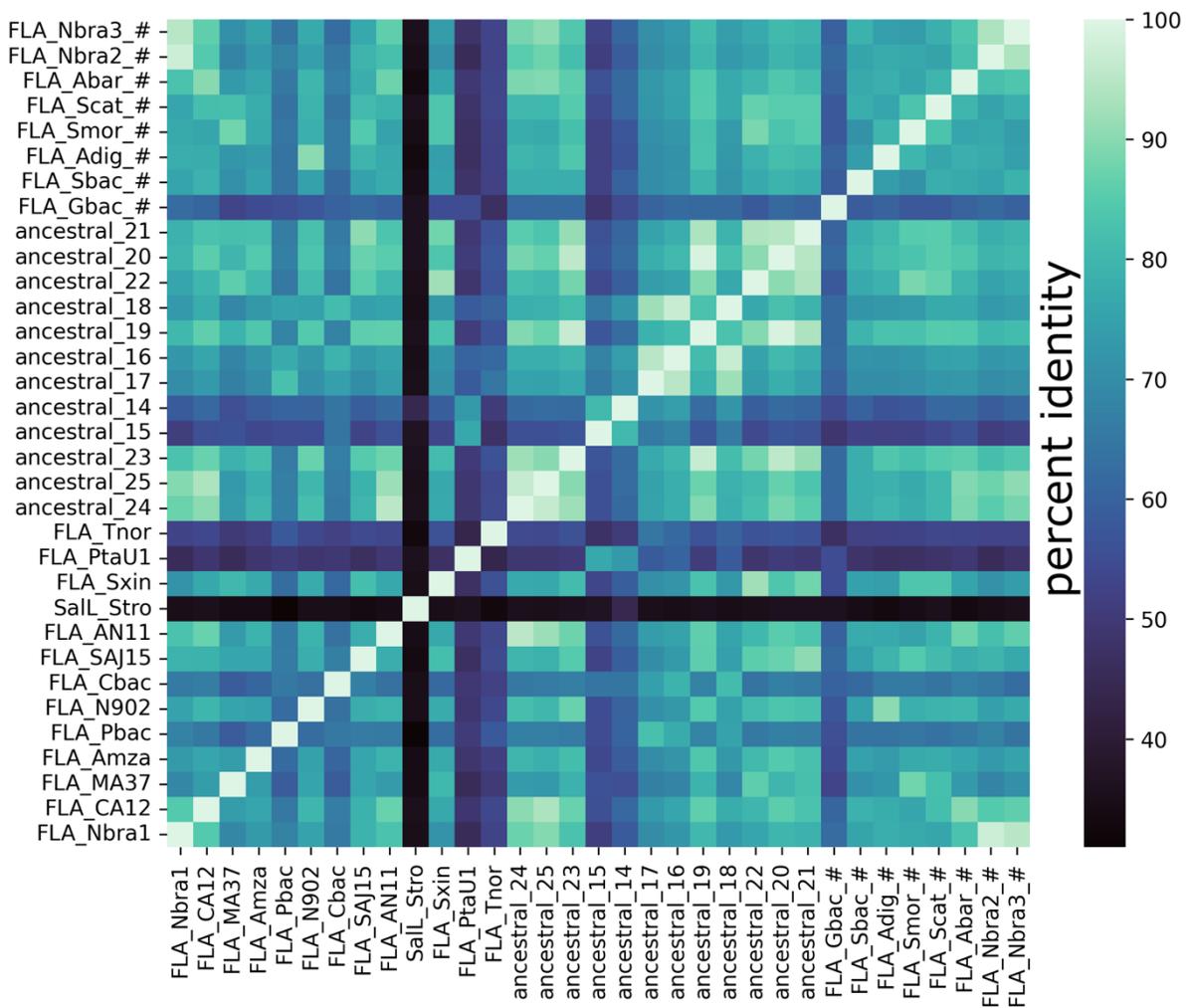


Figure S2. sequence identity matrix of reconstructed fluorinases, candidate fluorinases and other newly identified fluorinases (suffix: #) that are not in candidate set employed here for ancestral reconstruction. See Table S3 for details.

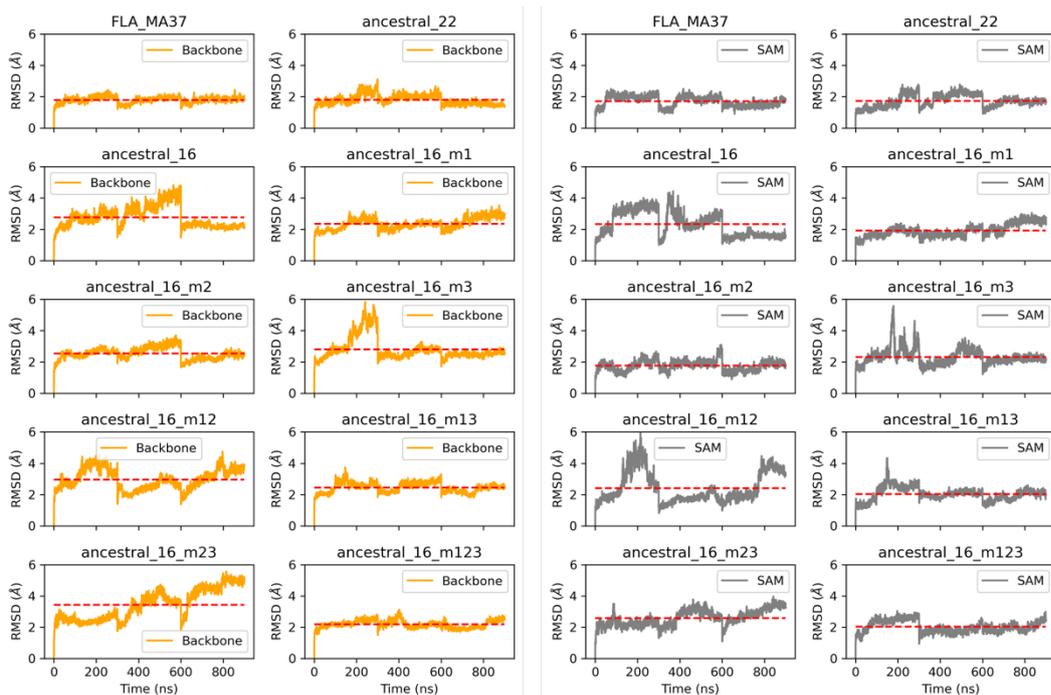


Figure S3. Root-mean-squared-deviation (RMSD) for backbone atoms and SAM cofactor from MD simulations of FLA\_MA37, ancestral\_22, ancestral\_16 and its single, double and triple mutants. Dotted red lines indicate mean RMSDs.

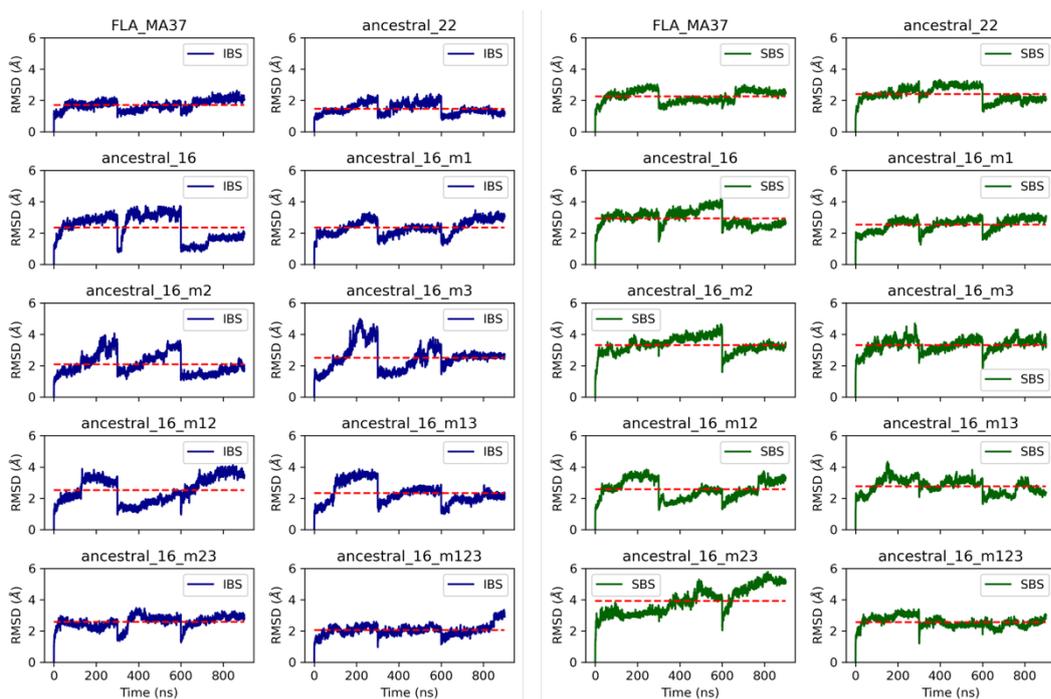


Figure S4. Root-mean-squared-deviation (RMSD) for IBS residues and SBS residues from MD simulations of FLA\_MA37, ancestral\_22, ancestral\_16 and its single, double and triple mutants. Dotted red lines indicate mean RMSDs.

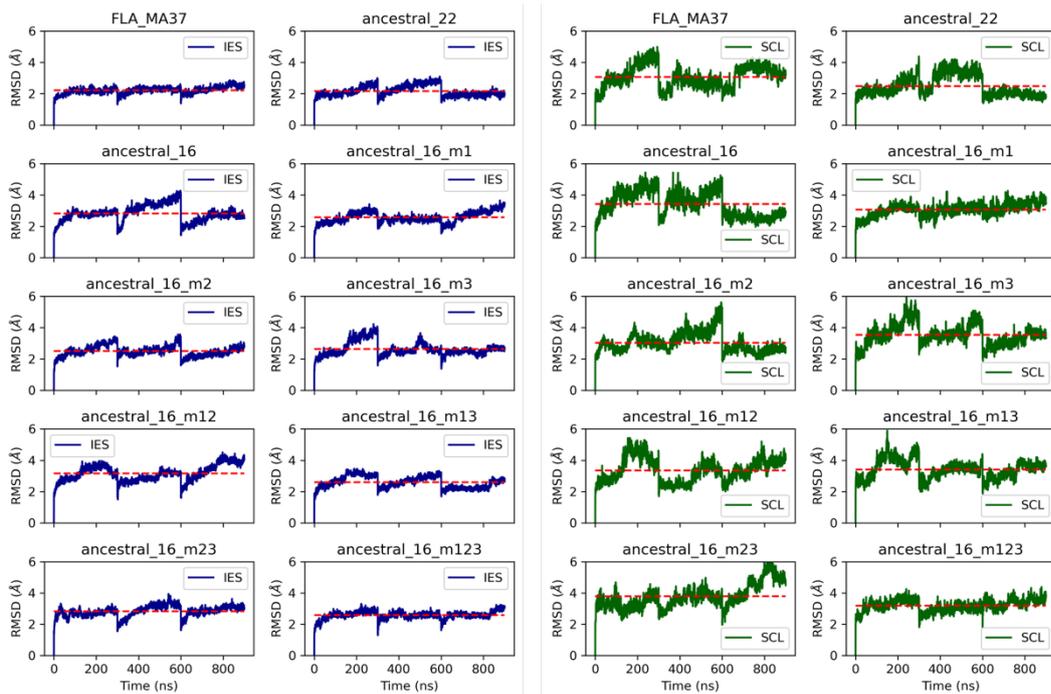


Figure S5. Root-mean-squared-deviation (RMSD) for IES residues and SCL residues from MD simulations of FLA\_MA37, ancestral\_22, ancestral\_16 and its single, double and triple mutants. Dotted red lines indicate mean RMSDs.

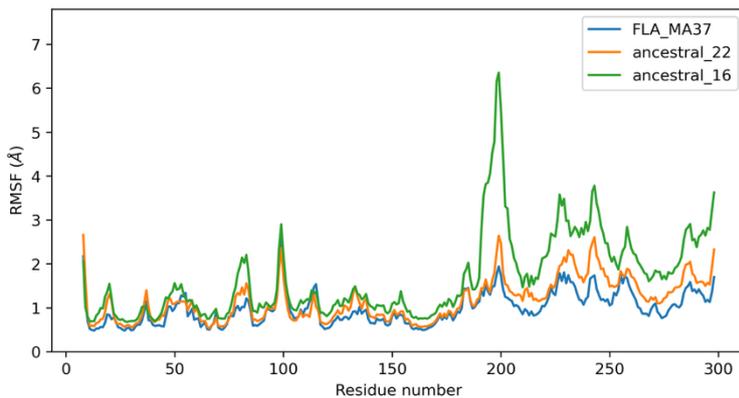


Figure S6 Root-mean-squared-fluctuations (RMSF) for FLA\_MA37, high-performing ancestral\_22 and low-performing ancestral\_16 fluorinases.

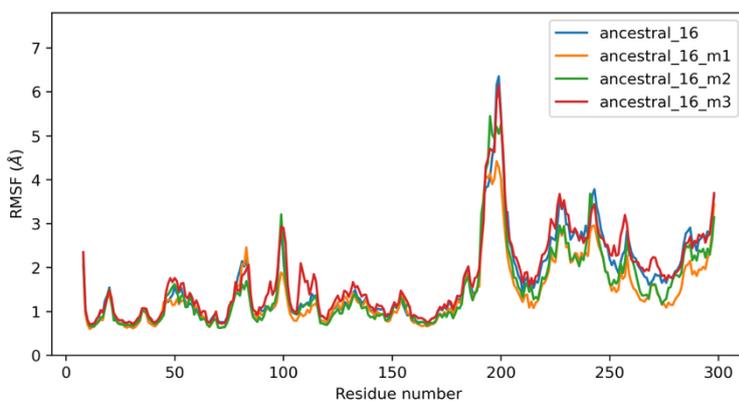


Figure S7 Root-mean-squared-fluctuations (RMSF) for ancestral\_16 and ancestral\_16 single mutants.

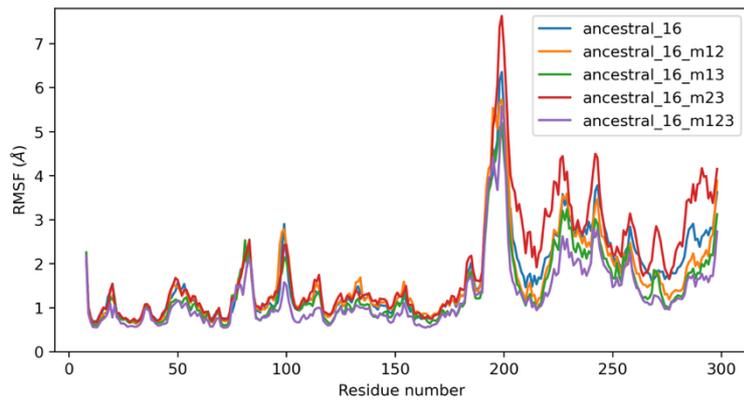


Figure S8 Root-mean-squared-fluctuations (RMSF) for ancestral\_16 and ancestral\_16 double and triple mutants.

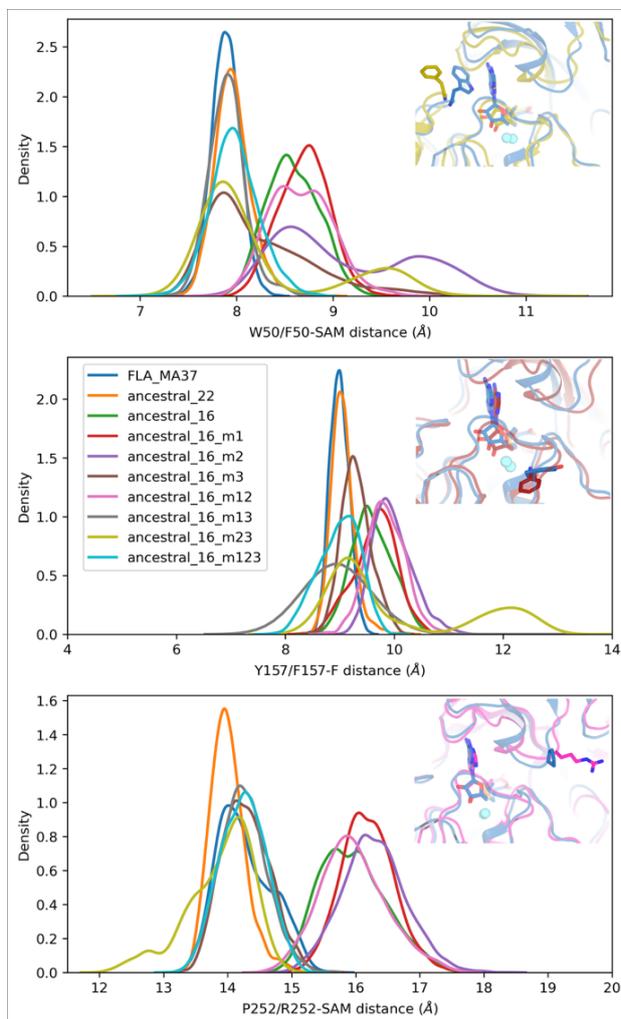


Figure S9. Distributions of distances between residues 50, 157 and 252 to SAM/F from MD simulations. Insets: representative averaged structures from MD trajectories showing interacting components, with FLA\_MA37 in blue and mutants M23, M1 and M12 in olive, red and pink, respectively.

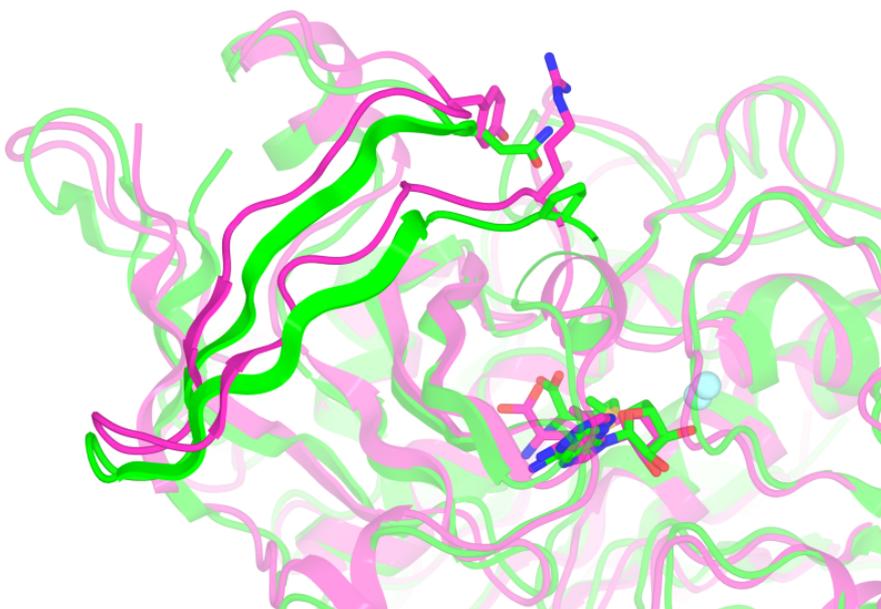


Figure S10. Representative structures of FLA\_MA37 (P252, Q232; green) and ancestral\_16\_M12 (R252, Y232; magenta) from MD simulations showing R252-Y232 cation- $\pi$  interaction and a partial loss of secondary structure in the residue range 232-252 for M12 variant (and other variants with R252).

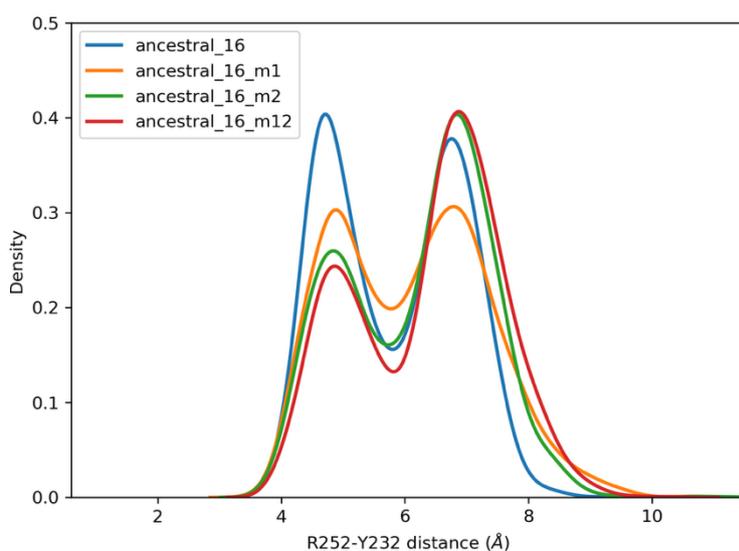


Figure S11 Distance between R252 guanidinium group and Y232 ring (cation- $\pi$  interaction frequency) for ancestral\_16 variants with arginine at position 252. Variants with R252 exhibit a strong interaction with R252-Y232 distance  $< 6\text{\AA}$  for *ca.* 50% of the respective MD simulation frames.

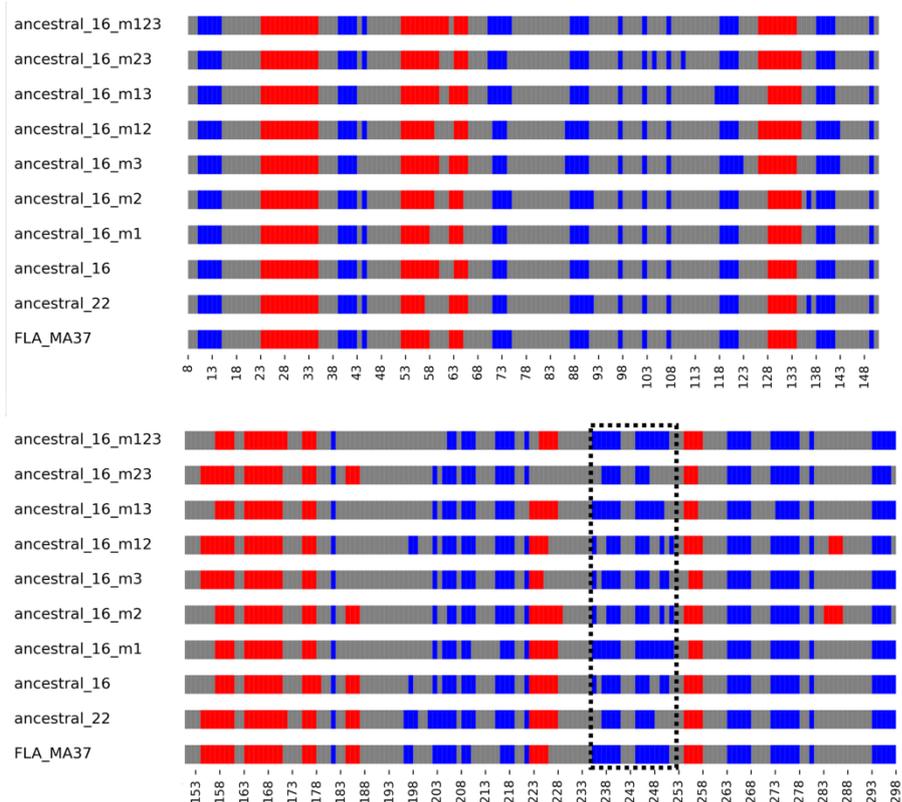


Figure S12 Averaged secondary structure (dssp) for each residue from MD simulations of FLA\_MA37, ancestral\_22, ancestral\_16 and its single, double and triple mutants. Red, blue and gray indicate helices,  $\beta$ -strands and loops, respectively. Highlighted box shows  $\beta$ -sheet disruption in the region comprising residues 232-252 for variants containing P252R substitution.

Table S1. Known fluorinases with their respective amino acid sequences.

Name	Sequence
FLA_Gbac	MSDLGTVDDSVGICKGLMLSICPDATIVDICHAMTPWDIKQGARLIVDLPRYPPEWTVFATTYPTDGTAMRSVAIRVPKGQVYV APNNGLLTSVIEDHGFVEAYEVTSTEVIPEEPEPTFFSREMVAVPSAHLAAGFPDQVGRPLKDEEIVRFENQHPVVVEDGALRGIL TNVDWPYGNVWVNIQSVLEANGIGYGTKVKITIDVLPFELQLTRTFGDVPLGAPVTVLSSRGYLGIAIRNANLADTYNLRQG MSVTVKAC
FLA_Sbac	MTANGSRRTPIAFMSDLGVTDDSVAQCKGLMLSICPDVNIIDICHTMTPFDVVEGARYIVDLPRYFPEGTVFATTYPTATGTTARSV AIRLKRAALGGARGQLAGSGKGFERAEGAYIYIAPNNGLLTRVIEEHGYLEAYEVSSTDVIPERPEPTFYREMVVAIPSAHLAAGFP LEKVGKLEDHEIVRFQKKGAVAGEALVGEVSAIDHPFGNVWTLNHRDLEKAGIKYGTMPKIVVDGVLFPFELPLSPTFADAEG PGAPVAYLNSRGYLSVARNAASLAYPYNLNAGMSVRVTTA
FLA_Adig	MSDLGTTDDSVAQCKGLMLSICPSVTIVDVCHSMTPWDVVEGARYIVDLPRFFPEGTVFATTYPTATGTGTRSVARLRIKQAALGGA RGQWAGSGAGLERAEGSYIYIAPNNGLLTVIEEHGYEAYEVSNTKVIPAEPEPTFYREMVVAIPSAHLAAGFPPLNEVGRQLSDE IVRFERPKASTVSGVLSGTTITVDHPFGNLWNIHRTDLEKAGIGYQTLKLVLDGVLTFDLPLVPTFADAGKIGDPVIYINSRGY LALARNAAPLAYPYNLKAIGISVAVTKA
FLA_Smor	MSDLGTTDDSVAQCKGLMHSICPGVTIVDVCHSMTPWDVVEGARYIVDLPRFFPEGTVFATTYPTATGTTTRSVAVRIRQAACKG ARGQWAGSGDGFERADGSYIYIAPNNGLLTVLEEHGYEAYEVSNTKVIPANPEPTFYREMVVAIPSAHLAAGFPPLAEVGRRLDD SEIVRFHRPAVEISGDTLTSVVTIDHPFGNIWNIHRTDLEKAGIGHGKHLRIILDDVLPFEAPLTPFADAGAIGNIAFYLSNRGYL SLARNAASLAYPYNLKAAGLKVVRVETR
FLA_MA37	MAANGSQRPIAFMSDLGTTDDSVAQCKGLMHSICPGVTIVDVCHSMTPWDVVEGARYIVDLPRFFPEGTVFATTYPTATGTTTR SVAVRIRQAACKGARGQWAGSGDGFERADGSYIYIAPNNGLLTVLEEHGYEAYEVSNTKVIPANPEPTFYREMVVAIPSAHLA GFPLAEVGRRLDDSEIVRFHRPAVEISGEALSQVVTIDHPFGNIWNIHRTDLEKAGIGQKHLKIILDDVLPFEAPLTPFADAGAI GNIAFYLSNRGYLSLARNAASLAYPYNLKAAGLKVVRVETN
FLA_Scat	MAANSTRRPIAFMSDLGTTDDSVAQCKGLMYSICPDVTIVDVCHSMTPWDVVEGARYIVDLPRFFPEGTVFATTYPTATGTTTRS VAVRIKQAACKGARGQWAGSGAGFERAEGSYIYIAPNNGLLTVLEEHGYEAYEVSSTKVIPEQPEPTFYREMVVAIPSAHLAAG FPLSEVGRPLEDHEIVRFNRPAVEIQDGEALVGVVSAIDHPFGNVWNIHRTDLEKAGIGYGARLRLTLDGVLFPFELPLSPTFADAGE IGNIAFYLSNRGYLSIARNAASLAYPYHLKMGMSARVEAR
FLA_Sxin	MSADPTQRPIIFMSDLGTTDDSVAQCKGLMHSICPGVTIVDVCHSMTPWDVVEGARYIVDLPRFFPEGTVFATTYPTATGTETRS VAVRIKQAACKGARGQWAGSGAGFERAEGSYIYIAPNNGLLTVLEEHGYEAYEVSSTKVIPEPEPTFYREMVVAIPAAHLAAG FPLSEVGRPLEDSEIVRYQPPQVEISGDTLTGTVVSAIDHPFGNVWNIHRTDLEKAGIGYKRIKIILDDVLPFEQTLVPTFADAGEIG GVAAYLNSRGYLSLARNAASLAYPYNLKAAGLKVVRVETN
FLA_SAJ15	MSDLGTTDDSVAQCKGLMLSICPDVTIVDVCHSMTPWDVEEGSRYIVDLPRFFPEGTVFATTYPTATGTETRSVAVRIRQAACKG RGQWAGSGAGFERQEGSYIYIAPNNGLLTVLEEHGYEAYEVSSTEVIPERPEPTFYREMVVAIPSAHLAAGFPDQVGRPLKDEI VRFSRPAVETAGTELTVVSAIDHPFGNIWNIHRTDLEKAGIGYGRQIRITLDDVLPFELTLVPTFADAGEVGNVAYLNSRGYLSL ARNAASLAYPYNLKAAGLKVVRVDAH
FLA_N902	MPANGNPIIAFMSDLGTTDDSVAQCKGLMLSICPGVTIVDVNHSMTPWDVVEGARYIVDLPRFFPEGTVFATTYPTATGTATRSVAL RIKQAAQGGARGQWAGSGAGFERAEGSYIYIAPNNGLLTVIEEHGYEAYEVSNTKVIPAEPEPTFYREMVVAIPSAHLAAGFP EVGRALSDDEIVRFKPKPSTVSGVLSGVTINIDHPFGNLWNIHRTDLEKAGIGYQTLRLLLDGVLTFDLPLVPTFADAGQIGD PVIYINSRGYLALARNAAPLAYPYNLKAAGLTVTVTKA
FLA_Amza	MDSYSRPIIAFMSDLGTTDDSVAQCKGLMMSICQDVTIVDVCHSMPEWNVVEGARYIVDLPRFFPEGTVFATTYPTATGTTARS VAVRIKPAKGGARGQWAGSGEGFERSEGSYIYIAPNNGLLTVLQEHGYEAYEVSSTDVPARPEPTFYREMVVAIPSAHLAAG YPLEKVGRRKLQDSEIVRFPQATVSPGDLGTVVTAIDHPFGNIWNIHRTDLEKAGIGYGTNLKIVLDDVLPFELPLSPTFADAG EVGDPVYVYVNSRGYLSLARNAASLAYPYNLKAAGLKVVRVTR
FLA_Abar	MATTKRPVLAFMSDLGITDDSVAQCKGLMLSICPDVTIVDVCHTMTMPWDVVEGARYIVDLPRFFPEGTVFATTYPTATGTGTRSV LRIKQAACKGARGQWAGSGAGFERAEGSYIYIAPNNGLLTVIEEHGYEAYEVSSTEVIPERPEPTFYREMVVAIPSAHLAAGFP EKVGRKLADDEIVRFDRPKPVQDEGDVGVVTTIDHPFGNVWNIHREDLEKAGVGYGTELITLDEVLPFRLLSPTFADAGPI GSPVAYLSSRGYLSLARNAASLAYPYNLKAAGLKVVRVHVA
FLA_CA12	MAKPSRPIIAFMSDLGITDDSVAQCKGLMLSVCPDVTIVDVCHTMTMPWDVVEGARYIVDLPRFFPEGTVFATTYPTATGTTTRSV LRIKQAACKGARGQWAGSGAGFERAEGSYIYIAPNNGLLTVIEEHGYEAYEVSSTEVIPERPEPTFYREMVVAIPSAHLAAGFP LEKVGRRPLADDEIVRFERAKPAQNDDGELVGVVTAIDHPFGNVWNIHREDLEKLAGYGTRELITLDEVLPFDLPLSPTFADAGP IGTPVAYLSSRGYLSLARNAASLAYPYNLKAAGLKVVRVAA
FLA_AN11	MASSRGNRPIIAFMSDLGITDDSVAQCKGLMLSVCPDVTIVDVCHTMTMPWDVVEGARYIVDLPRFFPEGTVFATTYPTATGTTARS VAIRIKQAACKGARGQWAGSGAGFERAEGSYIYIAPNNGLLTVIEEHGYEAYEVSSTEVIPERPEPTFYREMVVAIPSAHLAAGFP PLNKVGRPLADDEIVRFTRPQPSVETDGLVGVVTTIDHPFGNIWNIHRTDLEKAGVGYGTLKVVVLDVLPFELPLSPTFADAG PVGTPVAYLSSRGYLSLARNAASLAYPYNLKAAGLKVVRVKG
FLA_Nbra2	MSDLGITDDSVAQCKGLMLSVCPDVTIVDICHTMTMPWDVVEGARYIVDLPRFFPEGTVFATTYPTATGTTARSVALRIAHASKGGA RGQWAGSGAGFERKEGSYIYIAPNNGLLTVIEEHGYEAYEVSSTEVIPERPEPTFYREMVVAIPSAHLAAGFPLEKVGRRLLAD EIVRFERKDPDELVADNELLGYVTNIDHPFGNVWNIHRTDLEKLVGYGTELRLITLDGVLFPFELPLSPTFADAGEVGAAYLSSRG YLALARNAASLAYPYNLKAAGLKVVRVQKVD
FLA_Nbra3	MTTANGRRPIIAFMSDLGITDDSVAQCKGLMLSVCPDVTIVDICHTMTMPWDVVEGARYIVDLPRFFPEGTVFATTYPTATGTTARS VALRIAHASKGARGQWAGSGAGFERKEGSYIYIAPNNGLLTVIEEHGYEAYEVSSTEVIPERPEPTFYREMVVAIPSAHLAAG FPLEKVGRRLLADDEIVRFERKDPDELVADTLVGYVTNIDHPFGNVWNIHRTDLEKLVGYGTLRITLDGVLFPFELPLSPTFADA GEVGAAYLSSRGYLSLARNAASLAYPYNLKAAGLKVVRVQKVG
FLA_Nbra1	MTTANGRRPIIAFMSDLGITDDSVAQCKGLMLSVCPDVTIVDICHTMTMPWDVVEGARYIVDLPRFFPEGTVFATTYPTATGTTARS VALRIAHASKGARGQWAGSGAGFERKEGSYIYIAPNNGLLTVIEEHGYEAYEVSSTEVIPERPEPTFYREMVVAIPSAHLAAGFP LEKVGRRLLADDEIVRFERKDPDELVADHDLVGYVTNIDHPFGNVWNIHRTDLEKLVGYGTLRITLDGVLFPFELPLSPTFADAGE IGAAYLSSRGYLSLARNAASLAYPYNLKAAGLKVVRVQKVG
FLA_Cbac	MSDLGTFDDSVGICKGLMLSVCPDVTIVDICHAMTPFDIEGARLIVDLPRFFPEGTVFATTYPTATGTSTRVALRIRQAAVGGAR GQWAGAGEGQIRAEYIYIAPNNGLLTVIEEHGYEAYEVSSTVIPARPEPTFFSREMVAVPAHLAAGFPQVGRPLQDSEIV RFDRRRPAALGDGGFAGVITVVDVDRPYGNVWNIHRTDLEKAGIYGTNLKIVLDDVLPFELPLSPTFADAGEIPAVCVVNSRGY SLARNASLADTYNIRRHMPVNVQVVSRTDGEPRSESSELASVKGT
FLA_Pbac	MEKVDNKTIVFQRPIIAFMSDLGAFDDSVGICKGLMLSVCPDVTIVDICHAMTPFDIEGARLIVDLPRFFPEGTVFATTYPTATG MARSLALRIKRAKGGALGQWAGAGFGIERGVGGYIYIAPNNGLLTVIEEHGYEAYEVSSTVIPENPEPTFFSREMVVAIPSAHL AAGYPLSEVQPLGDSEIVRFKVLPRKMESELVGVVAIDRPFNGNVWNIHRTDLEKIGVYGSQKLVLDNALMFLPLSPT FADAREIGAAYVYINSRGHLSLGRYAANLADRYNINRGMPIRLKVTG
FLA_Tnor	MDIGPIIFASDLGLKDDSVLCKGLMISICPEVYIVDICHTMTPFDIEGAWLALDLPRFFPEGTVFATTYPTATGTEARSIARVRIK AVPGGSLEKWEPPGGMERTLEGGYIYIAPNNGLLTVFLERYGYEAYEVSSTVIFENPEPTFFSREMVVAIRACIACKVVSQGVPL SKVGPPIEDKLRILKSLPEKIAHNEIRGKIIRIDYYPGNVWNIHRTDLEKLVGYGTLRITLDGVLFPFELPLSPTFADAGGIGDV ISYINRGYFSLGGYAANLADLNLRRGMNVVVIKV
FLA_PtaU1	MLQNTKNEYKPRDGGGHRPIIFMSDLGTEDDSVGICKGVMGLGCPDAVIDISHSMTPWDIDQGSRLIVDLPKFFPNWTFATTS YRETGTSARSVAIKLPSGHVYVAPNNGLLTRVIEDHGYEAYEVSSTVGAIPAEPEPTWFSRDMVAYPAAAIAGFPLENVGRPLND SEIVRADLPRYTQAEDGIIQIVTTIDRPFNGNIWNIHRTDLEKAGIYGTNLKIVLDDVLPFMRFTFGDVGLKPKMCMYINSRGY FSLAYYGNLADPYNIRRGMPVKIESITR



Table S3. Pair-wise percentage identity of reconstructed fluorinases, candidate fluorinases used for reconstruction, and other newly identified fluorinases (indicated by # suffix) that are not in candidate set employed here for ancestral reconstruction.

Variant	FLA_Nbr a <sub>1</sub>	FLA_CA I <sub>2</sub>	FLA_MA 3 <sub>7</sub>	FLA_Am z <sub>a</sub>	FLA_Pba c	FLA_N90 2	FLA_Cha c	FLA_SAJ I <sub>5</sub>	FLA_AN I <sub>1</sub>	SaIL_Sr o	FLA_Svi n	FLA_Pta UI	FLA_Tno r	ancestral _24	ancestral _25	ancestral _23	ancestral _15	ancestral _14	ancestral _17	ancestral _16	ancestral _19	ancestral _18	ancestral _22	ancestral _20	ancestral _21	FLA_Gb ac_#	FLA_Sba c_#	FLA_Adi g_#	FLA_Sm or_#	FLA_Sca t_#	FLA_Aba r_#	FLA_Nbr a <sub>2</sub> _#	FLA_Nbr a <sub>3</sub> _#
FLA Nbra1		84.6	68.8	73.2	67.2	75.2	65.3	79.1	83	34.9	71.7	45.7	52.6	87.2	89.6	82.8	51	58.1	69.7	72.2	80.5	72.9	75.8	79.8	78.5	62	75.7	78	77	76.1	82.9	97.6	95
FLA CA12	84.6		73.8	76.3	64.8	79.9	66.1	78.9	87	35.6	76.4	48.9	53.8	90.3	93.6	86.9	55.3	61.2	72.8	76.1	86.2	77.4	79.9	85.6	82.9	60.4	78.7	77.5	76.3	81.7	89.9	84.6	86
FLA MA37	68.8	73.8		73.8	58.3	75.6	58.5	76.2	73.5	34	80.6	45.3	50	73.4	72.9	78.4	56.2	55.4	67	67.8	79.1	68.7	85.9	79.7	82.1	53	70.8	72.2	87.8	82.1	72.8	68.1	70.6
FLA Amza	73.2	76.3	73.8		61.9	74.9	60.6	75.9	79	34.1	77.1	48.7	51.6	79.6	78.3	81.6	53.9	58.4	69.6	71.9	83.9	72.5	80.7	84.6	82.3	54.5	74.7	73.6	77.1	77.4	76.3	72.9	75.3
FLA Pbac	67.2	64.8	58.3	62		62.1	65	65.6	65.3	31.5	62.5	50.6	57.8	66.7	66.3	65.7	54.7	60.4	82.3	77.3	67.7	75.3	64.8	67	66.1	55.5	64	63.8	64.6	63.4	65.1	67.2	64
FLA N902	75.2	79.9	75.6	74.9	62.1		63.3	77.9	79	35	77.3	48.9	53.8	81.9	80.3	86.9	55	59.9	70.9	72.8	84.6	74.8	80.9	83.6	82.2	57.2	74.7	90.3	78.2	79	79.9	74.5	77
FLA Cbac	65.3	66.1	58.5	60.6	65	63.3		66.9	63.2	34.8	61.4	49.4	52.2	65.1	65.7	66.4	64.2	64.2	74.5	79.2	67.3	81.4	63.8	66.7	65.4	59.7	61.7	65.3	63.7	66.5	64.9	62.3	
FLA SAJ15	79.1	78.9	76.2	75.9	65.6	77.9	66.9		77.7	33.4	81.9	46.6	54.2	79.5	78.9	84.8	52.6	58.8	70	73.2	85.9	74.6	85.5	86.9	90.5	61.5	74.9	79.4	84.6	80.9	77.7	79.4	76.3
FLA AN11	83	87	73.5	79	65.3	79	63.2	77.7		34.4	76.4	49.5	53.6	95.3	91.7	87.3	55.9	61.5	73.7	75.2	86	75.6	80.4	85.3	83.4	59.7	77.3	76.7	75.4	79.1	87.3	82	86
SaIL Stro	34.9	35.6	34	34.1	31.5	35	34.8	33.4	34.4		34.9	35.8	32.7	35.4	35.2	35.9	36.6	44.1	35.2	34.7	35.5	34.7	35.3	36.1	36	36.1	34.4	33.1	34.4	35.4	33.2	34.6	35.5
FLA Sxin	71.7	76.4	80.6	77.1	62.5	77.3	61.4	81.9	76.4	34.9		47.3	55.8	76.7	76.3	81.3	53.3	59	70.4	71.9	83	72.6	92.3	83.7	87.6	55.1	74.9	74	83.6	83.6	75.7	71	73.7
FLA PtaUI	45.7	48.9	45.3	48.7	50.6	49	49.4	46.6	49.5	35.8	47.3		43.7	49.2	49.2	50.2	76.5	73.3	58.1	60.2	50.8	58	48.6	50.5	49.5	54.8	48.2	46.8	47	48.2	49.5	45.7	48.2
FLA Tnor	52.6	53.8	50	51.6	57.8	53.8	52.2	54.2	53.6	32.7	55.8	43.7		54.4	54.1	55.9	47.4	50.6	64.5	61.3	56.6	59.9	56.4	57.2	56.2	46.9	52.3	52.5	52.6	53.5	53.1	53	52.9
ancestral 24	87.2	90.3	73.4	79.6	66.7	81.9	65.1	79.5	95.3	35.4	76.7	49.2	54.4		96.3	91.9	55.6	61.5	75.1	78	89.2	78.3	81.8	88.2	85.2	60.9	77.7	79.8	77.4	80.4	88.9	85.2	88.3
ancestral 25	89.6	93.6	72.9	78.3	66.3	80.3	65.7	78.9	91.7	35.2	76.3	49.2	54.1	96.3		89.9	55.6	62.4	74.8	78	87.2	78.7	80.8	86.5	83.5	61.6	78	78.5	76.8	80.4	89.3	87.5	90.3
ancestral 23	82.8	86.9	78.4	81.6	65.7	86.9	66.4	84.8	87.3	35.9	81.3	50.2	55.9	91.9	89.9		56.7	61.8	76.7	79.7	96.6	81.7	87.9	95.6	91.2	61.6	77.7	83.8	82.2	84.7	85.9	81.8	84.3
ancestral 15	51	55.3	56.2	53.9	54.7	55	64.2	52.6	55.9	36.6	53.3	76.5	47.4	55.6	55.6	56.7		80.8	65.3	67.3	57.3	65.3	54.2	57	55.9	49	52.4	52.1	52.4	54	55.9	51.3	52.7
ancestral 14	58.1	61.2	55.4	58.4	60.4	59.9	64.2	58.8	61.5	44.1	59	73.3	50.6	61.5	62.4	61.8	80.8		71.5	73.9	62.1	71.7	59	61.8	60.9	54.3	59.6	56.5	57.3	61	61.5	58.4	60.9
ancestral 17	69.7	72.8	67	69.6	82.3	70.9	74.5	70	73.7	35.2	70.4	58.1	64.5	75.1	74.8	76.7	65.3	71.5		95	78.7	92	73.8	78.1	75.1	60	69.8	70	70.7	72.5	72.5	69.7	70.4
ancestral 16	72.2	76.1	67.8	71.9	77.3	72.8	79.2	73.2	75.2	34.7	71.9	60.2	61.3	78	78	79.7	67.3	73.9	95		81.3	97	75.3	80.7	77.7	61.9	71.6	71.2	72.2	74.7	75.4	72.2	72.9
ancestral 19	80.5	86.2	79.1	83.9	67.7	84.6	67.3	85.9	86	35.5	83	50.8	56.6	89.2	87.2	96.6	57.3	62.1	78.7	81.3		83	89.6	99	93.6	61.6	79.3	82.8	82.5	84.7	84.6	80.1	81.3
ancestral 18	72.9	77.4	68.7	72.5	75.3	74.8	81.4	74.6	75.6	34.7	72.6	58	59.9	78.3	78.7	81.7	65.3	71.7	92	97	83		76.3	82.3	79	61.5	71.9	72.6	73.6	77	76.7	72.9	73.9
ancestral 22	75.8	79.9	85.9	80.7	64.8	80.9	63.8	85.5	80.4	35.3	92.3	48.6	56.4	81.8	80.8	87.9	54.2	59	73.8	75.3	89.6	76.3		90.2	93.9	57.7	76.6	78.5	88.5	86.6	79.5	75.1	76.7
ancestral 20	79.8	85.6	79.7	84.6	67	83.6	66.7	86.9	85.3	36.1	83.7	50.5	57.2	88.2	86.5	95.6	57	61.8	78.1	80.7	99	82.3	90.2		94.6	61.6	79	81.8	83.2	85.4	83.9	79.5	80.7
ancestral 21	78.5	82.9	82.1	82.3	66.1	82.2	65.4	90.5	83.4	36.1	87.6	49.5	56.2	85.2	83.5	91.2	55.9	60.9	75.1	77.7	93.6	79	93.9	94.6		60.1	77.9	80.8	85.1	85.3	81.9	78.1	79.3
FLA Gbac #	62	60.4	53	54.5	55.5	57.2	59.7	61.5	59.7	36.1	55.1	54.8	46.9	60.9	61.6	61.6	49	54.3	60	61.9	61.6	61.5	57.7	61.6	60.1		58.5	60.1	57.5	57.5	60.1	61.7	59.3
FLA Sbac #	75.7	78.7	70.8	74.7	64	74.7	61.7	74.9	77.3	34.4	74.9	48.2	52.3	77.7	78	77.7	52.4	59.6	69.8	71.6	79.3	71.9	76.6	79	77.9	58.5		73.7	71.2	77.9	77	75.7	78.7
FLA Adig #	78	77.5	72.2	73.6	63.8	90.3	65.3	79.4	76.7	33.1	74	46.6	52.5	79.8	78.5	83.8	52.1	56.5	70	71.2	82.8	72.6	78.5	81.8	80.8	60.1	73.7		79.8	76	78.2	77.4	74.3
FLA Smor #	77	76.3	87.8	77.1	64.6	78.2	65.3	84.6	75.4	34.4	83.6	47	52.6	77.4	76.8	82.2	52.4	57.3	70.7	72.2	82.5	73.6	88.5	83.2	85.1	57.5	71.2	79.8		83.3	76.2	76.3	73.7
FLA Scat #	76.1	81.7	82.1	77.4	63.4	79	63.7	80.9	79.1	35.4	83.6	48.2	53.5	80.4	80.4	84.7	54	61	72.5	74.7	84.7	77	86.6	85.4	85.3	57.5	77.9	76	83.3		79.7	75.4	78.4
FLA Abar #	82.9	89.9	72.8	76.3	65.1	79.9	66.5	77.7	87.3	33.2	75.7	49.5	53.1	88.9	89.3	85.9	55.9	61.5	72.5	75.4	84.6	76.7	79.5	83.9	81.9	60.1	77	78.2	76.2	79.7		82.2	83.7
FLA Nbra2 #	97.6	84.6	68.1	72.9	67.2	74.5	64.9	79.4	82	34.6	71	45.7	53	85.2	87.5	81.8	51.3	58.4	69.7	72.2	80.1	72.9	75.1	79.5	78.1	61.7	75.7	77.4	76.3	75.4	82.2		93.7
FLA Nbra3 #	95	86	70.6	75.3	64	77	62.3	76.3	86	35.5	73.7	48.2	52.9	88.3	90.3	84.3	52.7	60.9	70.4	72.9	81.3	73.9	76.7	80.7	79.3	59.3	78.7	74.3	73.7	78.4	83.7		

Table S4. High throughput fluorination/chlorination activities for reconstructed ancestral<sub>15</sub> and ancestral<sub>25</sub> activity with various solubility and fusion tags, including NT11<sup>3</sup>, SUMO<sup>4</sup>, PolyEK<sup>5</sup> and OmpA<sup>6</sup>, as compared to FLA<sub>MA37</sub>. All constructs have a C-terminal His-tag to facilitate purification.

	<b>ID</b>	<b>Tag</b>	<b>Fluorination % conversion</b>	<b>Chlorination % conversion</b>
<b>ancestral<sub>25</sub></b>	34	His Tag	2.64	0
	37	MBP	0.15	0
	39	NT11	4.17	0.28
	44	SUMO	2.28	0.05
	46	PolyEK	1.81	0
	48	OmpA	0	0
<b>ancestral<sub>15</sub></b>	66	His Tag	0	0
	69	MBP	0	0
	71	NT11	0	0
	76	SUMO	0	0
	78	PolyEK	0	0
	80	OmpA	0	0
<b>FLA<sub>MA37</sub></b>		His Tag	20.29	0.81

Table S5. High throughput fluorination/chlorination activities and selectivity for reconstructed ancestral fluorinases with two solubility tags (NT11 and SUMO), as compared to FLA<sub>MA37</sub>.

<b>Variant</b>	<b>ID</b>	<b>Tag</b>	<b>Fluorination</b>	<b>Chlorination</b>	<b>F/Cl selectivity</b>
ancestral <sub>14</sub>	119	NT11	0	0	NA
	120	SUMO	0	0	NA
ancestral <sub>15</sub>	71	NT11	0	0	NA
	76	SUMO	0	0	NA
ancestral <sub>16</sub>	135	NT11	0.09	0	100
	136	SUMO	0.1	0	100
ancestral <sub>17</sub>	127	NT11	0.24	0	100
	128	SUMO	0	0	NA
ancestral <sub>18</sub>	151	NT11	1.72	0	NA
	152	SUMO	2.07	0.13	15.92
ancestral <sub>19</sub>	143	NT11	4.49	0.34	13.21
	144	SUMO	0	0	NA
ancestral <sub>21</sub>	167	NT11	2.65	0.21	12.62
	169	SUMO	1.6	0.18	8.89
ancestral <sub>22</sub>	159	NT11	4.87	0.1	48.7
	160	SUMO	0	0	NA
ancestral <sub>23</sub>	111	NT11	6.36	0.27	23.56
	112	SUMO	0.19	0	100
ancestral <sub>24</sub>	103	NT11	7.25	0.25	29
	104	SUMO	3.3	0.22	15
ancestral <sub>25</sub>	39	NT11	4.17	0.28	14.89
	44	SUMO	2.28	0.05	45.6
FLA <sub>MA37</sub>		His Tag	17.71	0.78	22.71

Table S6. NT11-tagged ancestral fluorinases vs. FLA\_MA37. Fluorination and chlorination conversions determined via triplicate assays of purified proteins.

Variant	% conversion				F/Cl 24h selectivity	Protein melting temperature (T <sub>m</sub> )
	Fluorination		Chlorination			
	1.5 h	24h	1.5 h	24h		
<b>FLA_MA37</b>	34.11 ± 1.75	82.20 ± 0.30	2.39 ± 0.06	15.21 ± 0.16	5.40	48.5 ± 0.1
<b>ancestral_16</b>	9.20 ± 1.80	28.57 ± 0.03	0.79 ± 0.15	3.67 ± 0.01	7.79	64.8 ± 0.1
<b>ancestral_19</b>	16.96 ± 3.48	41.34 ± 0.63	2.86 ± 0.52	11.37 ± 0.05	3.64	55.8 ± 0.0
<b>ancestral_21</b>	20.74 ± 3.46	51.76 ± 0.74	3.67 ± 0.06	19.01 ± 0.10	2.72	50.5 ± 0.4
<b>ancestral_22</b>	34.24 ± 1.28	79.17 ± 0.87	2.54 ± 0.02	12.49 ± 0.25	6.34	46.2 ± 0.2
<b>ancestral_23</b>	24.37 ± 1.72	66.07 ± 0.15	2.95 ± 0.10	14.68 ± 0.18	4.50	53.2 ± 0.0
<b>ancestral_24</b>	26.28 ± 2.66	66.88 ± 0.19	2.70 ± 0.04	15.16 ± 0.19	4.41	54.5 ± 0.1
<b>ancestral_25</b>	22.24 ± 3.83	52.49 ± 0.17	1.95 ± 0.09	8.44 ± 0.08	6.22	59.2 ± 0.2
<b>ancestral_16_M13</b>	20.07 ± 2.64	51.14 ± 0.61	2.19 ± 0.55	9.25 ± 0.09	5.53	62.0 ± 0.1

Table S7. High throughput (HTP) fluorination/chlorination and selectivity were performed for ancestral\_16 fluorinase mutants as compared to the predicted ancestral\_16 fluorinase (ID 135 with NT11 tag). Mutants M1, M2 and M3 correspond to F50W, F157Y and R253P, respectively. Similarly, the mutant M13 corresponds to the double mutant combining M1 and M3. There were no detectable conversion for chlorination for all constructs. The HTP assay were performed as described in the methods, the assays were performed in triplicates.

Variants	ID	Mutations	Fluorination % conversion	Average fold improvement (fluorination)
<b>ancestral_16</b>	135	WT	0.10 ± 0.01	1.00
<b>ancestral_16 M1</b>	302	F50W	0.12 ± 0.01	1.14
<b>ancestral_16 M2</b>	303	F157Y	0	0
<b>ancestral_16 M3</b>	304	R252P	0	0
<b>ancestral_16 M12</b>	305	F50W, F157Y	0.07 ± 0.01	0.66
<b>ancestral_16 M23</b>	306	F157Y, R252P	0.11 ± 0.01	1.04
<b>ancestral_16 M13</b>	307	F50W, R252P	0.43 ± 0.02	4.12
<b>ancestral_16 M123</b>	308	F50W, F157Y, R252P	0.12 ± 0.01	1.12

Table S8. Root-mean-squared fluctuations and deviations for the cofactor SAM from MD simulations of FLA\_MA37, ancestral\_22, ancestral\_16 and its single, double and triple mutants from MD simulations.

Variant	SAM	
	RMSF (Å)	Mean RMSD (Å)
FLA_MA37	1.04	1.7
ancestral_22	1.18	1.73
ancestral_16	1.65	2.34
ancestral_16_m1	1.38	1.92
ancestral_16_m2	1.35	1.76
ancestral_16_m3	1.56	2.32
ancestral_16_m12	1.85	2.41
ancestral_16_m13	1.36	2.04
ancestral_16_m23	1.98	2.59
ancestral_16_m123	1.22	2.03

Table S9. Primers used in site directed mutagenesis.

Primer ID	Description	DNA Sequence (5'-3')
ppS1197	ancestral_16 F50W F	CTCTATGACGCCCTGGGACATCGAAGAAG
ppS1198	ancestral_16 F50W R	CTTCTTCGATGTCCCAGGGCGTCATAGAG
ppS1199	ancestral_16 F157Y F	GAGCCTACGTTCTACTCCCGGGAGATG
ppS1200	ancestral_16 F157Y R	CATCTCCCGGGAGTAGAACGTAGGCTC
ppS1201	ancestral_16 R253P F	ACTTCCGTTAACTCCTACGTTTGCTGACG
ppS1202	ancestral_16 R253P R	CGTCAGCAAACGTAGGAGTTAACGGAAGT

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