

Directing alendronate structures into 2-D layers with bulky quaternary phosphonium cations.

Craig. M. Forsyth,^{*a} Peter C. Junk^b and Glen B. Deacon^a

Supporting Information

Syntheses and Characterisation of [Ag(LH₄)(H₂O)].2H₂O

S1 Spectroscopic, PXRD data and Crystal Structure for [Ag(LH₄).(H₂O)].2H₂O 2-4.

Syntheses and Characterisation of [Ph₃PR][LH₄].xH₂O 1-5

S2 Spectroscopic, PXRD data and Crystal Structure of [Ph₄P][LH₄].6H₂O **1** 5-6.
S3 Spectroscopic, PXRD data and Crystal Structure of [Ph₃PMe][LH₄] **2** 7-8.
S4 Spectroscopic, PXRD data and Crystal Structure of [Ph₃PET][LH₄].4H₂O **3** 9-10.
S5 Spectroscopic, PXRD data and Crystal Structure of [Ph₃PPr][LH₄].H₂O **4** 11-12.
S6 Spectroscopic, PXRD data and Crystal Structure of [Ph₃PBn][LH₄].H₂O.MeCN **5** 13-15.
S7 Spectroscopic data for [Bu₄P][LH₄].2H₂O **6** 15-16.

Dehydration of [Ph₄P][LH₄].6H₂O and [Ph₃PET][LH₄].4H₂O

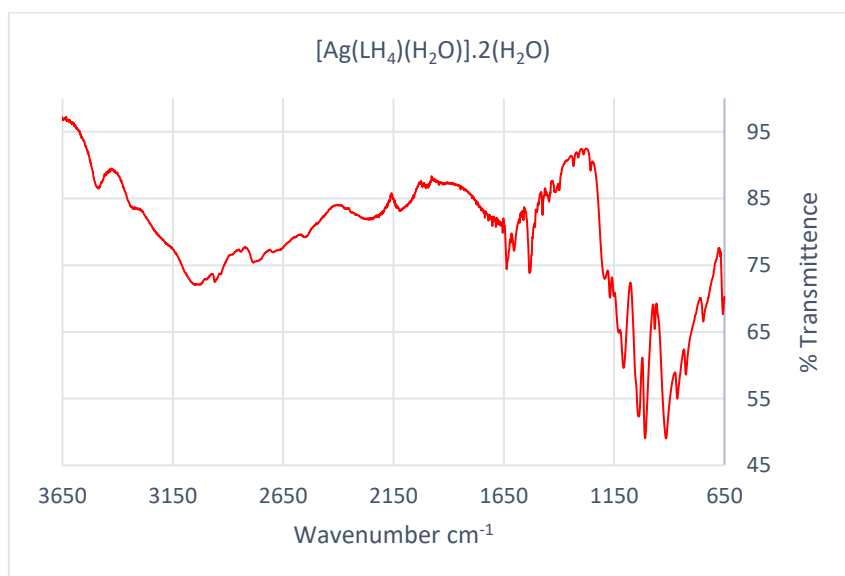
S8 Spectroscopic, PXRD data and Crystal Structures of [Ph₄P][LH₄].0.5H₂O **1a** and [Ph₄P][LH₄][LH₅].H₂O.EtOH **1b** 17-21.
S9 Spectroscopic, PXRD data and Crystal Structure of [Ph₃PET][LH₄] **3a** 22-24.

Supramolecular Interactions in the Structures of 1 to 5

S10.1 Hydrogen Bond Tables for **1-5**. 25-34.
S10.2 Supramolecular structures of the [Ph₄P]⁺ cations in DEMYEZ03, **1**, **1a**, **3** and **4** 29-31
S10.3 Details of supramolecular interactions in **2**, **3a** and **5** 31-32
S10.4 Cation-Anion Supramolecular Contacts. 32-34

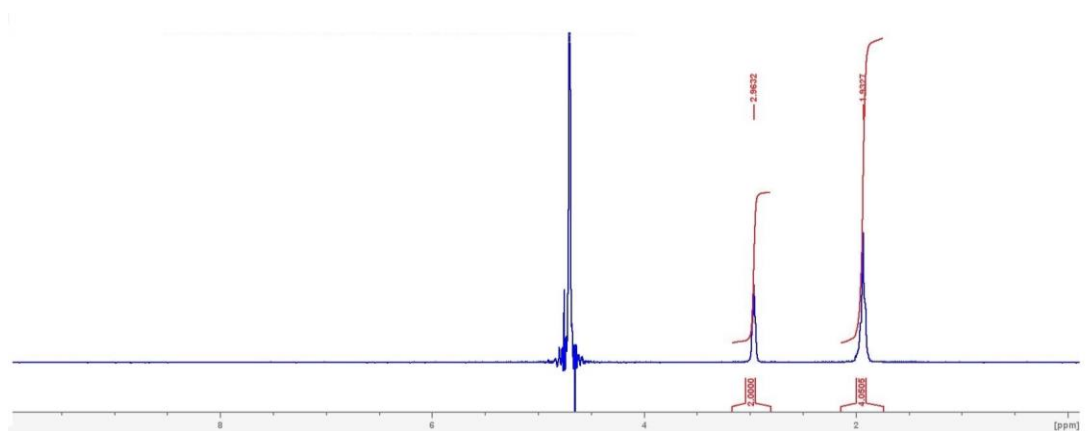
S1. Spectroscopic. PXRD and Crystal Data for $[\text{Ag}(\text{LH}_4)(\text{H}_2\text{O})]\cdot 2\text{H}_2\text{O}$

S1.1 AT-FTIR spectrum of crystalline $[\text{Ag}(\text{LH}_4)(\text{H}_2\text{O})]\cdot 2\text{H}_2\text{O}$

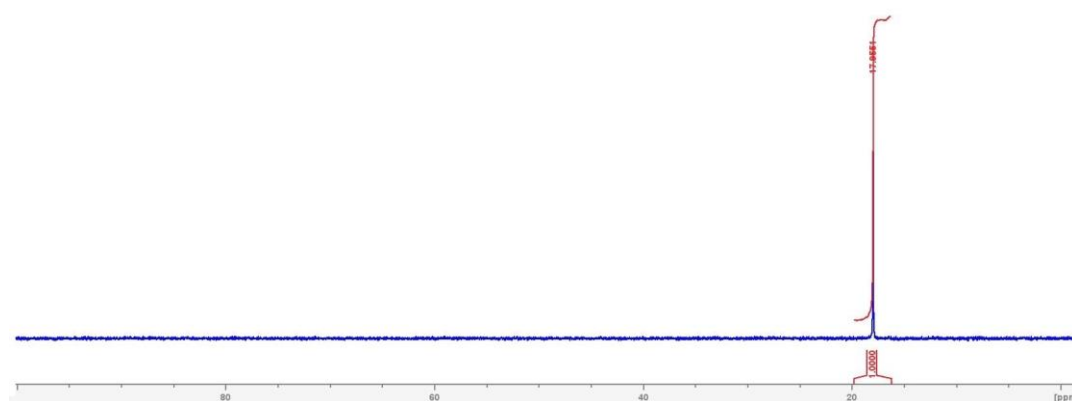


S1.2 NMR data for $[\text{Ag}(\text{LH}_4)(\text{H}_2\text{O})]\cdot 2\text{H}_2\text{O}$.

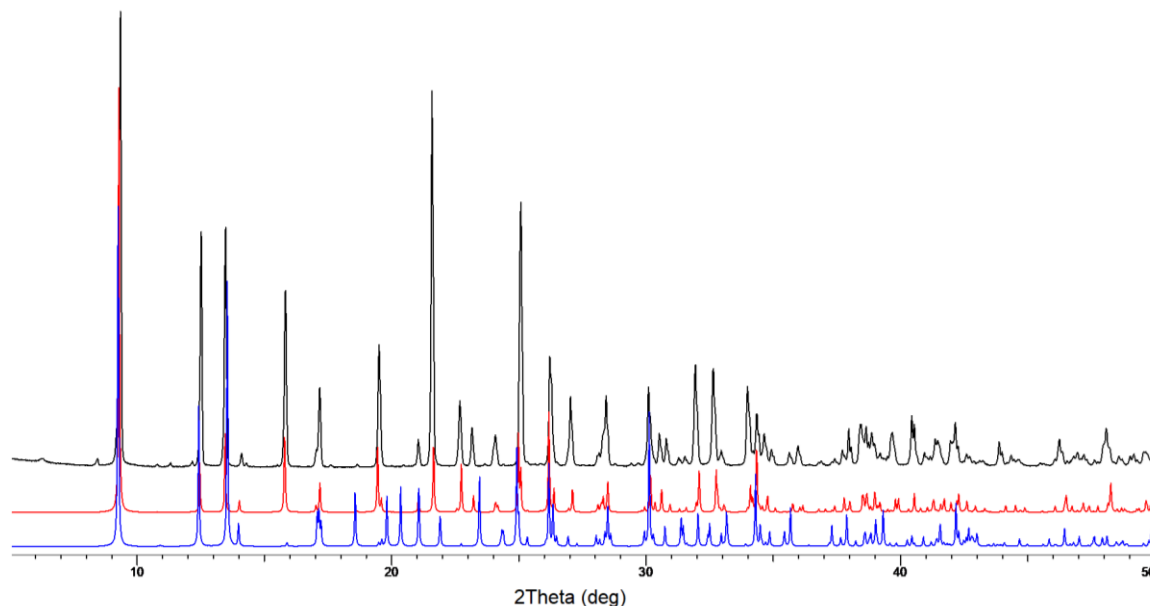
(a) ^1H , 400.13 MHz, D_2O



(b) $^{31}\text{P}\{^1\text{H}\}$, 161.96 MHz, D_2O



S1.3 Experimental PXRD of bulk crystallised $[\text{Ag}(\text{LH}_4)(\text{H}_2\text{O})] \cdot 2\text{H}_2\text{O}$ (black) and simulated PXRD data calculated from the crystal structures of $[\text{Ag}(\text{LH}_4)(\text{H}_2\text{O})] \cdot 2\text{H}_2\text{O}$ (see below) (red) and $[\text{Na}(\text{LH}_4)(\text{H}_2\text{O})] \cdot 2\text{H}_2\text{O}$ (TEHWOS01) (blue).



S1.4 Crystal Structure of $[\text{Ag}(\text{LH}_4)(\text{H}_2\text{O})] \cdot 2\text{H}_2\text{O}$

Crystal and refinement data.

Formula: $\text{C}_4\text{H}_{18}\text{AgNO}_{10}\text{P}_2$, MW 410.00. Unit cell parameters, a 7.2368(2), b 9.0908(2), c 19.3367(5) Å; β = 100.219(2)°, V 1251.95(6) Å³, monoclinic, $P2_1/n$. N_t 14668, N (R_{int}) 3281 (0.035), N_o ($I > 2\sigma I$) 2971. $R1$ ($I > 2\sigma I$) 0.0227, $wR2$ (all data) 0.0539, GoF 1.068, $\Delta e_{\text{min,max}}$ -0.47, 0.51 eÅ⁻³. Diffraction data were collected using Mo K α radiation (λ = 0.71073 Å) at 123 K on a Rigaku Synergy S diffractometer fitted with a HYPiX 6000 hybrid photon counting detector. Data were collected and processed, including an empirical (multi-scan) absorption correction using the proprietary software package CrysAlisPro.[1] The structure was solved and refined by standard methods using the SHELX-2018 software suite,[2] in conjunction with the X-Seeds400 graphical interface.[3] Non-hydrogen atoms were refined with anisotropic displacement parameters and hydrogen atoms attached to carbon were placed in calculated positions using a riding model. The positions of hydrogen atoms attached to nitrogen or oxygen were obtained from the difference Fourier map and were freely refined (CCDC 2505719).

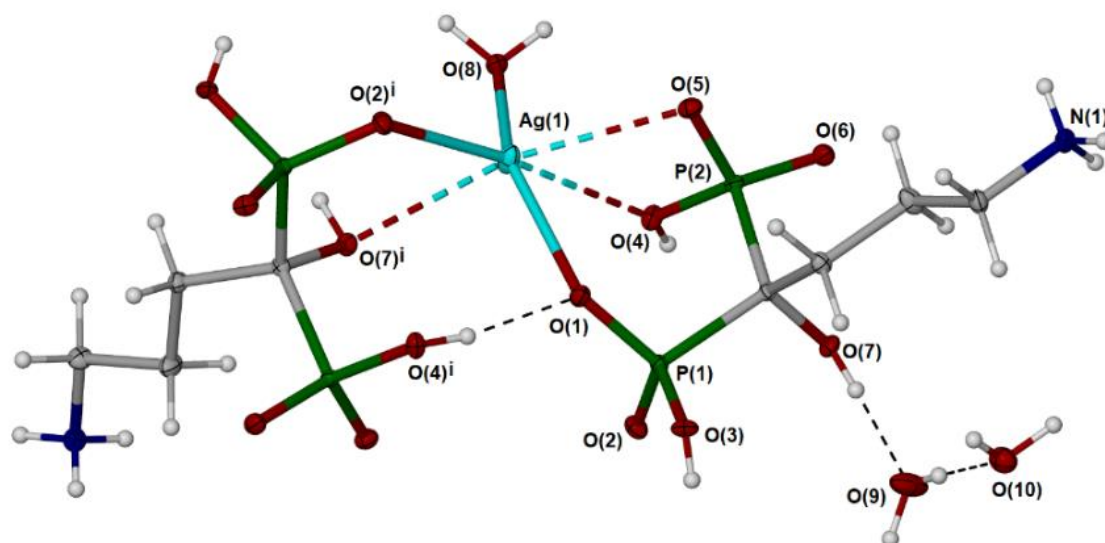
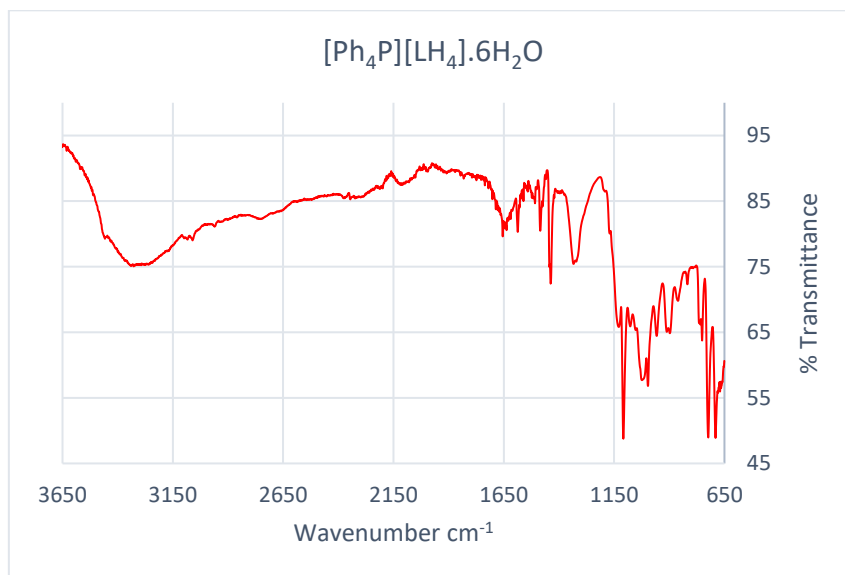


Figure S1.1 Molecular structure of $[\text{Ag}(\text{LH}_4)(\text{H}_2\text{O})] \cdot 2\text{H}_2\text{O}$ (**1**) showing the full Ag^+ coordination environment. The structure comprises a Ag^+ cation bound to two LH_4^- anions and one H_2O molecule through three shorter Ag-O distances (indicated by solid bonds) with an additional three longer interactions (indicated by dashed bonds) giving a pseudo six-coordinate octahedral coordination environment. Bond distances: Ag(1)-O(1) 2.408(1), Ag(1)-O(2)ⁱ 2.370(1), Ag(1)-O(8) 2.343(1), Ag(1)-O(4) 2.744(1), Ag(1)-O(5) 2.620(1), Ag(1)-O(7)ⁱ 2.662(1) Å. Symmetry operators for generated atoms: ⁱ $3/2-x, 1/2+y, 1/2-z$.

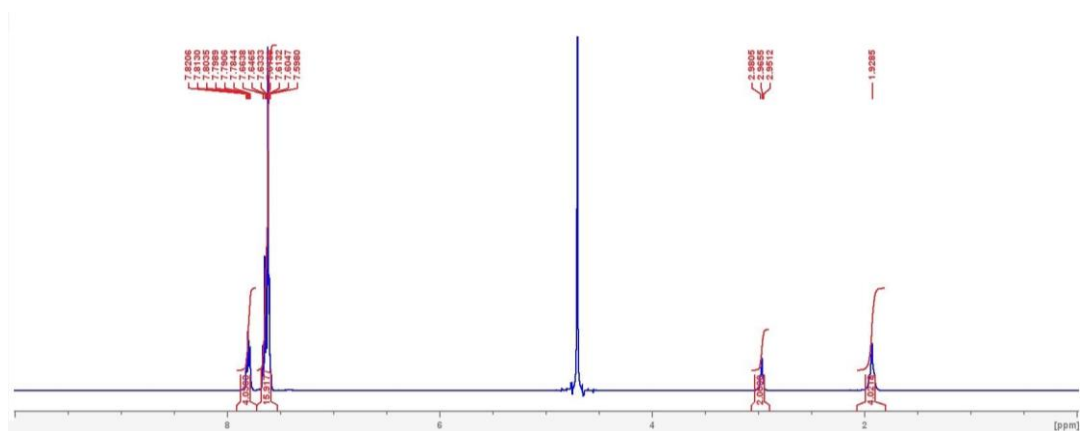
S2. Spectroscopic, PXRD and Crystal Structure of $[\text{Ph}_4\text{P}][\text{LH}_4]\cdot 6\text{H}_2\text{O}$ 1.

S2.1 AT-FTIR spectrum of crystallised 1.

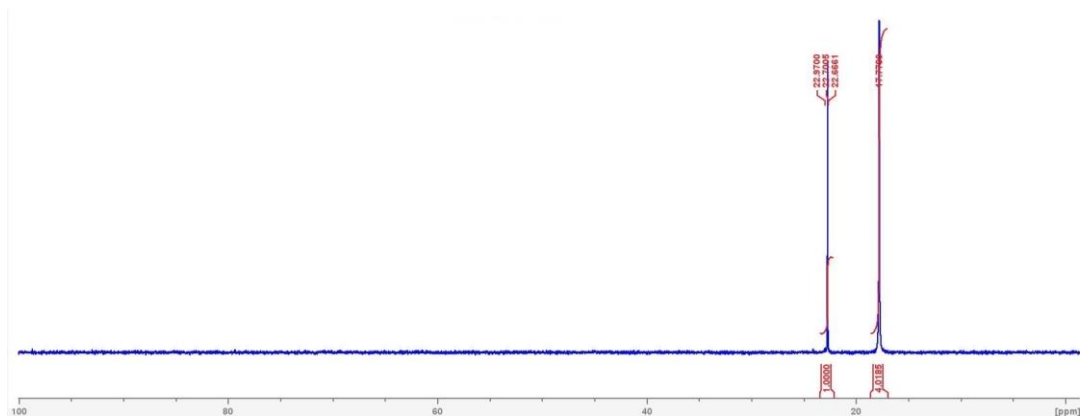


S2.2 NMR data for 1 (a) ^1H , 400.13 MHz, D_2O ; (b) $^{31}\text{P}\{^1\text{H}\}$, 161.96 MHz, D_2O .

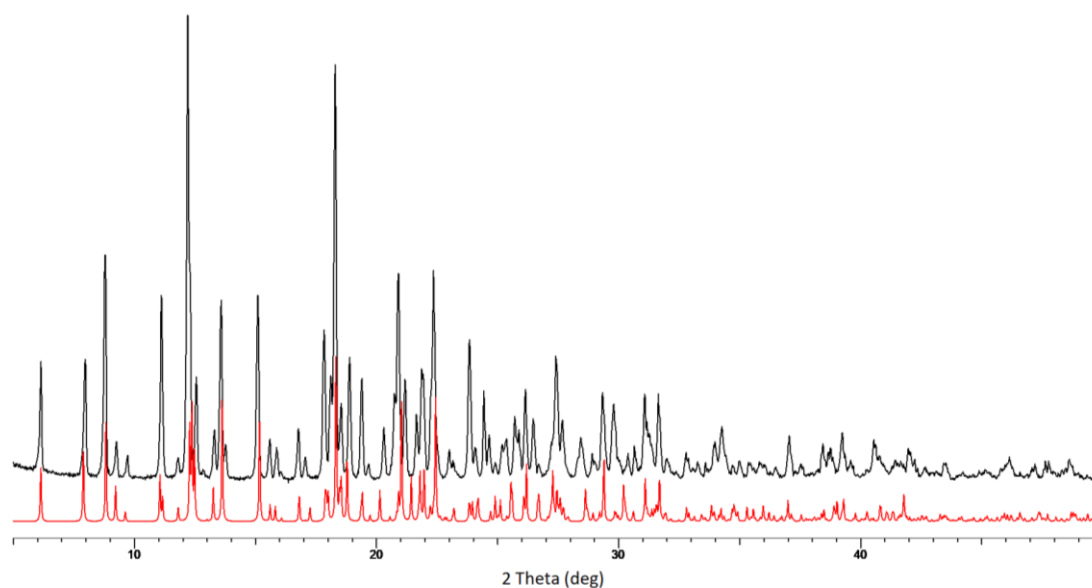
(a)



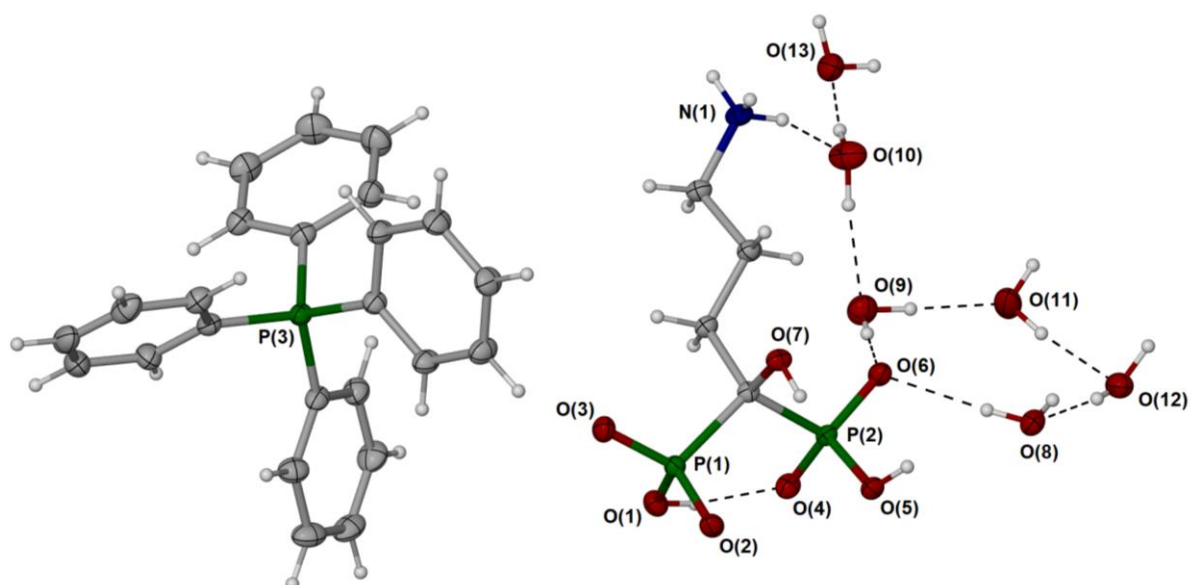
(b)



S2.3 Experimental PXRD of crystallised **1** (black) and simulated PXRD data calculated from the crystal structure of $[\text{Ph}_4\text{P}][\text{LH}_4]\cdot 6\text{H}_2\text{O}$ (see below) (red).

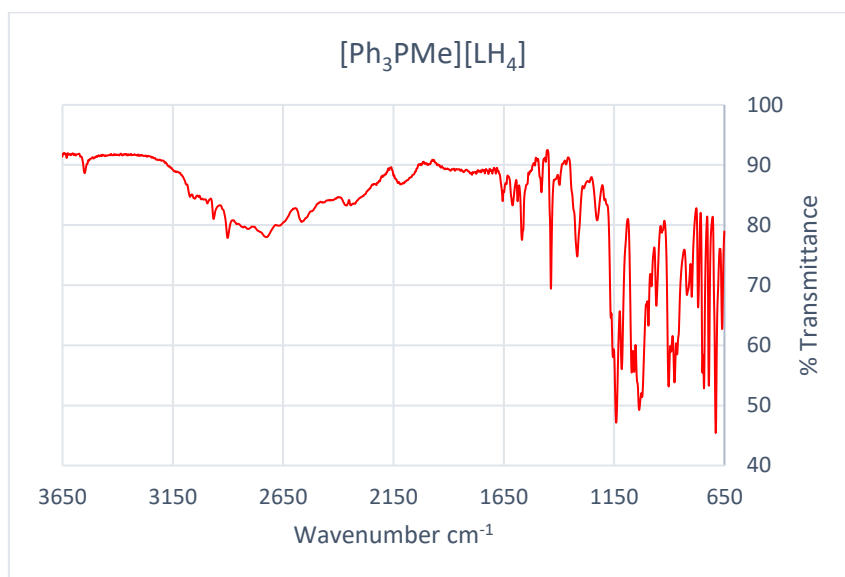


S2.4 Molecular diagram of $[\text{Ph}_4\text{P}][\text{LH}_4]\cdot 6\text{H}_2\text{O}$ **1** with non-hydrogen atoms represented by 50% displacement ellipsoids and hydrogen atoms as spheres of arbitrary size.



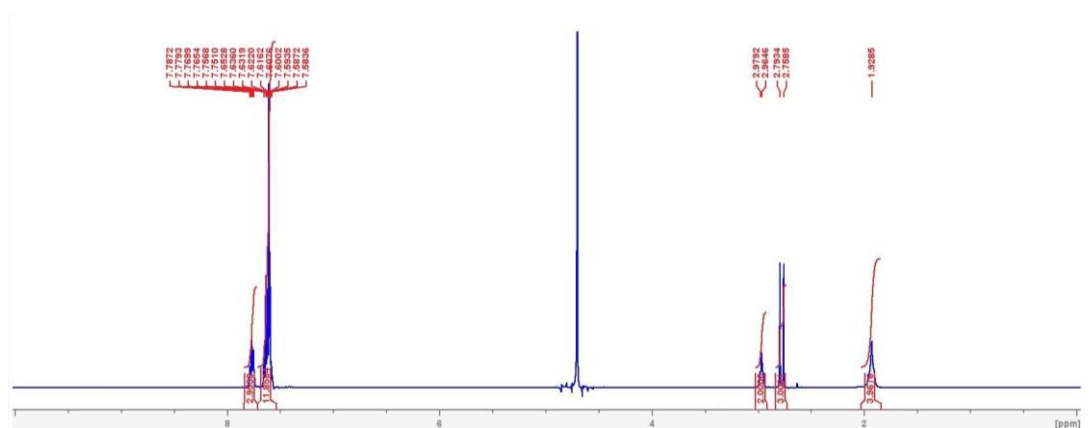
S3. Spectroscopic, PXRD and Crystal Structure of $[\text{Ph}_3\text{PMe}][\text{LH}_4]$ 2.

S3.1 AT-FTIR spectrum of crystallised 2.

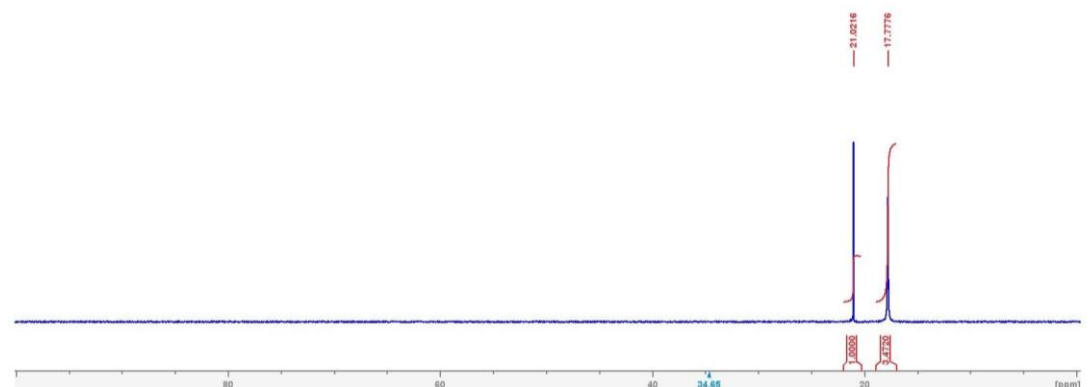


S3.2 NMR data for 2.

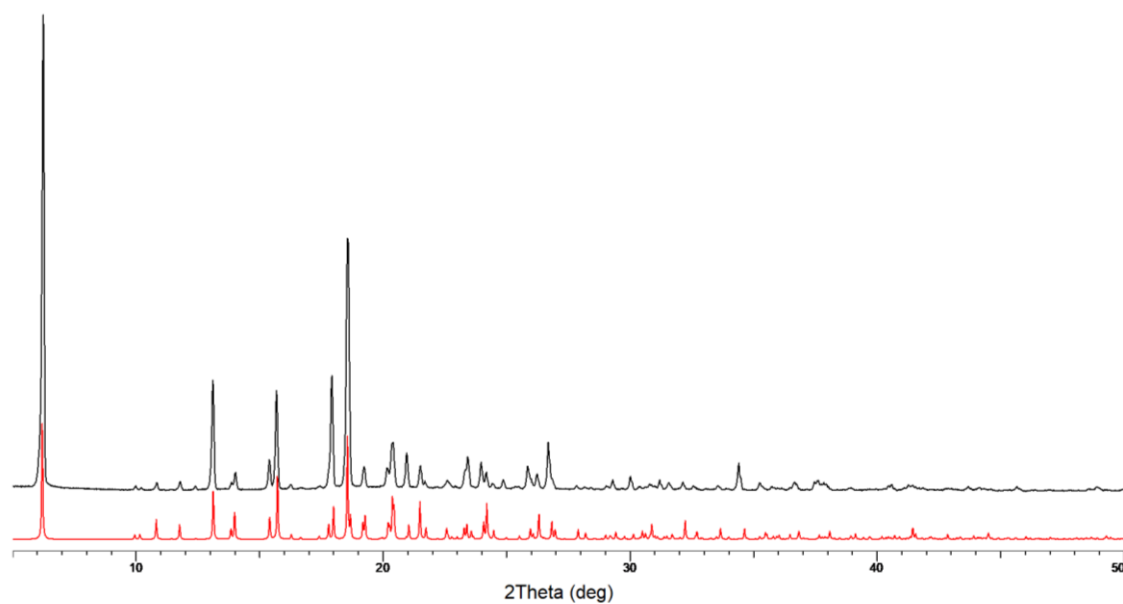
(a) ^1H , 400.13 MHz, D_2O



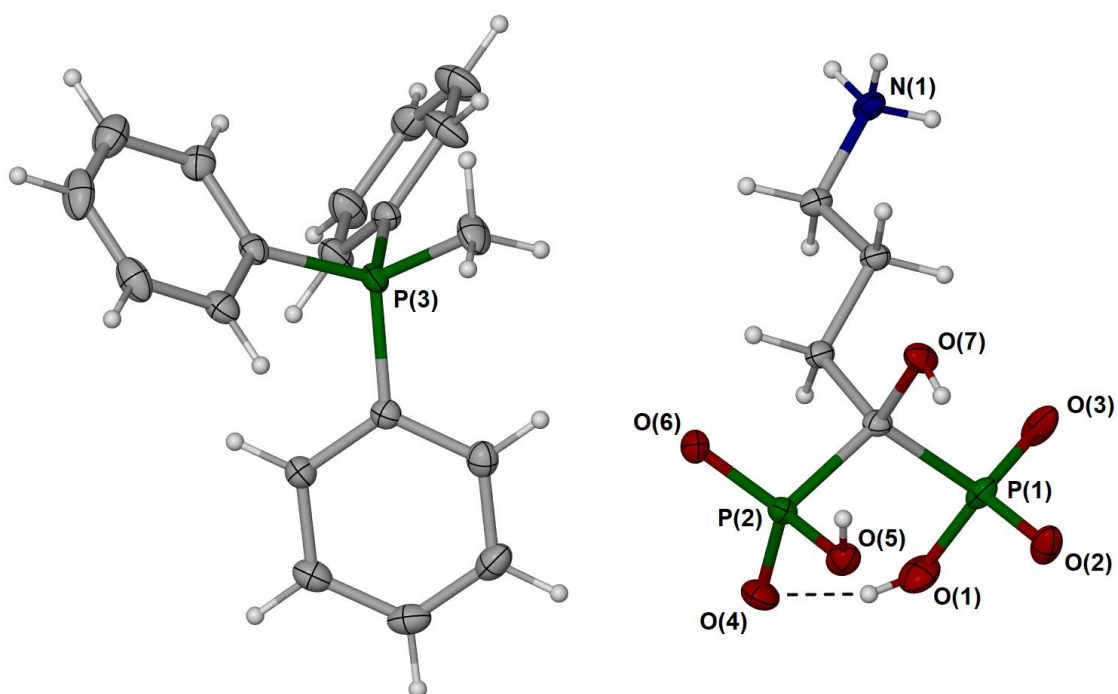
(b) $^{31}\text{P}\{^1\text{H}\}$, 161.96 MHz, D_2O .



S3.3 Experimental PXRD of crystallised **2** (black) and simulated PXRD data calculated from the crystal structure of $[\text{Ph}_3\text{PMe}][\text{LH}_4]$ (see below) (red).

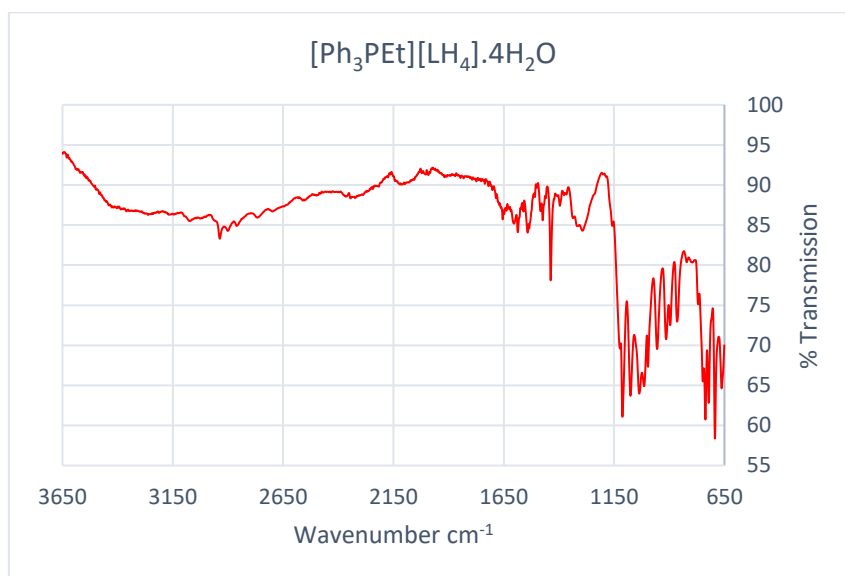


S3.4 Molecular diagram of $[\text{Ph}_3\text{PMe}][\text{LH}_4]$ **2** with non-hydrogen atoms represented by 50% displacement ellipsoids and hydrogen atoms as spheres of arbitrary size.



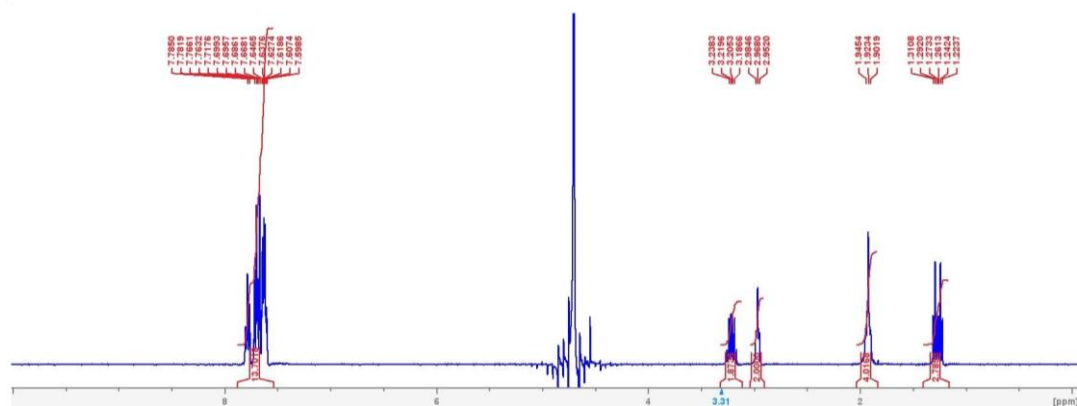
S4. Spectroscopic, PXRD and Crystal Structure of $[\text{Ph}_3\text{PEt}][\text{LH}_4]\cdot 4\text{H}_2\text{O}$ **3**.

S4.1 ATR-FTIR of crystallised **3**.

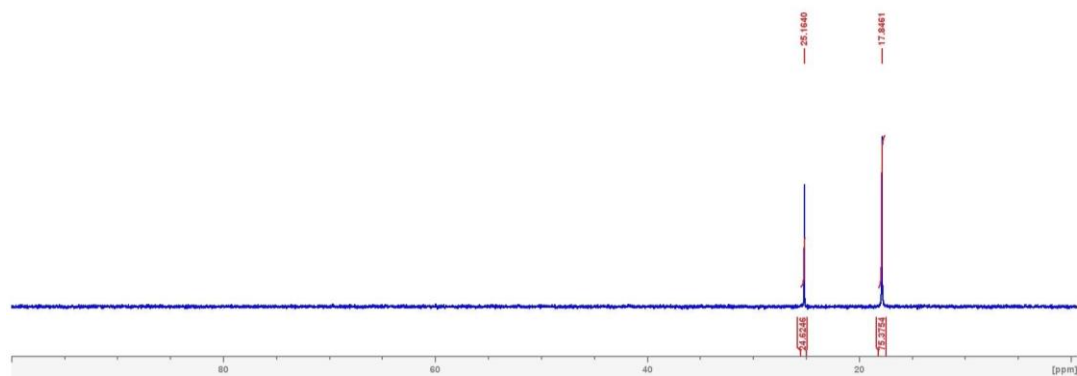


S4.2 NMR data of crystallised **3**.

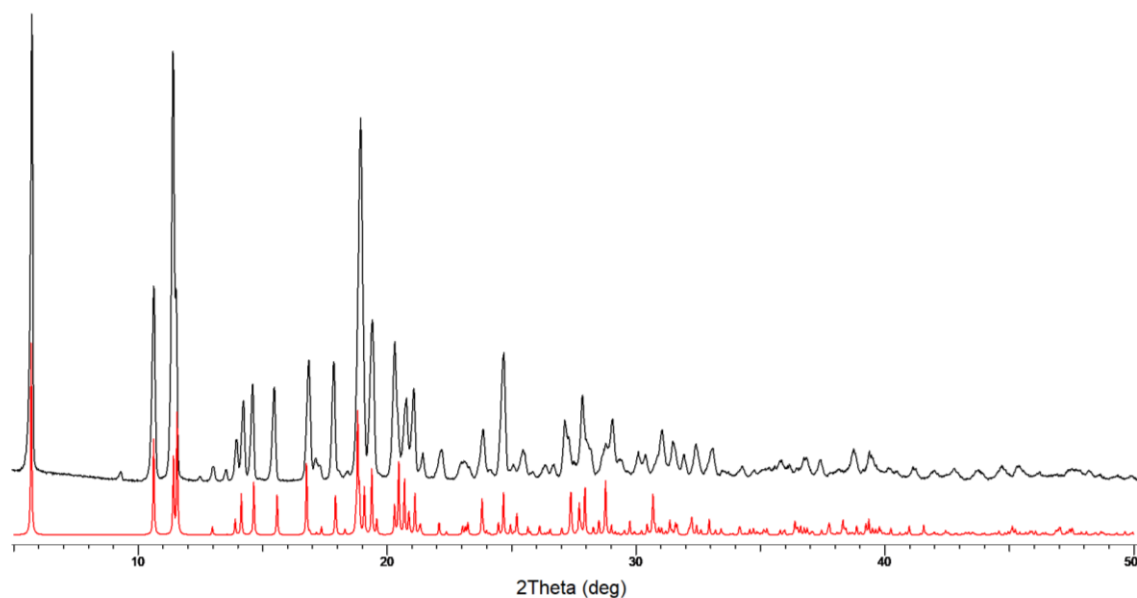
(a) ^1H , 400.13 MHz, D_2O ;



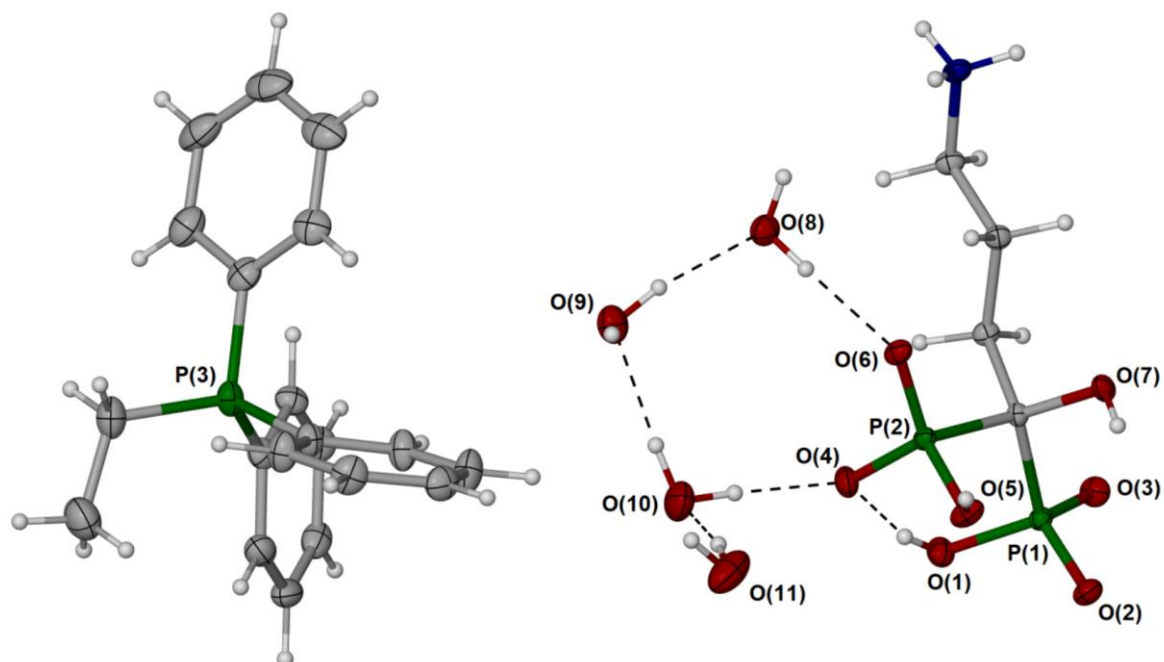
(b) $^{31}\text{P}\{^1\text{H}\}$, 161.96 MHz, D_2O



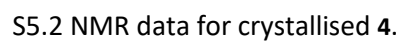
S4.3 Experimental PXRD of crystallised **3** (black) and simulated PXRD data calculated from the crystal structure of $[\text{Ph}_3\text{PEt}][\text{LH}_4]\cdot 4\text{H}_2\text{O}$ (see below) (red).



S4.4 Molecular diagram of $[\text{Ph}_3\text{PEt}][\text{LH}_4]\cdot 4\text{H}_2\text{O}$ **3** with non-hydrogen atoms represented by 50% displacement ellipsoids and hydrogen atoms as spheres of arbitrary size.

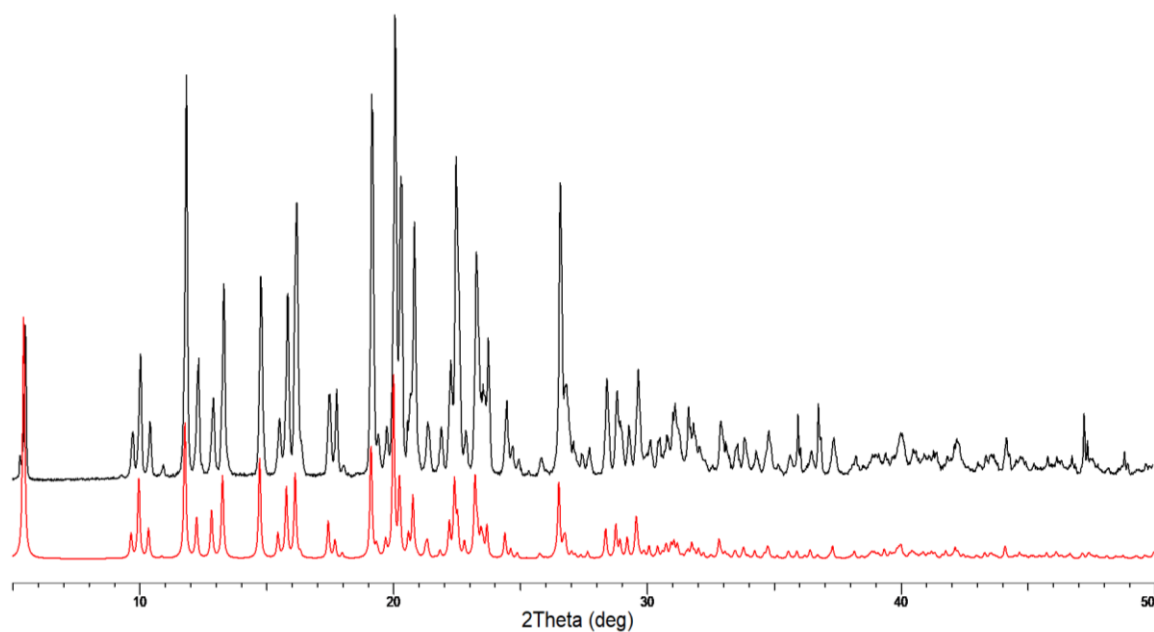


S5.1 AT-FTIR spectrum of crystallised **4**.

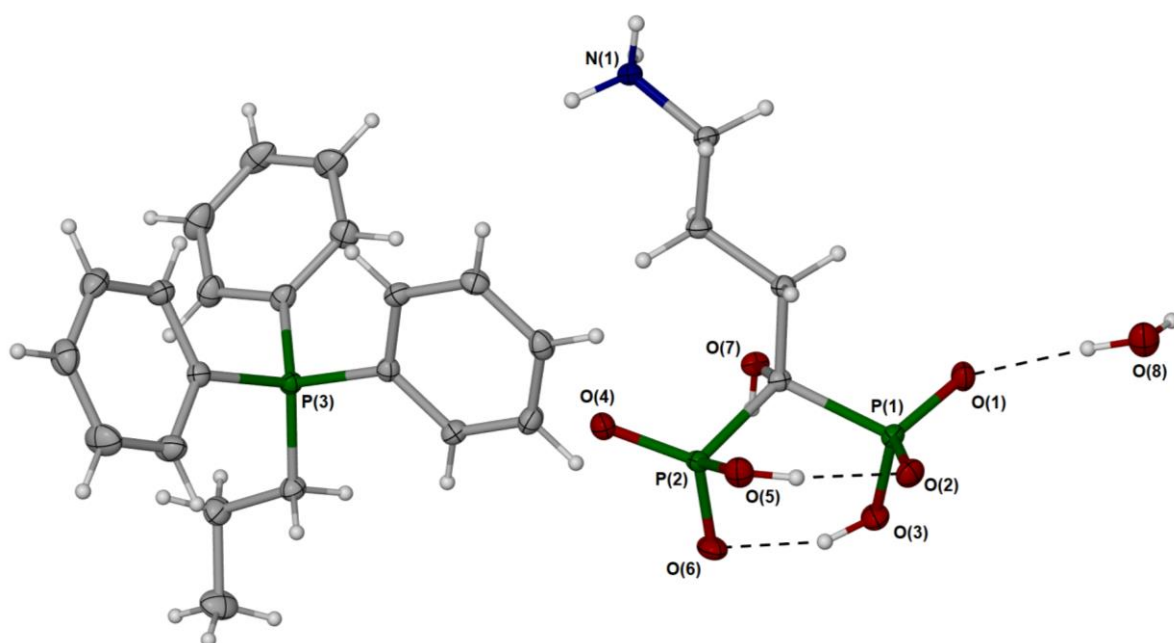


¹³C NMR spectrum of compound 10. The x-axis represents chemical shift in ppm, ranging from 0 to 80. There are two main signals: a triplet at approximately 22 ppm and a doublet at approximately 21 ppm. The triplet is labeled with chemical shifts 23.0135, 22.7914, and 22.4814. The doublet is labeled with chemical shifts 19.3280 and 17.2617. Integration values are shown below the baseline: 0.000 for the triplet and 1.001 for the doublet.

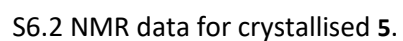
S5.3 Experimental PXRD of crystallised **4** (black) and simulated PXRD data calculated from the crystal structure of $[\text{Ph}_3\text{PPr}][\text{LH}_4]\cdot\text{H}_2\text{O}$ (see below) (red).



S5.4 Molecular diagram of $[\text{Ph}_3\text{PPr}][\text{LH}_4]\cdot\text{H}_2\text{O}$ **4** with non-hydrogen atoms represented by 50% displacement ellipsoids and hydrogen atoms as spheres of arbitrary size.

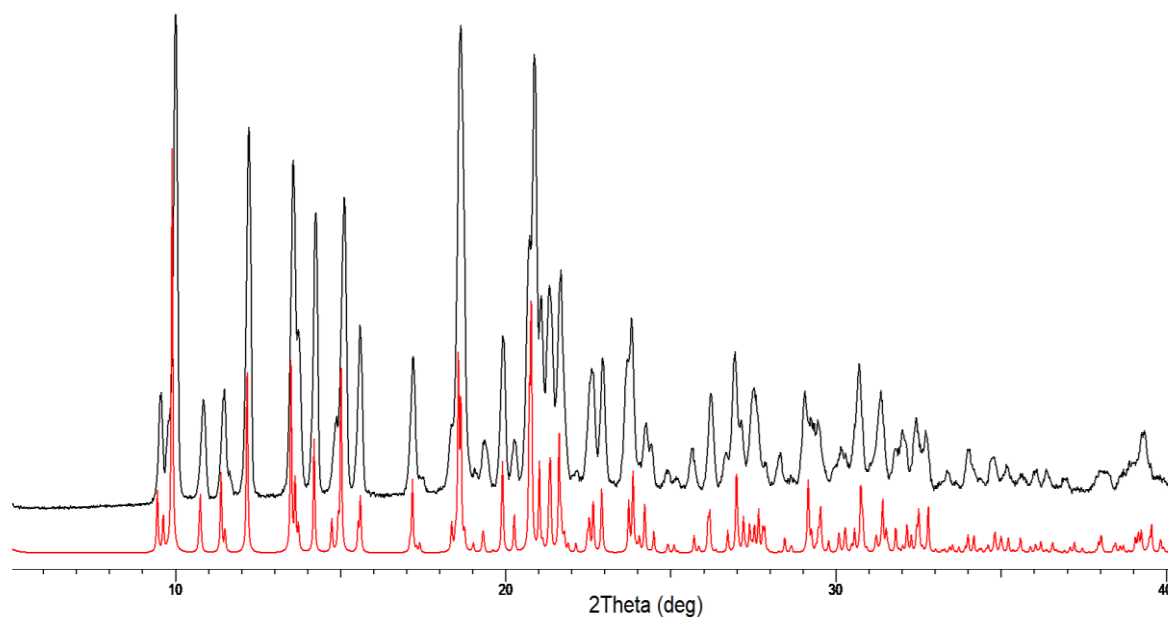


S6.1 AT-FTIR spectrum of crystallised 5.

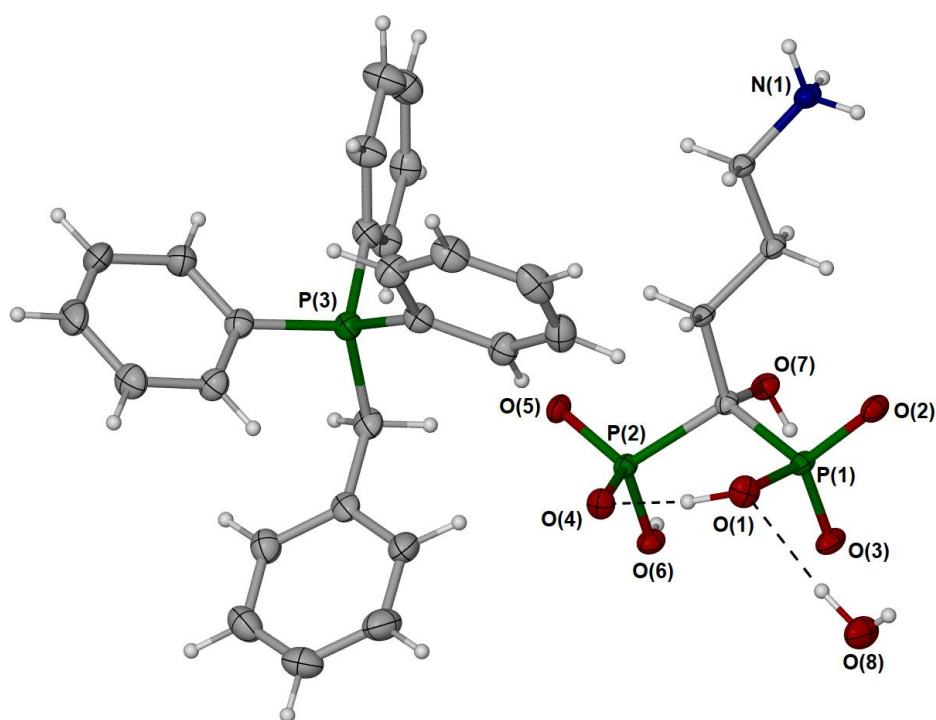


¹H NMR spectrum of compound 10 in CDCl₃. The spectrum shows several peaks with integration values and chemical shift labels. The x-axis is labeled 'ppm' and ranges from 0 to 8. The peaks are labeled with their chemical shifts: 7.7962, 7.7952, 7.7783, 7.7773, 7.7613, 7.7603, 7.5864, 7.5854, 7.5697, 7.5687, 7.5534, 7.5524, 7.5374, 7.5364, 7.2483, 7.2473, 7.1488, 7.1478, 7.1324, 7.1314, 6.8944, 6.8934, 6.4517, 6.4506, 2.9627, 2.9617, 2.9570, 2.9527, 1.9746, 1.9736, 1.9535, 1.9525, 1.9378, 1.9368, 1.9102, 1.9092.

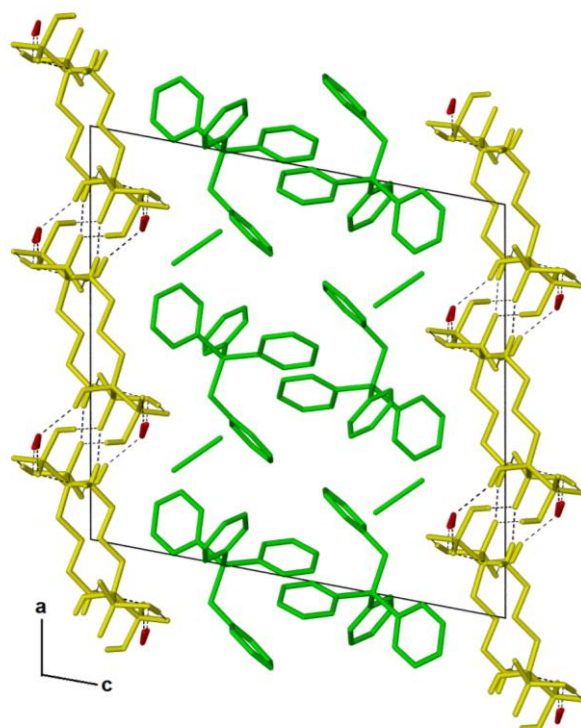
S6.3 Experimental PXRD of crystallised **5** (black) and simulated PXRD data calculated from the crystal structure of $[\text{Ph}_3\text{PBn}][\text{LH}_4]\cdot\text{H}_2\text{O}$ (see below) (red)).



S6.4 Molecular diagram of $[\text{Ph}_3\text{PBn}][\text{LH}_4]\cdot\text{H}_2\text{O}\cdot\text{MeCN}$ **5** with non-hydrogen atoms represented by 50% displacement ellipsoids and hydrogen atoms as spheres of arbitrary size. The water molecule O(8) is in a symmetry generated position (symmetry operator: $x, 1+y, z$) and the MeCN solvent molecule has been omitted for clarity.

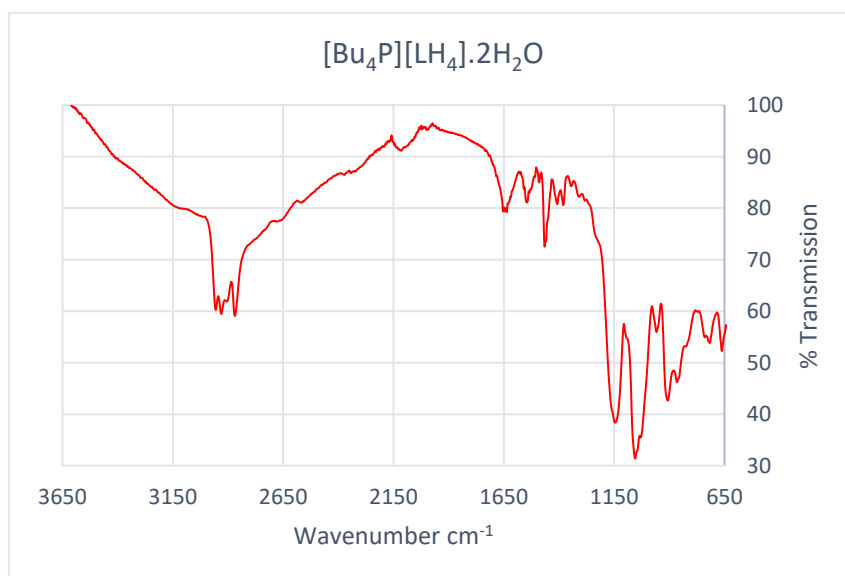


S6.5 Extended packing of compound **5** viewed along the a -axis. The $[\text{LH}_4]^-$ anions are depicted as yellow, the water molecules as red and the $[\text{Ph}_4\text{P}]^+$ cations and MeCN lattice solvent as green; some hydrogen atoms have been omitted for clarity.



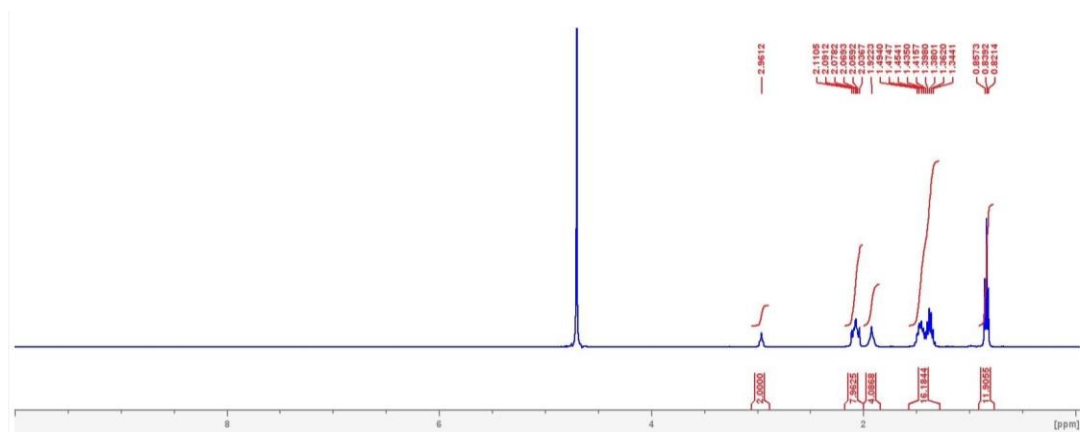
S7. Spectroscopic Data for $[\text{Bu}_4\text{P}][\text{LH}_4] \cdot 2\text{H}_2\text{O}$ **6**.

S7.1 AT-FTIR spectrum of amorphous $[\text{Bu}_4\text{P}][\text{LH}_4] \cdot 2\text{H}_2\text{O}$.

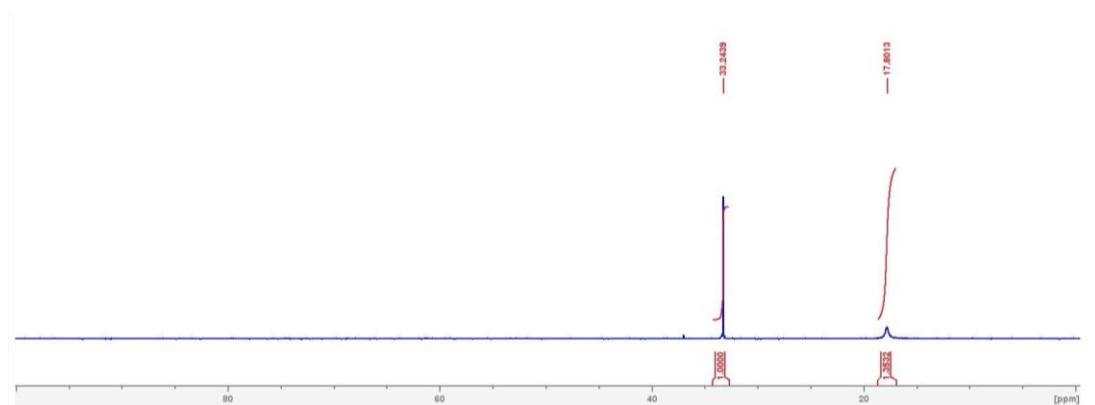


S7.2 NMR data for crude $[\text{Bu}_4\text{P}][\text{LH}_4] \cdot 2\text{H}_2\text{O}$ **6**.

(a) ^1H , 400.13 MHz, D_2O



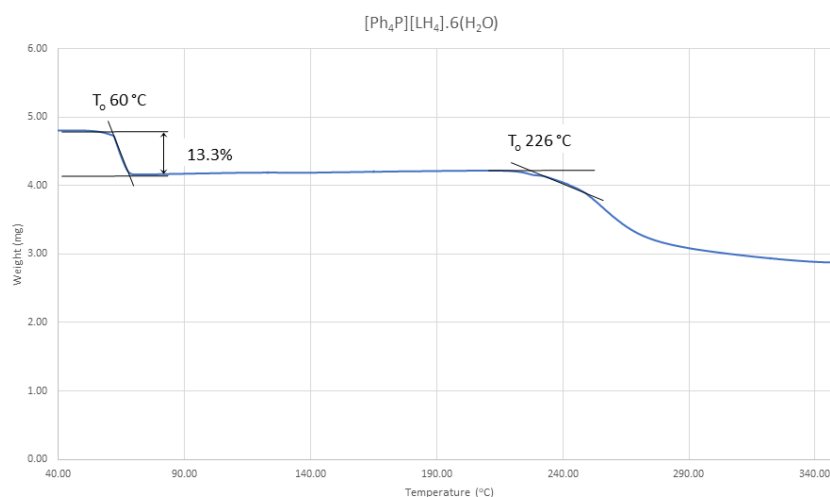
(b) $^{31}\text{P}\{^1\text{H}\}$, 161.96 MHz, D_2O



S8. Dehydration of Compound 1: Spectroscopic, PXRD Data and Crystal Structures of $[\text{Ph}_4\text{P}][\text{LH}_4] \cdot 0.5\text{H}_2\text{O}$ **1a** and $[\text{Ph}_4\text{P}][\text{LH}_4][\text{LH}_5] \cdot \text{H}_2\text{O} \cdot \text{EtOH}$ **1b**.

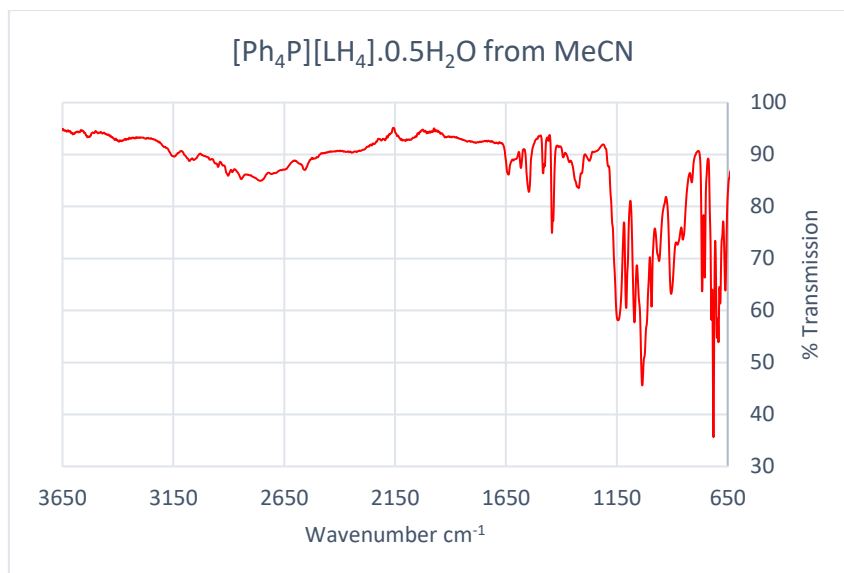
a) TGA of **1**.

S8.1 TGA trace of $[\text{Ph}_4\text{P}][\text{LH}_4] \cdot 6\text{H}_2\text{O}$ **1**. Initial weight: 4.77 mg

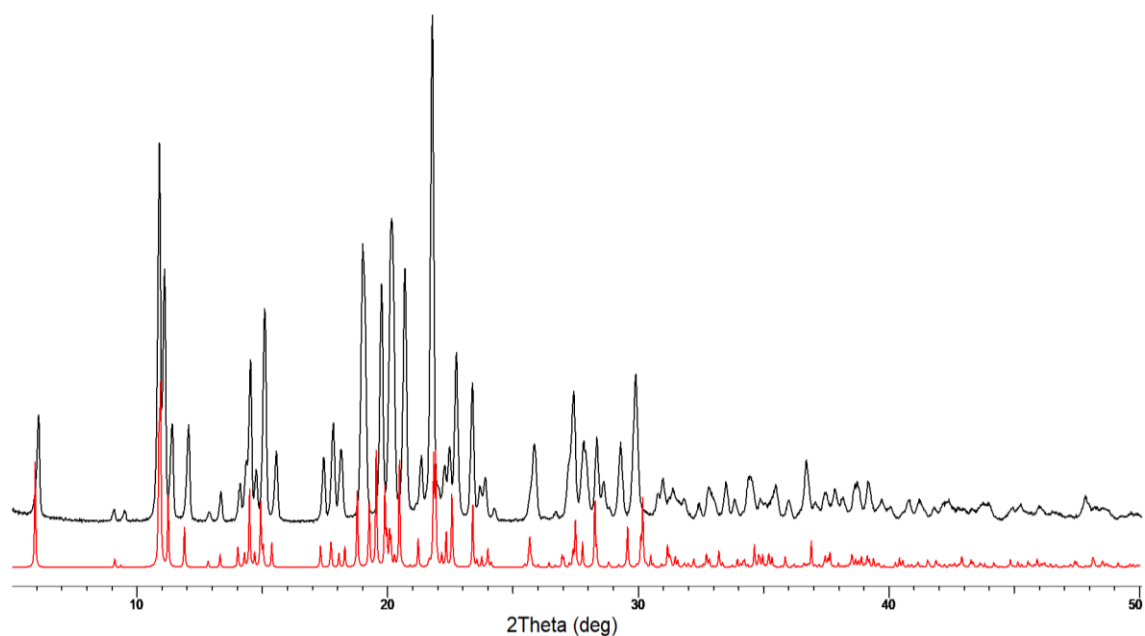


b) Bulk dehydration of **1** from heating in MeCN

S8.2 AT-FTIR spectrum of **1a**, prepared from heating **1** in MeCN.

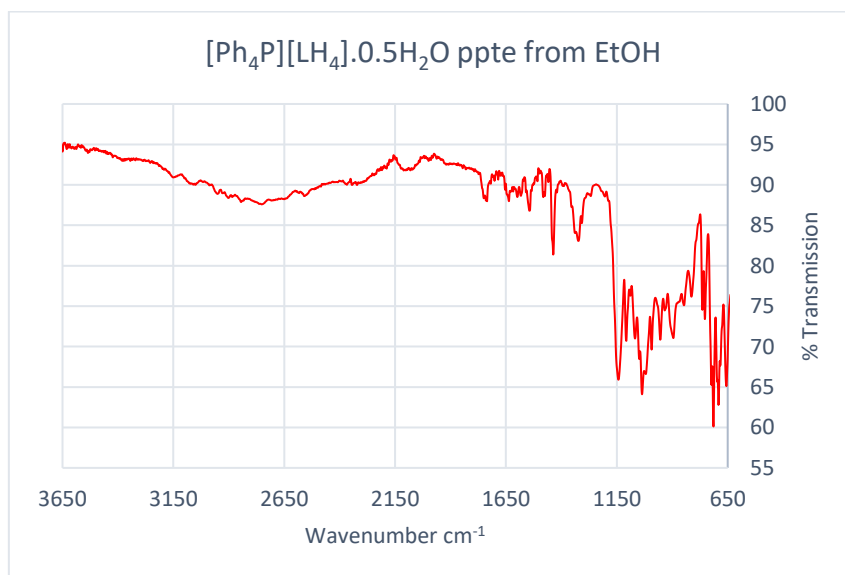


S8.3 Experimental PXRD of bulk **1a**, prepared from heating **1** in MeCN (black), and simulated PXRD data calculated from the crystal structure of **1a** (red).



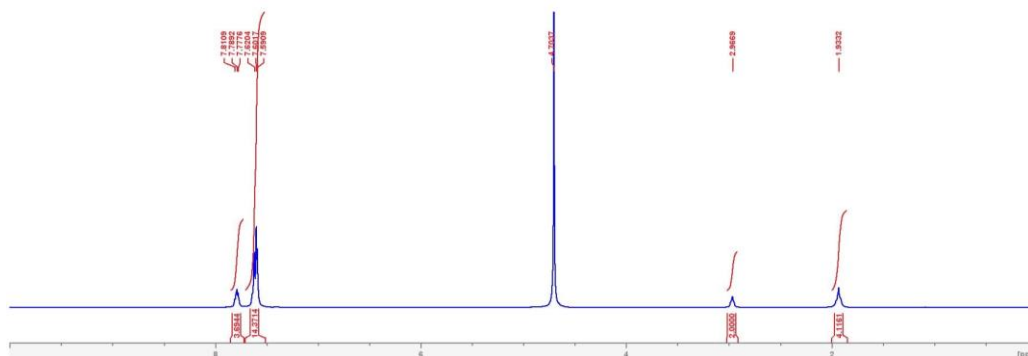
c) Dehydration of **1** from heating in EtOH

S8.4 AT-FTIR spectrum of **1a** isolated as a precipitate after heating **1** in EtOH.

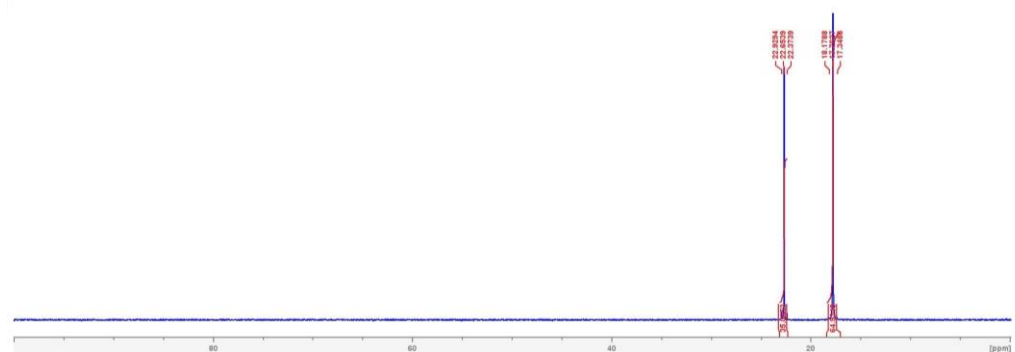


S8.5 NMR data for **1a** isolated as a precipitate after heating **1** in EtOH.

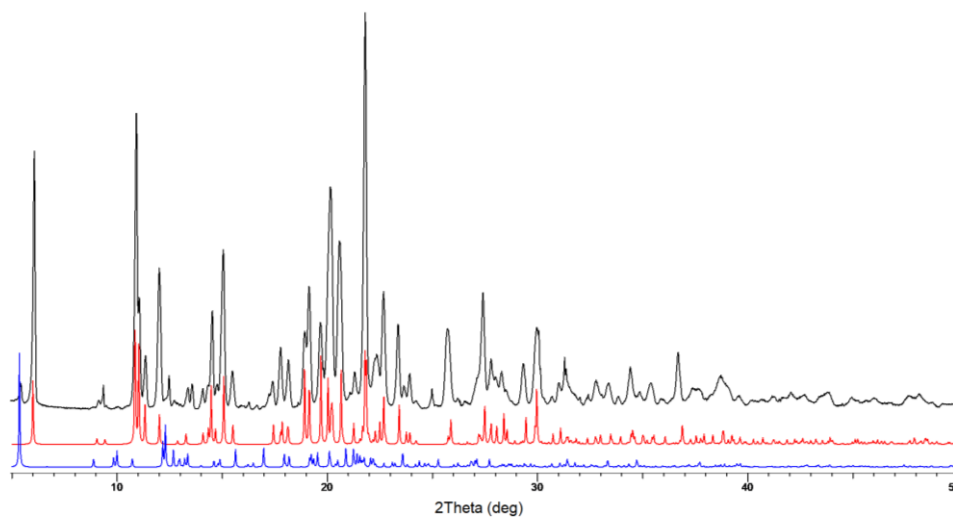
(a) ^1H , 400.13 MHz, D_2O ;



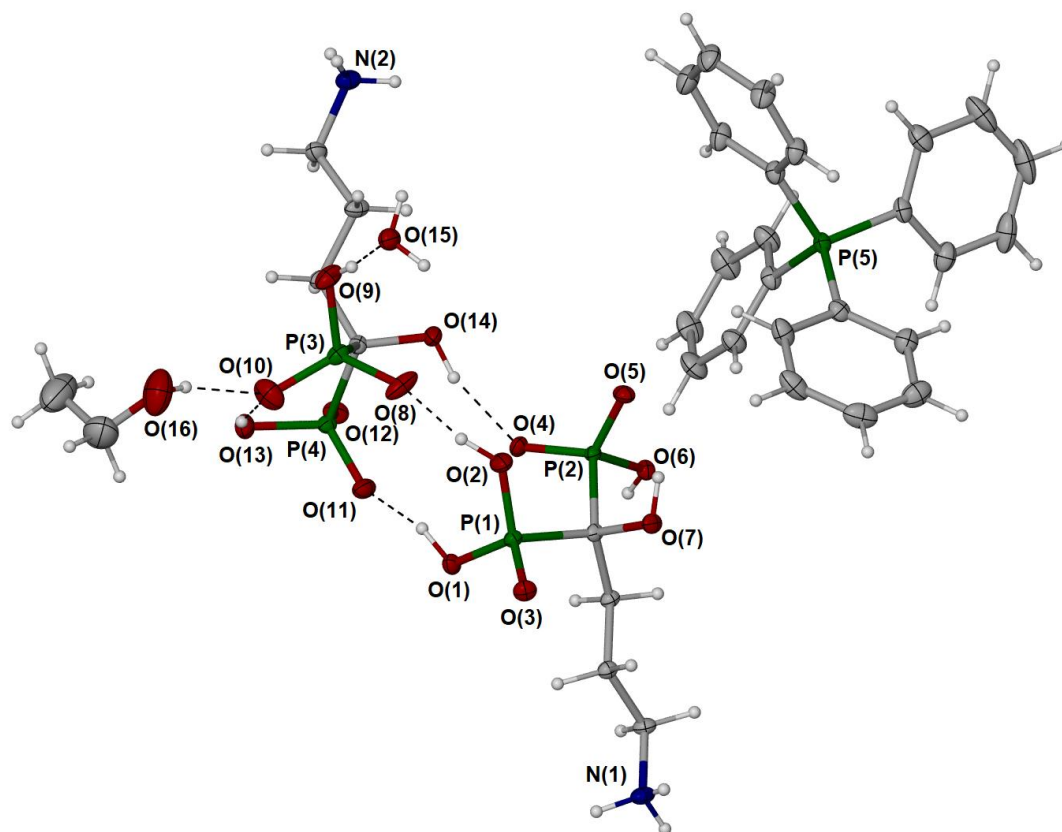
(b) $^{31}\text{P}\{^1\text{H}\}$, 161.96 MHz, D_2O



S8.6 Experimental PXRD of bulk $[\text{Ph}_4\text{P}][\text{LH}_4] \cdot 0.5\text{H}_2\text{O}$ **1a**, isolated as a precipitate from heating **1** in EtOH (black), and simulated PXRD data calculated from the crystal structures of $[\text{Ph}_4\text{P}][\text{LH}_4] \cdot 0.5\text{H}_2\text{O}$ **1a** (red) and $[\text{Ph}_4\text{P}][\text{LH}_4][\text{LH}_5] \cdot \text{H}_2\text{O} \cdot \text{EtOH}$ **1b** (blue).

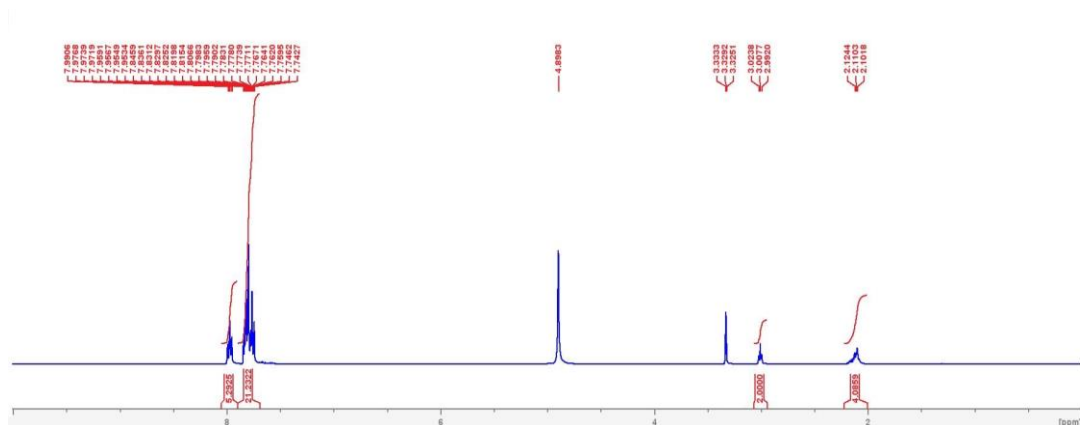


S8.7 Molecular diagram of $[\text{Ph}_4\text{P}][\text{LH}_4][\text{LH}_5]\text{H}_2\text{O}\cdot\text{EtOH}$ **1b** with non-hydrogen atoms represented by 50% displacement ellipsoids and hydrogen atoms as spheres of arbitrary size. Crystals were obtained by a second EtOH extraction of the solid precipitate resulting from heating of **1** in EtOH.

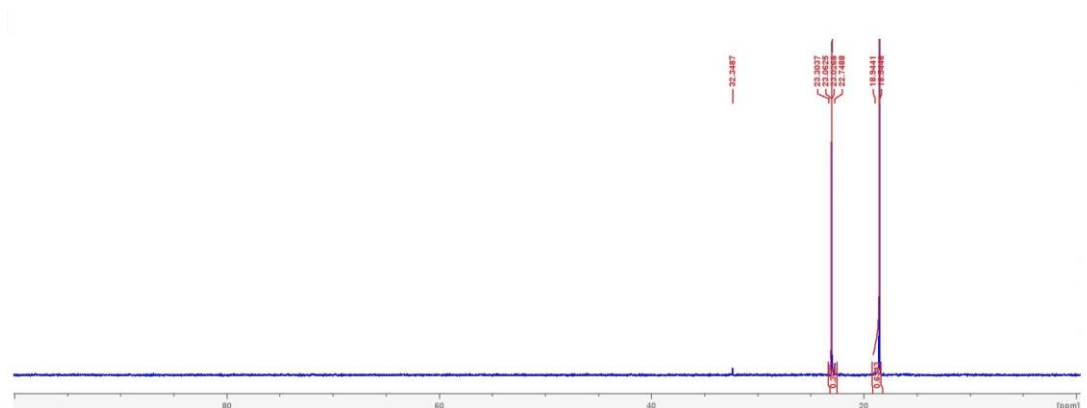


S8.8 NMR data for the solid obtained from evaporation of the EtOH filtrate after heating **1** in EtOH.

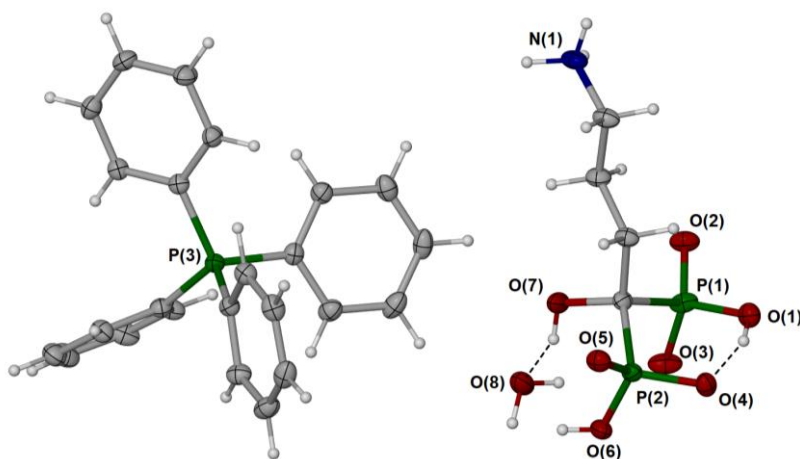
(a) ^1H , 400.13 MHz, CD_3OD ;



(b) $^{31}\text{P}\{^1\text{H}\}$, 161.96 MHz, CD_3OD .



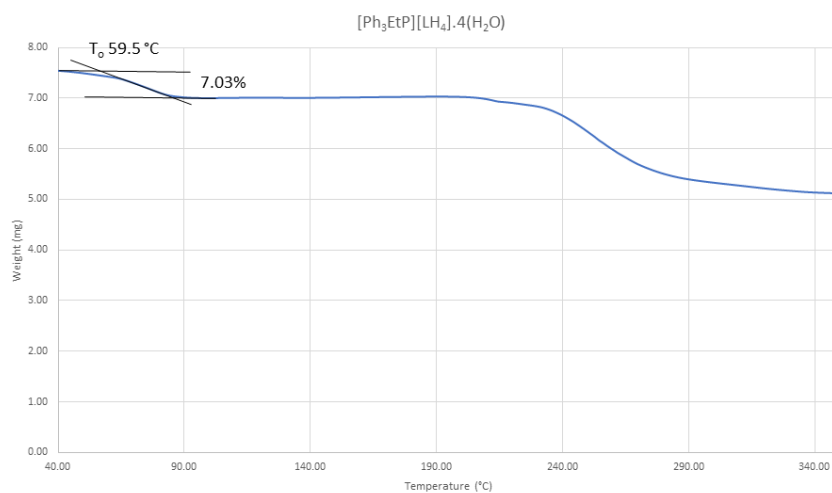
S8.9 Molecular diagram of $[\text{Ph}_4\text{P}][\text{LH}_4] \cdot 0.5(\text{H}_2\text{O})$ **1a** with non-hydrogen atoms represented by 50% displacement ellipsoids and hydrogen atoms as spheres of arbitrary size.



S9. Dehydration of compound **3**. Spectroscopic and PXRD Data for $[\text{Ph}_3\text{Pet}][\text{LH}_4]$ **3a**.

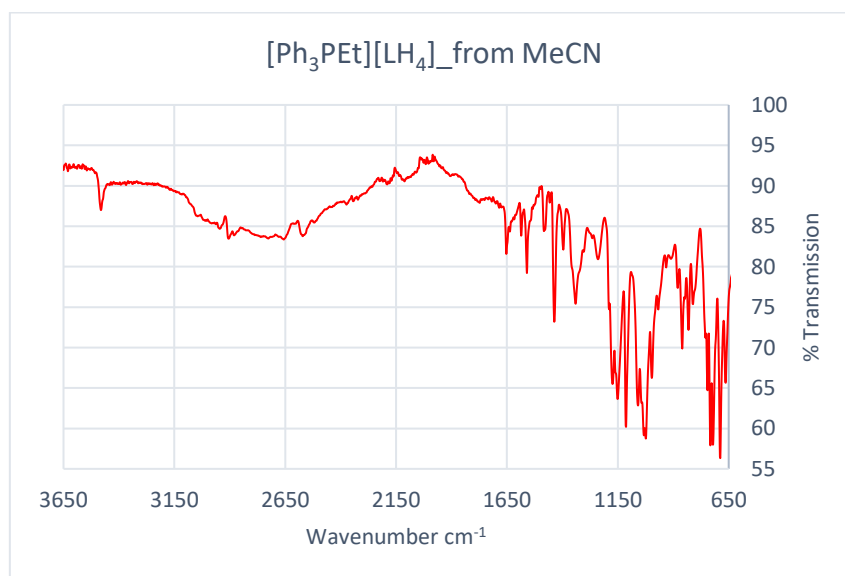
(a) TGA of **3**.

S9.1 TGA trace of $[\text{Ph}_3\text{EtP}][\text{LH}_4] \cdot 4\text{H}_2\text{O}$ **3**. Initial weight: 7.56mg.

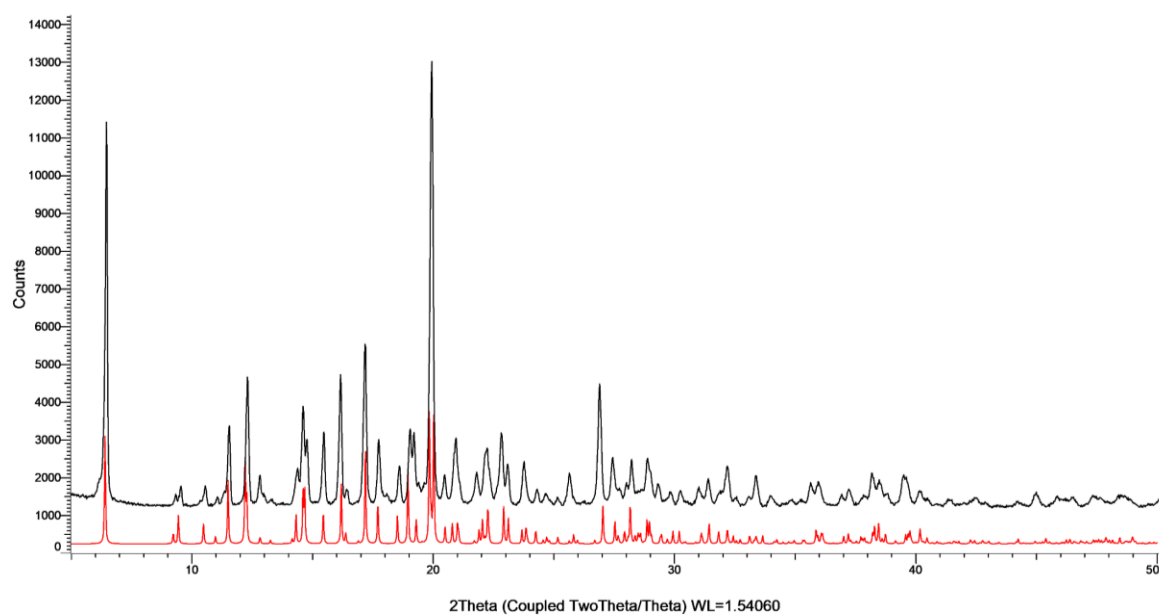


(b) Bulk dehydration of **3** in MeCN

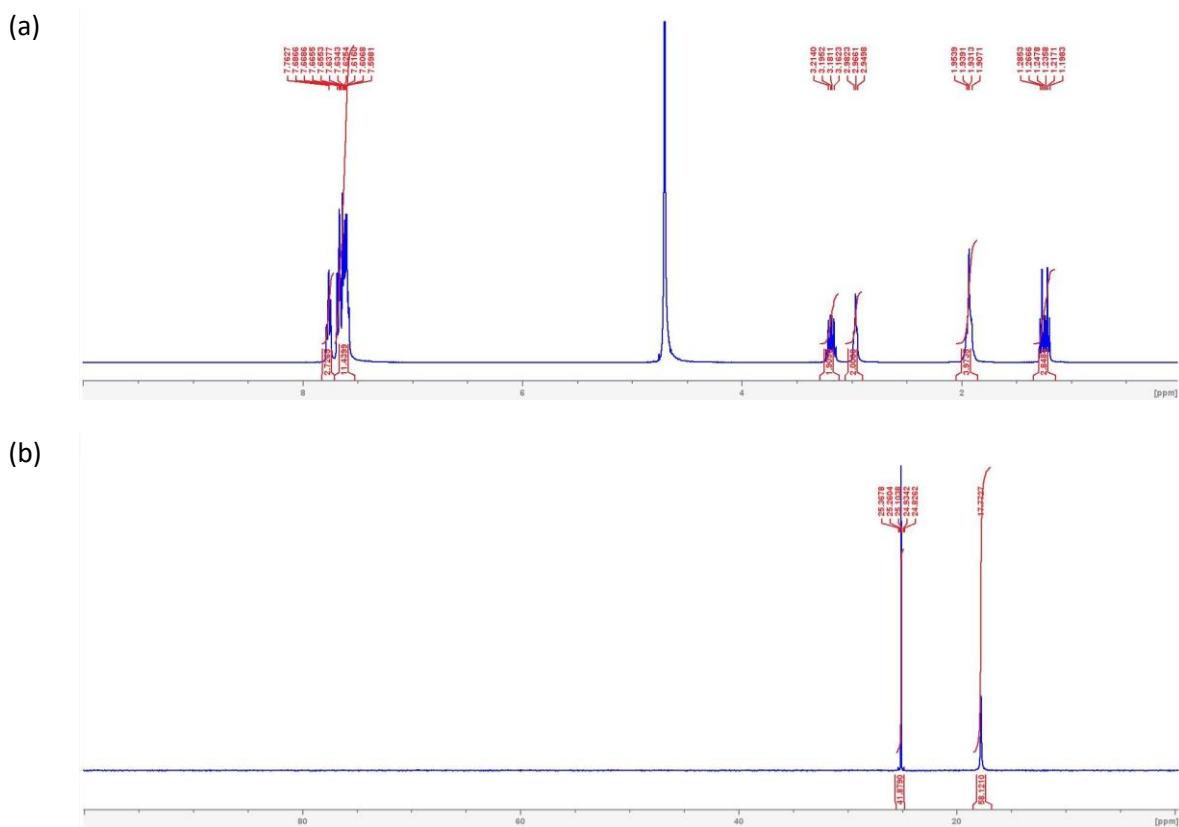
S9.2 AT-FTIR spectrum of **3a** from MeCN.



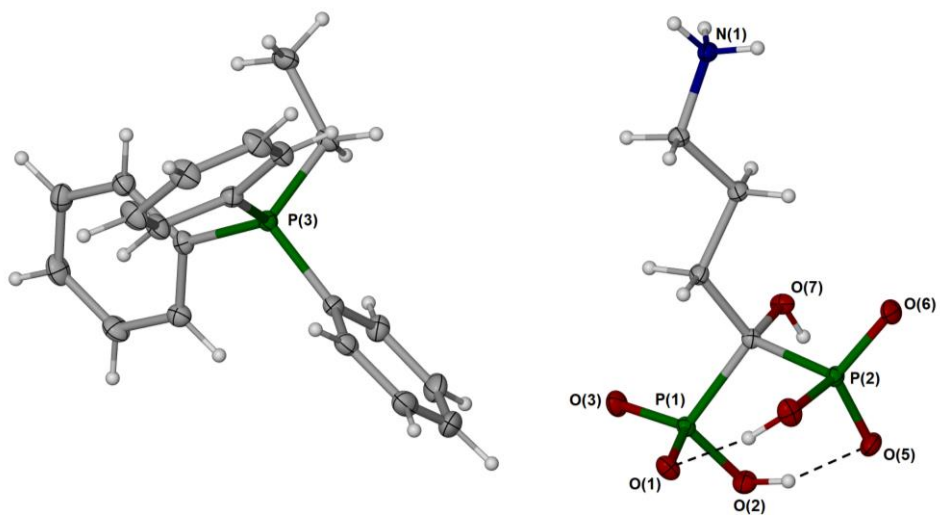
S9.3 Experimental PXRD of bulk [Ph₃PEt][LH₄] **3a**, isolated from heating **3** in MeCN (black), and simulated PXRD data calculated from the crystal structures of **3a** (red).



S9.4 NMR data for $[\text{Ph}_3\text{PEt}][\text{LH}_4]$ **3a** from MeCN. (a) ^1H , 400.13 MHz, D_2O ; (b) $^{31}\text{P}\{^1\text{H}\}$, 161.96 MHz, D_2O .



S9.4 Molecular diagram of $[\text{Ph}_3\text{PEt}][\text{LH}_4]$ **3a** with non-hydrogen atoms represented by 50% displacement ellipsoids and hydrogen atoms as spheres of arbitrary size.



S10. Supramolecular interactions in the structures 1-5.

S10.1 Standard hydrogen bond parameters for structure 1-5.

Table 10.1a. Hydrogen bonds for [Ph₄P][LH₄].6H₂O **1** [Å and deg.].

D-H...A	d(D-H)	d(H...A)	d(D...A)	<(DHA)
O(1)-H(1)...O(4)	0.81(3)	1.76(3)	2.5447(14)	164(2)
N(1)-H(1A)...O(3)#1	0.92(2)	1.92(2)	2.8114(16)	162.8(18)
N(1)-H(1B)...O(8)#2	0.90(2)	2.09(2)	2.9249(16)	154.3(18)
N(1)-H(1C)...O(10)	0.89(2)	1.94(2)	2.7858(17)	157(2)
O(5)-H(5)...O(2)#4	0.87(3)	1.69(3)	2.5395(14)	164(3)
O(7)-H(7A)...O(5)#4	0.85(3)	2.07(3)	2.8906(13)	163(2)
O(8)-H(8A)...O(11)#5	0.89(3)	2.21(3)	3.0663(19)	161(2)
O(8)-H(8B)...O(6)	0.83(3)	1.97(3)	2.7922(15)	172(2)
O(9)-H(9A)...O(11)	0.91(3)	1.87(3)	2.7757(18)	178(3)
O(9)-H(9B)...O(6)	0.82(3)	2.03(3)	2.8410(15)	170(2)
O(10)-H(10A)...O(9)	0.89(3)	1.90(3)	2.7862(18)	172(2)
O(10)-H(10B)...O(13)	0.91(3)	1.84(3)	2.7409(17)	172(3)
O(11)-H(11A)...O(12)	0.85(3)	1.92(3)	2.7654(17)	169(2)
O(11)-H(11B)...O(2)#6	0.88(3)	1.88(3)	2.7455(16)	166(2)
O(12)-H(12A)...O(6)#5	0.89(3)	1.95(3)	2.8225(15)	167(2)
O(12)-H(12B)...O(8)	0.84(3)	1.97(3)	2.8063(16)	172(2)
O(13)-H(13A)...O(3)#6	0.82(3)	2.00(3)	2.7914(15)	165(2)
O(13)-H(13B)...O(12)#2	0.85(3)	2.00(3)	2.8432(16)	168(2)

Symmetry transformations used to generate equivalent atoms:

#1 -x+2,-y+1,-z #2 x+1,y,z #3 -x+2,-y+2,-z #4 -x+1,-y+1,-z #5 -x+1,-y+2,-z #6 x,y+1,z
#7 -x+2,-y+1,-z+1

Table 10.1b. Hydrogen bonds for [Ph₄P][LH₄].0.5H₂O **1a** [Å and deg.].

D-H...A	d(D-H)	d(H...A)	d(D...A)	<(DHA)
N(1)-H(1N)...O(5)#1	0.98(3)	1.81(3)	2.7813(19)	172(2)
N(1)-H(3N)...O(2)#2	0.91(3)	1.84(3)	2.7545(18)	175(2)
N(1)-H(2N)...O(3)#3	0.90(3)	2.27(3)	2.9869(18)	137(2)
N(1)-H(2N)...O(6)#3	0.90(3)	2.18(2)	2.8579(18)	131(2)
O(1)-H(1^a)...O(4)	0.856(19)	1.72(3)	2.5436(16)	161(5)
O(3)-H(3^b)...O(3)#4	0.88(5)	1.71(5)	2.571(2)	165(6)
O(4)-H(4^b)...O(1)	0.86(2)	1.70(2)	2.5436(16)	168(6)
O(6)-H(6A^a)...O(6)#5	0.80(4)	1.77(4)	2.560(2)	172(5)
O(7)-H(7A)...O(8)	0.83(4)	2.02(4)	2.725(3)	143(3)
O(8)-H(8B)...O(5)#5	0.872(19)	1.95(2)	2.812(3)	169(5)
O(8)-H(8A)...O(3)	0.87(2)	2.37(8)	2.989(3)	128(8)

Symmetry transformations used to generate equivalent atoms:

#1 -x+1,-y+1,-z+1 #2 -x+1,-y+2,-z+1 #3 x+1,y,z
#4 -x,-y+2,-z+1 #5 -x,-y+1,-z+1 #6 x-1,y,z

Table 10.1c. Hydrogen bonds [Ph₃MeP][LH₄] **2** [Å and deg.].

D-H...A	d(D-H)	d(H...A)	d(D...A)	<(DHA)
O(1)-H(1)...O(4)	0.86(3)	1.77(3)	2.5944(18)	163(2)
O(5)-H(5)...O(2)#1	0.92(3)	1.70(3)	2.6166(16)	171(3)
O(7)-H(7A)...O(5)	0.79(3)	2.53(2)	2.9807(15)	118(2)
N(1)-H(3N)...O(3)#2	0.91(2)	1.83(2)	2.7418(18)	173(2)
N(1)-H(1N)...O(2)#3	0.90(2)	1.95(2)	2.7545(17)	148(2)
N(1)-H(2N)...O(6)#4	0.99(2)	1.77(2)	2.7492(17)	169.2(18)

Symmetry transformations used to generate equivalent atoms:

#1 -x,-y+1/2,-z+3/2 #2 -x,-y+2,-z+1 #3 x,-y+3/2,z-1/2

#4 -x,-y+1,-z+1 #5 x,y-1,z #6 -x+1,y-1/2,-z+3/2

Table 10.1d. Hydrogen bonds [Ph₃EtP][LH₄].4H₂O **3** [Å and deg.].

D-H...A	d(D-H)	d(H...A)	d(D...A)	<(DHA)
O(7)-H(7A)...O(11)#1	0.839(17)	1.951(18)	2.7537(19)	160(3)
O(8)-H(8A)...O(6)	0.838(16)	1.963(17)	2.7941(17)	171(3)
O(8)-H(8B)...O(6)#2	0.864(16)	2.080(18)	2.8999(17)	158(2)
O(9)-H(9A)...O(3)#3	0.850(17)	1.955(18)	2.7776(19)	163(3)
O(9)-H(9B)...O(8)	0.864(16)	2.018(18)	2.8365(19)	158(2)
O(10)-H(10A)...O(4)	0.897(17)	1.788(17)	2.6836(19)	177(3)
O(10)-H(10B)...O(9)	0.889(17)	1.885(18)	2.773(2)	176(3)
O(11)-H(11A)...O(10)	0.927(17)	1.782(19)	2.700(2)	170(3)
O(11)-H(11B)...O(2)#3	0.894(18)	2.63(2)	3.469(2)	156(3)
O(11)-H(11B)...O(3)#3	0.894(18)	2.32(3)	3.0654(19)	141(3)
N(1)-H(1N)...O(2)#4	0.86(3)	2.10(3)	2.8396(19)	144(2)
N(1)-H(1N)...O(5)#4	0.86(3)	2.37(3)	2.9473(19)	124(2)
N(1)-H(2N)...O(3)#5	0.89(3)	1.90(3)	2.777(2)	167(2)
N(1)-H(3N)...O(6)#2	0.92(3)	1.95(3)	2.8579(19)	170(2)
O(1)-H(1)...O(4)	0.837(17)	1.764(18)	2.5855(18)	167(3)
O(5)-H(5)...O(2)#6	0.848(18)	1.746(18)	2.5886(18)	173(3)

Symmetry transformations used to generate equivalent atoms:

#1 -x+2,y-1/2,-z+3/2 #2 -x+2,-y+1,-z+1 #3 x,y+1,z

#4 x,-y+1/2,z-1/2 #5 -x+2,-y,-z+1 #6 -x+2,y+1/2,-z+3/2

Table 10.1e. Hydrogen bonds for [Ph₃EtP][LH₄].H₂O **3a** [Å and deg.].

D-H...A	d(D-H)	d(H...A)	d(D...A)	<(DHA)
N(1)-H(1N)...O(5)#1	0.92(2)	1.88(2)	2.7912(14)	168.5(17)
N(1)-H(2N)...O(6)#2	0.89(2)	1.87(2)	2.7605(14)	178.0(18)
N(1)-H(3N)...O(3)#3	0.92(2)	1.78(2)	2.7032(15)	174.7(18)
O(2)-H(2)...O(5)	0.82(2)	1.87(2)	2.6533(13)	159(2)
O(4)-H(4)...O(1)	0.86(3)	1.80(3)	2.6239(13)	161(2)
O(7)-H(7A)...O(2)#4	0.82(2)	2.08(2)	2.8263(13)	151(2)

Symmetry transformations used to generate equivalent atoms:

#1 x+1,y,z #2 -x+1,-y+2,-z+2 #3 -x+1,-y+1,-z+2

#4 -x,-y+1,-z+2

Table 10.1f. Hydrogen bonds for [Ph₃PPr][LH₄].H₂O **4** [Å and deg.].

D-H...A	d(D-H)	d(H...A)	d(D...A)	<(DHA)
N(1)-H(1N)...O(4)#1	0.93(2)	1.84(2)	2.7625(14)	169.1(18)
N(1)-H(2N)...O(6)#2	0.90(2)	1.89(2)	2.7189(15)	153.0(17)
N(1)-H(3N)...O(1)#3	0.91(2)	1.89(2)	2.7923(15)	172.8(17)
O(5)-H(5)...O(2)	0.83(2)	1.82(2)	2.6098(14)	160(2)
O(3)-H(3)...O(6)	0.87(2)	1.84(2)	2.6543(14)	157(2)
O(7)-H(7A)...O(3)#4	0.80(2)	2.31(2)	2.9542(13)	137.4(19)
O(8)-H(8A)...O(5)#5	0.85(3)	2.15(3)	2.9834(15)	169(2)
O(8)-H(8B)...O(1)	0.87(3)	1.95(3)	2.8143(15)	175(2)

Symmetry transformations used to generate equivalent atoms:

#1 -x+2,-y+1,-z+1 #2 x+1,y,z #3 -x+2,-y+2,-z+1

#4 -x+1,-y+2,-z+1 #5 x,y+1,z

Table 10.g. Hydrogen bonds for [Ph₃BnP][LH₄].H₂O.MeCN **5** [Å and deg.].

D-H...A	d(D-H)	d(H...A)	d(D...A)	<(DHA)
O(1)-H(1A)...O(4)	0.95(5)	1.62(5)	2.543(2)	164(4)
O(6)-H(6A)...O(3)#1	0.98(5)	1.57(5)	2.554(2)	178(4)
O(7)-H(7A)...O(8)#2	0.84(4)	2.17(4)	2.958(2)	156(3)
O(8)-H(8A)...O(5)	0.81(4)	2.02(4)	2.822(2)	174(3)
O(8)-H(8B)...O(1)#3	0.91(5)	2.10(5)	2.997(2)	170(4)
N(1)-H(1N)...O(5)#4	0.89(3)	1.96(3)	2.839(2)	169(3)
N(1)-H(2N)...O(2)#5	0.91(3)	1.84(3)	2.733(2)	166(3)
N(1)-H(3N)...O(3)#6	0.90(3)	1.98(3)	2.815(2)	154(3)

Symmetry transformations used to generate equivalent atoms:

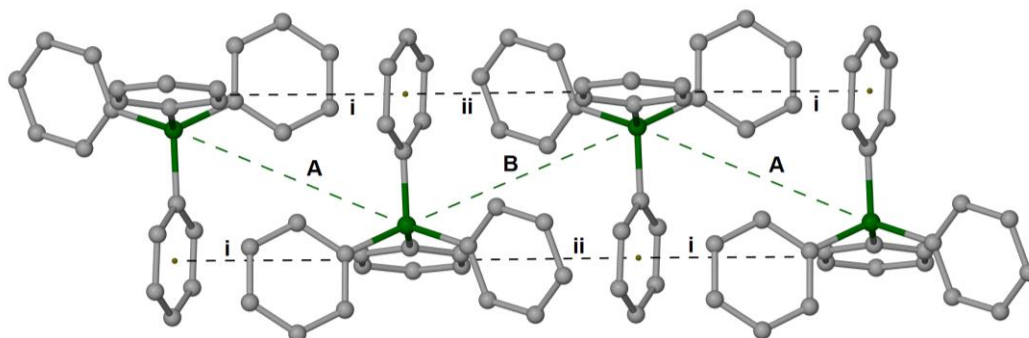
#1 -x+2,y-1/2,-z+3/2 #2 -x+2,y+1/2,-z+3/2 #3 x,y-1,z

#4 -x+2,-y+1,-z+1 #5 -x+2,-y+2,-z+1 #6 x,-y+3/2,z-1/2

S10.2 Details of supramolecular structures of the $[\text{Ph}_4\text{P}]^+$ cations in DEMYEZ03, **1**, **1a**, **3** and **4**.

The closest intermolecular arrangements of the cations within the chain are indicated by green dashed lines with the P...P separations and P...P...P angles listed below. The *ef* phenyl-phenyl arrangements within the central embraces and parallel to the chain axis are represented by black dashed lines, with the closest C-H...Cg interactions listed below (Cg = phenyl ring centroid). Note phenyl-phenyl arrangements perpendicular to the chain axes are not indicated.

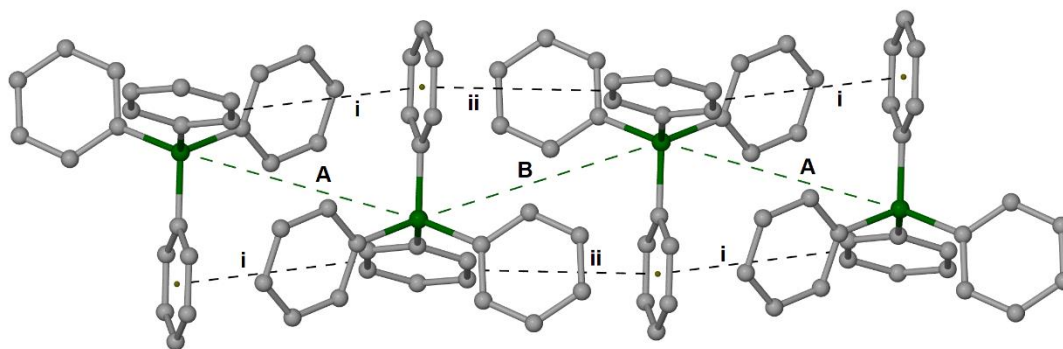
DEMYEZ03



P...P: A = 6.603 Å, B = 6.691 Å, P...P...P 115.9 °.

C-H...Cg: d(C...Cg) i = 4.53 Å (C14), ii = 4.36 Å (C18).

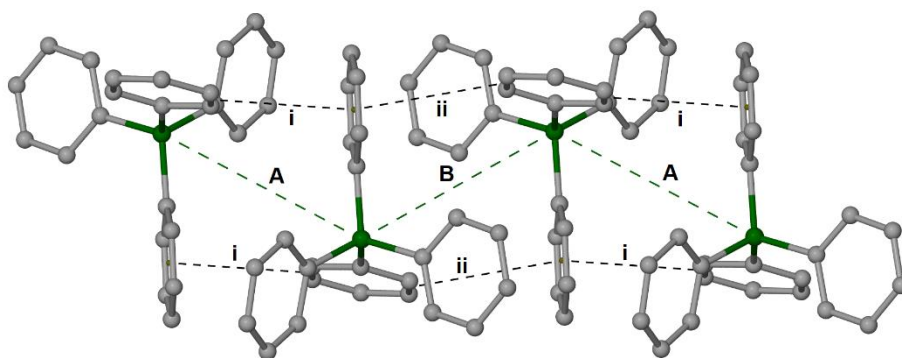
$[\text{Ph}_4\text{P}][\text{LH}_4] \cdot 6(\text{H}_2\text{O})$



P...P: A = 6.493 Å, B = 6.848 Å, P...P...P 120.8 °.

C-H...Cg: d(C...Cg) i = 4.64 Å (C10), ii = 4.63 Å (C7).

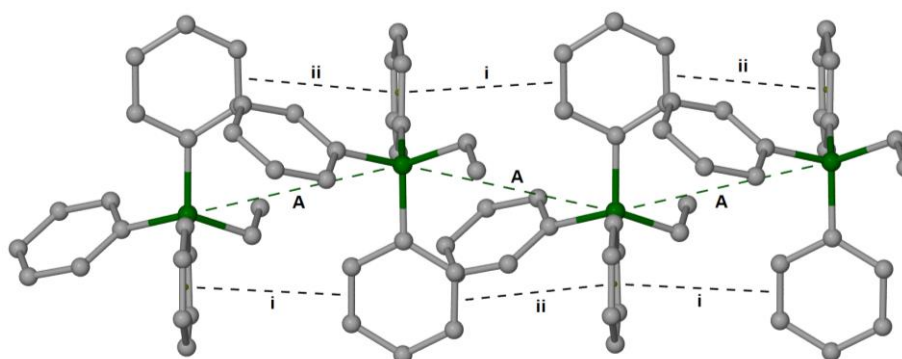
[Ph₄P][LH₄].0.5H₂O



P...P: A = 5.966 Å, B = 5.96 Å, P...P...P 109.6 °.

C-H...Cg: d(C...Cg) i = 3.56 Å (C22), ii = 3.86 Å (C18).

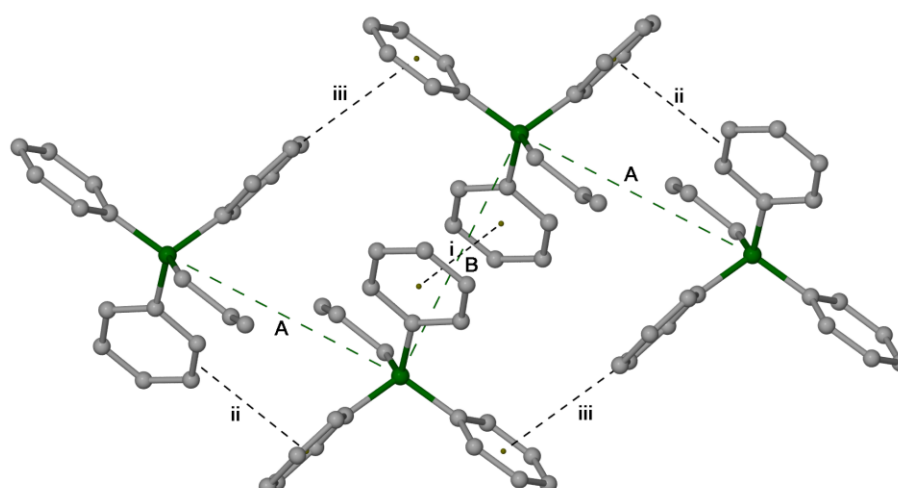
[Ph₃PtEt][LH₄].4H₂O



P...P: A = 6.247 Å, P...P...P 104.8 °.

C-H...Cg: i = 3.86 Å (C18), ii = 3.73 Å (C22).

[Ph₃PPr][LH₄].H₂O



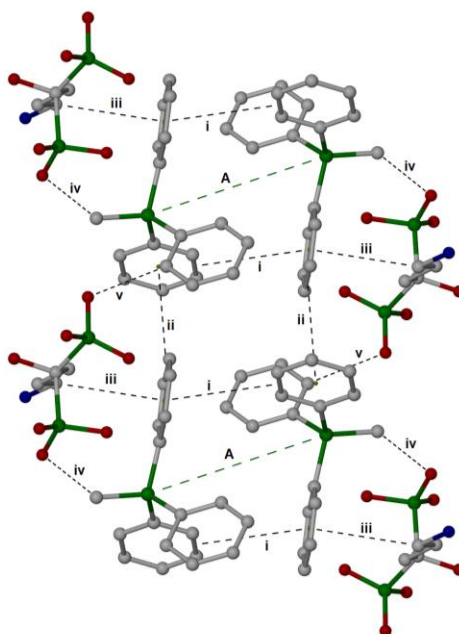
P...P: A = 6.579 Å, B = 6.779 Å, P...P...P 87.7 °.

Cg...Cg: i 4.32 Å, C-H...Cg: d(C...Cg) ii = 4.19 Å (C16), iii = 3.87 Å (C21).

S10.3 Details of supramolecular interactions in **2**, **3a** and **5**

The intermolecular arrangements of the cations with green dashed lines for P...P separations, black dashed lines for Cg ...Cg, C-H...Cg and C-H...O interactions with d(C...Cg) and d(C...O) listed below.

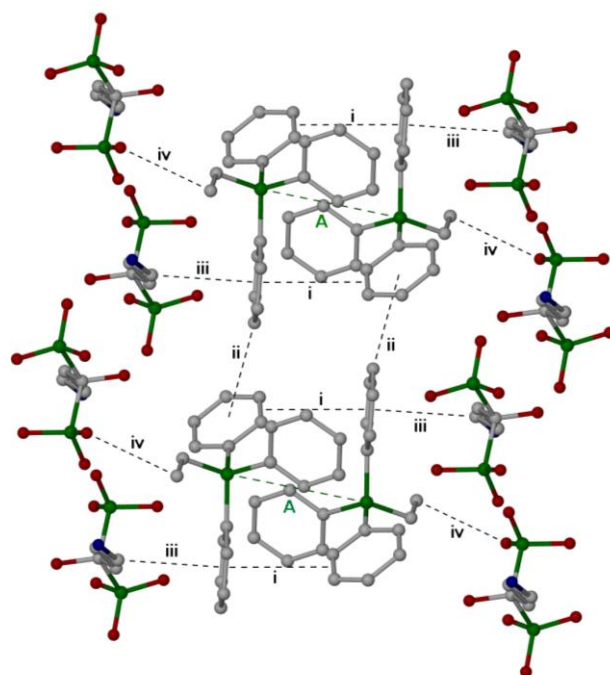
[Ph₃PMe][LH₄]



P...P: A = 6.629 Å. C-H...Cg: d(C...Cg) i = 3.88 Å (C19), ii = 3.69 Å (C15), iii 3.64 (C4).

C-H...O d(C...O): iv 3.217(2) Å (C5), v 3.156(2) (C7)

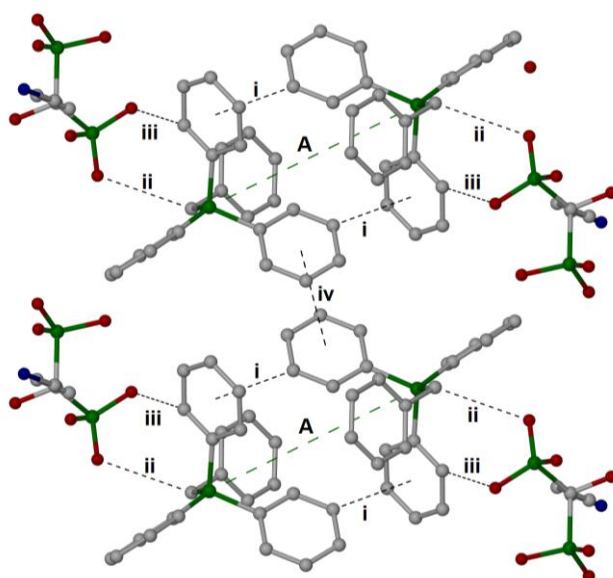
[Ph₃PET][LH₄]



P...P: A = 6.016 Å. C-H...Cg: d(C...Cg) i = 3.75 Å (C15), ii = 4.22 Å (C19), iii 3.59 (C4).

C-H...O: d(C...O) iv 3.489(2) Å (C24). (note: a second C-H...O interaction from C24 - see table S10.3 - is not shown for clarity).

[Ph₃PBn][LH₄].H₂O.MeCN



P...P: A = 7.609 Å. C-H...Cg: d(C...Cg) i = 3.59 Å (C21). C-H...O: d(C...O) ii = 3.230(2) Å (C23), iii 3.240(3)

Å (C29). Cg...Cg iv 4.01 Å.

S10.4 Cation-Anion Supramolecular Contacts.

Table 10.4 Calculated using PLATON (v270519); ⁵C-H...O <2.72 Å, C-H...Cg, <3.0 Å. Note: C-H entities are in idealised positions (riding on the C atom) with d(C-H) = 0.95-0.98 Å).

1	C-H...O	C...O (Å)	H...O (Å)	C-H...O (°)	$\pi...\pi$	Cg...Cg Å
	C4-H4B...O7	3.428(2)	2.52	153	Cg2...Cg2 ^{vi}	3.69
	C7-H7...O4	3.139(2)	2.50	125	Cg4...Cg4 ⁱⁱⁱ	4.31
	C20_H20...O7	3.220(2)	2.52	130		
	C27-H27...O4	3.252(2)	2.41	148		

1a	C-H...O	C...O (Å)	H...O (Å)	C-H...O (°)		
	C8-H8...O7	3.100(2)	2.45	126		
	C20_H20...O8 ⁱ	3.199(3)	2.26	172		
	C21-H21...O1 ⁱⁱ	3.464(2)	2.56	159		
	C-H... π		H...Cg (Å)	C-H...Cg (°)		
	C4-H4B...Cg2 ⁱⁱⁱ	3.716	2.78	158		
	C14-H14...Cg3 ^{iv}	3.602	2.67	167		
	C22-H22...Cg2 ^v	3.560	2.70	150		

Symmetry operators: i -x,1-y,2-z; ii x,y-1,1+z; iii 1-x,1-y,1-z; iv 1+x,y,z;; v 1-x,-y,2-z; vi 1-x,-y,1-z.

2	C-H...O	C...O (Å)	H...O (Å)	C-H...O (°)		
	C5-H5C...O3 ⁱ	3.217(2)	2.39	142		
	C7-H7...O6	3.156(2)	2.39	137		
	C10-H10...O4 ⁱⁱ	3.326(2)	2.38	176		
	C-H... π	C...Cg (Å)	H...Cg (Å)	C-H...Cg (°)		
	C4-H4A...Cg2 ⁱⁱⁱ	3.64	2.81	142		
	C15-H15-Cg3 ⁱ	3.69	2.90	142		

Symmetry operators: i x,y-1,z; ii 1-x,y-½,1½-z; iii x,1+y,z.

3	C-H...O	C...O (Å)	H...O (Å)	C-H...O (°)	$\pi...\pi$	Cg...Cg Å
	C7-H7...O9 ⁱ	3.339(2)	2.45	156	Cg3...Cg3 ⁱⁱⁱ	4.95
	C19-H19...O10	3.169(2)	2.40	138		
	C23-H23B...O8 ⁱⁱ	3.209(2)	2.34	146		
	C-H... π	C...Cg (Å)	H...Cg (Å)	C-H...Cg (°)		
	C4-H4B...Cg1 ⁱ	3.53	2.99	116		

Symmetry operators: i 1-x,y-½,½-z; ii 1-x,½+y,½-z; iii 1-x,2-y,1-z.

3a	C-H...O	C...O (Å)	H...O (Å)	C-H...O (°)	$\pi...\pi$	Cg...Cg Å
	C24-H24A...O5 ⁱ	3.387(2)	2.51	149	Cg3...Cg3 ^{iv}	5.35
	C24-H24B...O5 ⁱⁱ	3.489(2)	2.52	169		
	C-H... π	C...Cg (Å)	H...Cg (Å)	C-H...Cg (°)		
	C4-H4B...Cg1 ⁱⁱⁱ	3.59	2.72	147		

Symmetry operators: i 1+x,y-1,1+z; ii 1-x,1-y,2-z; iii x,1-Y,z; iv 2-x,-y,1-z.

4	C-H...O	C...O (Å)	H...O (Å)	C-H...O (°)	$\pi...\pi$	Cg...Cg Å
	C4-H4A...O7 ⁱ	3.347(2)	2.53	140	Cg2...Cg2 ^v	4.32
	C8-H8...O7 ⁱⁱ	3.269(2)	2.43	148		
	C9-H9...O4 ⁱⁱⁱ	3.294(2)	2.44	150		
	C14-H14...O8 ^{iv}	3.252(2)	2.32	166		
	C-H... π	C...Cg (Å)	H...Cg (Å)	C-H...Cg (°)		
	C4-H4B...Cg1 ⁱⁱⁱ	3.61	2.74	146		

Symmetry operators: i 2-x,2-y,1-z; ii 1-x,2-y,1-z; iii 2-x,1-y,1-z; iv x,y-1,1+z; v 1-x,1-y,2-z.

5	C-H...O		H...O (Å)	C-H...O (°)	$\pi...\pi$	Cg...Cg Å
	C4-H4A...O7 ⁱ	3.256(2)	2.46	137	Cg3...Cg3 ^v	4.01
	C6-H6...O4	3.261(3)	2.42	147		
	C15-H15...O2 ⁱⁱ	3.350(3)	2.48	153		
	C23-H23B...O5	3.230(2)	2.27	164		
	C29-H29...O4	3.240(3)	2.43	143		
	C-H... π	C...Cg (Å)	H...Cg (Å)	C-H...Cg (°)		
	C21-H21...Cg1 ⁱⁱⁱ	3.59	2.68	159		
	C31-H31B...Cg1 ^{iv}	3.89	2.96	149		

Symmetry operators: i 2-x,1-y,1-z; ii x,y-1,z; iii 1-x,1-y,1-z; iv x, ½-y, ½+z; v 1-x,-y,1-z.

References

- 1 *CrysAlisPro* v1.171.42.70a (Rigaku OD, Yarnton UK, 2022).
- 2 *SHELX*, G. M. Sheldrick, *Acta Cryst.*, 2015, **C71**, 3-8.
- 3 L. J. Barbour, *J. Appl. Cryst.*, 2020, **53**, 1141-1146.
- 4 K. M. N. Burgess, I. Korobkov and D. L. Bryce, *Chem. -Eur. J.*, 2012, **18**, 5748-5758.
- 5 A. L. Spek, *Acta Cryst.*, 2015, **C71**, 9-18.