

Supplementary Information

Structural Stabilities, Elastic Property, and Robust Topological Phases in Janus MoWCO₂ MXene from First-Principles Investigation

Sirinee Thasitha^a, Prutthipong Tsuppayakorn-ae^b, Thanayut Kaewmaraya^{c,d}, Tanveer
Hussain^e, Thiti Bovornratanaraks^f and Komsilp Kotmool^{a,g,*}

^aSchool of Integrated Innovative Technology, King Mongkut's Institute of Technology
Ladkrabang, Bangkok 10520, Thailand.

^bDivision of Physics, Faculty of Science and Technology, Princess of Naradhiwas
University, Narathiwat, 96000, Thailand

^cIntegrated Nanotechnology Research Center, Department of Physics, Khon Kaen
University, Khon Kaen, Thailand.

^dInstitute of Nanomaterials Research and Innovation for Energy (IN-RIE), NANOTEC-
KKU RNN on Nanomaterials Research and Innovation for Energy, Khon Kaen University,
Khon Kaen, 40002, Thailand.

^eSchool of Science and Technology, University of New England, Armidale, New South
Wales 2351, Australia.

^fExtreme Conditions Physics Research Laboratory and Center of Excellence in Physics of
Energy Materials (CE:PEM), Department of Physics, Faculty of Science, Chulalongkorn
University, Bangkok 10330, Thailand.

^gSchool of Science, King Mongkut's Institute of Technology Ladkrabang, Bangkok
10520, Thailand

*Electronic mail: komsilp.ko@kmitl.ac.th

Table S1. The crystal lattice parameter a , layer thickness (d), and relative energy (ΔE) of the 2H and 1T phases of Janus MoWC with O terminations at different surface positions were determined through optimization.

Position of O-termination	Phase	$a = b$	d	ΔE	Phase	$a = b$	d	ΔE
		Å	Å	meV/atom		Å	Å	meV/atom
A-A'	2H	2.88	6.70	0	1T	2.88	6.67	98
A-B'	2H	2.93	7.23	160	1T	2.90	6.63	454
A-C'	2H	2.89	6.70	440	1T	2.95	7.11	274
B-B'	2H	2.99	7.81	219	1T	3.12	6.58	454
B-A'	2H	2.92	7.24	125	1T	2.96	7.07	239
B-C'	2H	2.94	7.24	544	1T	3.14	7.32	312
C-C'	2H	2.90	6.70	850	1T	3.11	6.64	446
C-A'	2H	2.90	6.68	423	1T	2.91	6.59	438
C-B'	2H	2.95	7.21	546	1T	3.10	5.94	664

Table S2. Comparison of elastic constants (C_{ij}) and in-plane shear modulus (G^{2D}) of 2H- and 1T-MoWCO₂ phases, with and without SOC.

Model	nSOC				SOC		
	$C_{11}=C_{22}$	C_{12}	$C_{55}=C_{66}$	G^{2D}	C_{11}	C_{12}	G^{2D}
	$N \cdot m^{-1}$						
2H-MoWCO ₂	449.649	176.002	178.083	136.823	449.940	173.680	138.130
1T-MoWCO ₂	418.320	198.700	133.391	109.810	424.487	189.239	117.624

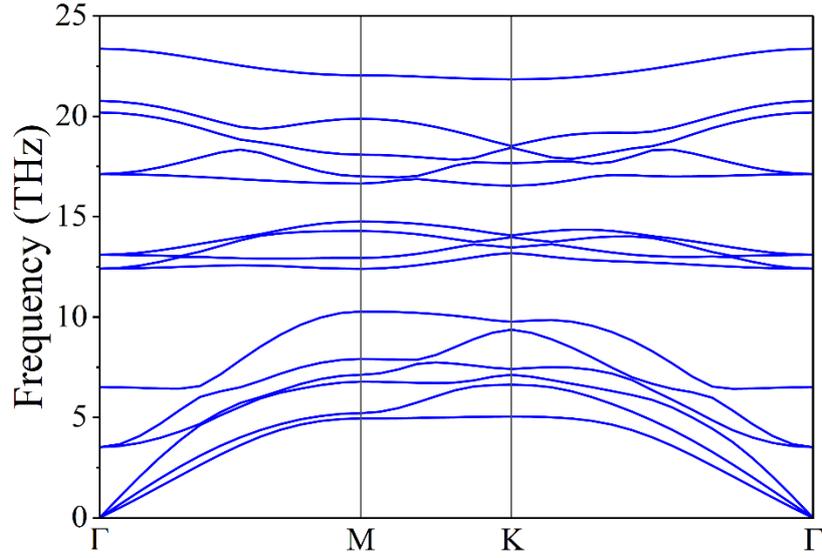


Figure S1. Phonon dispersion curve of the 1T-MoWCO₂ phase without SOC.

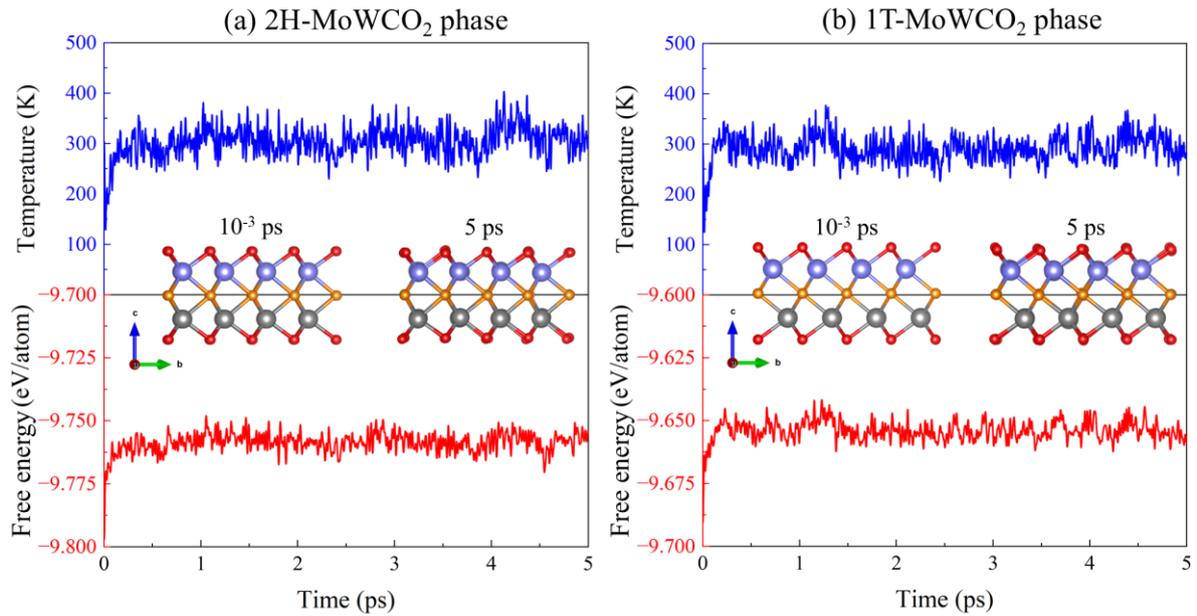


Figure S2. The AIMD simulations of Janus MoWCO₂ in the (a) 2H and (b) 1T phases performed at 300 K. The time evolution of the temperature (upper) and free energy per atom (lower) is shown over a simulation duration of 5 ps. The inset atomic structures compare the initial configurations with the final structures.

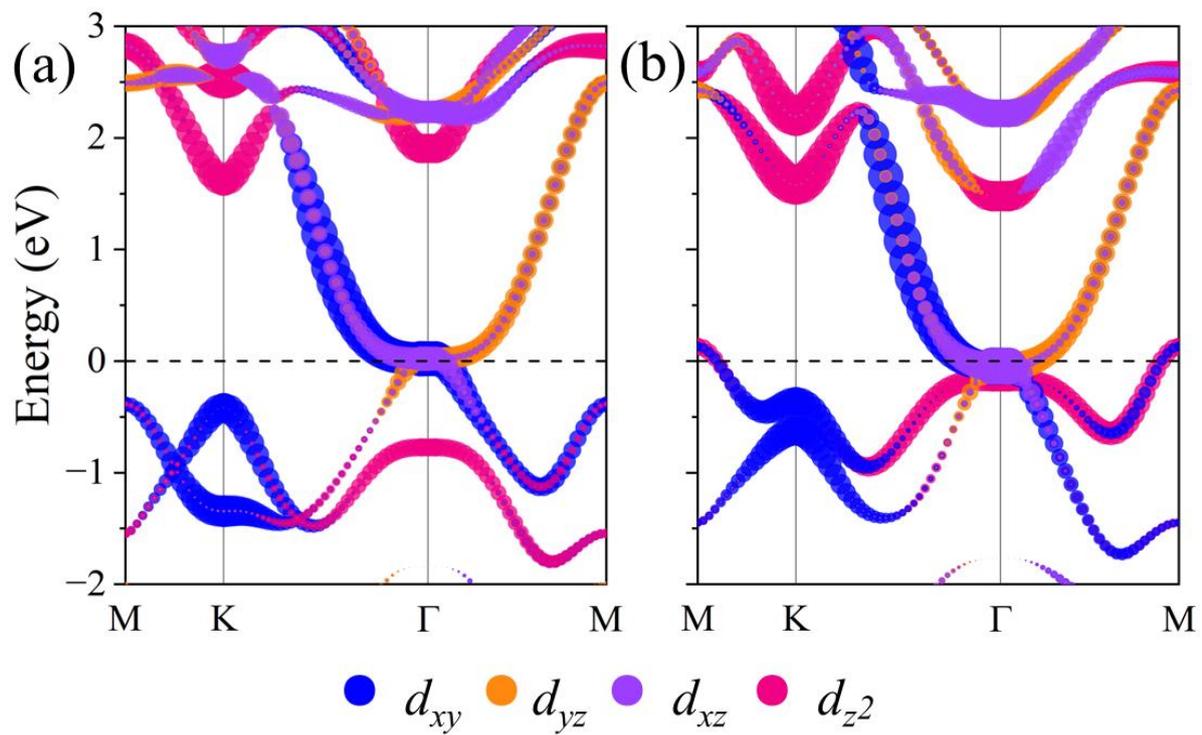


Figure S3. Electronic band structures of the (a) 2H and (b) 1T phases of MoWCO₂ calculated without SOC. The fat bands are weighted by the projected contributions of different atomic orbitals to the eigenstates.

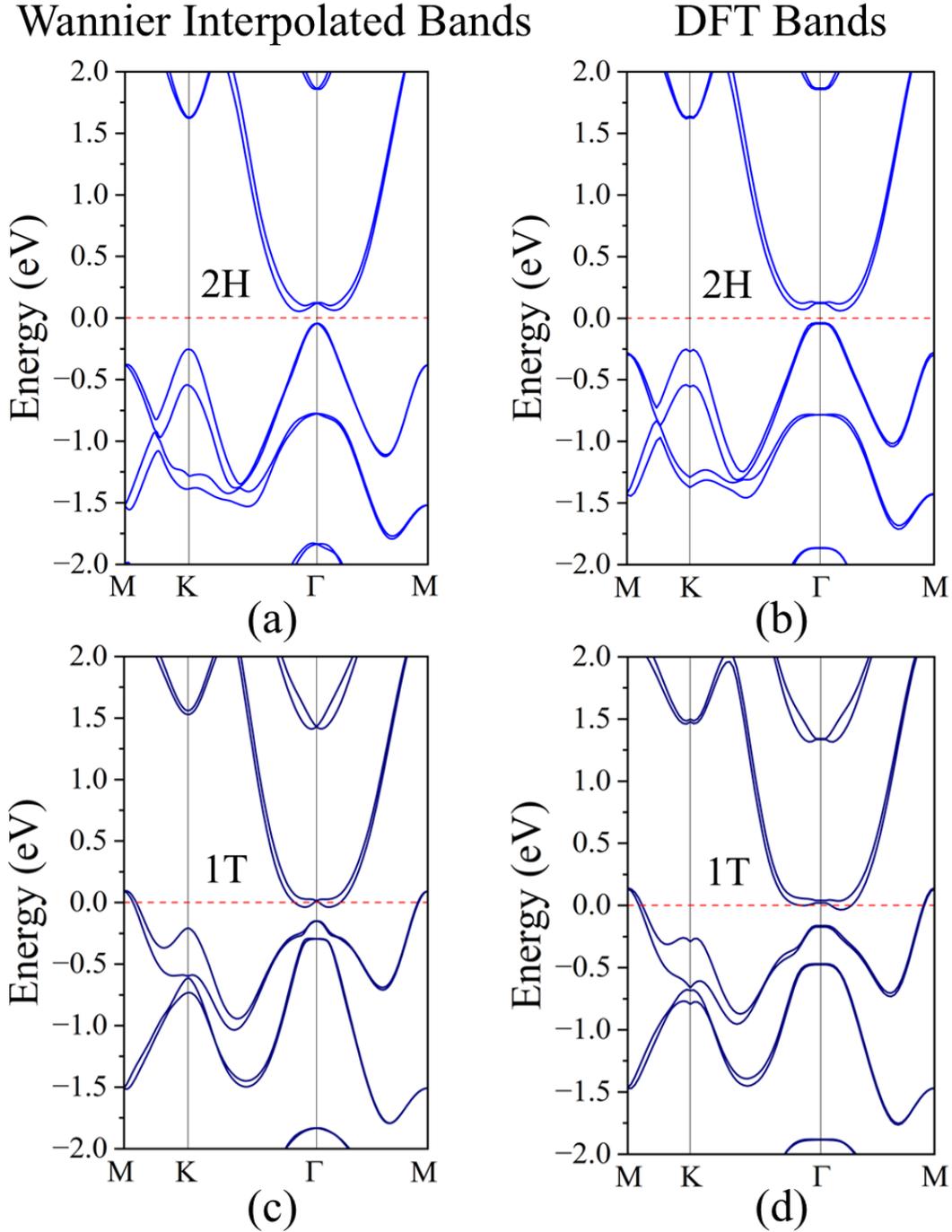


Figure S4. The Wannier-interpolated (a, c) band structures show excellent agreement with the DFT (b, d) results for Janus MoWCO₂ in both the 2H and 1T phases. This consistency confirms that the selected MLWF projections, *d* orbitals of Mo and W, and *p* orbitals of O and C, accurately reproduce the low-energy electronic structure, ensuring the reliability of the TB Hamiltonian used for the edge-state and Wilson-loop calculations.