

## Supporting Information

for

### **Development of a gold nanoparticle-based colorimetric sensor utilizing cysteine-loaded liposomes in acidic buffer solutions**

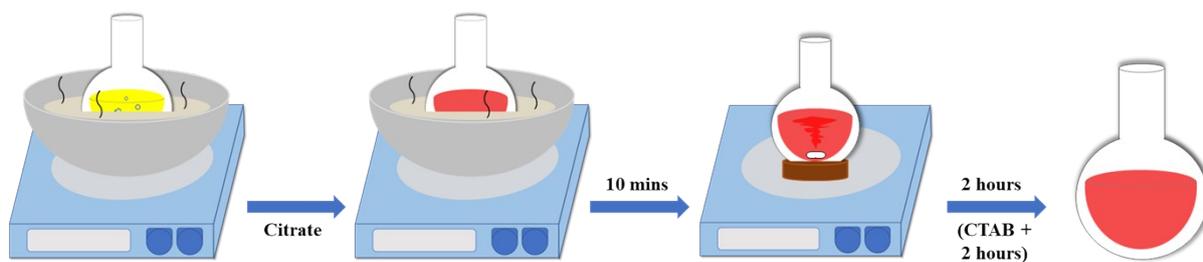
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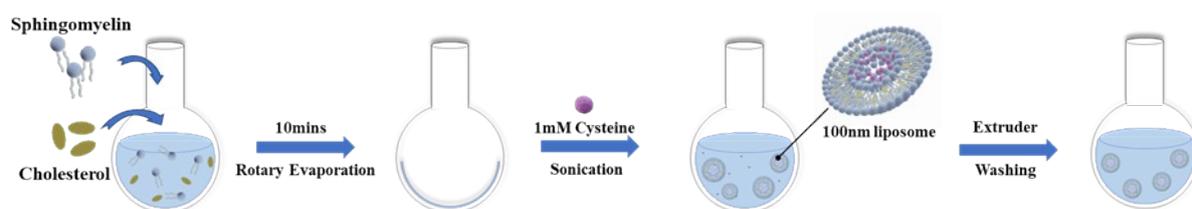
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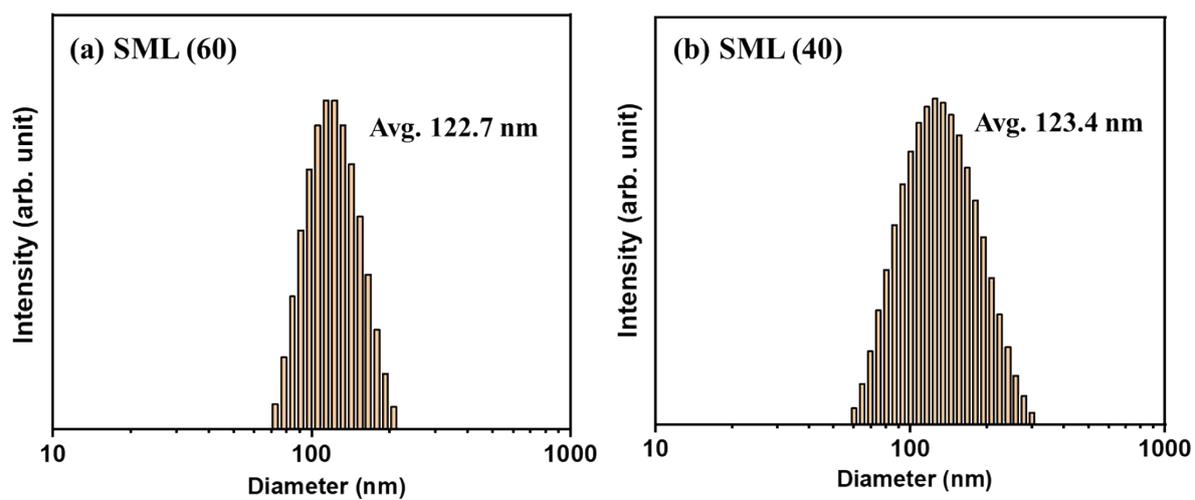
*[lswha@gachon.ac.kr](mailto:lswha@gachon.ac.kr) (S.-W. L.)*



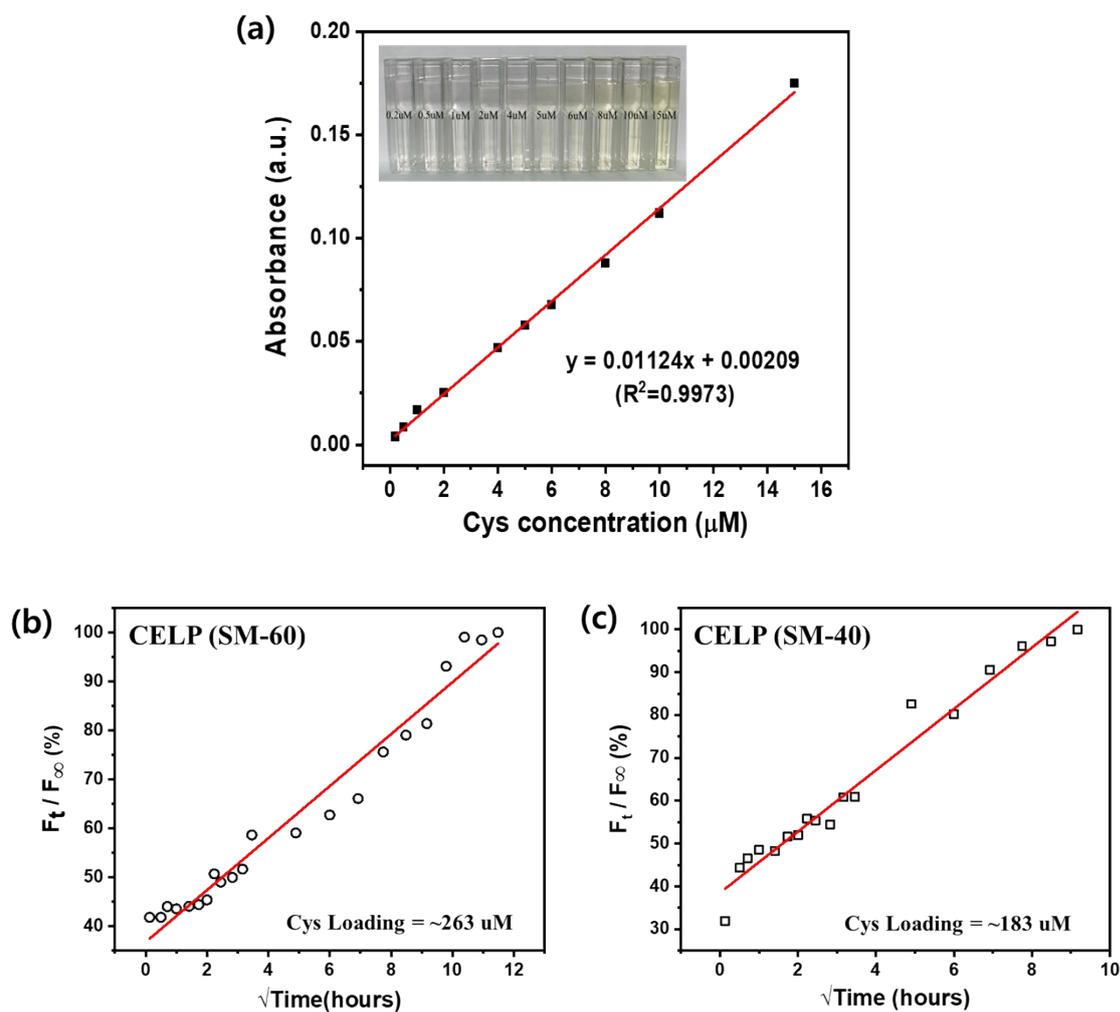
**Scheme S1.** Schematic illustration of the preparation of cit-AuNPs and cit-AuNPs-CTAB using the citrate reduction method.



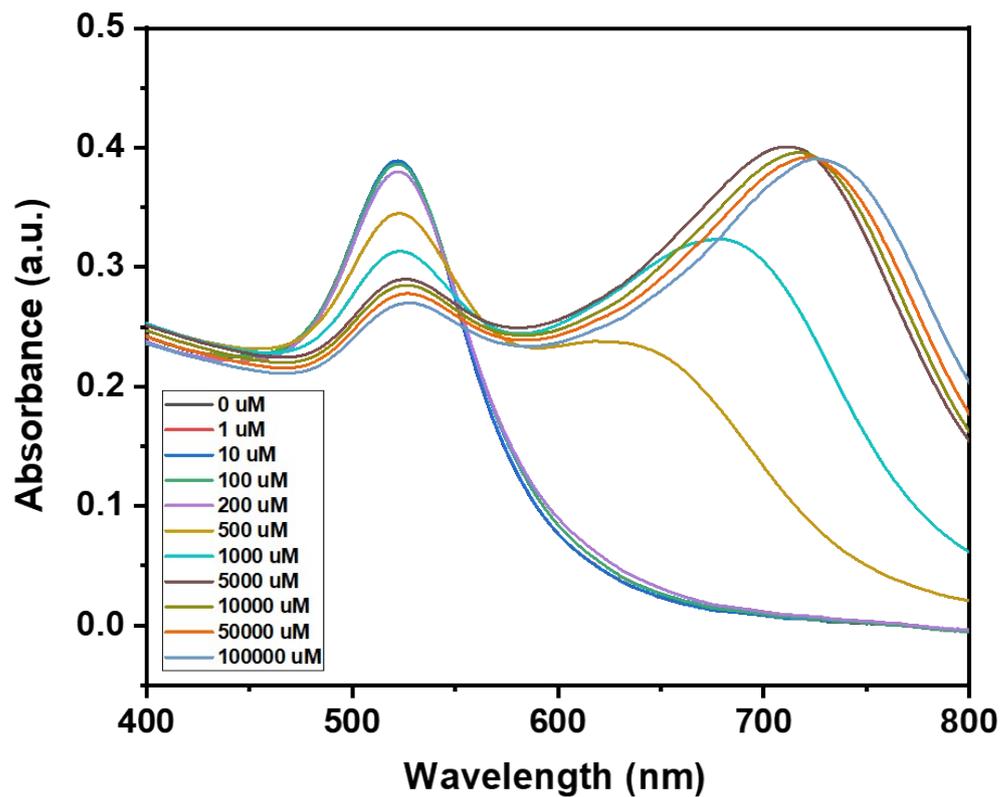
**Scheme S2.** Schematic illustration for liposome synthesis. A mixture of spingomyelin and cholesterol is used to make a thin lipid film, and then Cys is added. Thereafter, an extruder process is performed using a 100 nm filter to equalize the size of the liposome, and a washing step is conducted to remove free Cys in the solution.



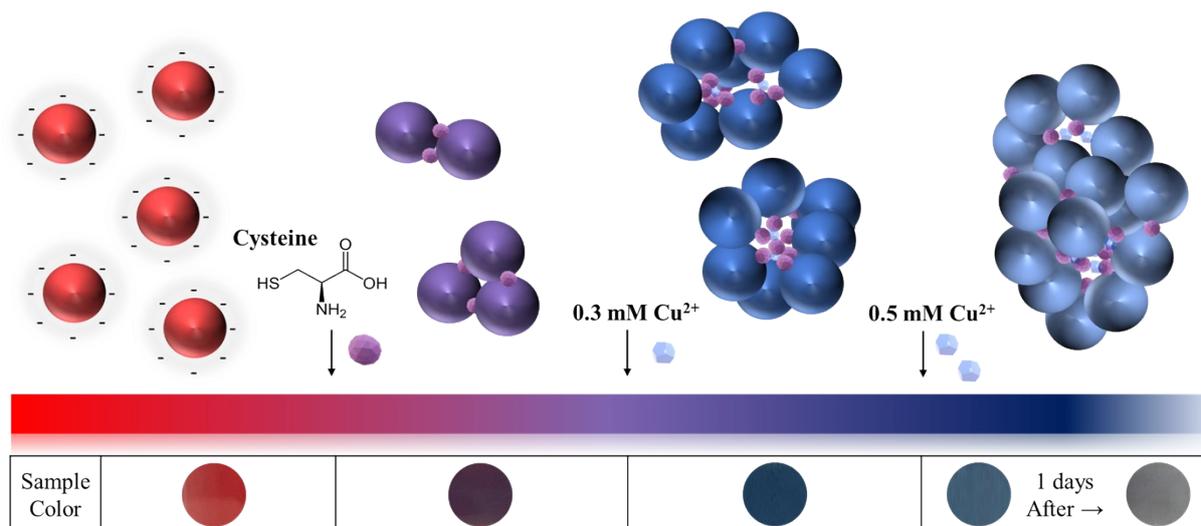
**Figure S1.** Size distribution of a) SML 60 and b) SML 40 measured by ELS.



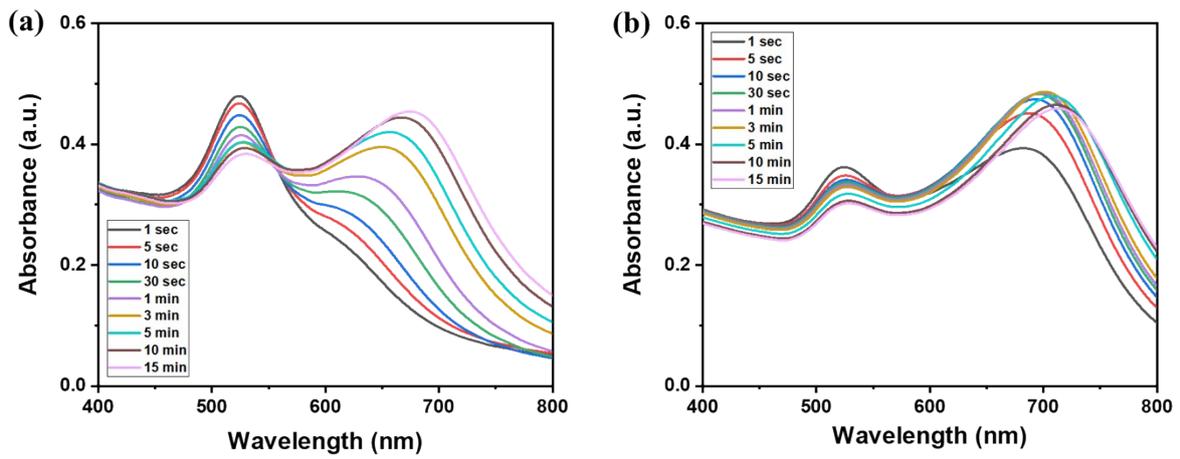
**Figure S2** (a) Standard calibration curve for 0.2  $\mu\text{M}$ , 0.5  $\mu\text{M}$ , 1  $\mu\text{M}$ , 2  $\mu\text{M}$ , 4  $\mu\text{M}$ , 5  $\mu\text{M}$ , 6  $\mu\text{M}$ , 8  $\mu\text{M}$ , 10  $\mu\text{M}$ , 15  $\mu\text{M}$  of cysteine prepared by using Ellman's method. Fractional absorbance changes of Cys released from (b) CELP (SML 60) and c) CELP (SML 40) during in-vitro release tests. The Higuchi model equation was applied to the release kinetics of CELP with different fractions of SML.



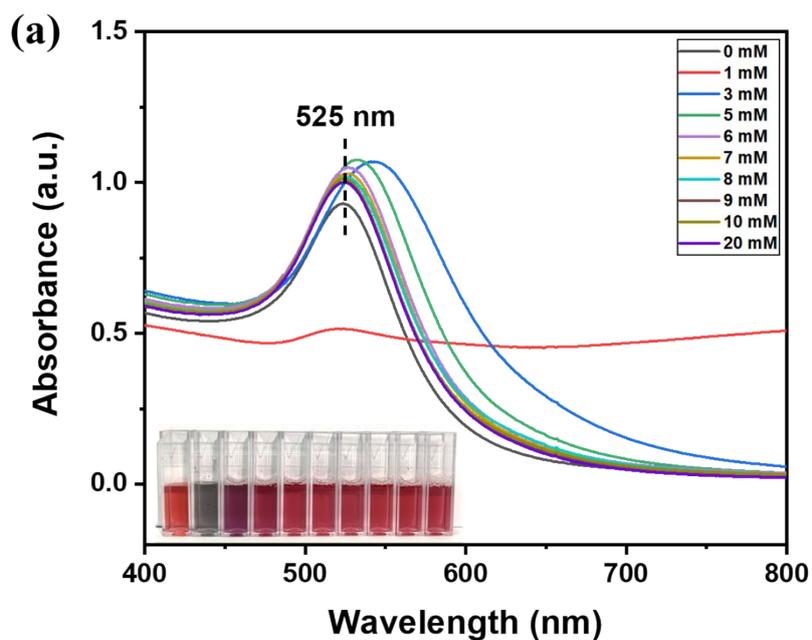
**Figure S3.** UV-vis spectra of AuNPs in the presence of different concentrations of cysteine (0  $\mu\text{M}$ , 1  $\mu\text{M}$ , 10  $\mu\text{M}$ , 100  $\mu\text{M}$ , 200  $\mu\text{M}$ , 500  $\mu\text{M}$ , 1000  $\mu\text{M}$ , 5000  $\mu\text{M}$ , 10000  $\mu\text{M}$ , 50000  $\mu\text{M}$ , 100000  $\mu\text{M}$ ).



**Scheme S3.** Schematic representation of aggregation and sample colors of gold nanoparticles at varying concentrations of  $\text{Cu}^{2+}$  in the presence of  $20 \mu\text{M}$  cysteine after 15 min.



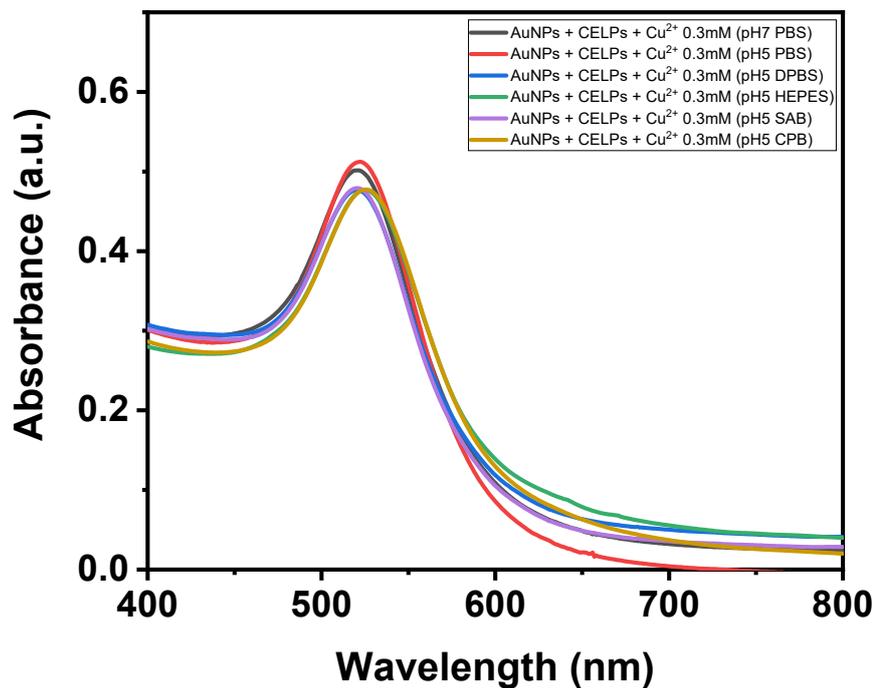
**Figure S4.** UV-vis spectra of cit-AuNPs over time when AuNPs, CELPs, TX-100, and 0.3 mM  $\text{Cu}^{2+}$  ions are in at (a) pH 7 and (b) pH 5.



(b)

Sample	Zeta potential
AuNPs (2mL)	-27.09
AuNPs (1.8mL) + CTAB 1mM (0.2mL)	+11.37
AuNPs (1.8mL) + CTAB 3mM (0.2mL)	+12.53
AuNPs (1.8mL) + CTAB 5mM (0.2mL)	+12.91
AuNPs (1.8mL) + CTAB 6mM (0.2mL)	+21.35
AuNPs (1.8mL) + CTAB 7mM (0.2mL)	+23.59
AuNPs (1.8mL) + CTAB 8mM (0.2mL)	+24.30
AuNPs (1.8mL) + CTAB 9mM (0.2mL)	+27.25
AuNPs (1.8mL) + CTAB 10mM (0.2mL)	+27.67
AuNPs (1.8mL) + CTAB 20mM (0.2mL)	+43.64

**Figure S5.** (a) UV-vis spectra and (b) zeta potentials of cit-AuNPs with varying concentrations of CTAB ranging from 0 to 20 mM.



**Figure S6.** UV-vis spectra of AuNPs in the presence of CELPs and 0.3 mM Cu<sup>2+</sup> in various buffer solutions. The samples in PBS were prepared with cit-AuNPs, but all other samples were prepared with cit-AuNPs-CTAB.