

Electronic Supplementary Information

A wide band gap selenohalide $\text{Cs}_9\text{Si}_8\text{Se}_{20}\text{Cl}$ with unprecedented $[\text{CsSe}_7\text{Cl}]$ mixed anionic units

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Table S1 Crystal data and structure refinements for Cs₉Si₈Se₂₀Cl.

Empirical formula	Cs ₉ Si ₈ Se ₂₀ Cl
Formula weight	3035.472
Temperature (K)	296.15
Crystal system, space group	trigonal, $P\bar{3}$
a(Å)	10.6055(5)
b(Å)	10.6055(5)
c(Å)	13.8678(9)
Volume(Å ³)	1350.83(13)
<i>Z</i>	1
Absorption coefficient(mm ⁻¹)	19.705
<i>F</i> (000)	1302.9
Radiation	Mo K_{α} (λ = 0.71073)
Data / restraints / parameters	1711 / 0 / 59
Index ranges	$-10 \leq h \leq 12$, $-13 \leq k \leq 13$, $-16 \leq l \leq 15$
Completeness(%)	99.9
Independent reflections	1711 [$R_{\text{int}} = 0.0618$, $R_{\text{sigma}} = 0.0540$]
GOF on F^2	1.002
2 θ range for data collection/°	4.44 to 54.38
Reflections collected	6972
Final <i>R</i> indices [$F_o^2 > 2\sigma(F_o^2)$] ^a	$R_1 = 0.0341$, $wR_2 = 0.0558$
<i>R</i> indices (all data) ^a	$R_1 = 0.0574$, $wR_2 = 0.0634$
Largest diff. peak and hole(e/Å ³)	1.23/-1.25

^a $R_1 = \Sigma||F_o| - |F_c||/\Sigma|F_o|$ and $wR_2 = [\Sigma w(F_o^2 - F_c^2)^2 / \Sigma wF_o^4]^{1/2}$ for $F_o^2 > 2\sigma(F_o^2)$.

Table S2 Atomic coordinates ($\times 10^4$), equivalent isotropic displacement parameters ($\text{\AA}^2 \times 10^3$), and bond valence calculations (BVSs) for $\text{Cs}_9\text{Si}_8\text{Se}_{20}\text{Cl}$.

Atom	Wyckoff	<i>x</i>	<i>y</i>	<i>z</i>	U(eq)	BVSs ^[a]
Cs(1)	6 <i>g</i>	3019.5(5)	665.1(5)	3648.1(4)	45.71(17)	1.04
Cs(2)	1 <i>a</i>	0	0	10000	51.4(3)	0.86
Cs(3)	2 <i>d</i>	3333.3	-3333.3	9207.7(7)	58.7(3)	0.80
Si(1)	2 <i>d</i>	6666.7	3333.3	5753(2)	27.7(7)	4.00
Si(2)	6 <i>g</i>	4599(2)	1369(2)	7962.6(15)	32.5(5)	3.97
Se(1)	6 <i>g</i>	4635.3(7)	1275.9(7)	6296.5(5)	32.14(19)	2.11
Se(2)	6 <i>g</i>	4667.7(8)	3440.6(8)	8524.5(5)	34.44(19)	2.03
Se(3)	2 <i>d</i>	6666.7	3333.3	4188.2(9)	39.5(3)	1.92
Se(4)	6 <i>g</i>	2588.6(8)	-471.3(8)	8466.8(6)	47.3(2)	1.82
Cl(1)	1 <i>b</i>	0	0	5000	44.6(11)	0.97
GII^[b]					0.107	

[a] The bond valence sum is calculated by bond-valence theory ($S_{ij} = \exp[(R_0 - R)/B]$, where R is an empirical constant, R_0 is the length of bond I (in angstroms), and $B = 0.37$).

[b] The global instability index (GII) calculated using:

$$G = \sqrt{\frac{\sum_{i=1}^n (BVS - v_i)}{N}}$$

Where N is the number of atoms in the formula unit. The GII is calculated as 0.107, which is lower than 0.2, indicating the rationality of the structure.

Table S3 Bond lengths for Cs₉Si₈Se₂₀Cl.

Atom	Atom	Length/Å	Atom	Atom	Length/Å
Cs(1)	Se(1)	3.9667(9)	Cs(2)	Se(4)#1	3.6987(8)
Cs(1)	Se(1)#5	3.9433(9)	Cs(3)	Se(2)#9	3.8261(11)
Cs(1)	Se(1)#2	3.7081(8)	Cs(3)	Se(2)#7	3.8261(11)
Cs(1)	Se(1)#3	4.0432(8)	Cs(3)	Se(2)#10	3.8261(11)
Cs(1)	Se(2)#2	3.7684(9)	Cs(3)	Se(4)#11	3.6456(9)
Cs(1)	Se(3)	3.5474(6)	Cs(3)	Se(4)#12	3.6456(9)
Cs(1)	Se(4)#3	3.5606(10)	Cs(3)	Se(4)	3.6456(9)
Cs(1)	Cl(1)	3.4653(5)	Si(1)	Se(3)	2.171(4)
Cs(2)	Se(4)#6	3.6987(8)	Si(1)#13	Se(1)	2.2953(13)
Cs(2)	Se(4)#7	3.6987(8)	Si(2)	Se(1)	2.314(2)
Cs(2)	Se(4)#8	3.6987(8)	Si(2)	Se(2)	2.298(2)
Cs(2)	Se(4)	3.6987(8)	Si(2)#14	Se(2)	2.295(2)
Cs(2)	Se(4)#4	3.6987(8)	Si(2)	Se(4)	2.164(2)

Symmetry transformations used to generate equivalent atoms:

#1 +Y-X,-X,+Z #2 +Y,-X+Y,1-Z #3 -Y+X,+X,1-Z #4 -Y,+X-Y,+Z
 #5 1-X,-Y,1-Z #6 -X,-Y,2-Z #7 +Y,-X+Y,2-Z #8 -Y+X,+X,2-Z
 #9 1-X,-Y,2-Z #10 -Y+X,-1+X,2-Z #11 1+Y-X,-X,+Z
 #12 -Y,-1+X-Y,+Z #13 1-Y,+X-Y,+Z #14 1+Y-X,1-X,+Z

Table S4 Bond angles for Cs₉Si₈Se₂₀Cl.

Atom	Atom	Atom	Angle/ °	Atom	Atom	Atom	Angle/ °
Se(2)#1	Cs(1)	Se(1)#1	61.787(17)	Se(4)#8	Cs(2)	Se(4)#7	90.245(19)
Se(2)#1	Cs(1)	Se(1)#1	57.584(16)	Se(4)#8	Cs(2)	Se(4)#3	89.755(19)
Se(2)#1	Cs(1)	Se(1)	132.121(19)	Se(4)	Cs(2)	Se(4)#7	89.755(19)
Se(2)#1	Cs(1)	Se(1)#2	126.67(2)	Se(4)#3	Cs(2)	Se(4)	90.245(18)
Se(3)	Cs(1)	Se(1)#1	129.134(18)	Se(4)#5	Cs(2)	Se(4)#8	90.245(19)
Se(3)	Cs(1)	Se(1)#2	70.815(13)	Se(2)#5	Cs(3)	Se(2)#9	59.11(2)
Se(3)	Cs(1)	Se(1)	57.63(2)	Se(2)#10	Cs(3)	Se(2)#9	59.11(2)
Se(3)	Cs(1)	Se(1)#4	72.035(13)	Se(2)#10	Cs(3)	Se(2)#5	59.11(2)
Se(3)	Cs(1)	Se(2)#1	102.79(2)	Se(4)#11	Cs(3)	Se(2)#10	72.613(18)
Se(4)#2	Cs(1)	Se(1)#2	56.613(17)	Se(4)	Cs(3)	Se(2)#5	72.613(18)
Se(4)#2	Cs(1)	Se(1)1	142.06(2)	Se(4)#11	Cs(3)	Se(2)#9	112.55(2)
Se(4)#2	Cs(1)	Se(1)#4	119.02(2)	Se(4)	Cs(3)	Se(2)#9	127.62(2)
Se(4)#2	Cs(1)	Se(1)#1	122.19(2)	Se(4)#12	Cs(3)	Se(2)#9	72.613(18)
Se(4)#2	Cs(1)	Se(2)#1	71.085(18)	Se(4)	Cs(3)	Se(2)#10	112.55(2)
Se(4)#2	Cs(1)	Se(3)	91.20(2)	Se(4)#12	Cs(3)	Se(2)#10	127.62(2)
Cl(1)	Cs(1)	Se(1)#1	82.892(14)	Se(4)#11	Cs(3)	Se(2)#5	127.62(2)
Cl(1)	Cs(1)	Se(1)#4	130.023(17)	Se(4)#12	Cs(3)	Se(2)#5	112.55(2)
Cl(1)	Cs(1)	Se(1)	79.172(14)	Se(4)#11	Cs(3)	Se(4)#12	112.385(18)
Cl(1)	Cs(1)	Se(1)#2	78.103(14)	Se(4)#11	Cs(3)	Se(4)	112.385(17)
Cl(1)	Cs(1)	Se(2)#1	131.886(18)	Se(4)	Cs(3)	Se(4)#12	112.385(17)
Cl(1)	Cs(1)	Se(3)	125.19(2)	Se(1)	Si(1)	Se(1)#15	109.79(8)
Cl(1)	Cs(1)	Se(4)#2	107.904(19)	Se(1)#13	Si(1)	Se(1)#15	109.79(8)
Se(4)#5	Cs(2)	Se(4)#6	180	Se(1)#13	Si(1)	Se(1)	109.79(8)
Se(4)#5	Cs(2)	Se(4)	89.755(19)	Se(3)	Si(1)	Se(1)#15	109.15(8)
Se(4)#5	Cs(2)	Se(4)#7	90.245(18)	Se(3)	Si(1)	Se(1)	109.15(8)
Se(4)#3	Cs(2)	Se(4)#7	180	Se(3)	Si(1)	Se(1)#13	109.15(8)
Se(4)#6	Cs(2)	Se(4)#7	89.755(18)	Se(2)#13	Si(2)	Se(1)	107.54(8)
Se(4)#8	Cs(2)	Se(4)#6	89.755(18)	Se(2)#13	Si(2)	Se(1)	112.71(8)

Se(4)#3	Cs(2)	Se(4)#6	90.245(19)	Se(4)	Si(2)	Se(1)	108.31(9)
Se(4)#8	Cs(2)	Se(4)	180	Se(4)	Si(2)	Se(2)#13	110.35(9)
Se(4)#6	Cs(2)	Se(4)	90.245(19)	Se(4)	Si(2)	Se(2)	107.38(8)
Se(4)#5	Cs(2)	Se(4)#3	89.755(18)				

Symmetry transformations used to generate equivalent atoms:

#1 +Y,-X+Y,1-Z #2 -Y+X,+X,1-Z #3 +Y-X,-X,+Z #4 1-X,-Y,1-Z
 #5 +Y,-X+Y,2-Z #6 -Y,+X-Y,+Z #7 -Y+X,+X,2-Z #8 -X,-Y,2-Z
 #9 1-X,-Y,2-Z #10 -Y+X,-1+X,2-Z #11 -Y,-1+X-Y,+Z #12 1+Y-X,-X,+Z
 #13 1-Y,+X-Y,+Z #14 1+Y,1-X+Y,2-Z #15 1+Y-X,1-X,+Z #16 -X,-Y,1-Z

Table S5 Anisotropic displacement parameters ($\text{\AA}^2 \times 10^3$) for $\text{Cs}_9\text{Si}_8\text{Se}_{20}\text{Cl}$. The anisotropic displacement factor exponent takes the form: -

$$2\pi^2[h^2a^2U_{11}+2hka*b*U_{12}+...].$$

Atom	U ₁₁	U ₂₂	U ₃₃	U ₂₃	U ₁₃	U ₁₂
Cs(1)	45.7(3)	38.7(3)	51.1(3)	19.9(2)	5.2(2)	-0.6(2)
Cs(2)	54.8(5)	54.8(5)	44.6(8)	27.4(2)	0	0
Cs(3)	61.0(4)	61.0(4)	54.0(6)	30.5(2)	0	0
Se(1)	29.0(4)	28.2(4)	34.6(4)	10.8(3)	-0.5(3)	-0.7(3)
Se(2)	32.8(4)	35.2(4)	36.6(4)	17.9(3)	4.0(3)	-1.2(3)
Se(3)	43.5(5)	43.5(5)	31.5(7)	21.7(2)	0	0
Se(4)	35.0(4)	37.6(5)	53.2(5)	6.0(4)	11.8(4)	4.1(4)
Si(1)	40.0(16)	40.0(16)	54(3)	20.0(8)	0	0
Si(2)	26.0(10)	26.0(10)	31.2(19)	13.0(5)	0	0
Cl(1)	29.0(10)	30.1(11)	35.9(11)	12.8(9)	2.6(9)	0.8(9)

Table S6 The calculated hyperpolarizability, polarizability anisotropy, and HOMO–LUMO gap for typical Si–Se units.

Unit	Hyperpolarizability (10^{-30} esu)	Polarizability anisotropy ($\text{\AA}^3$)	HOMO–LUMO gap (eV)	Ref.
[SiSe ₄]	0.20815	12.331	4.686	1
[SiSe ₆]	57.37714	3.03975	4.882	2
[α -Si ₂ Se ₆]	75.07554	59.98494	4.634	3
[β -Si ₂ Se ₆]	0.1946	107.3089	3.694	4
[Si ₂ Se ₇]	36.54961	16.37671	4.324	5
[α -Si ₂ Se ₈]	278.04398	102.89523	3.395	6
[β -Si ₂ Se ₈]	2.37182	158.41212	3.62	7
[Si ₃ Se ₉]	145.32187	13.9644	4.142	8
[Si ₄ Se ₁₀]	157.35553	14.33184	4.24	9

Table S7 The optimized structures (Cartesian coordinates) for the [SiSe₄] unit.

Atoms (5)	Symmetry	<i>x/a</i>	<i>y/b</i>	<i>z/c</i>
Si1 (#5)	<i>x, y, z</i>	0	0	0
Se2 (#6)	<i>x, y, z</i>	0.16166	0.16166	0.20865
Se2 (#7)	<i>y, -x, -z</i>	0.16166	-0.16171	-0.20871
Se2 (#8)	<i>-x, -y, z</i>	-0.16171	-0.16171	0.20865
Se2 (#9)	<i>-y, x, -z</i>	-0.16171	0.16166	-0.20871

Table S8 The optimized structures (Cartesian coordinates) for the [SiSe₆] unit.

Atoms (7)	Symmetry	<i>x/a</i>	<i>y/b</i>	<i>z/c</i>
Si1 (#5)	<i>x, y, z</i>	0.25835	0	0.27449
Se1 (#6)	<i>x, y, z</i>	0.37449	0.00001	0.03278
Se1 (#7)	<i>1/2-x, -1/2+y, -z</i>	45704	-0.5	-0.03277
Se1 (#8)	<i>1/2-x, 1/2+y, -z</i>	45704	45722	-0.03277
Se2 (#9)	<i>x, y, z</i>	0.1135	0.00001	0.45105
Se2 (#10)	<i>1/2-x, -1/2+y, 1-z</i>	0.38645	-0.5	0.54895
Se2 (#11)	<i>1/2-x, 1/2+y, 1-z</i>	0.38645	45722	0.54895

Table S9 The optimized structures (Cartesian coordinates) for the [α -Si₂Se₆] unit.

Atoms (8)	Symmetry	<i>x/a</i>	<i>y/b</i>	<i>z/c</i>
Si1 (#5)	<i>x, y, z</i>	0.65888	0.30301	0.55492
Se1 (#6)	<i>x, y, z</i>	0.73002	0.46922	0.7316
Se2 (#7)	<i>x, y, z</i>	0.76566	0.29319	0.28336
Se3 (#8)	<i>x, y, z</i>	0.76957	0.14884	0.74661
Si1 (#9)	<i>l-x, y, l-z</i>	0.3411	0.30302	0.44504
Se1 (#10)	<i>l-x, y, l-z</i>	0.26996	0.46923	0.26839
Se2 (#11)	<i>l-x, y, l-z</i>	0.23432	0.2932	0.71663
Se3 (#12)	<i>l-x, y, l-z</i>	0.23041	0.14885	0.25337

Table S10 The optimized structures (Cartesian coordinates) for the [β -Si₂Se₆] unit.

Atoms (#)	Symmetry	<i>x/a</i>	<i>y/b</i>	<i>z/c</i>
Si1 (#5)	<i>x, y, z</i>	0.65397	0.34603	0
Se1 (#6)	<i>x, y, z</i>	0.77518	0.22481	0.14923
Se1 (#7)	<i>l-y, l-x, -z</i>	0.77518	0.22481	-0.14924
Se2 (#8)	<i>x, y, z</i>	0.33225	0.33229	0
Se2 (#9)	<i>l-x, l-y, z</i>	0.6677	0.66774	0
Si1 (#10)	<i>l-x, l-y, z</i>	0.34598	0.65401	-0.00001
Se1 (#11)	<i>l-x, l-y, z</i>	0.22482	0.77522	0.14922
Se1 (#12)	<i>y, x, -z</i>	0.22482	0.77522	-0.14925

Table S11 The optimized structures (Cartesian coordinates) for the [Si₂Se₇] unit.

Atoms (9)	Symmetry	<i>x/a</i>	<i>y/b</i>	<i>z/c</i>
Si (#5)	<i>x, y, z</i>	0.34331	0.41951	0.13965
Se1 (#6)	<i>x, y, z</i>	0.13125	0.37495	0.17873
Se2 (#7)	<i>x, y, z</i>	0.30465	0.56526	0.03048
Se3 (#8)	<i>x, y, z</i>	0.44741	0.2436	0.10537
Se4 (#9)	<i>1/2+x, 1/2+y, z</i>	45722	0.53767	45728
Si1 (#10)	<i>1-x, y, 1/2-z</i>	0.65668	0.4195	0.36033
Se1 (#11)	<i>1-x, y, 1/2-z</i>	0.86875	0.37494	0.32129
Se2 (#12)	<i>1-x, y, 1/2-z</i>	0.69535	0.56524	0.46955
Se3 (#13)	<i>1-x, y, 1/2-z</i>	0.55259	0.24359	0.39466

Table S12 The optimized structures (Cartesian coordinates) for the [α -Si₂Se₈] unit.

Atoms (10)	Symmetry	<i>x/a</i>	<i>y/b</i>	<i>z/c</i>
Si1 (#5)	<i>x, y, z</i>	0.88703	0.27604	0.97445
Se2 (#6)	<i>l+x, y, l+z</i>	1.14183	0.31864	1.07871
Se3 (#7)	<i>x, l/2-y, l/2+z</i>	0.94249	0.18357	0.86411
Se6 (#8)	<i>x, y, l+z</i>	0.66356	0.23319	1.05796
Se8 (#9)	<i>x, l/2-y, l/2+z</i>	0.80449	0.39371	0.88804
Se5 (#10)	<i>l-x, l-y, l-z</i>	0.52395	0.35038	0.78087
Si2 (#11)	<i>l-x, l-y, l-z</i>	0.39643	0.47452	0.73108
Se1 (#12)	<i>x, 3/2-y, l/2+z</i>	0.59636	0.54368	0.6529
Se4 (#13)	<i>l-x, l-y, l-z</i>	0.32732	0.53391	0.86622
Se7 (#14)	<i>l-x, l-y, l-z</i>	0.14086	0.43387	0.6269

Table S13 The optimized structures (Cartesian coordinates) for the [β -Si₂Se₈] unit.

Atoms (10)	Symmetry	x/a	y/b	z/c
Si1 (#5)	x, y, z	0.15601	0	-0.29924
Se3 (#6)	x, y, z	0.08987	0.24544	-0.46272
Se3 (#7)	$x, -y, z$	0.08987	-0.2454	-0.46272
Se1 (#8)	x, y, z	0.31357	0.00002	-0.26918
Se2 (#9)	x, y, z	0.12564	0.00002	-0.10628
Se3 (#10)	$-x, y, -l-z$	-0.08991	0.2454	-0.53728
Se3 (#11)	$-x, -y, -l-z$	-0.08991	-0.24544	-0.53728
Si1 (#12)	$-x, y, -l-z$	-0.15598	0	-0.70076
Se1 (#13)	$-x, y, -l-z$	-0.31361	0.00002	-0.73082
Se2 (#14)	$-x, y, -l-z$	-0.12568	0.00002	-0.89373

Table S14 The optimized structures (Cartesian coordinates) for the [Si₃Se₉] unit.

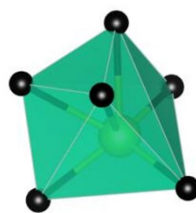
Atoms (12)	Symmetry	x/a	y/b	z/c
Si1 (#5)	x, y, z	0.45562	0.34006	0.19301
Se1 (#6)	x, y, z	0.26535	0.33717	0.28372
Se2 (#7)	x, y, z	0.42153	0.33858	0.01498
Se3 (#8)	x, y, z	0.44778	0.12098	0.25797
Se3 (#9)	$l-x+y, l-x, z$	0.67324	0.55226	0.25797
Si1 (#10)	$l-y, x-y, z$	0.65991	0.11553	0.19298
Si1 (#11)	$l-x+y, l-x, z$	0.88446	0.54437	0.19298
Se1 (#12)	$l-y, x-y, z$	0.66281	-0.0718	0.28375
Se2 (#13)	$l-y, x-y, z$	0.66141	0.08292	0.01501
Se3 (#14)	$l-y, x-y, z$	0.879	0.32676	0.25799
Se1 (#15)	$l-x+y, l-x, z$	1.07175	0.73465	0.28375
Se2 (#16)	$l-x+y, l-x, z$	0.91702	0.57846	0.01501

Table S15 The optimized structures (Cartesian coordinates) for the [Si₄Se₁₀] unit.

Atoms (14)	Symmetry	<i>x/a</i>	<i>y/b</i>	<i>z/c</i>
Si1 (#5)	<i>x, y, z</i>	0.43625	0.20445	0.37961
Se2 (#6)	<i>x, y, z</i>	0.38437	0.12922	0.52325
Se3 (#7)	<i>1/2-x, 1/2-y, -z</i>	0.32877	0.28376	0.23267
Se4 (#8)	<i>1/2+x, 1/2-y, 1/2+z</i>	0.54276	0.28284	0.53253
Se6 (#9)	<i>x, y, z</i>	45722	0.1175	45728
Si2 (#10)	<i>1/2-x, 1/2-y, -z</i>	0.3953	0.36789	0.10208
Si2 (#11)	<i>1/2+x, 1/2-y, 1/2+z</i>	0.60465	0.36789	0.39798
Si1 (#12)	<i>1-x, y, 1/2-z</i>	0.5637	0.20444	0.12039
Se1 (#13)	<i>1/2-x, 1/2-y, -z</i>	0.29643	0.4414	-0.0492
Se4 (#14)	<i>1/2-x, 1/2-y, -z</i>	0.4572	0.28283	-0.03254
Se5 (#15)	<i>1/2-x, 1/2-y, -z</i>	45722	0.45074	45728
Se1 (#16)	<i>1/2+x, 1/2-y, 1/2+z</i>	0.70354	0.4414	0.54919
Se3 (#17)	<i>1/2+x, 1/2-y, 1/2+z</i>	0.67119	0.28375	0.26733
Se2 (#18)	<i>1-x, y, 1/2-z</i>	0.61558	0.12921	-0.02326



**[Cs₂Se₆] regular
octahedral unit**



**[Cs₃Se₆] distorted
octahedral unit**

Figure S1 The coordination modes of Cs₂ and Cs₃.

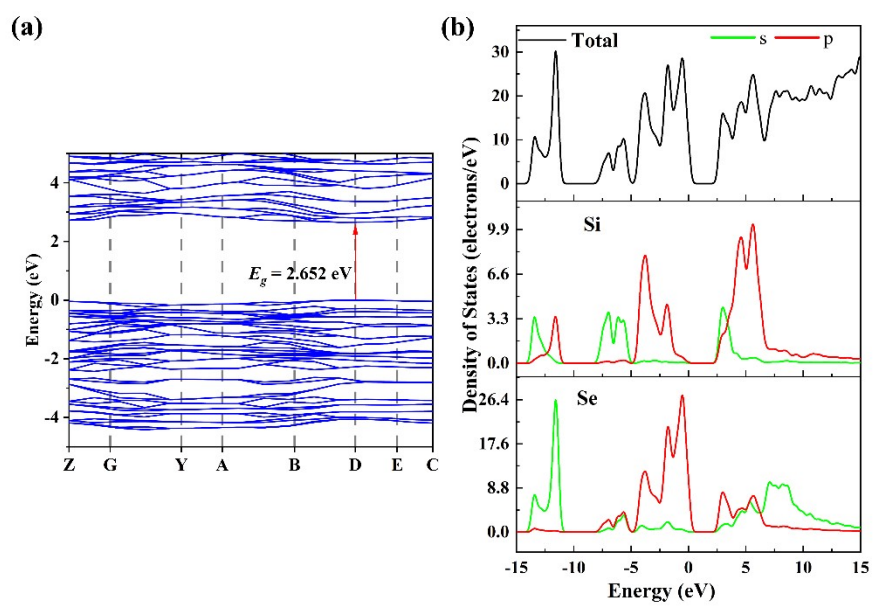


Figure S2 (a) The calculated GGA band gap, and (b) total and partial density of states of SiSe_2 .

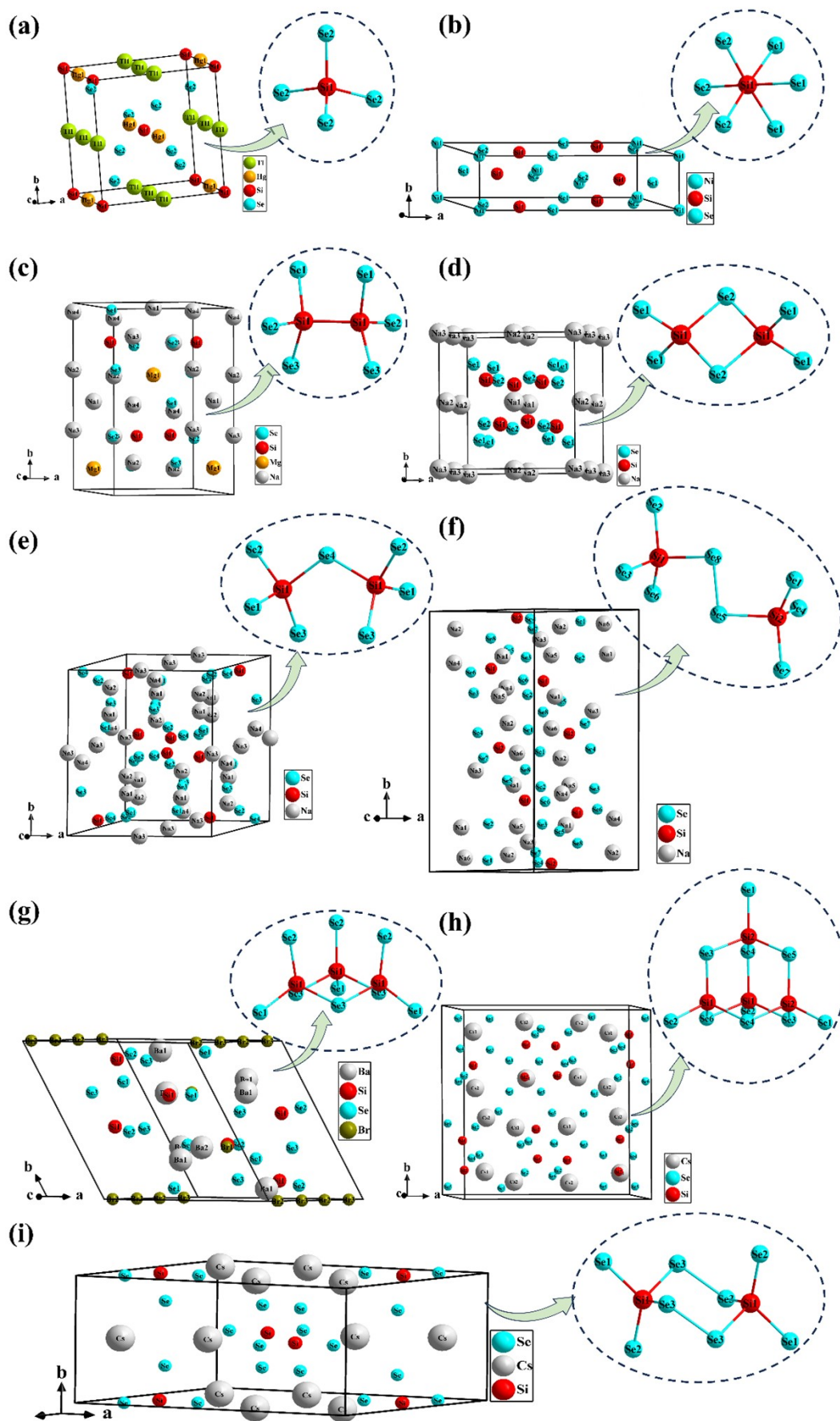


Figure S3. The graphical representation (with atomic numbers) for the investigated models: (a) the $[\text{SiSe}_4]$ unit,¹ (b) the $[\text{SiSe}_6]$ unit,² (c) the $[\alpha\text{-Si}_2\text{Se}_6]$ unit,³ (d) the $[\beta\text{-Si}_2\text{Se}_6]$ unit,⁴ (e) the $[\text{Si}_2\text{Se}_7]$ unit,⁵ (f) the $[\alpha\text{-Si}_2\text{Se}_8]$ unit,⁶ (g) the $[\text{Si}_3\text{Se}_9]$ unit,⁸ (h) the $[\text{Si}_4\text{Se}_{10}]$ unit,⁹ (i) the $[\beta\text{-Si}_2\text{Se}_8]$ unit.⁷

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