

## Supplementary information

CO-Free Selective Hydrogenation of CO<sub>2</sub> to Value-Added Formate under Low-Temperature Aqueous Conditions Using a Heterogenized Ru-PNP Catalyst

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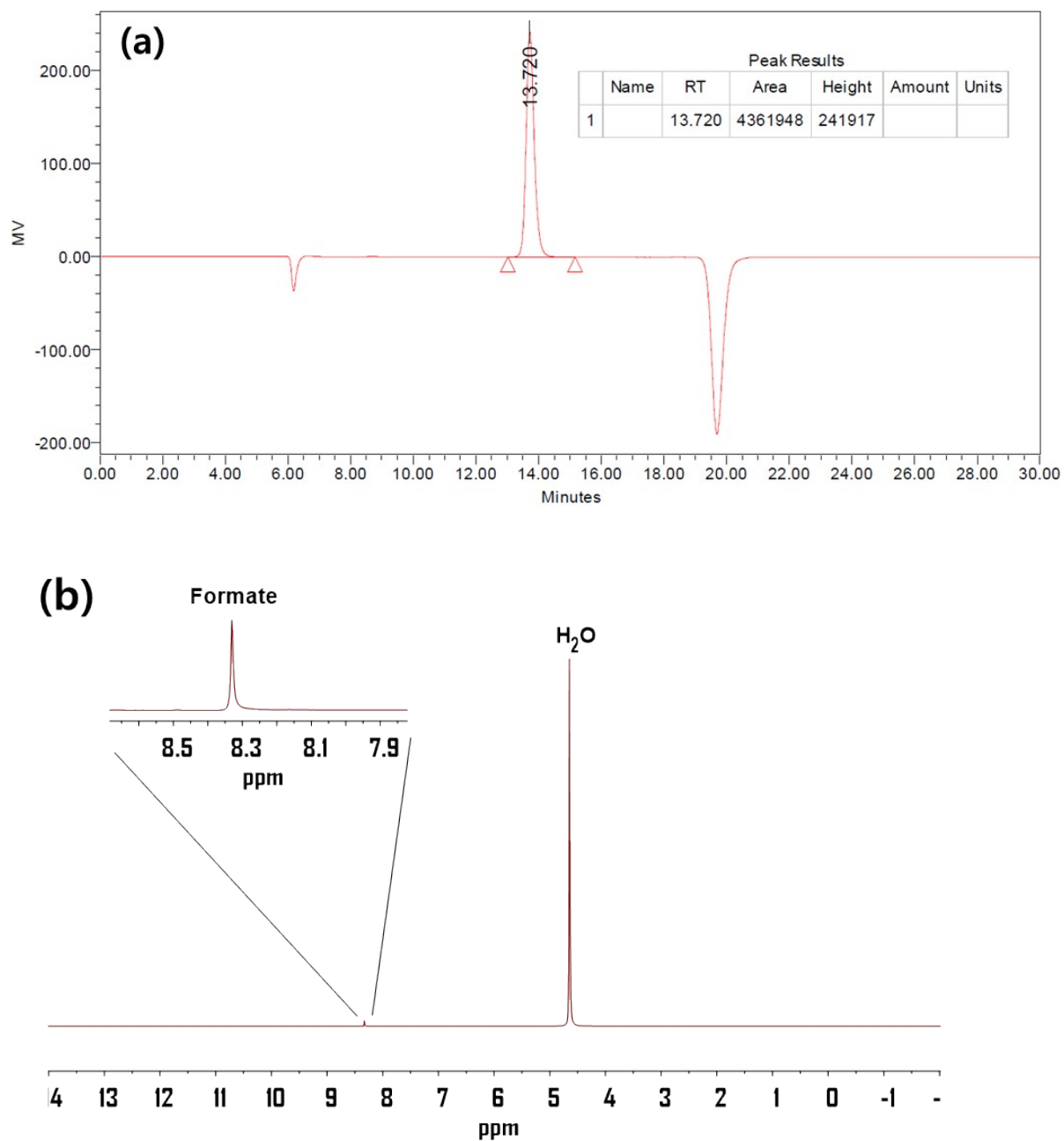
Figure S1. Representative (a) HPLC, (b) & (c) <sup>1</sup>H & <sup>13</sup>C NMR spectra (d) GC chromatogram of the potassium formate (HCO<sub>2</sub>K) produced after CO<sub>2</sub> hydrogenation.

Figure S2. (a) Stainless-steel reactor employed for CO<sub>2</sub> hydrogenation. (b) Overall setup of the hydrogenation system using aqueous KOH, (c) Schematic illustration of the heterogeneous catalyst recycling procedure.

Table S1. Comparison of catalytic performance in KOH-mediated CO<sub>2</sub> hydrogenation.

Table S2. List of abbreviations.

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(c)

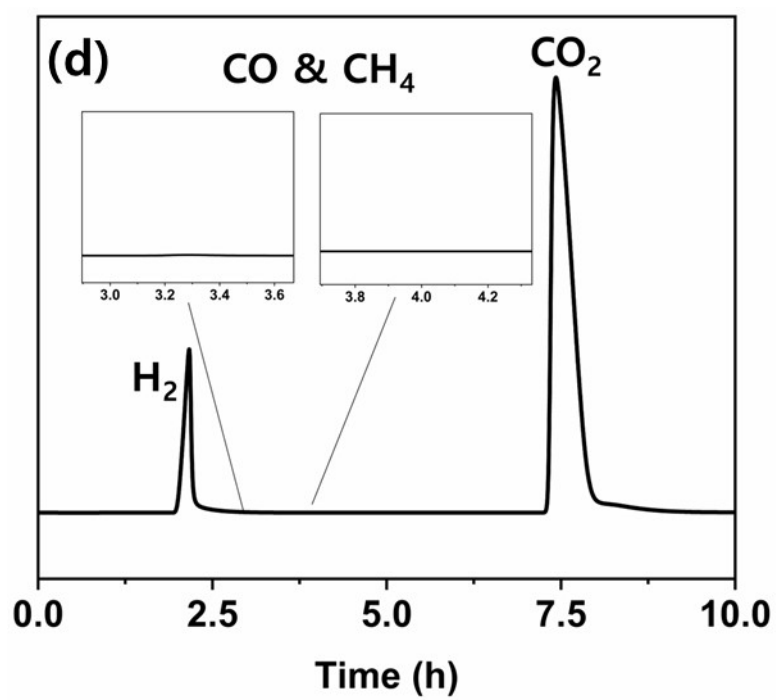
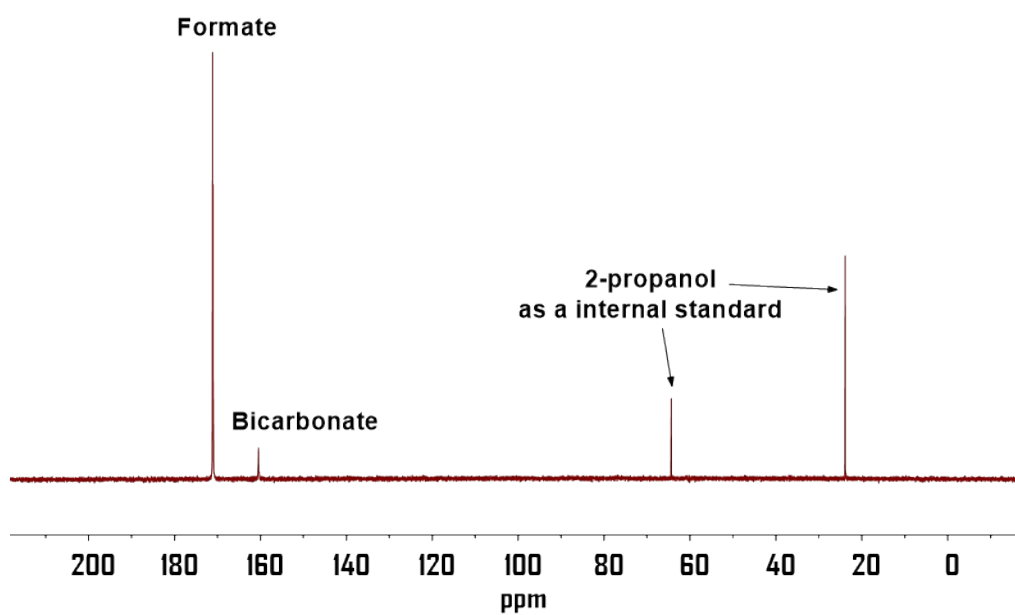


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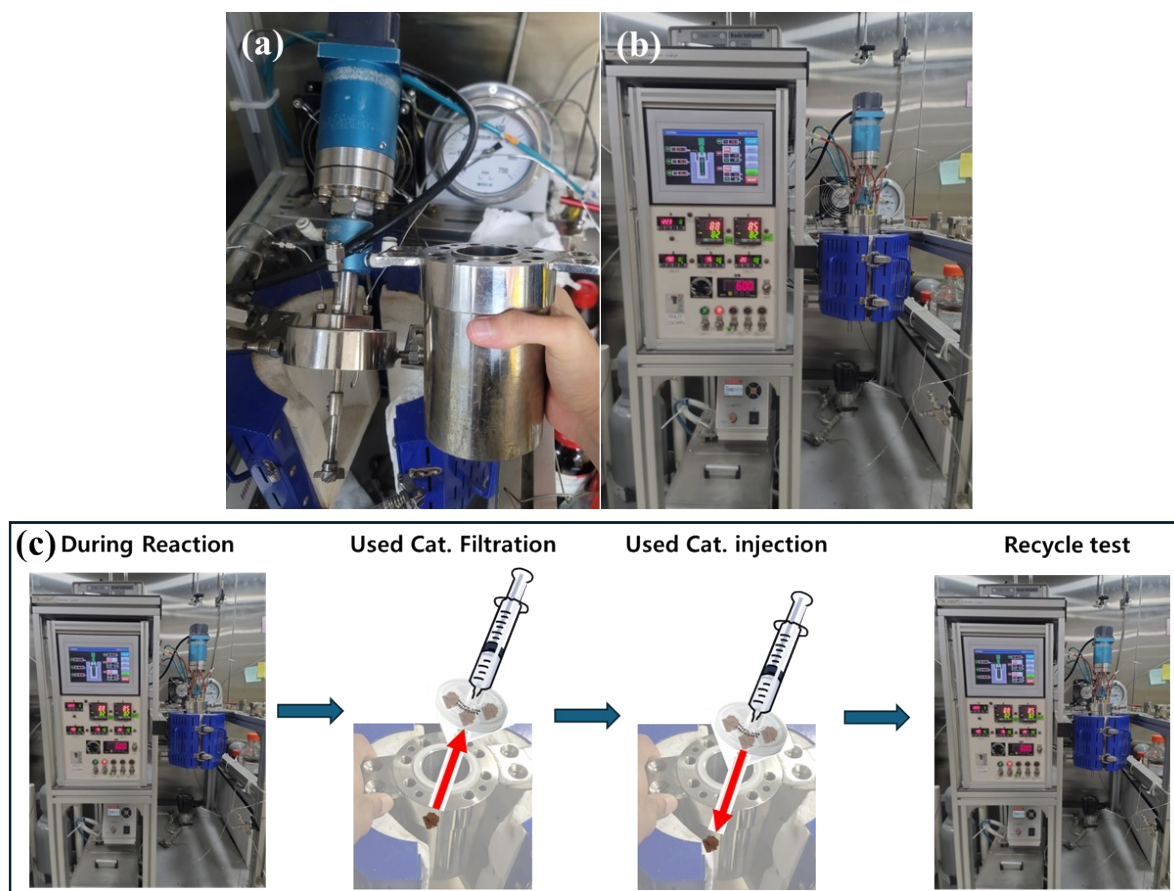


Table S1. Comparison of catalytic performance in KOH-mediated CO<sub>2</sub> hydrogenation.

$\text{H}_2 + \text{CO}_2/\text{KOH} \xrightarrow[\Delta]{\text{Catalyst}} \text{HCO}_2\text{K} + \text{H}_2\text{O}$				
Entry	Catalyst (cat.)	T (°C)	Time (h)	Yield (%)
1	RuNP@AC	80	16	2.8
2	RuCl <sub>3</sub> @TN <sub>20</sub> Bpy <sub>1</sub> -CTF	80	16	21
3	RuCl <sub>3</sub> @DPPE- POP	80	16	29
4	Ru-MACHO- POMP	120	0.5	82
5	Ru-MACHO- POMP	80	2	31
6	Ru-MACHO- POMP	80	16	>99

Table S2. List of abbreviations.

Abbreviation	Full description
KOH	Potassium hydroxide
H <sub>2</sub>	Hydrogen
CO <sub>2</sub>	Carbon dioxide
CO	Carbon monoxide
CH <sub>4</sub>	Methane
Ru	Ruthenium
NN	All types of N,N-bidentate ligands
PP	All types of P,P-bidentate ligands
PNP	All types of tridentate ligands with a P–N–P sequence
POMP	Porous organometallic polymer
Ru-MACHO-POMP	A heterogeneous catalyst synthesized using the Ru-MACHO homogeneous PNP-based catalyst
RuNP@AC	Ru nanoparticles supported on activated carbon
CCU	Carbon capture and utilization
CCS	Carbon capture and storage
DACU	Direct Air Capture and Utilization
K <sub>2</sub> CO <sub>3</sub>	Potassium carbonate
HCO <sub>2</sub> K	Potassium formate
C1 & C2	C1/C2 compounds: Molecules containing one or two carbon atoms
NMR	Nuclear magnetic resonance
ICP-OES	Inductively coupled plasma optical emission spectroscopy