

1 **Supplementary Information**

2 **Microwave-Assisted Synthesis of Fe-based Single-Atom**
3 **Nanozyme: A Colorimetric Approach to Detect Cr(VI)**

4 Zixiang Liao^a, Yue Ren^a, Bingzheng Yuan^a, Libo Li^{a, *}, Tianyan You^{a, b, *}

5 ^a *Key Laboratory of Modern Agricultural Equipment and Technology, Ministry of*
6 *Education, School of Agricultural Engineering, Jiangsu University, Zhenjiang,*
7 *Jiangsu, 212013, China*

8 ^b *College of Agricultural Equipment Engineering, Henan University of Science and*
9 *Technology, Luoyang, Henan, 471003, China*

10 * Corresponding author. Fax/Tel: +86-511-88982992

11 E-mail: lbli@ujs.edu.cn (L. Li)

12 E-mail: youty@ujs.edu.cn (T. You)

13 S1 Experiment Section

14 S1.1 Chemicals

15 Iron nitrate nonahydrate ($\text{Fe}(\text{NO}_3)_3 \cdot 9\text{H}_2\text{O}$), zinc chloride (ZnCl_2), 3,3',5,5'-
16 tetramethyl-benzidine (TMB), isopropyl alcohol (IPA) and 2-methylimidazole(2-MI)
17 were provided by Aladdin. Methyl alcohol, zinc nitrate hexahydrate ($\text{Zn}_2(\text{NO}_3)_2 \cdot 6\text{H}_2\text{O}$),
18 ethanol, potassium chloride (KCl), muriatic acid, glacial acetic acid, 30% hydrogen
19 peroxide, potassium dichromate ($\text{K}_2\text{Cr}_2\text{O}_7$), copper chloride dihydrate ($\text{CuCl}_2 \cdot 2\text{H}_2\text{O}$),
20 sodium chloride (NaCl), anhydrous calcium chloride (CaCl_2) and magnesium chloride
21 hexahydrate ($\text{MgCl}_2 \cdot 6\text{H}_2\text{O}$) were obtained from Sinopharm Chemical Regent. 8-
22 hydroxyquinoline (8-HQ), p-benzoquinone (PBQ), tryptophan (Trp), chromium
23 chloride hexahydrate (CrCl_3) and manganese chloride tetrahydrate ($\text{MnCl}_2 \cdot 4\text{H}_2\text{O}$) were
24 purchased from Macklin, Cadmium chloride hemihydrate ($\text{CdCl}_2 \cdot 2.5\text{H}_2\text{O}$) and
25 anhydrous sodium acetate manufactured by Sinopharm Shanghai Test.

26 S1.2 Apparatus

27 Microscopic morphologies of samples were characterized by focused ion beam-
28 scanning electron microscopy (FIB-SEM) (Thermo, USA) and transmission electron
29 microscopy (TEM) (Thermo, USA). X-ray photoelectron spectroscopy (XPS) (Thermo,
30 USA) and X-ray absorption fine structure spectroscopy (XAFS) were conducted to
31 explore the elemental composition and their chemical states. The peroxidase-like
32 mechanism of Fe-N-C was verified by an Electron paramagnetic resonance (EPR)
33 (Bruker, Germany) spectrometer Ultraviolet-visible (UV-Vis) (SHIMADZ, Japan)
34 measurement was used to monitor the absorbance changes during the mimic enzyme

35 reaction process. Fluorescence (FL) (Edinburg, English) spectra was used to monitor
36 the fluorescence changes during the mimic enzyme reaction process. Inductively
37 coupled plasma optical emission spectrometer (ICP-OES) (Thermo, USA) was used to
38 analyze Cr(VI) in environmental water samples.

39 **S1.3 Enzyme mimicking activity of Fe-N-C**

40 The oxidase-like catalytic activity of the Fe-N-C was assessed by the TMB color
41 reaction. Briefly, 20 μL of Fe-N-C (2.5 mg/mL) and 50 μL of TMB (10 mM) were
42 added to a 2mL centrifuge tube. This mixture was then diluted with 0.2 mol/L HAc-
43 NaAc buffer (pH 4.5) to a final volume of 1 mL. The reaction was allowed to proceed
44 for 5 min, and the absorbance at 652 nm was recorded. Similarly, the peroxidase-like
45 catalytic activity of the Fe-N-C were investigated by adding 20 μL of H_2O_2 to the above
46 reaction system while maintaining all other experimental conditions.

47 **S1.4 Kinetic analysis**

48 The experiments of kinetic parameters of the POD-like activity of Fe-N-C were
49 carried out under their optimal conditions and the concentration of the corresponding
50 substrate was changed in different enzymological active systems. The corresponding
51 initial velocities were obtained through the operation of time scan and the results were
52 calculated according to the Lineweaver-Burk equation:

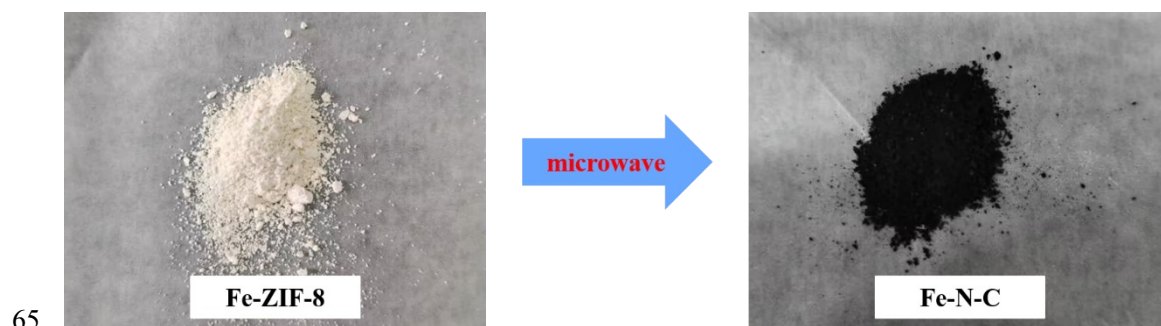
$$53 \quad 1/v = (K_m/V_{\max}) \times (1/[C]) + 1/V_{\max} \quad (1)$$

54 Where v refers to the initial velocity, K_m and V_{\max} are the Michaelis-Menten constant
55 and the maximum reaction velocity, respectively, and C is the substrate's
56 concentration^{1, 2}.

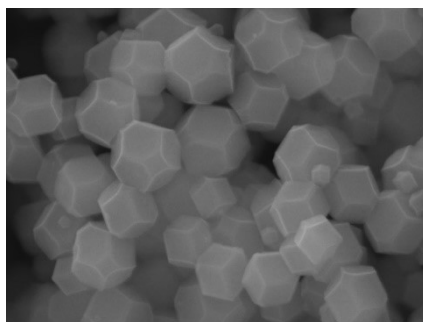
57 **S1.5 Colorimetric detection of Cr(VI) in real samples**

58 We selected Yangtze River samples to estimate the feasibility of Cr(VI) detection by
59 the Fe-N-C colorimetric platform. The water source of the laboratory is taken as
60 Yangtze River sample is treated with 0.2 μm water filter to take out impurities. In order
61 to ascertain the Cr(VI) concentration, spiked concentrations of Cr(VI) (20 and 50 μM)
62 were added to the above solution. The absorption spectra were recorded by the UV–
63 visible after 5 min incubation at ambient temperature.

64 **S2 Results and discussions**

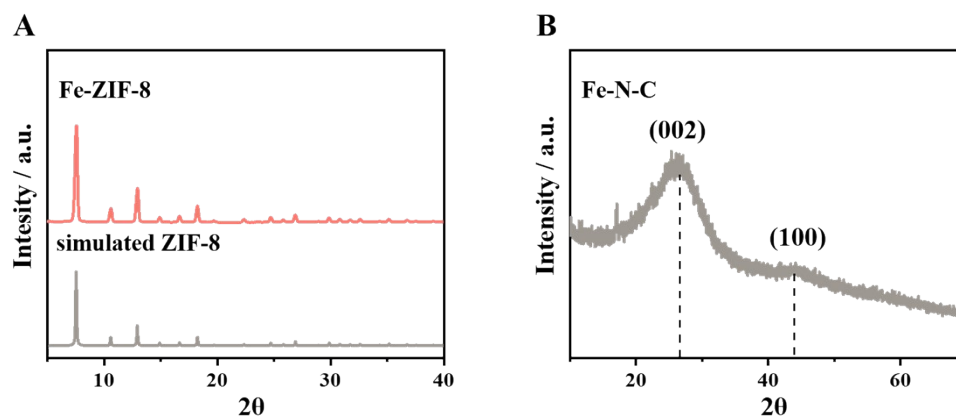


66 **Fig. S1.** Photographs of Fe-ZIF-8 and Fe-N-C.



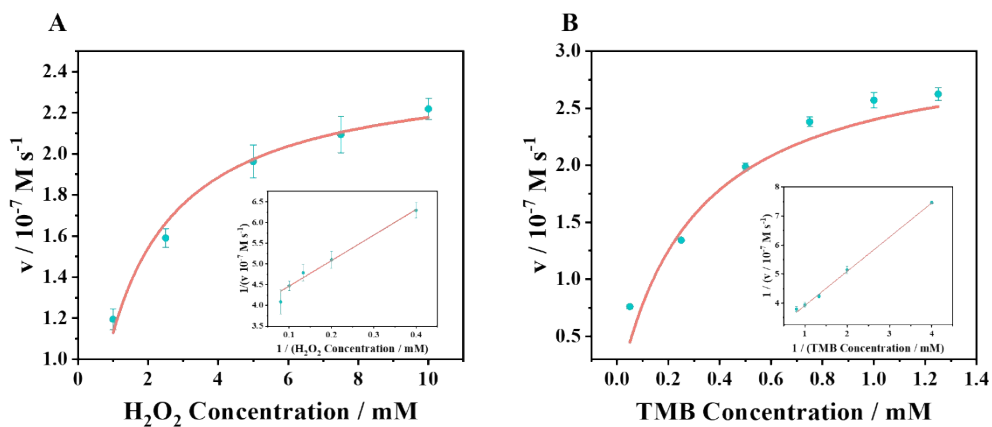
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68 **Fig. S2.** SEM image of Fe-ZIF-8.



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70 **Fig. S3.** Powder XRD patterns of (A) Fe-ZIF-8 and (B) Fe-N-C.



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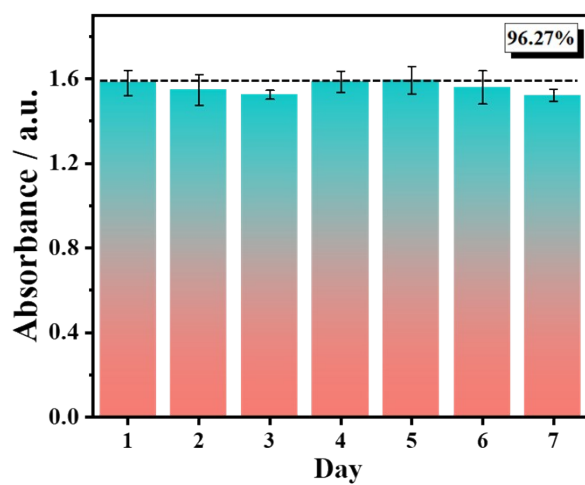
72 **Fig. S4.** (A) Kinetic curve and double-reciprocal plot of Fe-N-C with H_2O_2 as a

73 substrate. (B) Kinetic curve and double-reciprocal plot of Fe-N-C with TMB as a

74 substrate.

75 **Table S1** Comparison of the kinetic parameters of the Fe-N-C and other nanozymes.

Catalyst	Substrate	K_m (mM)	V_{max} (10^{-8} M s^{-1})	Ref.
HRP	H ₂ O ₂	3.70	8.71	3
	TMB	0.43	10.00	
f-FeNC	H ₂ O ₂	2.50	4.95	4
	TMB	0.15	3.61	
Fe-N-C	H ₂ O ₂	12.2	116.00	5
	TMB	3.6	35.60	
Fe SAEs	H ₂ O ₂	0.24	8.25	6
	TMB	3.92	58.80	
Mn _{SA} -N ₃ -C	H ₂ O ₂	1200	63.00	7
	TMB	0.54	63.00	
Cu-N-C	H ₂ O ₂	19.94	20.07	8
	TMB	3.76	75.05	
Fe-N-C	H ₂ O ₂	1.15	24.28	This work
	TMB	0.29	31.13	



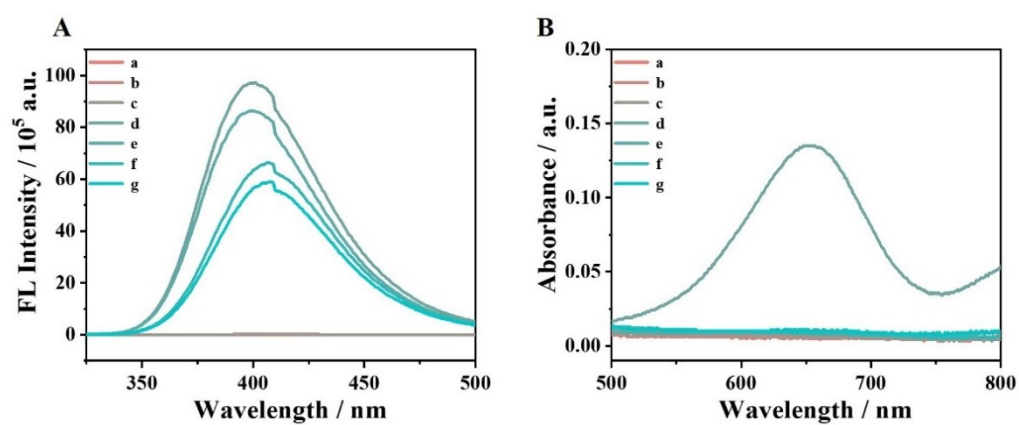
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78 **Fig. S5.** POD activity of Fe-N-C in different days. (The ordinate is the absorbance of

79 Fe-N-C/TMB/H₂O₂ system at the wavelength of 652 nm)

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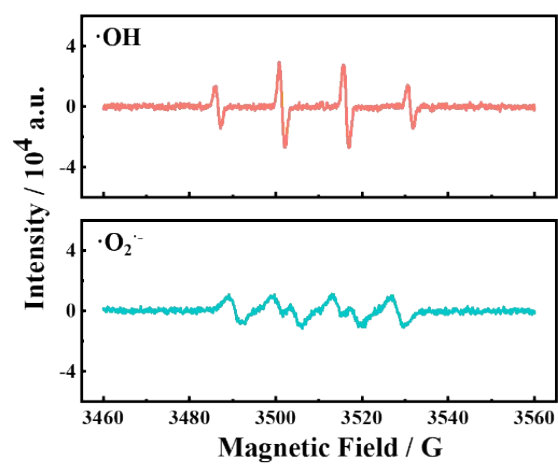
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83 **Fig. S6.** (A) FL spectra and (B) UV spectra of a) H₂O₂, b) 8-HQ, c) H₂O₂+8-HQ, d)

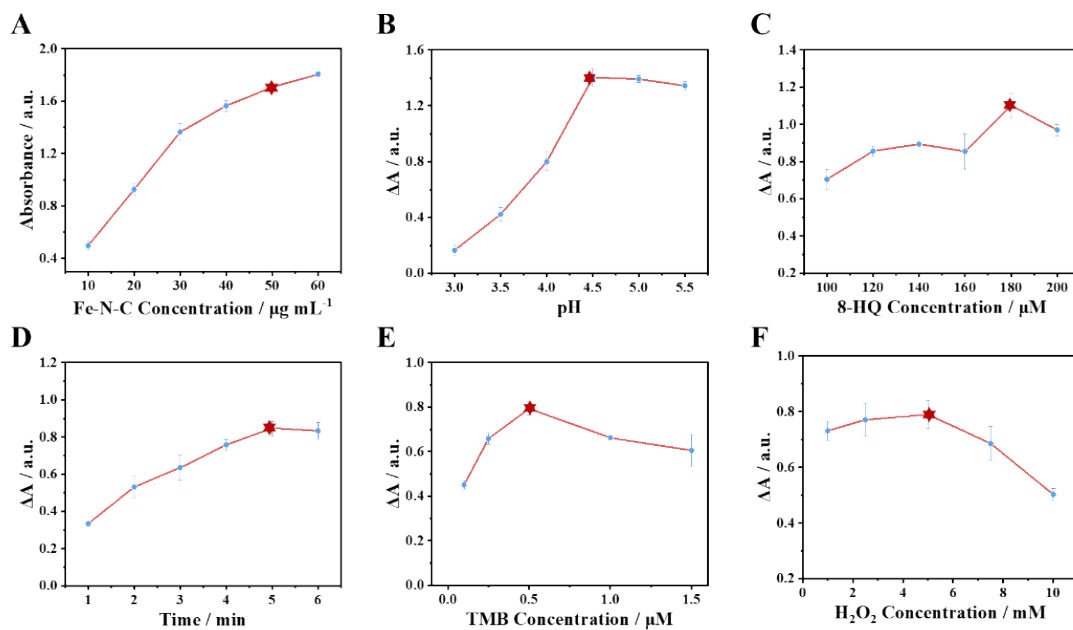
84 TMB, e) TMB+H₂O₂, f) TMB+8-HQ, and g) TMB+H₂O₂+8-HQ.



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86 **Fig. S7.** EPR signals for $\cdot\text{OH}$ and $\cdot\text{O}_2\cdot^-$ detection of TMB/H₂O₂/8-HQ system.

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88

89 **Fig. S8.** The relationship between (A) Fe-N-C concentration, (B) pH value, (C) 8-HQ
 90 concentration, (D) illumination time, (E) TMB concentration, (F) H_2O_2 concentration
 91 and ΔA ($\Delta A = A_0 - A$, where A_0 and A respectively represent the absorbance at 652 nm
 92 of the TMB/ H_2O_2 /Fe-N-C system before and after adding 8-HQ).

93 **Table S2** The comparison of properties of different methods for Cr (VI) detection based
 94 on different materials.

System	Method	Linear range (μM)	LOD (μM)	Refs
CD/PVA	Fluorescence	0~60	0.64	9
KCQDs@SBA-15	Fluorescence	0~100	0.866	10
PEI-AgNCs	Colorimetry	5~300	1.1	11
Cu-PyC MOF	Colorimetry	0.5~50	0.051	12
GO/AuNPs	Colorimetry	0.1~15	0.153	13
H-Fe-POP	Colorimetry	2~130	0.23	14
Fe ₃ O ₄ @MQDs	Colorimetry	0~60	0.26	15
Fe-N-C	Colorimetry	1~130	0.13	This work

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