Supramolecular Assisted O-Acylation of Carbohydrates

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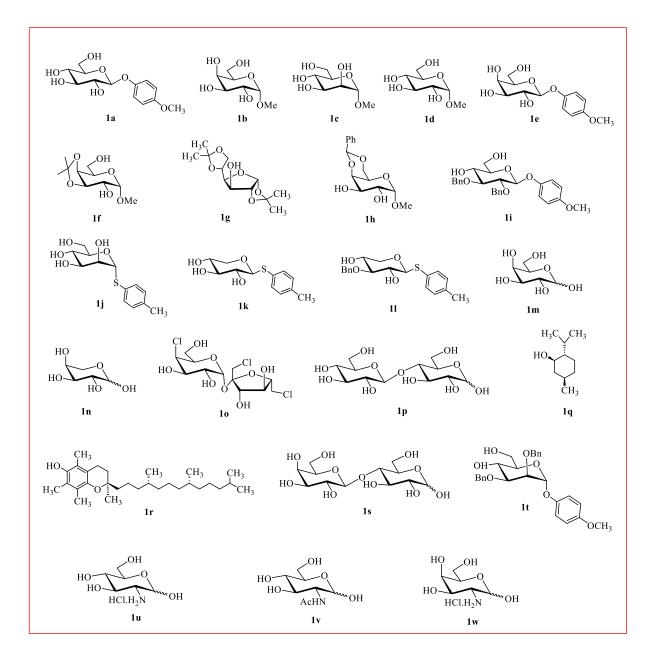
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Experimental Procedures:

General:

Chemicals were purchased and used without further purification. Dry solvents were obtained by distillation using standard procedures. Reactions requiring anhydrous conditions were performed under nitrogen; glassware and needles were either flame-dried immediately prior to use or placed in an oven (100 °C) for at least 2 hours and allowed to cool either in a desiccator or under reduced pressure; liquid reagents, solutions or solvents were added via syringe through rubber septa; solid reagents were added via Schlenk type adapters. Teflon rings were used between the joints of the condensers and round bottom flasks. Reactions were monitored by TLC on Kieselgel 60 F254 (Merck). Detection was by examination under UV light (254 nm) and by charring with 10% sulfuric acid in methanol. Flash column chromatography was performed using silica gel [Merck, 230–400 mesh (40–63 µm)]. Extracts were concentrated *in vacuo* using both a Büchi rotary evaporator (bath temperatures up to 50 °C) at a pressure of either 15 mmHg (diaphragm pump) or 0.1 mmHg (oil pump), as appropriate, and a high vacuum line at room temperature. ¹H NMR, and ¹³C NMR spectra were measured in the solvent stated at 400 MHz. Chemical shifts are quoted in parts per million from a residual solvent peak (CDCl₃: ¹H - 7.26 ppm and ¹³C - 77.16 ppm) and coupling constants (*J*) given in Hertz. Multiplicities are abbreviated as: b (broad), s (singlet), d (doublet), t (triplet), q (quartet), m (multiplet) or combinations thereof. The units of the specific rotation, $(\deg \cdot mL)/(g \cdot dm)$, are implicit and are not included in the reported value. Concentration c is given in g/100 mL.

List of substrates used for this project:



Synthesis of Substrates:

Compound **1a**, **1e**, **1m**, **1n**, **1o**, **1p**, **1q**, **1r**, **1s**, **1u**, **1v**, **1w** were purchased from TCI Chemicals and used for acylation reactions without any further purifications and other substrates were synthesised by reported literature methods (**1b**,^[1]**1c**,^[2]**1d**,^[3]**1f**,^[4]**1g**,^[5]**1h**,^[6]**1i**,^[7]**1j**,^[8]**1k**,^[9]**1l**,^[9]**1t**,^[7]).

Precautions of using 18-crown-6:

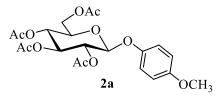
18-crown-6 can cause central nervous system (CNS) effects. It may be readily absorbed through the skin. Due to its potential toxicity and limited understanding of its toxicological properties, 18-crown-6 should be handled with care. Avoid all contact and inhalation. Wear gloves and work in a well-ventilated fume hood. ^[14]

General procedures for supramolecular assisted acylation:

Procedure A: Carbohydrate substrate (1.0 equiv.), KF (20 mol%), and 18-crown-6 (20 mol%) were weighed into an oven-dried round-bottom flask. Then, acetic anhydride or propionic anhydride (1.15 equiv. per -OH) was taken in the round-bottom flask. The reaction mixture was stirred in neat condition in an oil bath at 40 °C for 12h; completion of the reaction was determined by either TLC or NMR analysis of the crude material. The reaction mixture was concentrated *in vacuo* and purified by column chromatography to yield the respective per acylated product.

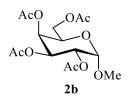
Procedure B: Carbohydrate substrate (1.0 equiv.), KF (20 mol%), and 18-crown-6 (20 mol%) were weighed into an oven-dried round-bottom flask. Then, 2ml acetonitrile and benzoic anhydride (1.15 equiv. per -OH) were added into the reaction mixture. The reaction solution was stirred in an oil bath at 40°C for 12h; completion of the reaction was determined by either TLC or NMR analysis of the crude material. The reaction mixture was concentrated *in vacuo* and directly purified by column chromatography to yield the respective per benzoylated product.

Substrates scope:



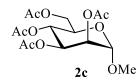
4-Methoxyphenyl 2,3,4,6-tetra-*O*-acetyl-β-D-glucopyranoside (2a): Following the *general procedure* (*A*) glycosyl substrate **1a** (50 mg, 0.18 mmol), KF (8 mg, 0.14 mmol), 18-Crown-6 (37 mg, 0.14 mmol) and acetic anhydride (74 μ L, 0.80 mmol) afford compound **2a**, a colourless semi-solid (76 mg, 94%) after purification by column chromatography (Hexane:EtOAc, 7:1 to 4:1).

¹**H** NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 6.91 – 6.85 (m, 2H), 6.78 – 6.71 (m, 2H), 5.23 – 5.06 (m, 3H), 4.89 (d, *J* = 7.7 Hz, 1H), 4.22 (dd, *J* = 12.3, 5.3 Hz, 1H), 4.09 (dd, *J* = 12.2, 2.4 Hz, 1H), 3.74 (ddd, *J* = 9.9, 5.1, 2.4 Hz, 1H), 3.70 (s, 3H), 2.01 (d, *J* = 2.8 Hz, 6H), 1.96 (d, *J* = 3.9 Hz, 6H). ¹³C NMR (101 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 170.6, 170.3, 169.4, 169.3, 155.8, 150.9, 118.8, 118.7, 114.6, 114.6, 100.3, 72.8, 71.9, 71.3, 68.3, 62.0, 55.6, 20.7, 20.6, 20.6, 20.6. HRMS (ESI-TOF) m/z: for [M+NH₄]⁺ calcd for C₂₁H₃₀NO₁₁ : 472.1819; found: 472.1801.



Methyl 2,3,4,6-tetra-*O***-acetyl-** α **-D-galactopyranoside** (**2b**): Following the *general procedure* (*A*) glycosyl substrate **1b** (50 mg, 0.26 mmol), KF (12 mg, 0.21 mmol), 18-Crown-6 (54 mg, 0.21 mmol) and acetic anhydride (112 μ L, 1.18 mmol) afford compound **2b**, a colourless semi-solid (84 mg, 90%) after purification by column chromatography (Hexane:EtOAc, 7:1 to 4:1).

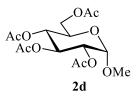
¹**H** NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 5.39 (d, J = 4.9 Hz, 1H), 5.28 (dd, J = 10.9, 3.4 Hz, 1H), 5.08 (dd, J = 10.9, 3.7 Hz, 1H), 4.93 (d, J = 3.7 Hz, 1H), 4.12 (d, J = 5.7 Hz, 1H), 4.04 (d, J = 6.1 Hz, 2H), 3.35 (s, 3H), 2.08 (s, 3H), 2.02 (s, 3H), 1.99 (s, 3H), 1.92 (s, 3H). ¹³C NMR (101 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 170.4, 170.3, 170.2, 169.9, 97.1, 68.1, 68.1, 67.5, 66.1, 61.8, 55.5, 20.8, 20.6, 20.6(2C). HRMS (ESI-TOF) m/z: for [M+Na]⁺ calcd for C₁₅H₂₂O₁₀Na : 385.1111; found: 385.1105.



Methyl 2,3,4,6-tetra-*O***-acetyl-** α **-D-mannopyranoside** (**2c**): Following the *general procedure* (*A*) glycosyl substrate **1c** (50 mg, 0.26 mmol), KF (12 mg, 0.21 mmol), 18-Crown-6 (54 mg, 0.21 mmol) and acetic anhydride (112 μ L, 1.18 mmol) afford compound **2c**, a colourless semisolid (83 mg, 89%) after purification by column chromatography (Hexane:EtOAc, 7:1 to 4:1).

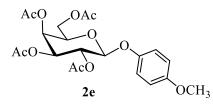
¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 5.28 – 5.19 (m, 2H), 5.19 – 5.15 (m, 1H), 4.65 (d, *J* = 1.8 Hz, 1H), 4.22 (dd, *J* = 12.2, 5.4 Hz, 1H), 4.05 (dd, *J* = 12.2, 2.4 Hz, 1H), 3.93 – 3.86 (m, 1H), 3.34 (s, 3H), 2.09 (s, 3H), 2.04 (s, 3H), 1.98 (s, 3H), 1.92 (s, 3H). ¹³C NMR (101 MHz, CDCl₃) δ

170.6, 170.0, 169.9, 169.7, 160.5, 98.5, 69.4, 69.0, 68.3, 66.1, 62.5, 55.2, 20.8, 20.7, 20.6 (2C). **HRMS (ESI-TOF)** m/z: for [M+NH₄]⁺ calcd for C₁₅H₂₆NO₁₀ : 380.1557; found: 380.1543.



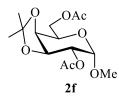
Methyl 2,3,4,6-tetra-*O*-acetyl- α -D-glucopyranoside (2d): Following the *general procedure* (*A*) glycosyl substrate 1d 50 mg, 0.26 mmol), KF (12 mg, 0.21 mmol), 18-Crown-6 (54 mg, 0.21 mmol) and acetic anhydride (112 μ L, 1.18 mmol) afford compound 2d, a colourless semisolid (81 mg, 87%) after purification by column chromatography (Hexane:EtOAc, 7:1 to 4:1).

¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 5.40 (t, J = 9.7 Hz, 1H), 5.03 – 4.96 (m, 1H), 4.90 – 4.87 (m, 1H), 4.82 (dd, J = 10.3, 3.7 Hz, 1H), 4.20 (dd, J = 12.3, 4.6 Hz, 1H), 4.04 (d, J = 14.7 Hz, 1H), 3.96 – 3.88 (m, 1H), 3.35 (s, 3H), 2.03 (s, 3H), 2.01 (s, 3H), 1.96 (s, 3H), 1.94 (s, 3H). ¹³C NMR (101 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 170.4, 169.9, 169.8, 169.4, 96.6, 70.6, 70.0, 68.4, 67.0, 61.8, 55.3, 20.7, 20.5, 20.5, 20.4. Spectroscopic data was in agreement with previously reported data.^[11]



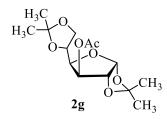
4-Methoxyphenyl 2,3,4,6-tetra-*O***-acetyl-β-D-galactopyranoside** (**2e**): Following the *general procedure* (*A*) glycosyl substrate **1e** (50 mg, 0.18 mmol), KF (8 mg, 0.14 mmol), 18-Crown-6 (37 mg, 0.14 mmol) and acetic anhydride (74 μ L, 0.80 mmol) compound **2e**, a colourless semi-solid (74 mg, 91%) after purification by column chromatography (Hexane:EtOAc, 7:1 to 4:1).

¹**H NMR** (**400 MHz**, **CDCl**₃) δ 6.92 – 6.86 (m, 2H), 6.78 – 6.71 (m, 2H), 5.43 – 5.34 (m, 2H), 5.02 (dd, *J* = 10.5, 3.5 Hz, 1H), 4.85 (d, *J* = 7.9 Hz, 1H), 4.16 (dd, *J* = 11.2, 6.8 Hz, 1H), 4.09 (dd, *J* = 11.2, 6.5 Hz, 1H), 3.94 (t, *J* = 6.1 Hz, 1H), 3.71 (s, 3H), 2.11 (s, 3H), 2.02 (s, 3H), 1.99 (s, 3H), 1.94 (s, 3H). ¹³**C NMR** (**101 MHz**, **CDCl**₃) δ 170.4, 170.3, 170.2, 169.4, 155.8, 151.0, 118.6, 114.6, 100.9, 70.9, 70.9, 68.8, 66.9, 61.3, 55.7, 20.8, 20.7 (2C), 20.6. **HRMS** (**ESI-TOF**) m/z: for [M+NH₄]⁺ calcd for C₂₁H₃₀NO₁₁ : 472.1819; found: 472.1805.



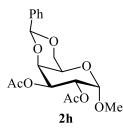
Methyl 2,6-di-*O*-acetyl-3,4-*O*-isopropylidene- α -D-galactopyranoside (2f): Following the *general procedure (A)* glycosyl substrate 1f (50 mg, 0.21 mmol), KF (5 mg, 0.09 mmol), 18-Crown-6 (23 mg, 0.09 mmol) and acetic anhydride (46 μ L, 0.49 mmol) afford compound 2f, a white solid (66 mg, 98%) after purification by column chromatography (Hexane:EtOAc, 7:1 to 5:1).

¹**H** NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 4.85 (dd, J = 8.1, 3.6 Hz, 1H), 4.79 (d, J = 3.6 Hz, 1H), 4.32 (dd, J = 11.7, 4.3 Hz, 1H), 4.29 – 4.22 (m, 2H), 4.16 (dd, J = 5.4, 2.6 Hz, 1H), 4.10 (ddd, J = 7.2, 4.3, 2.5 Hz, 1H), 3.32 (s, 3H), 2.07 (s, 3H), 2.03 (s, 3H), 1.45 (s, 3H), 1.27 (s, 3H). ¹³C NMR (101 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 170.8, 170.5, 110.0, 97.1, 73.4, 73.4, 71.7, 65.5, 63.6, 55.5, 27.8, 26.3, 21.0, 20.8. HRMS (ESI-TOF) m/z: for [M+H]⁺ calcd for C₁₄H₂₃O₈ : 319.1393; found: 319.1375.



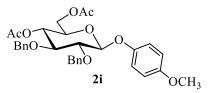
3-O-Acetyl-1,2:5,6-di-*O***-isopropylidene-** α **-D-glucofuranose** (**2g**): Following the *general procedure* (*A*) glycosyl substrate **1g** (100 mg, 0.38 mmol), KF (4 mg, 0.08 mmol), 18-Crown-6 (20 mg, 0.08 mmol) and acetic anhydride (42 μ L, 0.44 mmol) afford compound **2g**, a colourless semi-solid (114 mg, 99%) after purification by column chromatography (Hexane:EtOAc, 6:1 to 3:1).

¹**H NMR** (**400 MHz**, **CDCl**₃) δ 5.81 (d, *J* = 3.7 Hz, 1H), 5.18 (d, *J* = 2.8 Hz, 1H), 4.43 (d, *J* = 3.7 Hz, 1H), 4.18 – 4.11 (m, 2H), 4.03 – 3.93 (m, 2H), 2.04 (s, 3H), 1.45 (s, 3H), 1.34 (s, 3H), 1.26 (s, 3H), 1.24 (s, 3H). ¹³**C NMR** (**101 MHz**, **CDCl**₃) δ 169.6, 112.3, 109.3, 105.0, 83.3, 79.7, 76.1, 72.4, 67.1, 26.8, 26.7, 26.2, 25.3, 20.9. **HRMS** (**ESI-TOF**) m/z: for [M+H]⁺ calcd for C₁₄H₂₃O₈ : 303.1444; found: 303.1428.



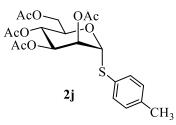
Methyl 2,3-di-*O*-acetyl-4,6-*O*-benzylidene- α -D-galactopyranoside (2h): Following the *general procedure* (*A*) glycosyl substrate 1h (50 mg, 0.18 mmol), KF (4 mg, 0.07 mmol), 18-Crown-6 (19 mg, 0.07 mmol) and acetic anhydride (39 µL, 0.41 mmol) afford compound 2h, a white solid (60 mg, 93%) after purification by column chromatography (Hexane:EtOAc, 6:1 to 3:1).

¹**H NMR** (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.44 (dd, J = 7.6, 2.1 Hz, 2H), 7.35 – 7.24 (m, 3H), 5.45 (s, 1H), 5.35 – 5.20 (m, 2H), 5.02 (d, J = 3.2 Hz, 1H), 4.40 (d, J = 2.0 Hz, 1H), 4.21 (dd, J = 12.5, 1.7 Hz, 1H), 4.00 (dd, J = 12.5, 1.8 Hz, 1H), 3.68 (s, 1H), 3.35 (s, 3H), 2.01 (d, J = 3.3 Hz, 6H). ¹³**C NMR** (101 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 170.7, 170.3, 137.5, 130.2, 129.1, 128.5, 128.2, 126.3, 100.9, 97.8, 73.9, 69.1, 68.6, 68.1, 62.0, 55.6, 21.0, 20.9. **HRMS** (ESI-TOF) m/z: for [M+H]⁺ calcd for C₁₈H₂₃O₈ : 367.1393; found: 367.1370.



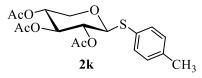
4-Methoxyphenyl 4,6-di-*O*-acetyl-2,3-di-*O*-benzyl-β-D-glucopyranoside (2i): Following the *general procedure* (*A*) glycosyl substrate **1i** (50 mg, 0.11 mmol), KF (3 mg, 0.04 mmol), 18-Crown-6 (12 mg, 0.04 mmol) and acetic anhydride (27 μ L, 0.25 mmol) afford compound **2i**, a white semi-solid (56 mg, 95%) after purification by column chromatography (Hexane:EtOAc, 8:1 to 6:1).

¹**H NMR** (**400 MHz**, **CDCl**₃) δ 7.30 – 7.16 (m, 10H), 6.94 (d, *J* = 9.0 Hz, 2H), 6.76 (d, *J* = 9.2 Hz, 2H), 5.05 – 4.99 (m, 1H), 4.96 (d, *J* = 10.9 Hz, 1H), 4.83 – 4.72 (m, 3H), 4.57 (d, *J* = 11.6 Hz, 1H), 4.17 (dd, *J* = 12.1, 5.7 Hz, 1H), 4.03 (dd, *J* = 12.1, 2.4 Hz, 1H), 3.71 (s, 3H), 3.68 (d, *J* = 7.7 Hz, 1H), 3.63 – 3.55 (m, 2H), 1.99 (s, 3H), 1.86 (s, 3H). ¹³**C NMR** (**101 MHz**, **CDCl**₃) δ 170.8, 169.6, 155.6, 151.3, 138.2, 138.0, 128.5, 128.4, 128.3, 127.9, 127.9, 127.8, 118.6, 114.6, 102.8, 81.8, 81.6, 75.3, 75.2, 72.0, 69.7, 62.5, 55.7, 20.8 (2C). **HRMS** (**ESI-TOF**) m/z: for [M+NH₄]⁺ calcd for C₃₁H₃₈NO₉ : 568.2547; found: 568.2531.



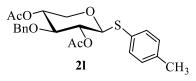
p-Tolyl 2,3,4,6-tetra-*O*-acetyl-1-thio- α -D-mannopyranoside (2j): Following the *general* procedure (A) glycosyl substrate 1j (50 mg, 0.18 mmol), KF (8 mg, 0.14 mmol), 18-Crown-6 (34 mg, 0.14 mmol) and acetic anhydride (76 μ L, 0.80 mmol) afford compound 2j, a white solid (68 mg, 86%) after purification by column chromatography (Hexane:EtOAc, 8:1 to 4:1).

¹**H NMR** (**400 MHz**, **CDCl**₃) δ 7.35 – 7.27 (m, 2H), 7.05 (d, *J* = 7.8 Hz, 2H), 5.46 – 5.40 (m, 1H), 5.34 (d, *J* = 1.7 Hz, 1H), 5.28 – 5.22 (m, 2H), 4.51 – 4.45 (m, 1H), 4.23 (dd, *J* = 12.2, 5.9 Hz, 1H), 4.03 (dd, *J* = 12.2, 2.4 Hz, 1H), 2.26 (s, 3H), 2.07 (s, 3H), 2.00 (d, *J* = 5.1 Hz, 6H), 1.94 (s, 3H). ¹³**C NMR** (**101 MHz**, **CDCl**₃) δ 170.6, 169.9, 169.8, 169.8, 138.5, 132.6, 130.0, 128.8, 86.0, 70.9, 69.4, 69.4, 66.4, 62.5, 21.1, 20.9, 20.7, 20.7, 20.6. **HRMS** (**ESI-TOF**) m/z: for [M+NH₄]⁺ calcd for C₂₁H₃₀NO₉S: 472.1641; found: 472.1607.

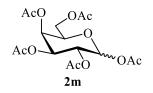


p-Tolyl 2,3,4-Tris-*O*-acetyl-1-thio- α -D-xylopyranoside (2k): Following the *general procedure* (*A*) glycosyl substrate 1k (50 mg, 0.20 mmol), KF (7 mg, 0.12 mmol), 18-Crown-6 (31 mg, 0.12 mmol) and acetic anhydride (64 µL, 0.67 mmol) afford compound 2k, a white solid (65 mg, 88%) after purification by column chromatography (Hexane:EtOAc, 8:1 to 4:1).

¹**H NMR** (**400 MHz**, **CDCl**₃) δ 7.30 (d, *J* = 7.8 Hz, 2H), 7.05 (d, *J* = 8.3 Hz, 2H), 5.10 (t, *J* = 8.3 Hz, 1H), 4.88 – 4.78 (m, 2H), 4.64 (d, *J* = 8.8 Hz, 1H), 4.18 (dd, *J* = 11.7, 4.9 Hz, 1H), 3.32 (dd, *J* = 11.7, 9.3 Hz, 1H), 2.26 (s, 3H), 2.02 (s, 3H), 1.96 (d, *J* = 1.5 Hz, 6H). ¹³**C NMR** (**101 MHz**, **CDCl**₃) δ 170.0, 169.8, 169.4, 138.6, 133.5, 133.2, 132.5, 132.3, 129.8, 128.1, 86.4, 72.3, 69.8, 68.5, 65.4, 21.2, 20.8, 20.7. **HRMS** (**ESI-TOF**) m/z: for [M+Na]⁺ calcd for C₁₈H₂₂O₇SNa : 405.0984; found: 405.0959.

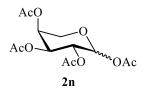


p-Tolyl 2,4-di-*O*-acetyl-3-*O*-benzyl-1-thio-β-D-xylopyranoside (2l): Following the *general procedure* (*A*) glycosyl substrate 1l (50 mg, 0.14 mmol), KF (3 mg, 0.06 mmol), 18-Crown-6 (15 mg, 0.06 mmol) and acetic anhydride (31 µL, 0.33 mmol) afford compound 2l, a white solid (57 mg, 92%) after purification by column chromatography (Hexane:EtOAc, 8:1 to 4:1). ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.40 – 7.36 (m, 2H), 7.36 – 7.26 (m, 5H), 7.14 – 7.07 (m, 2H), 5.06 (t, *J* = 6.1 Hz, 1H), 4.94 – 4.83 (m, 2H), 4.70 (q, *J* = 11.9 Hz, 2H), 4.42 (dd, *J* = 12.2, 3.9 Hz, 1H), 3.70 (t, *J* = 6.2 Hz, 1H), 3.46 (dd, *J* = 12.1, 6.3 Hz, 1H), 2.33 (s, 3H), 2.06 (s, 3H), 2.04 (s, 3H). ¹³C NMR (101 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 169.9, 169.5, 137.9, 137.6, 132.4, 130.2, 129.7, 128.5, 127.9, 127.7, 86.4, 76.4, 73.4, 70.3, 69.5, 63.0, 21.1, 21.0, 21.0. HRMS (ESI-TOF) m/z: for [M+Na]⁺ calcd for C₂₃H₂₆O₆SNa : 453.1348; found: 453.1331.



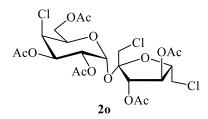
1,2,3,4,6-Penta-*O***-acetyl-D-galactopyranoside** (**2m**): Following the *general procedure* (*A*) D-galactose **1m** (50 mg, 0.28 mmol), KF (16 mg, 0.28 mmol), 18-Crown-6 (73 mg, 0.28 mmol) and acetic anhydride (150 μ L, 1.60 mmol) afford compound **2m**, a white solid (90 mg, 83%) after purification by column chromatography (Hexane:EtOAc, 6:1 to 3:1).

¹**H NMR** (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 6.02 (d, J = 2.0 Hz, 1H), 5.80 (d, J = 1.2 Hz, 0H), 5.32 – 5.24 (m, 2H), 5.21 – 5.17 (m, 1H), 5.07 (dd, J = 9.9, 3.3 Hz, 0H), 4.25 – 4.19 (m, 1H), 4.18 – 4.14 (m, 1H), 4.05 (d, J = 2.5 Hz, 1H), 4.03 – 3.98 (m, 1H), 3.74 (ddd, J = 9.8, 5.3, 2.4 Hz, 0H), 3.65 – 3.60 (m, 1H), 2.15 (s, 1H), 2.11 (d, J = 3.2 Hz, 6H), 2.04 (s, 1H), 2.03 (s, 3H), 2.01 (s, 1H), 1.99 (s, 3H), 1.94 (s, 3H). ¹³**C NMR** (101 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 170.3, 170.1, 169.9, 169.3, 168.9, 92.1, 89.6, 71.6, 70.7, 68.7, 67.8, 67.4, 67.3, 66.8, 66.4, 61.2, 61.0, 20.8, 20.7, 20.6, 20.6, 20.5. Spectroscopic data was in agreement with previously reported data.^[10]



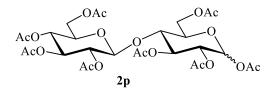
1,2,3,4-Tetra-*O***-acetyl-D-arabinopyranoside (2n):** Following the *general procedure (A)* D-arabinose **1n** (50 mg, 0.33 mmol), KF (15 mg, 0.27 mmol), 18-Crown-6 (70 mg, 0.27 mmol) and acetic anhydride (144 μ L, 1.53 mmol) afford compound **2n**, a white solid (91 mg, 86%) after purification by column chromatography (Hexane:EtOAc, 6:1 to 3:1).

¹**H NMR** (**400 MHz**, **CDCl**₃) δ 6.28 (d, *J* = 3.2 Hz, 1H), 6.13 (s, 0H), 5.32 (dq, *J* = 3.7, 1.2 Hz, 1H), 5.29 (q, *J* = 1.6 Hz, 1H), 5.15 (d, *J* = 2.3 Hz, 0H), 5.04 (dd, *J* = 9.0, 3.5 Hz, 0H), 4.98 (s, 0H), 4.34 – 4.25 (m, 1H), 4.16 (s, 0H), 4.04 – 3.97 (m, 1H), 3.80 – 3.70 (m, 1H), 2.09 (d, *J* = 1.1 Hz, 5H), 2.08 (s, 1H), 2.06 (d, *J* = 3.8 Hz, 3H), 2.04 (d, *J* = 1.7 Hz, 1H), 2.02 (d, *J* = 2.7 Hz, 1H), 2.00 (s, 1H), 1.98 (s, 1H), 1.96 (s, 5H). ¹³**C NMR** (**101 MHz**, **CDCl**₃) δ 170.3, 170.2, 169.9, 169.1, 107.0, 99.3, 92.1, 90.2, 80.5, 68.5, 67.0, 66.7, 62.8, 20.9, 20.9, 20.7, 20.6. **HRMS** (**ESI-TOF**) m/z: for [M+Na]⁺ calcd for C₁₃H₁₈O₉Na : 341.0849; found: 341.0824.



5-*O*-(**2**,**3**,**6**-**Ti**-*O*-acetyl-4-chloro-4-deoxy-α-D-galactopyranosyl)-2,3-di-*O*-acetyl-1,6dichloro-1,6-dideoxy-β-D-fructofuranoside (**2o**): Following the *general procedure* (*A*) Sucralose (**1o**) (50 mg, 0.13mmol), KF (7 mg, 0.13 mmol), 18-Crown-6 (33 mg, 0.13 mmol) and acetic anhydride (69 μ L, 0.724 mmol) afford compound **2o**, a white semi-solid (63 mg, 85%) after purification by column chromatography (Hexane:EtOAc, 6:1 to 3:1).

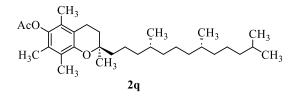
¹**H NMR** (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 5.65 – 5.59 (m, 2H), 5.34 (t, *J* = 6.4 Hz, 1H), 5.26 – 5.19 (m, 2H), 4.54 – 4.46 (m, 2H), 4.17 (dt, *J* = 6.2, 3.2 Hz, 3H), 3.70 (d, *J* = 5.3 Hz, 2H), 3.65 (d, *J* = 12.1 Hz, 1H), 3.53 (d, *J* = 12.1 Hz, 1H), 2.08 (s, 3H), 2.06 (s, 3H), 2.05 (s, 3H), 2.03 (d, *J* = 3.4 Hz, 6H). ¹³**C NMR** (101 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 170.4, 170.2, 170.1, 169.8, 169.6, 104.4, 90.7, 80.8, 76.1, 75.9, 68.0, 67.8, 66.9, 63.6, 59.0, 44.5, 43.9, 20.8, 20.7 (2C), 20.7, 20.5. HRMS (ESI-TOF) m/z: for [M+NH₄]⁺ calcd for C₂₂H₃₃Cl₃NO₁₃: 624.0995; found: 624.0982.



1,2,3,6-Tetra-O-acetyl-4-O-(2,3,4,6-tetra-O-acetyl-β-D-glucopyranosyl)-D-

glucopyranoside (**2p**): Following the *general procedure* (*A*) cellobiose (**1p**) (50 mg, 0.15mmol), KF (14 mg, 0.23 mmol), 18-Crown-6 (62 mg, 0.23 mmol) and acetic anhydride (127 μ L, 1.34 mmol) afford compound **2p**, a white solid (81 mg, 82%) after purification by column chromatography (Hexane:EtOAc, 3:1 to 1:1).

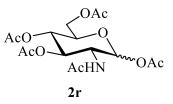
¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 5.60 (d, J = 8.3 Hz, 1H), 5.20 – 5.13 (m, 1H), 5.08 (t, J = 9.4 Hz, 1H), 5.03 – 4.94 (m, 2H), 4.89 – 4.82 (m, 1H), 4.48 – 4.39 (m, 2H), 4.30 (dd, J = 12.5, 4.5 Hz, 1H), 4.05 (dd, J = 12.2, 4.7 Hz, 1H), 3.98 (dd, J = 12.5, 2.3 Hz, 1H), 3.80 – 3.73 (m, 1H), 3.69 (ddd, J = 9.9, 4.7, 2.0 Hz, 1H), 3.61 (ddd, J = 9.8, 4.5, 2.3 Hz, 1H), 2.06 (s, 3H), 2.03 (d, J = 1.3 Hz, 6H), 1.96 (d, J = 1.7 Hz, 9H), 1.94 (s, 3H), 1.91 (s, 3H). ¹³C NMR (101 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 170.5, 170.2, 170.2, 169.6, 169.5, 169.3, 169.0, 168.8, 100.6, 91.5, 75.8, 73.5, 72.8, 72.3, 71.9, 71.5, 70.4, 67.8, 61.6, 61.5, 20.8, 20.8, 20.6, 20.5 (3C), 20.4, 20.4. Spectroscopic data was in agreement with previously reported data.^[11]



(**R**)-2,5,7,8-Tetramethyl-2-((4**R**,8**R**)-4,8,12-trimethyltridecyl)chroman-6-yl acetate (2q): Following the *general procedure* (*A*) tocopherol (1**r**) (100 mg, 0.23mmol), KF (3 mg, 0.05 mmol), 18-Crown-6 (12 mg, 0.05 mmol) and acetic anhydride (25 μ L, 0.27 mmol) afford compound 2**q**, a colourless semi-solid (99 mg, 91%) after purification by column chromatography (Hexane:EtOAc, 6:1 to 4:1).

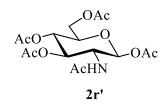
¹**H** NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 2.50 (t, J = 6.8 Hz, 2H), 2.23 (s, 3H), 2.01 (s, 3H), 1.93 (s, 3H), 1.89 (s, 3H), 1.75 – 1.60 (m, 2H), 1.44 (dt, J = 13.3, 6.6 Hz, 3H), 1.31 (tdd, J = 14.6, 10.7, 4.1 Hz, 4H), 1.25 – 1.10 (m, 11H), 1.09 – 0.95 (m, 6H), 0.82 – 0.73 (m, 12H). ¹³C NMR (101 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 169.7, 149.5, 140.6, 126.7, 124.9, 123.1, 117.4, 75.1, 39.5, 37.6, 37.5, 37.4, 32.9, 32.8, 32.8, 31.1, 28.0, 24.9, 24.5, 22.8, 22.7, 21.1, 20.7, 20.6, 19.8, 19.8, 19.7, 19.7,

19.7, 13.0, 12.2, 11.9. **HRMS (ESI-TOF)** m/z: for [M+NH₄]⁺ calcd for C₃₁H₅₆NO₃: 490.4260; found: 490.4244.



1,3,4,6-Tetra-*O*-acetyl-2-acetamido-2-deoxy-D-glucopyranoside (2r): Following the *general procedure (A)* D-glucosamine hydrochloride (1u) (100 mg, 0.46 mmol), KF (22 mg, 0.37 mmol), 18-Crown-6 (98 mg, 0.37 mmol) and acetic anhydride (240 μ L, 2.55 mmol) afford compound 2r, a colourless semi-solid (167 mg, 93%, α : β = 1:5) after purification by column chromatography (Hexane:EtOAc, 2:1 to 1:2).

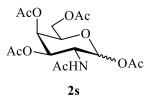
¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 6.30 (d, J = 9.6 Hz, 1H), 6.10 (d, J = 3.7 Hz, 1H), 5.93 (d, J = 9.0 Hz, 1H), 5.66 (d, J = 8.8 Hz, 1H), 5.22 – 5.11 (m, 2H), 5.04 (d, J = 9.5 Hz, 2H), 4.46 – 4.38 (m, 1H), 4.26 – 4.21 (m, 1H), 4.18 (dd, J = 12.5, 4.0 Hz, 1H), 4.05 (dd, J = 12.3, 2.3 Hz, 1H), 4.02 – 3.94 (m, 2H), 3.78 (dd, J = 9.6, 2.3 Hz, 2H), 3.67 – 3.59 (m, 1H), 2.13 (s, 3H), 2.05 (s, 1H), 2.02 (s, 3H), 2.01 (s, 1H), 1.98 (d, J = 2.1 Hz, 6H), 1.97 (s, 1H), 1.87 (d, J = 2.4 Hz, 3H). ¹³C NMR (101 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 171.5, 170.7, 170.3, 170.2, 169.4, 169.3, 169.1, 168.7, 92.4, 90.6, 72.6, 72.6, 70.5, 70.5, 69.6, 69.0, 67.9, 67.6, 63.6, 61.7, 61.5, 52.7, 50.9, 23.0, 22.9, 20.9, 20.9, 20.7, 20.6, 20.5. Spectroscopic data was in agreement with previously reported data.^[12]



Following the *general procedure* (*A*) N-acetyl-D-glucosamine (**1v**) (100 mg, 0.45mmol), KF (21 mg, 0.36 mmol), 18-Crown-6 (96 mg, 0.36 mmol) and acetic anhydride (192 μ L, 2.03 mmol) afford compound **2r'**, a colourless semi-solid (170 mg, 97%) after purification by column chromatography (Hexane:EtOAc, 2:1 to 1:2).

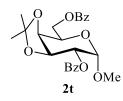
¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 6.10 (d, J = 3.7 Hz, 1H), 5.89 (d, J = 9.0 Hz, 1H), 5.20 – 5.08 (m, 2H), 4.42 (ddd, J = 10.7, 9.1, 3.7 Hz, 1H), 4.18 (dd, J = 12.5, 4.1 Hz, 1H), 4.02 – 3.94 (m, 2H), 2.12 (s, 3H), 2.02 (s, 3H), 1.98 (d, J = 2.5 Hz, 6H), 1.87 (s, 3H). ¹³C NMR (101 MHz, 2H), 2.12 (s, 3H), 2.02 (s, 3H), 1.98 (d, J = 2.5 Hz, 6H), 1.87 (s, 3H).

CDCl₃) δ 171.5, 170.6, 170.1, 169.1, 168.7, 90.6, 90.6, 90.6, 70.6, 69.6, 67.6, 61.5, 50.9, 22.9, 20.8, 20.6 (2C), 20.5. Spectroscopic data was in agreement with previously reported data.^[12]



1,3,4,6-Tetra-*O***-acetyl-2-acetamido-2-deoxy-D-galactopyranoside** (2s): Following the *general procedure* (*A*) D-galactosamine hydrochloride (**1w**) (100 mg, 0.46 mmol), KF (22 mg, 0.37 mmol), 18-Crown-6 (98 mg, 0.37 mmol) and acetic anhydride (240 μ L, 2.55 mmol) afford compound **2s**, a white semi-solid (177 mg, 98%, $\alpha:\beta = 1:5$) after purification by column chromatography (Hexane:EtOAc, 2:1 to 1:2).

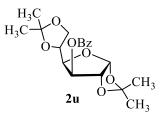
¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 6.17 – 6.09 (m, 1H), 6.04 – 6.00 (m, 1H), 5.65 (dd, J = 9.0, 4.2 Hz, 1H), 5.36 (dd, J = 3.1, 1.4 Hz, 1H), 5.27 (dd, J = 9.0, 7.2 Hz, 1H), 5.18 – 5.07 (m, 1H), 4.70 – 4.64 (m, 1H), 4.18 – 4.13 (m, 2H), 4.08 – 3.95 (m, 2H), 3.65 – 3.59 (m, 1H), 2.11 (s, 3H), 2.07 (d, J = 0.7 Hz, 2H), 2.04 (dd, J = 5.3, 0.7 Hz, 4H), 2.01 (s, 3H), 1.99 (s, 3H), 1.98 – 1.95 (m, 3H), 1.92 (s, 3H), 1.89 (s, 1H). ¹³C NMR (101 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 171.1, 170.9, 170.5, 170.3, 170.2, 170.0, 169.1, 168.9, 94.0, 91.3, 78.6, 73.9, 70.6, 70.5, 70.3, 69.1, 68.5, 67.8, 66.7, 63.6, 62.1, 61.3, 56.2, 46.9, 23.1, 23.0, 21.1, 20.9, 20.8, 20.7, 20.7, 20.6. Spectroscopic data was in agreement with previously reported data.^[13]



Methyl 2,6-di-*O*-benzoyl-3,4-*O*-isopropylidene-α-D-galactopyranoside (2t): Following the *general procedure (B)* glycosyl substrate **1f** (50 mg, 0.21 mmol), KF (5 mg, 0.09 mmol), 18-Crown-6 (23 mg, 0.09 mmol) and benzoic anhydride (111 mg, 0.49 mmol) afford compound **2t**, a white solid (81 mg, 86%) after purification by column chromatography (Hexane:EtOAc, 6:1 to 3:1).

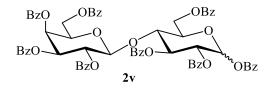
¹**H** NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 8.02 (ddd, *J* = 9.4, 8.4, 1.3 Hz, 4H), 7.53 – 7.47 (m, 2H), 7.38 (td, *J* = 7.6, 5.1 Hz, 4H), 5.11 (dd, *J* = 8.1, 3.6 Hz, 1H), 4.95 (d, *J* = 3.5 Hz, 1H), 4.61 – 4.52

(m, 2H), 4.49 - 4.46 (m, 1H), 4.35 - 4.28 (m, 2H), 3.31 (s, 3H), 1.50 (s, 3H), 1.30 (s, 3H). ¹³C **NMR (101 MHz, CDCl₃)** δ 166.5, 166.1, 133.3, 133.2, 130.0, 129.7, 129.7, 128.5, 128.4, 110.2, 97.3, 73.6, 72.3, 65.7, 64.1, 55.6, 28.0, 26.4. **HRMS (ESI-TOF)** m/z: for [M+K]⁺ calcd for C₂₄H₂₆O₈K: 481.1265; found: 481.1244.



3-O-Benzoyl-1,2:5,6-di-O-isopropylidene-α-D-glucofuranose (**2u**): Following the *general procedure* (*B*) glycosyl substrate **1g** (100 mg, 0.38 mmol), KF (4 mg, 0.08 mmol), 18-Crown-6 (20 mg, 0.08 mmol) and benzoic anhydride (100 mg, 0.44 mmol) afford compound **2u**, a white solid (128 mg, 92%) after purification by column chromatography (Hexane:EtOAc, 6:1 to 3:1).

1H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl3) δ 7.95 (d, J = 8.4 Hz, 2H), 7.54 – 7.49 (m, 1H), 7.38 (t, J = 7.6 Hz, 2H), 5.88 (d, J = 3.7 Hz, 1H), 5.43 (d, J = 2.8 Hz, 1H), 4.56 (d, J = 3.8 Hz, 1H), 4.33 – 4.24 (m, 2H), 4.07 – 3.98 (m, 2H), 1.48 (s, 3H), 1.34 (s, 3H), 1.24 (s, 3H), 1.19 (s, 3H). ¹³C **NMR (101 MHz, CDCl3)** δ 165.2, 133.5, 129.7, 128.6, 112.4, 109.4, 105.2, 105.2, 83.4, 80.0, 76.6, 72.6, 67.3, 26.8, 26.8, 26.2, 25.2. **HRMS (ESI-TOF)** m/z: for [M+Na]⁺ calcd for C₁₉H₂₄O₇Na: 387.1420; found: 387.1400.

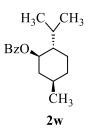


1,2,3,6-Tetra-O-benzoyl-4-O-(2,3,4,6-tetra-O-benzoyl-β-D-galactopyranosyl)-D-

glucopyranoside (**2v**): Following the *general procedure* (*B*) disaccharide lactose (**1s**) (50 mg, 0.15mmol), KF (14 mg, 0.23 mmol), 18-Crown-6 (62 mg, 0.23 mmol) and benzoic anhydride (397 mg, 1.75 mmol) afford compound **2v**, a white semi-solid (135 mg, 79%) at 60 °C after purification by column chromatography (Hexane:EtOAc, 3:1 to 1:1).

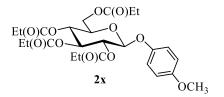
¹**H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl**₃) δ 8.09 – 7.78 (m, 1H), 7.67 (dt, *J* = 8.6, 4.4 Hz, 1H), 7.58 – 7.49 (m, 1H), 7.49 – 7.23 (m, 1H), 7.19 – 7.07 (m, 1H), 6.51 (d, *J* = 3.8 Hz, 1H), 5.96 (s, 1H), 5.94

- 5.82 (m, 1H), 5.78 - 5.65 (m, 1H), 5.58 - 5.45 (m, 1H), 5.33 (ddd, J = 21.8, 10.1, 3.5 Hz, 1H), 5.01 (dd, J = 17.1, 8.0 Hz, 1H), 4.69 - 4.57 (m, 1H), 4.50 - 4.32 (m, 1H), 4.18 - 4.08 (m, 1H), 3.94 (dd, J = 8.7, 5.0 Hz, 1H), 3.77 (dd, J = 5.5, 4.2 Hz, 1H), 3.66 (s, 1H). ¹³C NMR (101 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 171.2, 166.2, 165.6 - 165.1 (m), 164.4, 163.8, 133.9, 133.7, 133.5, 133.3, 132.9, 130.5 - 129.4 (m), 129.3 - 129.0 (m), 128.9 - 128.6 (m), 128.6 - 128.1 (m), 102.4, 82.1, 73.5, 73.0, 72.6, 71.6, 70.9, 70.4, 64.1, 62.9, 62.0, 61.7, 61.7. HRMS (ESI-TOF) m/z: for [M+NH₄]⁺ calcd for C₆₈H₅₈NO₁₉: 1192.3603; found: 1192.3602.



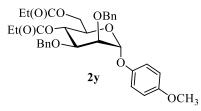
(2S,5R)-2-Isopropyl-5-methylcyclohexyl benzoate (2w): Following the *general procedure* (*B*) l-menthol 1q (100 mg, 0.64 mmol), KF (7 mg, 0.13 mmol), 18-Crown-6 (34 mg, 0.13 mmol) and benzoic anhydride (166 mg, 0.74 mmol) afford compound 2w, a colourless semisolid (96 mg, 58%) after purification by column chromatography (Hexane:EtOAc, 11:1 to 8:1).

¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 8.14 – 8.01 (m, 2H), 7.63 – 7.53 (m, 1H), 7.51 – 7.42 (m, 2H), 4.96 (td, J = 10.9, 4.4 Hz, 1H), 2.16 (dtd, J = 12.0, 4.2, 1.8 Hz, 1H), 1.99 (pd, J = 7.0, 2.7 Hz, 1H), 1.81 – 1.72 (m, 2H), 1.59 (ddt, J = 9.7, 6.3, 2.2 Hz, 2H), 1.22 – 1.09 (m, 2H), 0.95 (dd, J = 6.8, 4.3 Hz, 6H), 0.82 (d, J = 7.0 Hz, 3H). ¹³C NMR (101 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 166.1, 132.7, 130.9, 129.6, 128.3, 74.8, 47.3, 41.0, 34.3, 31.5, 26.5, 23.6, 22.1, 20.8, 16.5. HRMS (ESI-TOF) m/z: for [M+Na]⁺ calcd for C₁₇H₂₄O₂Na: 283.1674; found: 283.1661.



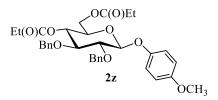
4-Methoxyphenyl 2,3,4,6-tetra-*O*-**propionyl**-β-D-glucopyranoside (2x): Following the *general procedure* (*A*) glycosyl substrate **1a** (50 mg, 0.18 mmol), KF (8 mg, 0.14 mmol), 18-Crown-6 (37 mg, 0.14 mmol) and propionic anhydride (103 μL, 0.80 mmol) afford compound **2x**, a yellowish semi-solid (78 mg, 88%) after purification by column chromatography (Hexane:EtOAc, 7:1 to 4:1).

¹**H NMR** (**400 MHz**, **CDCl**₃) ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 6.88 (d, J = 9.2 Hz, 2H), 6.74 (d, J = 9.2 Hz, 2H), 5.47 – 5.32 (m, 2H), 5.05 (dd, J = 10.4, 3.4 Hz, 1H), 4.87 (d, J = 8.1 Hz, 1H), 4.18 – 4.10 (m, 2H), 3.98 (t, J = 6.7 Hz, 1H), 3.70 (s, 3H), 2.40 (dq, J = 7.6, 3.9 Hz, 2H), 2.29 – 2.16 (m, 6H), 1.13 (d, J = 7.6 Hz, 2H), 1.10 – 1.00 (m, 10H). ¹³C NMR (101 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 173.8 (2C), 173.4, 173.0, 155.7, 151.1, 118.6, 114.5, 100.9, 71.1, 70.8, 68.7, 66.8, 61.3, 55.7, 27.5, 27.4, 27.3, 27.3, 9.3 (2C), 9.0, 8.8. HRMS (ESI-TOF) m/z: for [M+NH₄]⁺ calcd for C₂₅H₃₈NO₁₁: 528.2445; found: 528.2430.



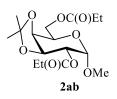
4-Methoxyphenyl 4,6-di-*O*-**propionyl-2,3-di**-*O*-**benzyl-α**-**D**-mannopyranoside (**2y**): Following the *general procedure* (*A*) glycosyl substrate **1t** (50 mg, 0.11 mmol), KF (3 mg, 0.04 mmol), 18-Crown-6 (12 mg, 0.04 mmol) and propionic anhydride (31 μ L, 0.25 mmol) afford compound **2y**, a white semi-solid (58 mg, 93%) after purification by column chromatography (Hexane:EtOAc, 8:1 to 5:1).

¹**H NMR** (**400 MHz, CDCl**₃) δ 7.31 – 7.18 (m, 10H), 6.95 – 6.86 (m, 2H), 6.75 – 6.70 (m, 2H), 5.46 – 5.35 (m, 2H), 4.74 (d, *J* = 12.2 Hz, 1H), 4.67 – 4.55 (m, 2H), 4.51 – 4.42 (m, 1H), 4.14 – 3.99 (m, 2H), 3.98 – 3.85 (m, 3H), 3.69 (s, 3H), 2.29 – 2.13 (m, 4H), 1.02 (dt, *J* = 17.5, 7.5 Hz, 6H). ¹³**C NMR** (**101 MHz, CDCl**₃) δ 174.2, 173.2, 155.1, 150.1, 138.1, 138.0, 128.4, 128.3, 127.9, 127.9, 127.8, 127.7, 127.6, 127.5, 117.8, 117.7, 114.6, 97.5, 74.2, 73.1, 72.2, 71.7, 69.9, 67.7, 62.7, 55.7, 55.6, 27.6, 27.6, 27.4, 9.1, 8.9. **HRMS** (**ESI-TOF**) m/z: for [M+NH₄]⁺ calcd for C₃₃H₄₂NO₉: 596.2860; found: 596.2853.



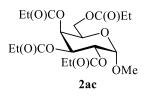
4-Methoxyphenyl 4,6-di-*O*-**propionyl-2,3-di**-*O*-**benzyl-β-D**-glucopyranoside (2z): Following the *general procedure (A)* glycosyl substrate **1i** (50 mg, 0.11 mmol), KF (3 mg, 0.04 mmol), 18-Crown-6 (12 mg, 0.04 mmol) and propionic anhydride (31 μL, 0.25 mmol) afford compound **2z**, a white semi-solid (60 mg, 96%) after purification by column chromatography (Hexane:EtOAc, 8:1 to 5:1).

¹**H NMR** (**400 MHz**, **CDCl**₃) δ 7.34 – 7.11 (m, 10H), 6.99 – 6.87 (m, 2H), 6.80 – 6.68 (m, 2H), 5.09 – 5.00 (m, 1H), 4.96 (d, *J* = 11.0 Hz, 1H), 4.85 – 4.70 (m, 3H), 4.56 (d, *J* = 11.5 Hz, 1H), 4.15 (dd, *J* = 12.2, 6.1 Hz, 1H), 4.05 (dd, *J* = 12.1, 2.4 Hz, 1H), 3.70 (s, 4H), 3.63 – 3.56 (m, 2H), 2.32 – 2.22 (m, 2H), 2.20 – 2.03 (m, 2H), 1.03 (dt, *J* = 22.3, 7.5 Hz, 6H). ¹³**C NMR** (**101 MHz**, **CDCl**₃) δ 174.1, 173.0, 155.5, 151.4, 138.2, 138.1, 128.5, 128.4, 128.3, 127.9, 127.7, 127.7, 118.5, 114.6, 102.8, 81.8, 75.3, 75.2, 72.2, 69.6, 62.5, 55.7, 27.5, 27.4, 9.0 (2C). **HRMS (ESI-TOF)** m/z: for [M+NH4]⁺ calcd for C₃₃H₄₂NO₉: 596.2860; found: 596.2854.



Methyl 2,6-di-*O*-propionyl-3,4-*O*-isopropylidene- α -D-galactopyranoside (2ab): Following the *general procedure (A)* glycosyl substrate 1f (50 mg, 0.21 mmol), KF (5 mg, 0.09 mmol), 18-Crown-6 (23 mg, 0.09 mmol) and propionic anhydride (63 µL, 0.49 mmol) afford compound 2ab, a white solid (72 mg, 98%) after purification by column chromatography (Hexane:EtOAc, 7:1 to 5:1).

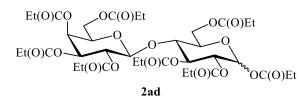
¹**H NMR** (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 4.86 (dd, J = 8.1, 3.6 Hz, 1H), 4.78 (d, J = 3.7 Hz, 1H), 4.33 (dd, J = 11.6, 4.4 Hz, 1H), 4.26 (td, J = 7.9, 3.0 Hz, 2H), 4.16 (dd, J = 5.4, 2.5 Hz, 1H), 4.10 (ddd, J = 7.3, 4.4, 2.5 Hz, 1H), 3.31 (s, 3H), 2.38 – 2.26 (m, 4H), 1.45 (s, 3H), 1.27 (s, 3H), 1.09 (td, J = 7.5, 3.5 Hz, 6H).¹³**C NMR** (101 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 174.1, 174.0, 110.0, 97.1, 73.5, 73.4, 71.5, 65.5, 63.4, 55.4, 27.8, 27.5, 27.4, 26.3, 9.1, 8.9. HRMS (ESI-TOF) m/z: for [M+NH₄]⁺ calcd for C₁₆H₃₀NO₈: 364.1971; found: 364.1955.



Methyl 2,3,4,6-tetra-*O*-**propionyl**- α -**D**-**galactopyranoside** (**2ac**): Following the *general procedure* (*A*) glycosyl substrate **1b** (50 mg, 0.26 mmol), KF (12 mg, 0.21 mmol), 18-Crown-6 (54 mg, 0.21 mmol) and propionic anhydride (151 µL, 1.18 mmol) afford compound **2ac**, a

colourless semi-solid (90 mg, 84%) after purification by column chromatography (Hexane:EtOAc, 7:1 to 4:1).

¹**H** NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 5.41 (dd, J = 3.4, 1.5 Hz, 1H), 5.31 (dd, J = 10.8, 3.4 Hz, 1H), 5.11 (dd, J = 10.9, 3.7 Hz, 1H), 4.92 (d, J = 3.7 Hz, 1H), 4.18 – 4.12 (m, 1H), 4.05 (d, J = 6.4 Hz, 2H), 3.34 (s, 3H), 2.38 – 2.24 (m, 6H), 2.15 (q, J = 7.3 Hz, 2H), 1.13 – 1.00 (m, 12H). ¹³C NMR (101 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 173.8 (2C), 173.6, 173.2, 97.3, 68.0, 67.9, 67.5, 66.2, 61.6, 55.4, 27.4 (2C), 27.3, 27.1, 9.2, 9.0, 8.9, 8.8. HRMS (ESI-TOF) m/z: for [M+NH₄]⁺ calcd for C₁₉H₃₄NO₁₀: 436.2183; found: 436.2199.

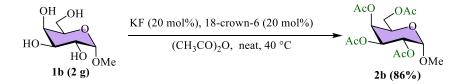


1,2,3,6-Tetra-*O***-propionyl-4-***O***-(2,3,4,6-tetra-***O***-propionyl-β-D-galactopyranosyl)-D-glucopyranoside (2ad)**: Following the *general procedure (A)* disaccharide lactose (**1r**) (50 mg, 0.15 mmol), KF (14 mg, 0.23 mmol), 18-Crown-6 (62 mg, 0.23 mmol) and propionic anhydride (172 μL, 1.34 mmol) afford compound **2ad**, a colourless semi-solid (95 mg, 82%)

at 60 °C after purification by column chromatography (Hexane:EtOAc, 3:1 to 1:1).

¹**H** NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 6.18 (d, *J* = 3.7 Hz, 1H), 5.58 (d, *J* = 8.5 Hz, 0H), 5.34 (ddd, *J* = 5.0, 3.4, 1.1 Hz, 1H), 5.21 (dt, *J* = 10.4, 8.1 Hz, 1H), 5.00 – 4.89 (m, 2H), 4.50 (dd, *J* = 9.2, 8.0 Hz, 1H), 4.26 – 4.20 (m, 2H), 4.17 (ddd, *J* = 5.9, 3.6, 1.0 Hz, 1H), 4.12 – 4.05 (m, 2H), 4.02 – 3.88 (m, 3H), 3.74 (dd, *J* = 9.6, 8.3 Hz, 1H), 3.68 – 3.62 (m, 1H), 3.59 (d, *J* = 3.1 Hz, 1H), 3.52 (ddd, *J* = 9.9, 8.4, 2.6 Hz, 1H), 2.45 – 2.05 (m, 16H), 1.21 – 0.95 (m, 24H). ¹³C NMR (101 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 174.0 (3C), 173.2 (3C), 172.7, 172.4, 102.0, 101.9, 91.6, 89.0, 82.1, 82.0, 73.2, 72.7, 71.6, 71.1, 70.8, 70.5, 69.6, 69.6, 68.6, 68.5, 66.7, 62.0, 61.9, 61.7, 27.5, 27.4, 27.4 (2C), 27.3, 27.2 (2C), 27.0, 9.2, 9.1, 9.1, 9.0, 9.0, 8.9, 8.8, 8.7. HRMS (ESI-TOF) m/z: for [M+NH₄]⁺ calcd for C₃₆H₅₈NO₁₉: 808.3603; found: 808.3602.

Gram scale reaction:



For gram scale reaction, following the general procedure (A) carbohydrate substrate **1b** (2 g, 10.30 mmol), KF (0.48 g, 8.24 mmol), 18-Crown-6 (2.18 g, 8.24 mmol) and acetic anhydride (4.5 mL, 47.38 mmol) afford compound **2b**, a colourless semi-solid (3.1 g, 86%).

Catalyst recovery and reuse for acylation:

After completion of the reaction, the mixture was added to water (20 mL) and extracted with ethyl acetate (20 mL). The combined organic layers were concentrated under reduced pressure and purified by column chromatography to give the desired product. The aqueous phase was evaporated and dried under vacuum to recover the catalyst (KF and 18-Crown-6 mixture). Then, carbohydrate substrate **1b** (2 g, 10.30 mmol) and acetic anhydride (4.5 mL, 47.38 mmol) were added to the recovered catalyst and we obtained compound **2b**, a colourless semi-solid (2.9 g, 81%) after 12 hours by purifying through column chromatography (Hexane:EtOAc, 7:1 to 4:1).

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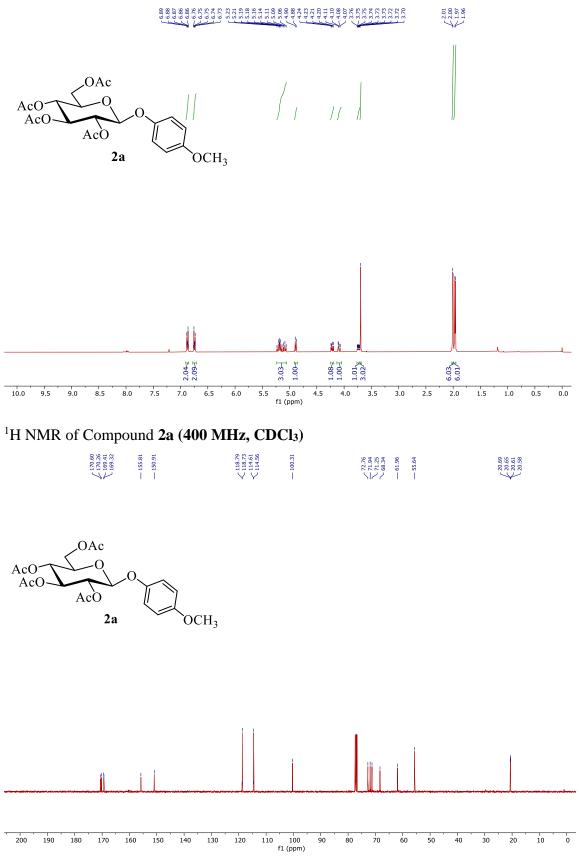
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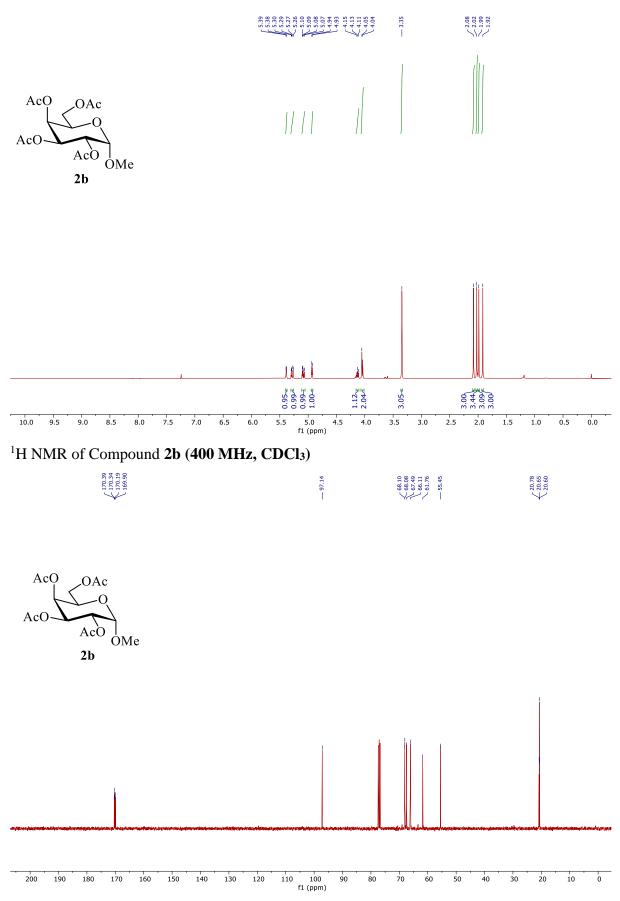
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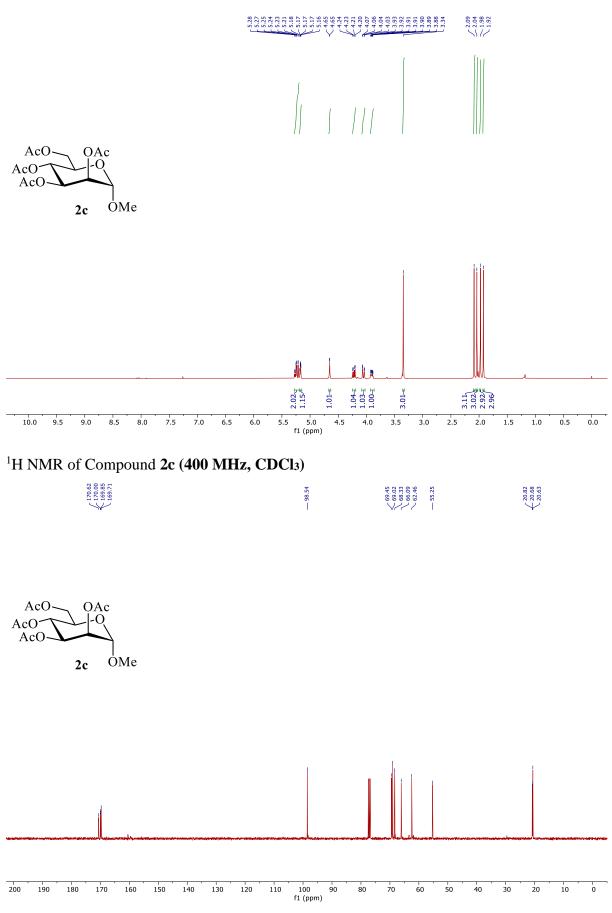
Spectra:



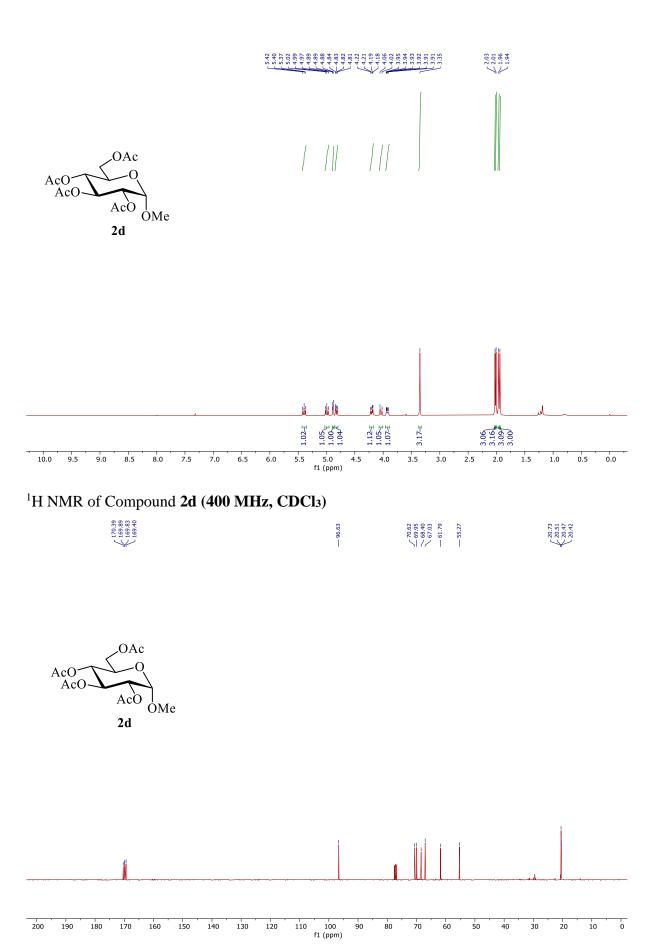
¹³C NMR of Compound 2a (101 MHz, CDCl₃)



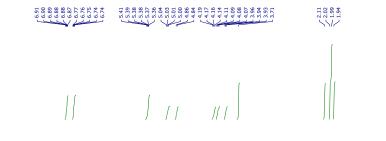
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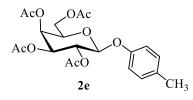


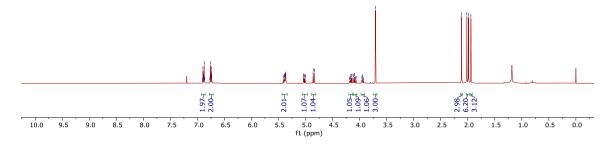
¹³C NMR of Compound 2c (101 MHz, CDCl₃)



¹³C NMR of Compound 2d (101 MHz, CDCl₃)

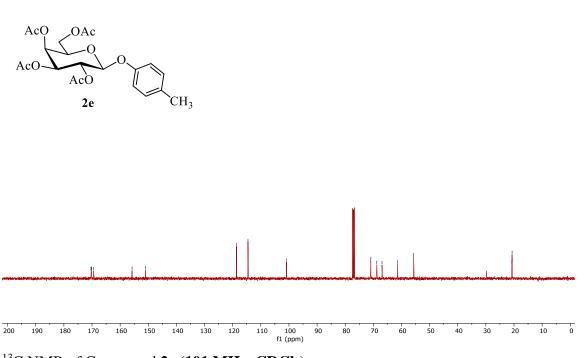




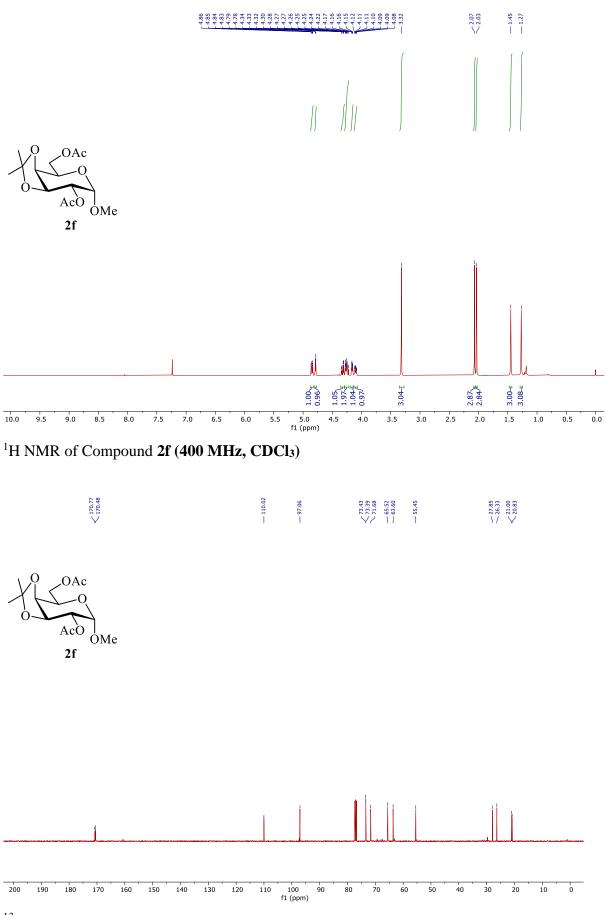


¹H NMR of Compound 2e (400 MHz, CDCl₃)

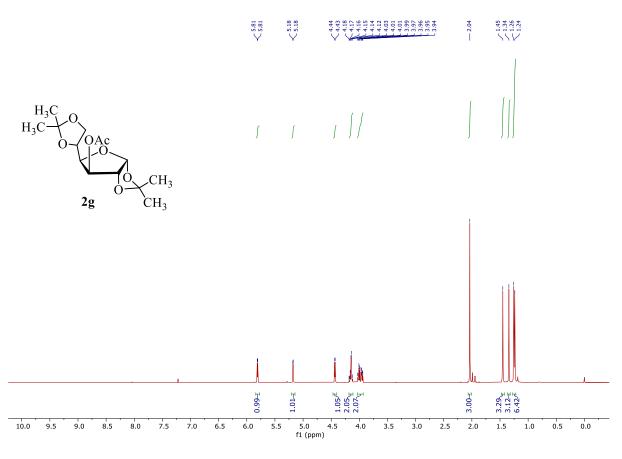




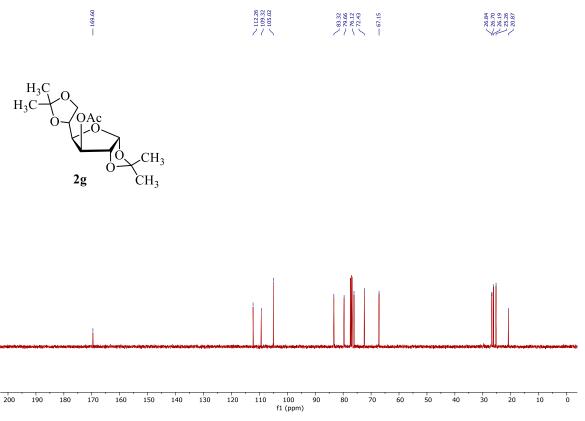
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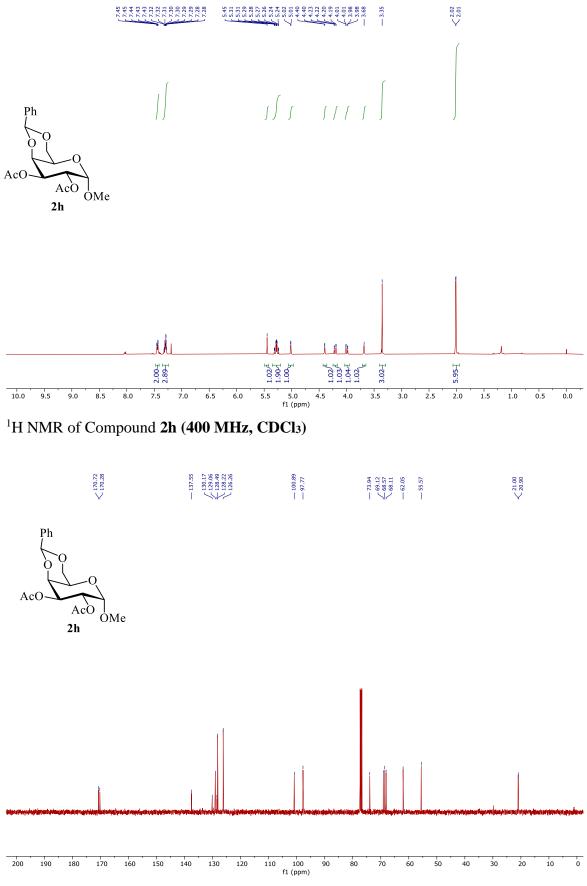
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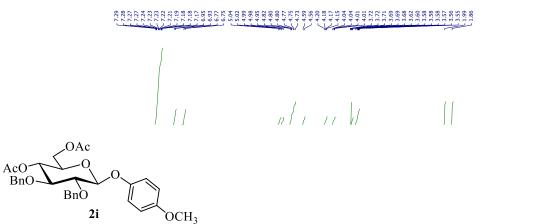
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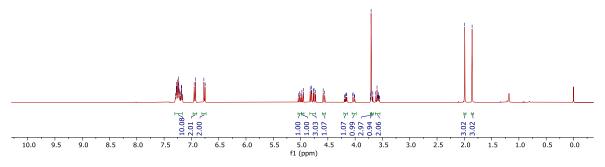


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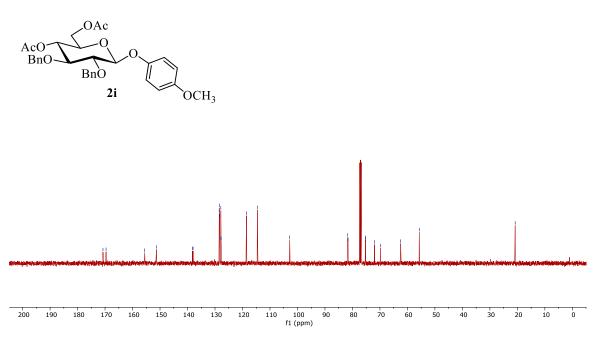
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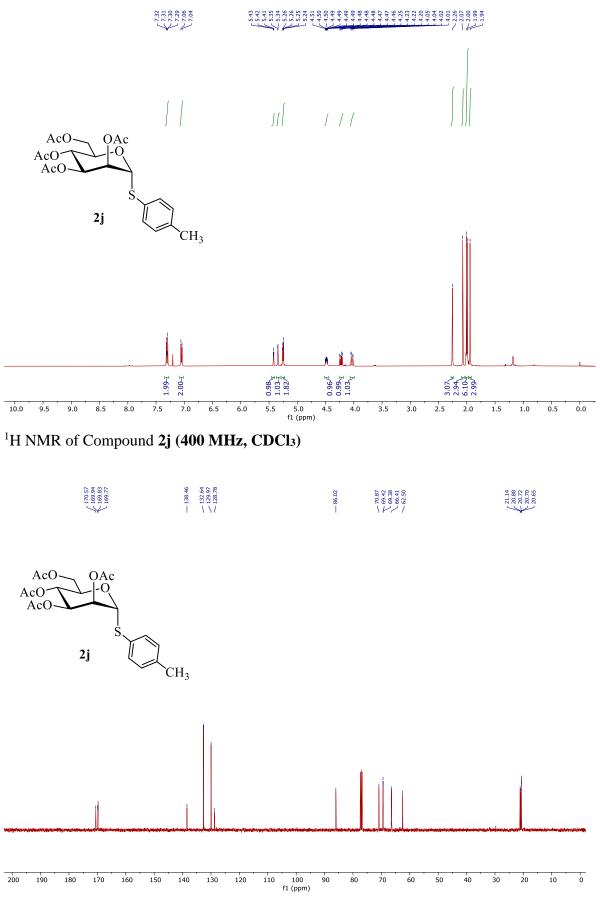


¹H NMR of Compound 2i (400 MHz, CDCl₃)

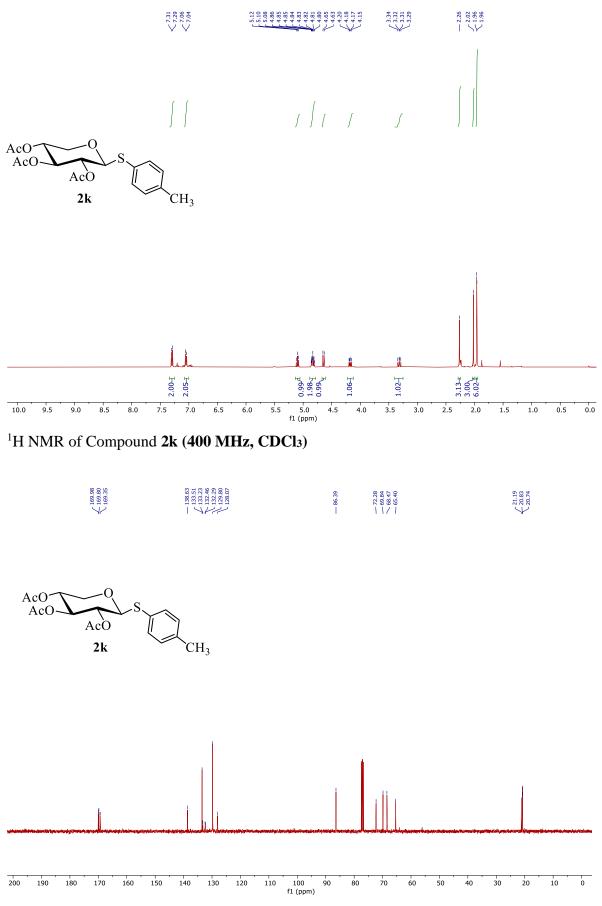




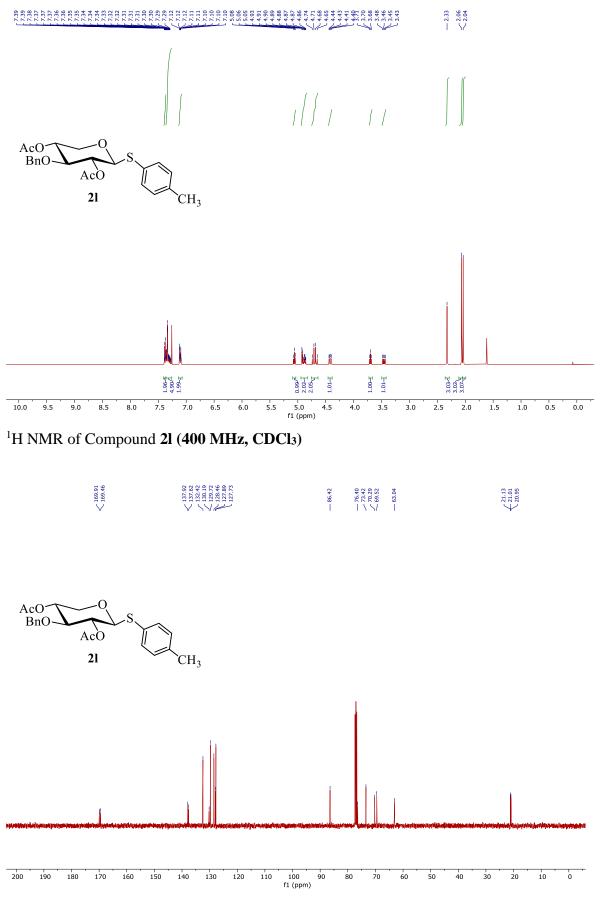
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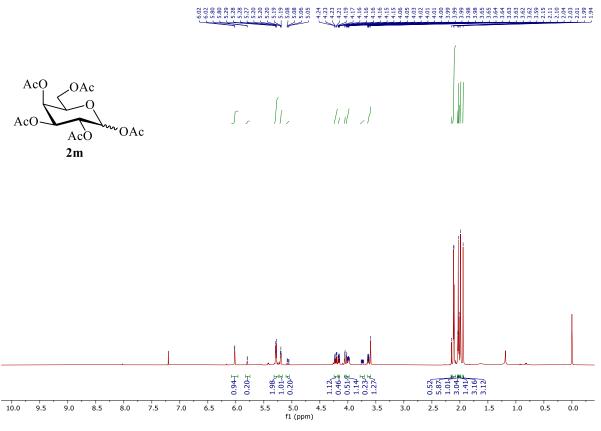
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¹³C NMR of Compound 2k (101 MHz, CDCl₃)

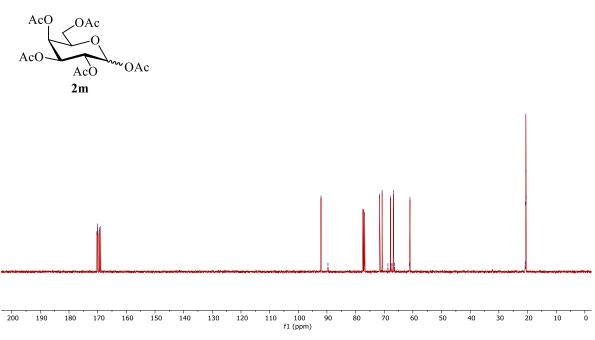


¹³C NMR of Compound 2l (101 MHz, CDCl₃)

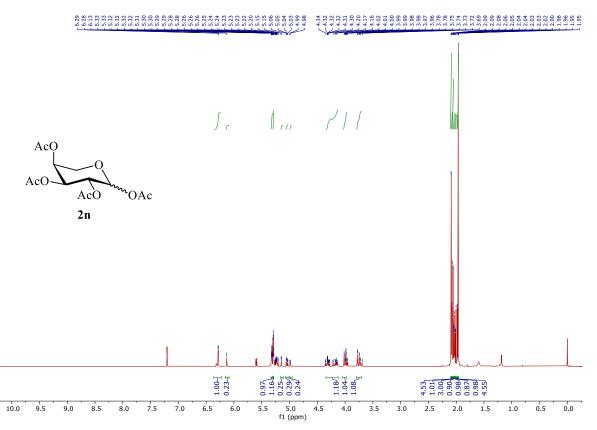


¹H NMR of Compound **2m (400 MHz, CDCl**₃)

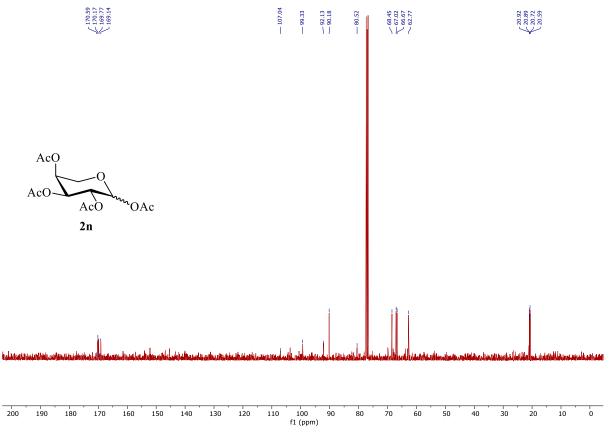




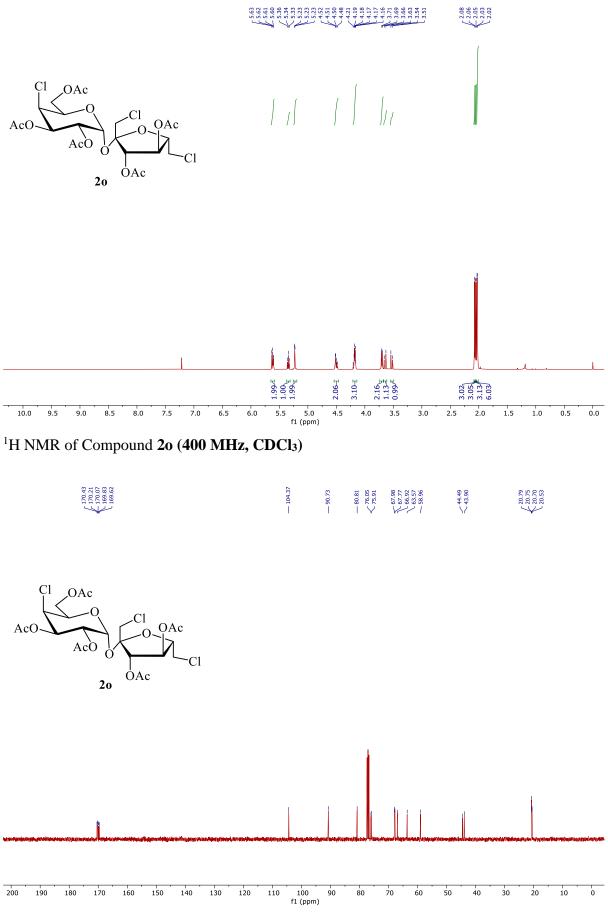
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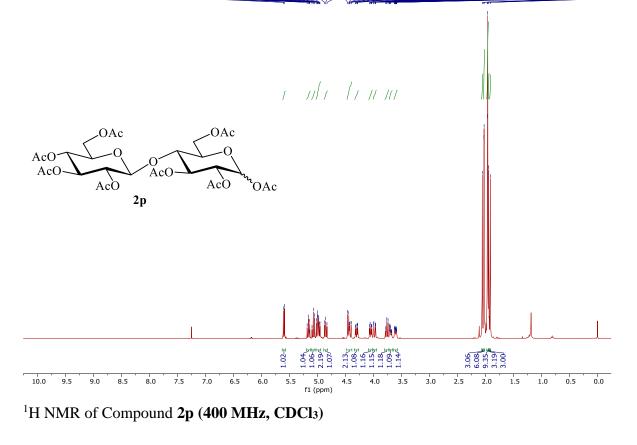
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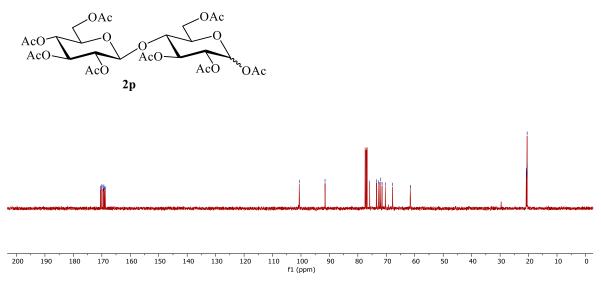
¹³C NMR of Compound **2n** (**101 MHz, CDCl**₃)



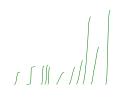
¹³C NMR of Compound 20 (101 MHz, CDCl₃)

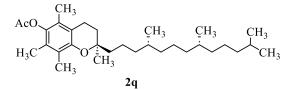


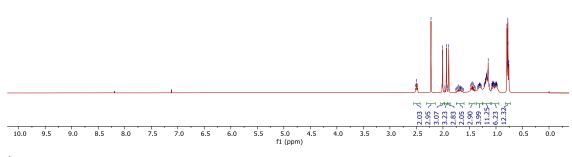




¹³C NMR of Compound **2p** (101 MHz, CDCl₃)



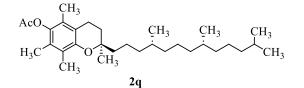


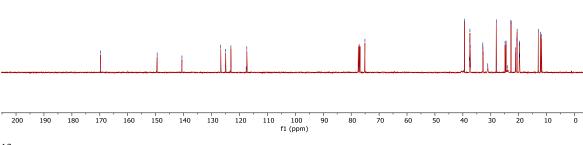


¹H NMR of Compound 2q (400 MHz, CDCl₃

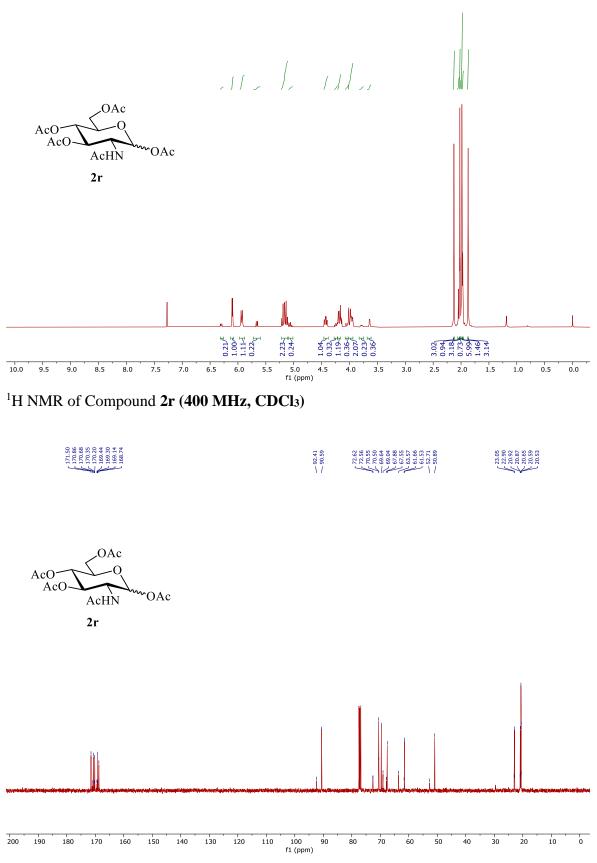




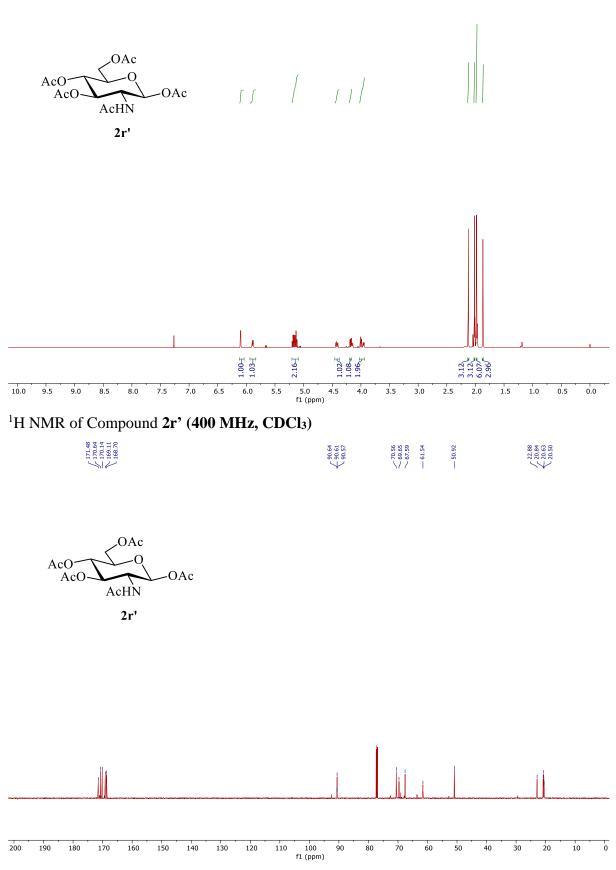




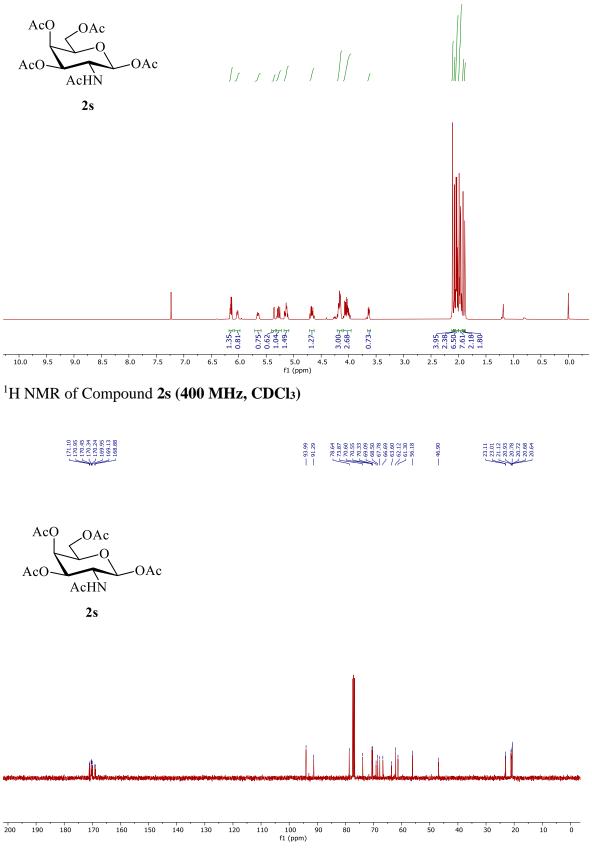
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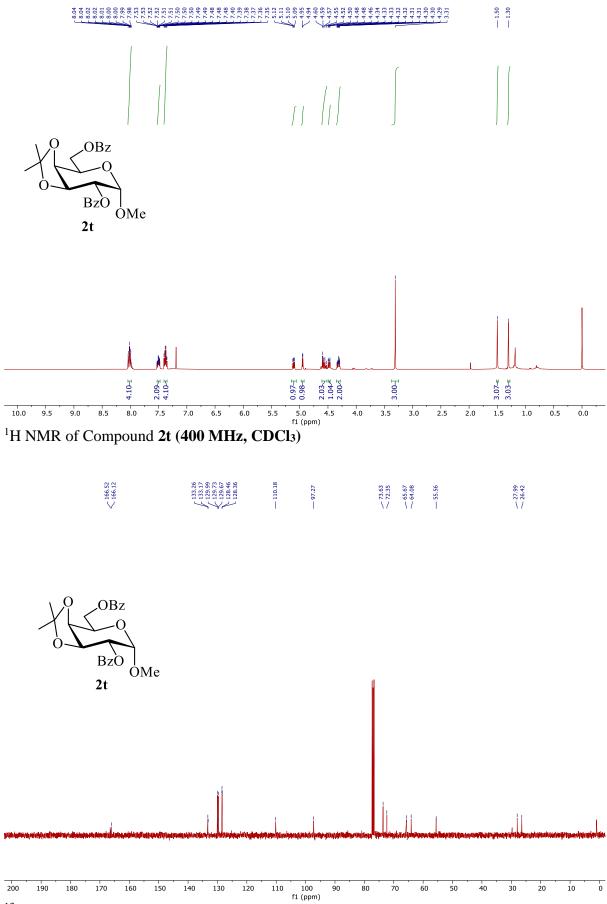
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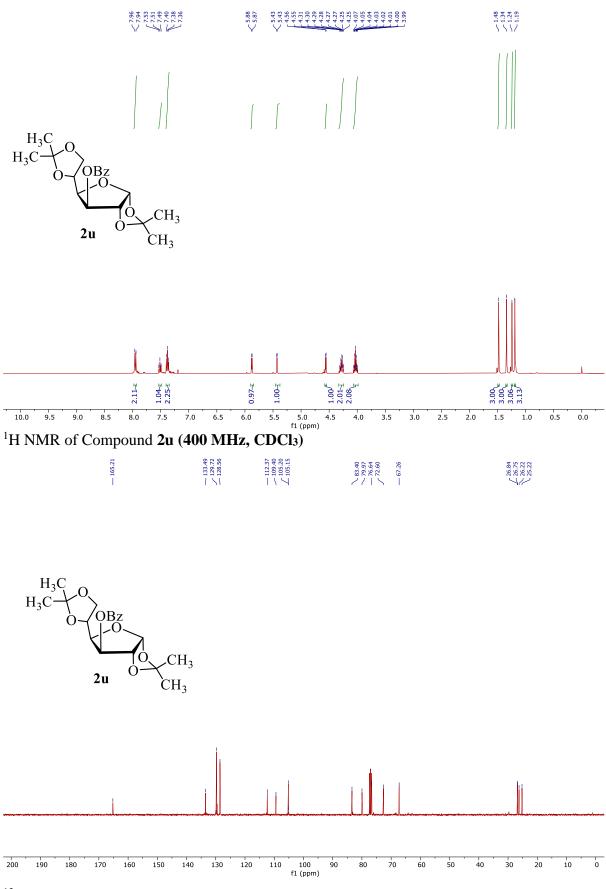
¹³C NMR of Compound **2r'** (101 MHz, CDCl₃)



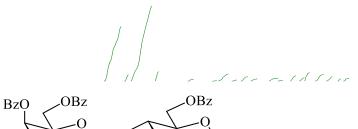
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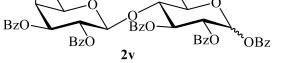


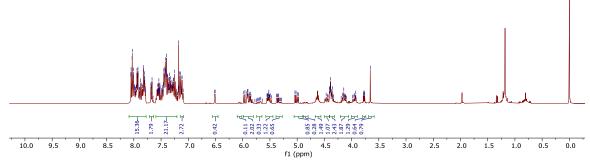
¹³C NMR of Compound **2t** (**101 MHz, CDCl**₃)



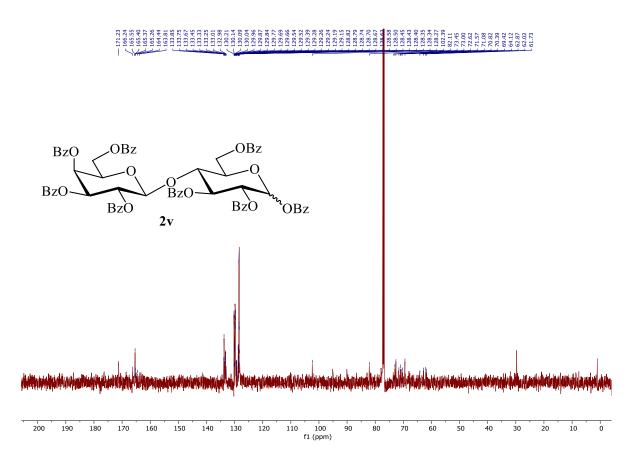
¹³C NMR of Compound 2u (101 MHz, CDCl₃)



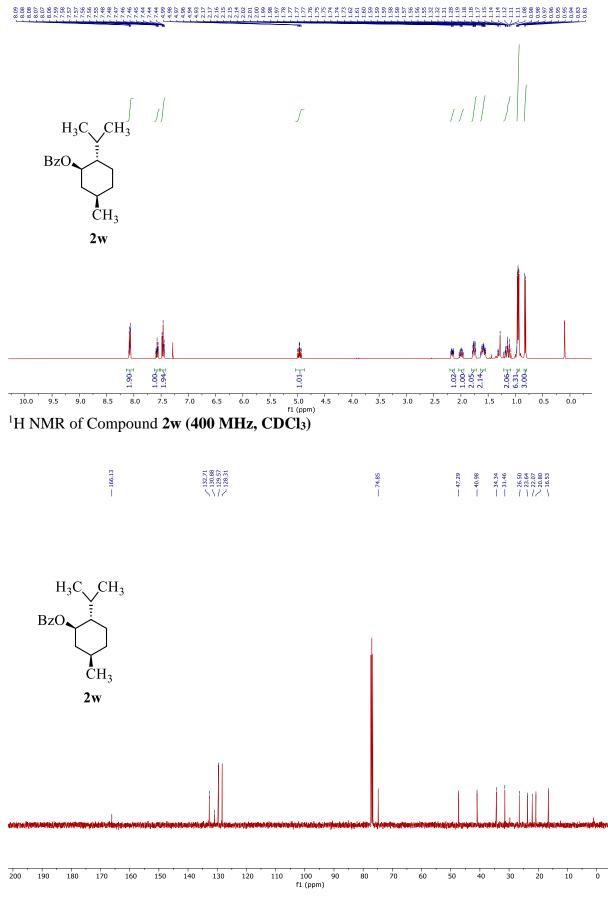




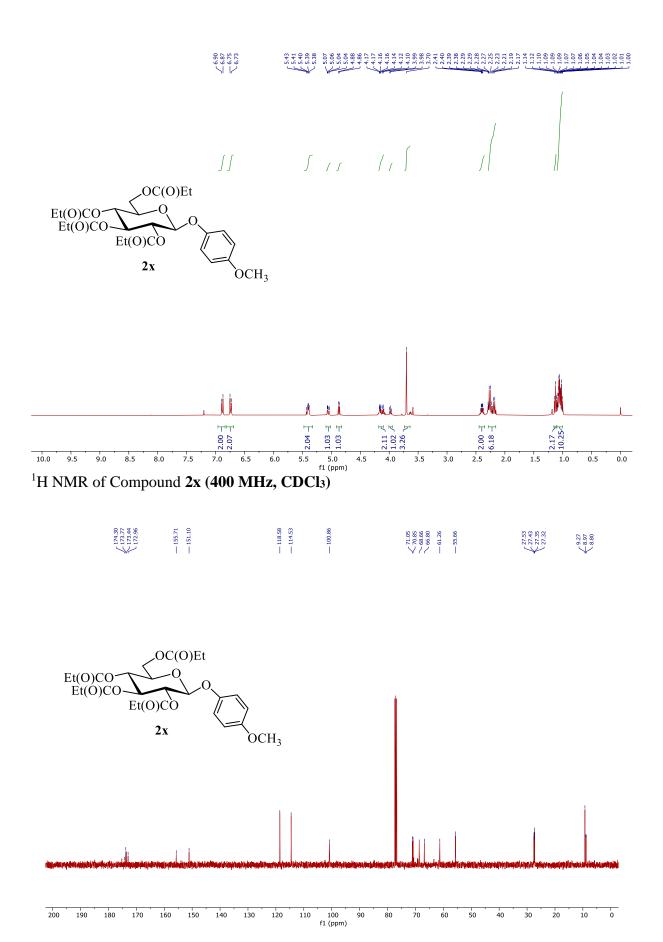
¹H NMR of Compound 2v (400 MHz, CDCl₃)



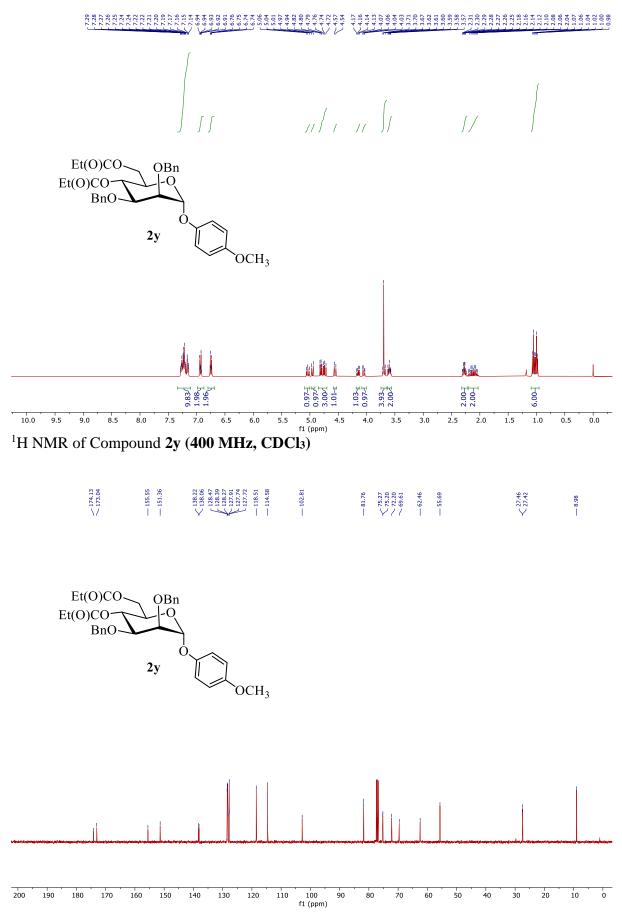
¹³C NMR of Compound 2v (101 MHz, CDCl₃)



¹³C NMR of Compound 2w (101 MHz, CDCl₃)



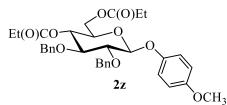
¹³C NMR of Compound 2x (101 MHz, CDCl₃)

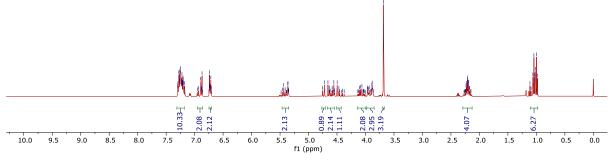


¹³C NMR of Compound 2y (101 MHz, CDCl₃)



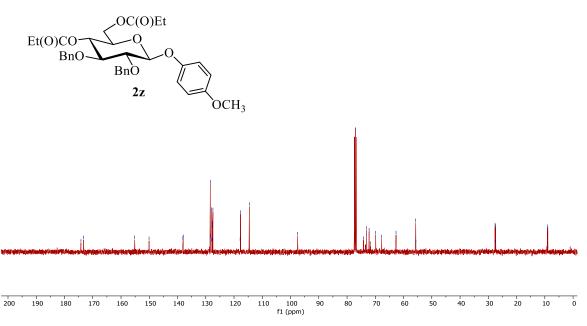




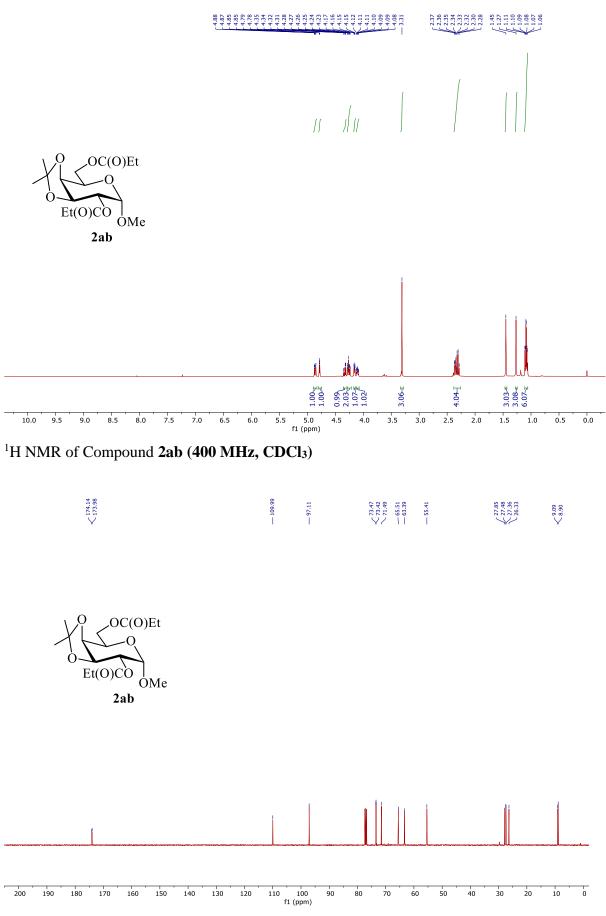


¹H NMR of Compound 2z (400 MHz, CDCl₃)

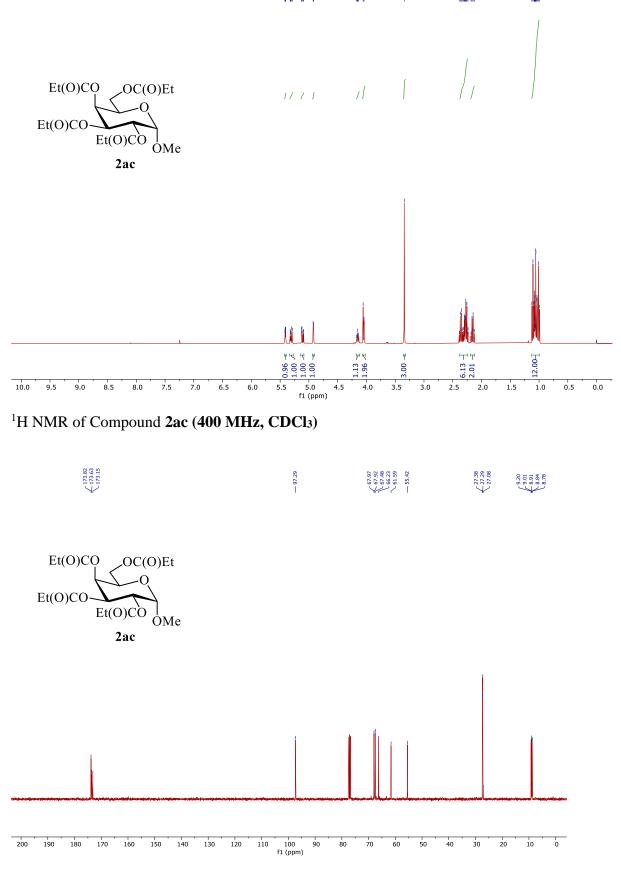




¹³C NMR of Compound 2z (101 MHz, CDCl₃)

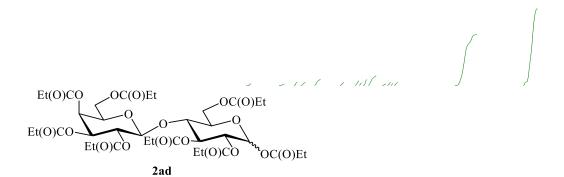


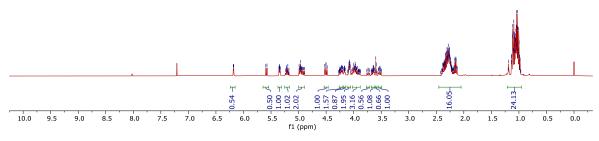
¹³C NMR of compound 2ab (101 MHz, CDCl₃)



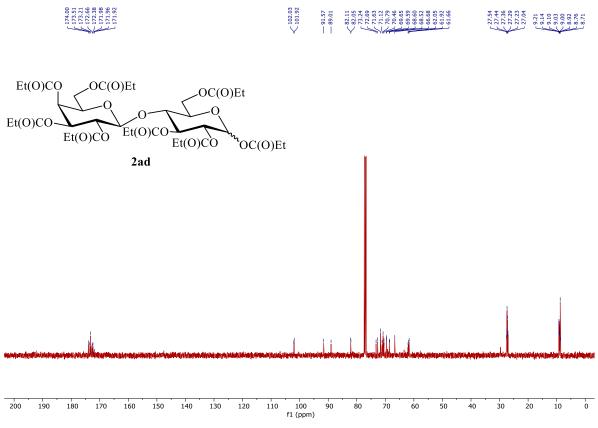
¹³C NMR of Compound 2ac (101 MHz, CDCl₃)

6.619 5.519 5.519 5.519 5.519 4.409 4.400 5.519 4.400 5.519 4.400 5.519 4.400 5.519 4.400 5.519 5.529





¹H NMR of Compound 2ad (400 MHz, CDCl₃)



¹³C NMR of Compound 2ad (101 MHz, CDCl₃)