

Supporting Information for

Title

The Importance of Ester Cleavage in the Butylamine Pretreatment of Hybrid Poplar

Authors

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Supplemental Tables

Table S1: Sugar Yield data for varying water content pretreatments of hybrid poplar

| Butylamine: Water Ratio | Glucose Yield (%) | Glucose Yield (STDEV) | Xylose Yield (%) | Xylose Yield (STDEV) | Solvent Removal (%) |
|------------------------------------|------------------------------|----------------------------------|-----------------------------|-------------------------------------|------------------------------------|
| No Pretreatment | 26.9 | 0.13 | 21.27 | 0.19 | NA |
| 1:0 | 90.76 | 1.50 | 71.09 | 6.07 | 96.42 |
| 1:1 | 90.04 | 2.52 | 63.30 | 5.74 | 98.04 |
| 1:2 | 88.76 | 2.12 | 72.02 | 0.71 | 97.28 |
| 1:4 | 89.68 | 2.21 | 70.55 | 3.51 | 97.31 |
| 1:8 | 89.16 | 2.72 | 75.27 | 5.15 | 97.47 |
| 1:16 | 84.44 | 1.70 | 71.06 | 1.89 | 97.11 |

Table S2: Sugar Yield data for controlled atmospheric composition pretreatment of hybrid poplar using 75 mL Parr reactors.

| Controlled Atmosphere Runs (75 mL Parr Scale) | | | | | |
|--|--------------------------|------------------------------|-------------------------|-----------------------------|----------------------------|
| Atmospheric Composition | Glucose Yield (%) | Glucose Yield (STDEV) | Xylose Yield (%) | Xylose Yield (STDEV) | Solvent Removal (%) |
| N ₂ | 94.51 | 4.10 | 76.97 | 3.79 | NA* |
| O ₂ | 97.86 | 0.51 | 77.50 | 0.86 | NA* |
| CO ₂ | 96.51 | 2.26 | 74.93 | 1.12 | NA* |

*Solid was lost during transfer and drying preventing full mass balance

Supplemental Figures

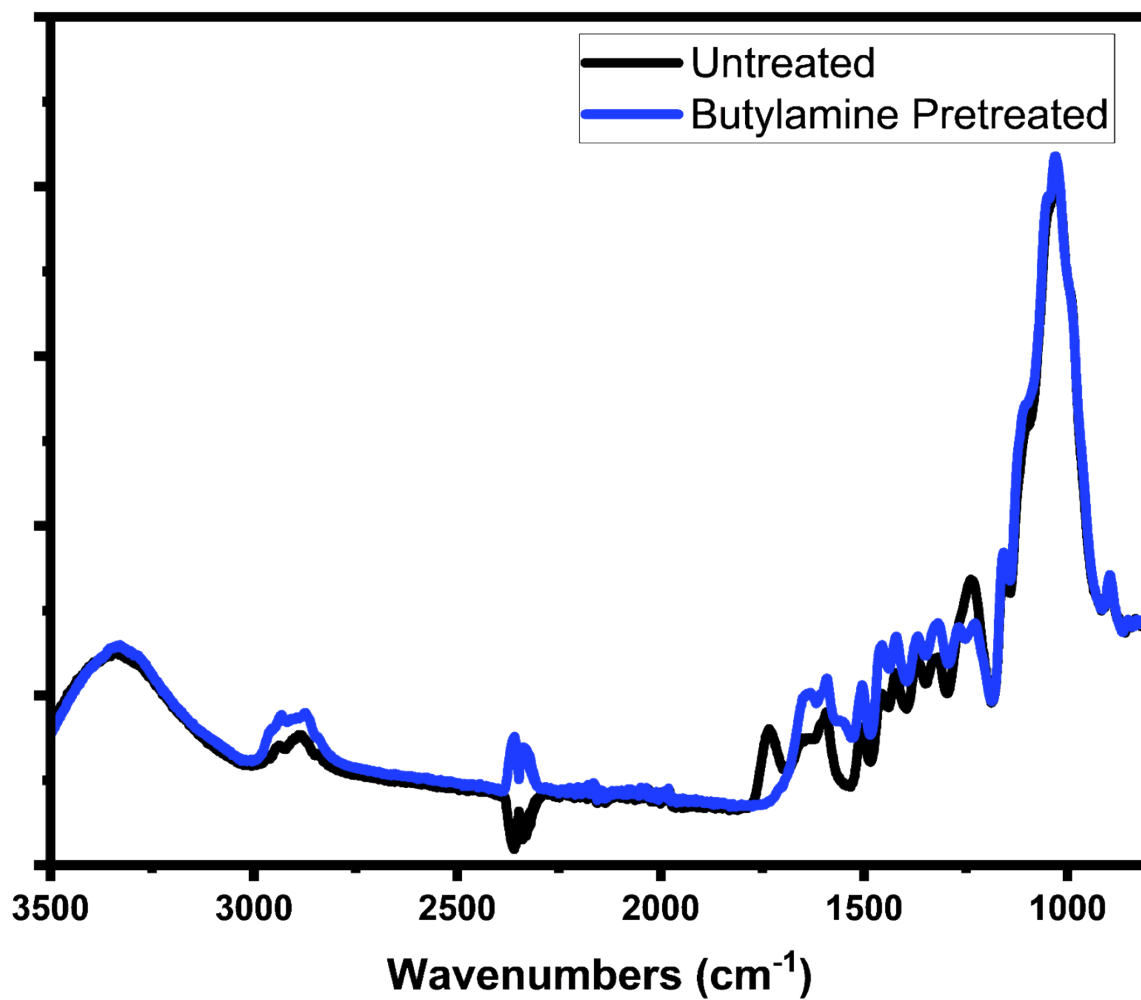


Figure S1: Full ATR-FTIR spectra of untreated (black) and butylamine pretreated (blue) hybrid poplar.

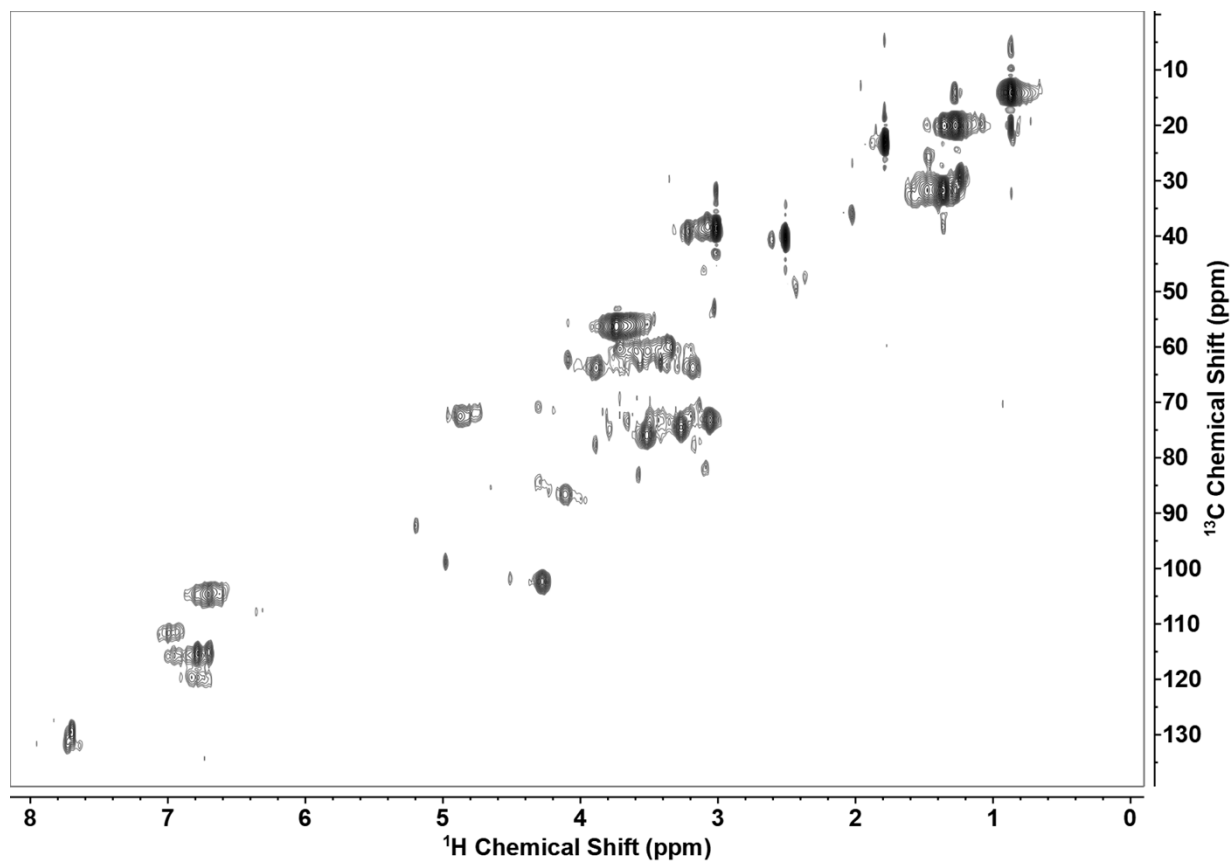


Figure S2: HSQC spectra of the DMSO-d₆ extract from a pretreated and dried hybrid poplar sample.

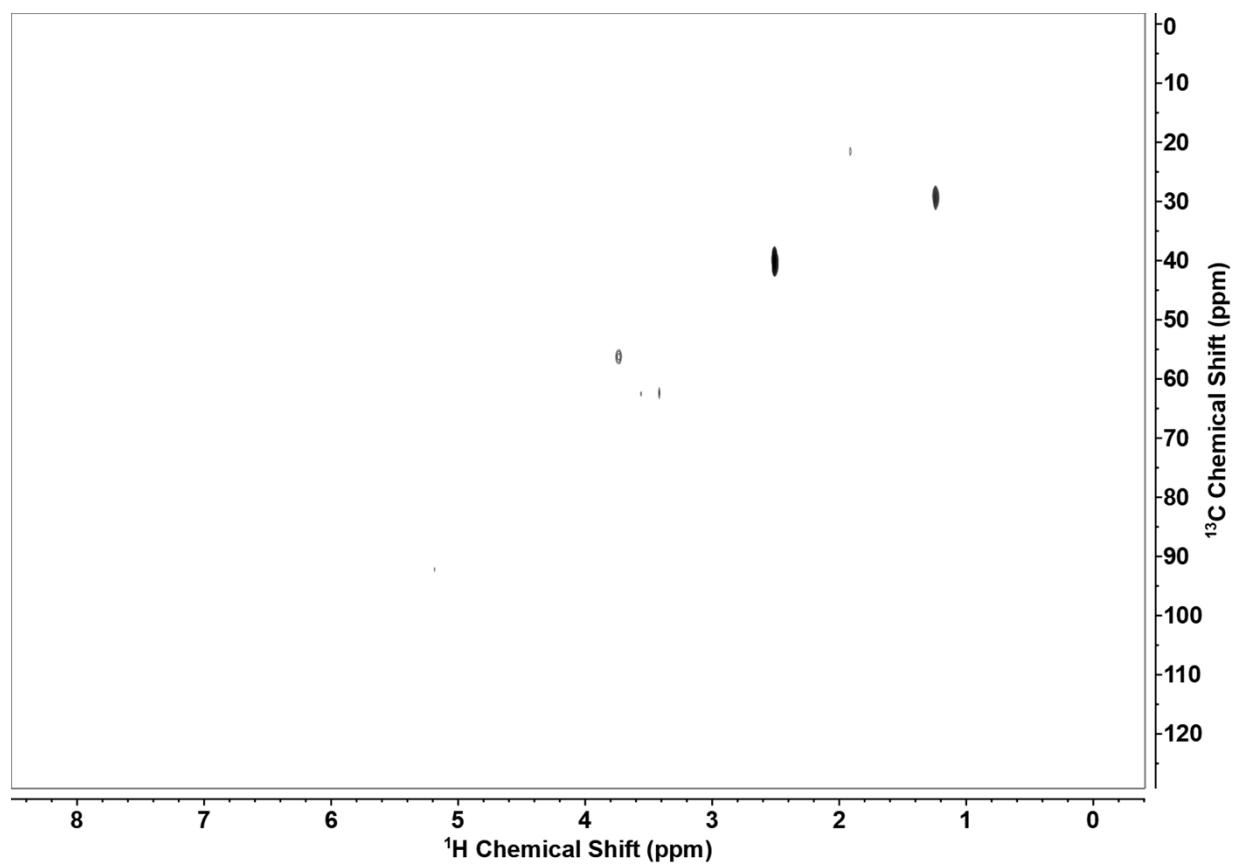


Figure S3: HSQC spectra of the DMSO- d_6 extract from an untreated dried hybrid poplar sample.

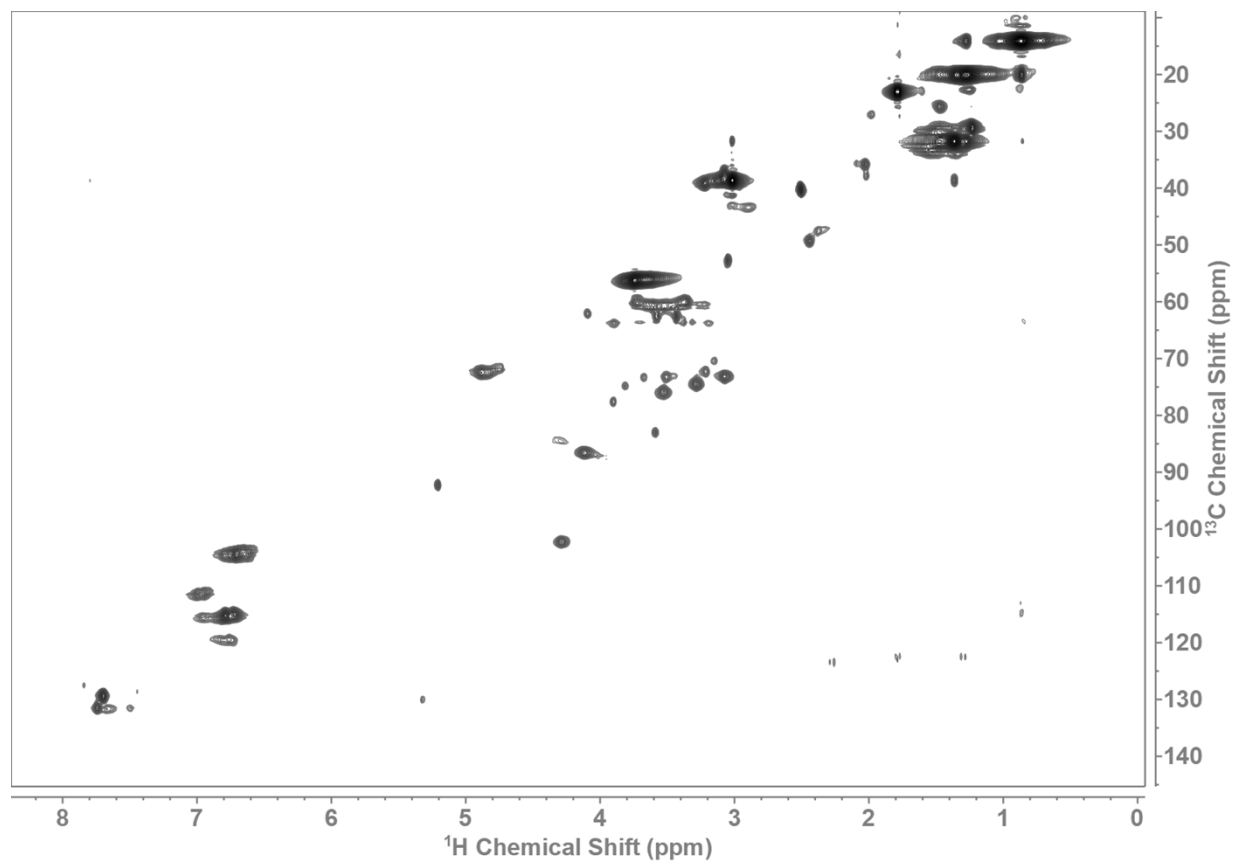


Figure S4: HSQC of the butylamine filtrate from a hybrid poplar pretreatment dissolved in DMSO-d6

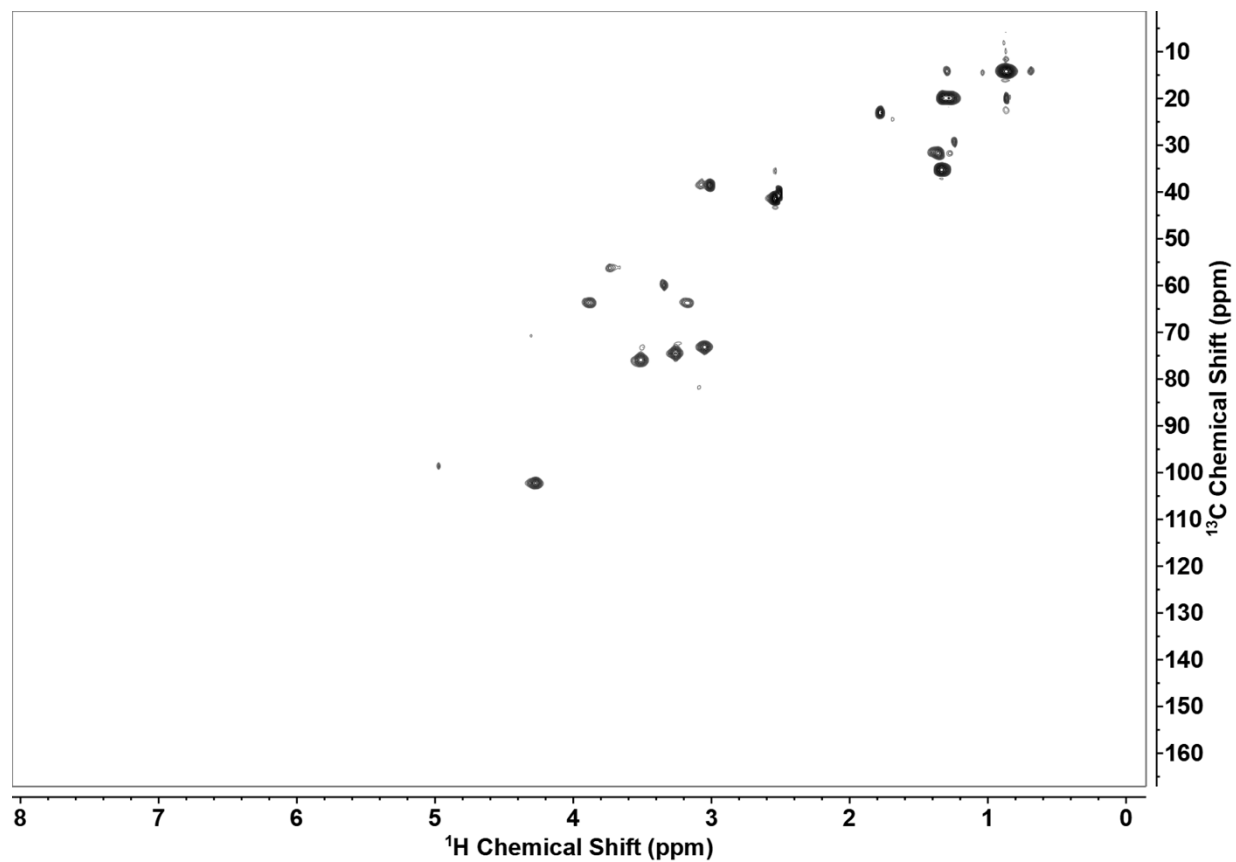


Figure S5: HSQC of the residual solid after the butylamine filtrate was washed off after a hybrid poplar pretreatment. Residual solid extracted into DMSO- d_6 .

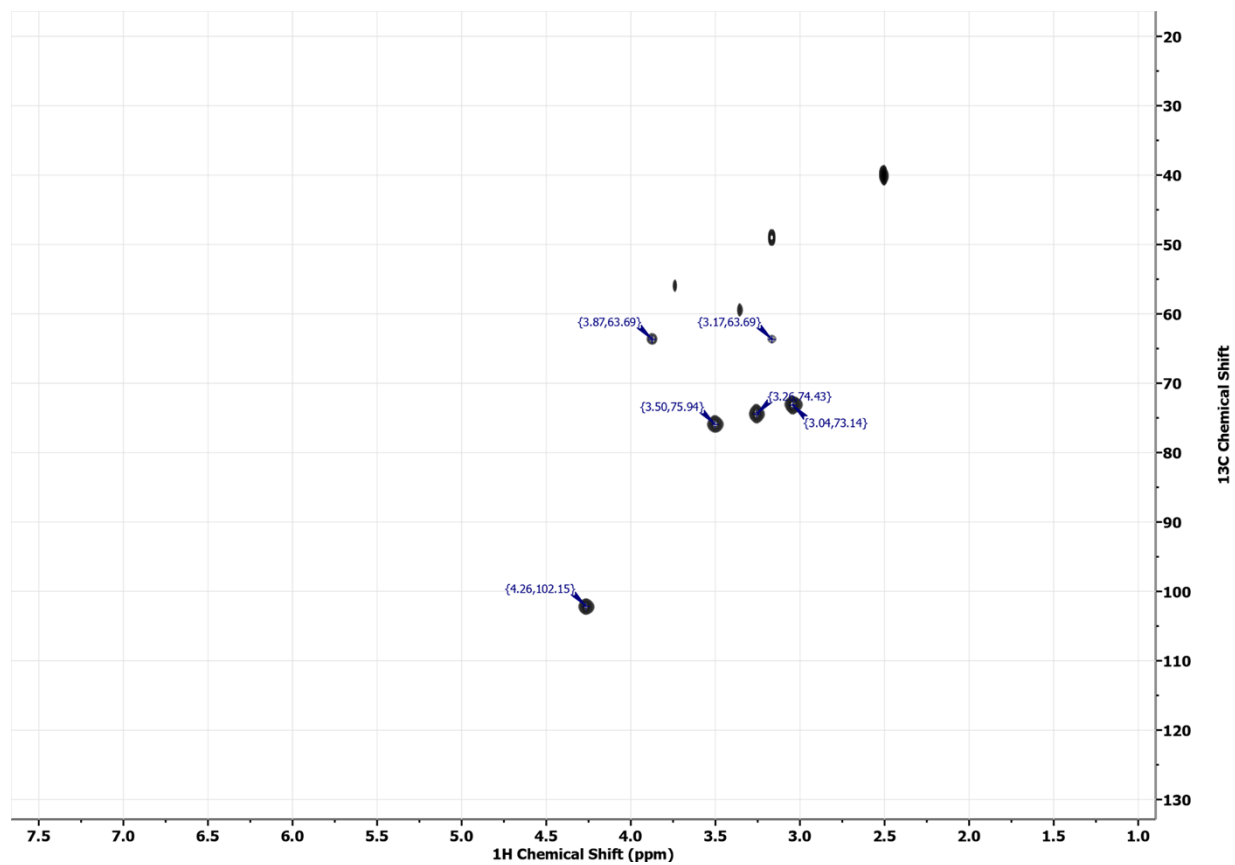


Figure S6: Reference HSQC of xylan isolated from beechwood dissolved in DMSO-d6.

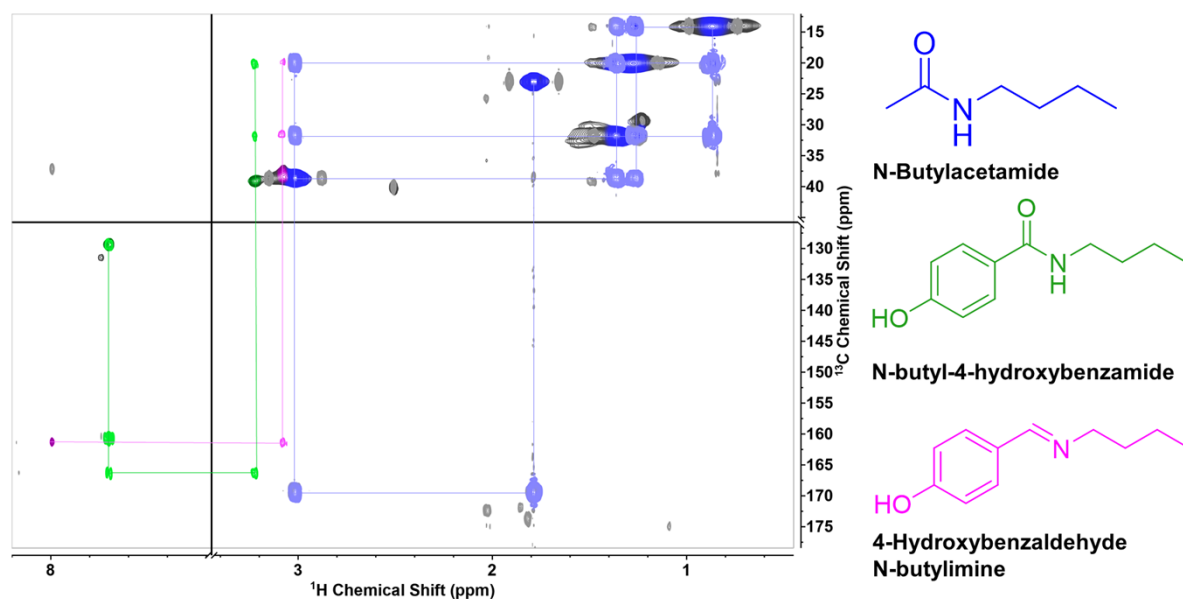


Figure S7: Overlaid HSQC (Dark traces) and HMBC (Pale traces) spectra of the butylamine filtrate from the pretreatment of hybrid poplar, concentrated in-vacuo and dissolved in DMSO-D6. Peaks assigned to N-butylacetamide (Blue), N-Butylformamide (Magenta) and N-butyl-4-hydroxybenzamide (Green) are color coded and labelled with vertical and horizontal lines to better show the connectivity network.

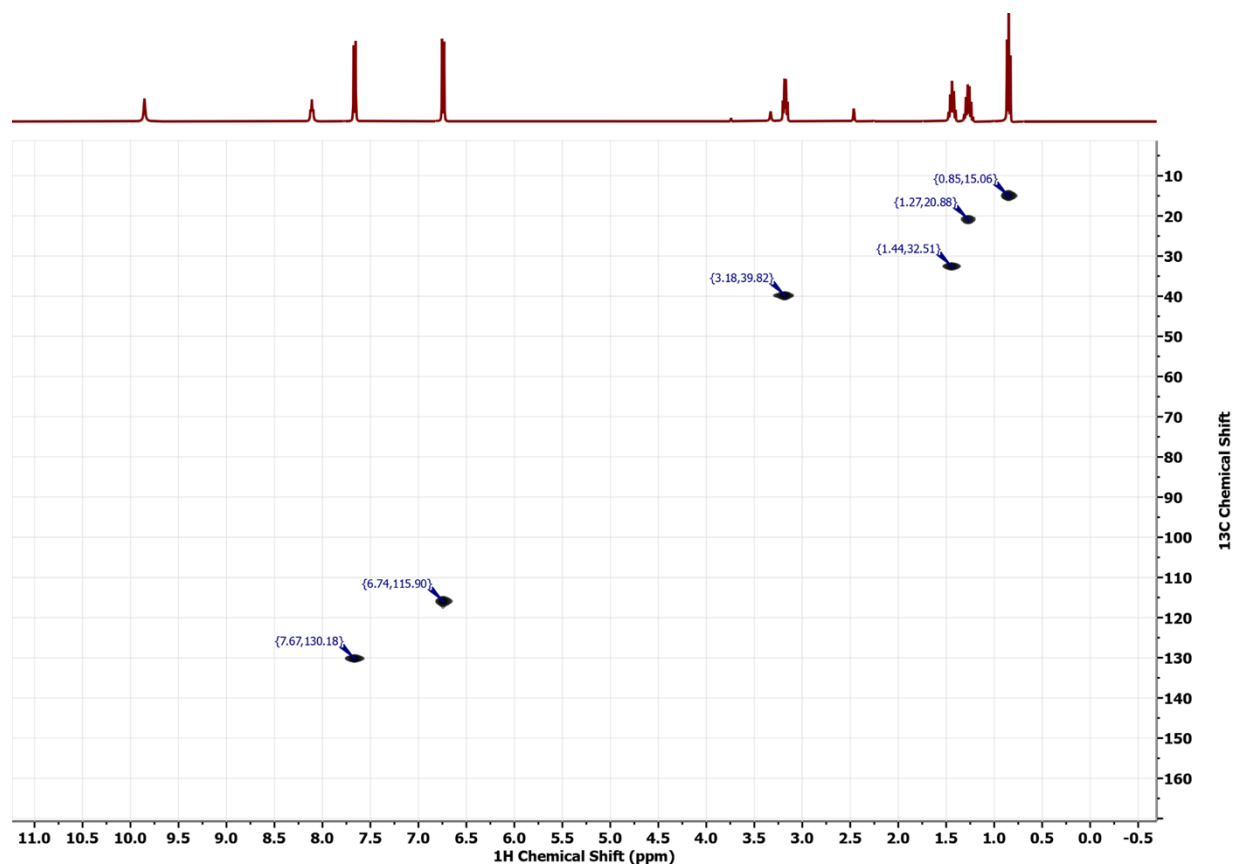


Figure S8: Reference ^1H and HSQC NMR spectra of N-butyl-4-hydroxybenzamide (4HBAmide) dissolved in DMSO-d6.

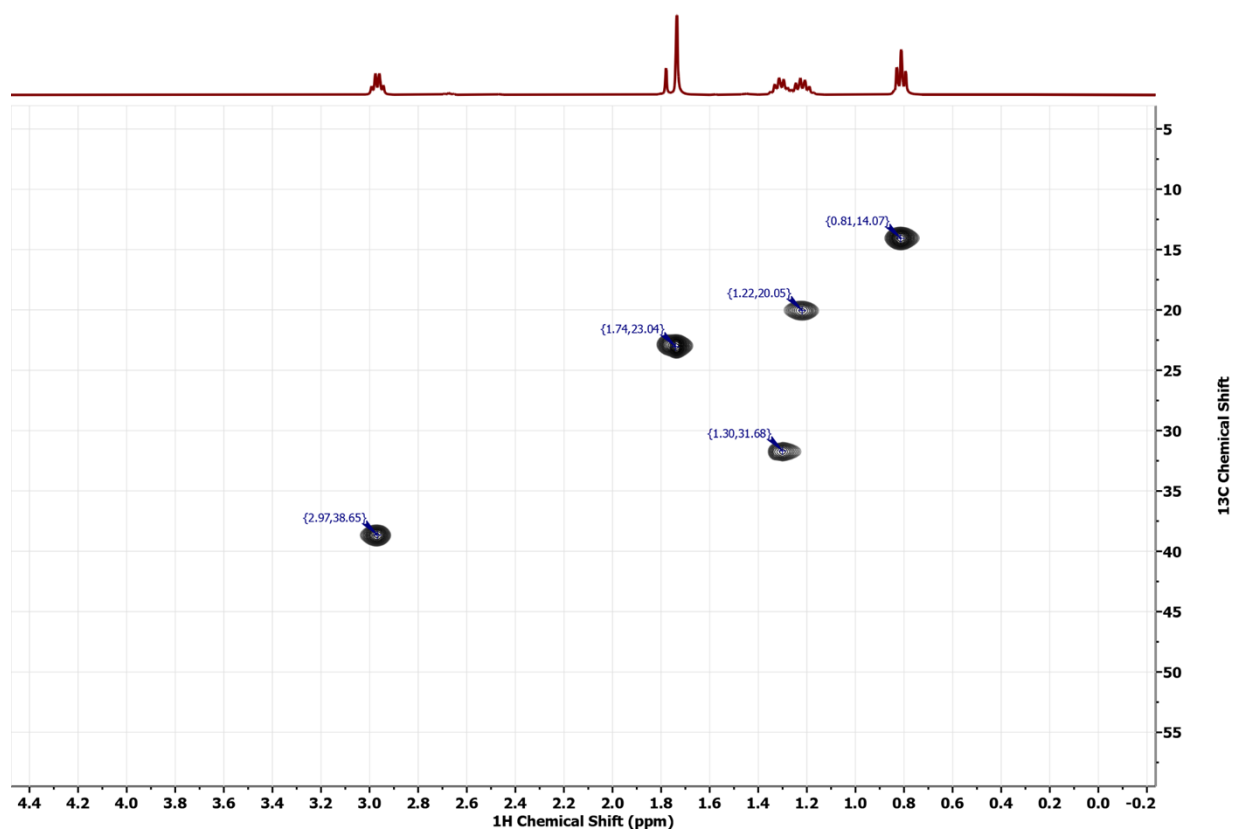


Figure S9: Reference ¹H and HSQC NMR spectra of N-butylacetamide dissolved in DMSO-d₆

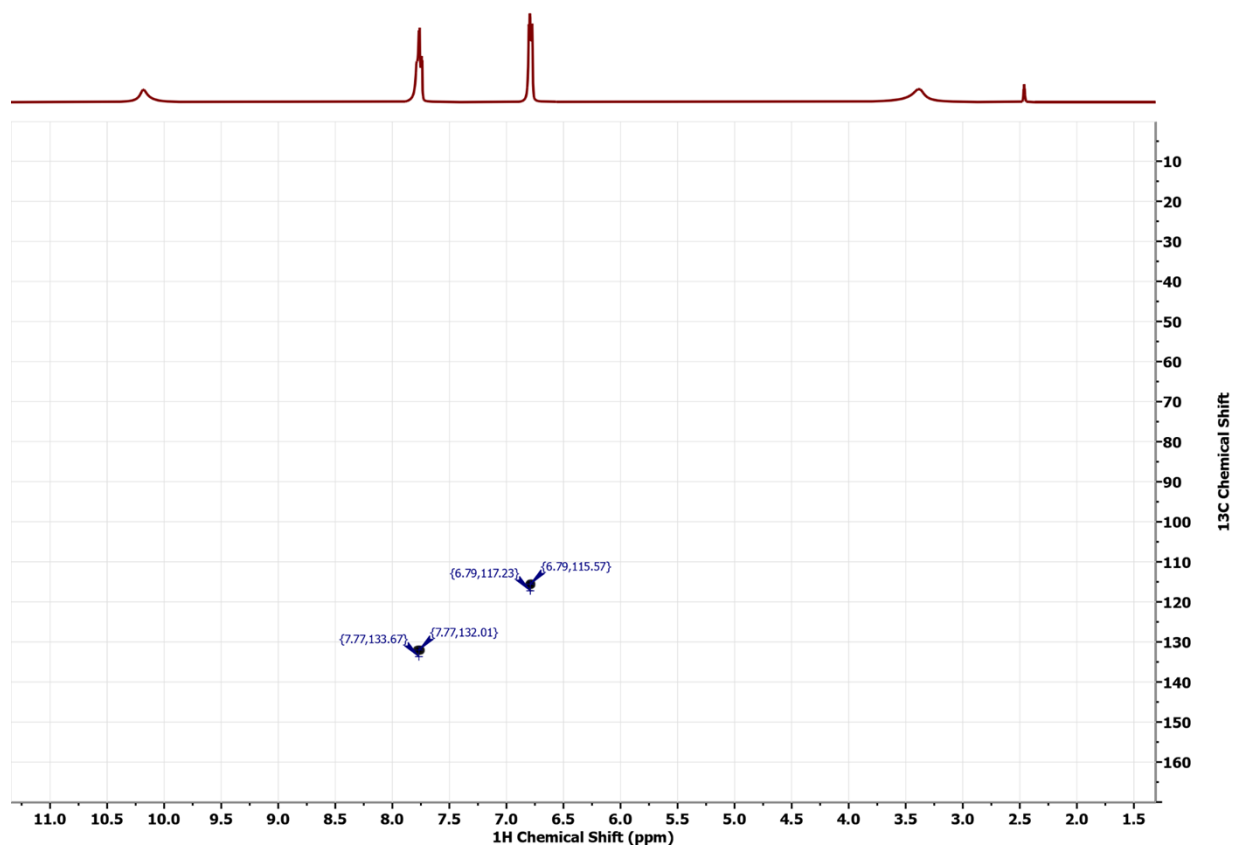


Figure S10: Reference ¹H and HSQC NMR spectra of 4-hydroxybenzoic acid dissolved in DMSO-d₆

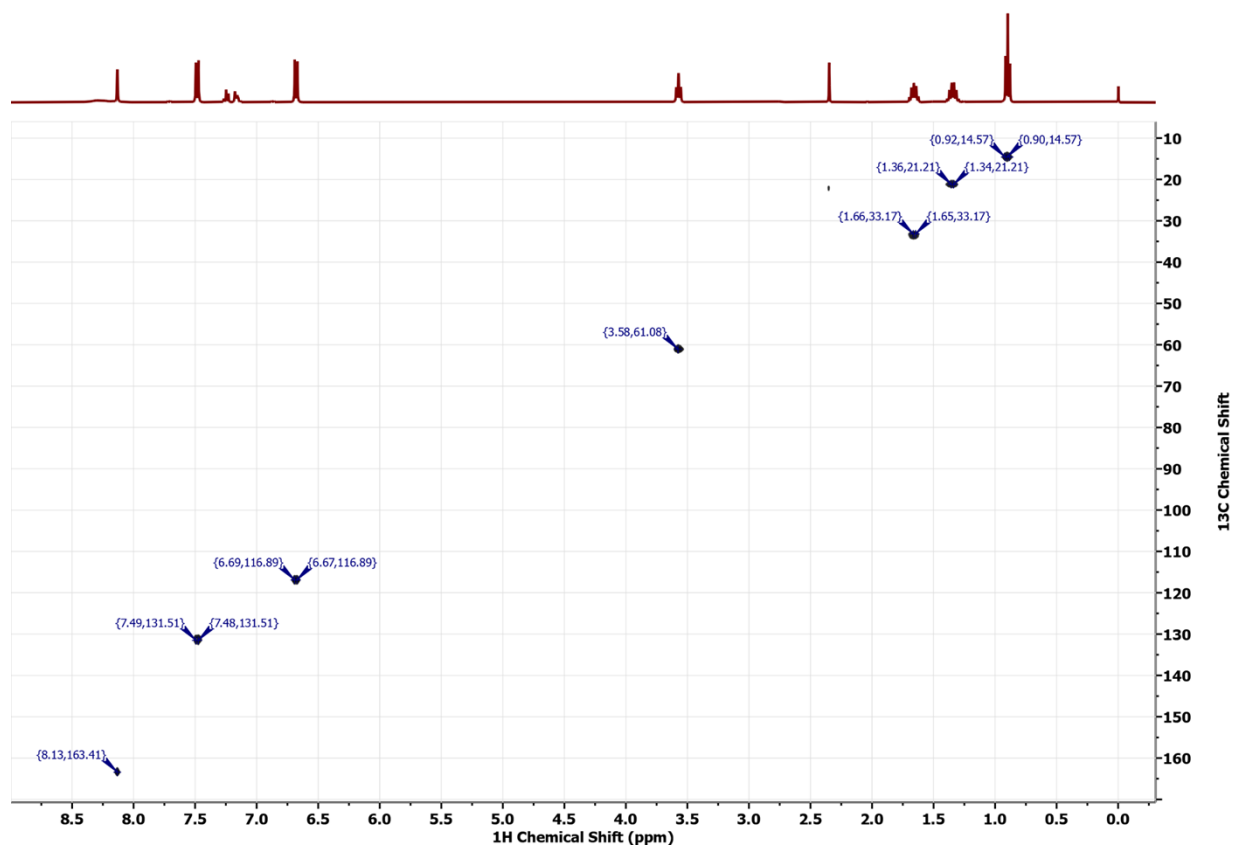


Figure S11: Reference ¹H and HSQC NMR spectra of 4-((butylimino)methyl)phenol taken in DMSO-d₆.

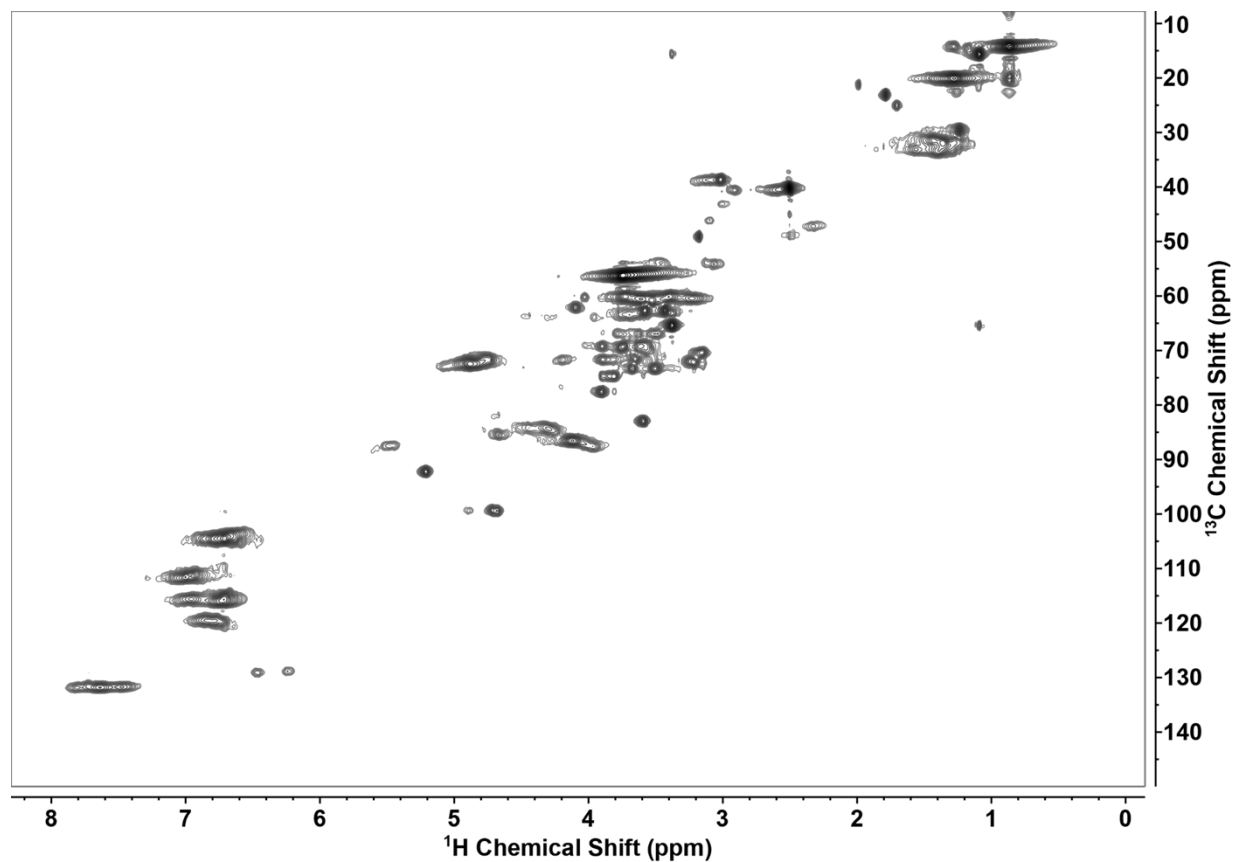


Figure S12: Full HSQC Spectrum of the methanol-extracted, ether-precipitated lignin fraction from pretreated biomass, taken in DMSO-d₆.

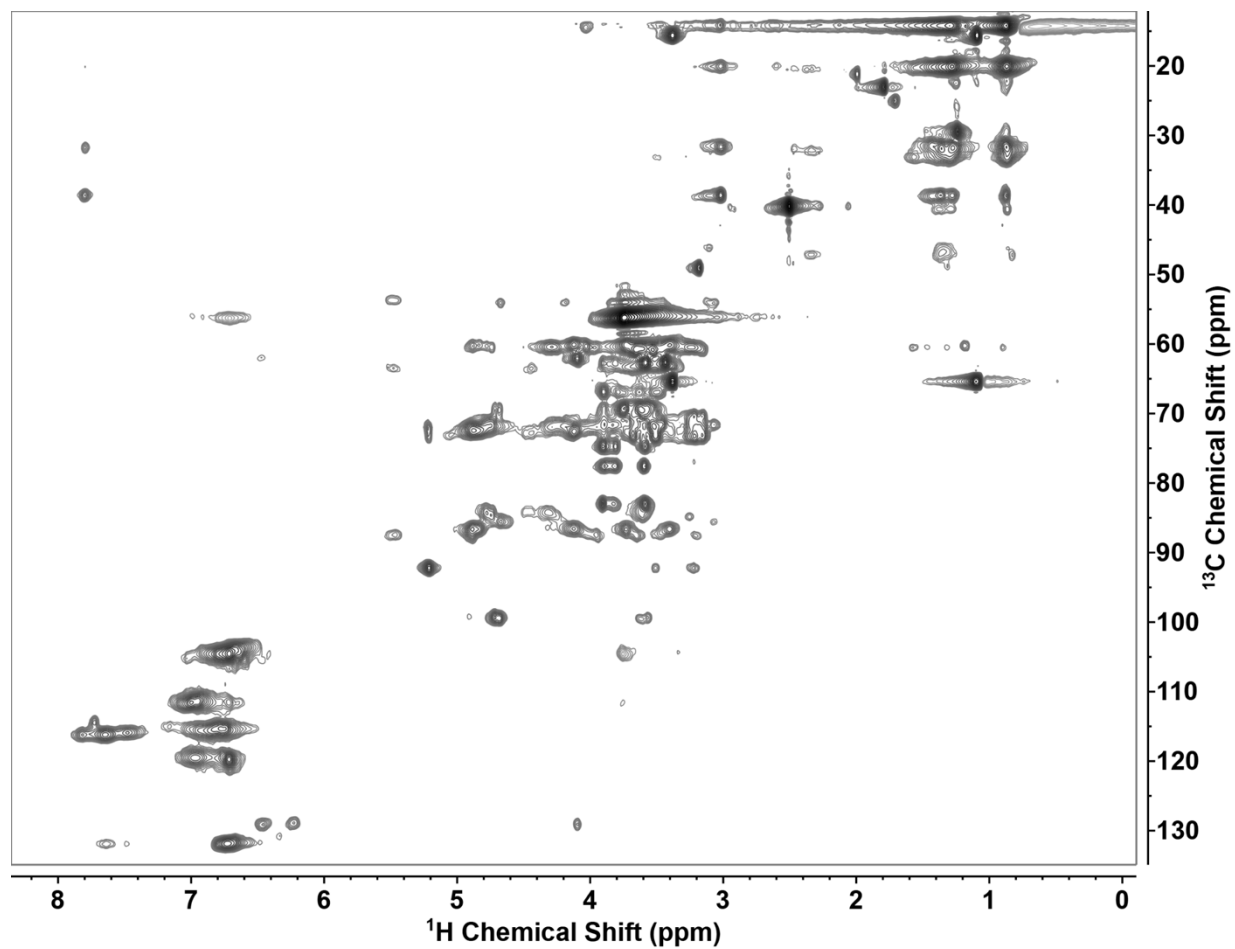


Figure S13: Full TOSCY:HSQC Spectrum of the methanol-extracted, ether-precipitated lignin fraction from pretreated biomass, dissolved in DMSO- d_6 .

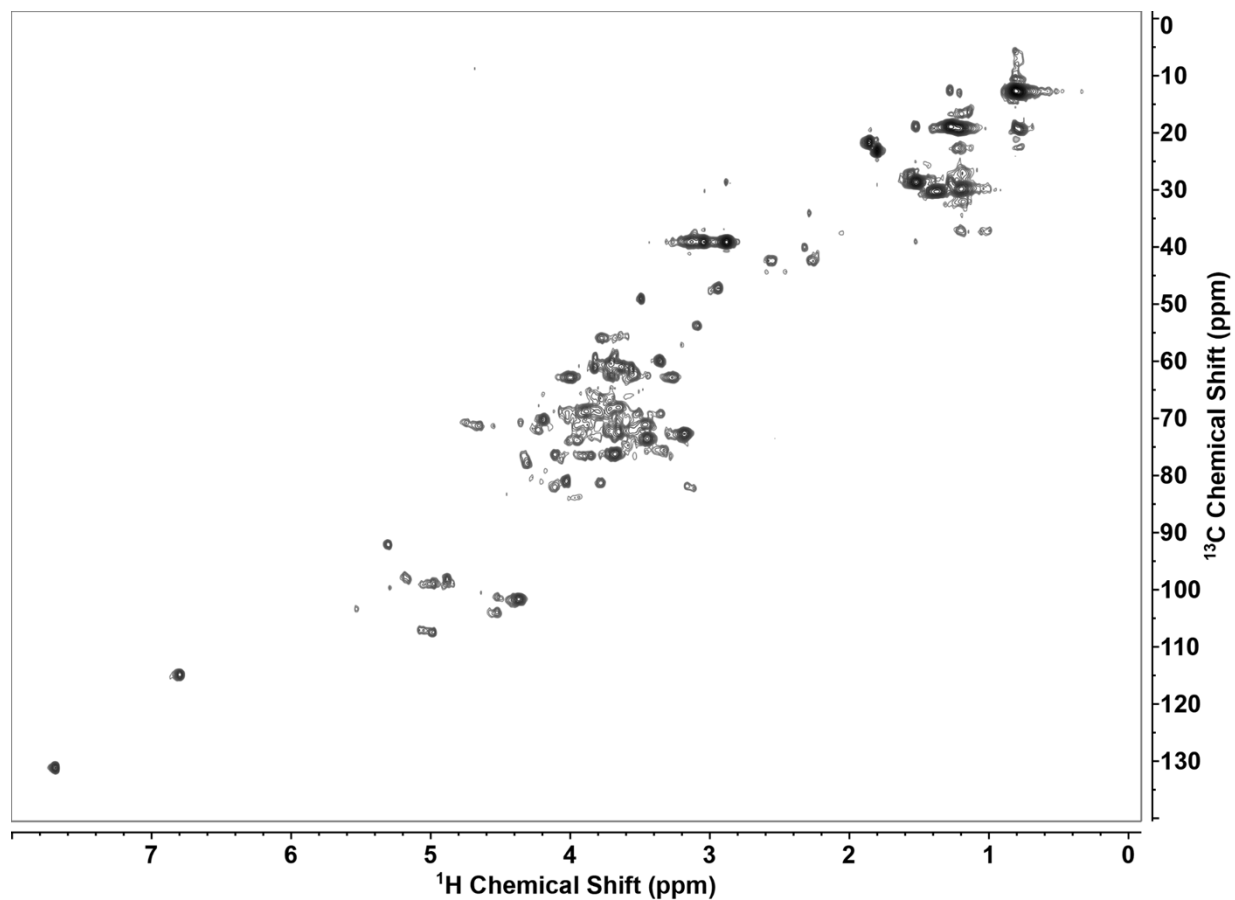


Figure S14: Full HSQC spectra of the sequentially methanol-extracted, aqueous-extracted filtrate of pretreated biomass dissolved in D_2O showing the hemicellulose rich fraction.

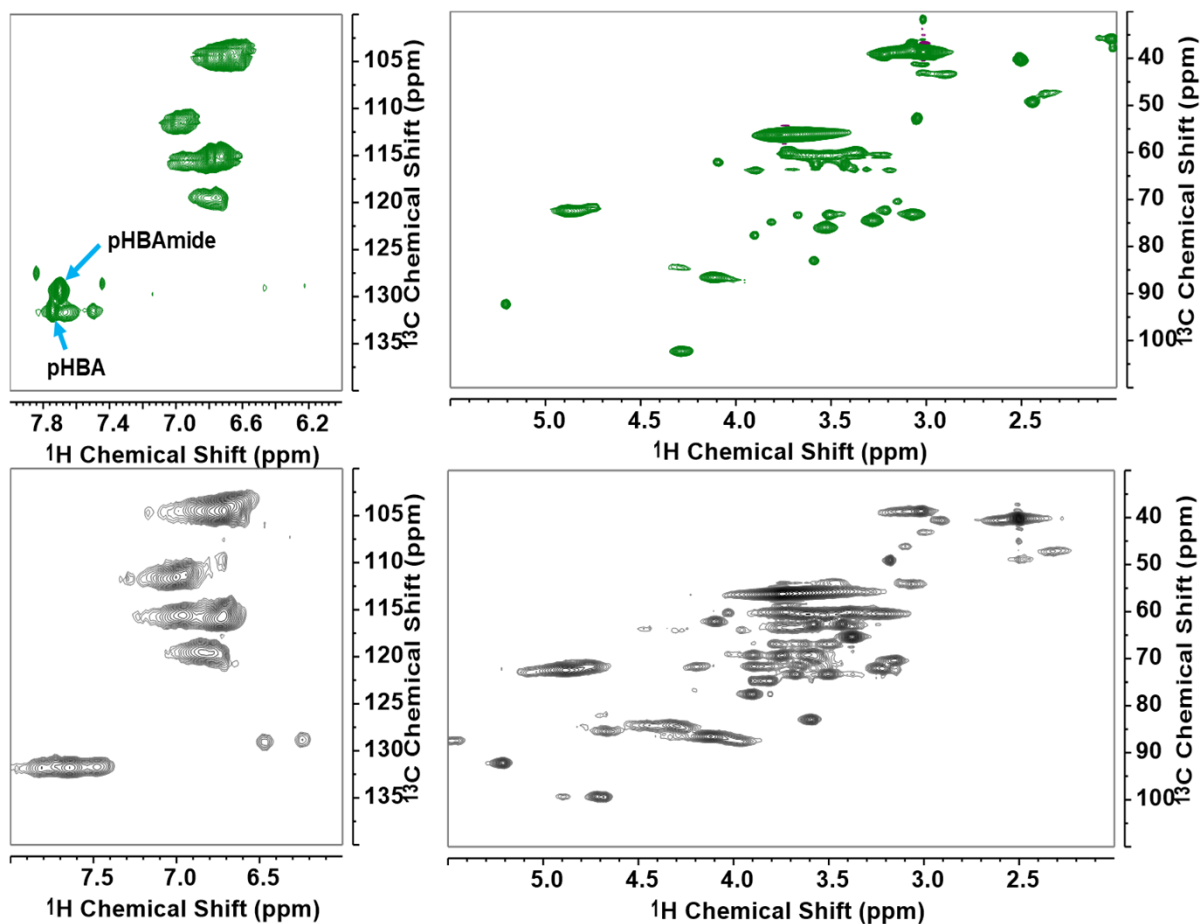


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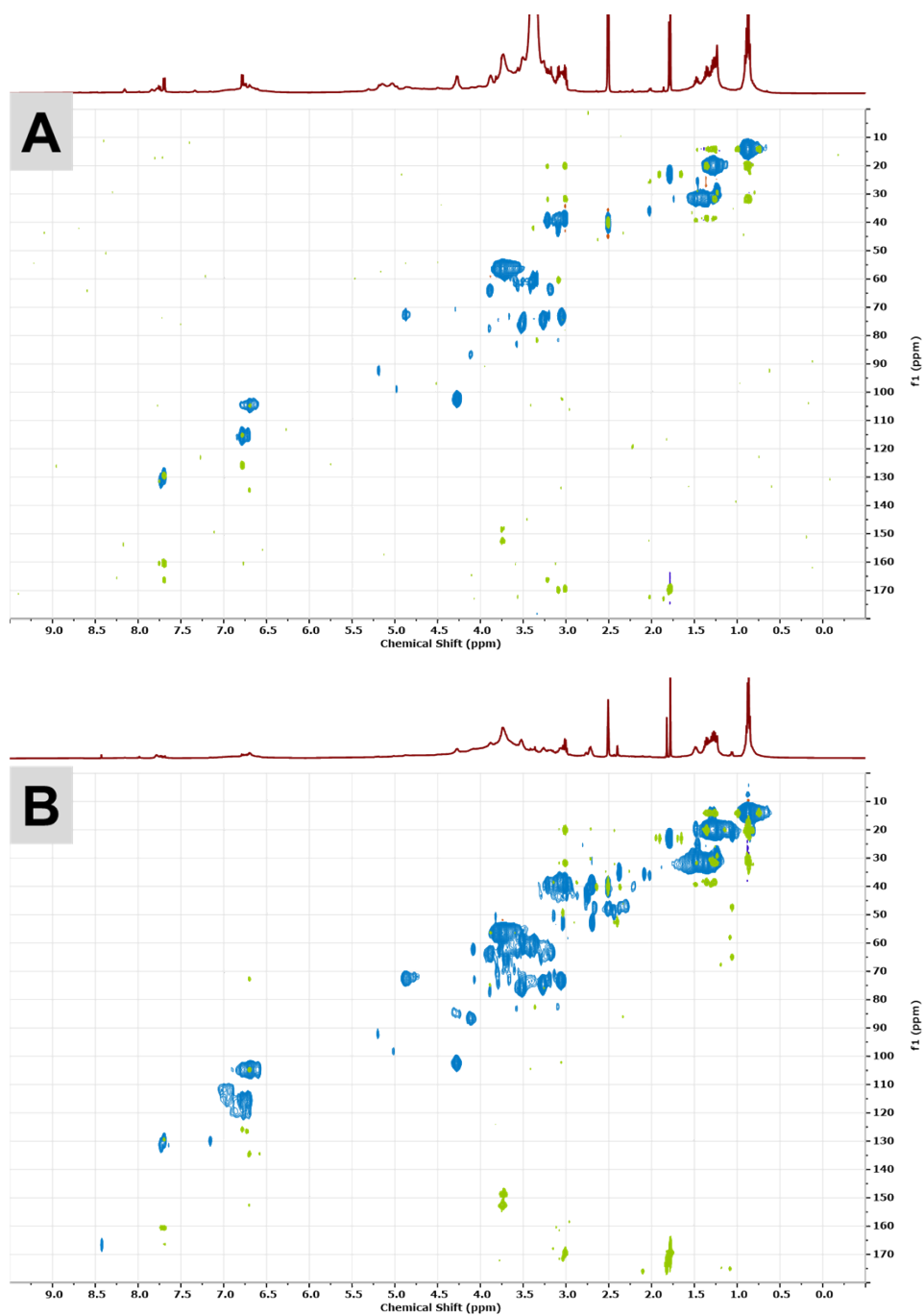


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Solution State NMR Sample Preparations

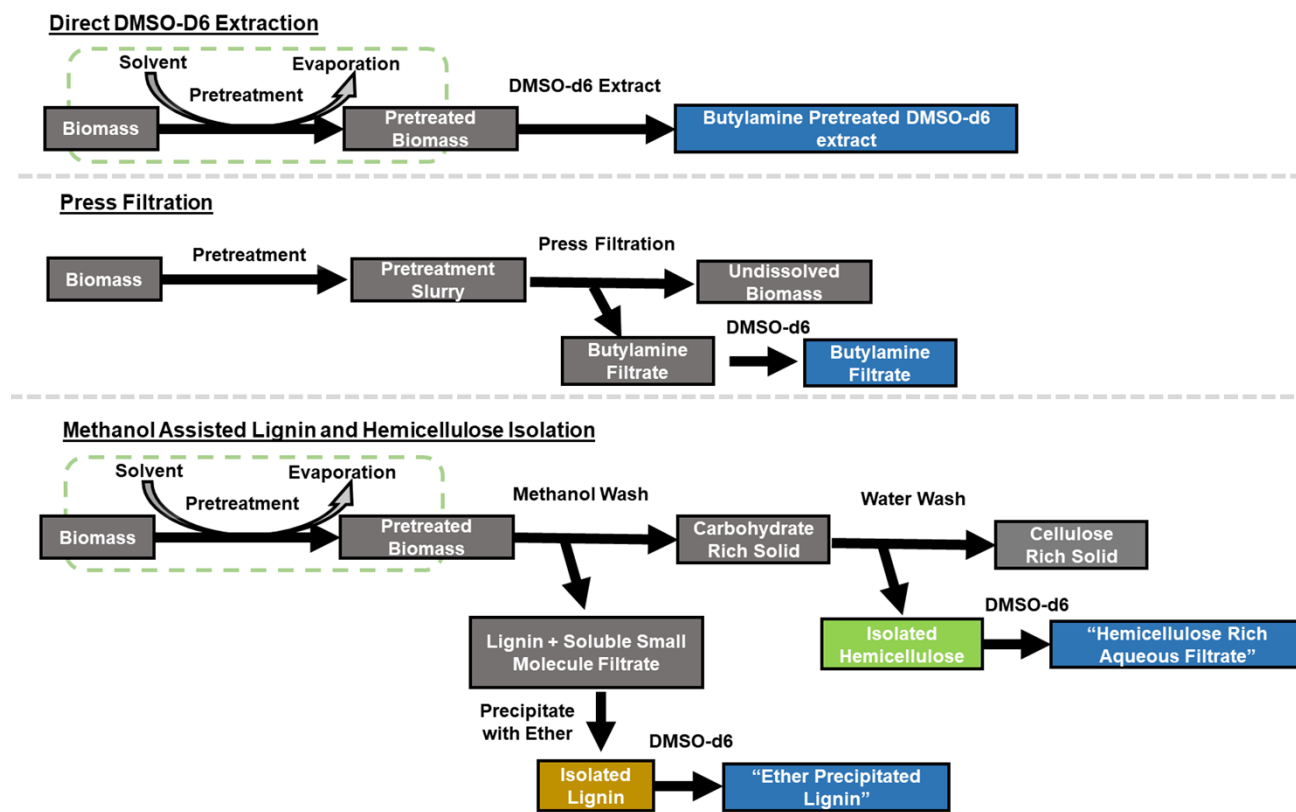


Figure S17: Schematic representation of the isolation schemes used to prepare the various solution state NMR samples within this manuscript. Blue boxes indicate the samples characterized and named in the main text.