

# Halochromism of Rosolic Acid: a pH-Sensitive Colorimetric Dye Combined with the Smartphone Technique for Quantification of DNA in Molecular Diagnostics

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## Author Contributions

† R.S. and S.Y.P contributed equally to this work.

**Materials and Reagents.** Rosolic acid ( $C_{19}H_{14}O_3$ ,  $\geq 99\%$ ) was purchased from Alfa Aesar. The 2× PHD LAMP premix which contains a mixture of deoxynucleoside triphosphate (dNTPs), *Bst* DNA polymerase, and  $Mg^{2+}$  salts was purchased from NanoHelix Co., Ltd (Daejeon, South Korea). 100 bp DNA size marker was obtained from Takara (Shiga, Japan). Agarose powder for gel electrophoresis was acquired from BioShop (Burlington, ON, Canada). The Luria-Bertani broth and agar bacteriology were obtained from MBcell (Seoul, Korea). Ethidium bromide dye was purchased from Dynebio (Seongnam, South Korea). A Wizard Genomic DNA Purification kit was obtained from Promega (Madison, WI, USA). An Orion Star<sup>TM</sup> A211 pH benchtop meter was purchased from ThermoFisher Scientific (Seoul, South Korea). The *esp* gene of *E. faecium* (ATCC: BAA-2127) and the *hlyA* gene of *L. monocytogenes* plasmids were purchased from ATCC and Cosmogenetech (Seoul, South Korea), respectively. The genuine *A. baumannii* sample was taken from hospitalized patients in Thailand and kept on the FTA card. All the LAMP primers were designed using the PrimerExplorer V5 program and purchased from Cosmogenetech (Seoul, South Korea).

## Culture of bacteria and DNA purification

The *E. faecium* spp. was incubated in Luria-Bertani broth (5 mL) at 37°C for 17 h in the incubator with constant agitation at 200 rpm. Following the growth of *E. faecium*, pure genomic DNA was extracted from 1 mL of the bacterial culture medium by employing a Wizard Genomic DNA Extraction kit. A NanoDropTM spectrophotometer was used to measure the ultraviolet absorbance ratio at 260/280 nm in order to determine the purity of the DNA.

**Table S1.** Primer sequences were used for the detection of *Listeria monocytogenes*, *Enterococcus faecium*, and *Acinetobacter baumannii*

Target gene	Primer name	Primer sequences (5'-3')
<i>hlyA</i> ( <i>L. monocytogenes</i> )	LB	CGTCCATCTATTGCCAGGTAACGC
	F3	TGATCACTCTGGAGGCTAC
	B3	CCATTCCAAGCTAACCA
	FIP	TGAACAATTCGTTACCTCAGGATGTTGCTAACATCT CTT
	BIP	AGCAAGCTAGCTCACATGTGCATTCTTGGCGTAA
<i>esp</i> gene ( <i>E. faecium</i> )	LB	TGATGTTGACACAACAGTTAAGGG
	F3	CCAGAACACTTATGGAACAG
	B3	GTTGGGCTTGTGACCTG
	FIP	CGTGTCTCCGCTCTCTTTATTGCAAGATATTGATGGTG
	BIP	ATCGGGAAACCTGAATTAGAAGAAGAACTCGTGGATGAATAC TTTC
<i>bla</i> OXA-23-like carbapenemase ( <i>A. baumannii</i> )	LF	TTTGATGAGATCAAGACCGA
	LB	CTGGTTGGTAGGACCATTAAAGGTT
	F3	GAAGCCATGAAGCTTCTG
	B3	GTATGTGCTAATTGGAAACA
	FIP	ACCGAAACCAATACGTTACTCTCAGCCCCAGTCTATCAGG A
	BIP	CTGAAATTGGACAGCAGGTTGACTCTACCTCTGAATAGGCG

**Table S2.** Weakly-buffered LAMP assay for the detection of *E. faecium* and *A. baumannii*

<i>E. faecium</i> ( <i>esp</i> gene)		<i>A. baumannii</i> ( <i>blaOXA-23-like carbapenemase</i> gene)	
Components	Volume (μL)	Components	Volume (μL)
2× PHD LAMP premix	12.5	2× PHD LAMP premix	12.5
80 μM FIP	0.5	80 μM FIP	0.5
80 μM BIP	0.5	80 μM BIP	0.5
10 μM F3	0.5	10 μM F3	0.5
10 μM B3	0.5	10 μM B3	0.5
40 μM LB	0.5	40 μM LB	0.5
DNA template	1	Water	10
Water	9	Total volume	25
Total volume	25		

**Table S3.** Weakly-buffered real-time LAMP assay for the detection of *L. monocytogenes*

<i>L. monocytogenes</i> ( <i>hlyA</i> gene)	
Components	Volume (μL)
2× PHD LAMP premix	12.5
80 μM FIP	0.5
80 μM BIP	0.5
10 μM F3	0.5
10 μM B3	0.5
40 μM LB	0.5
DNA template	1
7.5 mM RA	1
Water	8
Total volume	25

**Table S4.** Comparison of the introduced method with other relevant strategies for the detection of *L. monocytogenes*

Molecular methods	Sensing strategies	Sensitivity	Assay time (min)	Types of real sample	Ref
LAMP	colorimetry	62.5 fg/reaction	60	milk	1
LAMP	LFD	2.82 CFU/mL	90	chicken	2
LAMP	electrochemical	1 CFU/25g	60	milk	3
SRCA	colorimetry	4.4 CFU/mL	90	milk	4
HAMP	colorimetry	1500 CFU/g	90	chicken	5
RPA	LFD	1360 CFU/mL	45	milk	6
PCR	fluorescence	-	120	pork	7
PCR	fluorescence	10 CFU/mL	120	egg	8
LAMP	colorimetry	10 fg/ $\mu$ L	45	-	This work

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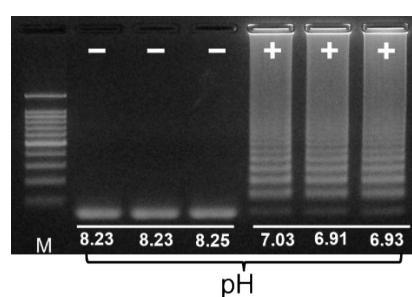
**Table S5.** Quantification of the *L. monocytogenes* (*hlyA* gene) and *E. faecium* (*esp* gene) based on the three ratios (R/RGB, G/RGB, and B/RGB) using a “color picker” APP.

		1 ng/µL	0.1 ng/µL	10 pg/µL	1 pg/µL	0.1 pg/µL	10 fg/µL		R/RGB	G/RGB	B/RGB
	RED	232	231	242	239	237	236		1.00E-09	0.517088	0.427192
		224	235	237	244	231	233		1.00E-10	0.525185	0.432593
		240	243	240	242	231	235		1.00E-11	0.538174	0.431886
<i>hlyA</i>		<b>232</b>	<b>236.3333</b>	<b>239.6667</b>	<b>241.6667</b>	<b>233</b>	<b>234.6667</b>		1.00E-12	0.559414	0.430556
	GREEN	189	195	194	185	166	152		1.00E-13	0.581531	0.408486
		185	192	188	186	164	149		1.00E-14	0.591597	0.381513
		201	197	195	187	161	153				
		<b>191.6667</b>	<b>194.6667</b>	<b>192.3333</b>	<b>186</b>	<b>163.6667</b>	<b>151.3333</b>				
	BLUE	20	24	13	8	7	11				
		3	15	6	0	4	10				
		52	18	21	5	1	11				
		<b>25</b>	<b>19</b>	<b>13.33333</b>	<b>4.333333</b>	<b>4</b>	<b>10.666667</b>				
	RGB	<b>448.6667</b>	<b>450</b>	<b>445.3333</b>	<b>432</b>	<b>400.6667</b>	<b>396.6667</b>				

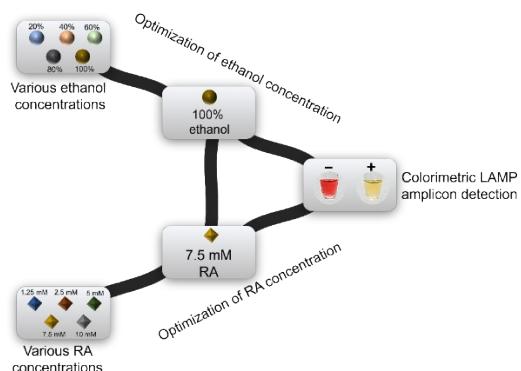
		1 ng/µL	0.1 ng/µL	10 pg/µL	1 pg/µL	0.1 pg/µL	10 fg/µL	1 fg/µL		R/RGB	G/RGB	B/RGB
	RED	236	241	237	243	242	246	235		1.00E-09	0.470511	0.392529
		240	239	242	247	245	248	243		1.00E-10	0.488644	0.410186
		242	230	239	242	249	246	240		1.00E-11	0.497574	0.404019
		<b>239.3333</b>	<b>236.6667</b>	<b>239.3333</b>	<b>244</b>	<b>245.3333</b>	<b>246.6667</b>	<b>239.3333</b>		1.00E-12	0.51768	0.408769
<i>esp</i>	GREEN	195	201	189	191	176	180	157		1.00E-13	0.528949	0.412928
		203	204	197	197	181	183	166		1.00E-14	0.559696	0.388134
		201	191	197	190	186	180	157		1.00E-15	0.585644	0.391517
		<b>199.6667</b>	<b>198.6667</b>	<b>194.3333</b>	<b>192.6667</b>	<b>181</b>	<b>181</b>	<b>160</b>				
	BLUE	59	55	27	25	2	47	2				
		81	72	74	49	9	37	16				
		69	20	41	30	25	32	10				
		<b>69.66667</b>	<b>49</b>	<b>47.33333</b>	<b>34.66667</b>	<b>12</b>	<b>38.666667</b>	<b>9.333333</b>				
	RGB	<b>508.6667</b>	<b>484.3333</b>	<b>481</b>	<b>471.3333</b>	<b>438.3333</b>	<b>466.3333</b>	<b>408.6667</b>				

**Table S6.** Reproducibility test for the RA-based colorimetry method (n=3)

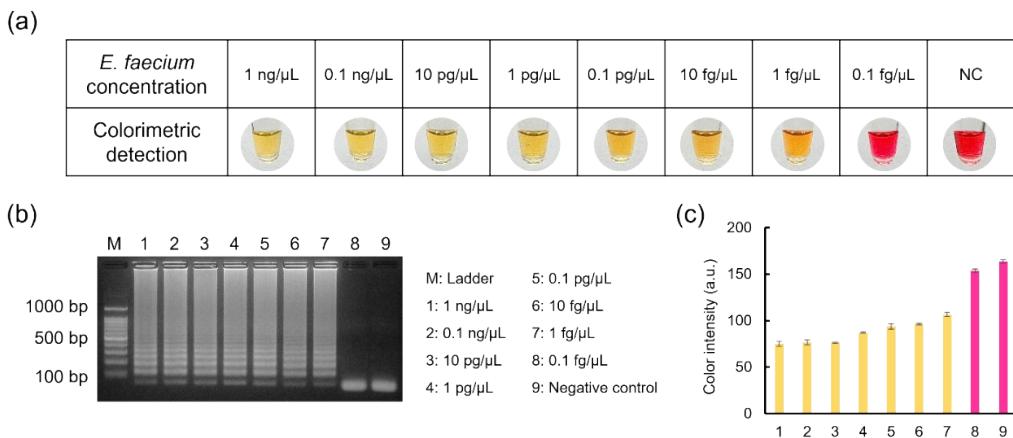
DNA Concentration	R/RGB	SD	RSD (%)
1 ng/ $\mu$ L	0.517088	0.0209	4.04
0.1 ng/ $\mu$ L	0.525185	0.0099	1.90
10 pg/ $\mu$ L	0.538174	0.0150	2.78
1 pg/ $\mu$ L	0.559414	0.0184	3.20
0.1 pg/ $\mu$ L	0.581531	0.0185	3.08
10 fg/ $\mu$ L	0.591597	0.0264	4.25



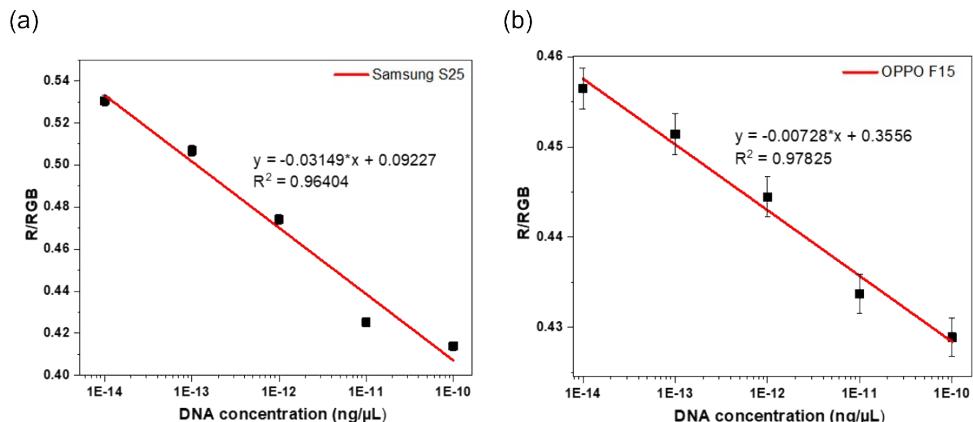
**Fig. S1** Confirmation of weakly-buffered LAMP process by agarose gel electrophoresis.



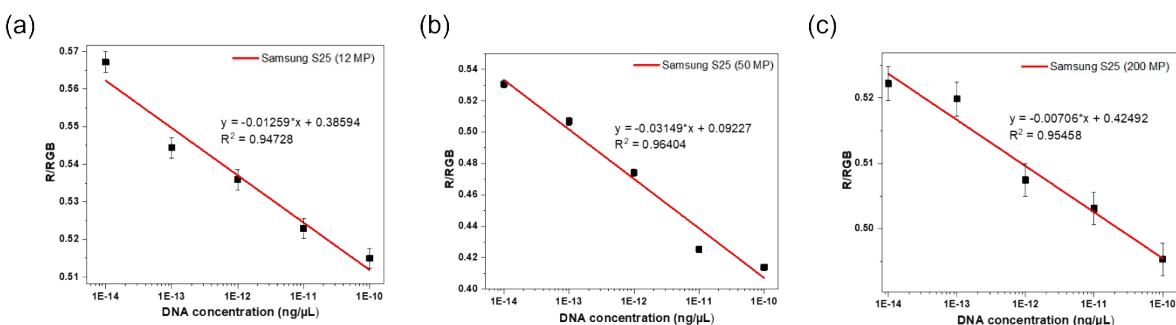
**Fig S2.** The flow chart illustrates the optimization of ethanol and RA concentration for the colorimetric detection of LAMP amplicons.



**Fig. S3** Sensitivity of the RA-based LAMP assay for *E. faecium* detection (a) colorimetry, (b) agarose gel electrophoresis, and (c) grayscale analysis employed for color intensity quantification.



**Fig S4.** Results showing the impact of various smartphone models: (a) Samsung S25 and (b) OPPO F15 on image analysis for the quantification of *L. monocytogenes* based on R/RGB ratio using the “color picker” APP.



**Fig S5.** Results showing the impact of various megapixel cameras; (a) 12 MP, (b) 50 MP, and (c) 200 MP on image analysis for the quantification of *L. monocytogenes* based on R/RGB ratio using the “color picker” APP.