

Appendix A. Supplementary data

Dual COX-2 and EGFR inhibition by pyrazole–*ar*-turmerone hybrids suppresses colorectal cancer cell proliferation

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List of tables

Table S1 ^1H -NMR and ^{13}C -NMR, <i>ar</i> -turmerone in CDCl_3 (δ in ppm, J in Hz).....	6
Table S2 ^1H -NMR and ^{13}C -NMR, compound 1 in CDCl_3 (δ in ppm, J in Hz)	10
Table S3 ^1H -NMR and ^{13}C -NMR, compound 2 in CDCl_3 (δ in ppm, J in Hz)	13
Table S4 ^1H -NMR and ^{13}C -NMR, compound 3 in CDCl_3 (δ in ppm, J in Hz)	16
Table S5 ^1H -NMR and ^{13}C -NMR, compound 4 in CDCl_3 (δ in ppm, J in Hz)	19
Table S6 ^1H -NMR and ^{13}C -NMR, compound 5 in CDCl_3 (δ in ppm, J in Hz)	22
Table S7 ^1H -NMR and ^{13}C -NMR, compound 6 in CDCl_3 (δ in ppm, J in Hz)	25
Table S8 ^1H -NMR and ^{13}C -NMR, compound 7 in CDCl_3 (δ in ppm, J in Hz)	28
Table S9 ^1H -NMR and ^{13}C -NMR, compound 8 in CDCl_3 (δ in ppm, J in Hz)	31
Table S10 The High-Resolution Mass Spectrometry (HRMS) Results of the Synthesized Compounds	34
Table S11 Percentage yield and physical characteristics of the synthesized pyrazole- <i>ar</i> -turmerone analogs (1–8).	34
Table S12 <i>In vitro</i> COX-1 and COX-2 inhibitory activities (IC_{50}), selectivity indices (COX-1/COX-2), and growth inhibition (GI_{50}) values of pyrazole- <i>ar</i> -turmerone analogs (1–8) ($n = 3$).	35

List of Figures

Fig. S1 Isolation of <i>ar</i> -turmerone from turmeric oil	5
Fig. S2 ¹ H NMR spectrum (CDCl ₃ , 400 MHz) of <i>ar</i> -turmerone	7
Fig. S3 ¹³ C NMR spectrum (CDCl ₃ , 100 MHz) of <i>ar</i> -turmerone	7
Fig. S4 HR-TOFMS spectrum of <i>ar</i> -turmerone	8
Fig. S5 FT-IR spectrum of <i>ar</i> -turmerone	8
Fig. S6 Optical rotation of <i>ar</i> -turmerone	9
Fig. S7 ¹ H NMR spectrum (CDCl ₃ , 400 MHz) of compound 1	11
Fig. S8 ¹³ C NMR spectrum (CDCl ₃ , 100 MHz) of compound 1	11
Fig. S9 HR-TOFMS spectrum of compound 1	12
Fig. S10 FT-IR spectrum of compound 1	12
Fig. S11 ¹ H NMR spectrum (CDCl ₃ , 400 MHz) of compound 2	14
Fig. S12 ¹³ C NMR spectrum (CDCl ₃ , 100 MHz) of compound 2	14
Fig. S13 HR-TOFMS spectrum of compound 2	15
Fig. S14 FT-IR spectrum of compound 2	15
Fig. S15 ¹ H NMR spectrum (CDCl ₃ , 400 MHz) of compound 3	17
Fig. S16 ¹³ C NMR spectrum (CDCl ₃ , 100 MHz) of compound 3	17
Fig. S17 HR-TOFMS spectrum of compound 3	18
Fig. S18 FT-IR spectrum of compound 3	18
Fig. S19 ¹ H NMR spectrum (CDCl ₃ , 400 MHz) of compound 4	20
Fig. S20 ¹³ C NMR spectrum (CDCl ₃ , 100 MHz) of compound 4	20
Fig. S21 HR-TOFMS spectrum of compound 4	21
Fig. S22 FT-IR spectrum of compound 4	21
Fig. S23 ¹ H NMR spectrum (CDCl ₃ , 400 MHz) of compound 5	23
Fig. S24 ¹³ C NMR spectrum (CDCl ₃ , 100 MHz) of compound 5	23
Fig. S25 HR-TOFMS spectrum of compound 5	24
Fig. S26 FT-IR spectrum of compound 5	24
Fig. S27 ¹ H NMR spectrum (CDCl ₃ , 400 MHz) of compound 6	26
Fig. S28 ¹³ C NMR spectrum (CDCl ₃ , 100 MHz) of compound 6	26
Fig. S29 HR-TOFMS spectrum of compound 6	27
Fig. S30 FT-IR spectrum of compound 6	27
Fig. S31 ¹ H NMR spectrum (CDCl ₃ , 400 MHz) of compound 7	29
Fig. S32 ¹³ C NMR spectrum (CDCl ₃ , 100 MHz) of compound 7	29

Fig. S33 HR-TOFMS spectrum of compound 7	30
Fig. S34 FT-IR spectrum of compound 7	30
Fig. S35 ¹ H NMR spectrum (CDCl ₃ , 400 MHz) of compound 8	32
Fig. S36 ¹³ C NMR spectrum (CDCl ₃ , 100 MHz) of compound 8	32
Fig. S37 HR-TOFMS spectrum of compound 8	33
Fig. S38 FT-IR spectrum of compound 8	33
Fig. S39 Docking validation results for COX-2 (5KIR) and EGFR (1XKK), showing the overlay of co-crystallized and re-docked ligand conformation (RMSD = 1.55 Å and 1.37 Å, respectively)	35
Fig. S40 Cytotoxicity of synthesized compounds on HT-29 cells by MTT assay.....	36
Fig. S41 Effects of <i>ar</i> -turmerone (<i>Ar-tur</i>), celecoxib (Cel), compound 1 , and 2 on IL-1β-induced HT-29 cell proliferation.....	36
Supplementary Fig. S42 Original uncropped Western blot image for Fig. 9.	37
Supplementary Fig. S43 Original uncropped Western blot image for Fig. 10.	39

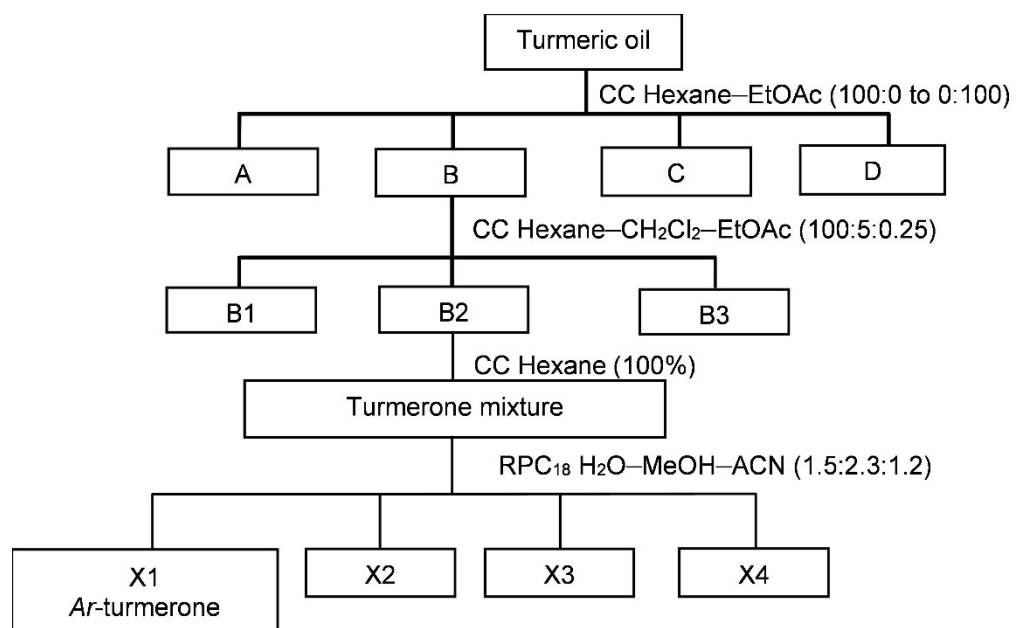
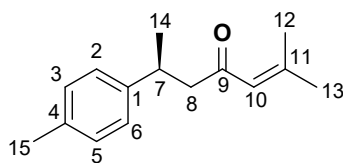
Isolation, Synthesis, and Characterization DataFig. S1 Isolation of *ar*-turmerone from turmeric oil

Table S1 ^1H -NMR and ^{13}C -NMR, *ar*-turmerone in CDCl_3 (δ in ppm, J in Hz)*Ar*-turmerone

Position	^1H signal (δ_{H} in ppm, J in Hz)	^{13}C signal (δ_{C} in ppm)
1	-	143.6
2	7.06-7.11, m ^a	126.6
3	7.06-7.11, m ^a	129.0
4	-	135.4
5	7.06-7.11, m ^a	129.0
6	7.06-7.11, m ^a	126.6
7	3.27, m	35.2
8	8a: 2.59, dd (15.6, 8.3) 8b: 2.70, dd (15.6, 6.0)	52.6
9	-	199.8
10	6.00-6.02, m ($W_{1/2} = 2.5$ Hz)	124.0
11	-	155.0
12	1.84, d (1.2)	20.6
13	2.09, d (1.1)	27.5
14	1.23, d (6.9)	21.9
15	2.29, s	20.9

^a Partially overlapping signals

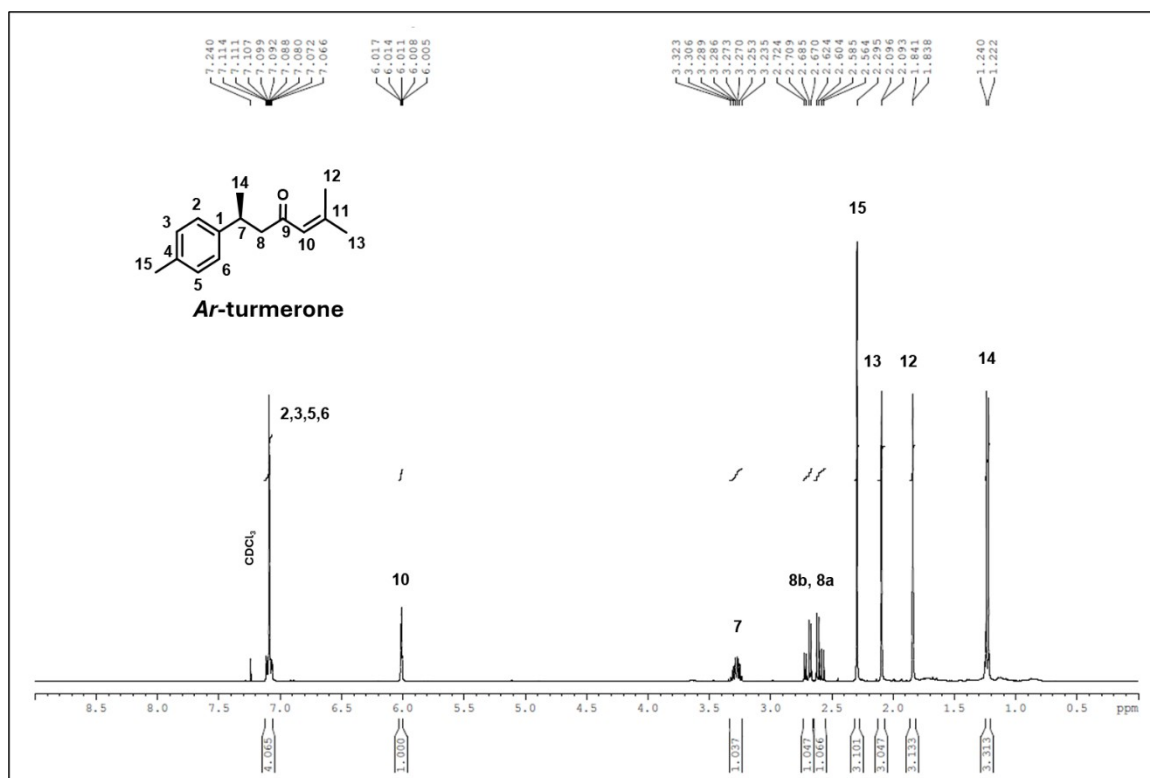


Fig. S2 ¹H NMR spectrum (CDCl₃, 400 MHz) of *ar*-turmerone

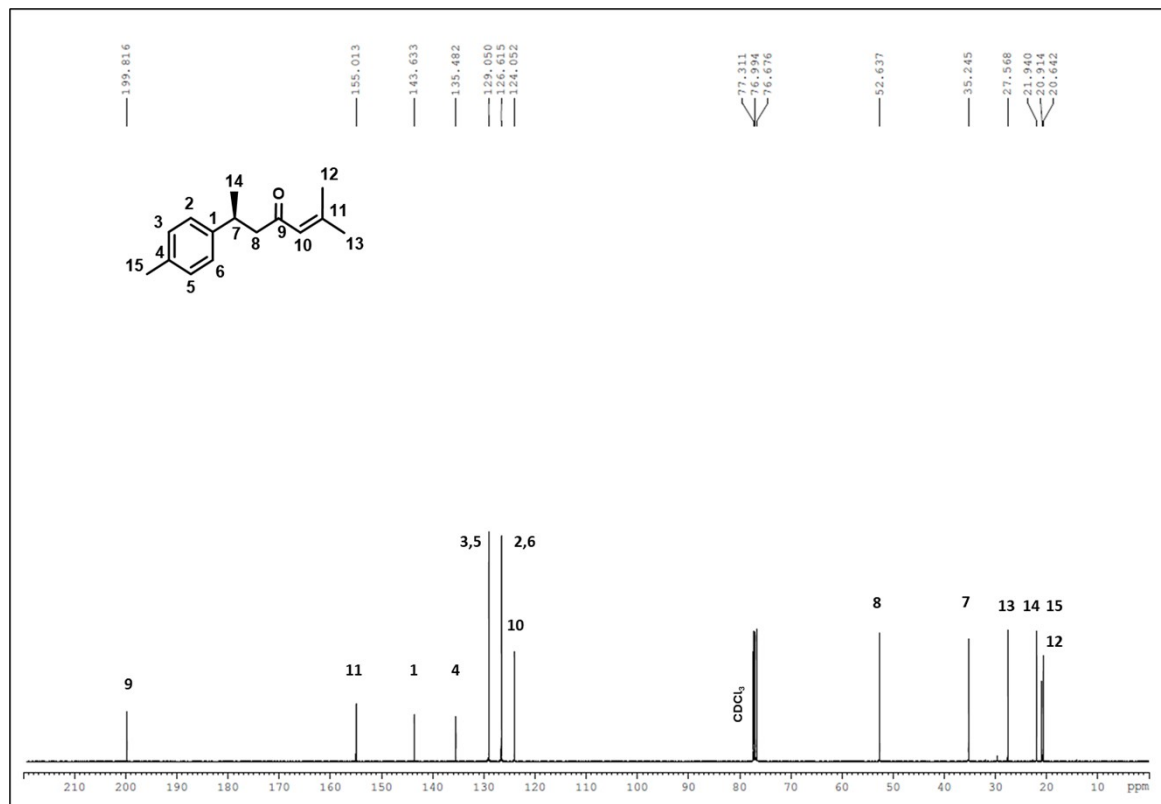
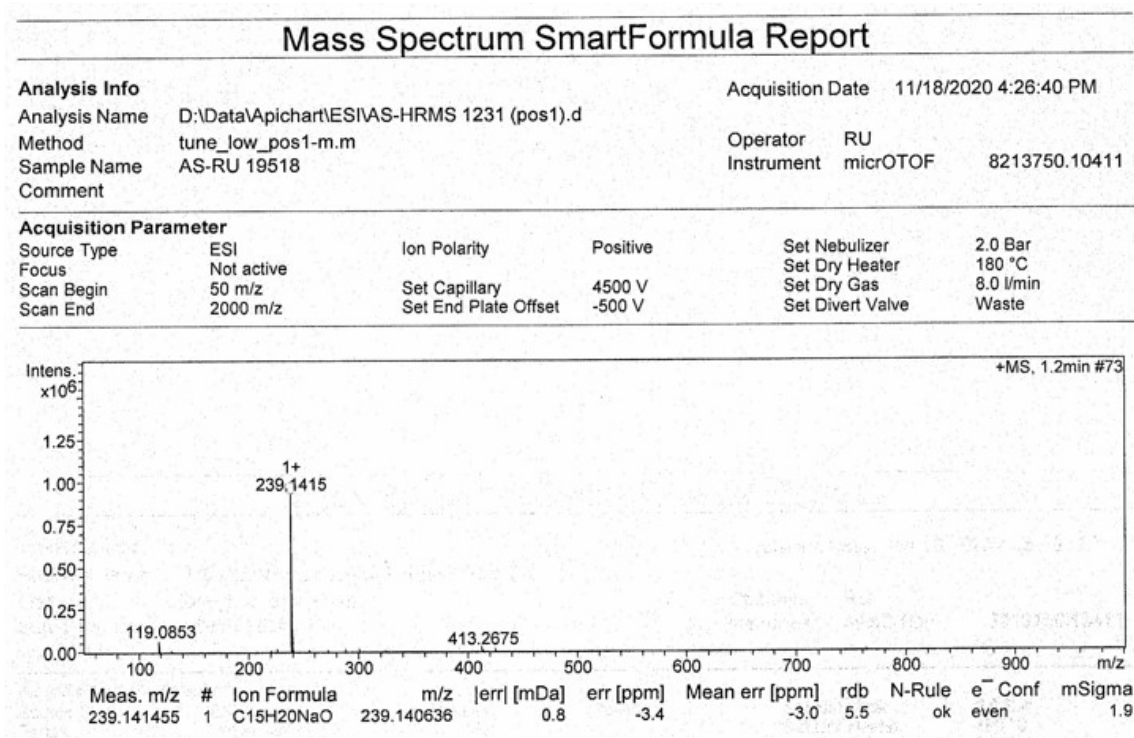
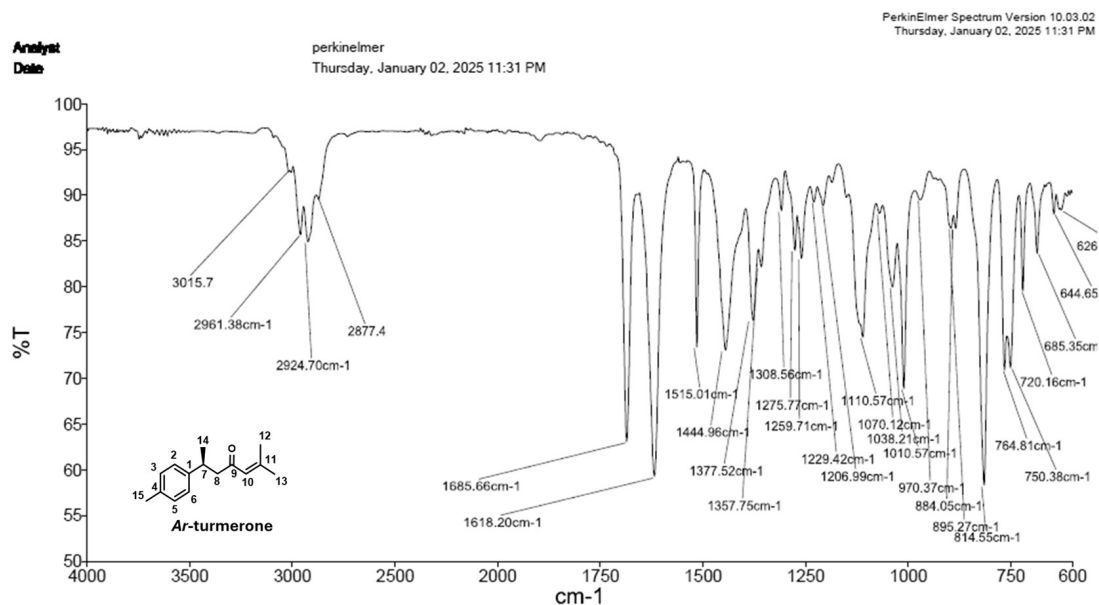


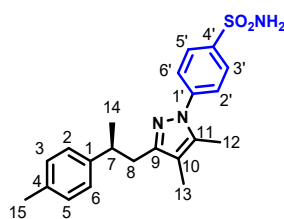
Fig. S3 ¹³C NMR spectrum (CDCl₃, 100 MHz) of *ar*-turmerone

Fig. S4 HR-TOFMS spectrum of *ar*-turmeroneFig. S5 FT-IR spectrum of *ar*-turmerone

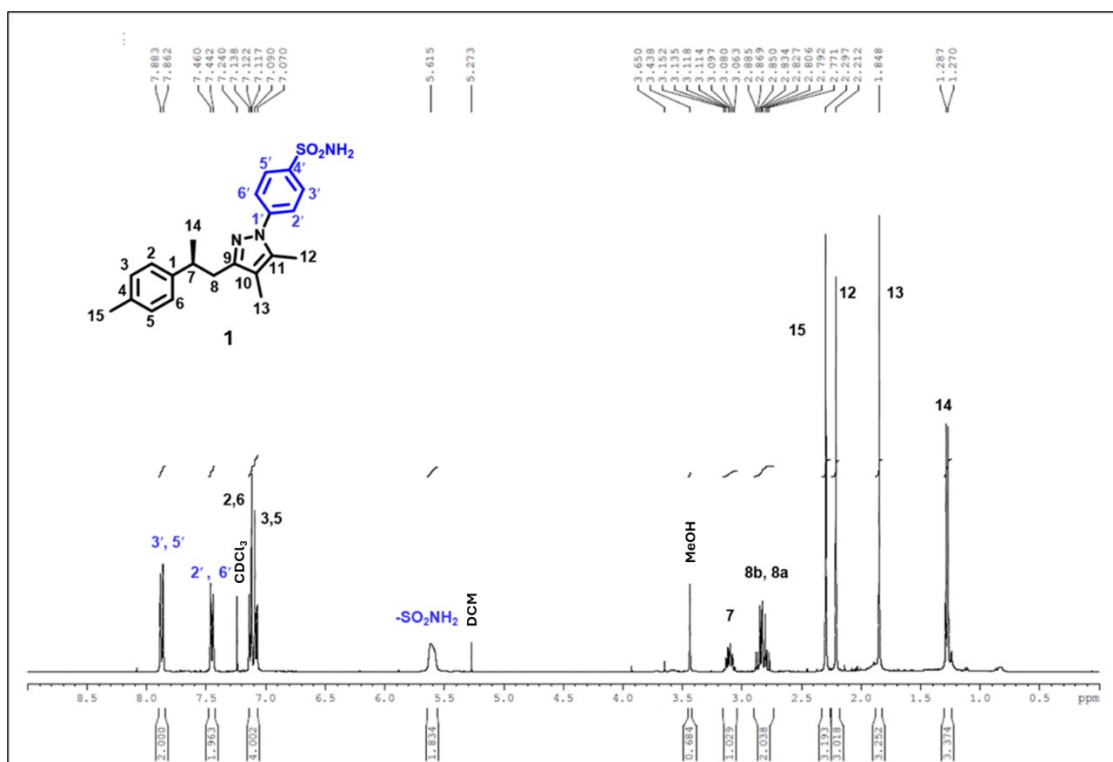
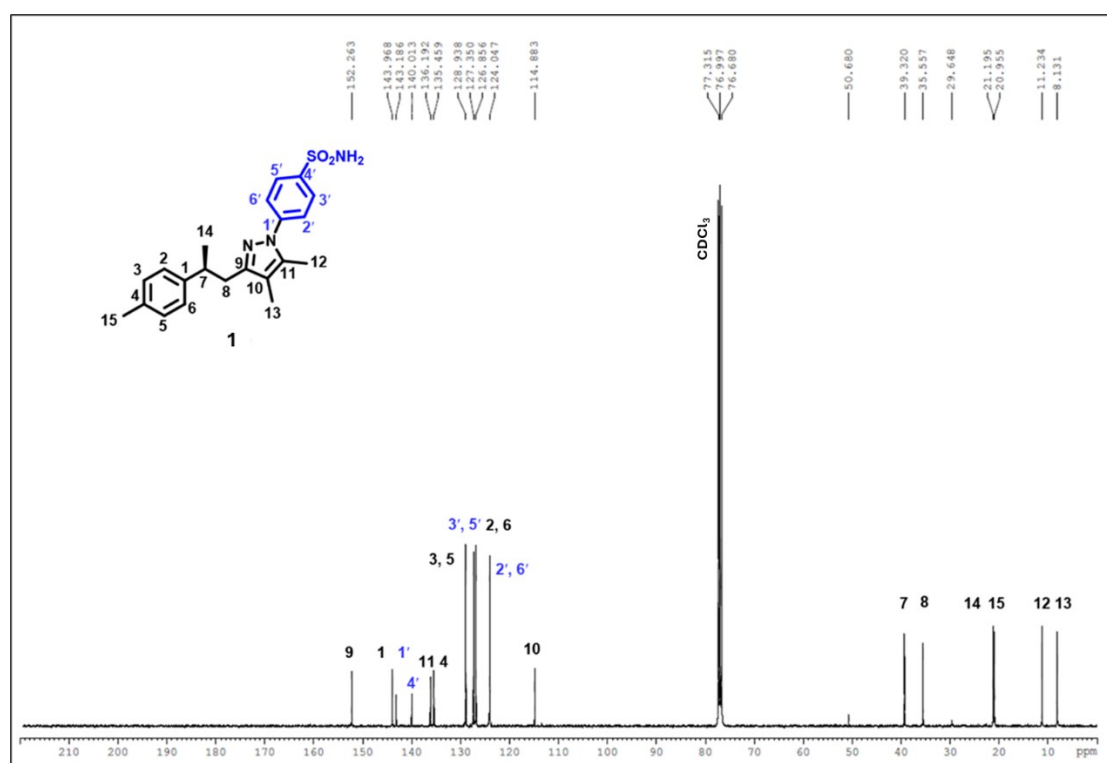
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Cell path	10.00 mm
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Factor	1.0000
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Integration	1 sec
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S.D.	1.1455
C.V.	1.9654 %

No.	Sample No	Data	Temp.
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2	546(2/ 5)	56.706	25.6
3	546(3/ 5)	59.765	25.6
4	546(4/ 5)	58.353	25.6
5	546(5/ 5)	58.824	25.6

Fig. S6 Optical rotation of *ar*-turmerone

Table S2 ^1H -NMR and ^{13}C -NMR, compound **1** in CDCl_3 (δ in ppm, J in Hz)Compound **1**

Position	^1H signal (δ_{H} in ppm, J in Hz)	^{13}C signal (δ_{C} in ppm)
1	-	143.9
2	7.13, d (8.0)	126.8
3	7.08, d (8.0)	128.9
4	-	135.4
5	7.08, d (8.0)	128.9
6	7.13, d (8.0)	126.8
7	3.06 - 3.16 m	39.3
8	8a: 2.80, dd (14.0, 8.6) 8b: 2.86, dd (14.0, 6.3)	35.5
9	-	152.2
10	-	114.8
11	-	136.1
12	2.12, s	11.2
13	1.84, s	8.1
14	1.28, d (6.9)	21.1
15	2.29, s	20.9
1'	-	143.1
2'	7.45, d (8.4)	124.0
3'	7.87, d (8.4)	127.3
4'	-	140.0
5'	7.87, d (8.4)	127.3
6'	7.45, d (8.4)	124.0
-SO ₂ NH ₂	5.61, brs	-

Fig. S7 ¹H NMR spectrum (CDCl₃, 400 MHz) of compound **1**Fig. S8 ¹³C NMR spectrum (CDCl₃, 100 MHz) of compound **1**

Mass Spectrum SmartFormula Report

Analysis Info

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Operator RU
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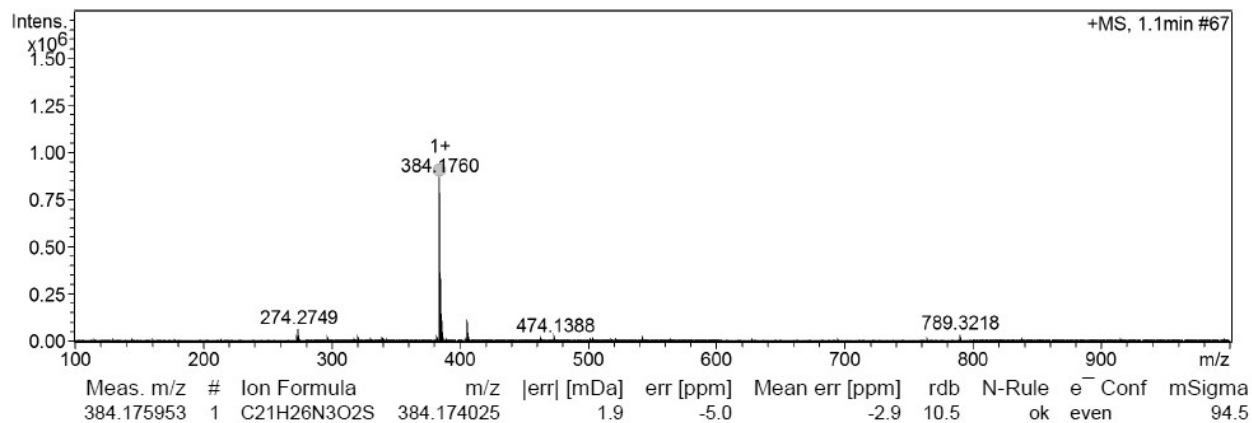


Fig. S9 HR-TOFMS spectrum of compound 1

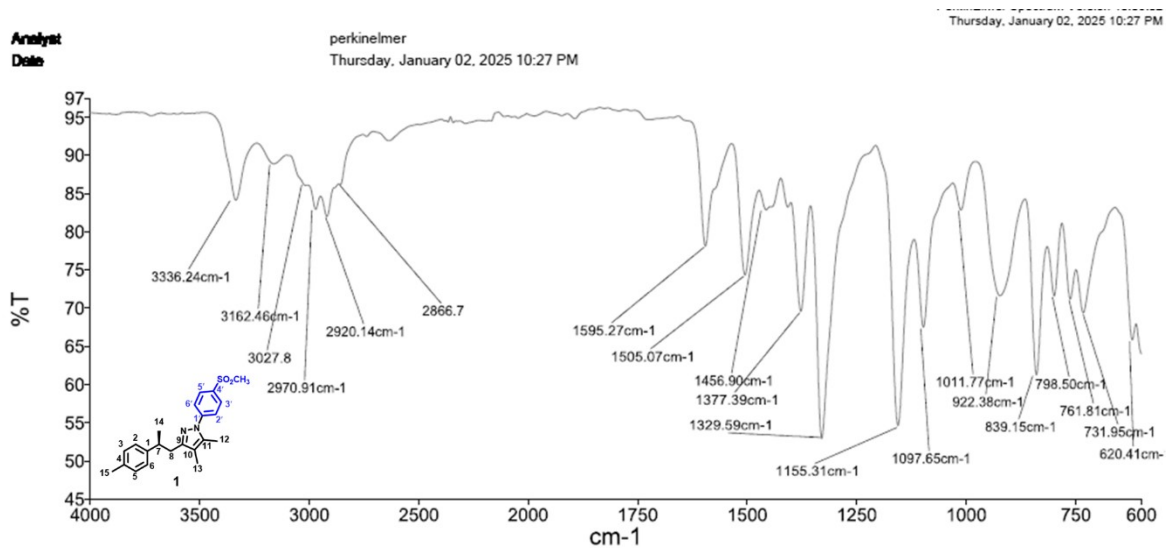
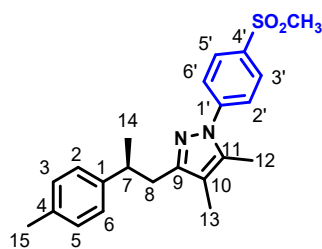
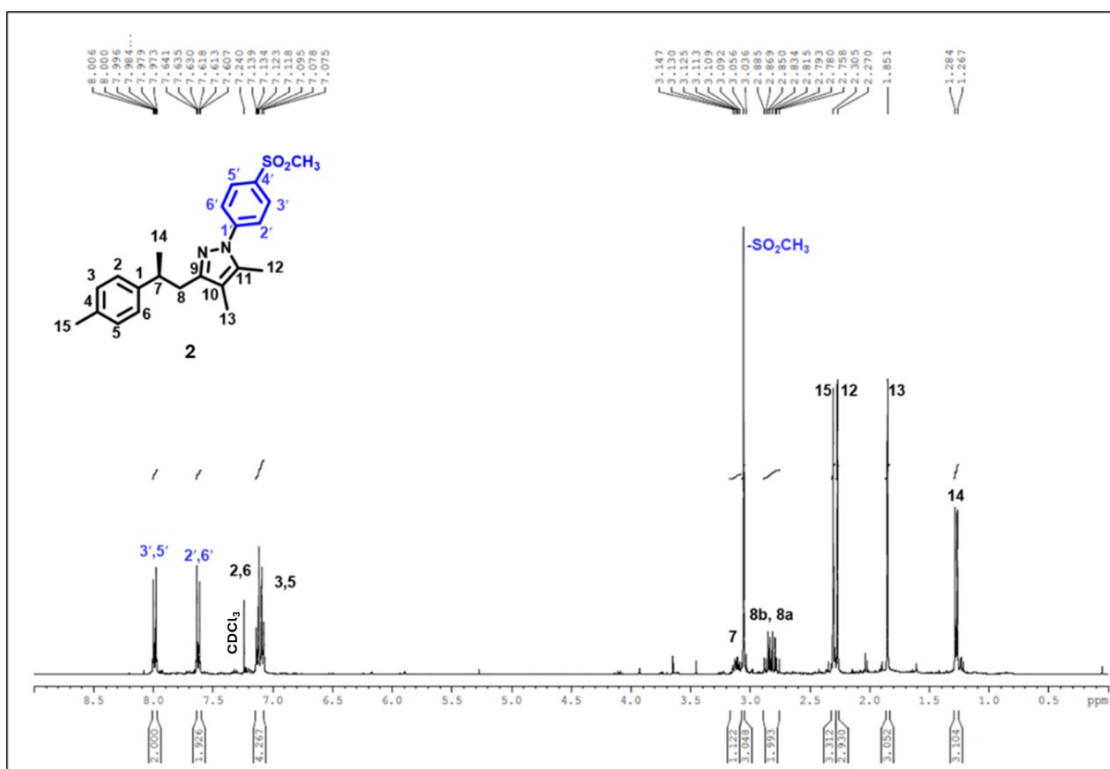
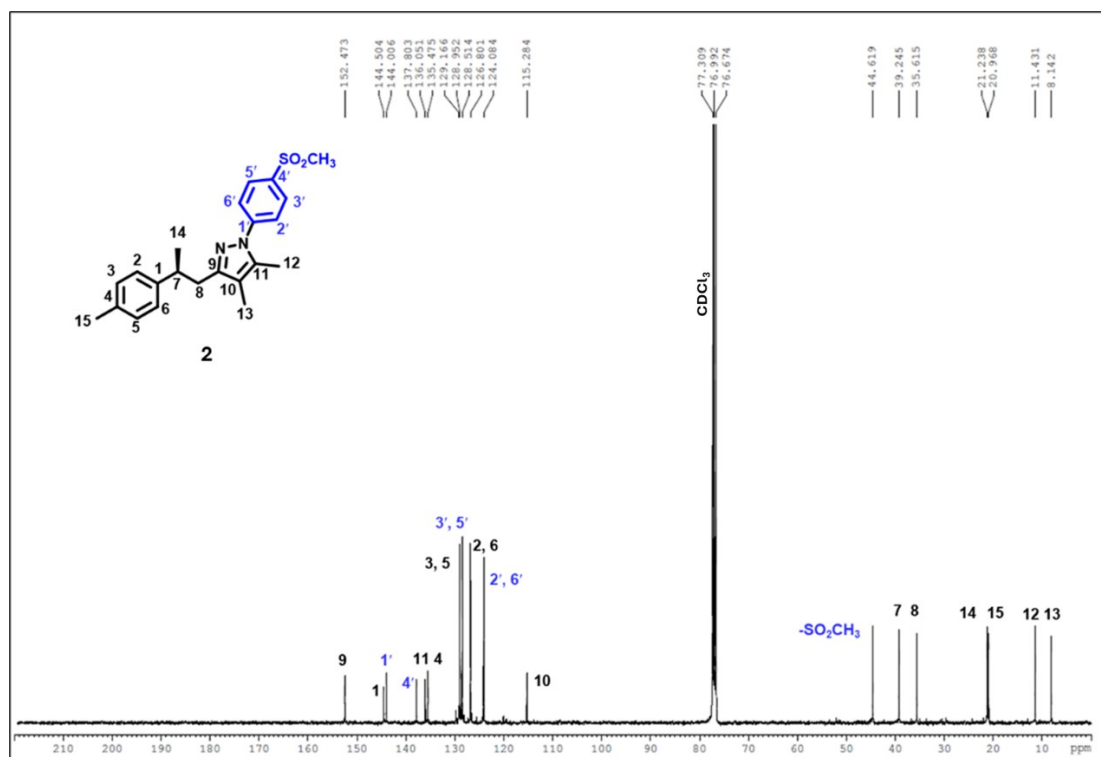


Fig. S10 FT-IR spectrum of compound 1

Table S3 ^1H -NMR and ^{13}C -NMR, compound **2** in CDCl_3 (δ in ppm, J in Hz)Compound **2**

Position	^1H signal (δ_{H} in ppm, J in Hz)	^{13}C signal (δ_{C} in ppm)
1	-	144.5
2	7.13, dd (8.1, 1.8)	126.8
3	7.09, dd (8.1, 1.2)	129.1
4	-	135.4
5	7.09, dd (8.1, 1.2)	129.1
6	7.13, dd (8.1, 1.8)	126.8
7	3.06-3.16, m	39.2
8	8a: 2.79, dd (14.0, 8.8) 8b: 2.86, dd (14.0, 6.1)	35.6
9	-	152.4
10	-	115.2
11	-	136.0
12	2.27, s	11.4
13	1.85, s	8.1
14	1.28, d (6.9)	21.2
15	2.30, s	20.9
1'	-	144.0
2'	7.63, dd (8.7, 2.3)	124.0
3'	7.99, dd (8.7, 2.4)	128.9
4'	-	137.8
5'	7.99, dd (8.7, 2.4)	128.9
6'	7.63, dd (8.7, 2.3)	124.0
-SO ₂ CH ₃	3.05, s	44.6

Fig. S11 ¹H NMR spectrum (CDCl₃, 400 MHz) of compound 2Fig. S12 ¹³C NMR spectrum (CDCl₃, 100 MHz) of compound 2

Mass Spectrum SmartFormula Report

Analysis Info

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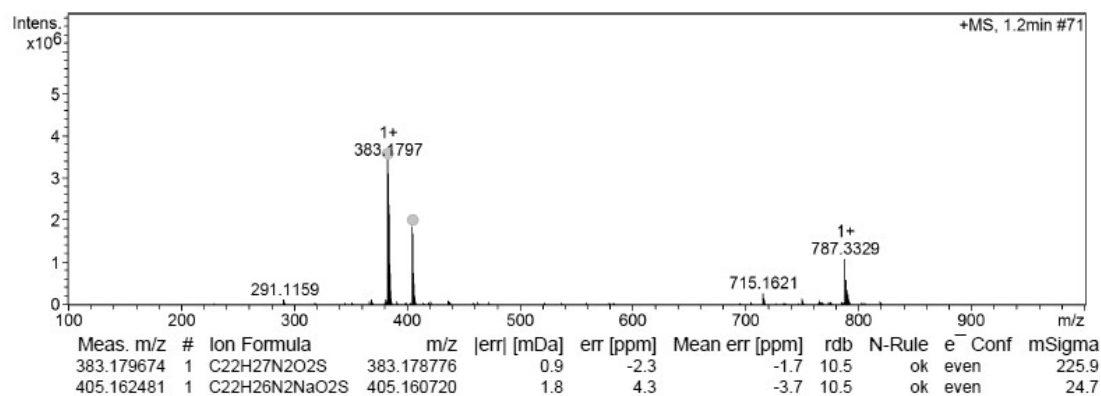


Fig. S13 HR-TOFMS spectrum of compound 2

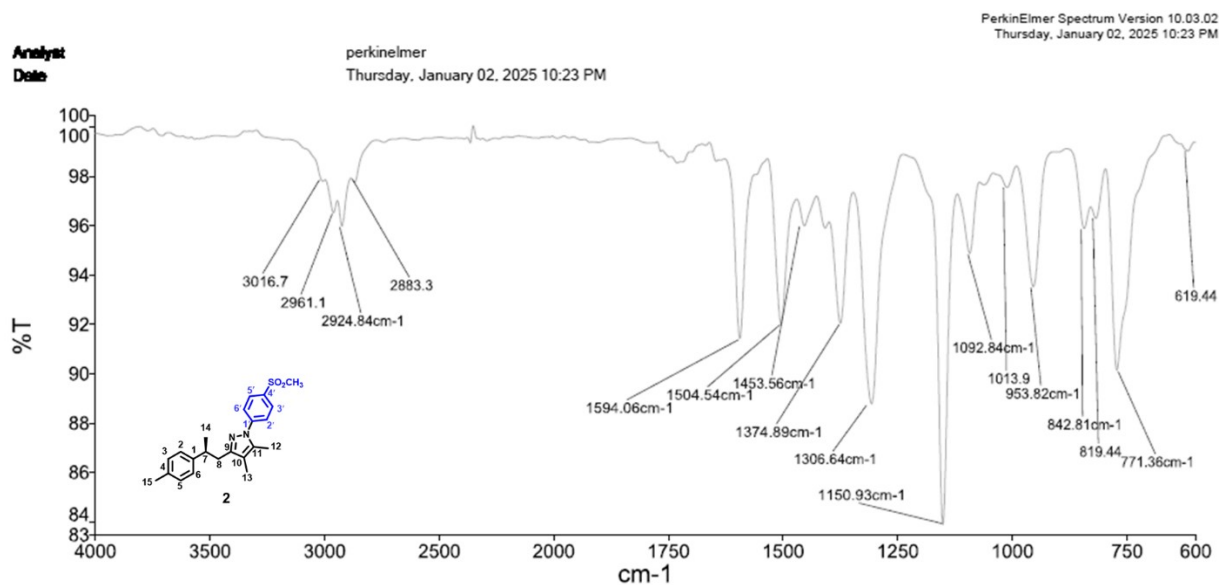
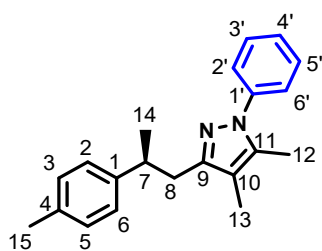
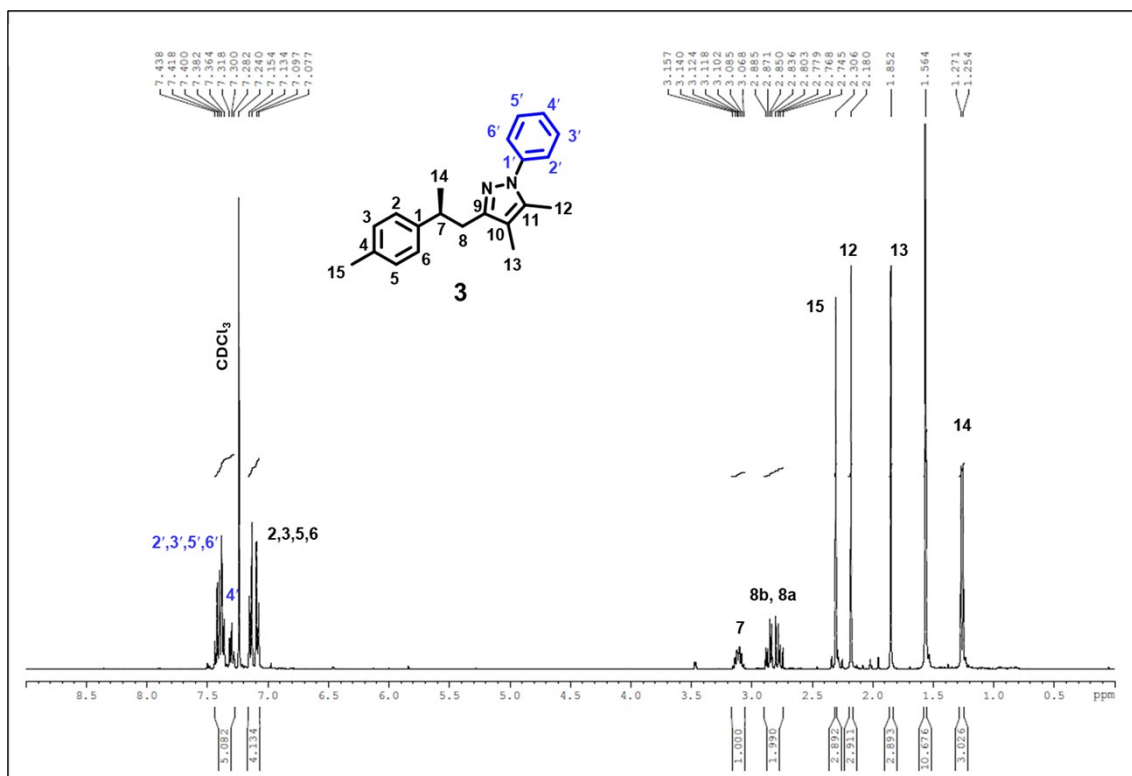
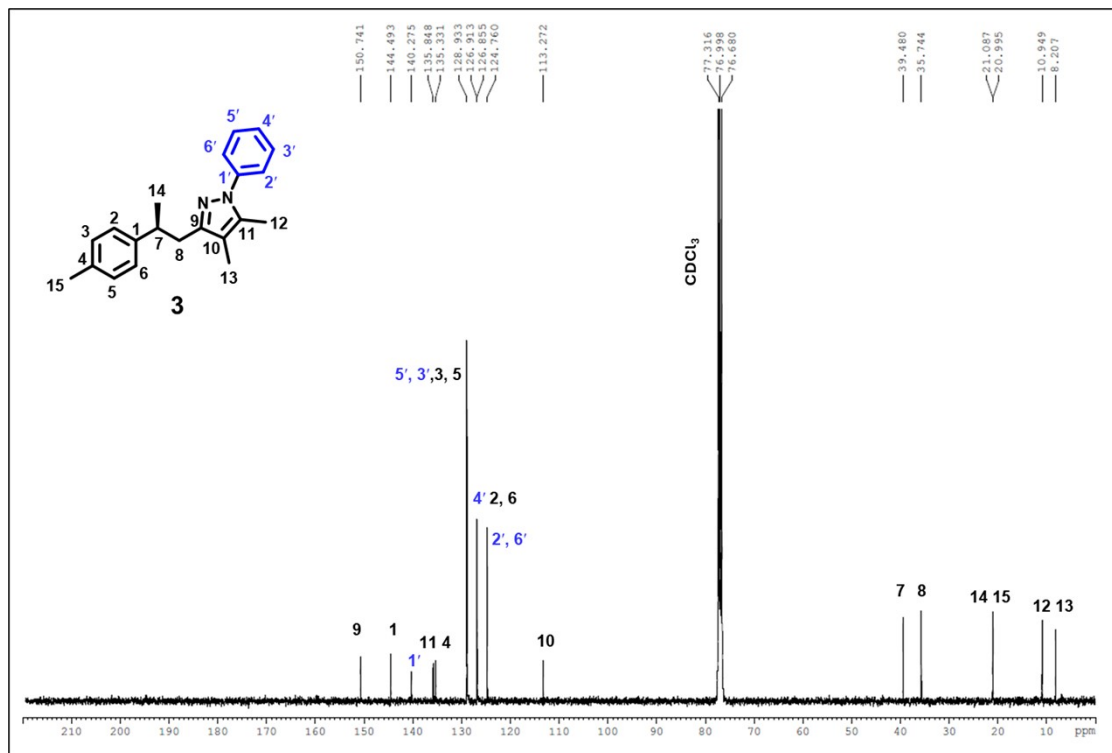


Fig. S14 FT-IR spectrum of compound 2

Table S4 ^1H -NMR and ^{13}C -NMR, compound **3** in CDCl_3 (δ in ppm, J in Hz)Compound **3**

Position	^1H signal (δ_{H} in ppm, J in Hz)	^{13}C signal δ_{C} in ppm
1	-	144.4
2	7.14, d (8.0)	126.8
3	7.09, d (8.0)	128.9
4	-	135.3
5	7.09, d (8.0)	128.9
6	7.14, d (8.0)	126.8
7	3.06 - 3.16, m	39.4
8	8a: 2.77 dd (14.0, 9.3) 8b: 2.86 dd (14.0, 5.7)	35.7
9	-	150.7
10	-	113.2
11	-	135.8
12	2.18, s	10.9
13	1.85, s	8.2
14	1.26, d (6.9)	21.0
15	2.30, s	20.9
1'	-	140.2
2'	7.43, brd (7.1)	124.7
3'	7.38, brt (7.1)	128.9
4'	7.30, brt (7.1)	126.9
5'	7.38, brt (7.1)	128.9
6'	7.41, brd (7.1)	124.7

Fig. S15 ¹H NMR spectrum (CDCl₃, 400 MHz) of compound **3**Fig. S16 ¹³C NMR spectrum (CDCl₃, 100 MHz) of compound **3**

Mass Spectrum SmartFormula Report

Analysis Info

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Operator RU
 Instrument micrOTOF 8213750.10411

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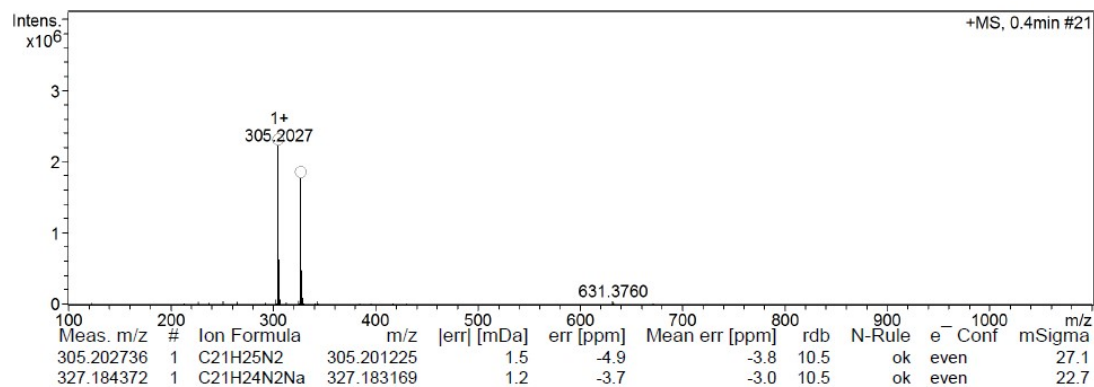


Fig. S17 HR-TOFMS spectrum of compound **3**

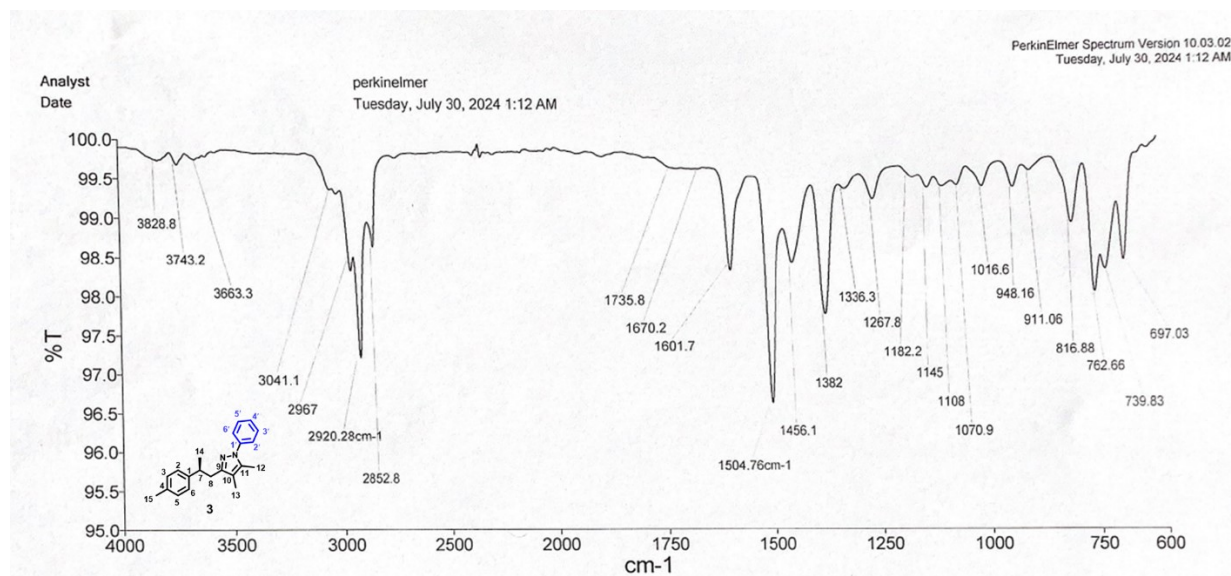
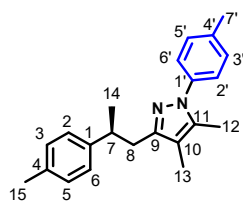


Fig. S18 FT-IR spectrum of compound **3**

Table S5 ^1H -NMR and ^{13}C -NMR, compound **4** in CDCl_3 (δ in ppm, J in Hz)Compound **4**

Position	^1H signal (δ_{H} in ppm, J in Hz)	^{13}C signal δ_{C} in ppm
1	-	144.5
2	7.14, d (8.0)	126.8
3	7.08, d (8.0)	128.8
4	-	135.2
5	7.08, d (8.0)	128.8
6	7.14, d (8.0)	126.8
7	3.06 - 3.16, m	39.4
8	8a 2.77, dd (14.0, 9.3) 8b 2.86, dd (14.0, 5.7)	35.7
9	-	150.3
10	-	112.9
11	-	135.7
12	2.15, s	10.8
13	1.84, s	8.1
14	1.26, d (6.9)	21.0
15	2.30, s	20.9
1'	-	137.7
2'	7.25, dd (8.4, 2.0)	124.6
3'	7.21, dd (8.4, 2.0)	129.4
4'	-	136.7
5'	7.21, dd (8.4, 2.0)	129.4
6'	7.25, dd (8.4, 2.0)	124.6
7'	2.36, s	21.0

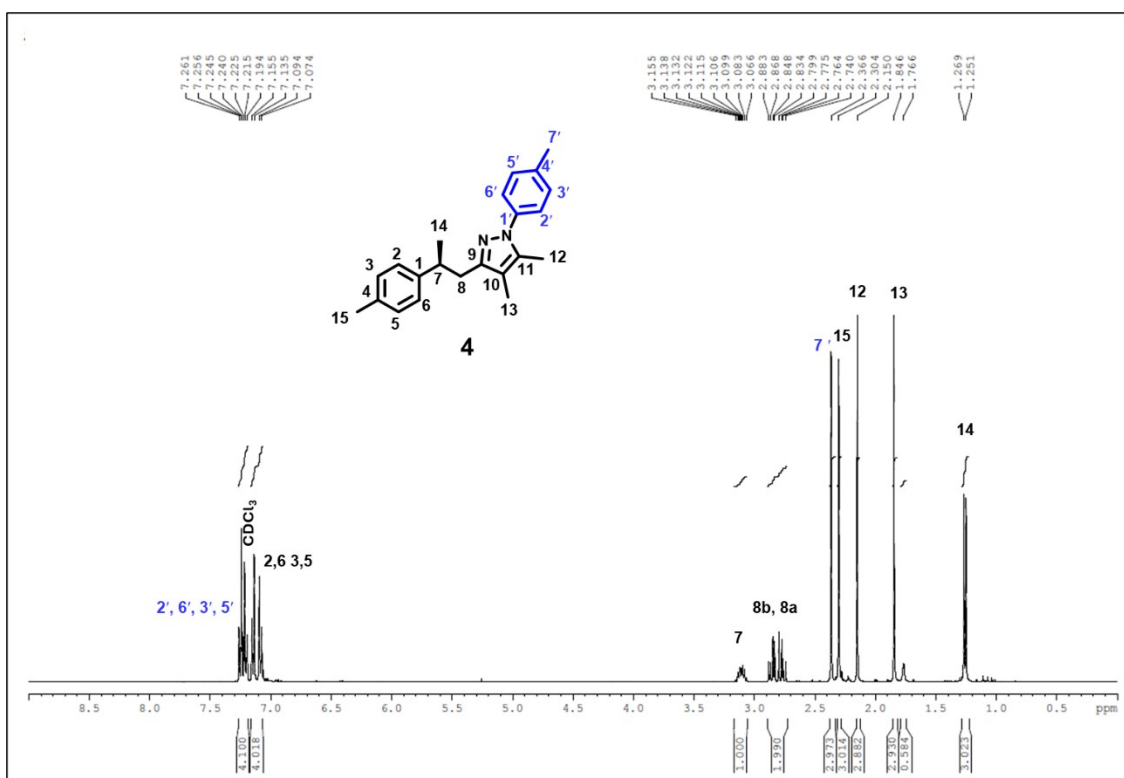


Fig. S19 ¹H NMR spectrum (CDCl₃, 400 MHz) of compound 4

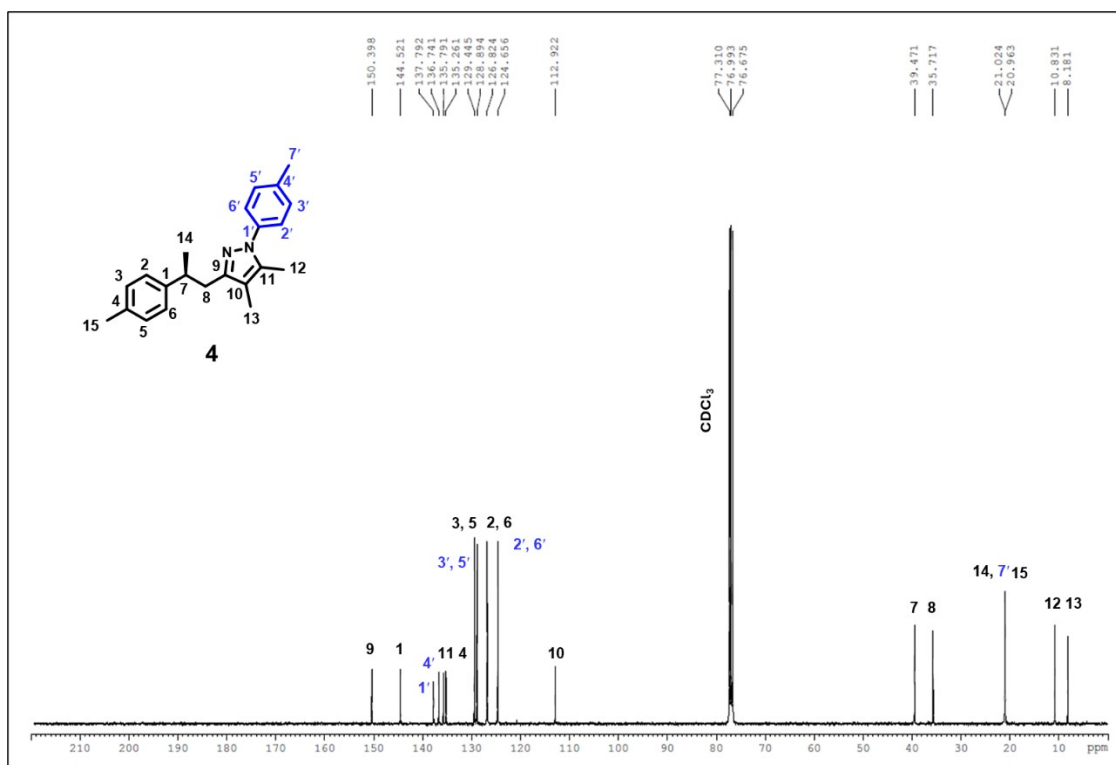


Fig. S20 ¹³C NMR spectrum (CDCl₃, 100 MHz) of compound 4

Mass Spectrum SmartFormula Report

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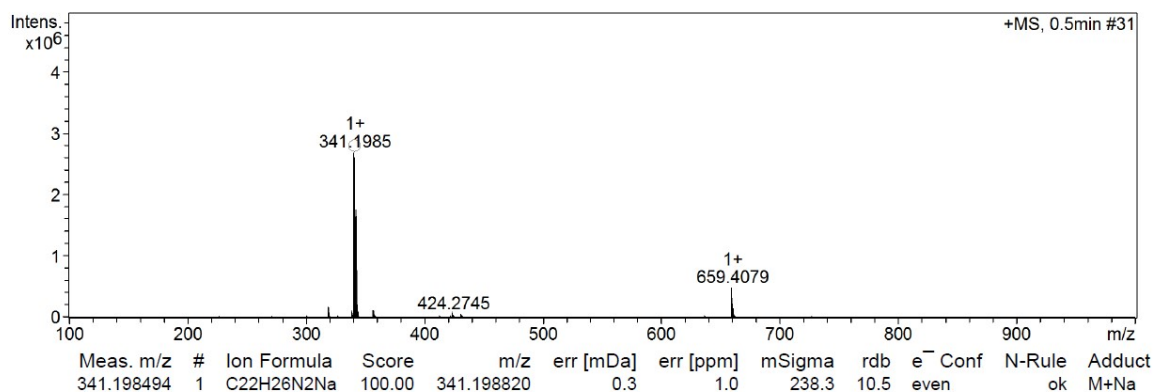


Fig. S21 HR-TOFMS spectrum of compound 4

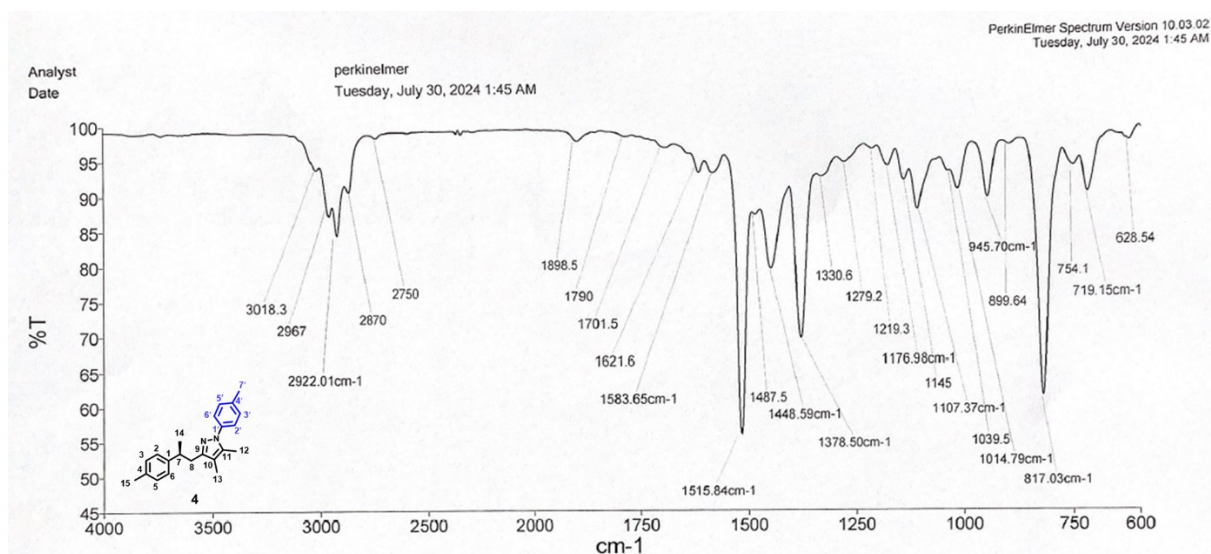
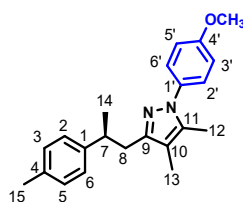


Fig. S22 FT-IR spectrum of compound 4

Table S6 ^1H -NMR and ^{13}C -NMR, compound **5** in CDCl_3 (δ in ppm, J in Hz)Compound **5**

Position	^1H signal (δ_{H} in ppm, J in Hz)	^{13}C signal δ_{C} in ppm
1	-	144.5
2	7.14, d (8.1)	126.8
3	7.09, d (8.1)	128.9
4	-	135.2
5	7.09, d (8.1)	128.9
6	7.14, d (8.1)	126.8
7	3.05 - 3.15, m	39.5
8	8a: 2.76 dd (14.0, 9.4) 8b: 2.85 dd (14.0, 5.7)	35.7
9	-	150.2
10	-	112.6
11	-	135.9
12	2.12, s	10.7
13	1.84, s	8.2
14	1.25, d (6.9)	21.0
15	2.30, s	20.9
1'	-	133.4
2'	7.27 dd (8.9, 2.2)	126.3
3'	6.93 dd (8.9, 2.2)	114.0
4'	-	158.5
5'	6.93 dd (8.9, 2.2)	114.0
6'	7.27 dd (8.9, 2.2)	126.3
-OCH ₃	3.82, s	55.5

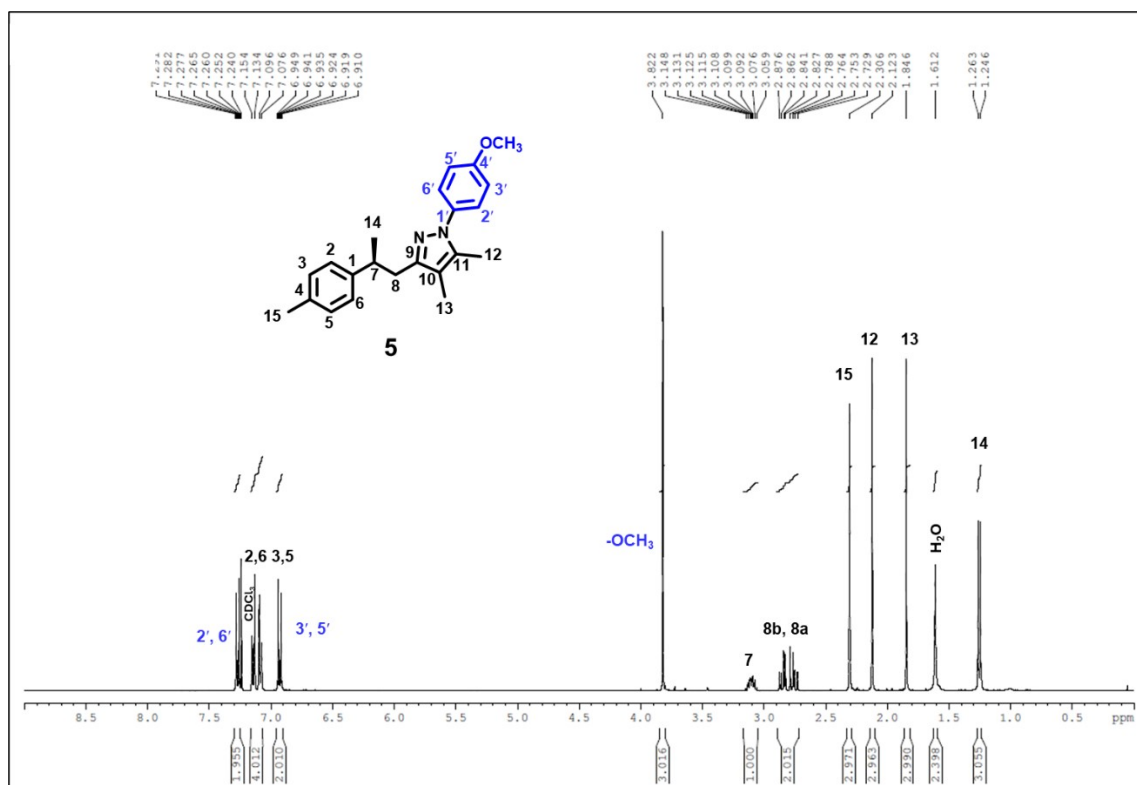


Fig. S23 ¹H NMR spectrum (CDCl₃, 400 MHz) of compound 5

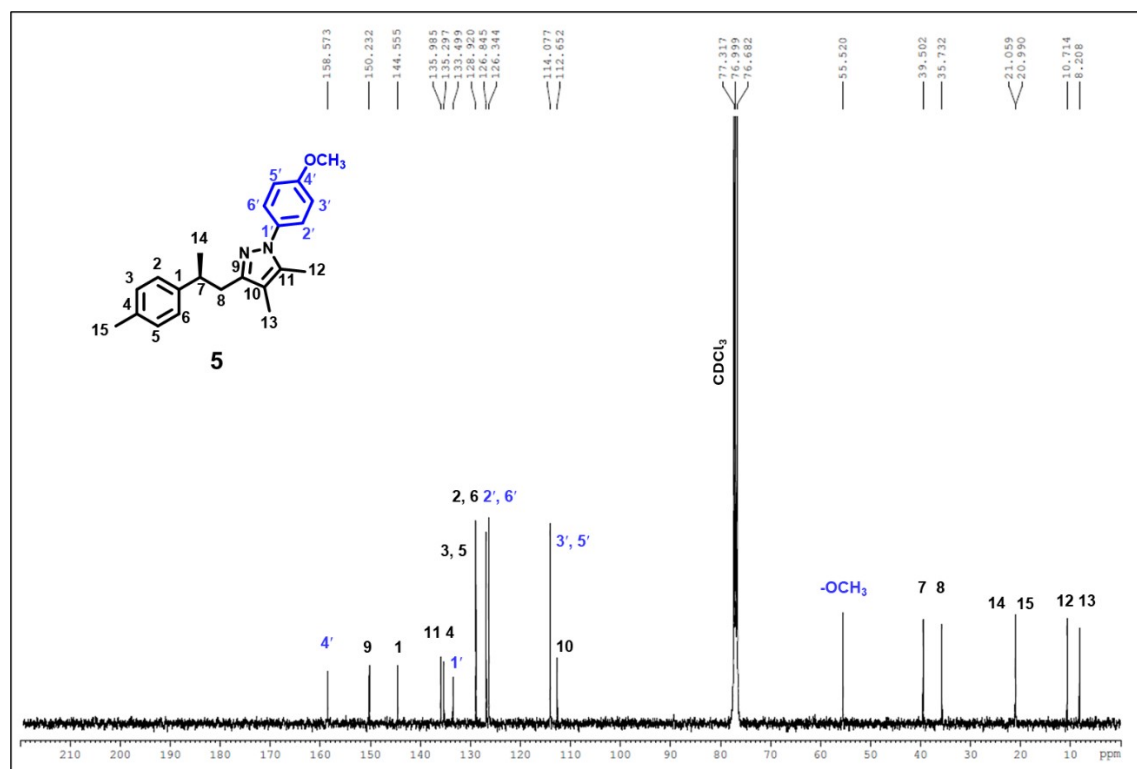


Fig. S24 ¹³C NMR spectrum (CDCl₃, 100 MHz) of compound 5

Mass Spectrum SmartFormula Report

Analysis Info

Analysis Name D:\Data\Apichart\ESI\AS-HRMS 20467 (pos).d

Method tune_low_pos.m

Sample Name AS-RU 23062

Comment

Acquisition Date 8/9/2024 11:29:06 PM

Operator RU

Instrument micrOTOF 8213750.10411

Acquisition Parameter

Source Type	ESI	Ion Polarity	Positive	Set Nebulizer	2.0 Bar
Focus	Not active			Set Dry Heater	200 °C
Scan Begin	50 m/z	Set Capillary	4500 V	Set Dry Gas	8.0 l/min
Scan End	2000 m/z	Set End Plate Offset	-500 V	Set Divert Valve	Waste

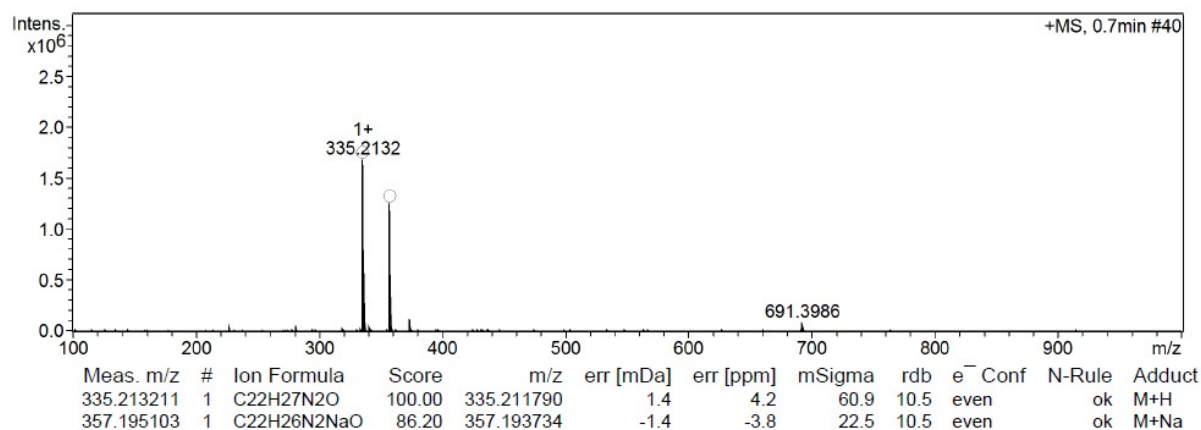


Fig. S25 HR-TOFMS spectrum of compound **5**

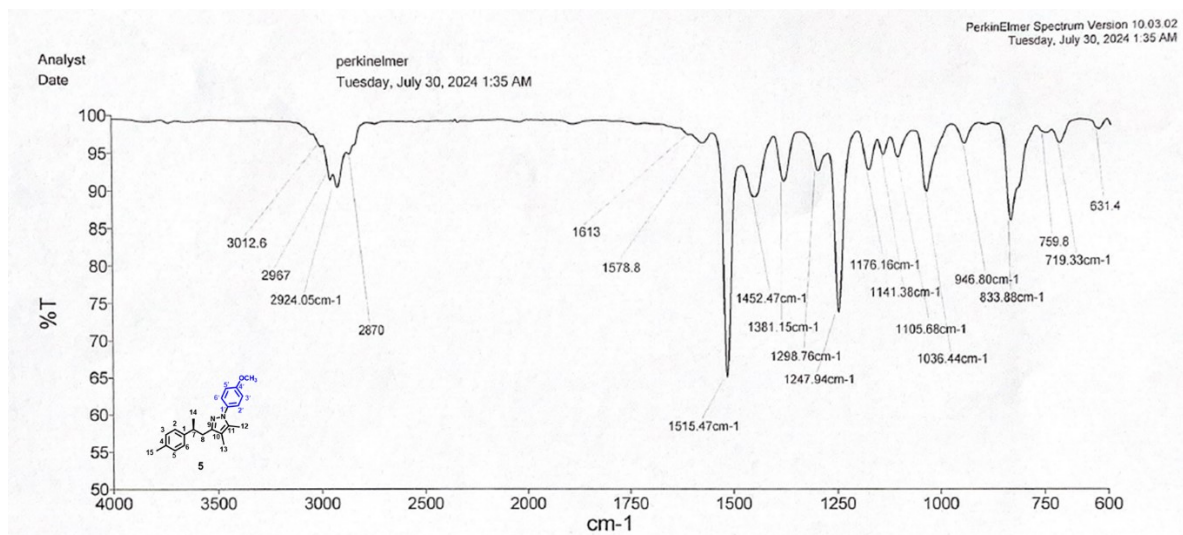
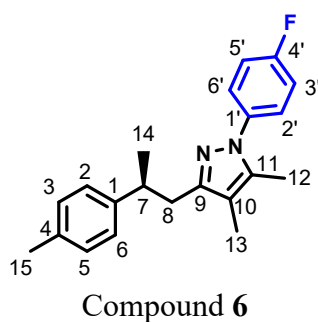
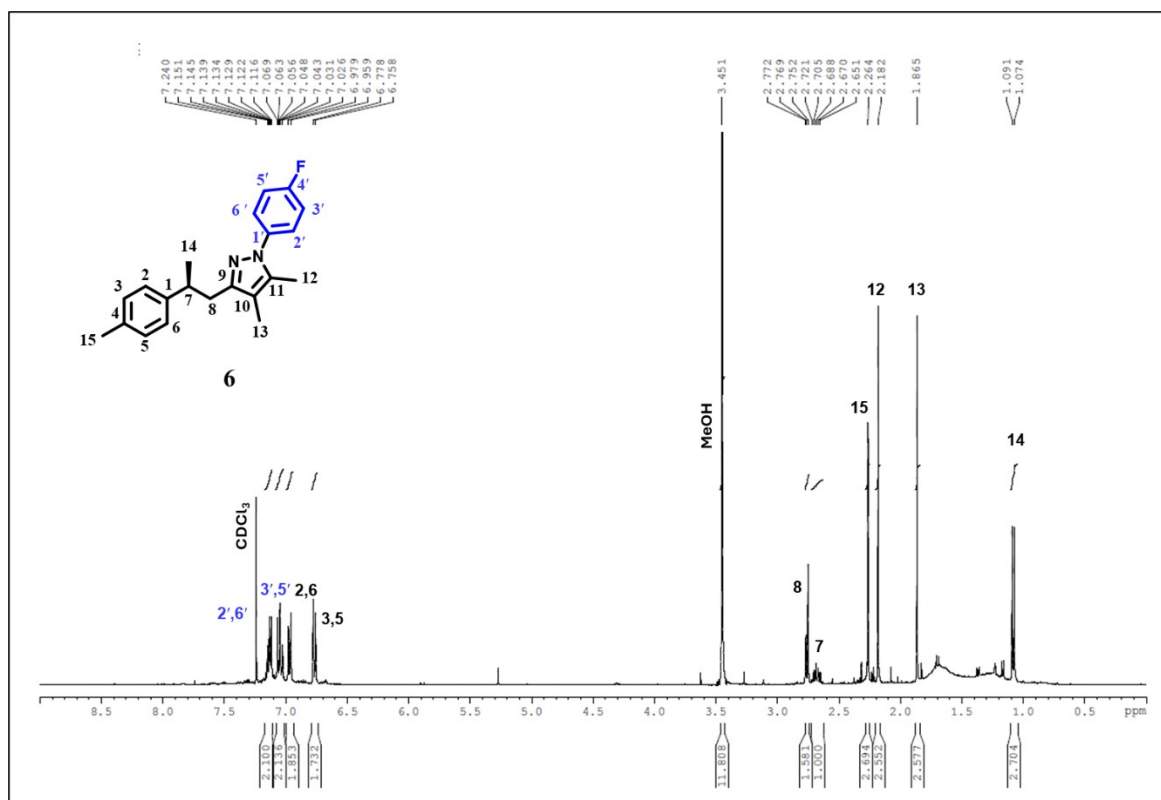
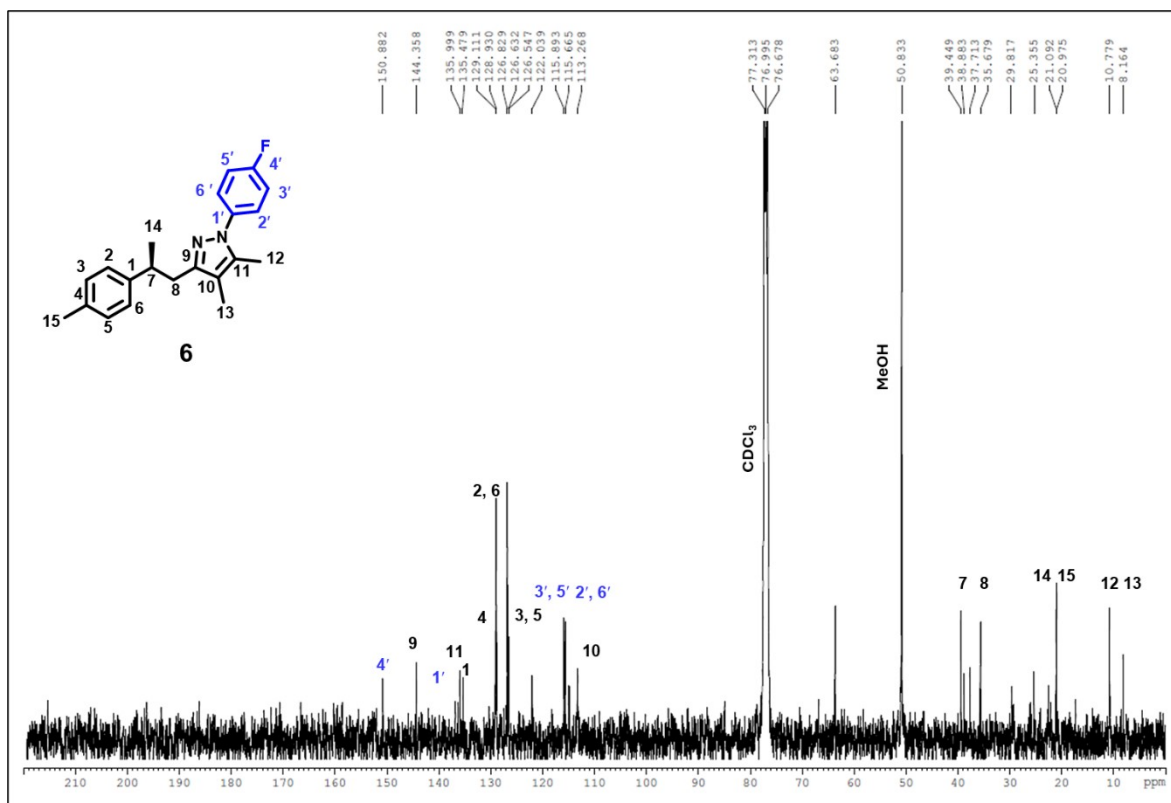


Fig. S26 FT-IR spectrum of compound **5**

Table S7 ^1H -NMR and ^{13}C -NMR, compound **6** in CDCl_3 (δ in ppm, J in Hz)

Position	^1H signal (δ_{H} in ppm, J in Hz)	^{13}C signal δ_{C} in ppm
1	-	135.4
2	6.97, d (7.8)	128.9
3	6.77, d (7.8)	122.0
4	-	129.1
5	6.77, d (7.8)	122.0
6	6.97, d (7.8)	128.9
7	2.63-2.73, m	39.4
8	2.76, dd (8.0, 1.3)	35.6
9	-	144.3
10	-	113.2
11	-	135.9
12	2.18, s	10.7
13	1.86, s	8.1
14	1.08, d (6.8)	21.0
15	2.26, s	20.9
1'	-	135.9
2'	7.14, dd (8.1, 2.2)	115.6
3'	7.06, dd (8.1, 2.4)	115.8
4'	-	150.8
5'	7.04, dd (8.1, 2.4)	115.8
6'	7.13, dd (8.1, 2.2)	115.6

Fig. S27 ^1H NMR spectrum (CDCl₃, 400 MHz) of compound **6**Fig. S28 ^{13}C NMR spectrum (CDCl₃, 100 MHz) of compound **6**

Mass Spectrum SmartFormula Report

Analysis Info

Analysis Name D:\Data\Apichart\ESI\AS-HRMS 20469 (pos).d
 Method tune_low_pos.m
 Sample Name AS-RU 23147
 Comment

Acquisition Date 8/9/2024 11:35:53 PM

Operator RU
 Instrument microTOF 8213750.10411

Acquisition Parameter

Source Type	ESI	Ion Polarity	Positive	Set Nebulizer	2.0 Bar
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Scan End	2000 m/z	Set End Plate Offset	-500 V	Set Divert Valve	Waste

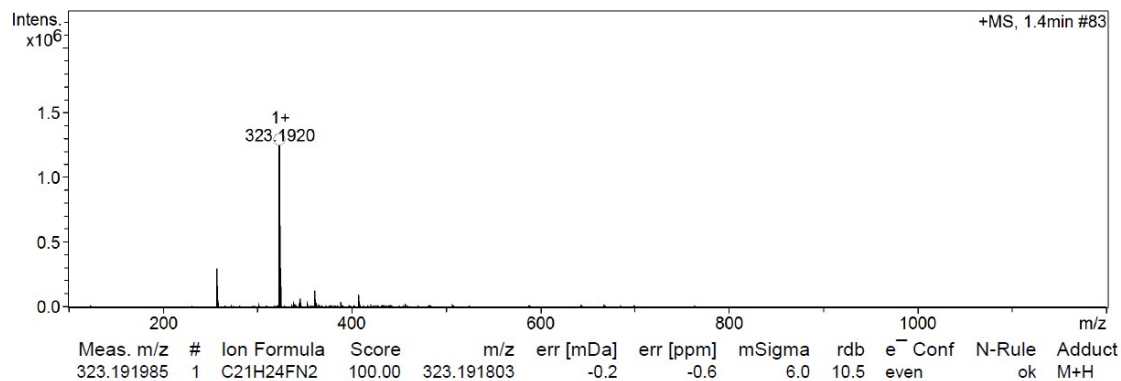


Fig. S29 HR-TOFMS spectrum of compound **6**

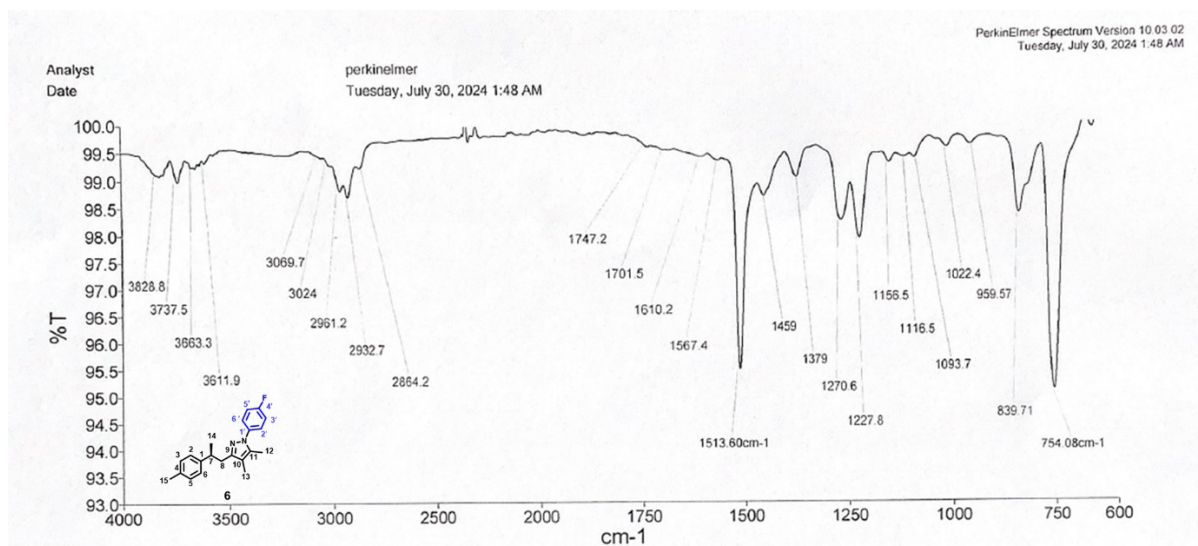
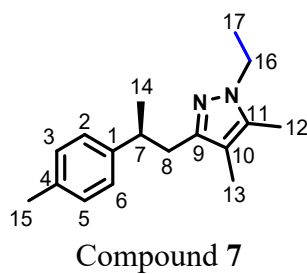


Fig. S30 FT-IR spectrum of compound **6**

Table S8 ^1H -NMR and ^{13}C -NMR, compound **7** in CDCl_3 (δ in ppm, J in Hz)

Position	^1H signal (δ_{H} in ppm, J in Hz)	^{13}C signal δ_{C} in ppm
1	-	142.9
2	7.08, d (7.9)	126.6
3	7.02, d (7.9)	129.1
4	-	135.9
5	7.02, d (7.9)	129.1
6	7.08, d (7.9)	126.6
7	2.83 - 2.92, m	39.7
8	2.70, d (7.4)	33.5
9	-	145.9
10	-	111.6
11	-	137.9
12	2.13, s	11.8
13	1.77, s	8.1
14	1.24, d (6.9)	20.9
15	2.30, s	20.7
16	3.81, q (7.2)	43.2
17	1.28, t (7.2)	15.7

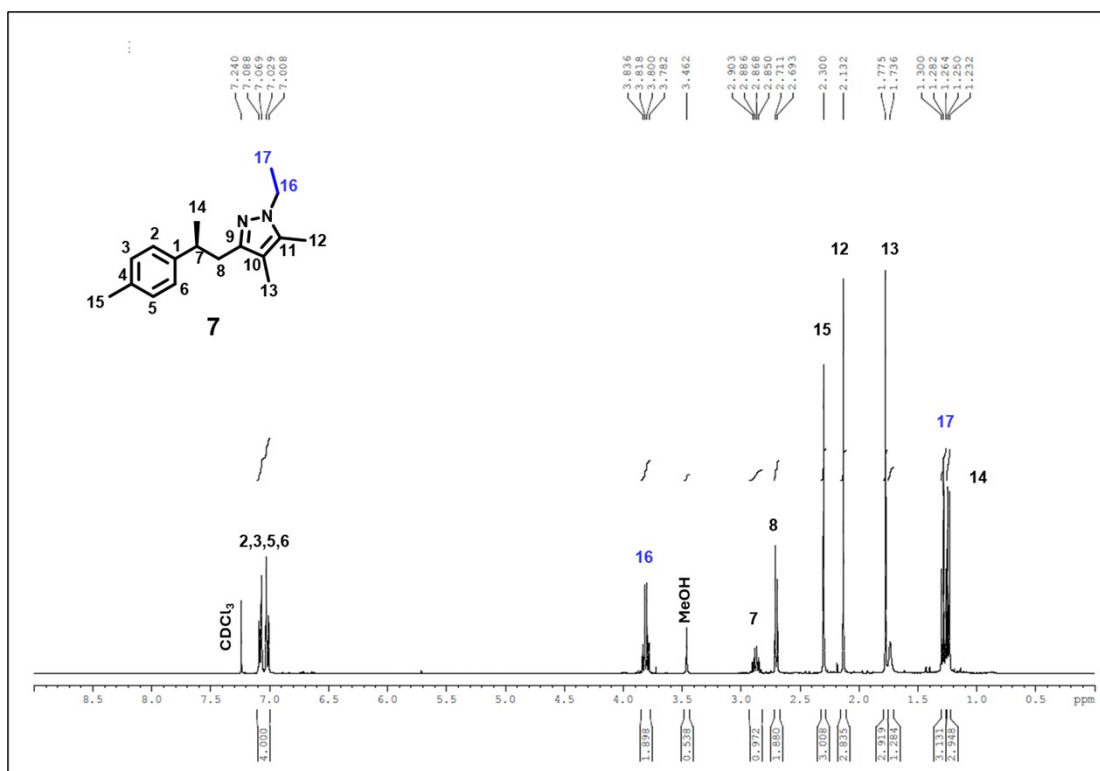


Fig. S31 ¹H NMR spectrum (CDCl₃, 400 MHz) of compound 7

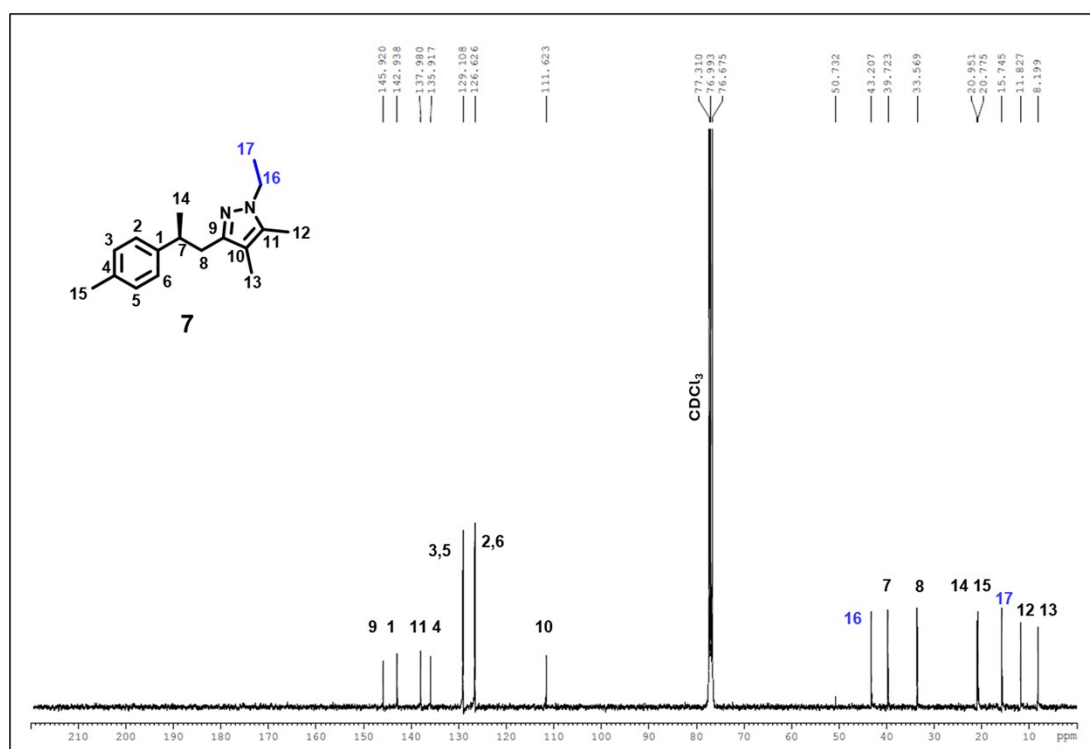


Fig. S32 ¹³C NMR spectrum (CDCl₃, 100 MHz) of compound 7

Mass Spectrum SmartFormula Report

Analysis Info

Analysis Name D:\Data\Apichart\ESI\AS-HRMS 20468 (pos).d
Method tune_low_pos.m
Sample Name AS-RU 23067
Comment

Acquisition Date 8/9/2024 11:31:29 PM

Operator RU
Instrument micrOTOF 8213750.10411

Acquisition Parameter

Source Type	ESI	Ion Polarity	Positive	Set Nebulizer	2.0 Bar
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Scan End	2000 m/z	Set End Plate Offset	-500 V	Set Divert Valve	Waste

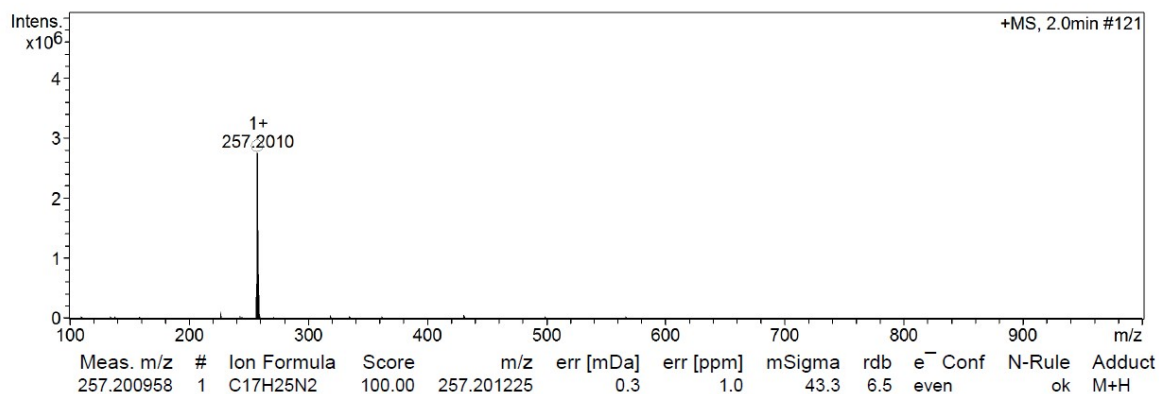


Fig. S33 HR-TOFMS spectrum of compound 7

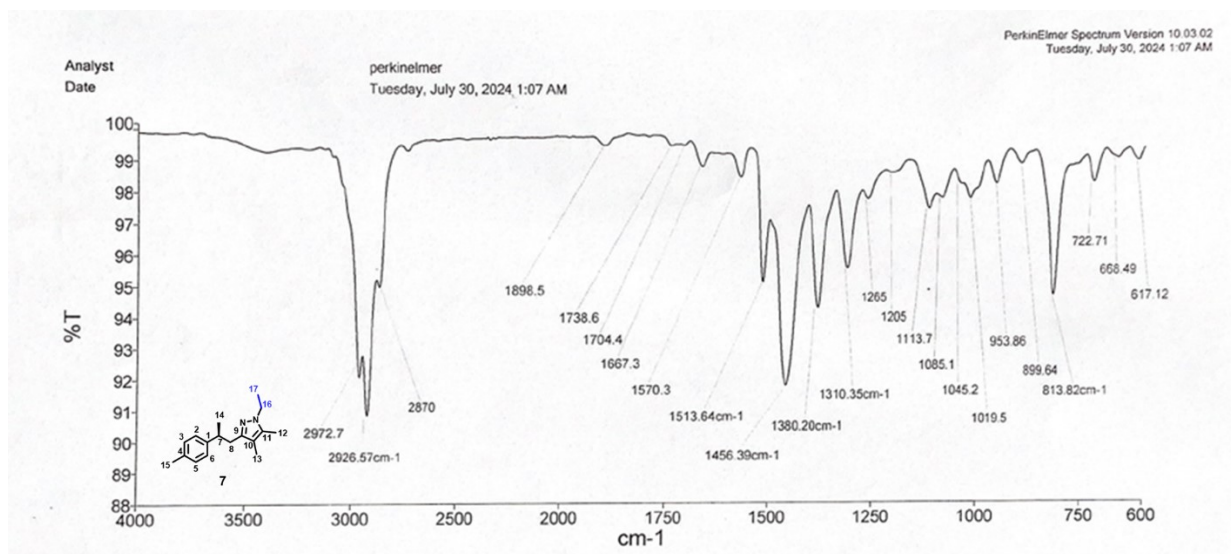
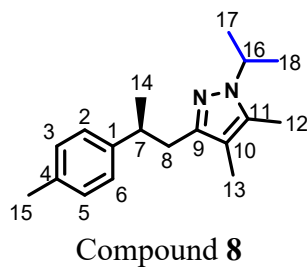
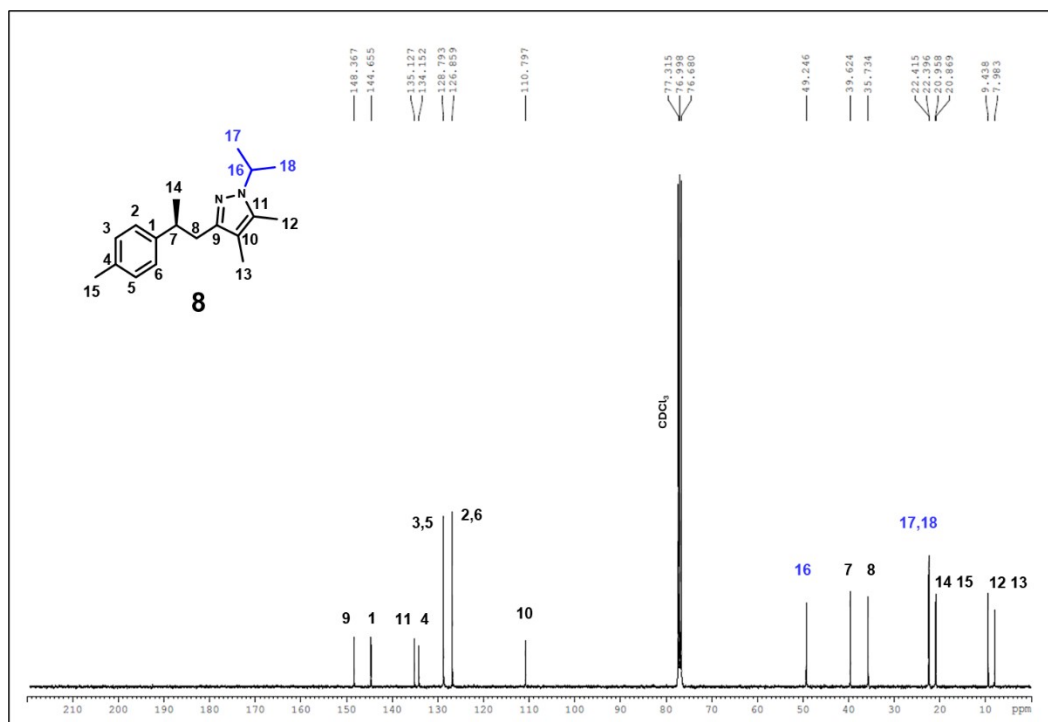
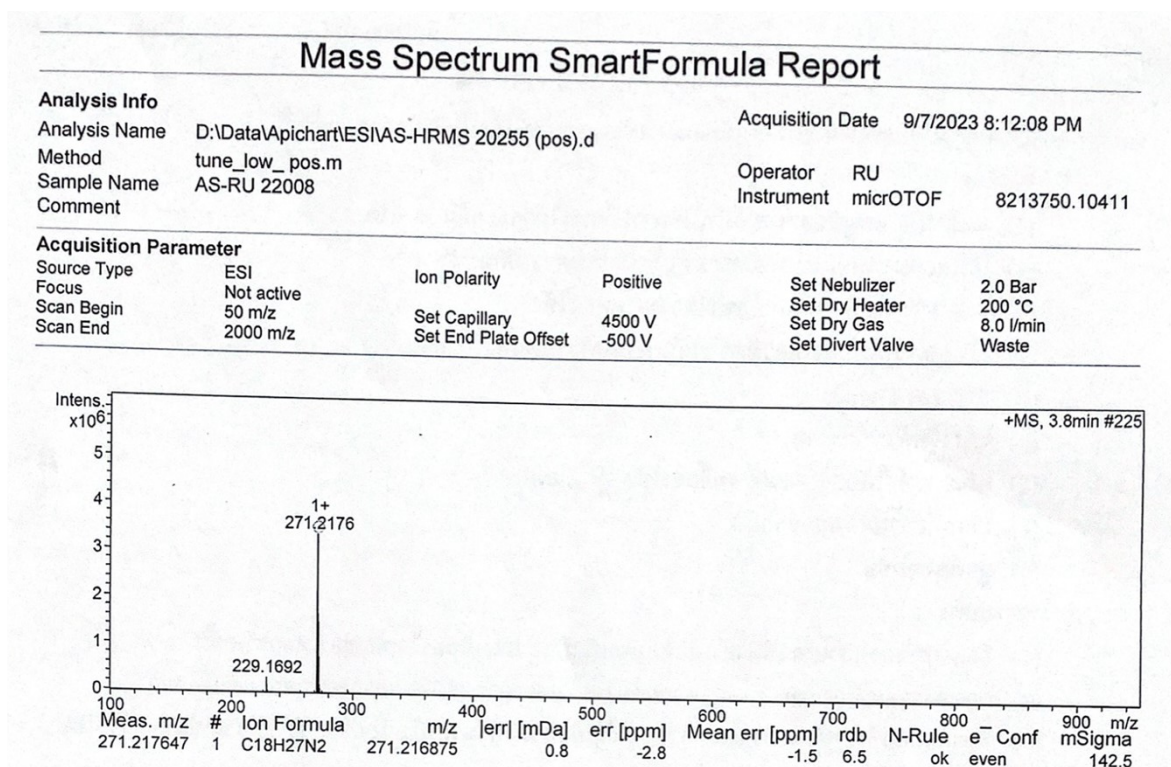


Fig. S34 FT-IR spectrum of compound 7

Table S9 ^1H -NMR and ^{13}C -NMR, compound **8** in CDCl_3 (δ in ppm, J in Hz)

Position	^1H signal (δ_{H} in ppm, J in Hz)	^{13}C signal δ_{C} in ppm
1	-	144.6
2	7.11, d (8.1)	126.8
3	7.06, d (8.1)	128.7
4	-	134.1
5	7.06, d (8.1)	128.7
6	7.11, d (8.1)	126.8
7	2.96 - 3.06, m	39.6
8	8a: 2.72, dd (13.9, 9.2) 8b: 2.79, dd (13.9, 5.8)	35.7
9	-	148.3
10	-	110.7
11	-	135.1
12	2.10, s	9.4
13	1.77, s	7.9
14	1.21, d (6.9)	20.9
15	2.29, s	20.8
16	4.27 - 4.38, m	49.2
17	1.42, d (6.6)	22.4
18	1.41, d (6.6)	22.3



Fig. S37 HR-TOFMS spectrum of compound **8**

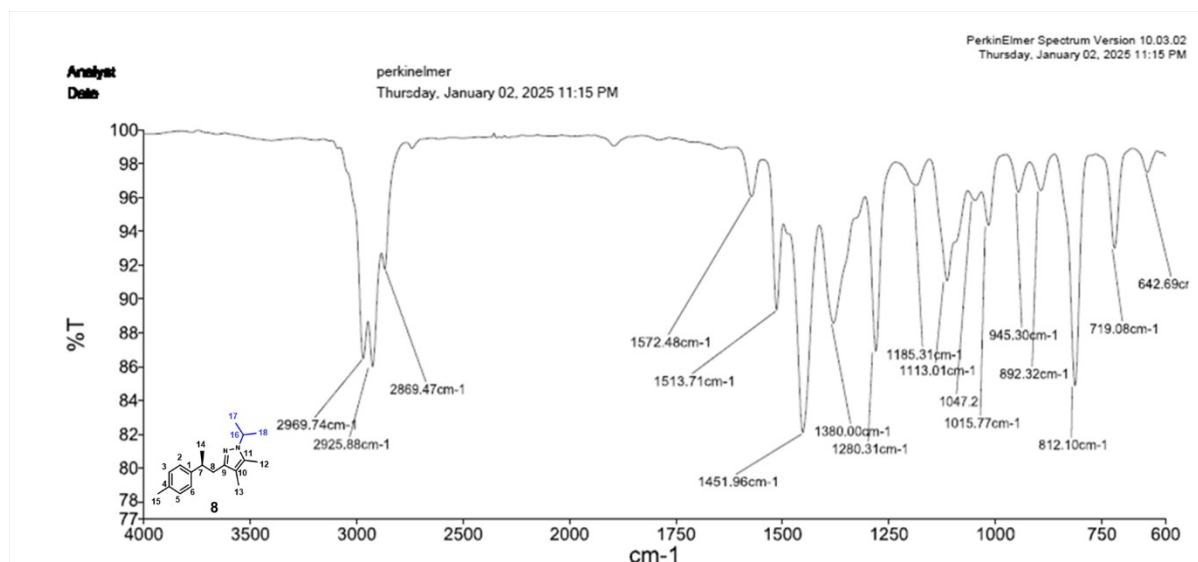
Fig. S38 FT-IR spectrum of compound **8**

Table S10 The High-Resolution Mass Spectrometry (HRMS) Results of the Synthesized Compounds

Compound Name	Formula	Molecular Weight (g/mol)	Calculated (m/z)	Found (m/z)	Error (m/z)	Error (ppm)
1	C ₂₁ H ₂₅ N ₃ O ₂ S	383.51	384.1740	384.1760	0.0019	-5.0
2	C ₂₂ H ₂₆ N ₂ O ₂ S	382.52	383.1788	383.1797	0.0009	-2.3
3	C ₂₁ H ₂₄ N ₂	304.44	305.2012	305.2027	0.0015	-4.9
4	C ₂₂ H ₂₆ N ₂	318.46	341.1988	341.1985	0.0003	1.0
5	C ₂₂ H ₂₆ N ₂ O	334.46	335.2118	335.2132	0.0014	4.2
6	C ₂₁ H ₂₃ FN ₂	322.43	323.1918	323.1920	-0.0002	-0.6
7	C ₁₇ H ₂₄ N ₂	256.39	257.2012	257.2010	0.0003	1.0
8	C ₁₈ H ₂₆ N ₂	270.42	271.2169	271.2176	0.0008	-2.8

(Error limit 5 ppm or 0.003 m/z units)Table S11 Percentage yield and physical characteristics of synthesized pyrazole-*ar*-turmerone hybrids (1–8).

Compound	Formula	Molecular Weight (g/mol)	Description	Yield (%)	Melting Point (°C)	Purity (%)
1	C ₂₁ H ₂₅ N ₃ O ₂ S	383.51	Pale-yellow amorphous powder	60	155–157	97.9
2	C ₂₂ H ₂₆ N ₂ O ₂ S	382.52	Dark-yellow viscous liquid	55	—	95.2
3	C ₂₁ H ₂₄ N ₂	304.44	Dark-yellow viscous liquid	21	—	98.3
4	C ₂₂ H ₂₆ N ₂	318.46	Dark-yellow viscous liquid	27	—	97.6
5	C ₂₂ H ₂₆ N ₂ O	334.46	Dark-yellow viscous liquid	15	—	95.7
6	C ₂₁ H ₂₃ FN ₂	322.43	Dark-yellow viscous liquid	21	—	95.0
7	C ₁₇ H ₂₄ N ₂	256.39	Dark-yellow viscous liquid	21	—	98.4
8	C ₁₈ H ₂₆ N ₂	270.42	Dark-yellow viscous liquid	24	—	99.9

Molecular Docking Validation

Added Corresponding Materials in the Supplementary Information:

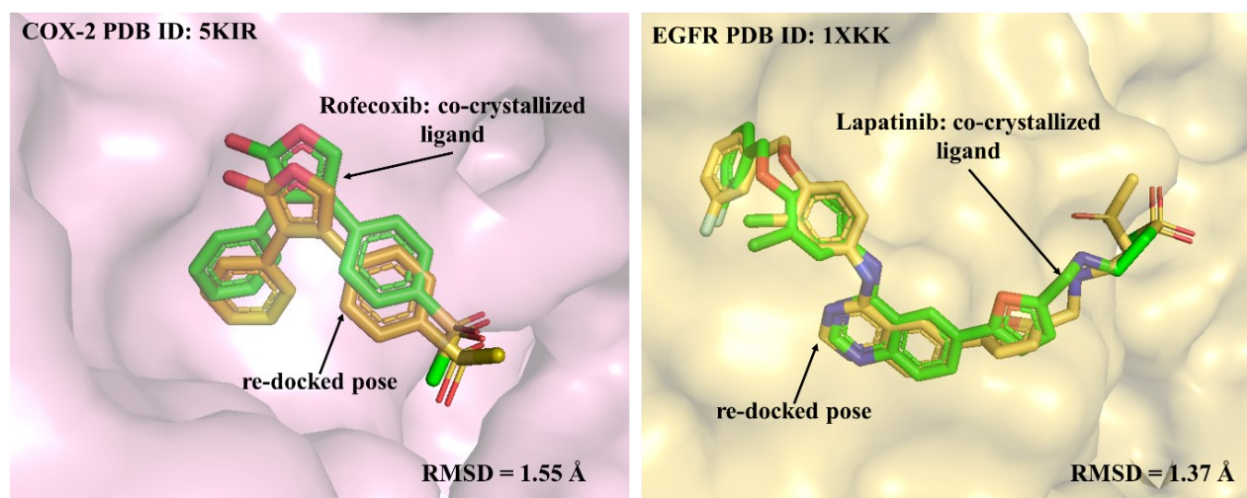


Fig. S39 Docking validation results for COX-2 (5KIR) and EGFR (1XKK), showing the overlay of co-crystallized and re-docked ligand conformation (RMSD = 1.55 Å and 1.37 Å, respectively).

Raw Data for Enzyme- and Cell-based Assays

Table S12 *In vitro* COX-1 and COX-2 inhibitory activities (IC_{50}), selectivity indices (COX-1/COX-2), EGFR WT kinase inhibition (IC_{50}), and growth inhibition (GI_{50}) values of pyrazole-*ar*-turmerone analogs (**1–8**) ($n = 3$).

Compound	IC_{50} (μ M)		Selectivity Index (COX-1/COX-2)	EGFR WT kinase inhibition IC_{50} (μ M)	GI_{50} (μ M)
	COX-2	COX-1			
<i>ar</i> -turmerone	12.47	11.93	0.96	77.20	>50
1	0.63	8.99	14.38	37.56	5.85
2	1.04	24.44	23.57	57.56	9.57
3	26.08	16.82	0.64	>100	>50
4	0.84	2.02	2.39	>100	19.10
5	0.73	3.60	4.96	>100	40.56
6	1.30	2.53	1.96	>100	>50
7	0.87	0.74	0.85	>100	>50
8	18.94	23.61	1.25	>100	>50
Ibuprofen	8.84	4.79	0.54	>100	>50
Celecoxib	0.05	11.83	219.07	>100	11.17
Lapatinib	-	-	-	0.01	0.03

Cytotoxicity Evaluation on HT-29 Cells

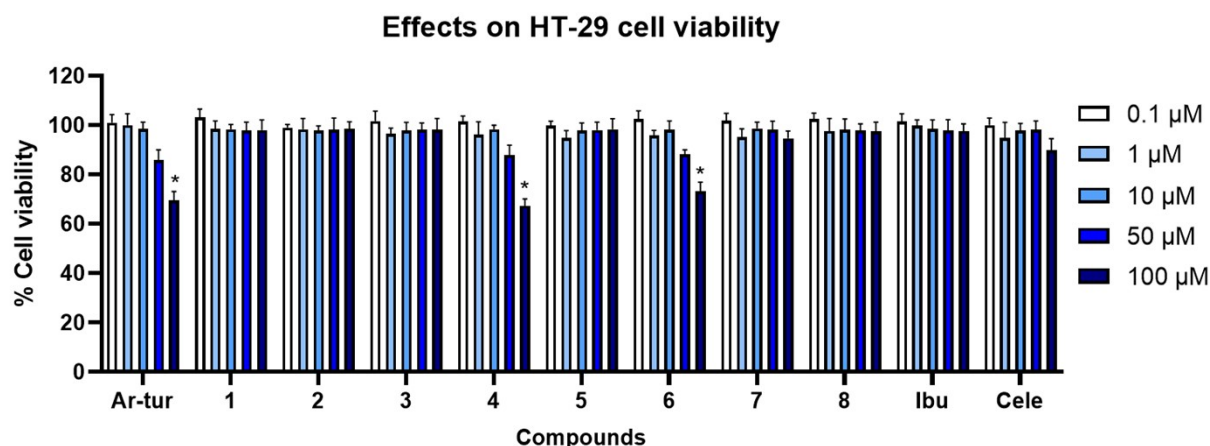


Fig. S40 Cytotoxicity of synthesized compounds on HT-29 cells by MTT assay. Celecoxib (Cel) and ibuprofen (Ibu) were included as reference drugs. Statistical significance ($n = 3$) was determined vs. the control group (DMSO): * $p \leq 0.05$. Ar-turmerone, **4**, and **6** significantly reduced cell viability at 100 μM , indicating cytotoxic effects at higher concentrations, while the other Compounds showed no significant cytotoxicity, similar to the reference drugs ibuprofen and celecoxib.

Antiproliferative effect of the tested compound: MTT Assay

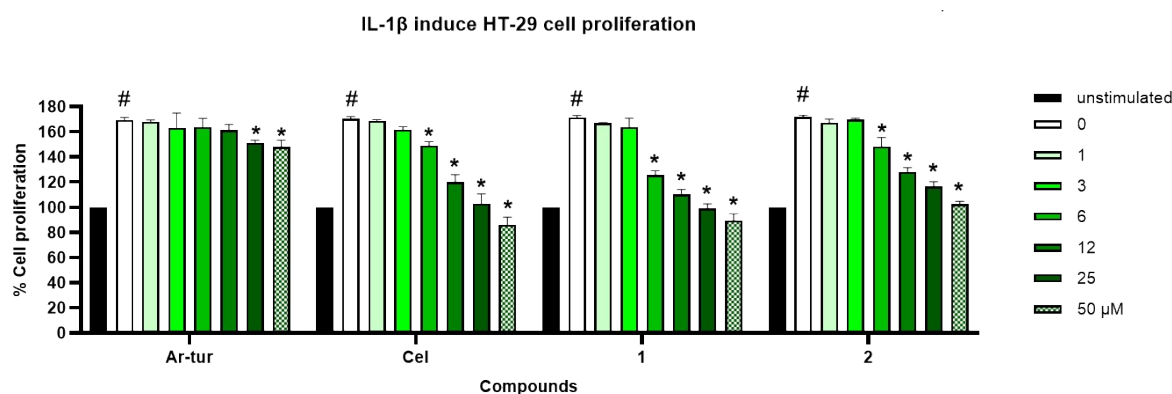
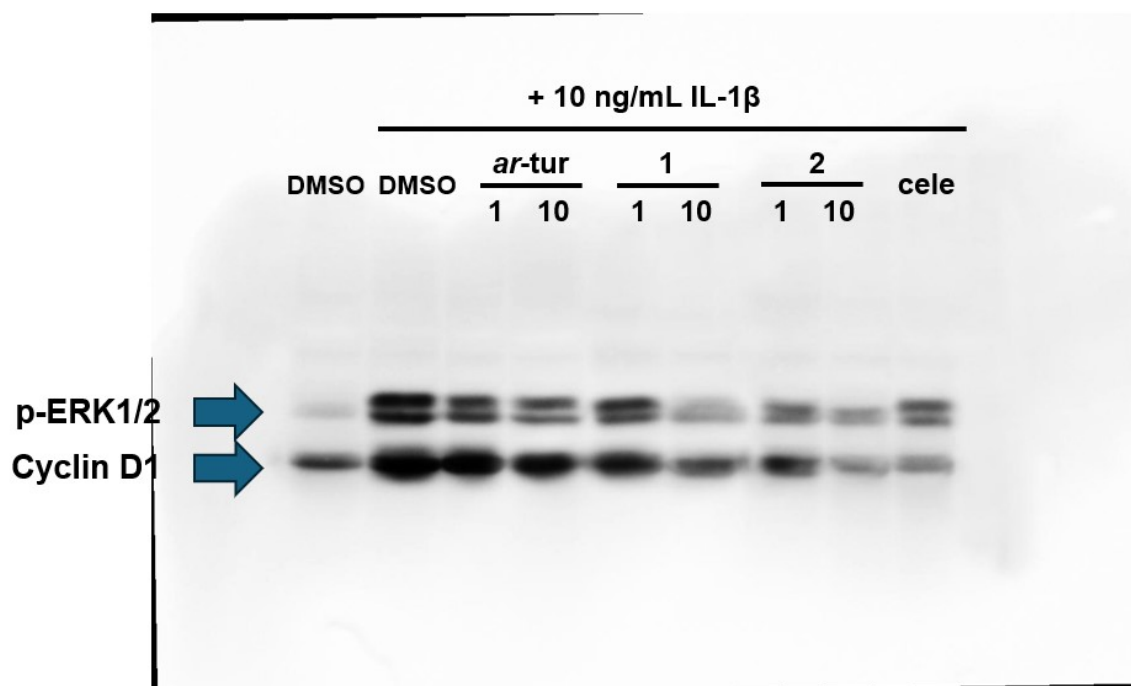
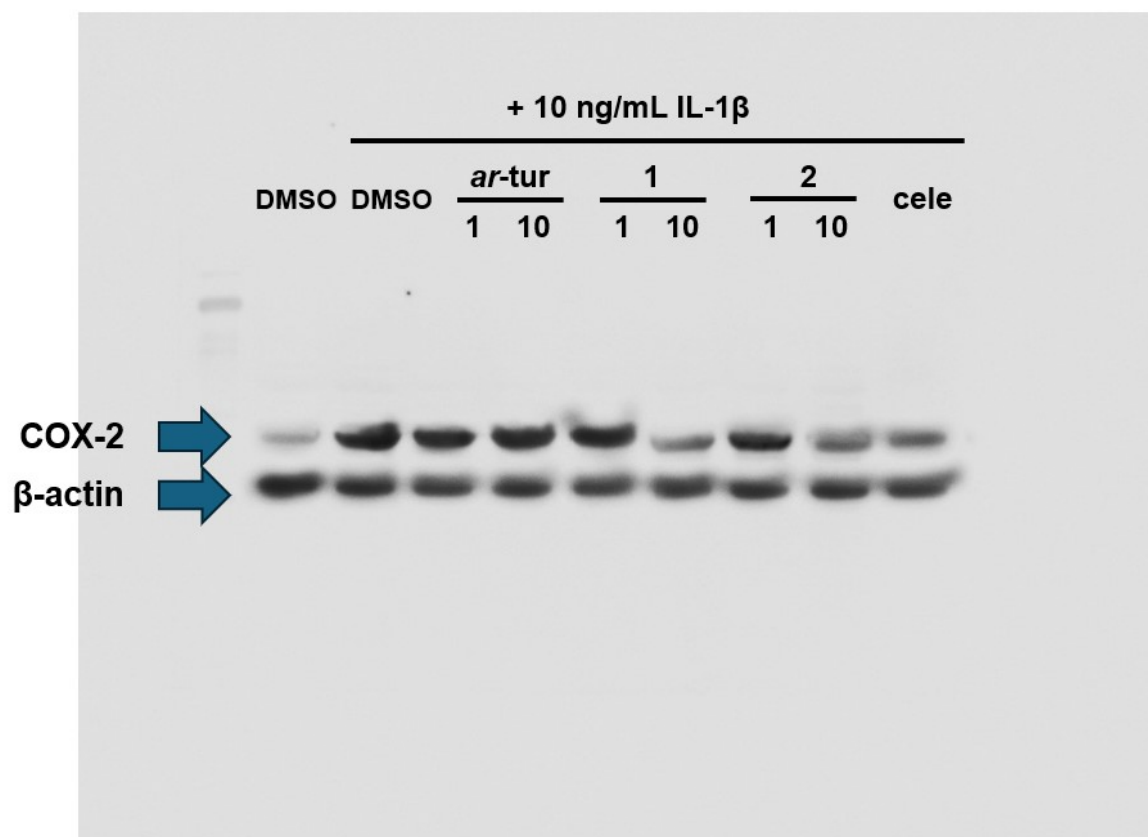


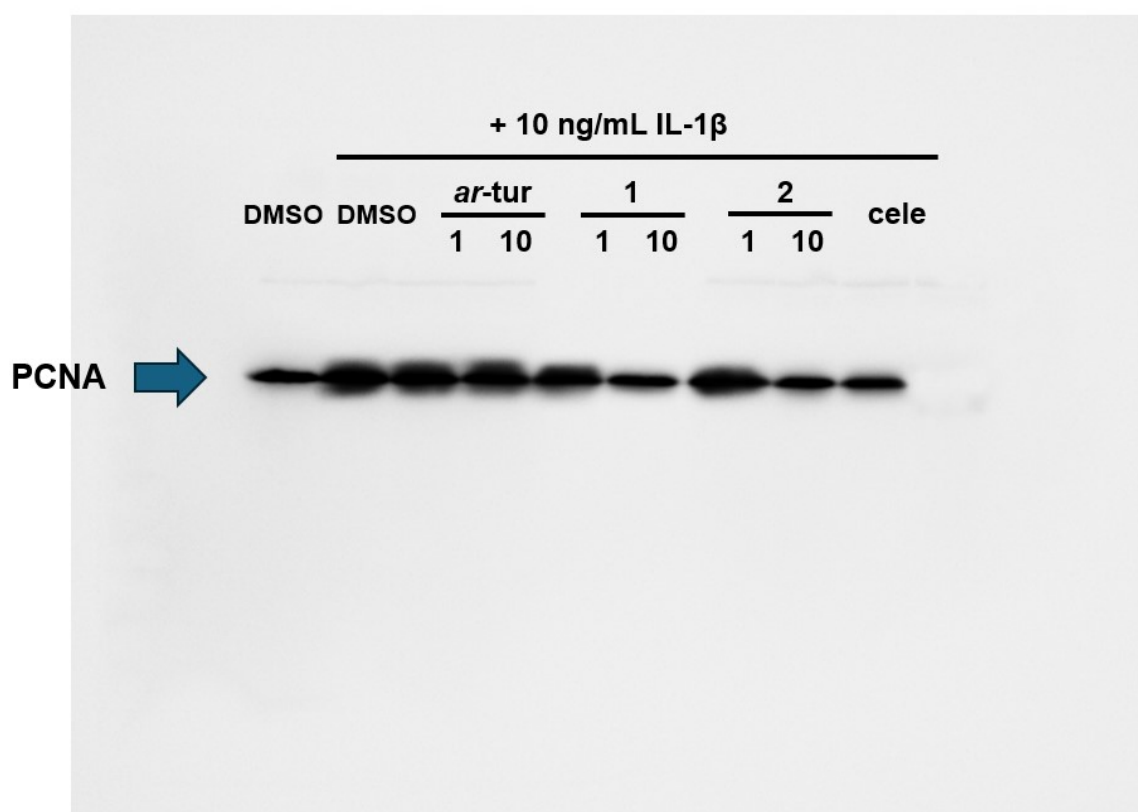
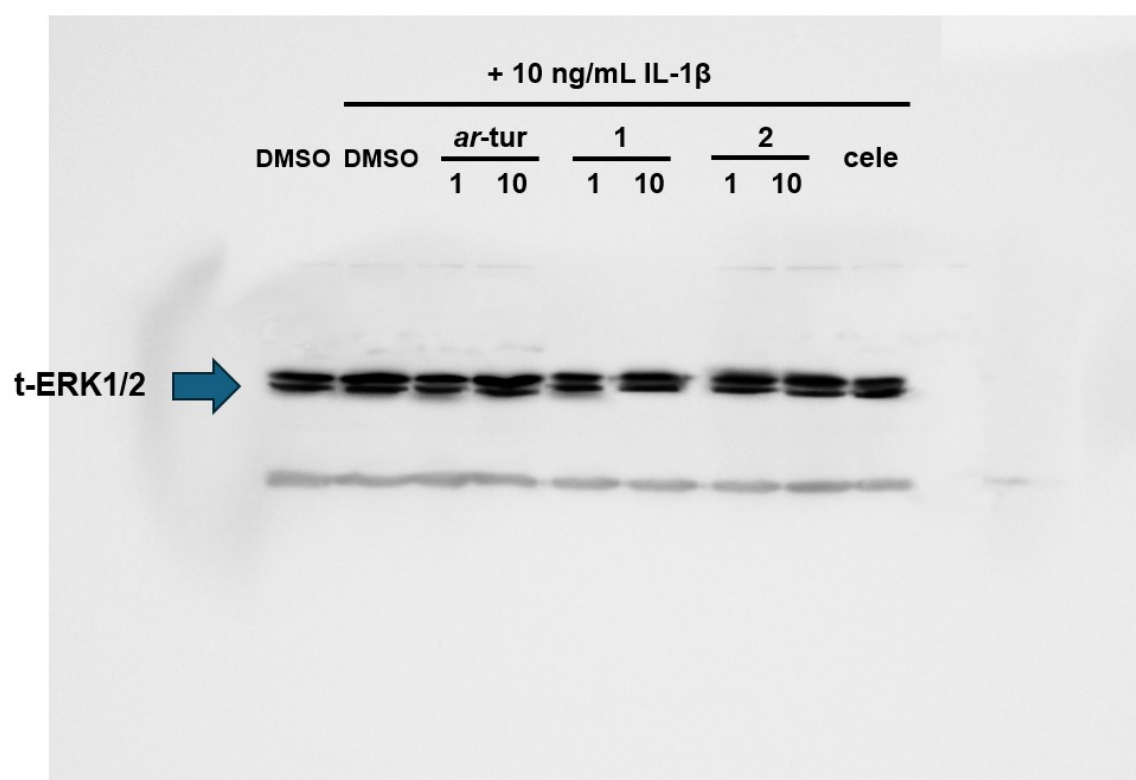
Fig. S41 Effects of *ar*-turmerone (*Ar-tur*), celecoxib (Cel), compound **1**, and **2** on IL-1 β -induced HT-29 cell proliferation.

HT-29 cells were seeded at a density of 2,000 cells/well into 96-well plates and incubated for 24 h. After incubation, the cells were treated with DMSO as a control and non-toxic concentrations of the test compounds, with and without stimulation by 10 ng/mL IL-1 β , for an additional 48-h incubation period. Cell viability was then assessed using the MTT assay. # indicates a significant difference when compared to unstimulated cells. * indicates a significant difference when compared to DMSO.

Note: The antiproliferative effect data in this figure were used to calculate the GI_{50} values presented in Table S12.

Supplementary Fig. S42 Original uncropped Western blot image for Fig. 9.





Supplementary Fig. S43 Original uncropped Western blot image for Fig. 10.

