

Treatment of cyanide and phenolic mixture using sequential CMC-PVP-Pd-nZVI / *Rhodococcus pyridinivorans* strain PDB9T N1 nano biohybrid system

Ankita Priyadarshini^a, Naresh Kumar Sahoo^{a*} , Soumya Mishra^a, Prasant Kumar Sahoo^b, Ranjan Kumar Bhuyan^c, Prangya Ranjan Rout^d, Bankim Chandra Tripathy^e

^aDepartment of Chemistry, Environmental Science and Technology Program, Faculty of Engineering and Technology (ITER), Siksha 'O' Anusandhan (Deemed to be University), Bhubaneswar 751030, Odisha, India

^bEnvironmental Hydrology Division, National Institute of Hydrology, Jalvigyan Bhawan, Roorkee 247667, India

^cP.G. Department of Physics, Government Autonomous College Angul Odisha, India.

^dDepartment of BioTechnology. Dr B R Ambedkar National Institute of Technology Jalandhar, India

^eFaculty of Chemical Sciences (AcSIR), Department of Hydro and Electrometallurgy, Institute of Minerals and Materials Technology, Bhubaneswar 751 013, India

Supplementary Materials

* Corresponding Author.

^aDepartment of Chemistry, Environmental Science Program, Faculty of Engineering and Technology (ITER), Siksha 'O' Anusandhan (Deemed to be University), Bhubaneswar 751 030, Odisha, India. Email address :nareshsahoo@soa.ac.in [/nareshks2010@gmail.com](mailto:nareshks2010@gmail.com) (Naresh K. Sahoo)

2. Results and Discussion

3.1. Characterization

3.1.1. XRD Analysis

Fig. 1 (S) given in the supplementary material shows the XRD spectrum of the *CMC-PVP-nZVI/Pd* nanocomposite. The use of CMC and PVP in the nanocomposite disrupted the normal arrangement of iron atoms, causing XRD to scatter in different directions. This led to a significant decrease in the distinct peak of nZVI, indicating the amorphous nature of the CMC-PVP-nZVI/Pd nanocomposite.

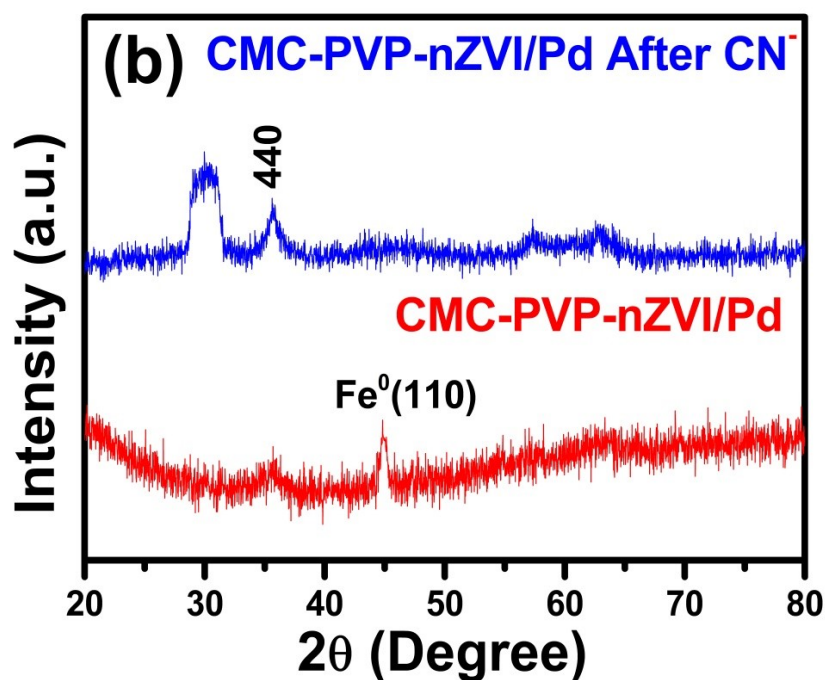


Fig. 1. (S) XRD characterization of CMC-PVP-nZVI/Pd nanocomposite before and after cyanide uptake.

The XRD patterns of Pd in CMC-PVP-NZVI/Pd were not detectable, likely due to the low Pd content and the well-dispersed nature of Pd within the PVP-NZVI/Pd framework. At 34.9°, a small peak was observed, corresponding to mild oxidation of outer layer nZVI.^{28,34} These

findings align well with the previous reported literature.^{34,36} After cyanide uptake an extra peak was observed in the CMPVP-nZVI/Pd composite (Fig. 1S), corresponding to iron cyanide $[\text{Fe}_4(\text{Fe}(\text{CN})_6)_3]$ at 2θ angle of 35.41° indexed to 440 plane¹², which confirmed the reductive sorption of cyanide on the nZVI surface.