

## Supplementary Information

### Structural Confinement Engineering of Current Collectors Enables Durable SiO<sub>x</sub> Anodes for Lithium-Ion Batteries

Raehyeong Lee<sup>a</sup>, Jinyeong Choi<sup>a</sup>, Soojin Choi<sup>a</sup>, Ah Reum Choi<sup>e</sup>, Jin Hong Lee<sup>c, d, e, \*</sup>, Jae Ho Kim<sup>a, b, c, d, \*</sup>, Minjoon Park<sup>a, b, c, d, \*</sup>

<sup>a</sup>*Department of Nano Fusion Technology, Pusan National University, Busan daehak-ro 63 beon-gil 2, Geumjeong-gu, Busan, 46241, Republic of Korea*

<sup>b</sup>*Advanced Energy Major, School of Transdisciplinary Engineering, Pusan National University, Busan daehak-ro 63 beon-gil 2, Geumjeong-gu, Busan, 46241, Republic of Korea*

<sup>c</sup>*Research Center of Energy Convergence Technology, Pusan National University, Busandaehak-ro 6 3beon-gil 2, Geumjeong-gu, Busan, 46241, Republic of Korea*

<sup>d</sup>*Eco-friendly Battery Engineering, Pusan National University, Busandaehak-ro 63beon-gil 2, Geumjeong-gu, Busan, 46241, Republic of Korea*

<sup>e</sup>*School of Chemical Engineering, Pusan National University, 46241, Busandaehak-ro 63beon-gil 2, Geumjeong-gu, Busan, 46241, Republic of Korea*

*E-mail: jinhong.lee@pusan.ac.kr, jhkim8@pusan.ac.kr, mjpark@pusan.ac.kr*

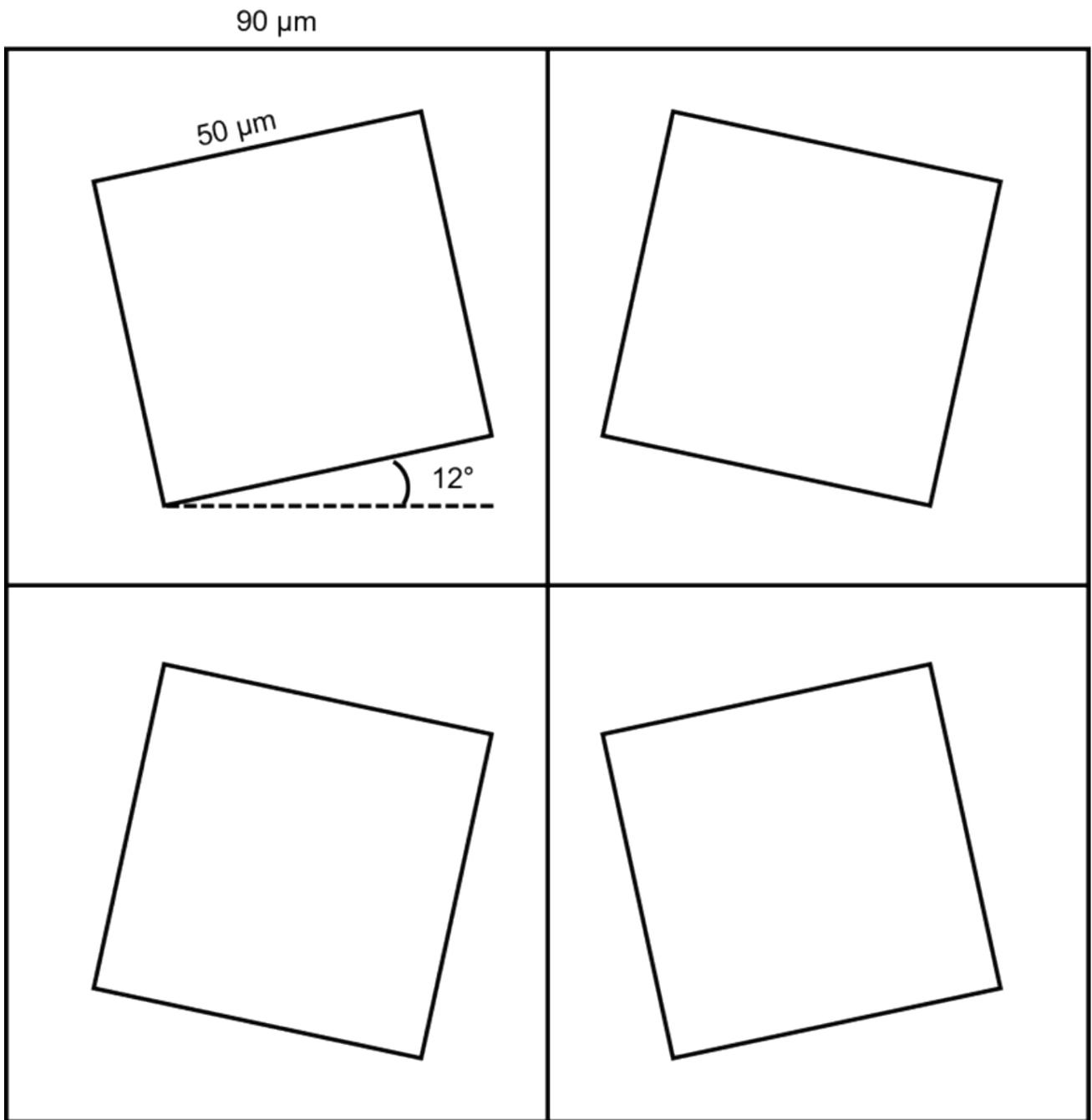


Fig. S1. Structure details of SPCM.

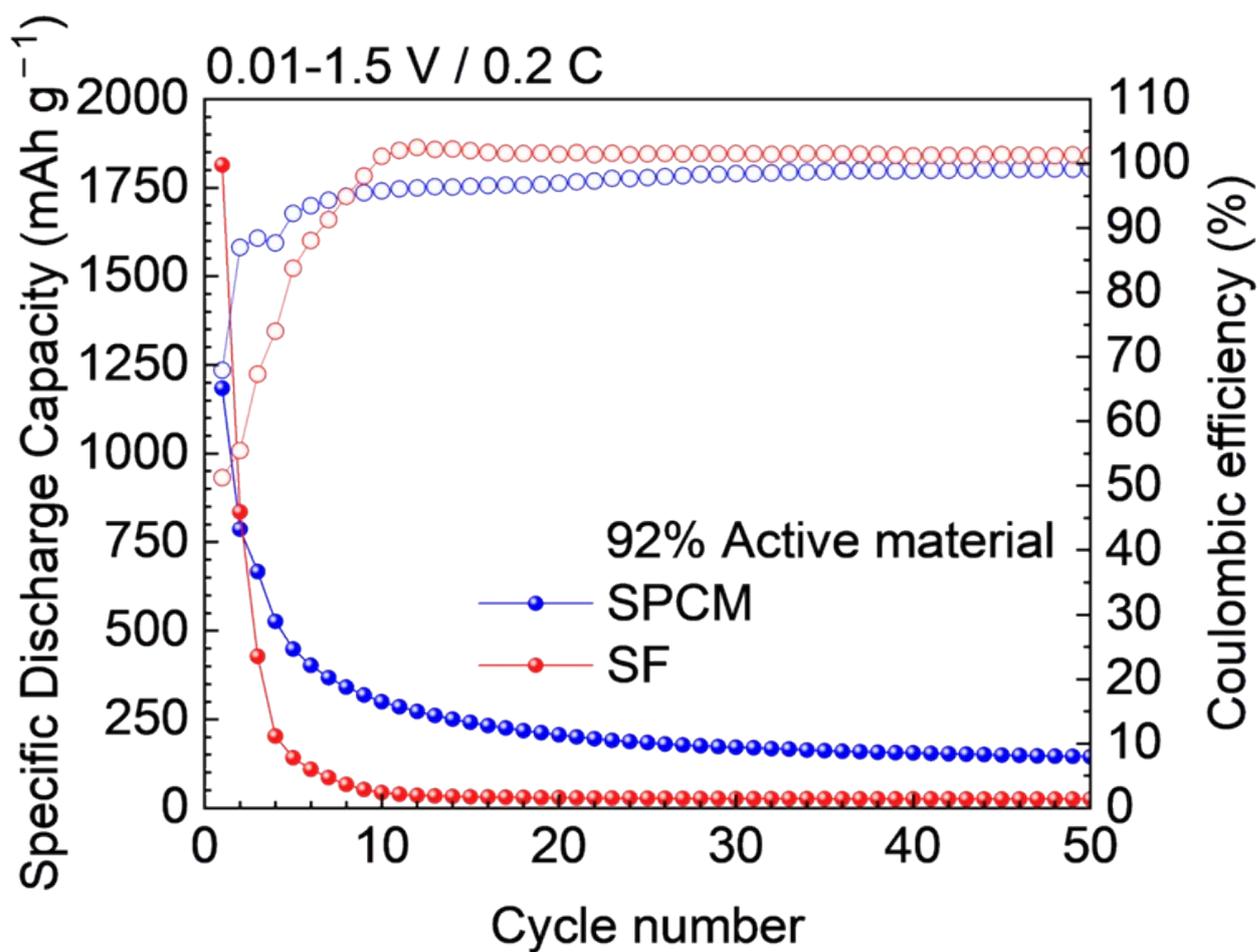
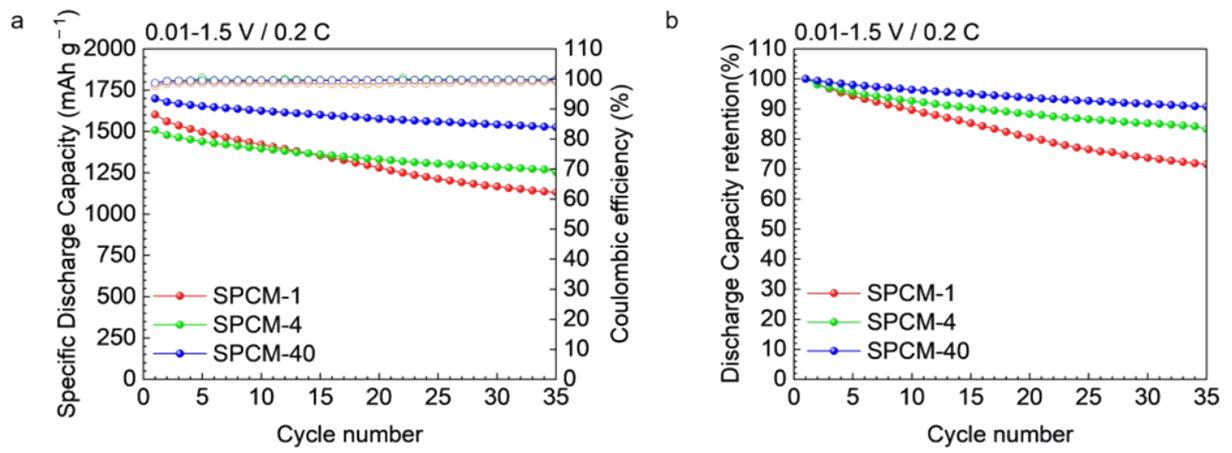
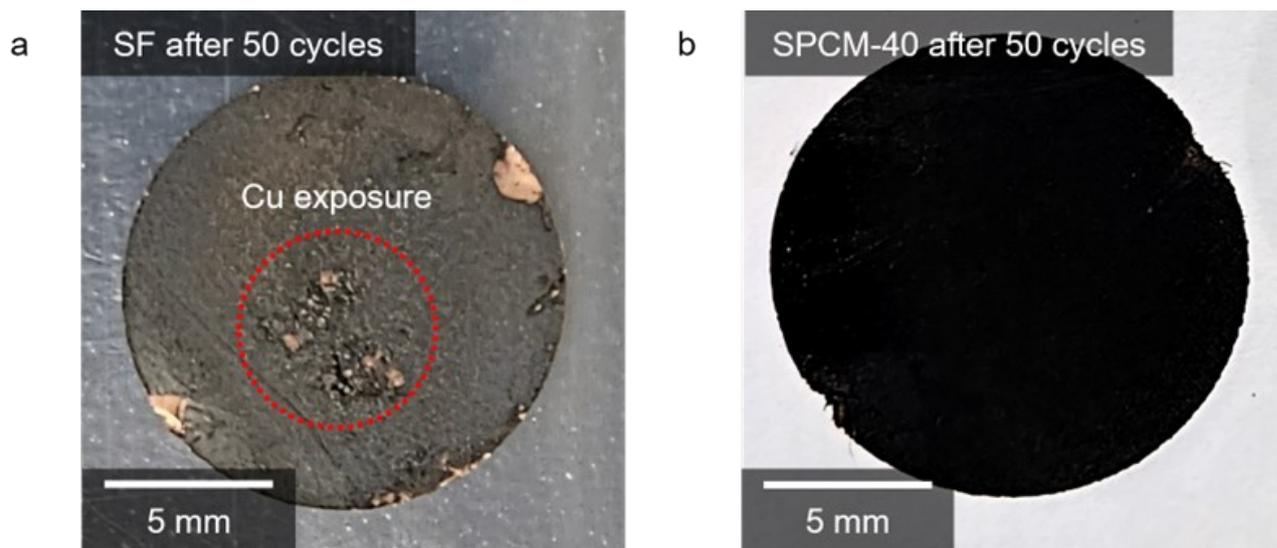


Fig. S2. Cycling performance of SF and SPCM containing 92% active material.



**Fig. S3.** (a) Cycling performance profiles of SPCM-1, SPCM-4 and SPCM-40 at 0.2 C. (e) Capacity retention profiles of SPCM-1, SPCM-4 and SPCM-40 at 0.2 C.



**Fig. S4.** Images of (a) SF electrode and (b) SPCM-40 electrode after degradation.

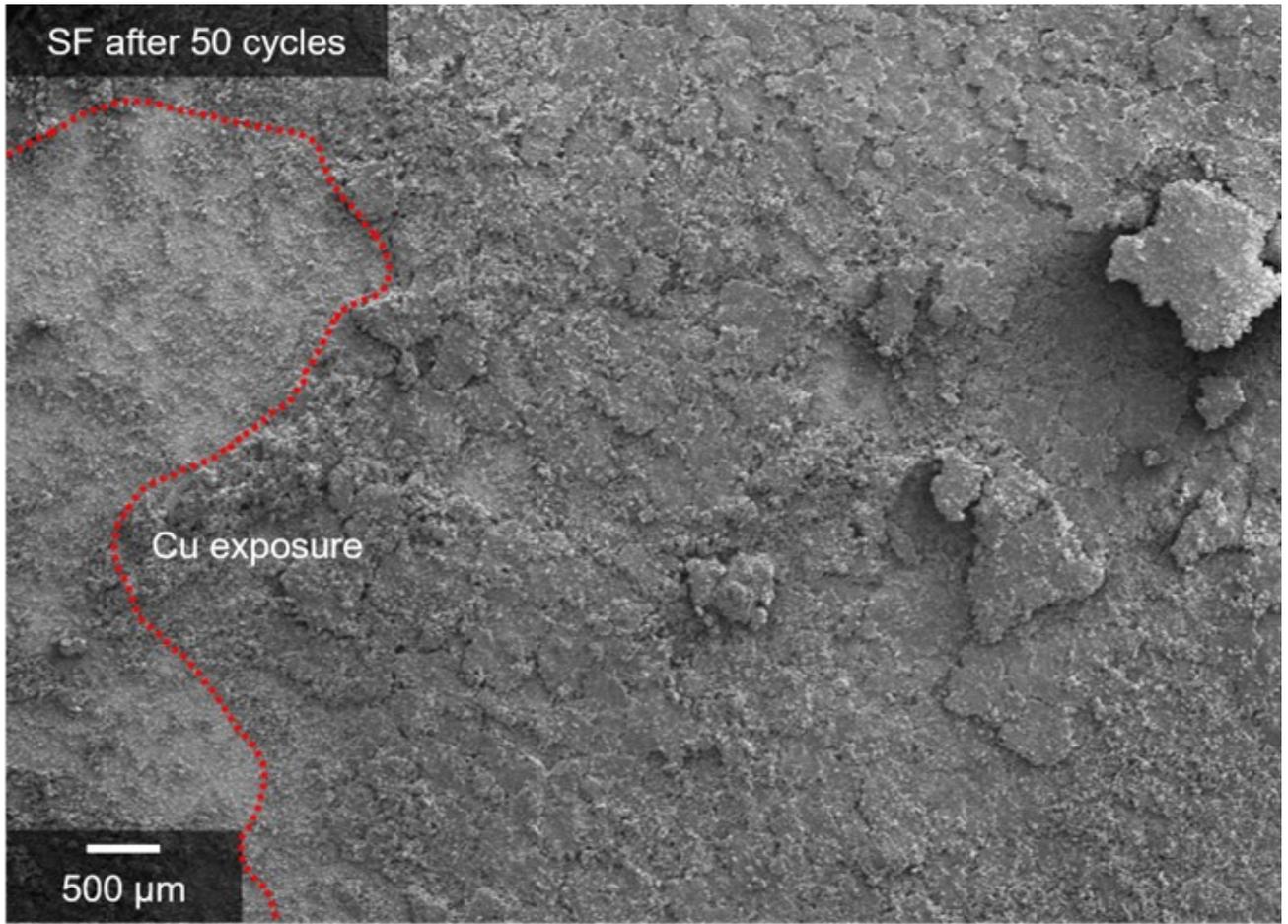
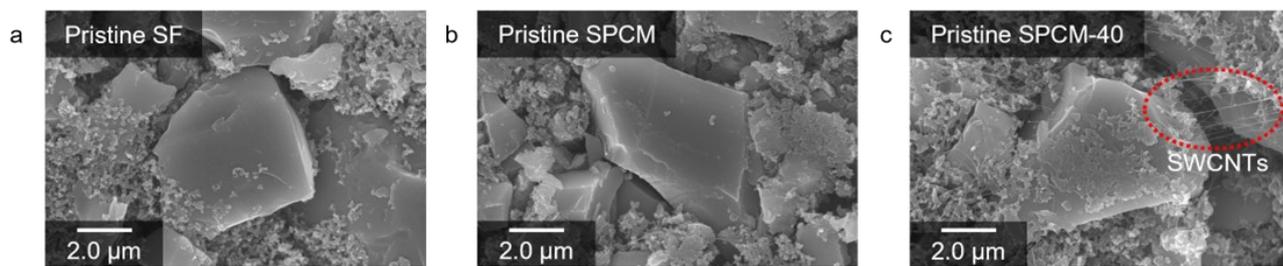
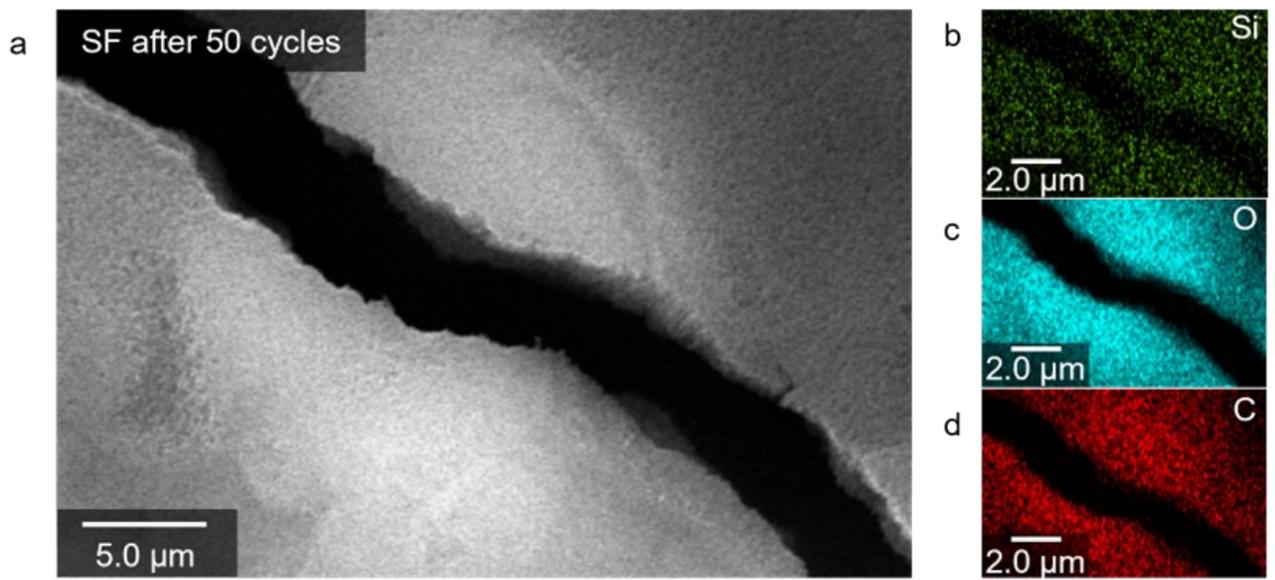


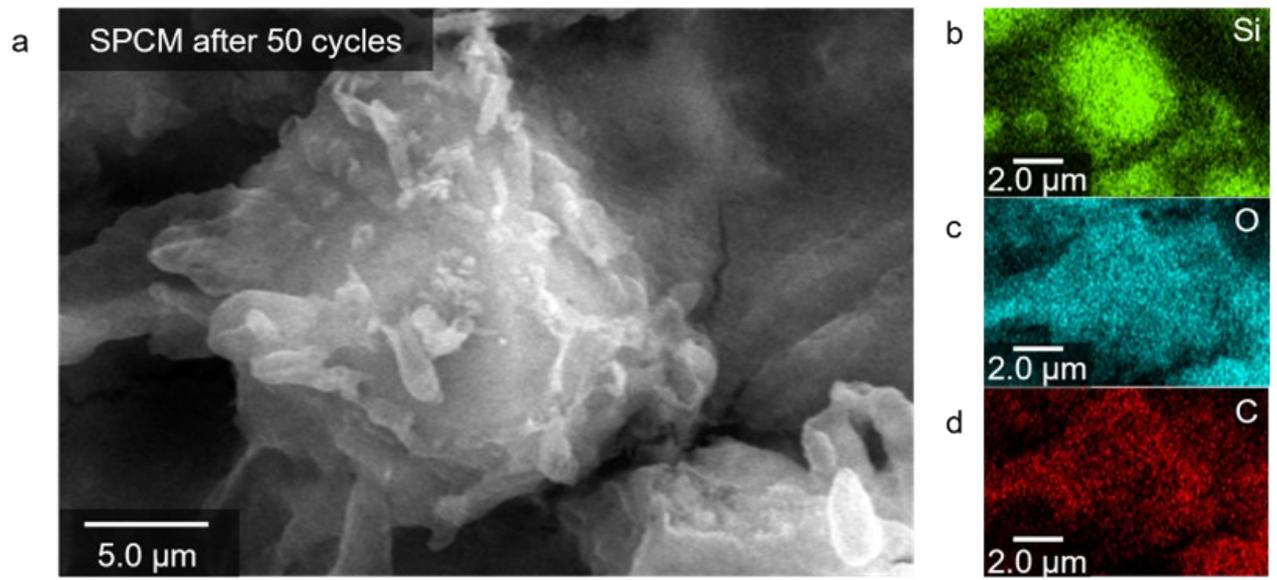
Fig. S5. Low magnified SEM image of SF after degradation.



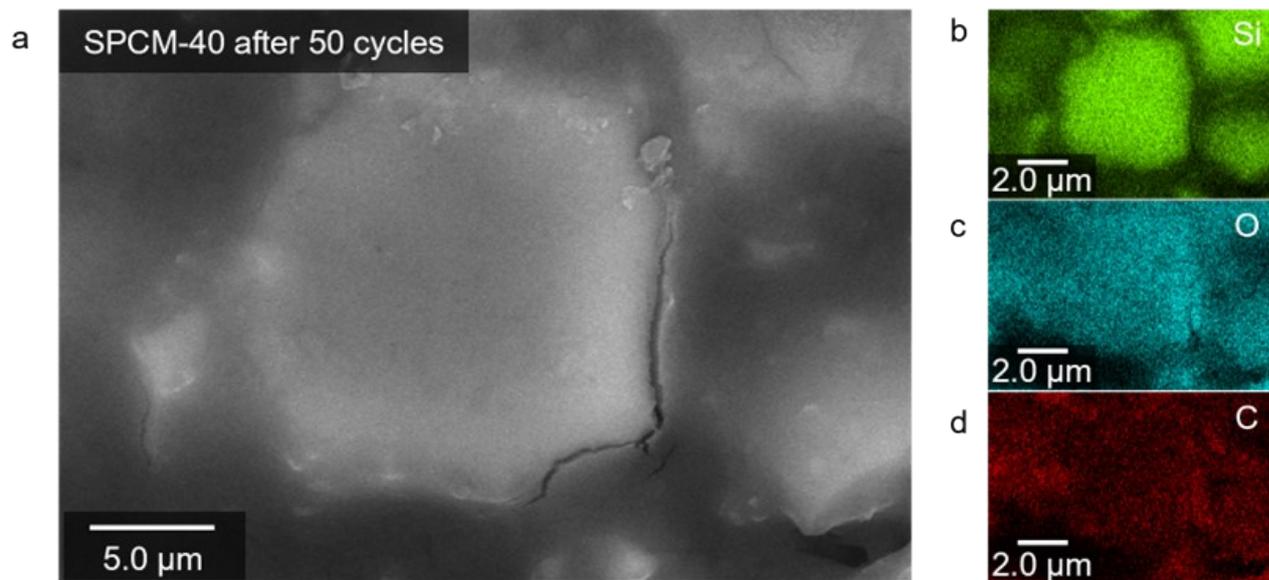
**Fig. S6.** SEM images of SiOx particles in (a) SF, (b) SPCM, and (c) SPCM-40 before degradation,



**Fig. S7.** (a) SEM image, and (b-d) EDS mappings of SF. (b) Si  $K\alpha_1$  elemental maps. (c) O  $K\alpha_1$  elemental maps. (d) C  $K\alpha_1$  elemental maps.



**Fig. S8.** (a) SEM image, and (b-d) EDS mappings of SPCM. (b) Si  $K\alpha_1$  elemental maps. (c) O  $K\alpha_1$  elemental maps. (d) C  $K\alpha_1$  elemental maps.



**Fig. S9.** (a) SEM image, and (b-d) EDS mappings of SPCM-40. (b) Si K $\alpha_1$  elemental maps. (c) O K $\alpha_1$  elemental maps. (d) C K $\alpha_1$  elemental maps.

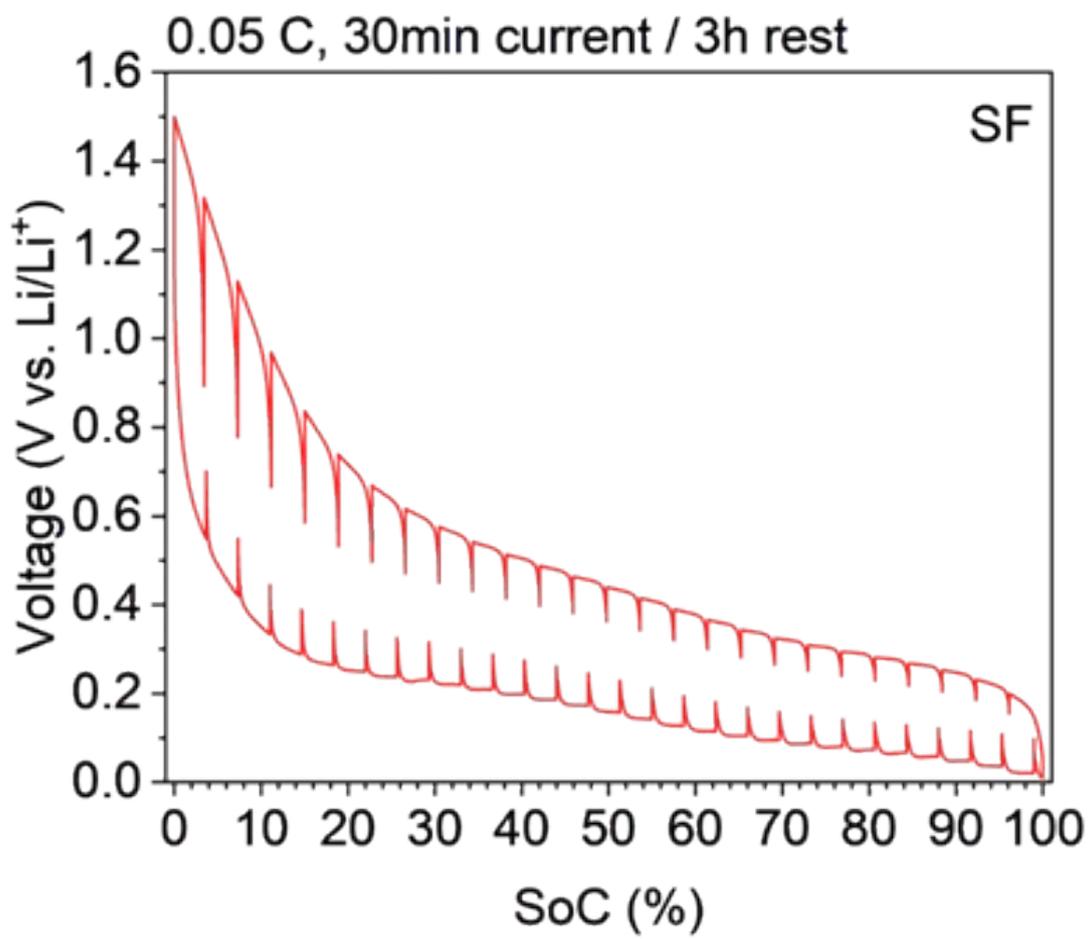


Fig. S10. GITT profile of SF.

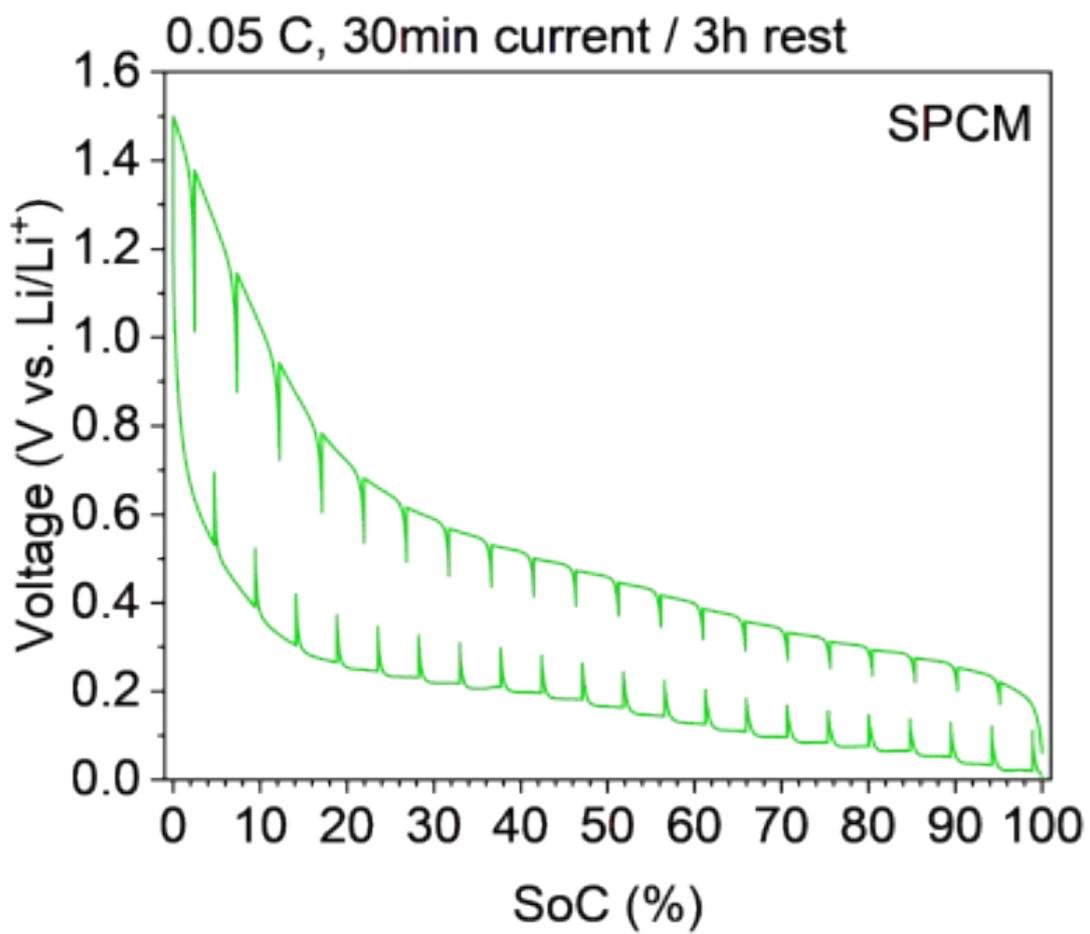


Fig. S11. GITT profile of SPCM.

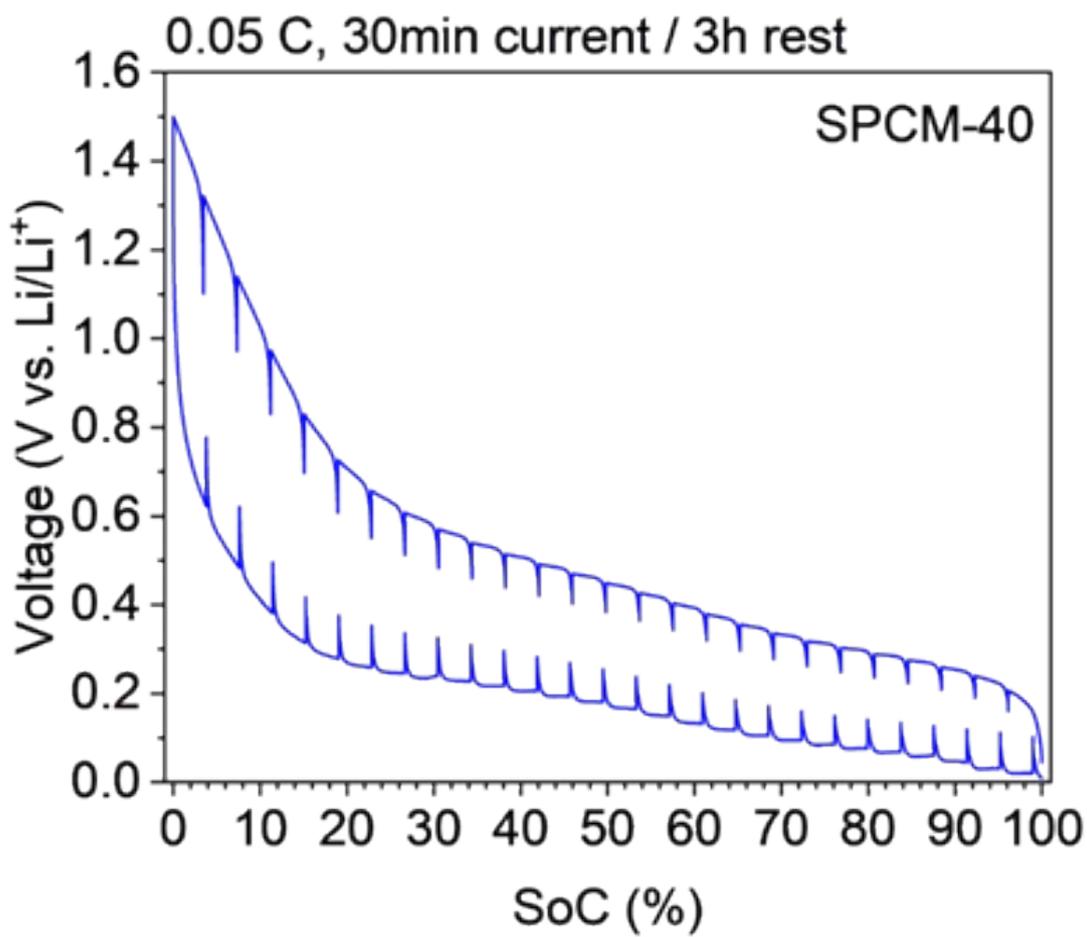
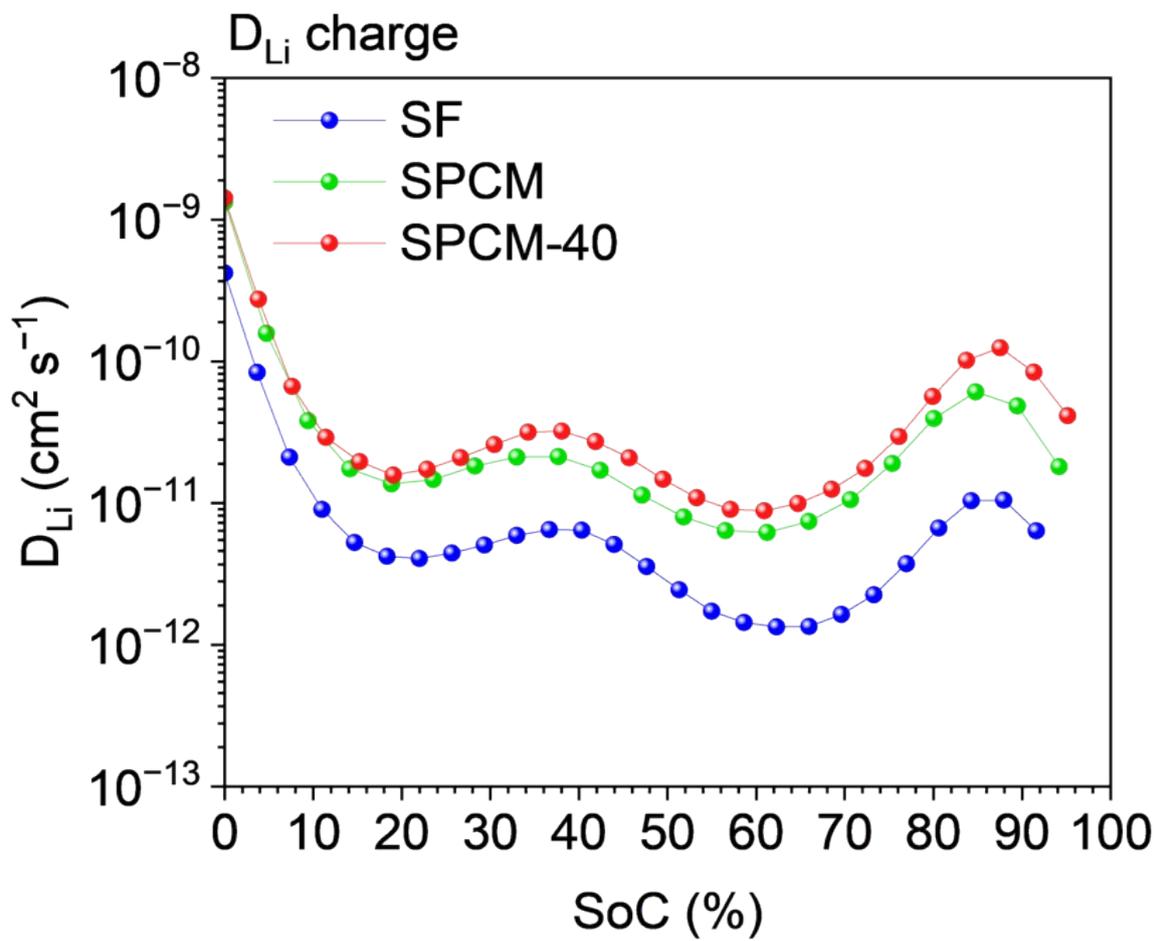


Fig. S12. GITT profile of SPCM-40.



**Fig. S13** Lithium-ion diffusion coefficient profiles of SF, SPCM, SPCM-40 calculated from GITT profiles under the charge process.

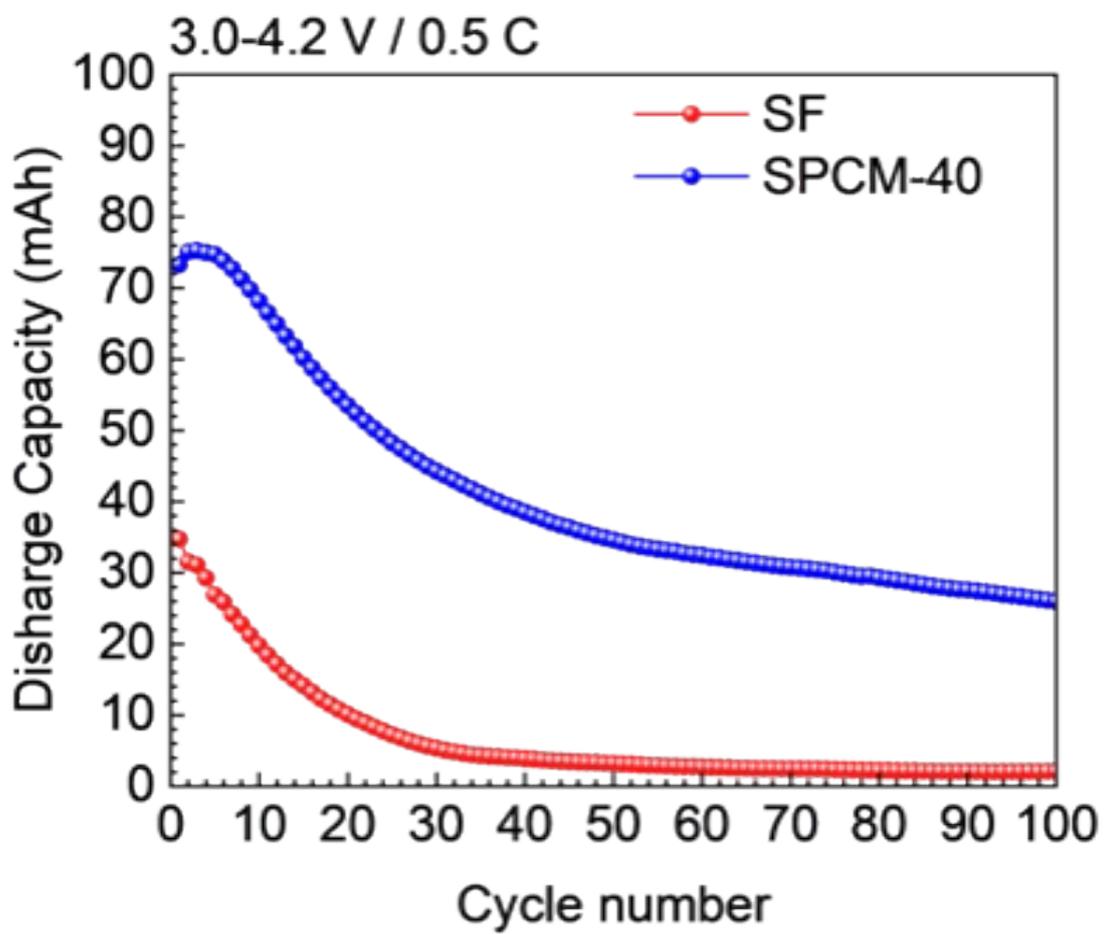


Fig. S14 Cycling performance profiles of SF and SPCM-40 pouch cells.