

Acetylation of anilines, amines, and alcohols using 5%MoO₃–SiO₂ and 5%WO₃–ZrO₂ as mesoporous acid catalysts

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Supplementary information

1. GC-FID Calculations

$$\text{Conversion percentage} = \left[1 - \frac{A_t/A_0}{I_t/I_o} \right] \times 100 \quad \text{Equation S1.}$$

$$\text{Selectivity percentage} = \frac{\text{Product}_a}{\text{product}_a + \text{product}_b + \text{product}_\dots} \times 100 \quad \text{Equation S2.}$$

$$\text{Yield percentage} = \left[\frac{\text{conversion}}{100} \right] \times \left[\frac{\text{selectivity}}{100} \right] \times 100 \quad \text{Equation S3.}$$

Where A_0 and A_t are areas of the substrate at 0 min and at a given time, respectively, and I_0 and I_t are areas of internal standard at 0 min and at a given time, respectively.

2. NH₃-TPD profiles of MMOs

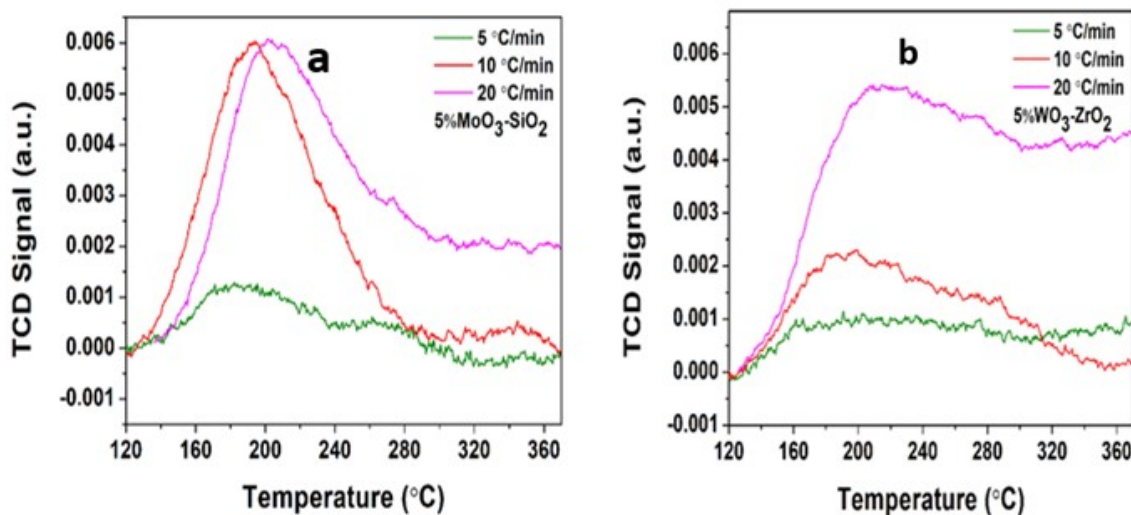
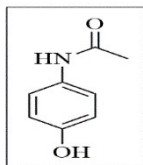


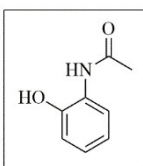
Figure S1: NH₃-TPD profiles of (a) 5%MoO₃-SiO₂, and (b) 5%WO₃-ZrO₂.

3. ¹H NMR and ¹³C NMR of Acetylation products



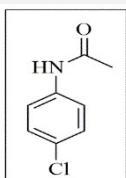
N-(4-Hydroxyphenyl)acetamide (Paracetamol)

¹H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl₃): δ (ppm) 7.37 (2H, d, *J* = 8.4.0 Hz), 6.72 (2H, d, *J* = 8.5 Hz), 2.00 (3H, s), 1.91 (1H, s). ¹³C NMR (125 MHz, CDCl₃) δ (ppm) 168.28, 153.72, 131.36, 121.54, 115.51, 24.07.



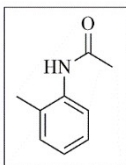
N-(2-Hydroxyphenyl)acetamide

¹H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl₃): δ (ppm) 8.91 (1H, s), 7.37 (1H, t, *J* = 8.0 Hz), 6.84 – 6.57 (3H, m), 1.98 (3H, s). ¹³C NMR (125 MHz, CDCl₃) δ (ppm) 169.76, 147.71, 126.42, 125.28, 121.60, 119.55, 117.37, 23.63.



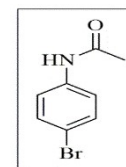
N-(4-Chlorophenyl)acetamide

¹H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl₃): δ (ppm) 7.29 (2H, d, *J* = 8.2 Hz), 6.94 (2H, d, *J* = 8.5 Hz), 1.83 (3H, s). ¹³C NMR (125 MHz, CDCl₃) δ (ppm) 168.81, 137.62, 128.30, 127.71, 120.79, 24.00.



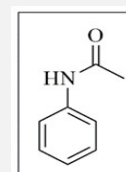
N-(o-Tolyl)acetamide

¹H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl₃): δ (ppm) 7.73 (1H, d, *J* = 8.0 Hz), 7.29 – 7.09 (6H, m), 2.26 (3H, s), 2.20 (3H, s). ¹³C NMR (125 MHz, CDCl₃) δ (ppm) 168.48, 135.63, 130.47, 129.60, 129.55, 126.69, 125.40, 123.65, 24.17, 17.77.



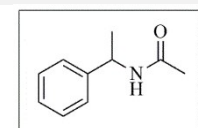
N-(4-Bromophenyl)acetamide

¹H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl₃): δ (ppm) 9.27 (1H, s), 7.33 (2H, d, *J* = 8.0 Hz), 7.17 (2H, d, *J* = 8.4 Hz), 1.93 (3H, s). ¹³C NMR (125 MHz, CDCl₃) δ (ppm) 168.87, 138.11, 131.35, 121.22, 115.54, 24.13.



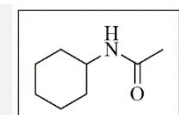
N-Phenylacetamide

¹H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl₃): δ (ppm) 9.48 (1H, s), 7.56 (2H, d, *J* = 8.0 Hz), 7.31 (2H, t, *J* = 9.2 Hz), 7.12 (2H, t, *J* = 9.4 Hz), 2.15 (3H, s). ¹³C NMR (125 MHz, CDCl₃) δ (ppm) 169.19, 138.15, 128.85, 124.27, 120.28, 24.31.



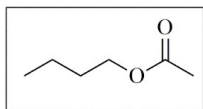
N-(1-Phenylethyl)acetamide

¹H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl₃): δ (ppm) 7.32 – 7.24 (5H, m), 6.79 (1H, s), 5.10–5.05 (1H, m), 1.96 (3H, s), 1.45 (3H, d, *J* = 8.5 Hz). ¹³C NMR (125 MHz, CDCl₃) δ (ppm) 175.83, 170.47, 143.07, 128.57, 127.28, 126.15, 49.02, 22.89, 21.68, 20.83.



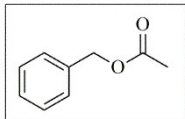
N-Cyclohexylacetamine

¹H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl₃): δ (ppm) 6.41 (1H, s), 3.49 (1H, s), 1.73 – 0.94 (12H, m) 1.96 (3H, s). ¹³C NMR (125 MHz, CDCl₃) δ (ppm) 169.10, 47.98, 32.85, 25.38, 24.78, 23.10.



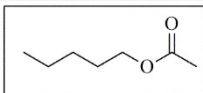
Butyl acetate

^1H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl_3): δ (ppm) 3.61 (2H, t, $J = 9.0$ Hz), 2.00 (3H, s), 1.53 – 1.47 (1H, m), 1.36 – 1.28 (1H, m), 0.89 (3H, t, $J = 9.3$ Hz). ^{13}C NMR (125 MHz, CDCl_3) δ (ppm) 176.46, 62.27, 34.28, 20.59, 18.75, 13.64.



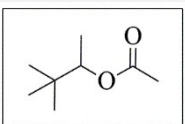
Benzyl acetate

^1H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl_3): δ (ppm) 7.39 – 7.31 (5H, m), 5.65 (2H, s), 2.07 (3H, s). ^{13}C NMR (125 MHz, CDCl_3) δ (ppm) 176.37, 140.59, 128.49, 127.58, 127.08, 64.90, 20.72.



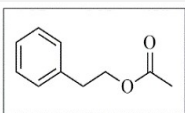
Pentyl acetate

^1H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl_3): δ (ppm) 2.02 (3H, s), 1.45 – 1.22 (5H, m), 1.14 (3H, d, $J = 8.5$ Hz), 0.89 (3H, t, $J = 9.3$ Hz). ^{13}C NMR (125 MHz, CDCl_3) δ (ppm) 175.80, 67.94, 41.11, 22.89, 18.78, 13.90.



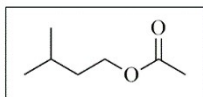
3,3-Dimethylbutan-2-yl acetate

^1H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl_3): δ (ppm) 3.45 – 3.42 (1H, m), 1.99 (3H, s), 1.06 (3H, d, $J = 8.5$ Hz), 0.82 (9H, s). ^{13}C NMR (125 MHz, CDCl_3) δ (ppm) 175.74, 75.66, 34.68, 25.26, 20.50, 17.37.



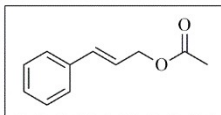
2-Phenylethyl acetate

^1H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl_3): δ (ppm) 7.36 – 7.26 (5H, m), 3.88 (2H, t, $J = 9.2$ Hz), 2.91 (2H, t, $J = 9.5$ Hz), 2.08 (3H, s). ^{13}C NMR (125 MHz, CDCl_3) δ (ppm) 175.88, 138.62, 129.02, 128.47, 126.34, 63.42, 38.94, 20.62.



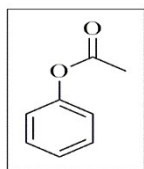
iso-Butyl acetate

^1H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl_3): δ (ppm) 3.33 (1H, d, $J = 8.1$ Hz), 3.88 (2H, t, $J = 8.5$ Hz), 1.98 (3H, s), 1.72–1.64 (1H, m), 0.82 (3H, d, $J = 7.5$ Hz). ^{13}C NMR (125 MHz, CDCl_3) δ (ppm) 176.31, 69.13, 30.30, 20.39, 18.58.



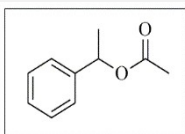
Cinnamyl acetate

^1H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl_3): δ (ppm) 3.33 (1H, d, $J = 8.4$ Hz), 7.37 – 7.25 (5H, m), 4.33 (1H, d, $J = 8.2$ Hz), 3.86 (1H, t, $J = 9.5$ Hz), 2.97 – 2.90 (2H, m), 2.01 (3H, s). ^{13}C NMR (125 MHz, CDCl_3) δ (ppm) 129.08, 128.93, 128.57, 128.46, 126.62, 126.28, 65.02, 63.42, 39.29, 35.08, 20.73.



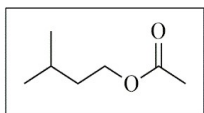
Phenyl acetate

^1H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl_3): δ (ppm) 7.28 (2H, t, $J = 9.2$ Hz), 6.97 (1H, t, $J = 9.4$ Hz), 6.90 (2H, d, $J = 7.5$ Hz), 2.14 (3H, s). ^{13}C NMR (125 MHz, CDCl_3) δ (ppm) 177.43, 155.57, 129.67, 120.68, 115.43, 20.74.



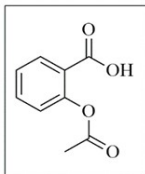
1-Phenylethyl acetate

^1H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl_3): δ (ppm) 7.37 – 7.28 (5H, m), 4.90 – 4.86 (1H, q, $J = 7.2$ Hz), 2.05 (3H, s), 1.50 (3H, d, $J = 7.5$ Hz). ^{13}C NMR (125 MHz, CDCl_3) δ (ppm) 176.05, 145.59, 128.42, 127.38, 125.46, 70.33, 24.92, 20.66.



iso-Pentyl acetate

^1H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl_3): δ (ppm) 3.68 (2H, t, $J = 7.5$ Hz), 2.07 (3H, s), 1.73 – 1.66 (1H, m), 1.48 – 1.44 (2H, q), 0.91 (6H, d, $J = 8.5$ Hz). ^{13}C NMR (125 MHz, CDCl_3) δ (ppm) 176.19, 61.13, 41.42, 24.65, 22.51, 20.67.

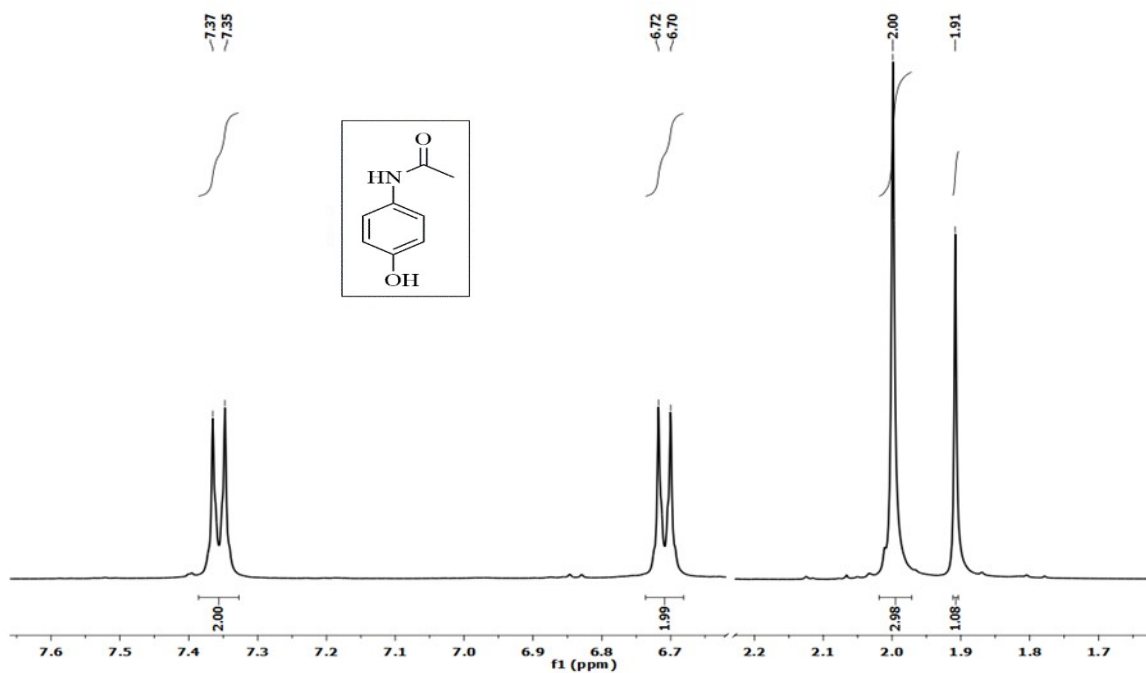


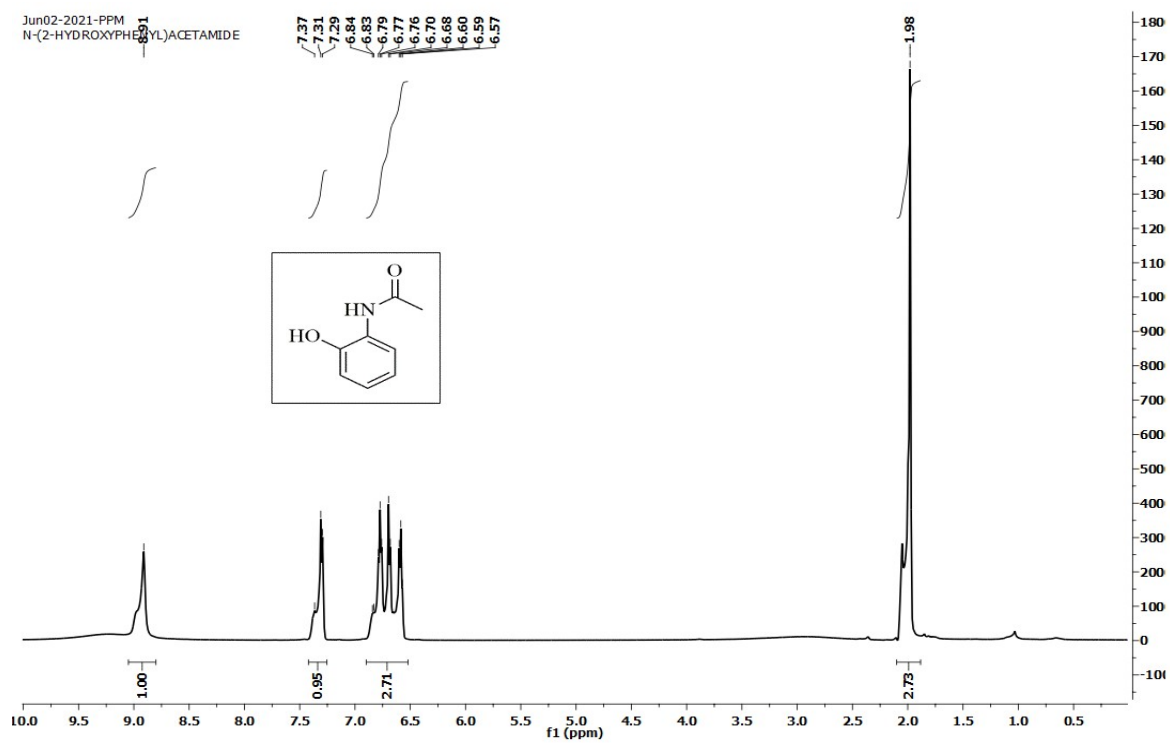
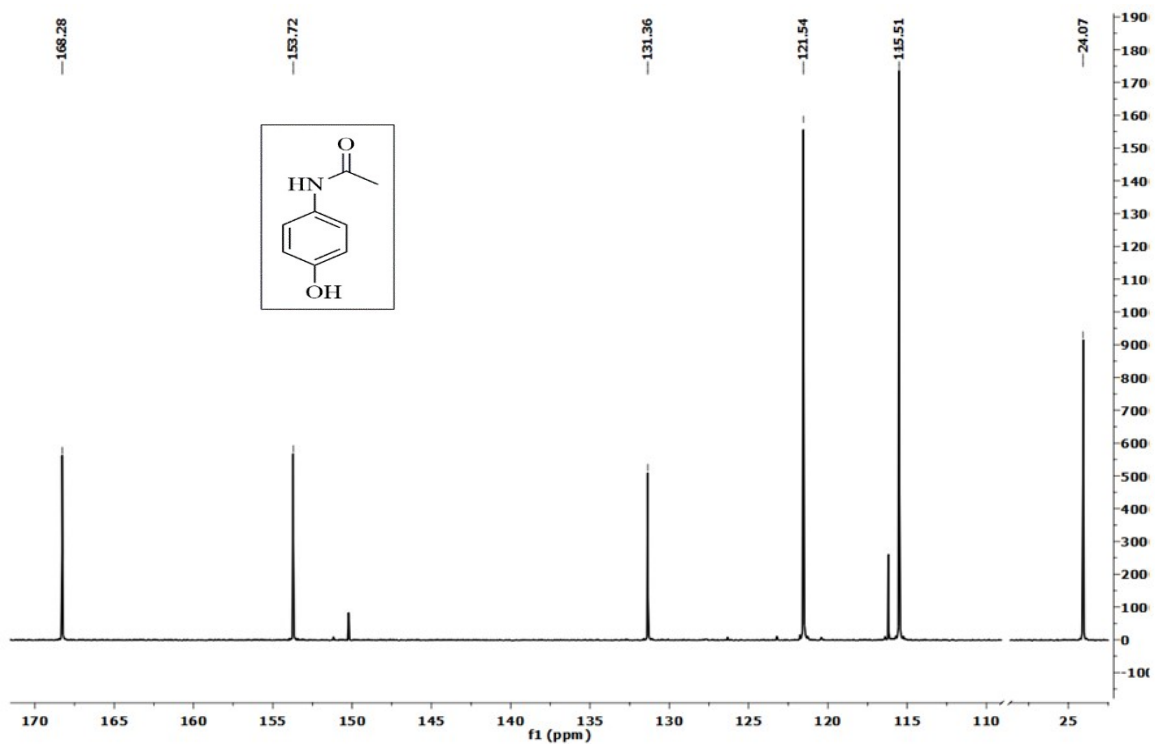
2-Acetoxybenzoic acid (Aspirin)

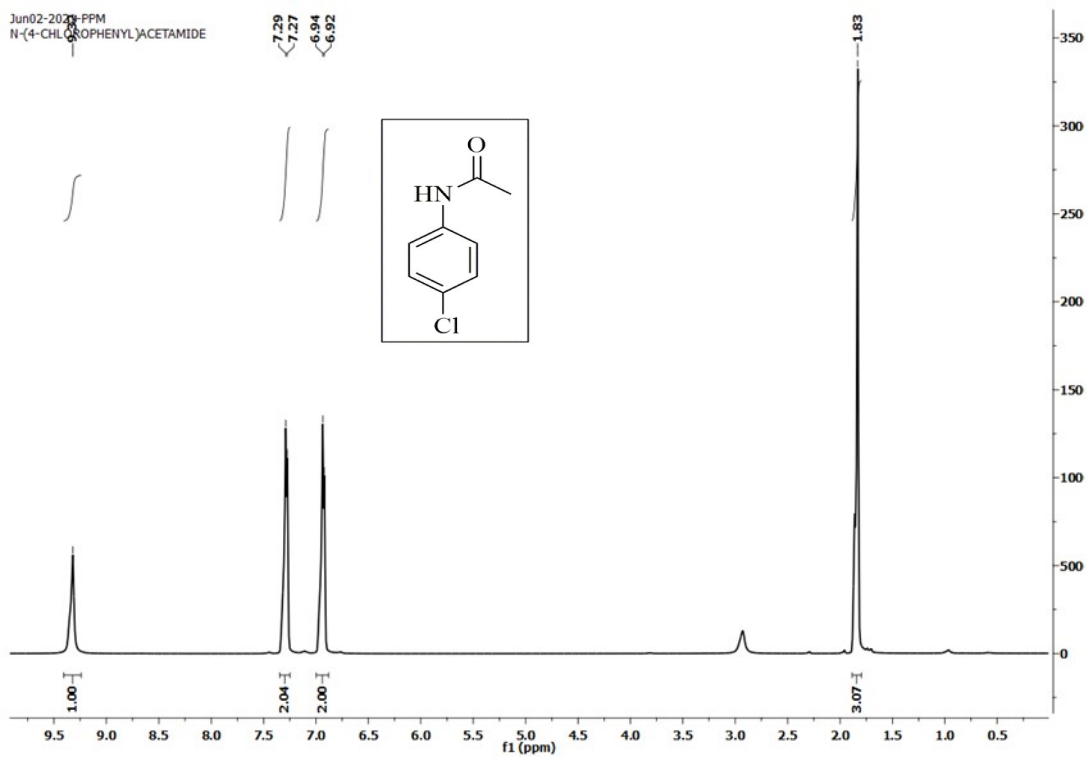
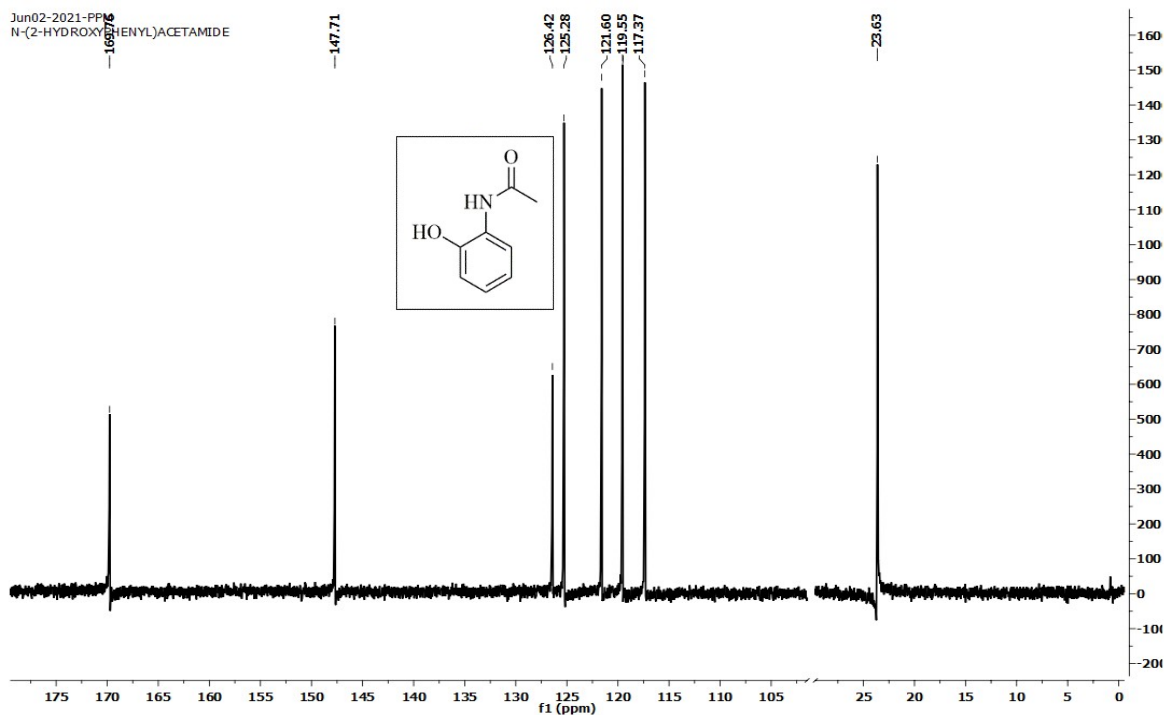
^1H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl_3): δ (ppm) 7.77 – 7.75 (2H, m), 7.45 (2H, t, $J = 10.0$ Hz), 6.30-6.87 (3H, m), 1.89 (1H, s). ^{13}C NMR (125 MHz, CDCl_3) δ (ppm) 172.46, 161.74, 135.84, 130.67, 119.38, 117.43, 113.33.

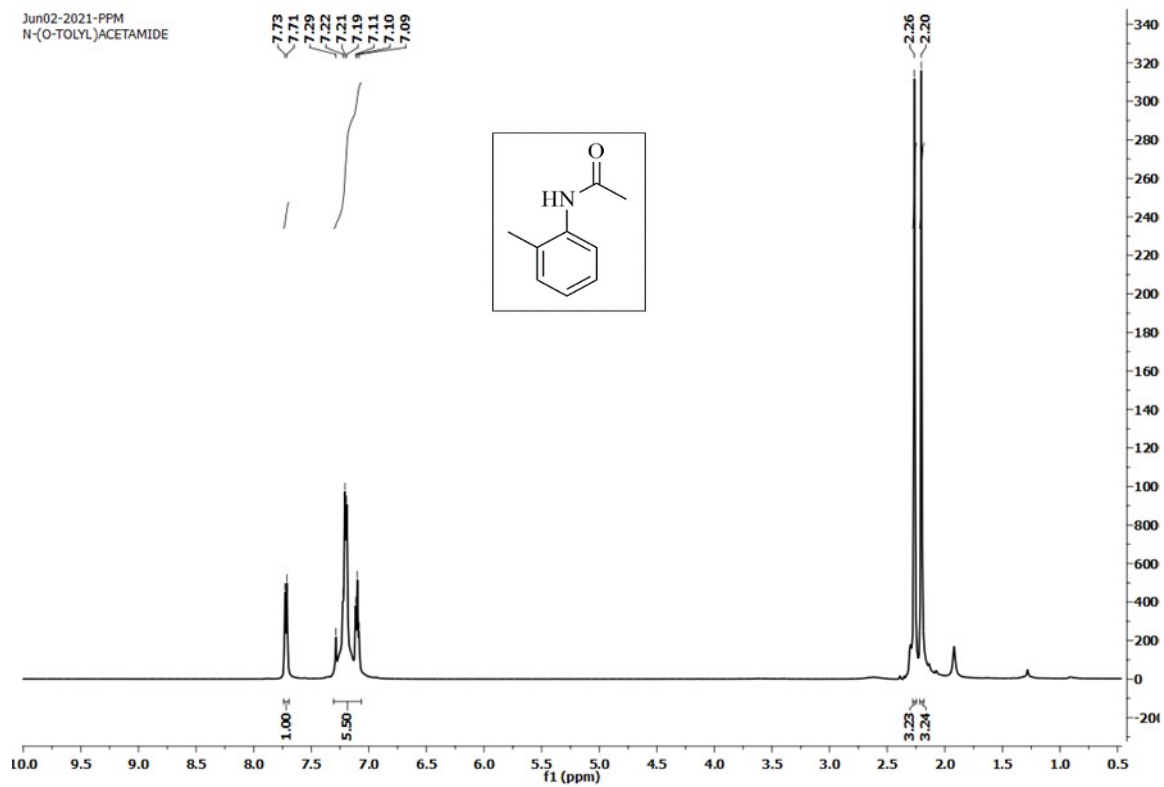
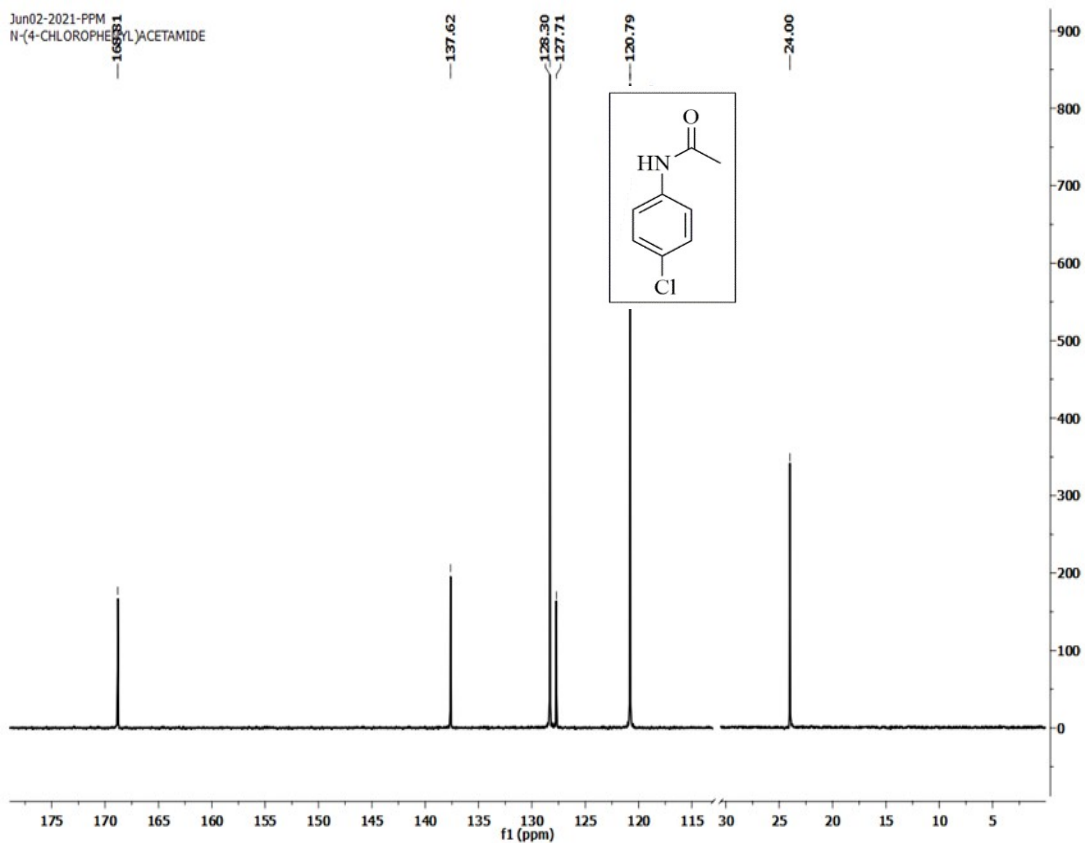
Acetylation products.

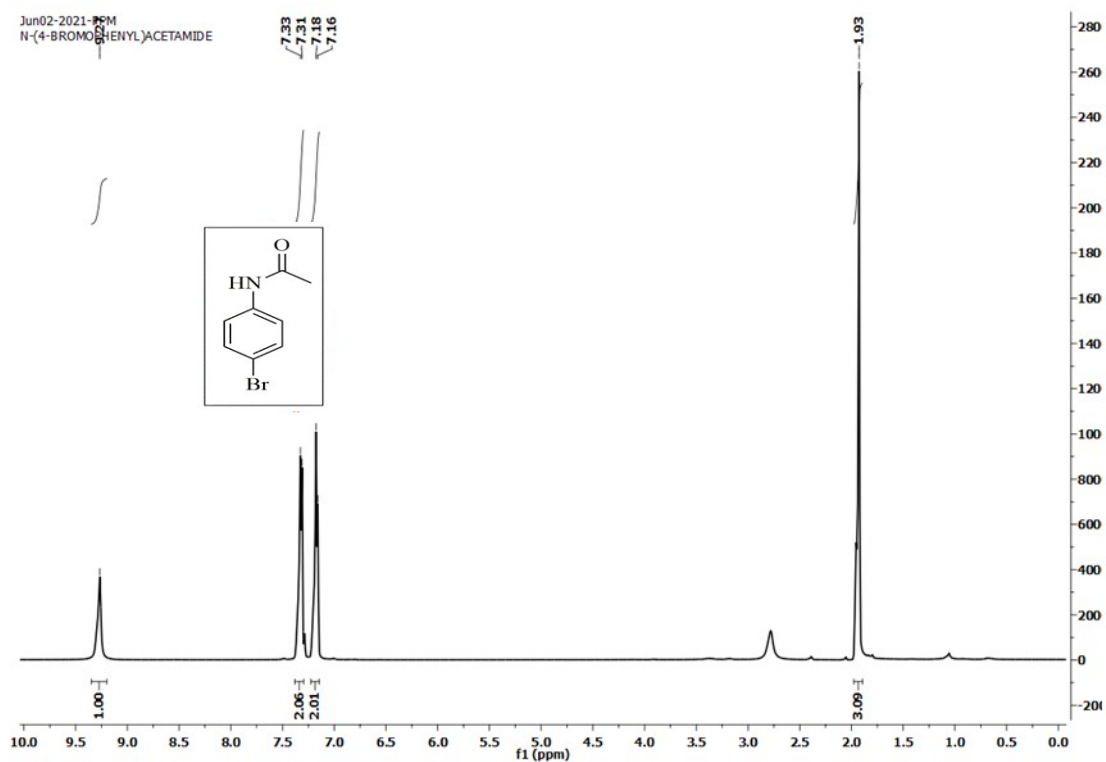
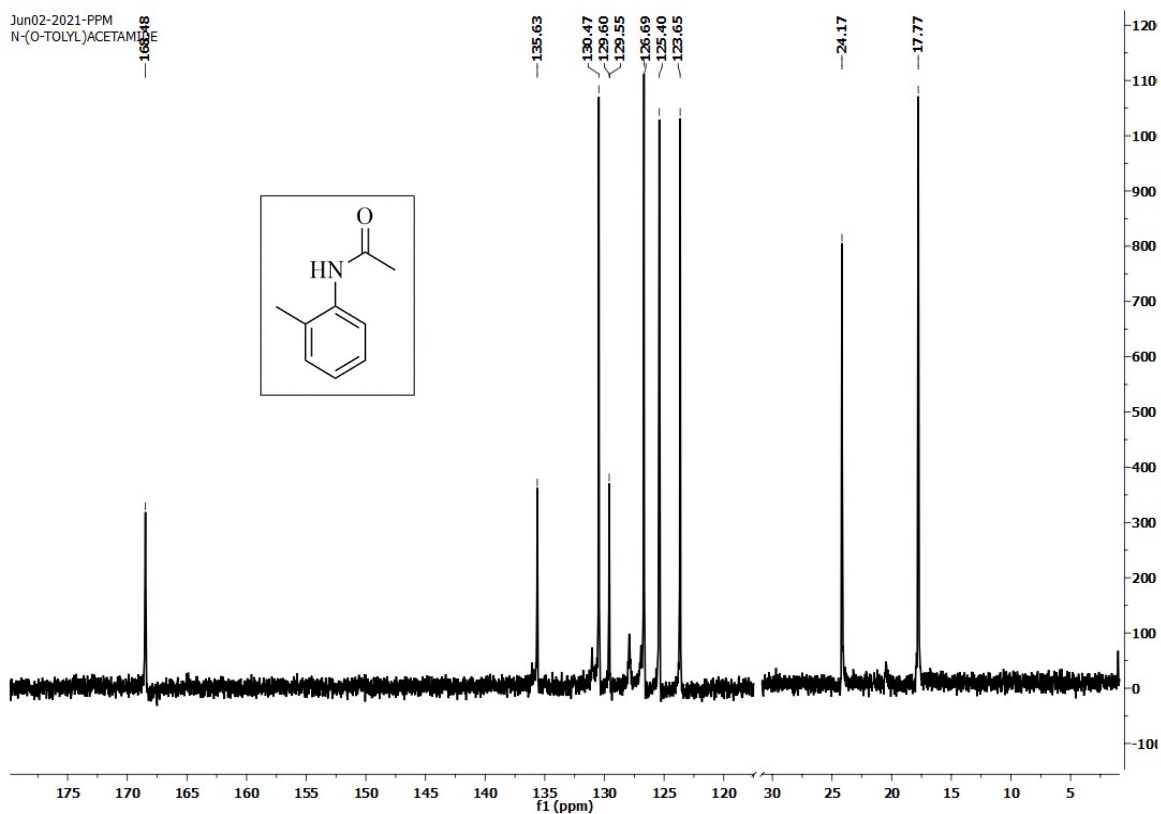
4. ^1H NMR and ^{13}C NMR Spectra



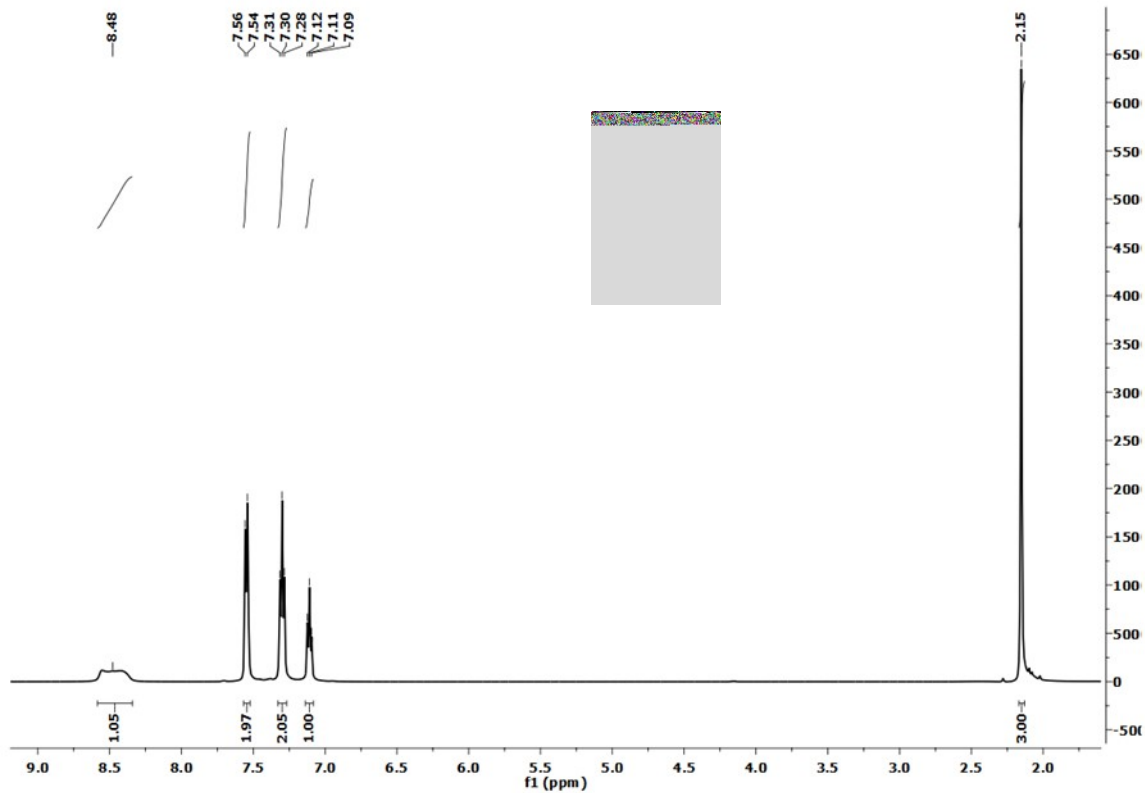
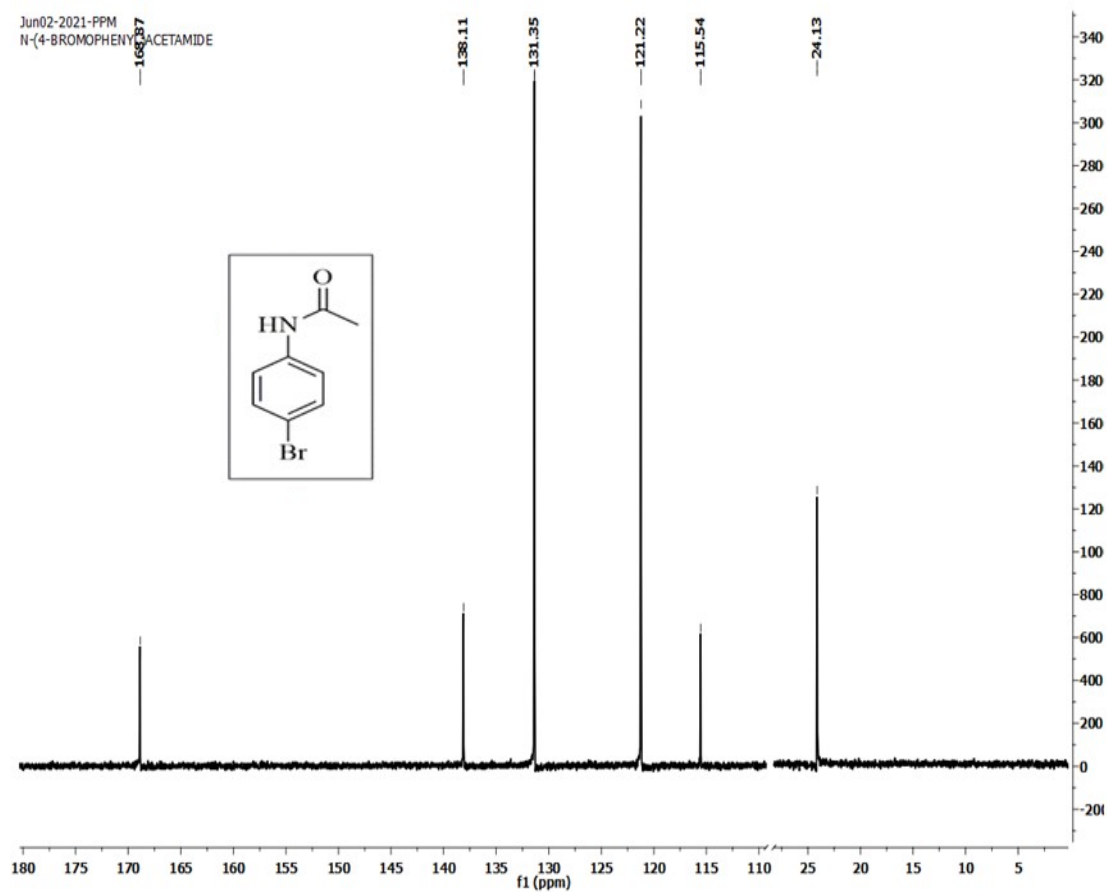


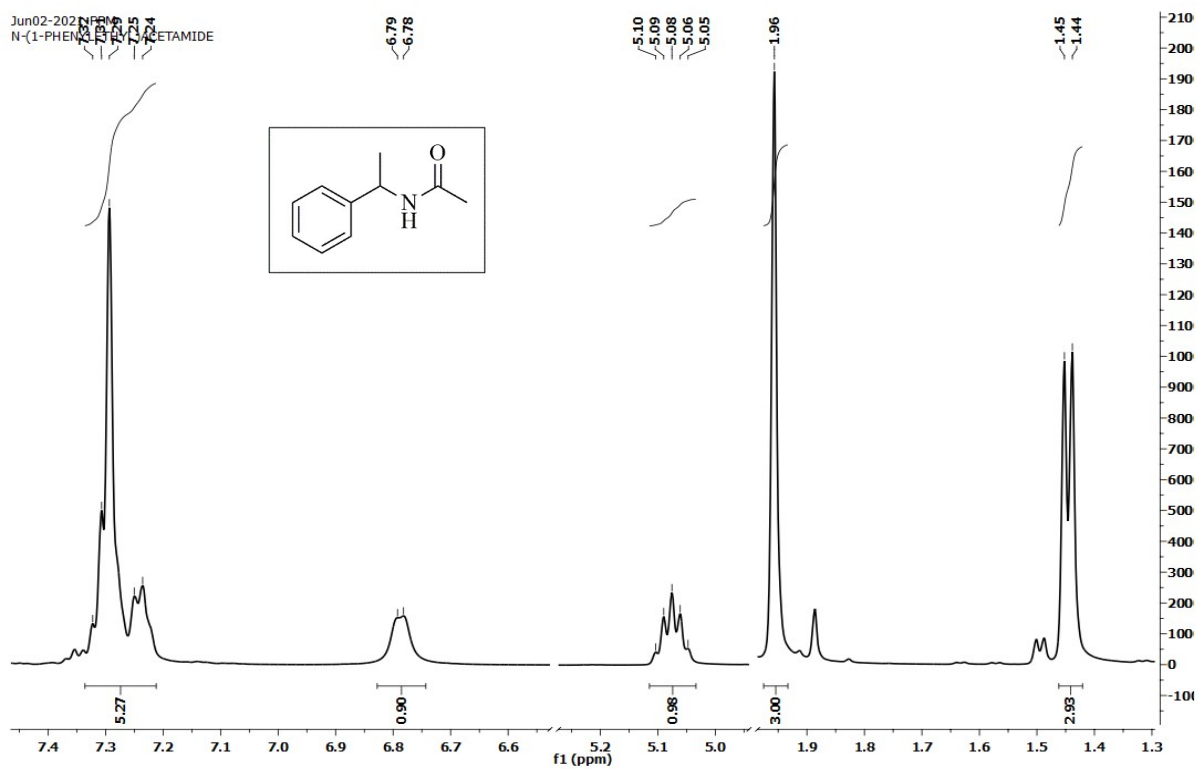
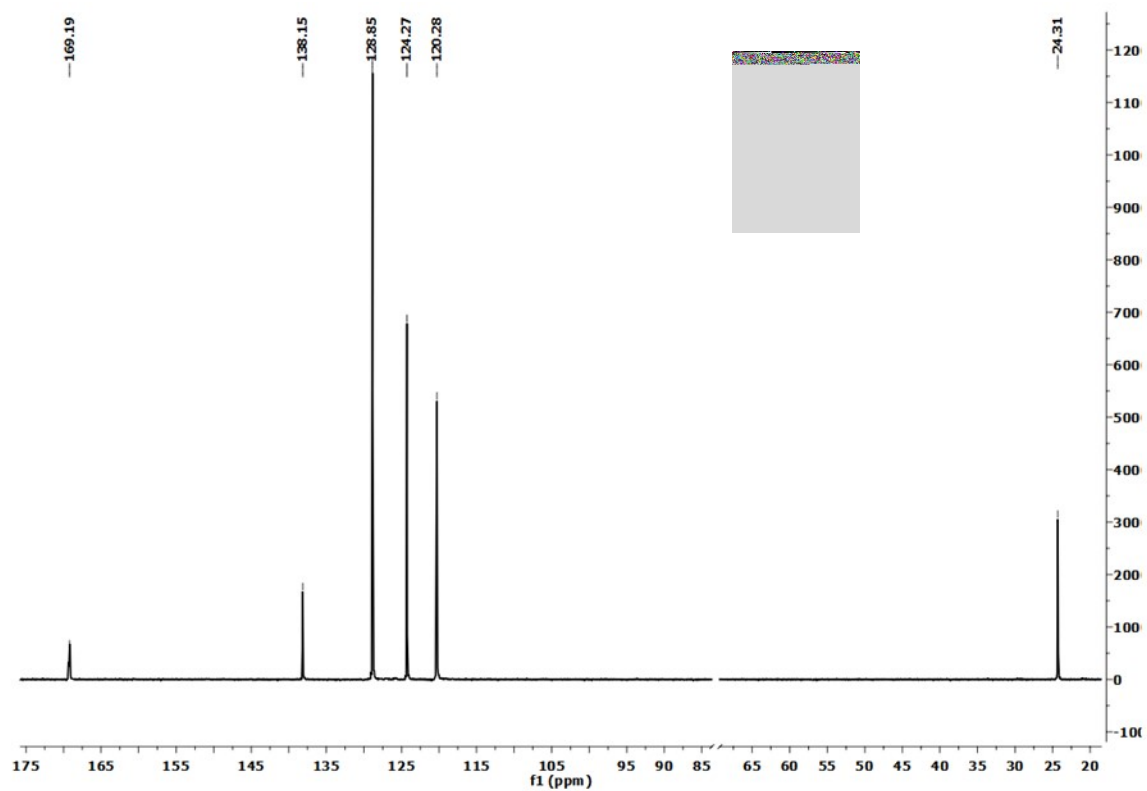


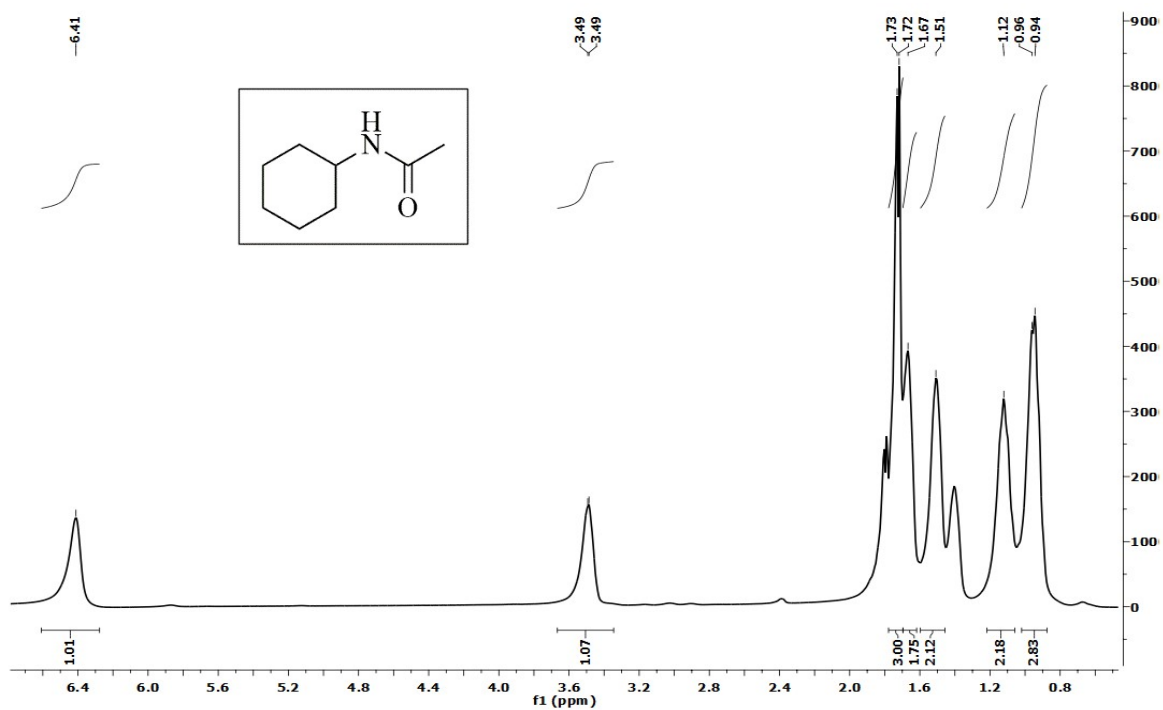
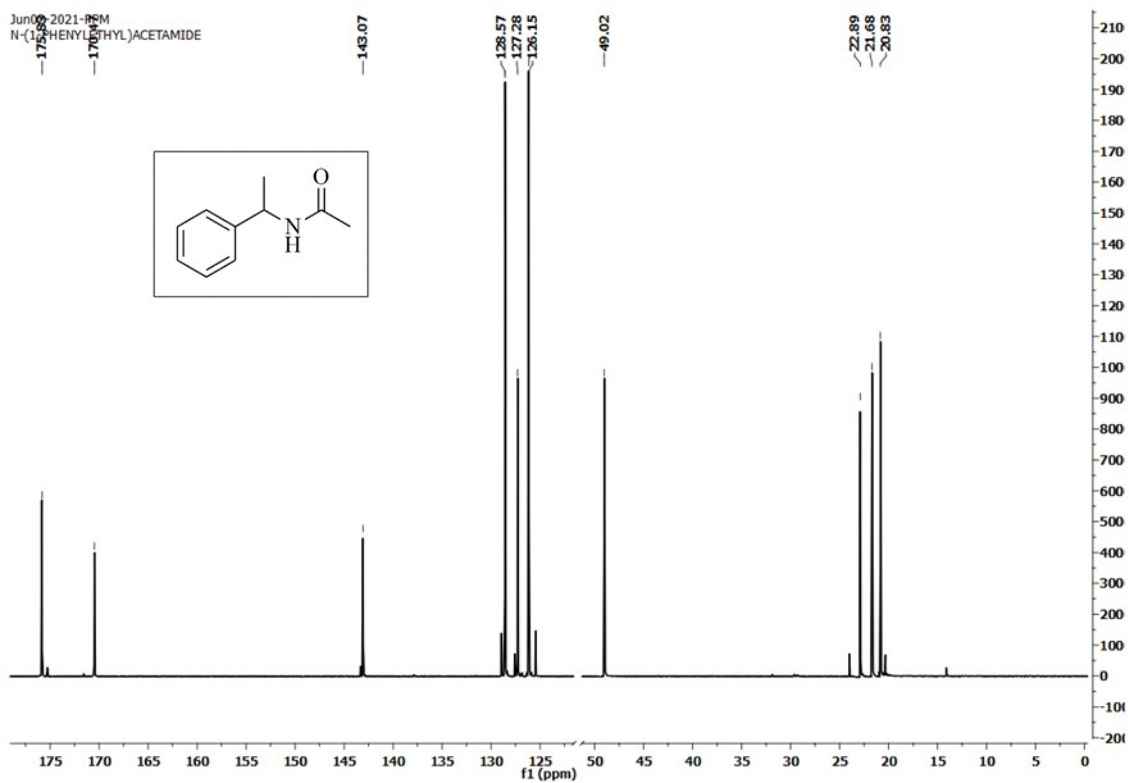


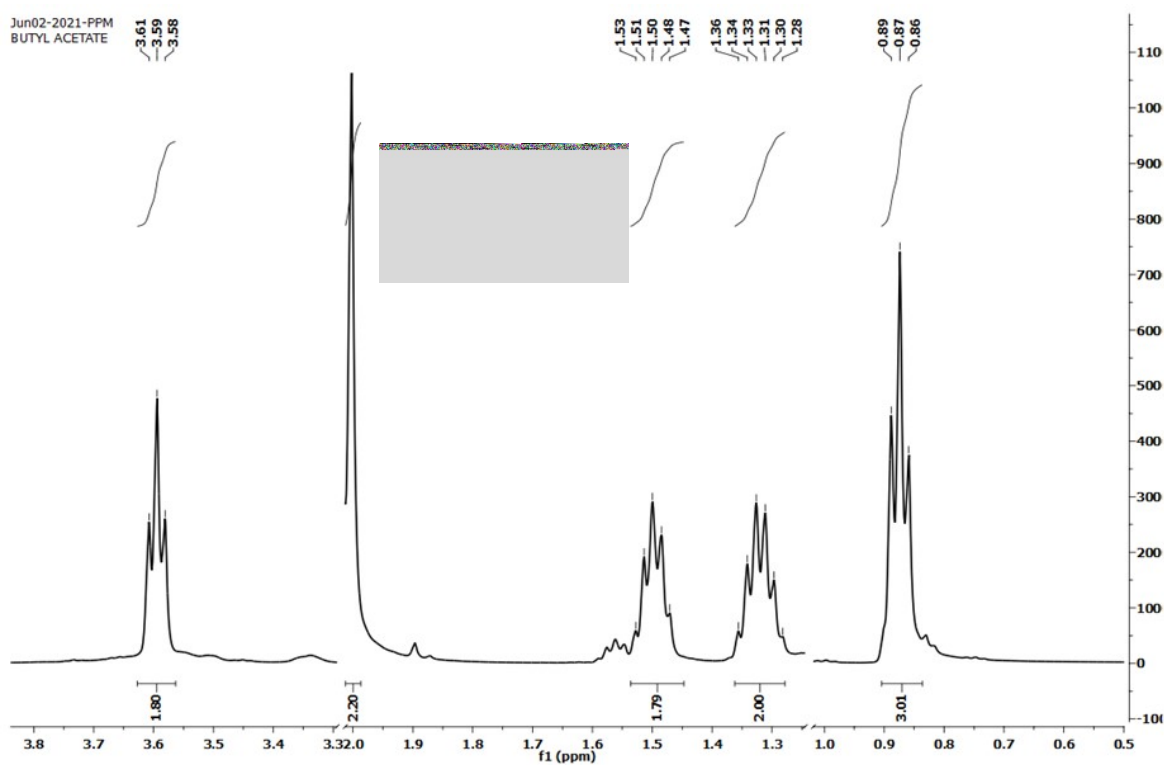
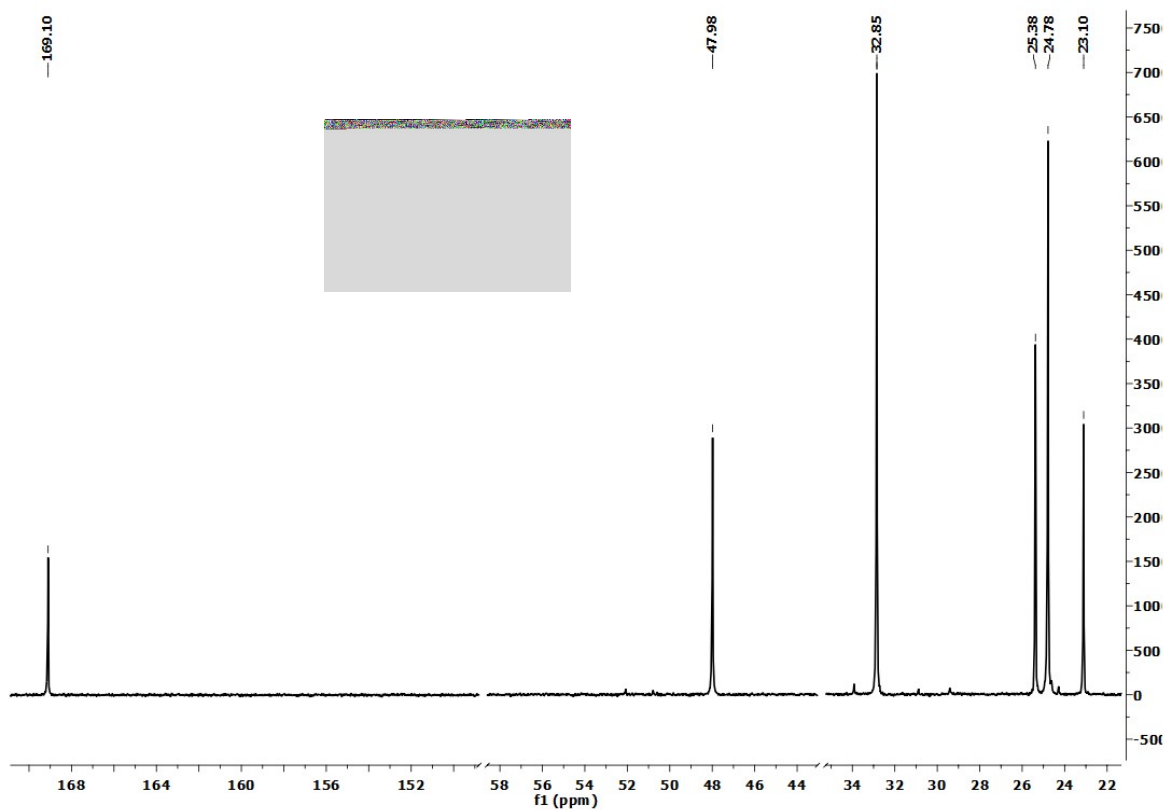


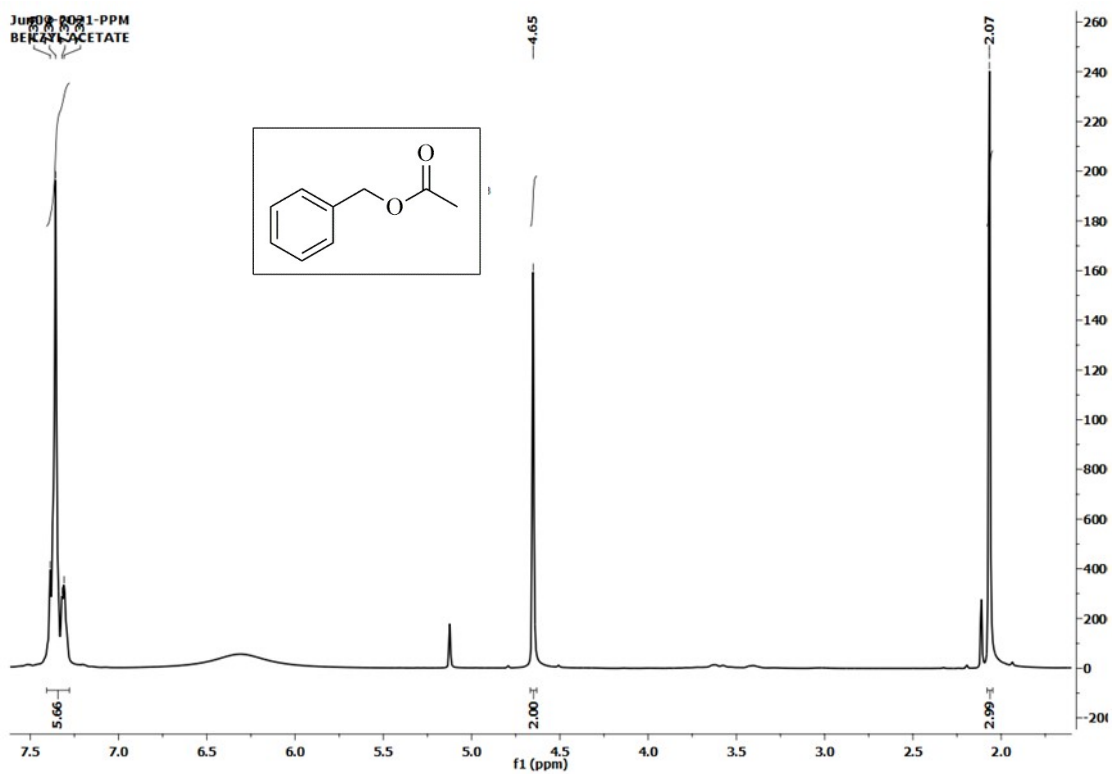
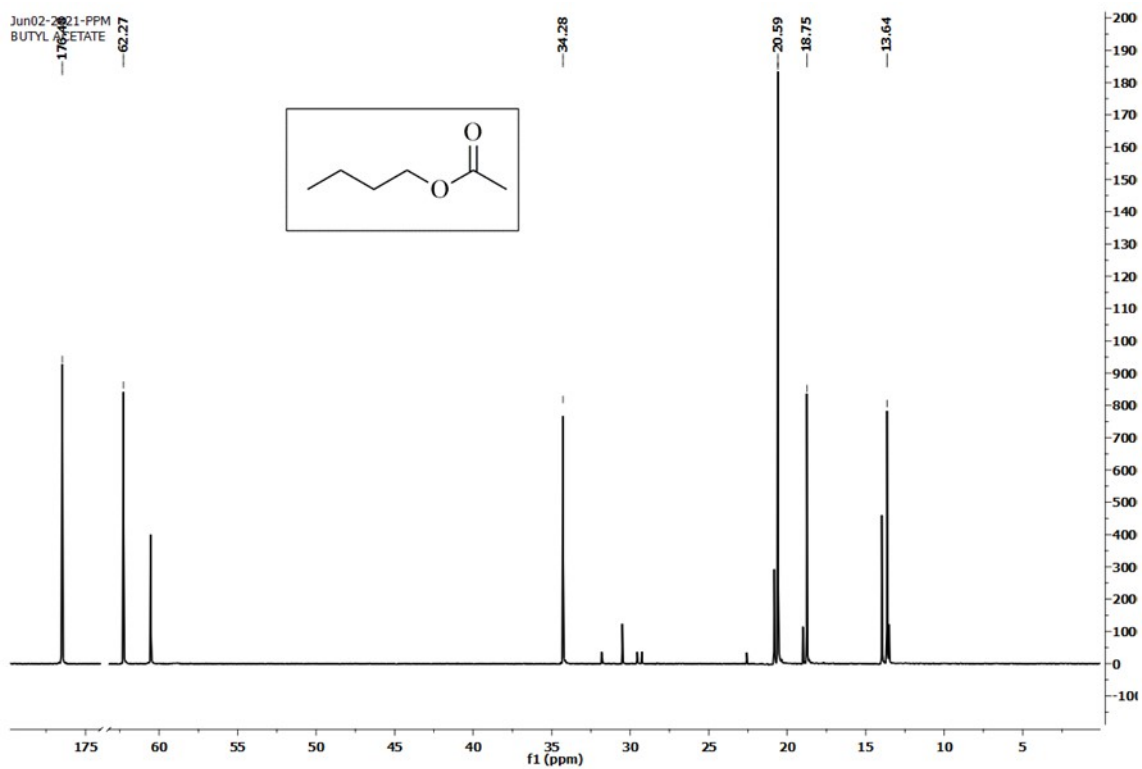
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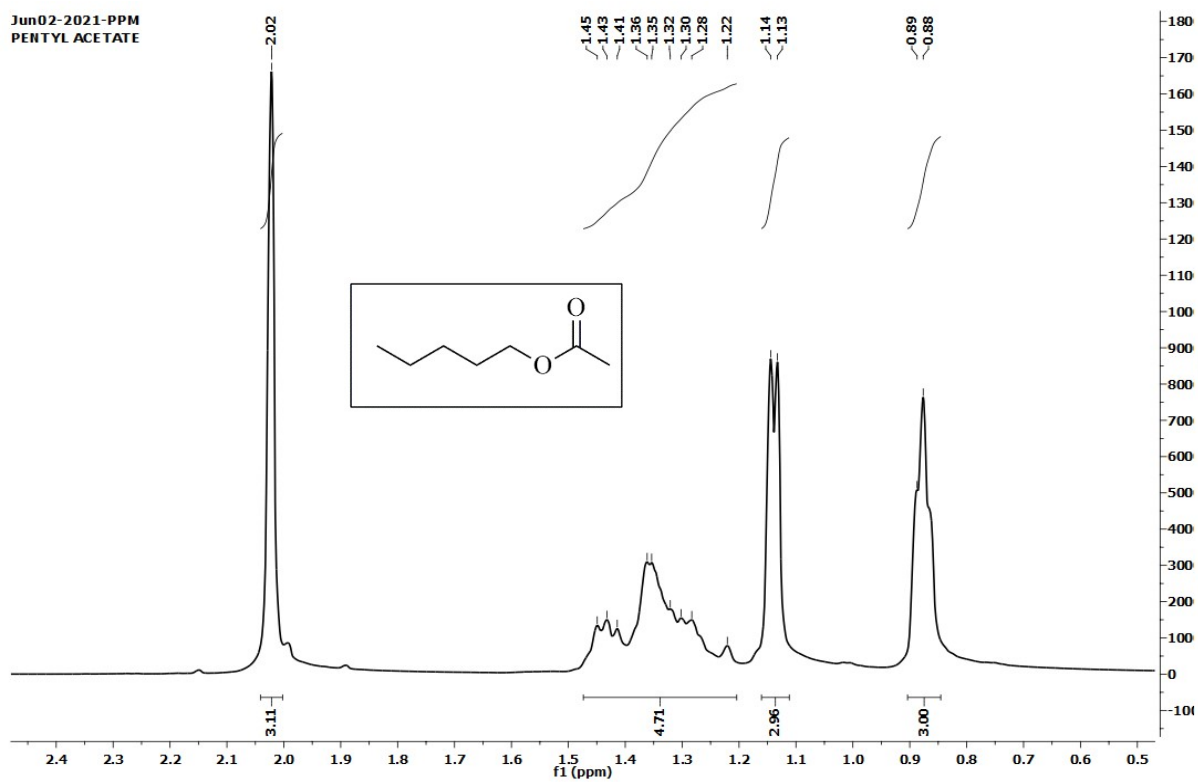
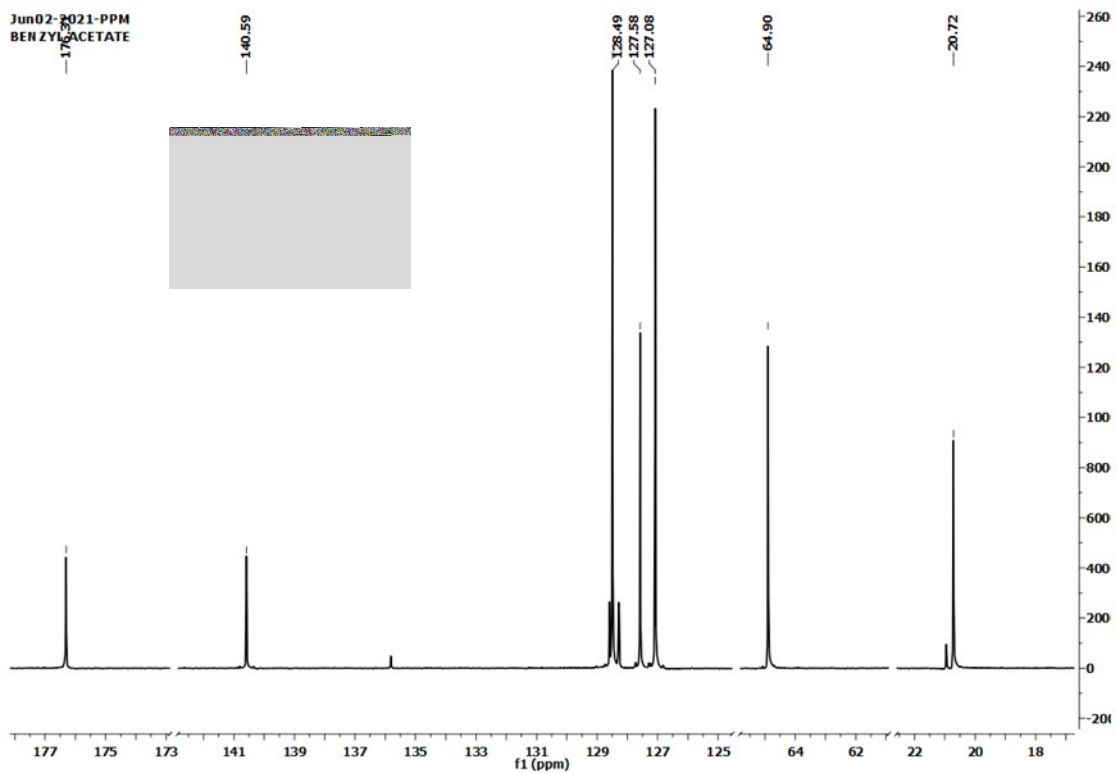


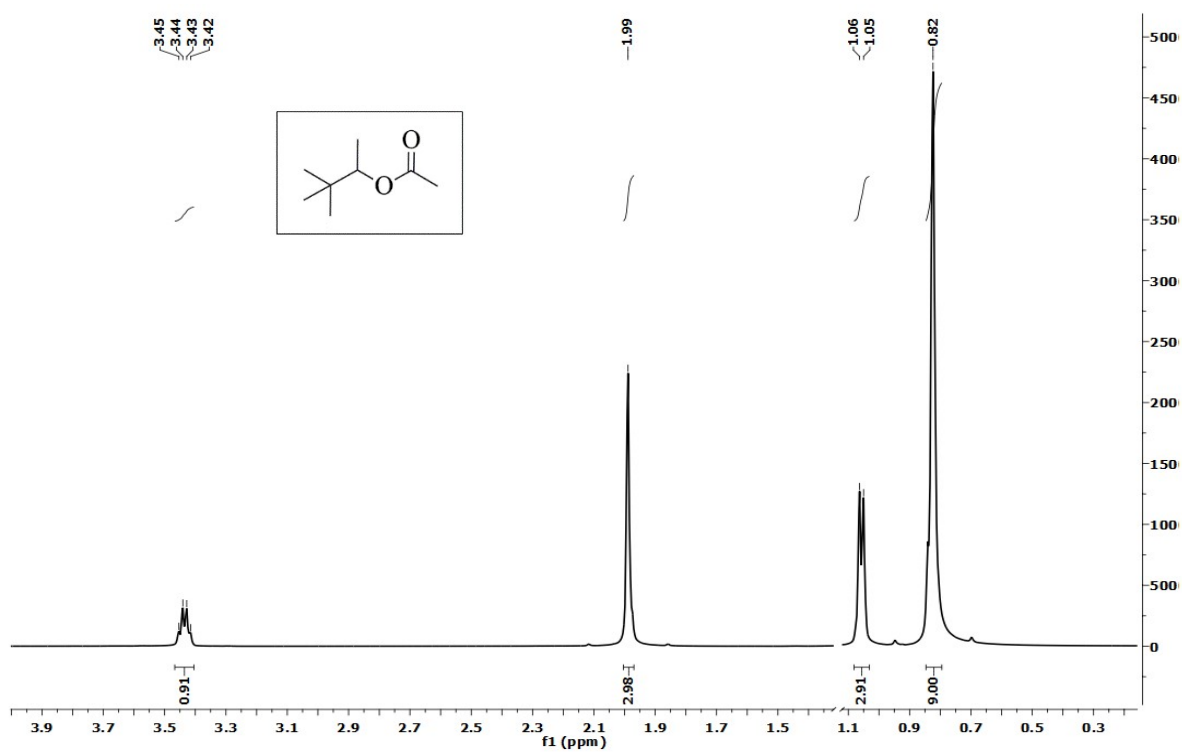
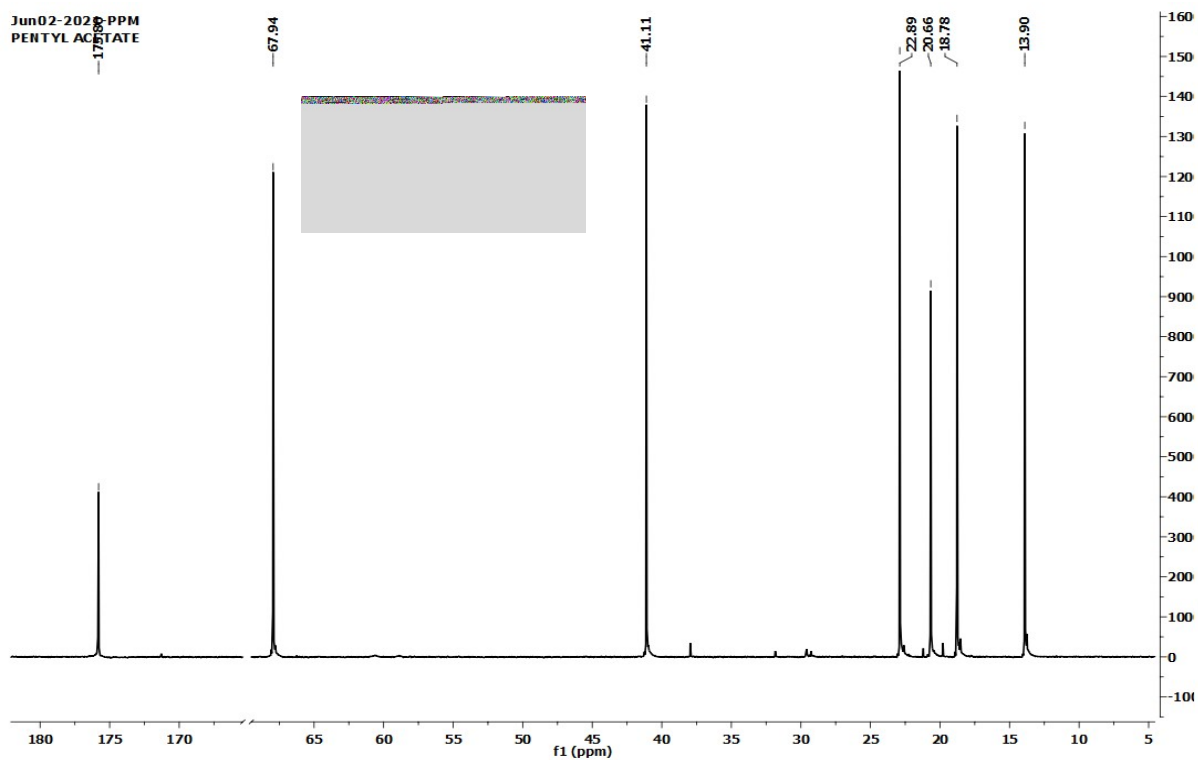


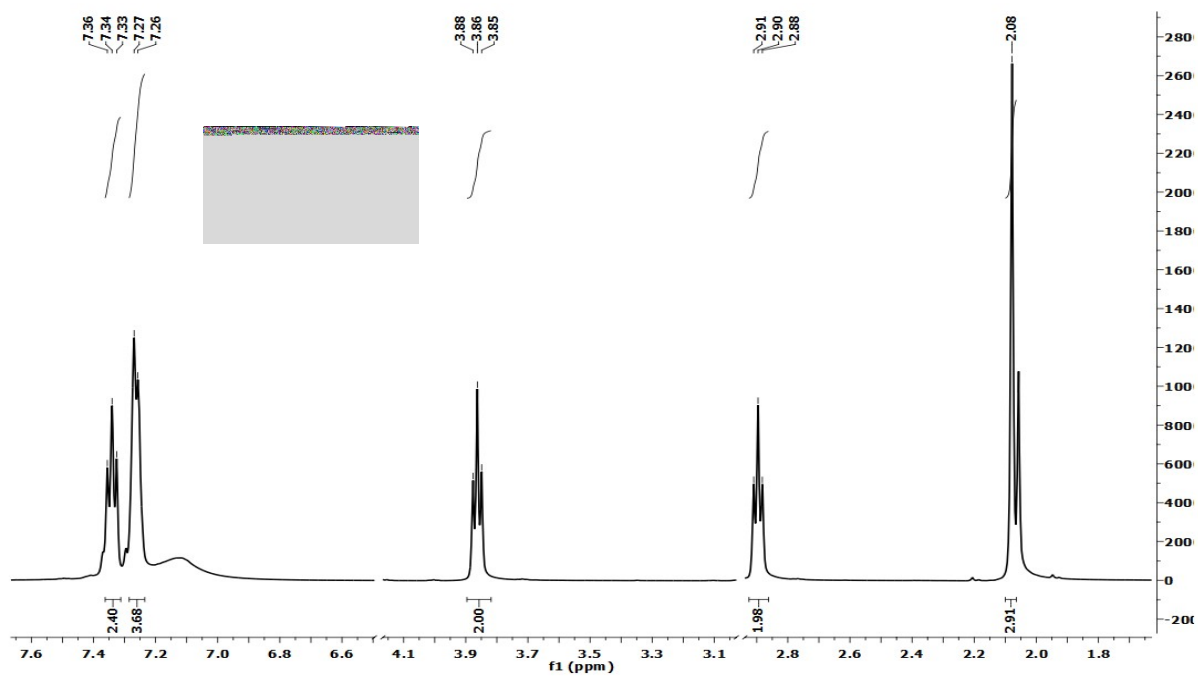
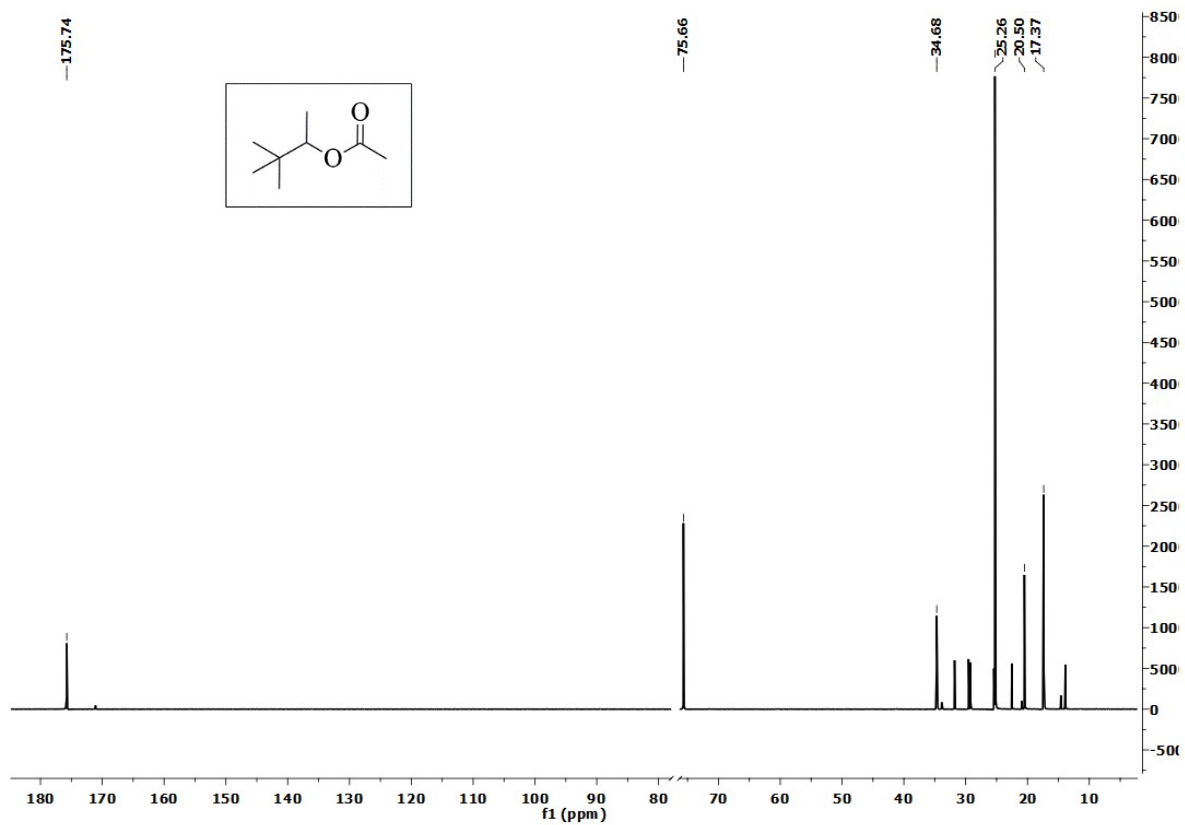


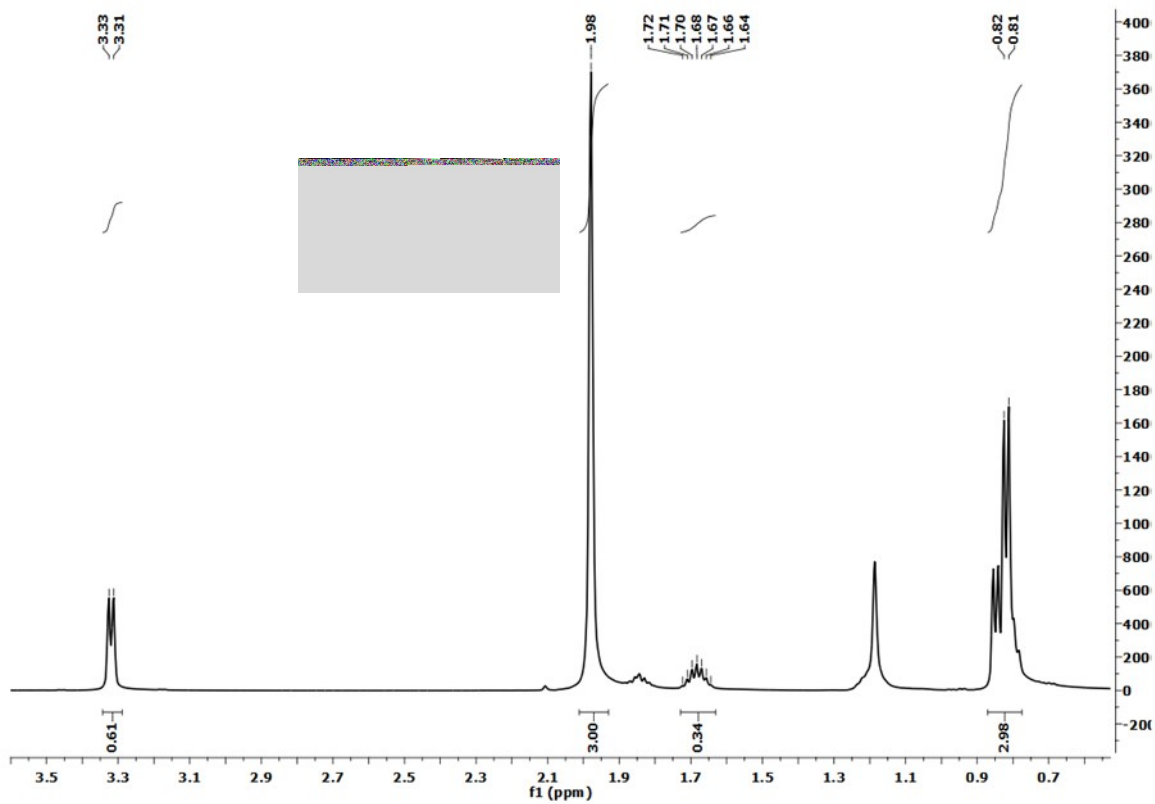
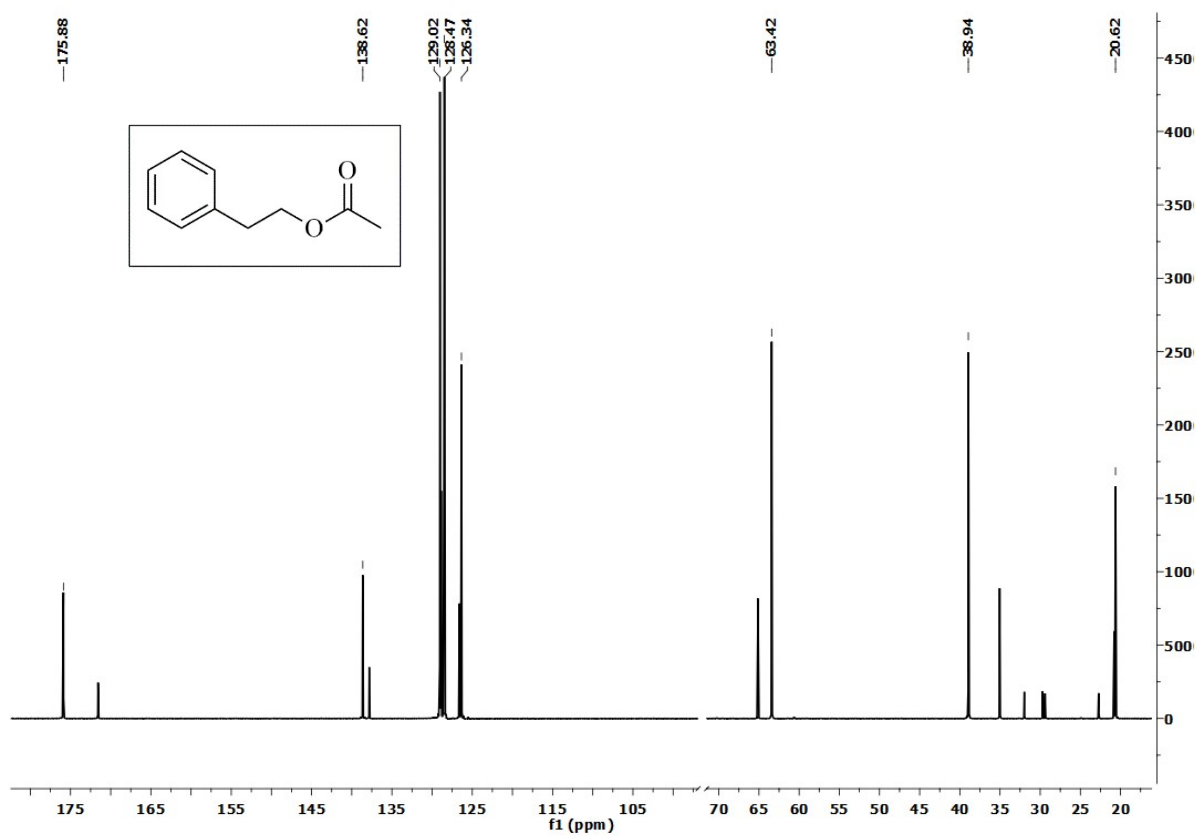


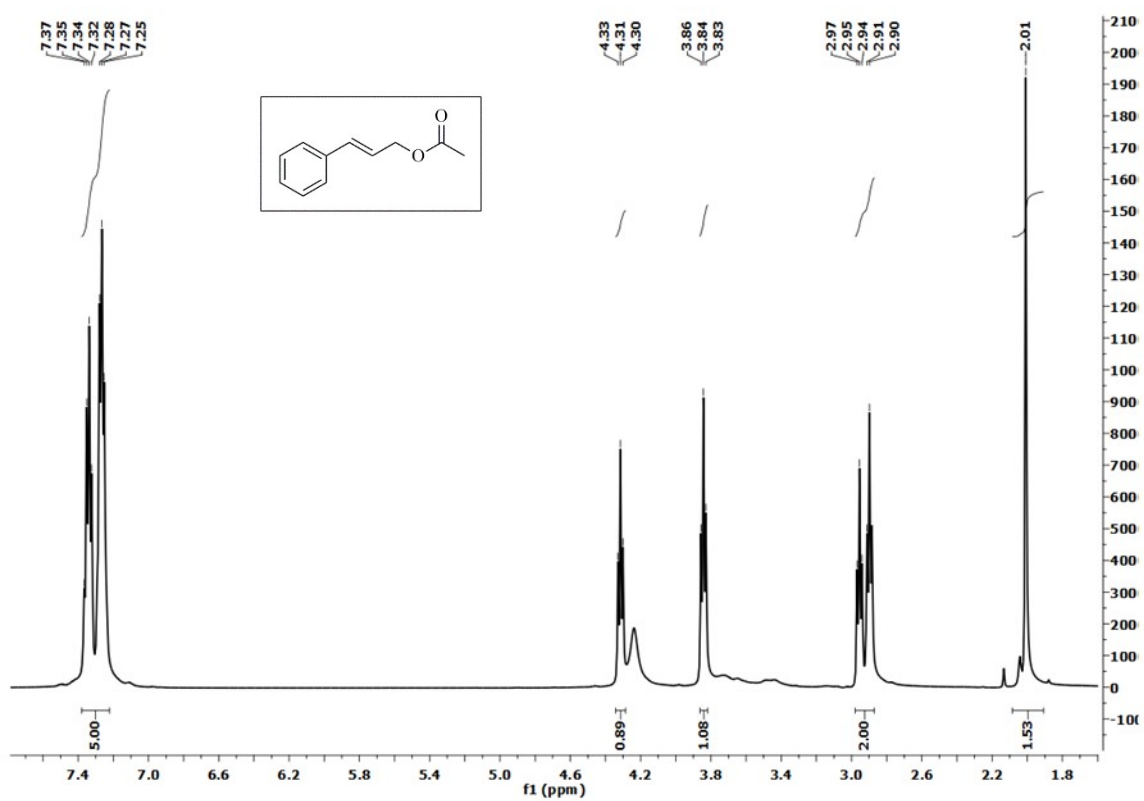
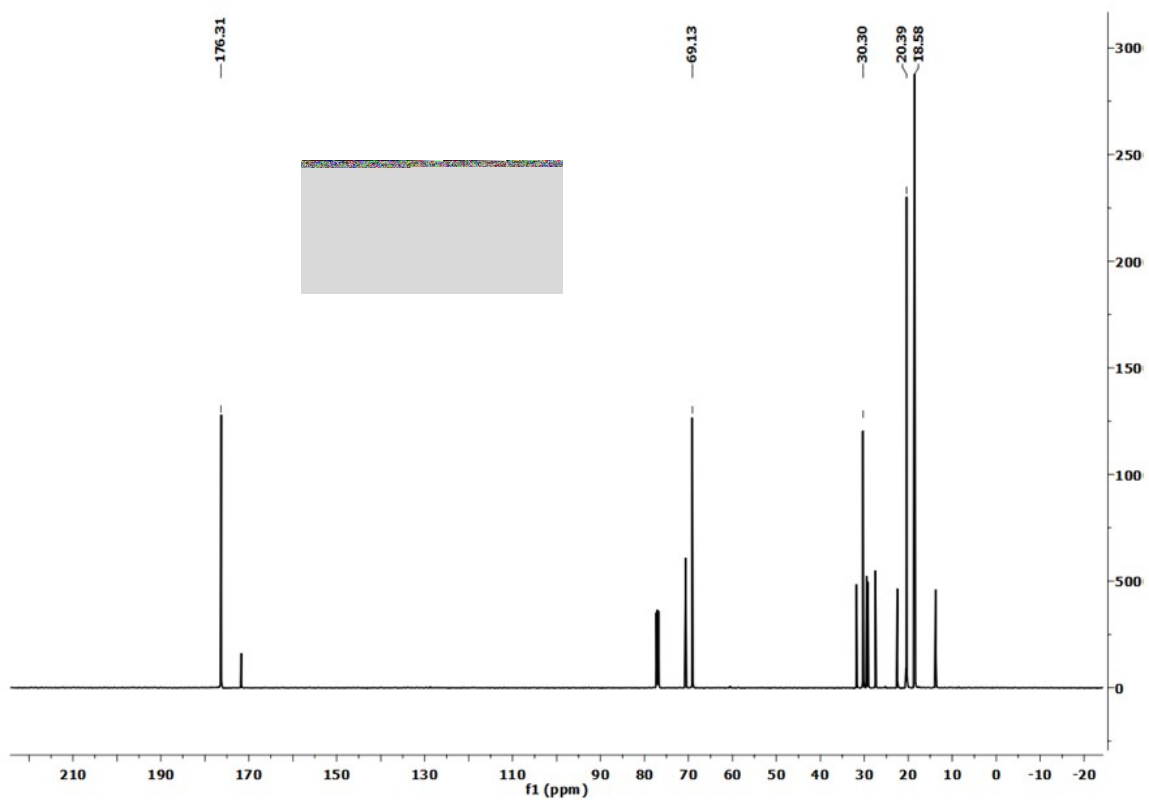


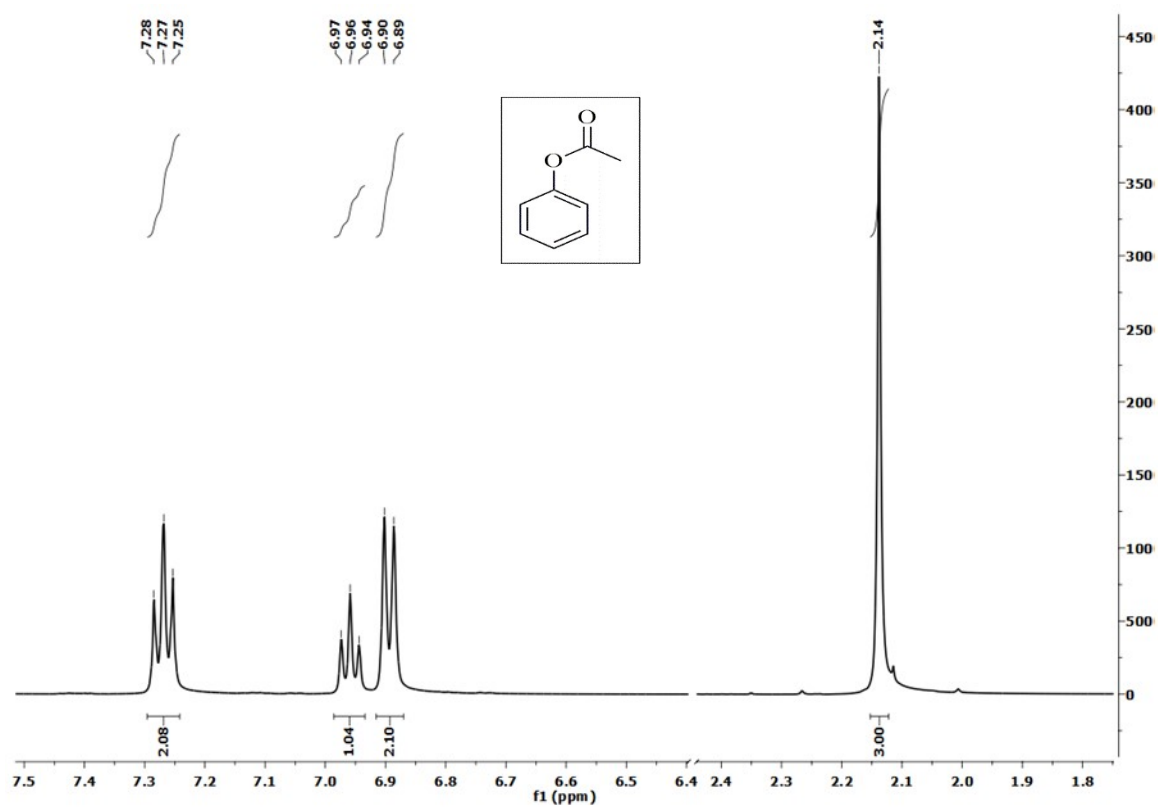
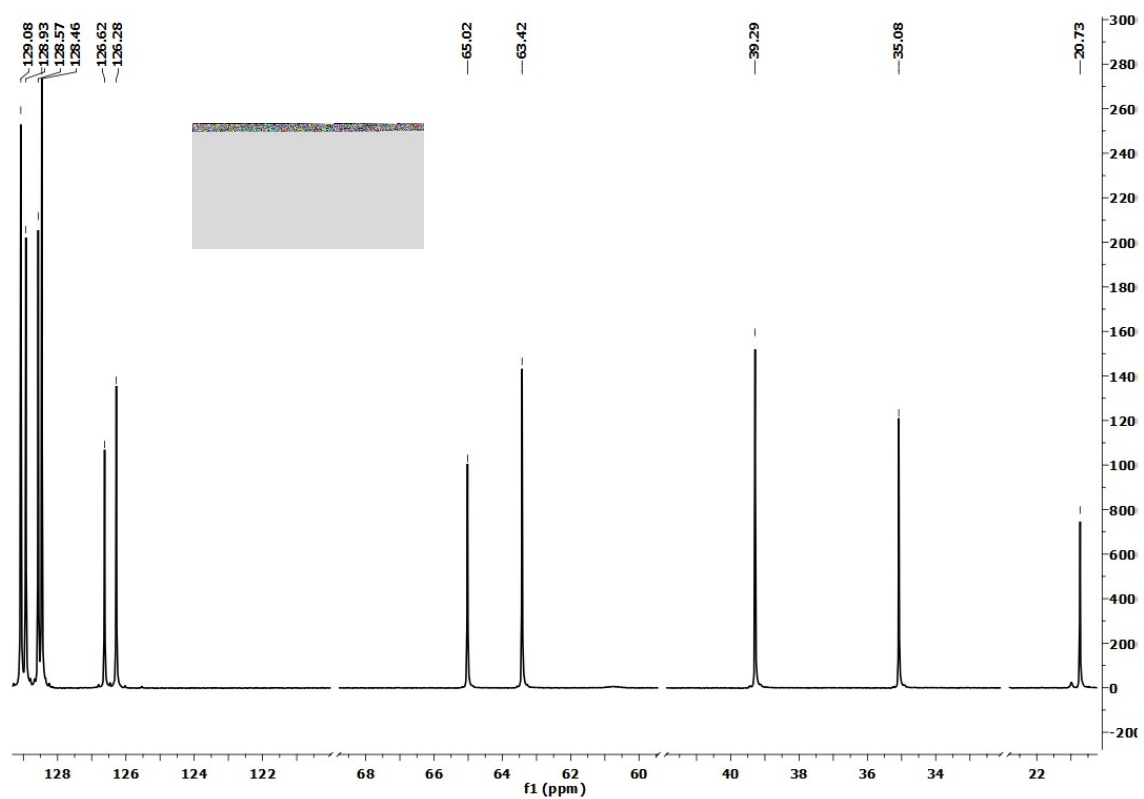


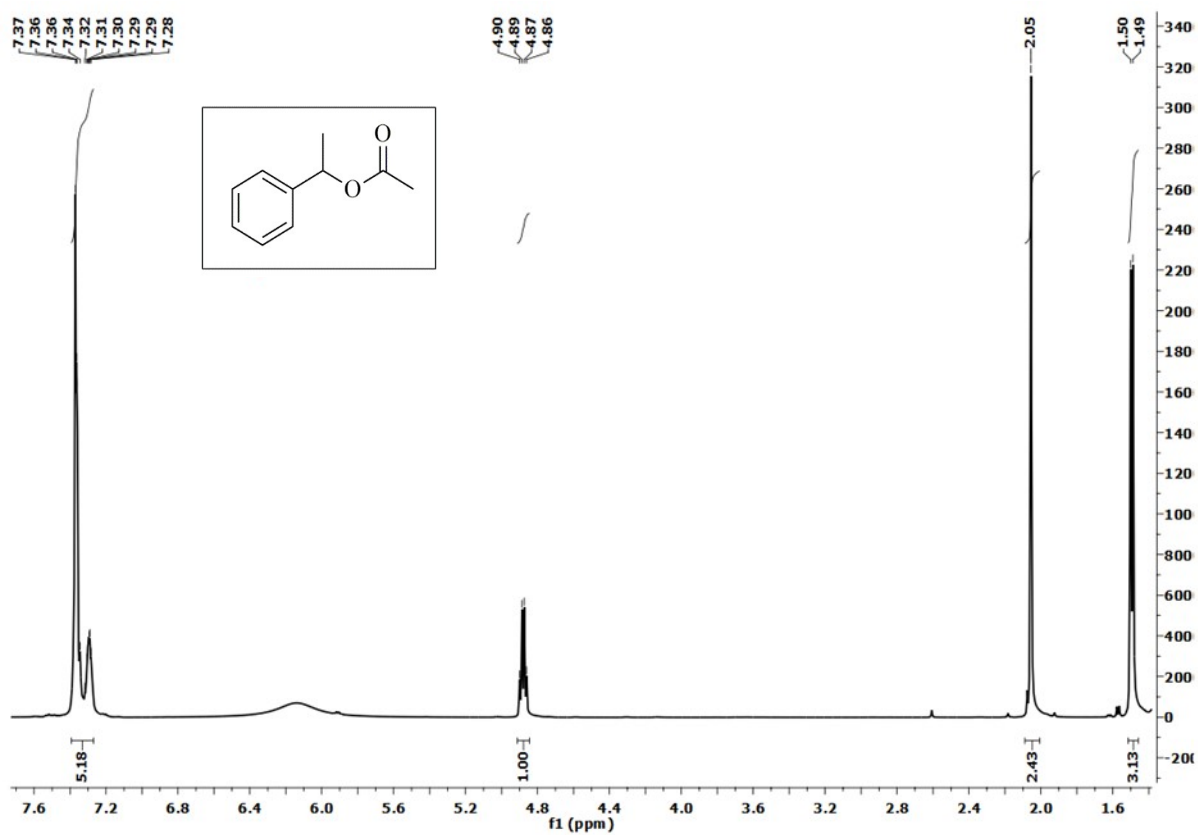
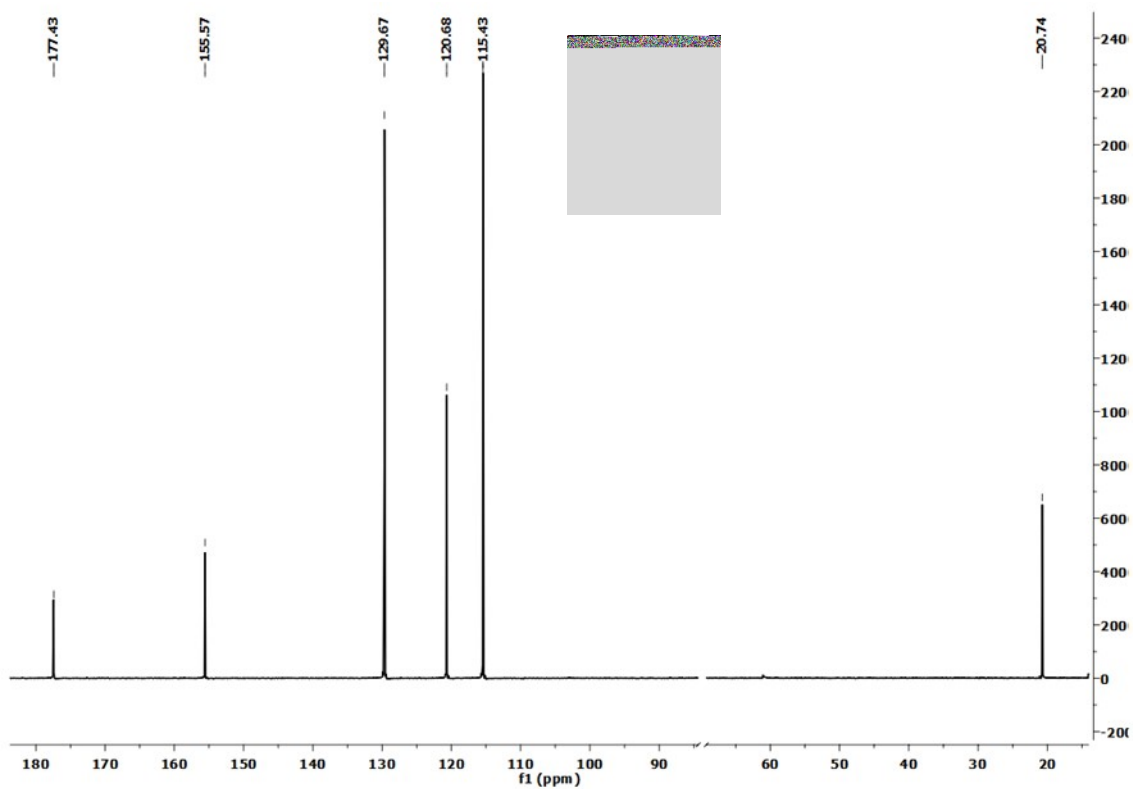


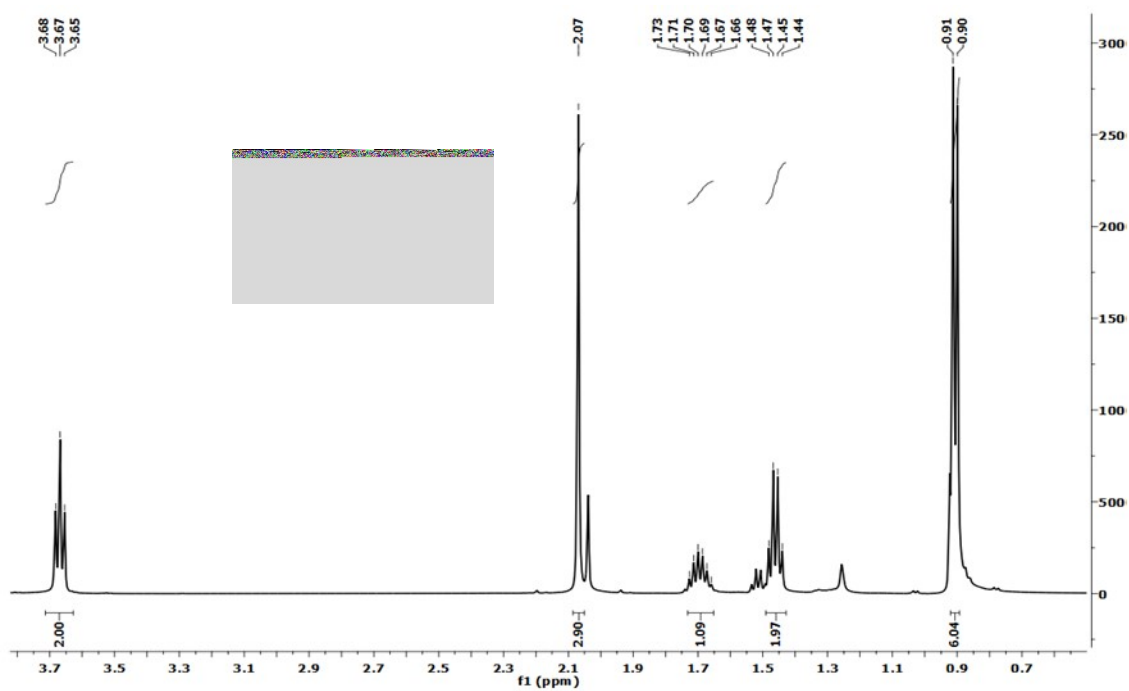
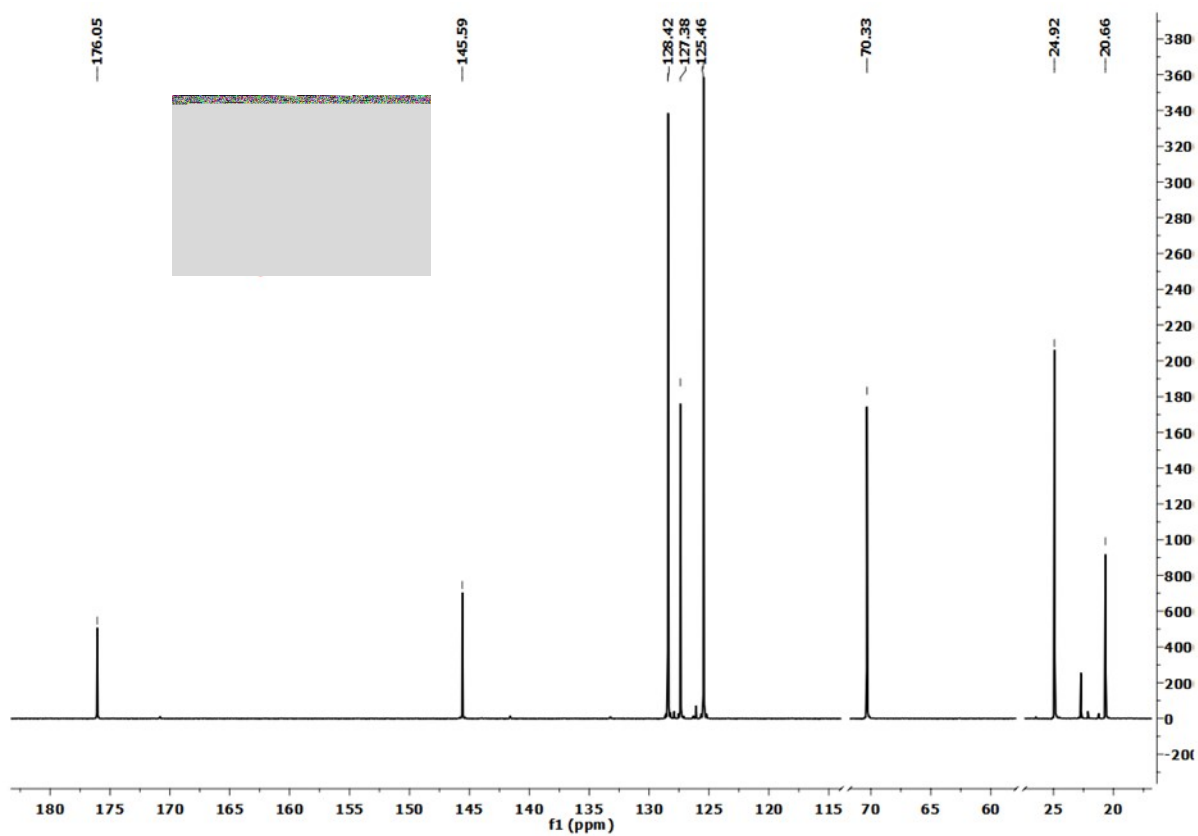


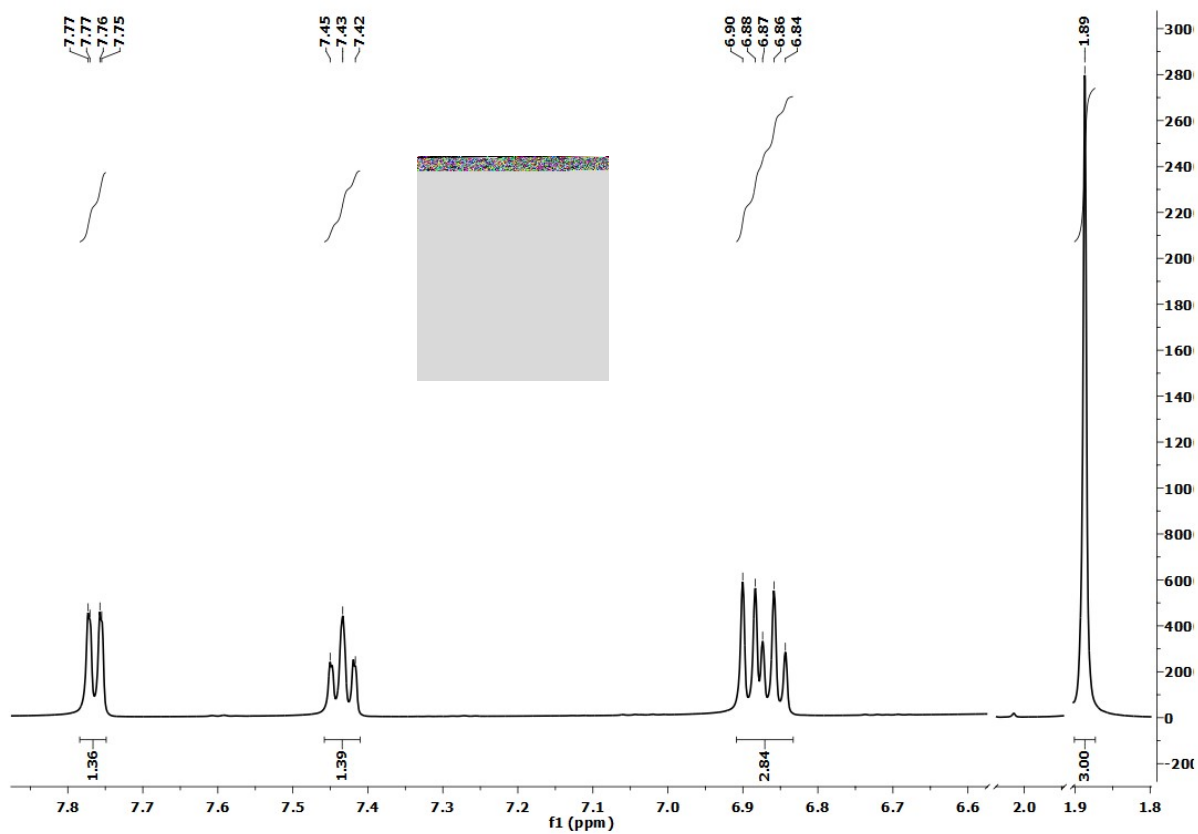
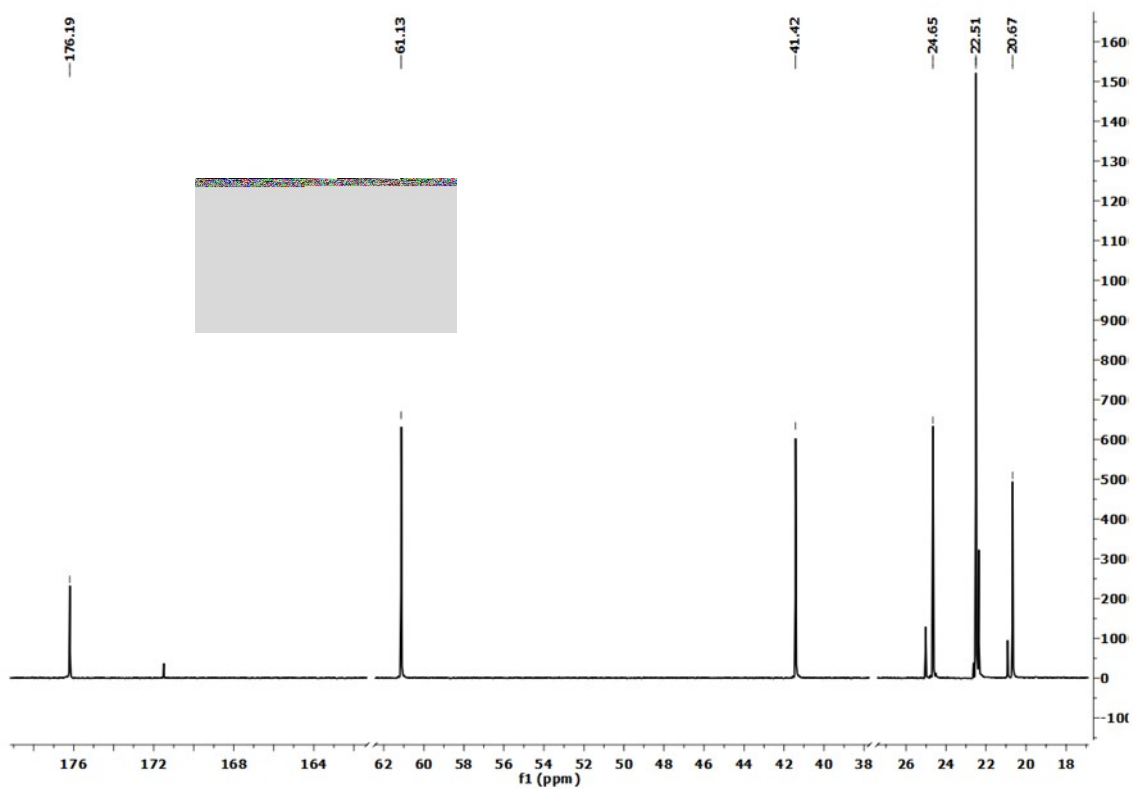












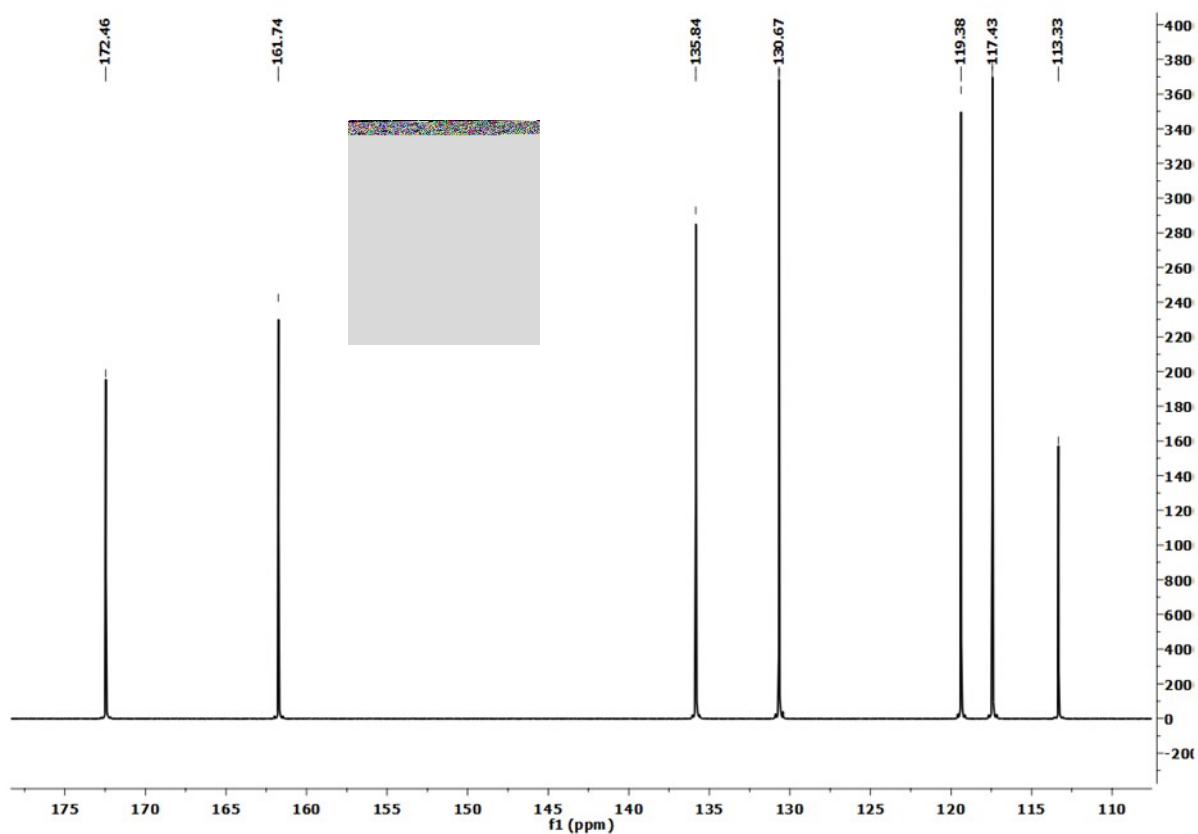
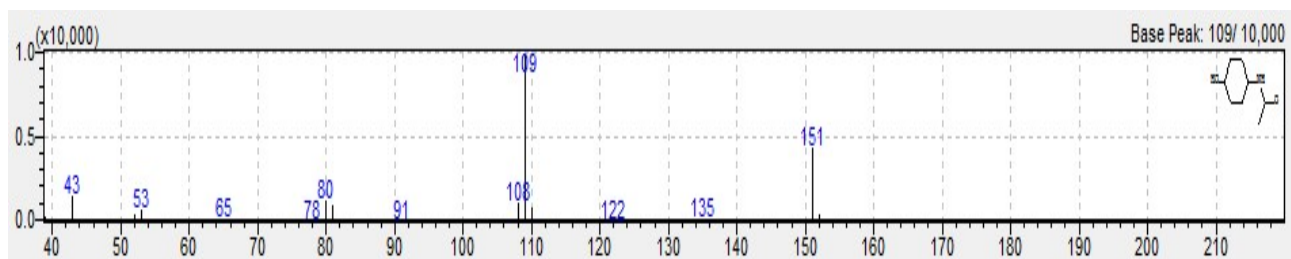
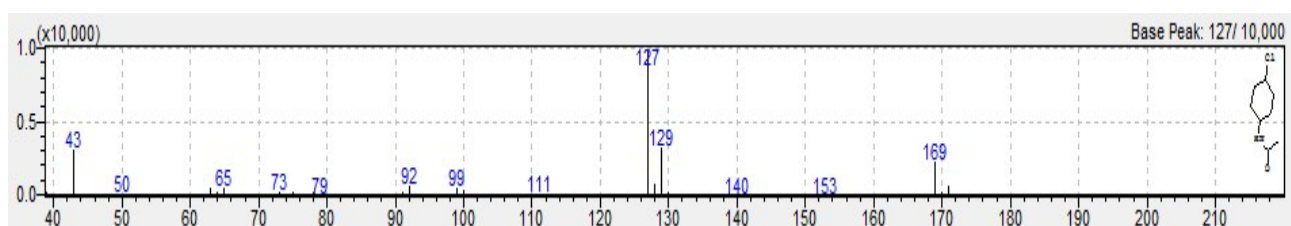
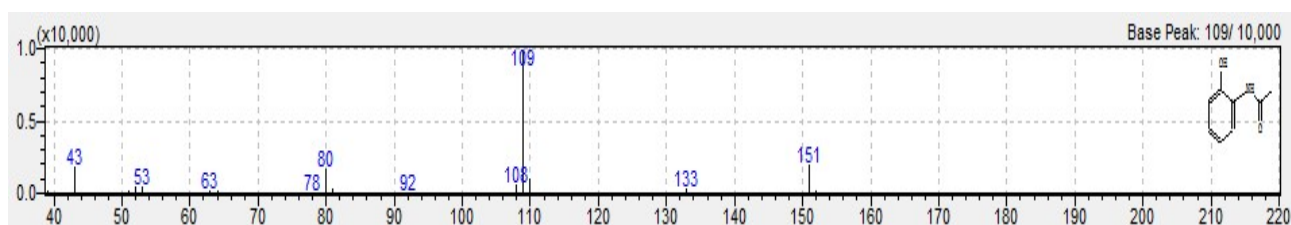
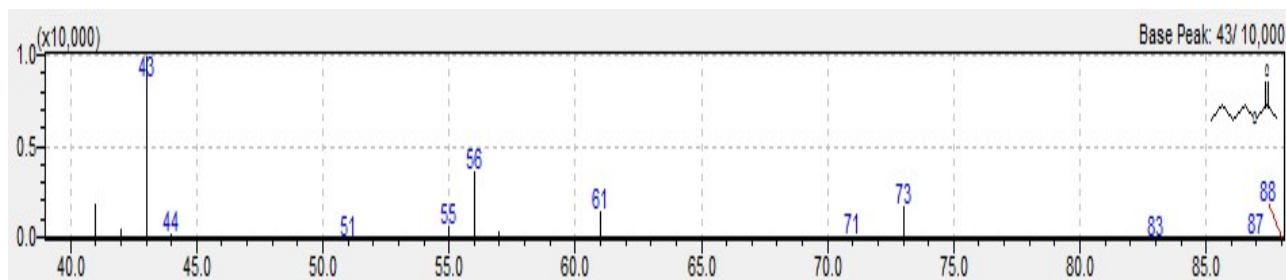
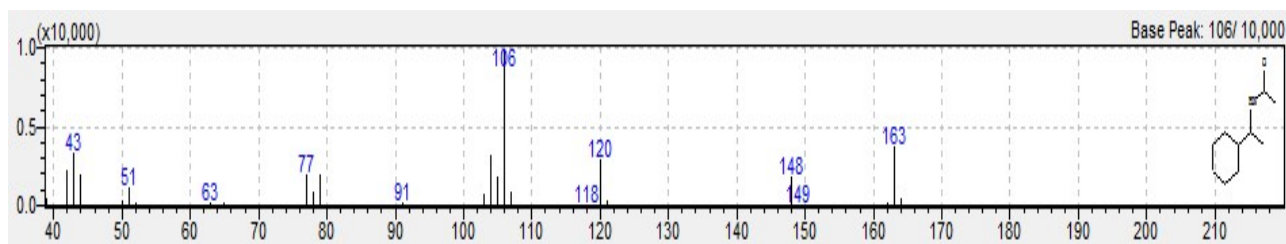
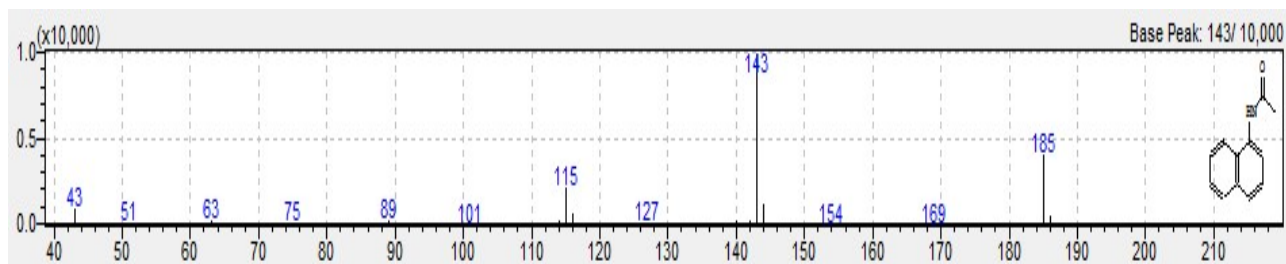
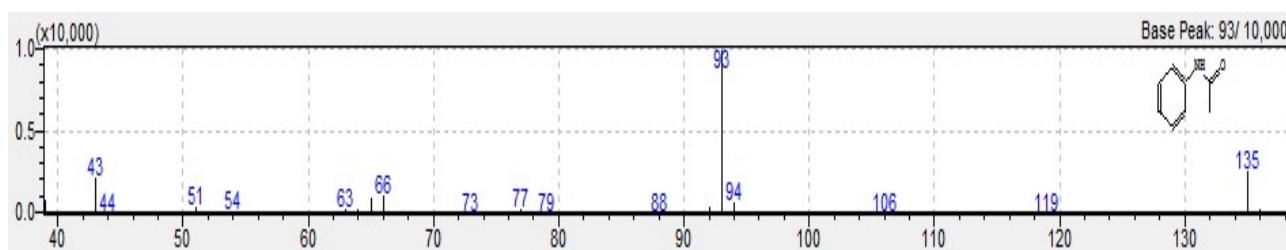
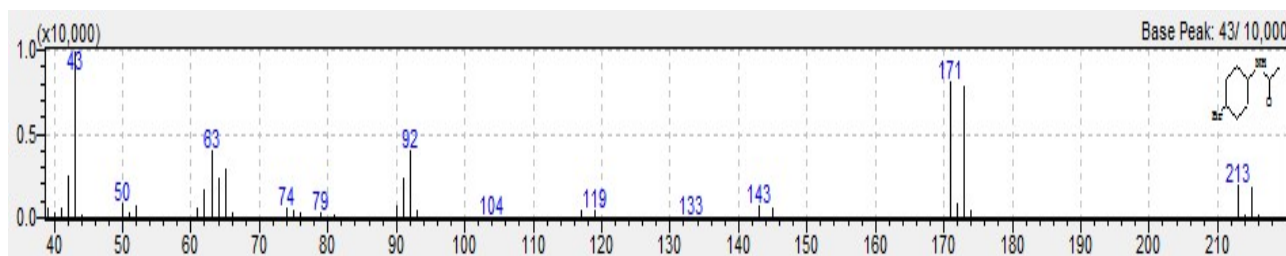
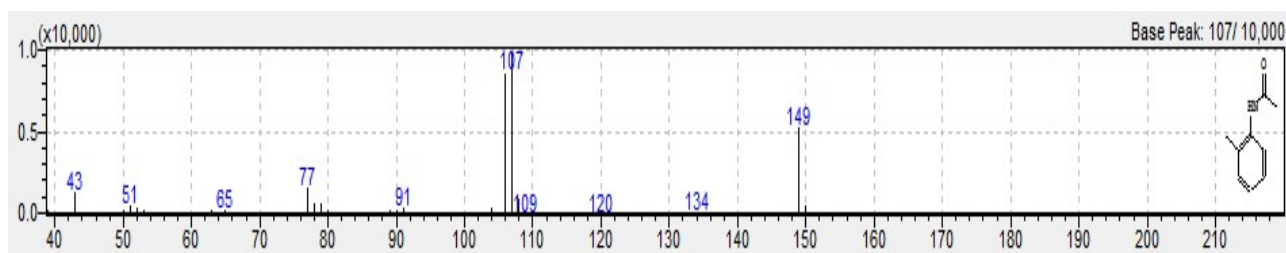
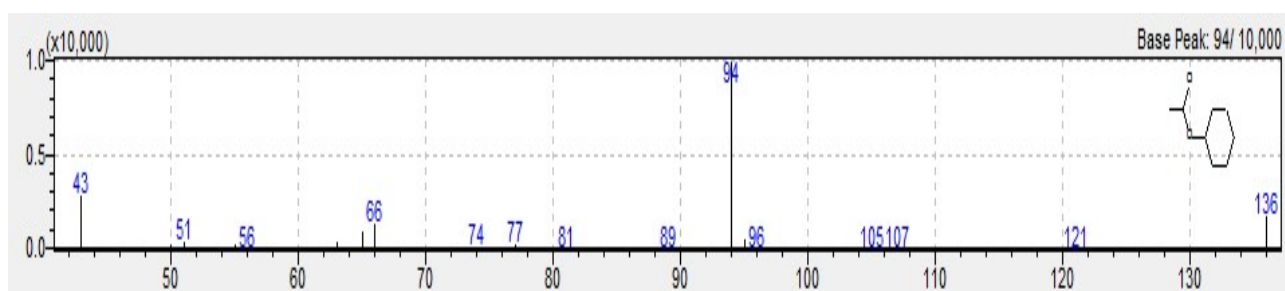
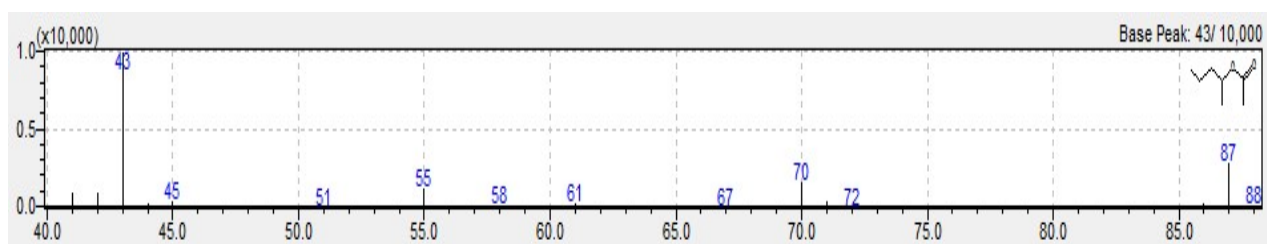
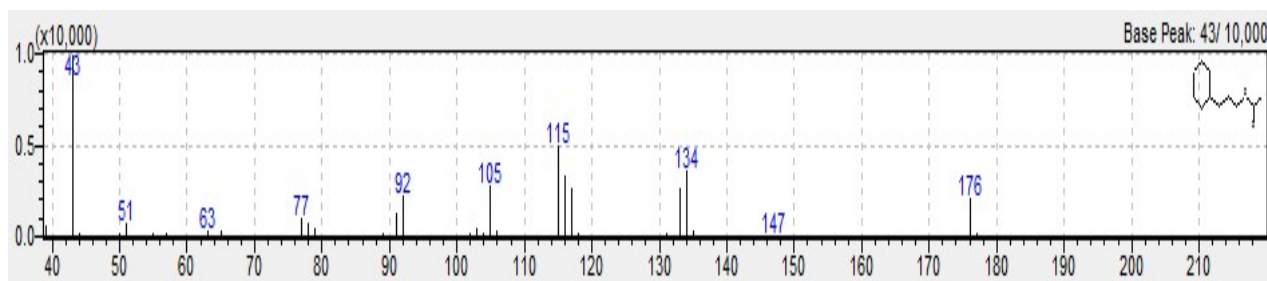
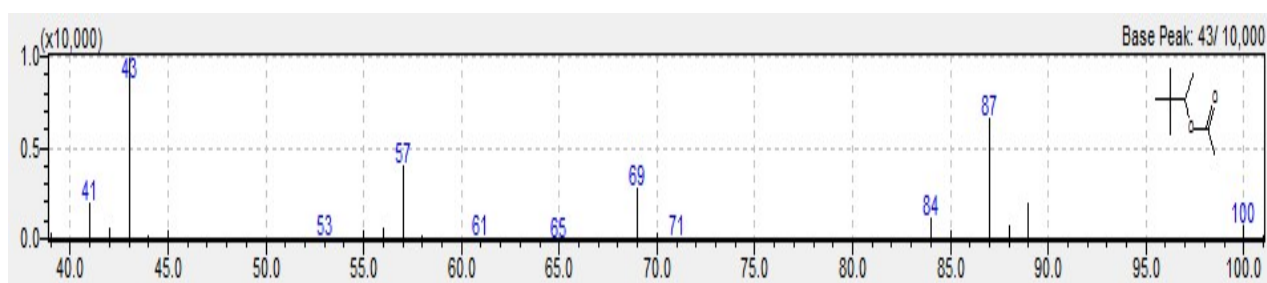
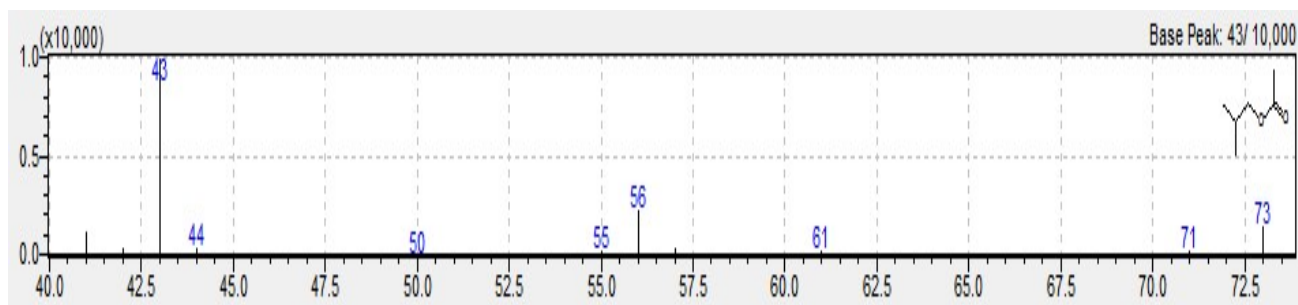
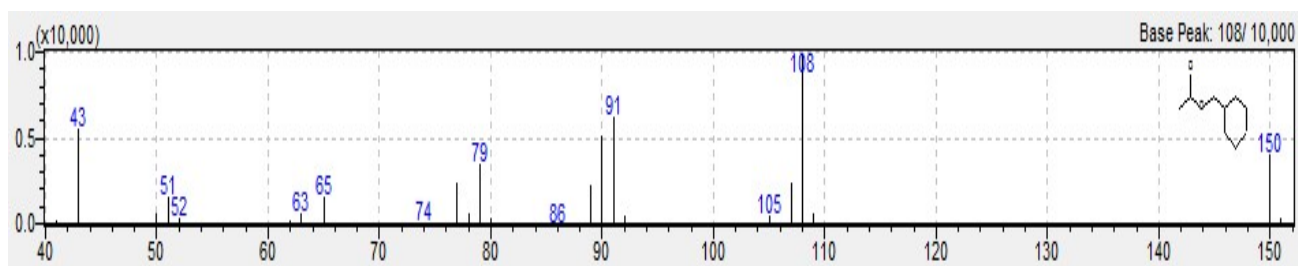


Figure S3: NMR spectra of the products of acetylation.

5. GC-MS results







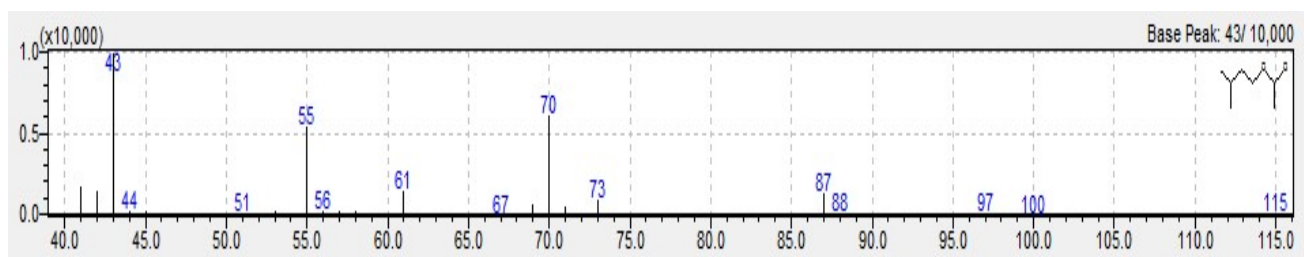


Figure S4: The GC-MS spectra of the plausible products obtain during acetylation.