

## Supporting Information

*Exploring the structural conditions favoring Au anionic behavior on Au doped CeO<sub>2</sub>.*

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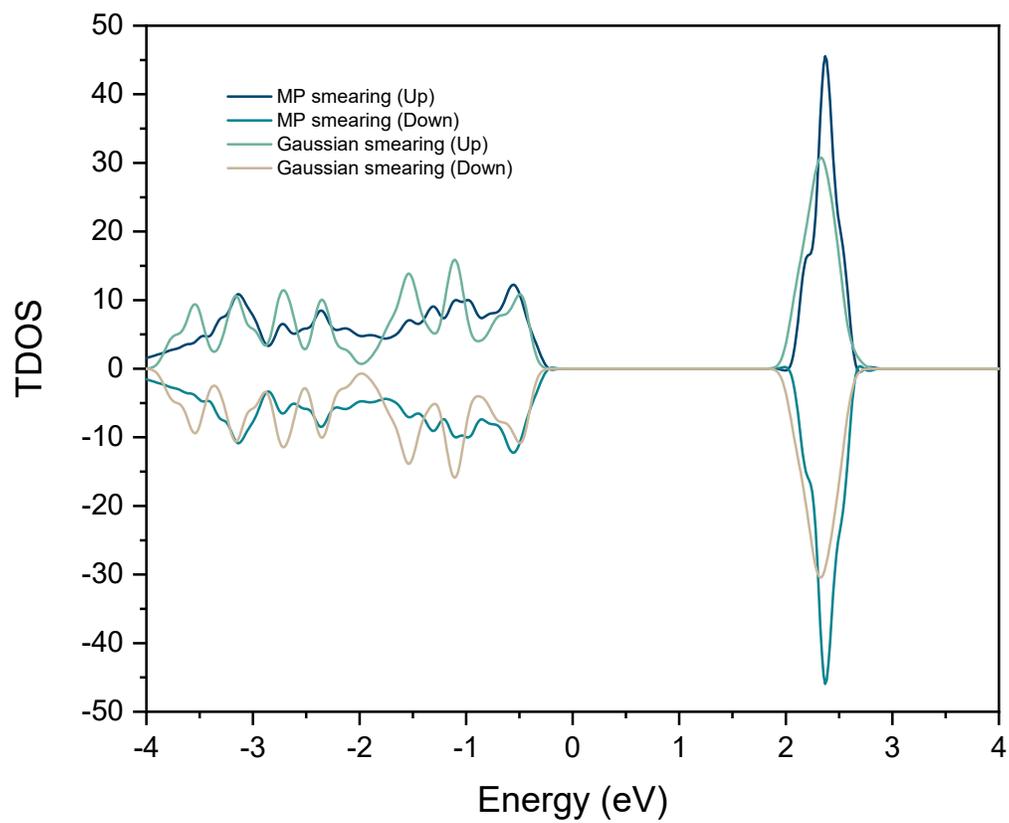


Figure S1. Total density of states (TDOS) for bulk CeO<sub>2</sub>, comparing Gaussian and Methfessel-Paxton smearing

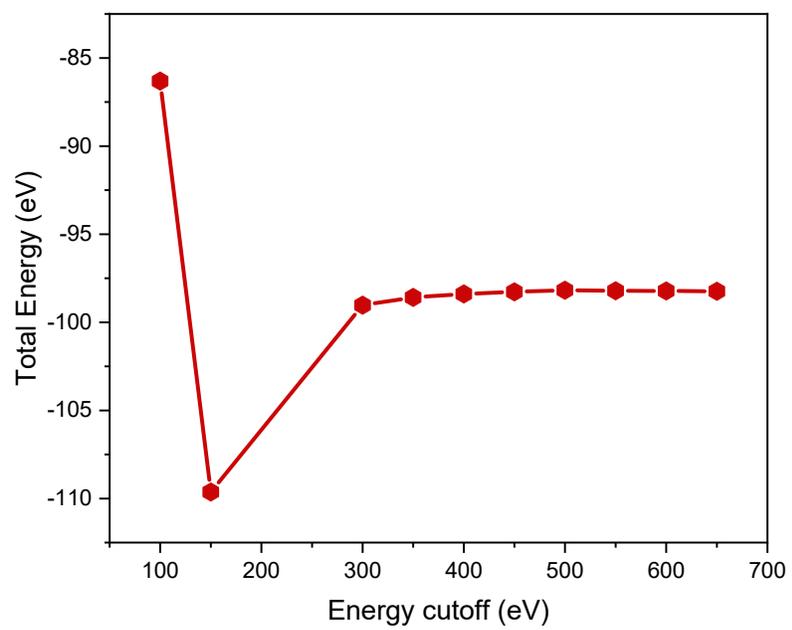


Figure S2. Energy cutoff as a function of total energy for the bulk parametrization of CeO<sub>2</sub> model.

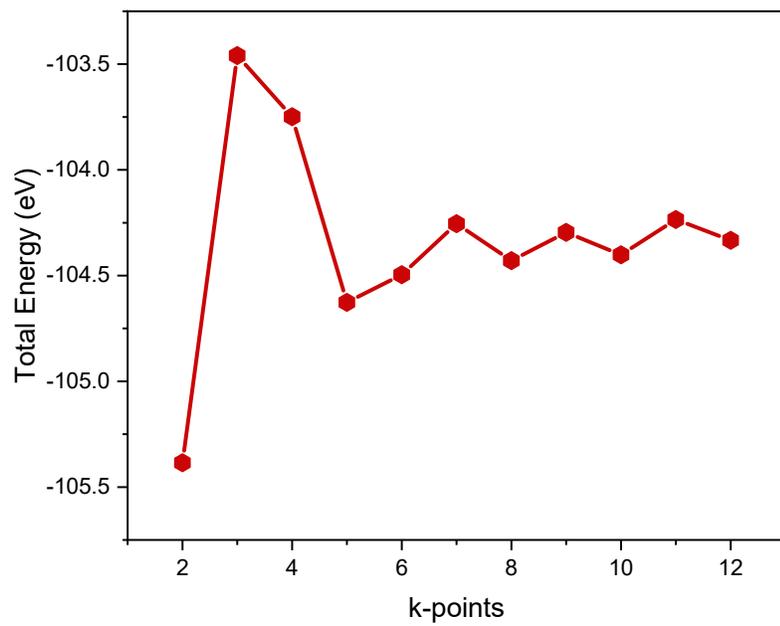


Figure S3. K-point mesh as a function of total energy for the bulk parametrization of CeO<sub>2</sub> model.

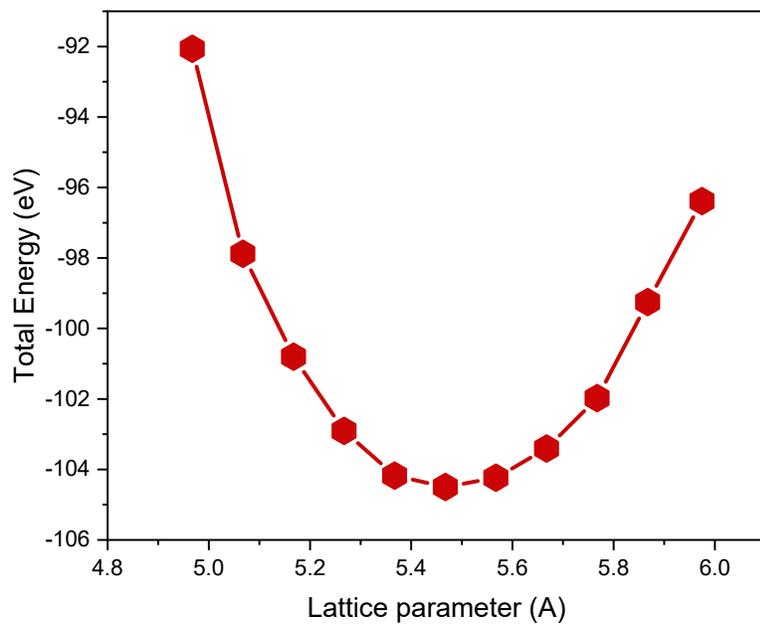


Figure S4. Lattice parameter as a function of total energy for the bulk parametrization of  $\text{CeO}_2$  model.

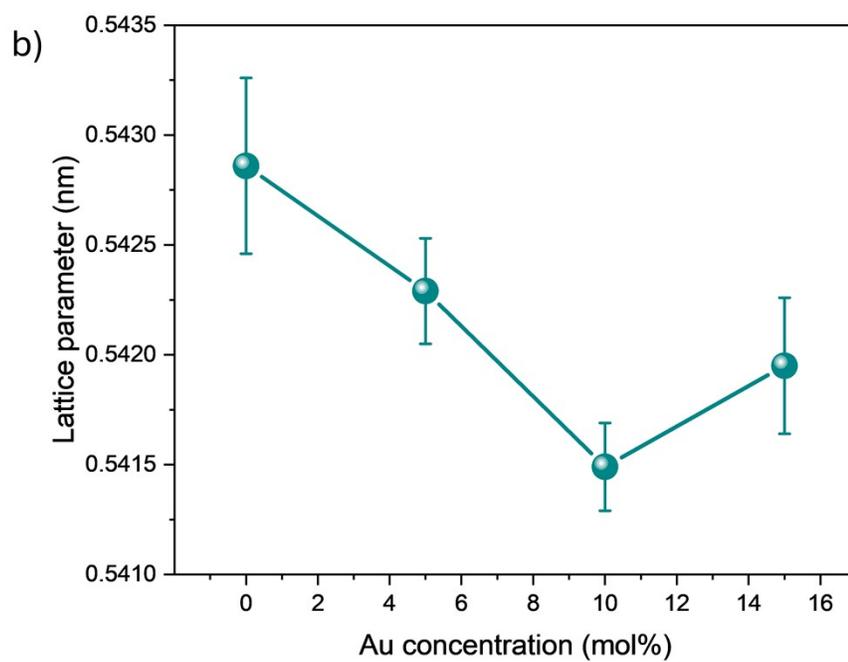
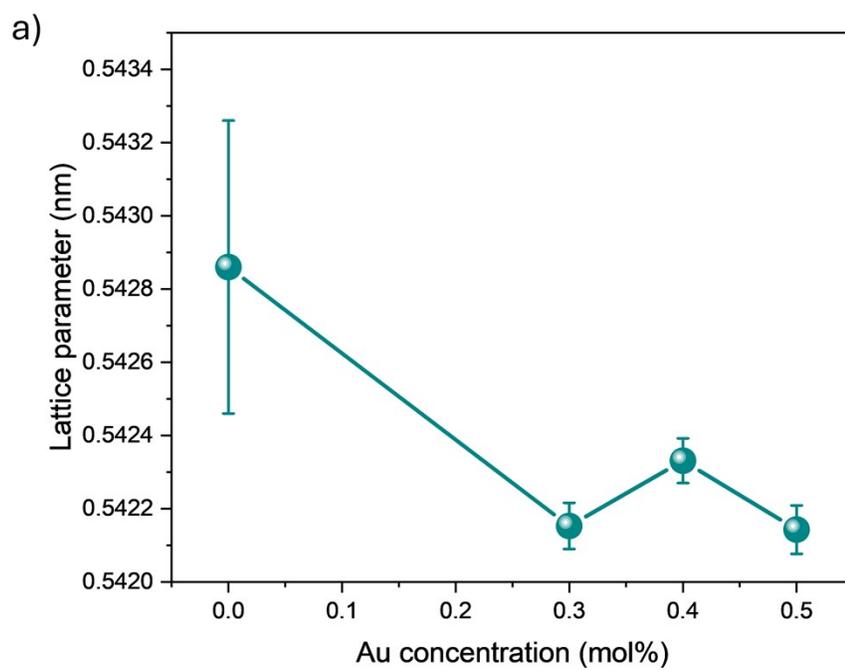


Figure S5. X-ray diffraction determination of the lattice parameter as a function of gold concentration for (a) Low Au concentration and (b) high Au concentration regimes.

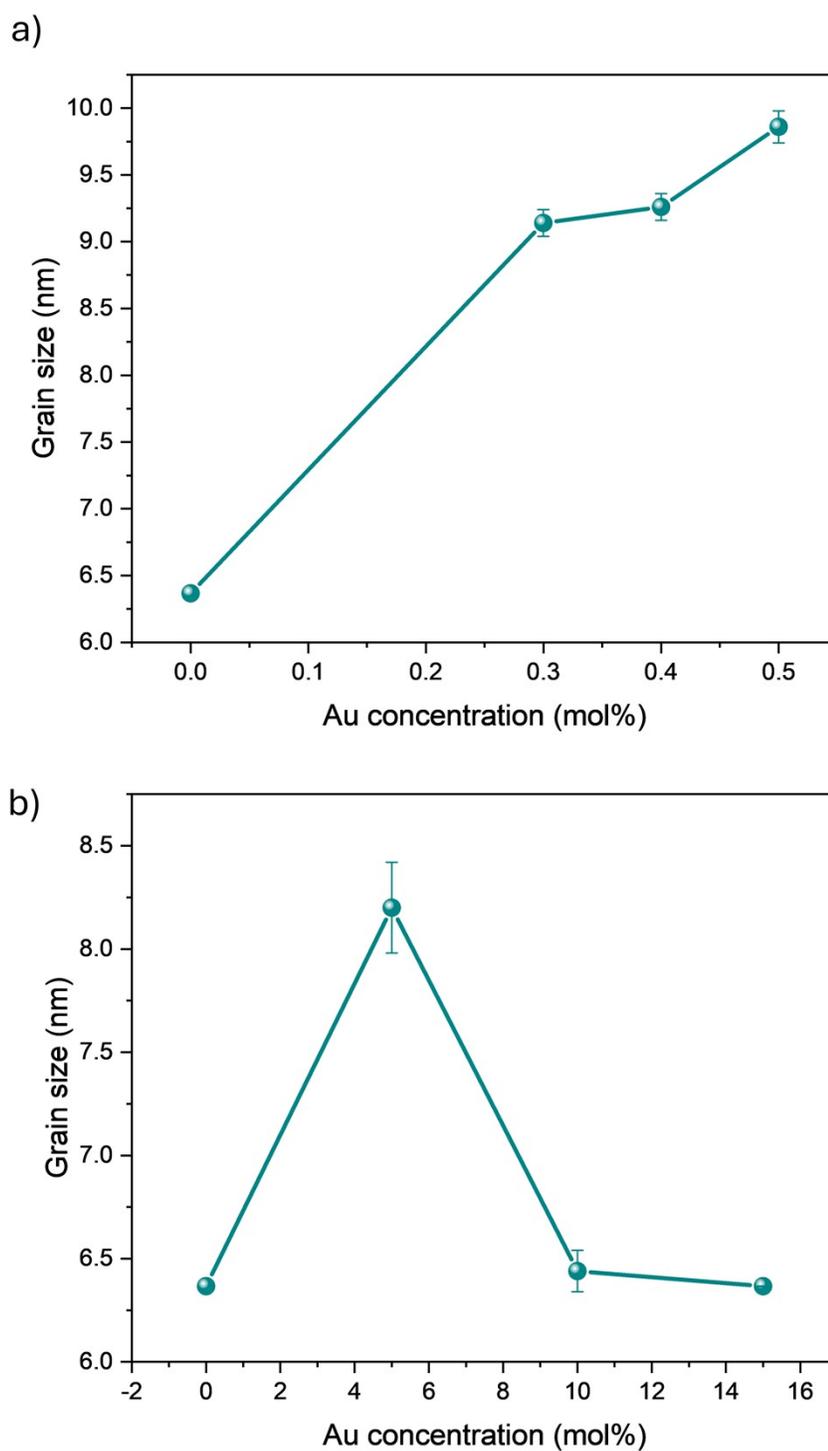


Figure S6. X-ray diffraction determination of the grain size as a function of gold concentration for (a) Low Au concentration and (b) high Au concentration regimes.

Table S1. Chemical composition of the samples determined by Rietveld refinement of the XRD results.

Au concentration (mol %)	Ce (wt -%)	O (wt -%)	Au (wt -%)
0	18.59	81.41	0
0.3	18.55	81.22	0.23
0.4	18.55	81.25	0.20
0.5	18.48	80.94	0.58
5%	17.93	78.51	3.56
10%	17.08	74.80	8.12
15%	16.95	74.21	8.84

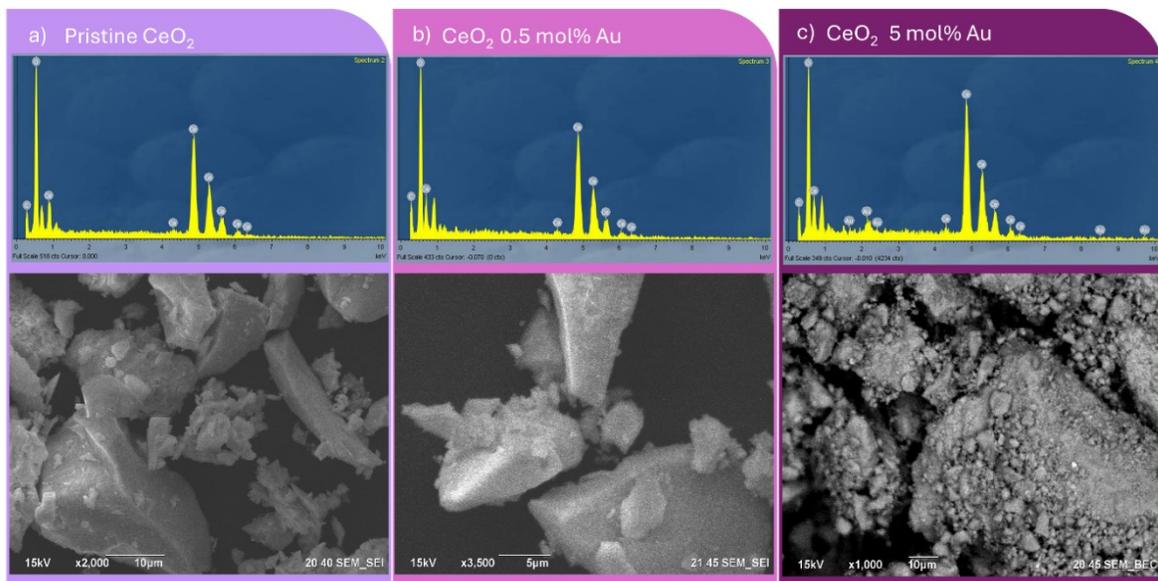


Figure S7. EDS spectra and SEM micrographs for (a) pristine  $\text{CeO}_2$ , (b) at low Au concentration regime and (c) at high concentration regime.

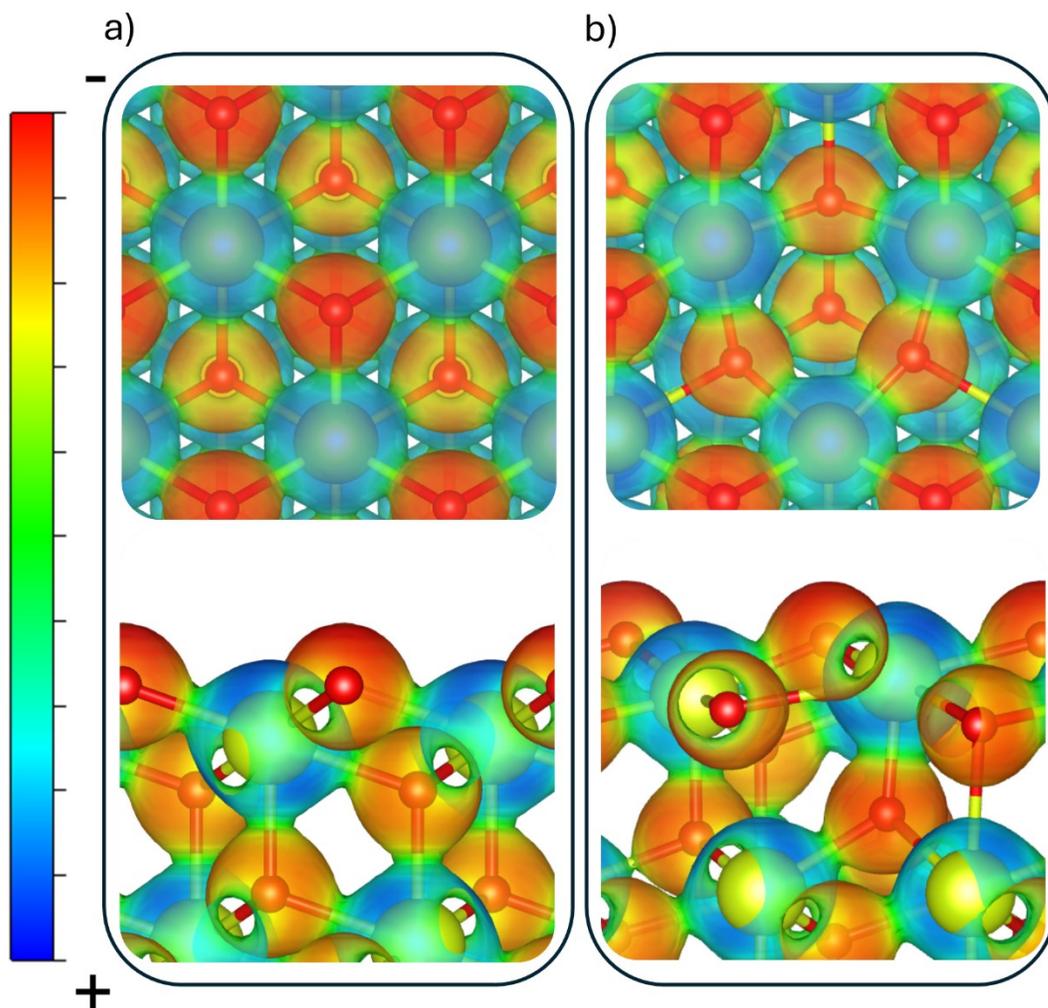


Figure S8. Electrostatic potential maps for surface models of (a) clean  $\text{CeO}_2$  (111) and (b) surface oxygen vacancy model of  $\text{CeO}_2$  (111).

a) Clean  $\text{CeO}_2$  (111) surface      b) Surface O vacancy (O-v)

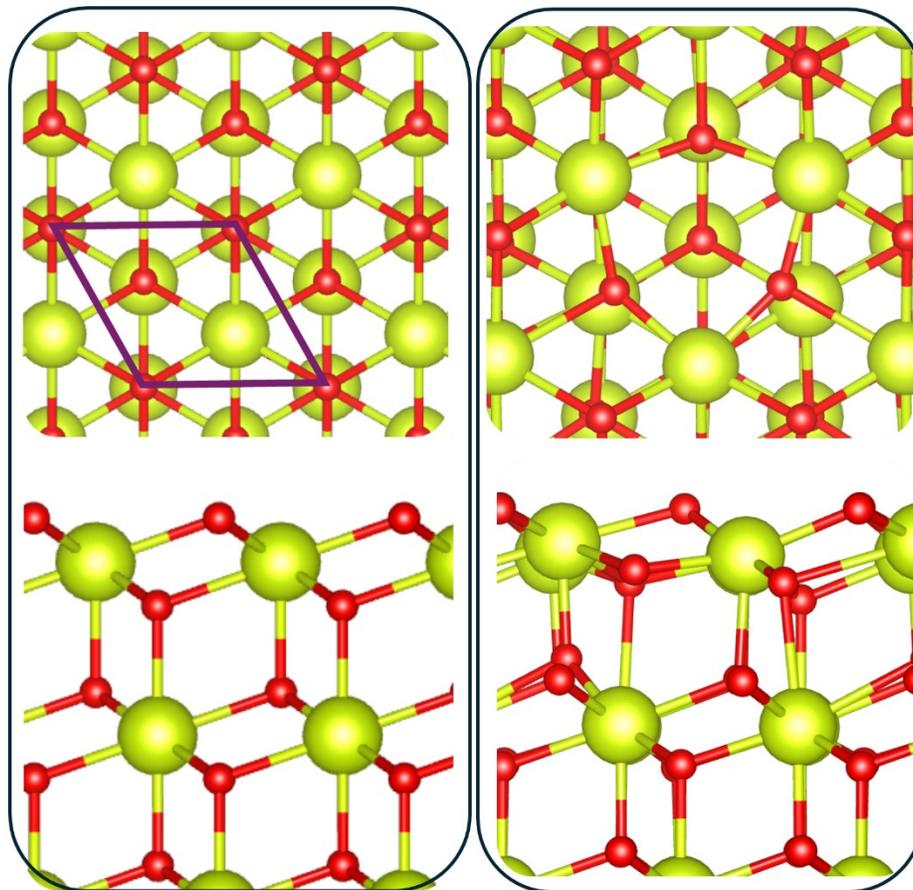


Figure S9. Surface structures for (a) clean  $\text{CeO}_2$  (111) (b) Surface oxygen vacancy of  $\text{CeO}_2$  (111).

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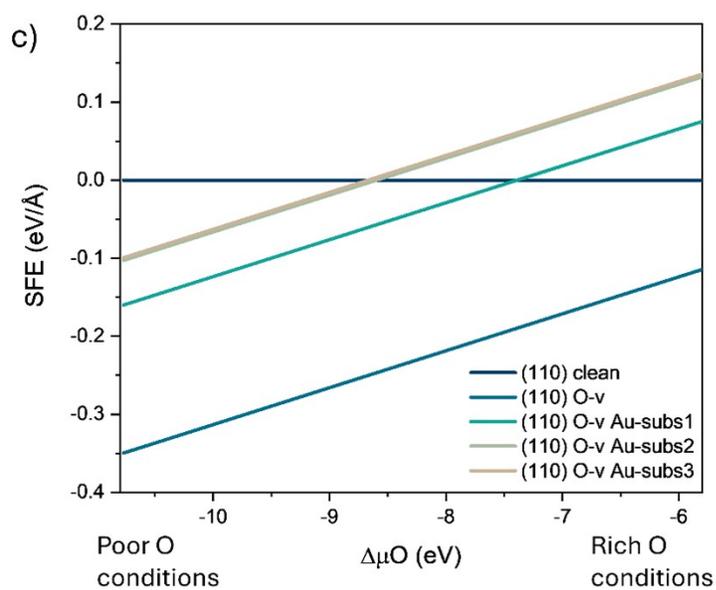
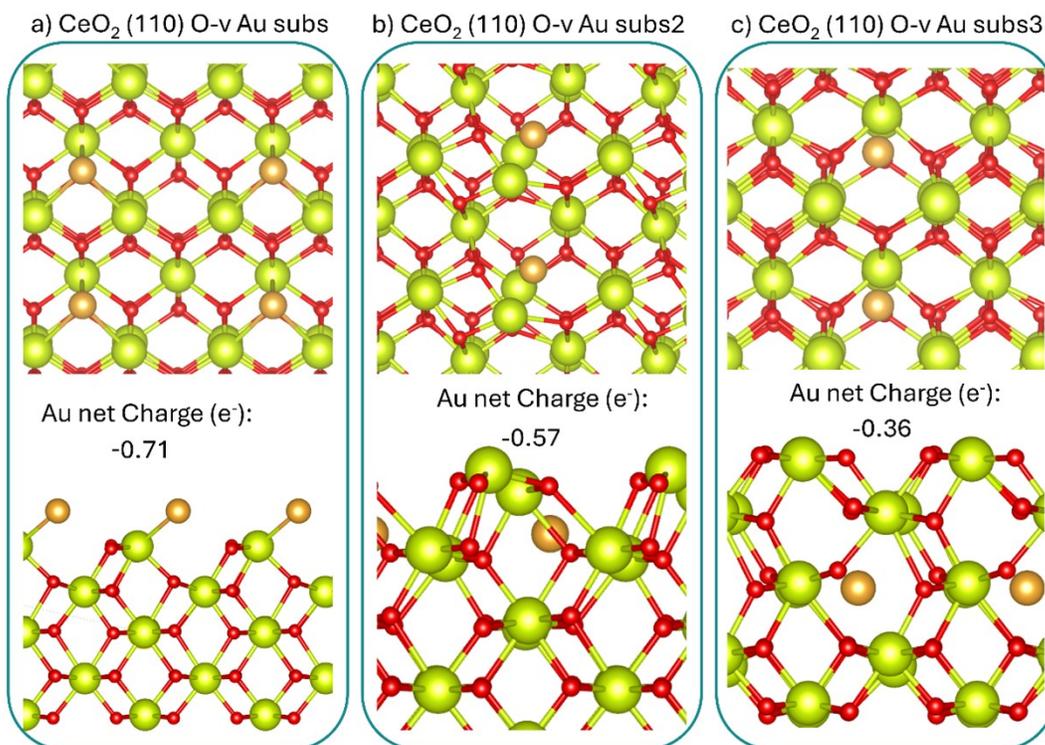


Figure S10. Adsorption of Au on  $\text{CeO}_2$  (110) with an oxygen vacancy defect, and Bader charge analysis results. (a) substituting the nearest O to O-v (b) substituting an O below the O-v. (c) substituting an O deeper away the O-v (d) SFE as a function of chemical potential change for the above-presented models.

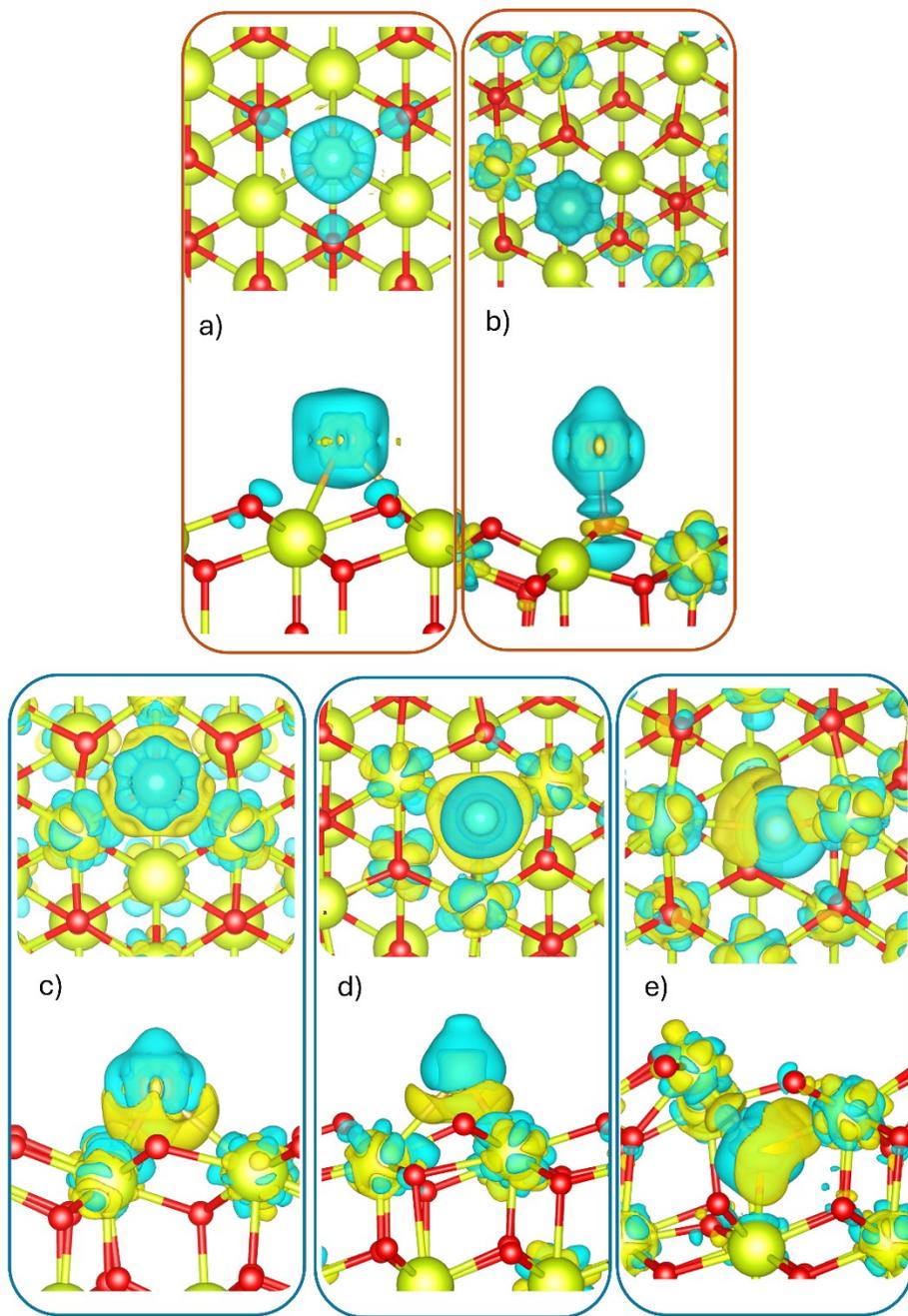


Figure S11. Charge density difference plots (isovalue = 0.006) for models of adsorption of Au on CeO<sub>2</sub> (111) surface with (brown frame) cationic behavior and (blue frame) anionic behavior. Blue regions depict charge density depletion, and yellow regions indicate charge density accumulation.

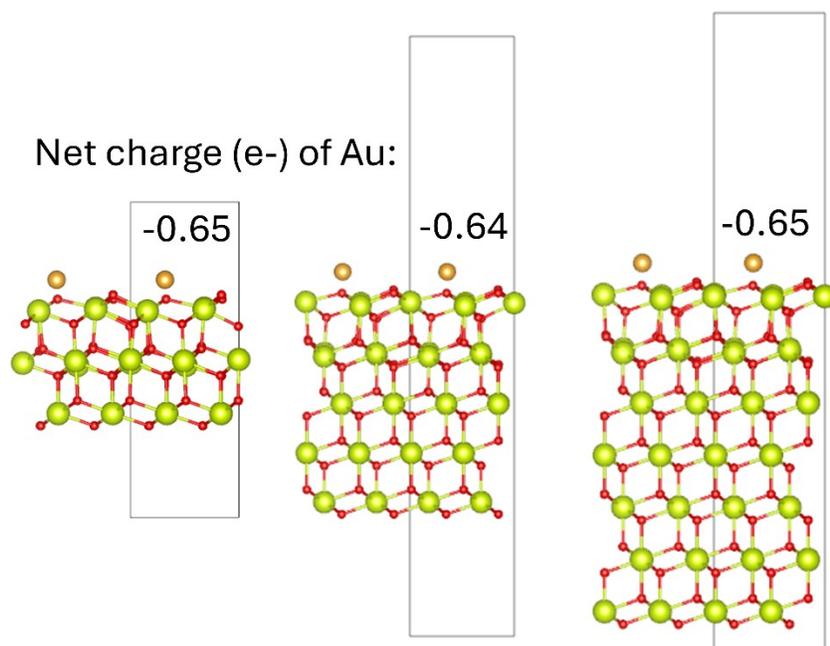
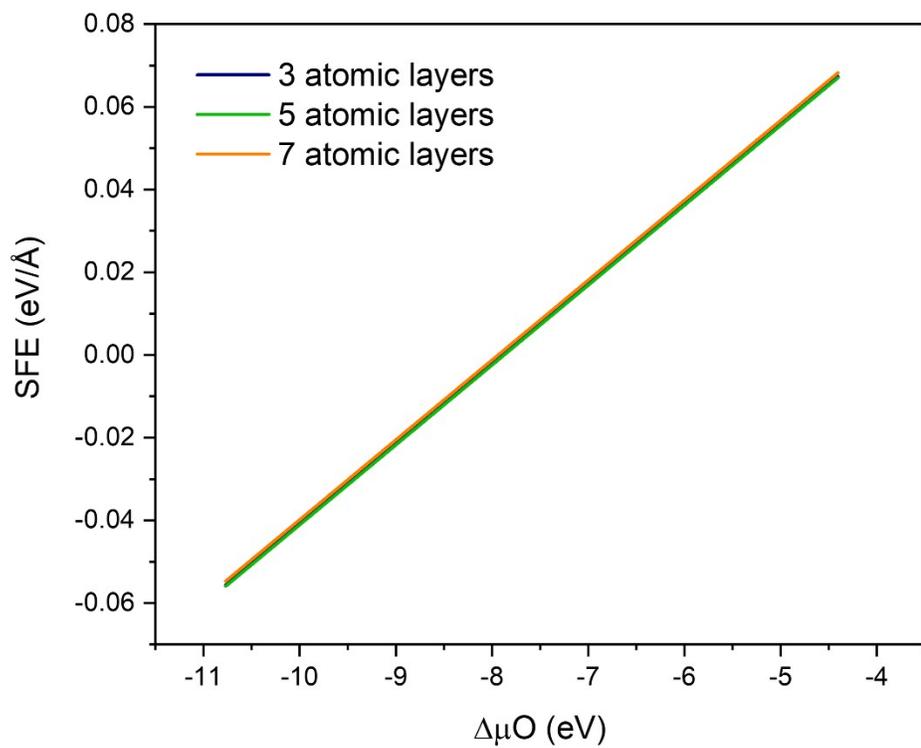


Figure S12. Surface formation energy (SFE) and Au Bader net charge comparison at increasing Ce atomic layers for the O-v O subs Au adsorption model.