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Supporting Information

A Domino Decarboxylative Alkylation/Annulation for the Synthesis of Pyrrolo-benzimidazolones

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1. Structures of Aliphatic Carboxylic acids

Commercially accessible aliphatic acids (2) were utilized in the synthesis of pyrrolo-benzimidazolone.



2. Structures of Pyrrolo[1,2-*a*]benzimidazol-1-ones:

Commercially accessible substituted phenyl propiolic acids (6) were utilized in the synthesis of substituted N-Propiolyl Phenyl benzimidazole

(1).



Crystal structure determination of 3a

Crystal Data for C₂₀H₁₈N₂O (M =302.36 g/mol): monoclinic, space group P2₁/n (no. 14), a = 12.363(3) Å, b = 9.134(2) Å, c = 14.586(3) Å, β = 91.078(10)°, V = 1646.9(7) Å³, Z = 4, T = 294.15 K, μ (MoK α) = 0.076 mm⁻¹, Dcalc = 1.220 g/cm³, 10590 reflections measured (6.592° ≤ 2 Θ ≤ 49.986°), 2838 unique (R_{int} = 0.0622, R_{sigma} = 0.0753) which were used in all calculations. The final R_1 was 0.0576 (I > 2 σ (I)) and wR_2 was 0.1491 (all data). **CCDC 2418004** deposition number contains the supplementary crystallographic data for this paper which can be obtained free of charge at <u>https://www.ccdc.cam.ac.uk/structures/</u>



Figure caption: ORTEP diagram of **3a** compound with the atom-numbering. Displacement ellipsoids are drawn at the 30% probability level and H atoms are shown as small spheres of arbitrary radius. Atoms C2/C3 were disordered over two positions and their site occupational factors were refined to 0.57(9) and 0.43(9) respectively. The minor disordered atoms were omitted for clarity.

- 1. Bruker (2016). APEX3, SAINT and SADABS. Bruker AXS, Inc., Madison, Wisconsin, USA.
- 2. Sheldrick G. M. (2015). ActaCrystallogr C71: 3-8.





¹H NMR (300 MHz, CDCI₃)





































































S3L









Ö 31

¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃)























-10

0

















-15 -20 -25 -30 -35 -40 -45 -50 -55 -60 -65 -70 -75 -80 -85 -90 -95 -100 -105 -110 -115 -120 -125 -130 f1 (ppm)







f1 (ppm)





