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Supporting Information

Indium-Catalyzed Formal [4+1+1]/[4+1] Isocyanide-Based Annulation for Construction of Polyfunctionalized Pyranoand Furoquinolines

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	General Considerations Experimental Procedures Compounds Characterization Data Absorption and Emission Data References X-Ray Crystallographic Analysis ¹ H-NMR, ¹³ C-NMR and HRMS-ESI of unknown compounds

1. General Considerations

Solvents, reagents, and catalysts were purchased from commercial suppliers and used without further purification. Solvents employed for column chromatography and work-up were purchased in an analytically pure grade and used without further purification.

TLC (Thin Layer Chromatography) was performed on silica gel pre-coated aluminum plates (Merck, 60 F-254) and was visualized by UV lamp (λ =254 nm).

Flash Column Chromatography was performed using a normal phase silica column packed with silica gel 60, (230-400 mesh) from Macherey-Nagel GmbH&Co.

NMR (Nuclear Magnetic Resonance) spectra were recorded using the Bruker Avance 400 spectrometer (400 MHz and 101 MHz for ¹H and ¹³C, respectively) and/or on a Bruker DRX 500 (500 MHz and 126 MHz for ¹H and ¹³C, respectively). Chemical shifts (δ) are given in ppm, relative to the signals for CDCl₃ (¹H NMR: δ = 7.27 ppm, ¹³C NMR: δ = 77.00 ppm) and DMSO-*d6* (¹H NMR: δ = 2.50 ppm, ¹³C NMR: δ = 39.5 ppm) and DMF (¹H NMR: δ = 8.01, 2.91, 2.74 ppm, ¹³C NMR: δ = 162.69, 35.20, 30.08 ppm). Coupling constants (J) are reported in Hertz. Multiplicities for ¹H NMR are stated as follows: singlet (s), doublet (d), triplet (t), quartet (q), multiplet (m), and broad (br).

HR-MS (High-Resolution Mass Spectra) were recorded using a THERMO SCIENTIFIC Advantage, a THERMO SCIENTIFIC Executive instrument, and a Waters LCT Premier XE[™] TOF (Time of Flight) mass spectrometer.

X-ray crystal data were collected on a Bruker APEX-II Quazar area detector. dichloromethane and methanol were used as the solvent at room temperature for crystal preparation.

The **fluorescence emission** and **UV–Visible absorption** spectra were recorded using a Varian Cary Eclipse fluorescence spectrophotometer (Cary 100, Australia) and a Varian UV–Visible spectrophotometer (Cary 100 Bio, Australia).

S3

2. Experimental Procedures

2.1. General procedures for the synthesis of quinolones 1a-j.



Step 1: In a 500 ml round bottom flask, aniline derivatives (50 mmol, 1.0 equiv) were dissolved in 200 ml of dichloromethane under an argon atmosphere. Then, acetic anhydride (60 mmol, 1.2 equiv) was added dropwise, and the reaction was stirred at room temperature till complete consumption of aniline derivatives. After completion of the reaction, the mixture was washed with a saturated solution of sodium bicarbonate, the organic layer dried with Na₂SO₄, and the solvent was removed under reduced pressure to obtain the desired acetanilides **S1a-j** in quantitative yield.

Step 2: Phosphoryl chloride (22.9 ml, 245 mmol) was added dropwise at 0°C to dimethylformamide (6.6 ml, 85 mmol) under nitrogen gas, then the acetanilides derivatives (25 mmol) were added at room temperature. The mixture was stirred for 8 hours at 85 °C, then slowly poured on crushed ice, filtered, and dried to obtain the desider compounds **S2a-j**.

Step 3: 2-chloro-quinoline-3-carbaldahyde derivatives (10 mmol) were treated with 70% acetic acid aqueous solution (200 ml) at 95 °C for 6 hours and then the solution was cooled to room temperature to offer needle crystals of quinolones **1a-j**.^{S1}

2.2. General procedures for the synthesis of 2c-j.



To formic acid (1.32 ml, 35 mmol), acetic anhydride (1.18 ml, 12.5 mmol) was added, and the mixture was stirred at room temperature. After stirring for 15 min, the mixture was added to the solution of aniline derivatives (1.21 g, 10.0 mmol) in CH₂Cl₂ (8 ml), and the mixture was stirred at room temperature. After stirring for 2h, the mixture was

concentrated under reduced pressure to give formanilides. To the solution of the formanilide and Et₃N (4.04 ml, 29 mmol) in THF (20 ml) was added POCl₃ (1.07 ml, 11.56 mmol) at 0 °C and stirred at the same temperature. After stirring for 2h, the reaction mixture was basified with a saturated aqueous solution of NaHCO₃ and extracted with Et₂O. The combined extracts were washed with brine, dried over MgSO₄, and concentrated under reduced pressure. The obtained residue was purified by silica gel column chromatography.^{S2}

2.3 General procedures for the synthesis of 3a-j and 5a-i.



Route 1: To a solution of aldehydes **1a-j** (1 mmol) in methanol (0.5 M) were added Indium (III) chloride (30 mol%) and *t*-butyl isocyanides (1.5 mmol) and stirred overnight at 35 °C. After completion of the reaction, the solvent is concentrated under reduced pressure. The obtained residue was purified by silica gel flash column chromatography.

Route 2: To a solution of aldehydes 1a-j (1 mmol) in methanol (0.5 M) were added Indium (III) chloride (30

mol%) and isocyanide derivatives 2c-j (2 mmol) and stirred overnight at 35 °C. After completion of the reaction,

the solid was filtered and washed with cold methanol to give pure 5a-i.

3. Compounds Characterization Data

3.1 2-Oxo-1,2-dihydroquinoline-3-carbaldehyde derivatives (1a-j)

2-Oxo-1,2-dihydroquinoline-3-carbaldehyde (1a)



Pale yellow crystal (1402 mg, yield 81%); $R_f = 0.33$ (40:60 ethyl acetate/hexane); ¹H-NMR (500 MHz, DMF-d7) δ H= 12.06 (s, 1H), 10.34 (s, 1H), 8.51 (s, 1H), 8.02 (s, 1H), 7.97 (dd, J = 8.0, 1.4 Hz, 1H), 7.72 - 7.68 (m, 1H), 7.52 - 7.49 (m, 1H), 7.31 - 7.27 (m, 1H) ppm. ¹³C-NMR (126 MHz, DMF) δ = 190.2, 162.3, 142.8, 142.4, 134.3, 131.6, 126.8, 123.3, 119.1, 116.2 ppm. HRMS-ESI (m/z): calculated for $C_{10}H_6NO_3$ [M-H+O]⁻ 188.0353 found 188.0353.

6-Methyl-2-oxo-1,2-dihydroquinoline-3-carbaldehyde (1b)



Lemon crystal (1590 mg, Yield 85%); $R_f = 0.40$ (40:60 ethyl acetate/hexane); ¹**H-NMR** (500 MHz, DMSO-*d*₆) δ = 12.01 (s, 1H), 10.23 (s, 1H), 8.36 (s, 1zH), 7.65 (s, 1H), 7.46 (dd, *J* = 8.4, 1.9 Hz, 1H), 7.26 (d, *J* = 8.4 Hz, 1H), 2.33 (s, 3H) ppm. ¹³**C-NMR** (126 MHz, DMSO) δ = 189.3, 160.9, 141.6, 139.0, 134.6, 131.4, 129.5, 125.5, 117.8, 115.0, 19.8 ppm. **HRMS-ESI** (m/z): calculated for C₁₁H₉O₂ NNa [M+Na]⁺ 210.0525 found 210.0524.

5,8-Dimethyl-2-oxo-1,2-dihydroquinoline-3-carbaldehyde (1c)



Dark yellow crystal (1187 mg, Yield 59%); $R_f = 0.30$ (40:60 ethyl acetate/hexane); ¹H-NMR (500 MHz, DMSO-*d*₆) δ = 10.97 (s, 1H), 10.29 – 10.25 (m, 1H), 8.50 (d, *J* = 5.3 Hz, 1H), 7.37 (dd, *J* = 7.5, 3.3 Hz, 1H), 7.00 (dd, *J* = 7.5, 3.3 Hz, 1H), 2.54 (d, *J* = 2.9 Hz, 1H), 2.41 (d, *J* = 2.3 Hz, 1H) ppm. ¹³C-NMR (126 MHz, DMSO) δ = 189.2, 160.9, 142.0, 139.8, 139.0, 135.8, 134.4, 124.3, 123.2, 116.7, 17.6, 16.4 ppm. HRMS-ESI (m/z): calculated for C₁₂H₁₁O₂ NNa [M+Na]⁺ 224.0682 found 224.0679.

5,7-Dimethyl-2-oxo-1,2-dihydroquinoline-3-carbaldehyde (1d)



Yellow crystal (1247 mg, Yield 62%); $R_f = 0.30$ (40:60 ethyl acetate/hexane); ¹**H-NMR** (500 MHz, DMSO-*d*₆) δ = 11.81 – 11.77 (m, 1H), 10.21 (s, 1H), 8.30 (s, 1H), 7.57 (s, 1H), 7.13 (d, J = 1.0 Hz, 1H), 2.32 (d, J = 1 Hz, 1H), 2.25 (d, J = 0.7 Hz, 1H) ppm. ¹³**C-NMR** (126 MHz, DMSO) δ = 189.2, 161.0, 143.7, 141.4, 139.5, 131.0, 129.9, 124.6, 116.1, 115.3, 19.8, 18.2 ppm. **HRMS-ESI** (m/z): calculated for C₁₂H₁₁O₂ NNa [M+Na]⁺ 224.0682 found 224.0681.

6,7-Dimethyl-2-oxo-1,2-dihydroquinoline-3-carbaldehyde (1e)



Yellow green crystal (1629 mg, Yield 81%); $R_f = 0.24$ (40:60 ethyl acetate/hexane); ¹**H-NMR** (500 MHz, DMSO- d_6) δ = 12.05 (s, 1H), 10.20 (s, 1H), 8.35 (s, 1H), 7.61 (s, 1H), 7.11 (s, 1H), 2.30 (s, 3H), 2.24 (s, 3H) ppm. ¹³**C-NMR** (126 MHz, DMSO) δ = 189.7, 161.5, 144.3, 141.8, 139.8, 131.5, 130.3, 124.6, 116.4, 115.6, 20.3, 18.7 ppm. **HRMS-ESI** (m/z): calculated C₁₂H₁₁O₂ NNa [M+Na]⁺ 224.0682 found 224.0679.

6-Methoxy-2-oxo-1,2-dihydroquinoline-3-carbaldehyde (1f)



Olive crystal (1665 mg, Yield 82%, 5.0 mmol scale); $R_f = 0.35$ (40:60 ethyl acetate/hexane); ¹H-NMR (400 MHz, DMSO-d6) δ = 12.09 (s, 1H), 10.22 (s, 1H), 8.40 (d, J = 0.5 Hz, 1H), 7.42 - 7.41 (m, 1H), 7.28 - 7.27 (m, 1H), 3.78 (s, 3H) ppm. ¹³C-NMR (101 MHz, DMSO) δ = 189.8, 161.0, 154.4, 141.6, 135.9, 125.7, 123.5, 118.6, 116.7, 111.1, 55.5 ppm. HRMS-ESI (m/z): calculated for C₁₁H₉O₃NNa M+Na]⁺ 226.0475 found 226.0472.

7-Methoxy-2-oxo-1,2-dihydroquinoline-3-carbaldehyde (1g)



Khaki crystal (1584 mg, Yield 78%); $R_f = 0.25$ (15:85 ethyl acetate/hexane); ¹**H-NMR** (400 MHz, DMSO- d_6) δ = 12.03 (s, 1H), 10.16 (s, 1H), 8.40 (s, 1H), 7.81 (d, J = 8.8 Hz, 1H), 6.86 (dd, J = 8.8, 2.1 Hz, 1H), 6.81 (d, J = 2.1 Hz, 1H), 3.84 (s, 1H) ppm. ¹³**C-NMR** (101 MHz, DMSO) δ = 189.2, 163.8, 161.7, 143.5, 142.2, 132.6, 122.5, 112.5, 112.4, 97.7, 55.6 ppm. **HRMS-ESI** (m/z): calculated for C₁₁H₉O₃NNa M+Na]⁺226.0475 found 226.0474.

8-Methyl-2-oxo-1,2-dihydroquinoline-3-carbaldehyde (1h)



Yellow crystal (1552 mg, Yield 83%); $R_f = 0.23$ (15:85 ethyl acetate/hexane); ¹**H-NMR** (400 MHz, DMSO-*d*₆) δ = 11.35 (s, 1H), 10.25 (s, 1H), 8.48 (s, 1H), 7.79 – 7.72 (m, 1H), 7.51 – 7.47 (m, 1H), 7.18 – 7.13 (m, 1H), 2.44 (d, *J* = 0.8 Hz, 1H) ppm. ¹³**C-NMR** (101 MHz, DMSO) δ = 189.6, 161.8, 142.9, 139.5, 134.7, 129.0, 125.3, 123.9, 122.4, 118.2, 17.1 ppm. **HRMS-ESI** (m/z): calculated for C₁₁H₉O₂ NNa [M+Na]⁺ 210.0525 found 210.0526.

6-Isopropyl-2-oxo-1,2-dihydroquinoline-3-carbaldehyde (1i)



lemon crystal (1334 mg, Yield 62%); $R_f = 0.20$ (15:85 ethyl acetate/hexane); ¹**H-NMR** (500 MHz, DMSO-*d*₆) δ = 12.34 (s, 1H), 10.22 (s, 1H), 8.47 (s, 1H), 8.06 (d, *J* = 2.4 Hz, 1H), 7.68 (dd, *J* = 8.9, 2.4 Hz, 1H), 7.35 (d, *J* = 8.9 Hz, 1H) ppm. ¹³**C-NMR** (101 MHz, DMSO) δ = 189.7, 161.3, 142.7, 142.2, 139.5, 132.7, 127.4, 125.4, 118.0, 115.4, 32.7, 23.6 ppm. **HRMS-ESI** (m/z): calculated for C₁₃H₁₄O₂N [M+H]⁺ 216.1019 found 216.1018.

6-Chloro-2-oxo-1,2-dihydroquinoline-3-carbaldehyde (1j)



lemone crystal (1847 mg, Yield 89%); $R_f = 0.33$ (15:85 ethyl acetate/hexane); ¹**H-NMR** (500 MHz, DMSO-*d*₆) δ = 12.34 (s, 1H), 10.22 (s, 1H), 8.47 (s, 1H), 8.06 (d, *J* = 2.4 Hz, 1H), 7.68 (dd, *J* = 8.9, 2.4 Hz, 1H), 7.35 (d, *J* = 8.9 Hz, 1H) ppm. ¹³**C-NMR** (126 MHz, DMSO) δ = 189.6, 161.2, 141.2, 139.8, 133.3, 129.5, 126.4, 126.3, 119.2, 117.3 ppm. **HRMS-ESI** (m/z): calculated for C₁₀H₅O₂NCI [M-H]⁻ 206.0014. found 206.0014.

3.2 Furo- and pyranoquenoline derivatives (3a-j)

3-(*tert*-Butyl(2-(*tert*-butylamino)furo[2,3-*b*]quinolin-3-yl)amino)-2-(*tert*-butylamino)-4*H*-pyrano[2,3-*b*]quinolin-4-one (3a)



Red solid (173 mg, Yield 60 %); mp 285-287 °C; R_f = 0.15 (15:85 ethyl acetate/hexane); ¹H-NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) : δ_{H} = 9.13 (s, 1H, H-4-quinoline), 8.38 (s, 1H, H-4-quinoline), 8.05 (dt, *J* = 9.4, 1.4 Hz, 2H, H-Ar), 7.99 (dd, *J* = 8.3, 1.4 Hz, 1H, H-Ar), 7.81 (dt, *J* = 8.5, 1.5 Hz, 1H, H-Ar), 7.71 (dd, *J* = 8.0, 1.6 Hz, 1H, H-Ar), 7.66 (s, 1H, -NH), 7.59 (dt, *J* = 8.1, 1.1 Hz, 1H, H-Ar), 7.48 (dt, *J* = 8.3, 1.6 Hz, 1H, H-Ar), 7.43 (dt, *J* = 8.2, 1.4 Hz, 1H, H-Ar), 7.37 (s, 1H, -NH), 1.65 (s, 9H, -*t*-Bu), 1.51 (s, 9H, -*t*-Bu), 1.46 (s, 9H, -*t*-Bu).¹³C-NMR (101 MHz, CDCl₃) : δ_{C} = 173.9, 167.8, 161.0, 157.1, 154.4, 147.4, 140.6, 137.7, 131.9, 128.9, 128.1, 127.4, 127.0, 126.4, 126.2, 125.6, 125.4, 124.8, 118.4, 116.7, 109.8, 96.7, 96.1, 60.5, 54.3, 53.1, 30.4, 30.2, 30.1. HRMS-ESI (m/z): Calc. for C₃₅H₃₉N₅NaO₃ [M+Na]⁺: 600.2945, found 600.2951.

3-(tert-Butyl(2-(*tert*-butylamino)-6-methylfuro[2,3-*b*]quinolin-3-yl)amino)-2-(*tert*-butylamino)-7-methyl-4*H*-pyrano[2,3-*b*]quinolin-4-one (3b)



Red solid (166 mg, Yield 55 %); mp 275-277 °C; $R_f = 0.18$ (15:85 ethyl acetate/hexane); ¹**H-NMR** (300 MHz, CDCl₃) : $\delta_{H} = 9.03$ (d, J = 0.9 Hz, 1H, H-4-quinoline), 8.33 (s, 1H, H-4-quinoline), 7.95(d, J = 8.5 Hz, 1H, H-Ar), 7.87 (d, J = 8.5 Hz, 1H, H-Ar), 7.79 – 7.77 (m, 1H, H-Ar), 7.64 (dd, J = 8.8, 2.0 Hz, 1H, H-Ar), 7.58 (s, 1H, -NH), 7.48 – 7.45 (m, 1H, H-Ar), 7.34 (s, 1H, -NH), 7.31 (dd, J = 8.6, 1.9 Hz, 1H H-Ar), 2.56 (s, 3H, Me-Ar), 2.52 (s, 3H, Me-Ar), 1.65 (s, 9H, -*t*-Bu), 1.49 (s, 9H, -*t*-Bu), 1.45 (s, 9H, -*t*-Bu). ¹³C-NMR (75 MHz, CDCl₃) : $\delta_{C} = 174.0, 167.8, 160.8, 156.8, 154.0, 145.9, 139.0, 136.8, 136.4, 134.3, 134.3, 127.7, 127.7, 127.6, 127.4, 127.1, 126.1, 124.7, 118.3, 116.3, 109.8, 96.8, 60.4, 54.2, 53.0, 30.4, 30.3, 30.1, 21.6, 21.5. HRMS-ESI (m/z): calculated for C₃₇H₄₄N₅O₃ [M+H]⁺ : 606.3439, found 606.3445.$

3-(*tert*-Butyl(2-(*tert*-butylamino)-8-methylfuro[2,3-*b*]quinolin-3-yl)amino)-2-(*tert*-butylamino)-9-methyl-4*H*-pyrano[2,3-*b*]quinolin-4-one (3c)



Red solid (196 mg, Yield 65 %); mp 270-275 °C; $R_f = 0.34$ (15:85 ethyl acetate/hexane); ¹**H-NMR** (300 MHz, CDCl₃) : $\delta_{H} = 9.08$ (s, 1H, H-4-quinoline), 8.30 (s, 1H, H-4-quinoline), 7.87 (d, J = 8.2 Hz, 1H, H-Ar), 7.66 (s, 1H, H-Ar), 7.63 (s, 1H, -NH), 7.58 (dd, J = 6.7, 2.7 Hz, 1H, H-Ar), 7.47 (t, J = 8.3 Hz, 1H, H-Ar), 7.35 (s, 1H, -NH), 7.34 – 7.31 (m, 2H, H-Ar) 2.81 (s, 3H, Me-Ar), 2.77 (s, 3H, Me-Ar), 1.64 (s, 9H, -*t*-Bu), 1.52 (s, 9H, -*t*-Bu), 1.46 (s, 9H, -*t*-Bu). ¹³**C-NMR** (75 MHz, CDCl₃) : $\delta_{C} = 174.2$, 167.8, 161.0, 156.5, 153.5, 146.6, 139.9, 137.7, 136.4, 135.9, 131.7, 127.3, 127.1, 126.7, 126.1, 125.8, 124.3, 123.8, 118.0, 117.3, 109.8, 96.9, 60.4, 54.2, 53.0, 30.5, 30.2, 30.1, 18.5, 17.8. HRMS-ESI (m/z): Calc. for C₃₇H₄₂N₅O₃ [M-H]⁺: 604.3295, found 6043290.

3-(*tert*-Butyl(2-(*tert*-butylamino)-5,8-dimethylfuro[2,3-*b*]quinolin-3-yl)amino)-2-(tert-butylamino)-6,9-dimethyl-4*H*-pyrano[2,3-*b*]quinolin-4-one (3d)



Red solid (164 mg, Yield 52 %); mp 260-263 °C; R_f = 0.37 (15:85 ethyl acetate/hexane); ¹H-NMR (300 MHz, CDCl₃) : δ_{H} = 9.27 (s, 1H, H-4-quinoline), 8.20 (s, 1H, H-4-quinoline), 7.86 (s, 1H, -NH), 7.53 (dd, *J* = 7.1, 1.1 Hz, 1H, H-Ar), 7.32 – 7.27 (m, 1H, H-Ar), 7.26 – 7.22 (m, 2H, , H-Ar), 7.20 – 7.16 (m, 1H, H-Ar), 2.78 (s, 6H, Me-Ar), 2.73 (s, 3H, Me-Ar), 2.68 (s, 3H, Me-Ar), 1.63 (s, 9H, -*t*-Bu), 1.51 (s, 9H, -*t*-Bu), 1.48 (s, 9H, -*t*-Bu). ¹³C-NMR (75 MHz, CDCl₃) : δ_{c} = 174.4, 167.7, 160.8, 156.1, 153.2, 147.1, 140.0, 134.3, 134.1, 134.0, 133.8, 131.5, 129.8, 126.8, 126.6, 126.4, 125.4, 125.1, 125.0, 117.2, 114.2, 109.8, 97.4, 60.7, 54.1, 53.0, 30.5, 30.4, 30.1, 19.5, 19.1, 18.5, 17.8. HRMS-ESI (m/z): Calc. for C₃₉H₄₇N₅NaO₃ [M+Na]⁺ : 656.3571, found 656.3578.

3-(*tert*-Butyl(2-(*tert*-butylamino)-5,7-dimethylfuro[2,3-*b*]quinolin-3-yl)amino)-2-(*tert*-butylamino)-6,8-dimethyl-4*H*-pyrano[2,3-*b*]quinolin-4-one (3e)



Red solid (158 mg, Yield 50 %); mp 265-267 °C; R_f = 0.2 (15:85 ethyl acetate/hexane); ¹H-NMR (300 MHz, CDCl₃) : δ_{H} = 9.23 (s, 1H, H-4-quinoline), 8.20 (s, 1H, H-4-quinoline), 7.80 (s, 1H, -NH), 7.69 (d, *J* = 1.8 Hz, 1H, H-Ar), 7.64 (d, *J* = 1.8 Hz, 1H, H-Ar), 7.25 (d, *J* = 2.0 Hz, 2H, H-Ar), 7.13 (s, 1H, -NH), 2.78 (s, 3H, Me-Ar), 2.67 (s, 3H, Me-Ar), 2.53 (s, 3H, Me-Ar), 2.49 (s, 3H, Me-Ar), 1.63 (s, 9H, -*t*-Bu), 1.49 (s, 9H, -*t*-Bu), 1.47 (s, 9H, -*t*-Bu). ¹³C-NMR (75 MHz, CDCl₃) : δ_{C} = 174.3, 167.6, 160.5, 156.9, 154.4, 148.3, 142.6, 141.2, 136.0, 134.9, 134.0, 131.7, 129.3, 127.8, 125.6, 125.2, 124.9, 124.6, 116.9, 113.9, 109.7, 97.2, 60.7, 54.1, 53.0, 30.4, 30.1, 22.1, 21.6, 19.5, 19.1. HRMS-ESI (m/z): calculated for C₃₉H₄₈N₅O₃ [M+H]⁺ : 634.3752, found 634.3759.

3-(*tert*-Butyl(2-(*tert*-butylamino)-6,7-dimethylfuro[2,3-b]quinolin-3-yl)amino)-2-(*tert*-butylamino)-7,8-dimethyl-4H-pyrano[2,3-b]quinolin-4-one (3f)



Red solid (183 mg, Yield 58 %); mp 263-266 °C; R_f = 0.2 (15:85 ethyl acetate/hexane); ¹**H-NMR** (300 MHz, CDCl₃) : δ_{H} = 8.98 (s, 1H, H-4-quinoline), 8.23 (s, 1H, H-4-quinoline), 7.82 (s, 1H, -NH), 7.75 – 7.72 (m, 2H, H-Ar), 7.57 (s, 1H, H-Ar), 7.45 (s, 1H, H-Ar) 7.30 (s, 1H, -NH), 2.48 (s, 3H, Me-Ar), 2.45 (s, 3H, Me-Ar), 2.43 (s, 6H, Me-Ar), 1.63 (s, 9H, -*t*-Bu), 1.48 (s, 9H, -*t*-Bu), 1.44 (s, 9H, -*t*-Bu). ¹³**C-NMR** (75 MHz, CDCl₃) : δ_{C} = 174.2, 167.7, 160.5, 156.8, 154.2, 146.5, 143.0, 139.7, 136.5, 136.4, 135.2, 134.2, 127.9, 127.6, 127.3, 125.8, 125.7, 125.4, 125.2, 117.6, 116.4, 109.7, 97.0, 60.3, 54.1, 53.0, 30.4, 30.3, 30.1, 20.8, 20.3, 20.1, 20.0. **HRMS-ESI** (m/z): calculated for C₃₉H₄₈N₅O₃ [M+H]⁺ : 634.3752, found 634.3762.

3-(*tert*-Butyl(2-(*tert*-butylamino)-6-methoxyfuro[2,3-*b*]quinolin-3-yl)amino)-2-(*tert*-butylamino)-7-methoxy-4H-pyrano[2,3-*b*]quinolin-4-one (3g)



Red solid (175 mg, Yield 55 %); mp 288-290 °C; $R_f = 0.08$ (15:85 ethyl acetate/hexane); ¹H-NMR (300 MHz, CDCl₃) : $\delta_H = 9.01$ (d, J = 0.8 Hz, 1H, H-4-quinoline), 8.15 (s, 1H, H-4-quinoline), 7.89 (d, J = 9.1 Hz, 1H, H-Ar), 7.63 (d, J = 0.8 Hz, 1H, H-Ar), 7.60 (d, J = 9.0 Hz, 1H, H-Ar), 7.36 (dd, J = 8.9, 2.4 Hz, 2H, H-Ar), 7.24 (d, J = 5.4 Hz 1H, H-Ar), 7.22 (dd, , J = 8.9 Hz, 2.4 Hz, 1H, H-Ar), 7.11 (dd, J = 8.9, 2.6 Hz, 1H, H-Ar), 3.96 (s, 3H, CH₃-O), 3.92 (s, 3H, CH₃-O), 1.62 (s, 9H, -*t*-Bu), 1.48 (s, 9H, -*t*-Bu), 1.44 (s, 9H, -*t*-Bu). ¹³C-NMR (75 MHz, CDCl₃) : $\delta_C = 174.3$, 167.4, 162.9, 160.0, 158.0, 157.5, 155.0, 149.6, 142.1, 137.2, 130.0, 126.7, 124.2, 122.4, 122.2, 120.2, 117.6, 117.3, 116.0, 109.7, 107.1, 105.9, 96.9, 60.3, 55.8, 55.4, 54.1, 53.0, 30.4, 30.3, 30.1. HRMS-ESI (m/z): calculated for C₃₇H₄₄N₅O₅ [M+H]⁺ : 638.3337, found 638.3340.

3-(*tert*-Butyl(2-(*tert*-butylamino)-7-methoxyfuro[2,3-*b*]quinolin-3-yl)amino)-2-(*tert*-butylamino)-8-methoxy-4H-pyrano[2,3-*b*]quinolin-4-one (3h)



Red solid (168 mg, Yield 53 %); mp 285-288 °C; R_f = 0.08 (15:85 ethyl acetate/hexane); ¹H-NMR (300 MHz, CDCl₃) : δ_{H} = 8.99 (s, 1H, H-4-quinoline), 8.35 (s, 1H, H-4-quinoline), 7.96 (d, *J* = 9.3 Hz, 1H, 1H, H-Ar), 7.88 (d, *J* = 9.0 Hz, 1H, 1H, H-Ar), 7.55 (s, 1H, -NH), 7.46 (dd, *J* = 9.3, 2.8 Hz, 1H, H-Ar), 7.31 (s, 1H, -NH), 7.25 (d, *J* = 2.8 Hz, 1H, H-Ar), 7.15 (dd, *J* = 9.1, 2.8 Hz, 1H, H-Ar), 7.01 (d, *J* = 2.8 Hz, 1H, H-Ar), 3.96 (s, 3H, CH₃-O), 3.93 (s, 3H, CH₃-O), 1.64 (s, 9H, -*t*-Bu), 1.50 (s, 9H, -*t*-Bu), 1.45 (s, 9H, -*t*-Bu). ¹³C-NMR (75 MHz, CDCl₃) : δ_{C} = 174.0, 167.7, 161.0, 157.7, 156.8, 156.0, 153.1, 143.4, 136.1, 135.9, 129.4, 129.3, 128.2, 128.1, 126.4, 125.2, 118.4, 116.8, 115.8, 109.9, 105.6, 104.7, 96.9, 60.4, 55.6, 55.5, 54.2, 53.0, 30.4, 30.2, 30.1. HRMS-ESI (m/z): calculated for C₃₇H₄₄N₅O₅ [M+H]⁺ : 638.3337, found 638.3339.

3-(*tert*-Butyl(2-(*tert*-butylamino)-6-isopropylfuro[2,3-*b*]quinolin-3-yl)amino)-2-(*tert*-butylamino)-7-isopropyl-4*H*-pyrano[2,3-*b*]quinolin-4-one (3i)



Red solid (211 mg, Yield 64 %); mp 266-270 °C; R_f = 0.19 (15:85 ethyl acetate/hexane); ¹**H-NMR** (300 MHz, CDCl₃) : δ_{H} = 9.07 (d, J = 0.8 Hz, 1H), 8.33 (s, 1H, H-4-quinoline), 8.00 (d, J = 8.8 Hz, 1H, H-4-quinoline), 8.00 (d, J = 8.8 Hz, 1H, H-4-quinoline), 8.00 (d, J = 8.8 Hz, 1H, H-Ar), 7.92 (d, J = 8.6 Hz, 1H, H-Ar), 7.81 (d, J = 2.0 Hz, 1H, H-Ar), 7.72 (dd, J = 8.9, 2.0 Hz, 1H, H-Ar), 7.62 (s, 1H, -NH), 7.49 (d, J = 2.0 Hz, 1H, H-Ar), 7.40 (dd, J = 8.7, 2.0 Hz, 1H, H-Ar), 7.35 (s, 1H, -NH), 3.11 (m, 2H, -CH-Ar), 1.65 (s, 9H, -t-Bu), 1.50 (s, 9H, -t-Bu), 1.46 (s, 9H, -t-Bu), 1.38 – 1.37 (m, 6H, Me-CH), 1.36 – 1.34(m, 6H, Me-CH). ¹³C-NMR (75 MHz, CDCl₃) : δ_{C} = 174.1, 167.8, 160.8, 156.9, 154.1, 147.1, 146.2, 145.2, 139.4, 137.2, 132.0, 127.9, 127.4, 127.1, 126.1, 125.0, 124.9, 122.0, 118.3, 116.7, 109.8, 96.9, 60.4, 54.2, 53.0, 34.1, 34.0,

30.4, 30.3, 30.1, 24.1, 24.1, 23.8, 23.7. **HRMS-ESI** (m/z): Calc. for C₄₁H₅₀N₅O₃ [M-H]⁺: 660.3925, found 660.3919.

3-(*tert*-Butyl(2-(*tert*-butylamino)-6-chlorofuro[2,3-*b*]quinolin-3-yl)amino)-2-(*tert*-butylamino)-7-chloro-4*H*-pyrano[2,3-*b*]quinolin-4-one (3j)



Red solid (230 mg, Yield 63 %); mp 285-287 °C; R_f = 0.2 (15:85 ethyl acetate/hexane); ¹H-NMR (300 MHz, CDCl₃) : δ_{H} = 9.03 (s, 1H, H-4-quinoline), 8.50 (s, 1H, H-4-quinoline), 8.02 – 7.99 (m, 2H, H-Ar), 7.89 (d, J = 8.9 Hz, 1H, H-Ar), 7.73 (dd, J = 9.0, 2.3 Hz, 1H, H-Ar), 7.65 (d, J = 2.3 Hz, 1H, H-Ar) 7.51 (s, 1H, -NH), 7.39 (dd, J = 9.0, 2.3 Hz, 1H, H-Ar), 7.34 (s, 1H, -NH), 1.65 (s, 9H, -*t*-Bu), 1.51 (s, 9H, -*t*-Bu), 1.44 (s, 9H, -*t*-Bu). ¹³C-NMR (75 MHz, CDCl₃) : δ_{C} = 173.5, 167.8, 161.5, 157.2, 154.5, 145.7, 138.8, 136.7, 132.8, 132.3, 130.3, 129.7, 129.5, 128.3, 127.5, 127.3, 127.0, 125.8, 124.1, 119.1, 115.1, 109.9, 96.6, 60.6, 54.5, 53.2, 30.3, 30.3, 30.1. HRMS-ESI (m/z): calculated for C₃₅H₃₇N₅O₃Cl₂ [M-H]⁺ : 644.2215, found 644.2202.

3.3 Furo quinoline derivatives (4a-b)

N-tert-Butyl-N-(2-(tert-butylamino)furo[2,3-b]quinolin-3-yl)formamide (4a)



Pale yellow solid, (152 mg, 45 % yield); m.p. 250-254 °C. $R_f = 0.36$ (50:50 ethyl acetate/hexane); ¹H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl₃) : $\delta_{H} = 9.06$ (s, 1H, H-4-quinoline), 8.10 – 8.05 (m, 1H, H-Ar), 8.04 – 7.98 (m, 1H, H-Ar), 7.80 (ddd, J = 8.6, 6.9, 1.5 Hz, 1H, H-Ar), 7.57 (ddd, J = 8.1, 6.8, 1.2 Hz, 1H, H-Ar), 6.70 (brs, 1H, -NH), 3.76 (s, 1H, -CH-CO), 1.62 (s, 9H, -t-Bu), 1.21 (s, 9H, -t-Bu). ¹³C NMR (75 MHz, CDCl₃) : $\delta_{C} = 171.8, 164.9, 155.3, 147.1, 137.3, 131.5, 128.9, 127.9, 126.2, 118.8, 105.1, 63.8, 55.7, 53.3, 30.2, 30.1. HRMS-ESI (m/z): calculated for <math>C_{20}H_{24}N_3O_2$ [M-H]⁻ : 338.1874, found 338.1880.

N-tert-Butyl-N-(2-(tert-butylamino)-6,7-dimethylfuro[2,3-b]quinolin-3-yl)formamide (4b)



Pale yellow solid, (238 mg, 65 % yield) m.p. 245-249 °C. $R_f = 0.4$ (50:50 ethyl acetate/hexane); ¹H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl₃): $\delta_H = 8.92$ (s, 1H, H-4-quinoline), 7.83 (s, 1H, H-Ar), 7.71 (s, 1H, H-Ar), 6.63 (brs, 1H, -NH), 3.76 (s, 3H, Me-Ar), 2.48 (s, 3H, Me-Ar), 2.45 (s, 1H, -CH-CO), 1.60 (s, 9H, -t-Bu), 1.20 (s, 9H, -t-Bu). ¹³C NMR (75 MHz, CDCl₃): $\delta_C = 172.2$, 164.8, 154.7, 146.3, 142.5, 136.0, 127.9, 127.3, 125.7, 117.4, 105.0, 63.9, 55.6, 53.1, 30.2, 30.1, 20.7, 19.9. . HRMS-ESI (m/z): calculated for $C_{22}H_{30}N_3O_2$ [M-H]⁺: 368.2333, found 368.2329.

3.4 Furo quinoline derivatives (5a-i)

5,7-Dimethyl-N2,N3-diphenylfuro[2,3-b]quinoline-2,3-diamine (5a)



Orange solid (46 mg, Yield 20%); mp 205-207 °C; $R_f = 0.18$ (15:85 ethyl acetate/hexane); ¹**H-NMR** (499 MHz, DMSO- d_6) δ 9.38 (s, 1H), 7.80 (s, 1H), 7.57 (s, 1H), 7.36 (s, 1H), 7.27-7.18 (m, 4H), 7.17 (s, 1H), 7.10 (t, J = 7.7 Hz, 2H), 6.90 (t, J = 7.1 Hz, 1H), 6.69 (d, J = 8.0 Hz, 2H), 6.64 (t, J = 7.3 Hz, 1H), 2.52 (s, 3H), 2.44 (s, 3H) ppm. ¹³**C-NMR** (126 MHz, DMSO) δ 156.9, 149.3, 146.0, 142.4, 140.2, 136.1, 132.4, 129.4, 127.6, 125.5, 124.3, 123.3, 121.4, 120.1, 119.0, 117.7, 117.7, 113.8, 99.6, 21.7, 16.6. **HRMS-ESI** (m/z): calculated for C₂₅H₂₂N₃O [M+H]⁺ 380.1757 found 380.1830.

N2,N3-Bis(2,4-dimethylphenyl)-6,7-dimethylfuro[2,3-b]quinoline-2,3-diamine (5b)



Brown solid (46 mg, Yield 10%); mp 210-212 °C; $R_f = 0.35$ (15:85 ethyl acetate/hexane); ¹**H-NMR** (400 MHz, DMSO- d_6) δ 9.15 (s, 1H), 7.68 (d, J = 8.2 Hz, 2H), 7.63 (s, 1H), 7.04 – 6.90 (m, 4H), 6.86 (d, J = 8.1 Hz, 1H), 6.50 (d, J = 2.7 Hz, 1H), 6.39 (dd, J = 8.1, 2.5 Hz, 1H), 2.41 (s, 3H), 2.36 (s, 3H), 2.15 (s, 3H), 2.11 (s, 3H), 2.09 (s, 3H), 2.07 (s, 3H) ppm. ¹³C-NMR (101 MHz, DMSO) δ 156.8, 149.8, 145.0, 141.5, 138.7, 137.1, 137.0, 136.8, 134.5, 130.4, 130.3, 129.1, 127.4, 126.9, 125.7, 124.9, 121.4, 121.2, 119.2, 115.4, 115.3, 111.2, 98.8, 20.4, 20.2, 20.0, 20.0, 19.1, 18.9. **HRMS-ESI** (m/z): calculated forC₂₉H₃₀N₃O [M+H]⁺ 436.2382 found 436.2383.

6-Chloro-N2,N3-bis(3-methoxyphenyl)furo[2,3-b]quinoline-2,3-diamine (5c)



Yellow-green solid (99 mg, Yield 21%); mp 158-160 °C; $R_f = 0.20$ (15:85 ethyl acetate/hexane); ¹**H-NMR** (400 MHz, DMSO-*d*₆) δ 9.63 (s, 1H), 8.12 (d, J = 2.5 Hz, 1H), 7.94 (d, J = 9.0 Hz, 1H), 7.85 (s, 1H), 7.58 (dd, J = 8.9, 2.4 Hz, 1H), 7.37 (s, 1H), 7.19 (t, J = 8.2 Hz, 1H), 7.07 – 6.98 (m, 1H), 6.89 (ddd, J = 8.1, 2.1, 0.9 Hz, 1H), 6.84 (t, J = 2.3 Hz, 1H), 6.54 (ddd, J = 8.3, 2.5, 0.9 Hz, 1H), 6.31 – 6.24 (m, 3H), 3.66 (s, 3H), 3.62 (s, 3H) ppm. ¹³C-NMR (101 MHz, DMSO) δ 160.9, 160.4, 157.3, 151.0, 148.3, 141.6, 140.8, 133.8, 130.3, 130.2, 130.0, 129.6, 128.1, 127.7, 126.3, 122.8, 121.4, 110.6, 107.7, 106.7, 103.9, 103.4, 99.5, 98.2, 55.3, 55.2 ppm. HRMS-ESI (m/z): calculated for C₂₅H₂₁ClN₃O₃ [M+H]⁺ 446.1266 found 446.1268.

N2,N3-Bis(4-chlorophenyl)-5,7-dimethylfuro[2,3-b]quinoline-2,3-diamine (5d)



lemon solid (207 mg, Yield 44%); mp 210-213 °C; R_f = 0.28 (15:85 ethyl acetate/hexane); ¹**H-NMR** (400 MHz, DMSO-*d*₆) δ 9.59 (s, 1H), 7.85 (s, 1H), 7.62 (s, 1H), 7.59 (s, 1H), 7.33 – 7.27 (m, 2H), 7.25 – 7.18 (m, 3H), 7.14 (d, *J* = 8.8 Hz, 1H), 6.68 (d, *J* = 8.8 Hz, 1H), 2.57 (s, 3H), 2.47 (s, 3H) ppm. ¹³**C-NMR** (101 MHz, DMSO) δ 156.8, 148.7, 145.7, 143.4, 139.8, 137.1, 133.7, 129.2, 129.1, 128.2, 125.5, 125.0, 124.4, 121.1, 120.2, 119.3, 119.2, 115.3, 99.5, 21.7, 19.4 ppm. **HRMS-ESI** (m/z): calculated for C₂₅H₂₀Cl₁₂N₃O [M+H]⁺ 448.0978 found 448.0974.

N2,N3-Bis(4-chlorophenyl)furo[2,3-b]quinoline-2,3-diamine (5e)



Dark yellow solid (111 mg, Yield 25%); mp 211-213 °C; R_f = 0.20 (15:85 ethyl acetate/hexane); ¹**H-NMR** (400 MHz, DMSO-*d*₆) δ 9.72 (s, 1H), 8.03 – 7.96 (m, 1H), 7.94 (d, *J* = 8.4 Hz, 1H), 7.87 (s, 1H), 7.61 (ddd, *J* = 8.5, 6.8, 1.5 Hz, 1H), 7.57 (s, 1H), 7.51 – 7.46 (m, 1H), 7.35 – 7.23 (m, 4H), 7.18 – 7.11 (m, 2H), 6.74 – 6.64 (m, 2H) ppm. ¹³**C-NMR** (101 MHz, DMSO) δ 157.0, 150.0, 146.0, 142.6, 139.6, 129.5, 129.3, 129.2, 128.1, 127.9, 127.7, 127.2, 126.0, 125.4, 125.3, 122.7, 121.4, 121.1, 120.7, 119.5, 115.2, 98.4 ppm. **HRMS-ESI** (m/z): calculated for C₂₃H₁₆Cl₂N₃O [M+H]⁺ 420.0665 found 420.0666.

6-Chloro-N2,N3-bis(3,4-dichlorophenyl)furo[2,3-b]quinoline-2,3-diamine (5f)



Cream solid (389 mg, Yield 71%); mp 215-218 °C; $R_f = 0.35$ (15:85 ethyl acetate/hexane); ¹**H-NMR** (400 MHz, DMSO-*d*₆) δ 9.39 (s, 1H), 8.13 (d, *J* = 2.4 Hz, 1H), 7.95 (d, *J* = 9.2 Hz, 2H), 7.62 (dd, *J* = 8.9, 2.5 Hz, 1H), 7.57 (d, *J* = 2.3 Hz, 1H), 7.43 (d, *J* = 2.4 Hz, 1H), 7.35 – 7.28 (m, 3H), 7.09 (dd, *J* = 8.8, 2.5 Hz, 1H), 6.58 (d, *J* = 8.8 Hz, 1H). ¹³**C-NMR** (101 MHz, DMSO) δ 157.2, 149.8, 141.3, 141.2, 136.1, 130.1, 129.7, 129.4, 128.9, 128.2, 128.2, 128.0, 127.5, 126.5, 125.3, 123.5, 122.6, 122.2, 121.5, 119.5, 115.5, 99.5. **HRMS-ESI** (m/z): calculated for C₂₃H₁₃Cl₅N₃O [M+H]⁺ 521.9495 found 521.9496.

N2, N3-Bis(3,4-dichlorophenyl)furo[2,3-b]quinoline-2,3-diamine (5g)



Yellow solid (328 mg, Yield 64%); mp 205-208 °C; $R_f = 0.27$ (15:85 ethyl acetate/hexane); ¹H NMR (400 MHz, DMSO- d_6) δ 9.24 (s, 1H), 8.01 (dd, J = 8.4, 1.5 Hz, 1H), 7.98 (s, 1H), 7.95 (dd, J = 8.4, 1.1 Hz, 1H), 7.64 (ddd, J = 8.4, 6.8, 1.5 Hz, 1H), 7.58 – 7.54 (m, 1H), 7.50 (ddd, J = 8.4, 6.8, 1.5 Hz, 1H), 7.44 (d, J = 2.4 Hz, 1H), 7.37 (s, 1H), 7.30 (m, 2H), 7.09 (dd, J = 8.8, 2.4 Hz, 1H), 6.60 (d, J = 8.8 Hz, 1H) ppm. ¹³C NMR (101 MHz, DMSO) δ 157.1, 148.7, 143.0, 141.3, 136.6, 129.3, 128.9, 128.2, 128.2, 128.2, 128.1, 127.1, 126.9, 125.4, 124.6, 123.9, 122.7, 121.5, 121.1, 119.6, 115.6, 100.5 ppm. HRMS-ESI (m/z): calculated for $C_{23}H_{14}Cl_4N_3O$ [M+H]⁺ 487.9884 found 487.9885.

6-Chloro-*N*2,*N*3-bis(4-chloro-2-iodophenyl)furo[2,3-*b*]quinoline-2,3-diamine (5h)



Pale brown solid (446 mg, Yield 61%); mp 210-212 °C; $R_f = 0.33$ (15:85 ethyl acetate/hexane); ¹**H-NMR** (400 MHz, DMSO-*d*₆) δ 9.28 (s, 1H), 8.11 (d, *J* = 2.4 Hz, 1H), 7.93 (d, *J* = 9.0 Hz, 1H), 7.87 (s, 1H), 7.85 (d, *J* = 2.4 Hz, 1H), 7.69 (d, *J* = 2.5 Hz, 1H), 7.60 (dd, *J* = 9.0, 2.4 Hz, 1H), 7.34 (dd, *J* = 8.6, 2.4 Hz, 1H), 7.25 (d, *J* = 8.6 Hz, 1H), 7.12 (dd, *J* = 8.8, 2.5 Hz, 1H), 6.50 (s, 1H), 6.48 (d, *J* = 8.8 Hz, 1H) ppm. ¹³**C-NMR** (101 MHz, DMSO) δ 157.2, 151.2, 145.1, 140.9, 140.2, 138.3, 137.8, 130.0, 129.7, 129.3, 129.1, 128.1, 127.9, 126.4, 124.8, 122.7, 122.3, 121.7, 114.7, 98.3, 94.5, 85.0. **HRMS-ESI** (m/z): calculated for C₂₃H₁₃Cl₃l₂N₃O [M+H]⁺ 705.8208 found 705.8209.

N2,N3-Bis(4-chloro-2-iodophenyl)-6-isopropylfuro[2,3-b]quinoline-2,3-diamine (5i)



Sand solid (458 mg, Yield 62%); mp 160-162 °C; $R_f = 0.30$ (15:85 ethyl acetate/hexane); ¹**H-NMR** (400 MHz, DMSO-*d*₆) δ 9.01 (s, 1H), 7.87 – 7.83 (m, 2H), 7.82 – 7.78 (m, 2H), 7.72 (d, J = 2.4 Hz, 1H), 7.55 (dd, J = 8.7, 2.1 Hz, 1H), 7.34 (dd, J = 8.6, 2.4 Hz, 1H), 7.21 (d, J = 8.7 Hz, 1H), 7.12 (dd, J = 8.8, 2.5 Hz, 1H), 6.60 (s, 1H), 6.48 (d, J = 8.8 Hz, 1H), 3.04 (hept, J = 6.9 Hz, 1H), 1.27 (d, J = 6.9 Hz, 6H) ppm. ¹³C-NMR (101 MHz, DMSO) δ 156.8, 149.7, 145.4, 145.1, 141.6, 140.8, 138.3, 137.9, 129.3, 128.3, 127.9, 127.7, 127.1, 124.1, 123.6, 123.0, 122.3, 121.1, 114.9, 100.0, 93.2, 85.1, 33.8, 24.3 ppm. HRMS-ESI (m/z): calculated for C₂₆H₂₀Cl₂l₂N₃O [M+H]⁺ 713.9067 found 713.9063.

4. Absorption and Emission Data

4.1 Absorption and Emission of Compound 5a in n-Hexane

Table S1. Photophysical properties of compound 5a recorded in n-Hexane

Compound	λ _{max,abs} [nm] ^[a]	λ _{max,em} [nm] ^[b]	Stokes shift [nm]
5a	350	476	126

^[a]Recorded in n-Hexane, T = 293 K, $c = 6.5 \times 10^{-5}$ M. ^[b]Recorded in n-Hexane, T = 293 K, $c = 6.5 \times 10^{-6}$ M.



Figure S1. Normalized absorption and emission spectra for compound **5a** in **n-Hexane** (T = 293 °C, λ_{exc} = 365 nm).

4.2 Absorption and Emission of Compound 5a in Toluene

Table S2. Photophysical properties of compound 5a recorded in Toluene

Compound	λ _{max,abs} [nm] ^[a]	λ _{max,em} [nm] ^[b]	Stokes shift [nm]
5a	354	499	145



^[a]Recorded in Toluene, T = 293 K, $c = 6.5 \times 10^{-5}$ M. ^[b]Recorded in Toluene, T = 293 K, $c = 6.5 \times 10^{-6}$ M.

Figure S2. Normalized absorption and emission spectra for compound **5a** in **Toluene** (T = 293 °C, λ_{exc} = 365 nm).

4.3 Absorption and Emission of Compound 5a in DCM



^[a]Recorded in DCM, T = 293 K, $c = 6.5 \times 10^{-5}$ M. ^[b]Recorded in DCM, T = 293 K, $c = 6.5 \times 10^{-6}$ M.



Figure S3. Normalized absorption and emission spectra for compound 5a in DCM (T = 293 °C, λ_{exc} = 365 nm).

4.4 Absorption and Emission of Compound 5a in THF

Compound

5a



Table S4. Photophysical properties of compound 5a recorded in THF

 $\lambda_{max,em} [nm]^{[b]}$

526

Stokes shift [nm]

148

λ_{max,abs} [nm]^[a]

Figure S4. Normalized absorption and emission spectra for compound 5a in THF (T = 293 °C, λ_{exc} = 365 nm).

4.5 Absorption and Emission of Compound 5a in Acetone

Compound

5a



Table S5. Photophysical properties of compound 5a recorded in Acetone

λ_{max,em} [nm]^[b]

571

Stokes shift [nm]

194

λ_{max,abs} [nm]^[a]

Figure S5. Normalized absorption and emission spectra for compound **5a** in **Acetone** (T = 293 °C, λ_{exc} = 365 nm).

4.6 Absorption and Emission of Compound 5a in Dioxane

Compound

5a



Table S6. Photophysical properties of compound 5a recorded in Dioxane

 $\lambda_{max,em} [nm]^{[b]}$

520

Stokes shift [nm]

145

λ_{max,abs} [nm]^[a]

Figure S6. Normalized absorption and emission spectra for compound **5a** in **Dioxane** (T = 293 °C, λ_{exc} = 365 nm).

4.7 Absorption and Emission of Compound 5a in Ethyl acetate

Compound

5a



Table S7. Photophysical properties of compound 5a recorded in Ethyl acetate

 $\lambda_{max,em}$ [nm]^[b]

534

Stokes shift [nm]

159

λ_{max,abs} [nm]^[a]

Figure S7. Normalized absorption and emission spectra for compound **5a** in **Ethyl acetate** (T = 293 °C, λ_{exc} = 365 nm).

4.8 Absorption and Emission of Compound 5a in DMF

Compound

5a



Table S8. Photophysical properties of compound 5a recorded in DMF

λmax,em [nm]^[b]

571

Stokes shift [nm]

187

λ_{max,abs} [nm]^[a]

Figure S8. Normalized absorption and emission spectra for compound 5a in DMF (T = 293 °C, λ_{exc} = 365 nm).

4.9 Absorption and Emission of Compound 5a in DMSO

Compound

5a



Table S9. Photophysical properties of compound 5a recorded in DMSO

λ_{max,em} [nm]^[b]

569

Stokes shift [nm]

182

^[a]Recorded in DMSO, T = 293 K, $c = 6.5 \times 10^{-5}$ M. ^[b]Recorded in DMSO, T = 293 K, $c = 6.5 \times 10^{-6}$ M.

λ_{max,abs} [nm]^[a]

387

Figure S9. Normalized absorption and emission spectra for compound 5a in DMSO (T = 293 °C, λ_{exc} = 365 nm).

4.10 Absorption and Emission of Compound 5a in CH₃CN

Compound



Table S10. Photophysical properties of compound 5a recorded in CH₃CN

 $\lambda_{max,em}~[nm]^{[b]}$

Stokes shift [nm]

λ_{max,abs} [nm]^[a]

Figure S10. Normalized absorption and emission spectra for compound **5a** in **CH**₃**CN** (T = 293 °C, λ_{exc} = 365 nm).

4.11 Absorption and Emission of Compound 5a in EtOH

Table S11. Photophysical properties of compound 5a recorded in EtOH

Compound	λ _{max,abs} [nm] ^[a]	λ _{max,em} [nm] ^[b]	Stokes shift [nm]
5a	383	573	190

^[a]Recorded in EtOH, T = 293 K, $c = 6.5 \times 10^{-5}$ M. ^[b]Recorded in EtOH, T = 293 K, $c = 6.5 \times 10^{-6}$ M.



Figure S11. Normalized absorption and emission spectra for compound 5a in EtOH (T = 293 °C, λ_{exc} = 365 nm).

4.12 Absorption and Emission of Compound 5a in MeOH

Table S12. Photophysical properties of compound 5a recorded in MeOH

Compound	λ _{max,abs} [nm] ^[a]	λ _{max,em} [nm] ^[b]	Stokes shift [nm]
5a	381	573	192

^[a]Recorded in MeOH, T = 293 K, $c = 6.5 \times 10^{-5}$ M. ^[b]Recorded in MeOH, T = 293 K, $c = 6.5 \times 10^{-6}$ M.



Figure S12. Normalized absorption and emission spectra for compound 5a in MeOH (T = 293 °C, λ_{exc} = 365 nm).

4.13 Absorption and Emission of Compound 5a in CH₃COOH

Table S13. Photophysical properties of compound 5a recorded in CH₃COOH

Compound	λ _{max,abs} [nm] ^[a]	λ _{max,em} [nm] ^[b]	Stokes shift [nm]
5a	336	573	237

^[a]Recorded in CH₃COOH, T = 293 K, $c = 6.5 \times 10^{-5}$ M. ^[b]Recorded in CH₃COOH, T = 293 K, $c = 6.5 \times 10^{-6}$ M.



Figure S13. Normalized absorption and emission spectra for compound **5a** in **CH**₃**COOH** (T = 293 °C, λ_{exc} = 365 nm).

4.14 Absorption and Emission of Compound 5a in H₂O

Table S14. Photophysical properties of compound 5a recorded in H₂O

Compound	λ _{max,abs} [nm] ^[a]	λ _{max,em} [nm] ^[b]	Stokes shift [nm]
5a	387	573	186

^[a]Recorded in H₂O, T = 293 K, $c = 6.5 \times 10^{-5}$ M. ^[b]Recorded in H₂O, T = 293 K, $c = 6.5 \times 10^{-6}$ M.



Figure S14. Normalized absorption and emission spectra for compound 5a in H₂O (T = 293 °C, λ_{exc} = 365 nm).

4.15 Quantum Yield Data

The quantum yield for 5a in ethyl acetate was determined by using anthracene in ethyl acetate as a standard. Excitation occurred at 365 nm. The fluorescence of **5a** was integrated from 400 - 585 nm. The fluorescence of anthracene was integrated from 360 - 480 nm.^{S3, S4}



5. References

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- [S2] (a) T. Nanjo, C. Tsukano and Y. Takemoto, *Org Lett* 2012, **14**, 4270; (*b*) L. Saeifard, K. Amiri, F. Rominger, T. J. J Müller and S. Balalaie, *J Org Chem* 2023, **88**, 12519.
- [S3] T. J.Sisto, X.Tian and R. Jasti, J Org Chem 2012, 77, 5857.
- [S4] C. Würth, M. Grabolle, J. Pauli, M. Spieles and U. Resch-Genger, Nat. Protoc., 2013, 8, 1535.

6. X-Ray Crystallographic Analysis



Table S15.Crystal data and structure refinement for sba175sq (3d).

Identification code Empirical formula Formula weight Temperature Wavelength Crystal system Space group Z Unit cell dimensions	sba175sq C ₃₉ H ₄₇ N ₅ O ₃ 633.81 200(2) K 0.71073 Å monoclinic P2 ₁ /n 4 a = 12.7784(7) Å α = 90 deg. b = 25.7222(13) Å β = 116.4726(16) deg c = 12.0247(7) Å α = 90 deg.
Volume Density (calculated) Absorption coefficient Crystal shape Crystal size Crystal colour Theta range for data collection Index ranges Reflections collected Independent reflections Observed reflections Absorption correction Max. and min. transmission Refinement method Data/restraints/parameters Goodness-of-fit on F ² Final R indices (I>2sigma(I))	$c = 12.9347(7) \text{ A} \qquad \gamma = 90 \text{ deg.}$ $3805.7(4) \text{ Å}^{3}$ 1.11 g/cm^{3} 0.07 mm^{-1} brick $0.115 \times 0.086 \times 0.078 \text{ mm}^{3}$ orange $1.6 \text{ to } 25.1 \text{ deg.}$ $-15 \le h \le 15, -30 \le k \le 30, -15 \le l \le 15$ 33716 $6765 (\text{R(int)} = 0.0949)$ $3987 (\text{I} > 2\sigma(\text{I}))$ Semi-empirical from equivalents $0.96 \text{ and } 0.89$ Full-matrix least-squares on F ² $6765 / 408 / 446$ 1.03 R1 = 0.056, wR2 = 0.122 $0.17 \text{ and } 0.27 \text{ o}^{\frac{1}{3}}$

sba175sq: orange crystal (brick), dimensions 0.115 x 0.086 x 0.078 mm³, crystal system monoclinic, space group P2₁/n, Z=4, a=12.7784(7) Å, b=25.7222(13) Å, c=12.9347(7) Å, alpha=90 deg, beta=116.4726(16) deg, gamma=90 deg, V=3805.7(4) Å³, rho=1.106 g/cm³, T=200(2) K, Theta_{max}= 25.082 deg, radiation MoK α , lambda=0.71073 Å, 0.5 deg omega-scans with CCD area detector, covering the asymmetric unit in reciprocal space with a mean redundancy of 4.90and a completeness of 99.8% to a resolution of 0.84 Å, 33716 reflections measured, 6765

unique (R(int)=0.0949), 3987 observed (I > 2σ (I)), intensities were corrected for Lorentz and polarization effects, an empirical scaling and absorption correction was applied using SADABS^[1] based on the Laue symmetry of the reciprocal space, mu=0.07mm⁻¹, T_{min}=0.89, T_{max}=0.96, structure solved with SHELXT-2018/2 (Sheldrick 2015)^[2] and refined against F² with a Full-matrix least-squares algorithm using the SHELXL-2019/2 (Sheldrick, 2019) software^[3], 446 parameters refined, hydrogen atoms were treated using appropriate riding models, except H27 and H46 at the nitrogen atoms, which were refined isotropically, goodness of fit 1.03 for observed reflections, final residual values R1(F)=0.056, wR(F²)=0.122 for observed reflections, residual electron density -0.27 to 0.17 eÅ⁻³. CCDC 2401254 contains the supplementary crystallographic data for this paper. The data can be obtained free of charge from The Cambridge Crystallographic Data Centre via www.ccdc.cam.ac.uk/structures.

Lit. 1: (SADABS-2016/2 - Bruker AXS area detector scaling and absorption correction) Krause, L., Herbst-Irmer, R., Sheldrick G.M. & Stalke D., J. Appl. Cryst. 48 (2015) 3-10.

Lit. 2: (SHELXT - Integrated space-group and crystal structure determination) Sheldrick G. M., Acta Cryst. A71 (2015) 3-8.

Lit. 3: (program SHELXL-2018/3 (Sheldrick, 2018) for structure refinement) Sheldrick G. M., Acta Cryst. (2015). C71, 3-8

Lit. APEX, APEX2, SMART, SAINT, SAINT-Plus: Bruker (2007). "Program name(s)". Bruker AXS Inc., Madison, Wisconsin, USA.



Table S16. Crystal data and structure refinement for sba172sq (3j).

Identification code Empirical formula Formula weight Temperature Wavelength Crystal system Space group Z Unit cell dimensions	sba172sq $C_{35}H_{37}Cl_2N_5O_3$ 646.59 200(2) K 0.71073 Å triclinic P $\overline{1}$ 2 a = 10.6620(5) Å b = 10.8755(5) Å	α = 81.0768(10) deg. β = 84.1741(10) deg.
Volume	c = 19.5715(10) Å 2015.06(17) Å ³	$\gamma = 64.0858(9) \text{ deg.}$

Density (calculated)	1.07 g/cm ³
Absorption coefficient	0.20 mm ⁻¹
Crystal shape	brick
Crystal size	0.110 x 0.087 x 0.052 mm ³
Crystal colour	orange
Theta range for data collection	2.1 to 26.8 deg.
Index ranges	-13 \leq h \leq 13, -13 \leq k \leq 13, -24 \leq l \leq 24
Reflections collected	36449
Independent reflections	8617 (R(int) = 0.0365)
Observed reflections	5964 (l > 2 σ (l))
Absorption correction	Semi-empirical from equivalents
Max. and min. transmission	0.96 and 0.93
Refinement method	Full-matrix least-squares on F ²
Data/restraints/parameters	8617 / 0 / 415
Goodness-of-fit on F ²	1 04
Final R indices (I>2sigma(I))	R1 = 0.053, wR2 = 0.137
Largest diff. peak and hole	0.59 and -0.39 eÅ ⁻³

sba172sq: orange crystal (brick), dimensions 0.110 x 0.087 x 0.052 mm³, crystal system triclinic, space group P $\overline{1}$, Z=2, a=10.6620(5) Å, b=10.8755(5) Å, c=19.5715(10) Å, alpha=81.0768(10) deg, beta=84.1741(10) deg, gamma=64.0858(9) deg, V=2015.06(17) Å³, rho=1.066 g/cm³, T=200(2) K, Theta_{max}= 26.811 deg, radiation MoK α , lambda=0.71073 Å, 0.5 deg omega-scans with CCD area detector, covering the asymmetric unit in reciprocal space with a mean redundancy of 4.22and a completeness of 99.8% to a resolution of 0.79 Å, 36449 reflections measured, 8617 unique (R(int)=0.0365), 5964 observed (I > 2 σ (I)), intensities were corrected for Lorentz and polarization effects, an empirical scaling and absorption correction was applied using SADABS^[1] based on the Laue symmetry of the reciprocal space, mu=0.20mm⁻¹, T_{min}=0.93, T_{max}=0.96, structure solved with SHELXT-2018/2 (Sheldrick 2015)^[2] and refined against F² with a Full-matrix least-squares algorithm using the SHELXL-2018/3 (Sheldrick, 2018) software^[3], 415 parameters refined, hydrogen atoms were treated using appropriate riding models, goodness of fit 1.04 for observed reflections, final residual values R1(F)=0.053, wR(F²)=0.137 for observed reflections, residual electron density -0.39 to 0.59 eÅ⁻³. CCDC 2401253 contains the supplementary crystallographic data for this paper. The data can be obtained free of charge from The Cambridge Crystallographic Data Centre via www.ccdc.cam.ac.uk/structures.

Lit. 1: (SADABS-2016/2 - Bruker AXS area detector scaling and absorption correction) Krause, L., Herbst-Irmer, R., Sheldrick G.M. & Stalke D., J. Appl. Cryst. 48 (2015) 3-10.

Lit. 2: (SHELXT - Integrated space-group and crystal structure determination) Sheldrick G. M., Acta Cryst. A71 (2015) 3-8.

Lit. 3: (program SHELXL-2018/3 (Sheldrick, 2018) for structure refinement) Sheldrick G. M., Acta Cryst. (2015). C71, 3-8

Lit. APEX, APEX2, SMART, SAINT, SAINT-Plus: Bruker (2007). "Program name(s)". Bruker AXS Inc., Madison, Wisconsin, USA.



7. ¹H-NMR, ¹³C-NMR, and HRMS-ESI of unknown compounds

Figure S15. ¹H NMR 1a.






















S40











Figure S26. HRMS-ESI 1d.









Figure S29. HRMS-ESI 1e.









---- 55.4828



Figure S32. HRMS-ESI 1f.







S51











Figure S38. HRMS-ESI 1h.









Figure S41. HRMS-ESI 1i.















Supporting Information







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Figure S49. ¹³C NMR 3b.



Figure S50. HRMS-ESI 3b.
















Figure S56. HRMS-ESI 3d.







Supporting Information



Figure S59. HRMS-ESI 3e.







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Supporting Information



Figure S62. HRMS-ESI 3f.







Supporting Information







Supporting Information









Figure S71. HRMS-ESI 3i.

Supporting Information





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Figure S74. HRMS-ESI 3j.







Figure S77. HRMS-ESI 4a.





Figure S79. ¹³C NMR 4b.







Figure S82. ¹³C NMR 5a.



Figure S83. HRMS-ESI 5a.







2.4136 2.3642 2.1451 2.1110 2.0870 2.0742



98.8068





Supporting Information



Figure S86. HRMS-ESI 5b.





160.8684 160.3912 157.3159	150.9711 148.3279	141.5759 140.7856 133.8022 133.8022 130.2367 130.222 130.0223 130.0223 130.0223 130.0223 130.0223 130.0223 130.0223 120.6314 122.7762 121.3963 121.3963	110.5615 107.6668 106.6861 103.8607 103.4203 99.5109 98.2382
V I			1 57 57 51

 $< \frac{55.3438}{55.1508}$







Figure S89. HRMS-ESI 5c.













— 21.7348 — 19.4182


Figure S92. HRMS-ESI 5d.







Figure S95. HRMS-ESI 5e.



S113

149.7600	141.2980 141.2254	136.0923 130.0621 129.7156 129.3514 128.8993 128.8993 128.8392 128.6393 128.6393 128.6393 125.55181 127.55181 127.55181 125.3333 125.6323 125.5323 125.6323	99.5135
	\vee		





Supporting Information



Figure S98. HRMS-ESI 5f.



148.6879	143.0381 141.3294	136.5862 129.3490 128.2343 128.2343 128.2343 128.1284 128.1694 128.1694 125.4340 125.4340 125.4340 125.4340 125.4340 125.4340 125.4360 121.0580 122.0580 122.0580 122.0580 122.0580 122.0580 125.05800 125.05800 125.05800 125.05800 125.0580000000000000000000000000000000000	100.5294
	11		









Figure S101. HRMS-ESI 5g.









Figure S104. HRMS-ESI 5h.







Supporting Information



Figure S107. HRMS-ESI 5i.