

Synthesis of *S*-Allylic Sulfinamides by the Catalytic Nucleophilic Allylation of *N*-Sulfinylamines

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1. General Information

Reagents and Solvents. All commercially available reagents were used as received unless otherwise stated.

Chromatography. Thin layer chromatography (TLC) was performed on Merck DF-Alufoilien 60F254 0.2 mm precoated plates. Compounds were visualized by exposure to UV light or by dipping the plates into solutions of potassium permanganate followed by gentle heating. Column chromatography was carried out using a Biotage Isolera 4 fitted with Agela Claricep silica gel disposable flash columns.

Melting Points. Melting points were recorded on a Gallenkamp melting point apparatus and are uncorrected. The solvent of recrystallization is reported in parentheses.

IR Spectra. Infrared (IR) spectra were recorded on a Bruker platinum alpha FTIR spectrometer on the neat compound using the attenuated total refraction technique.

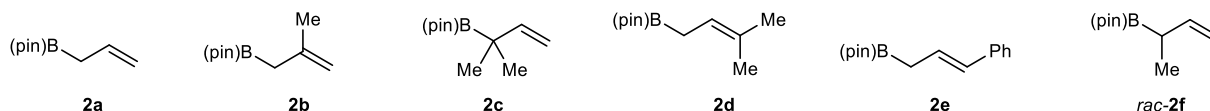
NMR Spectra. NMR spectra were acquired on Bruker Ascend 400 or Ascend 500 spectrometers. ^1H and ^{13}C NMR spectra were referenced to external tetramethylsilane via the residual protonated solvent (^1H) or the solvent itself (^{13}C). ^{19}F NMR spectra were referenced through the solvent lock (^2H) signal according to the IUPAC-recommended secondary referencing method following Bruker protocols. All chemical shifts are reported in parts per million (ppm). For CDCl_3 , the shifts are referenced to 7.26 ppm for ^1H NMR spectroscopy and 77.16 ppm for ^{13}C NMR spectroscopy. ^{13}C NMR Assignments were made using the DEPT sequence with secondary pulses at 90° and 135° or using 2D NMR spectroscopy techniques including HSQC and HMBC. Coupling constants (J) are quoted to the nearest 0.1 Hz.

Mass Spectra. High-resolution mass spectra were recorded using electrospray ionization (ESI) and electron ionization (EI) techniques.

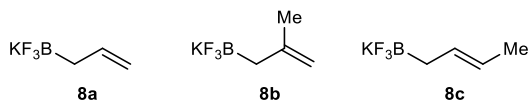
X-ray Crystallography. Single crystal X-ray diffraction data for compound **3af** were collected on an Oxford Diffraction GV1000 instrument, (AtlasS2 CCD area detector, mirror-monochromated $\text{Cu-K}\alpha$ radiation source; $\lambda = 1.54184 \text{ \AA}$, ω scans). Single crystals were selected, mounted using Fomblin® (YR-1800 perfluoropolyether oil) on a polymer-tipped MiTeGen MicroMount™, and cooled rapidly to 120 K in a stream of cold N_2 using an Oxford Cryosystems open flow cryostat.¹ Cell parameters were refined from the observed positions of all strong reflections and absorption corrections were applied using a Gaussian numerical method with beam profile correction (CrysAlisPro).² Structures were solved within Olex2³ by dual space iterative methods (SHELXT)⁴ and all non-hydrogen atoms refined by full-matrix least-squares on all unique F2 values with anisotropic displacement parameters

(SHELXL).⁵ Hydrogen atoms were refined both freely and with constrained riding geometries and thermal parameters linked to Uiso of their parent atoms. The structure was checked with checkCIF (<http://checkcif.iucr.org>). CCDC 2475361 contains the data for compound **3af**. These data can be obtained free of charge from The Cambridge Crystallographic Data Centre via www.ccdc.cam.ac.uk/data_request/cif.

2. Synthesis of Allylboron Compounds

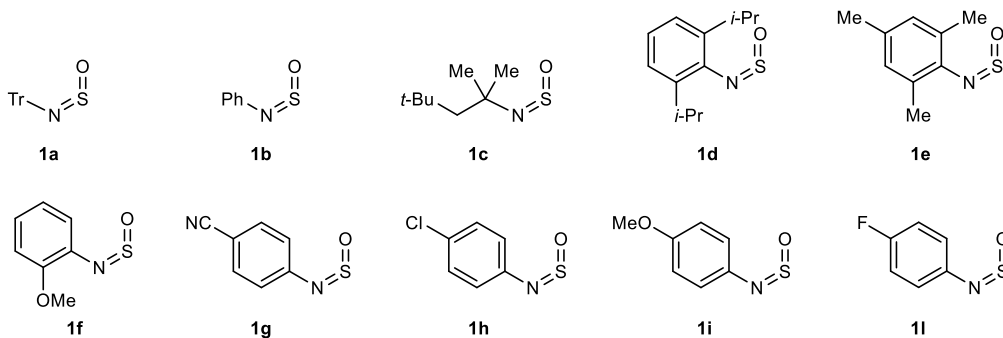


Allylboronate **2a** is commercially available. Allylboronates **2b–2d**,⁶ **2e**,⁷ and *rac*-**2f**⁶ were prepared following previously reported procedures.



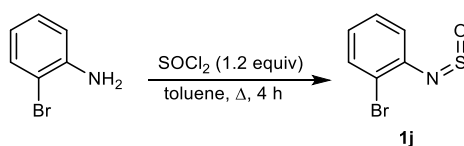
Potassium allyltrifluoroborate (**8a**) is commercially available. Potassium allyltrifluoroborates **8a**⁸ and **8c**⁹ were prepared following previously reported procedures.

3. Synthesis of *N*-Sulfinylamines



N-Sulfinylamine **1b** is commercially available. *N*-Sulfinylamines **1a**,¹⁰ **1c**,¹¹ **1d**,¹² **1e**,¹³ **1f**,¹⁴ **1g**,¹⁵ **1h**,¹⁵ **1i**,¹³ and **1j**¹⁵ were prepared according to previously reported procedures.

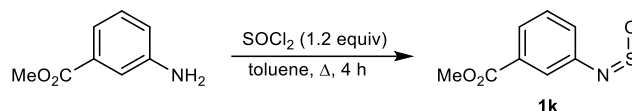
(2-Bromophenyl)imino)- λ^4 -sulfanone (**1j**)



To a solution of 2-bromoaniline (660 μ L, 5.81 mmol) in toluene (10 mL) at 0 °C was added SOCl_2 (509 μ L, 6.97 mmol). The mixture was heated to reflux for 4 h, cooled to room temperature, and concentrated *in vacuo*.

to leave *N*-sulfinylamine **1j** (705 mg, 56%) as a dark green oil. IR 3062, 1579, 1460, 1437, 1300, 1168, 1019, 754, 656, 465 cm^{-1} ; ^1H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 8.34 (1H, dd, $J = 8.1, 1.6$ Hz, ArH), 7.69 (1H, dd, $J = 8.1, 1.4$ Hz, ArH), 7.36 (1H, td, $J = 7.7, 1.5$ Hz, ArH), 7.23 (1H, td, $J = 7.7, 1.6$ Hz, ArH); ^{13}C NMR (101 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 141.0 (C), 133.7 (CH), 131.2 (CH), 128.6 (CH), 128.3 (CH), 120.4 (C); HRMS (EI) Exact mass calculated for $[\text{C}_6\text{H}_4\text{NOSBr}]^+$: 216.9192, found 216.9162.

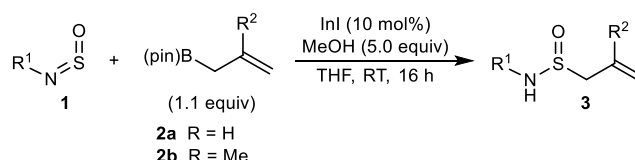
Methyl 3-[(oxo- λ^4 -sulfaneylidene)amino]benzoate (**1k**)



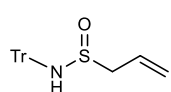
To a solution of methyl-3-aminobenzoate (1.20 g, 8.00 mmol) in toluene (10 mL) at 0 °C was added SOCl_2 (707 μL , 9.60 mmol). The mixture was heated to reflux for 4 h, cooled to room temperature, and concentrated *in vacuo* to leave *N*-sulfinylamine **1k** (1.53 g, 97%) as a brown solid. m.p. 105–108 °C (Et_2O); IR 2953, 1721, 1438, 1297, 1258, 1160, 1107, 914, 816, 680 cm^{-1} ; ^1H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 8.39 (1H, t, $J = 1.8$ Hz, ArH), 8.05 (2H, ddq, $J = 7.9, 2.0, 1.2$ Hz, ArH), 7.50 (1H, t, $J = 7.9$ Hz, ArH), 3.93 (3H, s, CH_3); ^{13}C NMR (101 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 166.0 (C), 142.5 (C), 131.4 (CH), 131.2 (CH), 129.6 (C), 128.0 (CH), 120.0 (CH), 52.6 (CH_3).

4. Indium-Catalyzed Nucleophilic Allylation of *N*-Sulfinylamines

General Procedure A



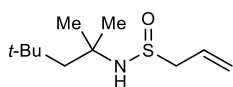
A solution of the *N*-sulfinylamine **1** (0.25 mmol) and InI (6.0 mg, 0.025 mmol) in anhydrous THF (1 mL) was heated at 50 °C until the mixture became homogenous. The mixture was cooled to room temperature and the allylboronate **2** (0.275 mmol) was added, followed by MeOH (51.0 μL , 1.25 mmol). The reaction was stirred at room temperature for 16 h, concentrated *in vacuo*, and the residue was purified by column chromatography on silica gel (pentane to 40% EtOAc/pentane) to give the desired *S*-allylic sulfinamide **3**.



***N*-Tritylprop-2-ene-1-sulfinamide (3aa).** General Procedure A was followed using

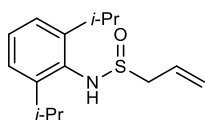
N-sulfinylamine **1a** (76 mg, 0.25 mmol) and allylboronate **2a** (51.6 μL , 0.275 mmol) to give *sulfinamide* **3aa** (63 mg, 73%) as a white solid. $R_f = 0.43$ (40% EtOAc/pentane); m.p. 143–145 °C (Et_2O); IR 3146, 2923, 2853, 1597, 1490, 1200, 1160, 964, 934, 697 cm^{-1} ; ^1H NMR (500

MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.36–7.26 (15H, m, ArH), 6.01 (1H, dddd, J = 17.1, 10.2, 9.1, 6.0 Hz, CH=CH₂), 5.50 (1H, dd, J = 10.1, 1.6 Hz, =CH_aH_b), 5.28 (1H, dd, J = 17.2, 1.4 Hz, =CH_aH_b), 5.02 (1H, s, NH), 3.52 (1H, app ddt, J = 12.6, 5.9, 1.1 Hz, SCH_aH_b), 2.99 (1H, dd, J = 12.7, 9.0 Hz, SCH_aH_b); ¹³C NMR (126 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 145.0 (3 \times C), 129.2 (6 \times CH), 128.2 (6 \times CH), 127.5 (3 \times CH), 125.8 (CH), 124.3 (CH₂), 72.7 (C), 59.8 (CH₂); HRMS (ESI) Exact mass calculated for [C₂₂H₂₁NOSNa]⁺ [M+Na]⁺: 370.1236, found 370.1234.



***N*-(2,4,4-Trimethylpentan-2-yl)prop-2-ene-1-sulfonamide (3ca).** General

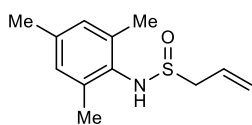
Procedure A was followed using *N*-sulfinylamine **1c** (46 mg, 0.25 mmol) and allylboronate **2a** (51.6 μ L, 0.275 mmol) but with the following modification: After stirring for 16 h, saturated aqueous NaHCO₃ solution (10 mL) was added, and the mixture was extracted with CH₂Cl₂ (3 \times 10 mL). The combined organic layers were dried (MgSO₄), filtered, and concentrated *in vacuo*. Purification of the residue by column chromatography on alumina (pentane to 40% EtOAc/pentane) gave *sulfonamide* **3ca** (25 mg, 46%) as a brown oil, R_f = 0.45 (40% EtOAc/pentane); IR; 3197, 2952, 2924, 1673, 1509, 1367, 1045, 968, 923, 529 cm⁻¹; ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 5.94 (1H, dddd, J = 17.2, 10.2, 8.8, 6.2 Hz, CH=CH₂), 5.50–5.45 (1H, m, =CH_aH_b), 5.33 (1H, dq, J = 17.1, 1.2 Hz, =CH_aH_b), 3.71 (1H, s, NH), 3.53 (1H, ddt, J = 12.7, 6.2, 1.2 Hz, SCH_aH_b), 3.25 (1H, dd, J = 12.7, 8.8 Hz, SCH_aH_b), 1.38 (3H, s, CH₃CNH), 1.37 (3H, s, CH₃CNH), 1.59 (1H, d, J = 14.9 Hz, *t*-BuCH_aH_b), 1.52 (1H, d, J = 14.9 Hz, *t*-BuCH_aH_b), 1.00 (9H, s, C(CH₃)₃); ¹³C NMR (100.6 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 126.0 (CH), 123.6 (CH₂), 60.0 (CH₂), 57.9 (C), 56.2 (CH₂), 32.4 (CH₃), 31.9 (3 \times CH₃), 29.7 (CH₃), 25.0 (C); HRMS (ESI) Exact mass calculated for [C₁₁H₂₄NOS]⁺ [M+H]⁺: 218.1573, found 218.1572.



***N*-(2,6-Diisopropylphenyl)prop-2-ene-1-sulfonamide (3da).** General Procedure

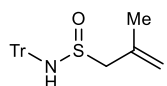
A was followed using *N*-sulfinylamine **1d** (56 mg, 0.25 mmol) and allylboronate **2a** (51.6 μ L, 0.275 mmol) to give *sulfonamide* **3da** (45 mg, 68%) as a white solid. R_f = 0.45 (40% EtOAc/pentane); m.p. 114–117 °C (Et₂O); IR 3172, 2963, 2866, 1443, 1332, 990, 930, 749, 641, 421 cm⁻¹; ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.22–7.19 (1H, m, ArH), 7.15–7.14 (2H, m, ArH), 6.16 (1H, dddd, J = 17.2, 10.2, 8.9, 6.1 Hz, CH=CH₂), 5.63–5.61 (2H, m, =CH_aH_b and NH), 5.52 (1H, dd, J = 17.1, 1.3 Hz, =CH_aH_b), 3.81 (1H, dd, J = 12.5, 12.4 Hz, SCH_aH_b), 3.58 (1H, dd, J = 12.8, 9.0 Hz, SCH_aH_b), 3.33 (2H, hept, J = 6.9 Hz, 2 \times CH(CH₃)₂), 1.23 (6H, d, J = 6.8 Hz, CH(CH₃)₂), 1.20 (6H, d, J = 6.9 Hz, CH(CH₃)₂); ¹³C NMR (126 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 145.1 (2 \times C), 134.0 (C), 127.1 (CH), 125.4 (CH), 124.4 (CH₂), 123.9 (2 \times CH), 59.8 (CH₂), 28.2 (CH), 24.1 (CH), 23.8

(4 × CH₃); HRMS (ESI) Exact mass calculated for [C₁₅H₂₄NOS]⁺ [M+H]⁺: 266.1573, found 266.1570.



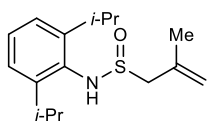
N-Mesitylprop-2-ene-1-sulfonamide (3ea). General Procedure A was followed using *N*-sulfynylamine **1e** (45 mg, 0.25 mmol) and allylboronate **2a** (51.6 μL, 0.275 mmol) but with the following modification: After stirring for

16 h, saturated aqueous NaHCO₃ solution (10 mL) was added, and the mixture was extracted with CH₂Cl₂ (3 × 10 mL). The combined organic layers were dried (MgSO₄), filtered, and concentrated *in vacuo*. Purification of the residue by column chromatography on alumina (pentane to 40% EtOAc/pentane) gave *sulfonamide 3ea* (35 mg, 63%) as a yellow solid. R_f = 0.40 (40% EtOAc/pentane); m.p. 139–142 °C (Et₂O); IR 3173, 2917, 1638, 1480, 1148, 1039, 848, 638. 560, 446 cm⁻¹; ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 6.86 (2H, s, ArH), 6.12 (1H, dddd, *J* = 17.3, 10.3, 8.9, 6.1 Hz, CH=CH₂), 5.60–5.57 (1H, m, =CH_aH_b), 5.52–5.47 (1H, m, =CH_aH_b), 5.46 (1H, br s, NH), 3.76 (1H, ddt, *J* = 12.8, 6.1, 1.2 Hz, SCH_aH_b), 3.55 (1H, dd, *J* = 12.8, 8.9 Hz, SCH_aH_b), 2.28 (6H, s, 2 × ArCH₃), 2.24 (3H, s, ArCH₃); ¹³C NMR (100.6 MHz CDCl₃) δ 135.8 (C), 134.4 (C), 133.7 (C), 129.6 (2 × CH), 125.4 (CH), 124.4 (CH₂), 59.7 (CH₂), 20.9 (CH₃), 19.1 (2 × CH₃); HRMS (ESI) Exact mass calculated for [C₁₂H₁₇NOSNa]⁺ [M+Na]⁺: 246.0923, found 246.0923.



2-Methyl-N-tritylprop-2-ene-1-sulfonamide (3ab). General Procedure A was followed using *N*-sulfynylamine **1a** (76 mg, 0.25 mmol) and allylboronate **2b** (50.0 mg, 0.275 mmol) to give *sulfonamide 3ab* (51 mg, 56%) as a white solid. R_f = 0.33

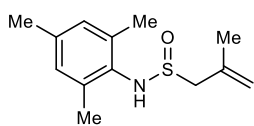
(40% EtOAc/pentane); m.p. 134–138 °C (Et₂O); IR 3170, 1492, 1429, 1034, 1009, 914, 755, 698, 566, 434 cm⁻¹; ¹H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.36–7.27 (15H, m, ArH), 5.11 (1H, t, *J* = 1.6 Hz, =CH_aH_b), 5.03 (1H, s, NH), 4.87 (1H, s, =CH_aH_b), 3.39 (1H, dd, *J* = 12.4, 0.9 Hz, SCH_aH_b), 3.17 (1H, dd, *J* = 12.4, 0.8 Hz, SCH_aH_b), 1.86 (3H, s, CH₃); ¹³C NMR (126 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 145.1 (3 × C), 136.3 (C), 129.2 (6 × CH), 128.2 (6 × CH), 127.5 (3 × CH), 118.4 (CH₂), 72.8 (C), 65.0 (CH₂), 23.9 (CH₃); HRMS (ESI) Exact mass calculated for [C₂₃H₂₃NOSNa]⁺ [M+Na]⁺: 384.1393 found 384.1386.



N-(2,6-Diisopropylphenyl)-2-methylprop-2-ene-1-sulfonamide (3db). General Procedure A was followed using *N*-sulfynylamine **1d** (56 mg, 0.25 mmol) and allylboronate **2b** (50.1 mg, 0.275 mmol) to give *sulfonamide 3db* (44 mg, 63%) as

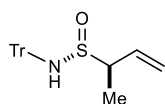
a white solid. R_f = 0.36 (40% EtOAc/pentane); m.p. 122–125 °C (Et₂O); IR 3178, 2963, 2496, 1460, 1444, 1380, 1057, 896, 749, 428 cm⁻¹; ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.22–7.19 (1H, m, ArH), 7.15–

7.13 (2H, m, ArH), 5.62 (1H, s, NH), 5.25 (1H, t, $J = 1.5$ Hz, =CH_aH_b), 5.10 (1H, dt, $J = 1.8, 1.0$ Hz, =CH_aH_b), 3.73 (1H, dd, $J = 12.5, 0.9$ Hz, SCH_aH_b), 3.60 (1H, dd, $J = 12.5, 0.8$ Hz, SCH_aH_b), 3.35 (2H, hept, $J = 6.8$ Hz, $2 \times \text{CH}(\text{CH}_3)_2$), 1.57 (s, 3H, CH₂CCH₃), 1.22 (6H, d, $J = 6.7$ Hz, CH(CH₃)₂), 1.21 (6H, d, $J = 6.8$ Hz, CH(CH₃)₂); ¹³C NMR (100.6 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 145.2 (C), 135.7 (C), 134.1 (C), 127.2 (2 \times C), 123.9 (2 \times CH), 118.8 (CH₂), 64.9 (CH₂), 28.2 (2 \times CH), 24.2 (2 \times CH₃), 24.0 (CH₃), 23.8 (2 \times CH₃); HRMS (ESI) Exact mass calculated for [C₁₆H₂₆NOS]⁺ [M+H]⁺: 280.1730, found 280.1733.



***N*-Mesityl-2-methylprop-2-ene-1-sulfinamide (3eb).** General Procedure A was followed using *N*-sulfinylamine **3e** (45 mg, 0.25 mmol) and allylboronate **2b** (50.1 mg, 0.275 mmol) to give *sulfinamide* **3eb** (35 mg, 59%) as a white solid.

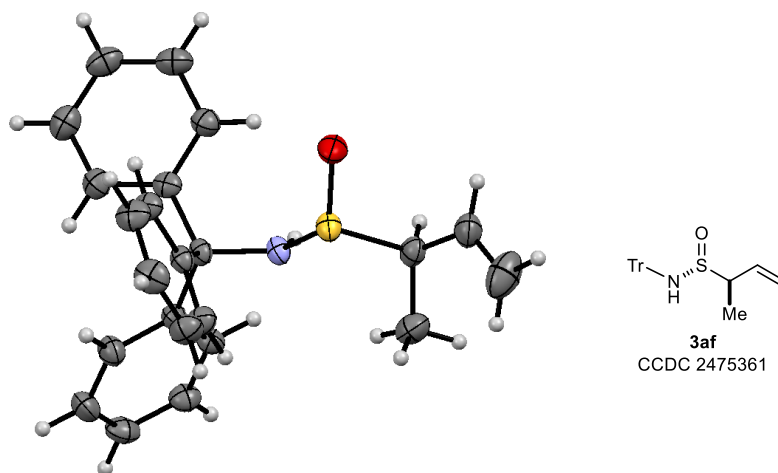
$R_f = 0.41$ (40% EtOAc/pentane); m.p. 123–127 °C (Et₂O); IR 3168, 2916, 1476, 1148, 1045, 896, 727, 638, 564, 501 cm⁻¹; ¹H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 6.89 (2H s, ArH), 5.52 (1H, s, NH), 5.26 (1H, t, $J = 1.6$ Hz, =CH_aH_b), 5.13–4.92 (1H, m, =CH_aH_b), 3.71 (1H, dd, $J = 12.6, 0.8$ Hz, SCH_aH_b), 3.58 (1H, dd, $J = 12.6, 0.8$ Hz, SCH_aH_b), 2.31 (6H, s, $2 \times \text{ArCH}_3$), 2.27 (3H, s, ArCH₃), 2.05 (3H, d, $J = 1.2$ Hz, CH₂CCH₃); ¹³C NMR (126 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 135.8 (C), 135.6 (C), 134.5 (2 \times C), 129.6 (C and 2 \times CH), 118.9 (CH₂), 64.5 (CH₂), 24.1 (CH₃), 20.8 (CH₃), 18.1 (2 \times CH₃); HRMS (ESI) Exact mass calculated for [C₁₃H₂₀NOS] [M+H]⁺: 238.1260, found 238.1260.



(±)-(R,2R)-N-Tritylbut-3-ene-2-sulfinamide (3af). General Procedure A was followed using *N*-sulfinylamine **1a** (76 mg, 0.25 mmol) and allylboronate *rac*-**2f** (54.6 mg, 0.275 mmol) but with the following modification: After stirring for 16 h, saturated aqueous NaHCO₃ solution (10 mL) was added, and the mixture was extracted with CH₂Cl₂ (3 \times 10 mL).

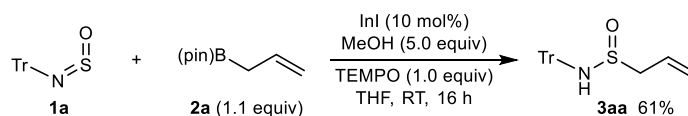
The combined organic layers were dried (MgSO₄), filtered, and concentrated *in vacuo*. Purification of the residue by column chromatography on alumina (pentane to 40% EtOAc/pentane) gave *sulfinamide* **3af** (40 mg, 44%) as a white solid. $R_f = 0.40$ (40% EtOAc/pentane); m.p. 142–145 °C (Et₂O); IR 3169, 2977, 1596, 1491, 1370, 1155, 1060, 1030, 955, 696 cm⁻¹; ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.36–7.27 (15H, m, ArH), 5.86 (1H, dt, $J = 17.2, 9.9$ Hz, CH=CH₂), 5.45 (1H, dd, $J = 10.2, 1.7$ Hz, =CH_aH_b), 5.18 (1H, ddd, $J = 17.2, 1.7, 0.7$ Hz, =CH_aH_b), 4.96 (1H, s, NH), 2.73 (1H, dq, $J = 9.6, 7.0$ Hz, CH₃CH), 1.31 (3H, d, $J = 6.9$ Hz, CH₃); ¹³C NMR (100.6 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 145.3 (3 \times C), 132.3 (CH), 129.2 (6 \times CH), 128.2 (6 \times CH), 127.5 (3 \times CH), 122.1 (CH₂), 72.5 (C), 62.7 (CH), 15.8 (CH₃); HRMS (ESI) mass calculated for [C₂₃H₂₃NOSNa]⁺ [M+Na]⁺: 384.1393, found 384.1382.

Slow diffusion of MeOH into a solution of **3af** in CDCl₃ gave crystals suitable for X-ray crystallography:



ORTEP with ellipsoid probabilities at 50%

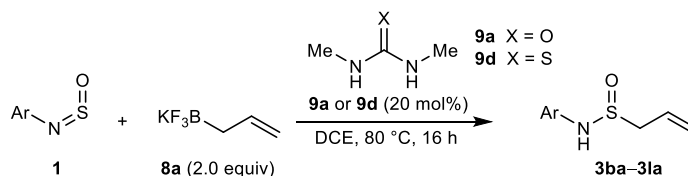
5. Reaction of **1a** and **2a** in the Presence of the Radical Scavenger TEMPO



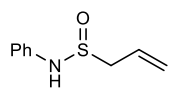
A solution of the *N*-sulfonylamine (**1a**, 46 mg, 0.15 mmol) and InI (3.6 mg, 0.015 mmol) in anhydrous THF (0.5 mL) was heated at 50 °C until the mixture became homogenous. The mixture was cooled to room temperature and the allylboronate **2a** (31.0 μL, 0.165 mmol) was added, followed by MeOH (30.3 μL, 0.750 mmol), and TEMPO (23 mg, 0.15 mmol). The reaction was stirred at room temperature for 16 h, concentrated *in vacuo*, and the residue was purified by column chromatography on silica gel (pentane to 40% EtOAc/pentane) to give the desired *S*-allylic sulfonamide **3aa** as a white solid (32 mg, 61%). For the spectroscopic characterization data of **3aa**, see section 4 above.

6. (Thio)urea-Catalyzed Nucleophilic Allylation of *N*-Sulfonylamines

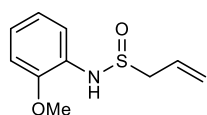
General Procedure B



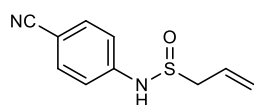
A solution of the *N*-sulfonylamine **1** (0.25 mmol), potassium allyltrifluoroborate (**4a**, 74 mg, 0.50 mmol), and **9a** or **9d** (0.05 mmol) in DCE (1 mL) was heated at reflux for 16 h. The reaction was cooled to room temperature, filtered through a plug of silica using EtOAc as eluent, and concentrated *in vacuo*. Purification of the residue by column chromatography (cyclohexane to 60% EtOAc/cyclohexane) gave the desired *S*-allylic sulfonamide **3**.



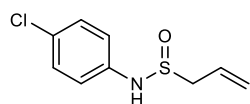
***N*-Phenylprop-2-ene-1-sulfinamide (3ba).** General Procedure B was followed using *N*-sulfinylamine **1b** (28.1 μ L, 0.25 mmol) and *N,N'*-dimethylurea (**9a**, 4.4 mg, 0.05 mmol) to give sulfinamide **3ba** (30 mg, 66%) as a yellow oil. R_f = 0.27 (40% EtOAc/pentane); IR 3162, 2959, 1637, 1600, 1496, 1177, 1053, 930, 884, 692 cm^{-1} ; ^1H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 7.32–7.14 (2H, m, ArH), 7.14–6.89 (3H, m, ArH), 6.46 (1H, s, NH), 6.02–5.91 (1H, m, CH=CH₂), 5.53 (1H, dt, J = 10.3, 1.6 Hz, =CH_aH_b), 5.44 (1H, dt, J = 17.1, 1.3 Hz, =CH_aH_b), 3.92–3.60 (1H, m, SCH_aH_b), 3.57 (1H, dd, J = 12.9, 8.5 Hz, SCH_aH_b); ^{13}C NMR (101 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 140.8 (C), 129.7 (2 \times CH), 125.3 (CH), 124.6 (CH₂), 123.7 (CH), 119.1 (2 \times CH), 59.2 (CH₂); HRMS (ESI) Exact mass calculated for $[\text{C}_9\text{H}_{11}\text{NOSNa}]^+ [\text{M}+\text{Na}]^+$: 204.0454, found 204.0449. The spectroscopic data are consistent with those reported previously.¹⁶



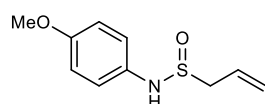
***N*-(2-Methoxyphenyl)prop-2-ene-1-sulfinamide (3fa).** General Procedure B was followed using *N*-sulfinylamine **1f** (42 mg, 0.25 mmol) and *N,N'*-dimethylurea (**9a**, 4.4 mg, 0.05 mmol) to give sulfinamide **3fa** (37 mg, 70%) as a brown oil. R_f = 0.33 (40% EtOAc/pentane); IR 3204, 2923, 1597, 1501, 1464, 1290, 1250, 1060, 1026, 745 cm^{-1} ; ^1H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 7.23 (1H, dd, J = 7.7, 1.7 Hz, ArH), 6.98 (1H, td, J = 7.7, 1.7 Hz, ArH), 6.91 (1H, td, J = 7.7, 1.5 Hz, ArH), 6.86 (1H, dd, J = 8.0, 1.5 Hz, ArH), 6.51 (1H, s, NH), 6.00 (1H, dddd, J = 16.8, 10.2, 8.6, 6.4 Hz, CH=CH₂), 5.55 (1H, dd, J = 10.2, 1.4 Hz, =CH_aH_b), 5.46 (1H, dq, J = 17.2, 1.4 Hz, =CH_aH_b), 3.85 (3H, s, OCH₃), 3.77 (1H, dd, J = 12.9, 6.4 Hz, SCH_aH_b), 3.55 (1H, dd, J = 12.9, 8.6 Hz, SCH_aH_b); ^{13}C NMR (101 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 149.0 (C), 130.5 (C), 125.3 (CH), 124.4 (CH₂), 123.3 (CH), 121.3 (CH), 117.5 (CH), 111.0 (CH), 59.3 (CH₂), 55.9 (CH₃); HRMS (ESI) Exact mass calculated for $[\text{C}_{10}\text{H}_{13}\text{NOSNa}]^+ [\text{M}+\text{Na}]^+$: 234.0559, found 234.0559.



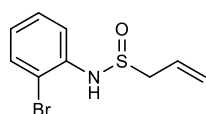
***N*-(4-Cyanophenyl)prop-2-ene-1-sulfinamide (3ga).** General Procedure B was followed using *N*-sulfinylamine **1g** (41 mg, 0.25 mmol) and *N,N'*-dimethylurea (**9a**, 4.4 mg, 0.05 mmol) to give sulfinamide **3ga** (33 mg, 64%) as a yellow oil. R_f = 0.31 (40% EtOAc/pentane); IR 3367, 3230, 2924, 2212, 1627, 1604, 1515, 1316, 1173, 830, 545 cm^{-1} ; ^1H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 7.55 (2H, d, J = 8.7 Hz, ArH), 7.17–6.89 (2H, m, ArH), 6.82 (1H, s, NH), 5.96 (1H, dddd, J = 16.8, 10.2, 8.5, 6.4 Hz, CH=CH₂), 5.59 (1H, dd, J = 10.2, 1.2 Hz, =CH_aH_b), 5.48 (1H, dq, J = 17.2, 1.3 Hz, =CH_aH_b), 3.83 (1H, ddt, J = 13.0, 6.4, 1.0 Hz, SCH_aH_b), 3.60 (1H, dd, J = 13.0, 8.5 Hz, SCH_aH_b); ^{13}C NMR (101 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 145.5 (C), 133.9 (CH), 125.4 (CH₂), 124.6 (CH), 118.9 (C), 117.6 (2 \times CH), 106.1 (C), 59.3 (CH₂); HRMS (ESI) Exact mass calculated for $[\text{C}_{10}\text{H}_{11}\text{NOS}]^+ [\text{M}+\text{H}]^+$: 207.0587, found 207.0581.

***N*-(4-Chlorophenyl)prop-2-ene-1-sulfonamide (3ha).** General Procedure B

was followed using *N*-sulfnylamine **1h** (43 mg, 0.25 mmol) and *N,N'*-dimethyurea (**9a**, 4.4 mg, 0.05 mmol) to give *sulfonamide* **3ha** (26 mg, 48%) as a yellow oil. $R_f = 0.22$ (40% EtOAc/pentane); IR 3126, 3044, 1636, 1594, 1490, 1271, 1052, 1037, 931, 512 cm^{-1} ; ^1H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 7.23–7.19 (2H, m, ArH), 6.97–6.93 (2H, m, ArH), 6.22 (1H, s, NH), 5.95 (1H, dddd, $J = 16.8, 10.2, 8.4, 6.4$ Hz, $\text{CH}=\text{CH}_2$), 5.53 (1H, dd, $J = 10.2, 1.4$ Hz, $=\text{CH}_a\text{H}_b$), 5.44 (1H, dd, $J = 17.2, 1.3$ Hz, $=\text{CH}_a\text{H}_b$), 3.71 (1H, ddt, $J = 13.0, 6.3, 1.1$ Hz, SCH_aH_b), 3.57 (1H, dd, $J = 13.0, 8.5$ Hz, SCH_aH_b); ^{13}C NMR (100.6 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 139.6 (C), 129.6 ($2 \times \text{CH}$), 128.8 (C), 125.2 (CH), 124.7 (CH_2), 120.2 ($2 \times \text{CH}$), 59.2 (CH_2); HRMS (ESI) Exact mass calculated for $[\text{C}_9\text{H}_{10}\text{ClNOSNa}]^+ [\text{M}+\text{Na}]^+$: 238.0064, found 238.0064.

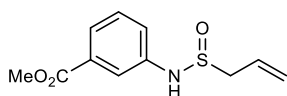
***N*-(4-Methoxyphenyl)prop-2-ene-1-sulfonamide (3ia).** General Procedure B

was followed using *N*-sulfnylamine **1i** (42 mg, 0.25 mmol) and *N,N'*-dimethyurea (**9a**, 4.4 mg, 0.05 mmol) but with a slight modification in that DCE (2 mL) was used (instead of 1 mL) to give *sulfonamide* **3ia** (20.4 mg, 38%) as a brown oil. $R_f = 0.36$ (40% EtOAc/pentane); IR 3146, 2923, 1514, 1461, 1231, 1185, 1034, 923, 726, 524 cm^{-1} ; ^1H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 7.04–7.00 (2H, m, ArH), 6.84–6.80 (2H, m, ArH), 6.03–5.92 (2H, NH and $\text{CH}=\text{CH}_2$), 5.52 (1H, ddt, $J = 10.2, 1.4, 0.7$ Hz, $=\text{CH}_a\text{H}_b$), 5.43 (1H, dq, $J = 17.1, 1.3$ Hz, $=\text{CH}_a\text{H}_b$), 3.77 (3H, s, OCH_3), 3.76–3.71 (1H, m, SCH_aH_b), 3.52 (1H, ddt, $J = 13.0, 8.5, 0.9$ Hz, SCH_aH_b); ^{13}C NMR (100.6 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 157.1 (C), 133.1 (C), 125.4 (CH), 124.4 (CH_2), 123.2 ($2 \times \text{CH}$), 114.9 ($2 \times \text{CH}$), 59.0 (CH_2), 55.7 (CH_3); HRMS (ESI) Exact mass calculated for $[\text{C}_{10}\text{H}_{14}\text{NOS}]^+ [\text{M}+\text{H}]^+$: 212.0740, found 212.0745.

***N*-(2-Bromophenyl)prop-2-ene-1-sulfonamide (3ja).** General Procedure B was

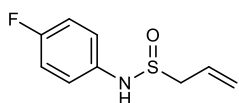
followed using *N*-sulfnylamine **1j** (55 mg, 0.25 mmol) and *N,N'*-dimethylthiourea (**9b**, 5.2 mg, 0.05 mmol) but with a slight modification in that DCE (1.25 mL) was used (instead of 1 mL) to give *sulfonamide* **3ja** (38 mg, 58%) as an orange oil. $R_f = 0.51$ (40% EtOAc/pentane); IR 3194, 2923, 1619, 1587, 1478, 1292, 1060, 1024, 931, 745 cm^{-1} ; ^1H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 7.51 (1H, dd, $J = 8.0, 1.5$ Hz, ArH), 7.35 (1H, dd, $J = 8.1, 1.6$ Hz, ArH), 7.29–7.26 (1H, m, ArH), 6.90 (1H, ddd, $J = 8.0, 7.3, 1.6$ Hz, ArH), 6.66 (1H, s, NH), 6.09 (1H, dddd, $J = 17.2, 10.2, 9.0, 6.0$ Hz, $\text{CH}=\text{CH}_2$), 5.69–5.61 (1H, m, $=\text{CH}_a\text{H}_b$), 5.55 (1H, dq, $J = 17.2, 1.3$ Hz, $=\text{CH}_a\text{H}_b$), 3.94–3.69 (1H, m, SCH_aH_b), 3.55 (1H, dd, $J = 13.0, 9.0$ Hz, SCH_aH_b); ^{13}C NMR (101 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 139.0 (C), 133.1 (CH), 128.8 (CH), 125.5 (CH_2), 124.6 (CH), 124.1 (CH), 118.0 (CH), 113.6 (C),

59.0 (CH₂); HRMS (ESI) Exact mass calculated for [C₉H₁₀BrNOSNa]⁺ [M+Na]⁺: 281.9559, found 281.9559.



Methyl 3-[(allylsulfinyl)amino]benzoate (3ka). General Procedure B was

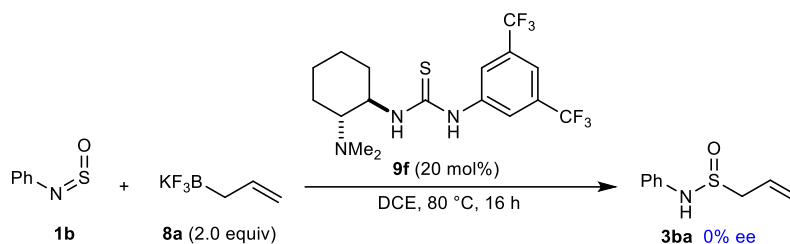
followed using *N*-sulfinylamine **1k** (49 mg, 0.25 mmol), allyl trifluoroborate and *N,N'*-dimethylthiourea (**9b**, 4.4 mg, 0.05 mmol) in DCE (1 mL) to give sulfinamide **3ka** (36 mg, 60%) as a colorless oil. *R*_f = 0.37 (40% EtOAc/pentane); IR 3155, 1721, 1589, 1471, 1294, 1220, 1054, 1000, 754, 690 cm⁻¹; ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.80–7.57 (2H, m, ArH), 7.33 (1H, tt, *J* = 7.8, 1.5 Hz, ArH), 7.24–7.17 (1H, m, ArH), 6.45 (1H, s, NH), 6.10–5.86 (1H, m, CH=CH₂), 5.62–5.53 (1H, m, =CH_aH_b), 5.47 (1H, dq, *J* = 17.1, 1.2 Hz, =CH_aH_b), 3.90 (3H, s, CH₃), 3.87–3.72 (1H, m, SCH_aH_b), 3.59 (1H, ddt, *J* = 12.9, 8.6, 0.8 Hz, SCH_aH_b); ¹³C NMR (101 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 166.6 (C), 141.4 (C), 131.6 (CH), 129.7 (C), 125.1 (CH), 124.8 (CH₂), 124.6 (CH), 122.9 (CH), 119.6 (CH), 59.3 (CH₂), 52.4 (CH₃); HRMS (ESI) Exact mass calculated for [C₁₁H₁₃NOSNa]⁺ [M+Na]⁺: 262.0508, found 262.0502.



***N*-(4-Fluorophenyl)prop-2-ene-1-sulfinamide (3la).** General Procedure B was

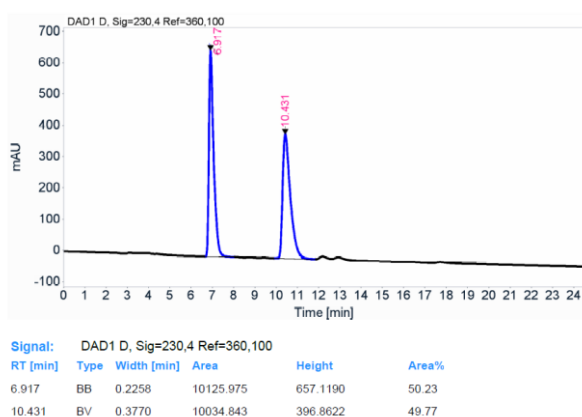
followed using *N*-sulfinylamine **1l** (39 mg, 0.25 mmol), allyl trifluoroborate (74 mg, 0.50 mmol), and *N,N'*-dimethylthiourea (**9b**, 4.4 mg, 0.05 mmol) in DCE (1 mL) to give sulfinamide **3la** (22 mg, 44%) as an orange oil. *R*_f = 0.23 (40% EtOAc/pentane); IR 3167, 1637, 1585, 1506, 1211, 1053, 896, 830, 505 cm⁻¹; ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.04–6.95 (4H, m, ArH), 6.16 (1H, br s, NH), 5.98 (1H, dddd, *J* = 16.9, 10.2, 8.5, 6.4 Hz, CH=CH₂), 5.57–5.52 (1H, m, =CH_aH_b), 5.45 (1H, dd, *J* = 17.1, 1.3 Hz, =CH_aH_b), 3.76 (1H, dddd, *J* = 13.0, 6.4, 1.4, 0.7 Hz, SCH_aH_b), 3.54 (1H, ddt, *J* = 12.9, 8.5, 0.8 Hz, SCH_aH_b); ¹³C NMR (126 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 159.7 (C, *d*, *J* = 243.0 Hz), 136.6 (C, *d*, *J* = 2.8 Hz), 125.2 (CH), 124.7 (CH₂), 121.8 (2 × CH, *d*, *J* = 8.0 Hz), 116.4 (2 × CH, *d*, *J* = 22.7 Hz), 59.2 (CH₂); ¹⁹F NMR (376 MHz, CDCl₃) δ –119.2; HRMS (ESI) Exact mass calculated for [C₉H₁₀FNOSNa]⁺ [M+Na]⁺: 222.0359, found 222.0351.

7. Chiral Thiourea-Catalyzed Nucleophilic Allylation of *N*-Sulfinylamine **1b**

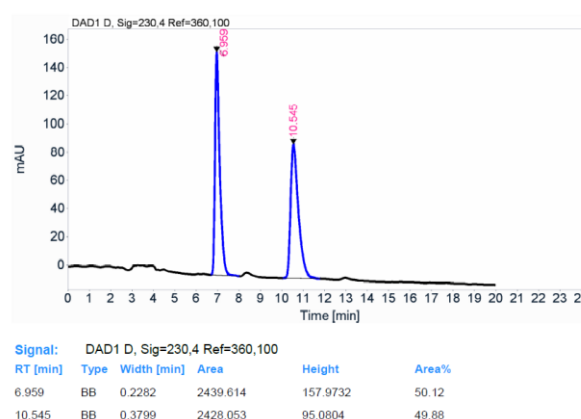


The reaction of *N*-sulfinylamine **1b** with potassium allyltrifluoroborate (**8a**) in the presence of chiral thiourea **9f** (20 mol%) gave **3ba** in good conversion (>90%) but with 0% ee. Enantiomeric excess was determined by HPLC using a Chiralcel OD-H column (90:10 isohexane:*i*-PrOH, 1.0 mL/min, 230 nm, 25 °C); t_r (one enantiomer) = 7.0 min, t_r (opposite enantiomer) = 10.5 min, 0% ee.

Using *N,N*-dimethylurea (**9a**)

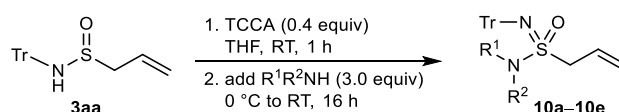


Using chiral thiourea **9f**

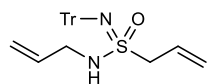


8. Further Manipulations

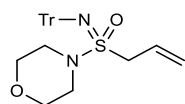
General Procedure C: Preparation of Sulfonimidamides from *S*-Allylic Sulfinamide **3aa**



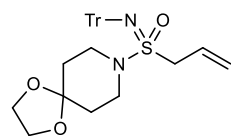
To a solution of *S*-allylic sulfinamide **3aa** (50 mg, 0.14 mmol) in THF (0.5 mL) at room temperature was added trichloroisocyanuric acid (TCCA) (13 mg, 0.056 mmol) and the resulting mixture was stirred at room temperature for 1 h. The mixture was cooled to 0 °C and the appropriate amine (0.42 mmol) was added. The mixture was warmed to room temperature and stirred for 16 h. The reaction was diluted with H₂O (1 mL) and extracted with EtOAc (2 × 5 mL). The combined organic layers were dried (Na₂SO₄), filtered, and concentrated *in vacuo*. Purification of the residue by column chromatography (pentane to 60% EtOAc/pentane) gave the desired sulfonimidamide **10**.

**N-Allyl-N'-tritylprop-2-ene-1-sulfonimidamide (10a).** General Procedure C was

followed using allylamine (32.4 μ L, 0.43 mmol) to give *sulfonimidamide 10a* (46 mg, 79%) as a white solid. R_f = 0.50 (30% EtOAc/pentane); m.p. 109–112 °C (Et₂O); IR 2923, 1641, 1164, 1082, 922, 772, 701, 636, 580 cm^{-1} ; ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.58–7.45 (6H, m, ArH), 7.30–7.22 (6H, m, ArH), 7.23–7.16 (3H, m, ArH), 6.13 (1H, ddt, J = 17.3, 10.2, 7.3 Hz, CH=CH₂), 5.55–5.24 (3H, m, CH=CH₂ and =CH₂), 5.30 (1H, s, NH), 5.01–4.84 (2H, m, =CH₂), 3.88 (1H, dd, J = 13.6, 7.0 Hz, SCH_aH_b), 3.79 (1H, dd, J = 13.6, 7.5 Hz, SCH_aH_b), 3.24–3.11 (2H, m, NCH₂); ¹³C NMR (101 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 148.2 (3 \times C), 134.3 (CH), 129.0 (6 \times CH), 127.9 (CH), 127.6 (6 \times CH), 126.5 (3 \times CH), 122.9 (CH₂), 116.8 (CH₂), 71.6 (C), 62.2 (CH₂), 46.7 (CH₂); HRMS (ESI) Exact mass calculated for [C₂₅H₂₆N₂NaOS]⁺ [M+Na]⁺: 425.1658, found 425.1651.

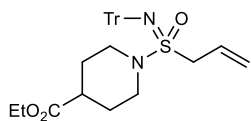
**4-(N-Tritylallylsulfonimidoyl)morpholine (10b).** General Procedure C was

followed using morpholine (37.8 μ L, 0.43 mmol) to give *sulfonimidamide 10b* (40 mg, 64%) as a white solid. R_f = 0.46 (30% EtOAc/pentane); m.p. 150–152 °C (Et₂O); IR 2920, 1490, 1158, 1142, 1066, 929, 751, 700, 635, 510 cm^{-1} ; ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.51–7.49 (6H, m, ArH), 7.28–7.24 (6H, m, ArH), 7.22–7.18 (3H, m, ArH), 6.17 (1H, ddt, J = 17.4, 10.3, 7.3 Hz, CH₂CH=), 5.51–5.45 (2H, m, =CH₂), 3.93 (1H, ddt, J = 13.5, 7.1, 1.1 Hz, SCH_aH_b), 3.73 (1H, dd, J = 13.3, 7.4, 1.1 Hz, SCH_aH_b), 3.20 (2H, ddd, J = 11.2, 6.3, 3.0 Hz, OCH₂), 3.07 (2H, ddd, J = 11.1, 6.1, 3.0 Hz, OCH₂), 2.98 (2H, dd, J = 12.1, 6.2, 3.0 Hz, NCH₂), 2.91 (2H, ddd, J = 11.9, 6.3, 3.1 Hz, NCH₂); ¹³C NMR (101 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 148.1 (3 \times C), 129.2 (6 \times C), 127.4 (6 \times C), 126.4 (3 \times CH), 123.2 (CH₂), 71.6 (C), 66.3 (2 \times CH₂), 57.4 (CH₂), 46.5 (CH₂); HRMS (ESI) Exact mass calculated for [C₂₆H₂₈N₂NaO₂S]⁺ [M+H]⁺: 455.1764, found 455.1767.

**8-(N-Tritylallylsulfonimidoyl)-1,4-dioxaspiro[4.5]decane (10c).**

General Procedure C was followed using 8-aza-1,4-dioxaspiro[4.5]decane (55.3 μ L, 0.43 mmol) to give *sulfonimidamide 10c* (51 mg, 74%) as a yellow oil. R_f = 0.55 (30% EtOAc/pentane); m.p. 126–129 °C (Et₂O); IR 2962, 2874, 1312, 12745, 1179, 1143, 1043, 751, 703 cm^{-1} ; ¹H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.51–7.50 (6H, m, ArH), 7.28–7.24 (6H, m, ArH), 7.22–7.19 (3H, m, ArH), 6.17 (1H, ddt, J = 17.3, 10.2, 7.3 Hz, CH₂CH=), 5.49–5.44 (2H, m, =CH₂), 3.92 (1H, ddt, J = 13.5, 7.2, 1.1 Hz, SCH_aH_b), 3.87 (4H, s, 2 \times OCH₂), 3.69 (1H, ddt, J = 13.5, 7.5, 1.1 Hz, SCH_aH_b), 3.13–3.03 (4H, m, 2 \times NC), 1.27 (2H, dddd, J = 11.5, 7.4, 4.2, 1.5 Hz, NCH₂), 1.18–1.04 (2H, m, NCH₂); ¹³C NMR (126 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 148.2 (3 \times C), 129.3 (6 \times CH), 127.4 (7 \times CH), 126.3 (3 \times CH), 123.0 (CH₂), 106.7 (C), 71.6 (C), 64.4 (2 \times CH₂), 57.8 (CH₂), 44.4 (2 \times CH₂),

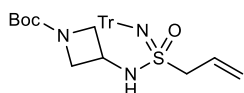
34.3 ($2 \times \text{CH}_2$); HRMS (ESI) Exact mass calculated for $[\text{C}_{29}\text{H}_{32}\text{N}_2\text{NaO}_3\text{S}]^+ [\text{M}+\text{Na}]^+$: 511.2026, found 511.2029.



Ethyl 1-(N-tritylallylsulfonimidoyl)piperidine-4-carboxylate (10d). General

Procedure C was followed using ethyl piperidine-4-carboxylate (66.5 μL) to give *sulfonimidamide* **10d** (30 mg, 42%) as a yellow oil. $R_f = 0.45$ (30% EtOAc/pentane); IR 2979, 1727, 1491, 1446, 1281, 1206, 1179, 1143, 1035, 772, 702 cm^{-1} ; ^1H NMR

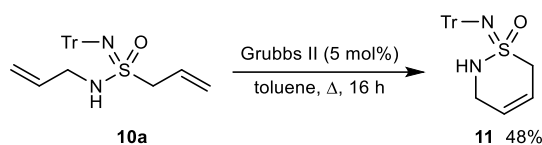
(500 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 7.60–7.42 (6H, m, ArH), 7.33–7.24 (6H, m, ArH), 7.21–7.17 (3H, m, ArH), 6.14 (1H, ddt, $J = 17.3, 10.2, 7.3$ Hz, $\text{CH}_2\text{CH}=\text{CH}_2$), 5.47–5.41 (2H, m, $=\text{CH}_2$), 4.11 (2H, q, $J = 7.1$ Hz, OCH_2), 3.91 (1H, ddt, $J = 13.5, 6.9, 1.1$ Hz, SCH_aH_b), 3.71 (1H, ddt, $J = 13.5, 7.6, 1.1$ Hz, SCH_aH_b), 3.47 (2H, dt, $J = 12.1, 4.0$ Hz, NCH_2), 2.46 (1H, ddd, $J = 12.3, 11.0, 2.9$ Hz, $\text{CHC}=\text{O}$), 2.32 (1H, ddd, $J = 12.5, 11.0, 2.8$ Hz, NCH_aH_b), 2.06 (1H, tt, $J = 10.9, 3.8$ Hz, NCH_aH_b), 1.60–1.43 (2H, m, NCH_2CH_2), 1.32–1.26 (1H, m, NCH_2CH_a), 1.25 (3H, t, $J = 7.1$ Hz, CH_2CH_3), 1.08–0.92 (1H, m, NCH_2CH_a); ^{13}C NMR (126 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 174.5 (C), 148.1 ($3 \times \text{C}$), 129.3 ($6 \times \text{CH}$), 127.5 (CH), 127.4 ($6 \times \text{CH}$), 126.3 ($3 \times \text{CH}$), 122.9 (CH_2), 71.6 (C), 60.5 (CH_2), 58.6 (CH_2), 45.6 (CH_2), 45.1 (CH_2), 40.5 (CH), 27.8 (CH_2), 27.5 (CH_2), 14.3 (CH_3); HRMS (ESI) Exact mass calculated for $[\text{C}_{30}\text{H}_{34}\text{N}_2\text{NaO}_3\text{S}]^+ [\text{M}+\text{Na}]^+$: 525.2182, found 525.2180.



tert-Butyl [1-(N-tritylallylsulfonimidoyl)azetidin-3-yl]carbamate (10e).

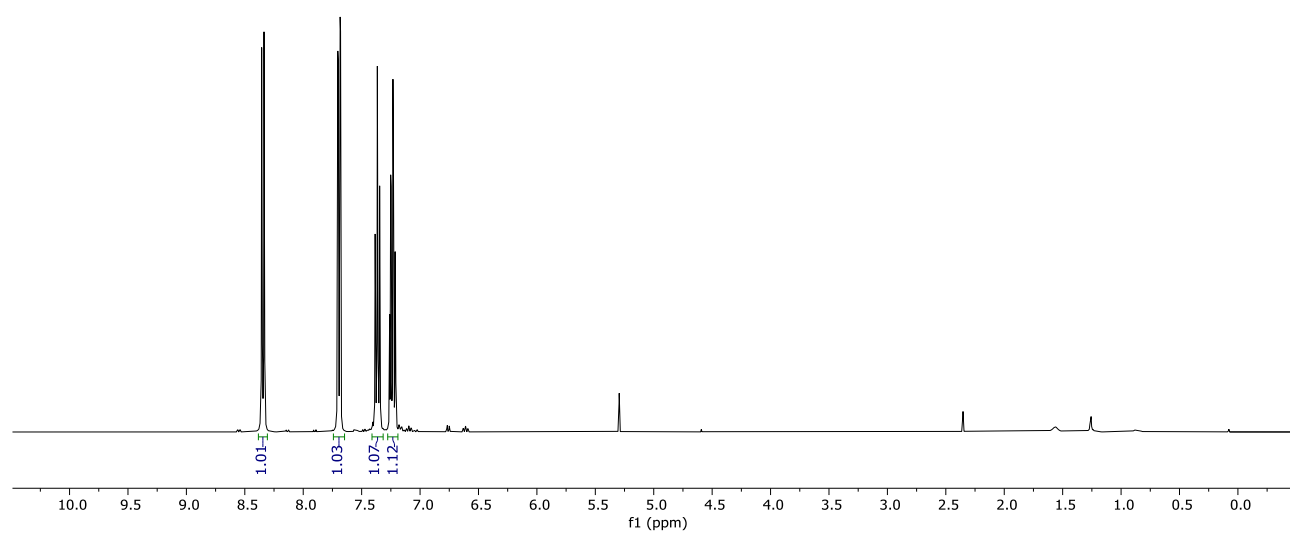
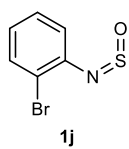
General Procedure C was followed using 3-(Boc-amino)azetidine (74 mg, 0.43

mmol) to give *sulfonimidamide* **10e** (56 mg, 75%) as a white crystalline solid. $R_f = 0.42$ (30% EtOAc/pentane); m.p. 160–162 $^\circ\text{C}$ (Et_2O); IR 2978, 1716, 1446, 1294, 1157, 1031, 909, 752, 729, 660 cm^{-1} ; ^1H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 7.54–7.51 (6H, m, ArH), 7.30–7.26 (6H, m, ArH), 7.24–7.20 (3H, m, ArH), 5.98 (1H, ddt, $J = 17.3, 10.2, 7.3$ Hz, $\text{CH}_2\text{CH}=\text{CH}_2$), 5.42–5.05 (2H, m, $=\text{CH}_2$), 4.49–4.47 (1H, br m, CHN or NH), 4.08 (1H, br s, CHN or NH), 3.83 (1H, t, $J = 7.7$ Hz, CH_2N), 3.77–3.74 (1H, m, CH_2N), 3.62 (1H, ddt, $J = 13.6, 7.3, 1.1$ Hz, SCH_aH_b), 3.51 (1H, dd, $J = 14.2, 7.1$ Hz, SCH_aH_b), 3.29 (2H, ddd, $J = 12.0, 7.9, 5.8$ Hz, CH_2N), 1.44 (9H, s, $\text{C}(\text{CH}_3)_3$); ^{13}C NMR (101 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 154.8 (C), 148.4 ($3 \times \text{C}$), 129.3 ($6 \times \text{CH}$), 127.8 (CH), 127.6 ($6 \times \text{CH}$), 126.5 ($3 \times \text{CH}$), 122.5 (CH_2), 80.1 (C), 71.6 (C), 59.4 (CH_2), 58.72 (CH_2), 58.65 (CH_2), 38.7 (CH), 28.5 ($3 \times \text{CH}_3$); HRMS (ESI) Exact mass calculated for $[\text{C}_{30}\text{H}_{35}\text{N}_3\text{NaO}_3\text{S}]^+ [\text{M}+\text{H}]^+$: 540.2291, found 540.2280.

1-(Tritylimino)-1,2,3,6-tetrahydro-1 λ 6,2-thiazine 1-oxide (11)

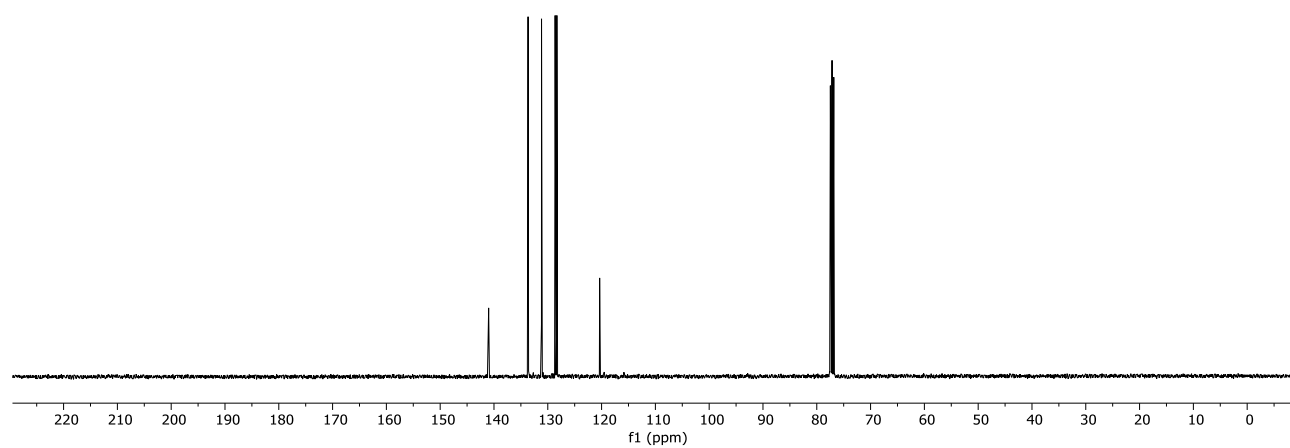
To a solution of sulfonimidamide **10a** (50.0 mg, 0.12 mmol) in degassed toluene (12.4 mL) was added Grubbs second generation catalyst (5.3 mg, 0.06 mmol) in one portion and the reaction was heated at reflux for 16 h. The reaction was cooled to room temperature, filtered through a pad of celite using EtOAc as eluent, and concentrated *in vacuo*. Purification of the residue by column chromatography (pentane to 40% EtOAc/pentane) gave the *cyclic sulfonimidamide* as a yellow oil (22 mg, 48%). R_f = 0.18 (30% EtOAc/pentane); IR 1594, 1489, 1446, 1376, 1295, 1186, 748, 703, 641, 518 cm^{-1} ; ^1H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 7.57–7.55 (6H, m, ArH), 7.28–7.25 (6H, m, ArH), 7.22–7.18 (3H, m, ArH), 5.75–5.70 (1H, m, =CH), 5.69–5.63 (1H, m, =CH), 3.66–3.59 (1H, m, SCH_aH_b), 3.53–3.50 2H, m, NCH₂), 3.49–3.43 (1H, m, SCH_aH_b), 3.30 (1H, br s, NH); ^{13}C NMR (101 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 147.9 (3 \times C), 129.1 (6 \times CH), 127.6 (6 \times CH), 126.6 (3 \times CH), 125.3 (CH), 120.5 (CH), 71.8 (C), 53.3 (CH₂), 46.1 (CH₂); HRMS (ESI) Exact mass calculated for $[\text{C}_{23}\text{H}_{22}\text{N}_2\text{OSNa}]^+$ $[\text{M}+\text{Na}]^+$: 397.1345, found 397.1345.

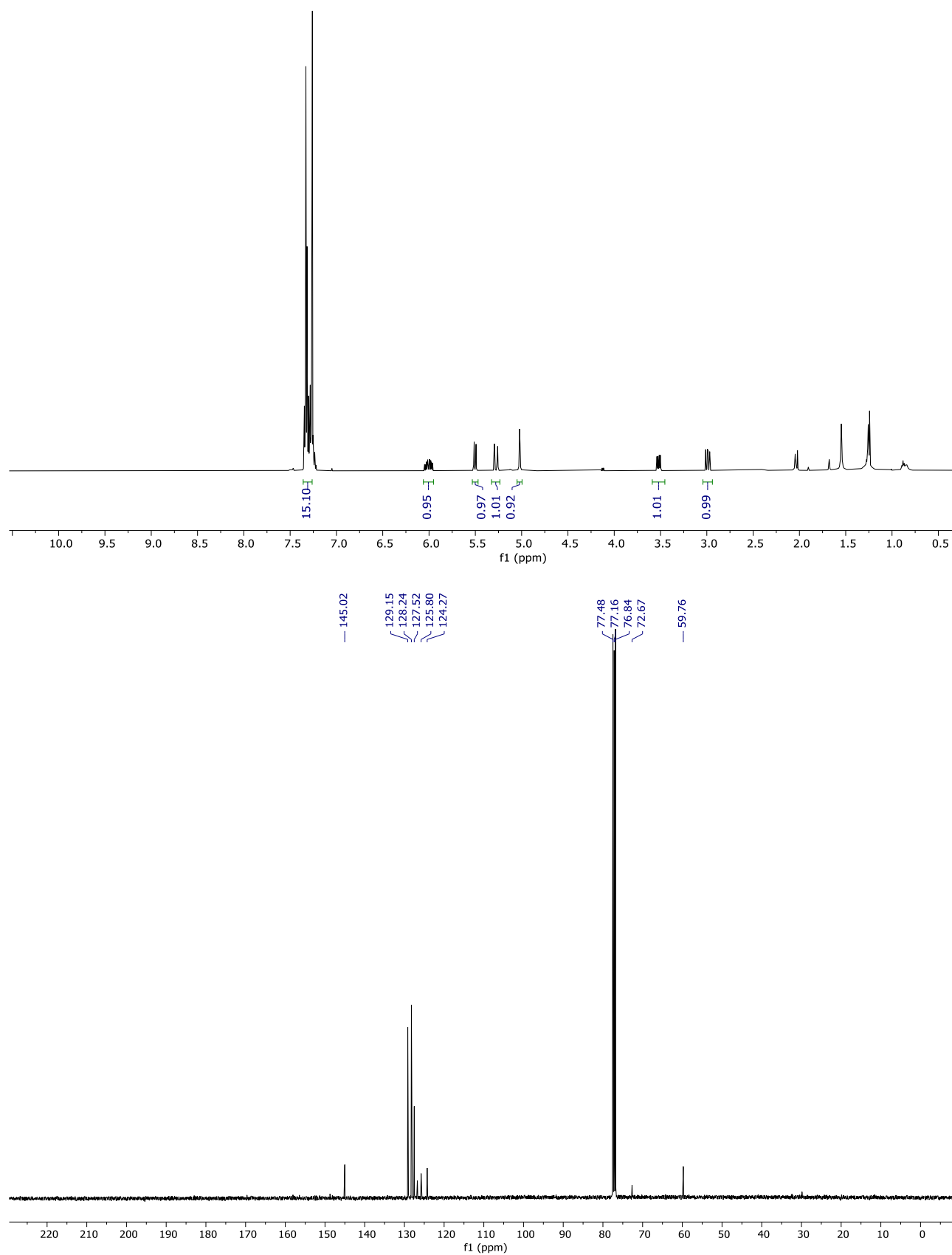
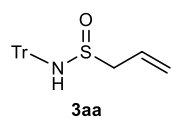
9. NMR Spectra

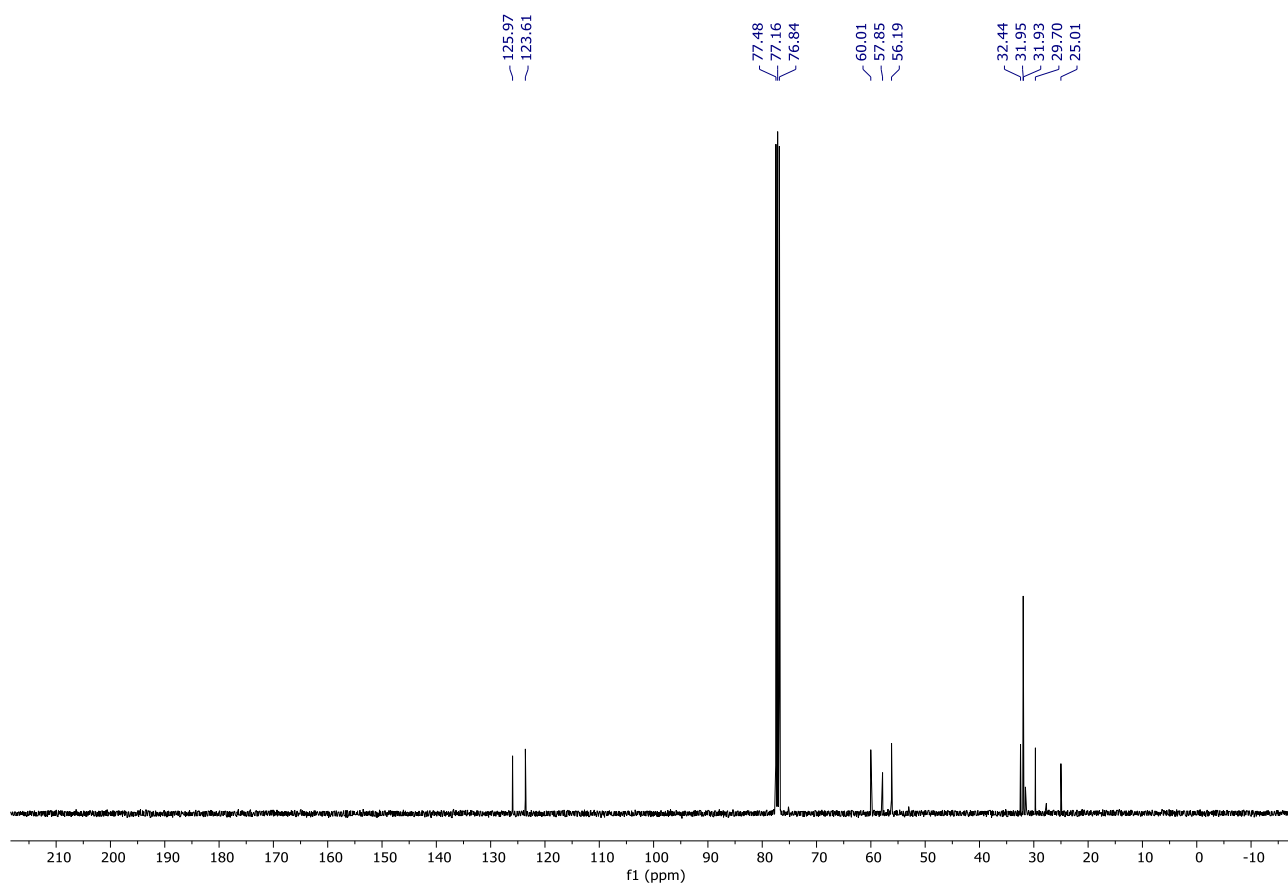
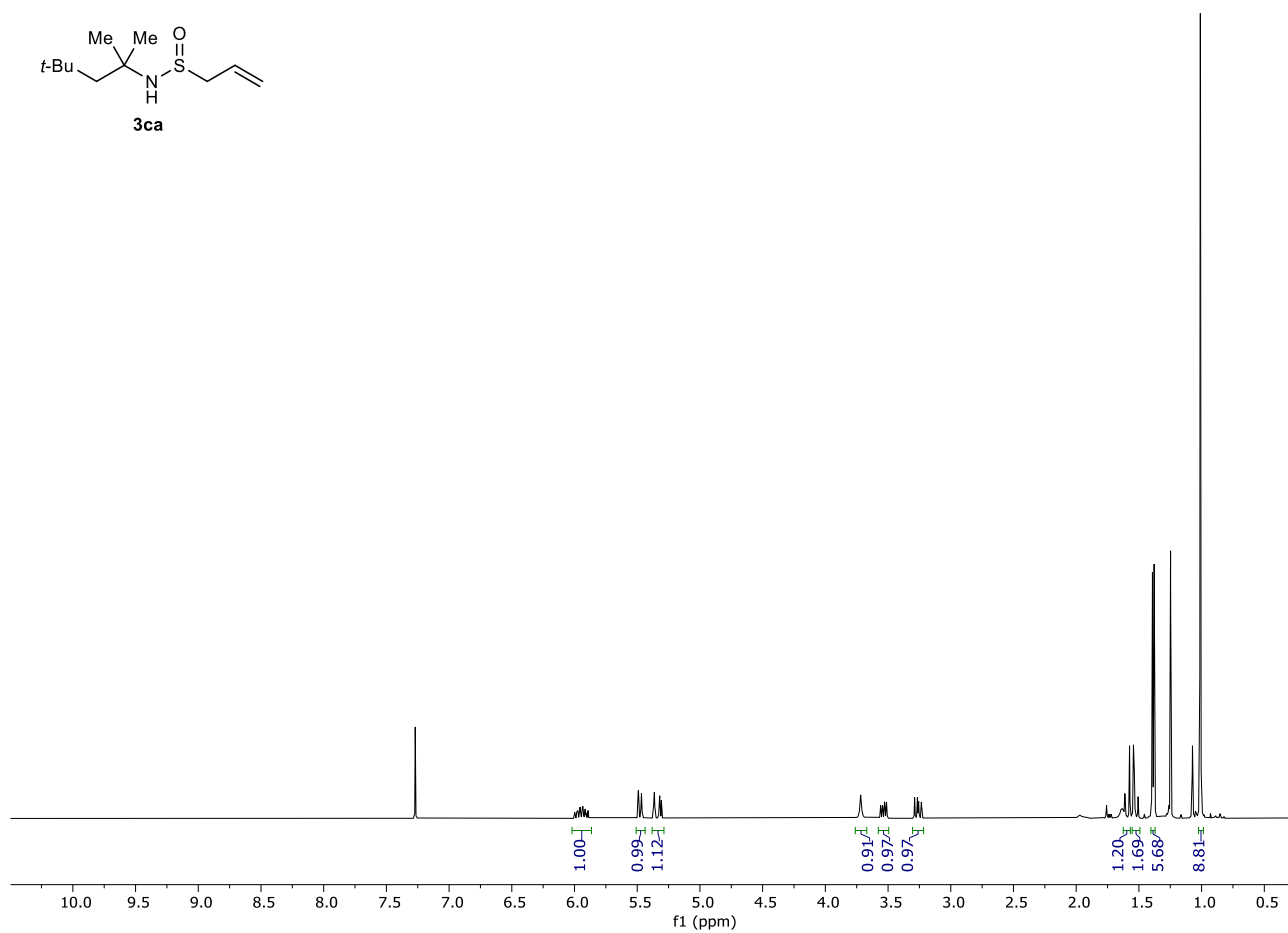
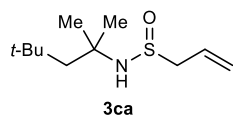


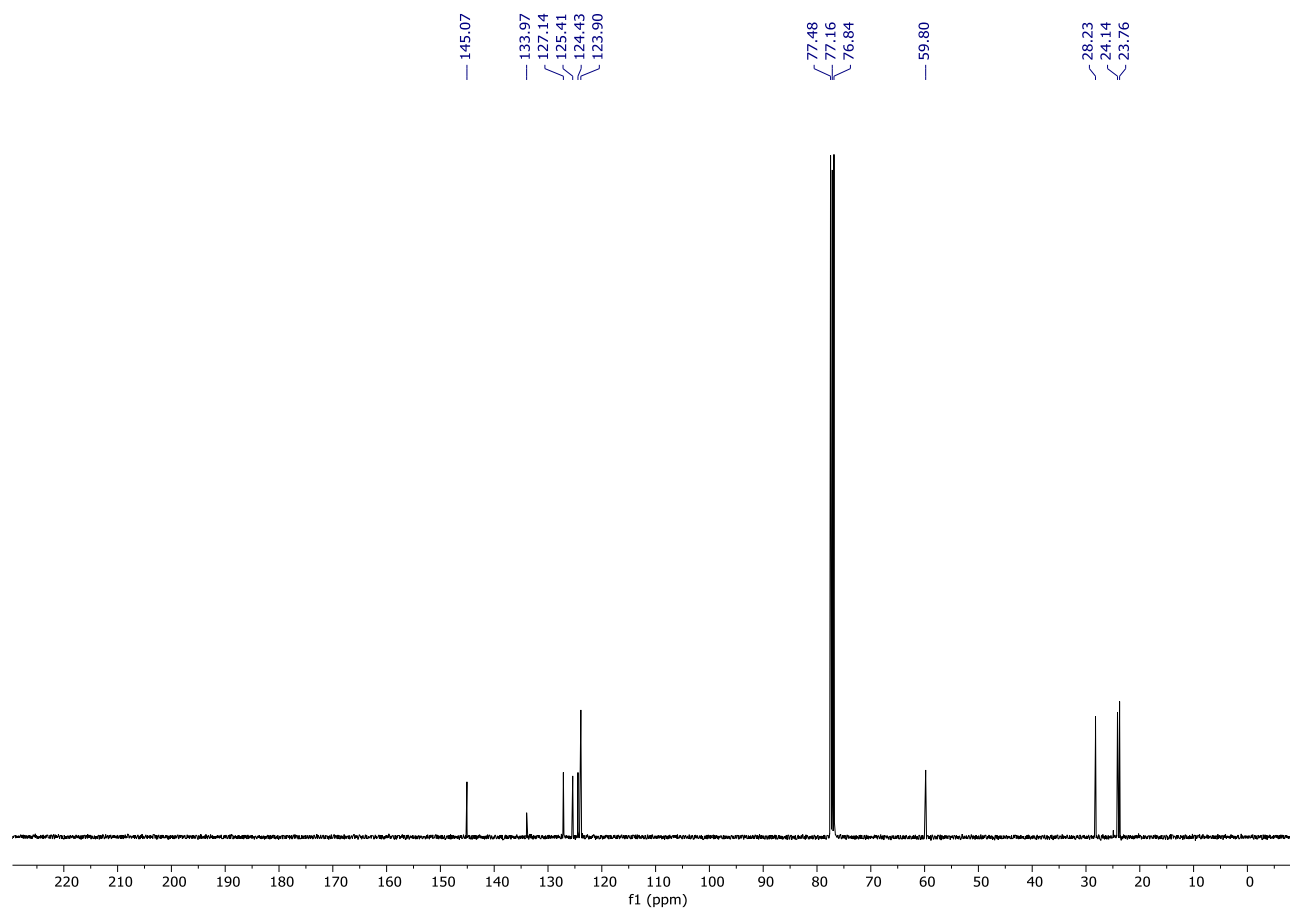
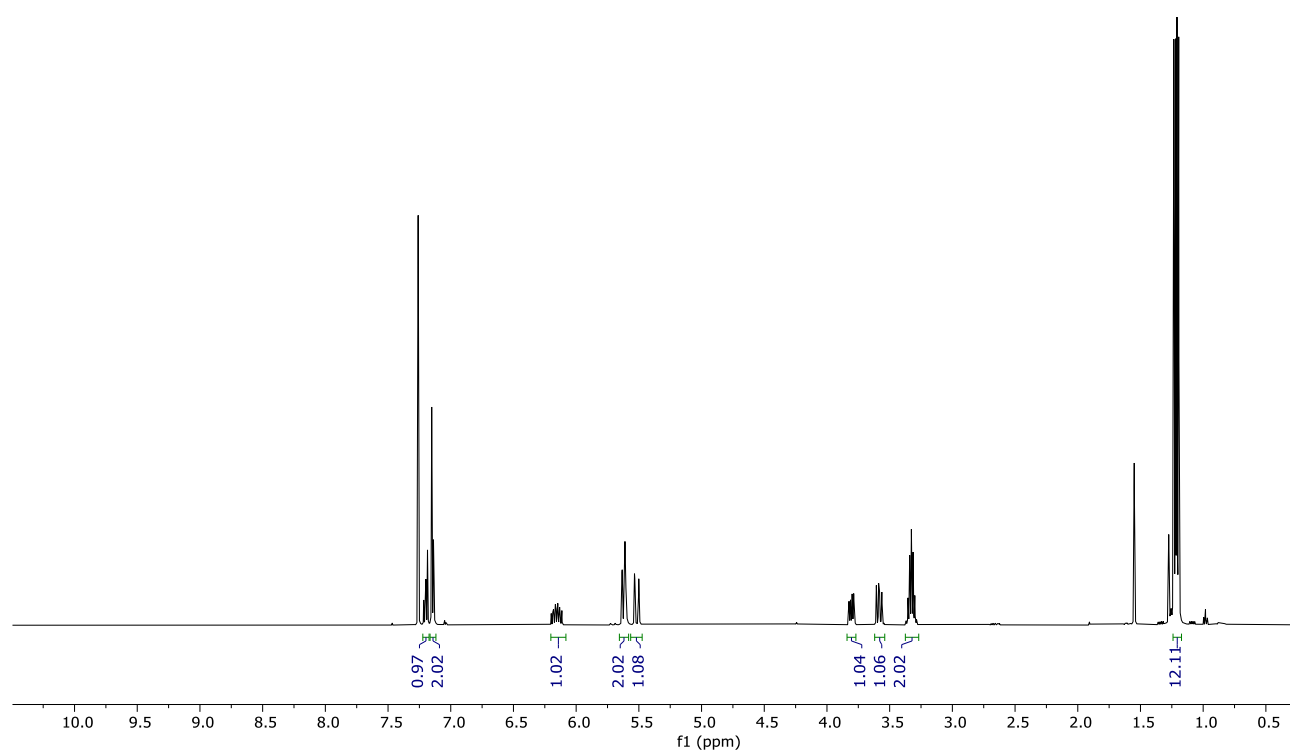
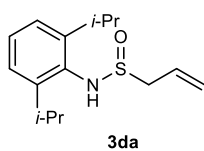
140.99
133.66
131.16
128.63
128.31
120.36

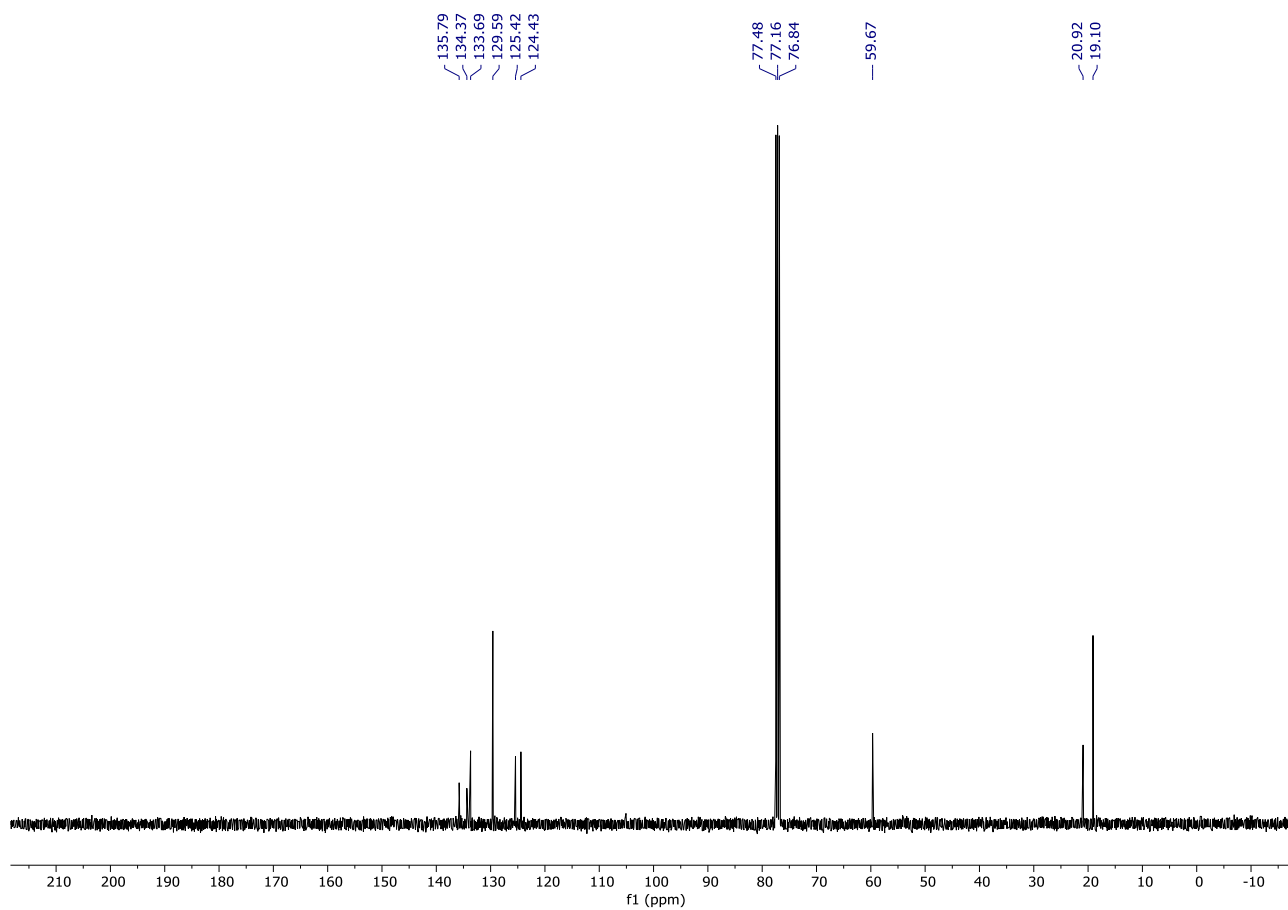
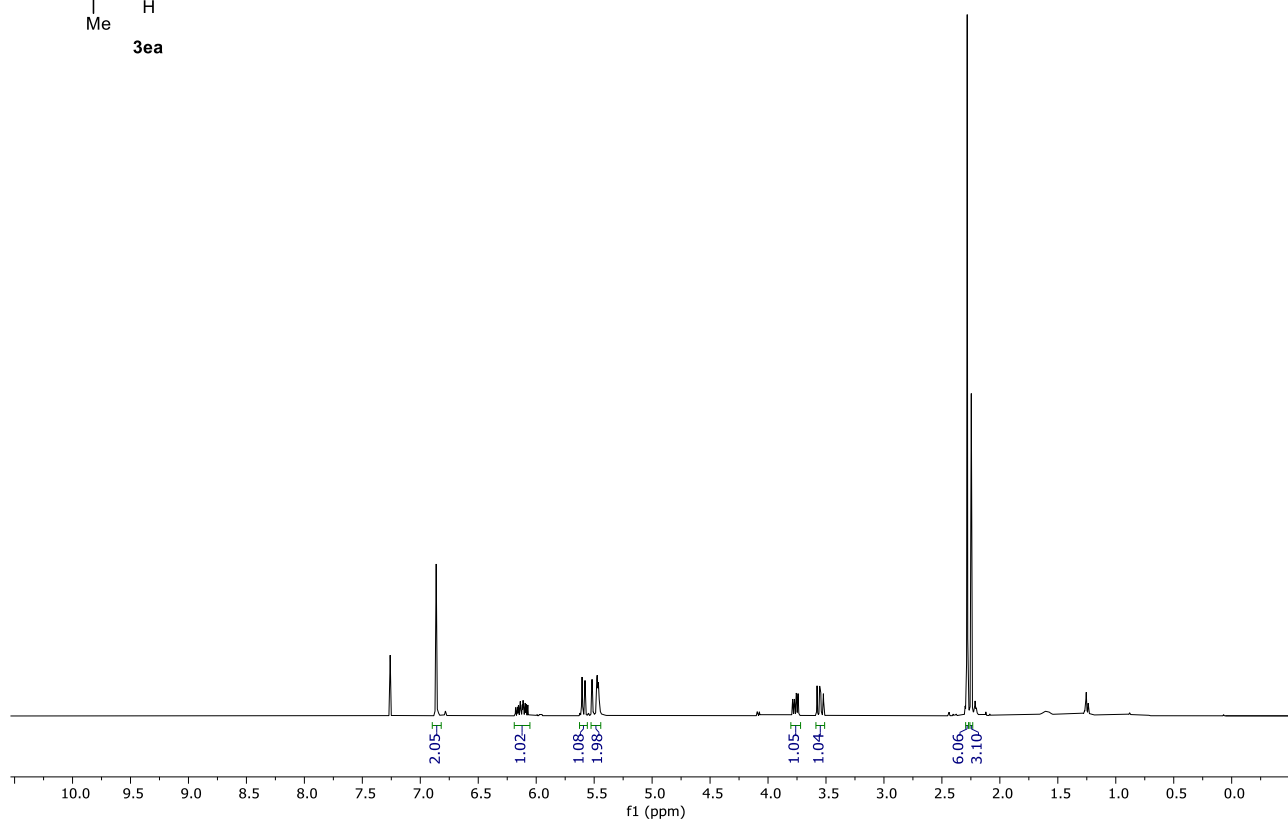
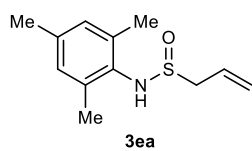
77.48
77.16
76.84

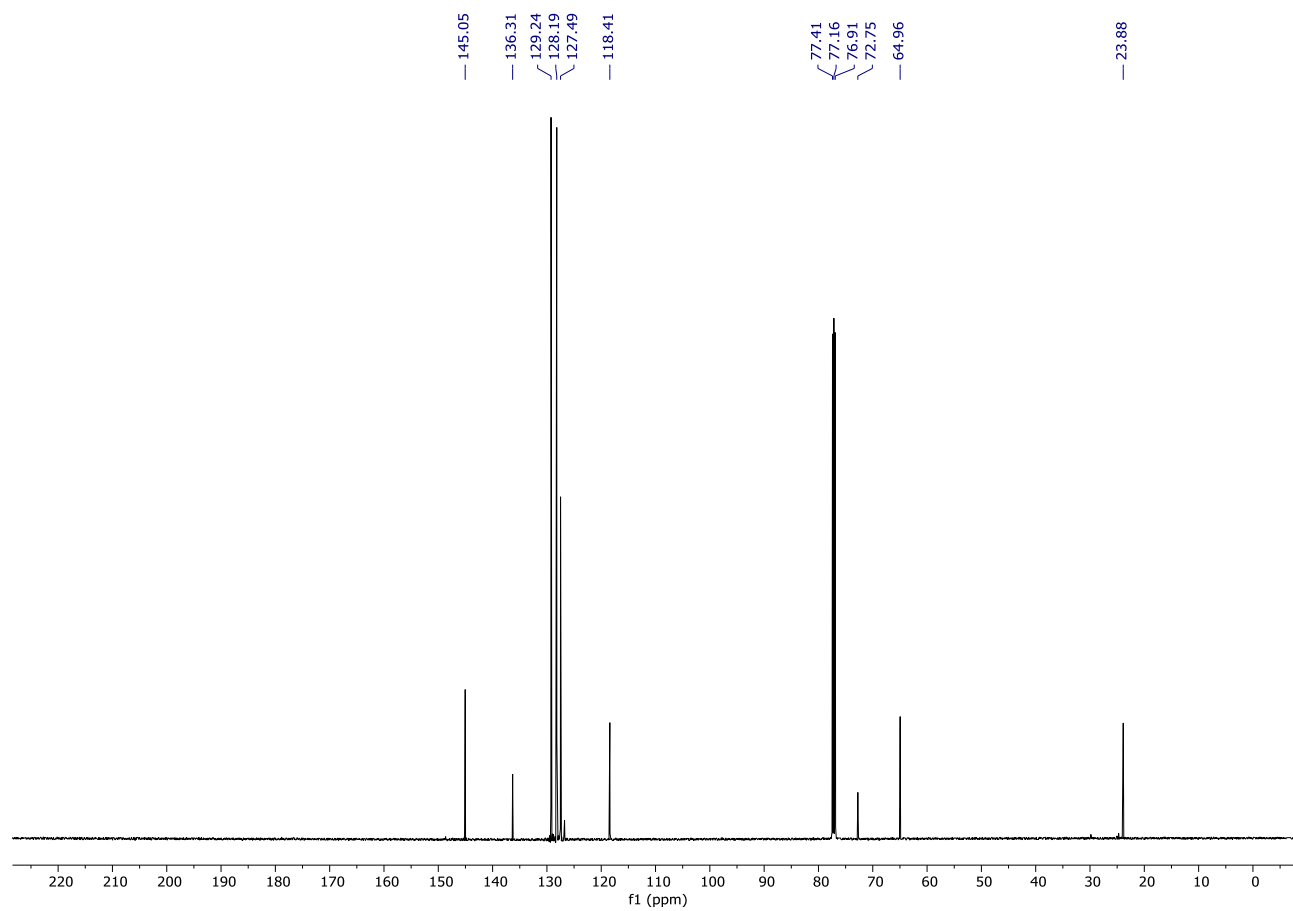
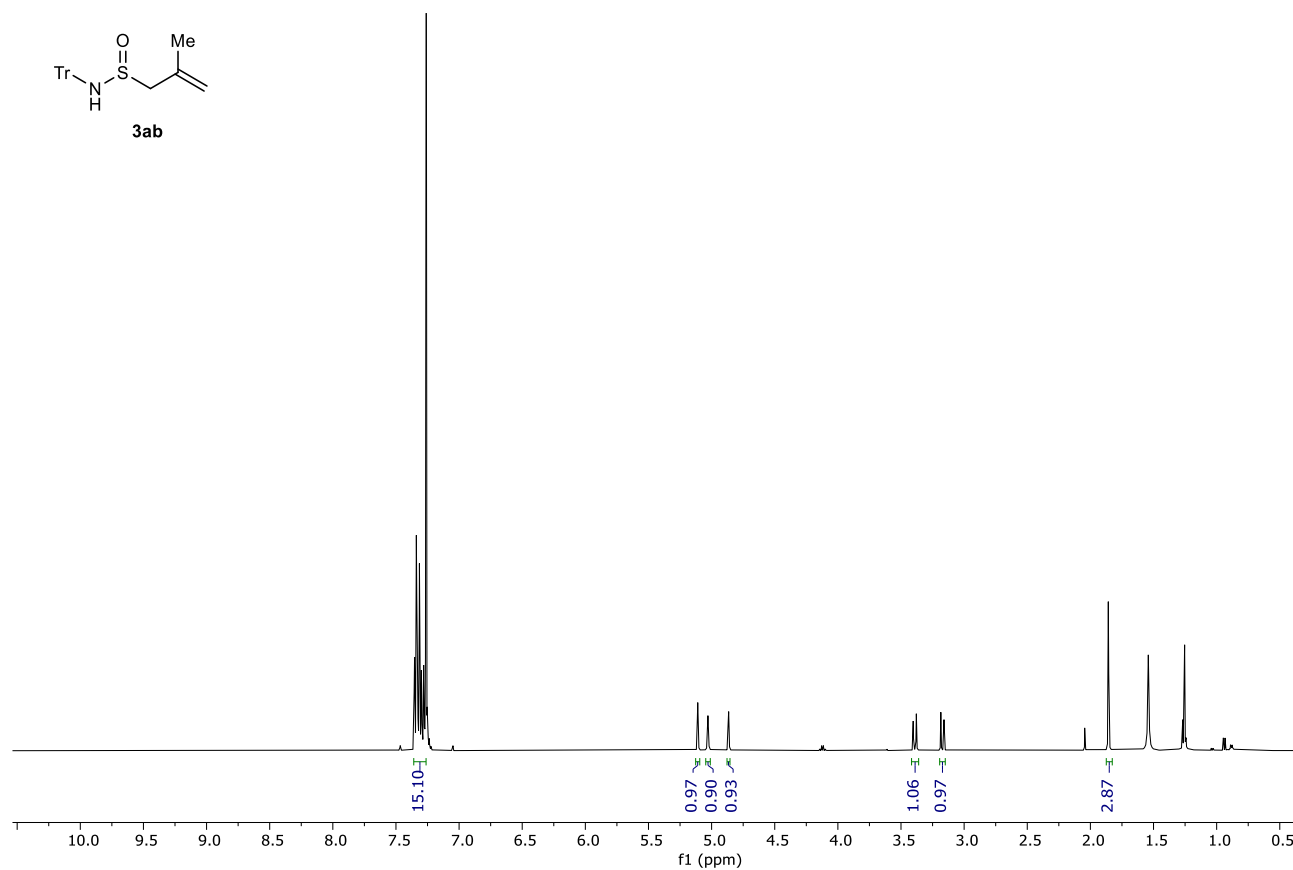
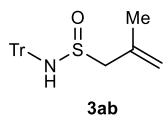


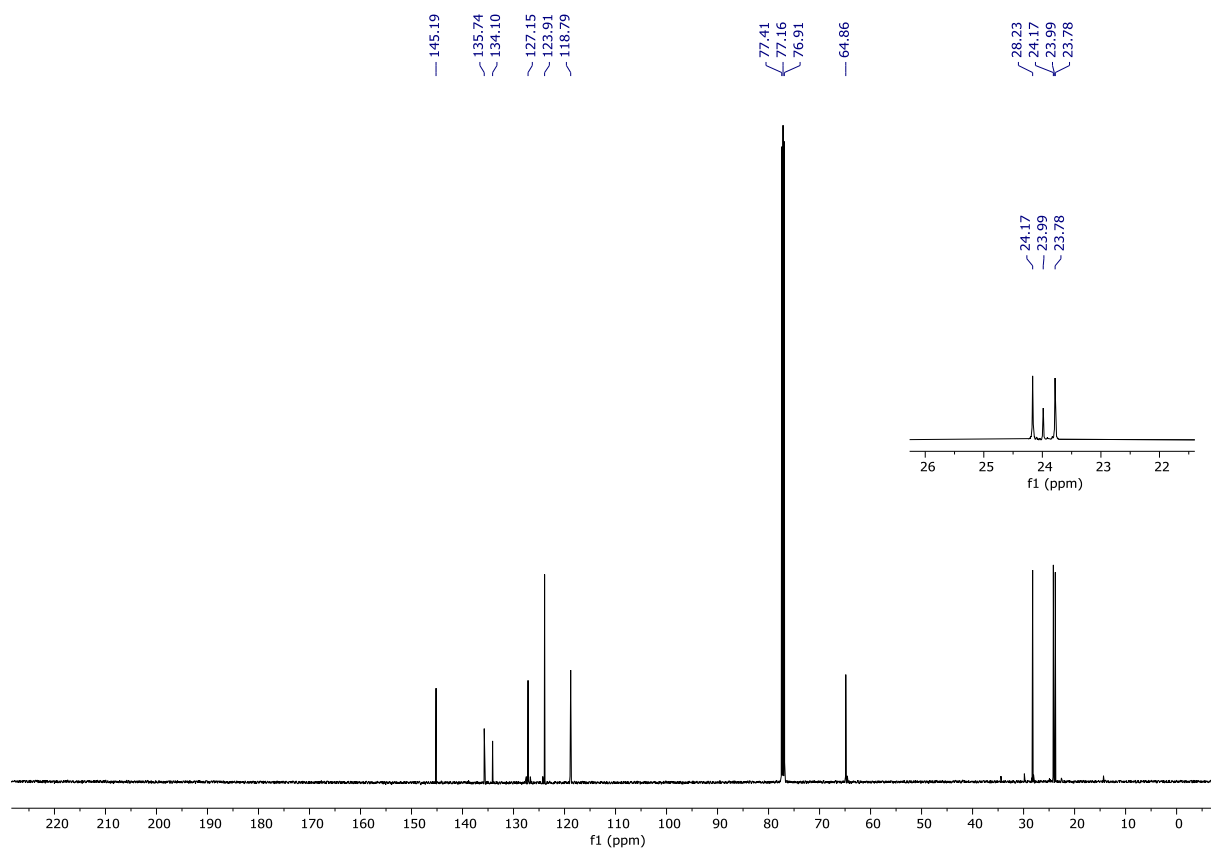
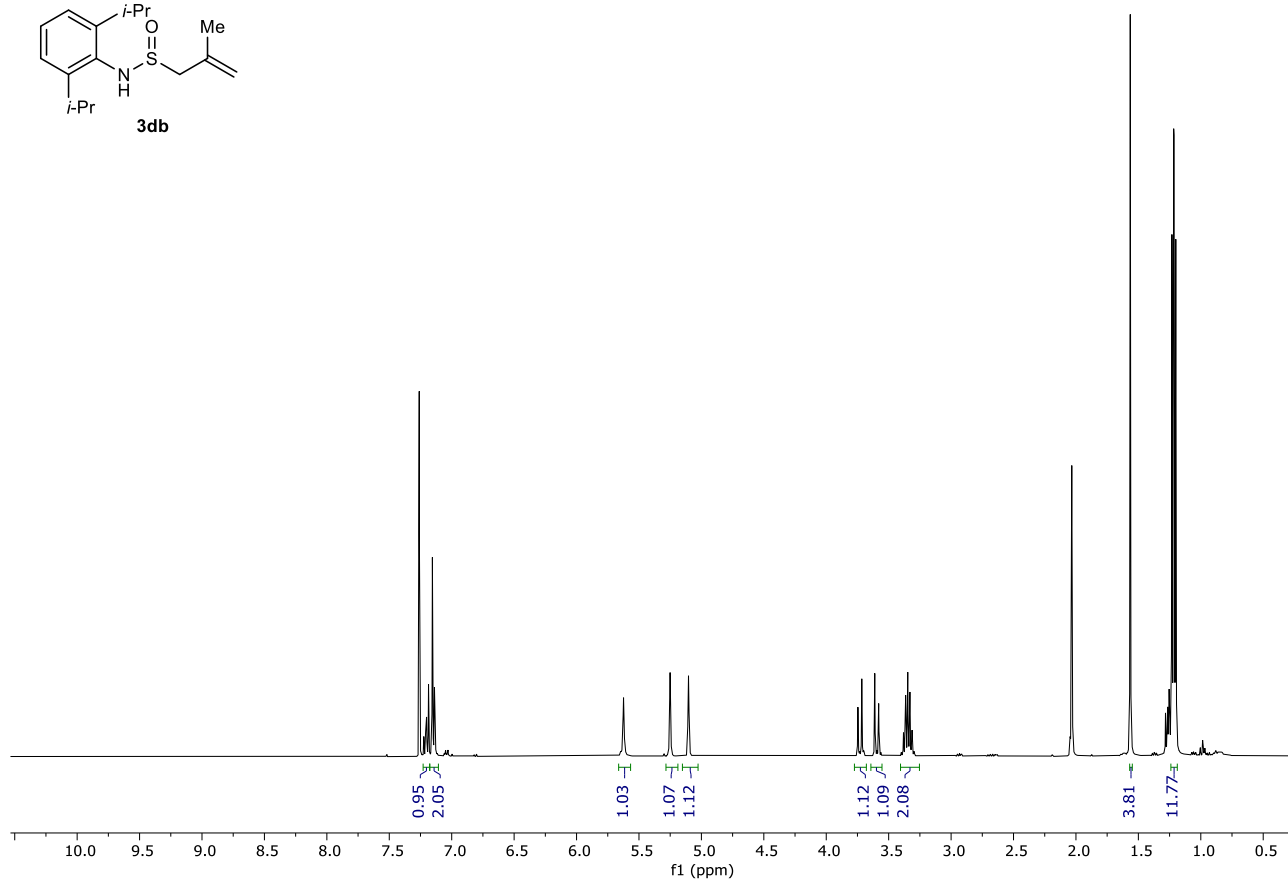
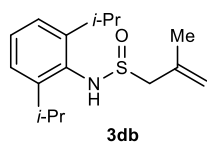


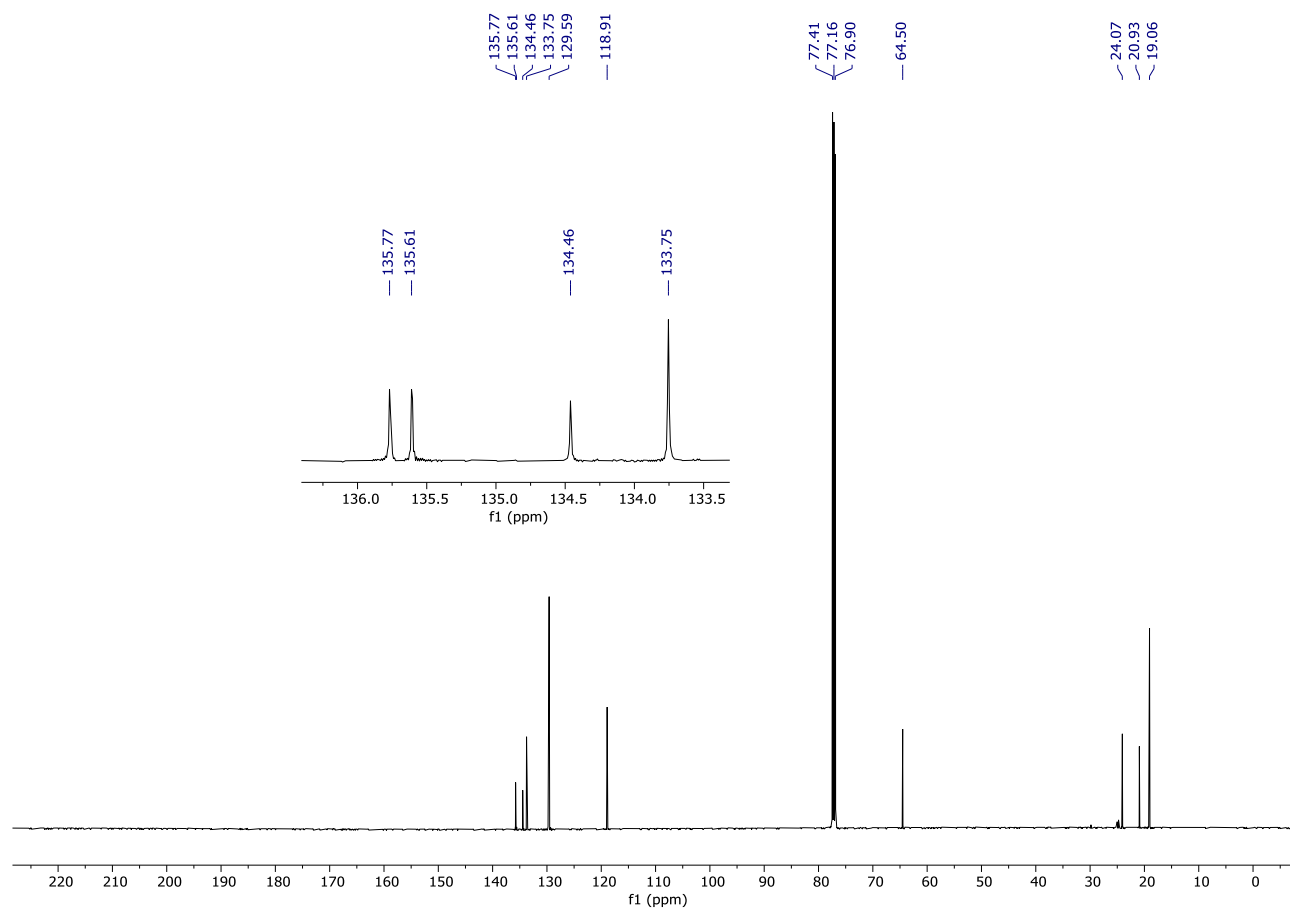
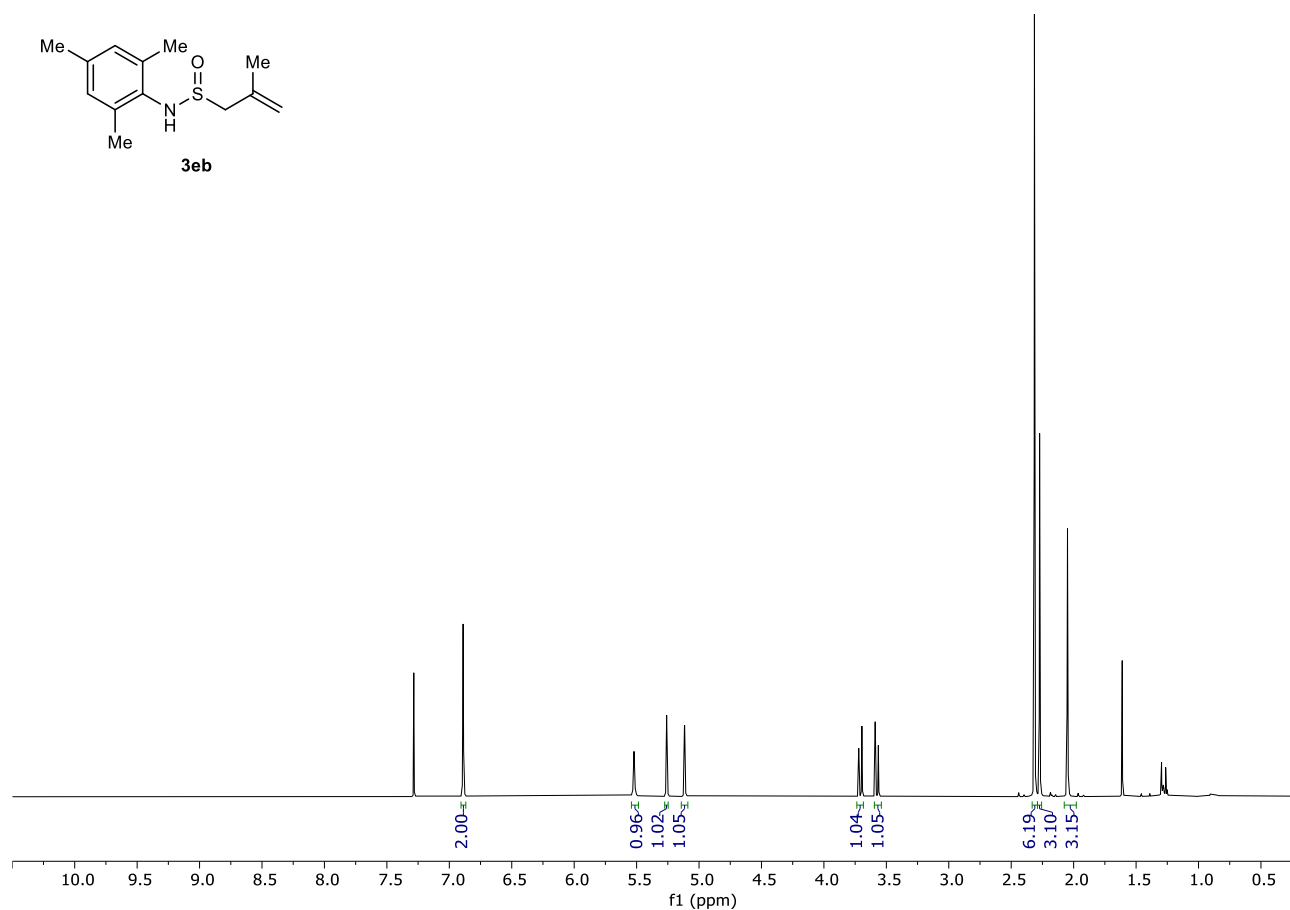
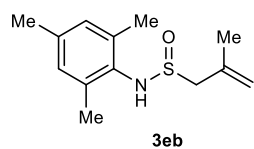


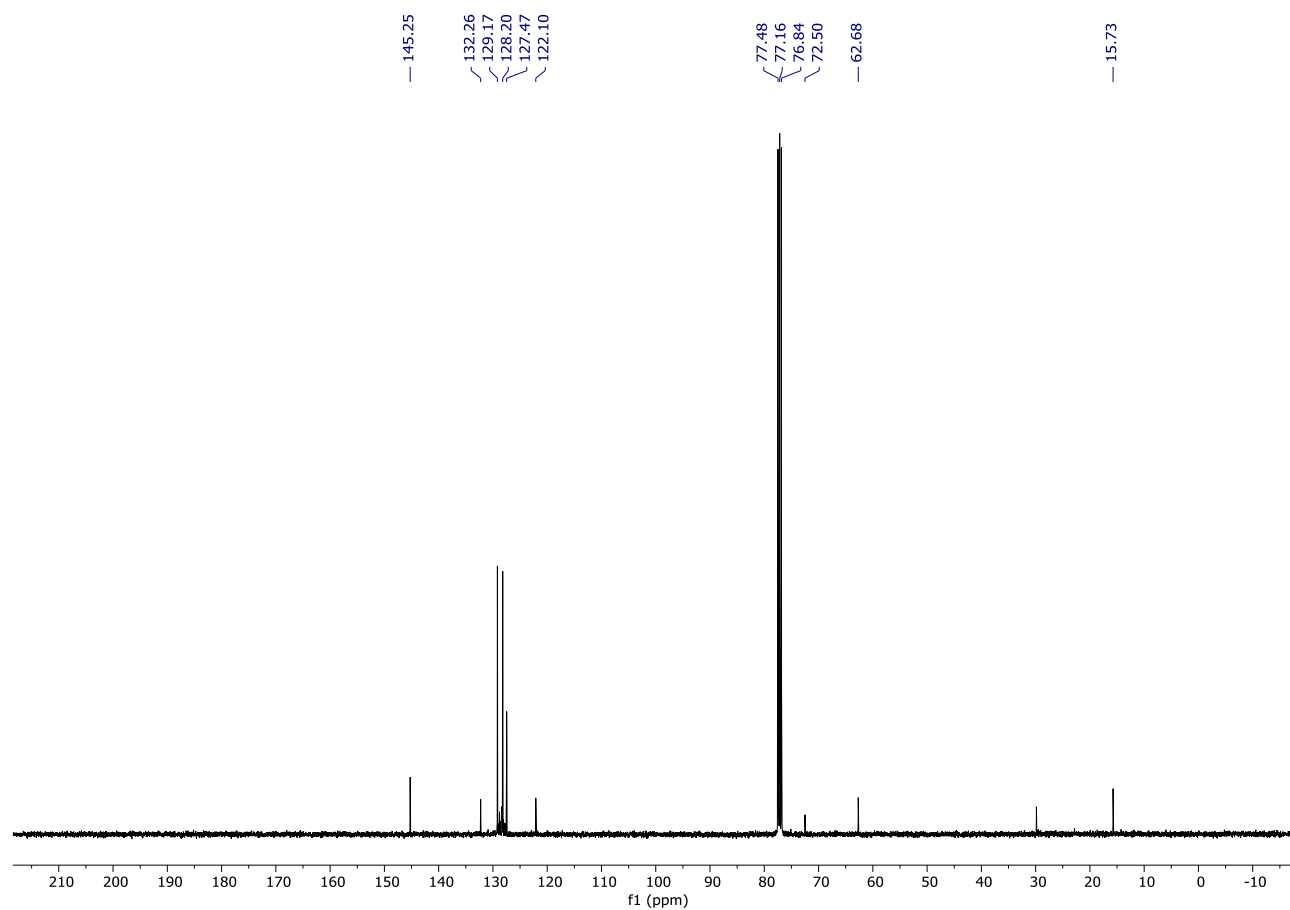
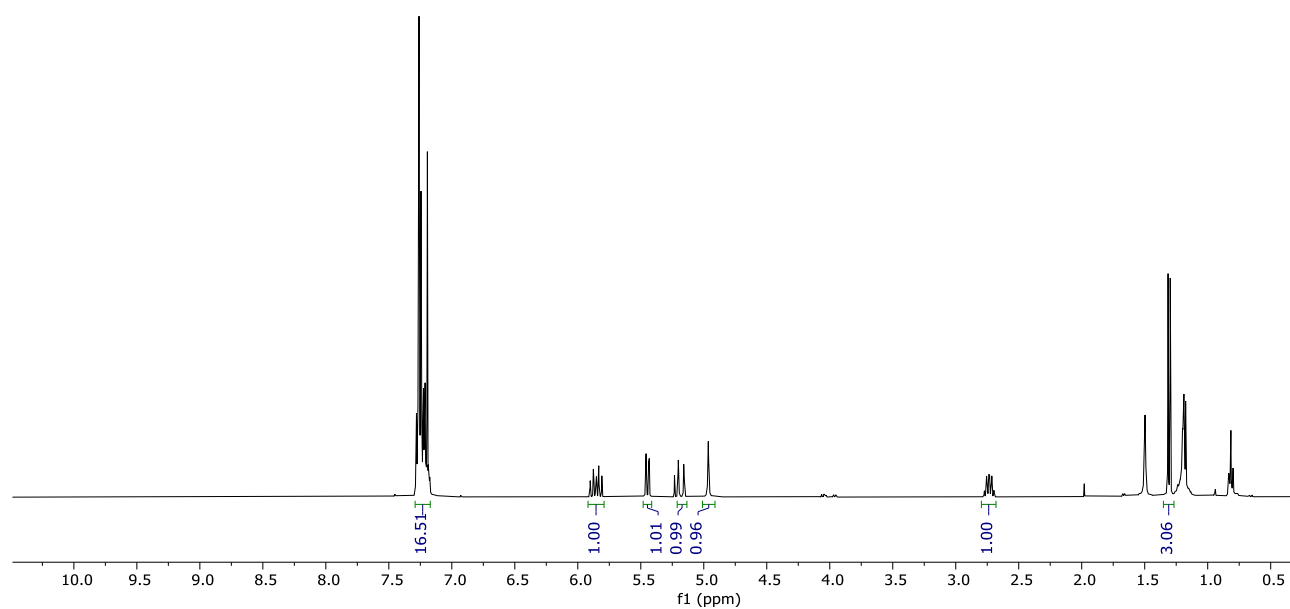
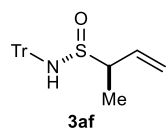


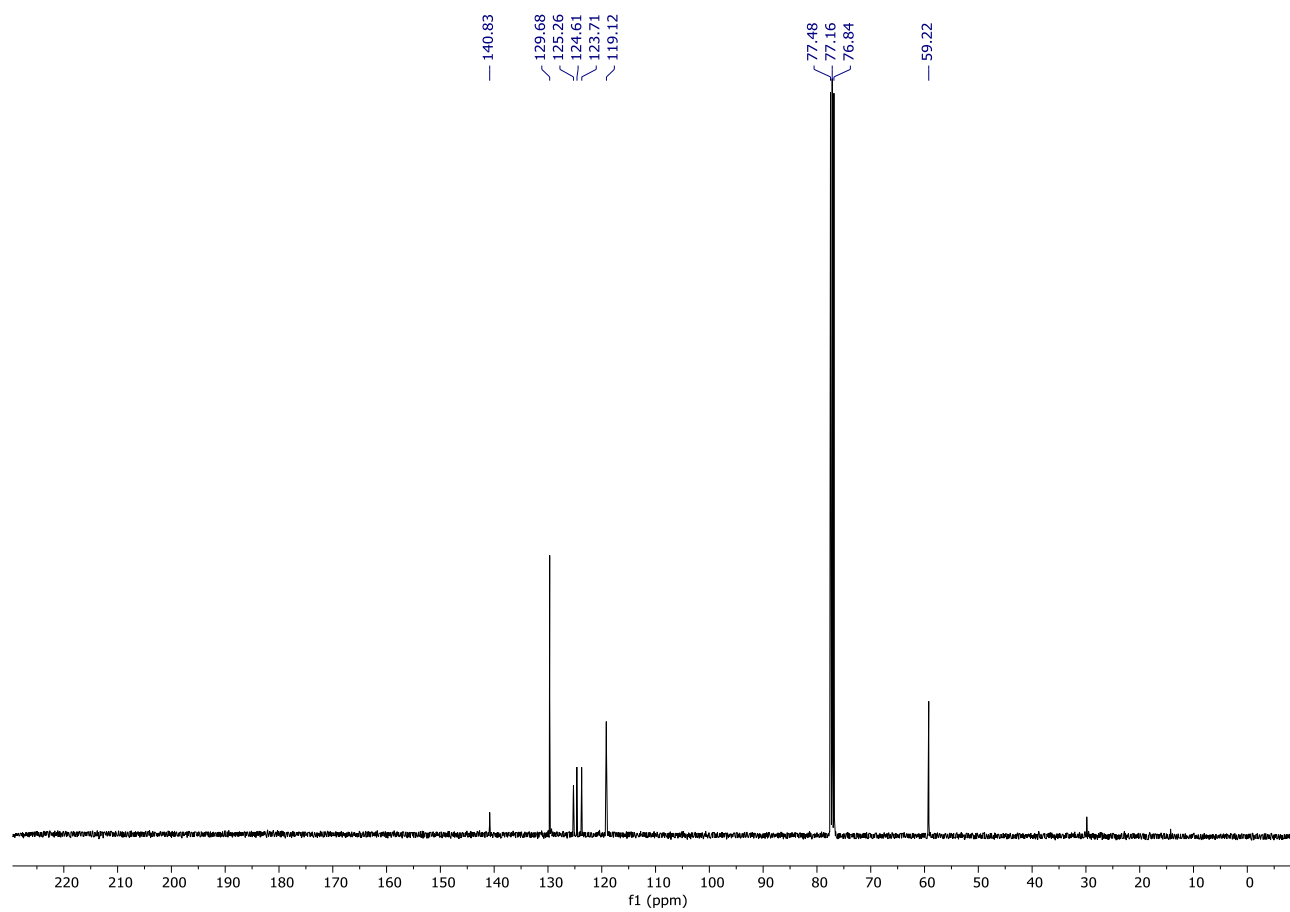
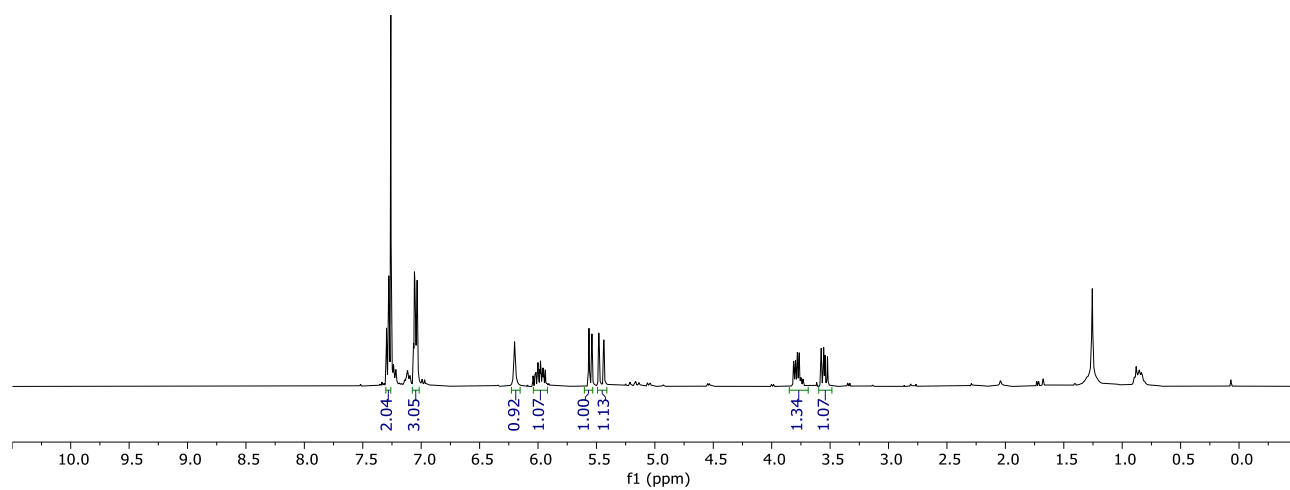
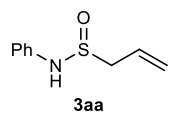


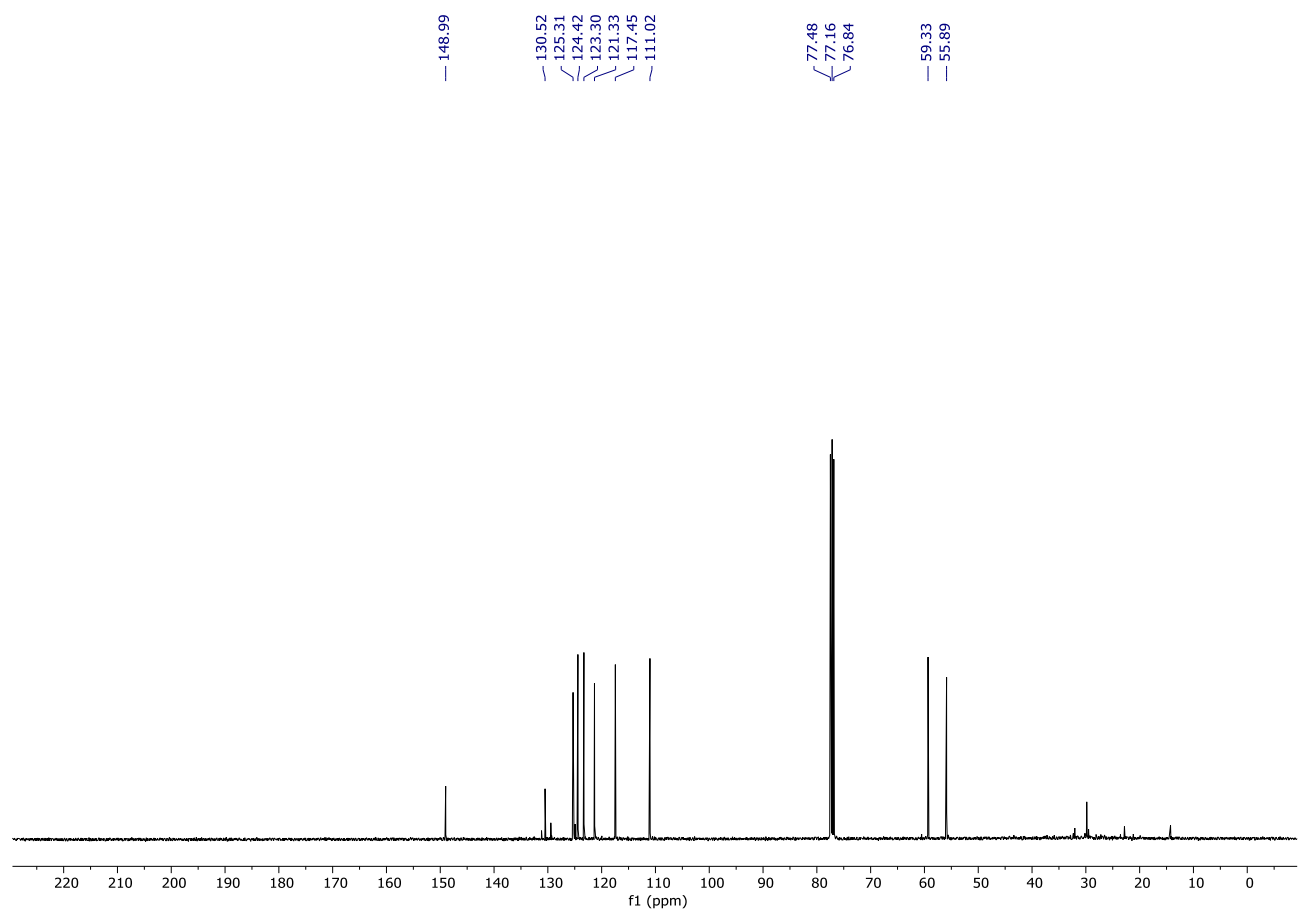
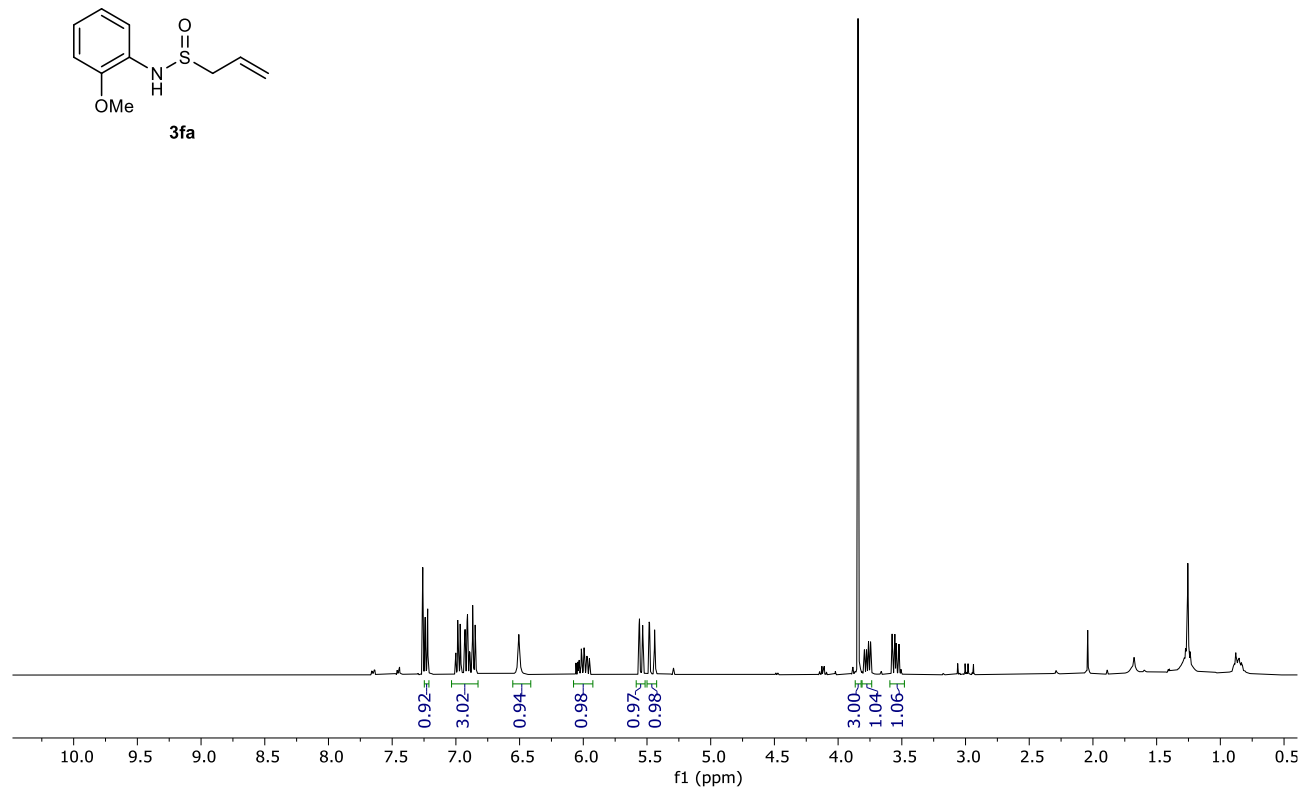
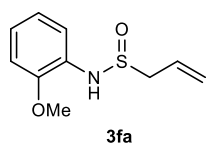


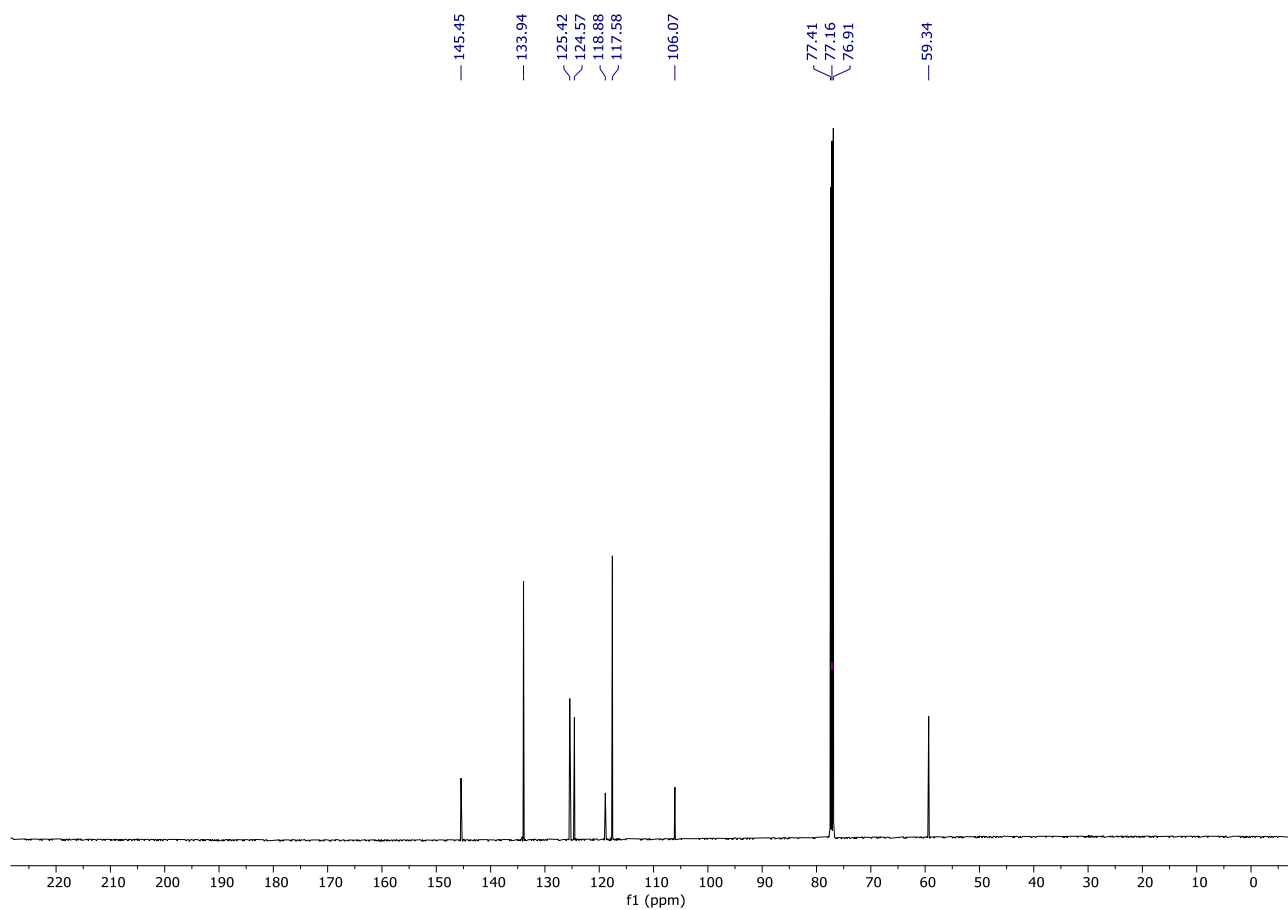
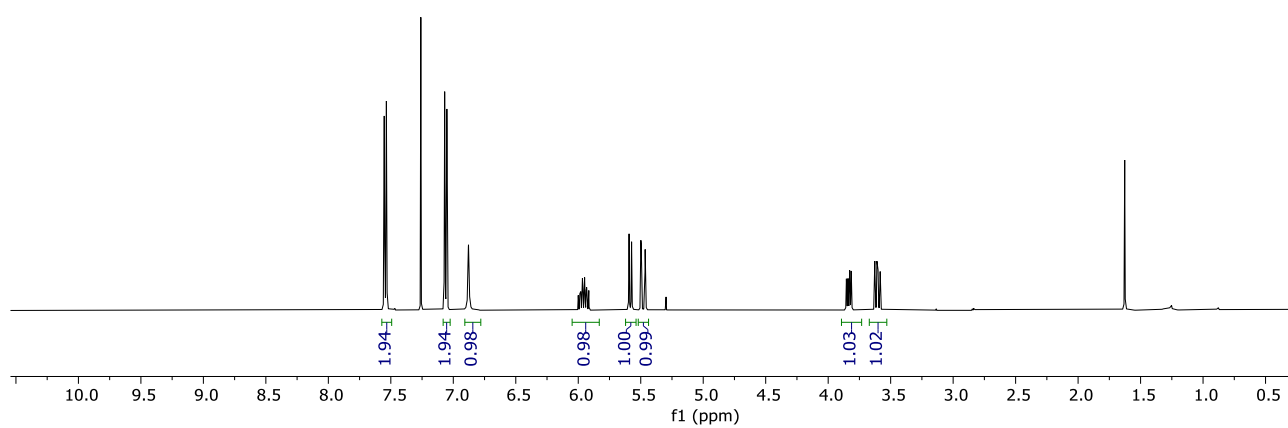
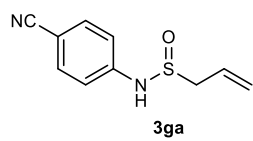


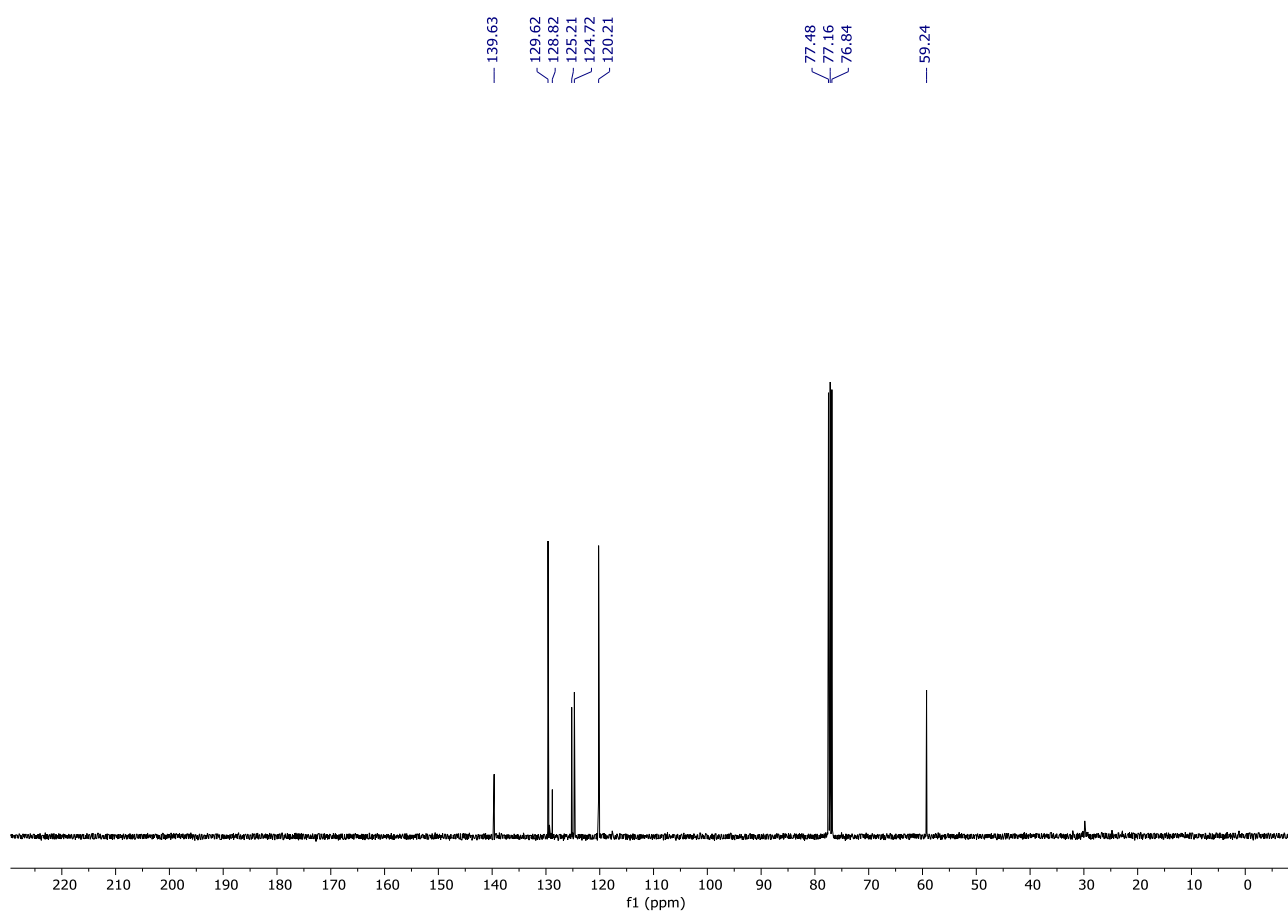
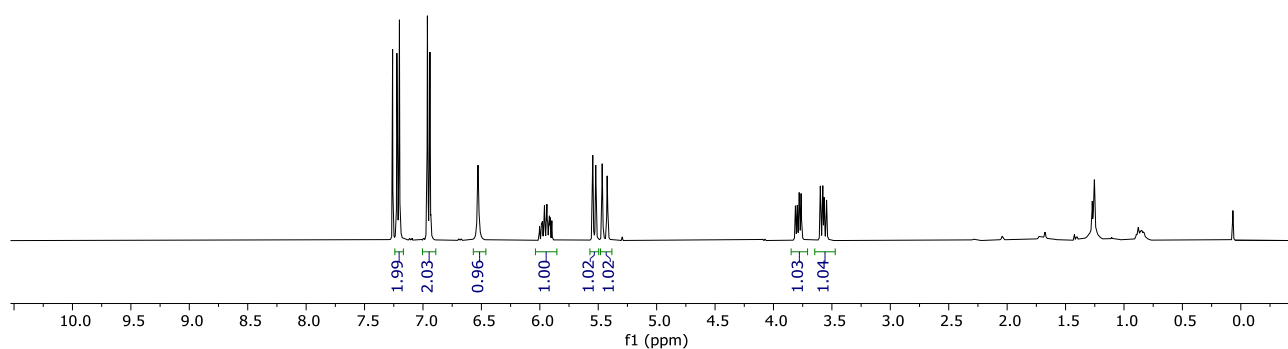
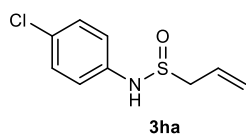


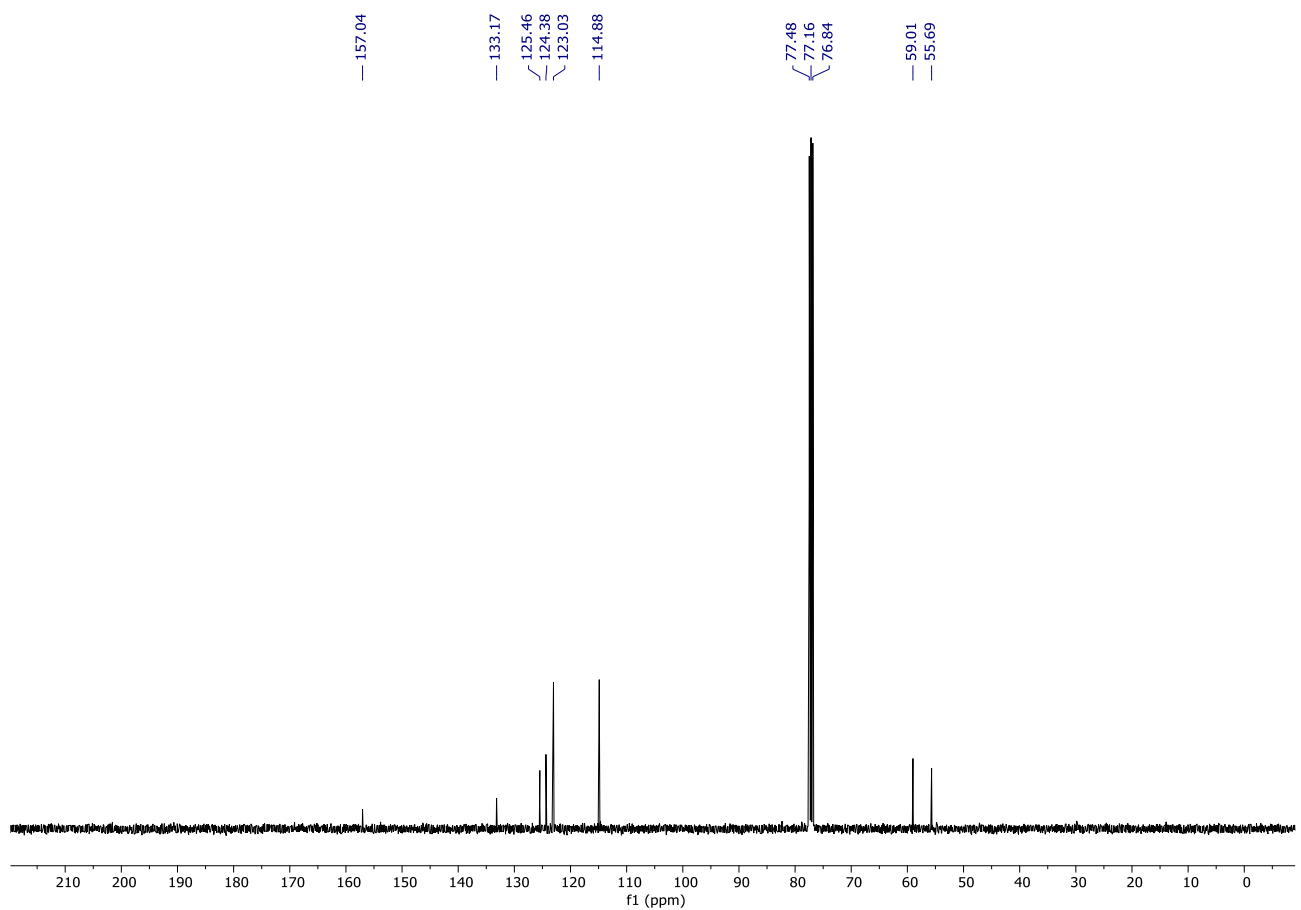
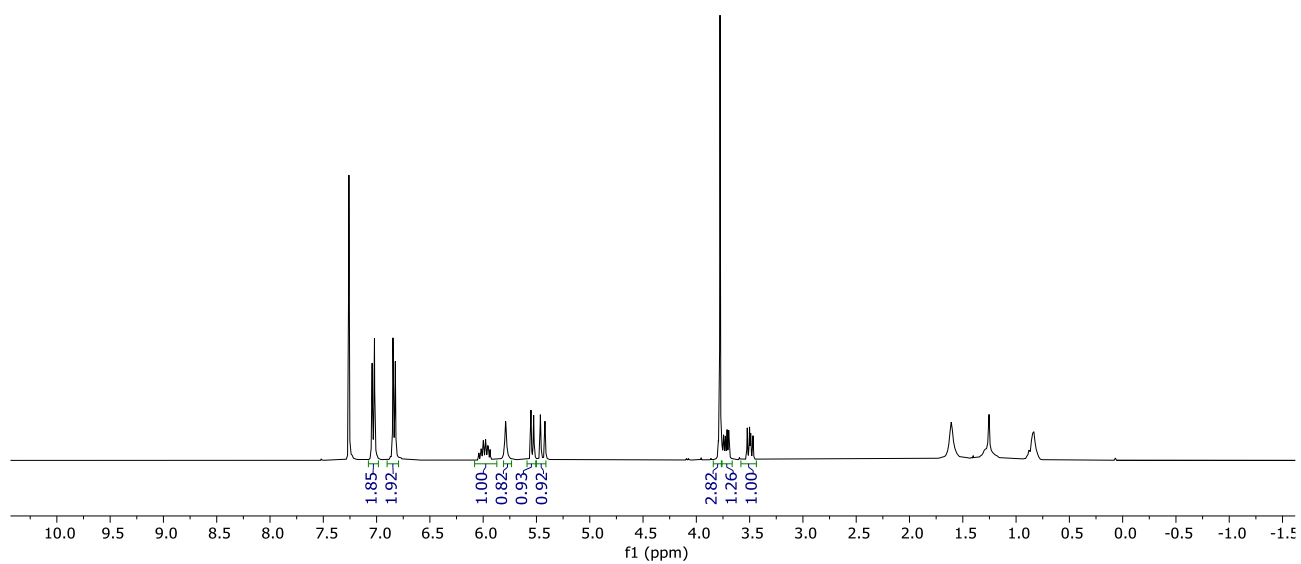
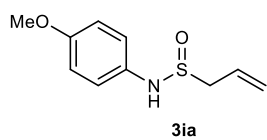


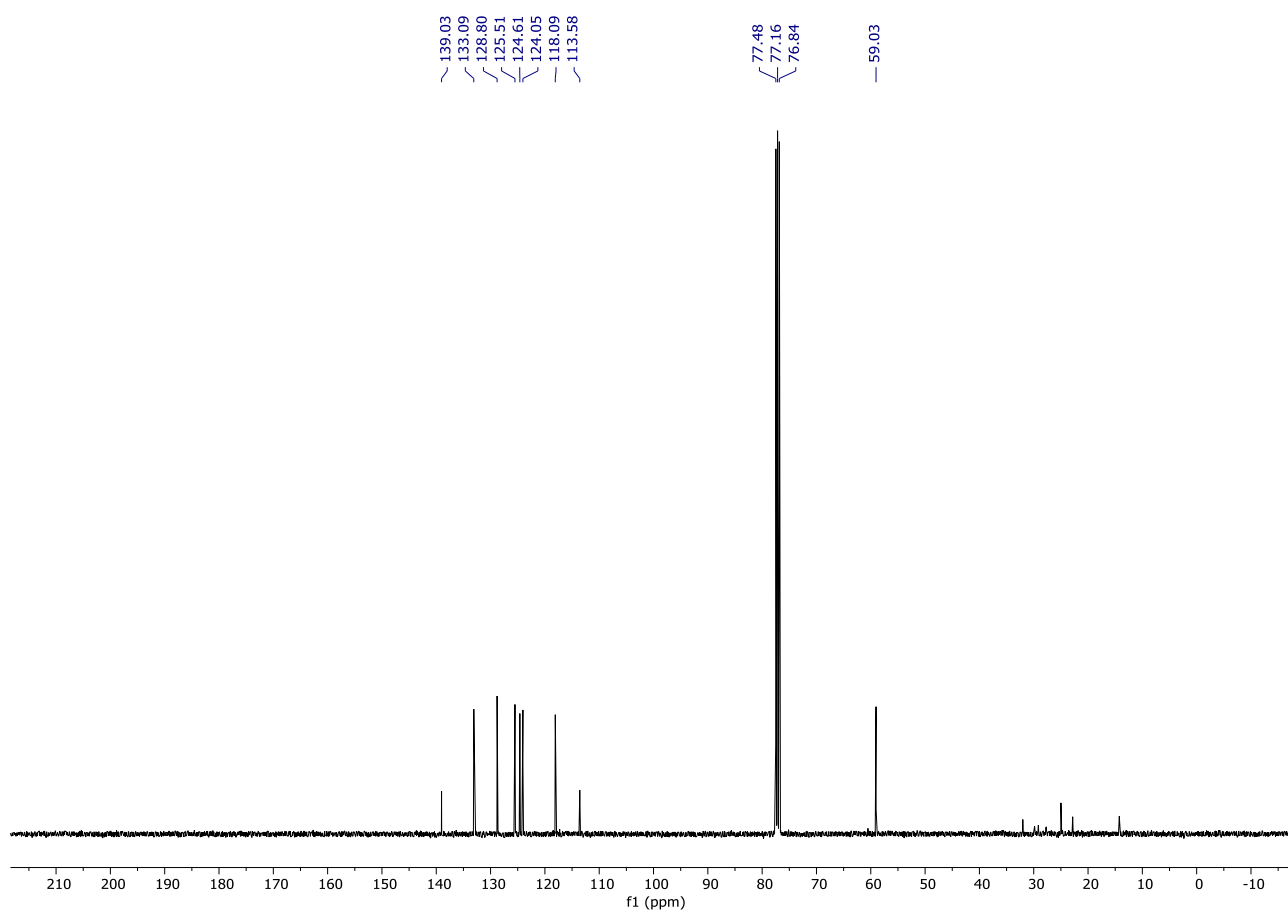
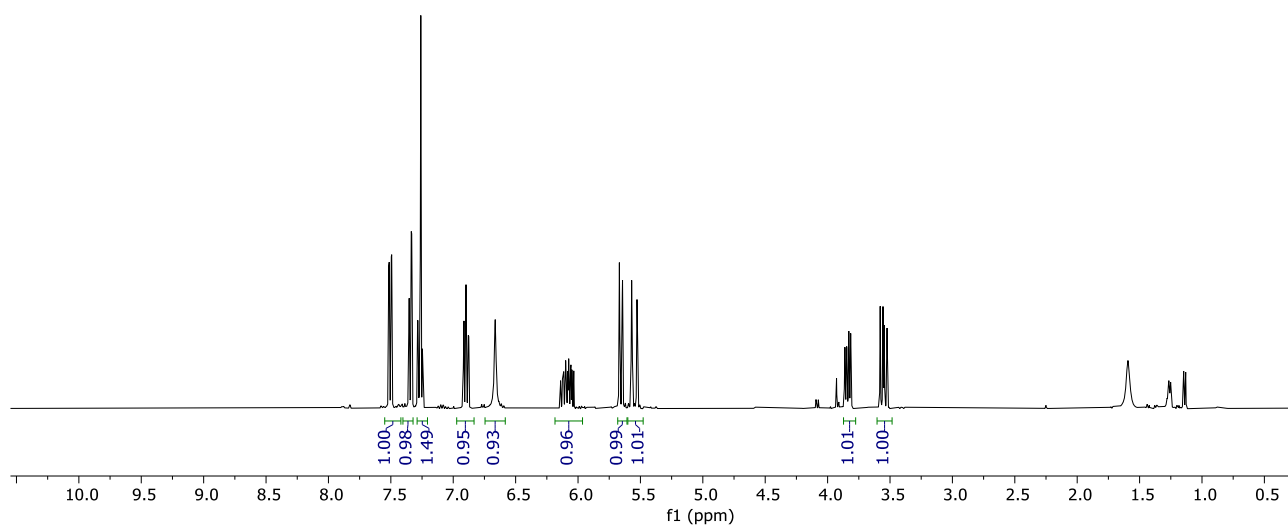
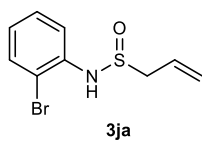


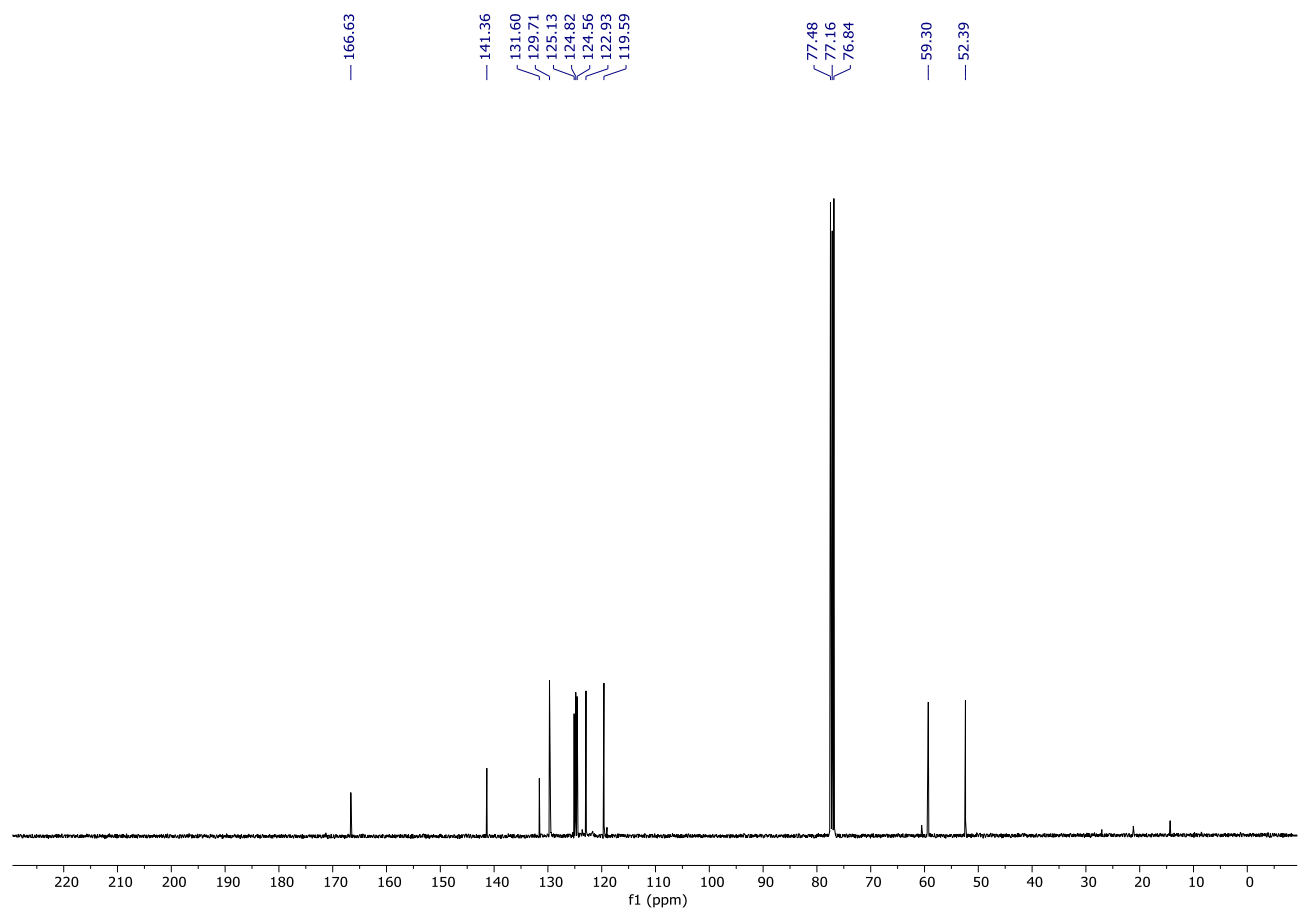
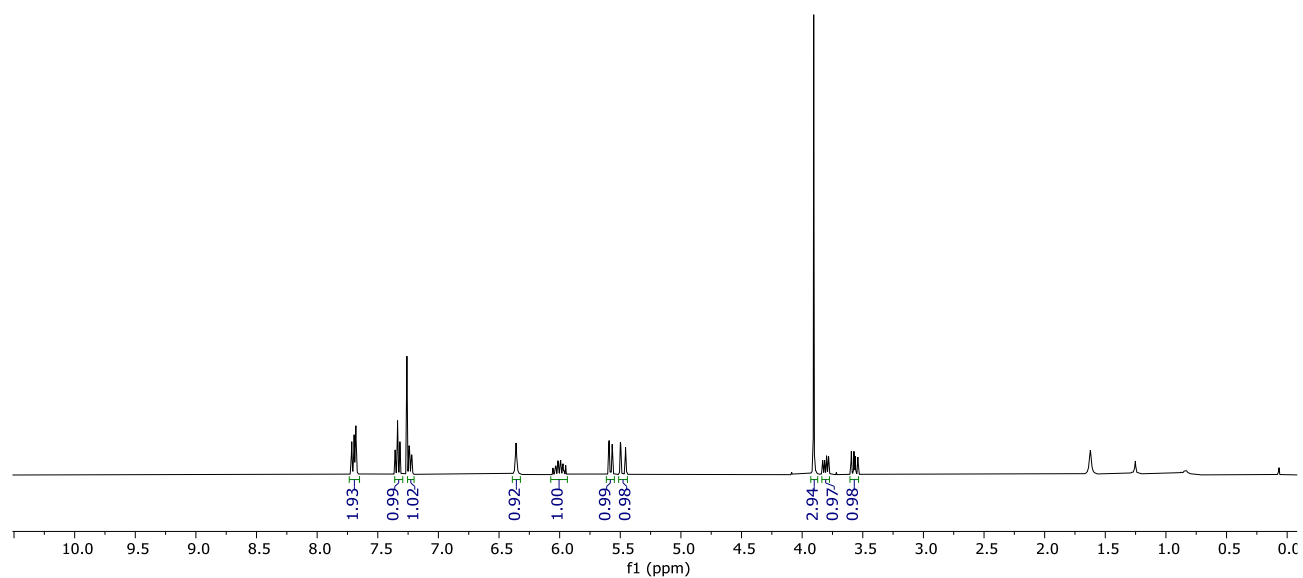
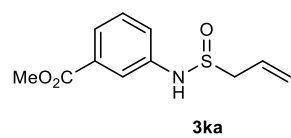


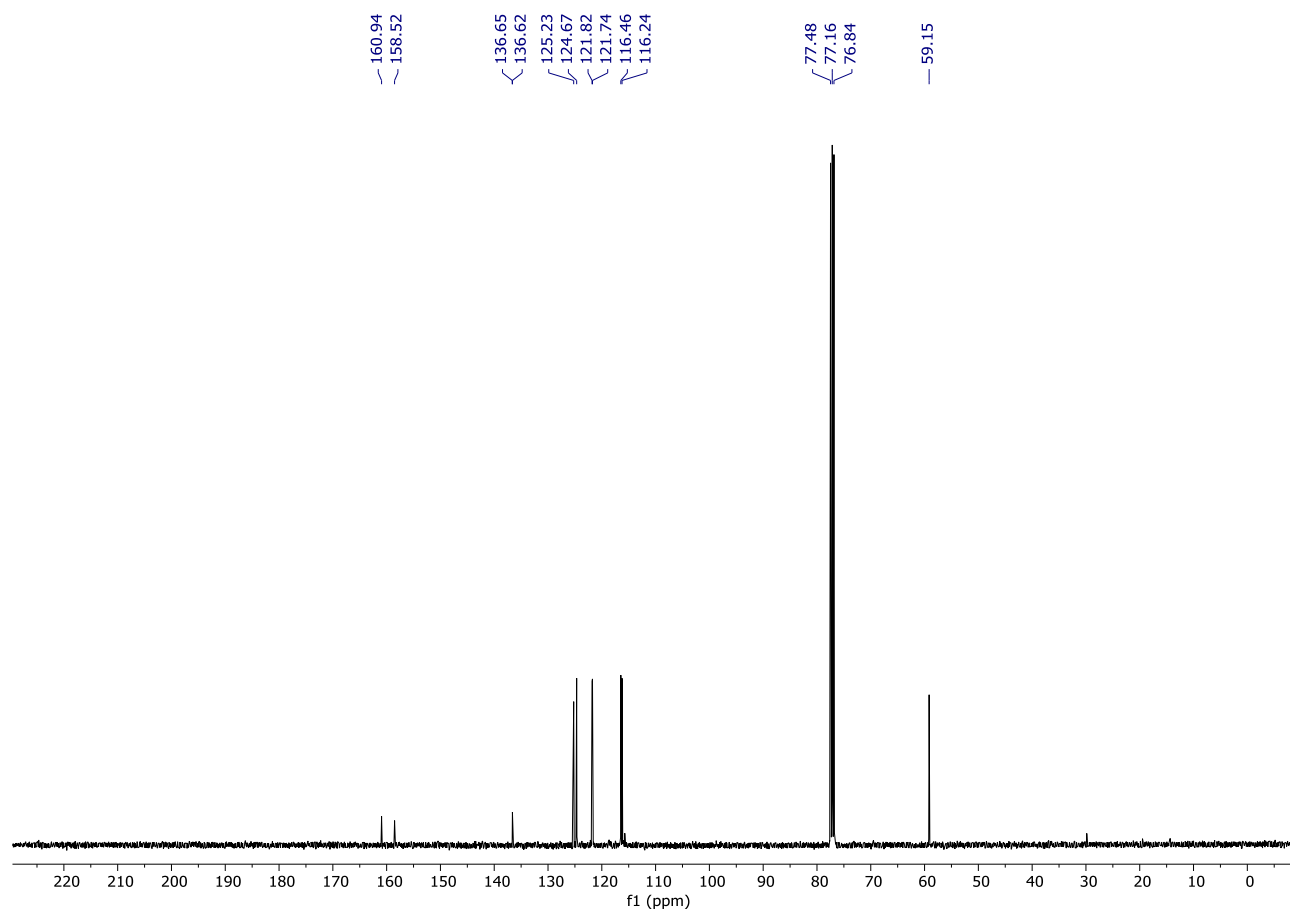
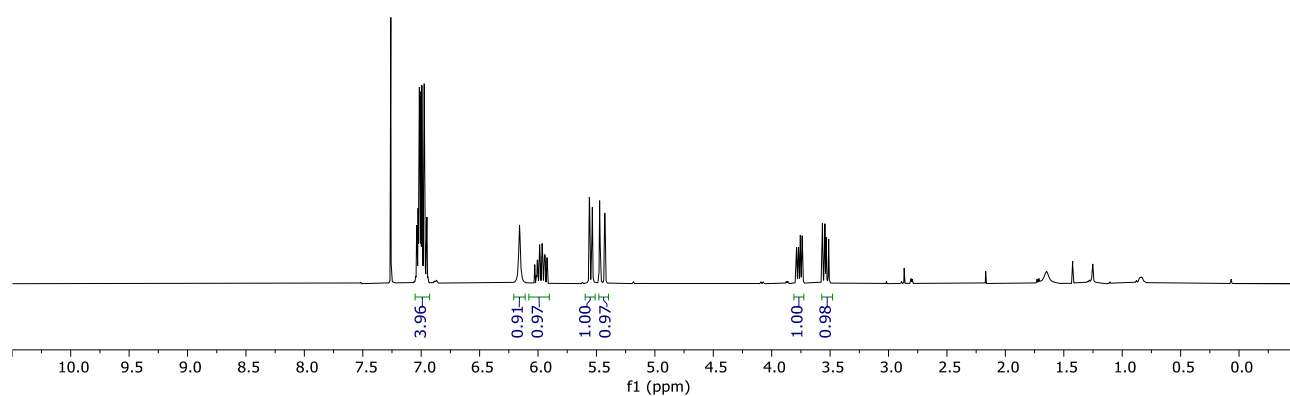
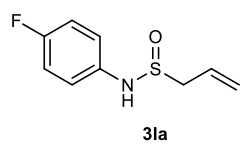


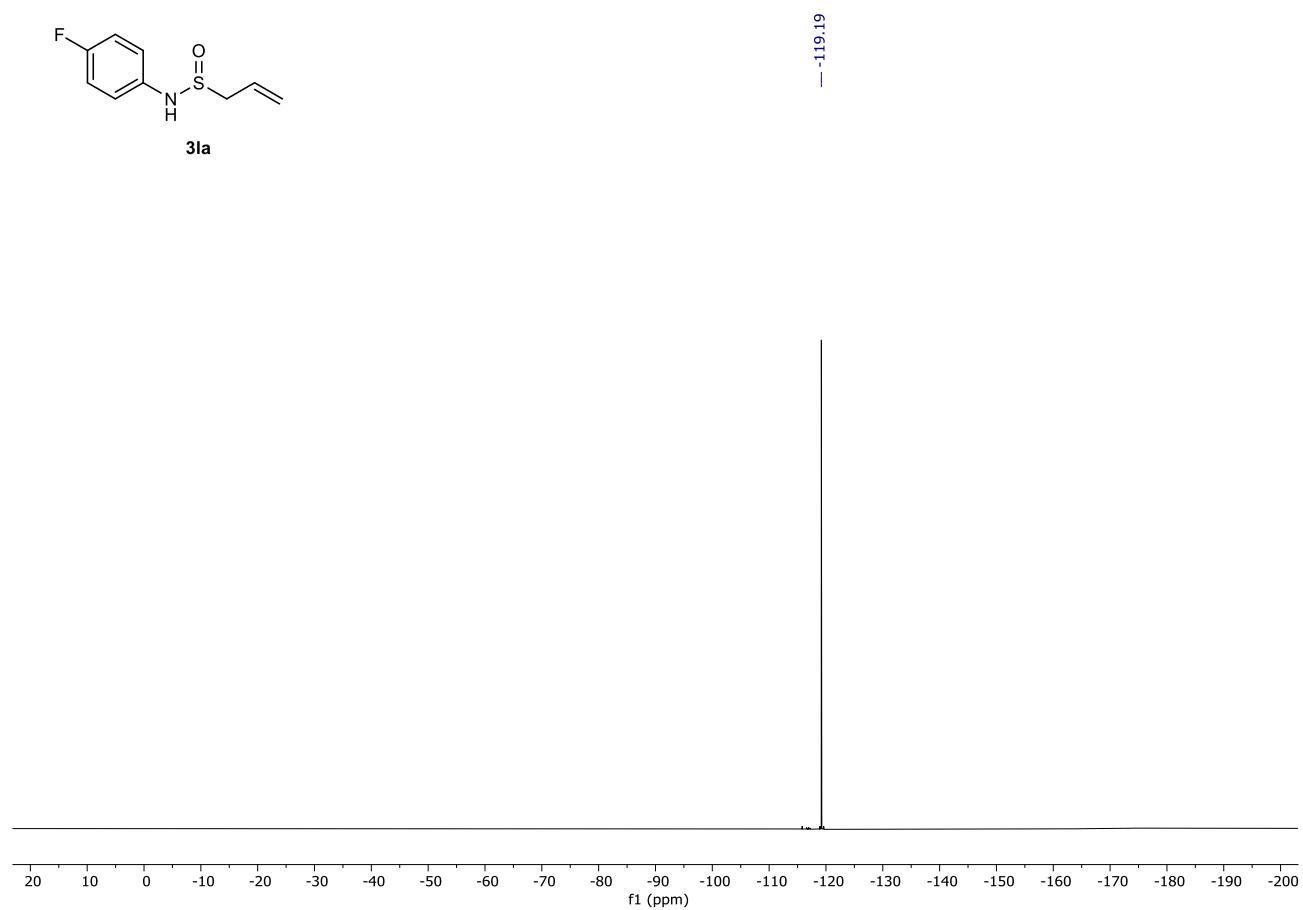
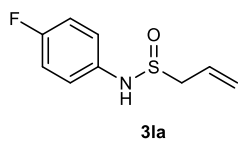


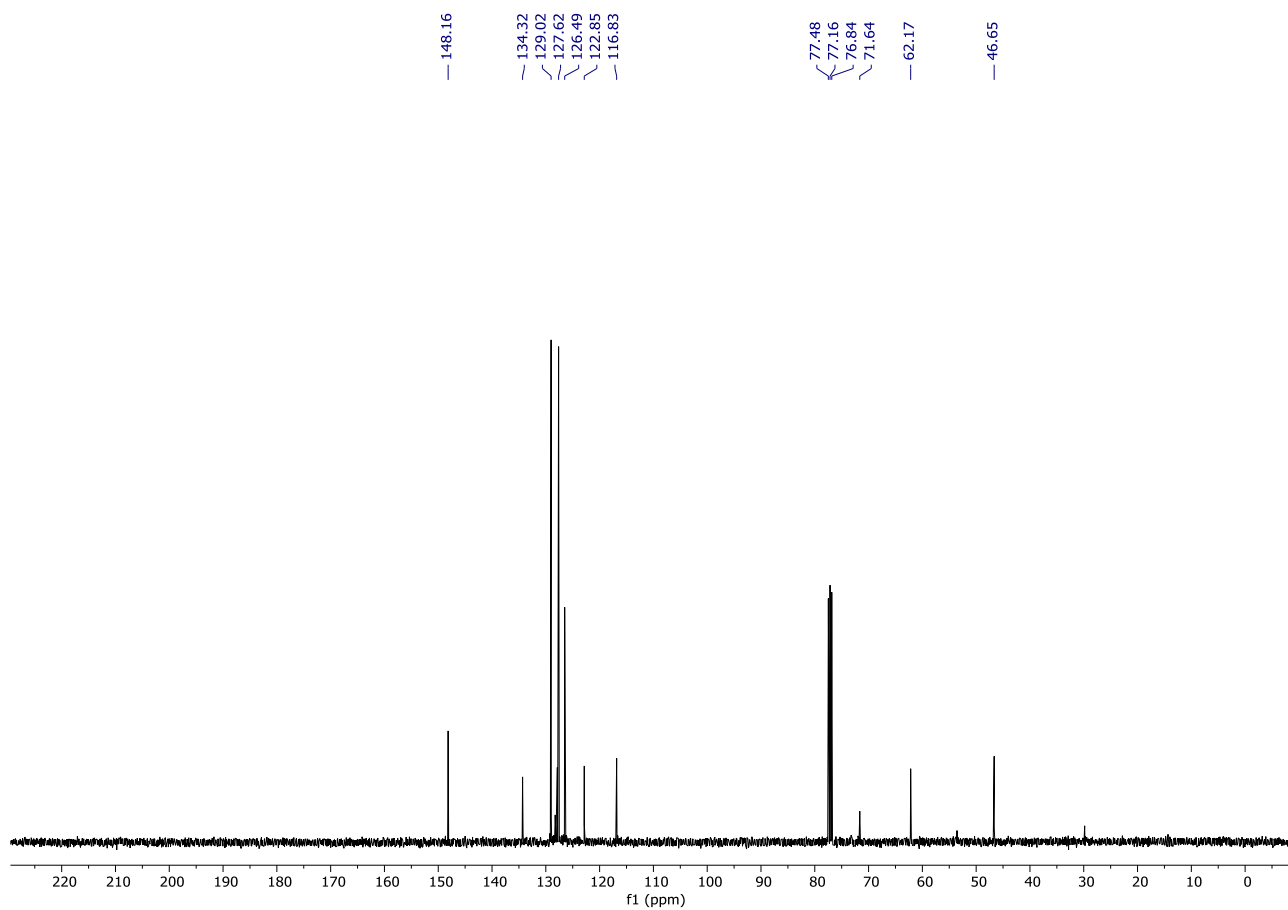
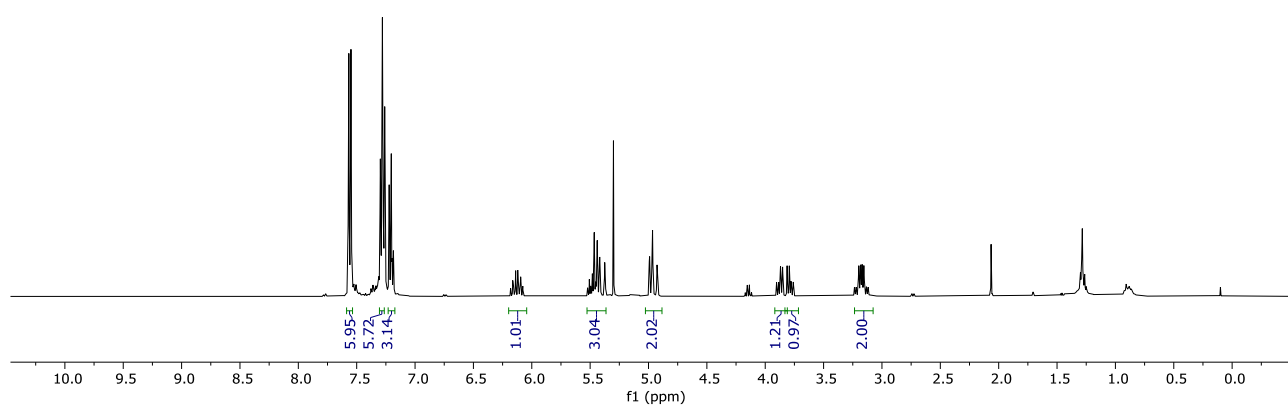
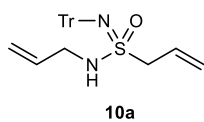


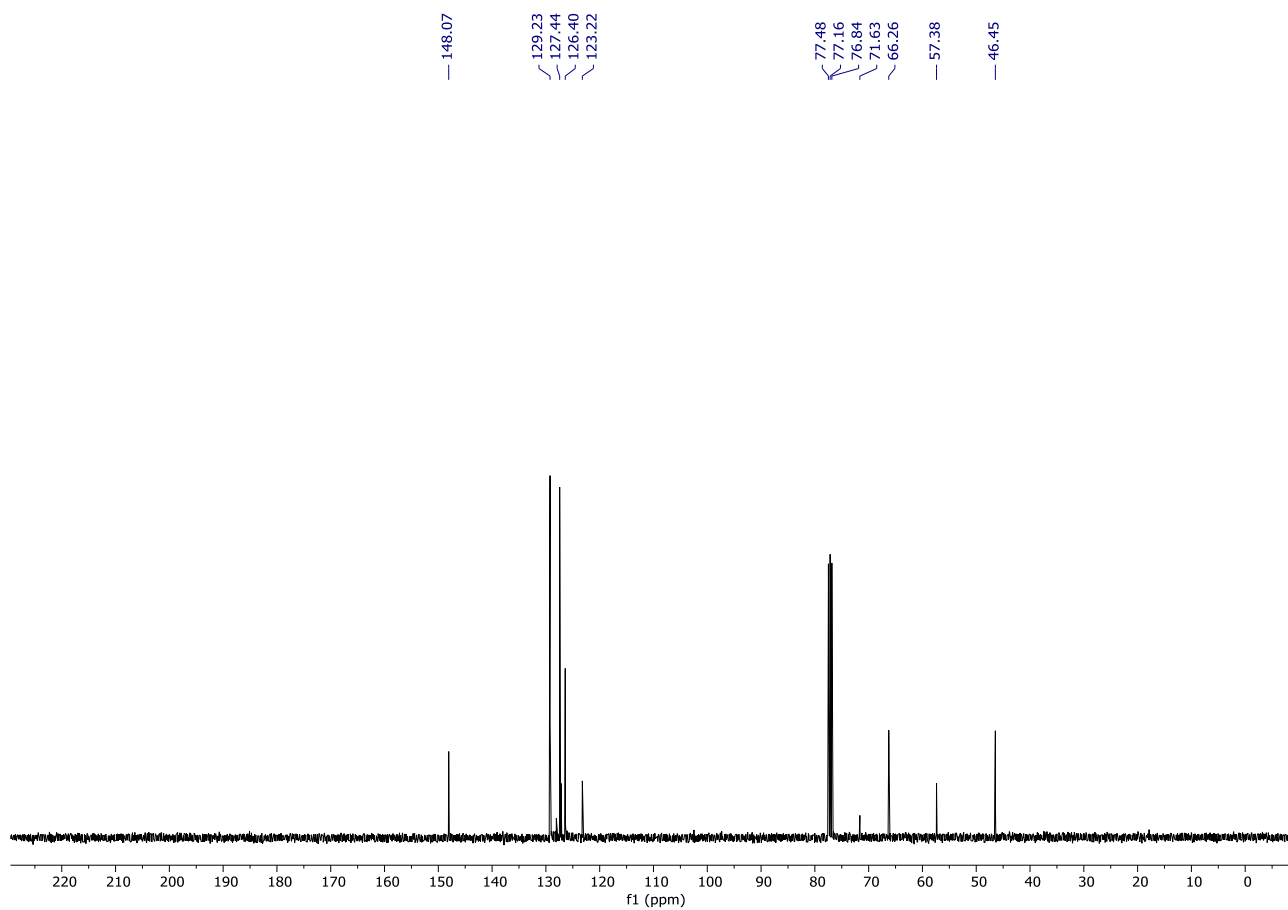
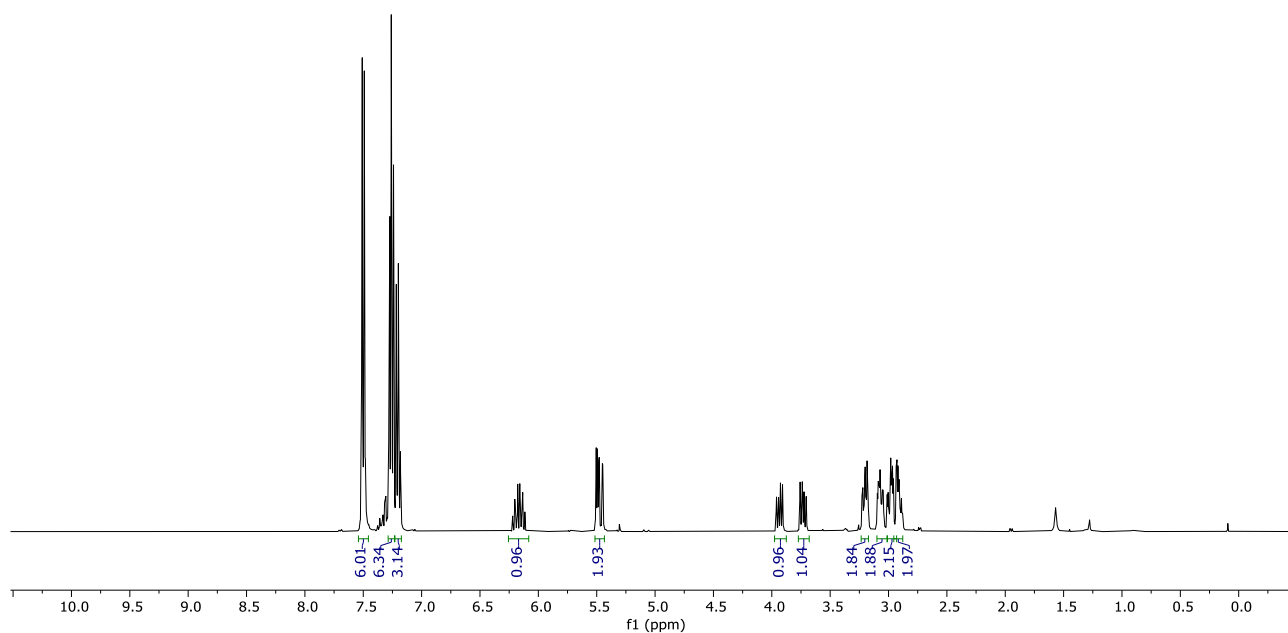
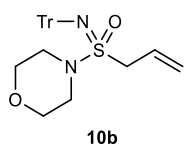


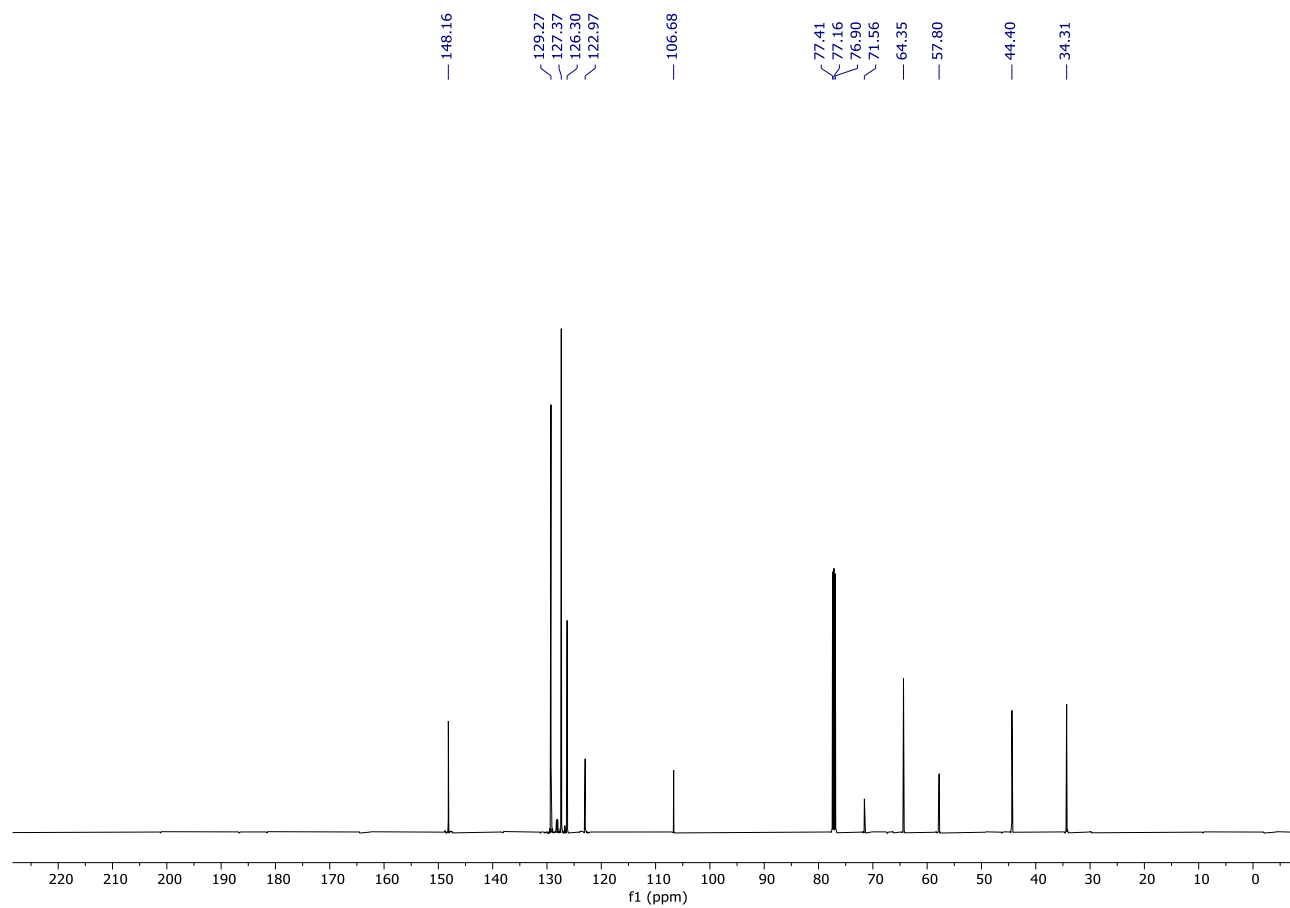
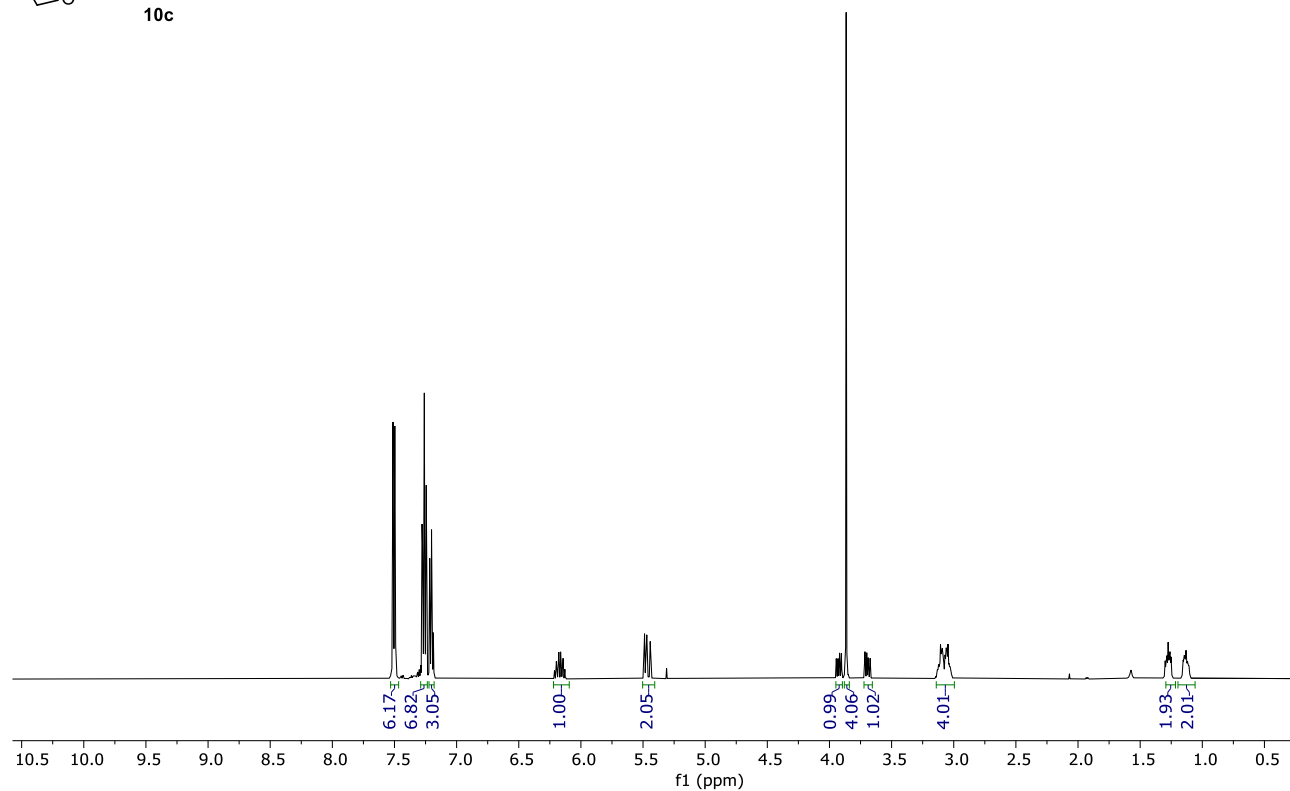
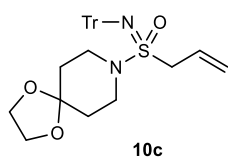


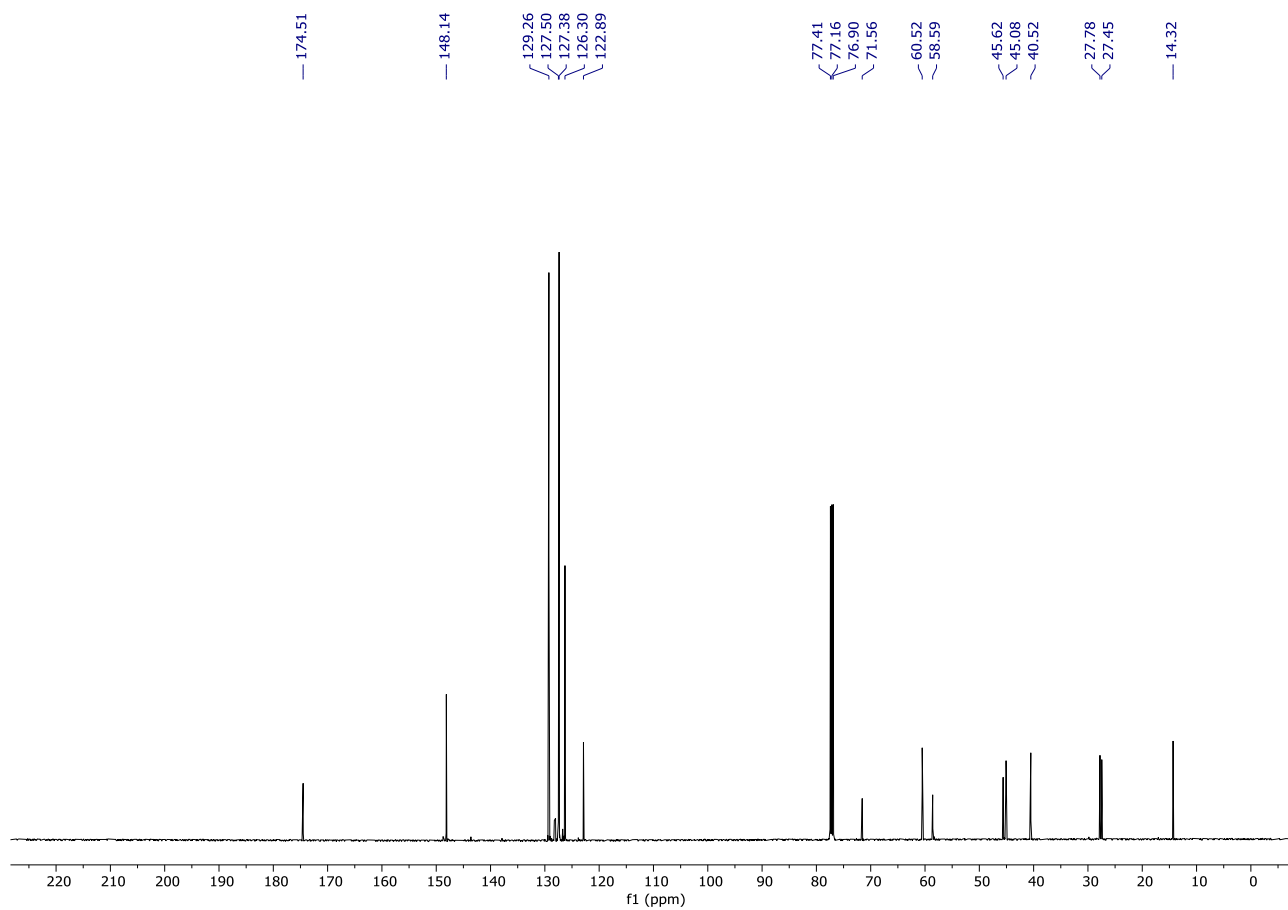
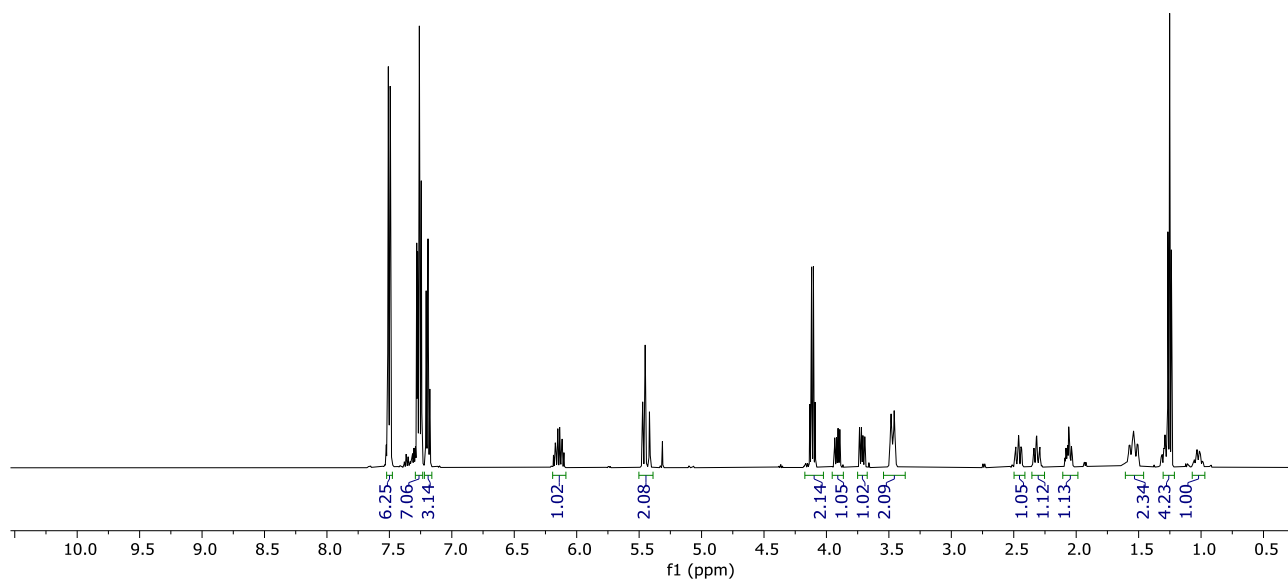
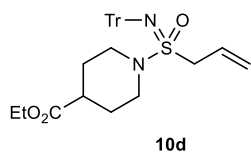




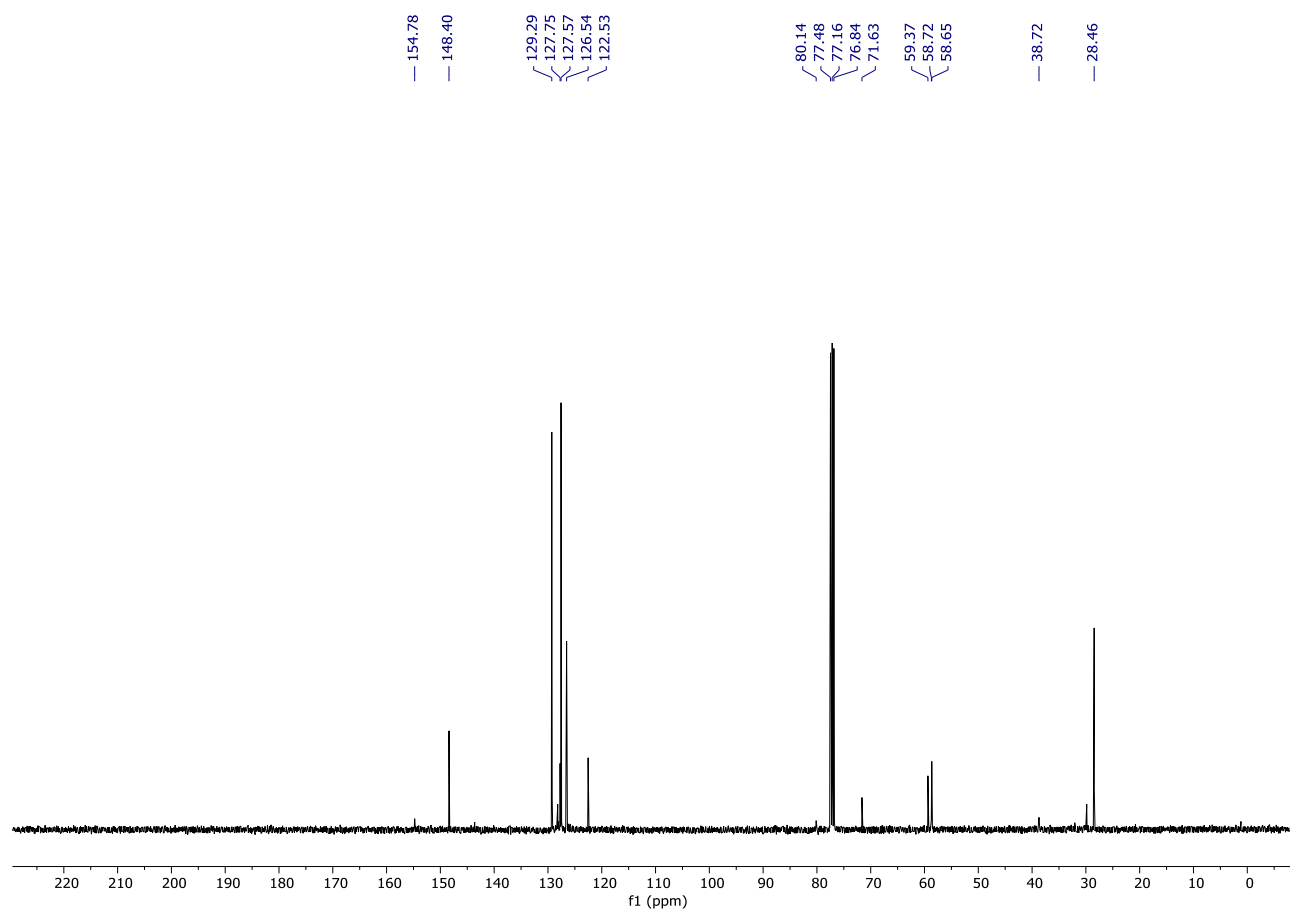
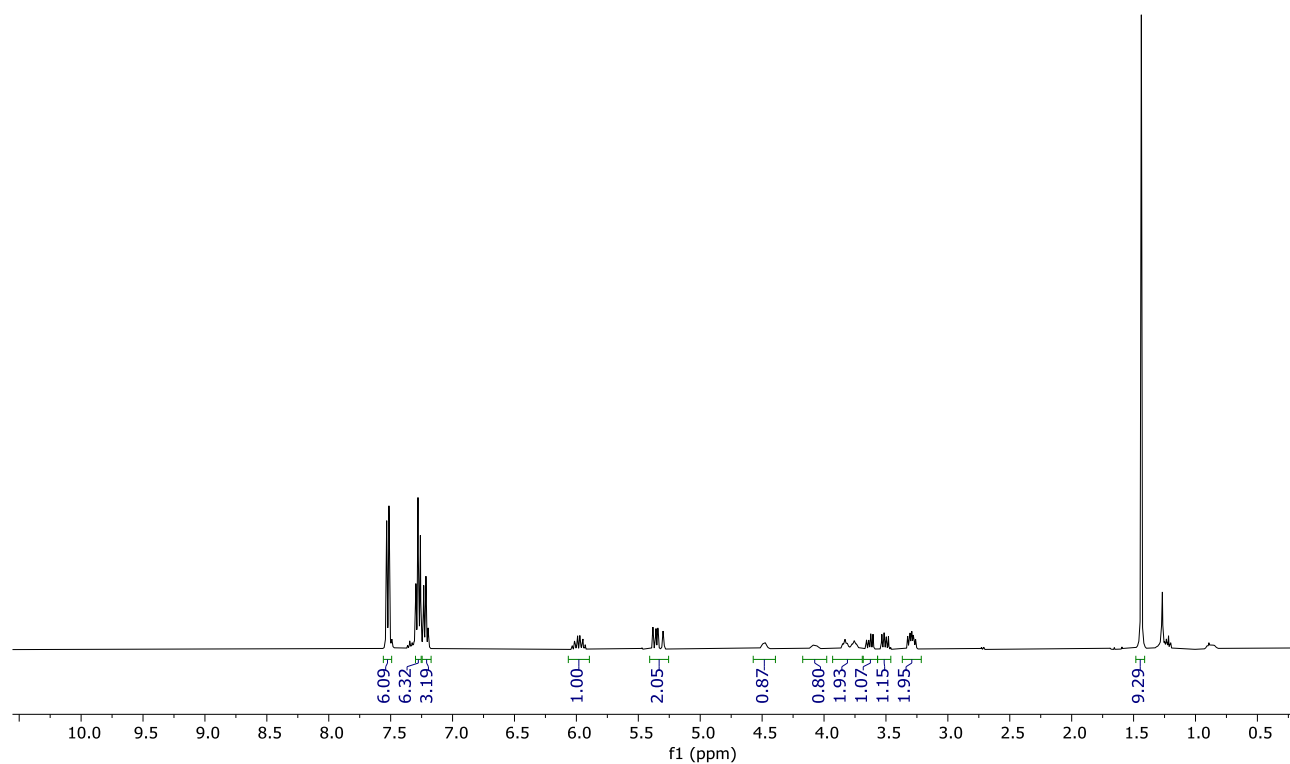


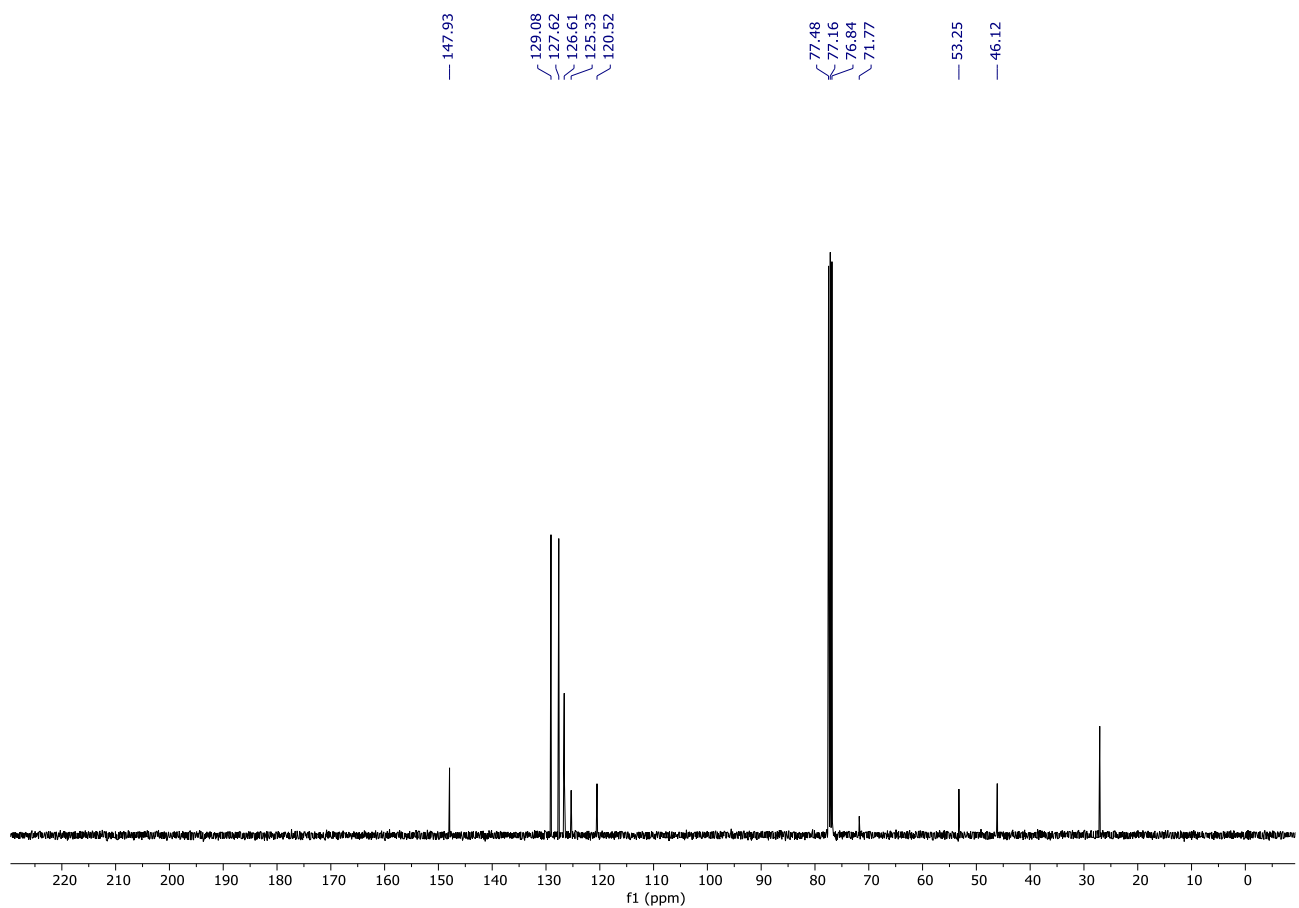
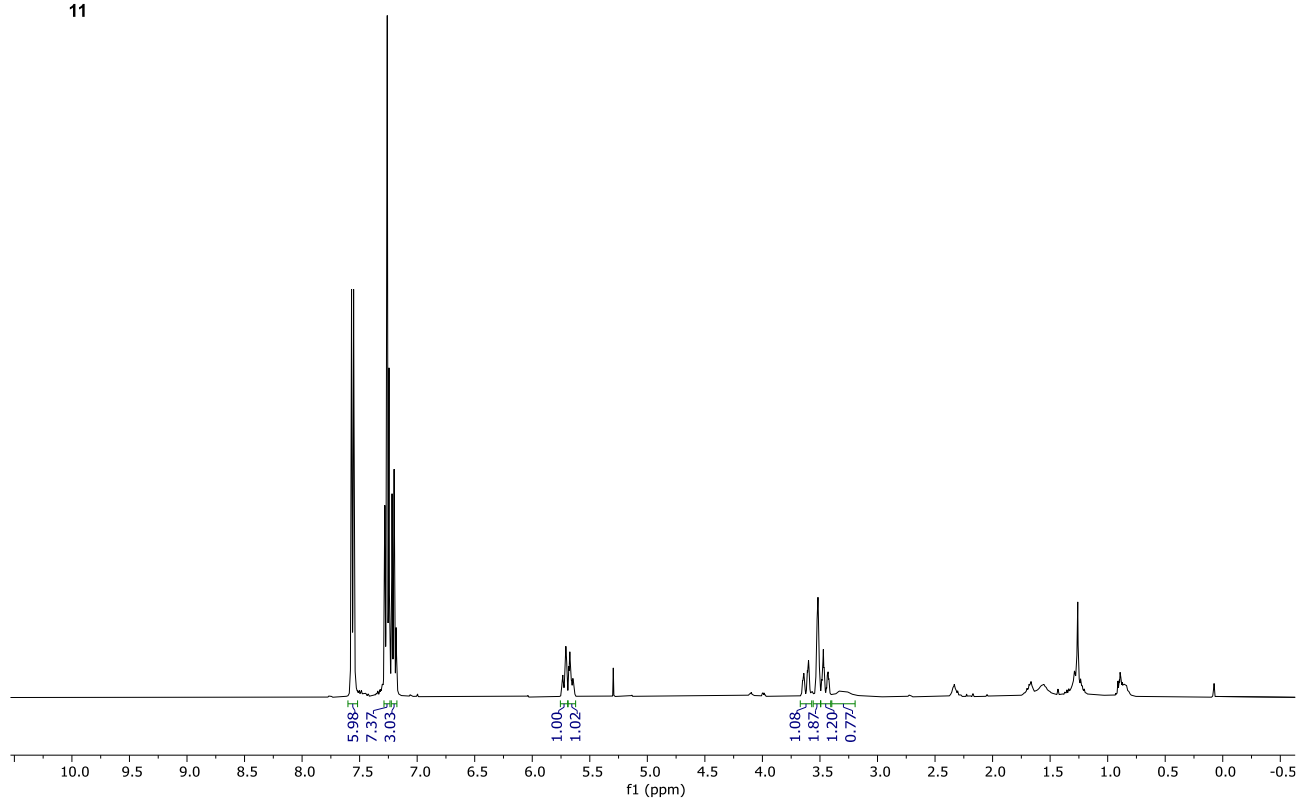
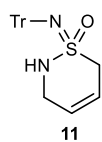






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