

Electronic Supplementary Information (ESI)

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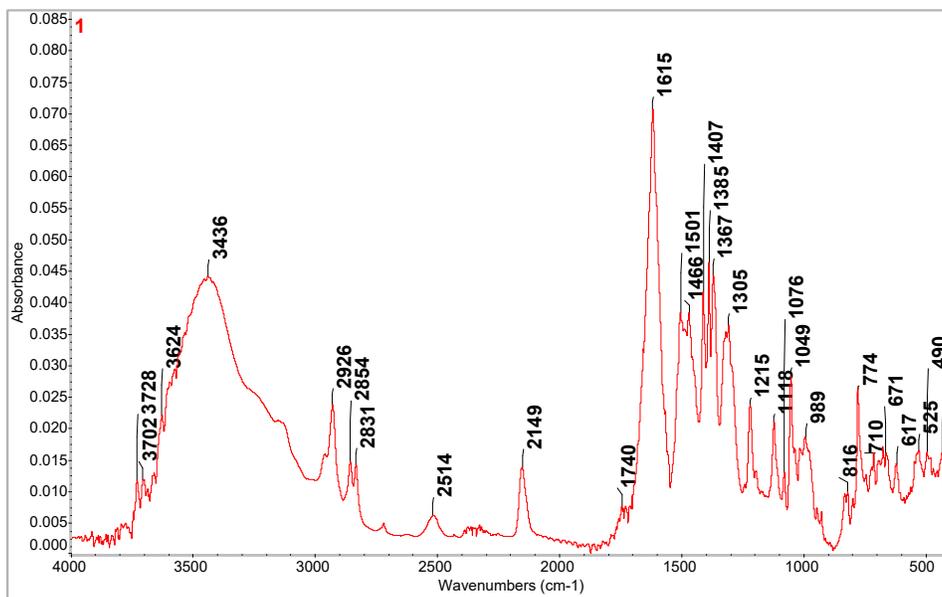


Fig. S1. FTIR spectrum of 1.

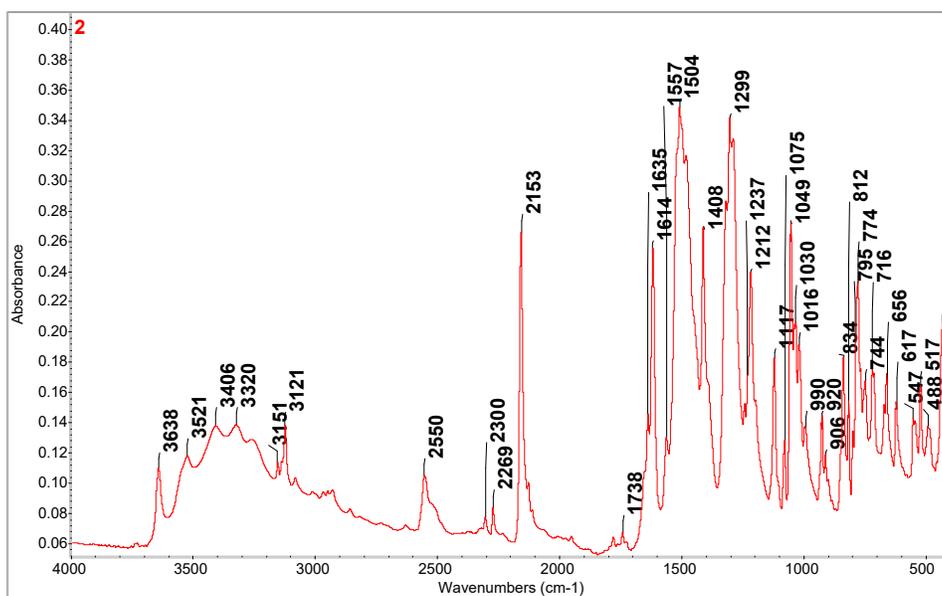


Fig. S2. FTIR spectrum of 2.

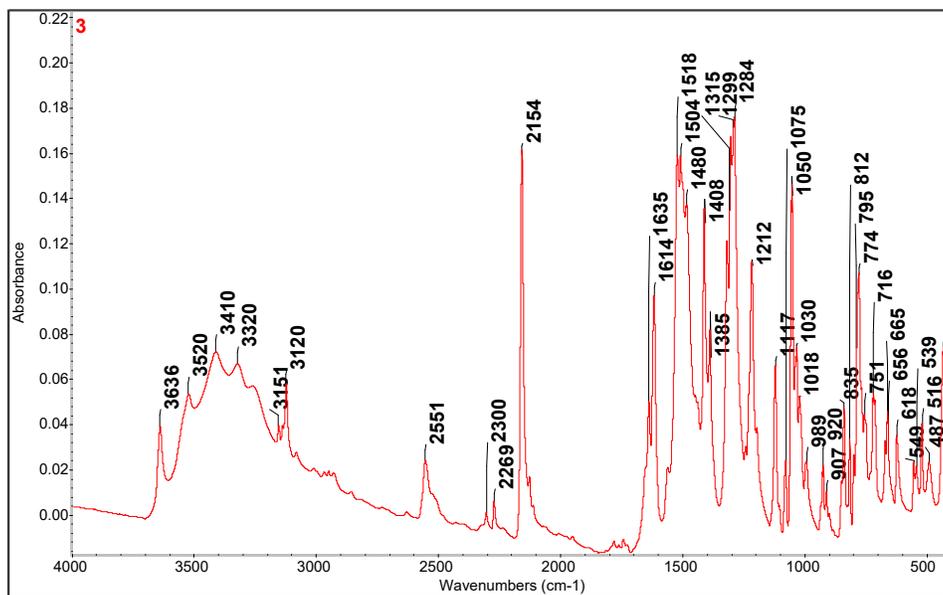


Fig. S3. FTIR spectrum of 3

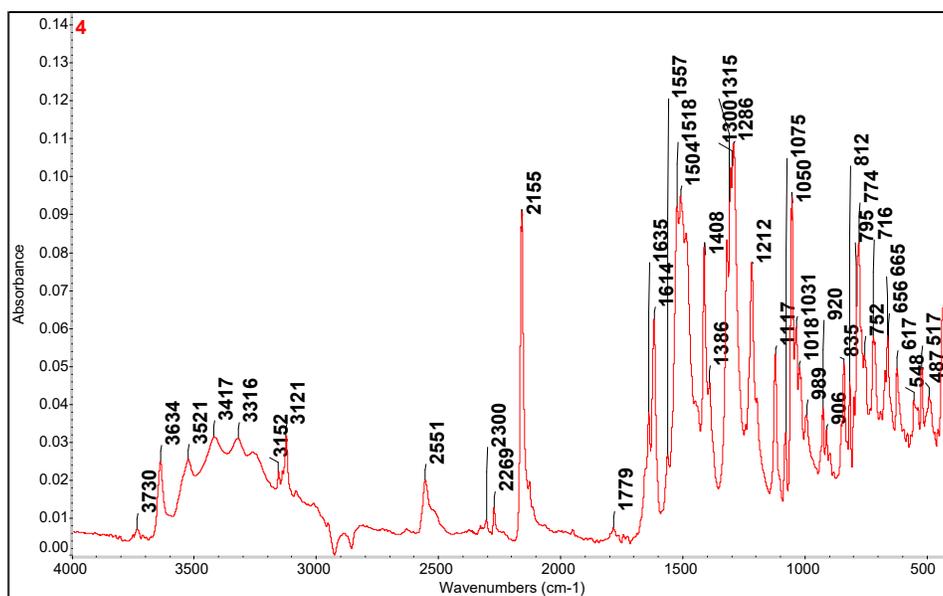


Fig. S4. FTIR spectrum of 4.

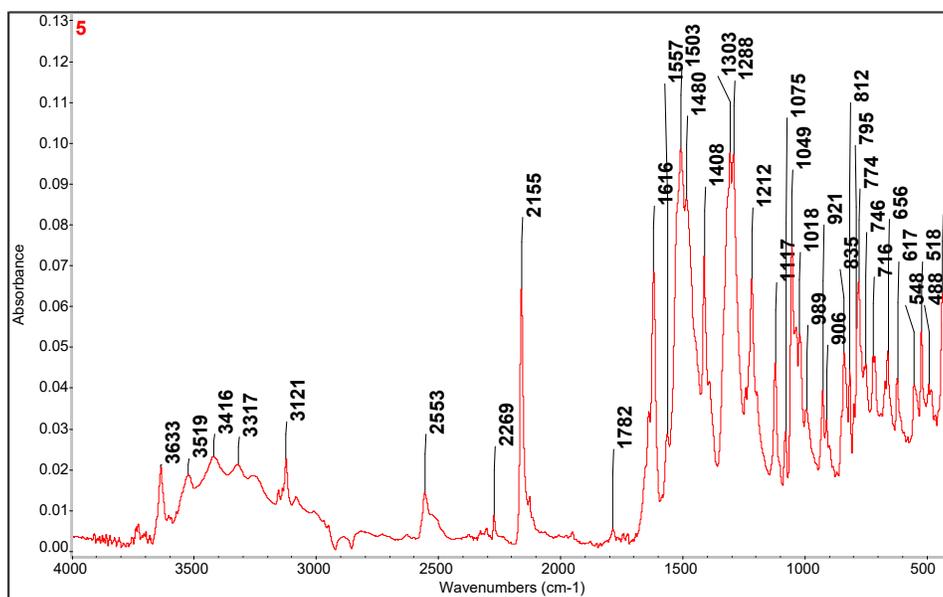


Fig. S5. FTIR spectrum of 5.

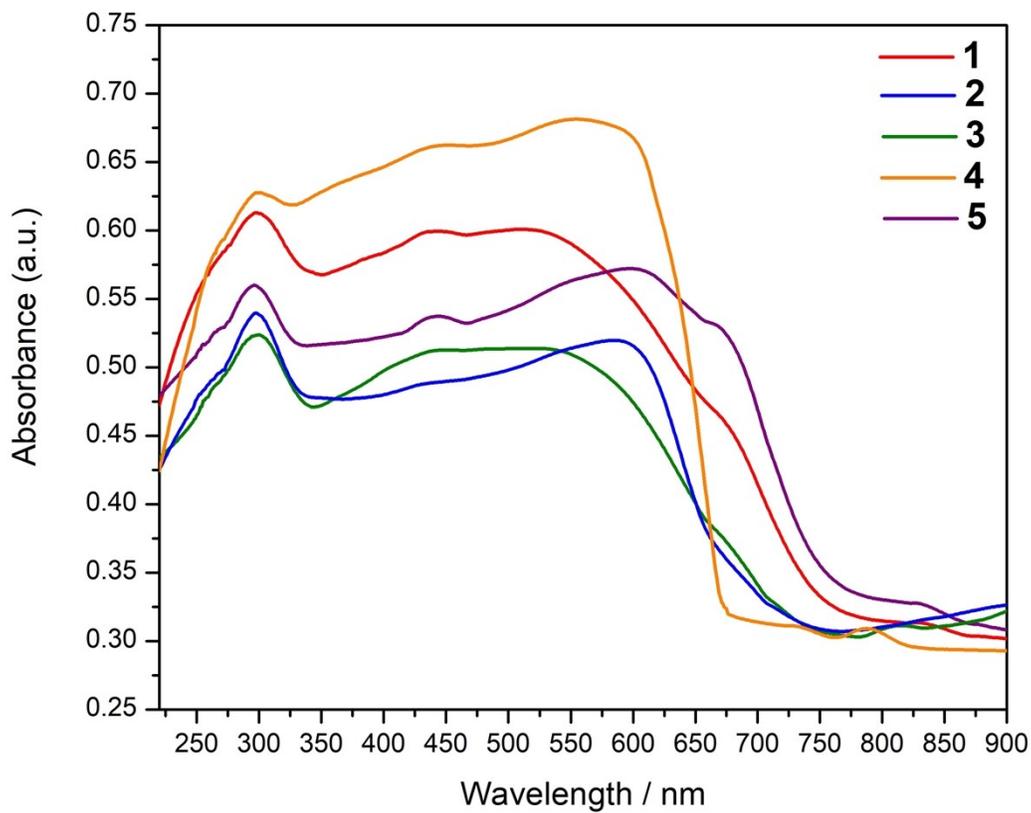


Fig. S6. UV-Vis spectra for 1-5

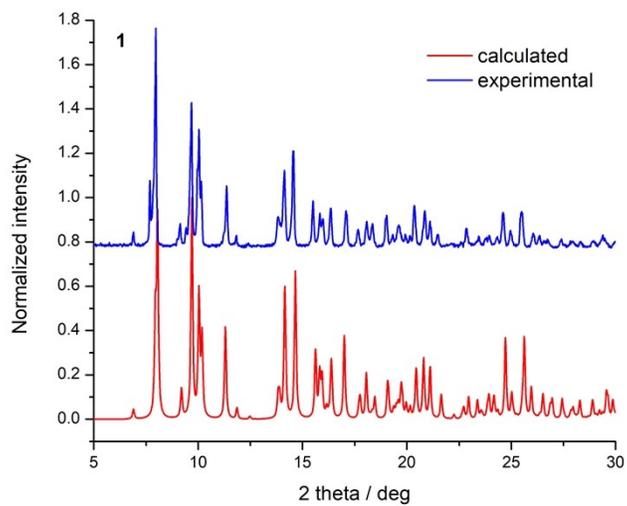


Fig. S7. Experimental and calculated powder X-ray diffractograms at room temperature for **1.**

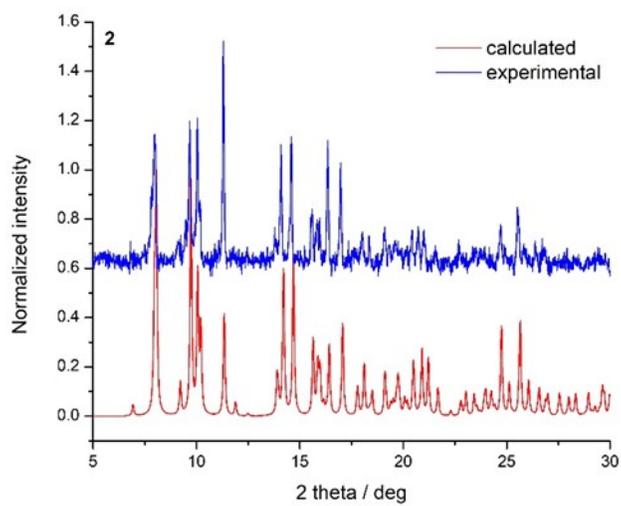


Fig. S8. Experimental and calculated powder X-ray diffractograms at room temperature for **2.**

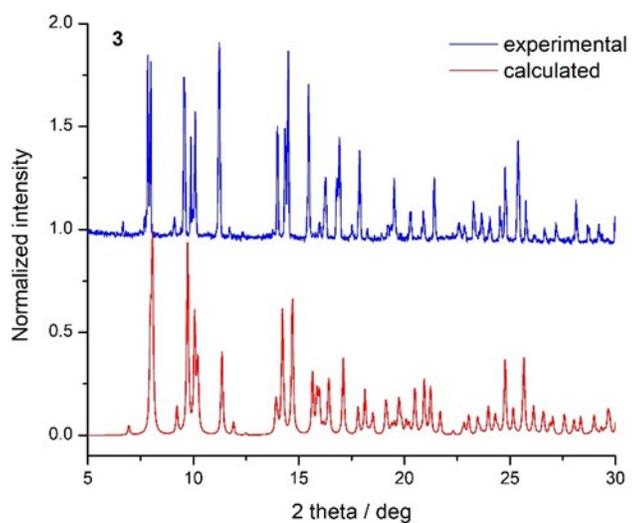


Fig. S9. Experimental and calculated powder X-ray diffractograms at room temperature for **3**.

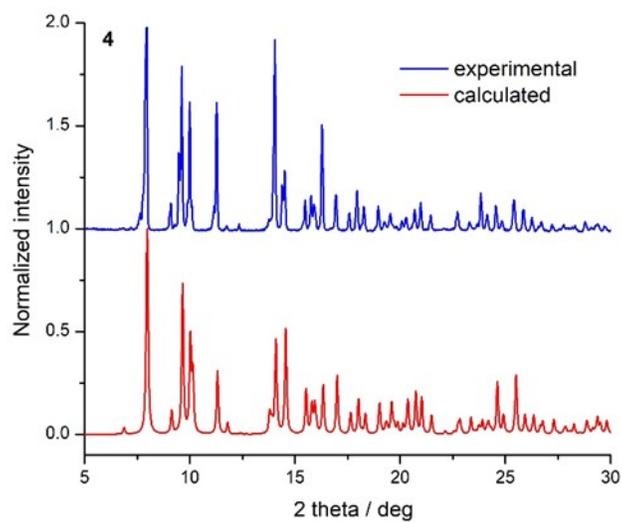


Fig. S10. Experimental and calculated powder X-ray diffractograms at room temperature for **4**.

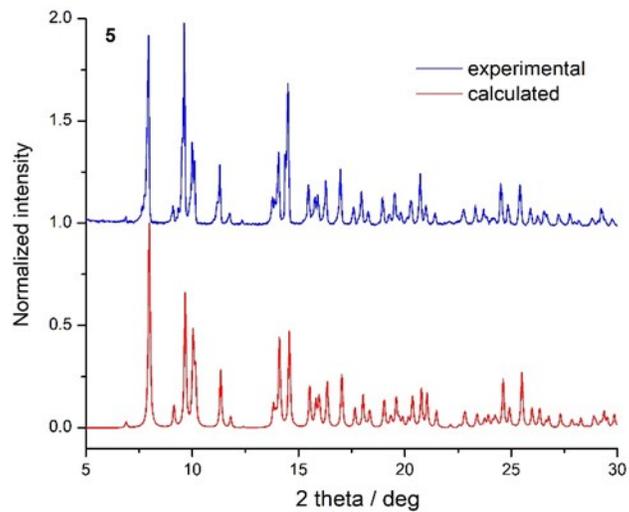


Fig. S11. Experimental and calculated powder X-ray diffractograms at room temperature for **5**.

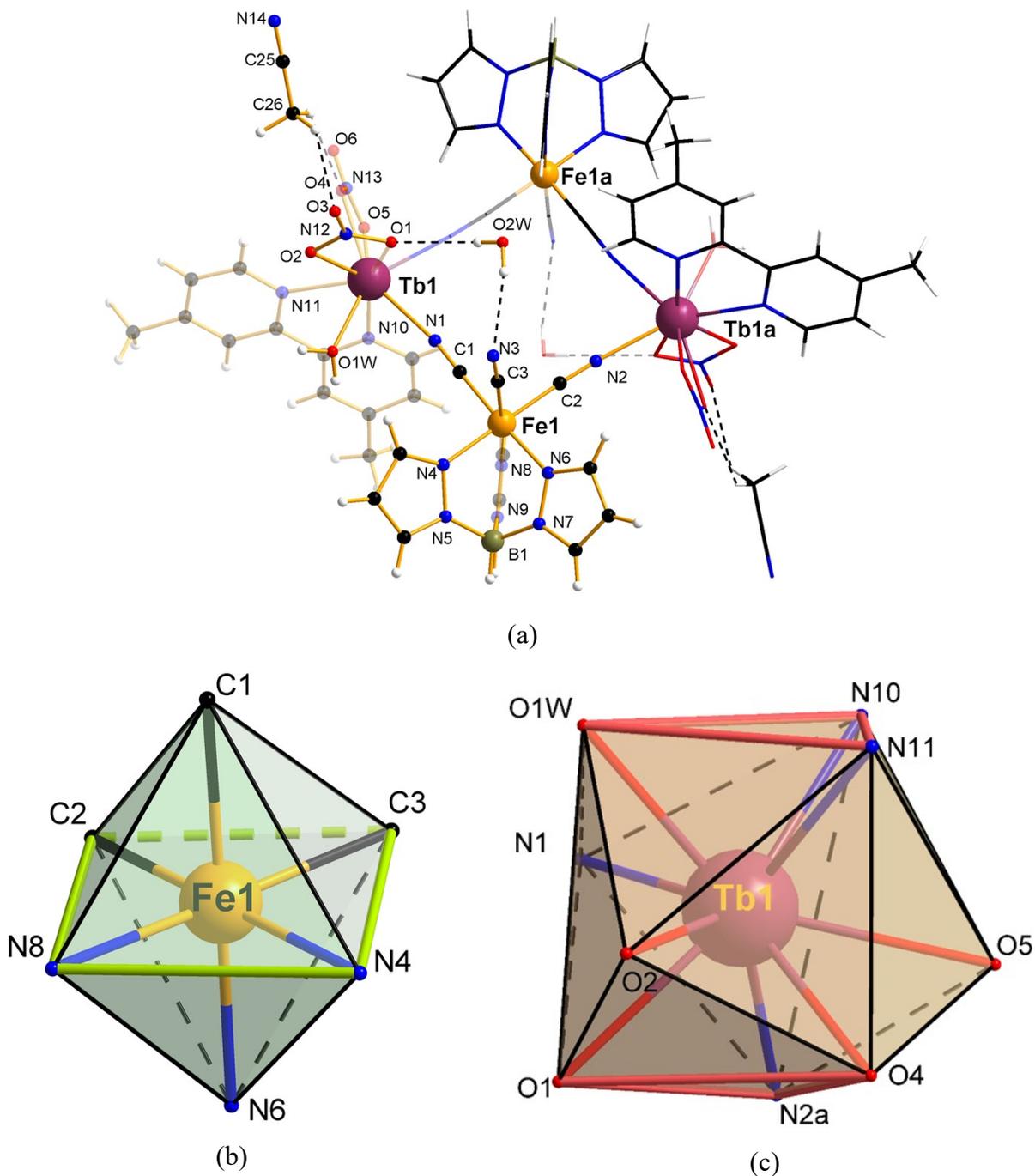


Fig. S12. View of the square-shaped cyano-bridged heterometallic unit in **2** together with the atom labelling scheme (the fragments generated by the inversion symmetry operation is represented as wires and sticks, whereas the intramolecular H-bonds established between water and acetonitrile solvent molecules and nitrate/terminal CN⁻ ligands of the square are represented as black dotted lines. (b) The octahedral surrounding of Fe^{III} ion. (c) Distorted tricapped trigonal prism geometry of Tb^{III} ion. [symmetry code: (a) = 1-x, 1-y, 2-z]

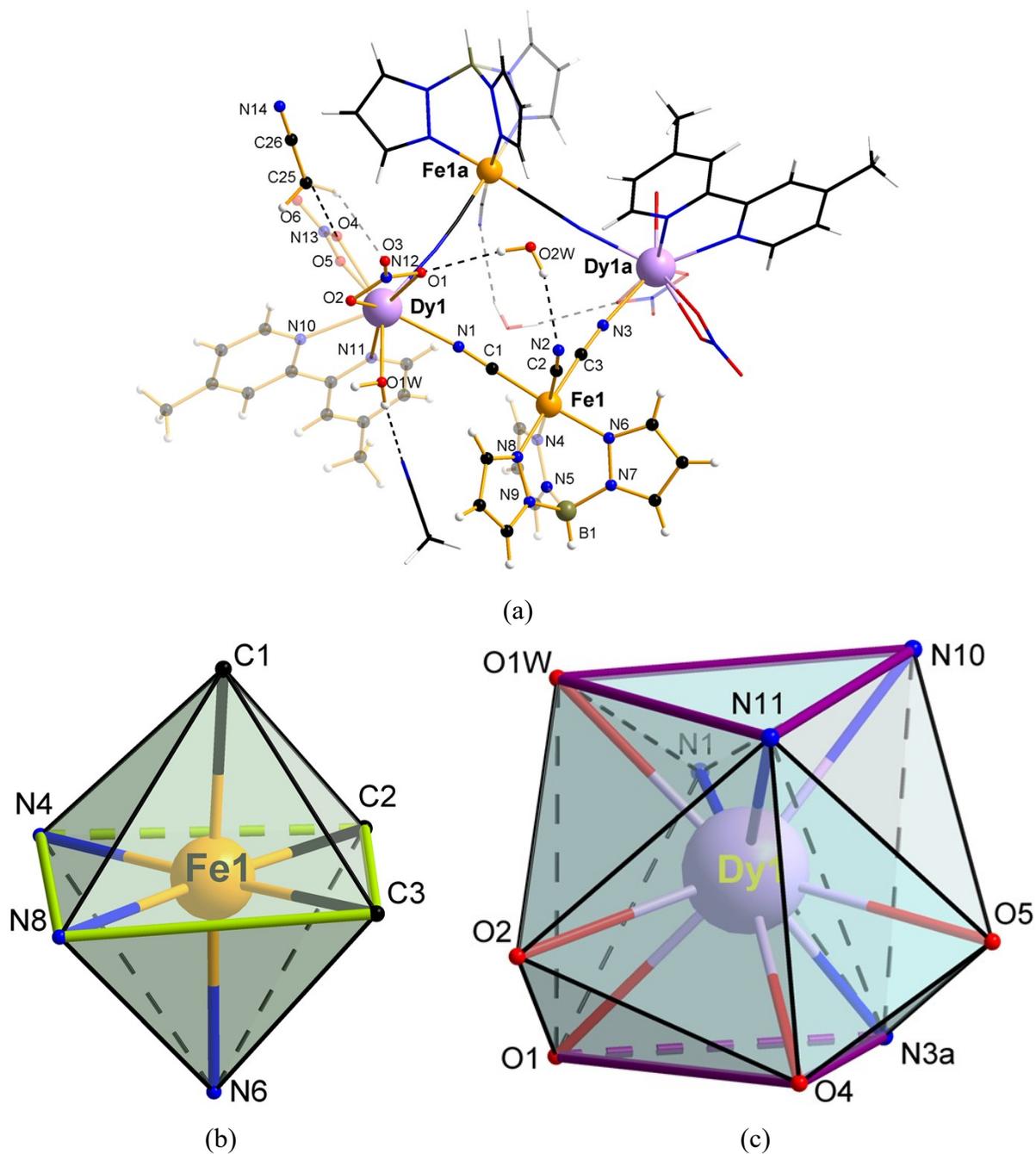


Fig. S13. View of the square-shaped cyano-bridged heterometallic unit in **3** together with the atom labelling scheme (the molecular fragment generated by the inversion symmetry operation is represented as wires and sticks and the intramolecular H-bonds established between water and acetonitrile solvent molecules and nitrate/terminal CN⁻ ligands of the square are represented as black dotted lines. (b) The octahedral surrounding of Fe^{III} ion. (c) Distorted tricapped trigonal prism geometry of Dy^{III} ion. [symmetry code: (a) = 1-x, 1-y, 1-z].

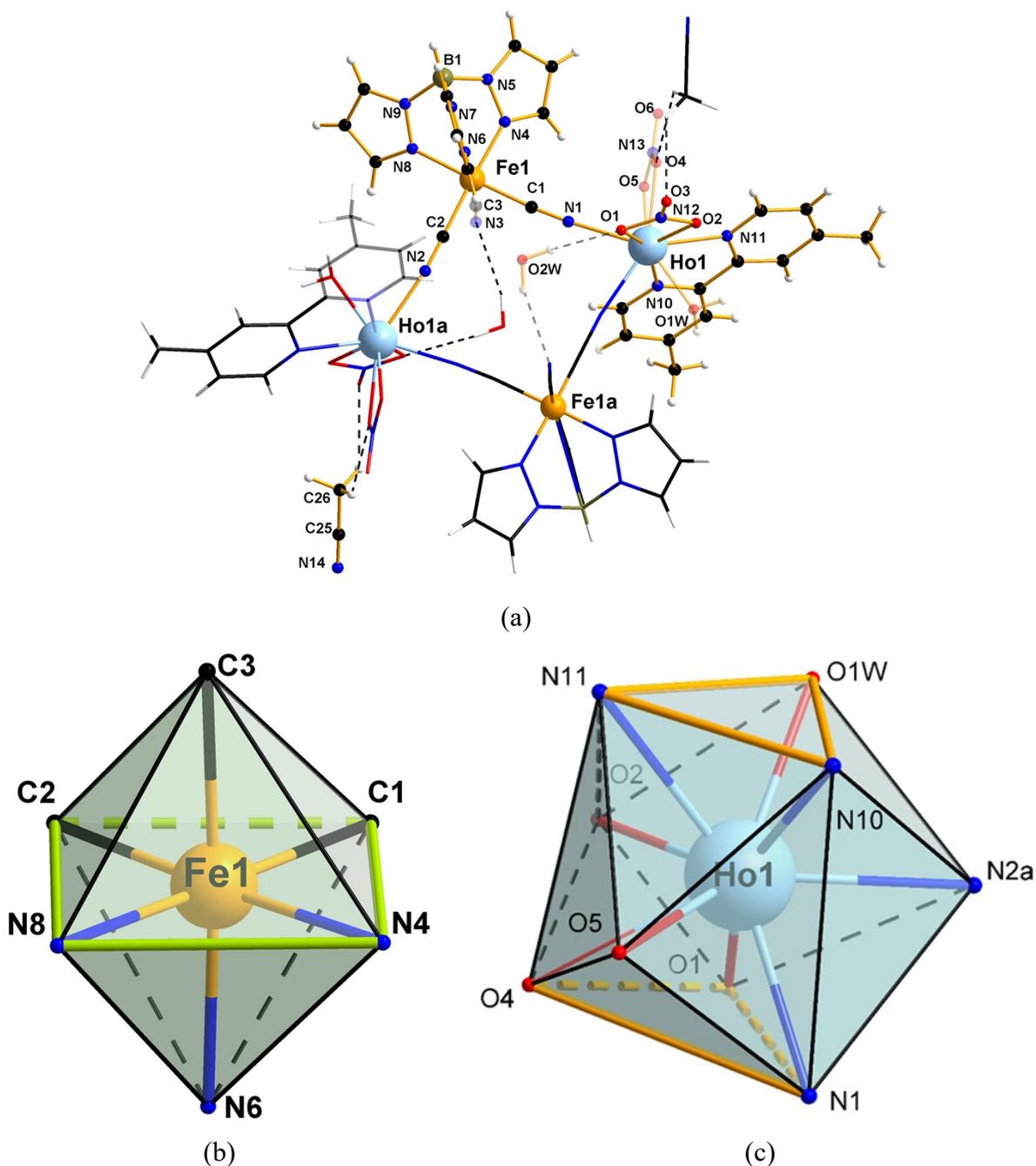


Fig. S14. View of the square-shaped cyano-bridged heterometallic unit in **4** together with the atom labelling scheme (the molecular fragment generated by the inversion symmetry operation is represented as wires and sticks and the intramolecular H-bonds established between water and acetonitrile solvent molecules and nitrate/terminal CN^- ligands of the square are represented as black dotted lines). (b) The octahedral surrounding of Fe^{III} ion. (c) Distorted tricapped trigonal prism geometry of Ho^{III} ion. [symmetry code: (a) = $1-x, 1-y, 1-z$].

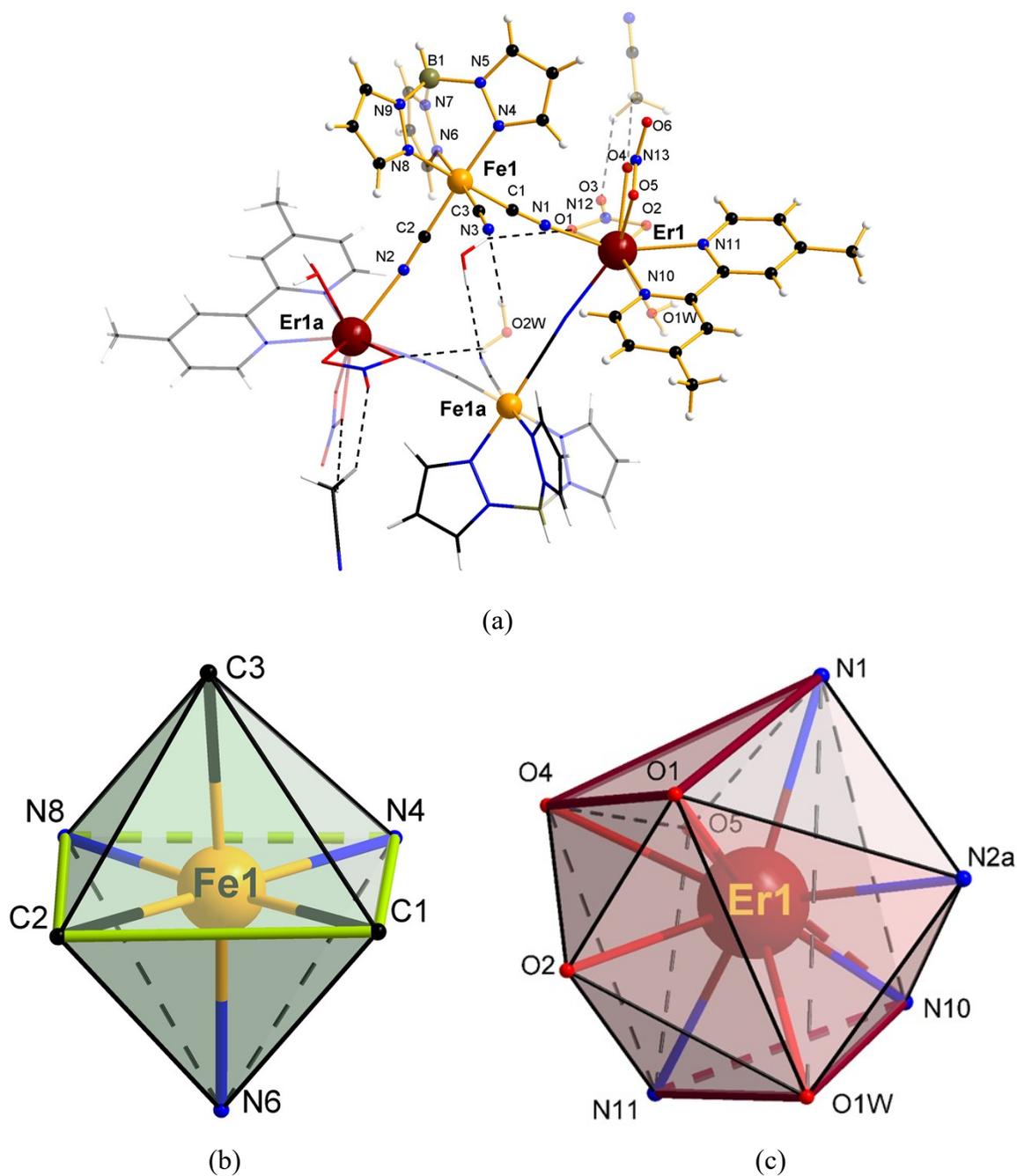


Fig. S15. View of the square-shaped cyano-bridged heterometallic unit in **5** together with the atom labelling scheme (the molecular fragment generated by the inversion symmetry operation is represented as wires and sticks and the intramolecular H-bonds established between water and acetonitrile solvent molecules and nitrate/terminal CN⁻ ligands of the square are represented as black dotted lines). (b) The octahedral surrounding of Fe^{III} ion. (c) Distorted tricapped trigonal prism geometry of Er^{III} ion. [symmetry code: (a) = 1-x, 1-y, 1-z].

Table S1. Bond Lengths (Å) of the environments of the iron(III) and lanthanide(III) ions in **1-5** [Ln = Gd (**1**), Tb (**2**), Dy (**3**), Ho(**4**), Er (**5**)]

	1	2	3	4	5
Fe1-N4	1.998(3)	1.994(3)	1.971(3)	1.972(4)	1.975(3)
Fe1-N6	1.971(3)	1.972(3)	1.974(3)	1.976(4)	1.974(3)
Fe1-N8	1.970(2)	1.968(3)	1.997(3)	1.996(4)	1.998(3)
Fe1-C1	1.914(3)	1.927(4)	1.922(4)	1.927(6)	1.931(4)
Fe1-C2	1.936(4)	1.921(4)	1.941(4)	1.933(5)	1.929(4)
Fe1-C3	1.924(3)	1.935(5)	1.923(4)	1.931(5)	1.934(4)
Ln1-N1	2.454(3)	2.449(3)	2.440(3)	2.409(5)	2.403(3)
Ln1-N2/N3a*	2.466(3)	2.439(3)	2.422(3)	2.437(4)	2.435(3)
Ln1-N10	2.549(2)	2.467(3)	2.515(3)	2.448(4)	2.427(3)
Ln1-N11	2.486(3)	2.528(3)	2.454(3)	2.514(4)	2.503(3)
Ln1-O1	2.483(2)	2.479(3)	2.508(3)	2.451(3)	2.441(2)
Ln1-O2	2.502(2)	2.480(3)	2.433(3)	2.469(3)	2.466(2)
Ln1-O4	2.522(2)	2.440(3)	2.470(3)	2.416(3)	2.406(2)
Ln1-O5	2.462(2)	2.512(3)	2.467(2)	2.516(3)	2.512(2)
Ln1-O1W	2.412(2)	2.386(3)	2.380(2)	2.384(3)	2.368(2)

* symmetry code $a = 1-x, 1-y, 1-z$ (**1, 3, 4** and **5**) and $a = 1-x, 1-y, 2-z$ (**2**)

Table S2. Bond Angles ($^{\circ}$) of the environments of the iron(III) and lanthanide(III) ions in **1-5** [Ln = Gd (**1**), Tb (**2**), Dy (**3**), Ho (**4**), Er (**5**)]

	1	2	3	4	5
N4-Fe1-N6	87.61(11)	88.28(12)	89.55(13)	89.20(16)	89.26(12)
N4-Fe1-N8	88.36(10)	87.68(13)	87.68(12)	88.41(17)	88.53(11)
N6-Fe1-N8	89.29(10)	89.60(13)	88.42(12)	87.67(17)	87.68(12)
Fe1-C1-N1	176.1(3)	177.9(4)	178.5(3)	175.3(5)	175.9(3)
Fe1-C2-N2	177.1(3)	175.8(4)	176.5(4)	178.5(5)	178.6(3)
Fe1-C3-N3	178.3(3)	177.1(3)	175.6(4)	177.0(5)	177.4(4)
N4-Fe1-C1	177.70(12)	91.76(13)	92.10(14)	89.61(19)	89.57(13)
N4-Fe1-C2	177.10(12)	177.61(15)	176.80(15)	177.5(2)	177.61(13)
N4-Fe1-C3	93.01(12)	89.92(15)	93.75(14)	92.50(19)	92.63(14)
N6-Fe1-C1	94.03(12)	176.85(13)	176.77(15)	94.1(2)	94.10(14)
N6-Fe1-C2	92.08(12)	90.05(14)	92.68(15)	92.24(18)	92.11(13)
N6-Fe1-C3	176.54(12)	92.85(15)	89.88(14)	176.7(2)	176.59(14)
N8-Fe1-C1	90.04(12)	91.78(15)	94.41(14)	177.31(17)	177.38(13)
N8-Fe1-C2	94.25(11)	94.01(15)	90.09(14)	93.71(19)	93.48(13)
N8-Fe1-C3	89.87(12)	176.52(13)	177.77(15)	89.5(2)	89.52(14)
C1-Fe1-C2	88.57(14)	87.03(15)	85.78(16)	88.2(2)	88.38(14)
C1-Fe1-C3	87.32(13)	85.90(16)	87.25(15)	88.8(2)	88.77(16)
C2-Fe1-C3	85.74(13)	88.46(17)	88.55(16)	86.2(2)	86.11(15)
N10-Ln1-N11	64.68(8)	65.31(10)	65.73(10)	65.86(14)	66.22(10)
Ln1-N1-C1	173.0(3)	168.8(3)	169.3(3)	175.1(4)	174.2(3)
Ln1-N2a/N3a-C3a*	168.7(3)	173.6(3)	174.3(3)	171.3(4)	171.0(3)
O1-Ln1-O2	51.43(7)	51.53(8)	51.74(8)	52.66(12)	52.31(8)
O1-Ln1-O1W	69.13(8)	89.95(9)	142.00(9)	90.47(12)	90.72(9)
O1-Ln1-N1	120.97(8)	81.37(10)	128.51(9)	76.78(14)	76.90(10)
O1-Ln1-N2/N3	115.24(8)	75.43(10)	70.59(10)	80.32(13)	80.28(9)
O1-Ln1-N10	78.17(8)	159.98(9)	70.75(9)	159.98(13)	159.72(9)
O1-Ln1-N11	137.81(8)	129.51(9)	71.43(9)	129.79(13)	129.72(9)
O1-Ln1-O4	115.48(7)	78.45(9)	123.69(9)	77.93(12)	77.73(9)
O1-Ln1-O5	68.33(8)	123.62(9)	115.61(9)	123.22(12)	123.26(9)
O2-Ln1-O1W	89.65(7)	69.13(9)	133.52(9)	68.71(12)	69.04(8)
O2-Ln1-O4	123.47(7)	68.36(9)	78.63(9)	68.38(12)	68.27(9)
O2-Ln1-O5	78.64(8)	115.72(9)	68.34(9)	114.88(12)	115.06(9)
O2-Ln1-N1	75.42(8)	114.78(10)	149.49(10)	123.70(13)	123.65(10)
O2-Ln1-N2a/N3a*	81.93(8)	121.06(10)	78.60(10)	114.07(12)	113.87(9)
O2-Ln1-N10	129.43(8)	138.32(9)	79.37(10)	138.26(13)	138.76(9)
O2-Ln1-N11	160.44(8)	78.16(9)	120.58(9)	77.37(12)	77.66(9)

O4-Ln1-O5	51.38(7)	51.72(9)	52.11(9)	51.51(11)	51.74(9)
O4-Ln1-O1W	142.30(7)	133.27(9)	90.03(9)	133.23(13)	133.33(9)
O4-Ln1-N1	71.06(8)	149.58(9)	80.84(9)	79.37(14)	79.69(10)
O4-Ln1-N2a/N3a*	150.09(8)	78.65(9)	75.58(10)	148.82(14)	148.63(10)
O4-Ln1-N10	70.95(8)	120.39(10)	129.86(9)	120.42(12)	120.82(9)
O4-Ln1-N11	71.52(8)	79.45(9)	159.40(10)	79.60(13)	79.59(9)
O5-Ln1-O1W	133.26(8)	141.92(9)	69.26(9)	141.43(11)	141.23(9)
O5-Ln1-N1	78.89(8)	128.27(10)	114.68(9)	70.73(13)	70.90(9)
O5-Ln1-N2a/N3a*	150.10(8)	70.92(10)	121.59(10)	129.91(13)	129.86(10)
O5-Ln1-N10	79.31(8)	71.38(10)	77.92(9)	71.15(12)	71.25(9)
O5-Ln1-N11	119.95(8)	70.88(9)	138.46(10)	70.16(12)	70.08(9)
O1W-Ln1-N1	141.60(8)	68.73(9)	68.39(10)	142.07(13)	141.79(9)
O1W-Ln1-N2/N3a*	68.57(8)	141.95(10)	141.95(10)	68.57(13)	68.59(9)
O1W-Ln1-N10	73.92(8)	81.51(10)	74.02(9)	82.17(12)	81.89(9)
O1W-Ln1-N11	81.50(8)	73.73(10)	81.54(9)	73.74(12)	73.74(8)
N1-Ln1-N10	141.95(9)	78.66(10)	131.08(10)	97.71(15)	97.33(11)
N1-Ln1-N11	100.93(9)	130.89(10)	78.58(10)	140.70(13)	140.77(9)
N2a/3a-Ln1-N10*	78.61(8)	100.35(11)	141.29(10)	79.66(13)	79.43(10)
N2a/3a-Ln1-N11*	130.48(8)	141.74(10)	99.68(11)	131.57(13)	131.77(9)
N1-Ln1-N2a/N3a*	74.34(9)	74.38(10)	74.56(10)	74.08(14)	73.71(10)

* symmetry code $a = 1-x, 1-y, 1-z$ (**1, 3, 4 and 5**) and $a = 1-x, 1-y, 2-z$ (**2**)

Table S3. Summary of the SHAPE analysis for the the six-coordinated [Fe^{III}C₃N₃] and nine-coordinated [Ln^{III}N₄O₅] fragment in **1-5** [Ln = Gd (**1**), Tb (**2**), Dy (**3**), Ho (**4**), Er (**5**)].

Compounds	1	2	3	4	5
CN = 6 ^a	Fe ^{III}				
HP-6	32.368	32.394	32.427	32.467	32.403
PPY-6	28.259	28.178	28.301	28.336	28.356
OC-6	0.153	0.156	0.148	0.129	0.126
TPR-6	14.732	14.678	14.838	14.841	14.858
JPPY-6	32.042	31.960	32.088	32.142	32.150
CN = 9 ^b	Gd ^{III}	Tb ^{III}	Dy ^{III}	Ho ^{III}	Er ^{III}
EP-9	35.345	35.387	35.429	35.801	35.848
OPY-9	22.156	22.174	22.123	22.343	22.416
HBPY-9	16.985	17.035	17.169	17.465	17.528
JTC-9	15.308	15.282	15.199	14.985	14.913
JCCU-9	8.649	8.736	8.816	8.945	8.987
CCU-9	7.276	7.419	7.479	7.651	7.717
JCSAPR-9	3.233	3.171	3.150	2.965	2.908
CSAPR-9	2.343	2.322	2.254	2.109	2.063
JTCTPR-9	3.566	3.446	3.351	3.216	3.158
TCTPR-9	1.900	1.829	1.774	1.744	1.738
JTDIC-9	11.554	11.596	11.714	11.775	11.775
HH-9	11.136	11.160	11.120	11.106	11.102
MFF-9	2.288	2.205	2.132	2.080	2.038

The listed values correspond to the deviation between the ideal and real coordination polyhedraw, the lowest values being given in bold. ^a PPY-6, C_{5v} Pentagonal pyramid; OC-6, O_h Octahedron; TPR-6, D_{3h} Trigonal prism; JPPY-5, C_{5v} Johnson pentagonal pyramid (J2); ^bEP-9, D_{9h}, enneagon; OPY-9, C_{8v}, octagonal pyramid; HBPY-9, D_{7h}, heptagonal bipyramid; JTC-9, C_{3v}, Johnson triangular cupola J3; JCCU-9, C_{4v}, capped cube J8; CCU-9, C_{4v}, spherical-relaxed capped cube; JCSAPR-9, C_{4v}, capped square antiprism; CSAPR-9, C_{4v}, spherical capped square antiprism; JTCTPR-9, D_{3h}, tricapped trigonal prism J51; TCTPR-9, D_{3h}, spherical tricapped trigonal prism; JTDIC-9, C_{3v}, tridiminished icosahedron; HH-9, C_{2v}, hula-hoop; MFF-9, C_s, muffin.

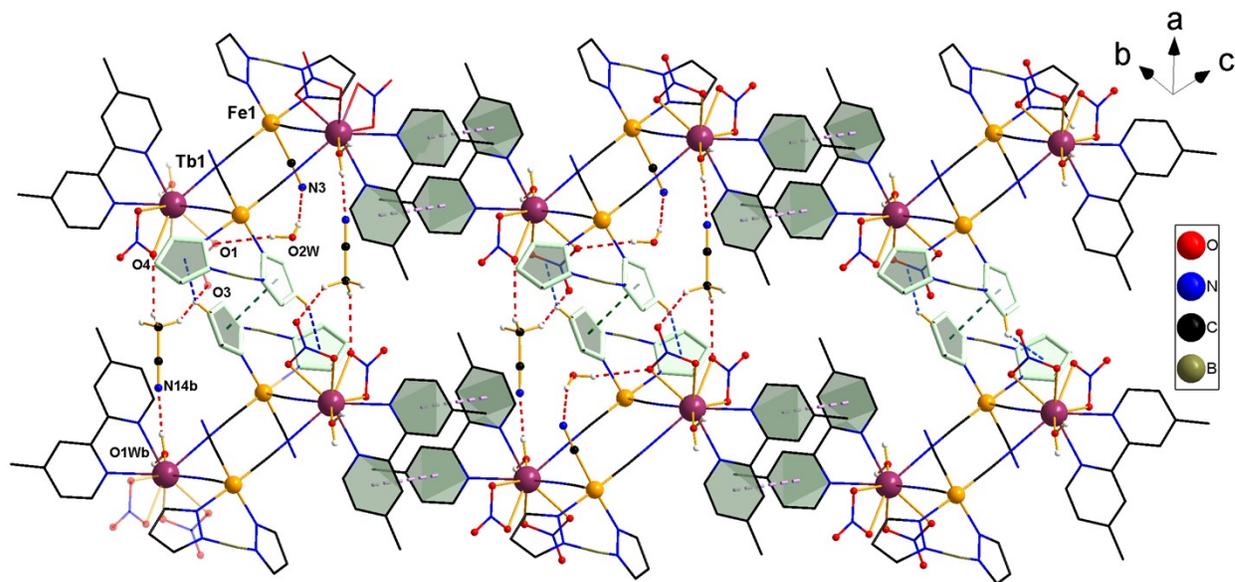


Fig. S16. View of crystal packing for **2** showing the layers formed by the interplaying of H-bonds ($\text{O}\cdots\text{H}-\text{O}$ and $\text{N}\cdots\text{H}-\text{O}$ type) and $\text{C}-\text{H}\cdots\pi$ and the offset $\pi\cdots\pi$ stacking interactions established between peripheral dmbipy ligands, $(\pi\cdots\pi)_{\text{dmbipy}}$ as well as between two pyrazolyl rings of $\{\text{HB}(\text{pz})_3\}^-$ ligands [one pyrazolyl ring was removed for the sake of clarity, symmetry code (b) = $-1+x, y, z$].

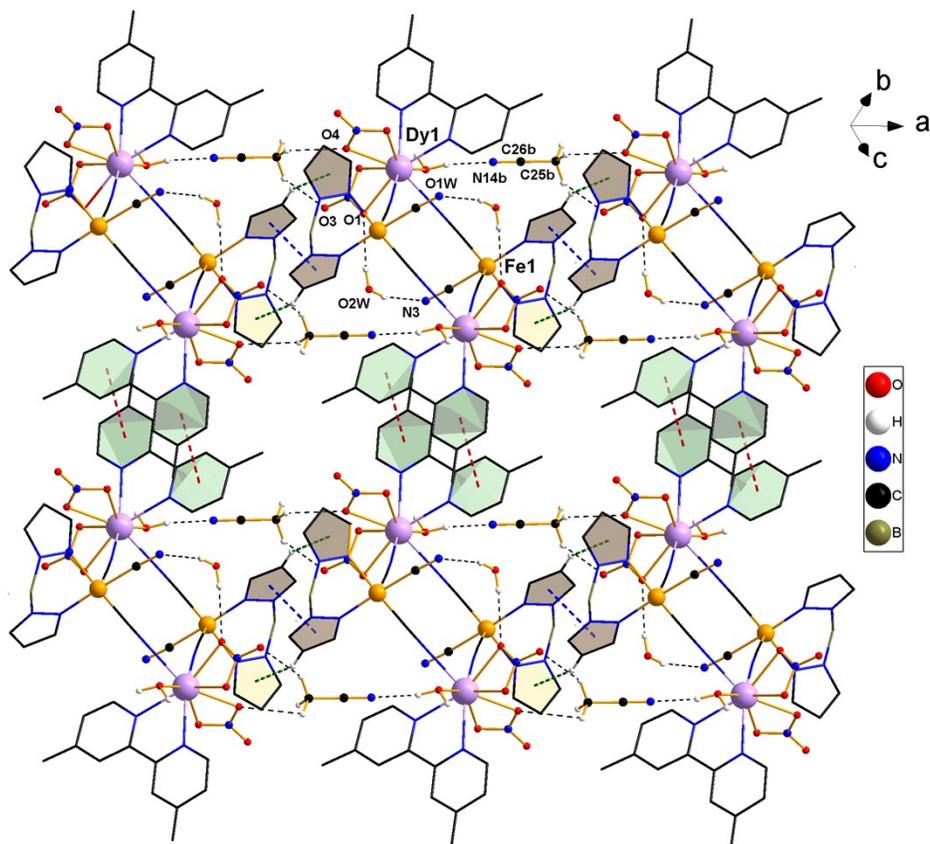


Fig. S17. View of crystal packing in **3** showing the layers formed by O...H-O and N...H-O type H-bonds, C-H... π and π ... π stacking interactions established between the pyrazolyl rings for **3** (dmbpy ligands, one pyrazolyl ring and the terminal cyanide ligand were removed for the sake of clarity), 3.39 Å/17.46° (π ... π) and 2.81 Å (C-H... π), symmetry code (*b*) = 1+x, y, z.

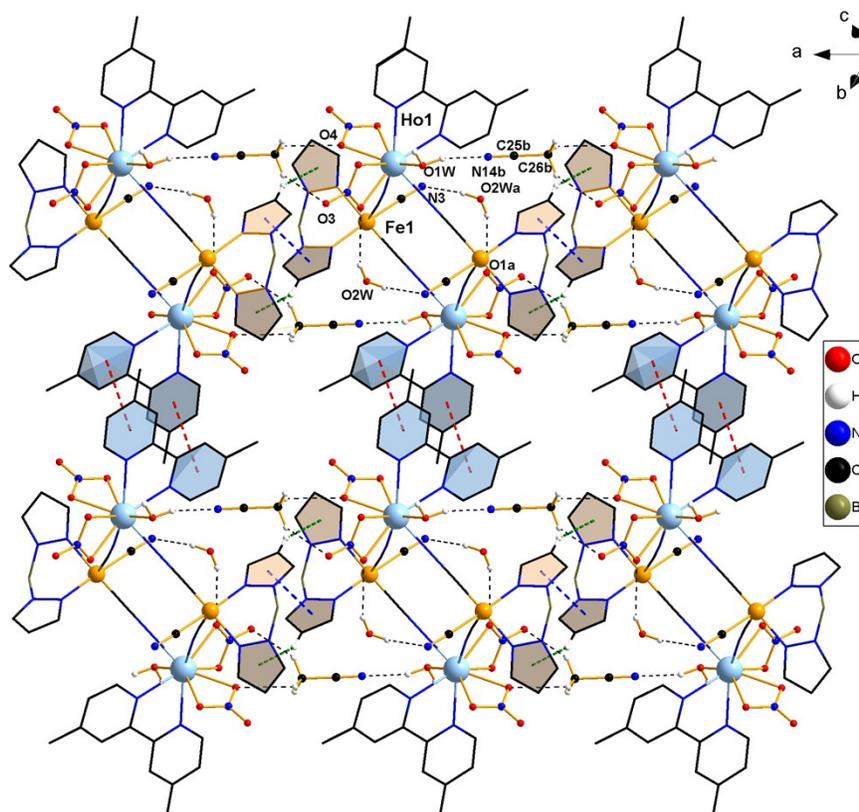


Fig S18. View of crystal packing showing the layers formed through offset $\pi\cdots\pi$ stacking interactions for **4** established between pyridine and pyrazolyl rings of dmbipy and HB(pz)₃, respectively, ligands (two pyrazolyl ring, the terminal cyanide, aqua and nitrate ligands as well as crystallization water and acetonitrile molecules were removed for the sake of clarity). The average centroid-centroid distance is *ca.* 3.90 Å (pyridine-pyridine rings of dmbipy ligand), whereas the angles between the normal to the ring and the centroid-centroid vector are of *ca.* 23.80 and 24.84°. Symmetry codes: (a) = 1-x, 1-y, 1-z; (b) = 1+x, y, z.

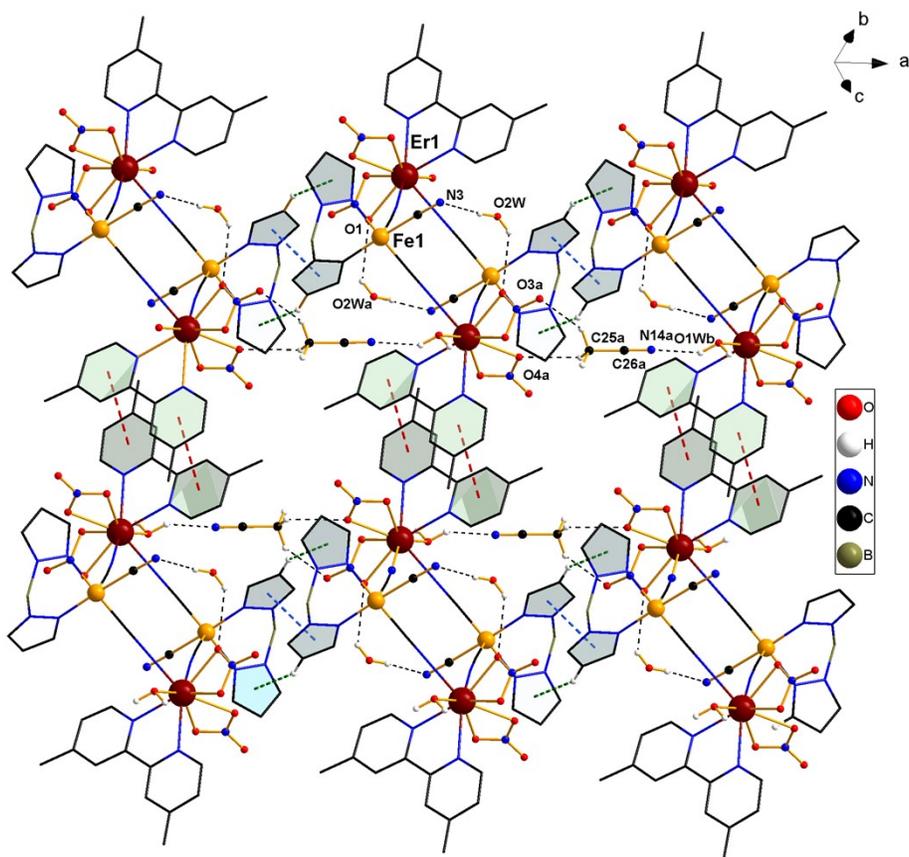


Fig. S19. View of crystal packing in *ac* crystallographic plane showing the layers formed by $\text{O}\cdots\text{H}-\text{O}$ and $\text{N}\cdots\text{H}-\text{O}$ type H-bonds, $\text{C}-\text{H}\cdots\pi$ and $\pi\cdots\pi$ stacking interactions established between the pyrazolyl rings for **5** (dmbpy ligands, one pyrazolyl ring and the terminal cyanide ligand were removed for the sake of clarity): 3.64 Å/14.09° ($\pi\cdots\pi$) and 2.76 Å ($\text{C}-\text{H}\cdots\pi$). Symmetry codes: (a) = 1-*x*, 1-*y*, 1-*z*, (b) = 1+*x*, *y*, *z*.

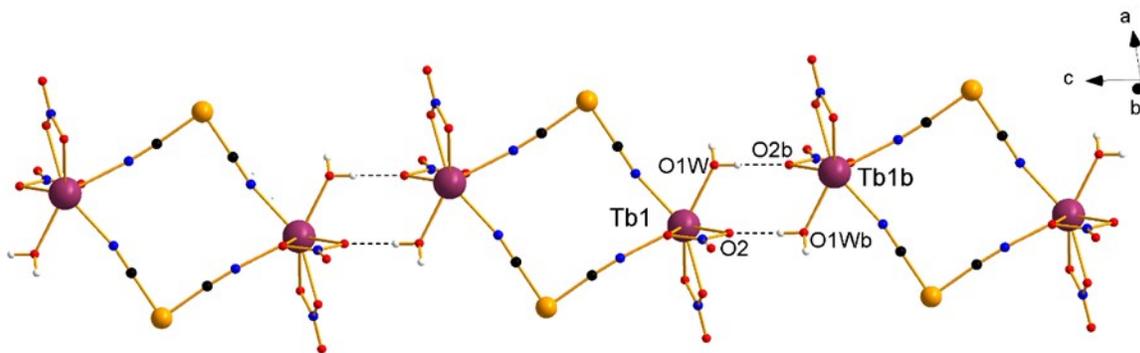


Fig. S20. View along *c* crystallographic axis showing the H-bonds established between peripheral via aqua (O1W) and nitrate ligands (O2) (black dotted lines) in **2**. The {HB(pz)₃}⁻, dmbipy and the terminal cyanide ligands, as well as the crystallization water and acetonitrile molecules were omitted for the sake of clarity [symmetry code: (*c*) = 1-*x*, 1-*y*, 1-*z*].

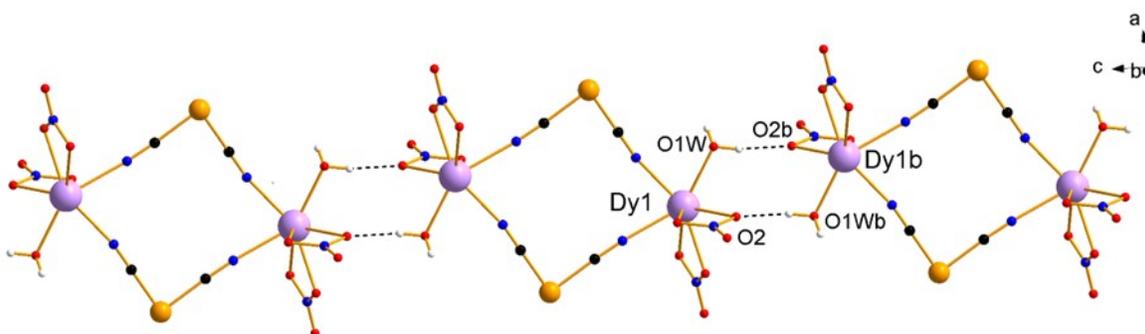


Fig. S21. View along *c* crystallographic axis showing the H-bonds established between peripheral via aqua (O1W) and nitrate ligands (O2) (black dotted lines) in **3**. The {HB(pz)₃}⁻, dmbipy and the terminal cyanide ligands, as well as the crystallization water and acetonitrile molecules were omitted for the sake of clarity [symmetry code: (*c*) = 1-*x*, 1-*y*, 2-*z*].

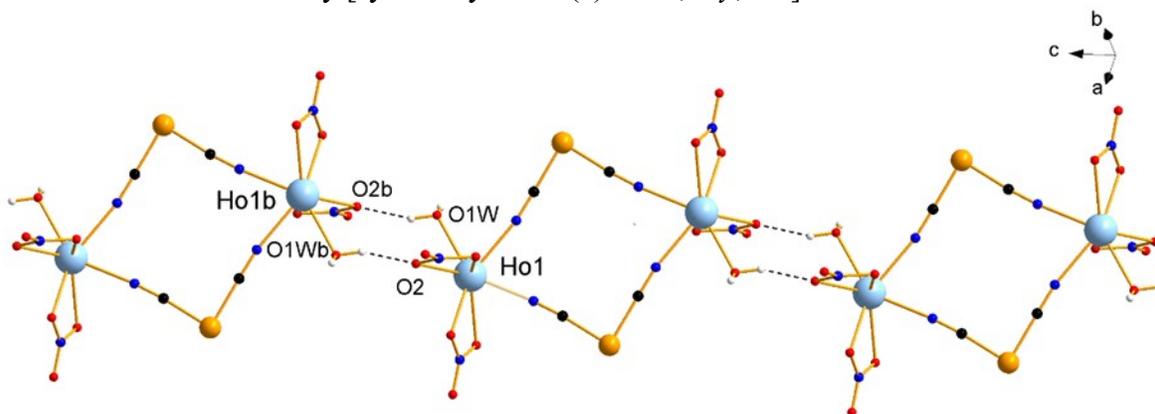


Fig. S22. View along *c* crystallographic axis showing the H-bonds established between peripheral via aqua (O1W) and nitrate ligands (O2) (black dotted lines) in **4**. The {HB(pz)₃}⁻, dmbipy and the terminal cyanide ligands, as well as the crystallization water and acetonitrile molecules were omitted for the sake of clarity [symmetry code: (*c*) = 1-*x*, 1-*y*, 2-*z*].

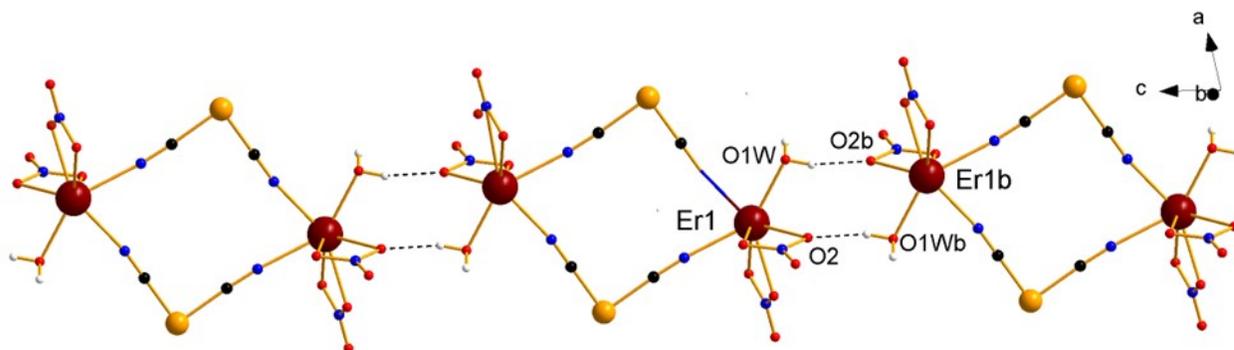


Fig. S23. View along *c* crystallographic axis showing the H-bonds established between peripheral water (O1W) and nitrate ligands (O2) (black dotted lines) in **5**. The $\{\text{HB}(\text{pz})_3\}^-$, dmbipy and the terminal cyanide ligands, as well as the crystallization water and acetonitrile molecules were omitted for the sake of clarity [symmetry code: (*c*) = 1-*x*, 1-*y*, 2-*z*]

Table S4. Selected intermolecular contacts for **1-5***

Compound	D-H...A	D-H (Å)	H...A (Å)	D...A (Å)	Angle D-H...A
1	O2W-H2WA...N3	0.85	2.44	3.088(5)	133
	O2W-H2WA...O2 ^a	0.87	2.40	3.261(3)	174
	O1W ^b -H1WA ^b ...O1	0.85	2.00	2.780(3)	151
	O1W ^c -H1WA ^c ...N14	0.85	1.97	2.800(4)	165
	C25-H25A...O3	0.98	2.49	3.322(5)	142
	C25-H25C...O4	0.98	2.53	3.185(5)	124
2	O2W-H2WA...N3	0.85(5)	2.27(5)	3.094(6)	165(5)
	O2W-H2WB...O1	0.84(4)	2.44(4)	3.251(5)	161(4)
	O1W-H1WA...O2 ^b	0.84(3)	1.94(3)	2.777(4)	176(5)
	O1W-H1WB...N14	0.833(17)	1.963(18)	2.795(5)	176(4)
	C26-H26B...O3 ^c	0.96	2.49	3.320(6)	144.7
	C26-H26B...O4 ^c	0.96	2.53	3.183(5)	125.7
3	O2W-H2WA...N3	0.846(19)	2.27(3)	3.094(5)	165(5)
	O2W-H2WB...O1	0.843(19)	2.44(3)	3.250(4)	160(6)
	C(4)-H(4)...O(2W) ^b	0.93	2.55	3.410(5)	154.6
	O1W-H1WA...N14 ^c	0.87	1.94	2.790(5)	165
	O1W-H1WB...O2 ^b	0.87	1.96	2.783(4)	157
	C25 ^c -H25A ^c ...O3 ^c	0.96	2.49	3.310(5)	144
	C25 ^c -H25A ^c ...O4 ^c	0.96	2.52	3.181(5)	126
4	O2W-H2WA...N3	0.85	2.97	3.096(9)	-
	O2W-H2WA...O1 ^a	0.85	2.56	3.288(9)	145
	C(4)-H(4)...O(2W) ^b	0.89	1.95	2.810(7)	164
	O1W ^c -H1WA ^c ...N14 ^c	0.85	2.01	2.801(5)	155
	O1W ^c -H1WB ^c ...O2 ^a	0.89	1.99	2.810(5)	153
	C26 ^c -H26B ^c ...O3 ^a	0.96	2.57	3.357(8)	139
	C26 ^c -H26B ^c ...O4 ^a	0.96	2.60	3.197(8)	121
5	O2W-H2WA...N3	0.85	2.47	3.103(6)	131
	O2W-H1WA...O1 ^a	0.85	2.56	3.288(8)	145
	C25-H25B...O3	0.96	2.52	3.336(6)	142.3
	C25-H25C...O4	0.96	2.59	3.218(6)	123.1

*D = donor and A = acceptor. ⁱSymmetry code: (a) = 1-x, 1-y, 1-z (**1, 3-5**), 1-x, 1-y, 2-z (**2**); (b) = 1+x, y, z (**1, 3-5**), -1+x, y, z (**2**), (c) = 1-x, 1-y, 2-z (**1, 3-5**), 1-x, 1-y, 1-z (**2**)

Table S5. Dc and ac magnetic parameters for cyano-bridged $\{\text{Ln}^{\text{III}}_2\text{Fe}^{\text{III}}_2\}$ squares

Compounds	$J_{\text{Fe-Ln}}$ (cm^{-1})	$J_{\text{Fe-Fe}'}$ (cm^{-1})	g_{Fe}	λ_{Fe} (cm^{-1})	λ_{Ln} (cm^{-1})	Δ_{Fe} (cm^{-1})	Δ_{Ln} (cm^{-1})	θ (K)	$\chi_{\text{TIP}} \times 10^{-6}$ ($\text{cm}^3\text{mol}^{-1}$)	U_{eff} (cm^{-1})	Ref.
$[\text{Fe}^{\text{III}}(\text{htpzb})(\text{CN})(\mu\text{-CN})_2\text{La}^{\text{III}}(\text{pyim})_2(\text{NO}_3)_2]_2 \cdot 10\text{H}_2\text{O}^b$	-	-2.32(3)	2.198(4)	-	-	-	-	-0.650(7)	266(5)	-	55
$[\text{Fe}^{\text{III}}(\text{htpzb})(\text{CN})(\mu\text{-CN})_2\text{Gd}^{\text{III}}(\text{pyim})(\text{NO}_3)_2(\text{H}_2\text{O})]_2 \cdot 6\text{H}_2\text{O}^b$	-2.06(3)	-0.210(4)	2.23(1)	-	-	-	-	-0.450(5)	280(5)	-	55
$[\text{Fe}^{\text{III}}(\text{htpzb})(\text{CN})(\mu\text{-CN})_2\text{Tb}^{\text{III}}(\text{pyim})(\text{NO}_3)_2(\text{H}_2\text{O})]_2 \cdot 2.6\text{H}_2\text{O}^b$	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	55
$[\text{Fe}^{\text{III}}(\text{htpzb})(\text{CN})(\mu\text{-CN})_2\text{Dy}^{\text{III}}(\text{pyim})(\text{NO}_3)_2(\text{H}_2\text{O})]_2 \cdot 4\text{H}_2\text{O}^b$	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	55
$[\text{Fe}^{\text{III}}(\text{htpzb})(\text{CN})(\mu\text{-CN})_2\text{Eu}^{\text{III}}(\text{pyim})(\text{Ph}_3\text{PO})(\text{NO}_3)_2]_2 \cdot 2\text{CH}_3\text{CN}^c$	-0.042(1)	-	-	-395(1)	+289(1)	760(3)	-	-	-	-	56
$[\text{Fe}^{\text{III}}(\text{htpzb})(\text{CN})(\mu\text{-CN})_2\text{Sm}^{\text{III}}(\text{pyim})(\text{Ph}_3\text{PO})(\text{NO}_3)_2]_2 \cdot 2\text{CH}_3\text{CN}^c$	-0.098(1)	-	-	-385(1)	+218(1)	606(3)	-	-	-	-	56
$[\text{Fe}^{\text{III}}(\text{htpzb})(\text{CN})(\mu\text{-CN})_2\text{Ce}^{\text{III}}(\text{pyim})(\text{Ph}_3\text{PO})(\text{NO}_3)_2]_2 \cdot 2\text{CH}_3\text{CN}^c$	-	-0.28	2.272	-	600*	-	57.0	-0.71	1468	-	57
$[\text{Fe}^{\text{III}}(\text{htpzb})(\text{CN})(\mu\text{-CN})_2\text{Pr}^{\text{III}}(\text{pyim})(\text{Ph}_3\text{PO})(\text{NO}_3)_2]_2 \cdot 2\text{CH}_3\text{CN}^c$	-	-	2.322	-	360*	-	26.7	-	2746	-	57
$[\text{Fe}^{\text{III}}(\text{htpzb})(\text{CN})(\mu\text{-CN})_2\text{Nd}^{\text{III}}(\text{pyim})(\text{Ph}_3\text{PO})(\text{NO}_3)_2]_2 \cdot 2\text{CH}_3\text{CN}^c$	-1.37	-1.29	2.327	-	260*	-	71.7	-1.90	1036	-	57
$[\text{Fe}^{\text{III}}(\text{htpzb})(\text{CN})(\mu\text{-CN})_2\text{Gd}^{\text{III}}(\text{pyim})(\text{Ph}_3\text{PO})(\text{NO}_3)_2]_2 \cdot 2\text{CH}_3\text{CN}^c$	-2.32	-0.22	2.41	-	-	-	-	-0.28	1672	-	57
$[\text{Fe}^{\text{III}}(\text{htpzb})(\text{CN})(\mu\text{-CN})_2\text{Tb}^{\text{III}}(\text{pyim})(\text{Ph}_3\text{PO})(\text{NO}_3)_2]_2 \cdot 2\text{CH}_3\text{CN}^c$	-1.88	-	2.280	-	-570*	-	4.0	-1.90	2619	13–17	57
$[\text{Fe}^{\text{III}}(\text{htpzb})(\text{CN})(\mu\text{-CN})_2\text{Dy}^{\text{III}}(\text{pyim})(\text{Ph}_3\text{PO})(\text{NO}_3)_2]_2 \cdot 2\text{CH}_3\text{CN}^c$	-2.50	-	2.219	-	-380*	-	18.9	-0.33	2956	25–28	57
$[\text{Fe}^{\text{III}}(\text{htpzb})(\text{CN})(\mu\text{-CN})_2\text{Er}^{\text{III}}(\text{pyim})(\text{Ph}_3\text{PO})(\text{NO}_3)_2]_2 \cdot 2\text{CH}_3\text{CN}^c$	-0.13	-0.21	2.344	-	-680*	-	72.8	-0.43	2981	38–40	57

^a bpy = 2,2'-bipyridine;^b htpzb = hydrotris(pyrazolyl)borate; pyim = 2-(1H-imidazol-2-yl)pyridine; $\kappa_{\text{Fe}} = 0.862(2)$ for Eu^{III} and $0.852(2)$ for Sm^{III} derivatives; λ_{Fe} and λ_{Ln} are spin-orbit coupling parameters; Δ_{Fe} and Δ_{Ln} energy gap parameters^c Ph_3PO = triphenylphosphine oxide;

* fixed values

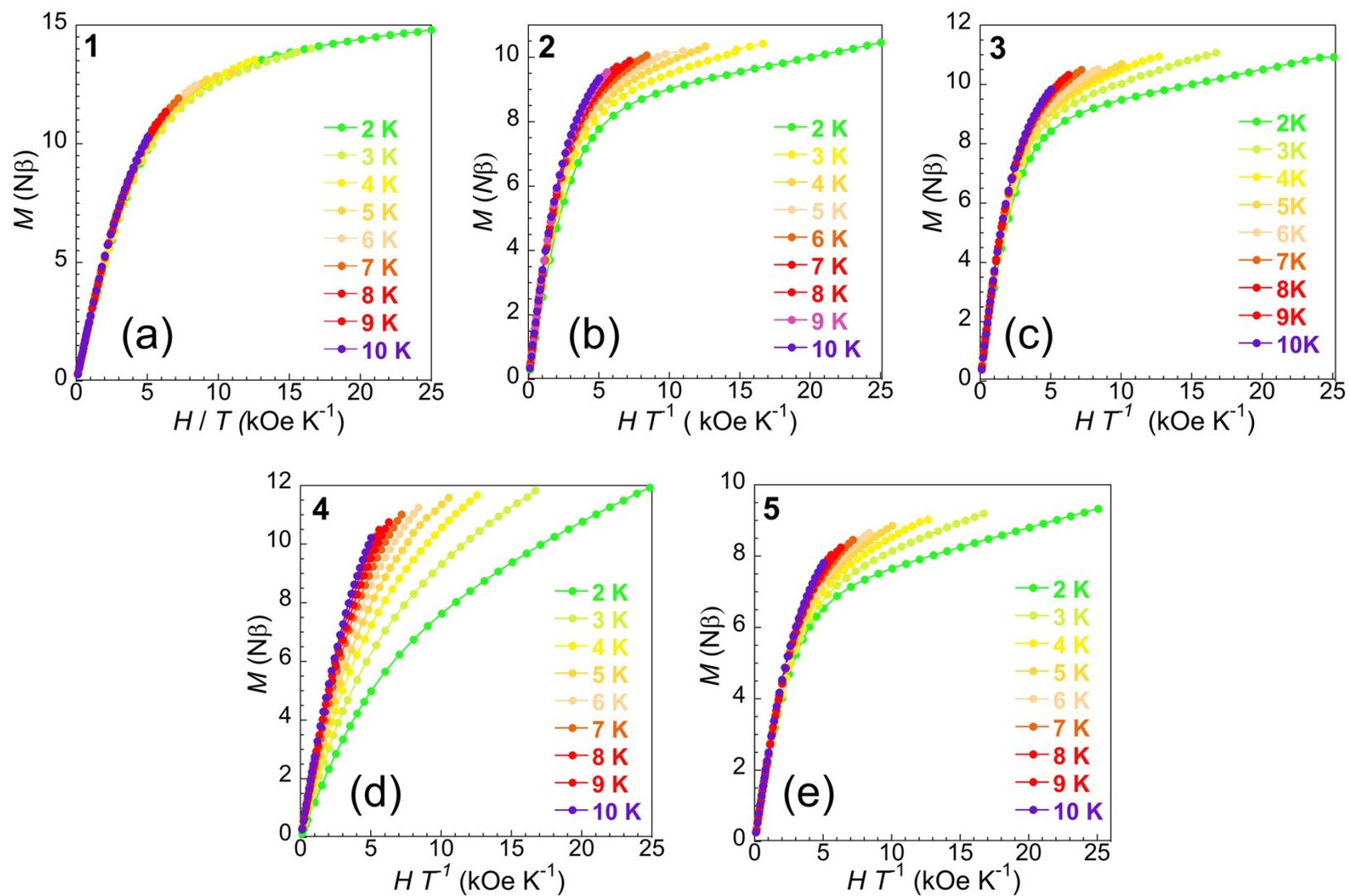


Fig. S24. The reduced field dependence of M for 1-5 (a-e).

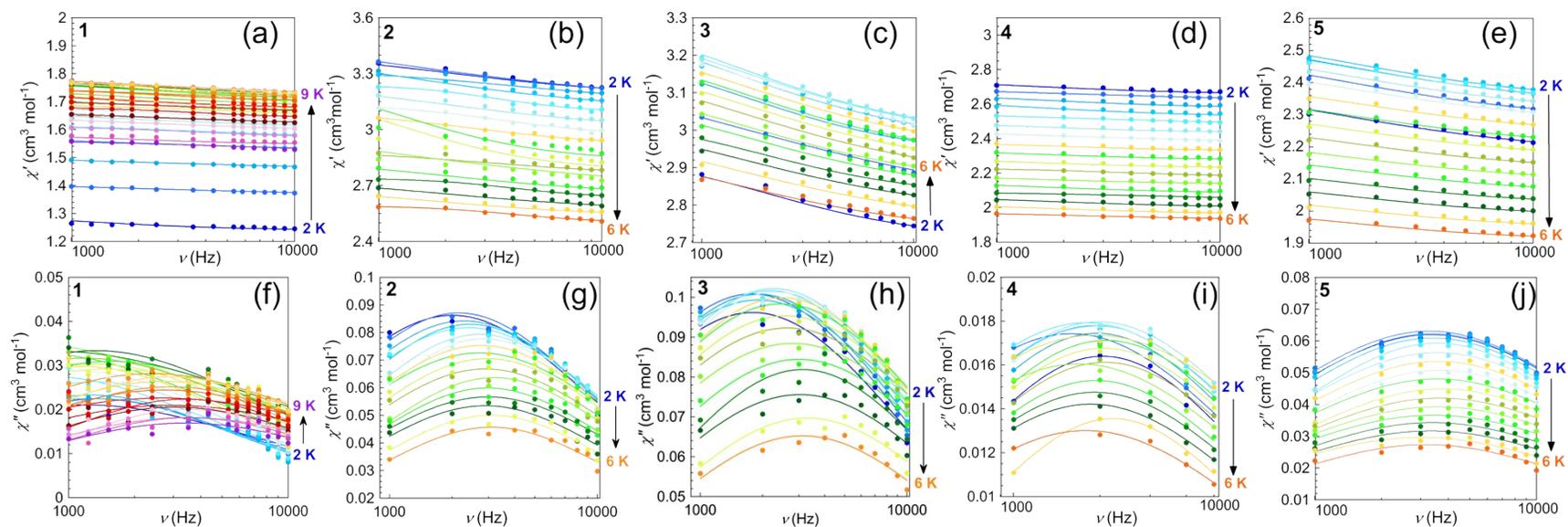


Fig. S25. Frequency dependence of χ_M' (a-e) and χ_M'' (f-j) for **1-5** at ± 5 Oe oscillating field in the temperature range 2.0-9.0 K (**1**, blue to violet) and 2.0-6.0 K (**2-5**) (blue to orange) and under an applied static magnetic field of 1.0 (**1**) or 0.5 T (**2-5**). The solid lines are the best-fit curves through the generalized Debye model (see text).

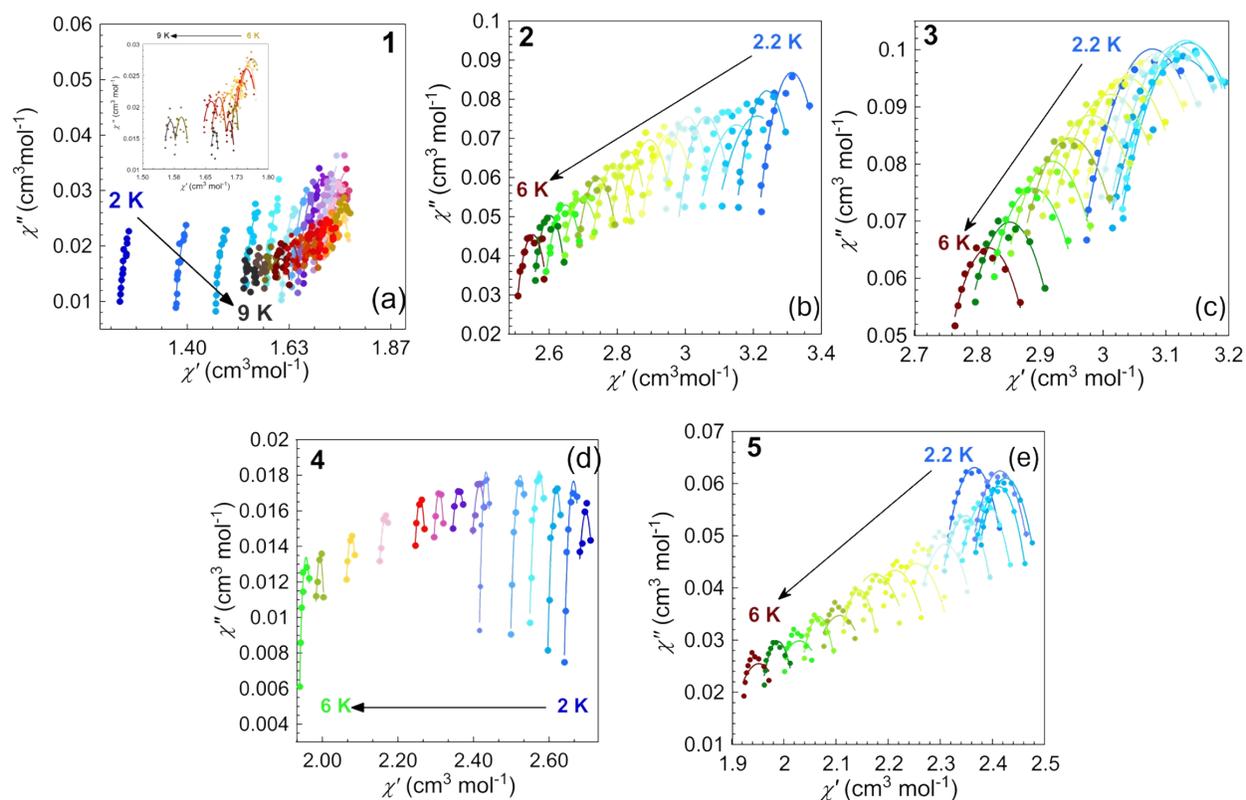


Fig. S26. Cole-Cole plots for **1-5** (a-e) at ± 5 Oe oscillating field in the temperature range 2.0-9.0 K (**1**) (blue to dark grey) and 2.0-6.0 K (**2-5**) (blue to dark red) and under an applied static magnetic field of 1.0 (**1**) or 0.5 T (**2-5**). The inset shows the high-temperature data for **1** (a). The solid lines are the best-fit curves through the generalized Debye model (see text).

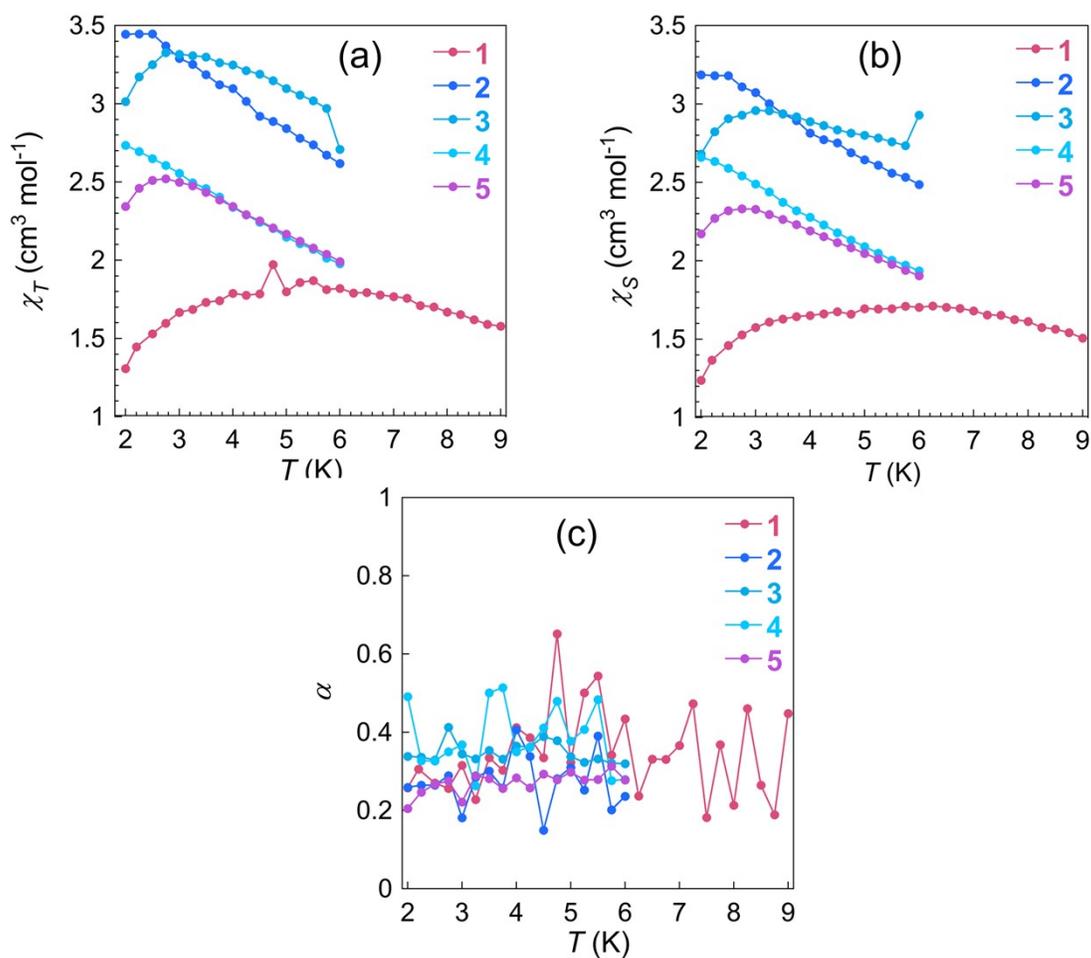


Fig. S27. Temperature dependence of χ_T (a), χ_S (b), and α (c) for **1-5** from the least-squares fitting of the Cole-Cole plots through the generalized Debye model (see text), under an applied static magnetic field of 1.0 T (**1**) and 0.5 T (**2-5**) in the temperature range 2-9 K (**1**) and 2-6 K (**2-5**).

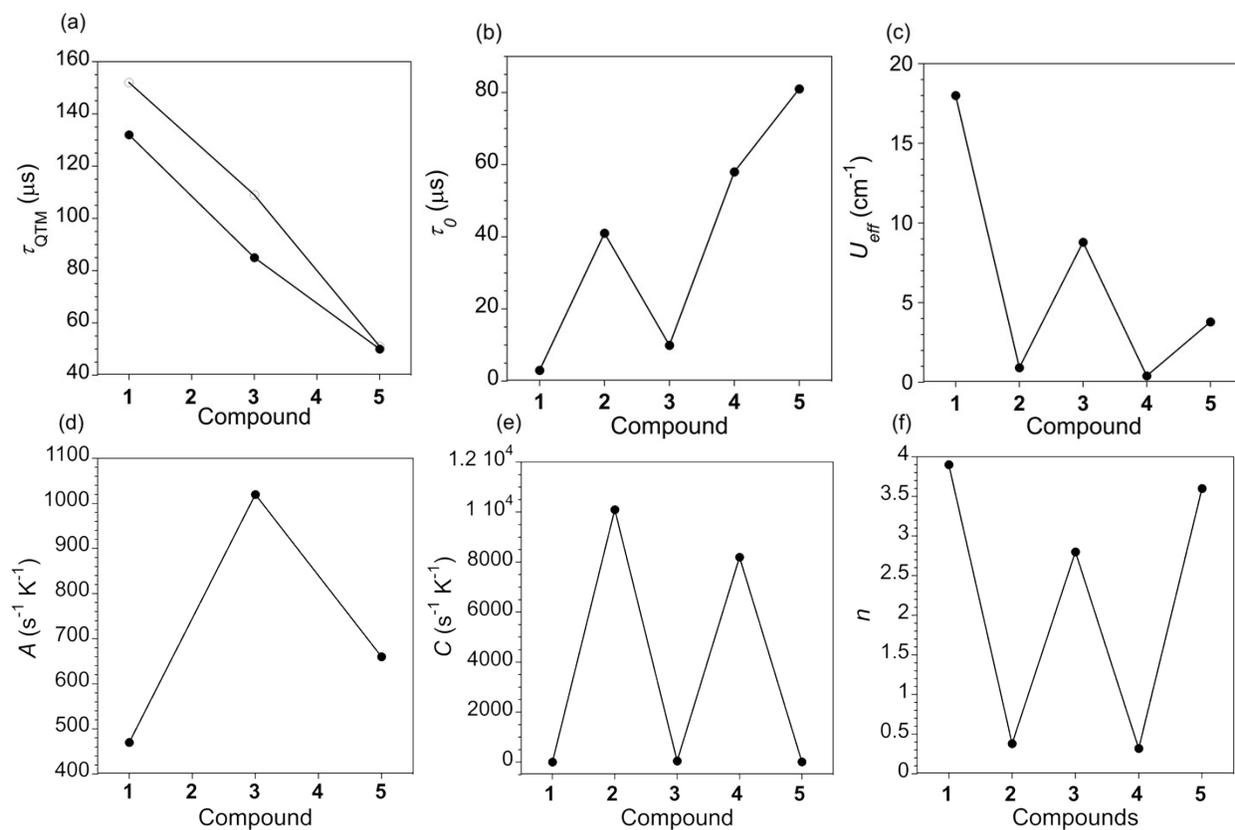


Fig. S28. Plots showing the variation of the values of τ_{QTM} (a), τ_0 (b), and U_{eff} (c), A (d), C (e), and n (f) for the QTM, and ORB, DIR, and RAM relaxation mechanisms of **1-5** (data from Table 3). The filled circles correspond to the fits through ORB (**2** and **4**) or ORB plus QTM (**1**, **3**, and **5**) mechanisms, while the open circles correspond to the fits through RAM (**2** and **4**) or RAM plus QTM and DIR (**1**, **3**, and **5**) mechanisms (b) (see text). The solid lines are only eye-guides.

Table S6. Selected magnetocaloric data for mixed-3d/nd 0D PBAs proposed as cryomagnetic refrigerants.

Compound ^a	M	M'	x	y	N ^b	S ^c	D ^d (K)	T ^e (K)	H ^f (T)	-ΔS _m ^g (J kg ⁻¹ K ⁻¹)	Ref.
{Ni[Ni(dtbp)(H ₂ O)] ₈ [W(CN) ₈] ₆ }·17H ₂ O	Ni ^{II} (HS)	W ^V	9	6	15	12	0.07	5.3	7	3.8	91
{[Mn(tmphen) ₂] ₄ [Nb(CN) ₈] ₂ }·14H ₂ O·7CH ₃ OH	Mn ^{II} (HS)	Nb ^{IV}	4	2	6	9	0	2	7	8.3	92
{[Ni(H ₂ O) ₂] ₆ [Ni(pyca)(H ₂ O)] ₁₂ [Fe(htpzb)(CN) ₃] ₂₄ }·2H ₂ O	Ni ^{II} (HS)	Fe ^{III} (LS)	18	24	42	25	n.a.	8	7	8.3	93
{[Fe(H ₂ O) ₂] ₆ [Fe(pyca)(H ₂ O)] ₁₂ [Fe(htpzb)(CN) ₃] ₂₄ }·6H ₂ O	Fe ^{II} (HS)	Fe ^{III} (LS)	18	24	42	45	n.a.	7	7	16.2	93
{[Mn(H ₂ O) ₂] ₆ [Mn(pyca)(H ₂ O)] ₁₂ [Fe(htpzb)(CN) ₃] ₂₄ }·4H ₂ O	Mn ^{II} (HS)	Fe ^{III} (LS)	18	24	42	87/2	n.a.	3	7	17.7	93

^aLigand abbreviations: dtbp = 4,4'-di-*tert*-butyl-2,2'-bipyridine, pyca = pyridine-4-carboxylate, htpzb = hydrotris(pyrazolyl)borate, tmphen = 3,4,7,8-tetramethyl-1,10-phenanthroline. ^bValue of the nuclearity. ^cValue of the ground spin state calculated from the variable-field magnetization measurements. ^dValue of the axial magnetic anisotropy calculated from the variable-field magnetization measurements. ^eValue of the temperature. ^fValue of the magnetic field change. ^gValue of the maximum magnetic entropy change (in gravimetric units) estimated from indirect variable-field magnetization or heat capacity measurements.

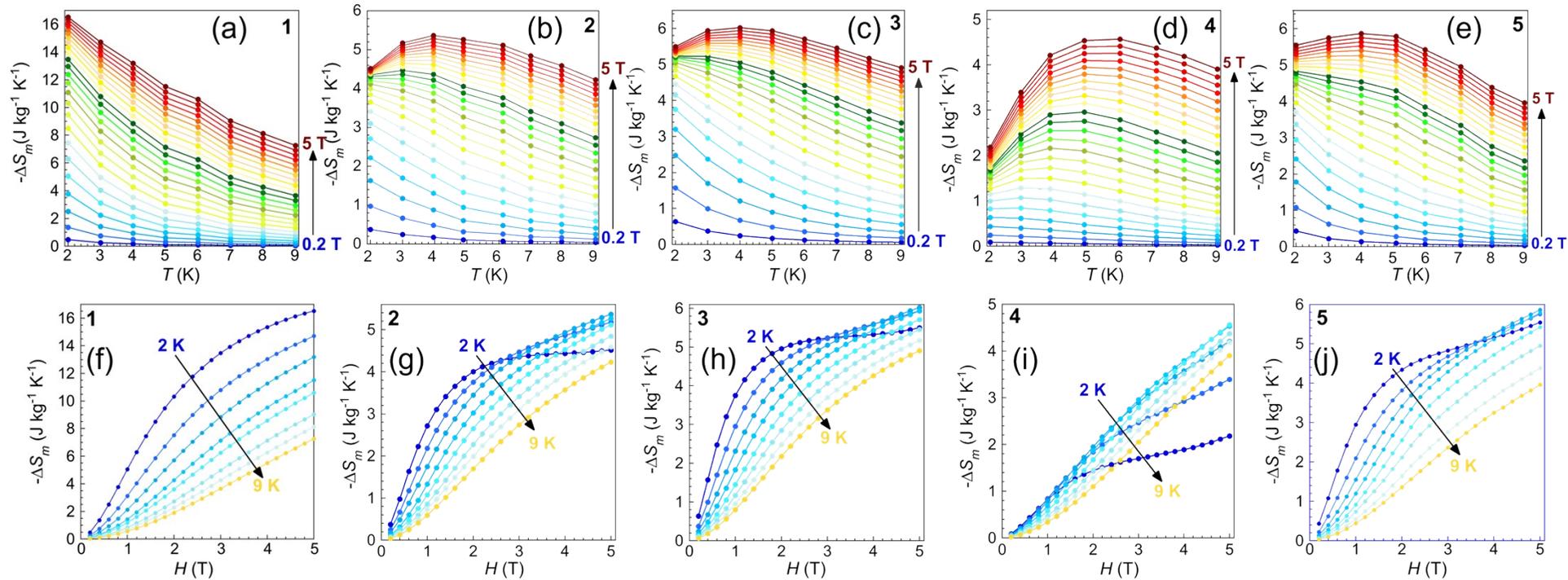


Fig. S29. Temperature (a-e) and field (f-j) dependence of $-\Delta S_m$ (in gravimetric units) for 1-5 in the field and temperature ranges of 0–5 T (blue to red) and 2.0–10 K (blue to orange), respectively,

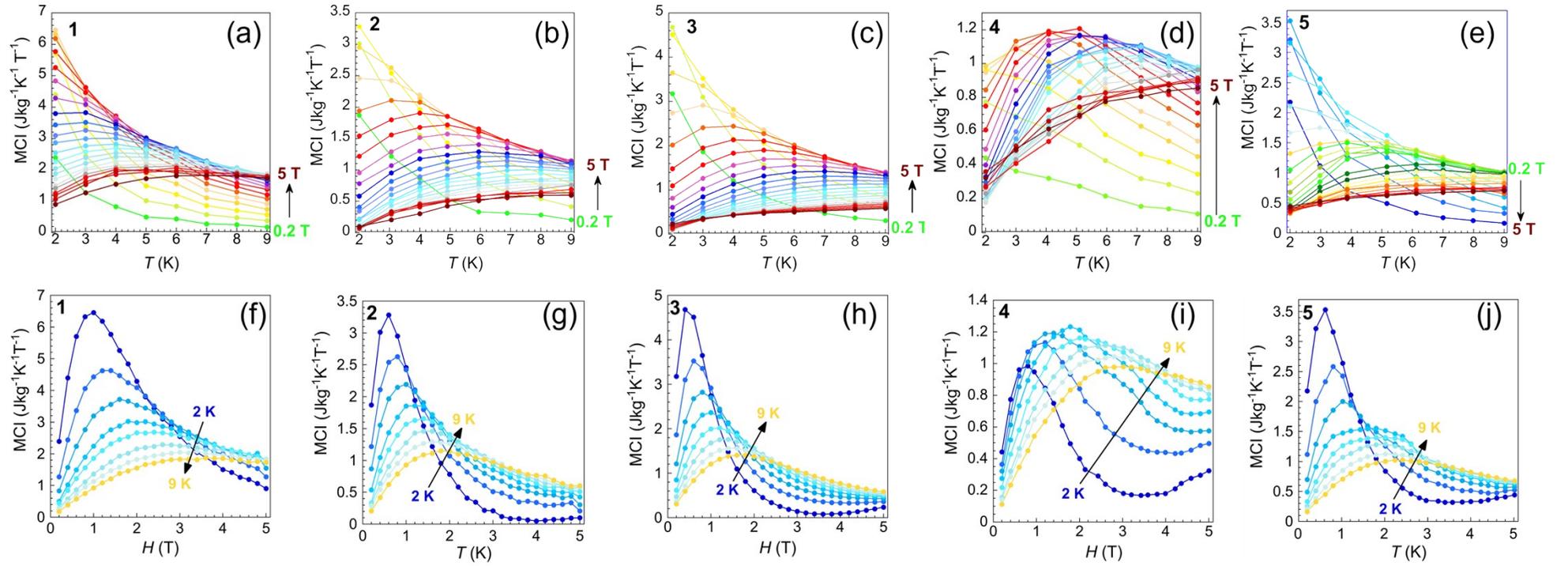


Fig. S30. Temperature (a-e) and field (f-j) dependence of the magnetocaloric efficiency index (MCI), defined as $-\partial(\Delta S_m)/\partial H$ (in gravimetric units), for 1-5 in the field and temperature ranges of 0–5 T (green to red) and 2–10 K (blue to yellow), respectively