

## Supporting Information

### **B-site Cation Sequencing in SrMnO<sub>3</sub> Using Iron for Zinc-Air Battery Electrocatalysis: A Structural Evaluation**

E. Carolin Mercy<sup>a</sup>, Sagar Ingavale<sup>b</sup>, Prabakaran Varathan<sup>c,d</sup>, Akhila Kumar Sahu<sup>c,d</sup>, Anita Swami<sup>a\*</sup>

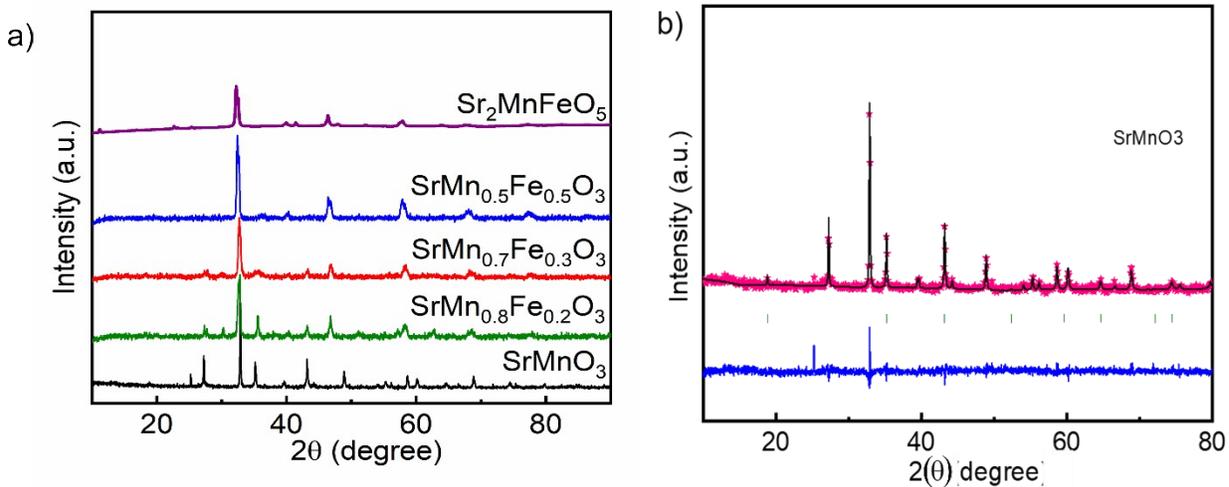
<sup>a</sup> Department of Chemistry, SRM Institute of Science and Technology, Kattankulathur-603203,  
Chennai (India)

<sup>b</sup> Department of Chemical Engineering, Faculty of Engineering, Chulalongkorn University,  
Bangkok 10330, Thailand

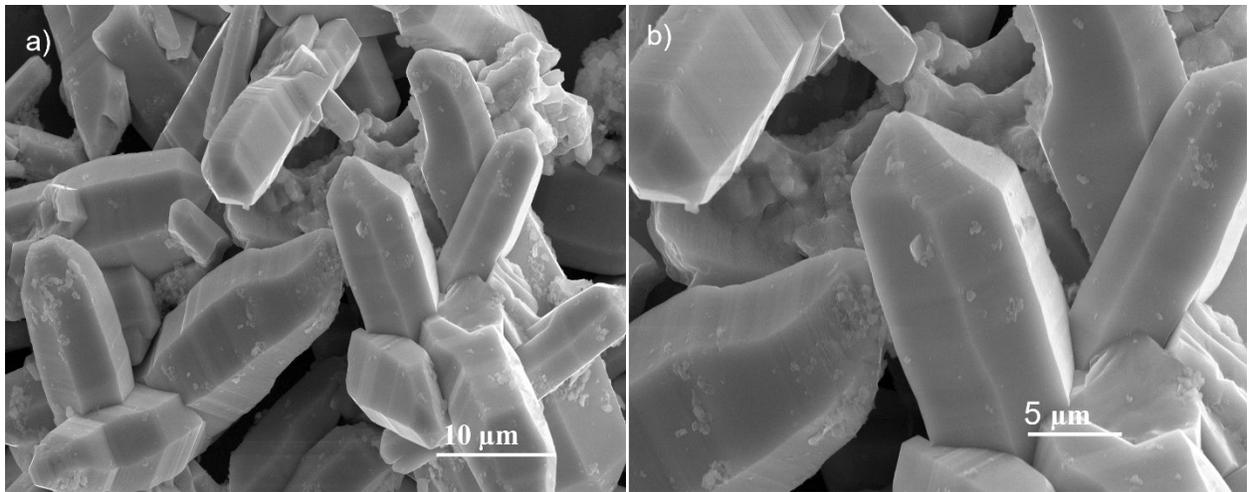
<sup>c</sup> CSIR - Central Electrochemical Research Institute - Madras Unit, CSIR Madras Complex,  
Taramani, Chennai - 600 113, India.

<sup>d</sup> Academy of Scientific and Innovative Research (AcSIR), Ghaziabad - 201002, India

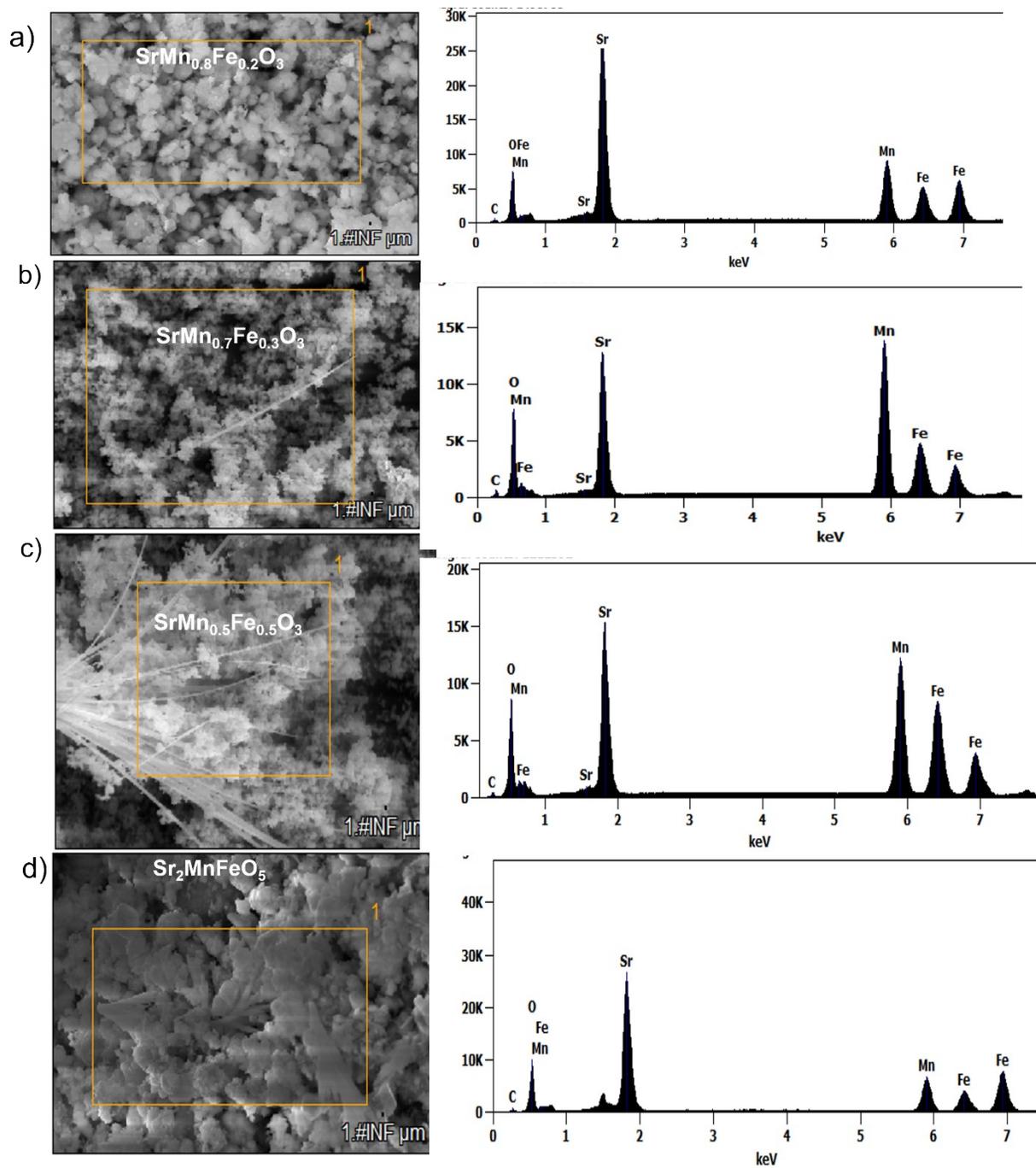
\*Corresponding author e-mail: [swamians@srmist.edu.in](mailto:swamians@srmist.edu.in), [swami.anita@gmail.com](mailto:swami.anita@gmail.com)



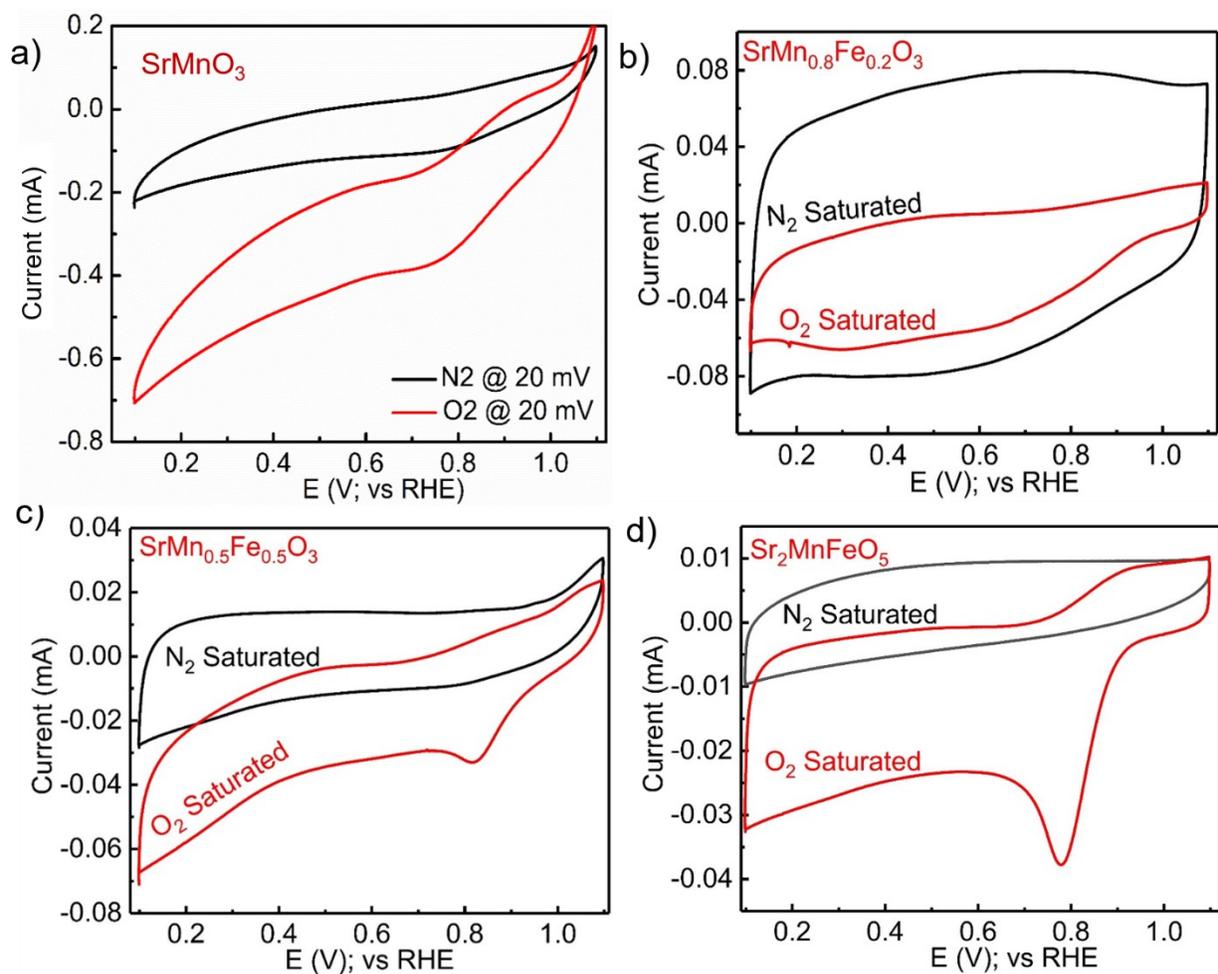
**Figure S1:** (a) Powder XRD patterns of  $\text{SrMnO}_3$ ,  $\text{SrMn}_{0.8}\text{Fe}_{0.2}\text{O}_3$ ,  $\text{SrMn}_{0.7}\text{Fe}_{0.3}\text{O}_3$ ,  $\text{SrMn}_{0.5}\text{Fe}_{0.5}\text{O}_3$ ,  $\text{Sr}_2\text{MnFeO}_5$  (b) Rietveld refinement of powdered XRD pattern of  $\text{SrMnO}_3$ . The pink stars and black line show the observed and calculated profile respectively, the green vertical lines represent the Bragg diffraction positions, and the blue line shows the difference between the observed profile and the calculated profile.



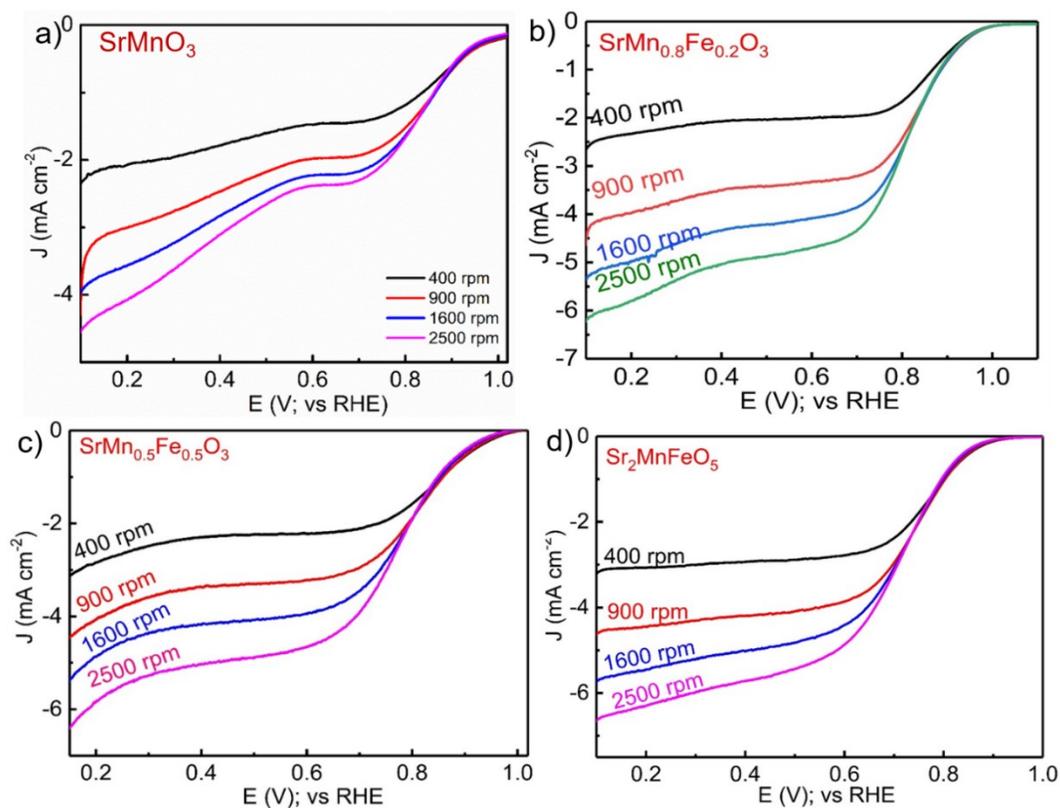
**Figure S2:** (a-b) SEM images of SrMnO<sub>3</sub> [50]



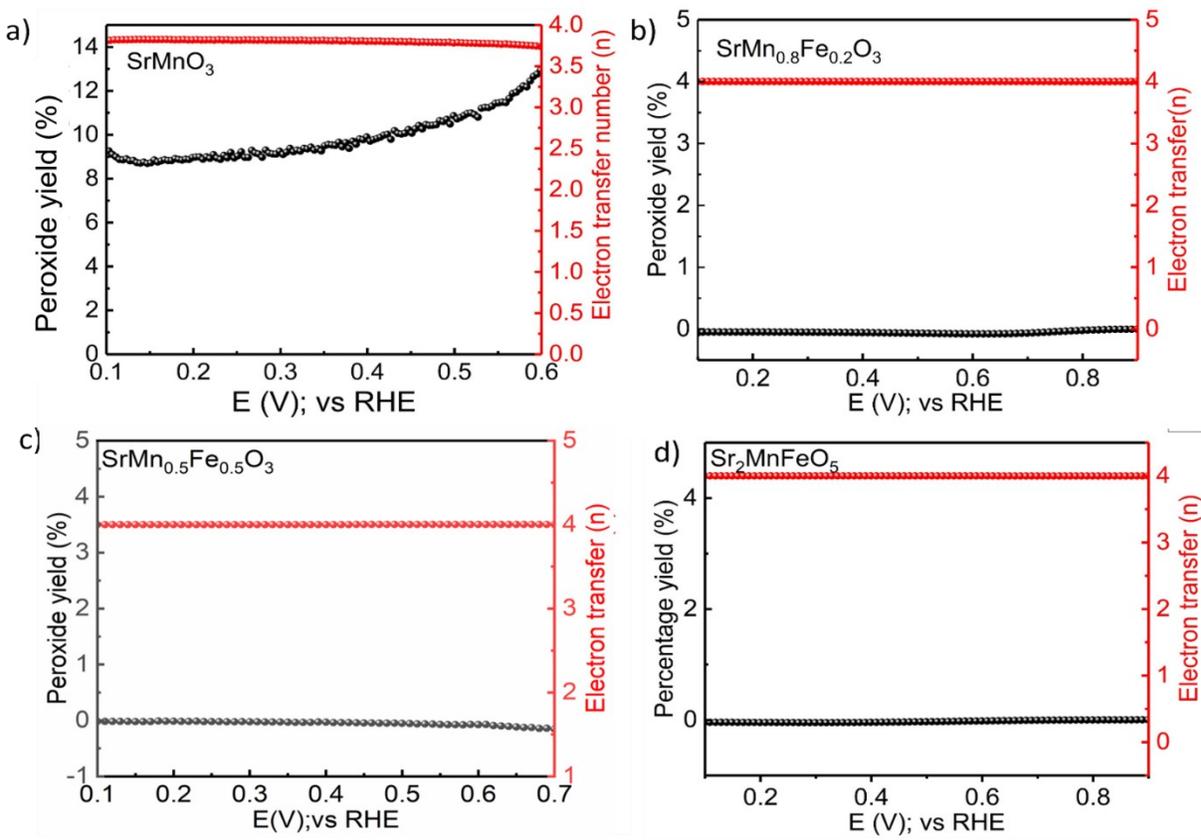
**Figure S3:** EDX spectra of  $\text{SrMn}_{0.8}\text{Fe}_{0.2}\text{O}_3$ ,  $\text{SrMn}_{0.7}\text{Fe}_{0.3}\text{O}_3$ ,  $\text{SrMn}_{0.5}\text{Fe}_{0.5}\text{O}_3$  &  $\text{Sr}_2\text{MnFeO}_5$



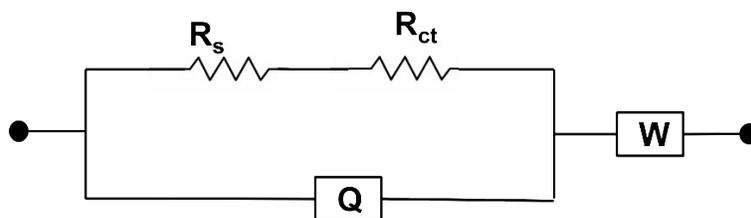
**Figure S4:** Cyclic voltammograms recorded in  $\text{N}_2$  saturated and  $\text{O}_2$  saturated 0.1M KOH at  $20 \text{ mV s}^{-1}$  for (a)  $\text{SrMnO}_3$ , (b)  $\text{SrMn}_{0.8}\text{Fe}_{0.2}\text{O}_3$ , (c)  $\text{SrMn}_{0.5}\text{Fe}_{0.5}\text{O}_3$  and (d)  $\text{Sr}_2\text{MnFeO}_5$



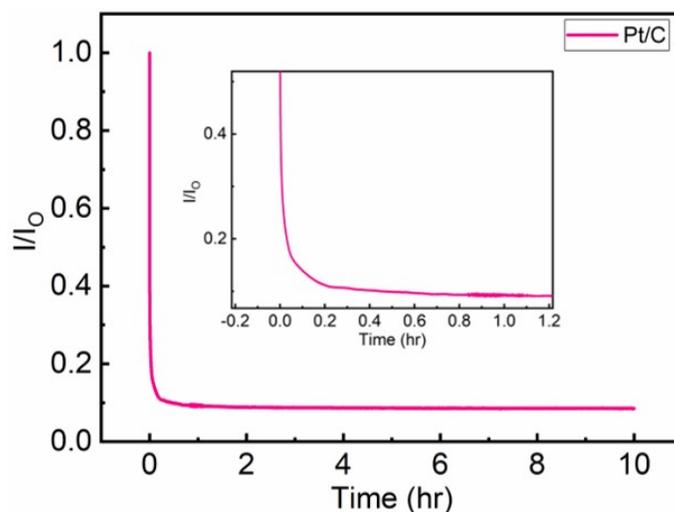
**Figure S5:** Linear sweep voltammograms of (a)  $\text{SrMnO}_3$ , (b)  $\text{SrMn}_{0.8}\text{Fe}_{0.2}\text{O}_3$ , (c)  $\text{SrMn}_{0.5}\text{Fe}_{0.5}\text{O}_3$  and (d)  $\text{Sr}_2\text{MnFeO}_5$  recorded at different rotations in O<sub>2</sub> saturated in 0.1M KOH with the scan rate of 10 mV s<sup>-1</sup>.



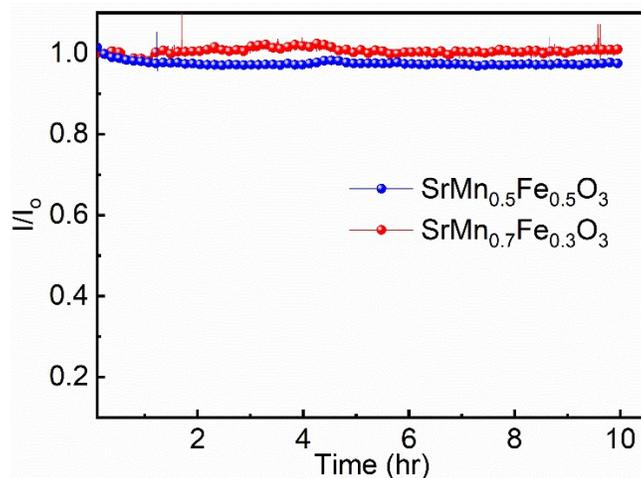
**Figure S6:** RRDE measurement representing the percentage of hydrogen peroxide and the number of electron transfer under O<sub>2</sub> saturated 0.1 M KOH at 1600 rpm for (a) SrMnO<sub>3</sub>, (b) SrMn<sub>0.8</sub>Fe<sub>0.2</sub>O<sub>3</sub>, (c) SrMn<sub>0.5</sub>Fe<sub>0.5</sub>O<sub>3</sub>, d) Sr<sub>2</sub>MnFeO<sub>5</sub>.



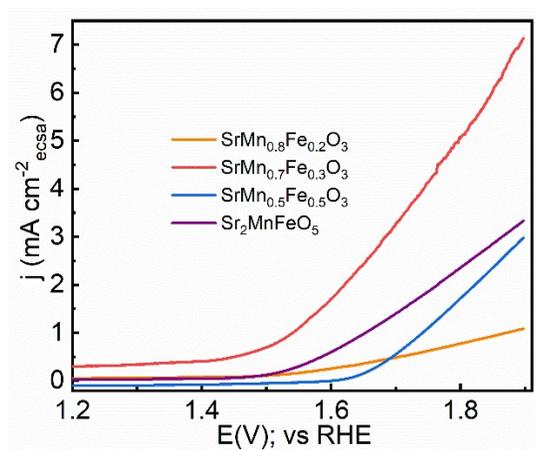
**Figure S7:** Randles equivalent circuit used for fitting the Nyquist plot of  $\text{SrMn}_{0.7}\text{Fe}_{0.3}\text{O}_3$  sample, where  $R_{\text{ct}}$  represents charge transfer resistance,  $R_s$  represents solution resistance and  $Q$  represents constant phase element while  $W$  represents Warburg impedance.



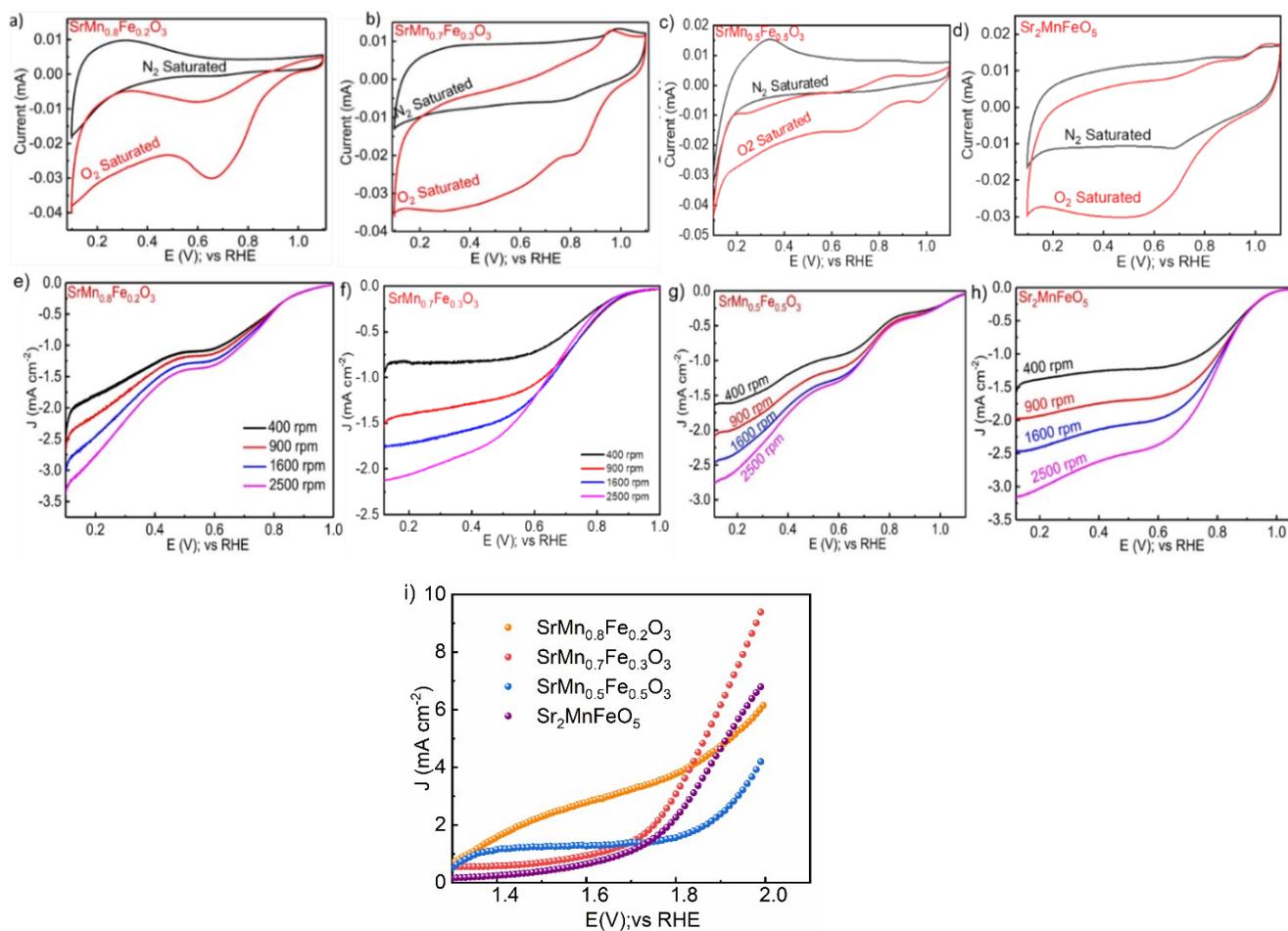
**Figure S8:** Chronoamperometric measurement for commercial Pt/C catalyst at 0.6 V; vs RHE for 10 hours.



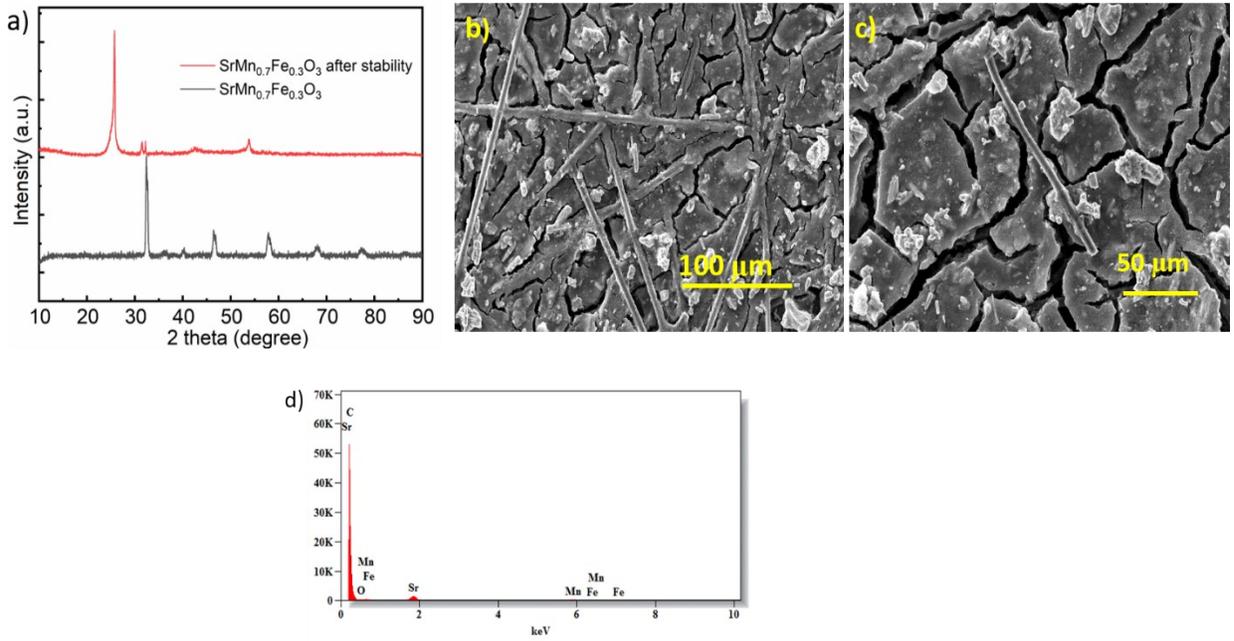
**Figure S9:** Chronoamperometric measurements of the OER at a current density of  $10 \text{ mA cm}^{-2}$  for  $\text{SrMn}_{0.7}\text{Fe}_{0.3}\text{O}_3$  and  $\text{SrMn}_{0.5}\text{Fe}_{0.5}\text{O}_3$



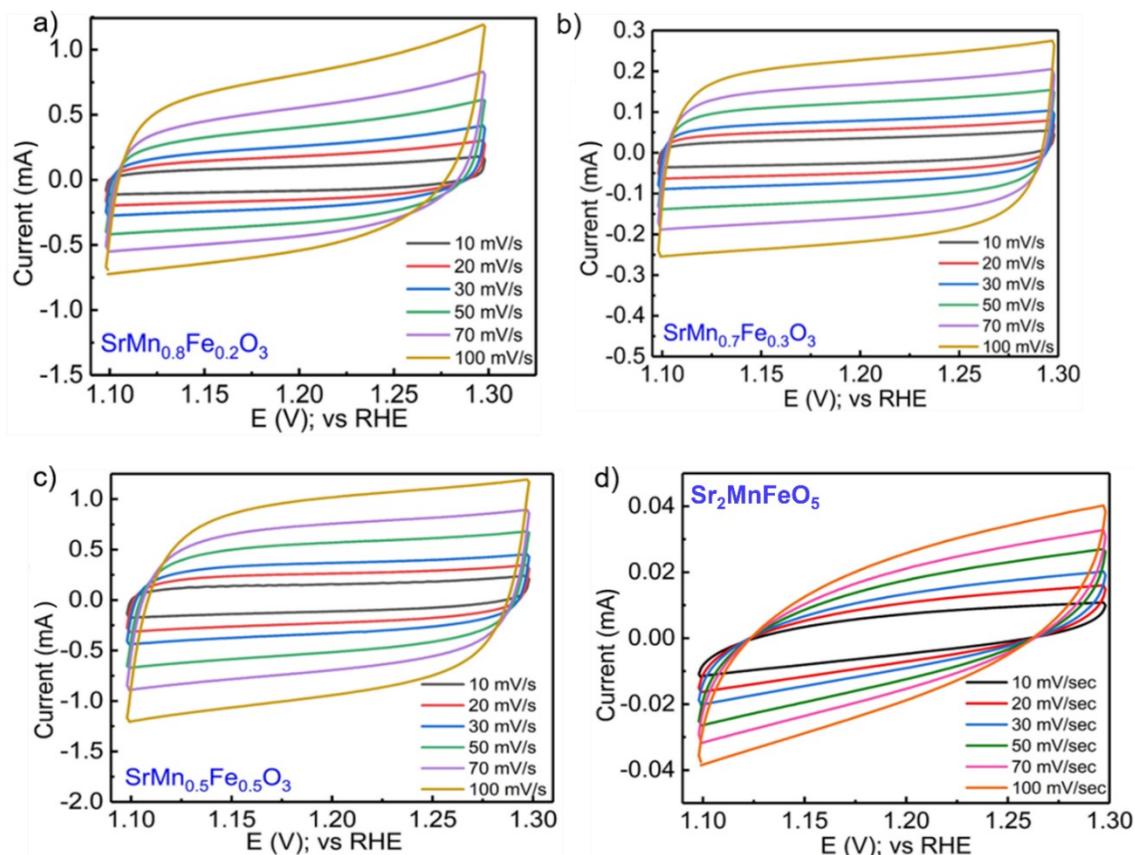
**Figure S10:** ECSA normalised LSV curves for OER with all the catalysts



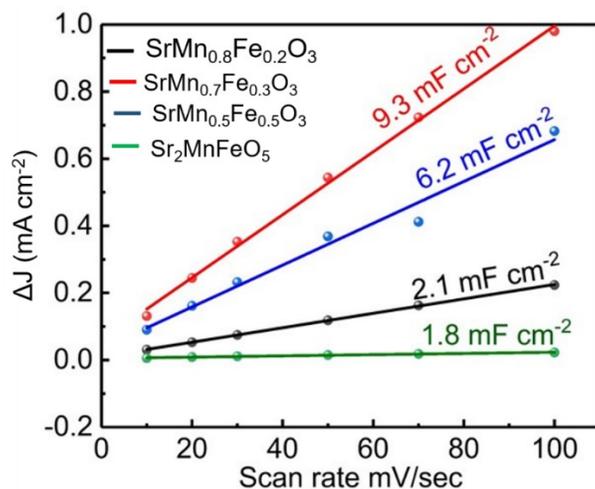
**Figure S11:** (a-h) Cyclic voltammograms of  $\text{SrMn}_{0.8}\text{Fe}_{0.2}\text{O}_3$ ,  $\text{SrMn}_{0.7}\text{Fe}_{0.3}\text{O}_3$ ,  $\text{SrMn}_{0.5}\text{Fe}_{0.5}\text{O}_3$ ,  $\text{Sr}_2\text{MnFeO}_5$  under  $\text{N}_2$  saturated and  $\text{O}_2$  saturated 0.1 M KOH and linear sweep voltammograms of  $\text{SrMn}_{0.8}\text{Fe}_{0.2}\text{O}_3$ ,  $\text{SrMn}_{0.7}\text{Fe}_{0.3}\text{O}_3$ ,  $\text{SrMn}_{0.5}\text{Fe}_{0.5}\text{O}_3$  and  $\text{Sr}_2\text{MnFeO}_5$ , at different rotation in  $\text{O}_2$  saturated 0.1M KOH. (i) Comparative linear sweep voltammograms for OER in 0.1 M KOH under  $\text{O}_2$  saturation at 1600 rpm; of all the prepared compounds without carbon support



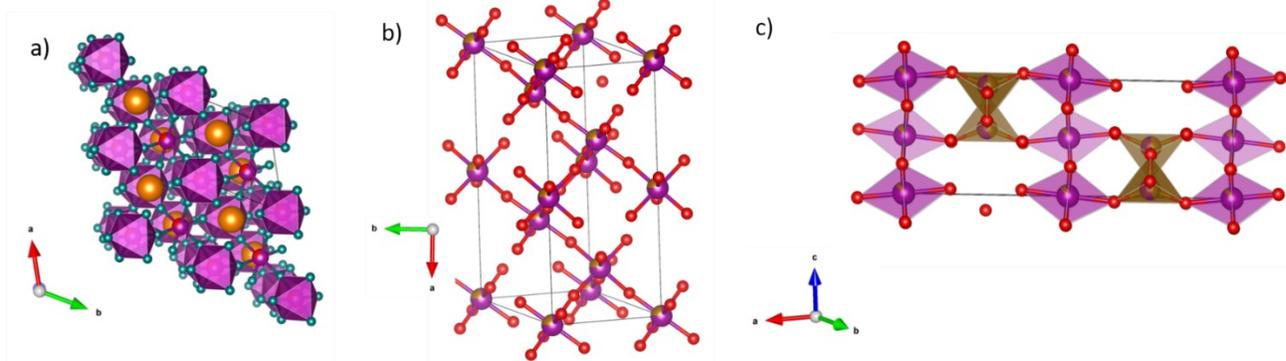
**Figure S12:** Post stability measurement of  $\text{SrMn}_{0.7}\text{Fe}_{0.3}\text{O}_3$ : (a) XRD pattern and (b-c) SEM images (d) EDX profile



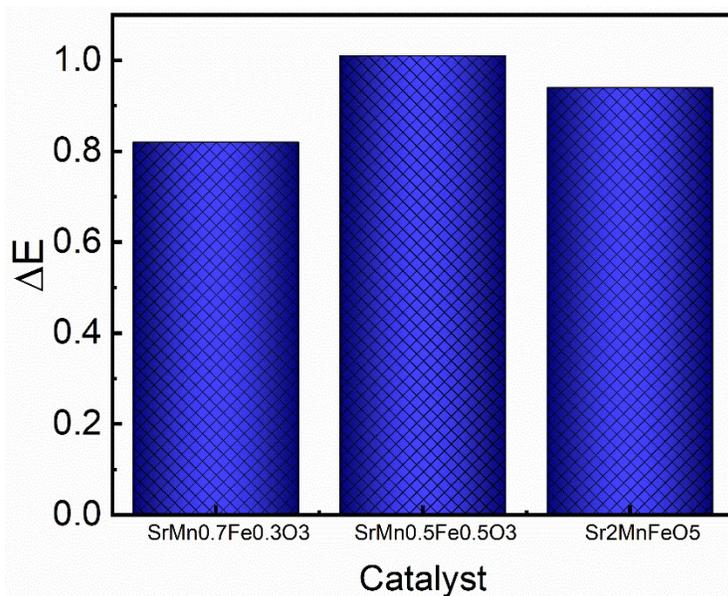
**Figure S13:** Cyclic voltammograms recorded at different scan rates for all the catalysts loaded on carbon



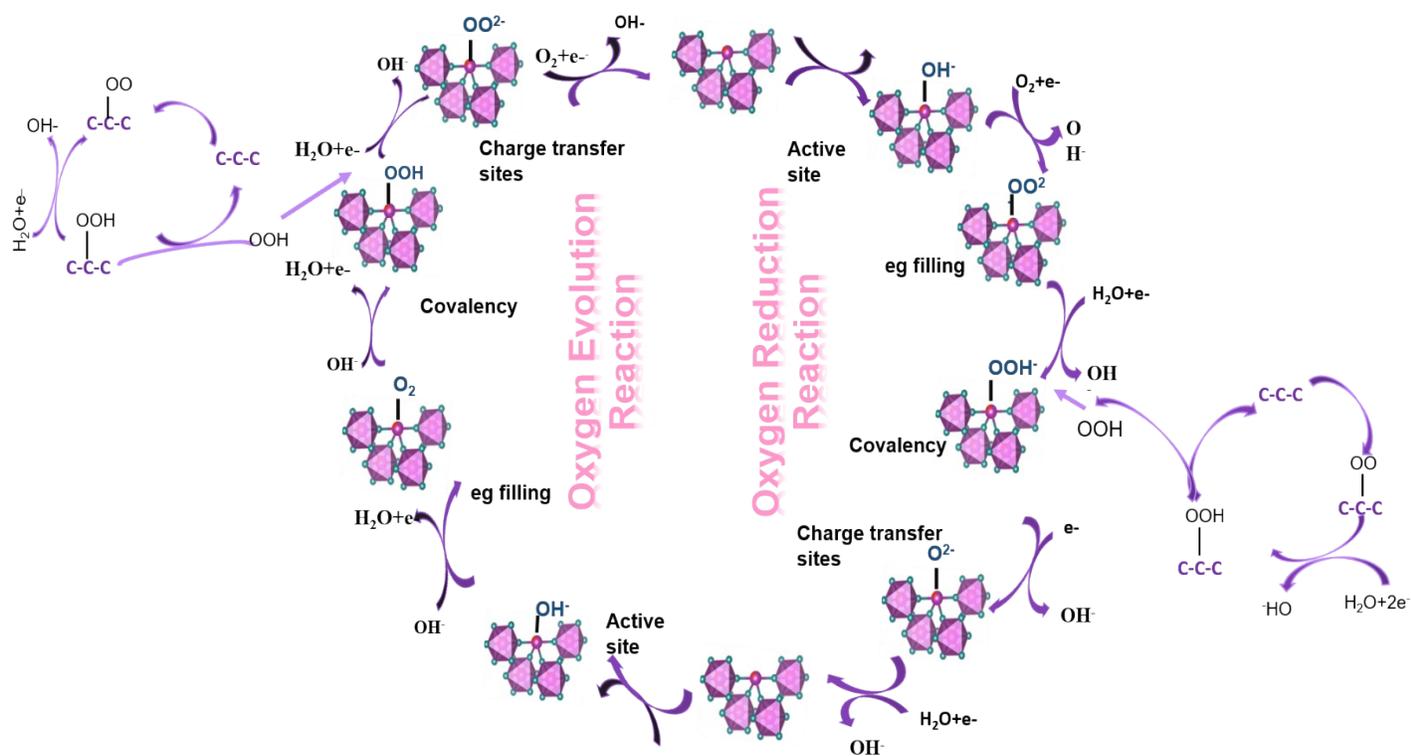
**Figure S14:** Current densities ( $J = J_{\text{anode}} - J_{\text{cathode}}$ ) as a function of scan rate plotted for all prepared compounds with a slope proportional to  $C_{\text{dl}}$  values.



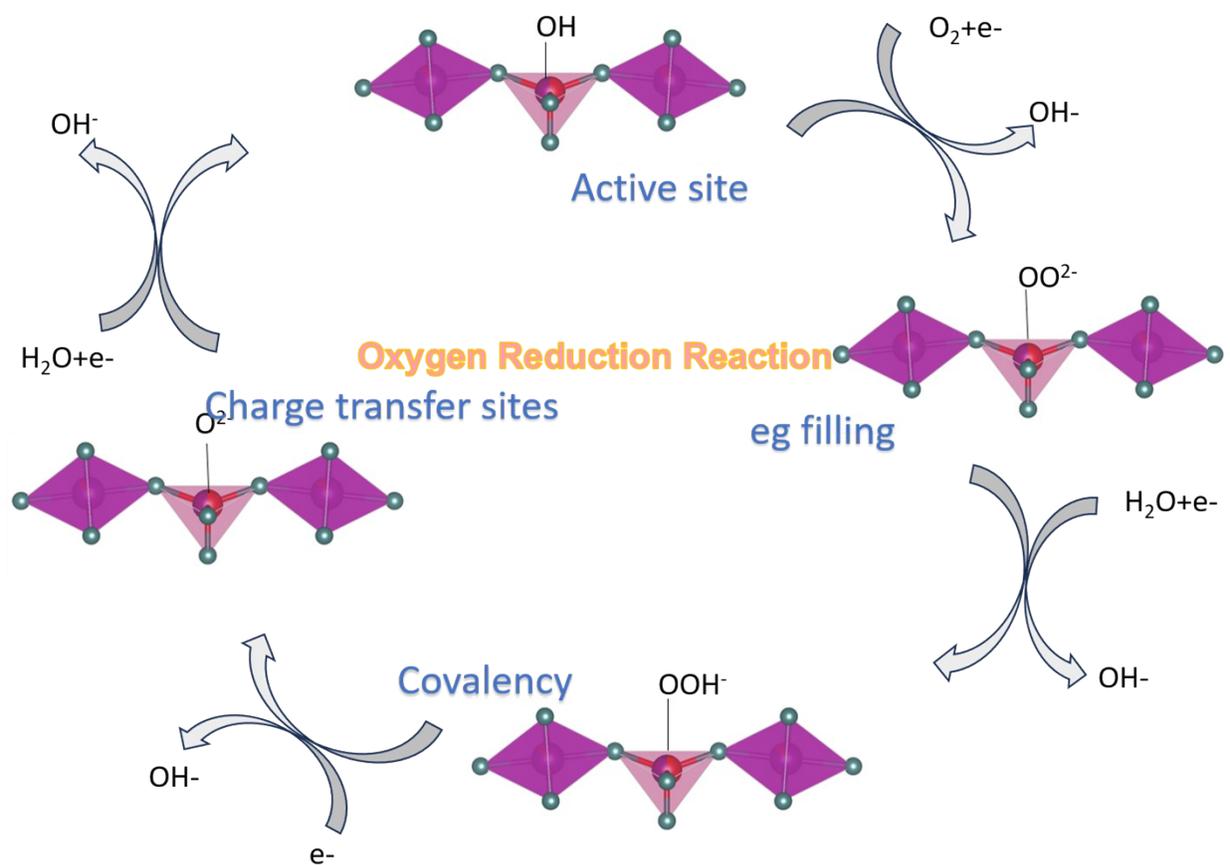
**Figure S15:** Structural model of (a-b)  $\text{SrMn}_{0.7}\text{Fe}_{0.3}\text{O}_3$  perovskite oxide and (c)  $\text{Sr}_2\text{MnFeO}_5$  [Orange ball represents Strontium; red ball represents iron; purple ball represents manganese and cyan green ball represent oxygen]



**Figure S16:** Bifunctionality index of all the catalysts



**Figure S17:** A possible bifunctional mechanism for  $\text{SrMn}_{0.7}\text{Fe}_{0.3}\text{O}_3$  perovskite oxide



**Figure S18:** A possible ORR mechanism for Sr<sub>2</sub>MnFeO<sub>5</sub> perovskite oxide

### S19: e<sub>g</sub> electron calculation

The average e<sub>g</sub> electron can be calculated from the equation (3) in the main manuscript. For example,

SrMn<sub>0.7</sub>Fe<sub>0.3</sub>O<sub>3</sub>, the percentage of valence electron

$$n = -1/2 [0 \cdot 0.58.8 + 1 \cdot 0.69 + 1 \cdot 0.34 + 2 \cdot 0.61] = 1.12$$

Sr<sub>2</sub>MnFeO<sub>5</sub> The percentage of valence electron

$$n = -1/2 [1 \cdot 0.49 + 2 \cdot 66.9 + 1 \cdot 32.9] = 1.0$$

**Table S1:** Reflection planes of (a)  $\text{SrMn}_{0.8}\text{Fe}_{0.2}\text{O}_3$ , (b)  $\text{SrMn}_{0.7}\text{Fe}_{0.3}\text{O}_3$ , and (c)  $\text{Sr}_2\text{MnFeO}_5$ 

a)	2 Theta	hkl	b)	2 Theta		c)	2 Theta	hkl
	22.78	012		16.94			22.85	012
	22.84	012		22.6			32.48	110
	32.35	110		22.74			32.61	104
	32.4	110		22.79			38.35	113
	32.5	104		23.31			40.09	202
	32.61	104		25.44			40.30	006
	38.22	113		25.50			46.69	024
	38.32	113		32.17			51.07	211
	39.9	202		32.29			52.52	122
	40.23	006		32.58			52.68	116
	40.34	006		32.71			57.96	300
	46.54	024		34.27			58.03	214
	46.66	024		34.22			58.11	300
	50.86	211		34.19			58.19	214
	51.00	211		34.19			58.27	018
	52.31	122		34.22			61.96	125
	52.45	122		34.27			68.03	220
	52.54	116		34.31			68.32	208
	52.68	116		34.57			71.62	131
	57.71	300		34.66			71.65	223
	57.82	214		36.65			71.82	131
	57.87	018		36.7			71.83	217
	57.98	018		36.9			71.86	223
	58.15	125		36.9			71.97	119
	61.74	220		37.02			72.03	217
	67.73	208		39.69			72.17	119
	67.92	131		43.45			72.81	312
	68.14	223		46.19			72.95	036
	68.33	134		46.44			73.02	312
	71.30	134		46.62			73.16	036
	71.35	223		46.84			77.50	134
	77.17	134		47.68			77.70	128
	77.40	134		46.80			77.73	134
	77.46	128		47.95			80.96	315
	80.63	315		47.97			82.01	042
	81.63	042		48.07				
	81.82	226		49.62				
				57.41				
				57.44				
				57.67				
				57.71				
				57.95				
				58.94				
				67.31				
				68.70				
				77.73				

**Table S2:** Summary of refined cell parameters of SrMnO<sub>3</sub>, SrMn<sub>0.8</sub>Fe<sub>0.2</sub>O<sub>3</sub>, SrMn<sub>0.7</sub>Fe<sub>0.3</sub>O<sub>3</sub>, SrMn<sub>0.5</sub>Fe<sub>0.5</sub>O<sub>3</sub> and Sr<sub>2</sub>MnFeO<sub>5</sub>

Sample	Crystal System	Space Group & No	Lattice Cell (Å)	Cell Volume	Fit Parameter
SrMnO <sub>3</sub>	Hexagonal	P63/mmc & 194	a= 5.4484 b= 5.4484 c= 9.0865	233.6	R <sub>p</sub> : 779 R <sub>wp</sub> : 48.5 Chi Square: 1.5
SrMn <sub>0.8</sub> Fe <sub>0.2</sub> O <sub>3</sub>	Trigonal	R-3C & 167	a=5.5289 b=5.5289 c=13.4367	355.7	R <sub>p</sub> : 97.1 R <sub>wp</sub> : 56.6 R <sub>e</sub> : 35.6 Chi Square: 2.5
SrMn <sub>0.7</sub> Fe <sub>0.3</sub> O <sub>3</sub>	Trigonal	R-3C & 167	a= 5.5067 b= 5.5067 c= 13.4142	352.2	R <sub>p</sub> : 119 R <sub>wp</sub> : 65.8 R <sub>e</sub> : 8.9 Chi Square: 2.7
SrMn <sub>0.5</sub> Fe <sub>0.5</sub> O <sub>3</sub>	Trigonal	R-3C & 167	a= 5.5075 b= 5.5075 c= 13.4167	352.4	R <sub>p</sub> : 127 R <sub>wp</sub> : 60 R <sub>e</sub> : 41.7 Chi Square: 2.1
Sr <sub>2</sub> MnFeO <sub>5</sub>	Orthorhombic	Icmm & 74	a=5.5591 b=15.7079 c=5.4918	479.5	R <sub>p</sub> : 177 R <sub>wp</sub> : 72 R <sub>e</sub> : 48.5 Chi Square: 2.2

R<sub>p</sub>: Residual parameter, R<sub>wp</sub>: Residual weight parameter, and R<sub>e</sub>: Expected reliable factor

**Table S3:** Area integrated Manganese and iron contents for SrMn<sub>0.7</sub>Fe<sub>0.3</sub>O<sub>3</sub> and Sr<sub>2</sub>MnFeO<sub>5</sub> obtained from XPS

Composition (%)	Mn <sup>4+</sup>	Mn <sup>3+</sup>	Mn <sup>2+</sup>	Fe <sup>3+</sup>	Fe <sup>2+</sup>	Fe <sup>0</sup>
SrMn <sub>0.7</sub> Fe <sub>0.3</sub> O <sub>3</sub>	58.8	40.2	-	61.2	38.7	
Sr <sub>2</sub> MnFeO <sub>5</sub>	20.3	62.5	17.2	57	30	11

**Table S4:** Summary of ORR electrochemical data (onset and halfwave potential, limiting current density and the number of electrons transferred) for all the synthesized catalysts **supported on carbon**

Electrocatalyst	$E_{\text{onset}}$ (V); vs RHE	$E_{1/2}$ (V); vs RHE	Current density (mA cm <sup>-2</sup> )	Chronoamperometry Retention Current (%)
SrMn <sub>0.8</sub> Fe <sub>0.2</sub> O <sub>3</sub>	0.95	0.78	5.0	54
SrMn <sub>0.7</sub> Fe <sub>0.3</sub> O <sub>3</sub>	0.99	0.84	6.3	95.8
SrMn <sub>0.5</sub> Fe <sub>0.5</sub> O <sub>3</sub>	0.95	0.77	4.9	90.6
Sr <sub>2</sub> MnFeO <sub>5</sub>	0.89	0.71	5.4	85

**Table S5:** Summary of ORR electrochemical data (onset and halfwave potential, limiting current density and the no. of electrons transferred) for all the synthesized catalysts **without carbon support**.

Electrocatalyst	$E_{\text{onset}}$ (V); vs RHE	$E_{1/2}$ (V); vs RHE	Current density (mA cm <sup>-2</sup> )
SrMn <sub>0.7</sub> Fe <sub>0.3</sub> O <sub>3</sub>	0.89	0.68	1.71
SrMn <sub>0.8</sub> Fe <sub>0.2</sub> O <sub>3</sub>	0.92	0.76	2.46
SrMn <sub>0.5</sub> Fe <sub>0.5</sub> O <sub>3</sub>	0.90	0.76	2.31
Sr <sub>2</sub> MnFeO <sub>5</sub>	0.97	0.78	2.4

**Table S6:** Bond distance length in (Å), Mn-O, Fe-O, Mn-O-Mn, Mn-O-Fe and Mn-Fe as observed in SrMn<sub>0.8</sub>Fe<sub>0.2</sub>O<sub>3</sub>, SrMn<sub>0.7</sub>Fe<sub>0.3</sub>O<sub>3</sub>, SrMn<sub>0.5</sub>Fe<sub>0.5</sub>O<sub>3</sub> and Sr<sub>2</sub>MnFeO<sub>5</sub>.

<b>Composition</b>	<b>Mn-O(1) (Å)</b>	<b>Fe-O(2) (Å)</b>	<b>Mn-O(1)-Mn (Å)</b>	<b>Mn-O(2)-Fe (Å)</b>	<b>Mn-Fe (Å)</b>
SrMn <sub>0.8</sub> Fe <sub>0.2</sub> O <sub>3</sub>	1.97172	1.97172	1.97172	1.97172	-
SrMn <sub>0.7</sub> Fe <sub>0.3</sub> O <sub>3</sub>	2.00497	2.00497	2.00497	2.00497	-
SrMn <sub>0.5</sub> Fe <sub>0.5</sub> O <sub>3</sub>	1.95406	1.95406	1.95406	1.95406	-
Sr <sub>2</sub> MnFeO <sub>5</sub>	1.95586	1.95586	1.84502	1.84502	0.42396

**Table S7:** O1–O1 bond distance length in (Å), O–Mn–O and O–Mn–O bond angle (°) as Observed in SrMn<sub>0.8</sub>Fe<sub>0.2</sub>O<sub>3</sub>, SrMn<sub>0.7</sub>Fe<sub>0.3</sub>O<sub>3</sub>, SrMn<sub>0.8</sub>Fe<sub>0.2</sub>O<sub>3</sub> and Sr<sub>2</sub>MnFeO<sub>5</sub>.

<b>Composition</b>	<b>O1-O1 (Å)</b>	<b>O-Mn-O (°) Face sharing</b>	<b>Mn-O-Mn (°) Corner sharing</b>	<b>Fe-O-Fe (°) Corner sharing</b>	<b>Mn-O-Fe (°)</b>
SrMn <sub>0.8</sub> Fe <sub>0.2</sub> O <sub>3</sub>	2.81100	89.0692	162.841	162.841	162.841
SrMn <sub>0.7</sub> Fe <sub>0.3</sub> O <sub>3</sub>	2.78689	90.9313	151.8	151.8	151.8
SrMn <sub>0.5</sub> Fe <sub>0.5</sub> O <sub>3</sub>	2.7757	90.5118	168.158	168.158	168.158
Sr <sub>2</sub> MnFeO <sub>5</sub>	2.74383	78.2867	137.921	138.3	138.376

**Table S8:** ECSA, Mass activity and Specific activity listed for all the synthesized catalysts.

Electrocatalyst	ECSA (m <sup>2</sup> g <sup>-1</sup> )	Mass Activity (mA mg <sup>-1</sup> )	Specific Activity (mA cm <sup>-2</sup> )
SrMn <sub>0.8</sub> Fe <sub>0.2</sub> O <sub>3</sub>	1.8	35.4	1.91
SrMn <sub>0.7</sub> Fe <sub>0.3</sub> O <sub>3</sub>	8.2	121.3	1.47
SrMn <sub>0.5</sub> Fe <sub>0.5</sub> O <sub>3</sub>	5.4	41.8	0.76
Sr <sub>2</sub> MnFeO <sub>5</sub>	1.5	24.8	1.56

**Table S9:** Summary of the literature reports for ORR and OER

Electrocatalyst	Loading (mg cm <sup>-2</sup> )	E <sub>onset</sub> = (V; vs RHE)	Current density J(mAcm <sup>-2</sup> )	E <sub>1/2</sub> (ORR) (V; vs RHE)	E <sub>j=10</sub> (OER) (V; vs RHE)	ΔE=E <sub>j=10</sub> (OER)- E <sub>1/2</sub> (ORR) (V; vs RHE)	Ref
SrMn <sub>0.7</sub> Fe <sub>0.3</sub> O <sub>3</sub>	0.28	0.99	6.38	0.84	1.66	0.82	This work
SrMn <sub>0.5</sub> Fe <sub>0.5</sub> O <sub>3</sub>	0.28	0.95	4.87	0.77	1.79	1.01	This work
SrMn <sub>0.8</sub> Fe <sub>0.2</sub> O <sub>3</sub>	0.28	0.95	5.01	0.78	-	-	This work
Sr <sub>2</sub> MnFeO <sub>5</sub>	0.28	0.89	5.4	0.71	1.82	0.93	
LaFeCo-H		0.750	5.2	0.713			
La <sub>23</sub> /Sr <sub>1/3</sub> MnO <sub>3</sub>	0.5	0.87	-	0.8	-	-	4
LaMnO <sub>3</sub>	0.312			0.67	1.80	1.13	1
LaMn <sub>0.4</sub> Co <sub>0.6</sub> O <sub>3</sub>	0.312			0.71	1.63	0.92	1
LaMn <sub>0.2</sub> Co <sub>0.8</sub> O <sub>3</sub>	0.312			0.68	1.64	0.96	1
La <sub>0.8</sub> Sr <sub>0.2</sub> Mn <sub>1-x</sub> Ni <sub>x</sub> O <sub>3</sub>	NA	0.74	-	-	1.54 @ 2mA cm <sup>-2</sup>	-	3
La <sub>0.4</sub> Sr <sub>0.6</sub> MnO <sub>3</sub>	0.5	-0.197 vs SCE (V)	-4.54	-	0.774 @ 5 mA cm <sup>-2</sup>	0.97	2
MnO <sub>2</sub> /La <sub>0.4</sub> Sr <sub>0.6</sub> MnO <sub>3</sub>							5

	0.47	0.87		0.75	1.727	0.89	
$\text{Sr}_4\text{Mn}_3\text{O}_{10}$	NA	0.80	-	0.5	-	-	6
$\text{La}_{0.9}\text{Y}_{0.1}\text{MnO}_3$	0.236	0.90	6.58	0.75	1.8	-	7
$\text{LKMnO}_3$	NA	-	-	0.78	1.66	-	8
$\text{La}_{0.6}\text{Ca}_{0.4}\text{CoO}_3/\text{Sb}$ doped $\text{SnO}_2$	NA	0.76	2.8	0.79	1.60	-	9
$\text{A}_x\text{Sm}_{1-x}\text{Mn}_2\text{O}_{5-\delta}$ ( $\text{Ba}_x\text{Sn}_{1-x}\text{Mn}_2\text{O}_{5-\delta}$ )	0.25	0.884		0.789			10
$\text{La}_{0.85}\text{Y}_{0.15}\text{Ni}_{0.7}\text{Fe}_{0.3}\text{O}_3$	0.2	0.71	-3.7	0.62	1.63 @ 10 mA		11
$\text{La}_2\text{Co}_{0.5}\text{Fe}_{0.5}\text{MnO}_{6-\delta}$	NA	0.78	-6.1	0.62	1.65		12
$\text{LaCoO}_3$ @ rGO	NA	0.85	-5.5	0.70	1.51 @280 mV		13
$\text{La}_{0.8}\text{Sr}_{0.2}\text{Ti}_{0.65}$ $\text{Fe}_{0.35}\text{O}_{3-\delta}$ LSTFO/NCNT	1.0	0.992	6.07	0.86	1.77	0.76	14

## References

1. Jiang, X., Dong, Y., Zhang, Z., Li, J., Qian, J., & Gao, D.. Cation substitution of B-site in  $\text{LaCoO}_3$  for bifunctional oxygen electrocatalytic activities. *Journal of Alloys and Compounds*, **2021**, 878, 160433.
2. Zhao, Y., Hang, Y., Zhang, Y., Wang, Z., Yao, Y., He, X., & Zhang, D. Strontium-doped perovskite oxide  $\text{La}_{1-x}\text{Sr}_x\text{MnO}_3$  (x= 0, 0.2, 0.6) as a highly efficient

electrocatalyst for nonaqueous Li-O<sub>2</sub> batteries. *Electrochimica Acta*, **2017**, 232, 296-302.

3. Islam, M., Jeong, M. G., Oh, I. H., Nam, K. W., & Jung, H. G. Role of strontium as doping agent in LaMn<sub>0.5</sub>Ni<sub>0.5</sub>O<sub>3</sub> for oxygen electro-catalysis. *Journal of Industrial and Engineering Chemistry*, **2020**, 85, 94-101.

4. Eom, C. J., Kuo, D. Y., Adamo, C., Moon, E. J., May, S. J., Crumlin, E. J., & Suntivich, J. Tailoring manganese oxide with atomic precision to increase surface site availability for oxygen reduction catalysis. *Nature communications*, **2018**, 9(1), 1-7.

5. Yan, S., Xue, Y., Li, S., Shao, G., & Liu, Z. Enhanced bifunctional catalytic activity of manganese oxide/perovskite hierarchical core-shell materials by adjusting the interface for metal-air batteries. *ACS applied materials & interfaces*, **2019**, 11(29), 25870-25881.

6. González-Jiménez, I. N., Torres-Pardo, A., Rano, S., Laberty-Robert, C., Hernández-Garrido, J. C., López-Haro, M., & Portehault, D. Multicationic Sr<sub>4</sub>Mn<sub>3</sub>O<sub>10</sub> mesostructures: molten salt synthesis, analytical electron microscopy study and reactivity. *Materials Horizons*, **2018**, 5(3), 480-485.

7. Miao, H., Wang, Z., Wang, Q., Sun, S., Xue, Y., Wang, F., & Yuan, J. A new family of Mn-based perovskite (La<sub>1-x</sub>Y<sub>x</sub>MnO<sub>3</sub>) with improved oxygen electrocatalytic activity for metal-air batteries. *Energy*, **2018**, 154, 561-570.

8. Kotha, V., Karajagi, I., Ghosh, P. C., & Panchakarla, L. S. Potassium-Substituted LaMnO<sub>3</sub> as a Highly Active and Exceptionally Stable Electrocatalyst toward Bifunctional Oxygen Reduction and Oxygen Evolution Reactions. *ACS Applied Energy Materials*, **2022**

9. Fujiwara, Naoko, Tsukasa Nagai, Tsutomu Ioroi, Hajime Arai, and Zempachi Ogumi. "Bifunctional electrocatalysts of lanthanum-based perovskite oxide with Sb-

doped SnO<sub>2</sub> for oxygen reduction and evolution reactions." *Journal of Power Sources*, **2020**, 451,227736.

10. Zhao, Chunling, Meng Yu, Zhi Yang, Jieyu Liu, Shaohua Chen, Zhanglian Hong, Haijun Chen, and Weichao Wang. "Oxygen reduction reaction catalytic activity enhancement over mullite SmMn<sub>2</sub>O<sub>5</sub> via interfacing with perovskite oxides." *Nano Energy*, **2018**, 51: 91-101.

11. X. Wang, J. Sui, Z. Hou, M. Zhang, Q. Zhang, J. Yu, Z. Gan, L. Sui, L. Dong. "LSCF perovskite oxide in situ grown on reduced graphene oxide as high-performance bifunctional catalyst for zinc-air battery." *Diamond and Related Materials*, **2023**, 132,: 109668.

12. L. Fengjiao, N. Mushtaq, T. Su, Y. Cui, J. Huang, M. Sun, M. Singh. "NCNT grafted perovskite oxide as an active bifunctional electrocatalyst for rechargeable zinc-air battery." *Materials Today Nano*. **2023**, 21, 100287.

13. Y. Chunyang, Y. Gan, M. Lee, C. Ren, K. S. Brinkman, R. D. Green, X. Xue. Structural evolution, electrochemical kinetic properties, and stability of A-site doped perovskite Sr<sub>1-x</sub>Yb<sub>x</sub>CoO<sub>3-δ</sub>. *Journal of Materials Chemistry A*. **2020**, 8, no. 20, 10450-10461. (A- site)

14. A. Jahangeer, T. Ahamad, N. Alhokbany, MA Majeed Khan, Prabhakarn Arunachalam, Mabrook S. Amer, Rahaf M. Alotaibi, and Saad M. Alshehri. "Reduced graphene oxide encapsulated perovskite-type lanthanum cobalt oxide nanoparticles for efficient electrolysis of water to oxygen reactions (OER/ORR)." *Journal of Industrial and Engineering Chemistry* **2023**.

