

Electronic Supplementary Information for

Intrinsic carbon defect-engineered carbonized wood membrane electrodes for superior supercapacitors

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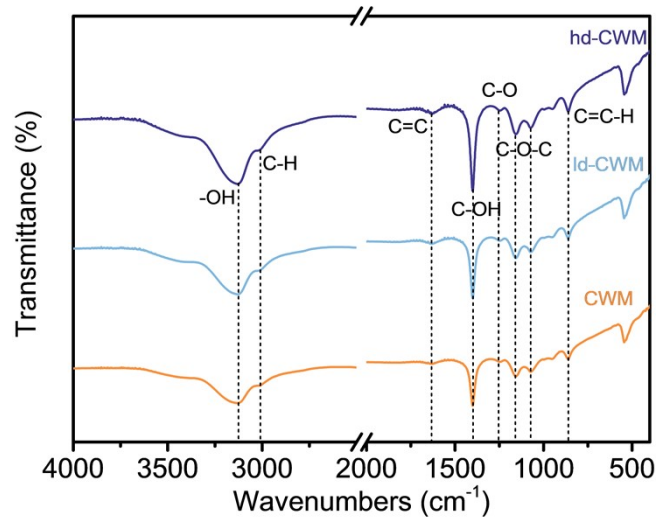


Fig. S1 FTIR spectra of hd-CWM, ld-CWM, and CWM electrodes.

Table S1 Textural properties of CWM, ld-CWM, and hd-CWM obtained at different etching temperatures.

Electrode	S_{BET} ($\text{m}^2 \text{g}^{-1}$) ^a	Pore volume ($\text{cm}^3 \text{g}^{-1}$) ^b	Pore size (nm) ^c
CWM	75.8	0.04	2.18
ld-CWM	527.9	0.31	2.34
hd-CWM (550 °C)	242.5	0.14	2.34
hd-CWM (650 °C)	699.1	0.37	2.13
hd-CWM (750 °C)	913.8	0.53	2.30
hd-CWM (850 °C)	739.9	0.41	2.20

^a BET surface area (S_{BET}) is calculated from the linear part of the BET plot.

^b Single point total pore volume of the pores at $P/P_0=0.99$.

^c Adsorption average pore width (4 V A⁻¹ by BET).

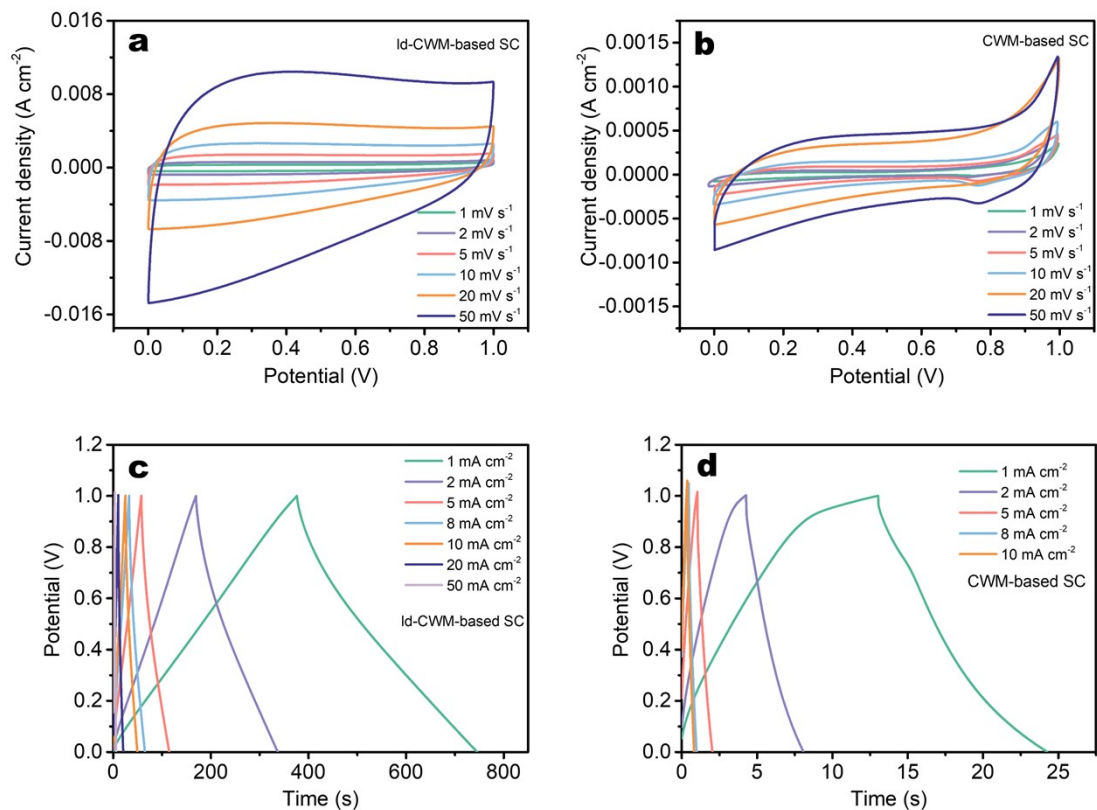


Fig. S2 CV curves of (a) ld-CWM-based SC and (b) CWM-based SC. GCD curves of (c) ld-CWM-based SC and (d) CWM-based SC.

Table S2 Series resistance (R_s) and electron transfer resistance (R_{ct}) of the hd-CWM-, ld-CWM-, and CWM-based SCs

SC	R_s (Ω)	R_{ct} (Ω)
hd-CWM-based SC	0.47	0.15
ld-CWM-based SC	0.97	0.16
CWM-based SC	0.68	0.62

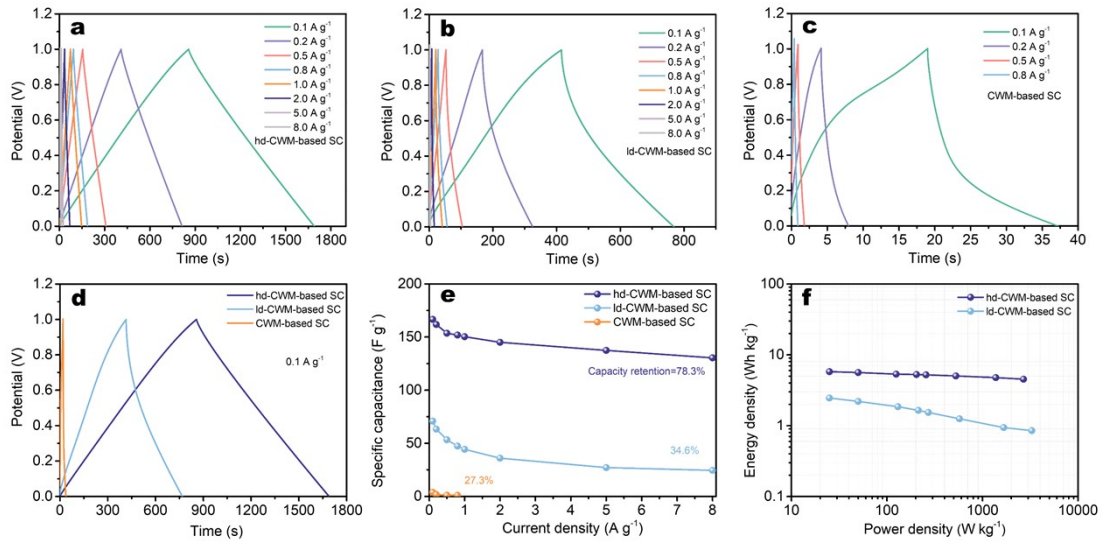


Fig. S3 GCD curves of (a) hd-CWM-, (b) ld-CWM-, and (c) CWM-based SCs at different current densities. (d) GCD curves at 0.1 A g^{-1} and (e) the corresponding C_m values of the hd-CWM-, ld-CWM-, and CWM-based SCs. (f) Ragone plots (mass energy density vs. mass power density) of hd-CWM-, and ld-CWM-based SCs.

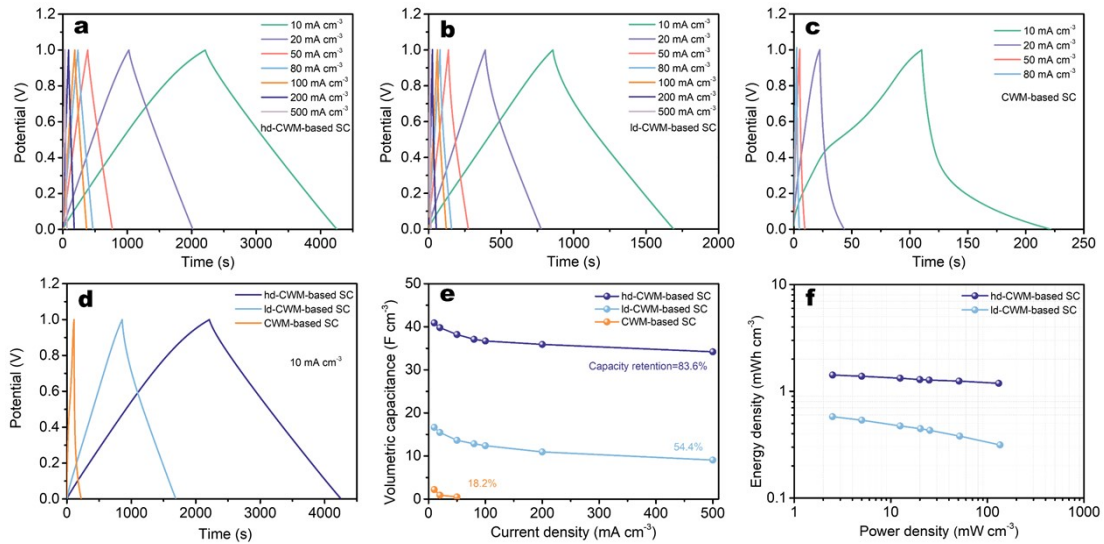


Fig. S4 GCD curves of (a) hd-CWM-, (b) ld-CWM-, and (c) CWM-based SCs at different current densities. (d) GCD curves at 10 mA cm^{-3} and (e) the corresponding C_v values of the hd-CWM-, ld-CWM-, and CWM-based SCs. (f) Ragone plots (volumetric energy density vs. volumetric power density) of hd-CWM- and ld-CWM-

based SCs.

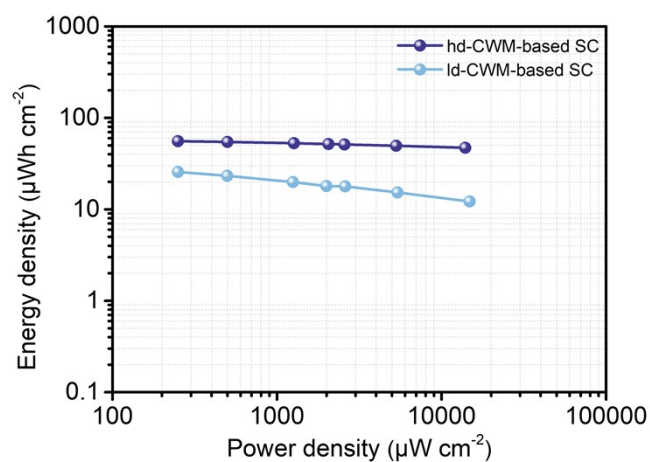


Fig. S5 Ragone plots (areal energy density vs. areal power density) of hd-CWM- and ld-CWM-based SCs.

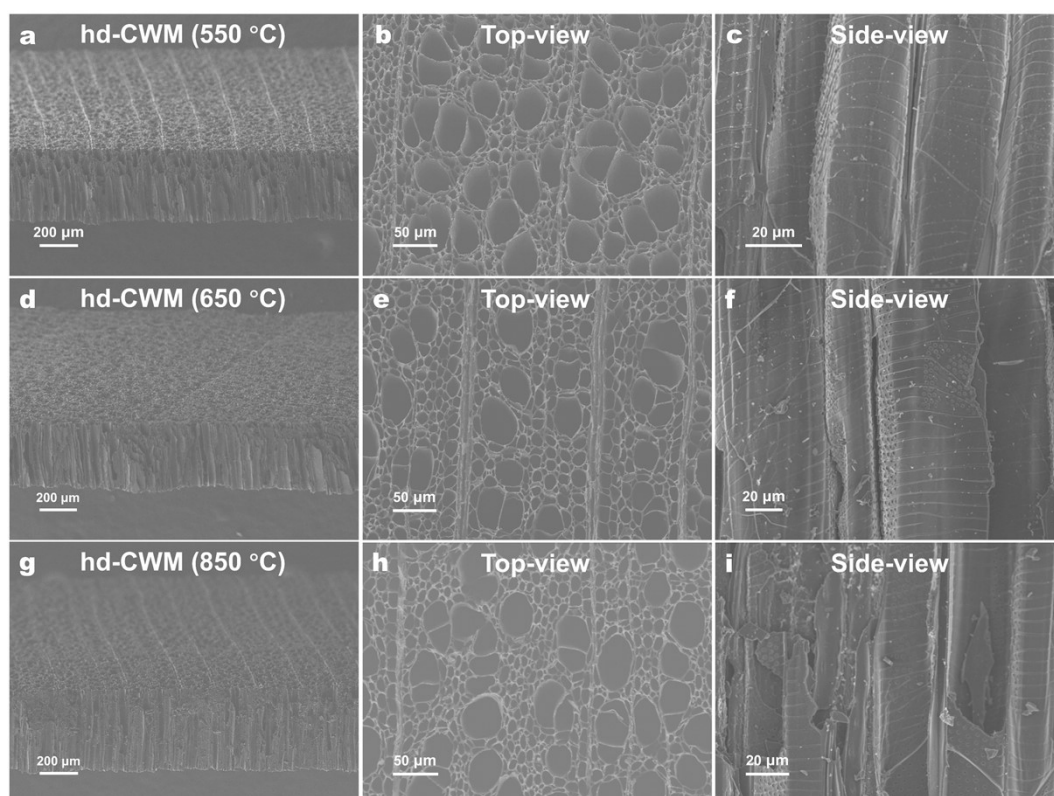


Fig. S6 SEM images of hd-CWM electrodes prepared at different etching temperatures of (a-c) 550 °C, (d-f) 650 °C, and (g-i) 850 °C.

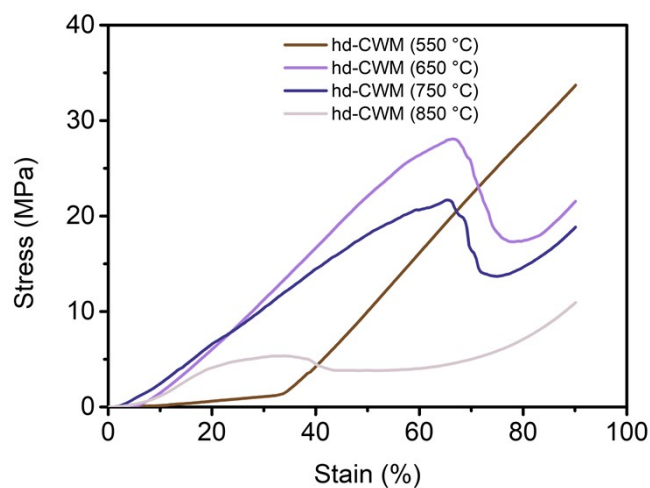


Fig. S7 Stress-strain curves of hd-CWM electrodes prepared at different etching temperatures.

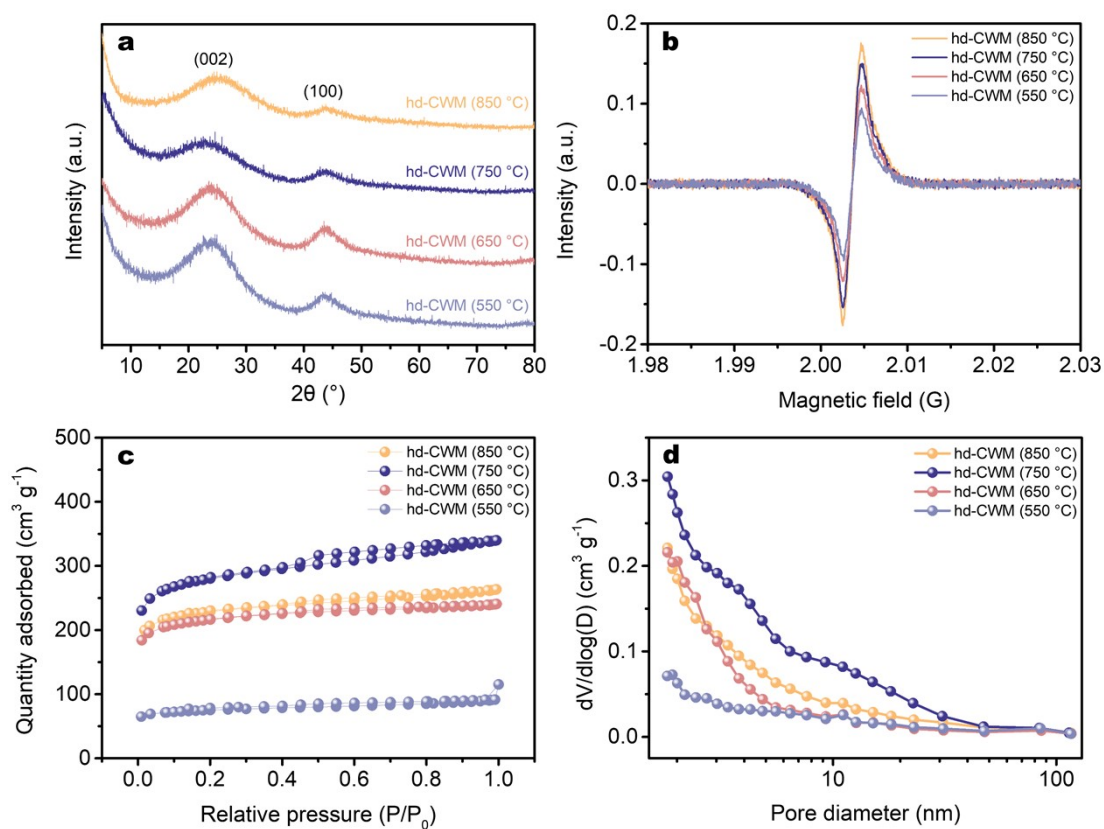


Fig. S8 (a) XRD spectra, (b) EPR spectra, (c) N₂ adsorption-desorption profiles and the corresponding (d) pore size distribution curves of hd-CWM electrodes prepared at different etching temperatures.

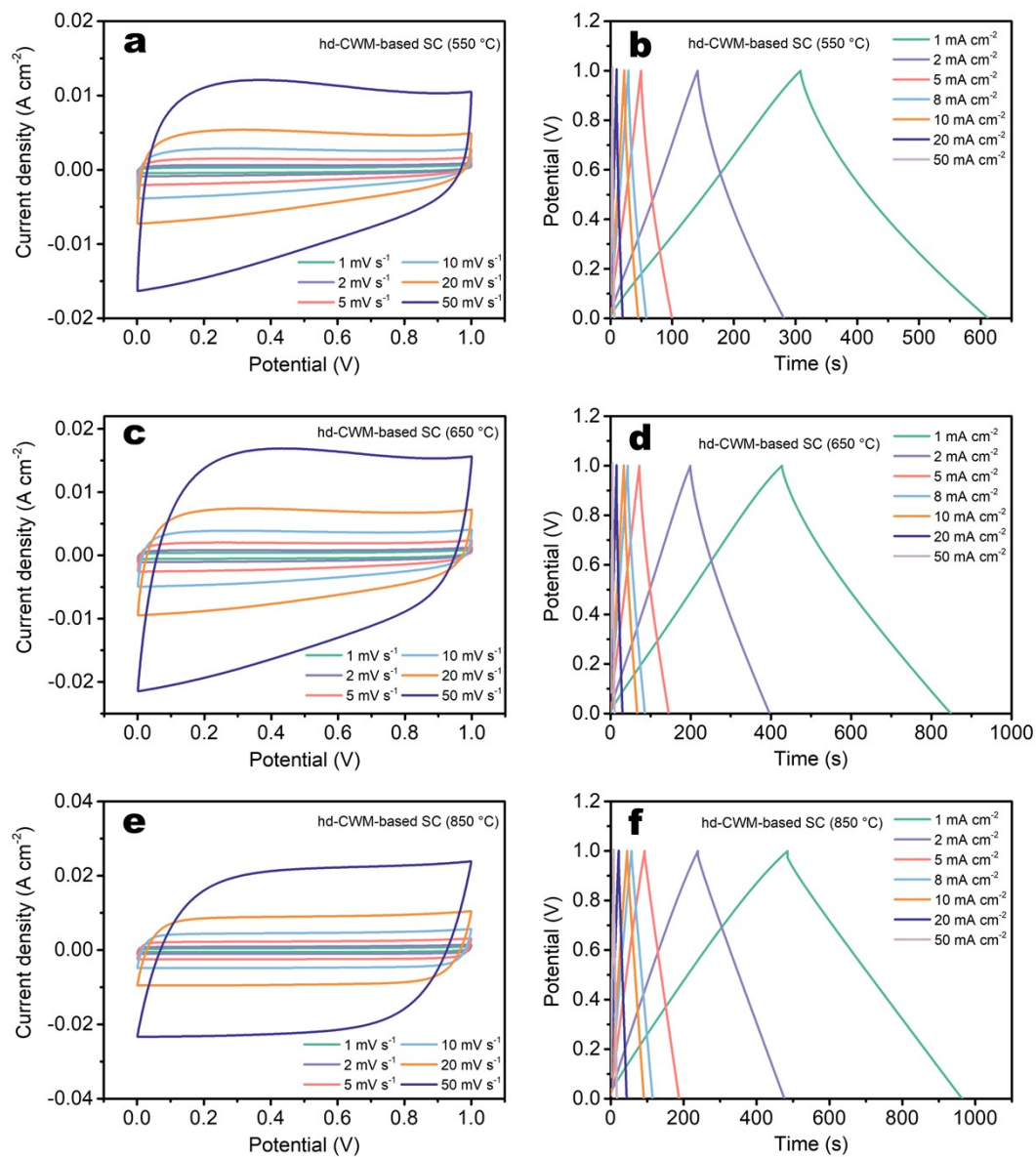


Fig. S9 CV and GCD curves of the SCs assembled with hd-CWM electrodes prepared at different etching temperatures.

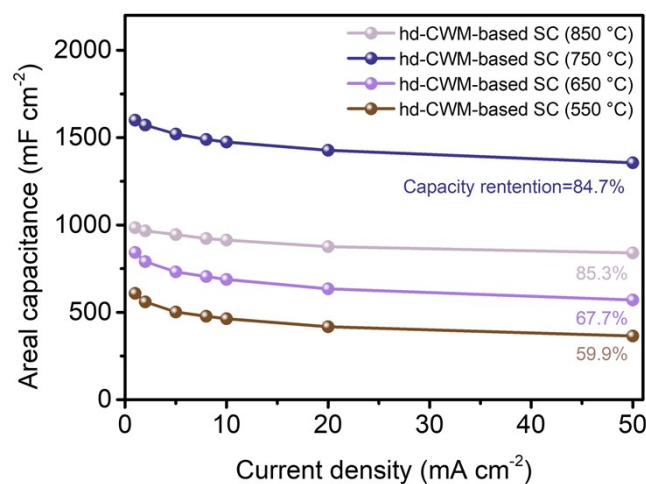


Fig. S10 C_a values of the SCs assembled with hd-CWM electrodes prepared at different etching temperatures.

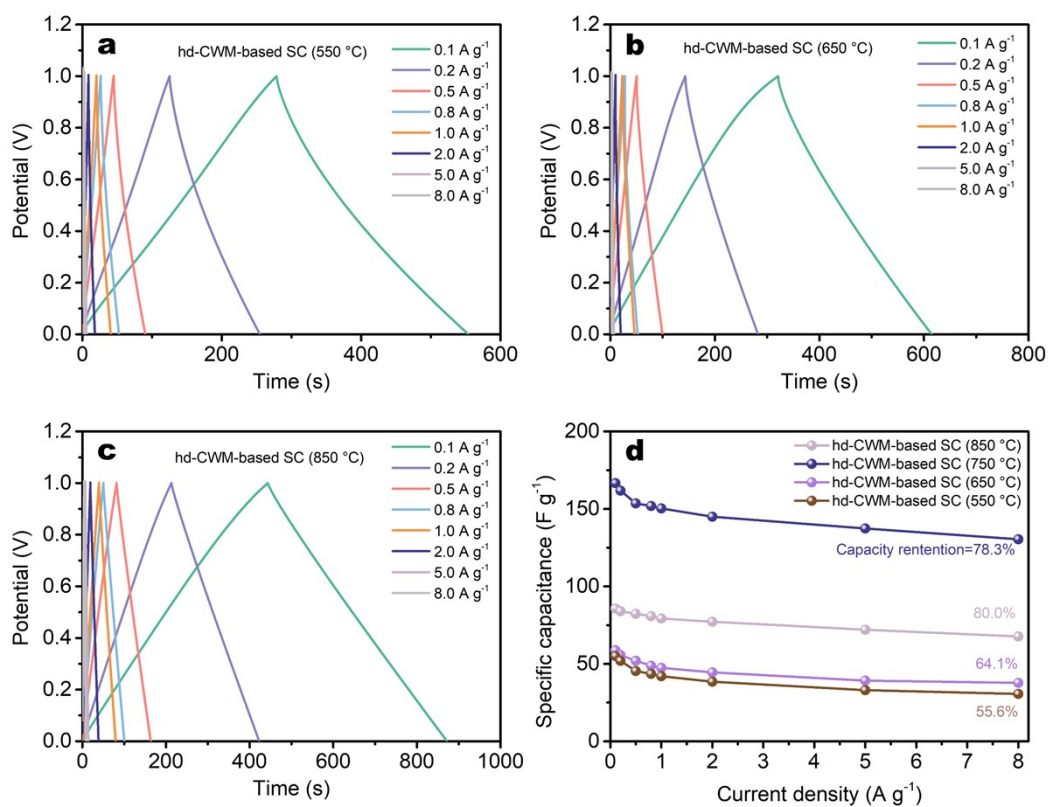


Fig. S11 GCD curves of the SCs assembled with hd-CWM electrodes prepared at different etching temperatures of (a) 550, (b) 650, and (c) 850 °C and the corresponding (d) C_m values at difference current densities.

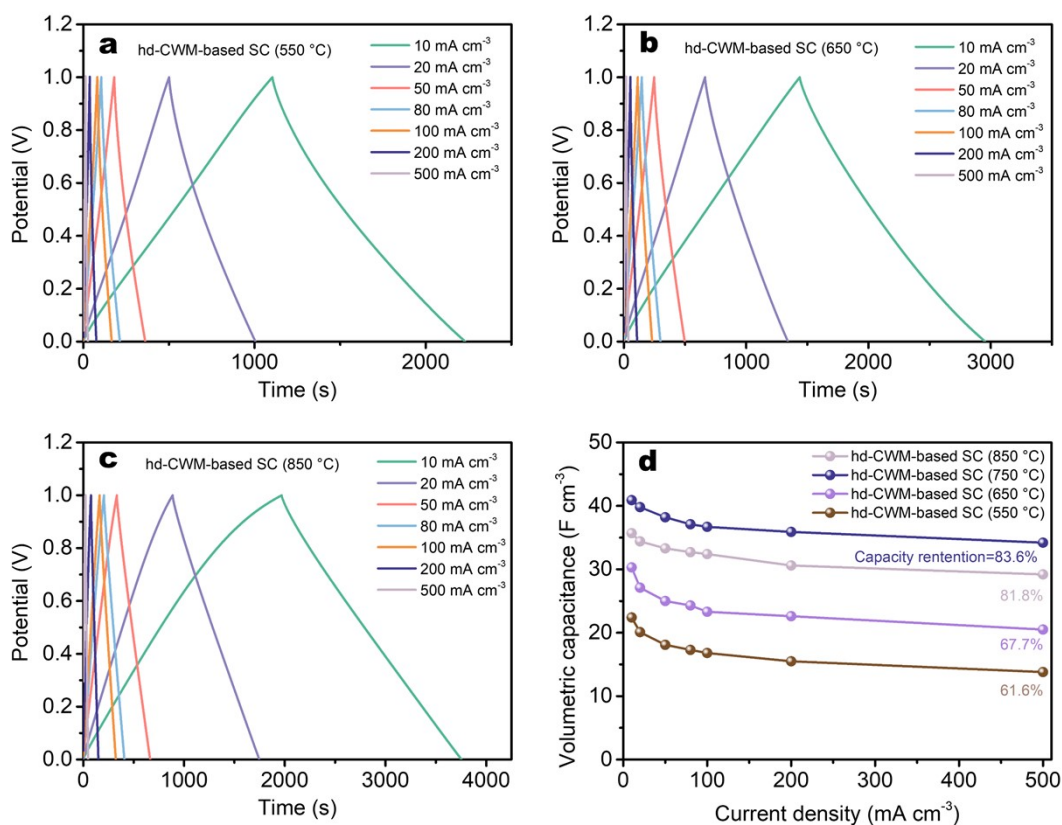


Fig. S12 GCD curves of the SCs assembled with hd-CWM electrodes prepared at different etching temperatures of (a) 550, (b) 650, and (c) 850 °C and the corresponding (d) C_v values at difference current densities.

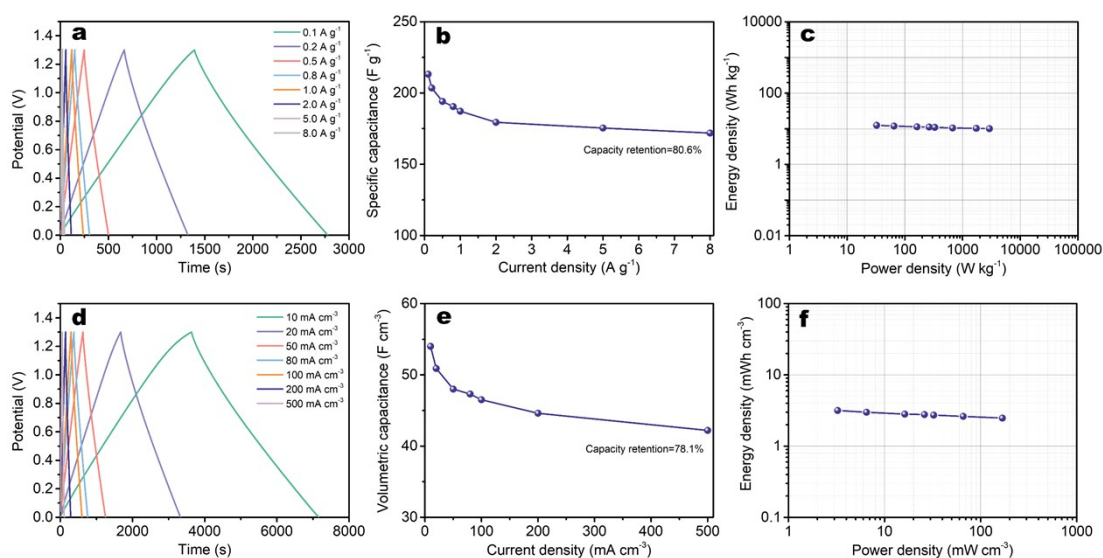


Fig. S13 (a) GCD curves, (b) C_m values of hd-CWM-based SC at different current densities, and (c) the corresponding Ragone plot. (d) GCD curves, (e) C_v values of hd-

CWM-based SC at different current densities, and (f) the corresponding Ragone plot.

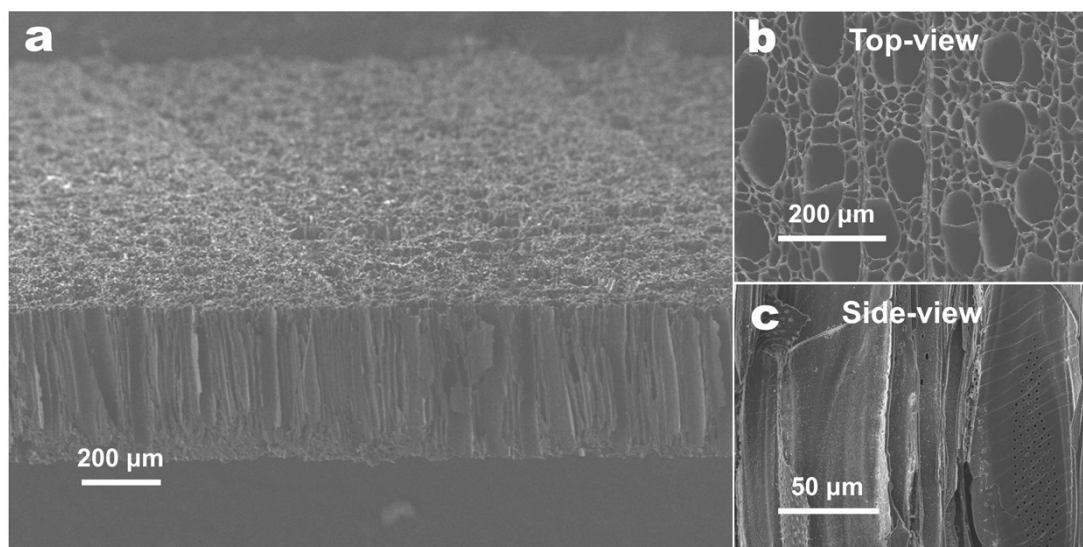


Fig. S14 (a-c) SEM images of hd-CWM electrode after cycling stability test in the potential window of 0-1.3 V at a current density of 10 mA cm^{-2} .

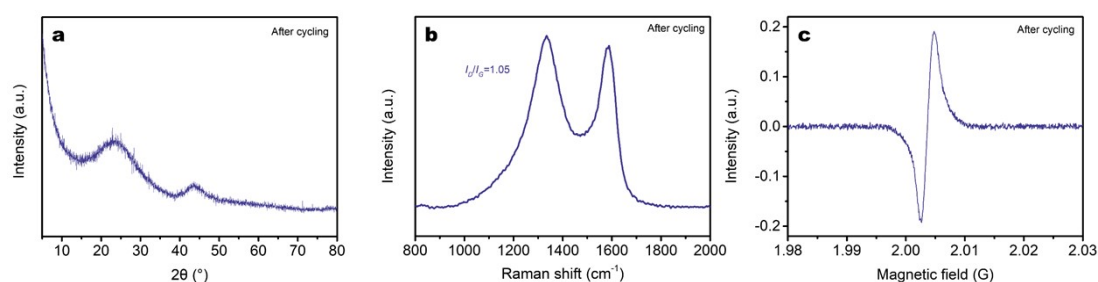


Fig. S15 (a) XRD spectrum, (b) Raman spectrum, and (c) EPR spectrum of hd-CWM electrode after cycling stability test in the potential window of 0-1.3 V at a current density of 10 mA cm^{-2} .

Table S3 Comparison of electrochemical performance of the hd-CWM-based SC
with reported carbon-based SCs.

Electrode	Electrolyte	C_a or C_m	Energy Density	Cycling stability	Ref.
PCN/CW	6.0 M KOH	5547 mF cm ⁻² (5 mA cm ⁻²)	0.26 mWh cm ⁻² (1.19 mW cm ⁻²)	97.4% (10000 cycles)	1
	WTCS	6.0 M KOH	286 F g ⁻¹ (1 A g ⁻¹)	9.9 Wh kg ⁻¹ (250 W kg ⁻¹)	95.0% (5000 cycles)
FA-OC2	6.0 M KOH	5037.5 mF cm ⁻² (2 mA cm ⁻²)	0.65 mWh cm ⁻² (58.0 mW cm ⁻²)	86.3% (20000 cycles)	3
CWM@PANI	1.0 M H ₂ SO ₄	639.5 F g ⁻¹ (0.5 A g ⁻¹)	43.11 Wh kg ⁻¹ (350 W kg ⁻¹)	88.5% (5000 cycles)	4
	C-RS-BL	6.0 M KOH	4100 mF cm ⁻² (1 mA cm ⁻²)	0.82 mWh cm ⁻² (0.6 mW cm ⁻²)	85.7% (10000 cycles)
	HBC-2M	1.0 M Na ₂ SO ₄	2368.0 mF cm ⁻² (1 mA cm ⁻²)	87 μWh cm ⁻² (470 μW cm ⁻²)	87.5% (2000 cycles)
	CC	6.0 M KOH	99 F g ⁻¹ (0.1 A g ⁻¹)	3.44 Wh kg ⁻¹ (25 W kg ⁻¹)	104% (20000 cycles)
	CNTs/NF	6.0 M KOH	319.1 mF cm ⁻² (1 mA cm ⁻²)	n. p	96.4% (10000 cycles)
	CGCM@GNS&CN T	1.5 M Na ₂ SO ₄	441 mF cm ⁻² (1 mA cm ⁻²)	31 μWh cm ⁻² (800 μW cm ⁻²)	102.5 % (2000 cycles)
	BCPC-3	6.0 M KOH	330 F g ⁻¹ (0.5 A g ⁻¹)	6.1 Wh kg ⁻¹ (25 W kg ⁻¹)	90.0% (5000 cycles)
	hd-CWM	6.0 M KOH	1599.8 mF cm ⁻² 2/166.6 F g ⁻¹ (1 mA cm ⁻² /0.1 A g ⁻¹)	55.5 μWh cm ⁻² /5.8 Wh kg ⁻¹ (250 μW cm ⁻² /25 W kg ⁻¹)	116.3% (10000 cycles)

n. p: Not applicable.

Supplementary references

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