

Supplementary Information

Temperature effect over carbonization process of cationic carbon dots: a physicochemical and *in vitro* study

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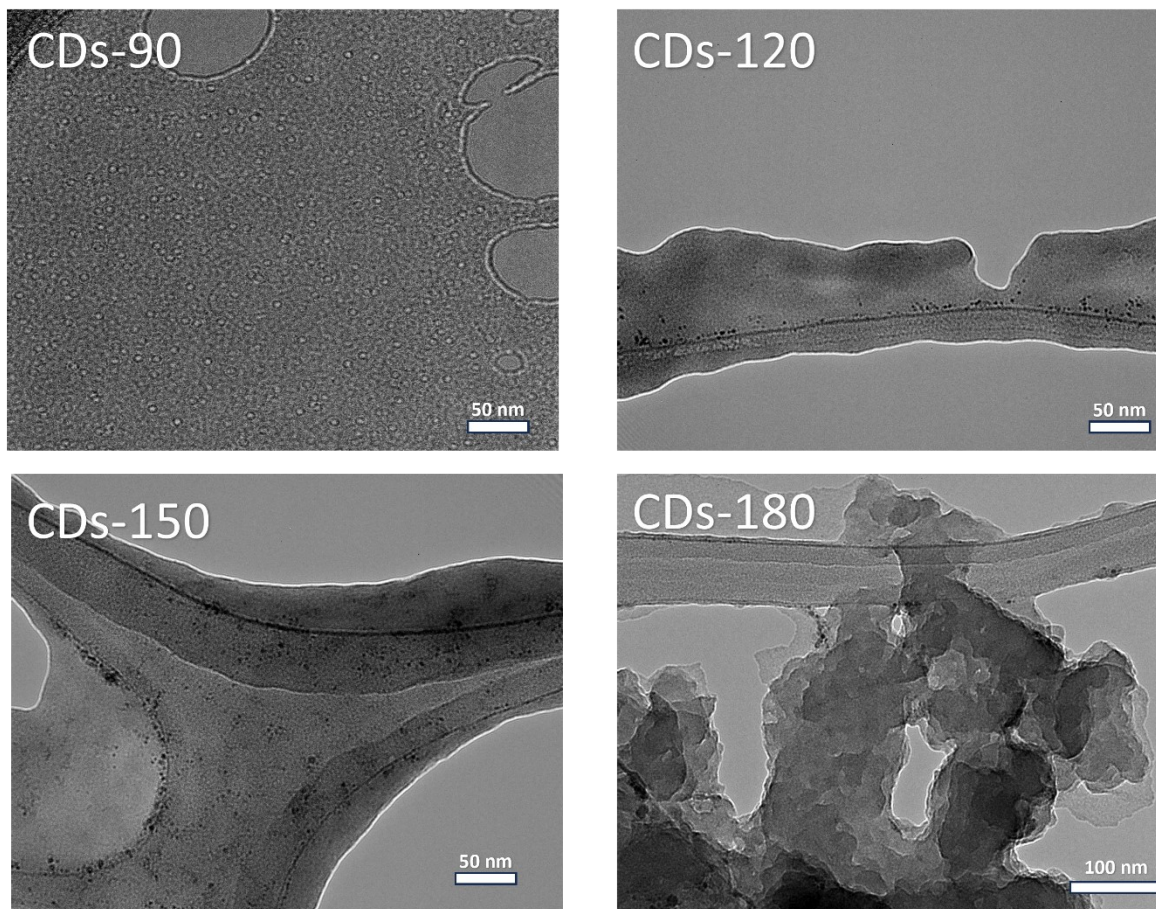


Figure S1. Representative TEM images of CDs' formulations at different synthesis temperature.

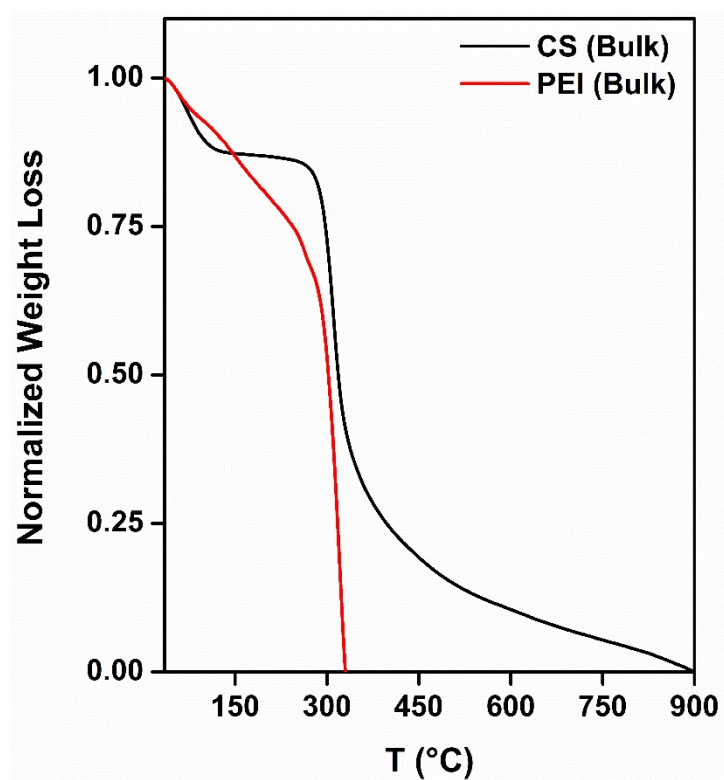


Figure S2. TGA thermograms of starting bulk reagents. Chitosan (CS; black line) and poly(ethylene imine) (PEI; red line).

Table S1. Lifetime measures of Carbon dots samples.

Sample	τ 1 (ns)	τ 2 (ns)	τ 3 (ns)	Average Lifetime (ns)	χ^2
90 °C	3.25	0.515	10.7	6.12	2.1
120 °C	3.2	0.515	10.1	5.95	2.18
150 °C	2.97	0.45	9.81	5.47	1.56
180 °C	3.03	0.493	9.52	5.44	1.18

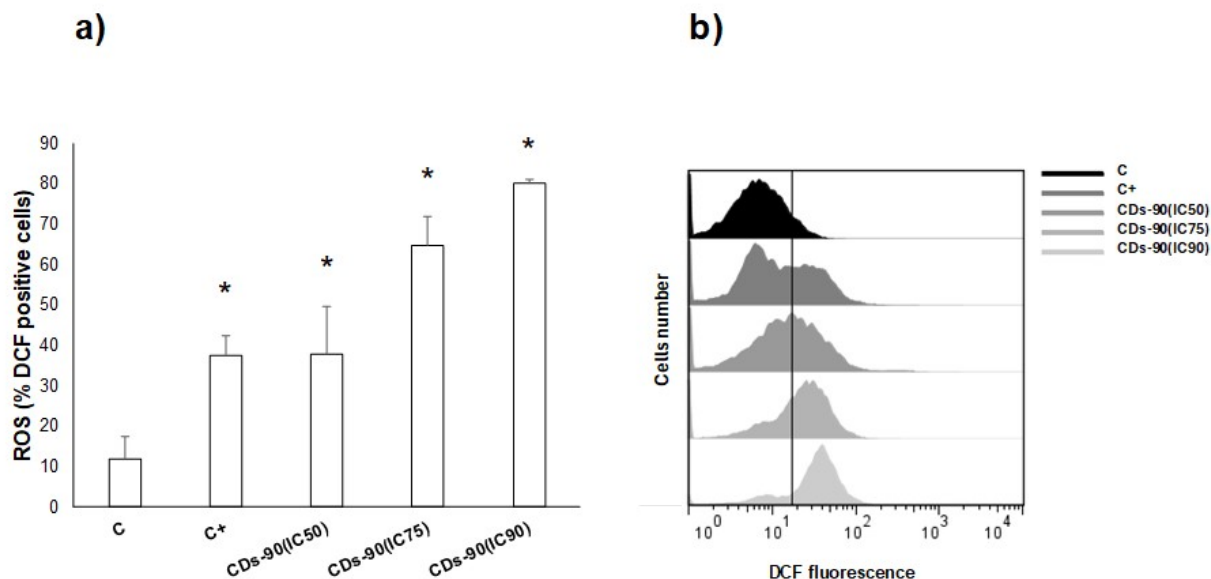


Figure S3. Effect of the CDs-90 on ROS production. Cells were treated with CDs (IC₅₀-IC₇₅-IC₉₀ for 12 h), and 2,2'-azobis (2-methylpropionamide)-dihydrochloride (AAPH) 4 mM as the positive control (C+). Intracellular ROS levels were determined in the breast epithelial cell line, MCF-10, by flow cytometry using dichloro-dihydro-fluorescein diacetate (DCFH₂-DA). a) Histograms quantifying the detailed graph in b). * $p < 0.05$ versus control-treated cells (C). The data represent the means $\pm$ S.D. of at least three experiments with triplicate samples.

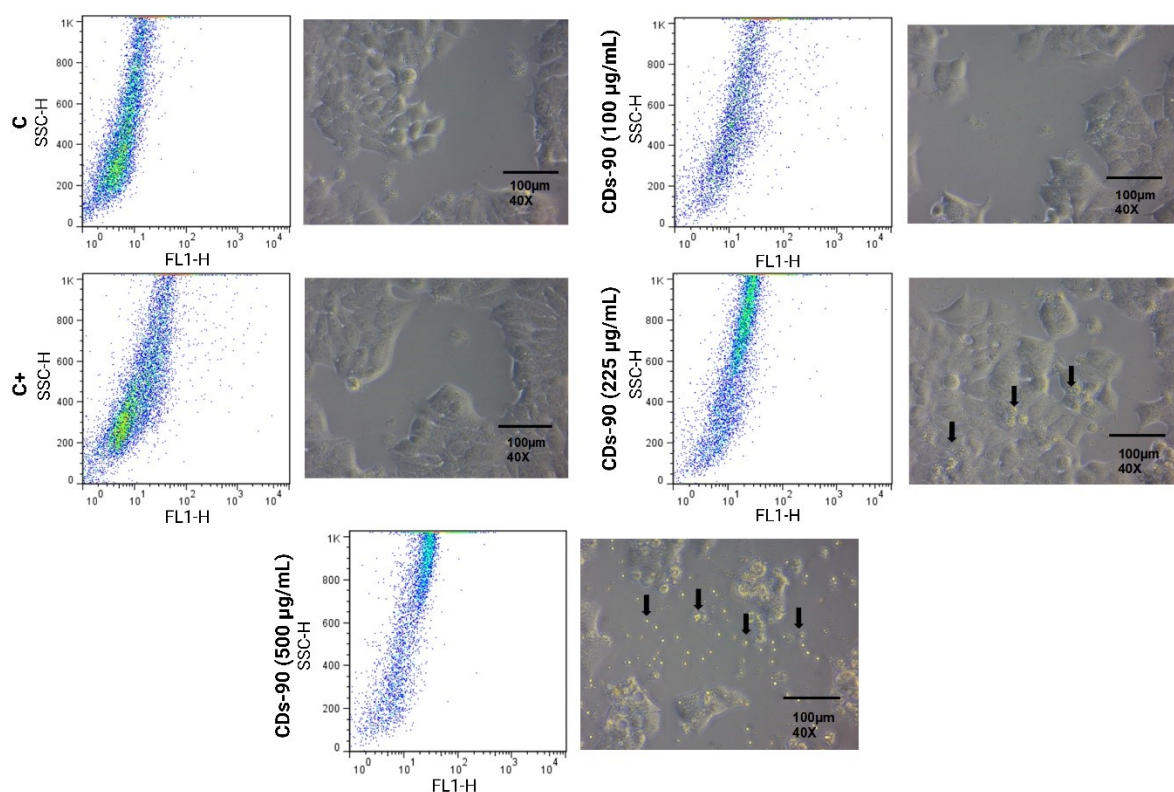


Figure S4. MCF-10 cells have various degradation stages when exposed to CDs-90 at concentrations equal to the IC₅₀, IC₇₅, and IC₉₀. Further, AAPH was used as positive control (C+), and cell without anything as negative control (C). Left, density plot obtained through flow cytometry; and, Right, bright-field microscopy images, scale bars correspond to 100 µm.