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## Appendix VI Rating system with combination indicators for adhesion assessment

Indicators		Score	Scoring system
Scope	&	0-4	0 No adhesion; 1 Thin or narrow, easily separable adhesions; 2 Adhesions limited to a small area; 3 Thick adhesions dispersed over a large area; 4 Thick and wide
Appearance			adhesions, adhesions of the organs to the anterior and/or posterior abdominal wall
Area	&	0-4	Score Area Adhesion grading by resistance to lysis
Strength	&		0 None No significant adhesions
Appearance			1 $\leq$ 25% Thin, narrow, and easily detachable adhesions
			$2 \ge 25\%$ , and $\le 50\%$ Thick adhesions limited to one area
			3 $\geq 50\%$ Thick and broad adhesions
			4 Thick and broad adhesions, involving the anterior or posterior abdominal wall, and the viscera
Strength	&	1-4	1 adhesion include fibrin deposits, fine thread-like adhesion strands, or slight organ adhesions that can be lysed with blunt instruments; 2 also includes adhesion strands
Appearance			that can be lysed with blunt instruments, but partly also ones that are only lysable with sharp instruments, with incipient fragile vascularization; 3 adhesions include
			clearly vascularized, strong adhesion strands which are only lysable with sharp instruments; 4 adhesions are firm, extensive organ adhesions, which are only lysable with
			sharp instruments and for which surgical treatment for organ damage is almost unavoidable.
Strength	&	1-4	1 Filmy adhesion, easy to separate by blunt dissection; 2 Stronger adhesion with blunt dissection possible, but partly sharp dissection necessary and with beginning of
Appearance			vascularization; 3 Strong adhesion with lysis possible only by sharp dissection and clear vascularization; 4 Very strong adhesion with lysis possible only by sharp
			dissection and with organs strongly attached so that their damage is hardly preventable
Strength	&	1-4	1 Filmy adhesion which can be easily separated by blunt dissection; 2 Hard adhesion which can be separated by blunt dissection and partial sharp dissection at the start
Appearance			of vascularization; 3 Strong vascularized adhesion which can be separated by only sharp dissection; 4 Very strong adhesion which can be separated only by sharp
			dissection causing damage on organs.
Appearance	&	1-4	1 Filmy, avascular or no adhesion; 2 Bowel adhesion; 3 One adhesion region of liver or spleen with or without bowel; 4 More than two adhesion regions of liver or spleen
Scope			with or without bowel
Strength	&	1-2	A score of 1 was given to a closure technique that had either no associated adhesions or mild adhesions (viscus could be freed by gentle blunt dissection); A score of 2
Appearance			was given to a closure technique that had moderate adhesions (viscus could be freed by aggressive blunt dissection) or severe adhesions (adhesions requiring sharp
			dissection for release and/or the presence of abscesses)
Strength	&	0-5	0 no adhesions observed; 1 loose adhesion requiring blunt dissection only; 2 firm adhesion requiring sharp dissection without extensive vascularity; 3 firm adhesion

Appearance &	requiring sharp dissection with extensive vascularity; 4 firm adhesion requiring sharp dissection with extensive fibrotic ingrowth and extensive vascularity; 5 grade 4
Scope	with a firm attachment to visceral organs (bowel, liver, spleen).
Strength & 0-12	1 Adhesion scope: only involving the omentum, 1 point; another involving the small intestine, 2 points; another involving the liver, spleen, and other areas, 1
Area & Scope	point, 3 points; another involving the liver, spleen, and other areas, 2 or more points, 4 points. 2 adhesion strength: loose adhesions, easy to separate, no
	bleeding, 1 point; adhesions slightly dense, need to pull after separation, separation surface with bleeding, 2 points; adhesions dense, need more force to pull
	after separation, 3 points; adhesions dense, after more force to pull still can not be separated, 4 points. 3 Adhesive area: less than 25% of the mesh area, 1 point;
	$25\% \sim 50\%$ , 2 points; $50\% \sim 75\%$ , 3 points; $> 75\%$ , 4 points. The total score is 12 points, no adhesion is 0 points.
Area & 0-12	Parameter Score
Appearance	0  1  2  3  4
	Adhesion
	area (%) No adhesions 1-25% de mesh 26-50% de mesh 51-75% de mesh 76-100%mesh
	covered by adhesion covered by adhesion covered by adhesion
	Adhesion
	vascularization No yes
	Adhesion size No < 5 mm 5-10 mm 11-15 mm > 15 mm
Area & 0-12	Score Extent (%) Tenacity Type
Strength &	0, 0 None None
Appearance	1, < 25 Easily lysed Filmy, no vessels
	2, 25-50 Lysed with traction Opaque, no vessels
	3, 50-75 Required sharp dissection Opaque, small vessels
	4, > 75 Opaque, large vessels
Area & 0-12	Adhesion score Adhesion area Adhesion type Tenacity
Appearance &	0 None None None
strength	1 <25% Filmy, transparent, avascular Adhesion falls apart
	2 <50% Opaque, translucent, avascular Adhesion lysed with traction
	3 <75% Opaque, capillaries present Adhesion requiring sharp dissection

	4 <100% Opaque, larger vessels present /
Appearance & 1-12	Score 1 2 3
strength	Width of adhesions in mm $<2$ $2-10$ $>10$
	Thickness in mm $\langle 1  1-3  \rangle 3$
	Subjective strength + ++ +++
	Amount of visible strands $0-2$ $3-4$ $>4$
	A total of 1–4 points is regarded as a mild grade of adhesion, 5–8 points as moderate, and 9–12 points as severe.
Area & 0-11	The total adhesion score (range, 0-11) based on the extent (0 = no adhesions,1 = 1-25 % involvement of the mesh surface,2 = 26-50 % involvement, 3 = 51-75 %
Appearance &	involvement, $4 = 76-100$ % involvement), type ( $0 = \text{no}$ adhesions, $1 = \text{Filmy}$ , transparent, avascular, $2 = \text{Opaque}$ , translucent, avascular, $3 = \text{Opaque}$ , capillaries present,
strength	4 = Opaque, large vessels present), and tenacity of adhesions (0 = no adhesions, 1 = adhesions fall apart easily, 2 = traction required, 3 = sharp dissection required
Area & 0-11	The total adhesion score (range, 0–11) based on the extent (0 = no adhesions,1 = 1–25 % involvement of the mesh surface,2 = 26–50 % involvement, 3 = 51–75 %
Appearance &	involvement, 4 = 76–100 % involvement), type (0 = no adhesions,1 =filmy, 2 = dense, 3 = capillaries present, 4 = larger vessels), and tenacity of adhesions (0 = no
strength	adhesions, $1 =$ adhesions fall apart easily, $2 =$ traction required, $3 =$ sharp dissection required)
Area & 1-10	The Hoffmann scoring scheme covers three different aspects: 1) the area of adhesion formation, graded 0 to 4 (0; no adhesions, 1; cecum to bowl adhesion, 2; cecum to
Appearance &	sidewall adhesion over less than 25% of the abraded surface area, 3; cecum to sidewall adhesion between 25% and 50% of the abraded surface area, 4; cecum to sidewall
strength	adhesion over 50% of the abraded surface area); 2) the strength, graded 0 to 3 (0; no adhesion, 1; gentle traction required to break adhesion, 2; traction required to break
	adhesion); 3) the extent, also graded 0 to 3 (0; no adhesion, 1; filmy adhesion, 2; vascularized adhesion, 3; opaque or cohesive adhesion). These three subscores were
	summed for a total Hoffmann adhesion score.
Area & 0-9	Score Extent Quality Required dissection
Appearance &	0 No adhesions No adhesions No adhesions
strength	1 <25 % involvement of the surface Filmy Adhesions fall apart easily
	2 26–50 % involvement Vascularized/dense Traction required/blunt dissection
	3 >50 % involvement Fibrotic Sharp dissection required
	The Total Adhesion Score (TAS), ranging from 0 to 9 and acquired by adding relative scores from extent (0-3), quality (0 3), and required dissection (0-3) of adhesions
	was calculated for each mesh.

Area 2/3-3/3

Area 0≤1/3

Area 1/3≤2/3

Strength

& 1-64

Adhesion

Area	Type 1, filmy 1 2 4
	Type 2, easily separable 4 8 16
	Type 3, requiring sharp dissection 16 32 64
Strength & No	a) loose, transparent, and easily dissected;
Appearance	b) firm, whitish in color, and more difficult to dissect;
	c) integrated within the prosthesis/visceral peritoneum interface and difficult to dissect away from the biomaterial and intestinal serosa
Strength & No	loose (transparent, poorly vascularized filmy adhesions that were easily dissected);
Appearance	firm (denser adhesions, whitish in color and difficult to dissect);
	integrated (requiring sharp dissection to pull away from the mesh, occasionally producing serosal damage to the organ involved).
Appearance & No	Adhesion characteristics, including the location, shape (band or string), anatomical structures involved, and appearance of the mesh surface was noted.
Scope	