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Supporting Information

Photoinduced Cobaloxime Catalysis Enabled Dehydrogenative C2-Phosphinyayion of Bicyclo[1.1.0]butanes to Access Phosphorylated Cyclobutenes

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1. General Information

General. All reactions dealing with air- or moisture-sensitive compound were performed by standard Schlenk techniques in oven-dried reaction vessels under argon atmosphere or in an argon-filled glove box. Analytical thin-layer chromatography (TLC) was performed on Merck 60 F254 silica gel plates. Flash chromatography was performed as described by Still et al., using 200-300 mesh silica gel. ¹H, ¹³C, ¹⁹F and ³¹P nuclear magnetic resonance (NMR) spectra were recorded on Bruker AVANCE NEO 400 M NMR spectrometers in Zhengzhou University (North Campus). ¹H and ¹³C NMR spectra are reported in parts per million (ppm) downfield from an internal standard, tetramethylsilane (0 ppm), CDCl₃ (77.0 ppm), and DMSO-*d*₆ (39.5 ppm), respectively. High-resolution mass spectra (HRMS) were obtained with an Agilent 6210 ESI/TOF mass spectrometer. Melting points were determined using a capillary melting point apparatus.

Materials. Unless otherwise noted, commercial reagents were purchased from Energy Chemical, Bidepharm, *J*&K Scientific or other commercial suppliers and were used as received. DCE, DCM and MeCN were distilled over CaH₂ and stored under Ar. THF and toluene were distilled over Na/benzophenone, and stored under Ar. Anhydrous DMF and DMSO were purchased from *J*&K Scientific. Cobaloxime complexs were prepared according to the literature procedures¹, and purified by recrystallization.

Photoreactor. The photoreactors used in this research were bought from GeAo Chem (Figure S1: blue LEDs). Two parallel LED lamps (total 40 W, $\lambda_{max} = 450$ nm) are placed perpendicular to the sidewall of the reaction vessels, so that the reaction vessels can be equally exposed to LEDs (about 5 W was distributed to each hole). 10 mL Schlenk tube bought from SYNTHWARE GLASS, was used as photoreaction vessel, which was positioned 2-3 cm from the blue LED lamp. During the reaction, a pinch fan at one end of the equipment keeps working, counteracting the heat generated by the LED lamp and stabilizing the reaction temperature.



Figure S1. Photoreaction set-up and reaction vessel.

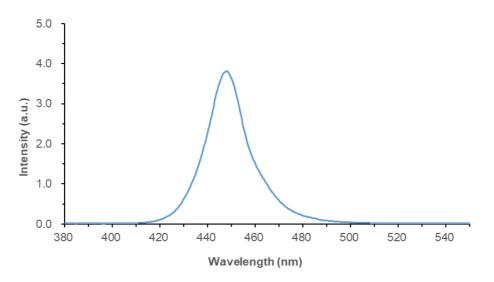


Figure S2. Light spectrum of the photon source: 40 W blue LEDs ($\lambda_{max} = 450 \text{ nm}$).

2. Preparation of Starting Materials

All bicyclo[1.1.0]butanes were synthesized according to the literature procedures,²⁻⁷ and purified by flash chromatography. Spectral data of the bicyclo[1.1.0]butanes **1a-1r**,² **1s**,⁷ showed good agreement with the literature data. Except for some commercially available compounds, phosphine oxides were synthesized according to the literature procedures,⁸⁻¹⁰ and purified by flash chromatography. Spectral data of the phosphine oxides **2d**,⁸ **2e**,⁹ **2i-2j**,¹⁰ showed good agreement with the literature data.

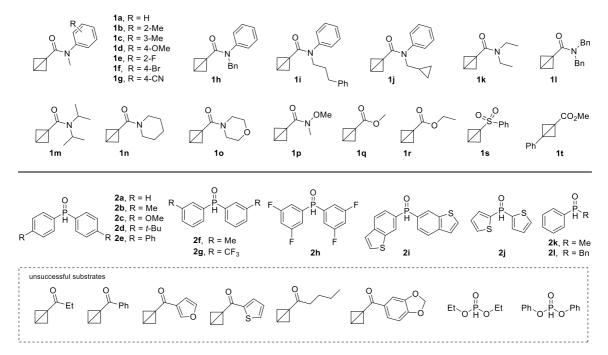


Figure S3. Bicyclo[1.1.0]butanes and secondary phosphine oxides in this study.

3. Optimization of Reaction Conditions

 Table S1. Cobaloxime catalyst effect

0 N Ph 1a (0.4 mmol)	+ H−P−Ph h 2a (0.2 mmol) + (10 mol%) DMAP (1.0 eq.) DCE, blue LEDs, 24 h	Ph Ph 3aa
Entry	[Co]	Yield
1	[Co(dmgH)(dmgH ₂)Cl ₂]	82%
2	[Co(dmgH) ₂ (4-CO ₂ Mepy)Cl]	83%
3	[Co(dmgH) ₂ (4-CNpy)Cl]	83%
4	[Co(dmgH) ₂ pyCl]	79%
5	[Co(dmgH) ₂ py ₂]PF ₆	75%
6	[Co(dmgH) ₂ (4-(DMAPpy)Cl]	67%
7	[Co(chgH)(chgH)Cl ₂]	56%
8	[Co(chgH) ₂ (4-CO ₂ MePy)Cl]	57%
9	[Co(chgH) ₂ PyCl]	63%
10	$Co(dmgBF_2)_2(H_2O)_2$	25%

Reaction condition: **1a** (0.4 mmol), **2a** (0.2 mmol), [Co] 10 mol% and DMAP (0.2 mmol) in DCE (4 mL) was irradiated with 40 W blue LEDs for 24 h under argon atmosphere at rt. Isolated yield.

$ \begin{array}{c} 0 \\ N \\ Ph \\ + \\ H-P-Ph \\ Ph \\ 1a (0.4 mmol) \\ 2a (0.2 mmol) \end{array} $	[Co(dmgH) ₂ (4-CO ₂ Mepy)Cl] (10 mol%) Base (1.0 eq.) → DCE, blue LEDs, 24 h	Ph Ph Ph Ph
· · · · ·		3aa
Entry	Base	Yield
1	DMAP ^a	77%
2	LiOH	5%
3	K ₂ CO ₃	40%
4	NaHCO ₃	64%
5	Cs ₂ CO ₃	18%
6	DABCO	43%
7	K ₂ HPO ₄	27%
8	pyridine	89%
9	TMEDA	35%
10	DIPEA	49%
11	CsF	trace
12	KO ^t Bu	30%
13	Et ₃ N	23%
14	(ⁱ Pr) ₂ NH	trace
15	DBU	29%
16	2,6-Lutidine	25%
17	2,6-di-tert-butylpyridine	67%
18	4-Cyanopyridine	trace
19	4-Aminopyridine	50%
20 2-Ch	loro-6-(trifluoromethyl)pyridine	48%

Reaction condition: **1a** (0.4 mmol), **2a** (0.2 mmol), $[Co(dmgH)_2(4-CO_2Mepy)CI]$ (10 mol%) and base (0.2 mmol) in DCE (4 mL) was irradiated with 40 W blue LEDs for 24 h under argon atmosphere at rt. Isolated yield. ^{*a*} DMAP (0.1 mmol) was used.

 Table S3. Solvent effect

N, Ph +	O H-P-Ph Ph N H-P-Ph Ph N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N	O Ph Ph Ph Ph
1a (0.4 mmol)	2a (0.2 mmol)	3aa
Entry	Solvent	Yield
1	DCE	89%
2	DCM	76%
3	PhCl	66%
4	1,2-Dichlorobenzene	57%
5	CHCI ₃	58%
6	EtOAc	18%
7	THF	12%
8	EtOH	13%
9	Et ₂ O	14%
10	DMF	trace
11	DMSO	10%
12	MeCN	47%
13	Toluene	54%

Reaction condition: **1a** (0.4 mmol), **2a** (0.2 mmol), $Co(dmgH)_2(4-CO_2Me)Cl$ (10 mol%) and pyridine (0.2 mmol) in solvent (4 mL) was irradiated with 40 W blue LEDs for 24 h under argon atmosphere at rt. Isolated yield.

Table S4. The effect of amount of cobaloxime

N ^{Ph} O H H-P-Ph Ph	[Co(dmgH) ₂ (4-CO ₂ Mepy)Cl] (x mol%) pyridine (1.0 eq.) DCE, blue LEDs, 24 h	Ph P
1a (0.4 mmol) 2a (0.2 mmol)	Ph´ Ph 3aa
Entry	x mol%	Yield
1	2 mol%	24%
2	4 mol%	50%
3	6 mol%	55%
4	8 mol%	64%
5	10 mol%	89%
6	12 mol%	83%
7	15 mol%	80%

Reaction condition: **1a** (0.4 mmol), **2a** (0.2 mmol), $Co(dmgH)_2(4-CO_2Me)pyCl (x mol%)$ and pyridine (0.2 mmol) in DCE (4 mL) was irradiated with 40 W blue LEDs for 24 h under argon atmosphere at rt. Isolated yield.

Table S5. The effect of amount of base

[Co(dmgH) ₂ (4-CO ₂ Mepy)Cl] (10 pyridine (x eq.)	mol%)
DCE, blue LEDs, 24 h	Ph Ph
1)	3aa
x eq.	Yield
0.25 eq.	74%
0.5 eq.	76%
0.75 eq.	78%
1.0 eq.	89%
	pyridine (x eq.) DCE, blue LEDs, 24 h I) x eq. 0.25 eq. 0.5 eq. 0.75 eq.

Reaction condition: **1a** (0.4 mmol), **2a** (0.2 mmol), $Co(dmgH)_2(4-CO_2Mepy)CI$ (10 mol%) and pyridine (x mmol) in DCE (4 mL) was irradiated with 40 W blue LEDs for 24 h under argon atmosphere at rt. Isolated yield.

Table S6. The effect of molar ratio of 1a and 2a

O N Ph	O + H-P-Ph Ph	[Co(dmgH) ₂ (4-CO ₂ Mepy)Cl] (10 mol%) pyridine (1.0 eq.) DCE, blue LEDs, 24 h	- C
1a (x mmol)	2a (y mmol)		Ph´ Ph 3aa
Entry		1a : 2a	Yield
1		0.20 mmol : 0.20 mmol	70%
2		0.26 mmol : 0.20 mmol	76%
3		0.30 mmol : 0.20 mmol	76%
4		0.34 mmol : 0.20 mmol	77%
5		0.38 mmol : 0.20 mmol	83%

Reaction condition: **1a** (x mmol), **2a** (y mmol), $Co(dmgH)_2(4-CO_2Me)pyCl$ (10 mol%) and pyridine (0.2 mmol) in DCE (4 mL) was irradiated with 40 W blue LEDs for 24 h under argon atmosphere at rt. Isolated yield.

Table S7. The effect of reaction concentration

N Ph O N + H-P-F Ph	Co(dmgH) ₂ (4-CO ₂ Mepy)Cl] (10 mol% pyridine (1.0 eq.) DCE (x mL), blue LEDs, 24 h	$ \xrightarrow{O} Ph $
1a (0.4 mmol) 2a (0.2 mi	mol)	3aa
Entry	x mL	Yield
1	1.0	74%
2	2.0	86%
3	3.0	86%
4	4.0	89%

Reaction condition: **1a** (0.4 mmol), **2a** (0.2 mmol), $Co(dmgH)_2(4-CO_2Me)pyCl$ (10 mol%) and pyridine (0.2 mmol) in DCE (x mL) was irradiated with 40 W blue LEDs for 24 h under argon atmosphere at rt. Isolated yield.

Table S8. The effect of reaction time

O ∭Ph	0 + H-P-Ph	[Co(dmgH) ₂ (4-CO ₂ Mepy)Cl] (10 mol%) pyridine (1.0 eq.)	O N Ph
	Ph	DCE, blue LEDs, T h	Ph Ph
1a (0.4 mmol)	2a (0.2 mmo	I)	3aa
Entry		Th	Yield
1		6.0	50%
0			
2		12.0	65%

Reaction condition: **1a** (0.4 mmol), **2a** (0.2 mmol), $Co(dmgH)_2(4-CO_2Me)pyCl$ (10 mol%) and pyridine (0.2 mmol) in DCE (4 mL) was irradiated with 40 W blue LEDs for T h under argon atmosphere at rt. Isolated yield.

Table S9. Control experiments

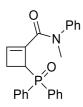
O N Ph	+ $H \stackrel{O}{\xrightarrow{H}}_{Ph}$ P D D D D D D D D C D D C D D C D D C D	
1a (0.4 mmol)	2a (0.2 mmol)	Ph´Ph 3aa
Entry	Variation to Standard Conditions	Yield
1	no visible light	0%
1 2	no visible light no pyridine	0% 43%
	Ű	

Reaction condition: **1a** (0.4 mmol), **2a** (0.2 mmol), $Co(dmgH)_2(4-CO_2Me)pyCl$ (10 mol%) and pyridine (0.2 mmol) in DCE (4 mL) was irradiated with 40 W blue LEDs for 24 h under argon atmosphere at rt. Isolated yield.

4. Experimental Procedures and Product Characterization



General procedure: Under an argon atmosphere, an oven-dried 10 mL Schlenk tube equipped with a magnetic stir bar was charged with $Co(dmgH)_2(4-CO_2Mepy)Cl$ (9.2 mg, 0.02 mmol, 10 mol%) and bicyclo[1.1.0]butane 1 (0.40 mmol, 2.0 eq.). Then, the Schlenk tube was introduced in a glovebox, where it was charged with phosphine oxide compound 2 (0.20 mmol, 1.0 eq.). The tube was taken out of the glovebox and connected to a vacuum line through evacuating and back-filling with Ar for 3 times. After DCE (4 mL) and pyridine (0.20 mmol, 1.0 eq.) were added under Ar flow, the resulting mixture was degassed via 'freeze-pump-thaw' procedure (3 times) under Ar atmosphere and was stirred under blue LED (40 W) at room temperature for 24 h (monitored by TLC analysis). The reaction mixture was concentrated under reduced pressure and the crude residue was purified by column chromatography on silica gel (eluent: petroleum ether: ethyl acetate: ethanol= 30:1:1-10:1:1) to give the desired products **3**.

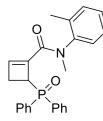


4-(Diphenylphosphoryl)-N-methyl-N-phenylcyclobut-1-ene-1-carboxamid (3aa):

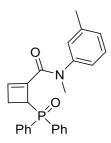
Prepared according to the general procedure from **1a** (0.40 mmol) and **2a** (0.20 mmol), and purified by column chromatography on silica gel with petroleum ether/ethyl acetate/ethanol (10/1/1) to provide the title compound **3aa** (69.3 mg, 89% yield) as a white solid; R_f 0.2 (petroleum ether/ethyl acetate/ethanol = 10/2/1); m.p. 170.2–172.4 °C; ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.91–7.79 (m, 4H), 7.57–7.44 (m, 6H), 7.34–7.28 (m, 3H), 7.01–6.90 (m, 2H), 5.21 (s, 1H), 3.82 (s, 1H), 3.16 (s, 3H), 2.56–2.36 (m, 2H); ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 161.9, 143.1, 142.8 (d, *J*_{C-P} = 12.5 Hz), 138.7 (d, *J*_{C-P} = 8.2 Hz), 133.1 (d, *J*_{C-P} = 97.5 Hz), 132.0 (d, *J*_{C-P} = 98.9 Hz), 131.7 (d, *J*_{C-P} = 3.2 Hz), 131.6 (d, *J*_{C-P} = 3.2 Hz), 131.5 (d, *J*_{C-P} = 9.4 Hz), 130.9 (d, *J*_{C-P} = 72.6 Hz), 37.5, 28.1 (d, *J*_{C-P} = 5.5 Hz); ³¹P NMR (162 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 29.6; HRMS (ESI) Calcd for C₂₄H₂₂NO₂PNa [M + Na]⁺ 410.1280, found 410.1288.

Procedure for 2 mmol-scale reaction: Under an argon atmosphere, an oven-dried 100 mL Schlenk tube equipped with a magnetic stir bar was charged with Co(dmgH)₂(4-CO₂Mepy)Cl

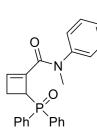
(92.0 mg, 0.2 mmol, 10 mol%) and bicyclo[1.1.0]butane **1a** (748.0 mg, 4.0 mmol, 2.0 eq.). Then, the Schlenk tube was introduced in a glovebox, where it was charged with diphenylphosphine oxide **2a** (404.0 mg, 2.0 mmol, 1.0 eq.). The tube was taken out of the glovebox and connected to a vacuum line through evacuating and back-filled with Ar for 3 times. After dry DCE (40 mL) and pyridine (162.0 μ L, 2.0 mmol, 1.0 eq.) were added under Ar flow, the resulting mixture was degassed via 'freeze-pump-thaw' procedure (3 times) under Ar atmosphere and was stirred under blue LED (40 W) at rt for 72 h (monitored by TLC analysis). The mixture was concentrated under reduced pressure and purified by flash column chromatography to give the product **3aa** (690.4 mg, 89% yield).



4-(Diphenylphosphoryl)-N-methyl-N-(o-tolyl)cyclobut-1-ene-1-carboxamide (3ba): Prepared according to the general procedure from 1b (0.40 mmol) and 2a (0.20 mmol), and purified by column chromatography on silica gel with petroleum ether/ethyl acetate/ethanol (10/1/1) to provide the title compound **3ba** (63.8 mg, 80% yield) as a white solid; R_f 0.3 (petroleum ether/ethyl acetate/ethanol = 10/2/1); m.p. 141.1–143.0 °C; please note that the omethyl phenyl leads to the existence of atropisomers of the amide bond in **3ba**, so the HNMR data is the result of diastereoisomers mixture (isomer ratio = 1.2:1), ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.94–7.78 (m, 8H), 7.54–7.41 (m, 12H), 7.26–7.12 (m, 6H), 6.99 (d, J = 7.6 Hz, 1H), 6.81 (d, J = 7.7 Hz, 1H), 4.82 (s, 1H), 4.66 (s, 1H), 4.11 (s, 1H), 3.98 (s, 1H), 3.10 (s, 3H), 3.08 (s, 3H), 2.58–2.42 (m, 2H), 2.41–2.35 (m, 2H), 2.18 (s, 3H), 2.15 (s, 3H); ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 161.22, 161.2, 142.8 (d, $J_{C-P} = 12.7 \text{ Hz}$), 142.6 (d, $J_{C-P} = 12.7 \text{ Hz}$), 141.82, 141.80, 138.7 (d, $J_{C-P} = 8.4 \text{ Hz}$, 138.62 (d, $J_{C-P} = 8.7 \text{ Hz}$), 136.6, 135.5, 133.7 (d, $J_{C-P} = 97.4 \text{ Hz}$), 133.5 (d, J_{C-P} = 97.4 \text{ Hz}), 133.5 (d, J_{C-P} = 97.4 \text{ = 98.0 Hz), 132.4 (d, J_{C-P} = 99.1 Hz), 132.2 (d, J_{C-P} = 99.3 Hz), 131.6 (d, J_{C-P} = 5.8 Hz), 131.55 $(d, J_{C-P} = 9.3 \text{ Hz}), 131.50 (d, J_{C-P} = 7.3 \text{ Hz}), 131.49 (d, J_{C-P} = 9.7 \text{ Hz}), 131.40 (d, J_{C-P} = 5.4 \text{ Hz}),$ 131.39 (d, $J_{C-P} = 5.1$ Hz), 130.91 (d, $J_{C-P} = 9.0$ Hz), 130.90, 130.7 (d, $J_{C-P} = 9.0$ Hz), 128.8, 128.51 (d, $J_{C-P} = 2.2 \text{ Hz}$), 128.50 (d, $J_{C-P} = 13.5 \text{ Hz}$), 128.46 (d, $J_{C-P} = 12.3 \text{ Hz}$), 128.40 (d, $_{\rm P}$ = 1.7 Hz), 128.34 (d, $J_{\rm C-P}$ = 11.5 Hz), 128.33 (d, $J_{\rm C-P}$ = 10.8 Hz), 128.3 (d, $J_{\rm C-P}$ = 2.1 Hz), 128.0 (d, $J_{C-P} = 1.8$ Hz), 127.9, 127.4, 41.5 (d, $J_{C-P} = 72.9$ Hz), 41.3 (d, $J_{C-P} = 72.8$ Hz), 36.44, 36.40, 27.8 (d, $J_{C-P} = 5.4 \text{ Hz}$), 27.6 (d, $J_{C-P} = 5.6 \text{ Hz}$), 17.3, 17.2; ³¹P NMR (162 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 30.0, 28.9; HRMS (ESI) Calcd for C₂₅H₂₄NO₂PNa [M + Na]⁺ 424.1437, found 424.1447.

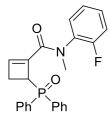


4-(Diphenylphosphoryl)-*N***-methyl-***N***-(***m***-tolyl)cyclobut-1-ene-1-carboxamide** (3ca): Prepared according to the general procedure from 1c (0.40 mmol) and 2a (0.20 mmol), and purified by column chromatography on silica gel with petroleum ether/ethyl acetate/ethanol (10/1/1) to provide the title compound 3ca (75.5 mg, 94% yield) as a white solid; R_f 0.2 (petroleum ether/ethyl acetate/ethanol = 10/2/1); m.p. 127.3–129.3 °C; ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.86 (q, *J* = 10.4, 5.3 Hz, 4H), 7.62–7.43 (m, 6H), 7.17 (dd, *J* = 7.7, 3.6 Hz, 1H), 7.08 (t, *J* = 5.5 Hz, 1H), 6.74 (d, *J* = 7.6 Hz, 1H), 6.65 (s, 1H), 5.24 (s, 1H), 3.76 (s, 1H), 3.12 (s, 3H), 2.58–2.38 (m, 2H), 2.30 (s, 3H); ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 161.9, 142.9, 142.8 (d, *J*_{C-P} = 12.4 Hz), 139.3, 138.9 (d, *J*_{C-P} = 8.3 Hz), 133.2 (d, *J*_{C-P} = 97.8 Hz), 131.7 (d, *J*_{C-P} = 98.2 Hz), 131.6 (d, *J*_{C-P} = 3.2 Hz), 131.56 (d, *J*_{C-P} = 9.2 Hz), 131.55 (d, *J*_{C-P} = 3.2 Hz), 130.9 (d, *J*_{C-P} = 9.3 Hz), 129.0, 128.5, 128.4 (d, *J*_{C-P} = 5.4 Hz), 21.2; ³¹P NMR (162 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 29.4; HRMS (ESI) Calcd for C₂₅H₂₅NO₂P [M + H]⁺ 402.1617, found 402.1628.

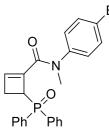


OMe

4-(Diphenylphosphoryl)-*N*-(**4-methoxyphenyl)**-*N*-**methylcyclobut-1-ene-1-carboxamide** (**3da**): Prepared according to the general procedure from **1d** (0.40 mmol) and **2a** (0.20 mmol), and purified by column chromatography on silica gel with petroleum ether/ethyl acetate/ethanol (10/1/1) to provide the title compound **3da** (72.3 mg, 87% yield) as a white solid; R_{*f*} 0.2 (petroleum ether/ethyl acetate/ethanol = 10/2/1); m.p. 171.0–172.1 °C; ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.86 (q, *J* = 9.7 Hz, 4H), 7.62–7.38 (m, 6H), 6.96–6.73 (m, 4H), 5.19 (s, 1H), 3.85 (s, 1H), 3.79 (s, 3H), 3.11 (s, 3H), 2.61–2.35 (m, 2H); ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 162.0, 158.9, 142.6 (d, *J*_{C-P} = 12.6 Hz), 138.9 (d, *J*_{C-P} = 8.0 Hz), 135.9, 133.2 (d, *J*_{C-P} = 97.4 Hz), 131.9 (d, *J*_{C-P} = 99.3 Hz), 131.53 (d, *J*_{C-P} = 2.2 Hz), 131.50 (d, *J*_{C-P} = 2.5 Hz), 131.4 (d, *J*_{C-P} = 9.4 Hz), 130.9 (d, *J*_{C-P} = 72.9 Hz), 128.5, 128.4 (d, *J*_{C-P} = 11.6 Hz), 128.1 (d, *J*_{C-P} = 11.9 Hz), 114.4, 55.4, 41.9 (d, *J*_{C-P} = 72.9 Hz), 37.6, 28.1 (d, *J*_{C-P} = 5.5 Hz); ³¹P NMR (162 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 29.3; HRMS (ESI) Calcd for C₂₅H₂₄NO₃PNa [M+Na]⁺ 440.1386, found 440.1396.



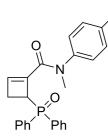
4-(Diphenylphosphoryl)-*N***-(2-fluorophenyl)***-N***-methylcyclobut-1-ene-1-carboxamide** (**3ea):** Prepared according to the general procedure from **1e** (0.40 mmol) and **2a** (0.20 mmol), and purified by column chromatography on silica gel with petroleum ether/ethyl acetate/ethanol (10/1/1) to provide the title compound **3ea** (66.5 mg, 82% yield) as a white solid; R_f 0.2 (petroleum ether/ethyl acetate/ethanol = 10/2/1); m.p. 136.9–138.7 °C; ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.95–7.80 (m, 4H), 7.55–7.41 (m, 6H), 7.35–7.28 (m, 1H), 7.21–6.84 (m, 3H), 5.07 (s, 1H), 4.12 (s, 1H), 3.12 (s, 3H), 2.56–2.40 (m, 2H); ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 161.6, 159.4 (d, *J*_{C-P} = 12.3 Hz), 158.0 (d, *J*_{C-F} = 247.5 Hz), 156.8 (d, *J*_{C-F} = 5.2 Hz), 142.2 (d, *J*_{C-P} = 3.4 Hz), 142.1 (d, *J*_{C-P} = 3.6 Hz), 133.3 (d, *J*_{C-P} = 95.6 Hz), 131.5 (d, *J*_{C-F} = 9.4 Hz), 131.46, 131.1 (d, *J*_{C-P} = 11.7 Hz), 128.0 (d, *J*_{C-F} = 11.8 Hz), 116.6 (d, *J*_{C-F} = 20.4 Hz), 116.2 (d, *J*_{C-F} = 21.0 Hz), 41.3 (d, *J*_{C-P} = 75.0 Hz), 36.5 (d, *J*_{C-F} = 6.5 Hz), 27.8 (d, *J*_{C-F} = 5.0 Hz); ¹⁹F NMR (376 MHz, CDCl₃) δ -120.4, -122.0; ³¹P NMR (162 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 29.0; HRMS (ESI) Calcd for C₂₄H₂₂FNO₂P [M + H]⁺ 406.1367, found 406.1375.



N-(4-BromoPhenyl)-4-(diphenylphosphoryl)-N-methylcyclobut-1-ene-1-carboxamide

(3fa): Prepared according to the general procedure from 1f (0.40 mmol) and 2a (0.20 mmol), and purified by column chromatography on silica gel with petroleum ether/ethyl acetate/ethanol (10/1/1) to provide the title compound 3fa (67.4 mg, 73% yield) as a white solid; R_f 0.2 (petroleum ether/ethyl acetate/ethanol = 10/2/1); m.p. 162.0–163.9 °C; ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.90–7.80 (m, 4H), 7.61–7.44 (m, 8H), 6.90 (d, *J* = 8.3 Hz, 2H), 5.30 (s, 1H), 3.98 (s, 1H), 3.15 (s, 3H), 2.61–2.43 (m, 2H); ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 161.8, 143.0 (d, *J*_{C-P} = 12.6 Hz), 142.2, 138.3 (d, *J*_{C-P} = 8.0 Hz), 132.9 (d, *J*_{C-P} = 97.4 Hz), 132.5, 132.1 (d, *J*_{C-P} = 98.8 Hz), 131.73 (d, *J*_{C-P} = 3.1 Hz), 131.70 (d, *J*_{C-P} = 3.0 Hz), 131.5 (d, *J*_{C-P} = 9.5 Hz), 130.9 (d, *J*_C)

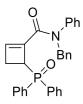
 $_{P}$ = 9.1 Hz), 129.1, 128.5 (d, J_{C-P} = 11.6 Hz), 128.3 (d, J_{C-P} = 11.9 Hz), 121.4, 41.9 (d, J_{C-P} = 72.7 Hz), 37.5, 28.3 (d, J_{C-P} = 5.6 Hz); ³¹P NMR (162 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 29.4; HRMS (ESI) Calcd for C₂₄H₂₂BrNO₂P [M + H]⁺ 466.0566, found 466.0575.



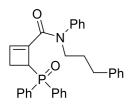
CN

N-(4-Cyanophenyl)-4-(diphenylphosphoryl)-N-methylcyclobut-1-ene-1-carboxamide

(3ga): Prepared according to the general procedure from 1g (0.40 mmol) and 2a (0.20 mmol), and purified by column chromatography on silica gel with petroleum ether/ethyl acetate/ethanol (10/1/1) to provide the title compound 3ga (56.2 mg, 68% yield) as a white solid; R_f 0.2 (petroleum ether/ethyl acetate/ethanol = 10/2/1); m.p. 158.4–160.4 °C; ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.94–7.82 (m, 2H), 7.81–7.72 (m, 2H), 7.64 (d, *J* = 8.1 Hz, 2H), 7.58–7.42 (m, 6H), 7.25 (d, *J* = 8.7 Hz, 2H), 5.50 (s, 1H), 4.05 (s, 1H), 3.23 (s, 3H), 2.68–2.46 (m, 2H); ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 161.8, 147.2, 142.8 (d, *J*_{C-P} = 12.7 Hz), 137.9 (d, *J*_{C-P} = 7.5 Hz), 133.1, 132.9 (d, *J*_{C-P} = 97.4 Hz), 132.0 (d, *J*_{C-P} = 98.7 Hz), 131.91 (d, *J*_{C-P} = 4.7 Hz), 131.90 (d, *J*_{C-P} = 4.6 Hz), 131.3 (d, *J*_{C-P} = 9.7 Hz), 130.7 (d, *J*_{C-P} = 7.5 Hz), 37.3, 28.4 (d, *J*_{C-P} = 6.2 Hz); ³¹P NMR (162 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 29.5; HRMS (ESI) Calcd for C₂₅H₂₁N₂O₂PNa [M + Na]⁺ 435.1233, found 435.1240.

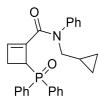


N-Benzyl-4-(diphenylphosphoryl)-*N*-phenylcyclobut-1-ene-1-carboxamide (3ha): Prepared according to the general procedure from 1h (0.40 mmol) and 2a (0.20 mmol), and purified by column chromatography on silica gel with petroleum ether/ethyl acetate/ethanol (10/1/1) to provide the title compound 3ha (72.4 mg, 78% yield) as a white solid; R_f 0.3 (petroleum ether/ethyl acetate/ethanol 10/2/1); m.p. 138.9–140.8 °C; ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.97–7.80 (m, 4H), 7.54–7.42 (m, 6H), 7.25–7.16 (m, 6H), 7.09–6.98 (m, 2H), 6.86– 6.76 (m, 2H), 5.16–4.92 (m, 2H), 4.49 (d, *J* = 14.4 Hz, 1H), 3.99 (s, 1H), 2.65–2.38 (m, 2H); ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 161.2, 142.8 (d, *J*_{C-P} = 13.5 Hz), 141.1, 138.2 (d, *J*_{C-P} = 7.3 Hz), 136.6, 132.8 (d, *J*_{C-P} = 98.0 Hz), 131.9 (d, *J*_{C-P} = 96.0 Hz), 131.35 (d, *J*_{C-P} = 2.9 Hz), 131.31 (d, $J_{C-P} = 3.0 \text{ Hz}$), 131.2, 130.7 (d, $J_{C-P} = 9.2 \text{ Hz}$), 128.8, 128.4, 128.2 (d, $J_{C-P} = 11.6 \text{ Hz}$), 128.0, 127.9 (d, $J_{C-P} = 11.7 \text{ Hz}$), 127.7, 127.0, 52.8, 41.7 (d, $J_{C-P} = 72.6 \text{ Hz}$), 27.8 (d, $J_{C-P} = 5.7 \text{ Hz}$); ³¹P NMR (162 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 29.3; HRMS (ESI) Calcd for C₃₀H₂₆NO₂PNa [M + Na]⁺ 486.1593, found 486.1603.



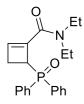
4-(Diphenylphosphoryl)-N-phenyl-N-(3-phenylpropyl)cyclobut-1-ene-1-carboxamide

(3ia): Prepared according to the general procedure from 1i (0.40 mmol) and 2a (0.20 mmol), and purified by column chromatography on silica gel with petroleum ether/ethyl acetate/ethanol (10/1/1) to provide the title compound 3ia (77.3 mg, 79% yield) as a colorless oil; R_f 0.2 (petroleum ether/ethyl acetate/ethanol = 10/2/1); ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.89–7.81 (m, 4H), 7.52–7.42 (m, 6H), 7.35–7.29 (m, 3H), 7.25–7.19 (m, 2H), 7.17–7.10 (m, 1H), 7.07 (d, *J* = 7.5 Hz, 2H), 6.97 (d, *J* = 7.2 Hz, 2H), 5.08 (s, 1H), 4.03–3.87 (m, 2H), 3.38–3.26 (m, 1H), 2.56–2.40 (m, 4H), 1.74–1.60 (m, 2H); ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 161.4, 142.3 (d, *J*_{C-P} = 11.6 Hz), 141.4, 138.6 (d, *J*_{C-P} = 8.1 Hz), 133.1 (d, *J*_{C-P} = 97.6 Hz), 131.9 (d, *J*_{C-P} = 95.9 Hz), 131.52 (d, *J*_{C-P} = 2.8 Hz), 131.50 (d, *J*_{C-P} = 3.2 Hz), 131.4 (d, *J*_{C-P} = 9.4 Hz), 130.8 (d, *J*_{C-P} = 9.3 Hz), 129.2, 128.5, 128.4 (d, *J*_{C-P} = 11.6 Hz), 128.2, 128.0 (d, *J*_{C-P} = 11.8 Hz), 127.9, 125.7, 48.9, 41.9 (d, *J*_{C-P} = 72.9 Hz), 32.8, 28.9, 27.9 (d, *J*_{C-P} = 5.6 Hz); ³¹P NMR (162 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 29.6; HRMS (ESI) Calcd for C₃₂H₃₁NO₂P [M + H]⁺ 492.2087, found 492.2093.

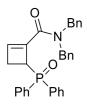


N-(Cyclopropylmethyl)-4-(diphenylphosphoryl)-*N*-phenylcyclobut-1-ene-1-carboxamide (3ja): Prepared according to the general procedure from 1j (0.40 mmol) and 2a (0.20 mmol), and purified by column chromatography on silica gel with petroleum ether/ethyl acetate/ethanol (10/1/1) to provide the title compound 3ja (75.2 mg, 88% yield) as a white solid; R_f 0.2 (petroleum ether/ethyl acetate/ethanol = 10/2/1); m.p. 111.1–112.2 °C; ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.90–7.77 (m, 4H), 7.49–7.37 (m, 6H), 7.28–7.18 (m, 3H), 7.03–6.85 (m, 2H), 5.00 (s, 1H), 3.86 (s, 1H), 3.63 (dd, *J* = 13.8, 7.4 Hz, 1H), 3.17 (dd, *J* = 13.8, 7.0 Hz, 1H), 2.58–2.42 (m, 1H), 2.41–2.31 (m, 1H), 0.83–0.73 (m, 1H), 0.34–0.25 (m, 2H), 0.09–0.11 (m, 2H); ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 161.3, 142.4 (d, *J*_{C-P} = 13.0 Hz), 141.8, 138.8 (d, *J*_{C-P} = 8.0 Hz),

133.1 (d, $J_{C-P} = 97.5 \text{ Hz}$), 132.0 (d, $J_{C-P} = 98.5 \text{ Hz}$), 131.52 (d, $J_{C-P} = 9.6 \text{ Hz}$), 131.50 (d, $J_{C-P} = 3.4 \text{ Hz}$), 131.4 (d, $J_{C-P} = 2.9 \text{ Hz}$), 130.9 (d, $J_{C-P} = 9.2 \text{ Hz}$), 129.0, 128.7, 128.3 (d, $J_{C-P} = 11.5 \text{ Hz}$), 127.9 (d, $J_{C-P} = 11.7 \text{ Hz}$), 127.8, 53.5, 41.9 (d, $J_{C-P} = 72.6 \text{ Hz}$), 27.8 (d, $J_{C-P} = 5.7 \text{ Hz}$), 9.4, 3.7, 3.2; ³¹P NMR (162 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 29.3; HRMS (ESI) Calcd for C₂₇H₂₆NO₂PNa [M + Na]⁺ 450.1593 found 450.1600.

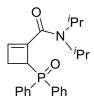


4-(Diphenylphosphoryl)-*N*,*N*-diethylcyclobut-1-ene-1-carboxamide (3ka): Prepared according to the general procedure from 1k (0.40 mmol) and 2a (0.20 mmol), and purified by column chromatography on silica gel with petroleum ether/ethyl acetate/ethanol (10/1/1) to provide the title compound 3ka (62.5 mg, 89% yield) as a white solid; R_f 0.2 (petroleum ether/ethyl acetate/ethanol = 10/2/1); m.p. 138.5–139.5 °C; ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.90–7.71 (m, 4H), 7.59–7.37 (m, 6H), 6.27 (s, 1H), 4.32 (d, *J* = 4.5 Hz, 1H), 3.77 (dd, *J* = 14.7, 7.3 Hz, 1H), 3.40 (dd, *J* = 13.7, 7.0 Hz, 1H), 3.09 (dd, *J* = 14.6, 7.2 Hz, 1H), 3.02–2.84 (m, 2H), 2.68 (dt, *J* = 14.7, 4.3 Hz, 1H), 1.11 (t, *J* = 7.1 Hz, 3H), 0.82 (t, *J* = 7.1 Hz, 3H); ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 163.4, 138.4 (d, *J*_{C-P} = 8.0 Hz), 136.1 (d, *J*_{C-P} = 13.0 Hz), 132.9 (d, *J*_{C-P} = 97.5 Hz), 131.8 (d, *J*_{C-P} = 98.5 Hz), 131.72 (d, *J*_{C-P} = 11.5 Hz), 128.3 (d, *J*_{C-P} = 11.8 Hz), 42.4, 42.36 (d, *J*_{C-P} = 72.6 Hz), 39.2, 27.9 (d, *J*_{C-P} = 5.7 Hz), 14.8, 12.3; ³¹P NMR (162 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 28.3; HRMS (ESI) Calcd for C₂₁H₂₅NO₂P [M + H]⁺ 354.1617, found 354.1627.

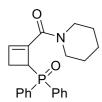


N,*N*-Dibenzyl-4-(diphenylphosphoryl)cyclobut-1-ene-1-carboxamide (3la): Prepared according to the general procedure from 1l (0.40 mmol) and 2a (0.20 mmol), and purified by column chromatography on silica gel with petroleum ether/ethyl acetate/ethanol (20/1/1) to provide the title compound 3la (71.8 mg, 75% yield) as a white solid; R_f 0.3 (petroleum ether/ethyl acetate/ethanol = 10/2/1); m.p. 112.6–114.9 °C; ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.93–7.75 (m, 4H), 7.56–7.38 (m, 6H), 7.33 (t, *J* = 7.4 Hz, 2H), 7.28 (s, 1H), 7.24–7.09 (m, 5H), 6.91–6.78 (m, 2H), 6.10 (s, 1H), 5.15 (d, *J* = 14.7 Hz, 1H), 4.94 (d, *J* = 17.2 Hz, 1H), 4.43 (dd, *J* = 4.8, 1.9 Hz, 1H), 4.13 (d, *J* = 17.2 Hz, 1H), 3.76 (d, *J* = 14.7 Hz, 1H), 2.84–2.73 (m, 1H),

2.70–2.59 (m, 1H); ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 164.3, 138.8 (d, $J_{C-P} = 12.7$ Hz), 137.5 (d, $J_{C-P} = 8.0$ Hz), 136.9, 136.3, 132.9 (d, $J_{C-P} = 97.7$ Hz), 131.81 (d, $J_{C-P} = 98.8$ Hz), 131.80 (d, $J_{C-P} = 2.8$ Hz), 131.72 (d, $J_{C-P} = 2.9$ Hz), 131.70 (d, $J_{C-P} = 9.5$ Hz), 130.4 (d, $J_{C-P} = 9.4$ Hz), 128.8, 128.6 (d, $J_{C-P} = 11.6$ Hz), 128.44, 128.40 (d, $J_{C-P} = 12.4$ Hz), 128.2, 127.3, 127.2, 126.3, 50.4, 47.5, 41.9 (d, $J_{C-P} = 72.5$ Hz), 27.8 (d, $J_{C-P} = 5.5$ Hz); ³¹P NMR (162 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 29.1; HRMS (ESI) Calcd for C₃₁H₂₉NO₂P [M + H]⁺ 478.1930, found 478.1925.

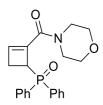


4-(Diphenylphosphoryl)-*N*,*N*-diisopropylcyclobut-1-ene-1-carboxamide (3ma): Prepared according to the general procedure from 1m (0.40 mmol) and 2a (0.20 mmol), and purified by column chromatography on silica gel with petroleum ether/ethyl acetate/ethanol (20/1/1) to provide the title compound **3ma** (54.1 mg, 71% yield) as a white solid; R_f 0.3 (petroleum ether/ethyl acetate/ethanol = 10/2/1); m.p. 181.3–183.4 °C; ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.85 (dd, *J* = 11.5, 7.4 Hz, 2H), 7.74 (dd, *J* = 11.4, 7.5 Hz, 2H), 7.46 (m, 6H), 6.14 (s, 1H), 4.71–4.57 (m, 1H), 4.32 (d, *J* = 4.5 Hz, 1H), 3.33–3.16 (m, 1H), 2.87 (dd, *J* = 14.5, 7.1 Hz, 1H), 2.64 (dt, *J* = 14.5, 4.5 Hz, 1H), 1.32 (d, *J* = 6.8 Hz, 3H), 1.11 (d, *J* = 6.7 Hz, 3H), 1.03–0.89 (m, 6H); ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 163.6, 139.3 (d, *J*_{C-P} = 8.1 Hz), 134.2 (d, *J*_{C-P} = 13.2 Hz), 133.0 (d, *J*_{C-P} = 97.0 Hz), 131.8 (d, *J*_{C-P} = 9.4 Hz), 128.6 (d, *J*_{C-P} = 11.5 Hz), 128.4 (d, *J*_{C-P} = 11.7 Hz), 49.9, 45.5, 42.1 (d, *J*_{C-P} = 72.7 Hz), 27.7 (d, *J*_{C-P} = 5.4 Hz), 21.3, 20.4, 20.1, 20.0; ³¹P NMR (162 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 27.9; HRMS (ESI) Calcd for C₂₃H₂₈NO₂PNa [M + Na]⁺ 404.1750, found 404.1756.

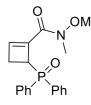


(4-(Diphenylphosphoryl)cyclobut-1-en-1-yl)(piperidin-1-yl)methanone (3na): Prepared according to the general procedure from 1n (0.40 mmol) and 2a (0.20 mmol), and purified by column chromatography on silica gel with petroleum ether/ethyl acetate/ethanol (10/1/1) to provide the title compound 3na (62.8 mg, 86% yield) as a white solid; R_f 0.2 (petroleum ether/ethyl acetate/ethanol = 10/2/1); m.p. 182.6–184.4 °C; ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.83 (dd, J = 11.6, 7.4 Hz, 2H), 7.76 (dd, J = 11.5, 7.4 Hz, 2H), 7.58–7.39 (m, 6H), 6.21 (s, 1H),

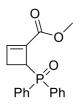
4.30 (d, J = 4.5 Hz, 1H), 3.62–3.45 (m, 2H), 3.41–3.32 (m, 1H), 3.30–3.19 (m, 1H), 2.95–2.84 (m, 1H), 2.74–2.63 (m, 1H), 1.57–1.59 (m, 2H), 1.48–1.34 (m, 3H), 1.26–1.16 (m, 1H); ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 162.4, 138.0 (d, *J*_{C-P} = 6.5 Hz), 136.9 (d, *J*_{C-P} = 13.1 Hz), 132.8 (d, *J*_{C-P} = 97.5 Hz), 131.8 (d, *J*_{C-P} = 2.8 Hz), 131.7 (d, *J*_{C-P} = 2.8 Hz), 131.6 (d, *J*_{C-P} = 98.8 Hz), 131.3 (d, *J*_{C-P} = 9.4 Hz), 130.6 (d, *J*_{C-P} = 9.4 Hz), 128.6 (d, *J*_{C-P} = 11.5 Hz), 128.3 (d, *J*_{C-P}=11.8 Hz), 47.5, 42.4 (d, *J*_{C-P} = 72.7 Hz), 42.2, 28.2 (d, *J*_{C-P} = 5.5 Hz), 26.3, 25.2, 24.3; ³¹P NMR (162 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 28.4; HRMS (ESI) Calcd for C₂₂H₂₄NO₂PNa [M + Na]⁺ 388.1437, found 388.1447.



(4-(Diphenylphosphoryl)cyclobut-1-en-1-yl)(morpholino)methanone (3oa): Prepared according to the general procedure from 10 (0.40 mmol) and 2a (0.20 mmol), and purified by column chromatography on silica gel with petroleum ether/ethyl acetate/ethanol (10/1/1) to provide the title compound **30a** (58.1 mg, 79% yield) as a white solid; $R_f 0.1$ (petroleum ether/ethyl acetate/ethanol = 10/2/1); m.p. 173.1–175.3 °C; ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.84 (dd, J = 11.5, 7.4 Hz, 2H), 7.73 (dd, J = 11.4, 7.4 Hz, 2H), 7.58-7.44 (m, 6H), 6.26 (s, 1H),4.32 (d, J = 4.5 Hz, 1H), 3.80 (d, J = 12.9 Hz, 1H), 3.62–3.56 (m, 2H), 3.54–3.46 (m, 1H), 3.34 (t, J = 10.1 Hz, 1H), 3.16 (d, J = 9.7 Hz, 2H), 2.92 (dd, J = 14.7, 6.7 Hz, 1H), 2.76-2.63 (m, J = 10.1 Hz, 10.1 Hz)2H); ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 162.7, 137.7 (d, $J_{C-P} = 12.8$ Hz), 137.2 (d, $J_{C-P} = 8.3$ Hz), 132.5 (d, $J_{C-P} = 92.2 \text{ Hz}$), 132.0 (d, $J_{C-P} = 3.2 \text{ Hz}$), 131.6 (d, $J_{C-P} = 91.7 \text{ Hz}$), 131.9 (d, $J_{C-P} = 2.8$ Hz), 131.2 (d, $J_{C-P} = 9.3$ Hz), 130.5 (d, $J_{C-P} = 9.2$ Hz), 128.7 (d, $J_{C-P} = 11.4$ Hz), 128.4 (d, J_{C-P} = 11.7 Hz), 66.7, 66.3, 46.9, 42.3 (d, J_{C-P} = 72.3 Hz), 41.4, 28.3 (d, J_{C-P} = 5.0 Hz); ³¹P NMR (162 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 28.4; HRMS (ESI) Calcd for C₂₁H₂₂NO₃PNa [M + Na]⁺ 390.1230, found 390.1240.



4-(Diphenylphosphoryl)-*N*-methoxy-*N*-methylcyclobut-1-ene-1-carboxamide (3pa): Prepared according to the general procedure from 1p (0.40 mmol) and 2a (0.20 mmol), and purified by column chromatography on silica gel with petroleum ether/ethyl acetate/ethanol (5/1/1) to provide the title compound 3pa (58.30 mg, 86% yield) as a white solid; R_f 0.1 (petroleum ether/ethyl acetate/ethanol = 10/2/1); m.p. 142.2–143.5 °C; ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.91–7.71 (m, 4H), 7.54–7.37 (m, 6H), 6.60 (s, 1H), 4.20 (s, 1H), 3.56 (s, 3H), 3.08 (s, 3H), 2.86–2.62 (m, 2H); ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 161.2, 144.1 (d, *J*_{C-P} = 12.0 Hz), 136.8 (d, *J*_{C-P} = 8.0 Hz), 133.2 (d, *J*_{C-P} = 98.0 Hz), 131.9 (d, *J*_{C-P} = 96.0 Hz), 131.5 (d, *J*_{C-P} = 2.2 Hz), 131.4 (d, *J*_{C-P} = 2.1 Hz), 131.3 (d, *J*_{C-P} = 9.0 Hz), 130.7 (d, *J*_{C-P} = 9.3 Hz), 128.3 (d, *J*_{C-P} = 11.6 Hz), 127.9 (d, *J*_{C-P} = 11.8 Hz), 61.0, 41.5 (d, *J*_{C-P} = 72.7 Hz), 32.5, 28.7 (d, *J*_{C-P} = 5.5 Hz); ³¹P NMR (162 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 29.3; HRMS (ESI) Calcd for C₁₉H₂₀NO₃PNa [M + Na]⁺ 364.1073, found 364.1082.



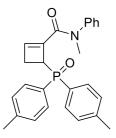
Methyl 4-(diphenylphosphoryl)cyclobut-1-ene-1-carboxylate (3qa): Prepared according to the general procedure from **1q** (0.40 mmol) and **2a** (0.20 mmol), and purified by column chromatography on silica gel with petroleum ether/ethyl acetate/ethanol (10/1/1) to provide the title compound **3qa** (58.8 mg, 94% yield) as a white solid; R_f 0.2 (petroleum ether/ethyl acetate/ethanol = 10/2/1); m.p. 136.3–138.2 °C; ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.89–7.73 (m, 4H), 7.56–7.43 (m, 6H), 6.93 (s, 1H), 4.18–4.05 (m, 1H), 3.41 (s, 3H), 2.87–2.65 (m, 2H); ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 161.2, 148.3 (d, *J*_{C-P} = 12.8 Hz), 135.4 (d, *J*_{C-P} = 8.5 Hz), 133.0 (d, *J*_{C-P} = 98.3 Hz), 131.8 (d, *J*_{C-P} = 2.8 Hz), 131.7 (d, *J*_{C-P} = 2.8 Hz), 131.6 (d, *J*_{C-P} = 99.8 Hz), 131.4 (d, *J*_{C-P} = 73.0 Hz), 28.9 (d, *J*_{C-P} = 5.3 Hz); ³¹P NMR (162 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 27.7; HRMS (ESI) Calcd for C₁₈H₁₇O₃PNa [M + Na]⁺ 335.0808, found 335.0816.



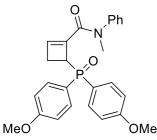
Ethyl 4-(diphenylphosphoryl)cyclobut-1-ene-1-carboxylate (3ra): Prepared according to the general procedure from 1r (0.40 mmol) and 2a (0.20 mmol), and purified by column chromatography on silica gel with petroleum ether/ethyl acetate/ethanol (10/1/1) to provide the title compound 3ra (64.2 mg, 99% yield) as a white solid; R_f 0.2 (petroleum ether/ethyl acetate/ethanol = 10/2/1); m.p. 144.6–146.6 °C; ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.86–7.75 (m, 4H), 7.54–7.43 (m, 6H), 6.92 (s, 1H), 4.13 (s, 1H), 4.02–3.94 (m, 1H), 3.91–3.80 (m, 1H), 2.83–2.64 (m, 2H), 0.98 (t, *J* = 7.1 Hz, 3H); ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 160.8, 148.0 (d, *J*_{C-P} =

12.9 Hz), 135.8 (d, $J_{C-P} = 8.8$ Hz), 133.2 (d, $J_{C-P} = 98.2$ Hz), 131.69 (d, $J_{C-P} = 99.7$ Hz), 131.65 (d, $J_{C-P} = 2.2$ Hz), 131.63 (d, $J_{C-P} = 2.3$ Hz), 131.4 (d, $J_{C-P} = 9.3$ Hz), 130.7 (d, $J_{C-P} = 9.2$ Hz), 128.5 (d, $J_{C-P} = 11.4$ Hz), 128.1 (d, $J_{C-P} = 11.8$ Hz), 60.2, 40.8 (d, $J_{C-P} = 73.3$ Hz), 28.8 (d, $J_{C-P} = 5.1$ Hz), 13.8; ³¹P NMR (162 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 28.0; HRMS (ESI) Calcd for C₁₉H₁₉O₃PNa [M + Na]⁺ 349.0964, found 349.0971.

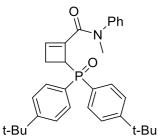
Diphenyl(2-(phenylsulfonyl)cyclobut-2-en-1-yl)phosphine oxide (3sa): Prepared according to the general procedure from **1s** (0.40 mmol) and **2a** (0.20 mmol), and purified by column chromatography on silica gel with petroleum ether/ethyl acetate/ethanol (10/1/1) to provide the title compound **3sa** (65.3 mg, 83% yield) as a white solid; R_f 0.2 (petroleum ether/ethyl acetate/ethanol = 10/2/1); m.p. 120.6–122.6 °C; ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.74 (d, *J* = 7.8 Hz, 2H), 7.70–7.58 (m, 5H), 7.57–7.49 (m, 4H), 7.48–7.40 (m, 4H), 6.71 (s, 1H), 3.86–3.78 (m, 1H), 3.12 (dt, *J* = 13.9, 4.2 Hz, 1H), 2.81 (dd, *J* = 13.8, 7.1 Hz, 1H); ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 146.0 (d, *J*_{C-P} = 15.5 Hz), 140.7 (d, *J*_{C-P} = 7.6 Hz), 138.2, 133.8, 132.43 (d, *J*_{C-P} = 2.5 Hz), 132.41 (d, *J*_{C-P} = 100.7 Hz), 129.3, 128.8 (d, *J*_{C-P} = 7.3 Hz), 128.7 (d, *J*_{C-P} = 7.3 Hz), 127.9, 39.2 (d, *J*_{C-P} = 70.4 Hz), 31.3 (d, *J*_{C-P} = 4.2 Hz); ³¹P NMR (162 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 29.3; HRMS (ESI) Calcd for C₂₂H₁₉O₃PSNa [M + Na]⁺ 417.0685, found 417.0691.



4-(Di-*p*-tolylphosphoryl)-*N*-methyl-*N*-phenylcyclobut-1-ene-1-carboxamide (3ab): Prepared according to the general procedure from 1a (0.40 mmol) and 2b (0.20 mmol), and purified by column chromatography on silica gel with petroleum ether/ethyl acetate/ethanol (10/1/1) to provide the title compound 3ab (36.7 mg, 44% yield) as a white solid; R_f 0.2 (petroleum ether/ethyl acetate/ethanol = 10/2/1); m.p. 124.5–126.2 °C; ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.78–7.65 (m, 4H), 7.38–7.27 (m, 5H), 7.24 (s, 2H), 6.98 (d, *J* = 7.4 Hz, 2H), 5.22 (s, 1H), 3.80 (s, 1H), 3.16 (s, 3H), 2.42 (s, 2H), 2.40 (s, 3H), 2.38 (s, 3H); ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 162.0, 142.3 (d, *J*_{C-P} = 14.2 Hz), 143.2, 141.8 (d, *J*_{C-P} = 2.1 Hz), 138.9 (d, *J*_{C-P} = 8.2 Hz), 131.5 (d, $J_{C-P} = 9.7$ Hz), 130.9 (d, $J_{C-P} = 9.5$ Hz), 130.1 (d, $J_{C-P} = 99.5$ Hz), 129.2, 129.1 (d, $J_{C-P} = 11.9$ Hz), 128.9 (d, $J_{C-P} = 101.2$ Hz), 128.8 (d, $J_{C-P} = 12.1$ Hz), 127.7, 127.4, 42.1 (d, $J_{C-P} = 72.7$ Hz), 37.5, 28.2 (d, $J_{C-P} = 5.5$ Hz), 21.6, 21.5; ³¹P NMR (162 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 29.4; HRMS (ESI) Calcd for C₂₆H₂₆NO₂PNa [M + Na]⁺ 438.1593, found 438.1601.



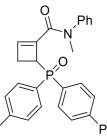
4-(Bis(4-methoxyphenyl)phosphoryl)-*N***-methyl**-*N***-phenylcyclobut-1-ene-1-carboxamide** (**3ac)**: Prepared according to the general procedure from **1a** (0.40 mmol) and **2c** (0.20 mmol), and purified by column chromatography on silica gel with petroleum ether/ethyl acetate/ethanol (10/1/1) to provide the title compound **3ac** (64.2 mg, 72% yield) as a white solid; R_{*f*} 0.2 (petroleum ether/ethyl acetate/ethanol = 10/2/1); m.p. 122.3–123.9 °C; ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.76–7.63 (m, 4H), 7.25 (app. s, 2H), 7.09–6.87 (m, 7H), 4.62 (s, 1H), 4.28 (s, 1H), 3.85 (s, 3H), 3.83 (s, 3H), 3.30 (s, 3H), 2.50–2.39 (m, 1H), 2.28 (s, 1H); ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 162.6, 161.4, 143.4 (d, *J*_{C-P} = 11.1 Hz), 142.6, 138.9 (d, *J*_{C-P} = 8.7 Hz), 134.0 (d, *J*_{C-P} = 10.0 Hz), 132.3 (d, *J*_{C-P} = 6.1 Hz), 138.4, 127.6, 114.2 (d, *J*_{C-P} = 12.8 Hz), 113.9 (d, *J*_{C-P} = 12.7 Hz), 55.4, 55.3, 42.4 (d, *J*_{C-P} = 72.5 Hz), 38.4, 28.9 (d, *J*_{C-P} = 3.2 Hz); ³¹P NMR (162 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 35.3; HRMS (ESI) Calcd for C₂₆H₂₇NO4P [M + H]⁺ 448.1672, found 448.1681.



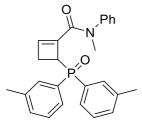
4-(Bis(4-(tert-butyl)phenyl)phosphoryl)-N-methyl-N-phenylcyclobut-1-ene-1-

carboxamide (3ad): Prepared according to the general procedure from 1a (0.40 mmol) and 2d (0.20 mmol), and purified by column chromatography on silica gel with petroleum ether/ethyl acetate/ethanol (20/1/1) to provide the title compound 3ad (76.3 mg, 76% yield) as a white solid; R_f 0.3 (petroleum ether/ethyl acetate/ethanol = 10/2/1); m.p. 92.3–94.3 °C; ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.78 (dd, J = 11.2, 8.0 Hz, 4H), 7.52–7.47 (m, 4H), 7.30–7.26 (m, 3H), 6.84–6.77 (m, 2H), 5.34 (s, 1H), 3.68 (s, 1H), 3.15 (s, 3H), 2.62–2.39 (m, 2H), 1.34 (s, 9H), 1.33 (s, 9H); ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 162.3, 154.8, 143.1, 142.5 (d, $J_{C-P} = 14.6$ Hz),

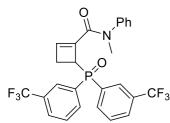
139.3 (d, $J_{C-P} = 7.5 \text{ Hz}$), 131.5 (d, $J_{C-P} = 9.6 \text{ Hz}$), 131.0 (d, $J_{C-P} = 9.5 \text{ Hz}$), 130.0 (d, $J_{C-P} = 99.8 \text{ Hz}$), 129.2, 128.8 (d, $J_{C-P} = 99.0 \text{ Hz}$), 127.6, 127.3 (d, $J_{C-P} = 3.7 \text{ Hz}$), 127.2 (d, $J_{C-P} = 3.9 \text{ Hz}$), 125.4 (d, $J_{C-P} = 11.9 \text{ Hz}$), 125.1 (d, $J_{C-P} = 11.7 \text{ Hz}$), 42.6 (d, $J_{C-P} = 72.6 \text{ Hz}$), 37.4, 35.0, 31.2, 31.1, 28.3 (d, $J_{C-P} = 5.4 \text{ Hz}$); ³¹P NMR (162 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 29.4; HRMS (ESI) Calcd for C₃₂H₃₈NO₂PNa [M + Na]⁺ 522.2532, found 522.2541.



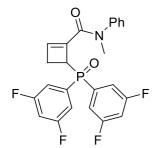
4-(Di([1,1'-biphenyl]-4-yl)phosphoryl)-*N***-methyl-***N***-phenylcyclobut-1-ene-1-carboxamide** (**3ae**): Prepared according to the general procedure from **1a** (0.40 mmol) and **2e** (0.20 mmol), and purified by column chromatography on silica gel with petroleum ether/ethyl acetate/ethanol (10/1/1) to provide the title compound **3ae** (52.6mg, 49% yield) as a white solid; R_{*f*} 0.2 (petroleum ether/ethyl acetate/ethanol = 10/2/1); m.p. 121.5–123.5 °C; ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 8.01–7.92 (m, 4H), 7.75–7.69 (m, 4H), 7.65–7.56 (m, 4H), 7.48–7.43 (m, 4H), 7.41–7.34 (m, 2H), 7.33–7.27 (m, 3H), 6.98 (d, *J* = 6.8 Hz, 2H), 5.21 (s, 1H), 3.91 (s, 1H), 3.18 (s, 3H), 2.62–2.46 (m, 2H); ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 162.0, 144.4 (d, *J*_{C-P} = 2.8 Hz), 143.1, 140.1 (d, *J*_{C-P} = 10.3 Hz), 138.9 (d, *J*_{C-P} = 8.0 Hz), 132.1 (d, *J*_{C-P} = 9.7 Hz), 131.8 (d, *J*_{C-P} = 98.7 Hz), 131.5 (d, *J*_{C-P} = 9.6 Hz), 130.6 (d, *J*_{C-P} = 12.4 Hz), 126.9 (d, *J*_{C-P} = 12.1 Hz), 42.0 (d, *J*_{C-P} = 72.8 Hz), 37.5, 28.2 (d, *J*_{C-P} = 5.5 Hz); ³¹P NMR (162 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 29.6; HRMS (ESI) Calcd for C₃₆H₃₁NO₂P [M + H]⁺ 540.2087, found 540.2092.



4-(Di-*m***-tolylphosphoryl)-***N***-methyl-***N***-phenylcyclobut-1-ene-1-carboxamide (3af): Prepared according to the general procedure from 1a (0.40 mmol) and 2f (0.20 mmol), and purified by column chromatography on silica gel with petroleum ether/ethyl acetate/ethanol (10/1/1) to provide the title compound 3af (71.5mg, 86% yield) as a white solid; R_f 0.2 (petroleum ether/ethyl acetate/ethanol = 10/2/1); m.p. 128.7–130.8 °C; ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) \delta 7.74–7.58 (m, 4H), 7.41–7.26 (m, 7H), 6.97–6.84 (m, 2H), 5.25 (s, 1H), 3.78 (s, 1H),** 3.16 (s, 3H), 2.57–2.42 (m, 2H), 2.40 (s, 3H), 2.38 (s, 3H); ¹³C NMR (100 MHz,) δ 162.0, 143.2, 142.5 (d, *J*_{C-P} = 13.6 Hz), 138.9 (d, *J*_{C-P} = 7.9 Hz), 138.2 (d, *J*_{C-P} = 11.4 Hz), 137.9 (d, *J*_{C-P} = 11.6 Hz), 133.0 (d, *J*_{C-P} = 96.9 Hz), 132.3 (d, *J*_{C-P} = 2.6 Hz), 132.2 (d, *J*_{C-P} = 2.9 Hz), 132.0 (d, *J*_{C-P} = 8.9 Hz), 131.9 (d, *J*_{C-P} = 95.6 Hz), 131.5 (d, *J*_{C-P} = 8.6 Hz), 129.2, 128.5 (d, *J*_{C-P} = 9.8 Hz), 128.2 (d, *J*_{C-P} = 12.3 Hz), 127.9 (d, *J*_{C-P} = 12.5 Hz), 127.8 (d, *J*_{C-P} = 9.7 Hz), 127.6, 127.3, 42.1 (d, *J*_{C-P} = 72.7 Hz), 37.4, 28.2 (d, *J*_{C-P} = 5.6 Hz), 21.4; ³¹P NMR (162 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 29.2; HRMS (ESI) Calcd for C₂₆H₂₆NO₂PNa [M + Na]⁺ 438.1593, found 438.1601.

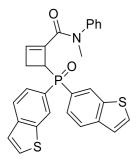


4-(Bis(3-(trifluoromethyl)phosphoryl)-N-methyl-N-phenylcyclobut-1-ene-1carboxamide (3ag): Prepared according to the general procedure from 1a (0.40 mmol) and 2g (0.20 mmol), and purified by column chromatography on silica gel with petroleum ether/ethyl acetate/ethanol (10/1/1) to provide the title compound **3ag** (47.1mg, 45% yield) as a white solid; $R_f 0.3$ (petroleum ether/ethyl acetate/ethanol = 10/2/1); m.p. 108.2–109.1 °C; ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 8.22–8.05 (m, 4H), 7.85–7.79 (m, 2H), 7.69–7.63 (m, 2H), 7.40–7.32 (m, 3H), 7.03–6.97 (m, 2H), 4.94 (s, 1H), 4.02 (s, 1H), 3.16 (s, 3H), 2.54–2.43 (m, 2H); ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 160.1, 143.2 (d, $J_{C-P} = 15.5$ Hz), 142.9, 138.0 (d, $J_{C-P} = 8.0$ Hz), 134.7 (dd, $J_{C-P} = 15.5$ Hz), 142.9, 138.0 (d, $J_{C-P} = 15.5$ Hz), 134.7 (dd, $J_{C-P} = 15.5$ Hz), 142.9, 138.0 (d, $J_{C-P} = 15.5$ Hz), 134.7 (dd, $J_{C-P} = 15.5$ Hz), 142.9, 138.0 (d, $J_{C-P} = 15.5$ Hz), 142.9, 142.9, 142.9 $_{\rm F} = 9.2$ Hz, $J_{\rm C-P} = 2.3$ Hz), 134.1 (d, $J_{\rm C-P} = 98.0$ Hz), 134.0 (dd, $J_{\rm C-F} = 9.4$ Hz, $J_{\rm C-P} = 2.4$ Hz), 132.9 (d, $J_{C-P} = 98.5 \text{ Hz}$), 131.3 (d, $J_{C-P} = 12.2 \text{ Hz}$), 130.6 (d, $J_{C-P} = 12.9 \text{ Hz}$), 129.5, 129.2 (dd, $J_{C-F} = 16.6 \text{ Hz}, J_{C-P} = 11.5 \text{ Hz}), 128.7 \text{ (dd}, J_{C-F} = 16.8 \text{ Hz}, J_{C-P} = 11.8 \text{ Hz}), 128.60 \text{ (d}, J_{C-P} = 7.3 \text{ Hz}$ Hz), 128.56 (d, $J_{C-P} = 7.3$ Hz), 128.3 (dd, $J_{C-F} = 10.2$ Hz, $J_{C-P} = 4.1$ Hz), 128.1, 127.8 (dd, $J_{C-F} = 10.2$ Hz, $J_{C-P} = 4.1$ Hz), 128.1, 127.8 (dd, $J_{C-F} = 10.2$ Hz, $J_{C-P} = 4.1$ Hz), 128.1, 127.8 (dd, $J_{C-F} = 10.2$ Hz, $J_{C-P} = 4.1$ Hz), 128.1, 127.8 (dd, $J_{C-F} = 10.2$ Hz, $J_{C-P} = 4.1$ Hz), 128.1, 127.8 (dd, $J_{C-F} = 10.2$ Hz, $J_{C-P} = 4.1$ Hz), 128.1, 127.8 (dd, $J_{C-F} = 10.2$ Hz, $J_{C-P} = 4.1$ Hz), 128.1, 127.8 (dd, $J_{C-F} = 10.2$ Hz, $J_{C-P} = 4.1$ Hz), 128.1, 127.8 (dd, $J_{C-F} = 10.2$ Hz, $J_{C-P} = 4.1$ Hz), 128.1, 127.8 (dd, $J_{C-F} = 10.2$ Hz, $J_{C-P} = 4.1$ Hz), 128.1, 127.8 (dd, $J_{C-F} = 10.2$ Hz, $J_{C-P} = 4.1$ Hz), 128.1, 127.8 (dd, $J_{C-F} = 10.2$ Hz, $J_{C-P} = 4.1$ Hz), 128.1, 127.8 (dd, $J_{C-F} = 10.2$ Hz, $J_{C-P} = 4.1$ Hz), 128.1, 127.8 (dd, $J_{C-F} = 10.2$ Hz, $J_{C-P} = 4.1$ Hz), 128.1, 127.8 (dd, $J_{C-F} = 10.2$ Hz, $J_{C-P} = 4.1$ Hz), 128.1, 127.8 (dd, $J_{C-F} = 10.2$ Hz), 128.1, 128. = 9.4 Hz, J_{C-P} = 3.9 Hz), 127.4, 123.5 (q, J_{C-F} = 271.2 Hz), 123.3 (q, J_{C-F} = 272.5 Hz), 41.3 (d, $J_{C-P} = 74.0 \text{ Hz}$, 37.5, 27.5 (d, $J_{C-P} = 5.7 \text{ Hz}$); ³¹P NMR (162 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 28.6; ¹⁹F NMR (376 MHz, CDCl₃) δ -62.78, -62.84; HRMS (ESI) Calcd for C₂₆H₂₁F₆NO₂P [M + H]⁺ 524.1209, found 524.1212.



4-(Bis(3,5-difluorophenyl)phosphoryl)-N-methyl-N-phenylcyclobut-1-ene-1-

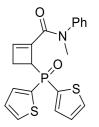
carboxamide (3ah): Prepared according to the general procedure from **1a** (0.40 mmol) and **2h** (0.20 mmol), and purified by column chromatography on silica gel with petroleum ether/ethyl acetate/ethanol (10/1/1) to provide the title compound **3ah** (46.5mg, 51% yield) as a white solid; R_f 0.3 (petroleum ether/ethyl acetate/ethanol = 10/2/1); m.p. 161.2–163.1 °C; ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.41 (d, *J* = 7.4 Hz, 3H), 7.17–6.95 (m, 8H), 5.42 (s, 1H), 3.41 (s, 1H), 3.27 (s, 3H), 2.68 (d, *J* = 14.3 Hz, 1H), 2.40–2.27 (m, 1H); ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 164.4 (dd, *J*_{C-F} = 253.3 Hz, *J*_{C-P} = 11.1 Hz), 164.2 (dd, *J*_{C-F} = 253.2 Hz, *J*_{C-P} = 11.1 Hz), 161.8 (dd, *J*_{C-F} = 253.3 Hz, *J*_{C-F} = 11.0 Hz), 161.6 (dd, *J*_{C-F} = 253.2 Hz, *J*_{C-F} = 11.0 Hz), 160.8, 144.4 (d, *J*_{C-P} = 15.5 Hz), 142.8, 136.6 (d, *J*_{C-P} = 8.8 Hz), 135.0 (d, *J*_{C-P} = 97.0 Hz, *J*_{C-F} = 6.8 Hz), 134.3 (d, *J*_{C-P} = 96.7 Hz, *J*_{C-F} = 6.7 Hz), 129.7, 128.6, 127.8, 114.1 (d, *J*_{C-F} = 17.7 Hz, *J*_{C-F} = 9.2 Hz), 113.8 (d, *J*_{C-P} = 16.9 Hz, *J*_{C-F} = 8.9 Hz), 113.7 (d, *J*_{C-P} = 17.9 Hz, *J*_{C-F} = 9.9 Hz), 108.3 (dt, *J*_{C-F} = 24.7 Hz, *J*_{C-P} = 5.1 Hz); ¹⁹F NMR (376 MHz, CDCl₃) δ - 106.00, -106.03, -106.05; ³¹P NMR (162 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 27.7; HRMS (ESI) Calcd for C₂₄H₁₉F₄NO₂P [M + H]⁺ 460.1084, found 460.1084.



4-(Bis(benzo[b]thiophen-6-yl)phosphoryl)-N-methyl-N-phenylcyclobut-1-ene-1-

carboxamide (3ai): Prepared according to the general procedure from **1a** (0.40 mmol) and **2i** (0.20 mmol), and purified by column chromatography on silica gel with petroleum ether/ethyl acetate/ethanol (20/1/1) to provide the title compound **3ai** (74.9 mg, 75% yield) as a white solid; $R_f 0.3$ (petroleum ether/ethyl acetate/ethanol = 10/2/1); m.p. 94.8–96.8 °C; ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 8.42 (dd, *J* = 12.6, 5.5 Hz, 2H), 7.98 (t, *J* = 7.1 Hz, 2H), 7.78 (q, *J* = 8.6 Hz, 2H), 7.51 (d, *J* = 5.4 Hz, 2H), 7.42 (t, *J* = 5.3 Hz, 2H), 7.26–7.19 (m, 3H), 6.94–6.76 (m, 2H), 5.17 (s, 1H), 4.01 (s, 1H), 3.11 (s, 3H), 2.58–2.37 (m, 2H); ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 161.9, 143.03 (d, *J*_{C-P} = 2.9 Hz), 143.02 (d, *J*_{C-P} = 13.7 Hz), 143.0 (d, *J*_{C-P} = 2.9 Hz), 139.3 (d, *J*_{C-P} = 12.0 Hz), 139.2 (d, *J*_{C-P} = 12.4 Hz), 138.9 (d, *J*_{C-P} = 8.1 Hz), 130.1 (d, *J*_{C-P} = 94.2 Hz), 129.3, 128.9 (d, *J*_{C-P} = 94.6 Hz), 127.8, 127.7 (d, *J*_{C-P} = 10.9 Hz), 124.3, 122.7 (d, *J*_{C-P} = 12.6 Hz), 122.4 (d, *J*_{C-P} = 13.0 Hz), 42.2 (d, *J*_{C-P} = 73.1 Hz), 37.5, 28.3 (d, *J*_{C-P} = 5.5 Hz); ³¹P NMR (162 MHz, 162 MHz), 127.8 (162 MHz), 127.9 (162 MHz), 128.9 (162 MHz), 128

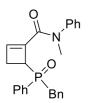
CDCl₃) δ 31.3; HRMS (ESI) Calcd for C₂₈H₂₂NO₂PS₂Na [M + Na]⁺ 522.0722, found 522.0727.



4-(Di(thiophen-2-yl)phosphoryl)-*N*-methyl-*N*-phenylcyclobut-1-ene-1-carboxamide (3aj): Prepared according to the general procedure from **1a** (0.40 mmol) and **2j** (0.20 mmol), and purified by column chromatography on silica gel with petroleum ether/ethyl acetate/ethanol (10/1/1) to provide the title compound **3aj** (65.4mg, 82% yield) as a white solid; R_f 0.3 (petroleum ether/ethyl acetate/ethanol = 10/2/1); m.p. 99.7–101.5 °C; ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.88–7.57 (m, 4H), 7.42–7.28 (m, 3H), 7.25–7.17 (m, 2H), 7.04 (d, *J* = 7.4 Hz, 2H), 5.30 (s, 1H), 3.69 (s, 1H), 3.21 (s, 3H), 2.54–2.42 (m, 2H); ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 161.8, 143.2, 143.1 (d, *J*_{C-P} = 14.6 Hz), 138.7 (d, *J*_{C-P} = 8.3 Hz), 137.5 (d, *J*_{C-P} = 64.7 Hz), 136.7 (d, *J*_{C-P} = 62.5 Hz), 136.0 (d, *J*_{C-P} = 10.1 Hz), 135.5 (d, *J*_{C-P} = 9.9 Hz), 133.2 (d, *J*_{C-P} = 4.5 Hz), 132.9 (d, *J*_{C-P} = 4.8 Hz), 129.4, 128.2 (d, *J*_{C-P} = 14.6 Hz); ³¹P NMR (162 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 20.2; HRMS (ESI) Calcd for C₂₀H₁₈NO₂PS₂Na [M + Na]⁺ 422.0409, found 422.0416.



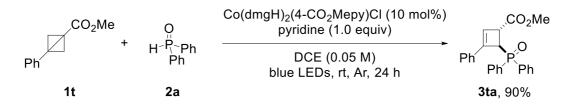
N-Methyl-4-(methyl(phenyl)phosphoryl)-*N*-phenylcyclobut-1-ene-1-carboxamide (3ak): Prepared according to the general procedure from 1a (0.40 mmol) and 2k (0.20 mmol), and purified by column chromatography on silica gel with petroleum ether/ethyl acetate/ethanol (10/1/1) to provide the title compound 3ak in 5:1 dr value, the major isomer (50.0 mg, 77% yield) was isolated as a white solid; R_f 0.15 (petroleum ether/ethyl acetate/ethanol = 10/2/1); m.p. 121.5–123.5 °C; ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.71 (dd, *J* = 11.1, 7.0 Hz, 2H), 7.56–7.44 (m, 3H), 7.43–7.30 (m, 3H), 7.23 (d, *J* = 7.5 Hz, 2H), 4.97 (s, 1H), 3.40 (d, *J* = 4.8 Hz, 1H), 3.32 (s, 3H), 2.38–2.29 (m, 1H), 2.18–2.07 (m, 1H), 1.98 (d, *J* = 12.0 Hz, 3H); ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 161.8, 143.5 (d, *J*_{C-P} = 12.7 Hz), 143.3, 138.4 (d, *J*_{C-P} = 5.3 Hz), 134.1 (d, *J*_{C-P} = 93.8 Hz), 131.4 (d, *J*_{C-P} = 2.5 Hz), 129.9 (d, *J*_{C-P} = 9.2 Hz), 129.6, 128.5 (d, *J*_{C-P} = 11.2 Hz), 128.2, 127.8, 43.2 (d, *J*_{C-P} = 71.3 Hz), 37.8, 26.9 (d, *J*_{C-P} = 5.6 Hz), 16.1 (d, *J*_{C-P} = 69.8 Hz); ³¹P NMR (162 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 34.1; HRMS (ESI) Calcd for C₁₉H₂₀NO₂PNa [M + Na]⁺ 348.1124, found 348.1132.



4-(Benzyl(phenyl)phosphoryl)-*N*-methyl-*N*-phenylcyclobut-1-ene-1-carboxamide (3al): Prepared according to the general procedure from 1a (0.40 mmol) and 2l (0.20 mmol), and purified by column chromatography on silica gel with petroleum ether/ethyl acetate/ethanol (10/1/1) to provide the title compound 3al (76.6 mg, 96% yield) in 1.1:1 dr value, and the isomers could be separated by chromatography.

Major isomer (40.1 mg): a white solid; R_f 0.2 (petroleum ether/ethyl acetate/ethanol = 10/2/1); m.p. 157.2–159.1 °C; ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.80 (dd, *J* = 10.5, 7.7 Hz, 2H), 7.57 (t, *J* = 7.4 Hz, 1H), 7.53–7.44 (m, 4H), 7.29–7.26 (d, *J* = 8.4 Hz, 5H), 7.21 (t, *J* = 7.5 Hz, 1H), 6.99–6.84 (m, 2H), 4.56–4.29 (m, 1H), 4.08 (t, *J* = 13.2 Hz, 1H), 3.62 (t, *J* = 14.7 Hz, 2H), 3.33 (s, 3H), 2.38–2.17 (m, 2H); ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 161.8, 143.9 (d, *J*_{C-P} = 13.0 Hz), 143.1, 139.2 (d, *J*_{C-P} = 6.5 Hz), 131.9 (d, *J*_{C-P} = 8.4 Hz), 131.6 (d, *J*_{C-P} = 2.7 Hz), 131.52 (d, *J*_{C-P} = 8.4 Hz), 130.50(d, *J*_{C-P} = 5.1 Hz), 129.9 (d, *J*_{C-P} = 3.0 Hz), 40.6 (d, *J*_{C-P} = 69.8 Hz), 38.0, 36.9 (d, *J*_{C-P} = 62.0 Hz), 26.9 (d, *J*_{C-P} = 6.2 Hz); ³¹P NMR (162 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 37.9; HRMS (ESI) Calcd for C₂₅H₂₅NO₂P [M + H]⁺ 402.1617, found 402.1627.

Minor isomer (36.5 mg): a white solid; $R_f 0.15$ (petroleum ether/ethyl acetate/ethanol = 10/2/1); m.p. 119.5–121.1 °C; ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.40 (t, J = 7.0 Hz, 3H), 7.36–7.28 (m, 7H), 7.16–7.11 (m, 5H), 4.83 (s, 1H), 3.94 (s, 1H), 3.75 (s, 1H), 3.69–3.60 (m, 1H), 3.39 (s, 3H), 2.13 (d, J = 6.1 Hz, 2H); ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 161.9, 143.7 (d, $J_{C-P} = 12.9$ Hz), 143.4, 138.0 (d, $J_{C-P} = 9.0$ Hz), 132.5 (d, $J_{C-P} = 7.4$ Hz), 131.4 (d, $J_{C-P} = 92.2$ Hz), 131.3 (d, $J_{C-P} = 2.8$ Hz), 130.6 (d, $J_{C-P} = 8.1$ Hz), 130.4 (d, $J_{C-P} = 5.2$ Hz), 130.0 (d, $J_{C-P} = 5.4$ Hz), 129.6, 128.2, 128.1 (d, $J_{C-P} = 11.3$ Hz), 127.9, 126.3 (d, $J_{C-P} = 3.5$ Hz), 39.9 (d, $J_{C-P} = 69.5$ Hz), 38.4 (d, $J_{C-P} = 60.0$ Hz), 38.1, 27.3 (d, $J_{C-P} = 5.7$ Hz); ³¹P NMR (162 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 35.3; HRMS (ESI) Calcd for C₂₅H₂₅NO₂P [M + H]⁺ 402.1617, found 402.1624.

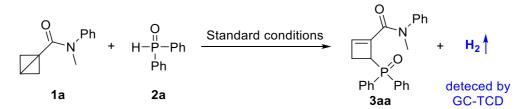


trans-Methyl-4-(diphenylphosphoryl)-3-phenylcyclobut-2-ene-1-carboxylate (3ta):

Prepared according to the general procedure from **1t** (0.40 mmol) and **2a** (0.20 mmol), and purified by column chromatography on silica gel with petroleum ether/ethyl acetate/ethanol (30/1/1) to provide the title compound **3ta** (70.0 mg, 90% yield) as a white solid; R_f 0.4 (petroleum ether/ethyl acetate/ethanol = 10/2/1); ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.86–7.70 (m, 4H), 7.56–7.48 (m, 2H), 7.47–7.33 (m, 4H), 7.20–7.14 (m, 1H), 7.13–6.90 (m, 4H), 6.32 (s, 1H), 4.54 (s, 1H), 3.73 (d, *J* = 7.1 Hz, 1H), 3.68 (s, *J* = 2.3 Hz, 3H); ¹³C NMR: (100 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 171.8, 146.9 (d, *J*_{C-P} = 8.3 Hz), 132.2, 131.91 (d, *J*_{C-P} = 3.1 Hz), 131.90 (d, *J*_{C-P} = 3.0 Hz), 131.8 (d, *J*_{C-P} = 97.9 Hz), 131.6 (d, *J*_{C-P} = 98.1 Hz), 131.3 (d, *J*_{C-P} = 9.3 Hz), 131.1 (d, *J*_{C-P} = 9.1 Hz), 128.5 (d, *J*_{C-P} = 4.5 Hz), 128.47, 128.42 (d, *J*_{C-P} = 4.3 Hz), 128.0, 126.7 (d, *J*_{C-P} = 13.2 Hz), 125.8, 52.2, 45.4 (d, *J*_{C-P} = 69.3 Hz), 43.7 (d, *J*_{C-P} = 3.3 Hz); ³¹P NMR (162 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 27.9.

5. Mechanistic Studies

(a) Detection of hydrogen gas H₂.



Under an argon atmosphere, an oven-dried 10 mL Schlenk tube equipped with a magnetic stir bar was charged with Co(dmgH)₂(4-CO₂Mepy)Cl (9.2 mg, 0.02 mmol, 10 mol%) and bicyclo[1.1.0]butane **1a** (0.40 mmol, 2.0 eq.). Then, the Schlenk tube was introduced in a glovebox, where it was charged with diphenylphosphine oxide **2a** (0.20 mmol, 1.0 eq.). The tube was taken out of the glovebox and connected to a vacuum line through evacuating and back-filling with Ar for 3 times. After dry DCE (4 mL) and pyridine (0.20 mmol, 1.0 eq.) were added under Ar flow, the resulting mixture was degassed via 'freeze-pump-thaw' procedure (3 times) under Ar atmosphere and was stirred under blue LED (40 W) at room temperature for 24 h. After completion of the reaction, 1000 μ L of gas was extracted from the reaction system and detected by GC-TCD. According to the spectrum (Figure S4), the only peak stands for the generation of hydrogen gas.

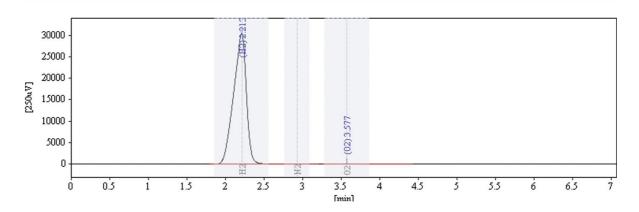


Figure S4. Hydrogen detected by GC-TCD.

(b) Separation of intermediate from model reaction with 10 mol% 2a.

 Table 10. Control experiments.

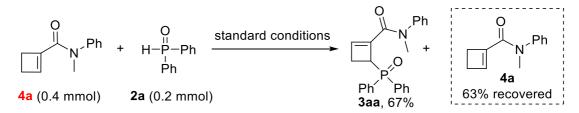
O N N	+ H−P−Ph Ph Ph Ph Co] (10 mol%) pyridine (1 eq.) DCE, blue LEDs, 24 h	O I N Ph
1a (0.4 mmol)	2a (10 mol%)	4a
Entry	Variation to standard conditions	Yield ^a
1	none	88%
2	no pyridine	83%
3 ^b	no 2a	0%
4 ^{<i>c</i>}	no [Co]	0%
5 ^d	no visible light	0%

Reaction condition: **1a** (0.4 mmol), **2a** (0.04 mmol), [Co] 10 mol% and pyridine (0.2 mmol) in DCE (4 mL) was irradiated with 40 W blue LEDs for 24 h under argon atmosphere at rt. ^{*a*} isolation yield. ^{*b*} 93% recovery of **1a**. ^{*c*} 89% recovery of **1a**.

Under an argon atmosphere, an oven-dried 10 mL Schlenk tube equipped with a magnetic stir bar was charged with $Co(dmgH)_2(4-CO_2Mepy)Cl$ (0.04 mmol, 10 mol%) and bicyclo[1.1.0]butane **1a** (0.40 mmol, 1.0 eq.). Then, the Schlenk tube was introduced in a glovebox, where it was charged with diphenylphosphine oxide **2a** (0.04 mmol, 10 mol%). The tube was taken out of the glovebox and connected to a vacuum line through evacuating and back-filling with Ar for 3 times. After dry DCE (4 mL) and pyridine (0.40 mmol, 1.0 eq.) were added under Ar flow, the resulting mixture was degassed via 'freeze-pump-thaw' procedure (3 times) under Ar atmosphere and was stirred under blue LED (40 W) at room temperature for 24 h (monitored by TLC analysis). The reaction mixture was concentrated under reduced pressure and the crude residue was purified by column chromatography on silica gel (eluent: petroleum ether: ethyl acetate = 10:1) to give the intermediate **4a** (66.3 mg, 88% yield). The reaction without pyridine afforded the intermediate **4a** in 83% yield (62.2 mg), whereas no reaction occurred without **2a**, cobalt catalyst or visible light, and bicyclo[1.1.0]butane substrate **1a** was recovered.

N-Methyl-*N*-phenylcyclobut-1-ene-1-carboxamide (4a): white solid; m.p. 62.7-64.1 °C; ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.43–7.33 (m, 3H), 7.24–7.19 (m, 2H), 5.69 (s, 1H), 3.30 (s, 3H), 2.22 (s, 2H), 2.16 (s, 2H); ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 162.5, 150.4, 143.5, 142.9, 141.1, 129.2, 127.7, 37.5, 30.7, 26.6; HRMS (ESI) Calcd for C₁₂H₁₄NO [M + H]⁺ 188.1070, found 188.1079.

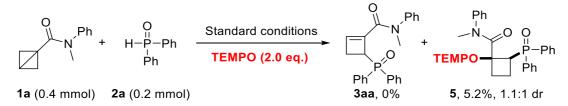
(c) Control experiment with intermediate 4a.



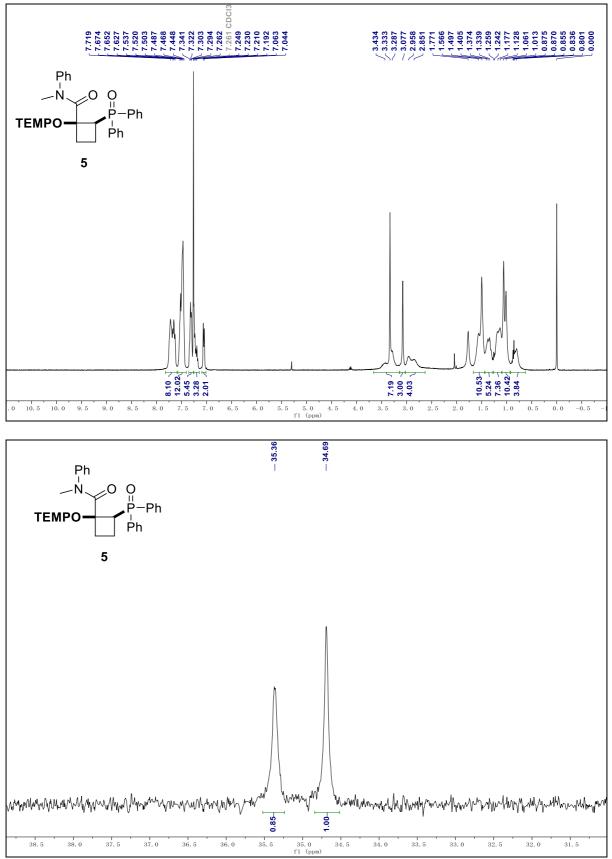
Under an argon atmosphere, an oven-dried 10 mL Schlenk tube equipped with a magnetic stir bar was charged with $Co(dmgH)_2(4-CO_2Mepy)Cl$ (0.02 mmol, 10 mol%) and cyclobutene **4a** (0.40 mmol, 2.0 eq.). Then, the Schlenk tube was introduced in a glovebox, where it was charged with diphenylphosphine oxide **2a** (0.20 mmol, 1.0 eq.). The tube was taken out of the glovebox and connected to a vacuum line through evacuating and back-filling with Ar for 3 times. After dry DCE (4 mL) and pyridine (0.20 mmol, 1.0 eq.) were added under Ar flow, the resulting mixture was degassed via 'freeze-pump-thaw' procedure (3 times) under Ar atmosphere and was stirred under blue LED (40 W) at room temperature for 24 h (monitored by TLC analysis). The reaction mixture was concentrated under reduced pressure and the crude residue was purified by column chromatography on silica gel (eluent: petroleum ether: ethyl acetate: ethanol = 30:1:1-10:1:1) to give the **3aa** (52.0 mg, 67% yield) and to recover intermediate **4a** (47.5 mg, 63% yield).

(d) Radical trapping experiment.

Following the standard procedure of the model reaction, when 2.0 equiv. radical inhibitor 2,2,6,6-tetramethylpiperidine-1-oxy (TEMPO) was added to the reaction mixture, the formation of the desired product **3aa** was completely inhibited, and the radical adduct **5** was obtained in 5.2% yield.



2-(Diphenylphosphoryl)-*N*-methyl-*N*-phenyl-1-(((2,2,6,6-tetramethylpiperidin-1yl)oxy)methyl)cyclobutane-1-carboxamide (5): white solid; m.p. 183.5–185.3 °C; ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.67 (dd, *J* = 22.8, 13.9 Hz, 8H), 7.50 (dd, *J* = 20.2, 7.0 Hz, 12H), 7.31 (q, *J* = 5.8, 3.8 Hz, 5H), 7.25–7.14 (m, 3H), 7.05 (d, *J* = 7.8 Hz, 2H), 3.33 (s, 7H), 3.08 (s, 3H), 2.90 (d, *J* = 42.7 Hz, 4H), 1.53 (d, *J* = 27.5 Hz, 11H), 1.44–1.28 (m, 5H), 1.27–1.10 (m, 7H), 1.04 (d, *J* = 19.2 Hz, 10H), 0.91–0.63 (m, 4H); ³¹P NMR (162 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 35.4, 34.7;



HRMS (ESI) Calcd for $C_{33}H_{41}N_2O_3Na \ [M + Na]^+$, 567.2747 found 567.2755.

Figure S5. ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) and ³¹P NMR (162 MHz, CDCl₃) spectrum of 5.

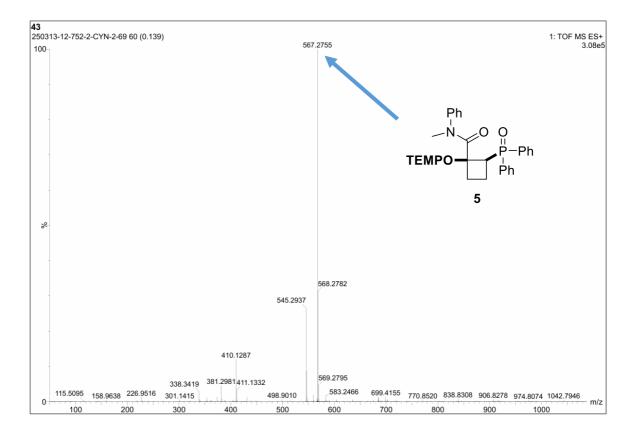
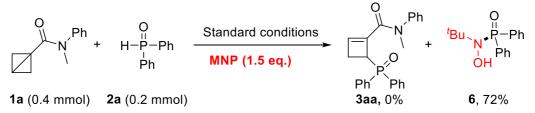
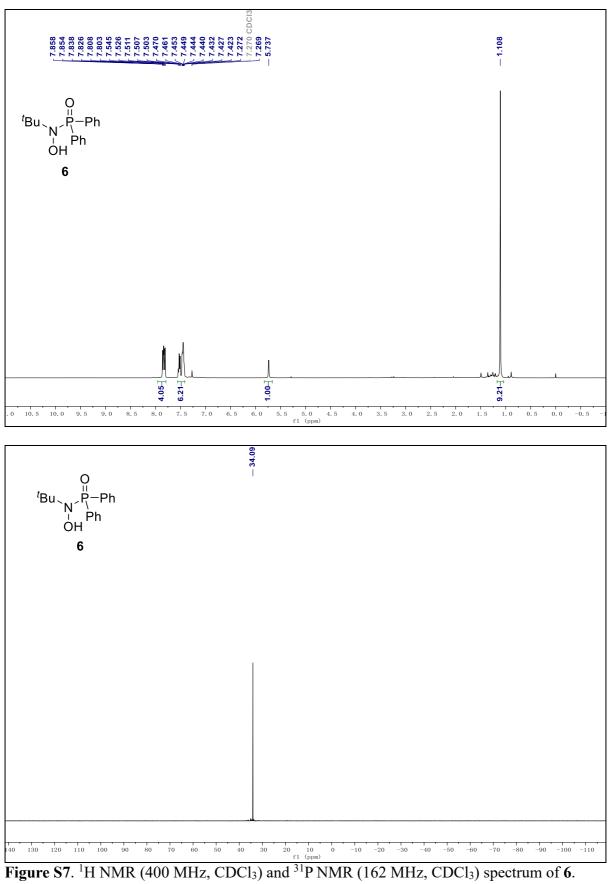


Figure S6. High-resolution mass spectrum of 5.



Following the standard procedure of the model reaction, when 1.5 equiv. radical inhibitor 2methyl-2-nitrosopropane dimer (MNP) was added to the reaction mixture, the formation of the desired product **3aa** was completely inhibited, and the radical adduct **6** was obtained in 72% yields.¹⁰ ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.96–7.79 (m, 4H), 7.55–7.41 (m, 6H), 5.74 (s, 1H), 1.11 (s, 9H); ³¹P NMR (162 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 34.1.



6. Product Transformations

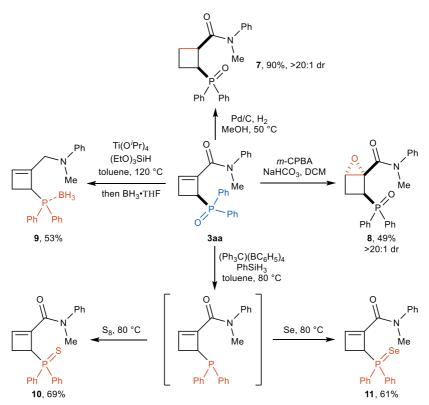
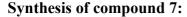
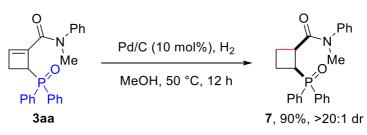


Figure S8. Synthetic applications.

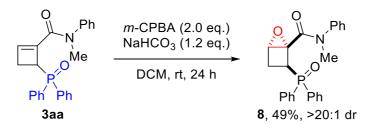




A 10 mL over-dried Schlenk tube equipped with a stir bar was charged with product **3aa** (77.4 mg, 0.20 mmol) under Ar atmosphere. After Pd/C (5% moisture content) (0.02 mmol, 10 mol%) and MeOH (4.0 mL) were added, the mixture was bubbled with H₂ balloon for three times. The resulting mixture was stirred with a H₂ balloon at 50 °C in oil bath for 12 h (monitored by TLC). After the reaction was cooled down to room temperature, the reaction solution was filtered by silica gel and the filtrate was concentrated under reduced pressure. The residue was purified by recrystallization to afford the compound 7 (69.8 mg, 90% yield, >20:1 dr) as a white solid. The relative configuration of 7 was established by the 2D NOESY data; m.p. 172.5–174.3 °C; ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.80–7.68 (m, 4H), 7.51–7.40 (m, 6H), 7.37–7.27 (m, 3H), 7.09 (d, J = 7.4 Hz, 2H), 3.54–3.42 (m, 1H), 3.30–3.20 (m, 1H), 3.11 (s, 3H), 2.50–2.38 (m, 1H), 2.35–

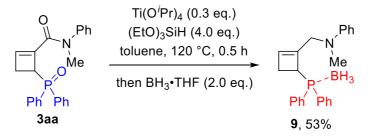
2.24 (m, 1H), 2.17–2.06 (m, 1H), 1.75–1.69 (m, 1H); ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 170.8 (d, $J_{C-P} = 5.3$ Hz), 144.0, 134.6 (d, $J_{C-P} = 97.8$ Hz), 133.4 (d, $J_{C-P} = 97.5$ Hz), 131.6 (d, $J_{C-P} = 8.8$ Hz), 131.2 (d, $J_{C-P} = 3.5$ Hz), 131.1 (d, $J_{C-P} = 3.4$ Hz), 130.8 (d, $J_{C-P} = 8.9$ Hz), 129.4, 128.3 (d, $J_{C-P} = 11.6$ Hz), 128.1 (d, $J_{C-P} = 11.4$ Hz), 127.4, 127.3, 39.4 (d, $J_{C-P} = 6.3$ Hz), 37.6, 37.0 (d, $J_{C-P} = 70.4$ Hz), 24.3 (d, $J_{C-P} = 6.1$ Hz), 21.0 (d, $J_{C-P} = 4.2$ Hz); ³¹P NMR (162 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 30.5; HRMS (ESI) Calcd for C₂₄H₂₄NO₂PNa [M + Na]⁺ 412.1437, found 412.1445.

Synthesis of compound 8:



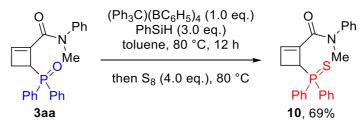
A 50 mL over-dried Schlenk tube equipped with a stir bar was charged with product **3aa** (77.4 mg, 0.20 mmol) under Ar atmosphere. After *m*-CPBA (62.0 mg, 0.4 mmol), NaHCO₃ (20.2 mg, 0.24 mmol) and dry DCM (10 mL) were added, the resulting mixture was stirred at room temperature for 24 h (monitored by TLC). Then the reaction solution was filtered by silica gel and the filtrate was concentrated under reduced pressure. The residue was purified by flash column chromatography on silica gel with petroleum ether/ethyl acetate/ethanol (20:1:1) to afford the compound **8** (39.6 mg, 49% yield) as a white solid; R_f 0.5 (petroleum ether/ethyl acetate/ethanol = 10:2:1); m.p. 155.5–157.3 °C; ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.89 (dd, *J* = 12.0, 7.1 Hz, 2H), 7.70 (dd, *J* = 11.3, 7.4 Hz, 2H), 7.55–7.43 (m, 6H), 7.37–7.30 (m, 3H), 7.23–7.15 (m, 2H), 3.18–3.10 (s, 4H), 3.08–2.96 (s, 1H), 2.37–2.24 (m, 1H), 1.81–1.71 (m, 1H); ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 163.7, 141.8, 132.5, 131.9 (d, *J*_{C-P} = 6.2 Hz), 131.8 (d, *J*_{C-P} = 6.8 Hz), 131.2 (d, *J*_{C-P} = 9.6 Hz), 130.7 (d, *J*_{C-P} = 9.3 Hz), 130.0 (d, *J*_{C-P} = 96.9 Hz), 129.5 (d, *J*_{C-P} = 96.8 Hz), 129.0, 128.7 (d, *J*_{C-P} = 11.8 Hz), 128.4 (d, *J*_{C-P} = 12.1 Hz), 128.0, 63.2, 61.8, 41.7 (d, *J*_{C-P} = 72.8 Hz), 38.0, 31.4, 30.2, 29.1; ³¹P NMR (162 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 30.2; HRMS (ESI) Calcd for C₂₄H₂₂NO₃PNa [M + Na]⁺ 426.1230, found 426.1228.

Synthesis of compound 9:



A 10 mL over-dried Schlenk tube equipped with a stir bar was charged with product **3aa** (77.40 mg, 0.20 mmol) under Ar atmosphere. After toluene (2.0 mL), (EtO)₃SiH (0.80 mmol, 4.0 eq.) and Ti(O^PPr)₄ (0.06 mmol, 0.3 eq.) were added sequentially via syringe, the resulting mixture was stirred at 120 °C in oil bath for 0.5 h. Then the reaction mixture was cooled down to room temperature, and dry BH₃·THF (1 M in THF, 2.0 eq.) was added under Ar atmosphere. The reaction mixture was stirred at room temperature for 3 h (monitored by TLC), then CH₂Cl₂ (2.0 mL) was added and concentrated under reduced pressure. The residue was purified by flash column chromatography on silica gel with petroleum ether/ethyl acetate/ethanol (100:1:1) to afford the compound 9 (39.3 mg, 53% yield) as a white solid; $R_f 0.7$ (petroleum ether/ethyl acetate/ethanol = 20:1:1); m.p. 169.0-171.2 °C; ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.80–7.75 (m, 2H), 7.67–7.60 (m, 2H), 7.49–7.36 (m, 6H), 7.19–7.12 (m, 2H), 6.71–6.65 (m, 1H), 6.62–6.54 (m, 2H), 5.84 (s, 1H), 3.94–3.85 (m, 1H), 3.71–3.53 (m, 2H), 2.81 (s, 3H), 2.74–2.57 (m, 2H); ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 149.4, 143.6 (d, $J_{C-P} = 4.0$ Hz), 132.4 (d, $J_{C-P} = 8.8$ Hz), 131.9 $(d, J_{C-P} = 8.7 \text{ Hz}), 131.8 (d, J_{C-P} = 13.7 \text{ Hz}), 131.4 (d, J_{C-P} = 2.4 \text{ Hz}), 131.1 (d, J_{C-P} = 2.5 \text{ Hz}),$ 129.5 (d, $J_{C-P} = 53.5 \text{ Hz}$), 129.4 (d, $J_{C-P} = 53.0 \text{ Hz}$), 128.9, 128.8 (d, $J_{C-P} = 10.0 \text{ Hz}$), 128.7 (d, $J_{C-P} = 9.8$ Hz), 116.5, 112.4, 52.7, 38.5, 38.1 (d, $J_{C-P} = 34.0$ Hz), 29.8 (d, $J_{C-P} = 2.7$ Hz); ³¹P NMR (162 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 16.6, 16.1; HRMS (ESI) Calcd for C₂₄H₂₈BNP [M + H]⁺ 372.2047, found 372.2055.

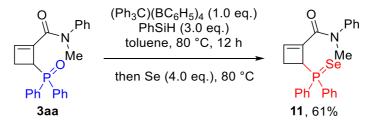
Synthesis of Compound 10.



A 10 mL over-dried Schlenk tube equipped with a stir bar was charged with product **3aa** (38.7 mg, 0.10 mmol) under Ar atmosphere. After $(Ph_3C)(BC_6H_5)_4$ (0.10 mmol, 1.0 eq.), toluene (1.5

mL) and PhSiH₃ (0.30 mmol, 3.0 eq.) were added, the resulting mixture was stirred at 80 °C in oil bath for 12 h. The reaction solution was cooled down to room temperature, and S₈ (0.40 mmol, 4.0 eq.) was added under Ar atmosphere. The reaction mixture was stirred at 80 °C in oil bath for additional 2 h (monitored by TLC), then saturated aq. NH₄Cl (2.0 mL) was added and extracted with CH₂Cl₂ (6.0 mL), dried over Na₂SO₄, and concentrated under reduced pressure. The residue was purified by flash column chromatography on silica gel with petroleum ether/ethyl acetate/ethanol (100:1:1) to afford the compound 10 (27.9 mg, 69% yield) as a light yellow solid; $R_f 0.7$ (petroleum ether/ethyl acetate/ethanol = 20:1:1); m.p. 175.5– 176.3 °C; ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 8.09–7.94 (m, 2H), 7.89–7.74 (m, 2H), 7.52–7.42 (m, 6H), 7.38–7.29 (m, 3H), 7.20 (d, J = 7.5 Hz, 2H), 5.14 (s, 1H), 4.26 (s, 1H), 3.19 (s, 3H), 2.31 (s, 2H); ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 161.6, 143.20, 142.7 (d, $J_{C-P} = 11.6$ Hz), 139.0 (d, J_{C-P} = 7.8 Hz), 133.2 (d, J_{C-P} = 81.0 Hz), 132.4 (d, J_{C-P} = 81.7 Hz), 132.0 (d, J_{C-P} = 10.3 Hz), 131.4 $(d, J_{C-P} = 2.9 \text{ Hz}), 131.2 (d, J_{C-P} = 2.9 \text{ Hz}), 131.0 (d, J_{C-P} = 9.8 \text{ Hz}), 129.3, 128.4 (d, J_{C-P} = 11.7 \text{ Hz})$ Hz), 128.1 (d, *J*_{C-P} = 12.2 Hz), 127.8, 127.7, 42.3 (d, *J*_{C-P} = 54.8 Hz), 37.6, 28.9 (d, *J*_{C-P} = 3.9 Hz); ³¹P NMR (162 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 44.3; HRMS (ESI) Calcd for C₂₄H₂₂NOPSNa [M + Na]⁺ 426.1052, found 426.1058.

Synthesis of Compound 11.



A 10 mL over-dried Schlenk tube equipped with a stir bar was charged with product **3aa** (38.7 mg, 0.10 mmol) under Ar atmosphere. After (Ph₃C)(BC₆H₅)₄ (0.10 mmol, 1.0 eq.), toluene (1.5 mL) and PhSiH₃ (0.30 mmol, 3.0 eq.) were added, the resulting mixture was stirred at 80 °C in oil bath for 12 h. The reaction solution was cooled down to room temperature, and S₈ (0.40 mmol, 4.0 eq.) was added under Ar atmosphere. The reaction mixture was stirred at 80 °C in oil bath for additional 2 h (monitored by TLC), then saturated aq. NH₄Cl (2.0 mL) was added and extracted with CH₂Cl₂ (6.0 mL), dried over Na₂SO₄, and concentrated under reduced pressure. The residue was purified by flash column chromatography on silica gel with petroleum ether/ethyl acetate/ethanol (100:1:1) to afford the compound **11** (27.5 mg, 61% yield) as a white solid; R_f 0.6 (petroleum ether/ethyl acetate/ethanol = 20:1:1); m.p. 187.2–189.3 °C; ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 8.04 (dd, *J* = 13.6, 7.0 Hz, 2H), 7.83 (dd, *J* = 12.9, 7.1 Hz, 2H),

7.51–7.40 (m, 6H), 7.37–7.28 (m, 3H), 7.26–7.20 (m, 2H), 5.12 (s, 1H), 4.34 (s, 1H), 3.19 (s, 3H), 2.27 (s, 2H); ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 161.4, 143.2, 142.8 (d, *J*_{C-P} = 13.9 Hz), 139.5 (d, *J*_{C-P} = 7.4 Hz), 132.6 (d, *J*_{C-P} = 10.6 Hz), 132.1 (d, *J*_{C-P} = 90.5 Hz), 131.5 (d, *J*_{C-P} = 10.0 Hz), 131.41 (d, *J*_{C-P} = 90.3 Hz), 131.40 (d, *J*_{C-P} = 3.9 Hz), 131.3 (d, *J*_{C-P} = 3.0 Hz), 129.3, 128.5 (d, *J*_{C-P} = 11.9 Hz), 128.2 (d, *J*_{C-P} = 12.3 Hz), 127.9, 127.8, 41.6 (d, *J*_{C-P} = 47.3 Hz), 37.7, 29.7 (d, *J*_{C-P} = 3.5 Hz); ³¹P NMR (162 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 38.9; HRMS (ESI) Calcd for C₂₄H₂₂NOPSe [M + H]⁺ 452.0677, found 452.0678.

7. X-Ray Diffraction Analysis

Recrystallization from PE/EA/DCM afforded single crystals suitable for X-ray diffraction analysis, which unambiguously confirmed the molecular structure of **3aa** (Figure S9). A suitable crystal was selected and measured on a XtaLAB Synergy R, DW system, HyPix diffractometer. The crystal was kept at 100.00(10) K during data collection. Using Olex2, the structure was solved with the SHELXS structure solution program using Direct Methods and refined with the SHELXL refinement package using Least Squares minimisation. These data can be obtained free of charge from the Cambridge Crystallographic Data Centre.

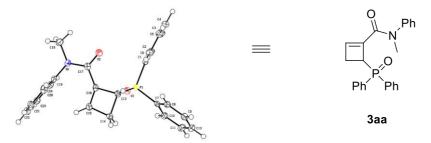


Figure S9. X-ray structure of **3aa** (CCDC: 2388351) (The thermal ellipsoid was drawn at the 50% probability level).

Identification code	3aa
Empirical formula	$C_{24}H_{22}NO_2P$
Formula weight	387.39
Temperature/K	100.00(10)
Crystal system	monoclinic
Space group	$P2_1/n$
a/Å	11.53630(10)
b/Å	12.06750(10)
c/Å	14.55360(10)
α/°	90
β/°	102.1150(10)
$\gamma/^{\circ}$	90
Volume/Å ³	1980.94(3)
Z	4
$\rho_{calc}g/cm^3$	1.299

Table S11 Crystal data and structure refinement for 3aa.

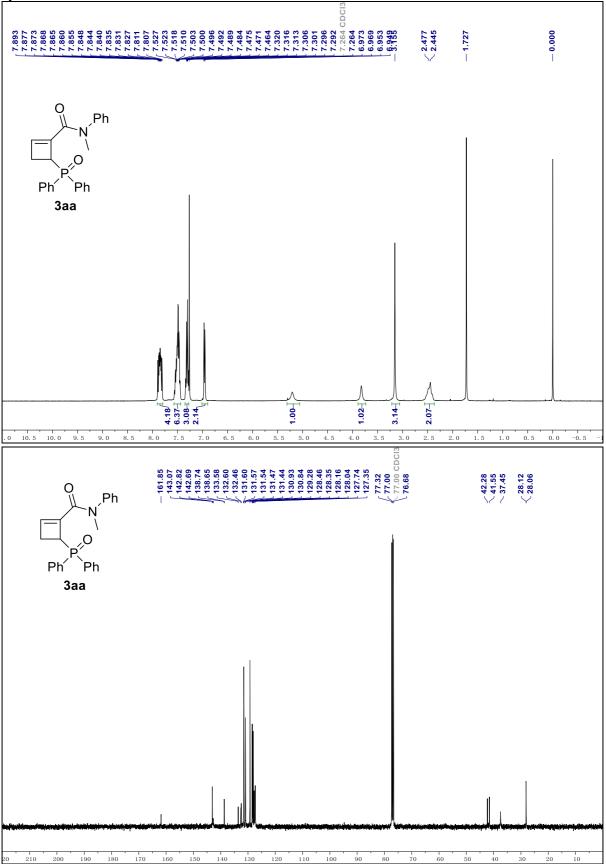
μ/mm^{-1}	1.380
F(000)	816.0
Crystal size/mm ³	$0.15 \times 0.13 \times 0.12$
Radiation	Cu Ka ($\lambda = 1.54184$)
2Θ range for data collection/°	8.924 to 146.474
Index ranges	$-14 \le h \le 10, -14 \le k \le 5,$
	$-17 \le 1 \le 17$
Reflections collected	13272
Independent reflections	$3870 [R_{int} = 0.0264,$
	$R_{sigma} = 0.0236$]
Data/restraints/parameters	3870/0/255
Goodness-of-fit on F ²	1.036
Final R indexes [I>= 2σ (I)]	$R_1 = 0.0330, wR_2 = 0.0857$
Final R indexes [all data]	$R_1 = 0.0351, wR_2 = 0.0874$
Largest diff. peak/hole / e Å ⁻³	0.41/-0.34

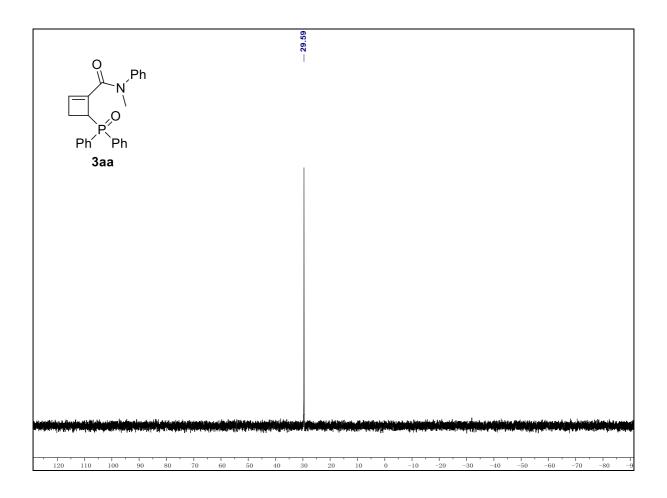
8. References

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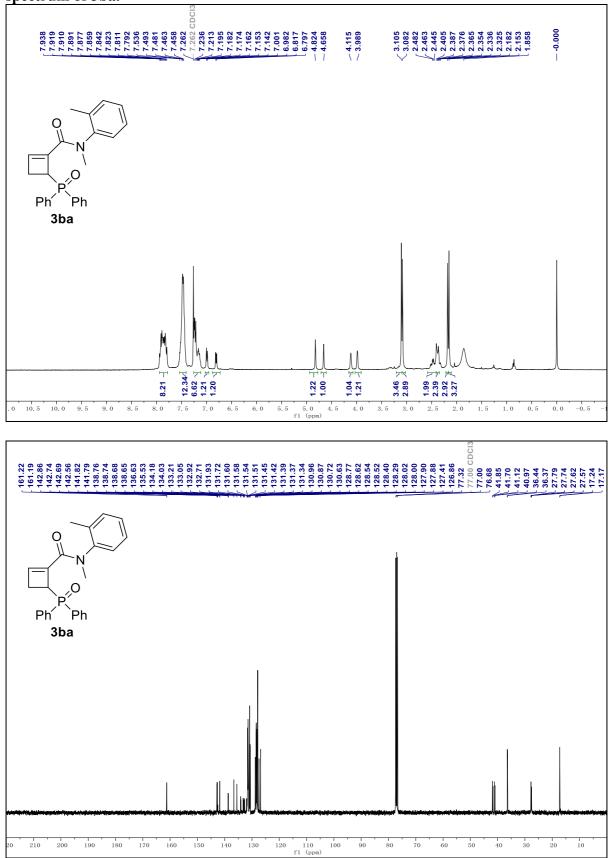
9. NMR Spectra

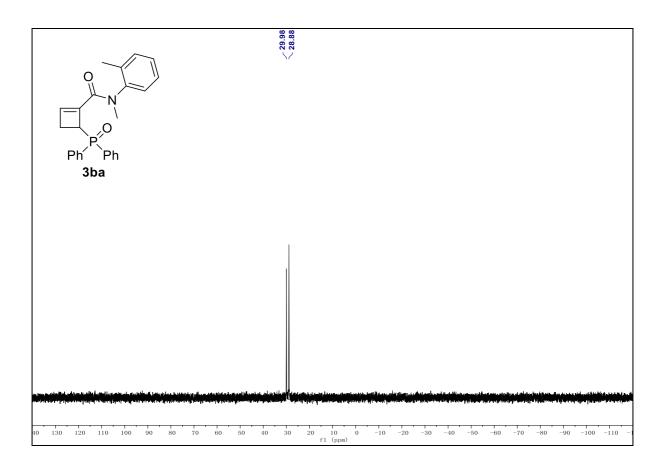
¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃), ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃) and ³¹P NMR (162 MHz, CDCl₃) spectrum of 3aa.



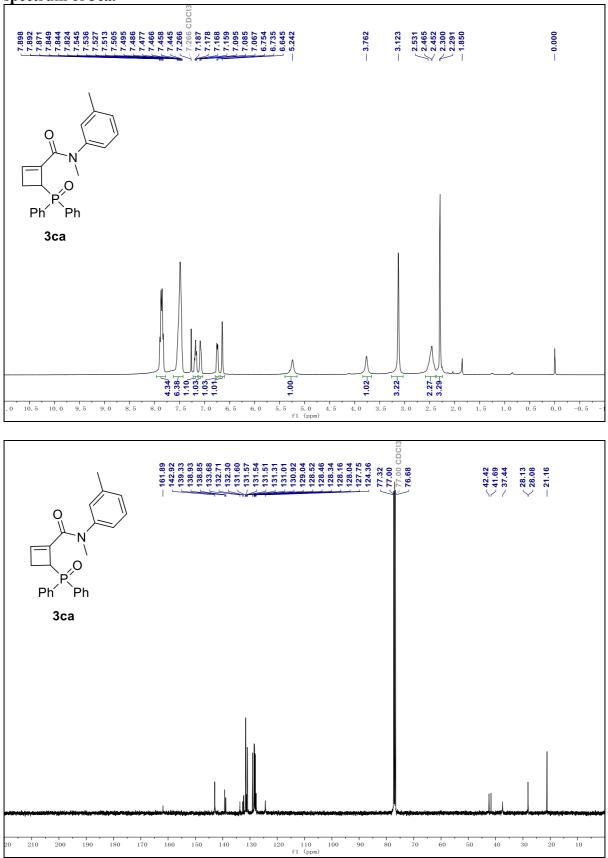


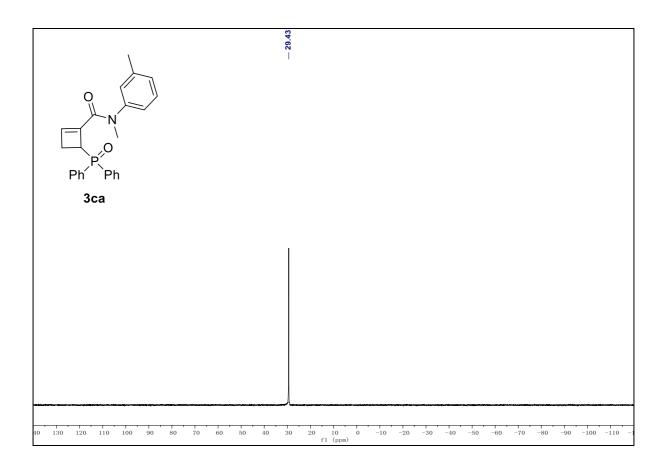


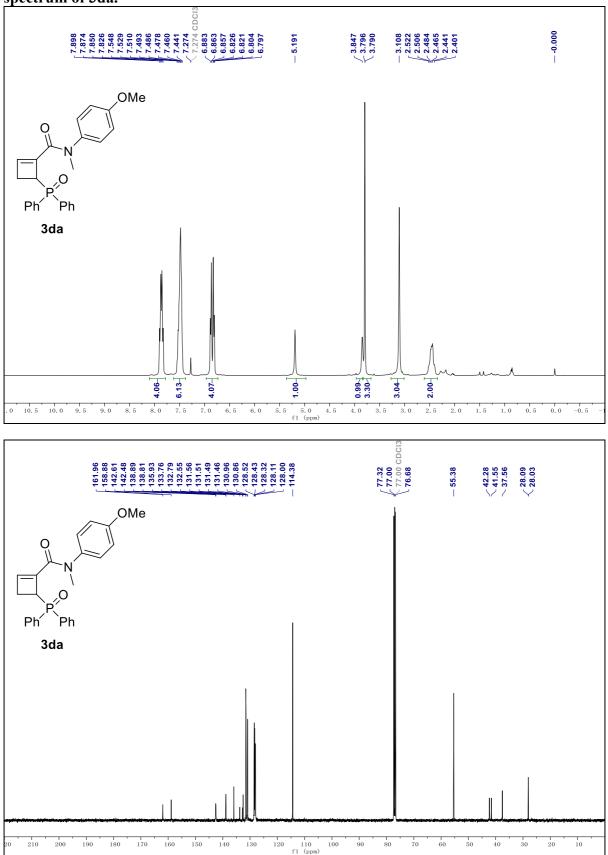




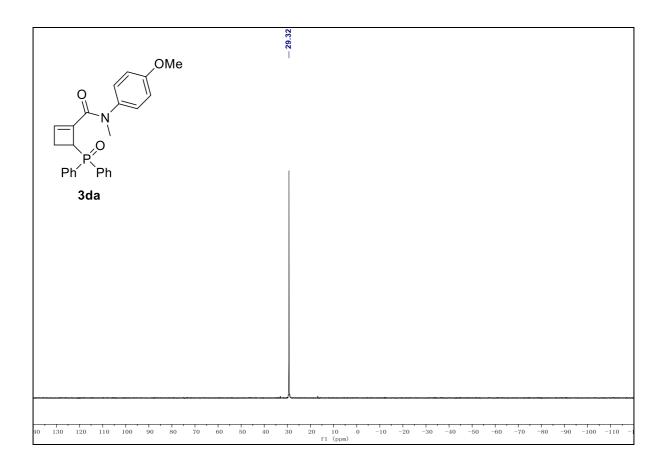


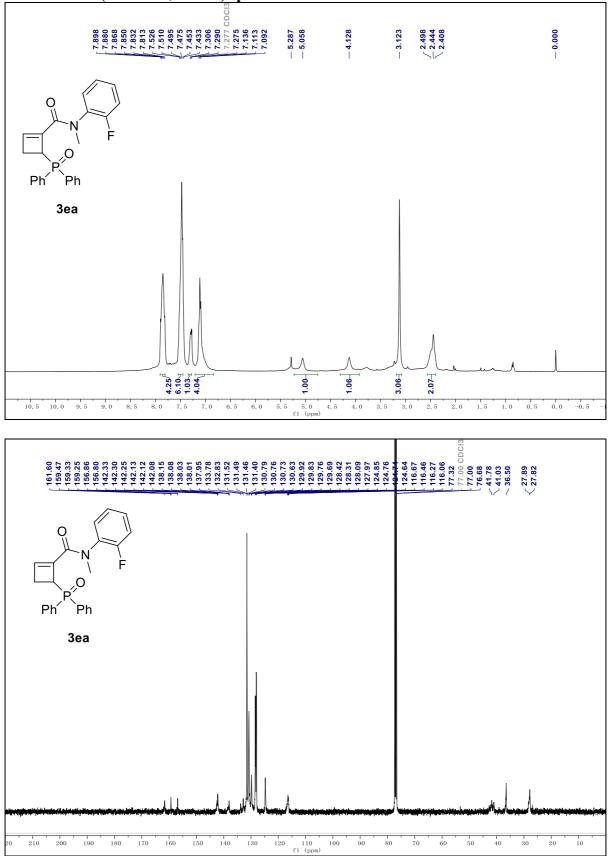




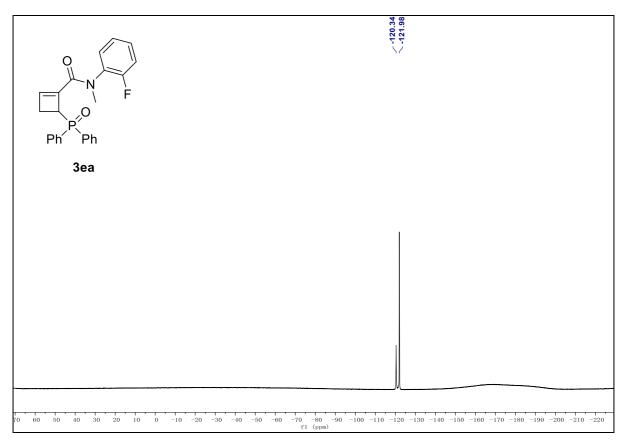


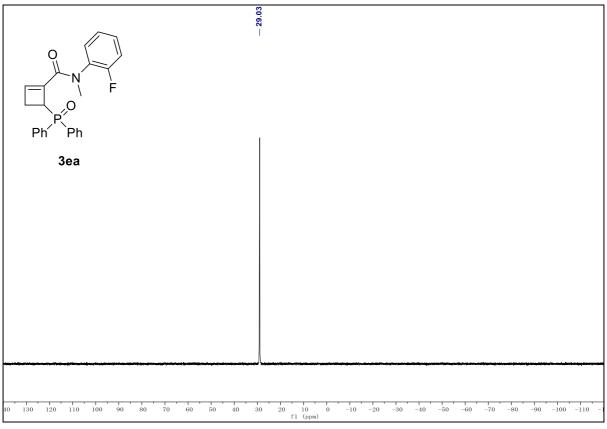
¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃), ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃) and ³¹P NMR (162 MHz, CDCl₃) spectrum of 3da.

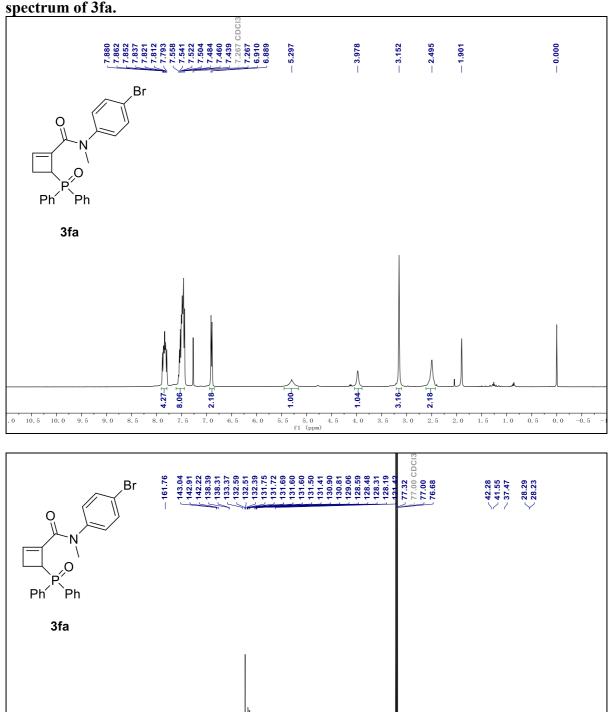




¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃), ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃), ¹⁹F NMR (376 MHz, CDCl₃) and ³¹P NMR (162 MHz, CDCl₃) spectrum of 3ea.



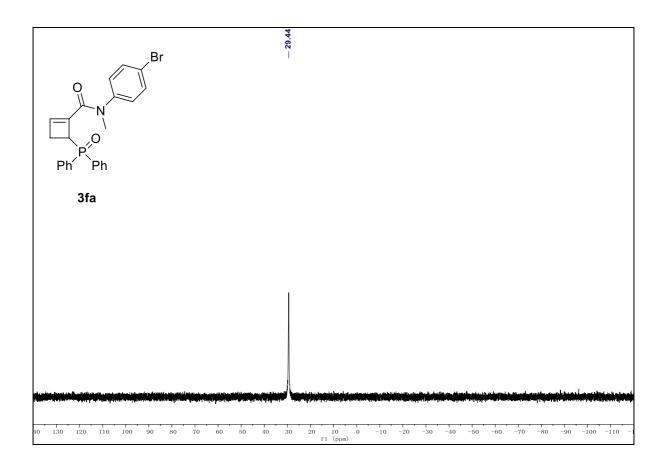


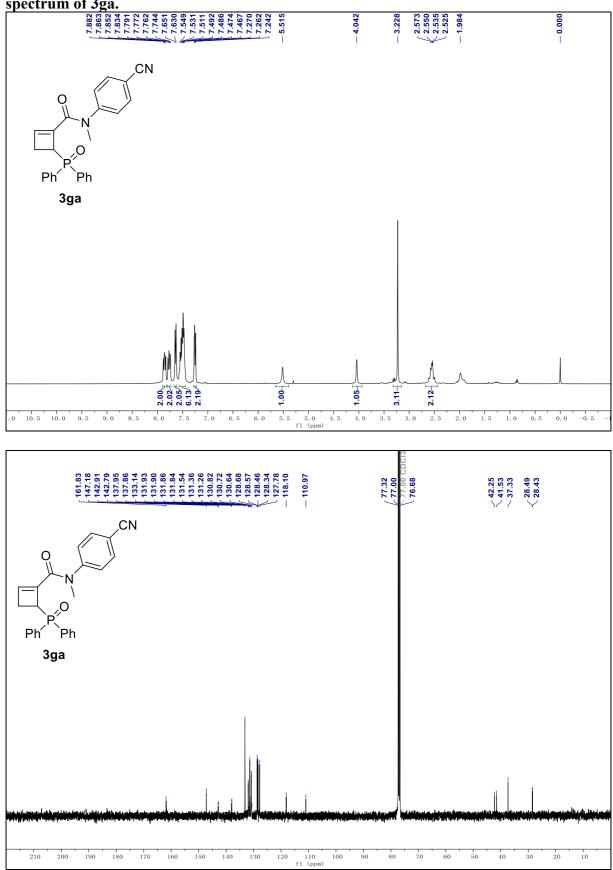


¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃), ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃) and ³¹P NMR (162 MHz, CDCl₃) spectrum of 3fa.

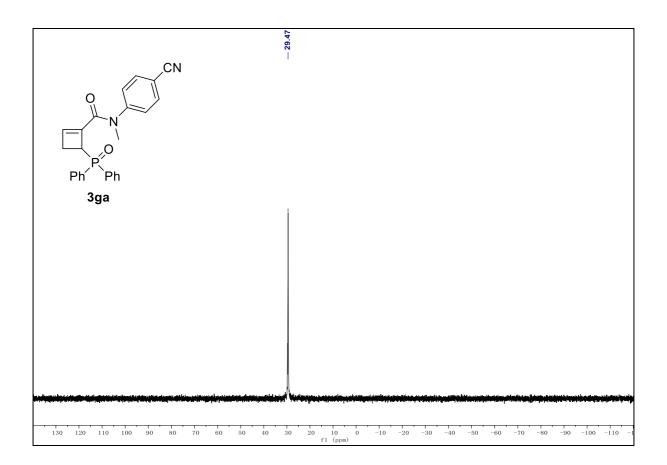
f1 (ppm) 160 150

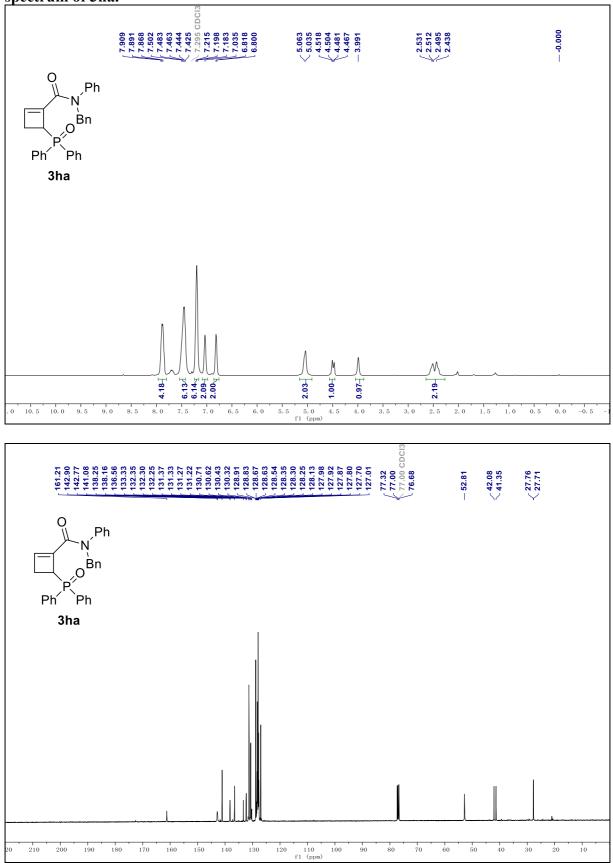
140 130



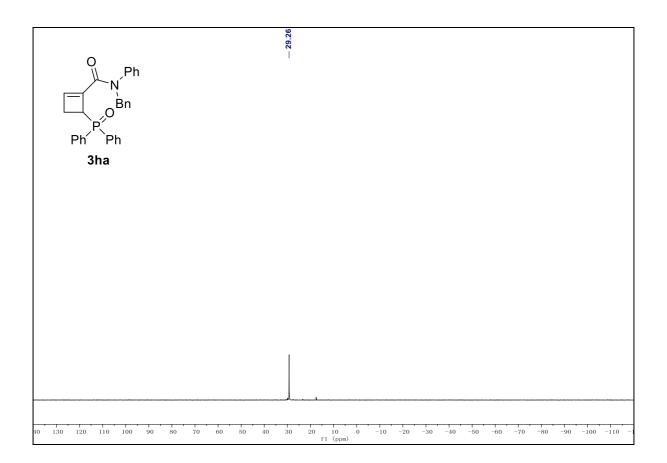


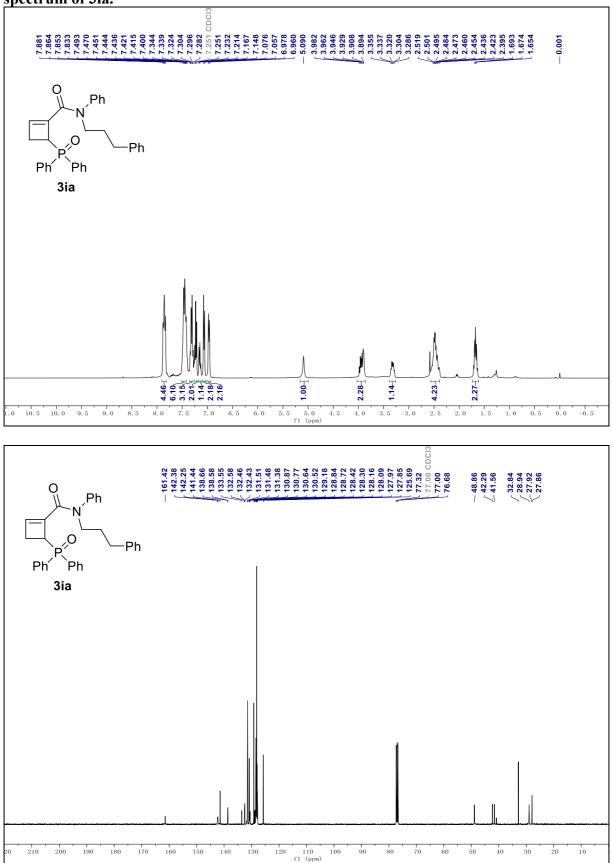
¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃), ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃) and ³¹P NMR (162 MHz, CDCl₃) spectrum of 3ga.



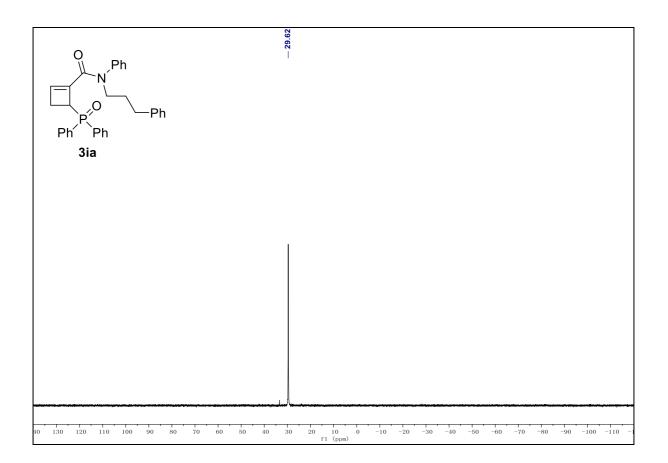


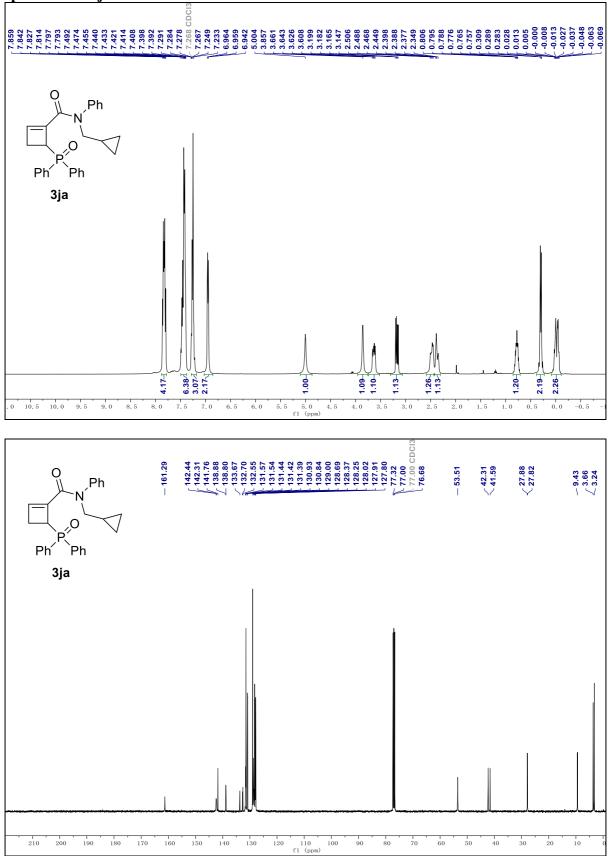
¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃), ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃) and ³¹P NMR (162 MHz, CDCl₃) spectrum of 3ha.



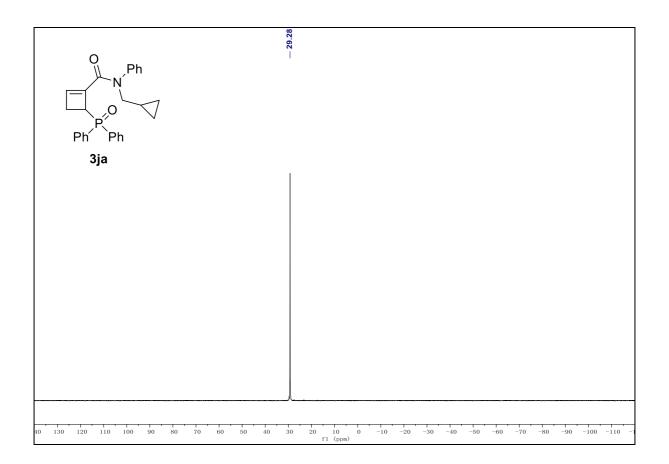


¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃), ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃) and ³¹P NMR (162 MHz, CDCl₃) spectrum of 3ia.

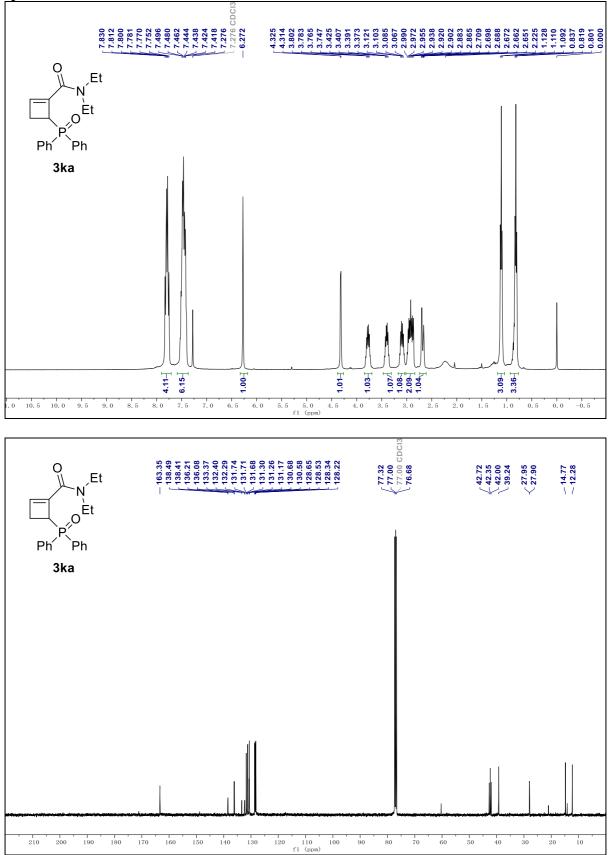


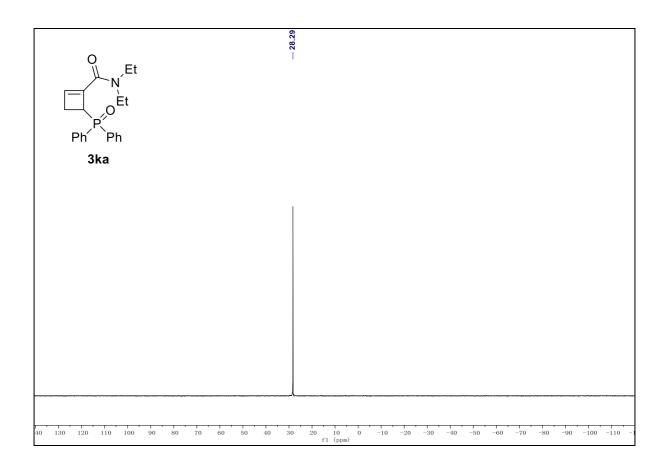


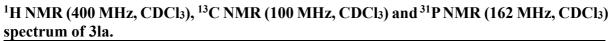
¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃), ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃) and ³¹P NMR (162 MHz, CDCl₃) spectrum of 3ja.

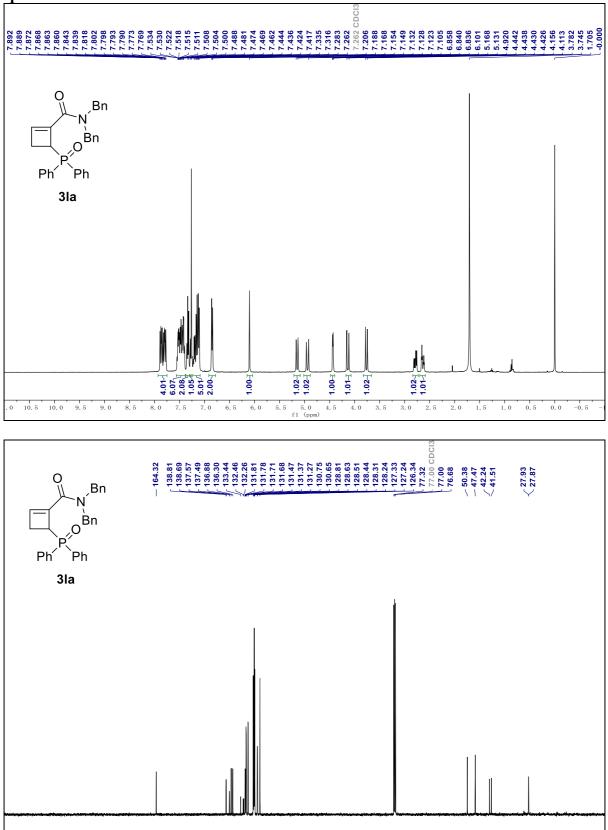




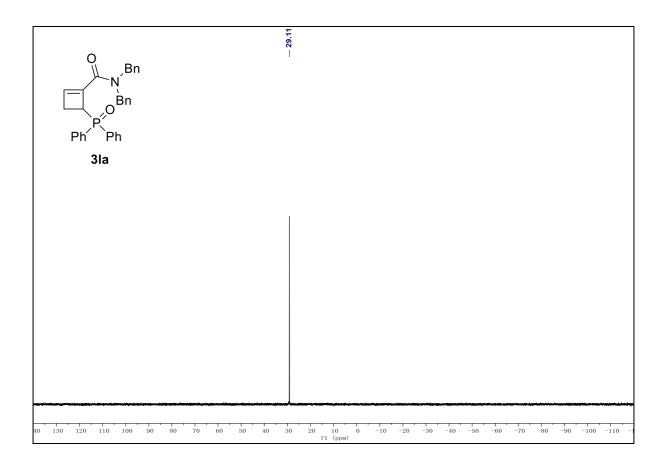




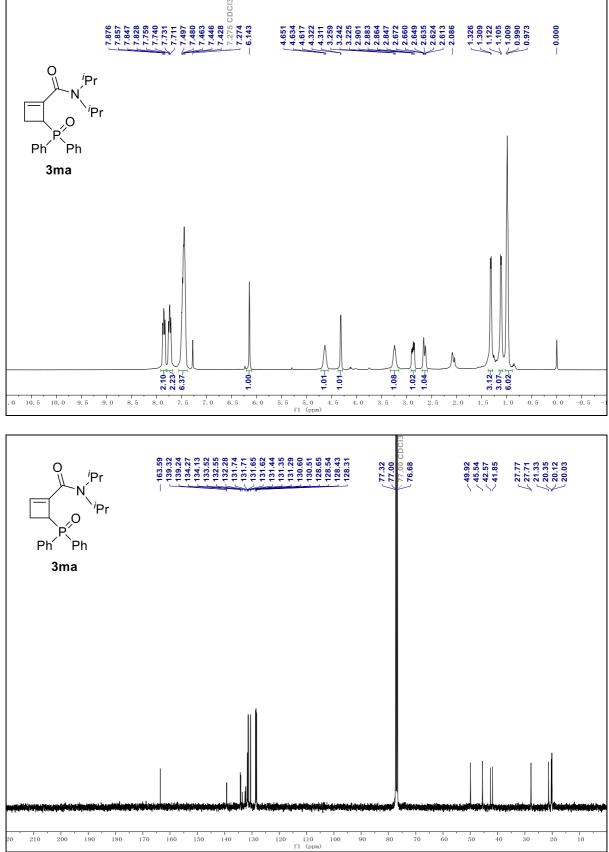


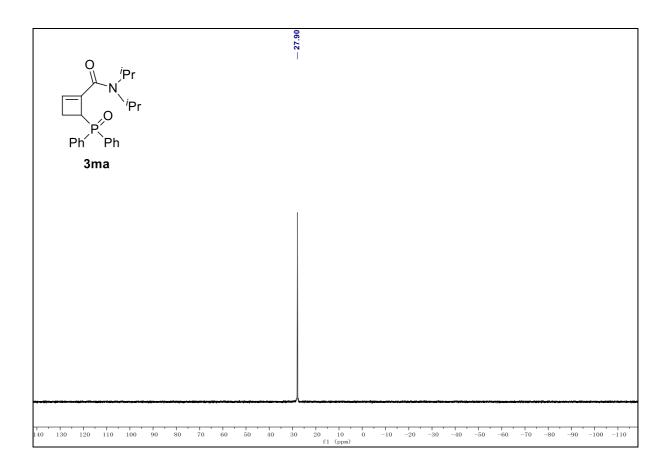


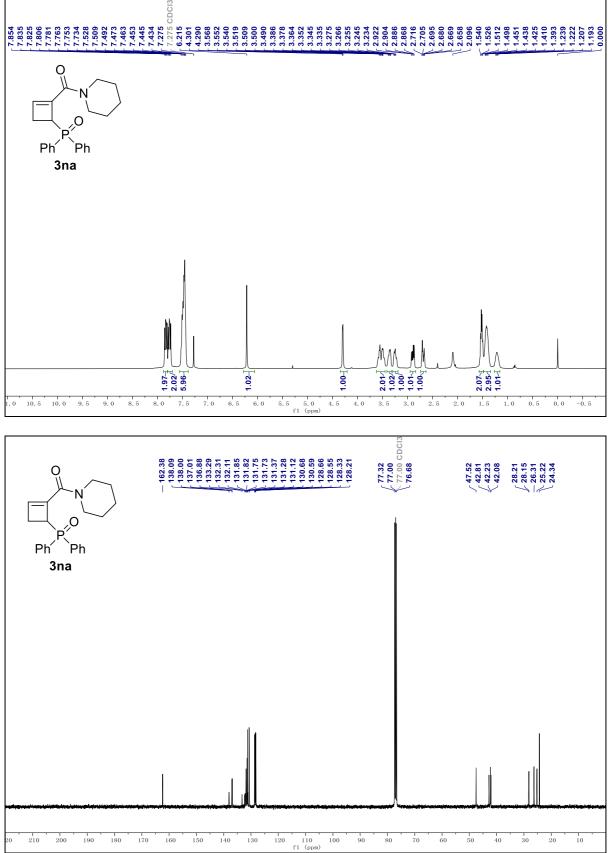
f1 (ppm) 210 200



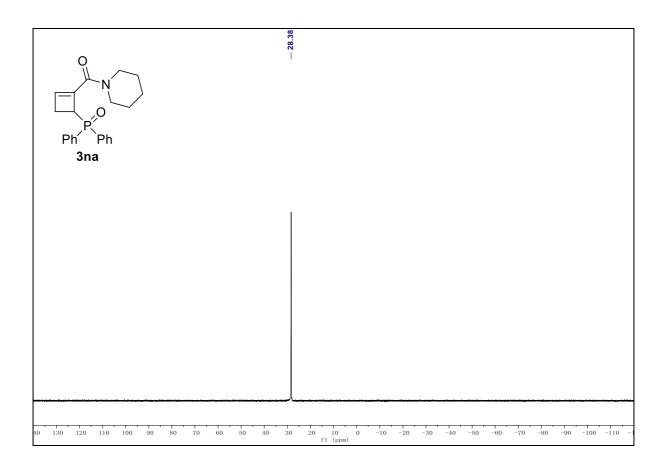




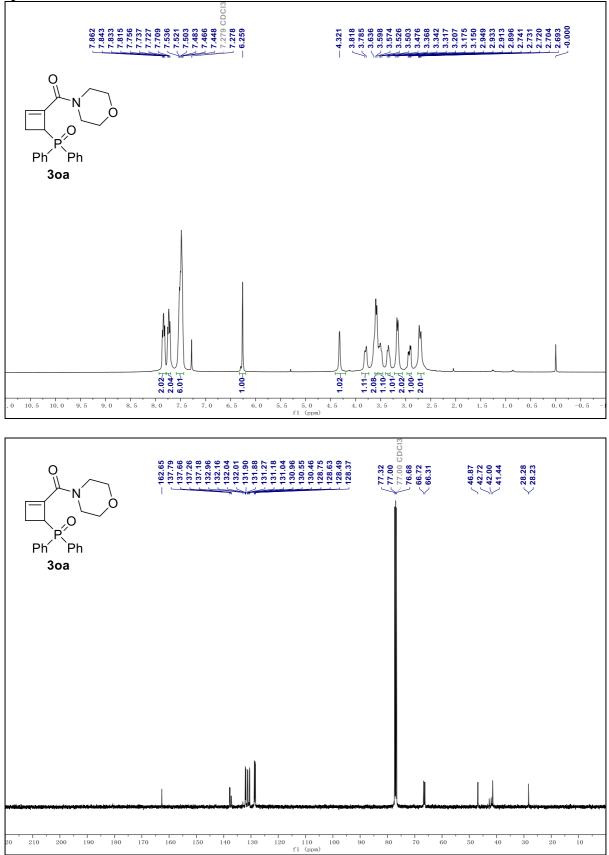


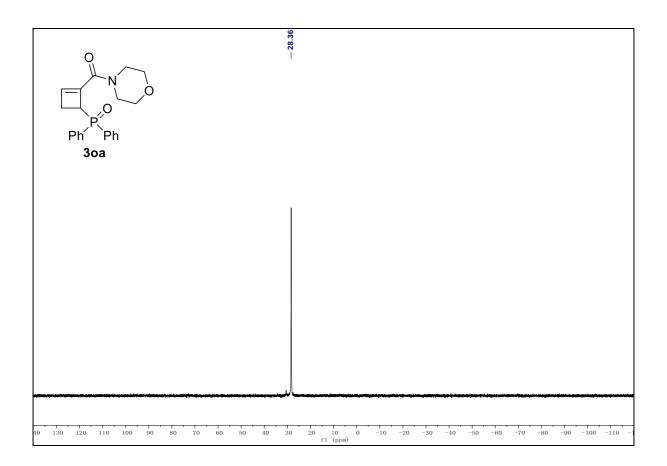


¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃), ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃) and ³¹P NMR (162 MHz, CDCl₃) spectrum of 3na.

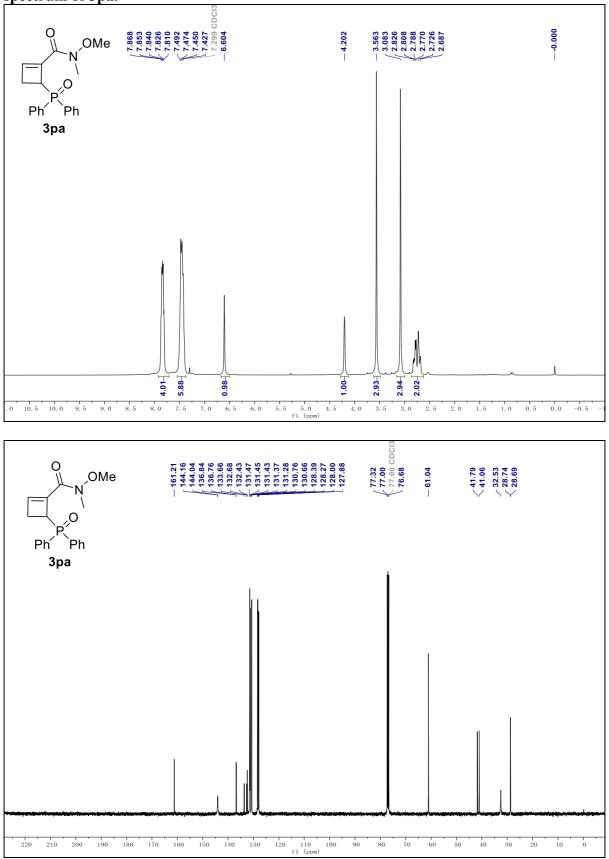


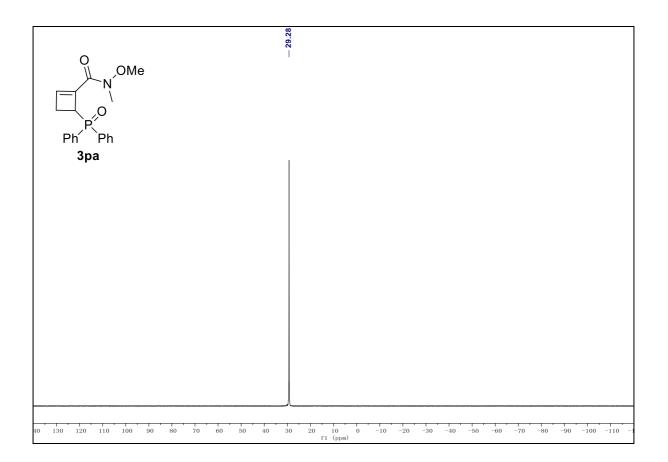
¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃), ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃) and ³¹P NMR (162 MHz, CDCl₃) spectrum of 30a.

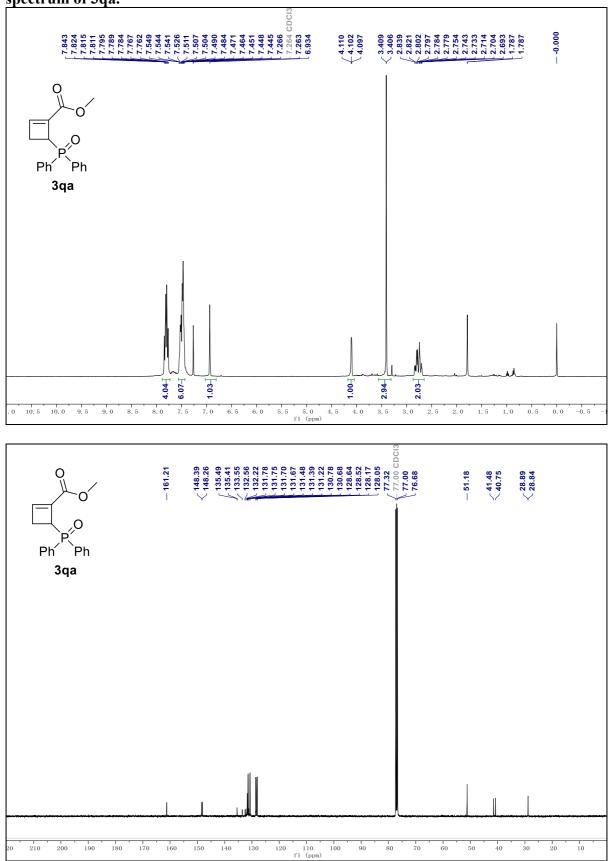




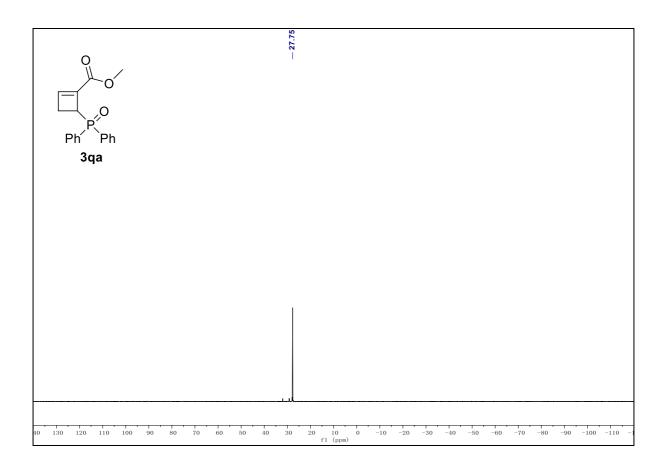
¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃), ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃) and ³¹P NMR (162 MHz, CDCl₃) spectrum of 3pa.

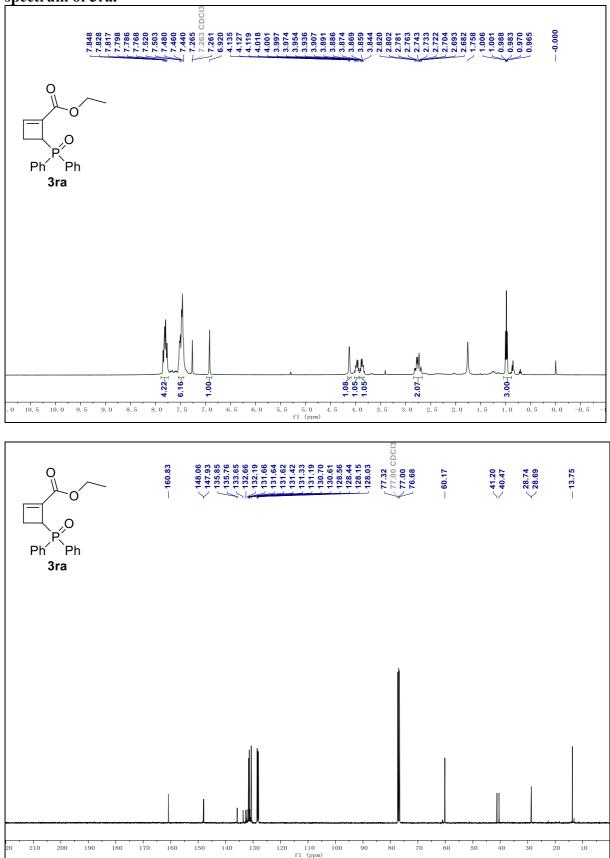




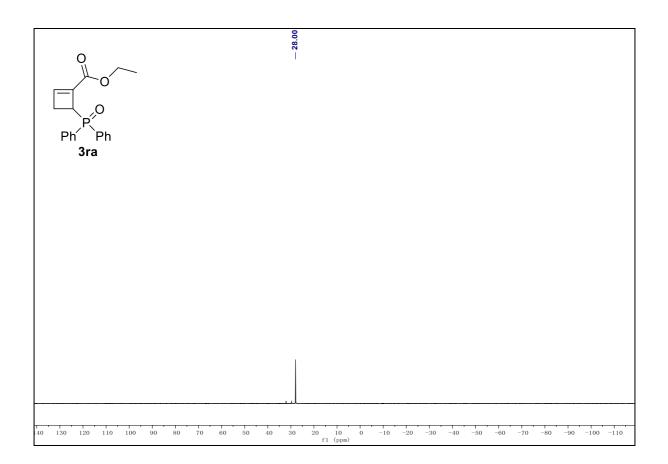


¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃), ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃) and ³¹P NMR (162 MHz, CDCl₃) spectrum of 3qa.

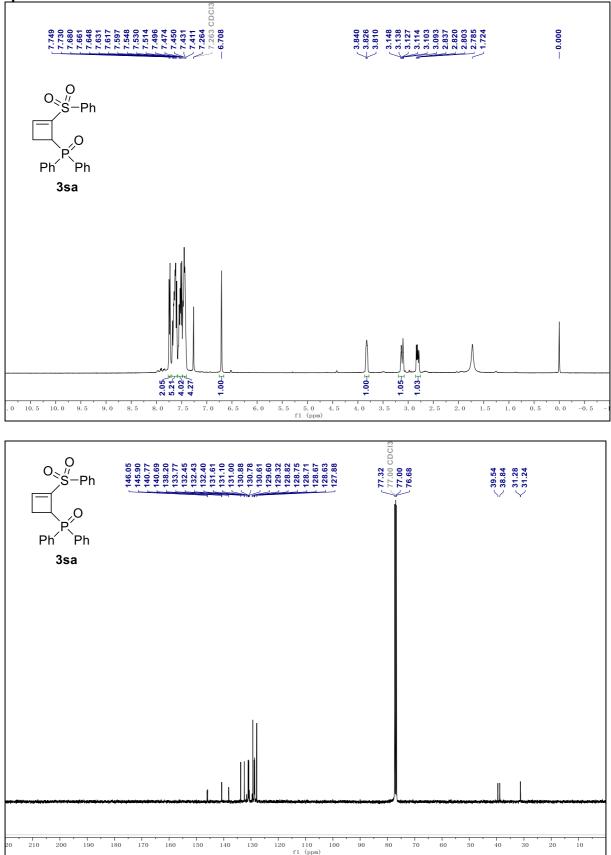


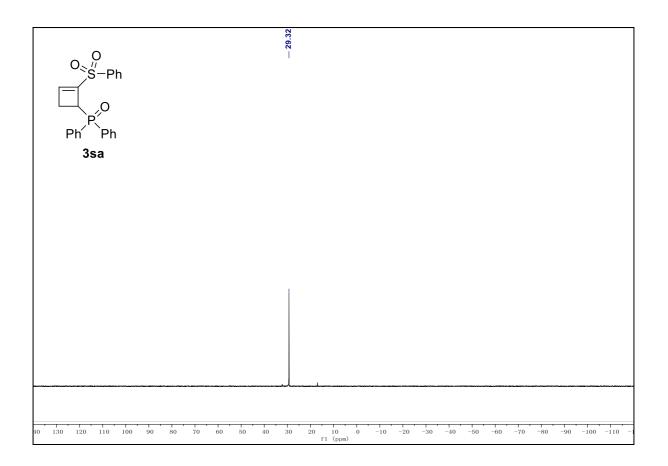


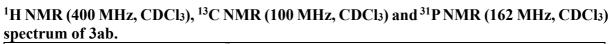
¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃), ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃) and ³¹P NMR (162 MHz, CDCl₃) spectrum of 3ra.

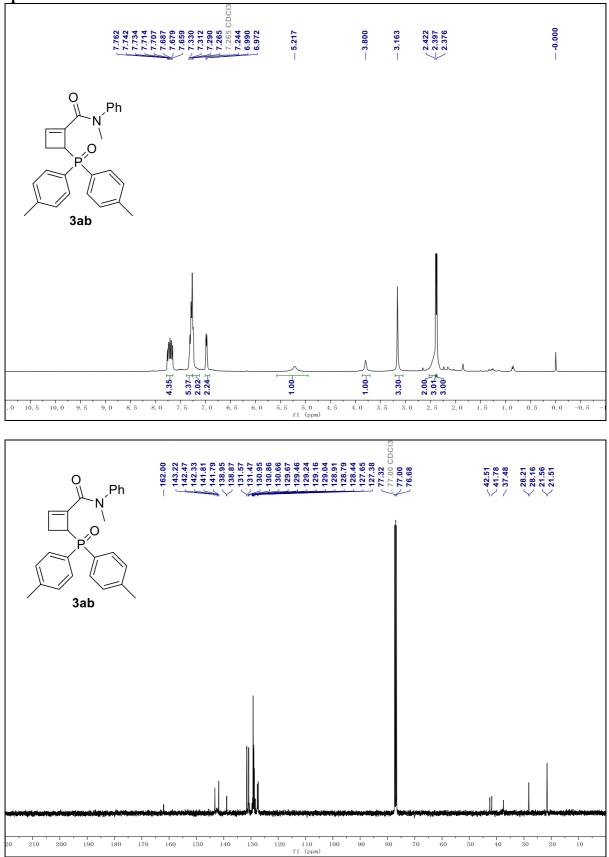


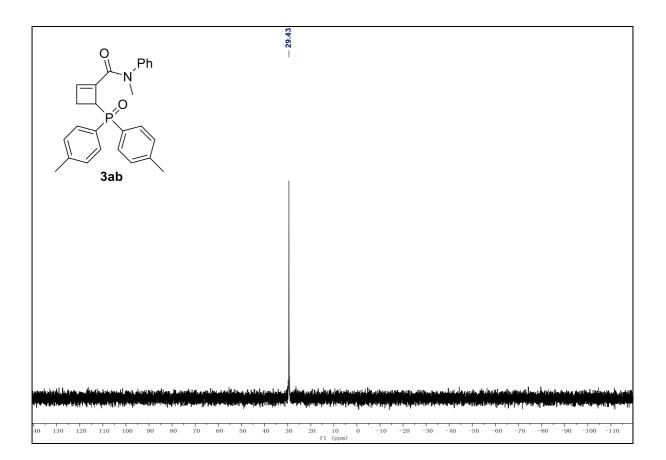


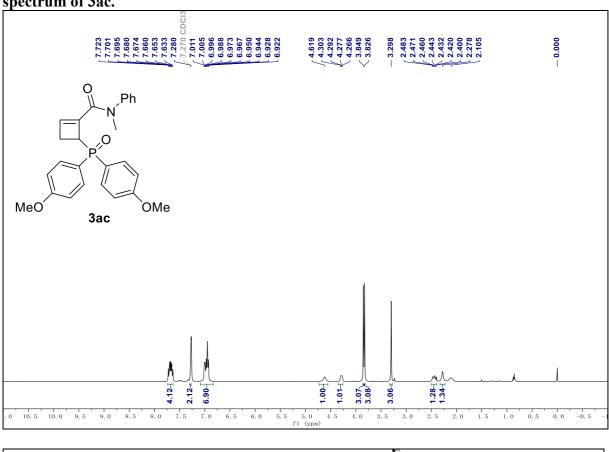




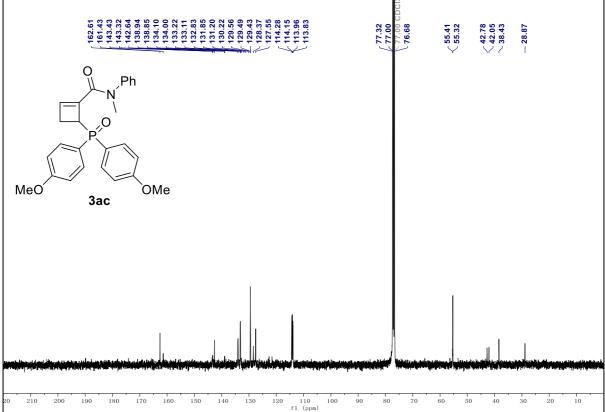


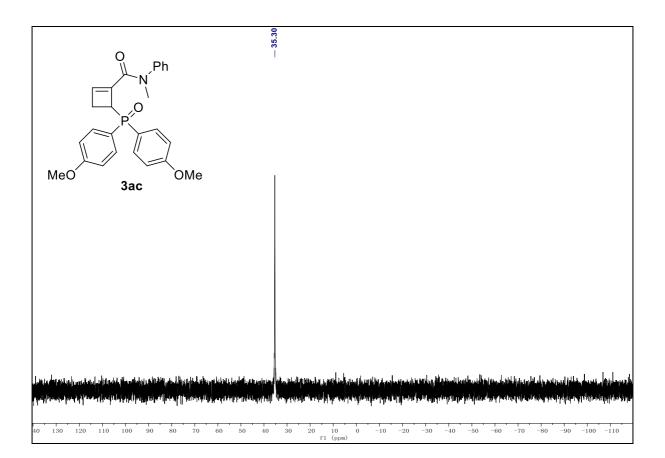


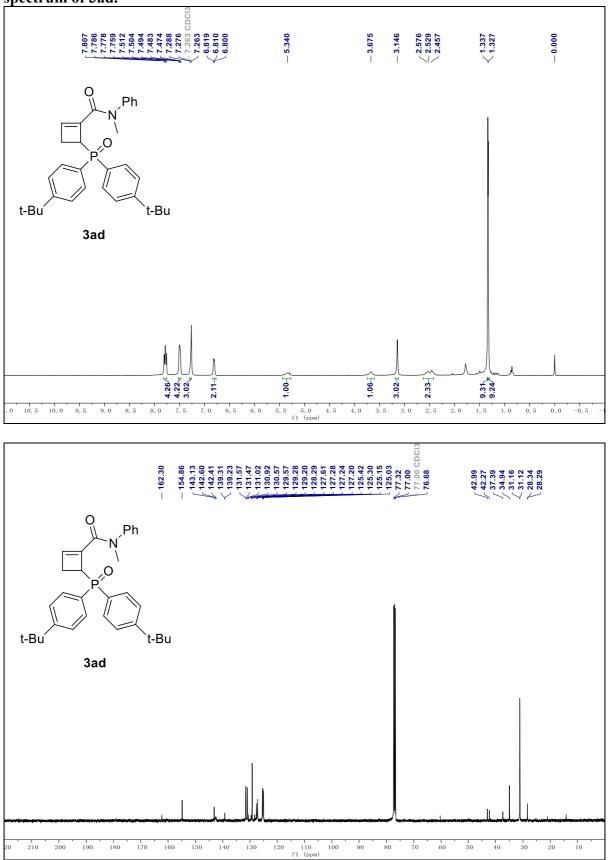




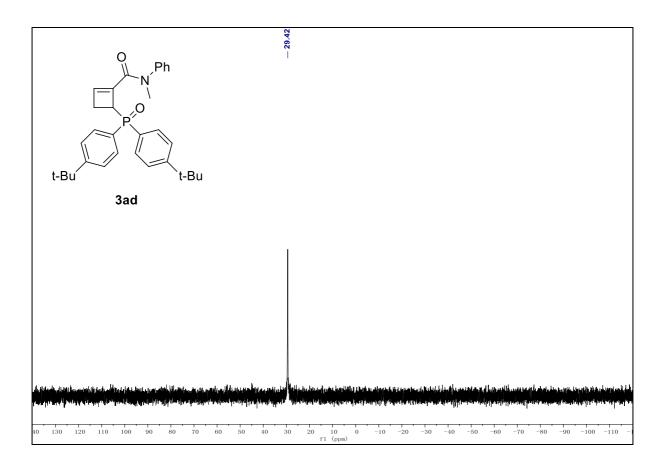
¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃), ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃) and ³¹P NMR (162 MHz, CDCl₃) spectrum of 3ac.

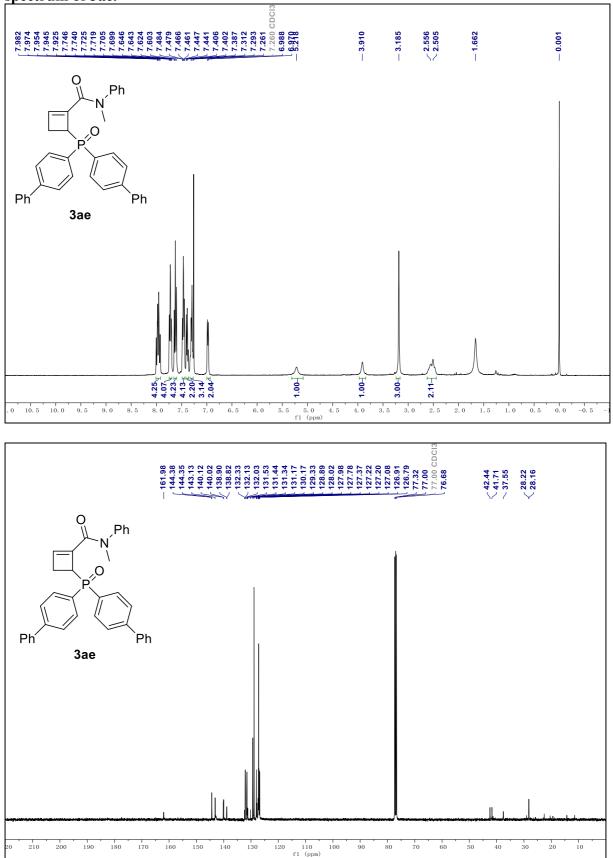




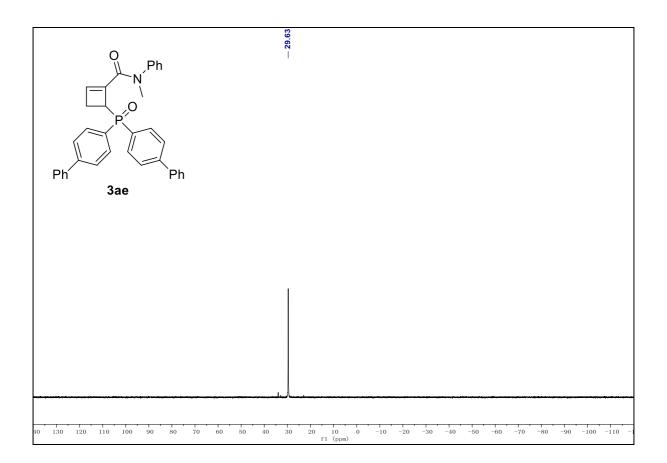


¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃), ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃) and ³¹P NMR (162 MHz, CDCl₃) spectrum of 3ad.

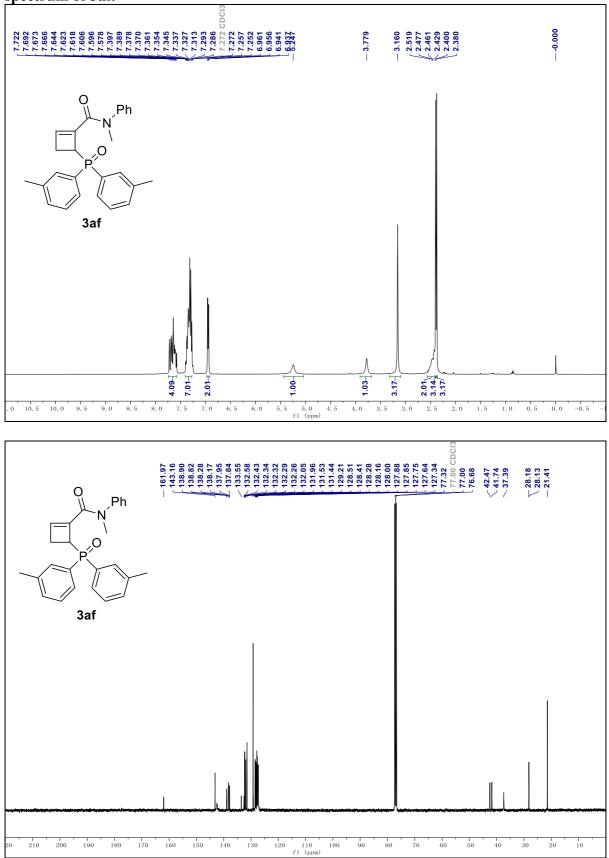


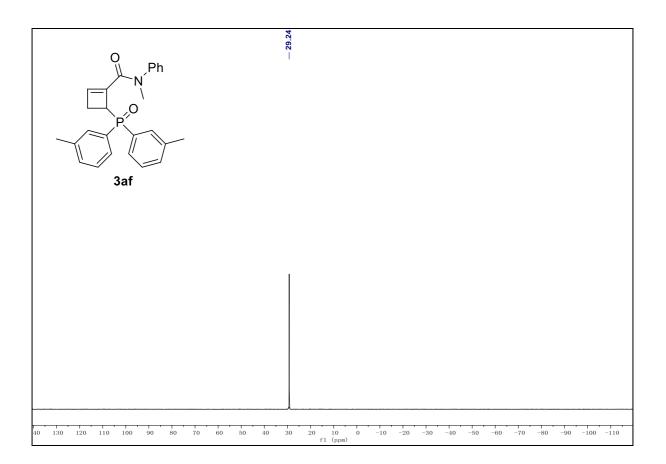


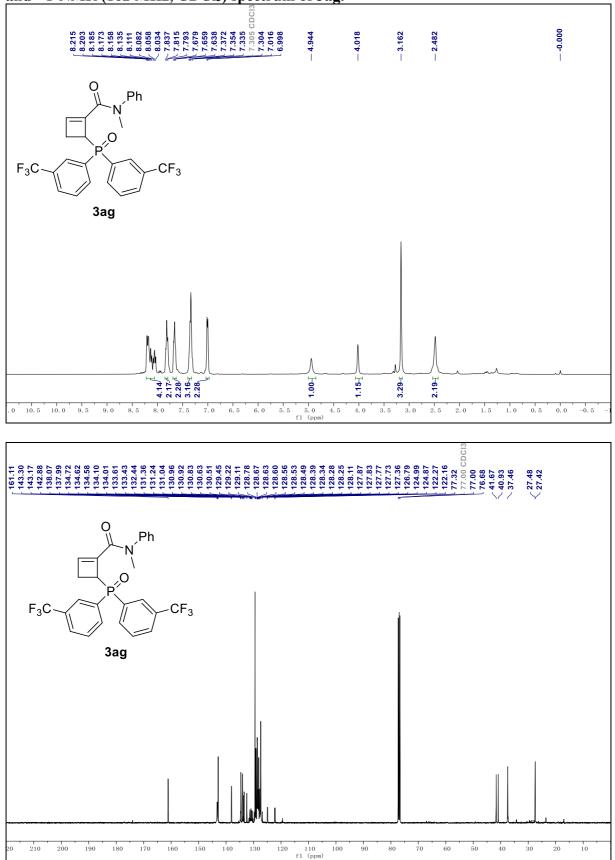
¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃), ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃) and ³¹P NMR (162 MHz, CDCl₃) spectrum of 3ae.



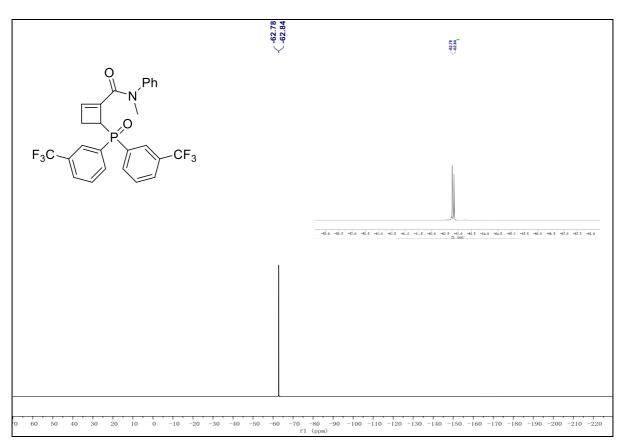
¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃), ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃) and ³¹P NMR (162 MHz, CDCl₃) spectrum of 3af.

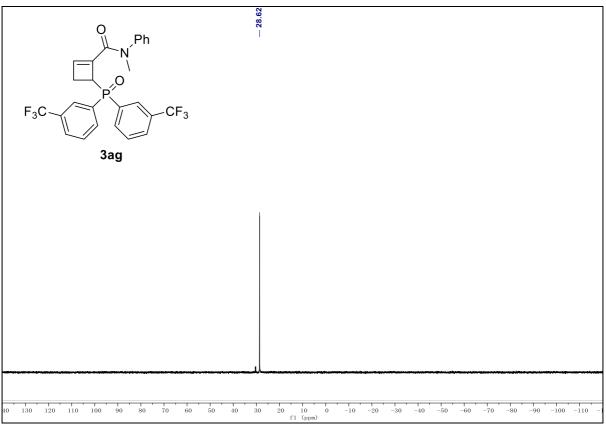


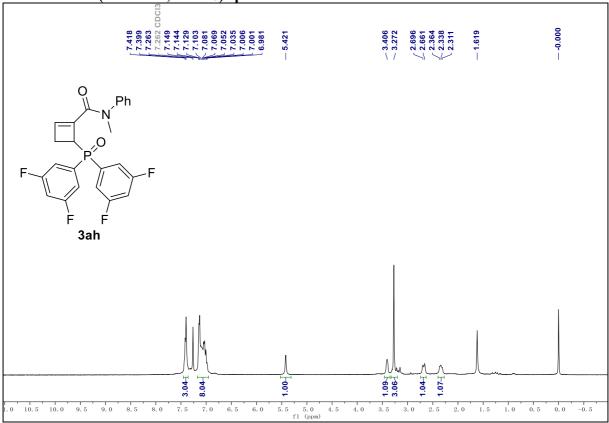


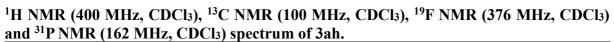


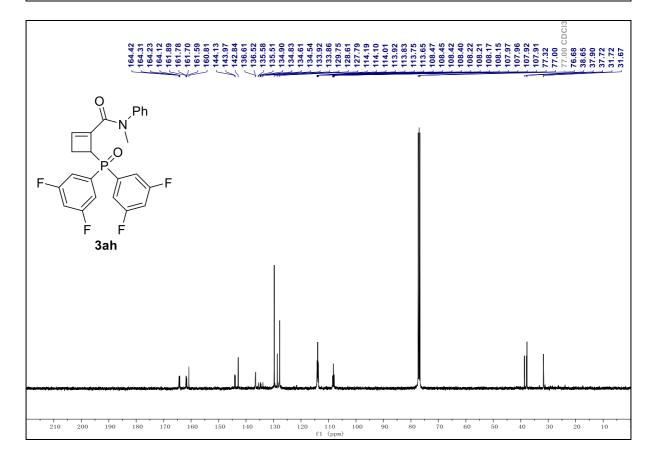
¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃), ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃), ¹⁹F NMR (376 MHz, CDCl₃) and ³¹P NMR (162 MHz, CDCl₃) spectrum of 3ag.

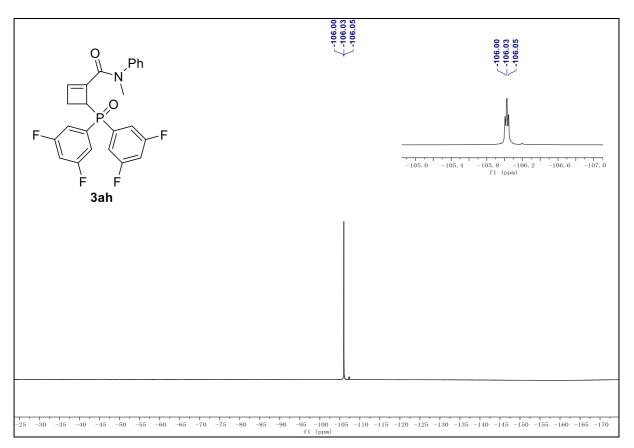


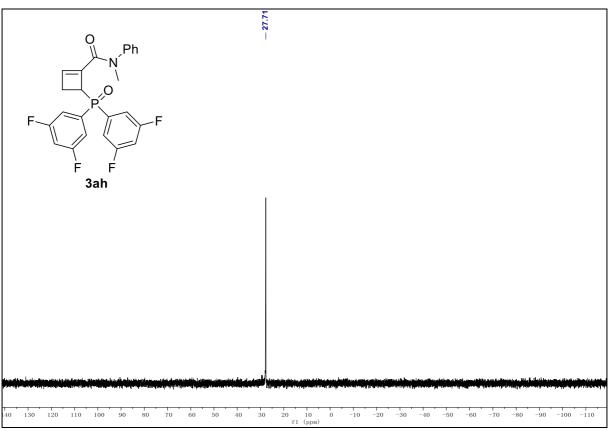


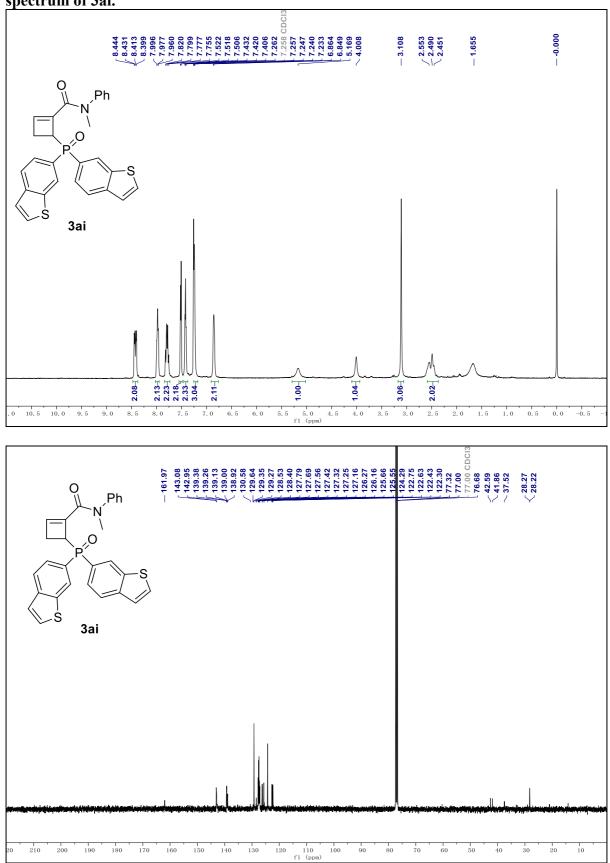




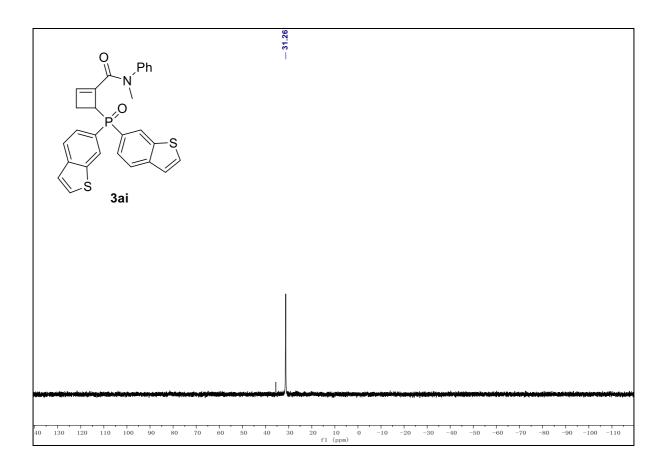


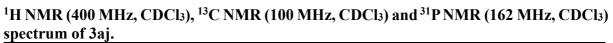


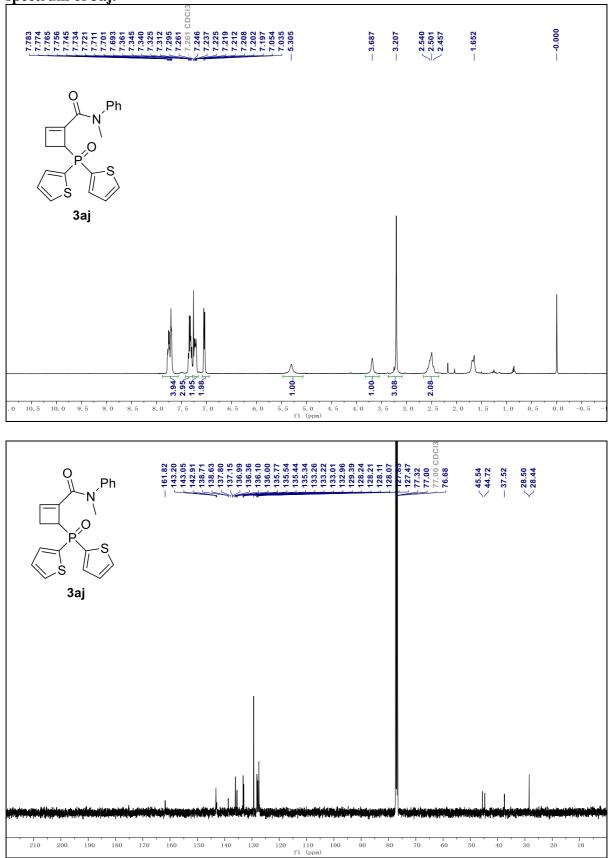


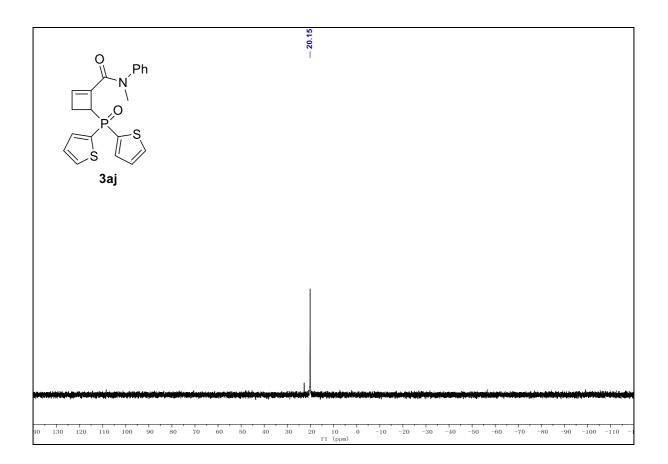


¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃), ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃) and ³¹P NMR (162 MHz, CDCl₃) spectrum of 3ai.

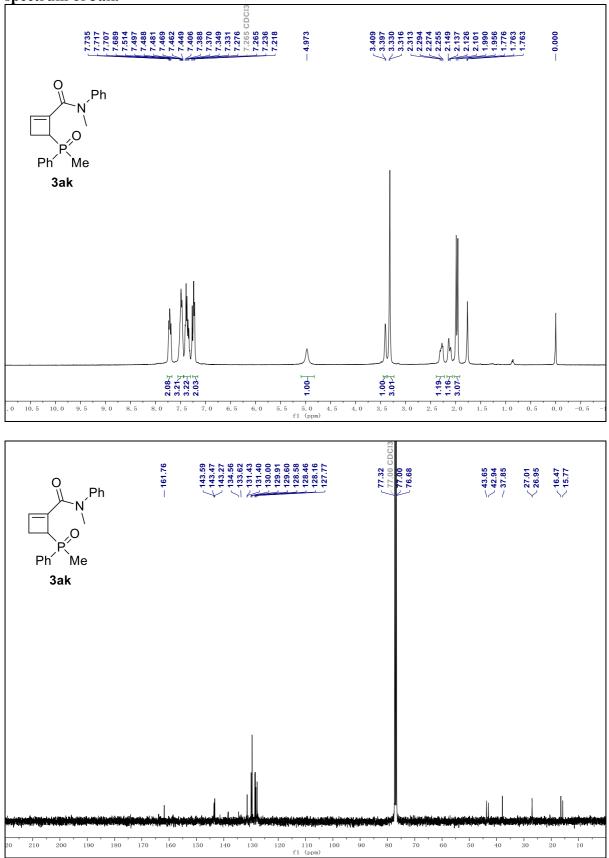


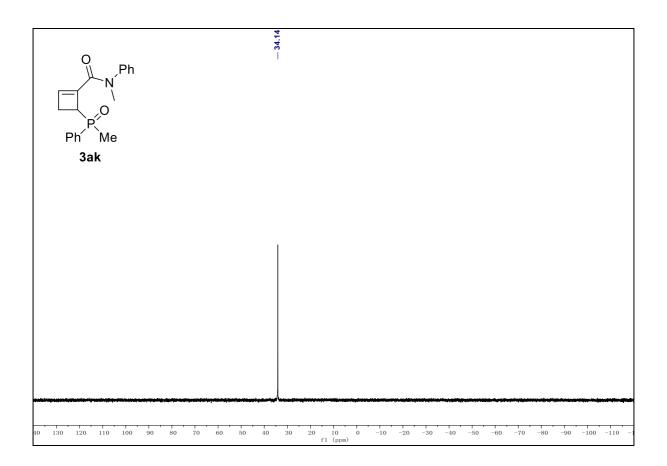


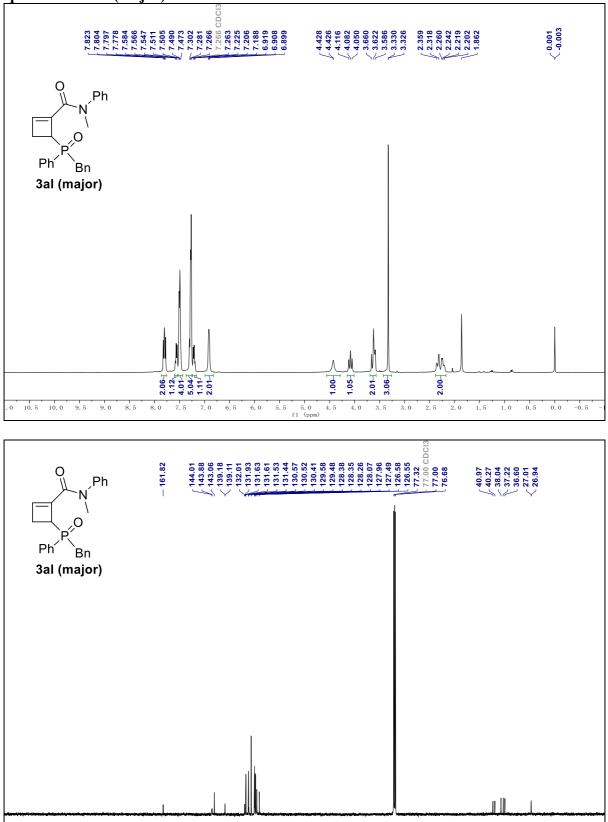




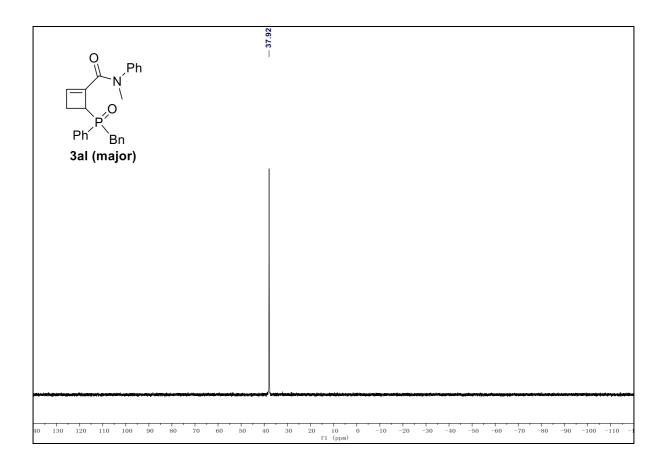
¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃), ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃) and ³¹P NMR (162 MHz, CDCl₃) spectrum of 3ak.



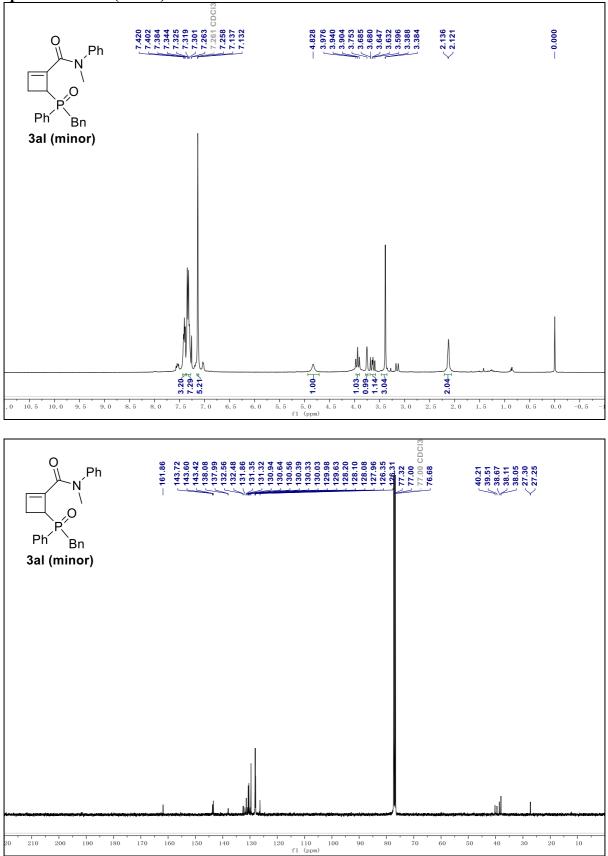


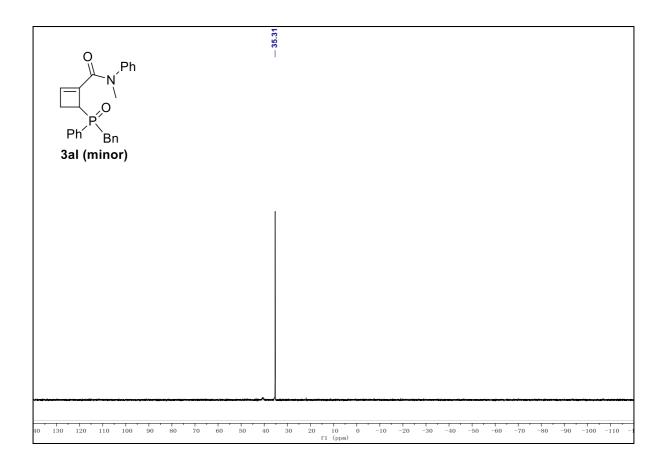


¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃), ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃) and ³¹P NMR (162 MHz, CDCl₃) spectrum of 3al (major).

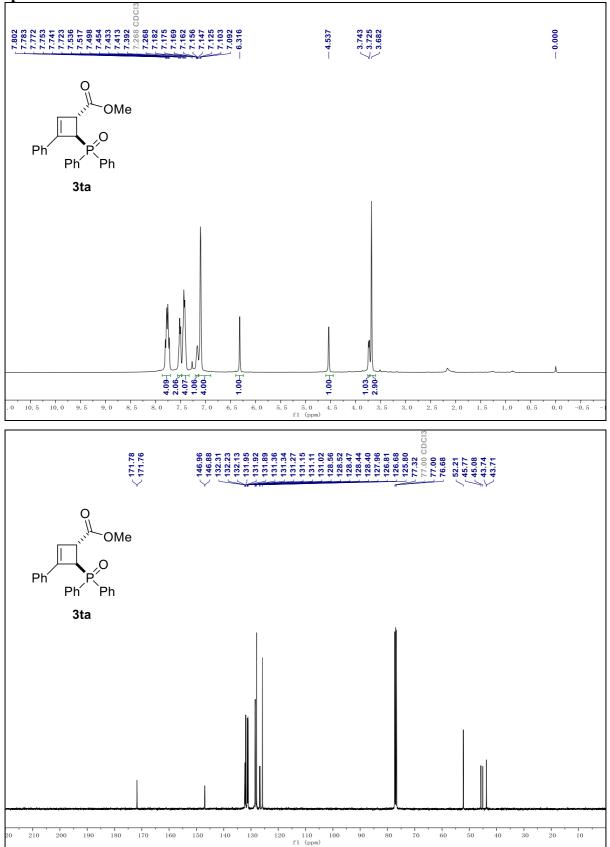
f1 (ppm) 

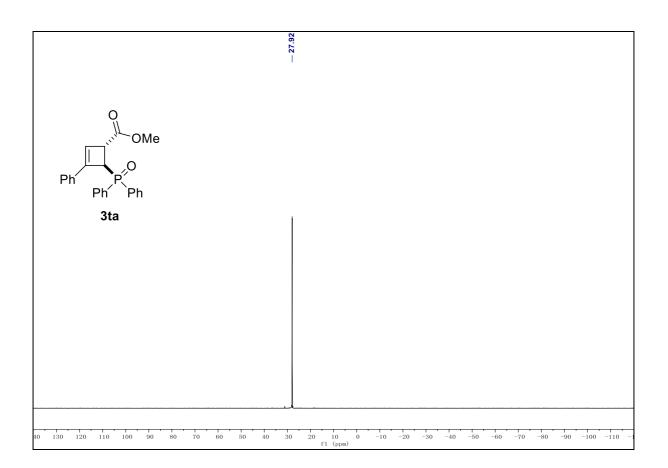
¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃), ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃) and ³¹P NMR (162 MHz, CDCl₃) spectrum of 3al (minor).

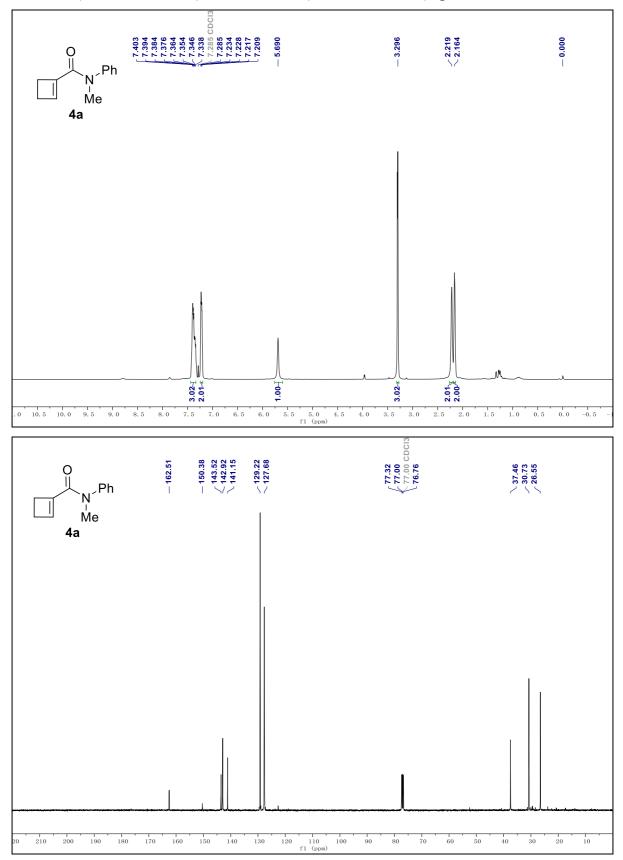




¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃), ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃) and ³¹P NMR (162 MHz, CDCl₃) spectrum of 3ta.

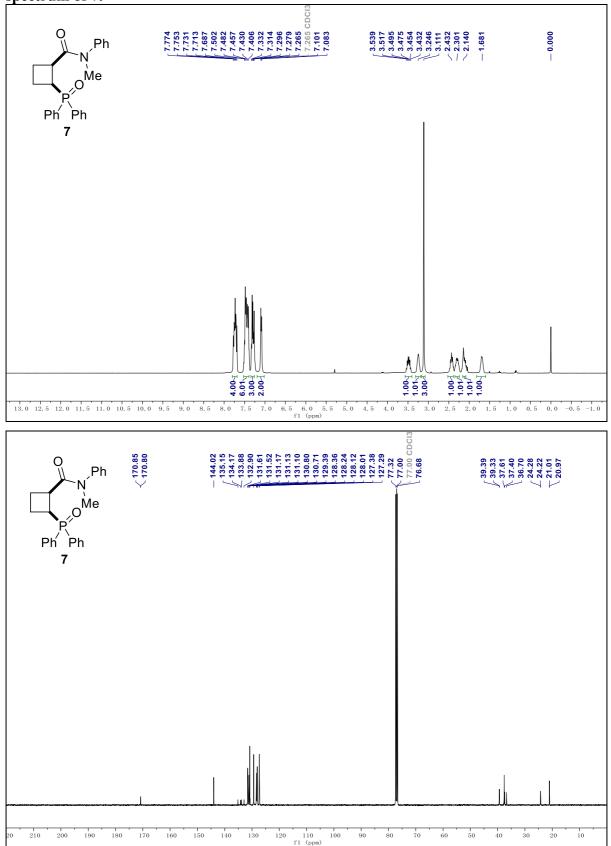


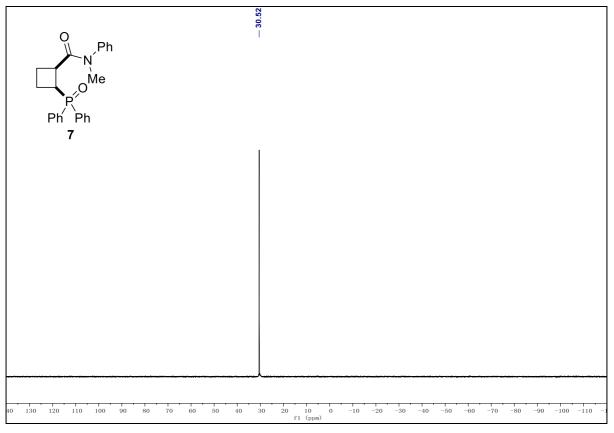




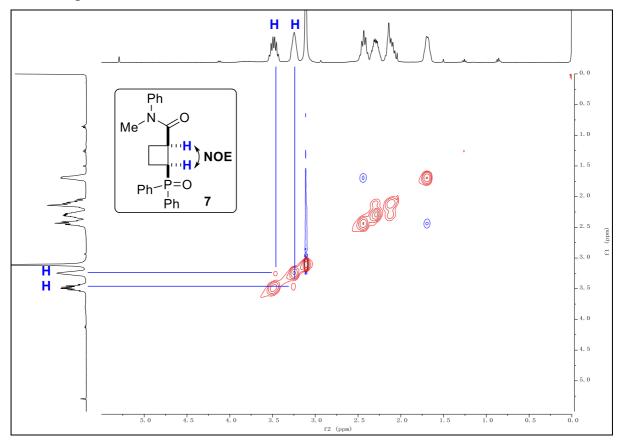
¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) and ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃) spectrum of 4a.

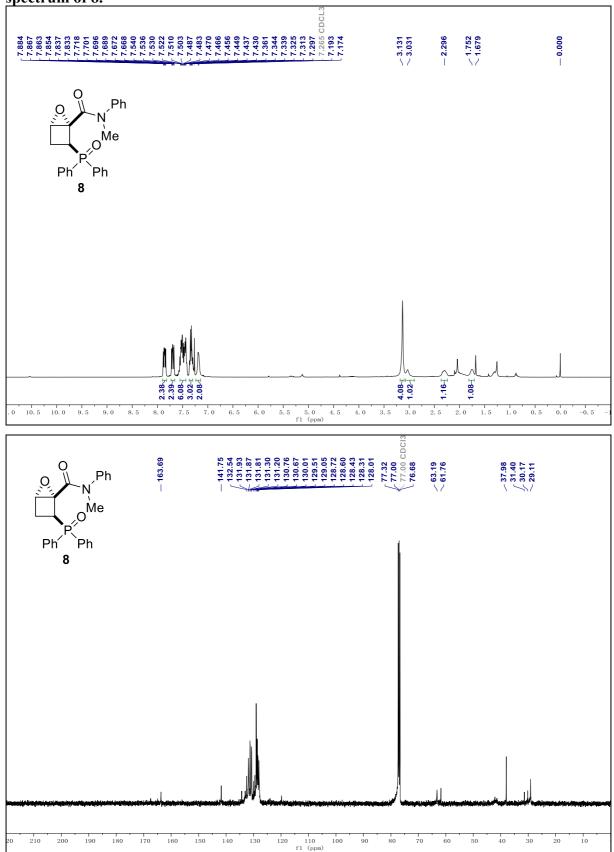
¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃), ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃) and ³¹P NMR (162 MHz, CDCl₃) spectrum of 7.



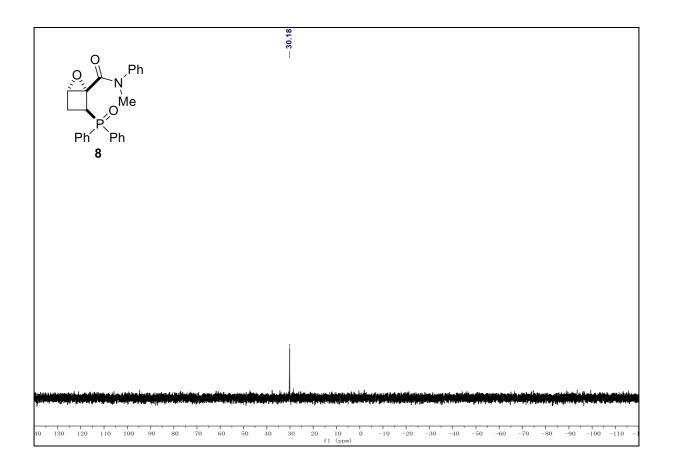


NOESY spectrum of 7

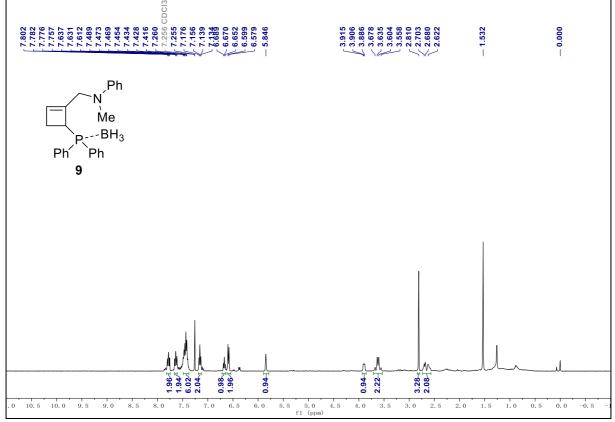


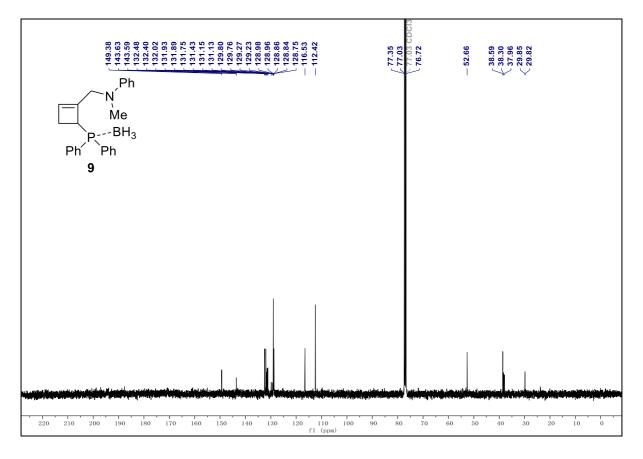


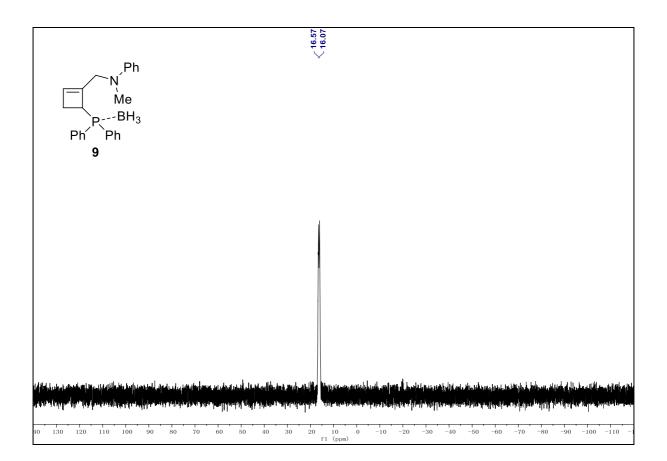
¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃), ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃) and ³¹P NMR (162 MHz, CDCl₃) spectrum of 8.

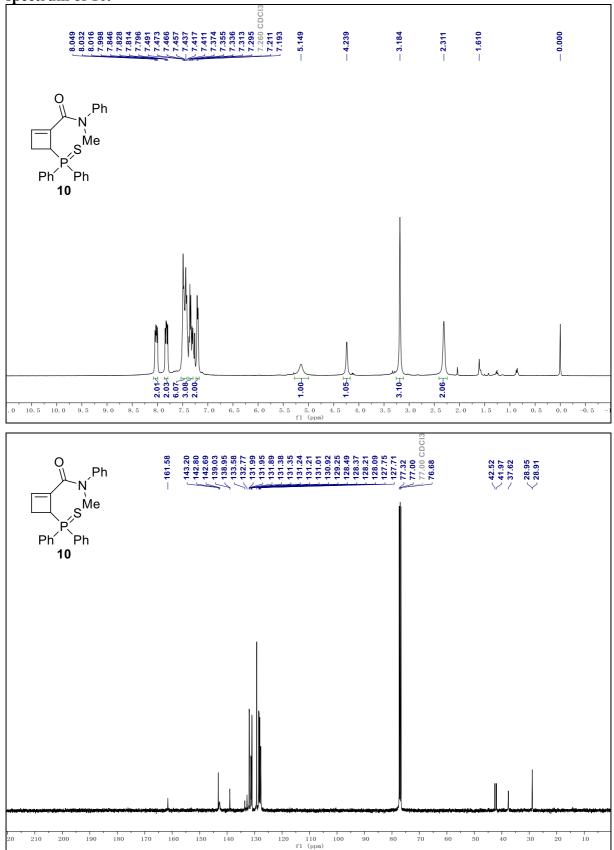


¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃), ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃) and ³¹P NMR (162 MHz, CDCl₃) spectrum of 9.

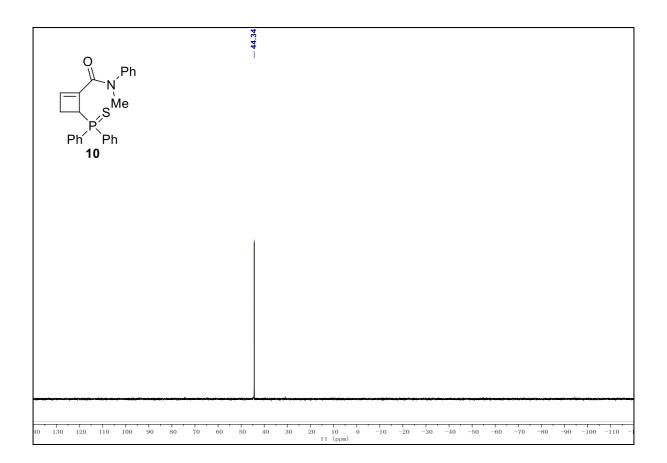


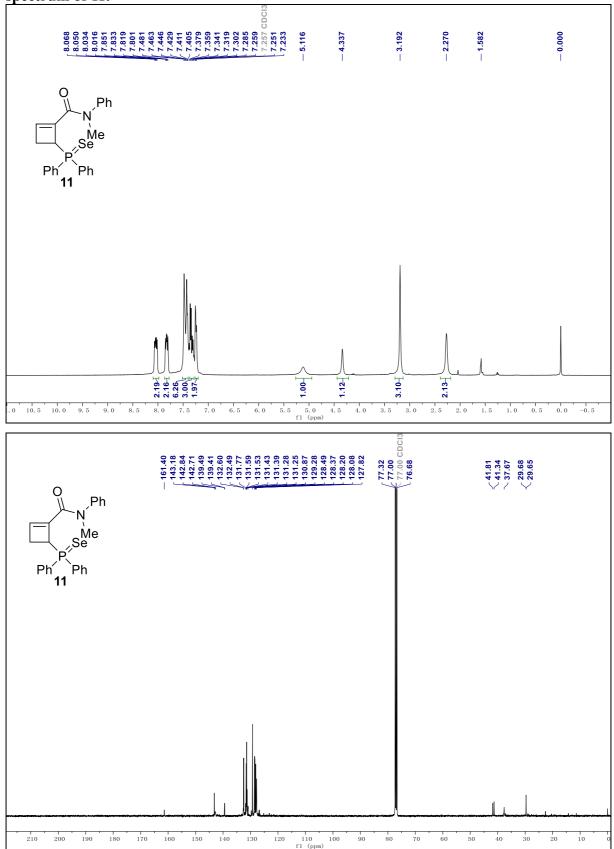






¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃), ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃) and ³¹P NMR (162 MHz, CDCl₃) spectrum of 10.





¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃), ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃) and ³¹P NMR (162 MHz, CDCl₃) spectrum of 11.

