Chitosan functionalized nitrogen-doped carbon dots nanocomposites: A turn-on sensor for fluoride detection

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Table S1. List of chemicals and their make required for the synthesis.

Order	Chemicals Name	Make
1.	Ethylene diaminetetracetic acid	Sigma-Aldrich
2.	Urea	Loba Chemie
3.	Chitosan	Loba Chemie
4.	Tetrabutylammonium fluoride hydrate	Sigma-Aldrich

Table S2. Details of the instruments applied for the characterization and analysis of N-CDs and N-CDs@C

Order	Technique	Model
1.	Fourier transform infrared (FTIR) spectra	PerkinElmer Spectrum Two FTIR
		Spectrometer
2.	X-ray photoelectron spectroscopy	Thermofisher scientific Nexus base

(XPS) XPS

3.	Brunauer-Emmett-Teller (BET) surface	Autosorb iQ Station 2 system,
	area analyzer	Quntachrome Instruments, USA
4.	High- resolution transmission electron	JEOL JEM 2100 Plus, JEOL, Japan
	microscopy (HRTEM)	
5.	Energy dispersive X-ray spectra (EDS)	JEM 2100 plus, JEOL, Japan
6.	Fluorescence Spectra	Shimadzu Fluorescence RF-6000
		equipped with a quartz cell
7.`	Life time measuring system	Delta Flex TCSPC system (Horiba)

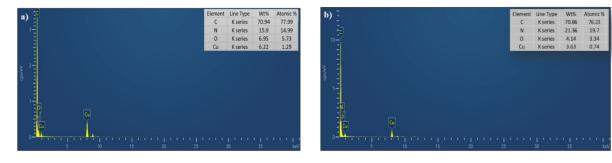


Figure S1. EDS spectra of the synthesized materials: a) N-CDs and b) N-CDs@C

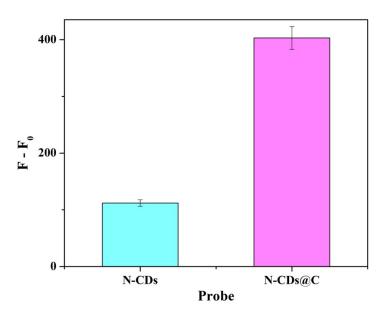


Figure S2. Comparative analysis of the sensing performance of N-CDs and N-CDs@C towards F- ion

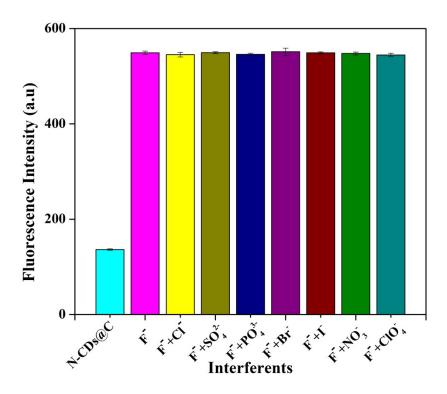


Figure S3. Fluorescence emission intensity of N-CDs@C in the presence of F- and other interfering anions at a 1:1 ratio concentration

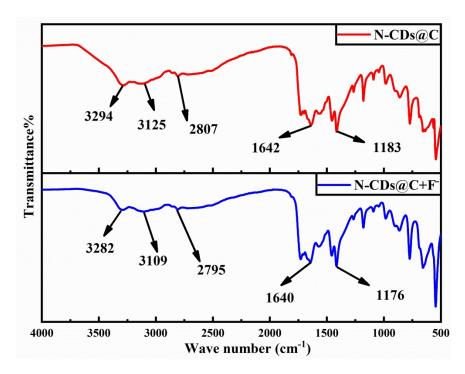


Figure S4. Comparison of FTIR spectra between N-CDs@C before and after binding with $\mathbf{F}^{\text{-}}$