
Supplementary Information (SI) for RSC Advances.

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Cu-diamine Ligand-Controlled Asymmetric Henry Reactions and Its Application in a Concise Total Syntheses of Linezolid and Rivaroxaban

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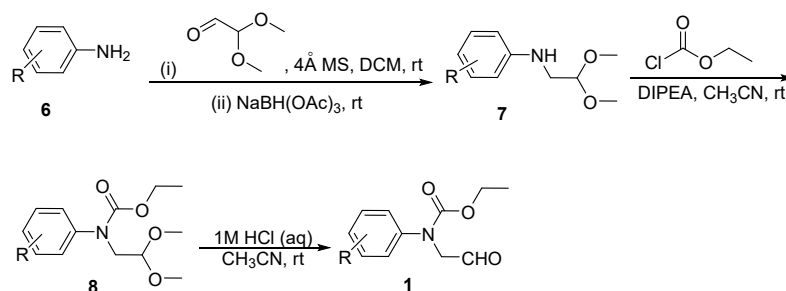
1. General information

All commercially provided reagents were used directly without further purification. Tetrahydrofuran and toluene were dried and distilled before use. Column chromatography was carried out via using 200–300 mesh silica gel. The structure of new compounds were analyzed by ^1H NMR, ^{13}C NMR and HRMS. NMR spectra results were collected by a 400 MHz NMR spectrometer. Reference values for residual organic solvents were regarded as $\delta = 7.26$ ppm for ^1H NMR, and $\delta = 77.0$ ppm for ^{13}C NMR (CDCl_3), $\delta = 2.51$ ppm for ^1H NMR, and $\delta = 39.98$ ppm for ^{13}C NMR (DMSO-d_6). Coupling constants (J) are expressed in Hz and are uncorrected, and multiplicities for coupled signals were represented as: s = singlet, d = doublet, t = triplet, q = quartet, m = multiplet, br. = broad signal and dd = double doublet etc. High-resolution mass spectra (HRMS) were measured by a Bruker TOF Premier with electron spray ionization (ESI). The melting point (m.p.) values were collected by an SRS-optic melting point apparatus. Optical rotations were recorded on an automatic polarimeter (Rudolph Research Analytical Autopol VI). Chiral HPLC was carried out using the Daicel chiral analytical column (CHIRALCEL AS-H, IC, AD-H, and OD-H). Unless otherwise stated, all products are isolated yields.

2. General procedure for the asymmetric Henry reactions

In the test tube with a Teflon stir bar, CuOAc (0.02 mmol, 2.4 mg) was added into a solution of absolute EtOH (0.6 mL) containing **L1** (0.02 mmol, 15.2 mg) and the mixture reacted for 1 h at room temperature. Nitromethane **2a** (2.0 mmol), aldehyde **1** (0.2 mmol) and pyridine (0.2 mmol, 16.1 μL) was added to the resulting blue solution and the mixture reacted at room temperature for another 48–72 h. The reaction process was monitored by TLC. After the reaction ended, removing the solvent under reduced pressure, then the crude product was further purified via flash chromatography ($\text{DCM}/\text{MeOH} = 100:2$ as eluent), and the corresponding **3** was obtained.

3. General synthesis of aldehyde 1

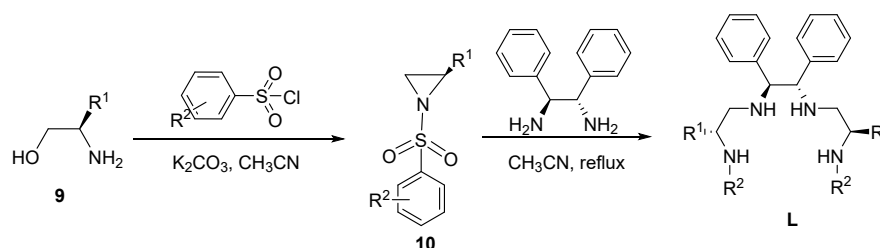


To a solution of **6** (10.0 mmol) in dichloroethane (40 mL), dimethoxyacetaldehyde (60% wt in water, 1.5 eq, 15.0 mmol, 2.26 mL) was added. 4Å molecular sieves (1.0 g) were added and the mixture was maintained under magnetic stirring at room temperature for 1 h. After this time, $\text{NaBH}(\text{OAc})_3$ (1.5 eq, 15 mmol, 3.16 g) was added portion wise and the solution was stirred for 1 hour at room temperature. The mixture was filtrate and the residue was washed with dichloroethane. Evaporated in vacuo and the residue was chromatographed giving compound **7**.

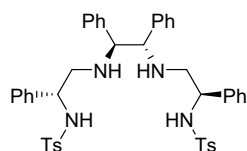
To a solution of **7** (10.0 mmol) in acetonitrile (40 mL), DIPEA (1.0 eq, 10.0 mmol, 1.65 mL) and ethyl chloroformate (1.5 eq, 15.0 mmol, 1.15 mL) were added. After 24 h under stirring at room temperature, the reaction mixture was diluted with water and extracted with ethyl acetate. The organic layer was dried over Na₂SO₄ and evaporated in vacuo. The residue was chromatographed giving compound **8**.

To a solution of **8** (10.0 mmol) in acetonitrile (75 mL), 20% HCl aq. (10 mL) was added. After 24 h under stirring at room temperature, the reaction mixture was neutralized with a saturated solution of NaHCO₃ and extracted with ethyl acetate. The organic layer was dried over Na₂SO₄, evaporated in vacuo and the compound **1** was purified by flash chromatography.

4. General preparation of bis(sulfonamide)-diamine ligand

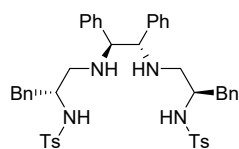


R² substituted benzoyl chloride (2.2 eq, 22.0 mmol) was added portion wise at room temperature to a stirred mixture of **9** (1.0 eq, 10.0 mmol), K₂CO₃ (4.0 eq, 40.0 mmol) and acetonitrile (20 mL). After 24 h, ethyl acetate (10 mL) was added, the solid was filtered off and the solvents evaporated, leaving the corresponding aziridine **10** as a white solid. (*S,S*)-1,2-Diamine (1.0 eq, 2.0 mmol) and the corresponding aziridine **10** (2.2 eq, 4.4 mmol) were dissolved in dry acetonitrile (14 mL), and the mixture was stirred under reflux for 3 days. The solvent was evaporated under reduced pressure. The crude product was purified by flash column chromatography.



***N,N'*-(((1*R*,1'*R*)-((1*S*,2*S*)-1,2-diphenylethane-1,2-diyl)bis(azanediyl))bis(1-phenylethane-2,1-diyl))bis(4-methylbenzenesulfonamid) (**L1**):** The NMR spectra of compounds **L1** is in accord with the reported spectra.¹ ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ: 7.59 (d, *J* = 7.6 Hz, 2H), 7.43 (d, *J* = 8.0 Hz, 2H), 7.24-7.11 (m, 10H), 7.09-7.07 (m, 3H), 7.04-6.99 (m, 5H), 6.85-6.81 (m, 4H), 6.74-6.72 (m, 2H), 5.76 (s, 1H), 5.14 (s, 1H), 4.33 (t, *J* = 5.6 Hz, 1H), 3.42 (d, *J* = 8.8 Hz, 1H), 3.23-3.19 (m, 2H), 2.97-2.86 (m, 2H), 2.64 (dd, *J*₁ = 12.0 Hz, *J*₂ = 6.0 Hz, 1H), 2.46 (dd, *J*₁ = 12.0 Hz, *J*₂ = 5.2 Hz, 1H), 2.36 (s, 3H), 2.31 (s, 3H).

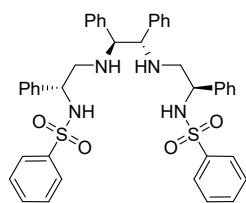
***N,N'*-((2*R*,2'*R*)-((1*S*,2*S*)-1,2-diphenylethane-1,2-diyl)bis(azanediyl))bis(3-phenylpropane-1,2-**



diyl))bis(4-methylbenzenesulfonamide) (L2**):** White solid (75% yield), m.p. 148.0-150.0°C. ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ: 7.51 (d, *J* = 8.4 Hz, 4H), 7.17-7.08 (m, 16H), 6.98-6.96 (m, 4H), 6.92-6.89 (m, 4H), 5.36 (br, 2H), 3.55 (s, 2H), 3.48 (t, *J* = 6.0 Hz, 2H), 2.74-2.70 (m, 4H), 2.46 (d, *J* = 4.8 Hz, 1H), 2.43 (d, *J* = 4.4 Hz, 1H), 2.37 (s, 6H), 2.33 (d, *J* = 5.2 Hz, 1H), 2.30 (d, *J* = 5.6 Hz, 1H);

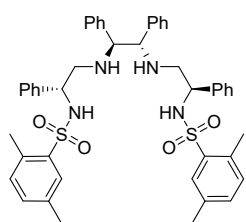
¹³C{¹H} NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 142.8, 140.8, 137.7, 137.3, 129.5, 129.2, 128.5, 128.0, 127.8, 127.0, 126.8, 126.4, 69.1, 55.4, 49.7, 39.4, 21.5 ppm. HRMS (ESI) *m/z* calcd for C₄₆H₅₀N₄O₄S₂ [M + Na]⁺: 809.3171, found: 809.3168. [α]_D²⁵ = +54.87 (*c* = 0.39, EtOH).

***N,N'*-(((1*R*,1'*R*)-((1*S*,2*S*)-1,2-diphenylethane-1,2-diyl)bis(azanediyl))bis(1-phenylethane-2,1-**



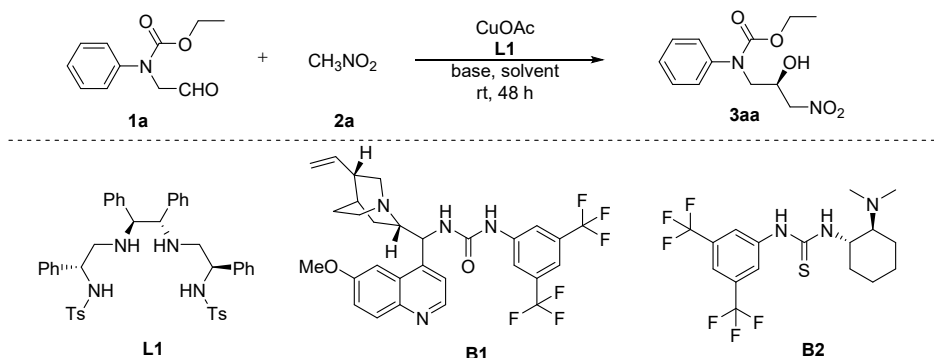
diyl))bis(dibenzenesulfonamide) (L3): White solid (65% yield), m.p. 82.0-84.0°C. ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ: 7.72-7.69 (m, 2H), 7.56-7.54 (m, 2H), 7.50 (t, *J* = 7.6 Hz, 1H), 7.40-7.37 (m, 3H), 7.26-7.17 (m, 8H), 7.12-7.09 (m, 5H), 7.05-7.03 (m, 3H), 6.87-6.83 (m, 4H), 6.75 (dd, *J*₁ = 6.0 Hz, *J*₂ = 2.4 Hz, 2H), 4.37 (t, *J* = 5.6 Hz, 1H), 3.44 (d, *J* = 9.2 Hz, 1H), 3.24-3.20 (m, 2H), 2.99 (t, *J* = 13.2 Hz, 1H), 2.91 (dd, *J*₁ = 12.8 Hz, *J*₂ = 4.8 Hz, 1H), 2.65 (dd, *J*₁ = 12.4 Hz, *J*₂ = 6.4 Hz, 1H), 2.49 (dd, *J*₁ = 12.0 Hz, *J*₂ = 5.2 Hz, 1H), 2.18 (br, 2H); ¹³C{¹H} NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃) δ: 140.49, 140.44, 139.6, 139.1, 132.5, 132.2, 129.1, 128.8, 128.7, 128.4, 128.2, 128.1, 127.9, 127.6, 127.5, 127.25, 127.20, 127.1, 127.0, 126.9, 126.7, 69.0, 65.2, 58.7, 57.3, 52.4, 49.3 ppm. HRMS (ESI) *m/z* calcd for C₄₂H₄₂N₄O₄S₂ [M + Na]⁺: 753.2545, found: 753.2552, [α]_D²⁵ = +24.7 (c = 0.66, EtOH).

***N,N'*-(((1*R*,1'*R*)-((1*S*,2*S*)-1,2-diphenylethane-1,2-diyl)bis(azanediyl))bis(1-phenylethane-2,1-**



diyl))bis(2,5-dimethylbenzenesulfonamide)(L4): White solid (70% yield), m.p. 86.0-96.0°C. ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ: 7.70 (d, *J* = 1.6 Hz, 1H), 7.49 (d, *J* = 1.6 Hz, 1H), 7.27-7.25 (m, 3H), 7.20 (dd, *J*₁ = 7.6 Hz, *J*₂ = 2.0 Hz, 1H), 7.15-7.09 (m, 8H), 7.04-6.97 (m, 6H), 6.92-6.86 (m, 4H), 6.77-6.74 (m, 2H), 5.53 (s, 1H), 5.04 (s, 1H), 4.33 (t, *J* = 6.0 Hz, 1H), 3.50 (d, *J* = 8.8 Hz, 1H), 3.37-3.33 (m, 1H), 3.28 (d, *J* = 8.8 Hz, 1H), 2.96-2.89 (m, 2H), 2.68-2.61 (m, 2H), 2.47 (s, 3H), 2.40 (s, 3H), 2.31 (s, 3H), 2.20 (s, 3H); ¹³C{¹H} NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃) δ: 140.3, 140.1, 140.0, 139.0, 138.0, 137.1, 136.0, 135.6, 133.7, 133.6, 133.4, 133.1, 132.4, 132.1, 130.0, 129.8, 128.8, 128.3, 128.2, 128.0, 127.9, 127.8, 127.6, 127.5, 127.24, 127.22, 127.1, 126.7, 69.2, 65.2, 58.6, 57.6, 52.9, 49.1, 20.8, 20.7, 19.77, 19.75 ppm. HRMS (ESI) *m/z* calcd for C₄₆H₅₀N₄O₄S₂ [M + Na]⁺: 809.3137, found: 809.3130, [α]_D²⁵ = +27.5 (c = 0.61, EtOH).

5. Optimization of other conditions for Henry reaction^a

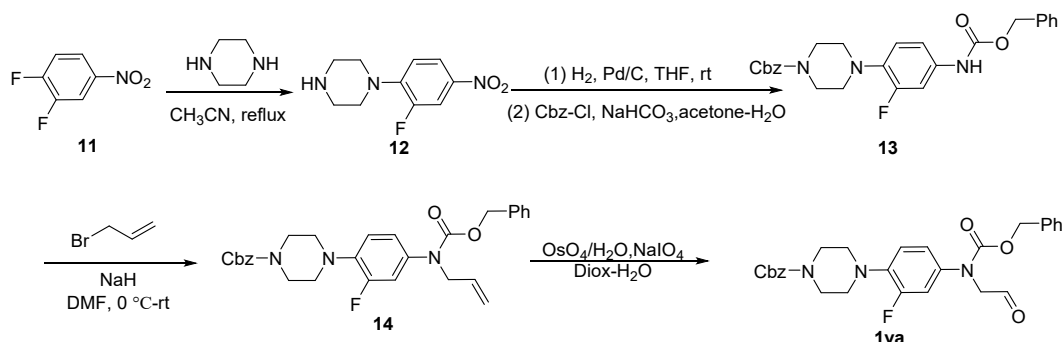


Entry	1a:2a	Base	Solvent	Yield (%) ^b	ee (%) ^c
1	1:10	Pyridine	Et ₂ O	85	87
2	1:10	Pyridine	CH ₃ CN	80	89
3	1:10	Pyridine	EtOH (0.4 mL)	95	93
4	1:10	Pyridine	EtOH (0.8 mL)	92	95
5	1:7.5	Pyridine	EtOH	93	94
6	1:5.0	Pyridine	EtOH	85	93
7	1:10	-	EtOH	25	93
8	1:10	DIPEA	EtOH	67	34
9	1:10	KF	EtOH	37	56
10	1:10	B1	EtOH	90	60

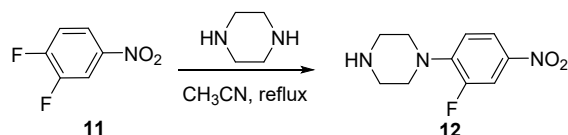
11	1:10	B2	EtOH	85	53
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^a Reaction conditions unless specified otherwise: 0.2 mmol of **1a**, 10.0 eq of **2a**, 10.0 mol % of **L1**, 10.0 mol % of CuOAc, 1.0 eq of base, 0.6 mL of solvent, room temperature, 48 h. ^b Isolated yield. ^c *ee* values were determined by chiral HPLC.

6. Total synthesis of aldehyde **1va**

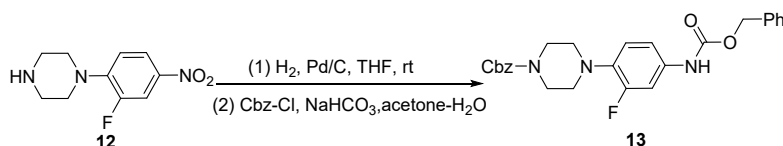


Preparation of 1-(2-Fluoro-4-nitrophenyl)piperazine (**12**)



A solution of 15.91 g (100 mmol) of 3,4-difluoronitrobenzene **11** in 200 mL of acetonitrile was treated with 21.54 g (250 mmol) of piperazine followed by warming at reflux for 3 h. The solution was cooled to room temperature and concentrated in vacuo. The resulting residue was diluted with 200 mL of water and extracted with ethyl acetate (3×250 mL). The combined organic layers were extracted with water (200 mL) and saturated sodium chloride solution (200 mL) followed by drying on sodium sulfate. The solution was concentrated in vacuo to afford crude product. The material was purified by flash column chromatography (DCM: MeOH= 10:1) to get yellow solid **12** (19.81 g, 80% yield). The NMR spectra of compounds **12** is in accord with the reported spectra.² ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ: 7.90 (dd, *J*₁ = 8.8 Hz, *J*₂ = 2.4 Hz, 1H), 7.82 (dd, *J*₁ = 13.2 Hz, *J*₂ = 2.4 Hz, 1H), 6.84 (t, *J* = 8.8 Hz, 1H), 3.19 (t, *J* = 4.8 Hz, 1H), 2.98 (t, *J* = 4.8 Hz, 1H) ppm.

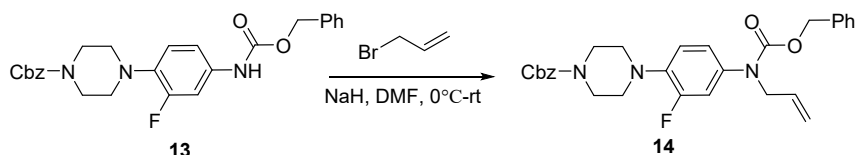
Preparation of benzyl 4-(4-(((benzyloxy)carbonyl)amino)-2-fluorophenyl)piperazine-1-carboxylate (**13**)



A mixture of 11.25 g (50.0 mmol) of **12** and 1.69 g of 10% palladium on carbon in 100 mL of THF was stirred under 40 psi of H₂ for 1.5 h, while maintaining the reaction at room temperature. The reaction mixture was filtered through diatomaceous earth and the pad washed with 2 × 50 mL of THF. The filtrate was concentrated, and the crude product was azeotroped with 50 mL of acetone. The crude amine was immediately dissolved in 69 mL of acetone and added to a 500 mL reaction flask equipped with a

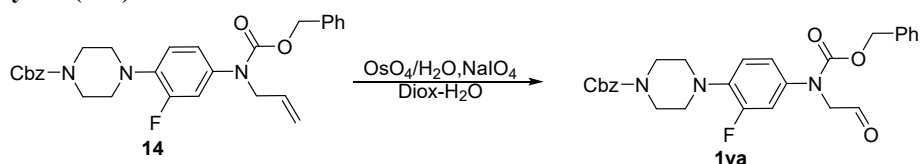
mechanical stirrer, containing 125 mL of 10% aqueous sodium carbonate. The mixture was cooled to 0°C, and 14.05 mL (100 mmol) of benzylchloroformate was added dropwise over 20 min while maintaining the temperature of 0°C. The mixture was then stirred for 1 h at 0°C and then allowed to stir overnight at room temperature. The mixture was decanted, and the product was extracted with chloroform (3×50 mL) and dried over sodium sulfate then dried in vacuo, and then was decolorized by activated charcoal in hot methanol and filtrated to give white solid compound **13** (14.13g, 61% yield).²

Preparation of benzyl 4-(4-(allyl((benzyloxy)carbonyl)amino)-2-fluorophenyl)piperazine-1-carboxylate (14**)**



NaH (60 wt %, 880 mg, 22.0 mmol) was added to a solution of **13** (9.26 g, 20.0 mmol) in DMF (150 mL) at 0°C. The reaction mixture was stirred for 30 minutes at room temperature. After an addition of allyl bromide (5.19 mL, 60.0 mmol) at room temperature, the reaction mixture was stirred for additional 3 h at the same temperature. The reaction was quenched with saturated aqueous NH₄Cl solution and the organic materials were extracted with EtOAc two times. The combined organic extracts were washed with brine, dried over anhydrous Na₂SO₄, and concentrated under reduced pressure after filtration. The residue was purified by silica gel column chromatography (PE : EtOAc = 2.5:1) to afford yellow oil **14** (9.06 g, 93% yield). ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ: 7.29 (d, *J* = 4.4 Hz, 4H), 7.21-7.18 (m, 6H), 6.90-6.85 (m, 2H), 6.77 (t, *J* = 8.8 Hz, 1H), 5.82-5.76 (m, 1H), 5.08-5.06 (m, 5H), 5.04-5.01 (m, 1H), 4.14 (dt, *J*₁ = 6.0 Hz, *J*₂ = 1.6 Hz, 2H), 3.59 (t, *J* = 4.8 Hz, 4H), 2.94 (t, *J* = 5.2 Hz, 4H); ¹³C{¹H} NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃) δ: 155.2, 155.1, 155.0 (d, *J* = 245.8 Hz), 138.1, 136.6, 136.4, 135.5, 128.5, 128.4, 128.1, 128.0, 127.9, 127.8, 122.5, 118.8 (d, *J* = 3.8 Hz), 117.3, 115.1, 67.4, 67.3, 53.2, 50.4, 43.9 ppm. HRMS (ESI) *m/z* calcd for C₂₉H₃₀FN₃O₄ [M + Na]⁺: 526.2118, found: 526.2139.

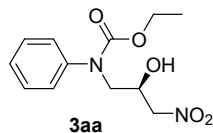
Preparation of benzyl 4-(4-(((benzyloxy)carbonyl)(2-oxoethyl)amino)-2-fluorophenyl) piperazine-1-carboxylate (1va**)**



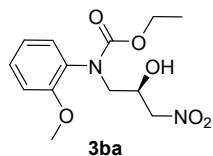
2,6-Lutidine (3.24 mL, 31.12 mmol), OsO₄ (4% solution in H₂O, 0.99 mL), and NaIO₄ (13.31 g, 62.24; mmol) were added to a solution of **14** (7.83g, 15.56 mmol) in dioxane (117 mL) and water (39 mL) at room temperature. After the reaction was complete in about 5 h, water (100 mL) and CH₂Cl₂ (200 mL) were added. After the separation of the organic layer and aqueous layer, the aqueous layer was extracted by CH₂Cl₂ three times. The combined organic layer was washed with brine, dried over Na₂SO₄, and concentrated in vacuo after filtration. The residue was purified by silica gel column chromatography (PE : EtOAc = 2.5:1) to afford yellow oil **1va** (6.29 g, 80% yield). ¹H NMR (400 MHz, DMSO) δ: 9.61 (s, 1H), 7.39-7.28 (m, 10H), 7.18 (dd, *J*₁ = 13.6 Hz, *J*₂ = 2.8 Hz, 1H), 7.08 (dd, *J*₁ = 8.4 Hz, *J*₂ = 2.8 Hz, 1H), 7.00 (t, *J* = 9.2 Hz, 1H), 5.13 (s, 4H), 4.51 (s, 2H), 3.56 (t, *J* = 4.8 Hz, 4H), 2.97 (t, *J* = 4.8 Hz, 4H); ¹³C{¹H} NMR (100 MHz, DMSO) δ: 199.3, 155.0, 154.8, 154.5 (d, *J* = 243.9 Hz), 138.4, 137.3, 136.8,

128.9, 128.8, 128.3, 128.0, 127.8, 119.6 (d, $J = 14.8$ Hz), 67.4, 66.8, 60.4, 50.4, 43.9 ppm. **HRMS** (ESI) m/z calcd for $C_{28}H_{28}FN_3O_5$ [$M + Na$] $^+$: 528.1911, found: 528.1905.

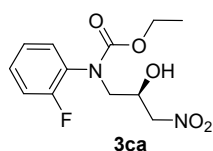
7. Analytical data (3aa~3va)



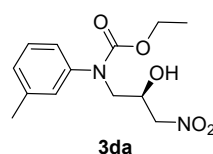
Ethyl (*R*)-(2-hydroxy-3-nitropropyl)(phenyl)carbamate (**3aa**): Prepared according to the general method from **1a** (41.42 mg, 0.2 mmol) with 10 mol% catalyst, and purified as a yellow oil (50.94 mg, 95%). **1H NMR** (400 MHz, $CDCl_3$) δ : 7.32-7.29 (m, 2H), 7.21 (t, $J = 7.6$ Hz, 1H), 7.15-7.13 (m, 2H), 4.48-4.42 (m, 1H), 4.38-4.32 (m, 2H), 4.07 (q, $J = 7.2$ Hz, 2H), 3.81 (dd, $J_1 = 14.8$ Hz, $J_2 = 6.8$ Hz, 1H), 3.72 (dd, $J_1 = 14.8$ Hz, $J_2 = 4.8$ Hz, 1H), 1.11 (t, $J = 7.2$ Hz, 3H); **$^{13}C\{^1H\}$ NMR** (100 MHz, $CDCl_3$) δ : 157.0, 141.7, 129.3, 127.3, 127.0, 78.7, 68.0, 62.5, 53.7, 14.4 ppm; **HRMS** (ESI) calcd. for $C_{12}H_{16}N_2O_5 + Na$: 291.0957, found: 291.0961; [α] $_D^{25} = +28.81$ ($c = 0.59$, EtOH); **Chiral HPLC**: 95% *ee* of **3aa** (CHIRALCEL AS-H, 220 nm, *n*-hexane/2-propanol = 80/20, flow rate 0.8 mL/min, $T = 30$ °C), $t_R = 14.5$ min (minor), 16.9 min (major).



Ethyl (*R*)-(2-hydroxy-3-nitropropyl)(2-methoxyphenyl)carbamate (**3ba**): Prepared according to the general method from **1b** (47.50 mg, 0.2 mmol) with 10 mmol% catalyst, and purified as a yellow oil (55.45 mg, 93%). **1H NMR** (400 MHz, $CDCl_3$) δ : 7.31 (td, $J_1 = 7.6$ Hz, $J_2 = 1.6$ Hz, 1H), 7.14 (d, $J = 7.6$ Hz, 1H), 6.97 (dd, $J_1 = 14.0$ Hz, $J_2 = 7.6$ Hz, 2H), 4.59 (s, 3H), 4.22-3.93 (m, 3H), 3.85 (s, 3H), 3.55 (t, $J = 18.8$ Hz, 1H), 1.11 (t, $J = 6.8$ Hz, 3H); **$^{13}C\{^1H\}$ NMR** (100 MHz, $CDCl_3$) δ : 156.0, 153.7, 129.3, 128.1, 127.6, 120.3, 110.8, 77.7, 66.6, 61.2, 54.6, 52.8, 13.4 ppm; **HRMS** (ESI) calcd. for $C_{13}H_{18}N_2O_6 + Na$: 321.1063, found: 321.1067; [α] $_D^{25} = +34.02$ ($c = 0.24$, EtOH); **Chiral HPLC**: 94% *ee* of **3ba** (CHIRALCEL IC, 220 nm, *n*-hexane/2-propanol = 80/20, flow rate 0.8 mL/min, $T = 30$ °C, $t_R = 16.3$ min (minor), 36.1 min (major).

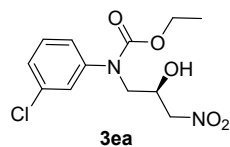


Ethyl (*R*)-(2-fluorophenyl)(2-hydroxy-3-nitropropyl)carbamate (**3ca**): Prepared according to the general method from **1c** (45.04 mg, 0.2 mmol) with 10 mmol% catalyst, and purified as a yellow oil (48.64 mg, 85%). **1H NMR** (400 MHz, $CDCl_3$) δ : 7.34-7.24 (m, 2H), 7.19-7.12 (m, 2H), 4.56-4.45 (m, 3H), 4.14 (q, $J = 7.2$ Hz, 2H), 3.83-3.80 (m, 2H), 3.68 (br, 1H), 1.16 (t, $J = 7.2$ Hz, 3H); **$^{13}C\{^1H\}$ NMR** (100 MHz, $CDCl_3$) δ : 158.0 (d, $J = 230.2$ Hz), 156.6, 129.4, 129.39, 129.30 (d, $J = 43.2$ Hz), 124.8 (d, $J = 3.8$ Hz), 116.5 (d, $J = 20.4$ Hz), 78.4, 68.1, 62.8, 53.6, 14.3 ppm; **HRMS** (ESI) calcd. for $C_{12}H_{15}FN_2O_5 + Na$: 309.0863, found: 309.0863; [α] $_D^{25} = +20.93$ ($c = 0.43$, EtOH); **Chiral HPLC**: 90% *ee* of **3ca** (CHIRALCEL AS-H, 220 nm, *n*-hexane/2-propanol = 80/20, flow rate 0.8 mL/min, $T = 30$ °C), $t_R = 16.7$ min (minor), 19.7 min (major).

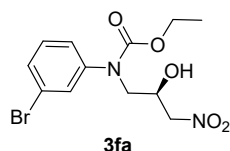


Ethyl (*R*)-(2-hydroxy-3-nitropropyl)(*m*-tolyl)carbamate (**3da**): Prepared according to the general method from **1d** (44.26 mg, 0.2 mmol) with 10 mmol% catalyst, and purified as a yellow oil (51.91 mg, 92%). **1H NMR** (400 MHz, $CDCl_3$) δ : 7.26 (t, $J = 7.6$ Hz, 1H), 7.10 (d, $J = 7.6$ Hz, 1H), 7.01-6.99 (m, 2H), 4.55-4.49 (m, 1H), 4.45-4.43 (m, 2H), 4.14 (q, $J = 7.2$ Hz, 2H), 3.88 (dd, $J_1 = 14.8$ Hz, $J_2 = 6.8$ Hz, 1H), 3.78 (dd, $J_1 = 14.8$ Hz, $J_2 = 4.8$ Hz, 1H), 2.36 (s, 3H), 1.19 (t, $J = 7.2$ Hz, 3H);

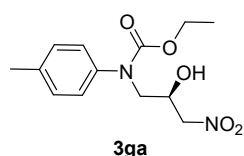
$^{13}\text{C}\{^1\text{H}\}$ NMR (100 MHz, CDCl_3) δ : 157.1, 141.6, 139.4, 129.1, 128.1, 127.5, 124.0, 78.7, 68.1, 62.5, 53.8, 21.3, 14.4 ppm; **HRMS** (ESI) calcd. for $\text{C}_{13}\text{H}_{18}\text{N}_2\text{O}_5 + \text{Na}$: 305.1113, found: 305.1116; $[\alpha]_{\text{D}}^{25} = +23.59$ ($c = 0.76$, EtOH); **Chiral HPLC**: 94% *ee* of **3da** (CHIRALCEL AS-H, 220nm, *n*-hexane/2-propanol = 90/10, flow rate 0.8 mL/min, $T = 30^\circ\text{C}$), $t_{\text{R}} = 27.0$ min (minor), 32.4 min (major).



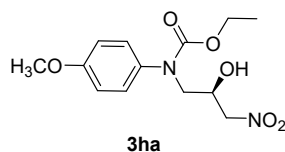
Ethyl (*R*)-(3-chlorophenyl)(2-hydroxy-3-nitropropyl)carbamate (**3ea**): Prepared according to the general method from **1e** (48.21 mg, 0.2 mmol) with 10 mol% catalyst, and purified as a yellow oil (51.35 mg, 85%). ^1H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl_3) δ : 7.33-7.26 (m, 3H), 7.13 (dt, $J_1 = 7.6$ Hz, $J_2 = 2.0$ Hz, 1H), 4.60-4.52 (m, 1H), 4.50-4.41 (m, 2H), 4.16 (q, $J = 7.2$ Hz, 2H), 3.86 (dd, $J_1 = 14.4$ Hz, $J_2 = 6.8$ Hz, 1H), 3.79 (dd, $J_1 = 14.8$ Hz, $J_2 = 4.8$ Hz, 1H), 3.61 (br, 1H), 1.21 (t, $J = 6.8$ Hz, 3H); $^{13}\text{C}\{^1\text{H}\}$ NMR (100 MHz, CDCl_3) δ : 156.5, 142.9, 134.6, 130.2, 127.5, 127.4, 125.3, 78.5, 67.9, 62.8, 53.6, 14.4 ppm; **HRMS** (ESI) calcd. for $\text{C}_{12}\text{H}_{15}\text{ClN}_2\text{O}_5 + \text{Na}$: 325.0567, found: 325.0563; $[\alpha]_{\text{D}}^{25} = +13.92$ ($c = 0.54$, EtOH); **Chiral HPLC**: 92% *ee* of **3ea** (CHIRALCEL AS-H, 220nm, *n*-hexane/2-propanol = 80/20, flow rate 0.8 mL/min, $T = 30^\circ\text{C}$), $t_{\text{R}} = 32.8$ min (minor), 43.2 min (major).



Ethyl (*R*)-(3-bromophenyl)(2-hydroxy-3-nitropropyl)carbamate (**3fa**): Prepared according to the general method from **1f** (57.23 mg, 0.2 mmol) with 10 mmol% catalyst, and purified as a yellow oil (56.75 mg, 82%). ^1H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl_3) δ : 7.43-7.39 (m, 2H), 7.28-7.23 (m, 1H), 7.19 (dt, $J_1 = 8.4$ Hz, $J_2 = 1.6$ Hz, 1H), 4.55-4.49 (m, 1H), 4.47-4.41 (m, 2H), 4.16 (q, $J = 6.8$ Hz, 2H), 3.85 (dd, $J_1 = 14.8$ Hz, $J_2 = 7.2$ Hz, 1H), 3.78 (dd, $J_1 = 14.4$ Hz, $J_2 = 4.8$ Hz, 1H), 3.69 (br, 1H), 1.21 (t, $J = 7.2$ Hz, 3H); $^{13}\text{C}\{^1\text{H}\}$ NMR (100 MHz, CDCl_3) δ : 156.5, 143.0, 130.5, 130.4, 130.2, 125.9, 122.4, 78.5, 67.8, 62.8, 53.6, 14.4 ppm; **HRMS** (ESI) calcd. for $\text{C}_{12}\text{H}_{15}\text{BrN}_2\text{O}_5 + \text{Na}$: 369.0062, found: 369.0071; $[\alpha]_{\text{D}}^{25} = +15.3$ ($c = 0.88$, EtOH); **Chiral HPLC**: 91% *ee* of **3fa** (CHIRALCEL AS-H, 220nm, *n*-hexane/2-propanol = 80/20, flow rate 0.8 mL/min, $T = 30^\circ\text{C}$), $t_{\text{R}} = 16.3$ min (minor), 19.9 min (major).

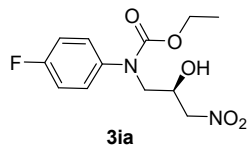


Ethyl (*R*)-(2-hydroxy-3-nitropropyl)(*p*-tolyl)carbamate (**3ga**): Prepared according to the general method from **1g** (44.26 mg, 0.2 mmol) with 10 mol% catalyst, and purified as a yellow oil (51.91 mg, 94%). ^1H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl_3) δ : 7.17 (d, $J = 8.4$ Hz, 2H), 7.08 (d, $J = 8.0$ Hz, 2H), 4.54-4.49 (m, 1H), 4.44-4.42 (m, 2H), 4.13 (q, $J = 6.8$ Hz, 2H), 3.87 (dd, $J_1 = 14.8$ Hz, $J_2 = 6.8$ Hz, 1H), 3.76 (dd, $J_1 = 14.8$ Hz, $J_2 = 4.8$ Hz, 1H), 2.35 (s, 3H), 1.18 (t, $J = 7.2$ Hz, 3H); $^{13}\text{C}\{^1\text{H}\}$ NMR (100 MHz, CDCl_3) δ : 157.3, 139.1, 137.2, 130.0, 126.8, 78.7, 68.1, 62.5, 53.8, 21.0, 14.4 ppm; **HRMS** (ESI) calcd. for $\text{C}_{13}\text{H}_{18}\text{N}_2\text{O}_5 + \text{Na}$: 305.1113, found: 305.1108; $[\alpha]_{\text{D}}^{25} = +21.02$ ($c = 0.85$, EtOH); **Chiral HPLC**: 94% *ee* of **3ga** (CHIRALCEL AS-H, 220 nm, *n*-hexane/2-propanol = 80/20, flow rate 0.8 mL/min, $T = 30^\circ\text{C}$), $t_{\text{R}} = 14.2$ min (minor), 17.4 min (major).

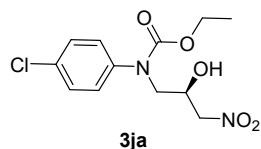


Ethyl (*R*)-(2-hydroxy-3-nitropropyl)(4-methoxyphenyl)carbamate (**3ha**): Prepared according to the general method from **1h** (47.46 mg, 0.2 mmol) with 10 mol% catalyst, and purified as a yellow oil (53.66 mg, 90%). ^1H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl_3) δ : 7.11 (d, $J = 8.4$ Hz, 2H), 6.88 (d, $J = 8.8$ Hz, 2H), 4.55-4.49 (m, 1H), 4.45-4.43 (m, 2H), 4.12 (q, $J = 7.2$ Hz, 2H), 3.87-3.82 (m, 1H), 3.80 (s, 3H), 3.73 (dd, $J_1 = 14.4$ Hz, $J_2 = 4.8$ Hz, 1H), 1.17 (t, $J = 7.2$ Hz, 3H); $^{13}\text{C}\{^1\text{H}\}$ NMR (100 MHz, CDCl_3) δ

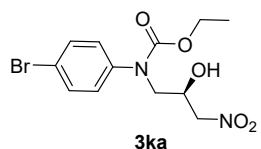
157.4, 133.4, 127.2, 113.5, 77.7, 67.1, 61.5, 54.4, 53.0, 13.4 ppm; **HRMS** (ESI) calcd. for $C_{13}H_{18}N_2O_6 + Na$: 321.1063, found: 321.1059; $[\alpha]_D^{25} = +39.79$ ($c = 0.78$, EtOH); **Chiral HPLC**: 89% *ee* of **3ha** (CHIRALCEL AS-H, 220nm, *n*-hexane/2-propanol = 80/20, flow rate 0.8 mL/min, $T = 30\text{ }^\circ\text{C}$), $t_R = 21.6$ min (minor), 25.5 min (major)



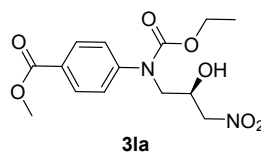
Ethyl (R)-(4-fluorophenyl)(2-hydroxy-3-nitropropyl)carbamate (3ia): Prepared according to the general method from **1i** (45.02 mg, 0.2 mmol) with 10 mol% catalyst, and purified as a yellow oil (46.95 mg, 82%). **^1H NMR** (400 MHz, CDCl_3) δ : 7.19 (dd, $J_1 = 8.8$ Hz, $J_2 = 4.8$ Hz, 2H), 7.08–7.00 (m, 2H), 4.53–4.43 (m, 3H), 4.12 (q, $J = 7.2$ Hz, 2H), 3.83 (dd, $J_1 = 14.4$ Hz, $J_2 = 7.2$ Hz, 1H), 3.74 (dd, $J_1 = 14.8$ Hz, $J_2 = 4.8$ Hz, 1H), 1.17 (t, $J = 7.6$ Hz, 3H); **$^{13}\text{C}\{^1\text{H}\}$ NMR** (100 MHz, CDCl_3) δ : 161.3 (d, $J = 245.8$ Hz), 157.0, 137.7 (d, $J = 3.2$ Hz), 128.9 (d, $J = 8.6$ Hz), 116.2 (d, $J = 22.6$ Hz), 78.6, 67.9, 62.6, 53.8, 14.4 ppm; **HRMS** (ESI) calcd. for $C_{12}H_{15}FN_2O_5 + Na$: 309.0863, found: 309.0860; $[\alpha]_D^{25} = +15.68$ ($c = 0.17$, EtOH); **Chiral HPLC**: 94% *ee* of **3ia** (CHIRALCEL AS-H, 220 nm, *n*-hexane/2-propanol = 95/5, flow rate 0.8 mL/min, $T = 30\text{ }^\circ\text{C}$), $t_R = 55.7$ min (minor), 59.0 min (major).



Ethyl (R)-(4-chlorophenyl)(2-hydroxy-3-nitropropyl)carbamate (3ja): Prepared according to the general method from **1j** (48.21 mg, 0.2 mmol) with 10 mol% catalyst, and purified as a yellow oil (48.33 mg, 80%). **^1H NMR** (400 MHz, CDCl_3) δ : 7.36–7.32 (m, 2H), 7.18–7.15 (m, 2H), 4.55–4.52 (m, 1H), 4.50–4.42 (m, 2H), 4.15 (q, $J = 6.8$ Hz, 2H), 3.85 (dd, $J_1 = 14.4$ Hz, $J_2 = 6.8$ Hz, 1H), 3.77 (dd, $J_1 = 14.4$ Hz, $J_2 = 4.4$ Hz, 1H), 3.63 (bra, 1H), 1.19 (t, $J = 6.4$ Hz, 3H); **$^{13}\text{C}\{^1\text{H}\}$ NMR** (100 MHz, CDCl_3) δ : 156.6, 140.3, 132.9, 129.5, 128.4, 78.5, 67.9, 62.7, 53.7, 14.3 ppm; **HRMS** (ESI) calcd. for $C_{12}H_{15}ClN_2O_5 + Na^+$: 325.0567, found: 325.0558; $[\alpha]_D^{25} = +12.59$ ($c = 0.09$, EtOH); **Chiral HPLC**: 89% *ee* of **3ja** (CHIRALCEL AS-H, 220nm, *n*-hexane/2-propanol = 95/5, flow rate 1 mL/min, $T = 30\text{ }^\circ\text{C}$), $t_R = 58.3$ min (minor), 63.9 min (major).

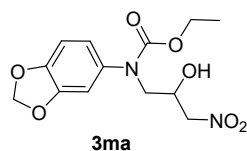


Ethyl (R)-(4-bromophenyl)(2-hydroxy-3-nitropropyl)carbamate (3ka): Prepared according to the general method from **1k** (57.00 mg, 0.2 mmol) with 10 mol% catalyst, and purified as a yellow oil (55.36 mg, 80%). **^1H NMR** (400 MHz, CDCl_3) δ : 7.50 (d, $J = 8.4$ Hz, 2H), 7.11 (d, $J = 8.4$ Hz, 2H), 4.55–4.51 (m, 1H), 4.50–4.41 (m, 2H), 4.15 (q, $J = 7.2$ Hz, 2H), 3.85 (dd, $J_1 = 14.4$ Hz, $J_2 = 6.8$ Hz, 1H), 3.78 (dd, $J_1 = 14.4$ Hz, $J_2 = 4.4$ Hz, 1H), 3.53 (bra, 1H), 1.20 (t, $J = 7.2$ Hz, 3H); **$^{13}\text{C}\{^1\text{H}\}$ NMR** (100 MHz, CDCl_3) δ : 140.9, 132.5, 128.7, 120.9, 78.4, 68.0, 62.7, 53.7, 14.4 ppm; **HRMS** (ESI) calcd. for $C_{12}H_{15}BrN_2O_5 + Na$: 369.0062, found: 369.0047; $[\alpha]_D^{25} = +12.3$ ($c = 0.87$, EtOH); **Chiral HPLC**: 87% *ee* of **3ka** (CHIRALCEL AS-H, 220nm, *n*-hexane/2-propanol = 95/5, flow rate 1 mL/min, $T = 30\text{ }^\circ\text{C}$), $t_R = 63.2$ min (minor), 69.4 min (major).

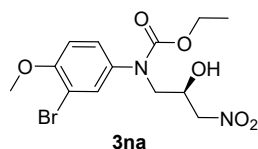


Methyl (R)-4-((ethoxycarbonyl)(2-hydroxy-3-nitropropyl)amino)benzoate (3la): Prepared according to the general method from **1l** (53.06 mg, 0.2 mmol) with 10 mol% catalyst, and purified as a yellow oil (57.39 mg, 88%). **^1H NMR** (400 MHz, CDCl_3) δ : 8.01 (d, $J = 8.4$ Hz, 2H), 7.31 (d, $J = 8.8$ Hz, 2H), 4.57–4.52 (m, 1H), 4.49–4.40 (m, 2H), 4.16 (q, $J = 7.2$ Hz, 2H), 3.91 (s, 3H), 3.89–3.85 (m, 2H), 3.67 (bra, 1H), 1.19 (t, $J = 7.2$, 3H); **$^{13}\text{C}\{^1\text{H}\}$ NMR** (100 MHz, CDCl_3) δ : 166.3, 156.3, 145.9, 130.7, 128.6,

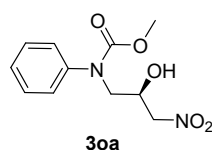
126.6, 78.5, 67.9, 62.8, 53.4, 52.3, 14.3 ppm; **HRMS** (ESI) calcd. for $C_{14}H_{18}N_2O_7 + Na$: 349.1012, found: 349.1011; $[\alpha]_D^{25} = +86.11$ ($c = 0.24$, EtOH); **Chiral HPLC**: 94% *ee* of **3la** (CHIRALCEL AS-H, 220 nm, *n*-hexane/2-propanol = 80/20, flow rate 0.8 mL/min, $T = 30\text{ }^\circ\text{C}$), $t_R = 33.9$ min (minor), 51.0 min (major).



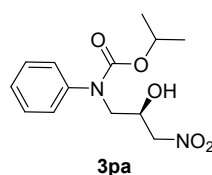
Ethyl (*R*)-benzo[d][1,3]dioxol-5-yl(2-hydroxy-3-nitropropyl)carbamate (**3ma**): Prepared according to the general method from **1m** (50.20 mg, 0.2 mmol) with 10 mmol% catalyst, and purified as a yellow oil (53.06 mg, 85%). **¹H NMR** (400 MHz, $CDCl_3$) δ : 6.77 (d, $J = 8.4$ Hz, 1H), 6.69-6.65 (m, 2H), 5.99 (s, 2H), 4.53-4.51 (m, 1H), 4.50-4.44 (m, 2H), 4.13 (q, $J = 7.2$ Hz, 2H), 3.83 (dd, $J_1 = 14.8$ Hz, $J_2 = 7.2$ Hz, 1H), 3.70 (dd, $J_1 = 14.4$ Hz, $J_2 = 4.4$ Hz, 1H), 1.19 (t, $J = 7.2$ Hz, 3H); **¹³C{¹H} NMR** (100 MHz, $CDCl_3$) δ : 157.5, 148.1, 146.7, 135.5, 120.5, 108.4, 108.3, 101.7, 78.6, 68.0, 62.6, 54.1, 14.4 ppm; **HRMS** (ESI) calcd. for $C_{13}H_{17}N_2O_7 + Na$: 335.0855, found: 335.0848; $[\alpha]_D^{25} = +17.27$ ($c = 0.39$, EtOH); **Chiral HPLC**: 92% *ee* of **3ma** (CHIRALCEL IC, 220 nm, *n*-hexane/2-propanol = 80/20, flow rate 1 mL/min, $T = 30\text{ }^\circ\text{C}$), $t_R = 18.5$ min (minor), 31.2 min (major).



Ethyl (*R*)-(3-bromo-4-methoxyphenyl)(2-hydroxy-3-nitropropyl)carbamate (**3na**): Prepared according to the general method from **1n** (63.24 mg, 0.2 mmol) with 10 mmol% catalyst, and purified as a yellow oil (61.67 mg, 85%). **¹H NMR** (400 MHz, $CDCl_3$) δ : 7.42 (s, 1H), 7.15 (d, $J = 7.2$ Hz, 1H), 6.88 (d, $J = 8.8$ Hz, 1H), 4.53-4.49 (m, 1H), 4.48-4.40 (m, 2H), 4.13 (q, $J = 7.2$ Hz, 2H), 3.90 (s, 3H), 3.82 (dd, $J_1 = 14.8$ Hz, $J_2 = 7.2$ Hz, 1H), 3.71 (dd, $J_1 = 14.8$ Hz, $J_2 = 4.4$ Hz, 1H), 1.18 (t, $J = 7.2$ Hz, 3H); **¹³C{¹H} NMR** (100 MHz, $CDCl_3$) δ : 155.0, 135.2, 132.0, 127.4, 111.8, 111.5, 78.6, 67.9, 62.7, 56.4, 53.9, 14.4 ppm; **HRMS** (ESI) calcd. for $C_{13}H_{17}BrN_2O_6 + Na$: 399.0168, found: 399.0156; $[\alpha]_D^{25} = +14.87$ ($c = 0.50$, EtOH); **Chiral HPLC**: 89% *ee* of **3na** (CHIRALCEL AS-H, 220 nm, *n*-hexane/2-propanol = 80/20, flow rate 0.8 mL/min, $T = 30\text{ }^\circ\text{C}$), $t_R = 26.8$ min (minor), 30.1 min (major).

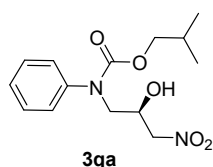


Methyl (*R*)-(2-hydroxy-3-nitropropyl)(phenyl)carbamate (**3oa**): Prepared according to the general method from **1o** (38.61 mg, 0.2 mmol) with 10 mmol% catalyst, and purified as a yellow oil (47.41 mg, 93%). **¹H NMR** (400 MHz, $CDCl_3$) δ : 7.39 (t, $J = 7.6$ Hz, 2H), 7.30 (t, $J = 7.6$ Hz, 1H), 7.22 (d, $J = 7.6$ Hz, 2H), 4.55-4.51 (m, 1H), 4.49-4.39 (m, 2H), 3.89 (dd, $J_1 = 14.4$ Hz, $J_2 = 6.8$ Hz, 1H), 3.79 (dd, $J_1 = 14.8$ Hz, $J_2 = 4.8$ Hz, 1H), 3.68 (s, 3H); **¹³C{¹H} NMR** (100 MHz, $CDCl_3$) δ : 157.5, 141.6, 129.4, 127.5, 127.1, 78.6, 68.0, 53.8, 53.5 ppm; **HRMS** (ESI) calcd. for $C_{11}H_{14}N_2O_5 + Na$: 277.0800, found: 277.0810; $[\alpha]_D^{25} = +17.27$ ($c = 0.39$, EtOH); **Chiral HPLC**: 87% *ee* of **3oa** (CHIRALCEL IC, 220 nm, *n*-hexane/2-propanol = 80/20, flow rate 1 mL/min, $T = 30\text{ }^\circ\text{C}$), $t_R = 12.3$ min (minor), 22.4 min (major).

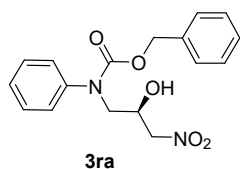


Isopropyl (*R*)-(2-hydroxy-3-nitropropyl)(phenyl)carbamate (**3pa**): Prepared according to the general procedure from **1p** (44.22 mg, 0.2 mmol) with 10 mmol% catalyst, and purified as a yellow oil (51.91 mg, 92%). **¹H NMR** (400 MHz, $CDCl_3$) δ : 7.30 (t, $J = 7.6$ Hz, 2H), 7.22-7.18 (m, 1H), 7.12 (d, $J = 8.0$ Hz, 2H), 4.89-4.83 (m, 1H), 4.45 (s, 1H), 4.47-4.43 (m, 2H), 3.82 (dd, $J_1 = 14.8$ Hz, $J_2 = 6.8$

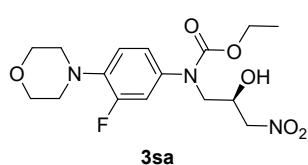
Hz, 1H), 3.73 (dd, $J_1 = 14.8$ Hz, $J_2 = 4.8$ Hz, 1H), 1.11 (d, $J = 6.0$ Hz, 6H); $^{13}\text{C}\{^1\text{H}\}$ NMR (100 MHz, CDCl_3) δ : 156.8, 141.8, 129.3, 127.1, 126.9, 78.7, 70.4, 68.2, 53.7, 21.89, 21.85 ppm; **HRMS** (ESI) calcd. for $\text{C}_{13}\text{H}_{18}\text{N}_2\text{O}_5 + \text{Na}$: 305.1113, found: 305.1108; $[\alpha]_{\text{D}}^{25} = +20.40$ ($c = 0.42$, EtOH); **Chiral HPLC**: 94% *ee* of **3pa** (CHIRALCEL IC, 220 nm, *n*-hexane/2-propanol = 80/20, flow rate 1 mL/min, $T = 30$ °C), $t_{\text{R}} = 12.9$ min (minor), 14.3 min (major).



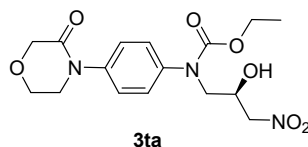
Isobutyl (*R*)-(2-hydroxy-3-nitropropyl)(phenyl)carbamate (**3qa**): Prepared according to the general method from **1q** (47.02 mg, 0.2 mmol) with 10 mmol% catalyst, and purified as a yellow oil (52.71 mg, 93%). ^1H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl_3) δ : 7.38 (t, $J = 8.0$ Hz, 2H), 7.28 (t, $J = 7.6$ Hz, 1H), 7.21 (d, $J = 7.6$ Hz, 2H), 4.56-4.51 (m, 1H), 4.48-4.41 (m, 2H), 3.92-3.84 (m, 3H), 3.79 (dd, $J_1 = 14.8$ Hz, $J_2 = 4.8$ Hz, 1H), 1.84-1.76 (m, 1H), 0.79 (d, $J = 6.8$ Hz, 6H); $^{13}\text{C}\{^1\text{H}\}$ NMR (100 MHz, CDCl_3) δ : 157.2, 141.7, 129.3, 127.4, 127.1, 78.7, 72.5, 68.1, 53.7, 27.8, 18.8 ppm; **HRMS** (ESI) calcd. for $\text{C}_{14}\text{H}_{20}\text{N}_2\text{O}_5 + \text{Na}$: 335.0855, found: 335.0848; $[\alpha]_{\text{D}}^{25} = +18.64$ ($c = 0.44$, EtOH); **Chiral HPLC**: 93% *ee* of **3qa** (CHIRALCEL AD-H, 220 nm, *n*-hexane/2-propanol = 90/10, flow rate 0.8 mL/min, $T = 30$ °C), $t_{\text{R}} = 14.7$ min (minor), 16.3 min (major).



Benzyl (*R*)-(2-hydroxy-3-nitropropyl)(phenyl)carbamate (**3ra**): Prepared according to the general method from **1r** (53.82 mg, 0.2 mmol) with 10 mmol% catalyst, and purified as a yellow oil (61.04 mg, 93%). ^1H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl_3) δ : 7.32-7.28 (m, 2H), 7.24-7.19 (m, 4H), 7.17-7.11 (m, 4H), 5.05 (s, 2H), 4.48-4.42 (m, 1H), 4.38-4.30 (m, 2H), 3.81 (dd, $J_1 = 14.8$ Hz, $J_2 = 7.2$ Hz, 1H), 3.72 (dd, $J_1 = 14.4$ Hz, $J_2 = 4.8$ Hz, 1H); $^{13}\text{C}\{^1\text{H}\}$ NMR (100 MHz, CDCl_3) δ : 156.8, 141.5, 135.9, 129.4, 128.5, 128.1, 127.5, 127.1, 78.6, 67.9, 53.8 ppm; **HRMS** (ESI) calcd. for $\text{C}_{17}\text{H}_{18}\text{N}_2\text{O}_5 + \text{Na}$: 353.1113, found: 353.1114; $[\alpha]_{\text{D}}^{25} = +17.27$ ($c = 0.39$, EtOH); **Chiral HPLC**: 94% *ee* of **3ra** (CHIRALCEL IC, 220 nm, *n*-hexane/2-propanol = 80/20, flow rate 0.8 mL/min, $T = 30$ °C), $t_{\text{R}} = 15.0$ min (minor), 22.0 min (major).

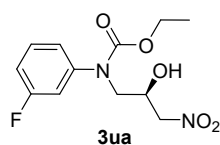


Ethyl (*R*)-(3-fluoro-4-morpholinophenyl)(2-hydroxy-3-nitropropyl)carbamate (**3sa**): Prepared according to the general method from **1s** (62.02 mg, 0.2 mmol) with 10 mmol% catalyst, and purified as a white solid (68.27 mg, 92%). m.p. 116.3-117.3°C; ^1H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl_3) δ : 6.96-6.87 (m, 3H), 4.55-4.41 (m, 1H), 4.49-4.43 (m, 2H), 4.15 (q, $J = 7.2$ Hz, 2H), 3.88-3.81 (m, 5H), 3.74 (dd, $J_1 = 14.4$ Hz, $J_2 = 4.8$ Hz, 1H), 3.61 (bra, 1H), 3.10 (t, $J = 4.4$ Hz, 4H), 1.21 (t, $J = 7.2$ Hz, 3H); $^{13}\text{C}\{^1\text{H}\}$ NMR (100 MHz, CDCl_3) δ : 156.9, 155.0 (d, $J = 246.8$ Hz), 139.1 (d, $J = 8.3$ Hz), 135.9 (d, $J = 9.5$ Hz), 123.0 (d, $J = 3.2$ Hz), 118.6 (d, $J = 4.0$ Hz), 115.4 (d, $J = 22.1$ Hz), 78.5, 68.0, 66.9, 62.7, 50.75, 50.71, 14.4 ppm; **HRMS** (ESI) calcd. for $\text{C}_{16}\text{H}_{22}\text{FN}_3\text{O}_6 + \text{Na}$: 394.1390, found: 394.1384; $[\alpha]_{\text{D}}^{25} = +17.27$ ($c = 0.39$, EtOH); **Chiral HPLC**: 94% *ee* of **3sa** (CHIRALCEL AS-H, 220 nm, *n*-hexane/2-propanol = 70/30, flow rate 0.6 mL/min, $T = 30$ °C), $t_{\text{R}} = 16.1$ min (minor), 19.7 min (major).

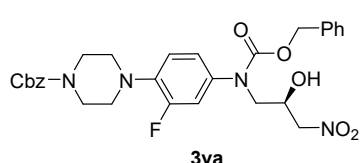


Ethyl (*R*)-(2-hydroxy-3-nitropropyl)(4-(3-oxomorpholino)phenyl)carbamate (**3ta**): Prepared according to the general method from **1t** (61.22 mg, 0.2 mmol) with 10 mmol% catalyst,

and isolated as a yellow oil (70.71 mg, 94%). **¹H NMR** (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ: 7.27 (d, *J* = 8.4 Hz, 2H), 7.20-7.18 (m, 2H), 4.43-4.40 (m, 1H), 4.38-4.30 (m, 2H), 4.25 (s, 2H), 4.08 (q, *J* = 7.2 Hz, 2H), 3.98-3.95 (m, 2H), 3.74-3.69 (m, 4H), 3.08 (bra, 1H), 1.13 (t, *J* = 7.2 Hz, 3H); **¹³C{¹H} NMR** (100 MHz, CDCl₃) δ: 166.9, 156.5, 140.3, 139.8, 127.8, 126.0, 78.7, 68.4, 67.8, 64.0, 62.5, 53.6, 49.5, 14.4 ppm; **HRMS** (ESI) calcd. for C₁₆H₂₁N₃O₇ + Na: 390.1277, found: 390.1273; [α]_D²⁵ = +17.27 (c = 0.39, EtOH); **Chiral HPLC**: 95% *ee* of **3ta** (CHIRALCEL IC, 220 nm, *n*-hexane/2-propanol = 65/35, flow rate 0.7 mL/min, *T* = 30 °C), *t*_R = 40.4 min (minor), 51.9 min (major).



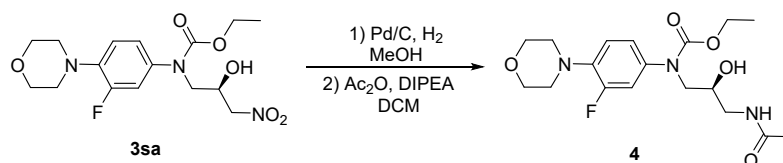
Ethyl (*R*)-(3-fluorophenyl)(2-hydroxy-3-nitropropyl)carbamate (3ua**)**: Prepared according to the general method from **1u** (45.02 mg, 0.2 mmol) with 10 mol% catalyst, and purified as a yellow oil (48.06 mg, 84%). **¹H NMR** (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ: 7.34 (dd, *J*₁ = 14.8 Hz, *J*₂ = 7.6 Hz, 1H), 7.03-6.97 (m, 3H), 4.54-4.44 (m, 3H), 4.16 (q, *J* = 7.2 Hz, 2H), 3.87 (dd, *J*₁ = 14.4 Hz, *J*₂ = 6.8 Hz, 1H), 3.80 (dd, *J*₁ = 14.8 Hz, *J*₂ = 4.8 Hz, 1H), 3.59 (br, 1H), 1.20 (t, *J* = 7.2 Hz, 3H); **¹³C{¹H} NMR** (100 MHz, CDCl₃) δ: 162.7 (d, *J* = 246.3 Hz), 156.6, 143.2 (d, *J* = 9.7 Hz), 130.4 (d, *J* = 9.1 Hz), 122.6 (d, *J* = 3.3 Hz), 114.6 (d, *J* = 22.6 Hz), 114.3 (d, *J* = 20.8 Hz), 78.5, 67.9, 62.8, 53.6, 14.3 ppm; **HRMS** (ESI) calcd. for C₁₂H₁₅FN₂O₅ + Na: 309.0863, found: 309.0852; [α]_D²⁵ = +22.74 (c 0.27, EtOH); **Chiral HPLC**: 90% *ee* of **3ua** (CHIRALCEL AS-H, 220 nm, *n*-hexane/2-propanol = 90/10, flow rate 0.8 mL/min, *T* = 30 °C), *t*_R = 30.7 min (minor), 39.9 min (major).



Benzyl(*R*)-4-(4-(((benzyloxy)carbonyl)(2-hydroxy-3-nitropropyl)amino)-2-fluorophenyl)piperazine-1-carboxylate (3va**)**: Prepared according to the general method from **1v** (41.42 mg, 0.2 mmol) with 10 mol% catalyst, and purified as a yellow oil (101.92 mg, 90%). **¹H NMR** (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ: 7.35-7.33 (m, 4H), 7.32-7.24 (m, 4H), 7.22-7.20 (m, 2H), 7.00-6.94 (m, 2H), 6.85-6.81 (m, 1H), 5.12-5.09 (m, 4H), 4.53-4.49 (m, 1H), 4.41-4.33 (m, 2H), 4.12 (d, *J* = 5.6 Hz, 1H), 3.72 (d, *J* = 6.4 Hz, 2H), 3.60 (t, *J* = 4.8 Hz, 4H), 2.98 (t, *J* = 5.2 Hz, 4H); **¹³C{¹H} NMR** (100 MHz, CDCl₃) δ: 155.3, 155.0 (d, *J* = 246.4 Hz), 138.9 (d, *J* = 8.3 Hz), 136.2 (d, *J* = 6.2 Hz), 135.9, 128.6, 128.5, 128.25, 128.20, 128.0, 127.7, 123.3, 119.1 (d, *J* = 3.9 Hz), 115.6 (d, *J* = 22.0 Hz), 78.9, 67.9, 67.5, 67.4, 53.7, 50.2, 43.8 ppm; **HRMS** (ESI) calcd. for C₂₉H₃₁FN₄O₇ + Na: 589.2074, found: 589.2078; [α]_D²⁵ = +6.58 (c 2.70, EtOH); **Chiral HPLC**: 92% *ee* of **3va** (CHIRALCEL OD-H, 254 nm, *n*-hexane/2-propanol = 75/25, flow rate 0.8 mL/min, *T* = 30 °C), *t*_R = 53.0 min (minor), 61.8 min (major).

8. Asymmetric total synthesis of linezolid

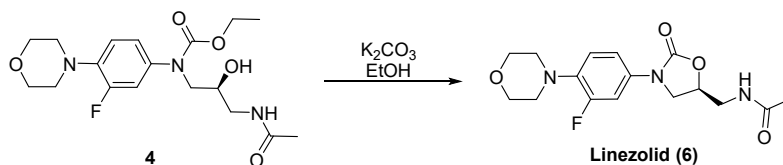
Synthesis of ethyl (*S*)-(3-acetamido-2-hydroxypropyl)(3-fluoro-4-morpholinophenyl)carbamate (**4**)



3sa (2.5 mmol, 929.30 mg) in an oven-dried 250-mL high pressure reactor, and Pd/C (10% wt, 180

mg) in MeOH (50 mL) were stirred at room temperature for 24 h under H₂ (20 bar). After the reaction ended, the mixture was filtered through a Celite pad and washed with MeOH (25 mL). The filtrate was evaporated *in vacuo* to provide the crude product, which was used directly in next step. Then Ac₂O (1.0 eq, 2.5 mmol, 0.24 mL) was slowly added to a mixture of the above residue and DIPEA (1.1 eq, 2.75 mmol, 0.46 mL) in dry DCM (50 mL) at 0 °C. The resulting mixture was further stirred at 25 °C for 5 h. The reaction mixture was quenched by adding a saturated NaHCO₃ solution (40 mL). The organic layer was dried with Na₂SO₄, filtered subsequently, and then concentrated *in vacuo*. The residue was purified via column chromatography with an eluent of EA/Hex to afford the desired compound **4**, which was finally obtained as yellow oil (670.9 mg, 70% yield). The NMR spectra of compound **4** is consistent with the reported spectra.³ **¹H NMR** (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ: 6.89-6.84 (m, 3H), 6.77-6.72 (m, 1H), 4.35 (br., 1H), 3.98 (q, *J* = 7.2 Hz, 2H), 3.71-3.69 (m, 5H), 3.53-3.49 (m, 2H), 3.37-3.31 (m, 1H), 3.02-2.92 (m, 5H), 1.82 (s, 3H), 1.05 (t, *J* = 7.2 Hz, 3H) ppm.

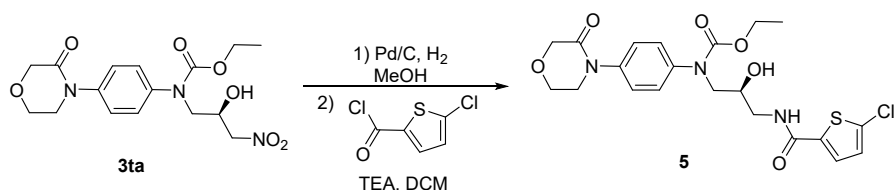
Synthesis of linezolid (**6**)



Compound **4** (0.5 mmol, 191.60 mg) in an oven-dried 25-mL flask, and K₂CO₃ (1.50 mmol, 206.85 mg) in absolute EtOH (2.5 mL) were stirred at 25 °C for 12 h. The mixture was quenched with water (10 mL), subsequently neutralized with 1M HCl aq. and then extracted with EA (25 mL). The organic layer was dried with Na₂SO₄, followed by filtered, and evaporated *in vacuo*. The residue was crystallized from isopropanol, affording Linezolid **6** as white solid (155.2 mg, 92% yield). m.p. 181.2-182.7 °C; **¹H NMR** (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ: 7.41 (dt, *J*₁ = 14.4 Hz, *J*₂ = 3.2 Hz, 1H), 7.06-7.03 (m, 1H), 6.95-6.89 (m, 1H), 6.60-6.48 (m, 1H), 4.79-4.73 (m, 1H), 4.00 (t, *J* = 8.8 Hz, 1H), 3.87-3.84 (m, 4H), 3.76-3.72 (m, 1H), 3.66-3.61 (m, 2H), 3.05-3.02 (m, 4H), 2.00 (s, 3H); **¹³C{¹H} NMR** (100 MHz, CDCl₃) δ: 170.3, 154.4 (d, *J* = 244.9 Hz), 153.4, 135.3 (d, 5.8 Hz), 131.9 (d, 10.1 Hz), 117.9 (d, 4.2 Hz), 112.9 (d, 3.3 Hz), 106.5 (d, 26.1 Hz), 71.0, 65.8, 49.9 (d, 3.2 Hz), 46.6 (d, 4.0 Hz), 40.8, 22.0; **¹⁹F NMR** (100 MHz, CDCl₃) δ: -120.125 ppm; **HRMS** (ESI) calcd. for C₁₆H₂₀FN₃O₄ + Na: 360.1336, found: 360.1340; [*α*]_D²⁰ = -8.7 (c 0.73, CHCl₃).

9. Asymmetric total synthesis of rivaroxaban

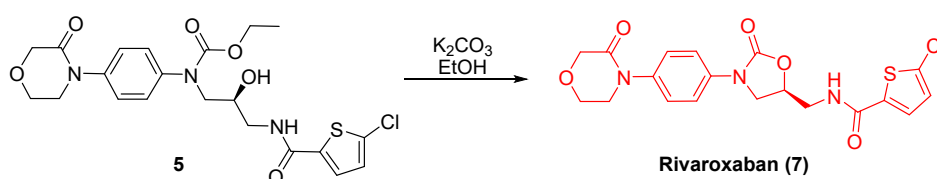
Synthesis of ethyl (S)-(3-(5-chlorothiophene-2-carboxamido)-2-hydroxypropyl)(4-(3-oxomorpholino)phenyl) carbamate (**5**)



Nitroalcohol **3ta** (881.14 mg, 2.4 mmol) in an oven-dried 250-mL high pressure reactor, and Pd/C (10% wt, 180 mg) in MeOH (50 mL) were stirred at room temperature for 24 h under H₂ (20 bar). After

reaction ended, the mixture was filtered through a Celite pad and washed with MeOH (50 mL). The filtrate was evaporated *in vacuo* to prepare the crude product, which was used in next step without further purification. 5-Chlorothiophene-2-carbonyl chloride (0.29 mL, 2.4 mmol) was slowly added to a mixture of the above residue and triethylamine (0.37 mL, 2.64 mmol) in dry DCM (40 mL) at 0 °C. The resulting mixture was kept stirring at 25 °C for 4 h. The reaction mixture was quenched with water (40 mL). The organic layer was dried with Na₂SO₄, subsequently filtered, and then concentrated *in vacuo*. The residue was purified via column chromatography with an eluent of acetone/CH₂Cl₂ 1/5 to yield the desired compound **5** as yellow oil (867.5mg, 75% yield). The NMR spectra of compound **5** is in accord with the reported data.⁴ ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ: 7.32-7.30 (m, 3H), 7.24-7.17 (m, 3H), 6.87 (d, *J* = 4.0 Hz, 1H), 4.32 (s, 2H), 4.13 (q, *J* = 6.8 Hz, 2H), 4.04-4.01 (m, 2H), 3.93-3.87 (m, 1H), 3.80-3.74 (m, 3H), 3.71-3.68 (m, 2H), 3.29-3.25 (m, 1H), 1.18 (t, *J* = 7.2 Hz, 3H) ppm.

Synthesis rivaroxaban (7)

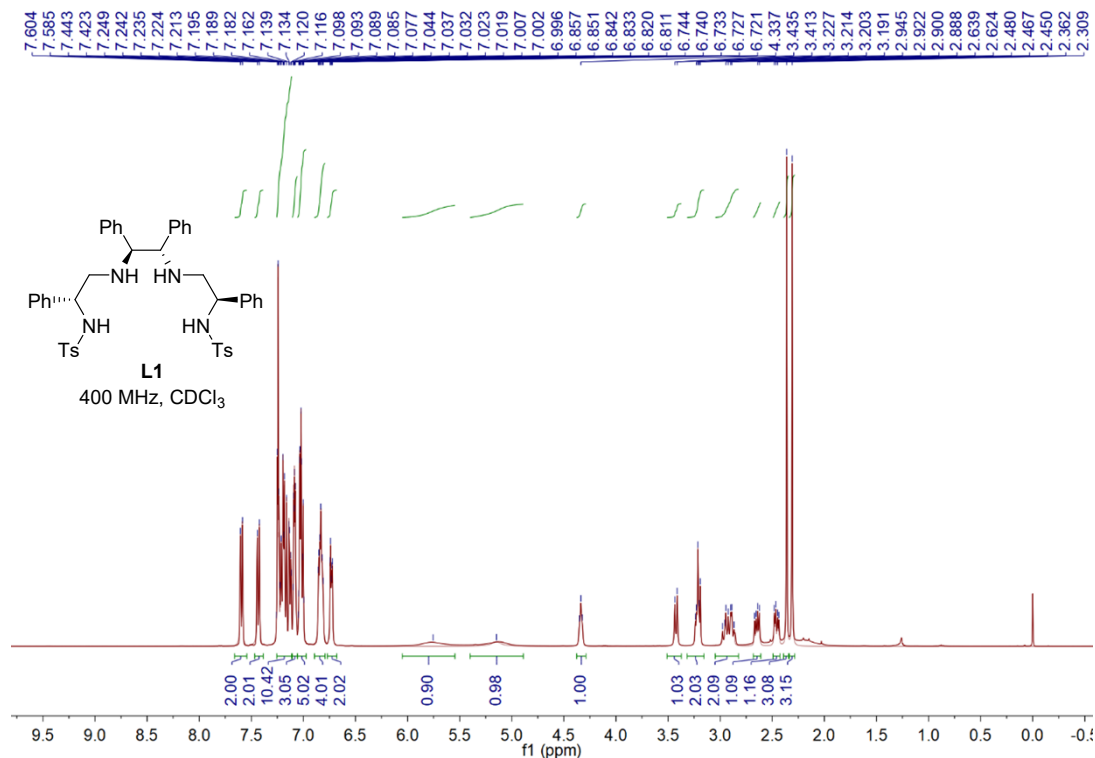


Compound **5** (360.80 mg, 0.75 mmol) in an oven-dried 25-mL flask, and anhydrous K₂CO₃ (310.30 mg, 2.25 mmol) in absolute EtOH (15 mL) were stirred at 25 °C for 24 h. The reaction process was monitored by TLC. The formed suspension was filtered off, and then washed with n-hexane (2 × 15 mL), followed by washed with water (2 × 15 mL), and dried *in vacuo* to obtain rivaroxaban (**7**) as white crystalline solid (310.6 mg, 95% yield). m.p. 206.0-208.3 °C; ¹H NMR (400 MHz, DMSO) δ: 8.97 (t, *J* = 6.0 Hz, 1H), 7.70 (d, *J* = 4.4 Hz, 1H), 7.56 (dd, *J*₁ = 6.8 Hz, *J*₂ = 2.0 Hz, 2H), 7.41 (dd, *J*₁ = 6.8 Hz, *J*₂ = 2.0 Hz, 2H), 7.19 (d, *J* = 4.0 Hz, 1H), 4.88-4.81 (m, 1H), 4.21-4.17 (m, 3H), 3.98-3.96 (m, 2H), 3.85 (dd, *J*₁ = 9.2 Hz, *J*₂ = 6.4 Hz, 1H), 3.72-3.70 (m, 2H), 3.61 (t, *J* = 5.6 Hz, 2H); ¹³C{¹H} NMR (100 MHz, DMSO) δ: 166.4, 161.2, 154.5, 138.9, 137.5, 136.9, 133.7, 128.9, 128.6, 126.4, 118.8, 71.8, 68.2, 63.9, 49.4, 47.9, 42.6 ppm; HRMS (ESI) calcd. for C₁₉H₁₈ClN₃O₅S + Na: 458.0553, found: 458.0547; [α]_D²⁰ = −40.2 (c 0.34, DMSO).

10. NMR spectra

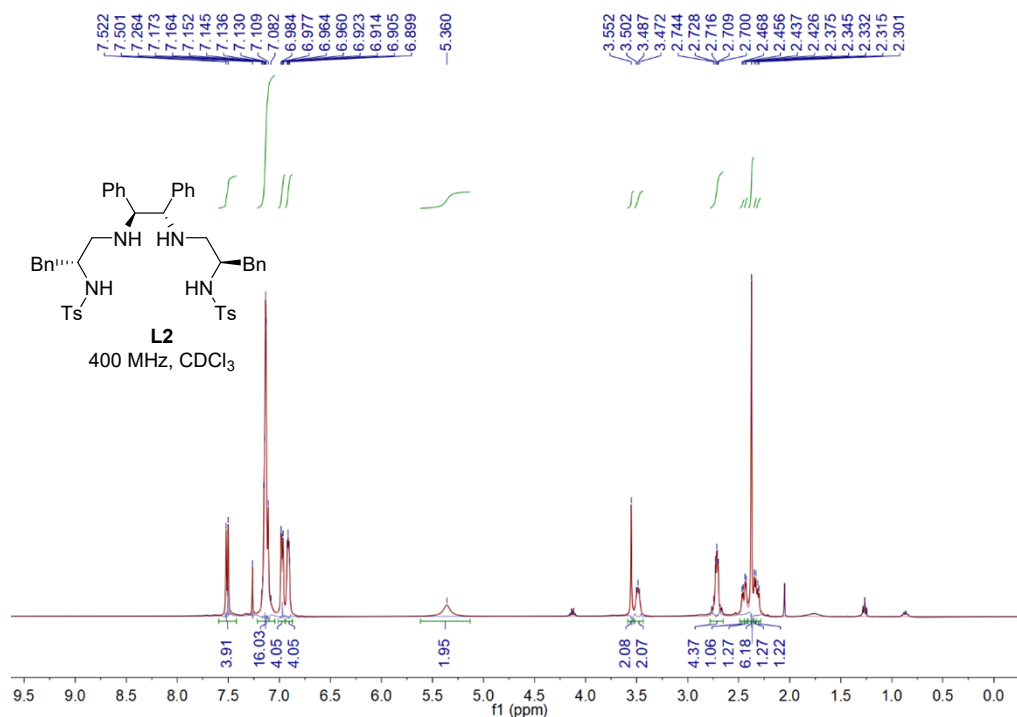
N,N'-(((1*R*,1'*R*)-((1*S*,2*S*)-1,2-diphenylethane-1,2-diyl)bis(azanediyl))bis(1-phenylethane-2,1-diyl))bis(4-methylbenzenesulfonamide) (**L1**)

¹H NMR of **L1** (400 MHz, CDCl₃)

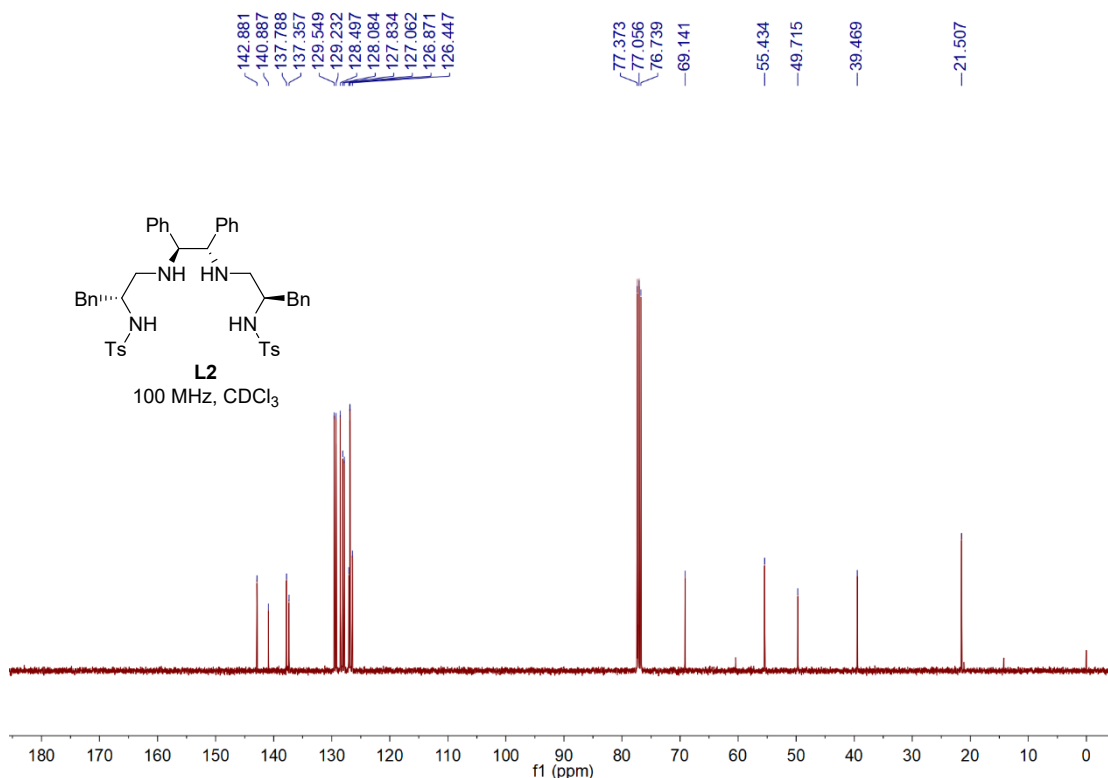


N,N'-(((2*R*,2'*R*)-((1*S*,2*S*)-1,2-diphenylethane-1,2-diyl)bis(azanediyl))bis(3-phenylpropane-1,2-diyl))bis(4-methylbenzenesulfonamide)

¹H NMR of **L2** (400 MHz, CDCl₃)

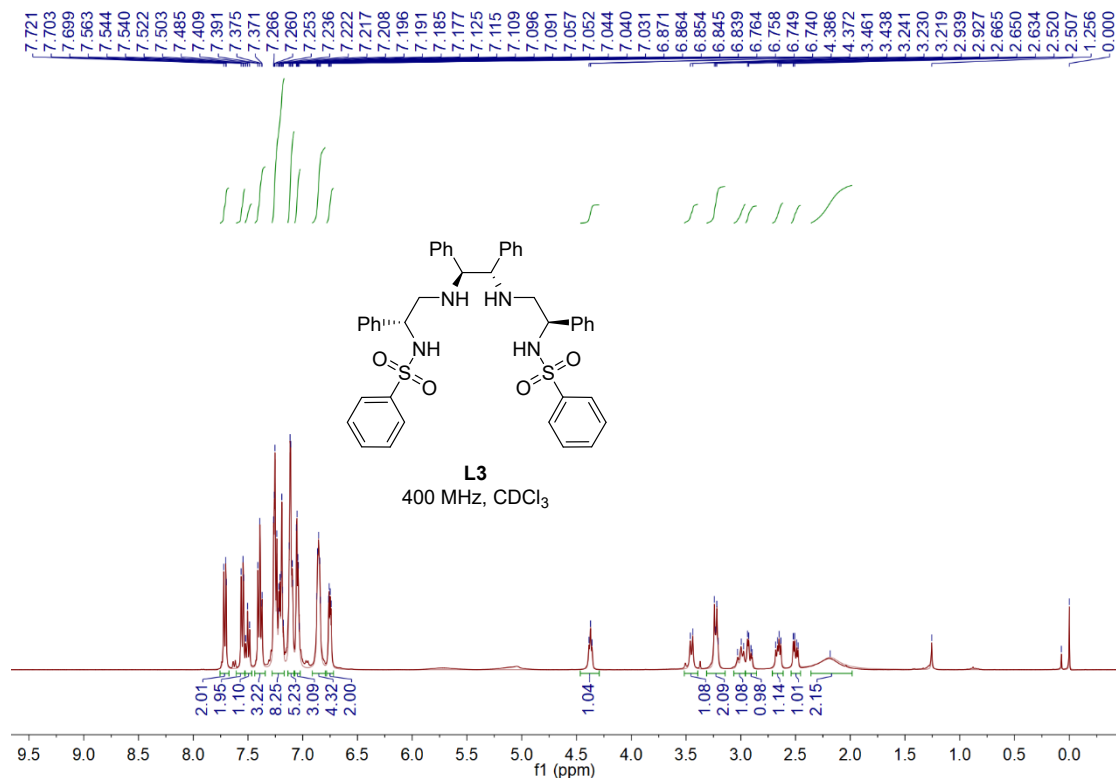


$^{13}\text{C}\{^1\text{H}\}$ NMR of **L2** (100 MHz, CDCl_3)

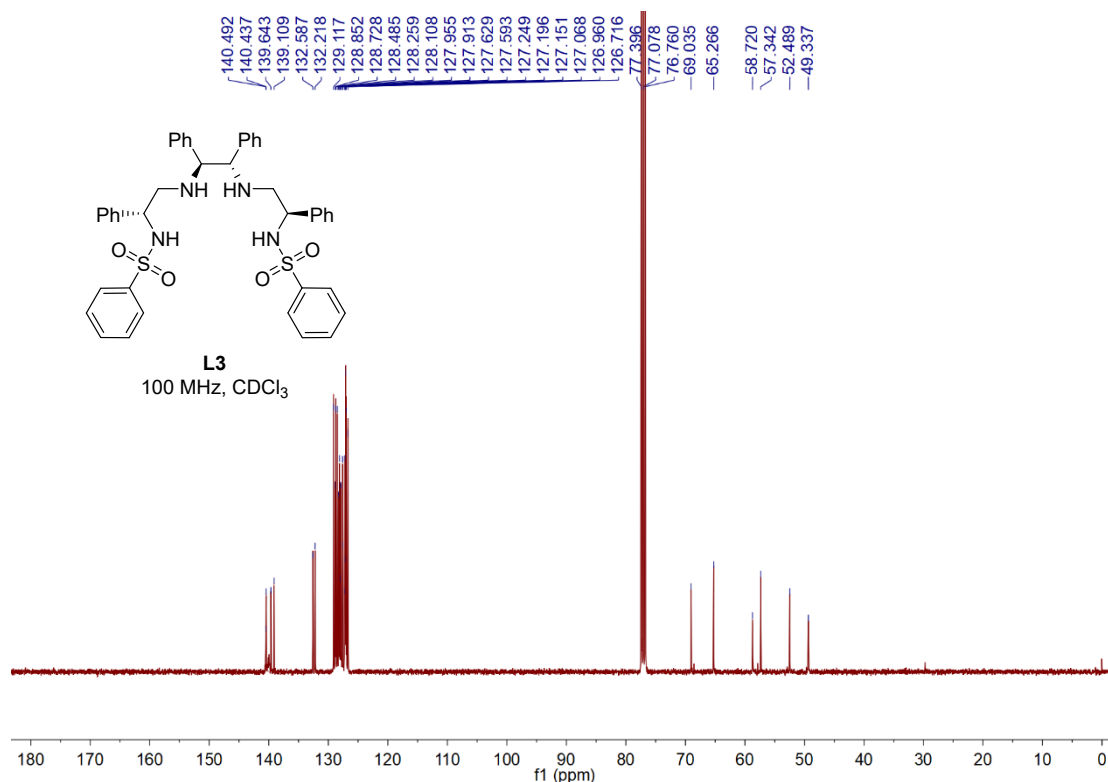


N,N'-((1*R*,1'*R*)-(((1*S*,2*S*)-1,2-diphenylethane-1,2-diyl)bis(azanediyl))bis(1-phenylethane-2,1-diyl))dibenzenesulfonamide (**L3**)

^1H NMR of **L3** (400 MHz, CDCl_3)

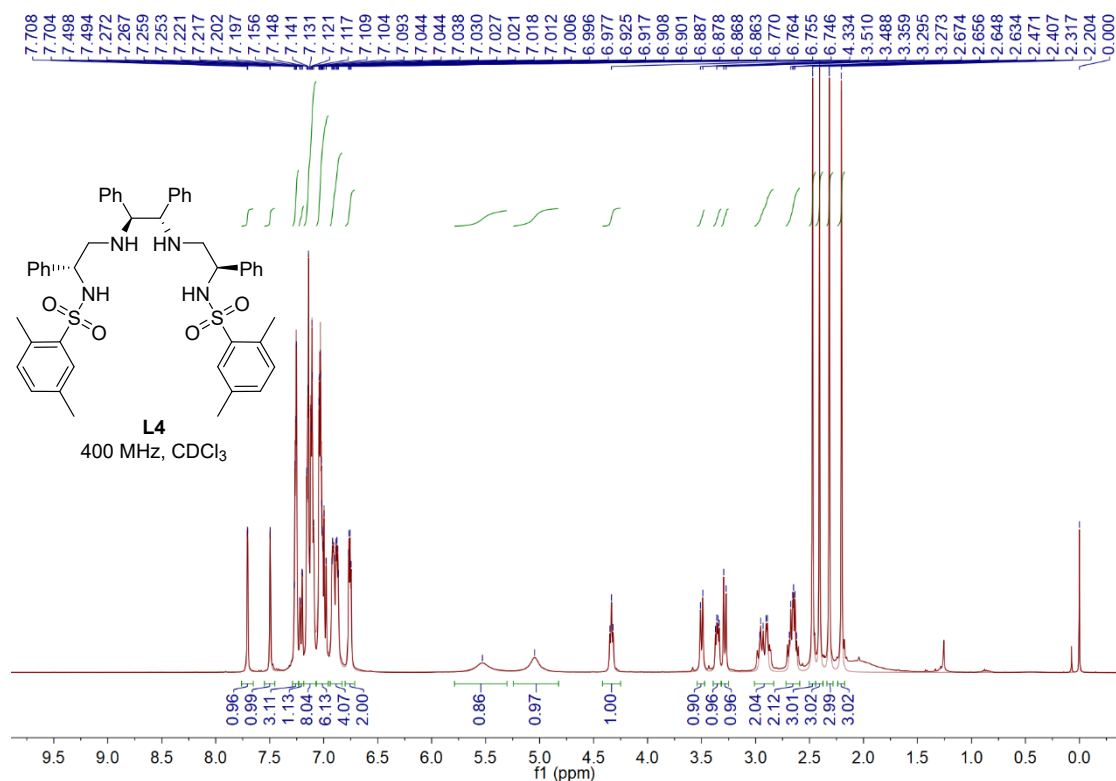


$^{13}\text{C}\{^1\text{H}\}$ NMR of **L3** (100 MHz, CDCl_3)

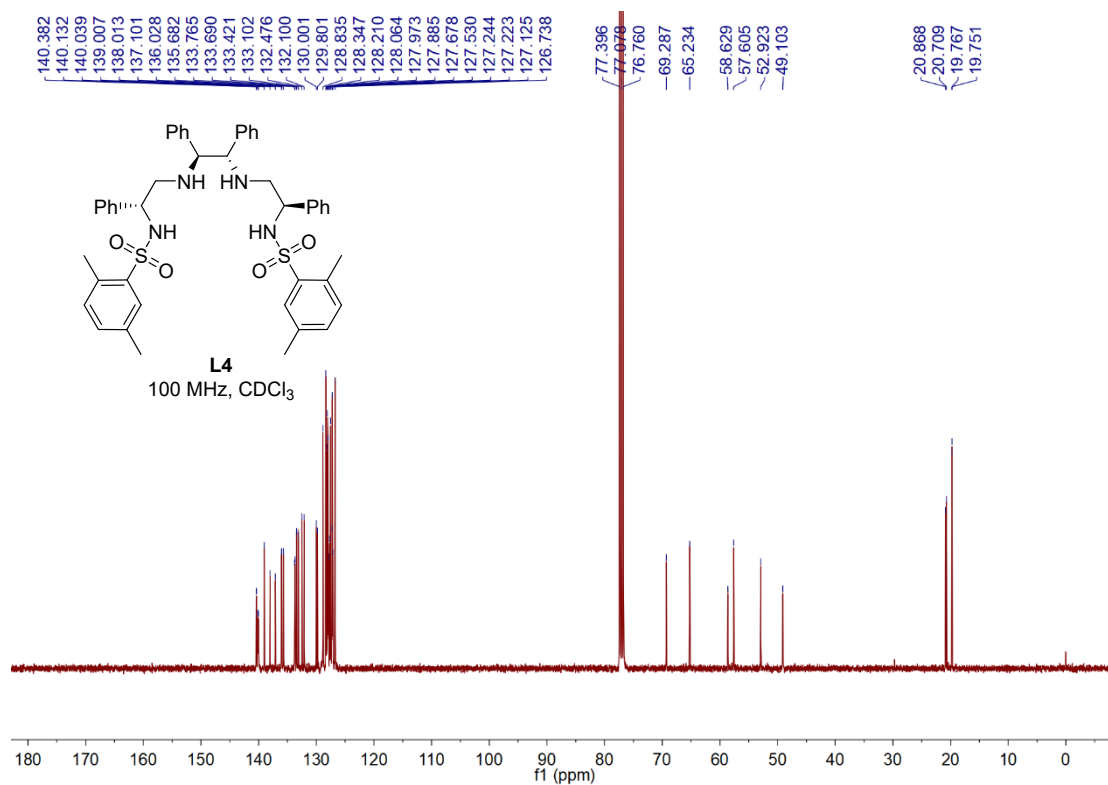


N,N'-((1*R*,1'*R*)-(((1*S*,2*S*)-1,2-diphenylethane-1,2-diyl)bis(azanediyl))bis(1-phenylethane-2,1-diyl))bis(2,5-dimethylbenzenesulfonamide) (**L4**)

^1H NMR of **L4** (400 MHz, CDCl_3)

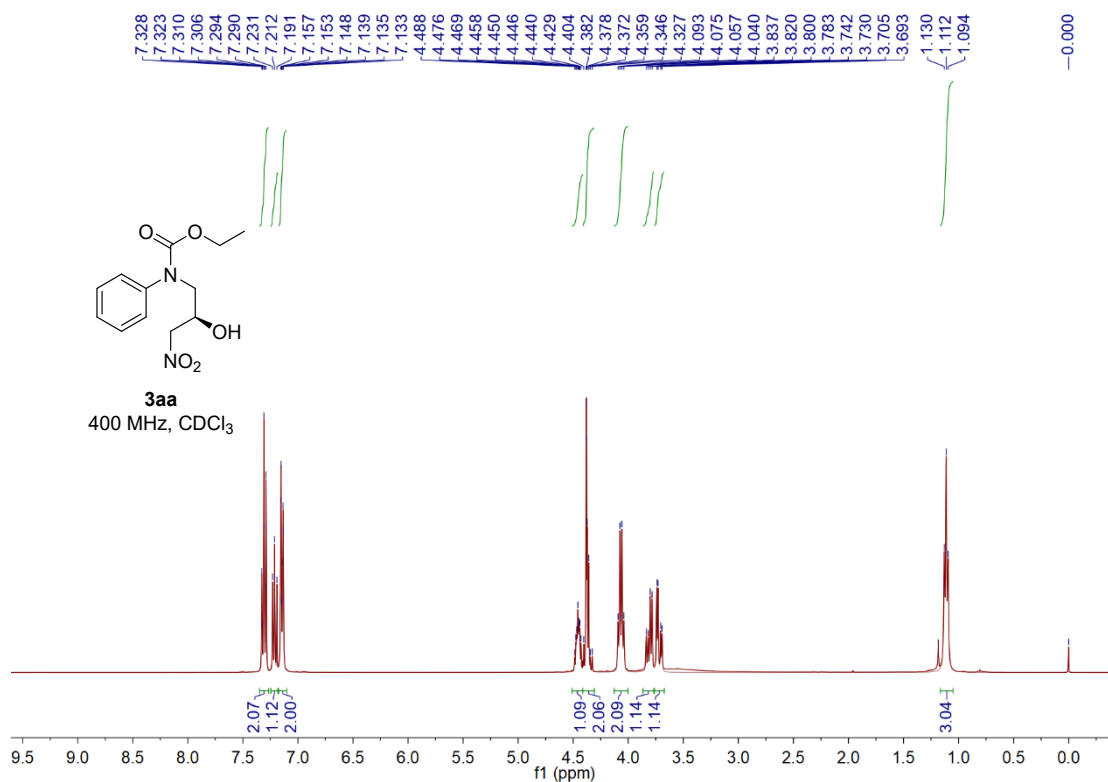


$^{13}\text{C}\{^1\text{H}\}$ NMR of **L4** (100 MHz, CDCl_3)

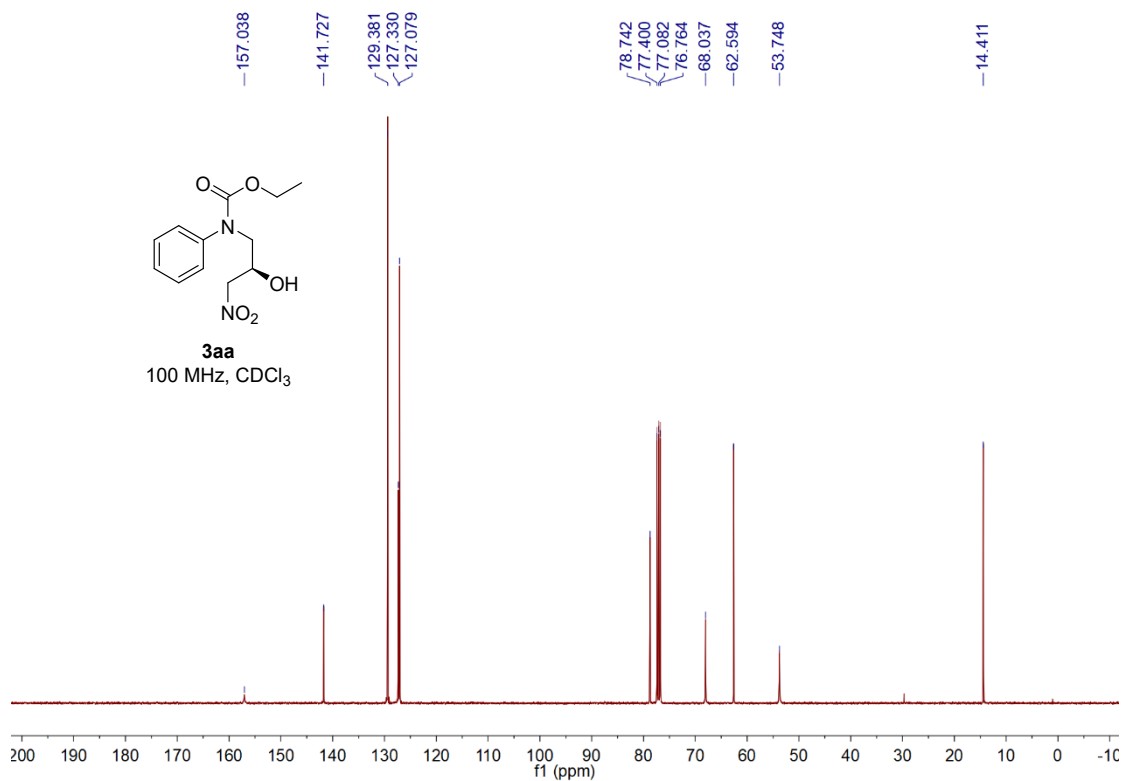


Ethyl (*R*)-(2-hydroxy-3-nitropropyl)(phenyl)carbamate (**3aa**)

^1H NMR of **3aa** (400 MHz, CDCl_3)

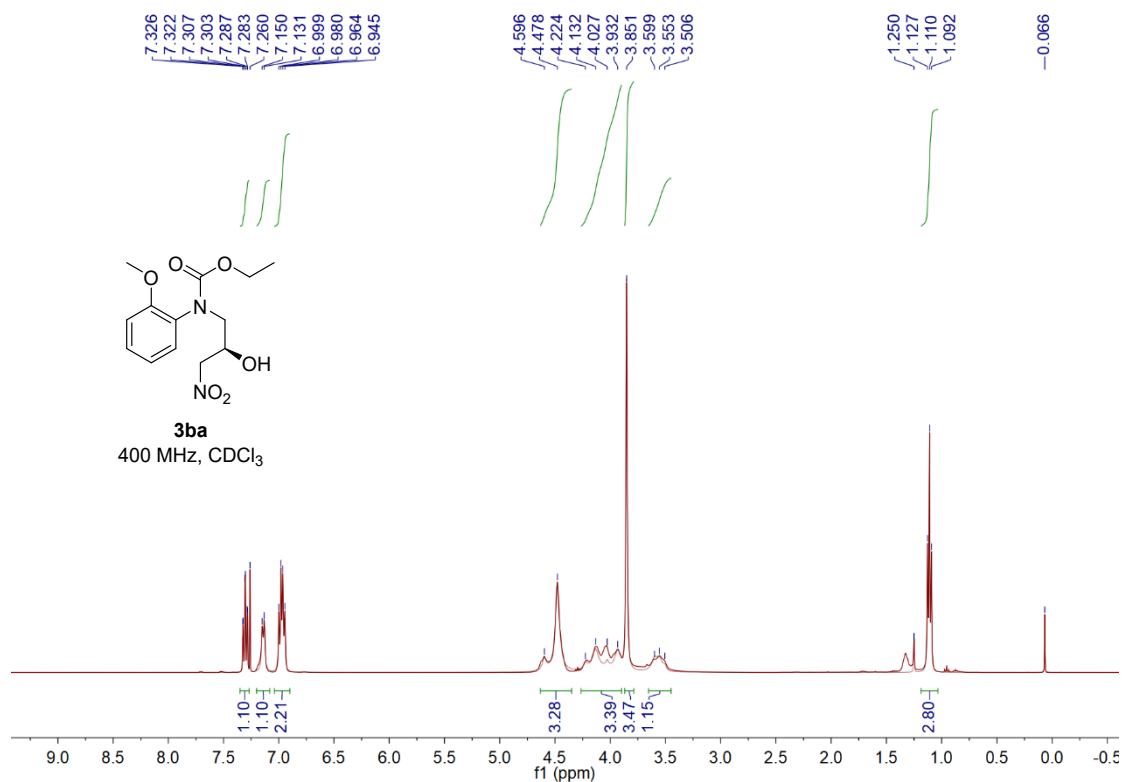


$^{13}\text{C}\{^1\text{H}\}$ NMR of **3aa** (100 MHz, CDCl_3)

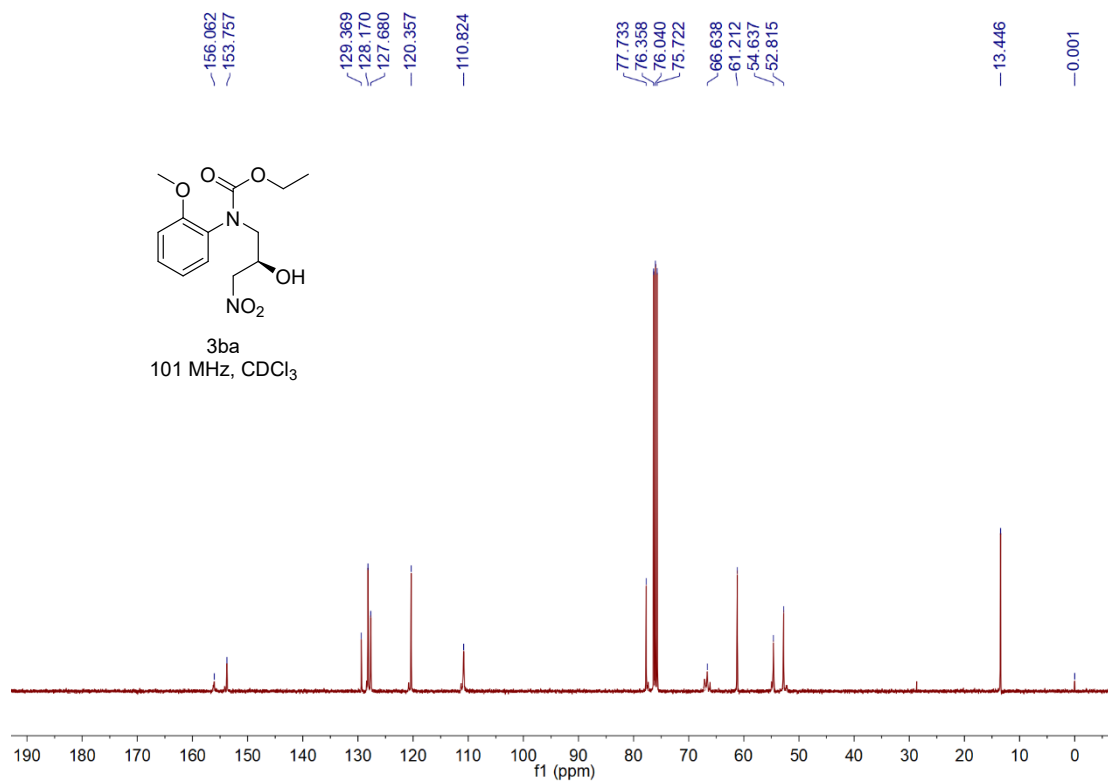


Ethyl (*R*)-(2-hydroxy-3-nitropropyl)(2-methoxyphenyl)carbamate (**3ba**)

^1H NMR of **3ba** (400 MHz, CDCl_3)

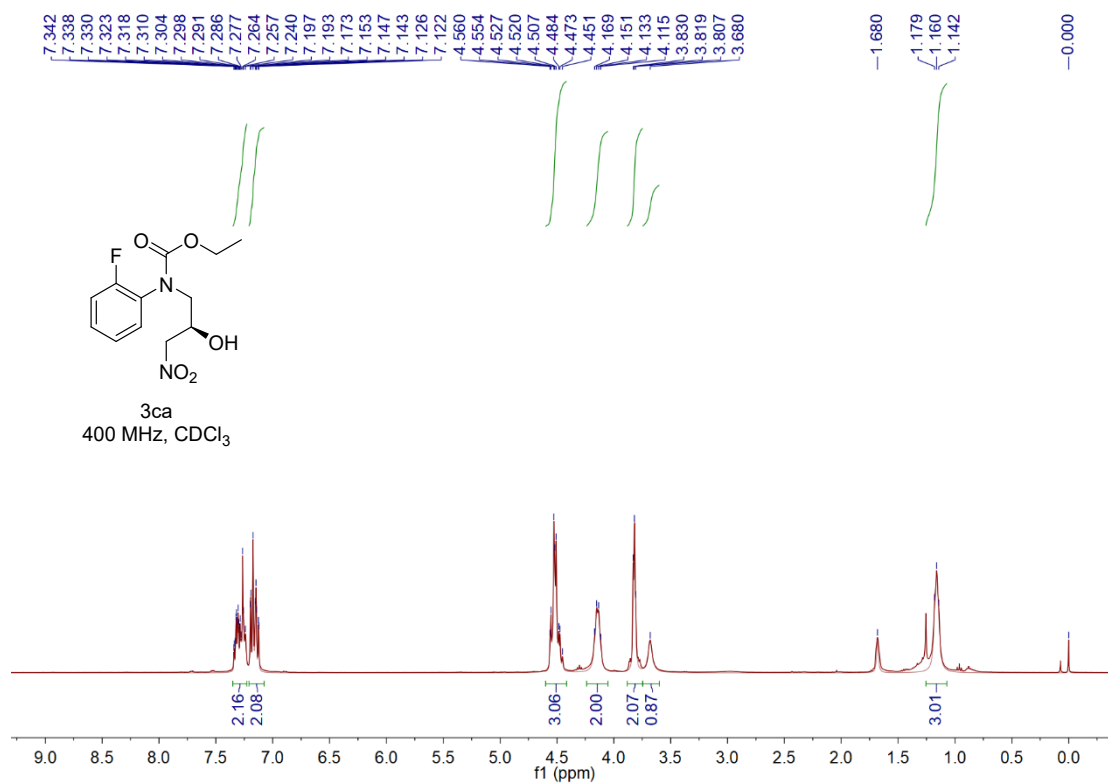


$^{13}\text{C}\{^1\text{H}\}$ NMR of **3ba** (100 MHz, CDCl_3)

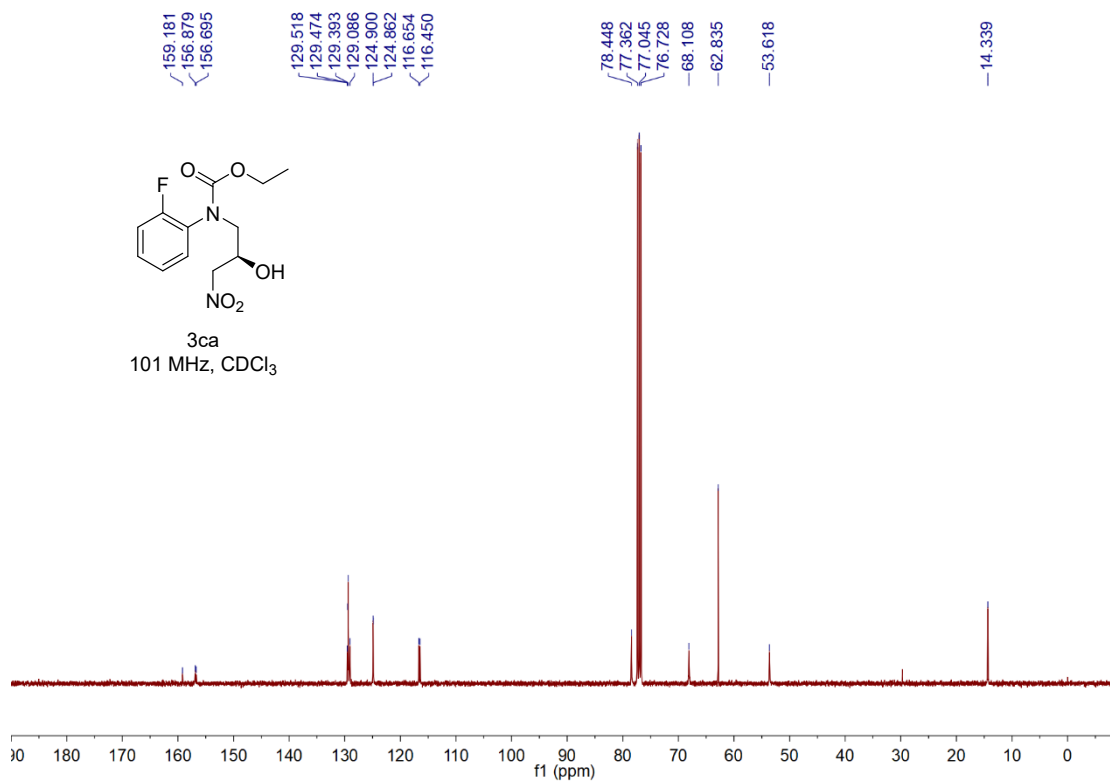


Ethyl (*R*)-(2-fluorophenyl)(2-hydroxy-3-nitropropyl)carbamate (**3ca**)

^1H NMR of **3ca** (400 MHz, CDCl_3)

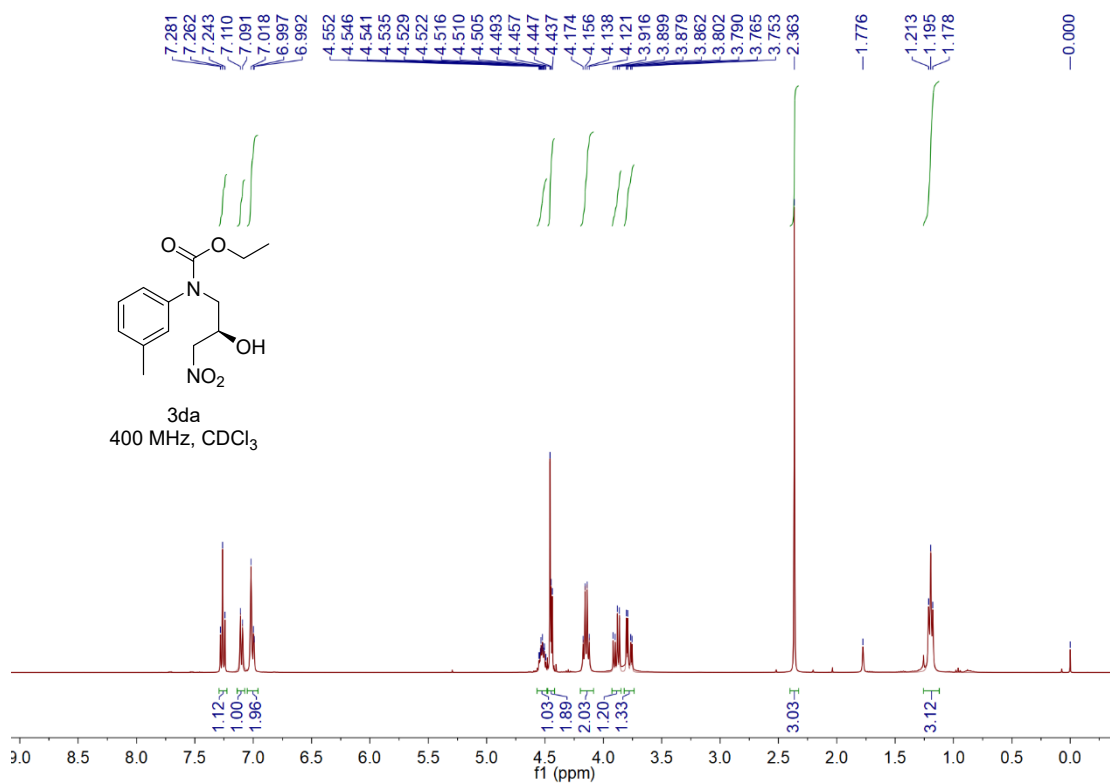


$^{13}\text{C}\{^1\text{H}\}$ NMR of **3ca** (100 MHz, CDCl_3)

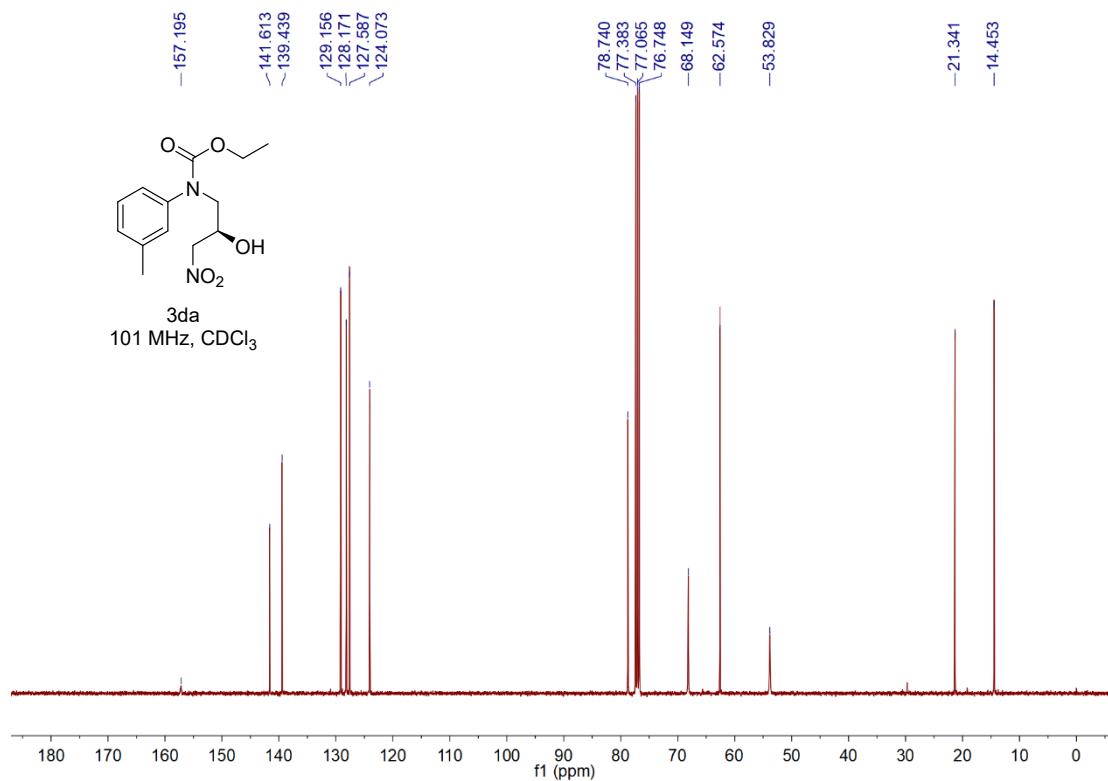


Ethyl (*R*)-(2-hydroxy-3-nitropropyl)(*m*-tolyl)carbamate (3da**)**

^1H NMR of **3da** (400 MHz, CDCl_3)

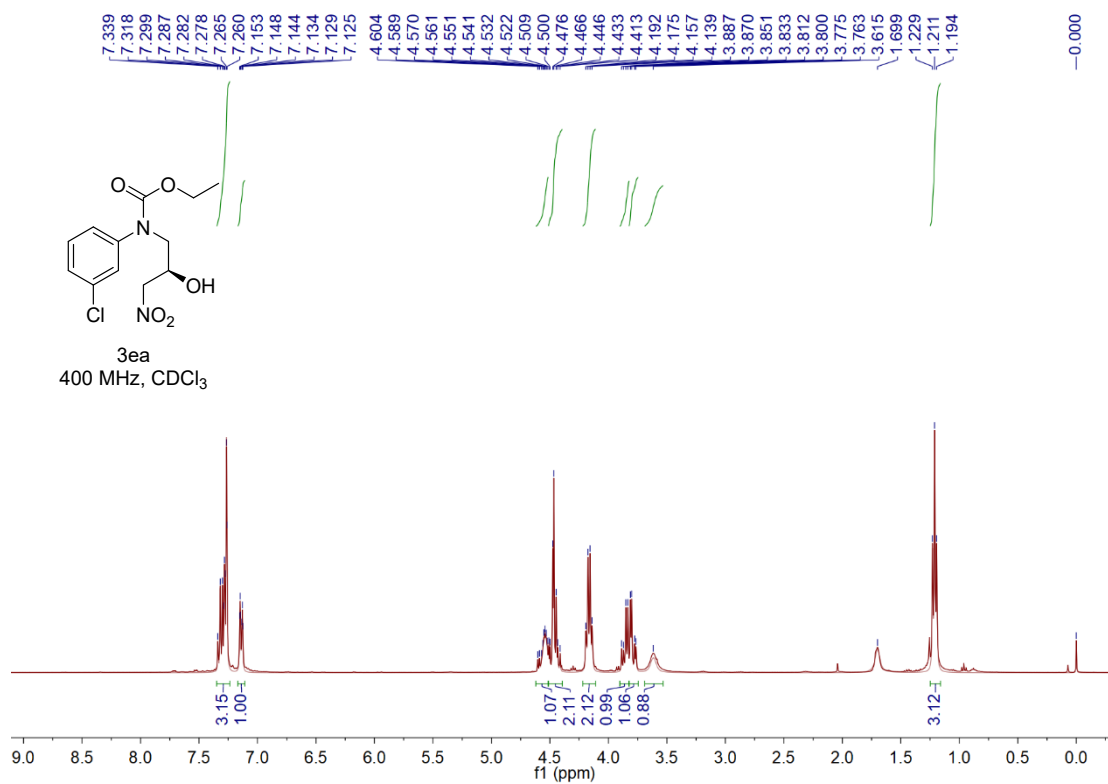


$^{13}\text{C}\{^1\text{H}\}$ NMR of **3da** (100 MHz, CDCl_3)

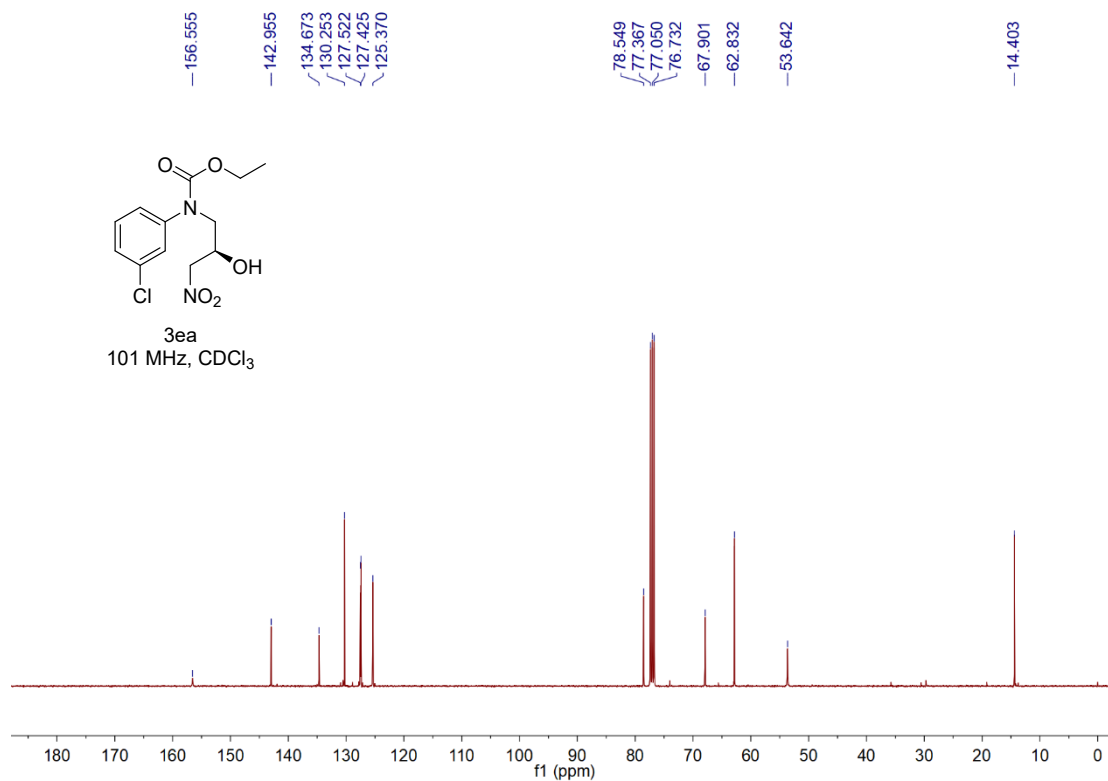


Ethyl (*R*)-(3-chlorophenyl)(2-hydroxy-3-nitropropyl)carbamate (**3ea**)

^1H NMR of **3ea** (400 MHz, CDCl_3)

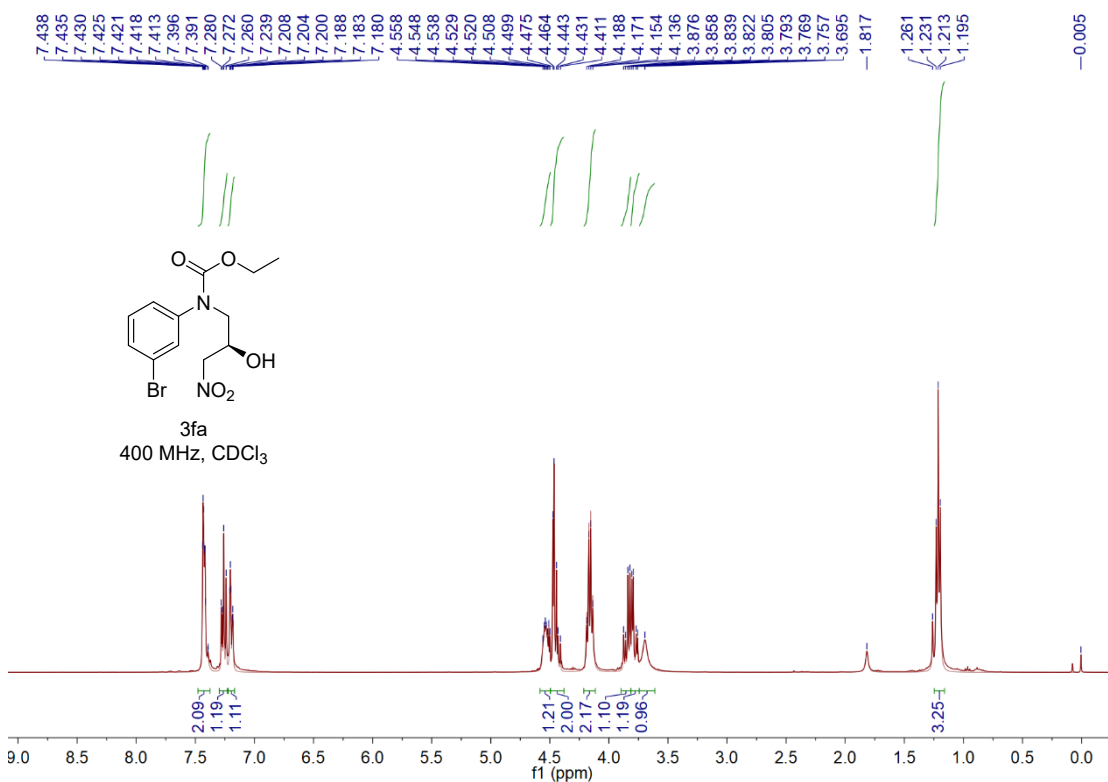


$^{13}\text{C}\{^1\text{H}\}$ NMR of **3ea** (100 MHz, CDCl_3)

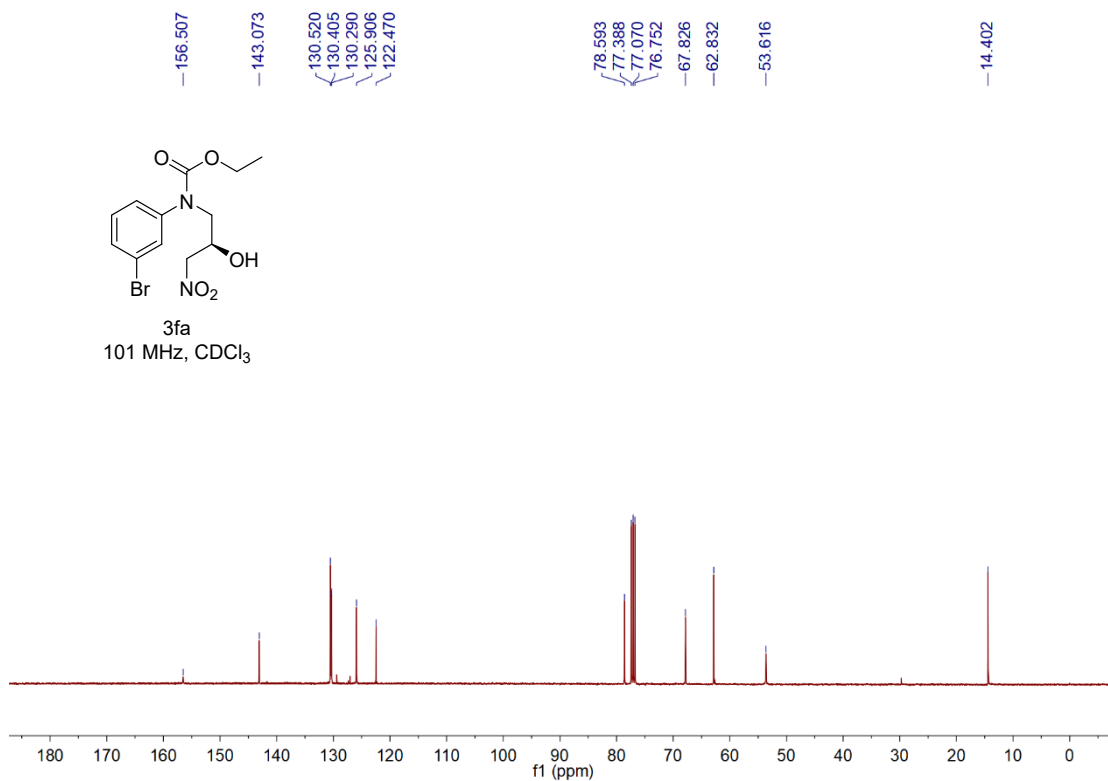


Ethyl (*R*)-(3-bromophenyl)(2-hydroxy-3-nitropropyl)carbamate (3fa**)**

^1H NMR of **3fa** (400 MHz, CDCl_3)

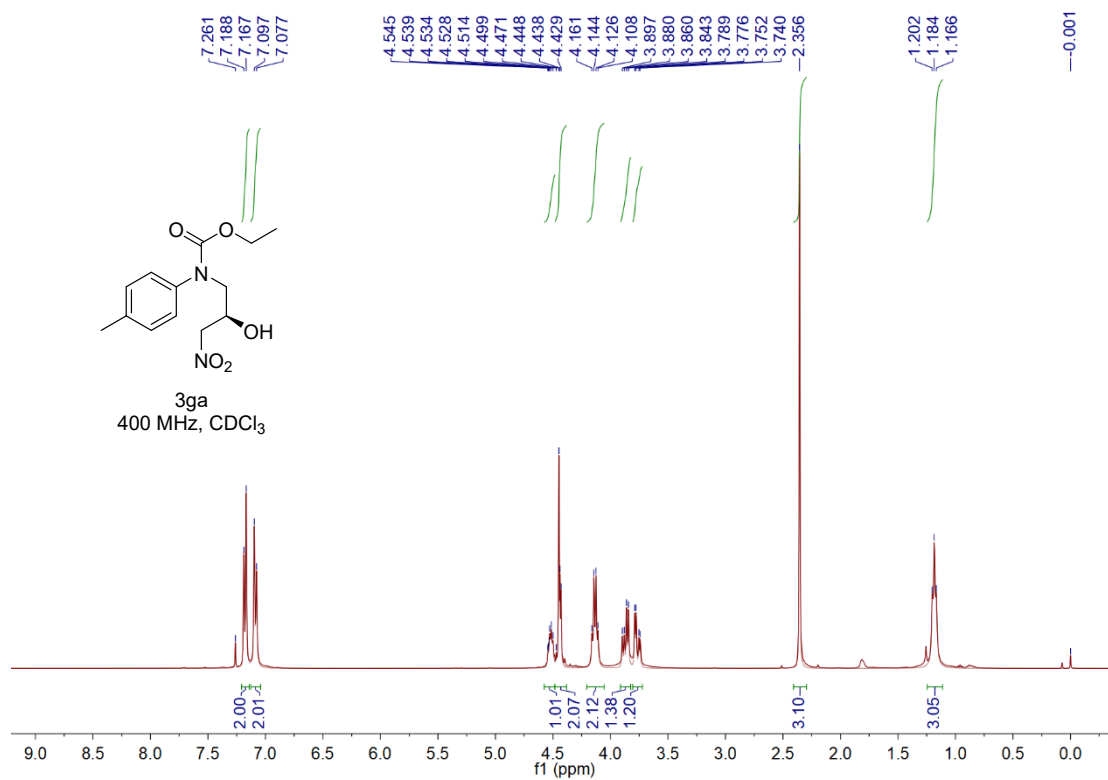


$^{13}\text{C}\{^1\text{H}\}$ NMR of **3fa** (100 MHz, CDCl_3)

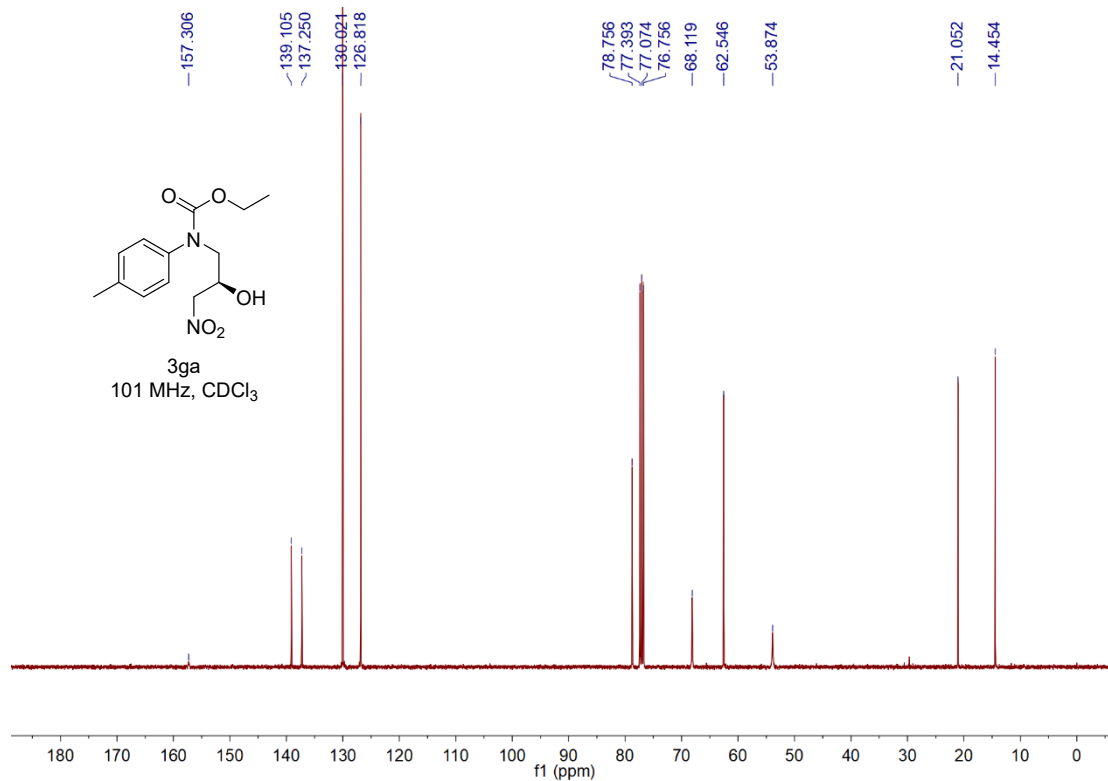


Ethyl (*R*)-(2-hydroxy-3-nitropropyl)(*p*-tolyl)carbamate(**3ga**)

^1H NMR of **3ga** (400 MHz, CDCl_3)

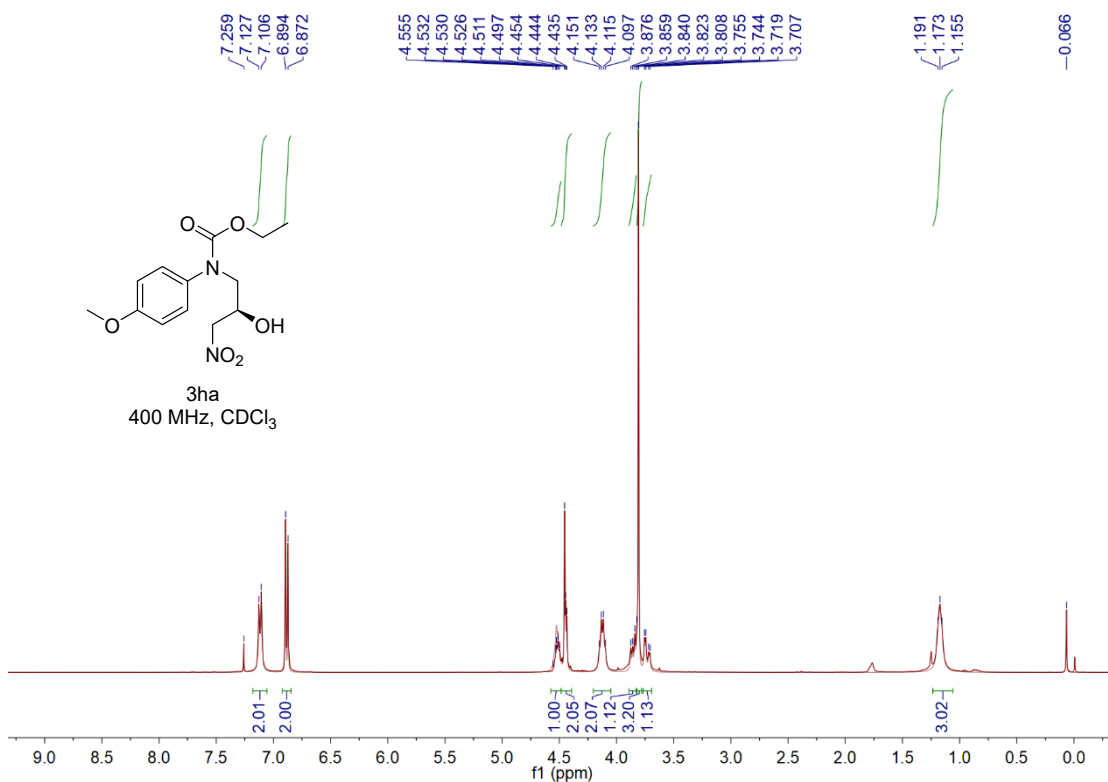


$^{13}\text{C}\{^1\text{H}\}$ NMR of **3ga** (100 MHz, CDCl_3)

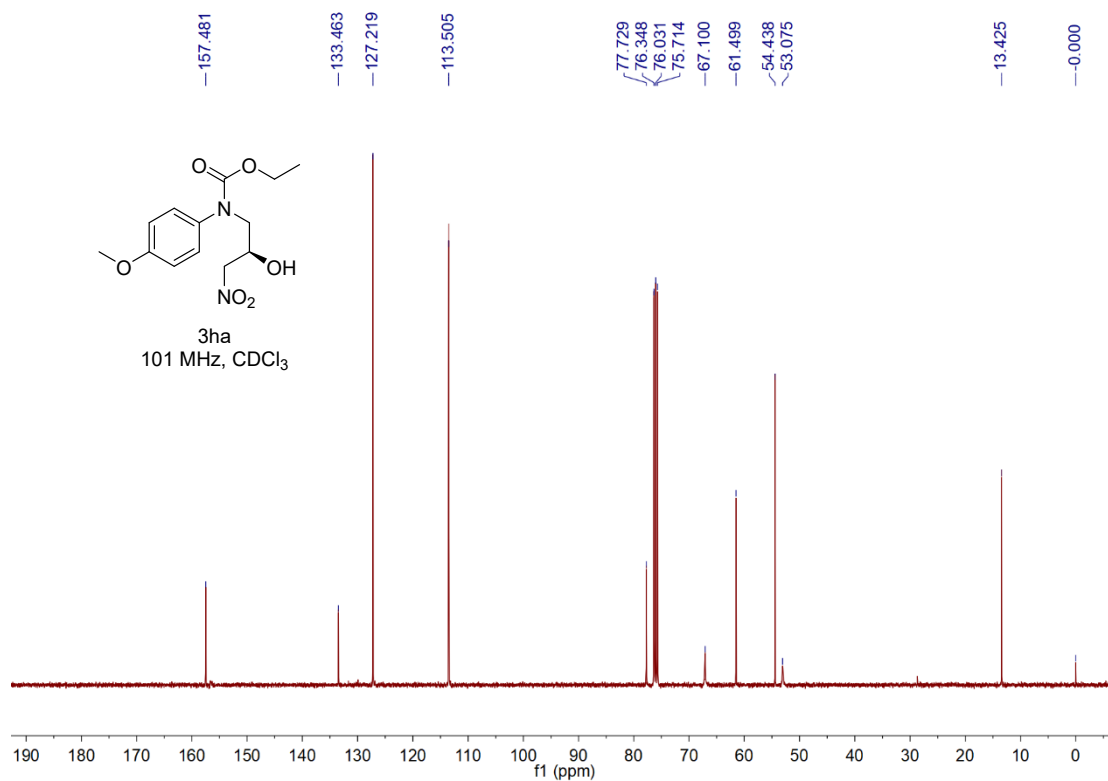


Ethyl (*R*)-(2-hydroxy-3-nitropropyl)(4-methoxyphenyl)carbamate (3ha**)**

^1H NMR of **3ha** (400 MHz, CDCl_3)

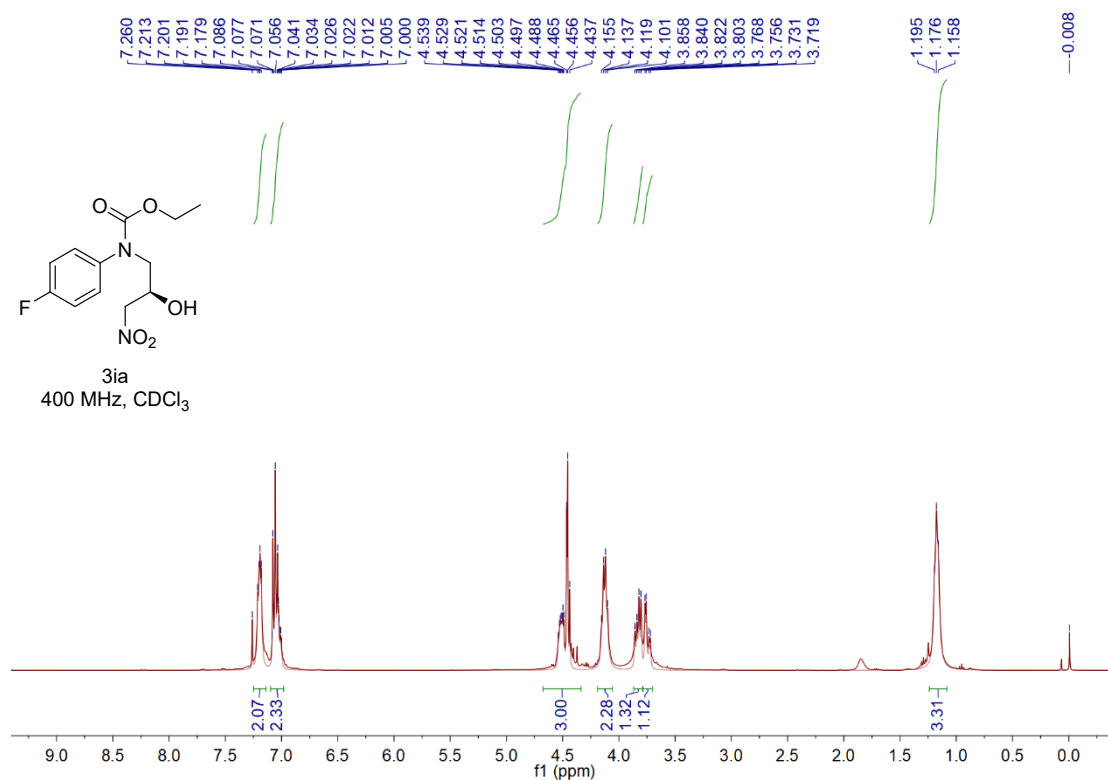


$^{13}\text{C}\{^1\text{H}\}$ NMR of **3ha** (100 MHz, CDCl_3)

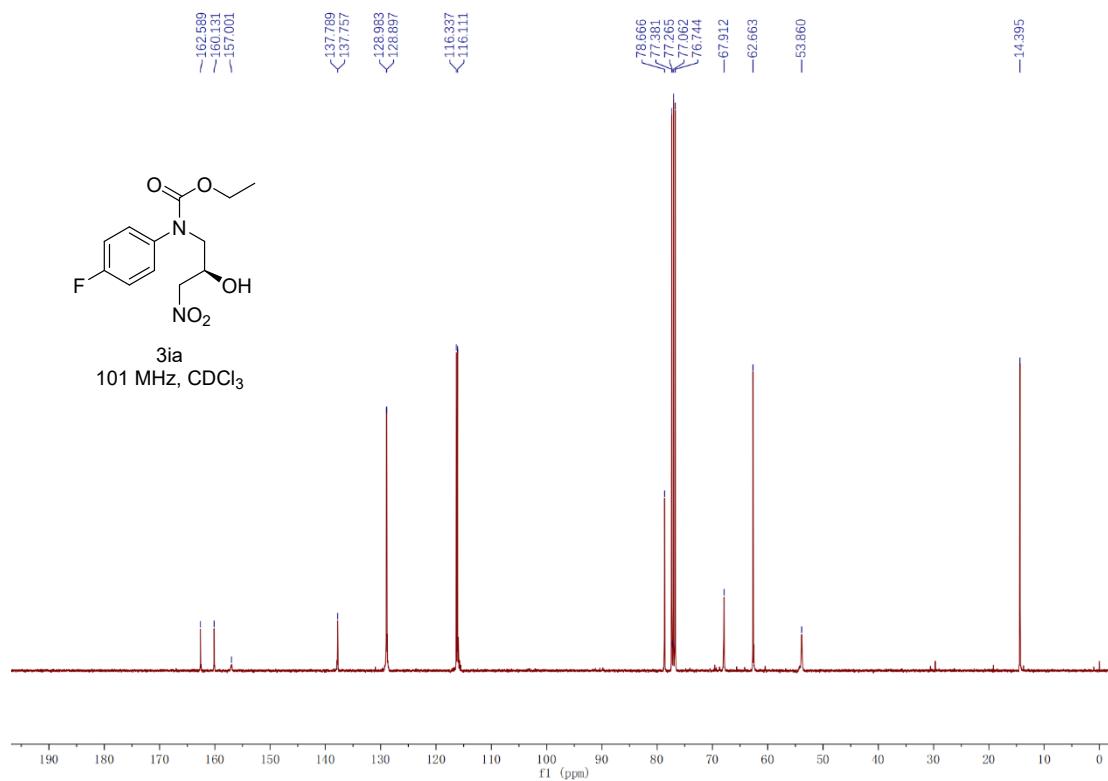


Ethyl (*R*)-(4-fluorophenyl)(2-hydroxy-3-nitropropyl)carbamate (3ia**)**

^1H NMR of **3ia** (400 MHz, CDCl_3)

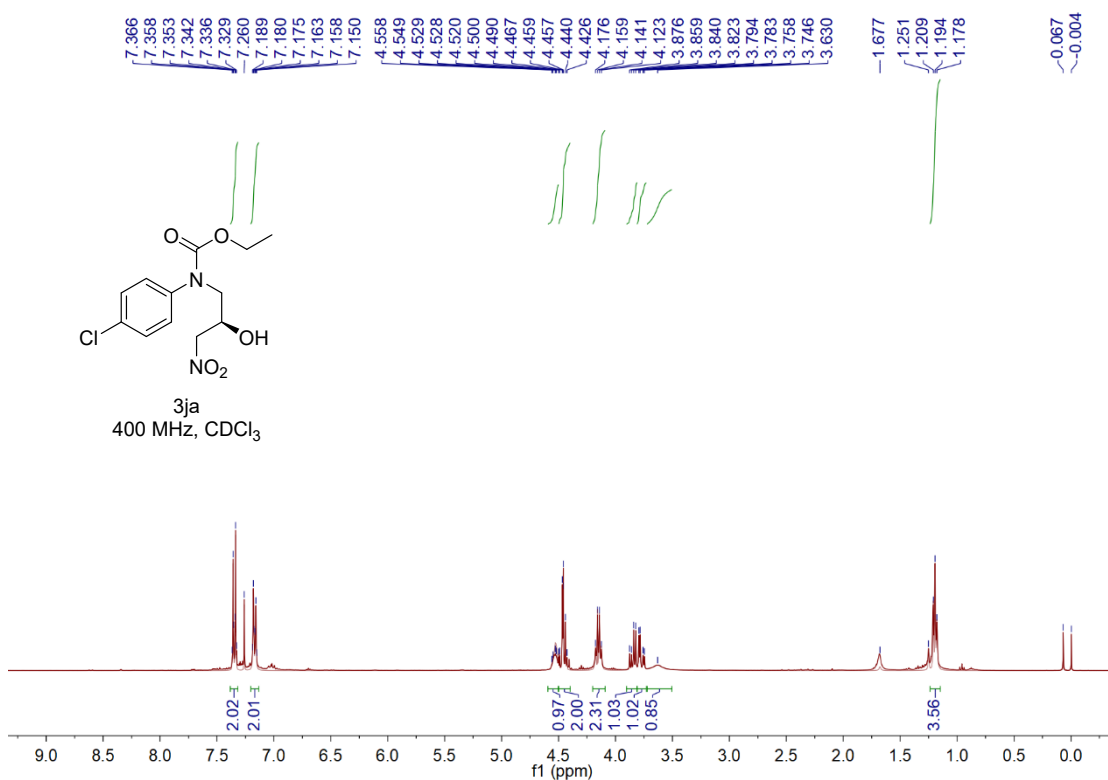


$^{13}\text{C}\{^1\text{H}\}$ NMR of **3ia** (100 MHz, CDCl_3)

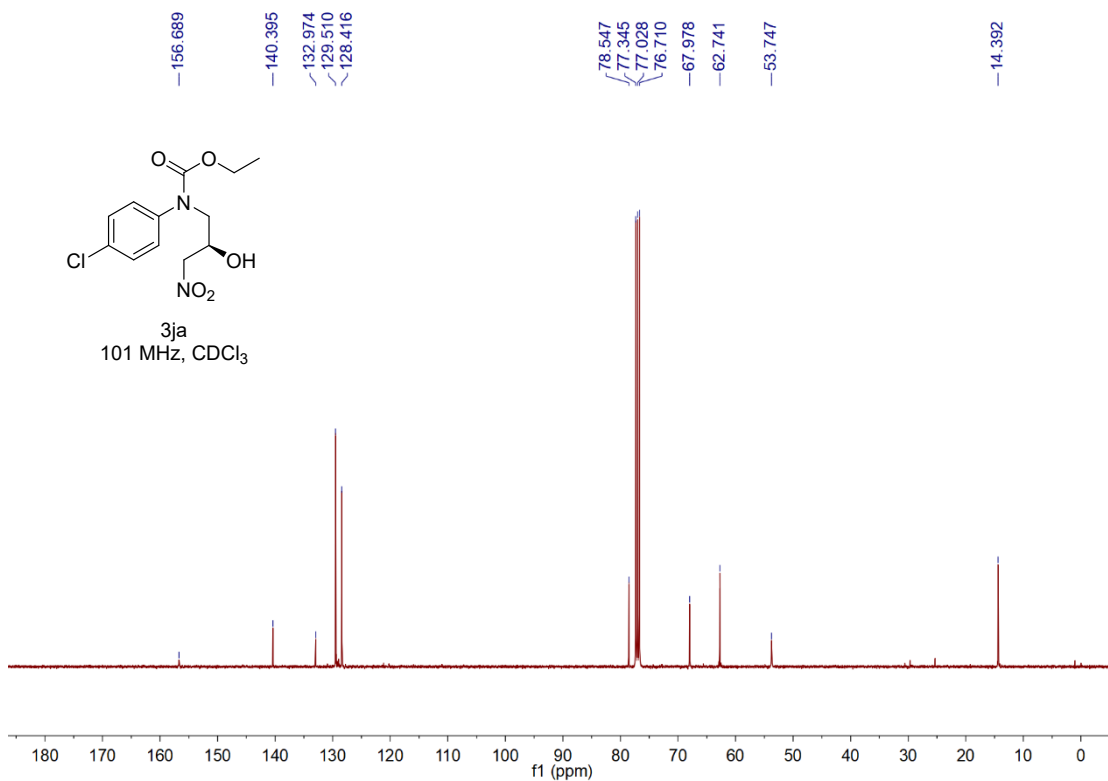


Ethyl (*R*)-(4-chlorophenyl)(2-hydroxy-3-nitropropyl)carbamate (**3ja**)

^1H NMR of **3ja** (400 MHz, CDCl_3)

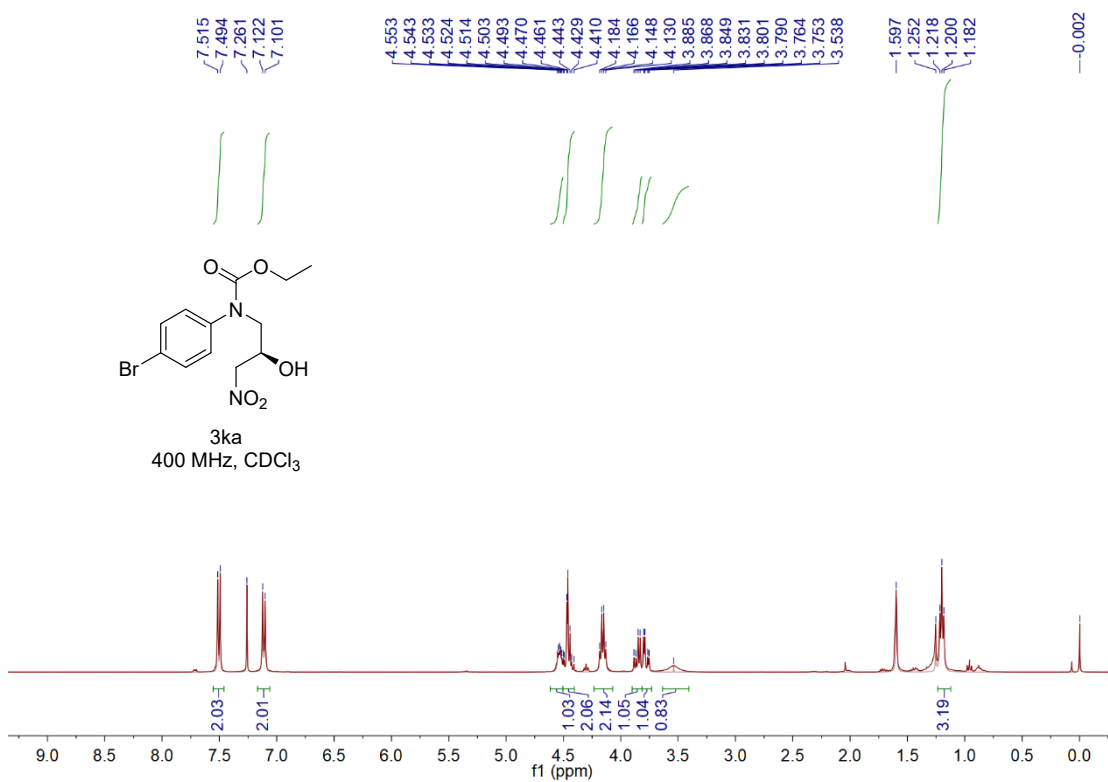


$^{13}\text{C}\{^1\text{H}\}$ NMR of **3ja** (100 MHz, CDCl_3)

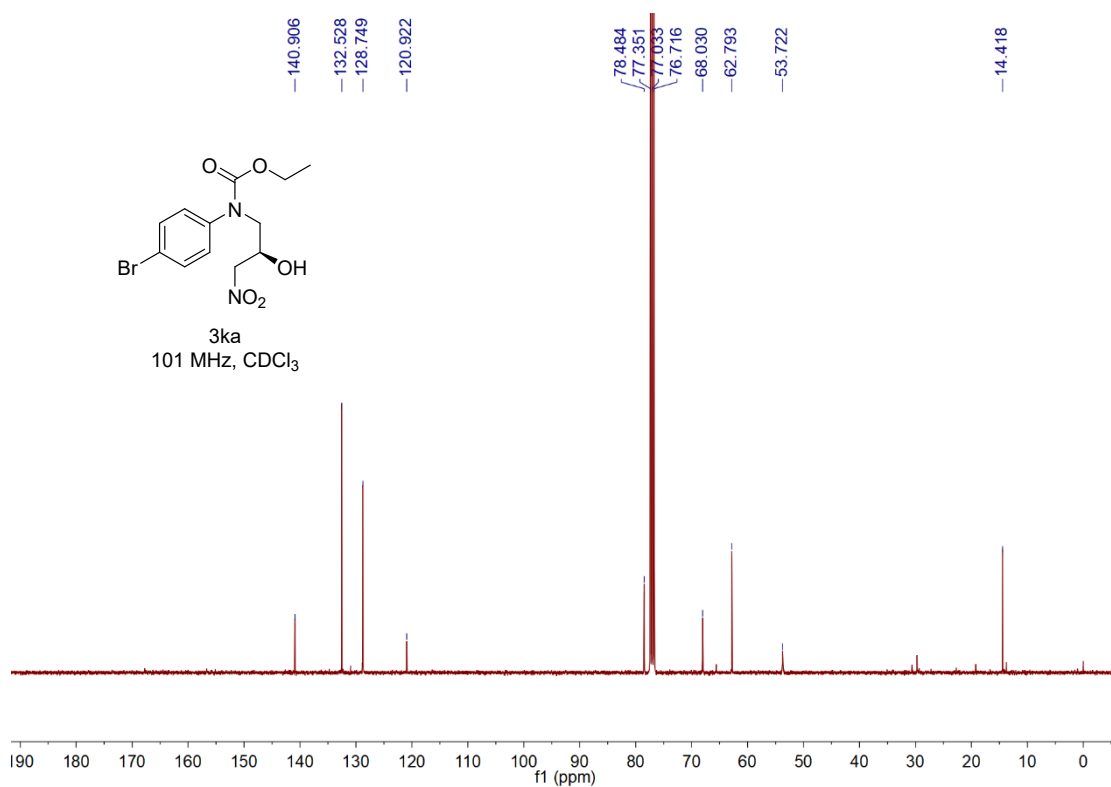


Ethyl (*R*)-(4-bromophenyl)(2-hydroxy-3-nitropropyl)carbamate(3ka)

^1H NMR of **3ka** (400 MHz, CDCl_3)

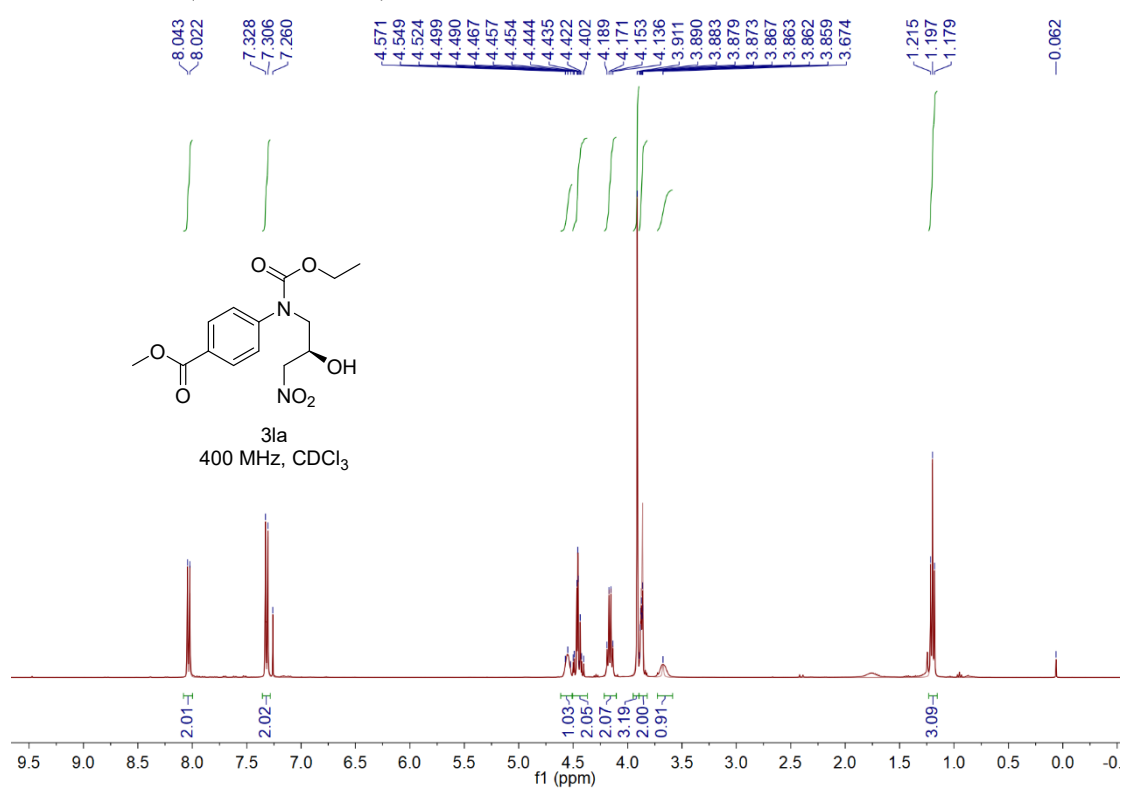


$^{13}\text{C}\{^1\text{H}\}$ NMR of **3ka** (100 MHz, CDCl_3)

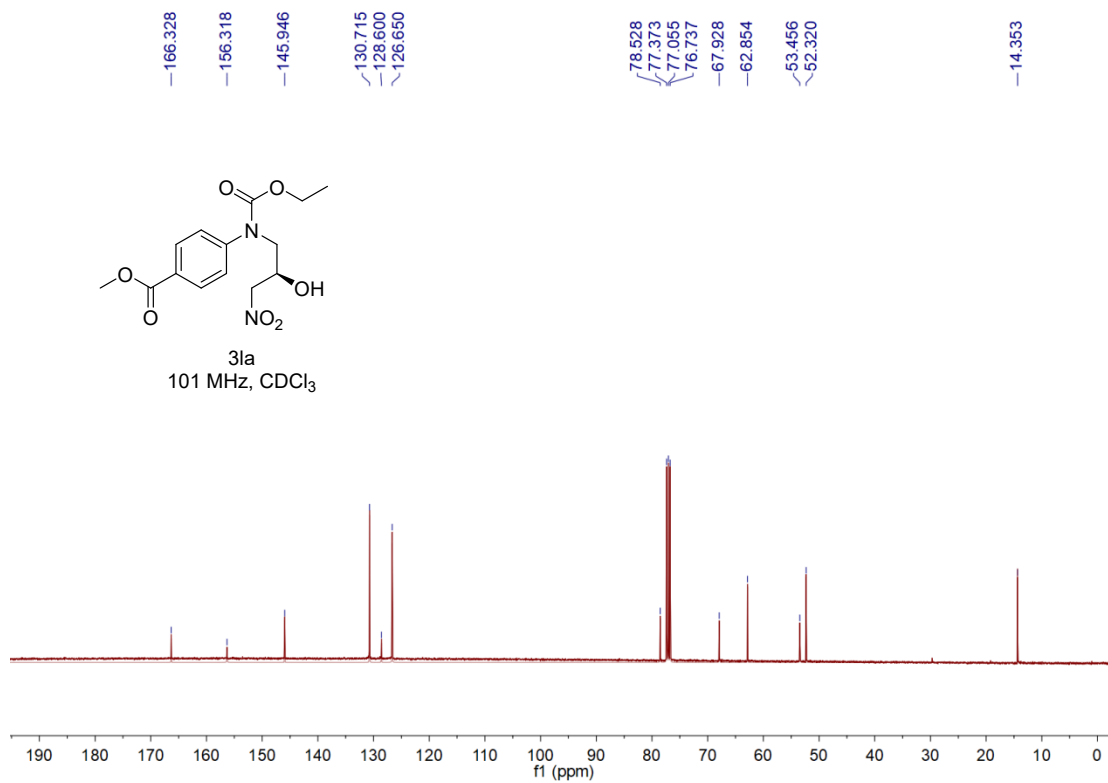


Methyl (R)-4-((ethoxycarbonyl)(2-hydroxy-3-nitropropyl)amino)benzoate (3la)

^1H NMR of **3la** (400 MHz, CDCl_3)

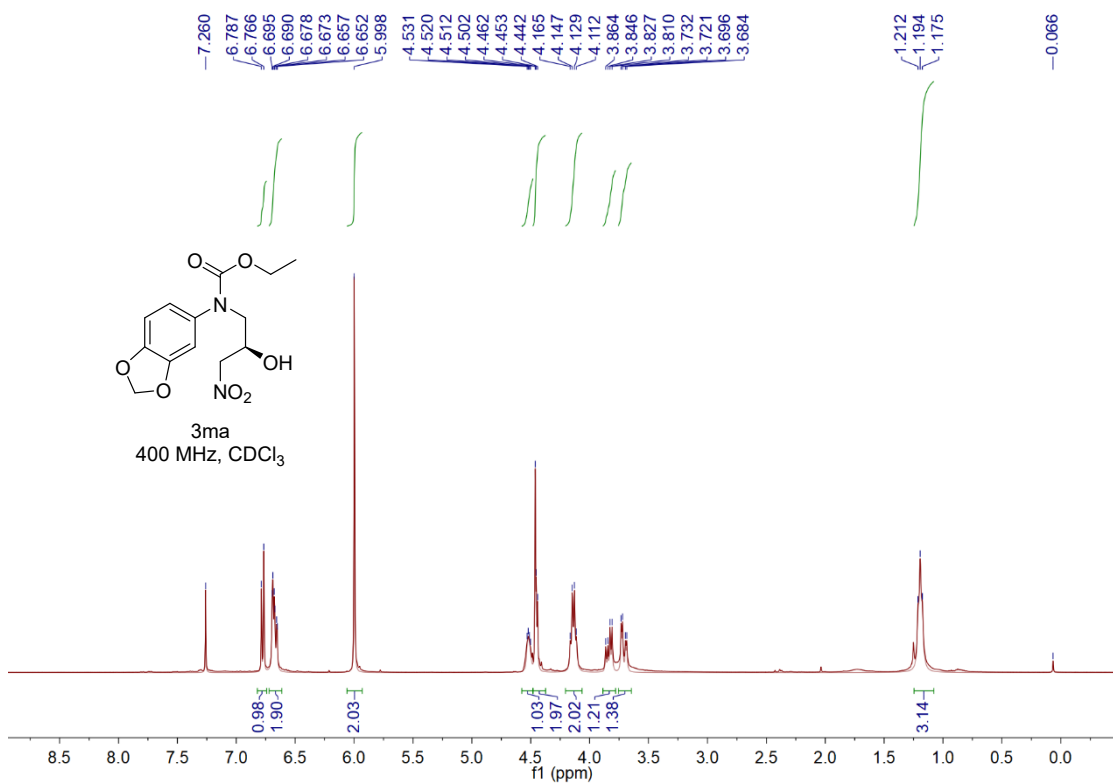


$^{13}\text{C}\{^1\text{H}\}$ NMR of **3la** (100 MHz, CDCl_3)

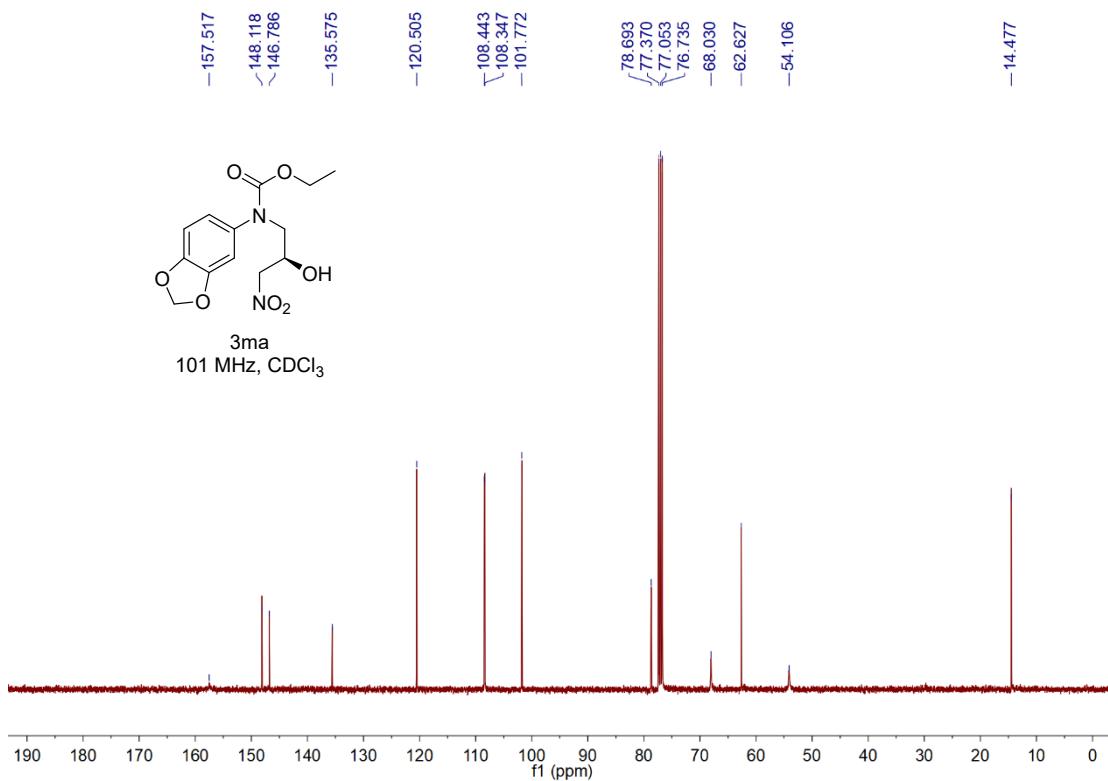


Ethyl (*R*)-benzo[d][1,3]dioxol-5-yl(2-hydroxy-3-nitropropyl)carbamate (**3ma**)

^1H NMR of **3ma** (400 MHz, CDCl_3)

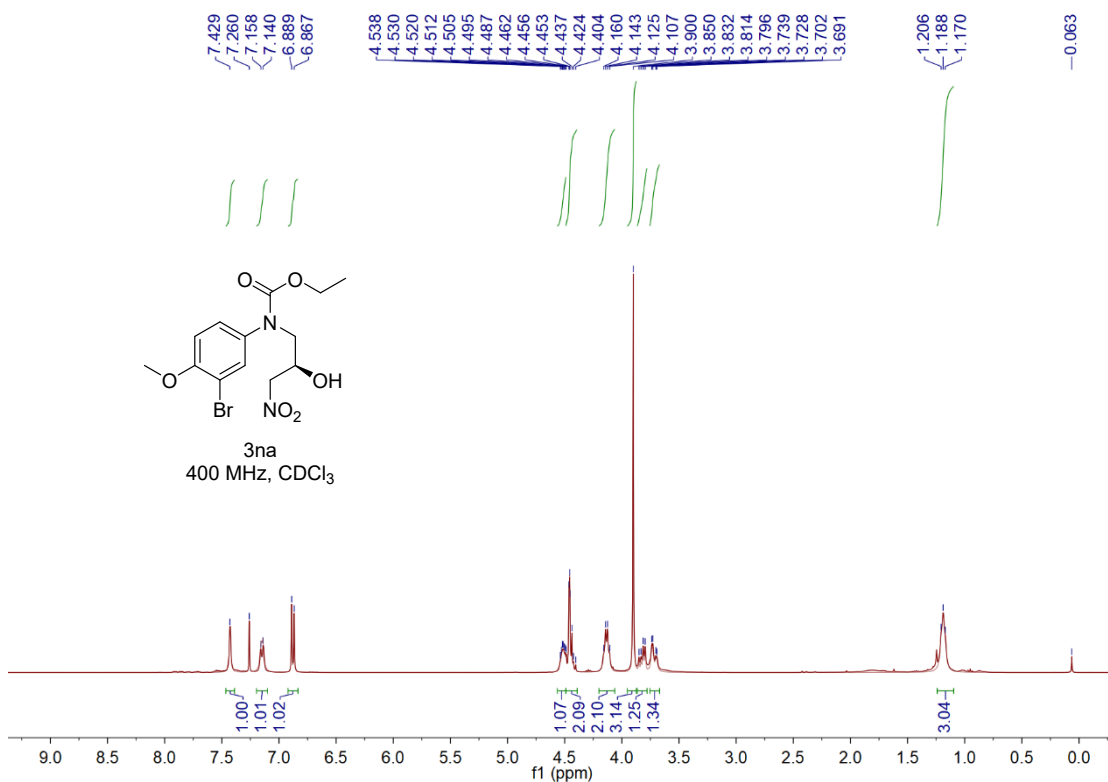


$^{13}\text{C}\{^1\text{H}\}$ NMR of **3ma** (100 MHz, CDCl_3)

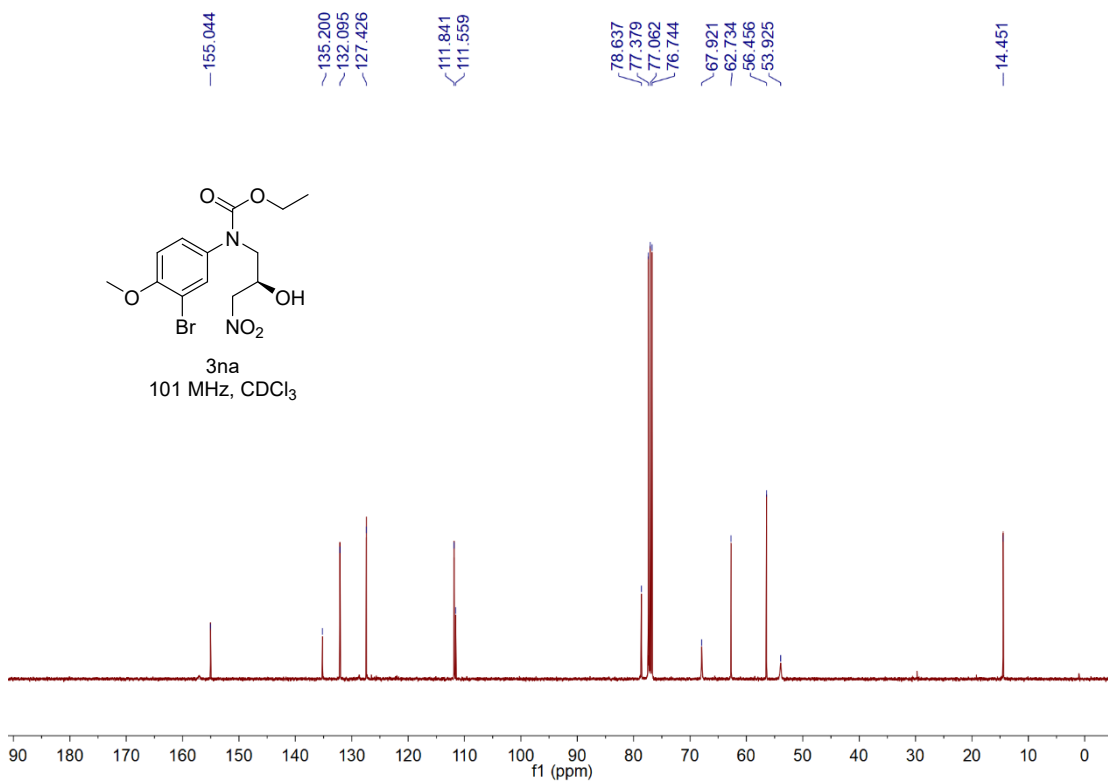


Ethyl (*R*)-(3-bromo-4-methoxyphenyl)(2-hydroxy-3-nitropropyl)carbamate (**3na**)

^1H NMR of **3na** (400 MHz, CDCl_3)

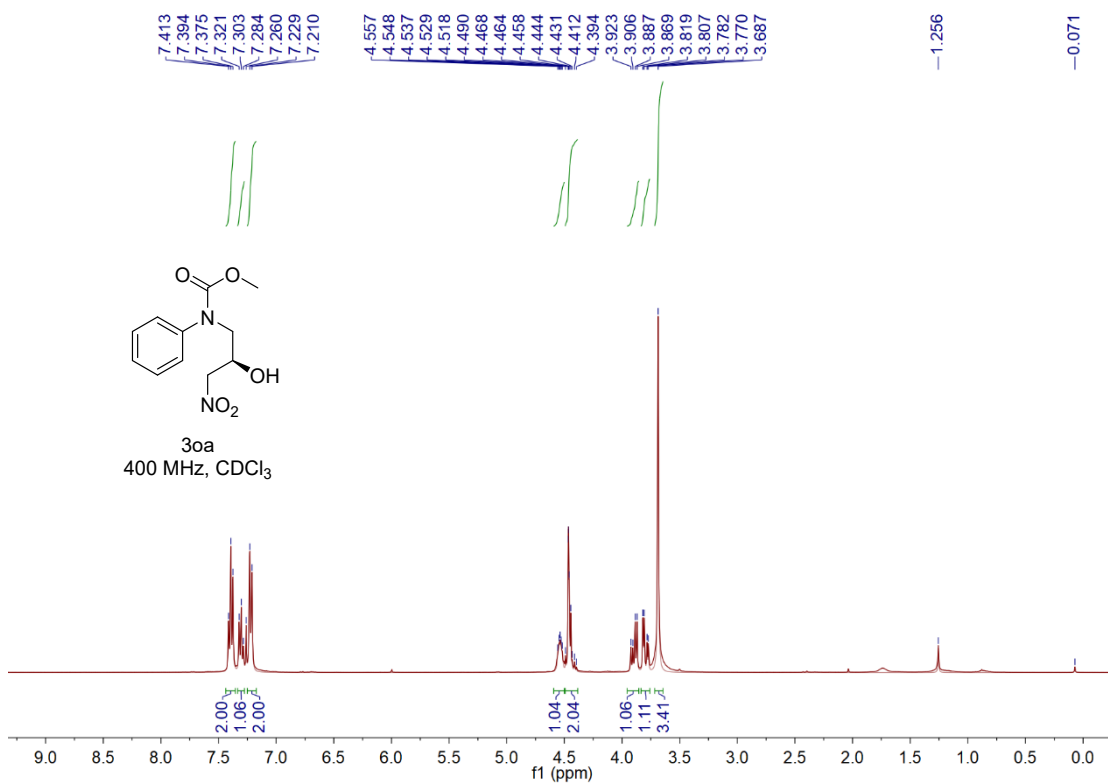


$^{13}\text{C}\{^1\text{H}\}$ NMR of **3na** (100 MHz, CDCl_3)

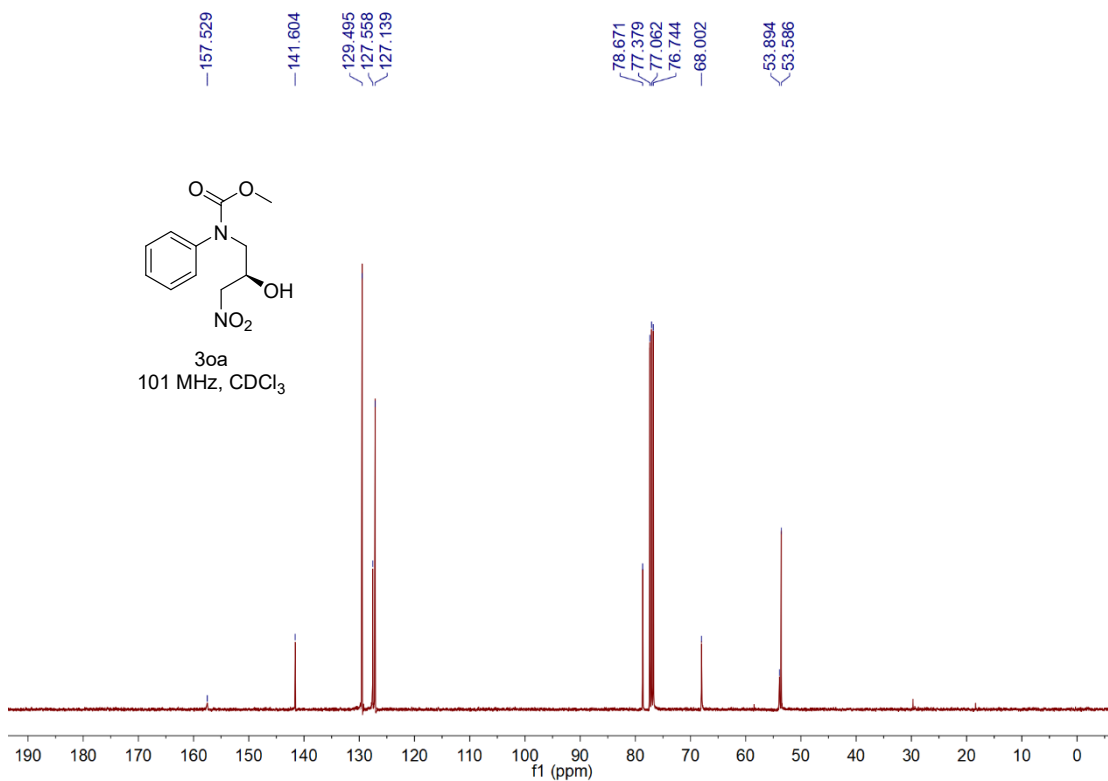


Methyl (*R*)-(2-hydroxy-3-nitropropyl)(phenyl)carbamate (3oa**)**

^1H NMR of **3oa** (400 MHz, CDCl_3)

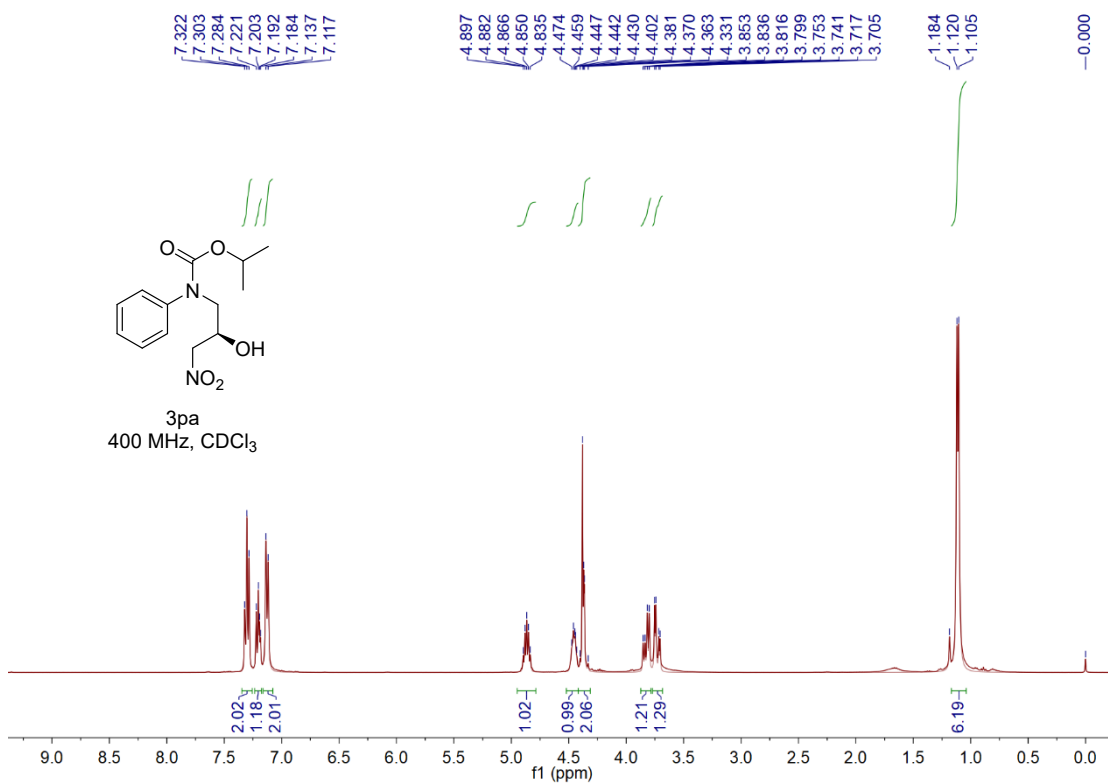


$^{13}\text{C}\{^1\text{H}\}$ NMR of **3oa** (100 MHz, CDCl_3)

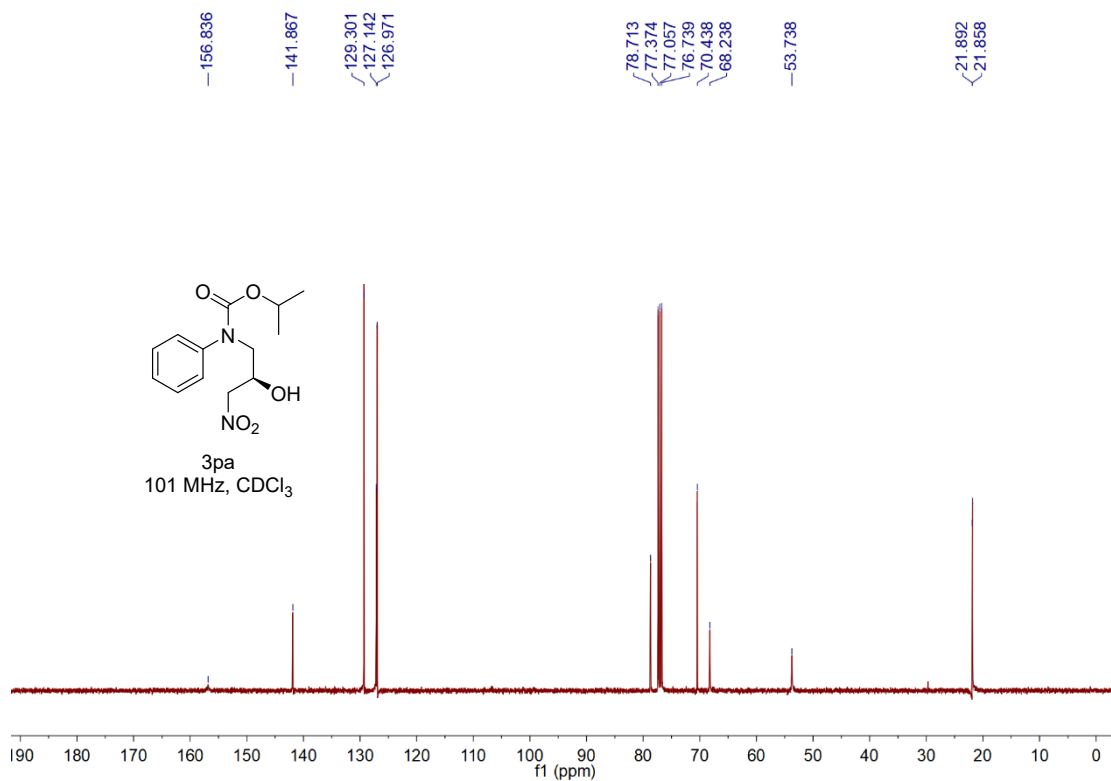


Isopropyl (*R*)-(2-hydroxy-3-nitropropyl)(phenyl)carbamate (3pa**)**

^1H NMR of **3pa** (400 MHz, CDCl_3)

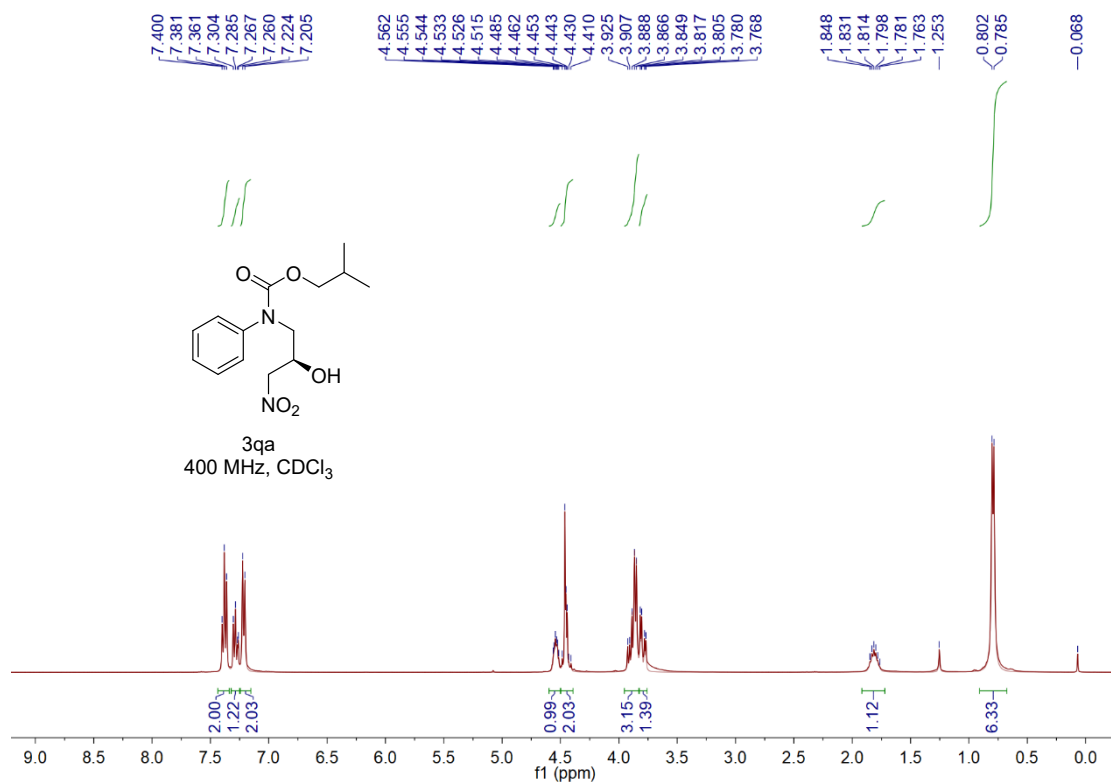


$^{13}\text{C}\{^1\text{H}\}$ NMR of **3pa** (100 MHz, CDCl_3)

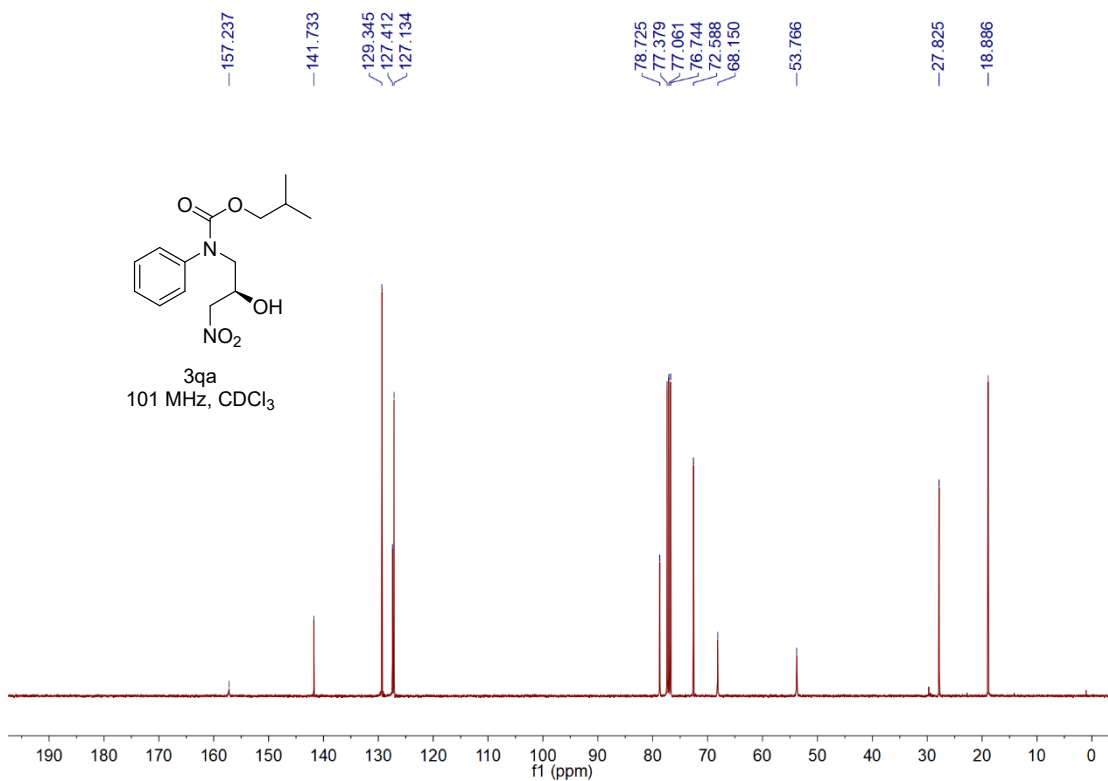


Isobutyl (*R*)-(2-hydroxy-3-nitropropyl)(phenyl)carbamate (3qa**)**

^1H NMR of **3qa** (400 MHz, CDCl_3)

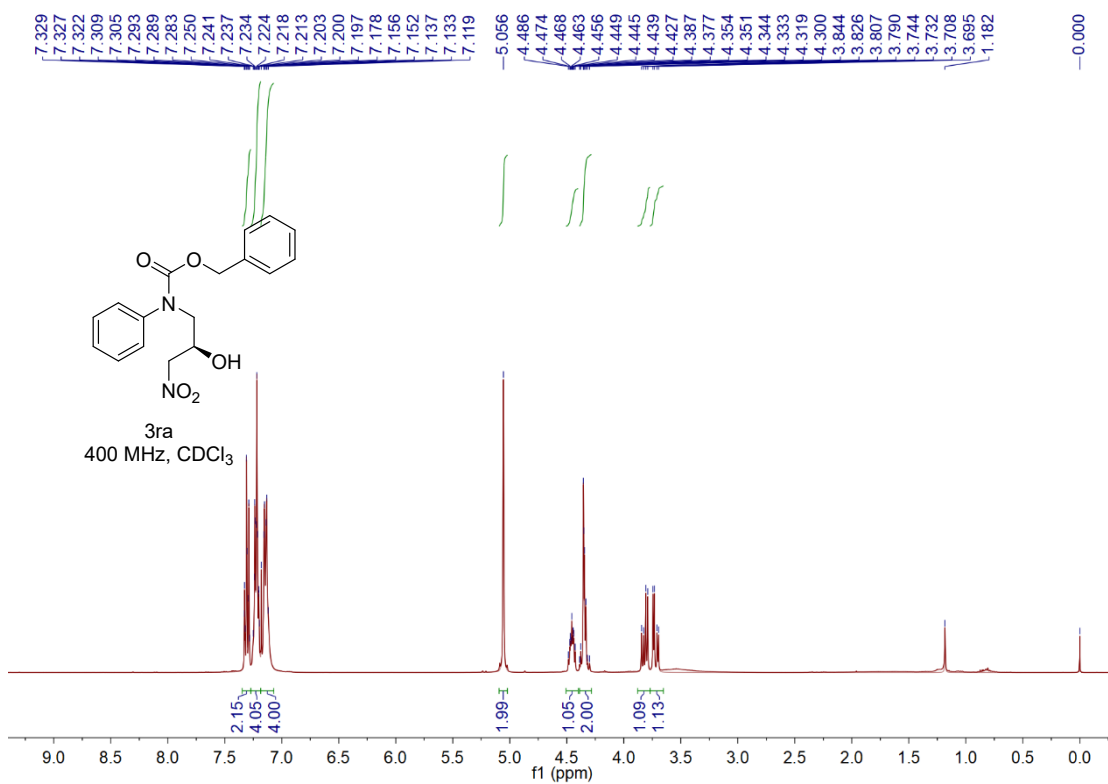


$^{13}\text{C}\{^1\text{H}\}$ NMR of **3qa** (100 MHz, CDCl_3)

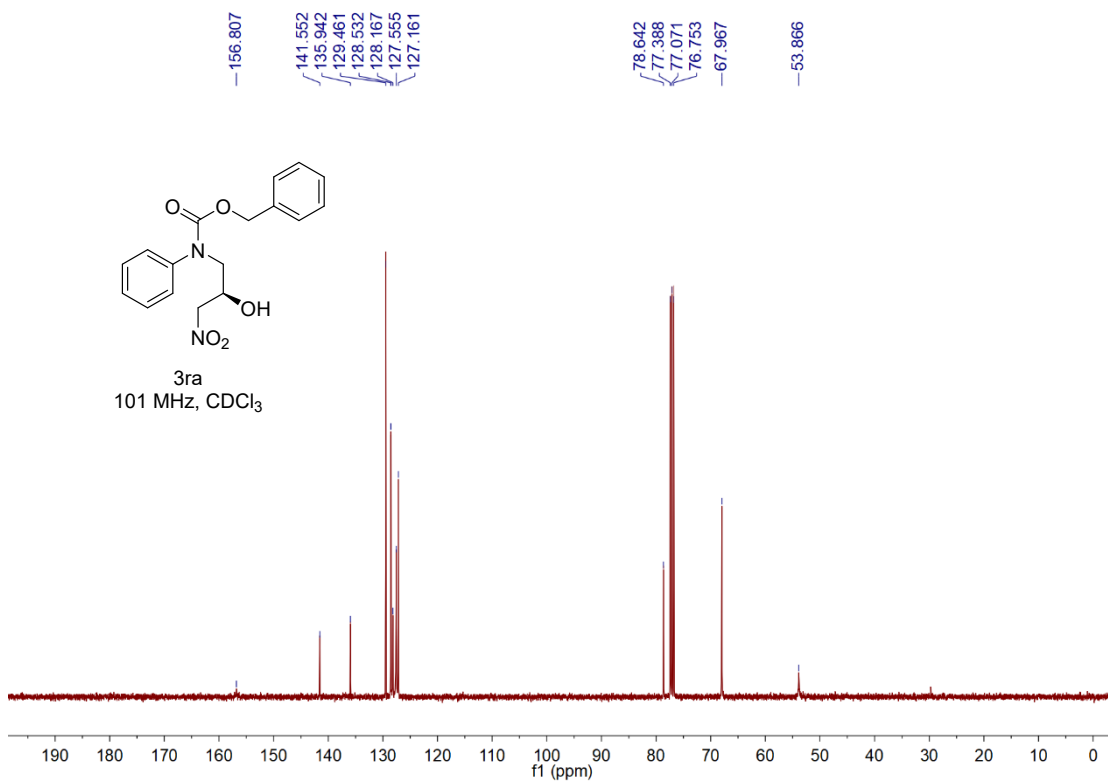


Benzyl (*R*)-(2-hydroxy-3-nitropropyl)(phenyl)carbamate (3ra)

^1H NMR of **3ra** (400 MHz, CDCl_3)

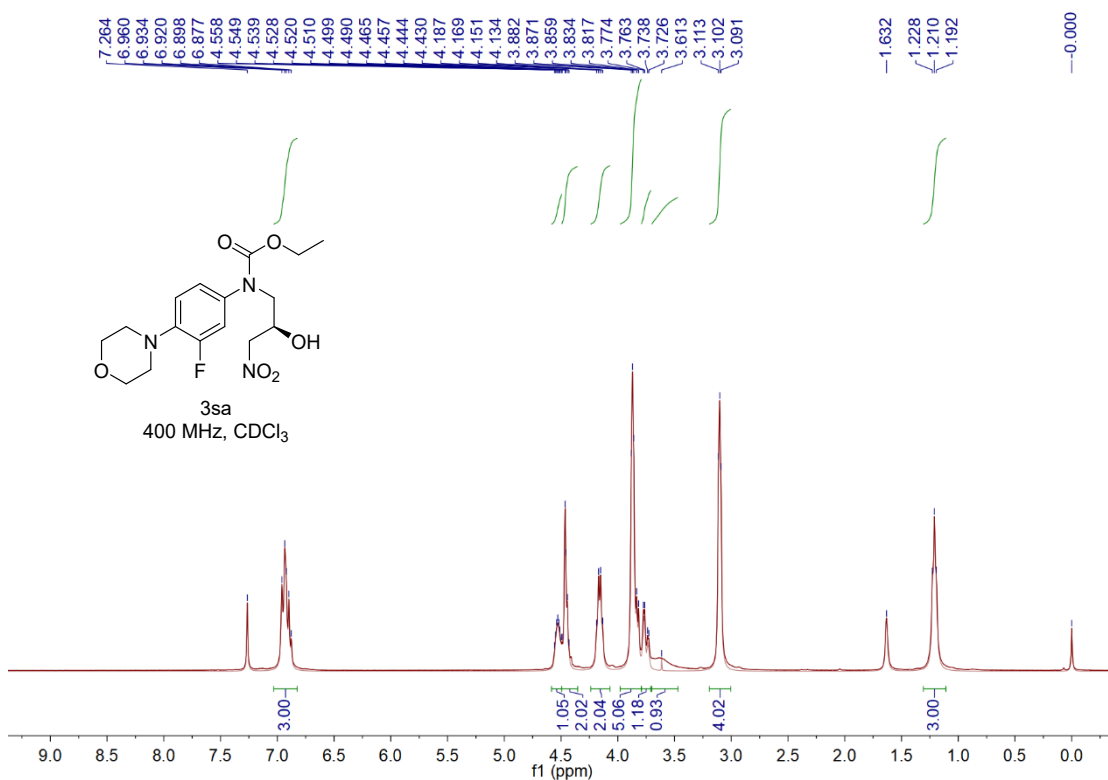


$^{13}\text{C}\{^1\text{H}\}$ NMR of **3ra** (100 MHz, CDCl_3)

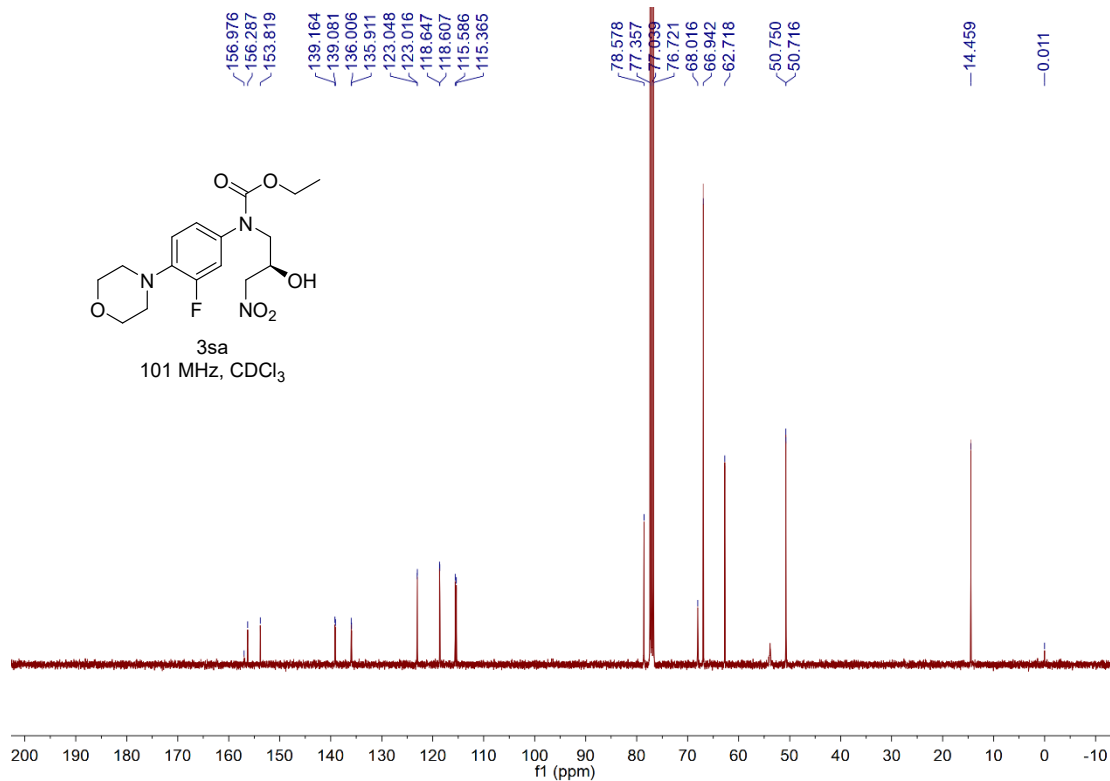


Ethyl (*R*)-(3-fluoro-4-morpholinophenyl)(2-hydroxy-3-nitropropyl)carbamate (**3sa**)

^1H NMR of **3sa** (400 MHz, CDCl_3)

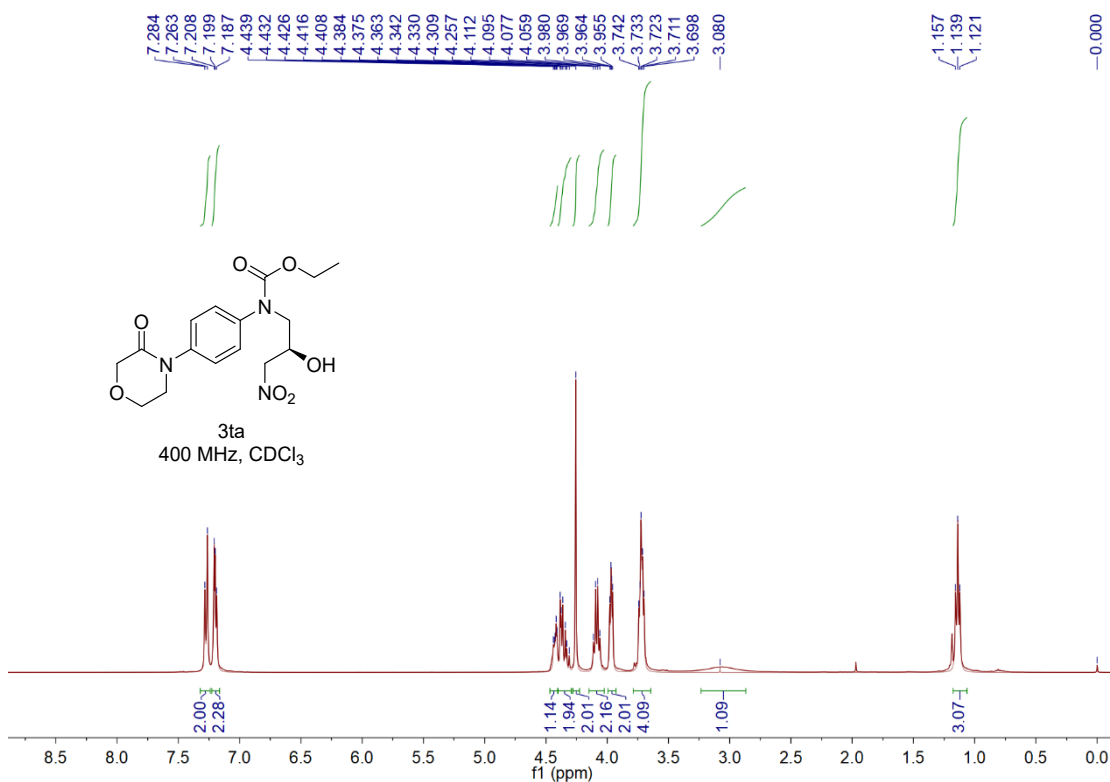


$^{13}\text{C}\{^1\text{H}\}$ NMR of **3sa** (100 MHz, CDCl_3)

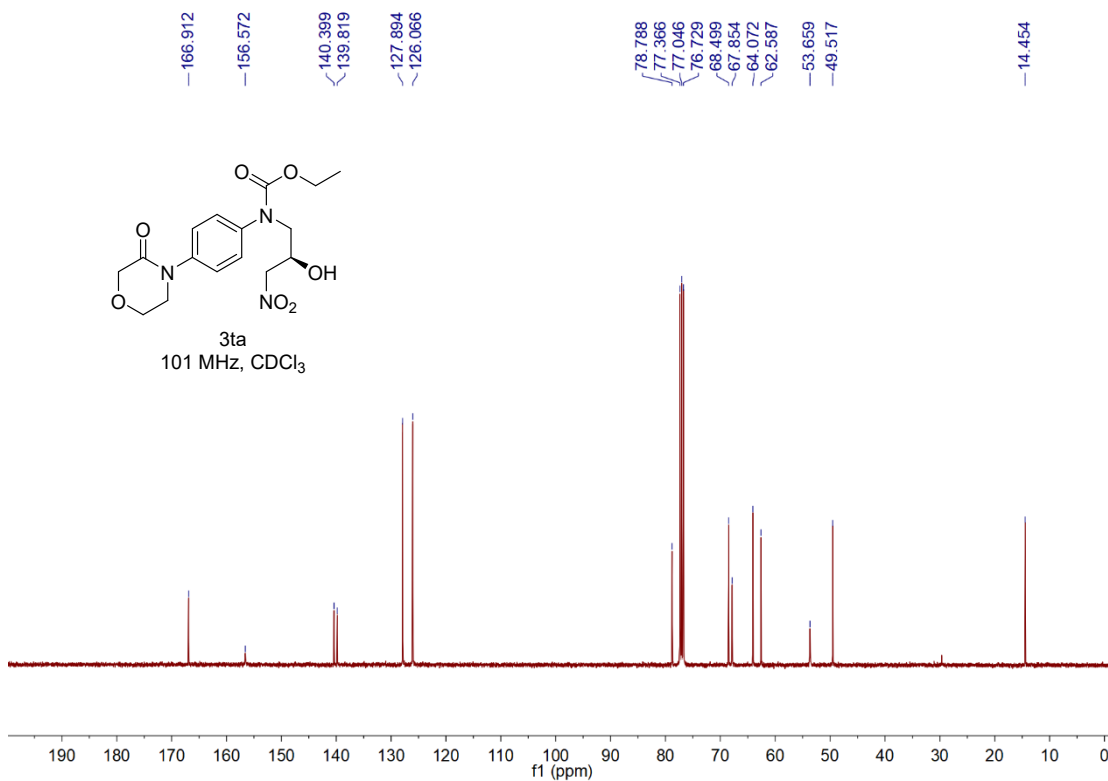


Ethyl (*R*)-(2-hydroxy-3-nitropropyl)(4-(3-oxomorpholino)phenyl)carbamate (**3ta**)

^1H NMR of **3ta** (400 MHz, CDCl_3)

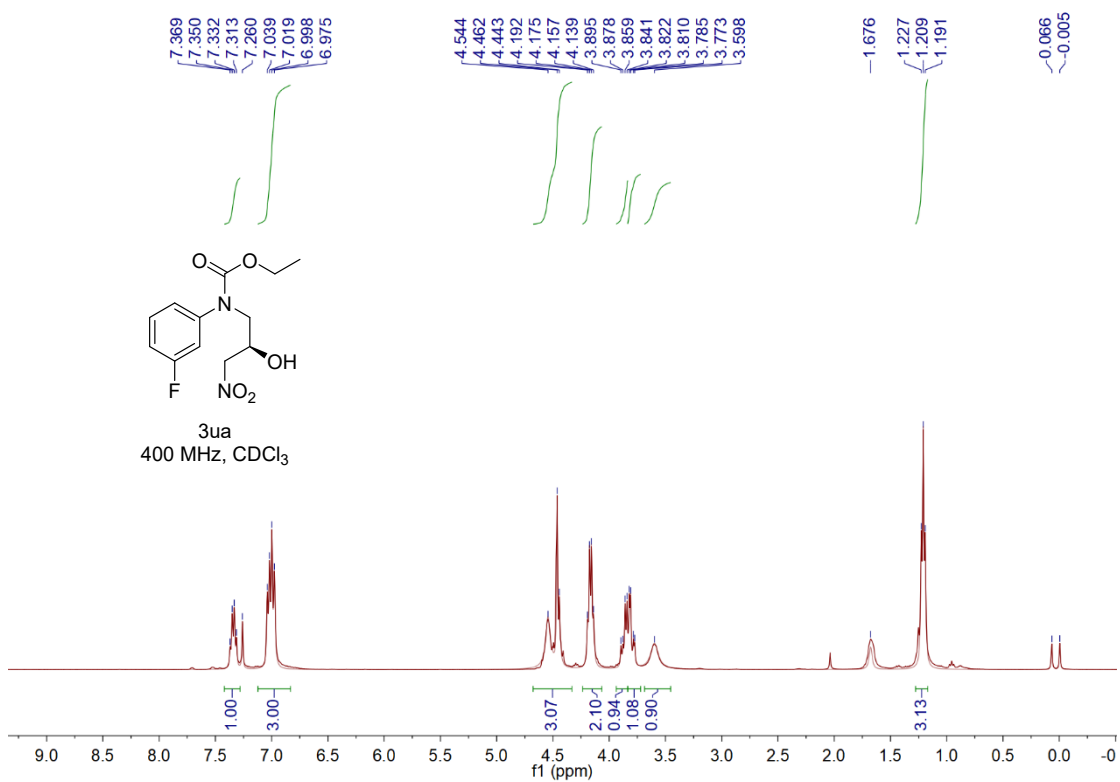


$^{13}\text{C}\{^1\text{H}\}$ NMR of **3ta** (100 MHz, CDCl_3)

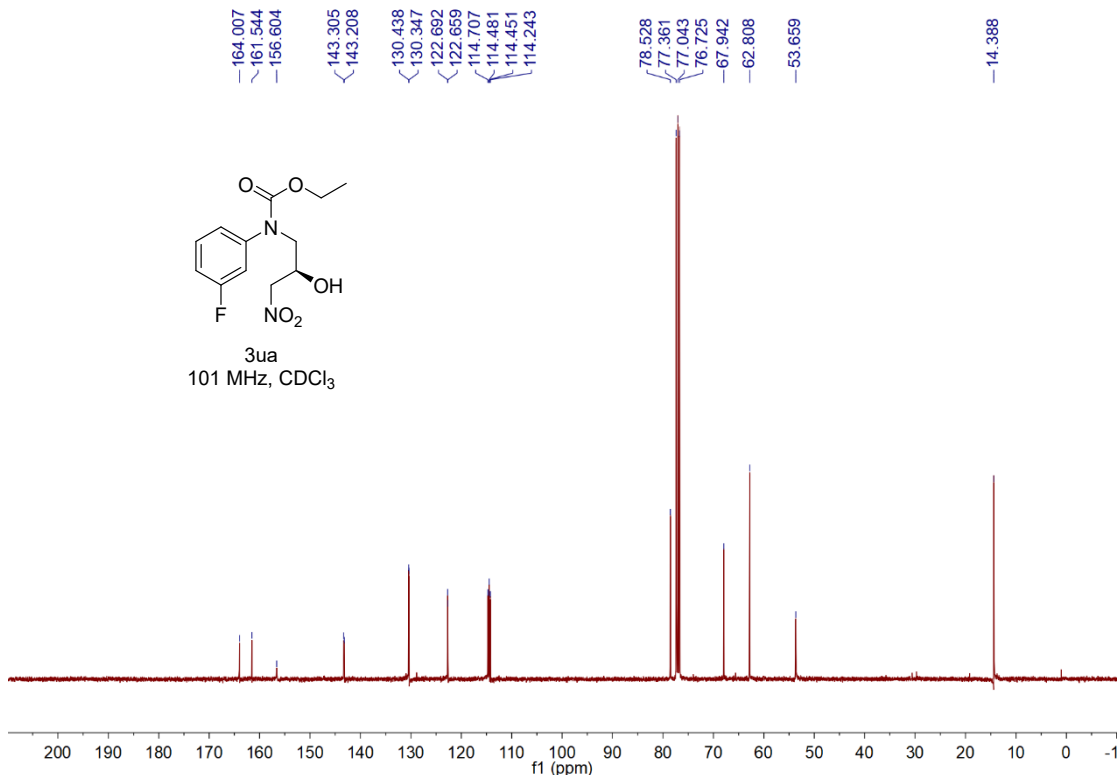


Ethyl (*R*)-(3-fluorophenyl)(2-hydroxy-3-nitropropyl)carbamate (3ua**)**

^1H NMR of **3ua** (400 MHz, CDCl_3)

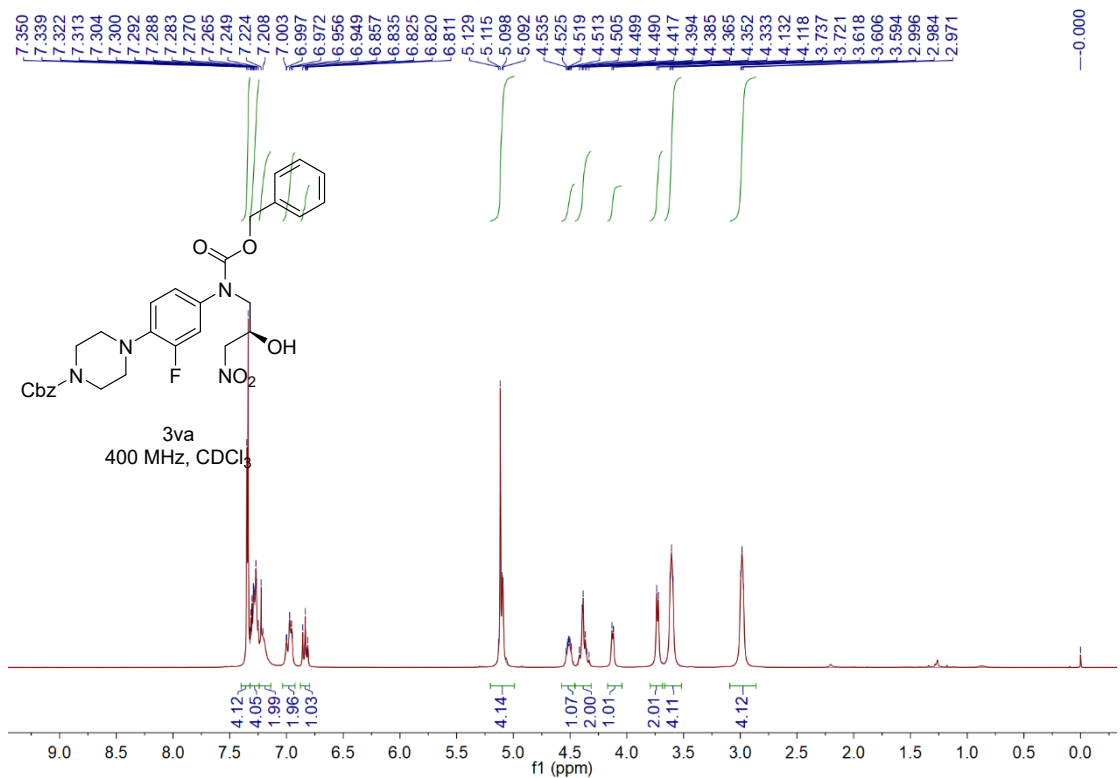


$^{13}\text{C}\{^1\text{H}\}$ NMR of **3ua** (100 MHz, CDCl_3)

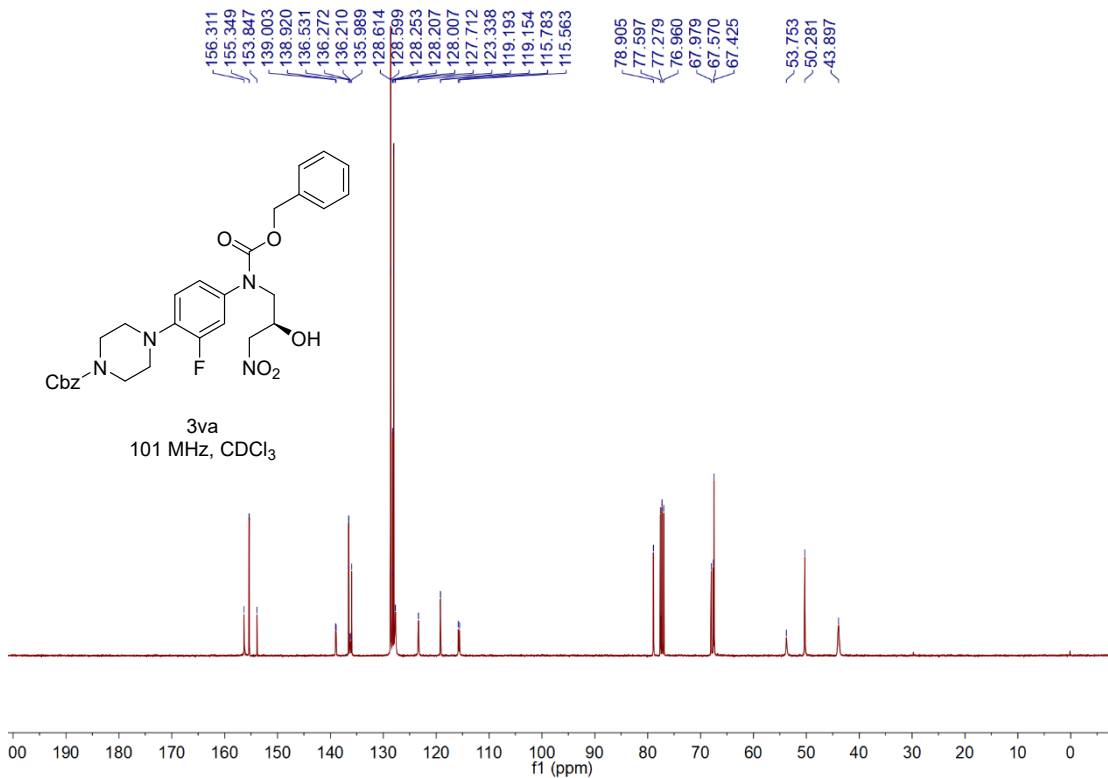


Benzyl(R)-4-(((benzyloxy)carbonyl)(2-hydroxy-3-nitropropyl)amino)-2-fluorophenyl)piperazine-1-carboxylate (3va**)**

^1H NMR of **3va** (400 MHz, CDCl_3)

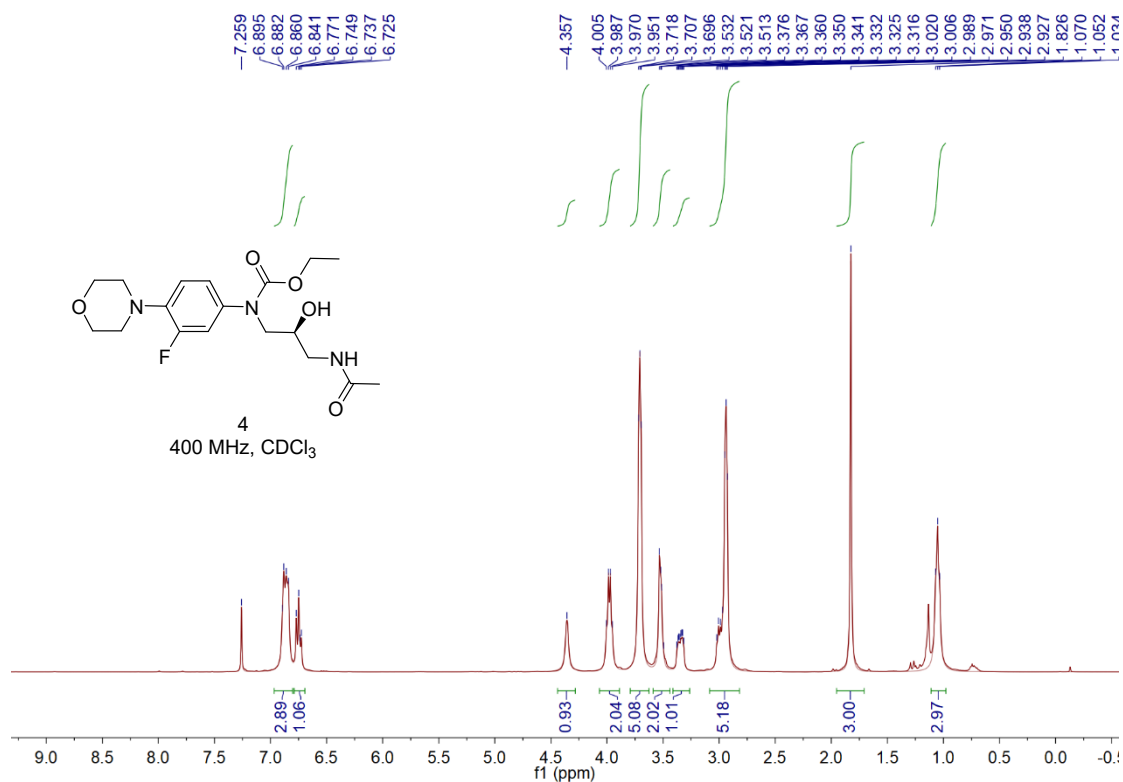


$^{13}\text{C}\{^1\text{H}\}$ NMR of **3va** (100 MHz, CDCl_3)



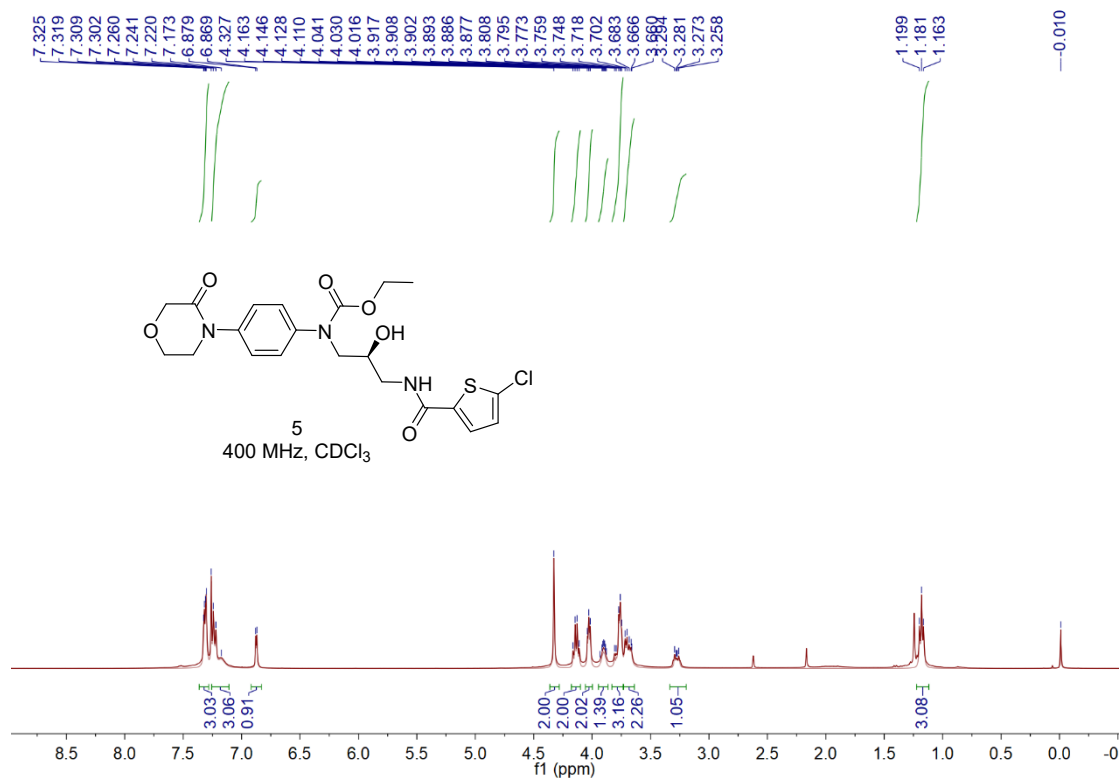
Ethyl (*S*)-(3-acetamido-2-hydroxypropyl)(3-fluoro-4-morpholinophenyl)carbamate (**4**)

^1H NMR of **4** (400 MHz, CDCl_3)



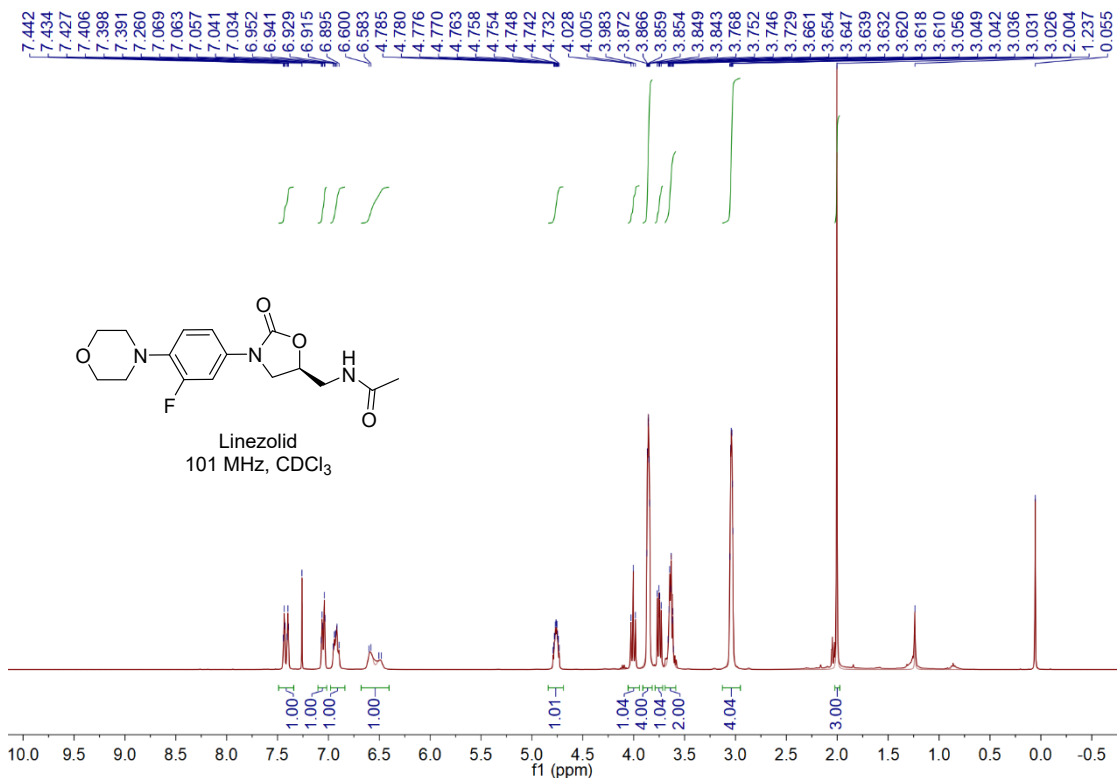
Ethyl (S)-3-(5-chlorothiophene-2-carboxamido)-2-hydroxypropyl(4-(3-oxomorpholino)phenyl) carbamate(5)

¹H NMR of **5** (400 MHz, CDCl₃)

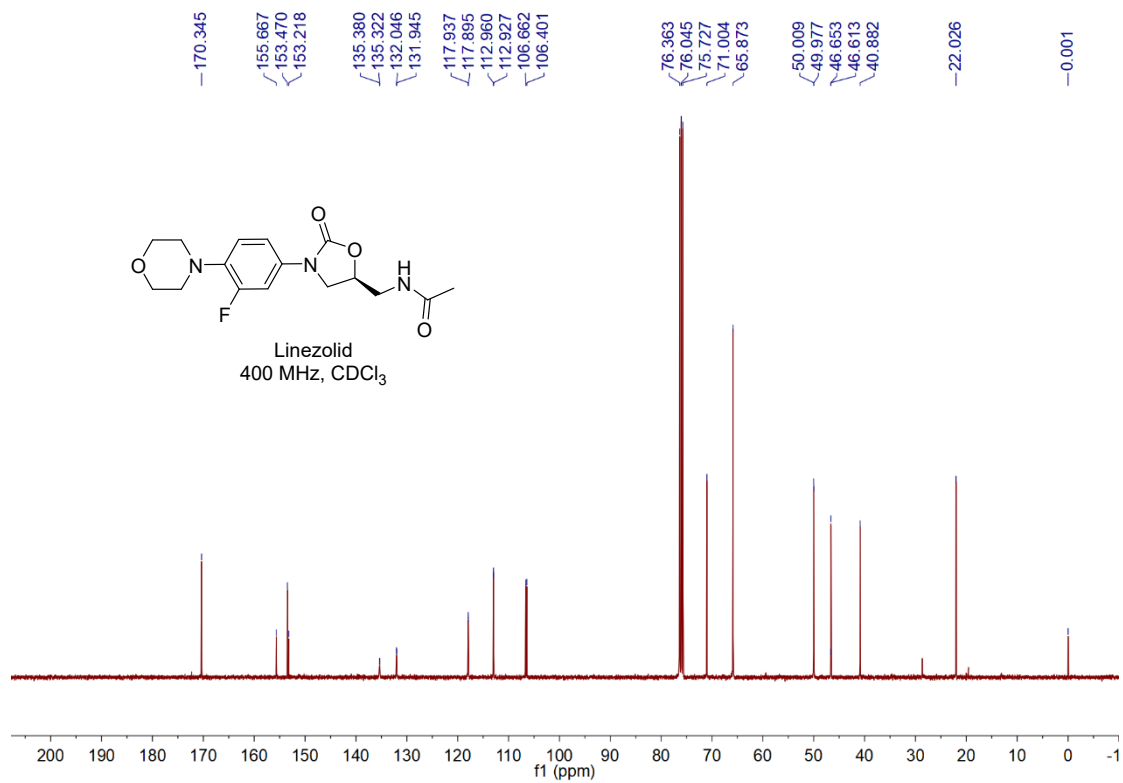


Linezolid (6)

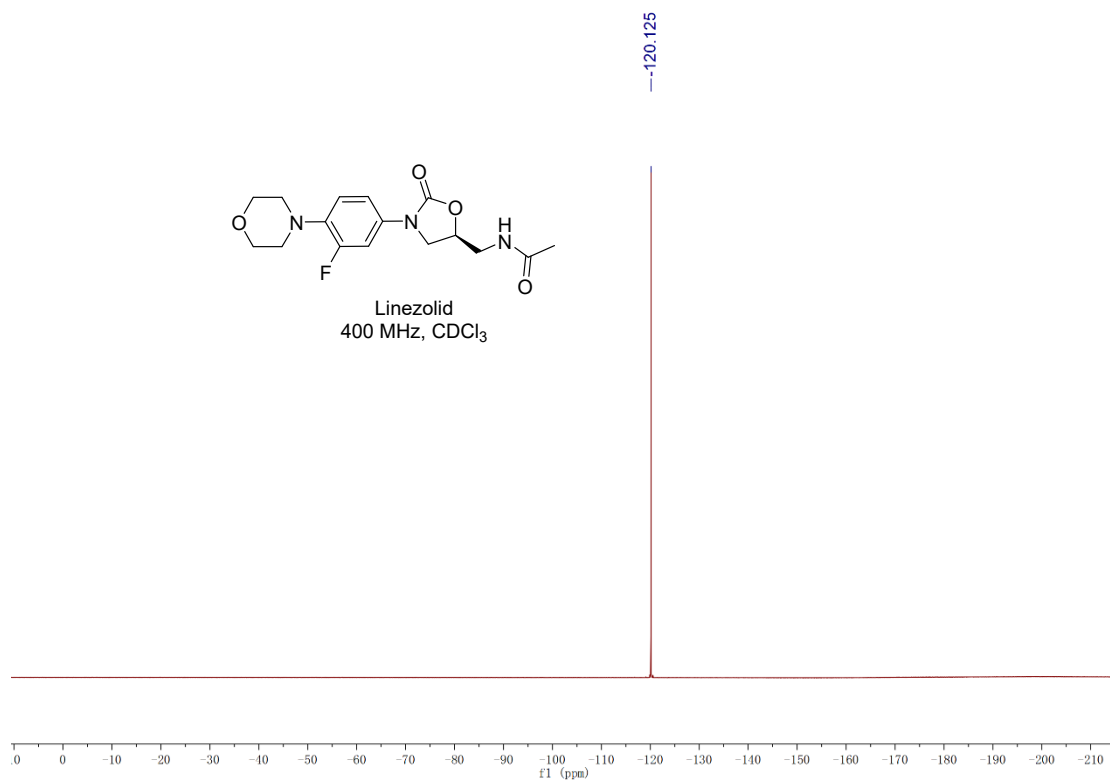
¹H NMR of **6** (400 MHz, CDCl₃)



$^{13}\text{C}\{^1\text{H}\}$ NMR of **6** (100 MHz, CDCl_3)

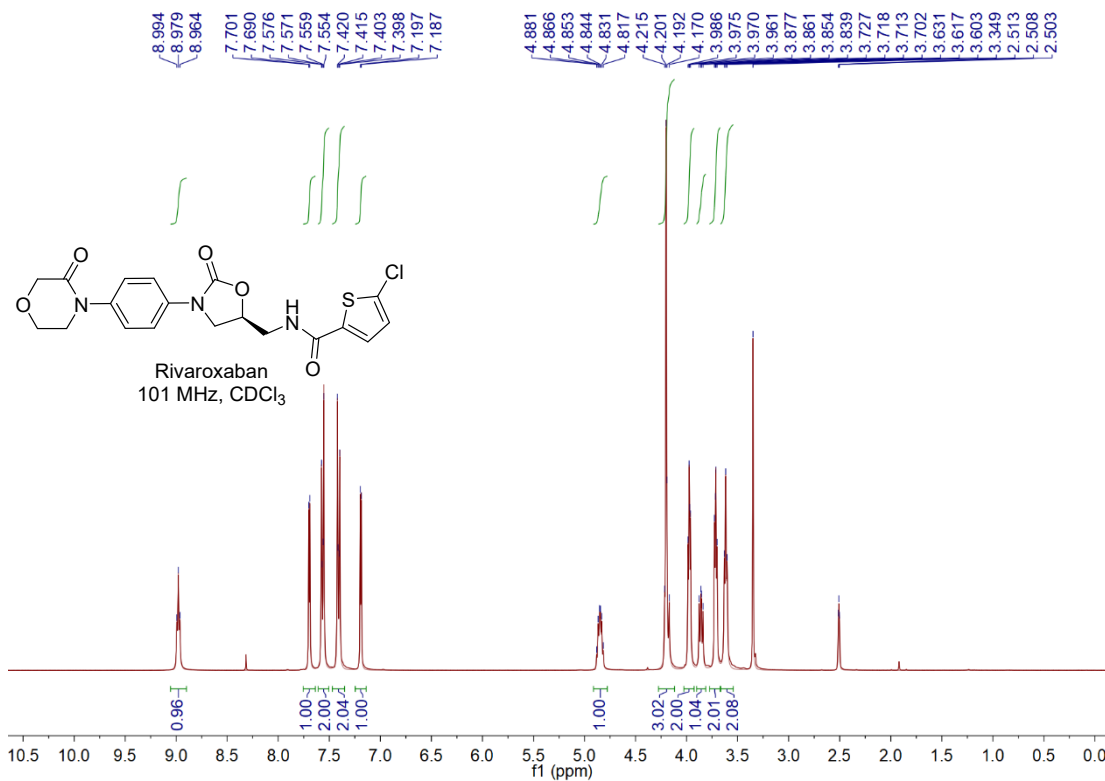


^{19}F NMR of **6** (100 MHz, CDCl_3)

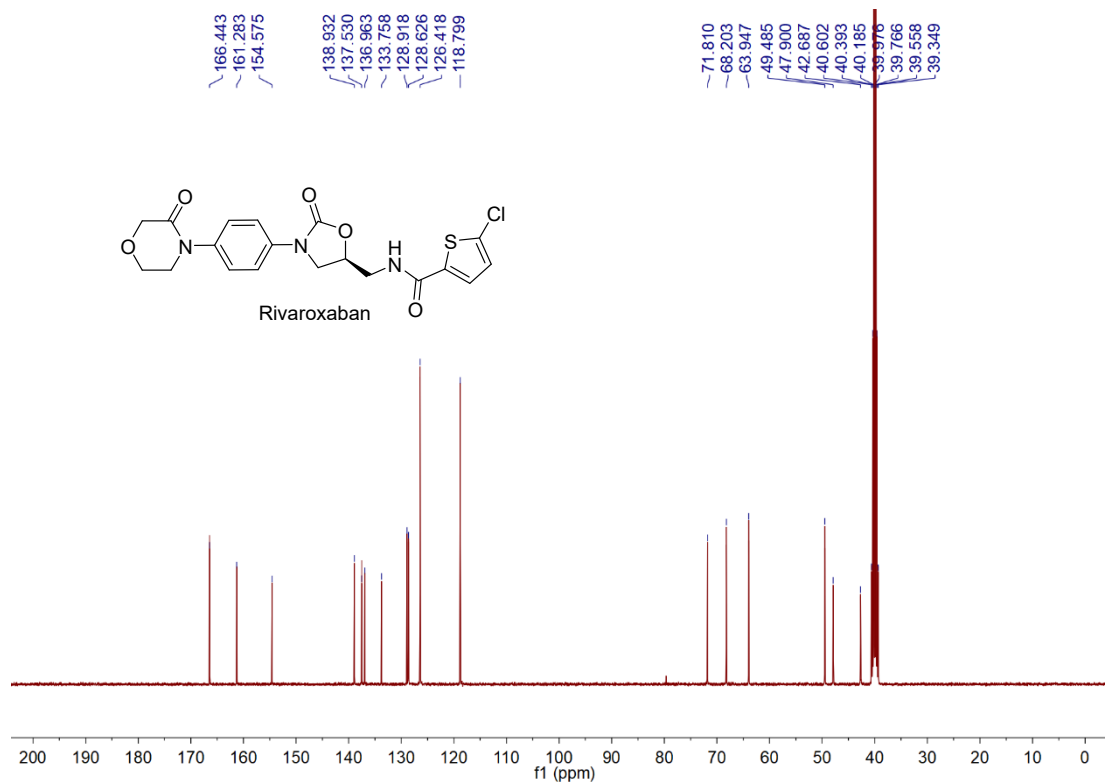


Rivaroxaban (7)

^1H NMR of **7** (400 MHz, CDCl_3)

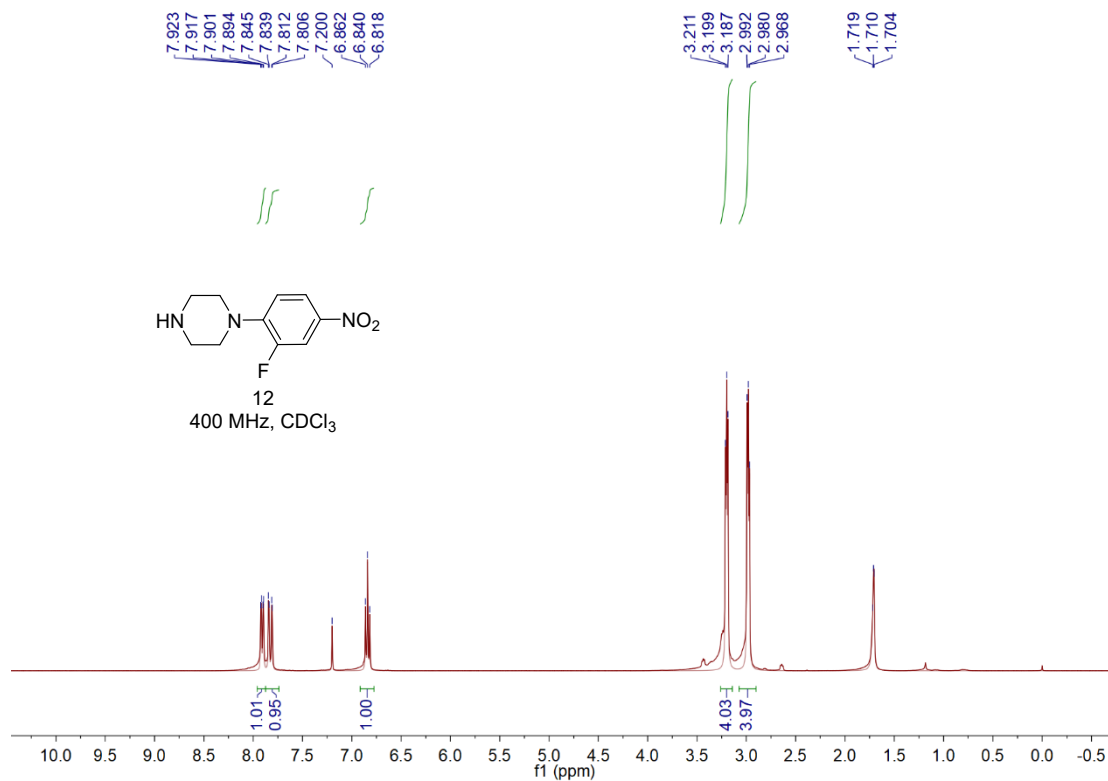


$^{13}\text{C}\{^1\text{H}\}$ NMR of **7** (100 MHz, CDCl_3)



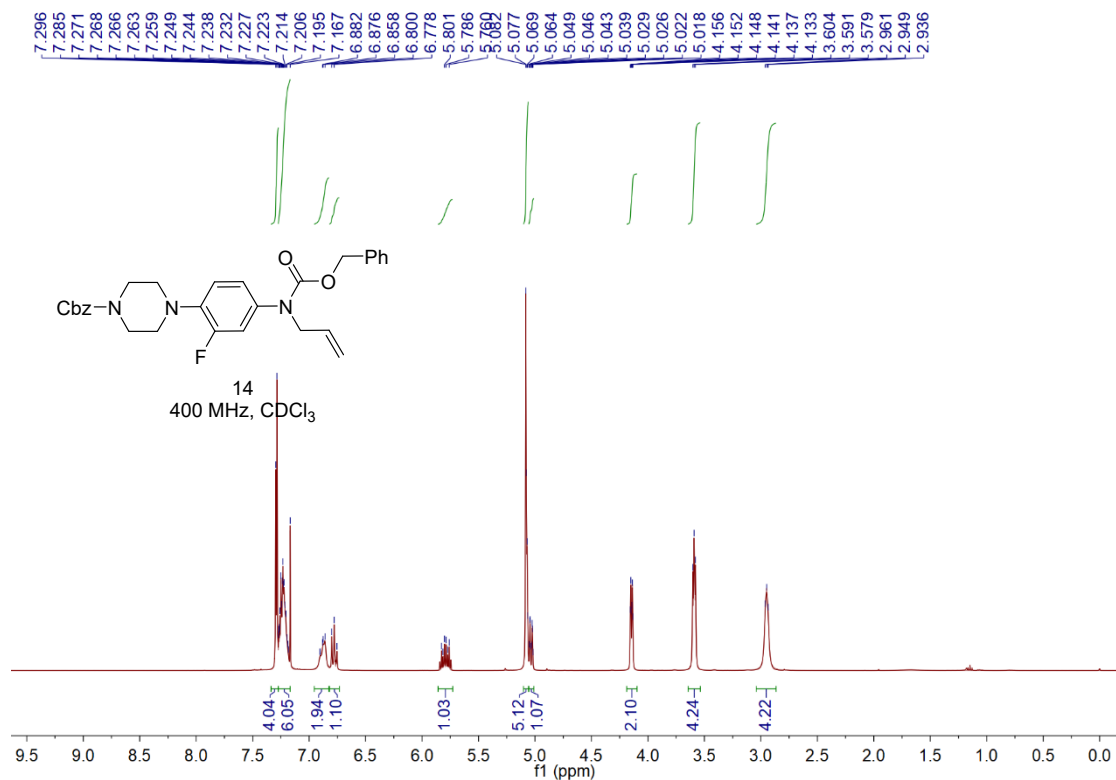
1-(2-Fluoro-4-nitrophenyl)piperazine (12)

^1H NMR of **12** (400 MHz, CDCl_3)

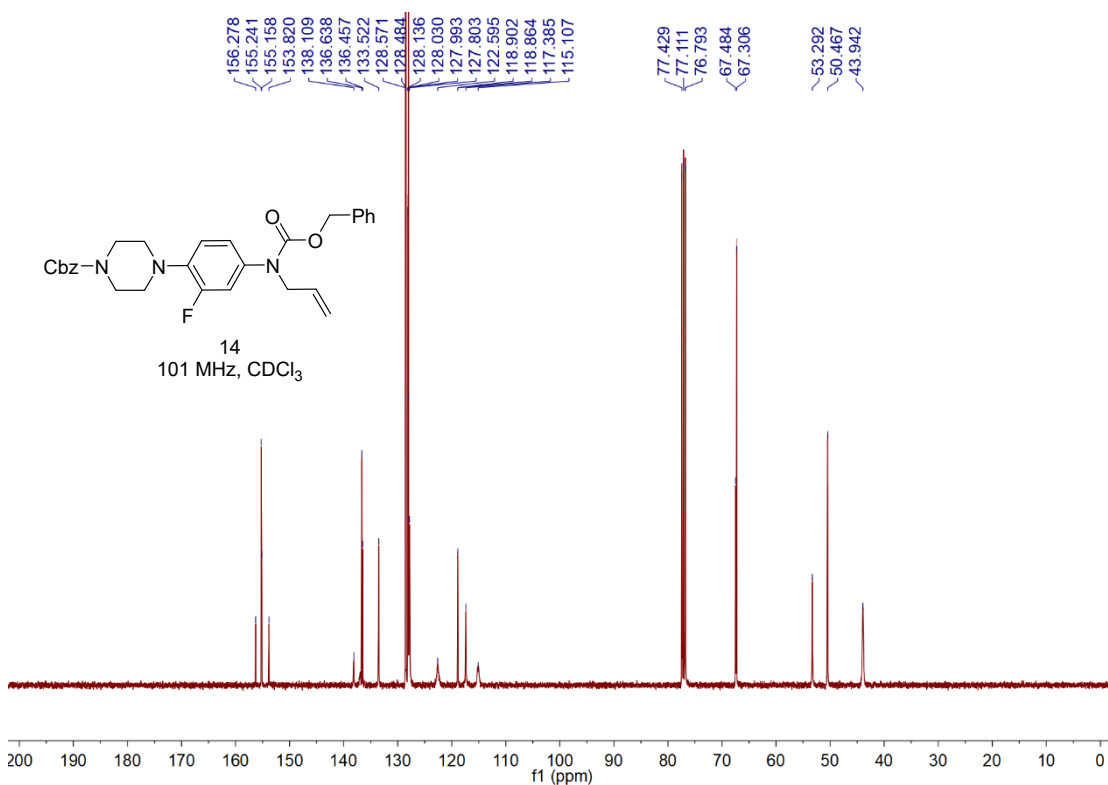


Benzyl 4-(4-(allyl((benzyloxy)carbonyl)amino)-2-fluorophenyl)piperazine-1-carboxylate (14)

^1H NMR of **14** (400 MHz, CDCl_3)

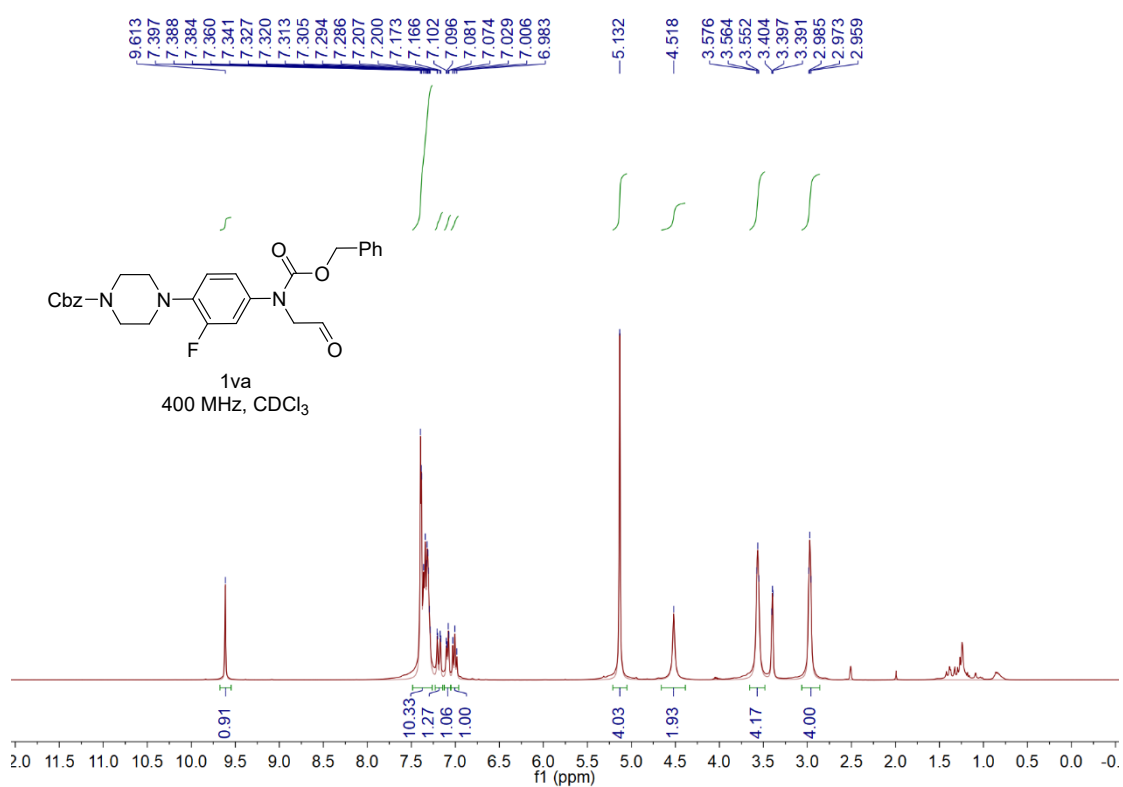


$^{13}\text{C}\{^1\text{H}\}$ NMR of **14** (100 MHz, CDCl_3)

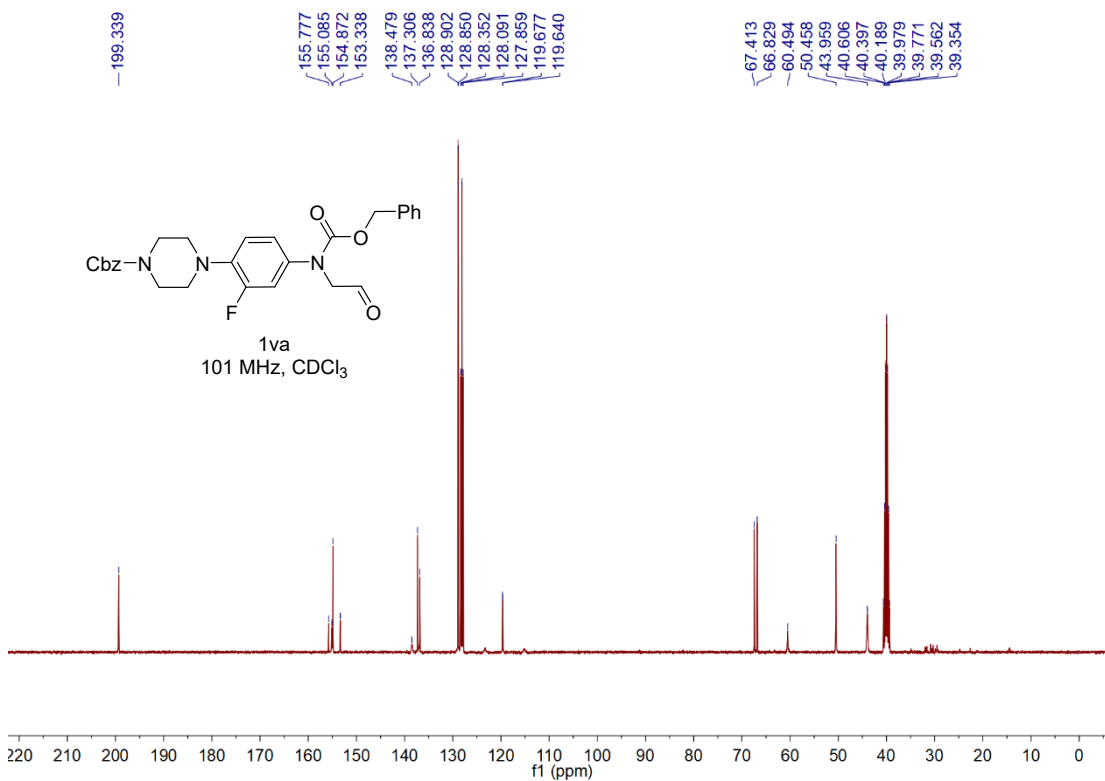


Benzyl 4-(4-(((benzyloxy)carbonyl)(2-oxoethyl)amino)-2-fluorophenyl) piperazine-1-carboxylate (1va**)**

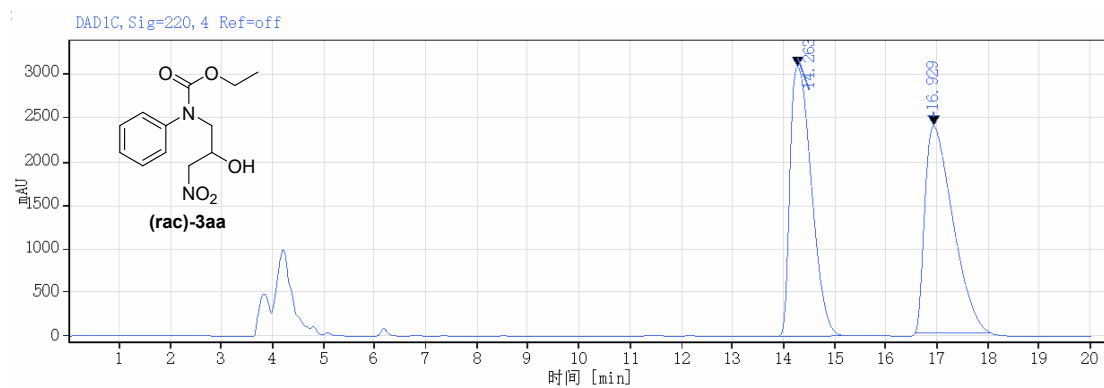
^1H NMR of **1va** (400 MHz, CDCl_3)



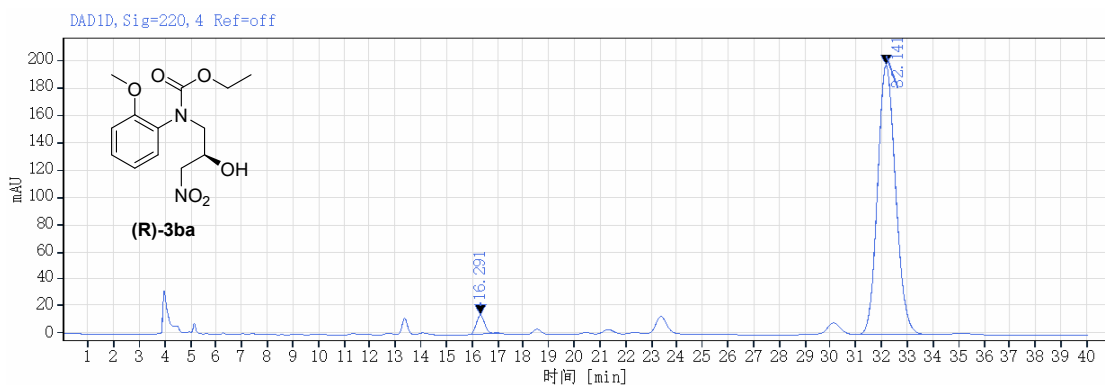
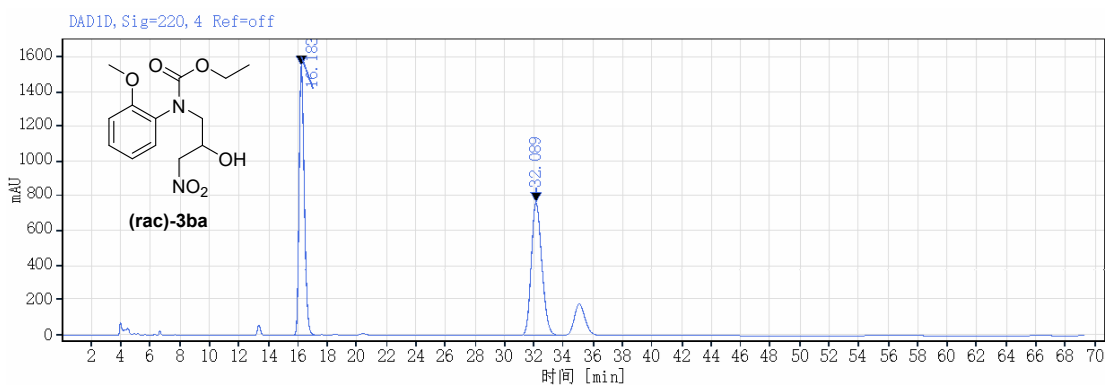
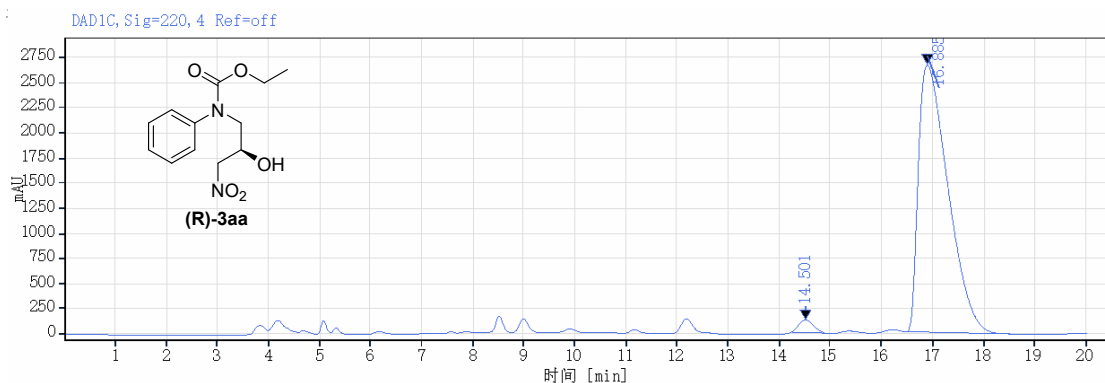
$^{13}\text{C}\{^1\text{H}\}$ NMR of **1va** (100 MHz, CDCl_3)

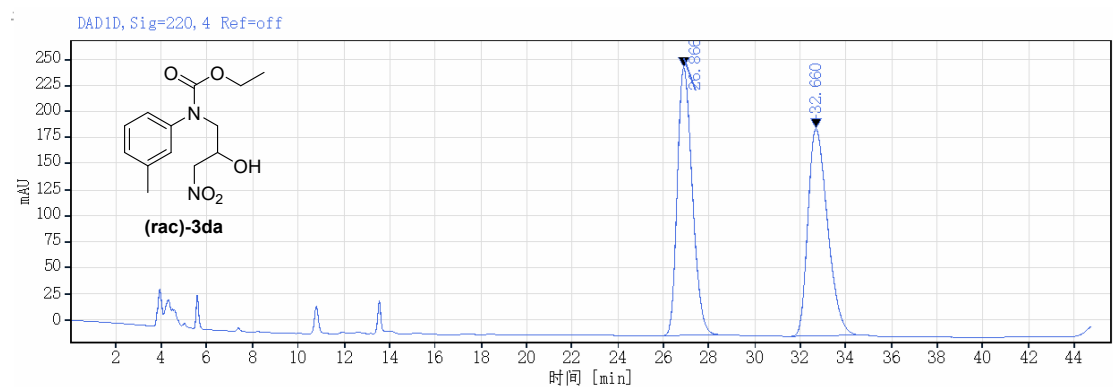
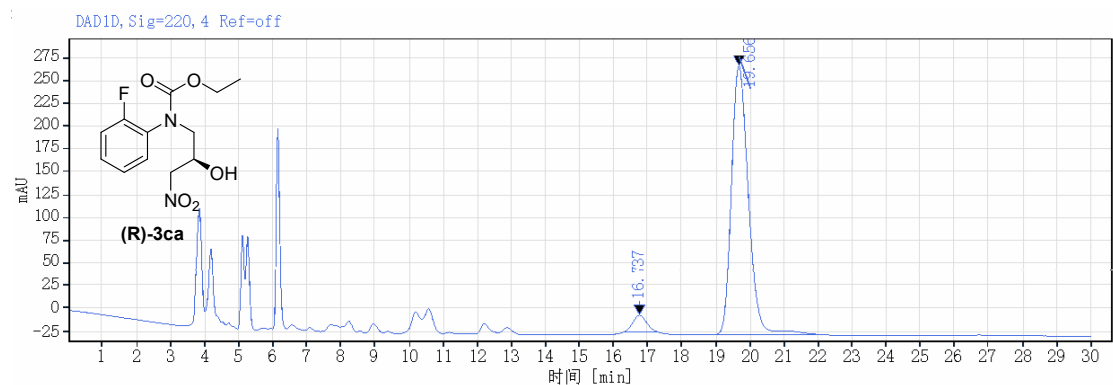
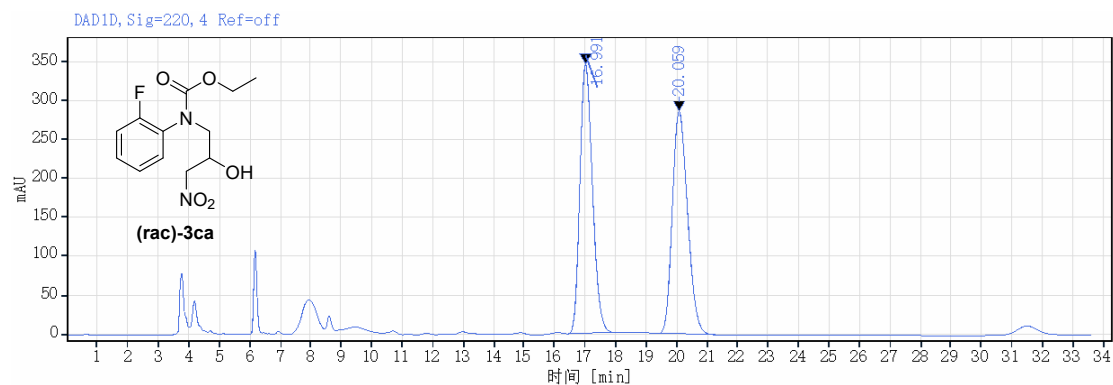


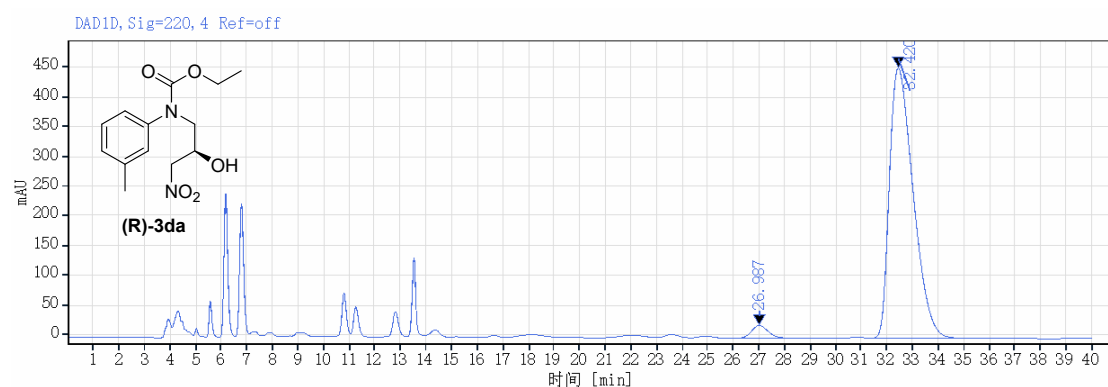
11. HPLC spectra



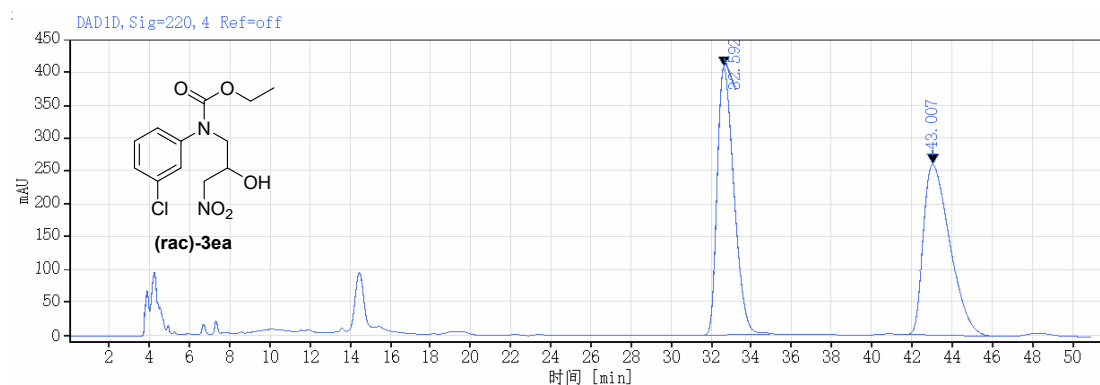
Time [min]	Type	Width [min]	Area [mAU * s]	Height [mAU]	Area%
14.263	MM m	0.46	90038.19	3086.99	49.83
16.929	MM m	0.60	90646.65	2371.74	50.17



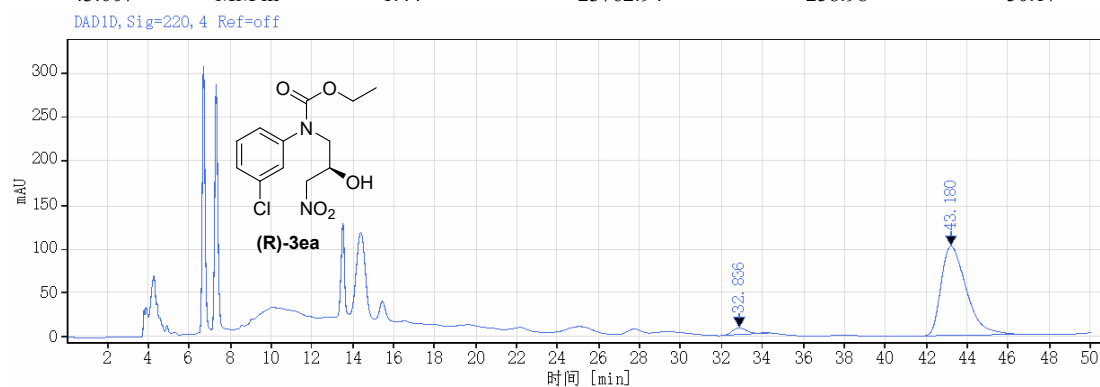




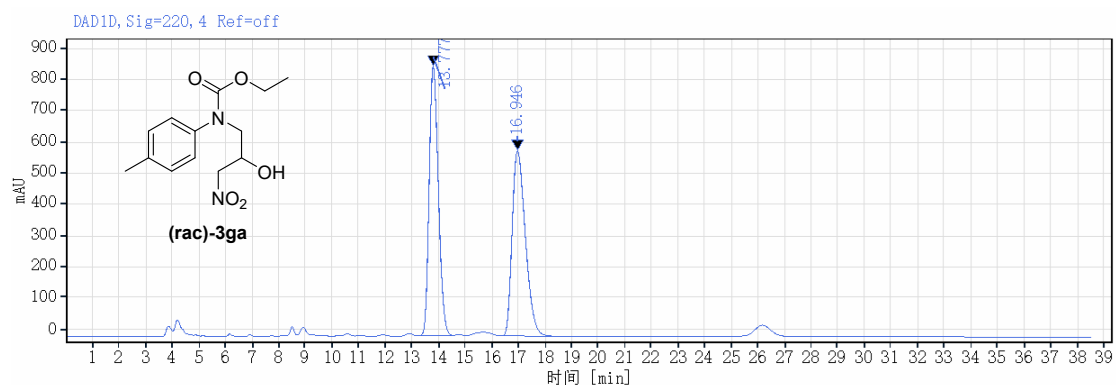
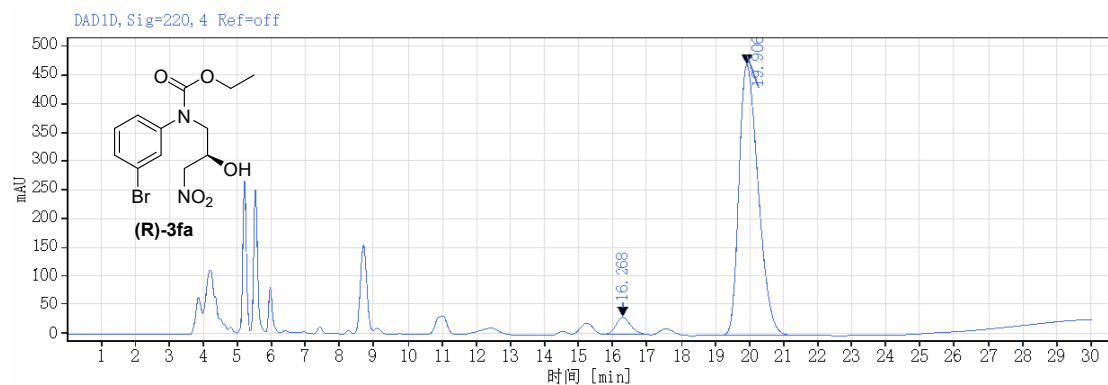
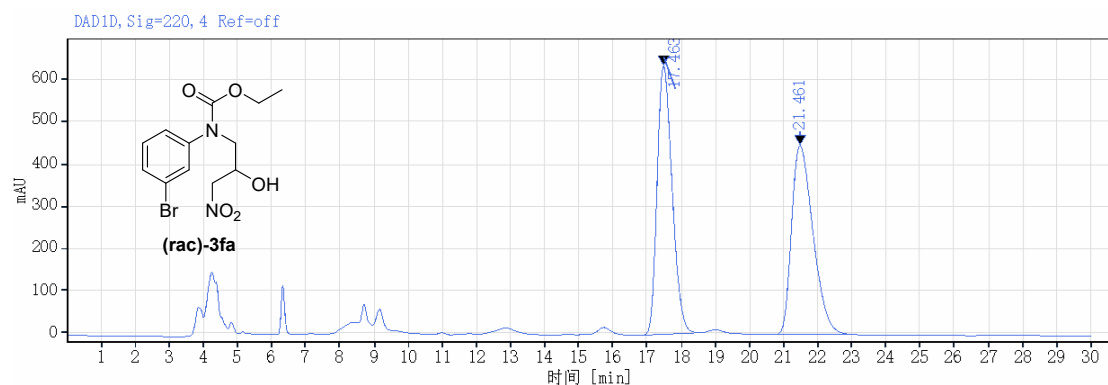
Time [min]	Type	Width [min]	Area [mAU * s]	Height [mAU]	Area%
26.987	MM m	0.69	946.05	21.34	3.13
32.420	MM m	1.00	29255.13	455.57	96.87

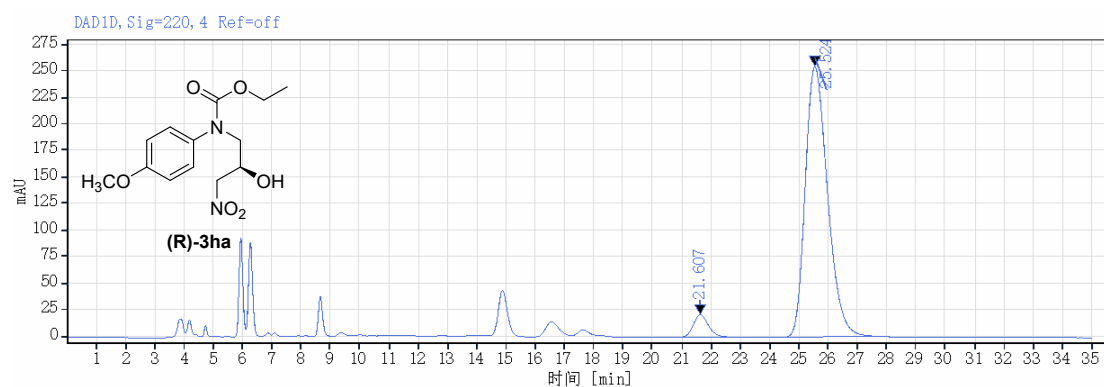
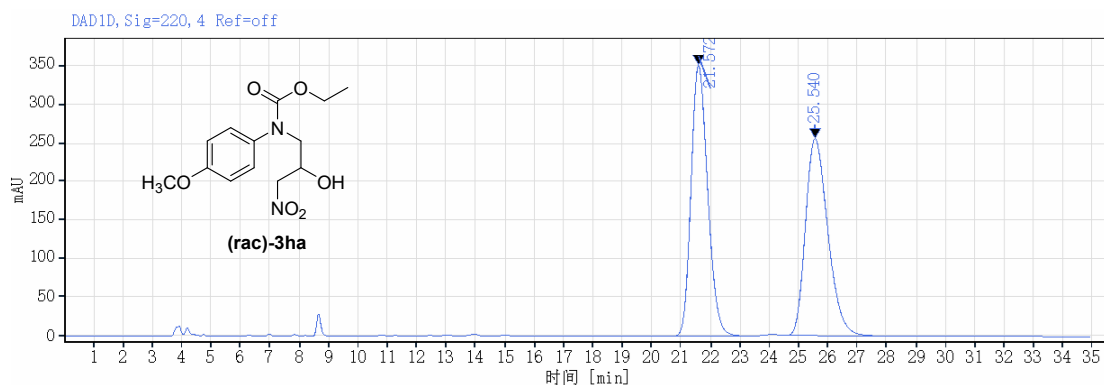
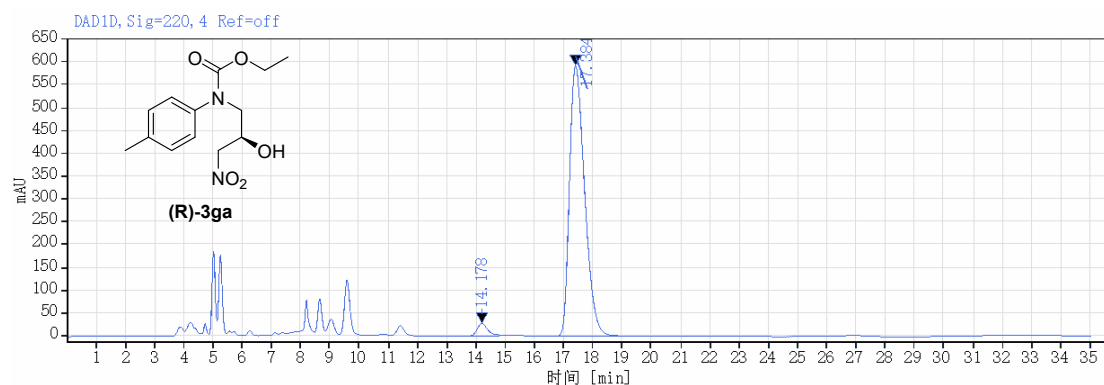


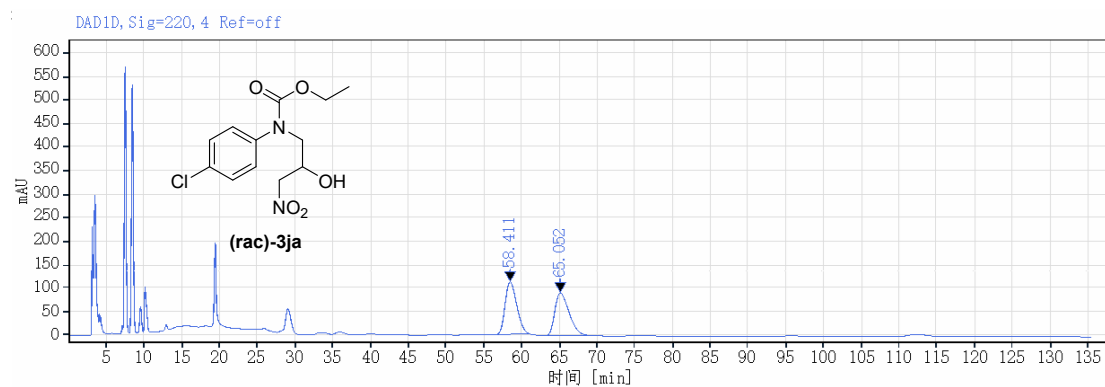
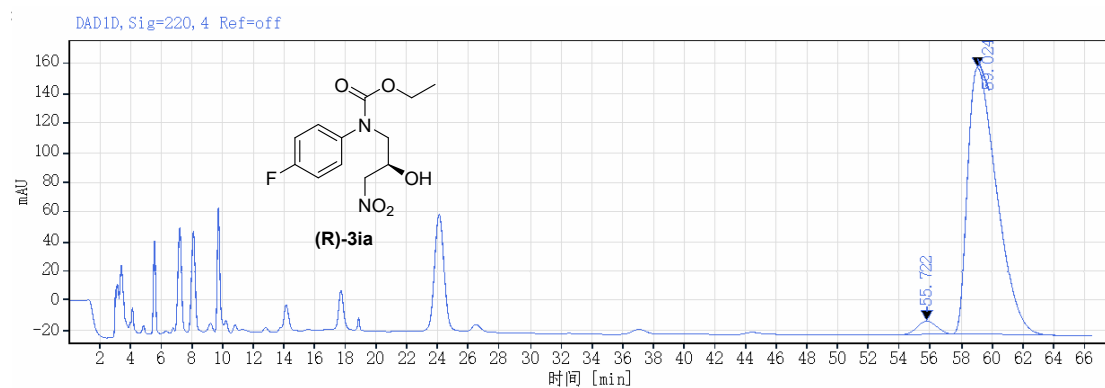
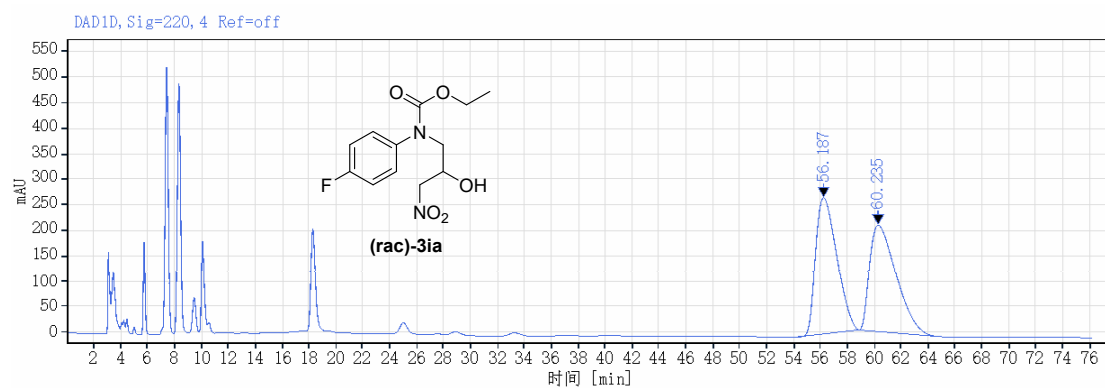
Time [min]	Type	Width [min]	Area [mAU * s]	Height [mAU]	Area%
32.592	MM m	0.91	23605.50	406.92	49.83
43.007	MM m	1.44	23762.94	258.98	50.17

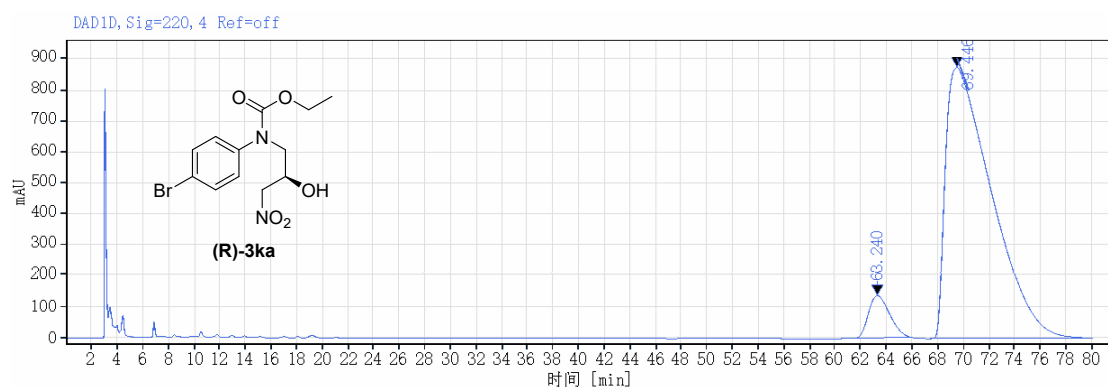
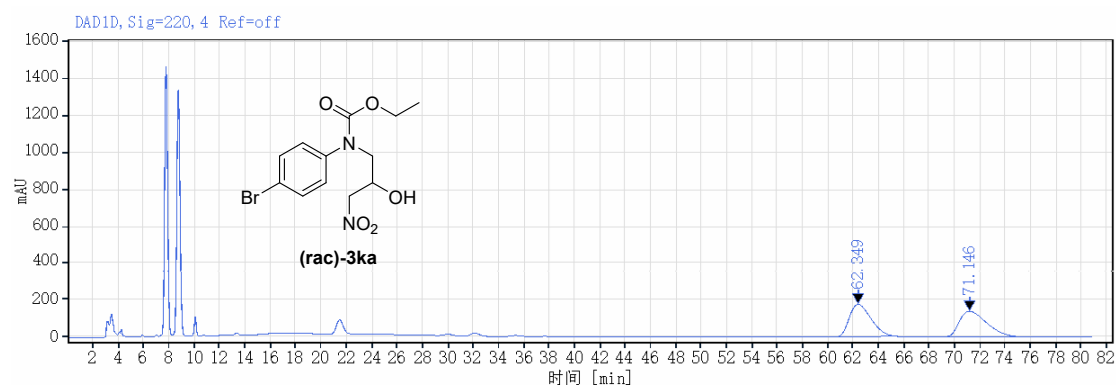
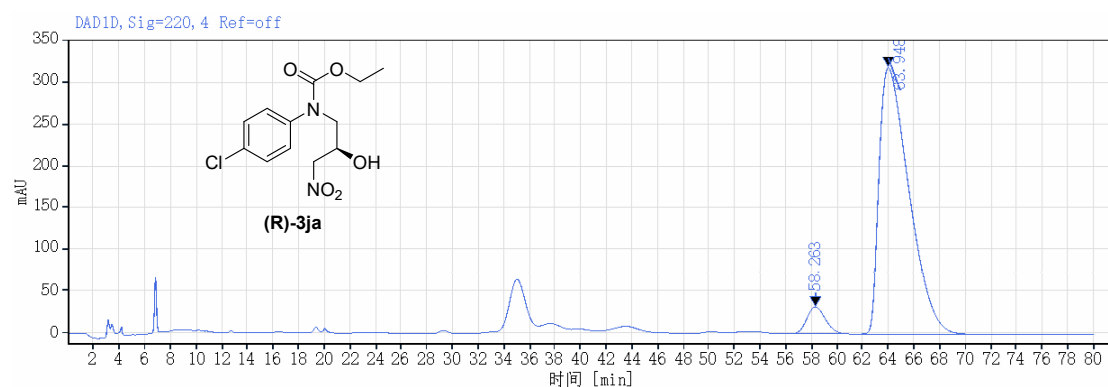


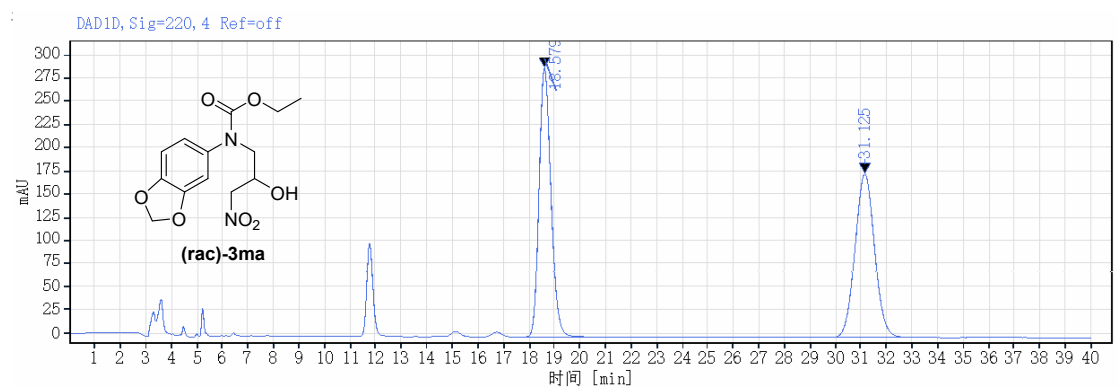
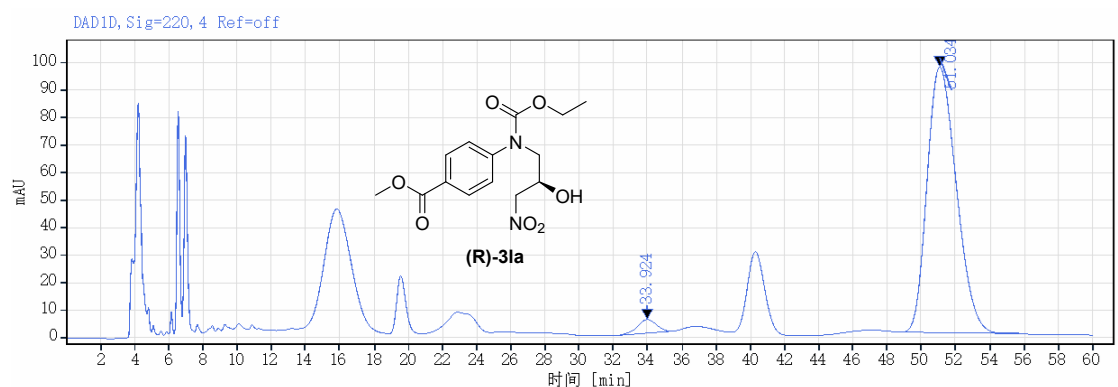
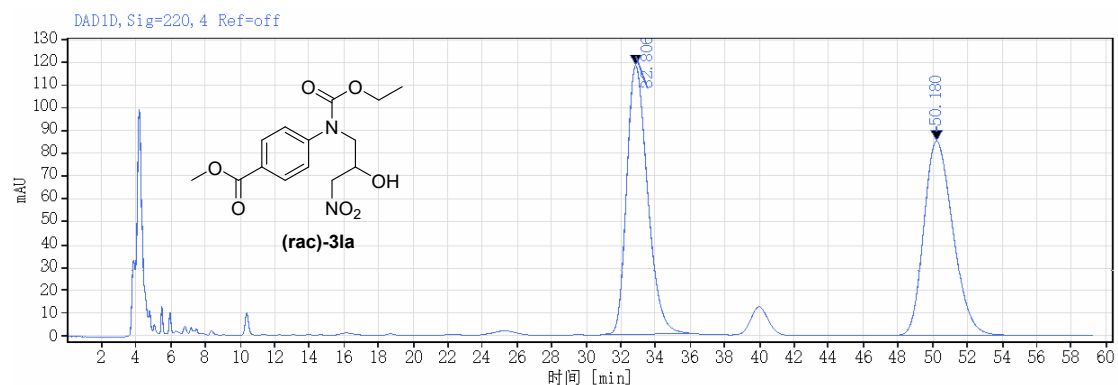
Time [min]	Type	Width [min]	Area [mAU * s]	Height [mAU]	Area%
32.836	MM m	0.72	365.09	7.39	4.04
43.180	MM m	1.29	8675.63	102.42	95.96

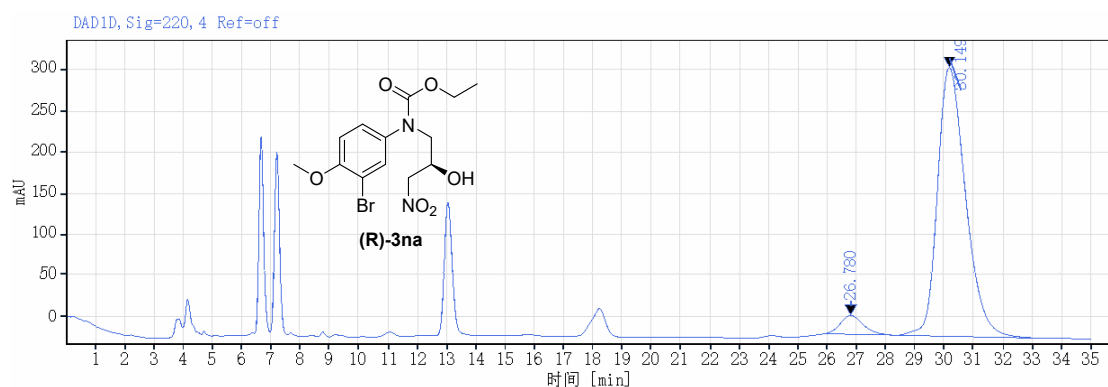
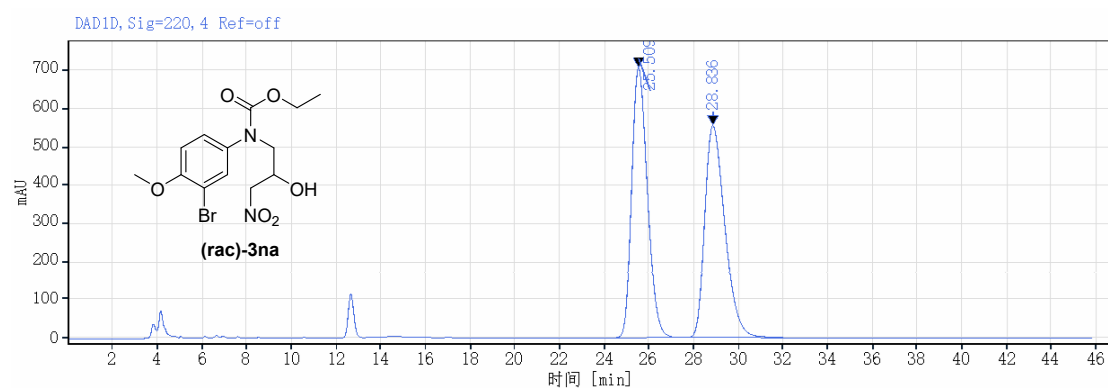
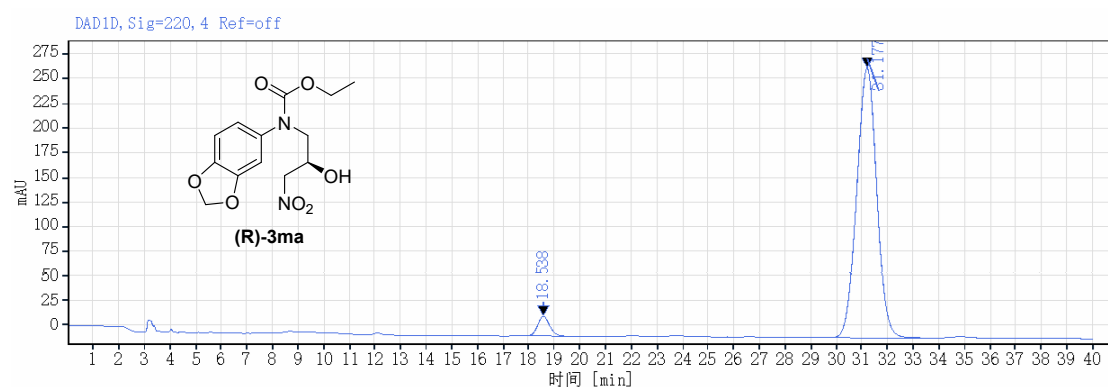


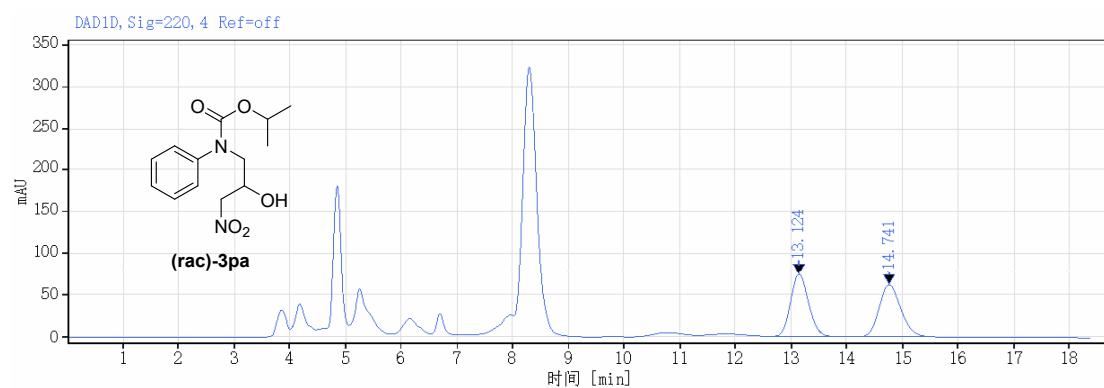
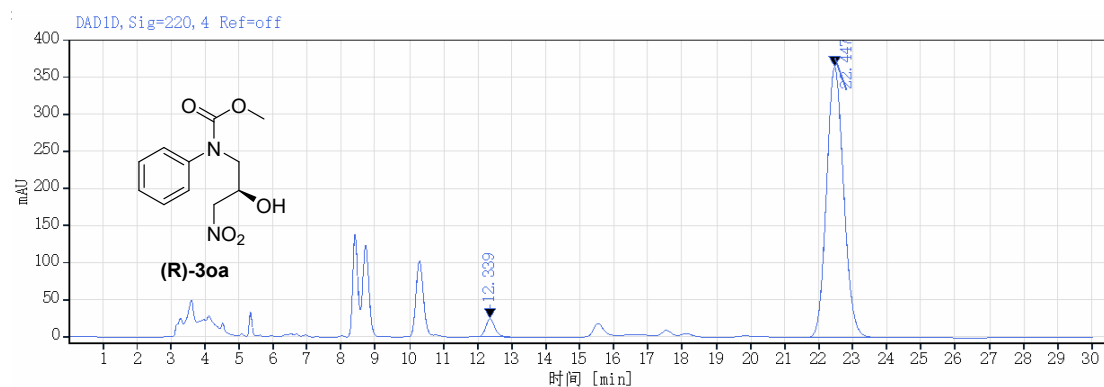
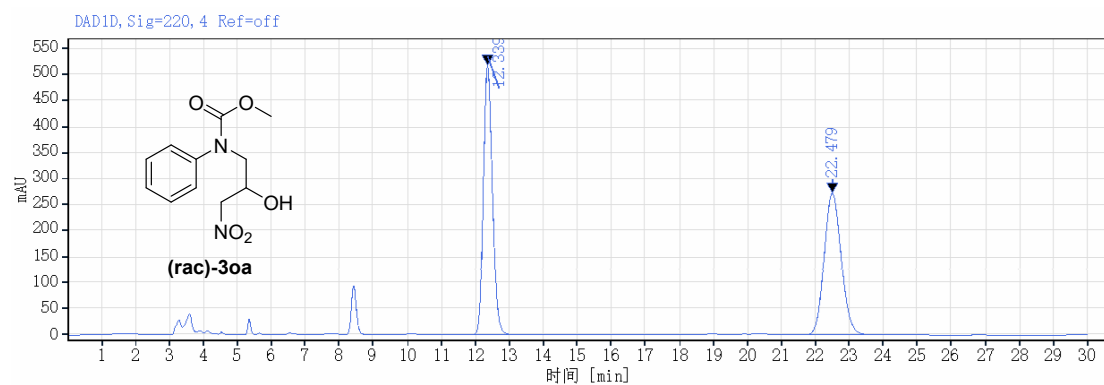


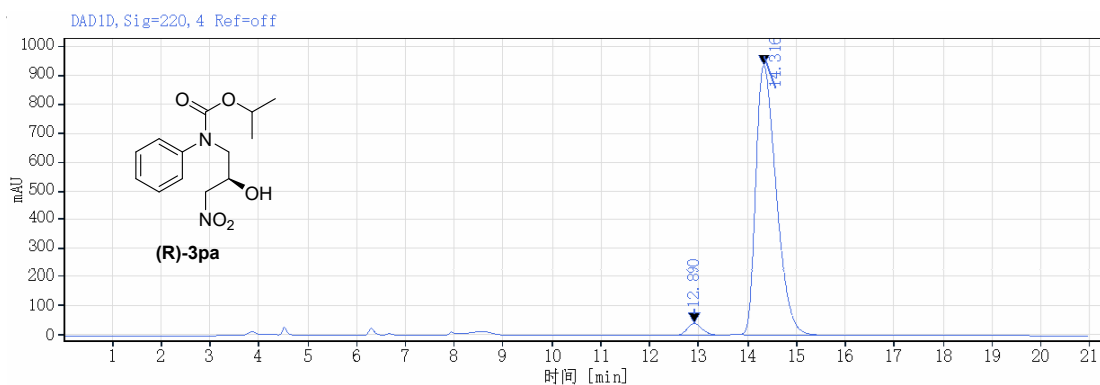




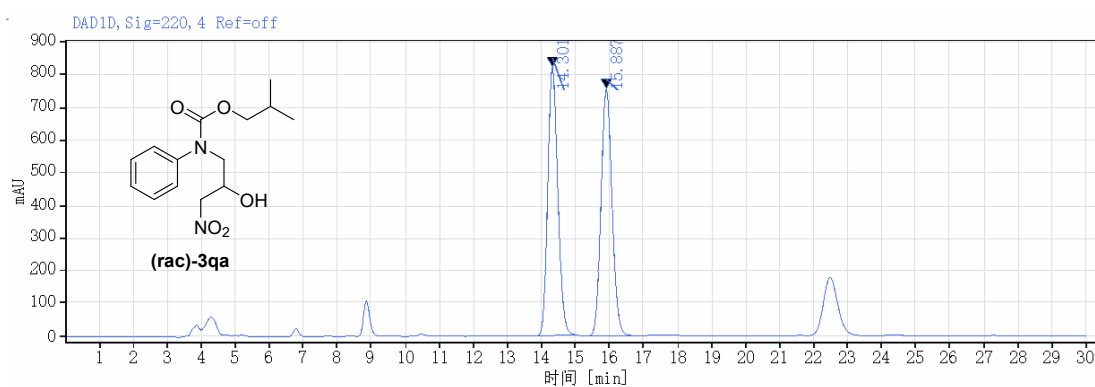




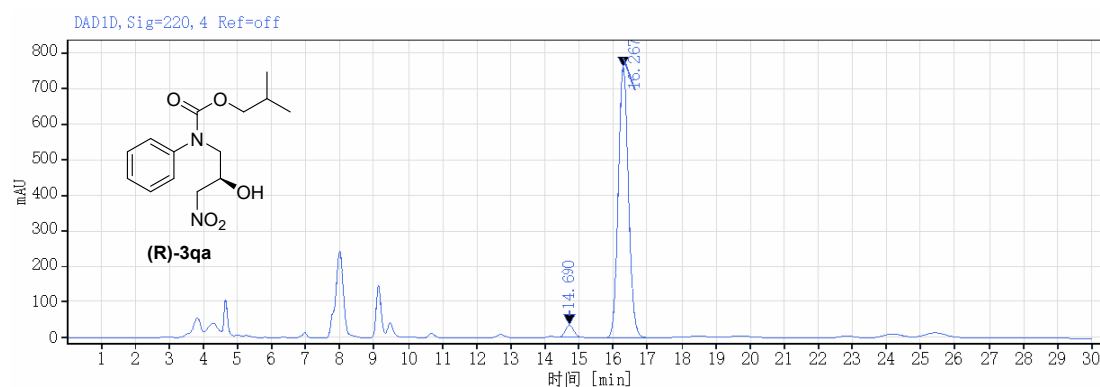




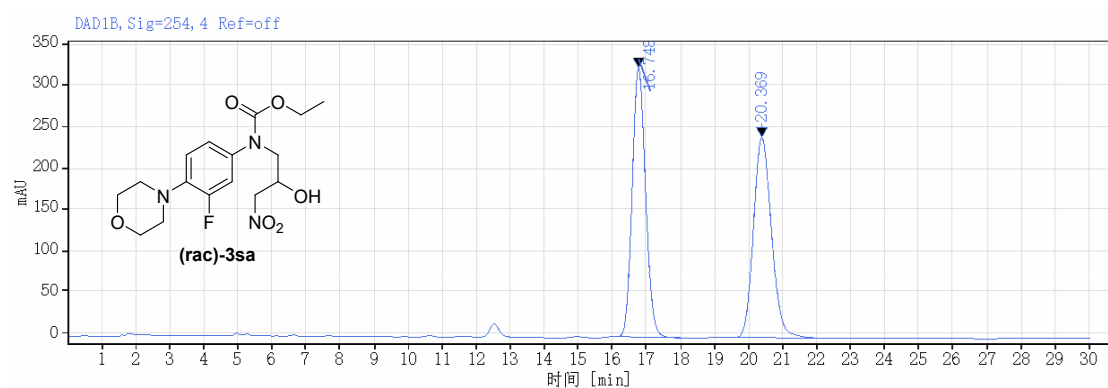
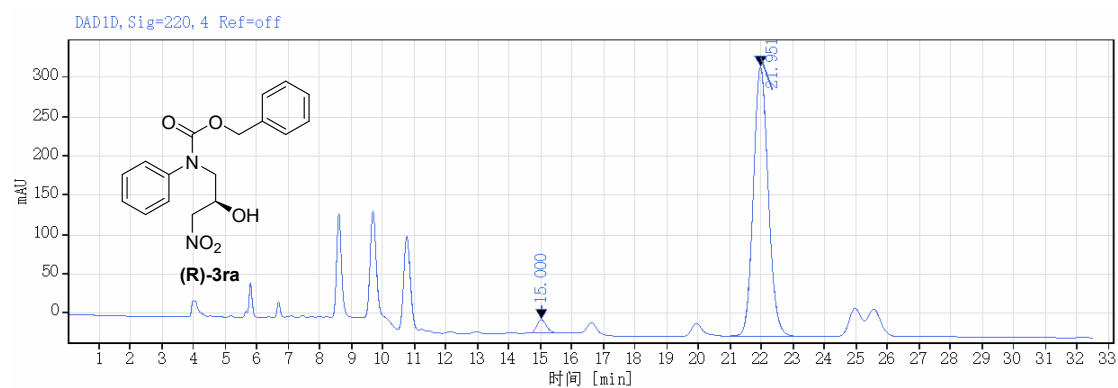
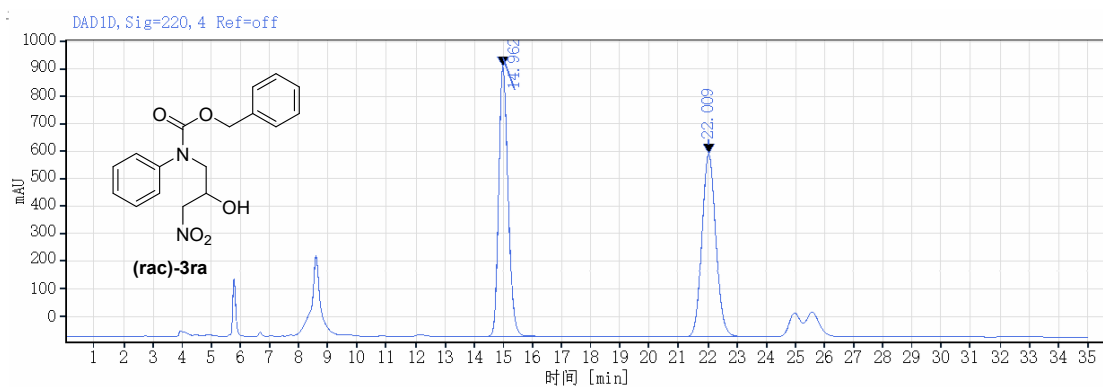
Time [min]	Type	Width [min]	Area [mAU * s]	Height [mAU]	Area%
12.890	MM m	0.33	855.84	39.93	3.06
14.316	MM m	0.45	27073.89	934.06	96.94

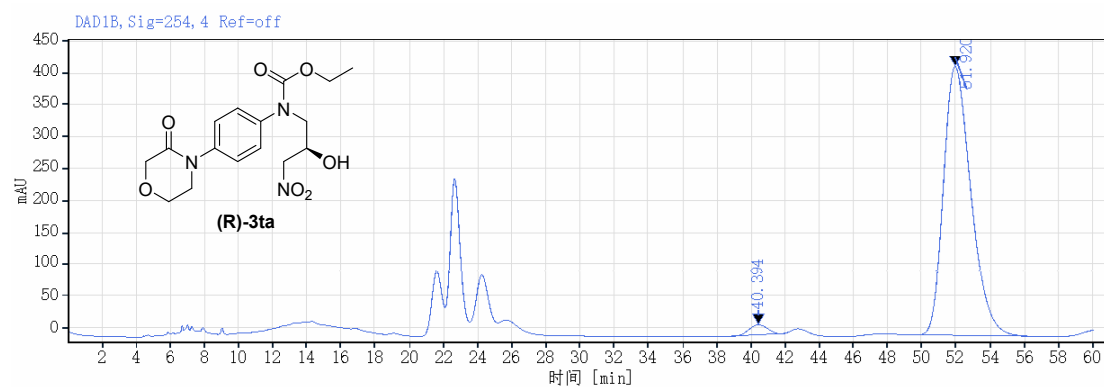
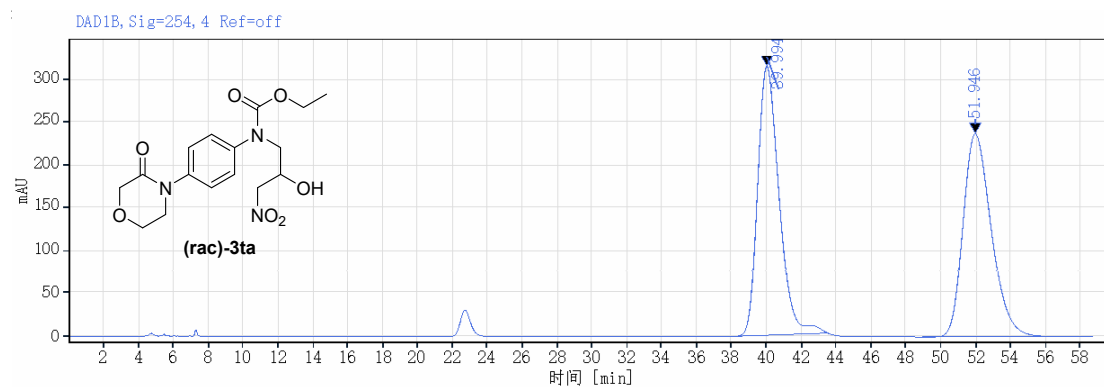
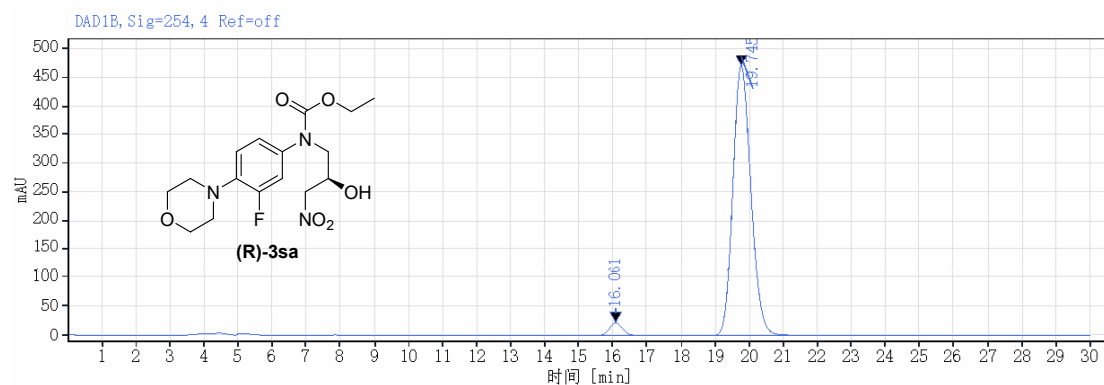


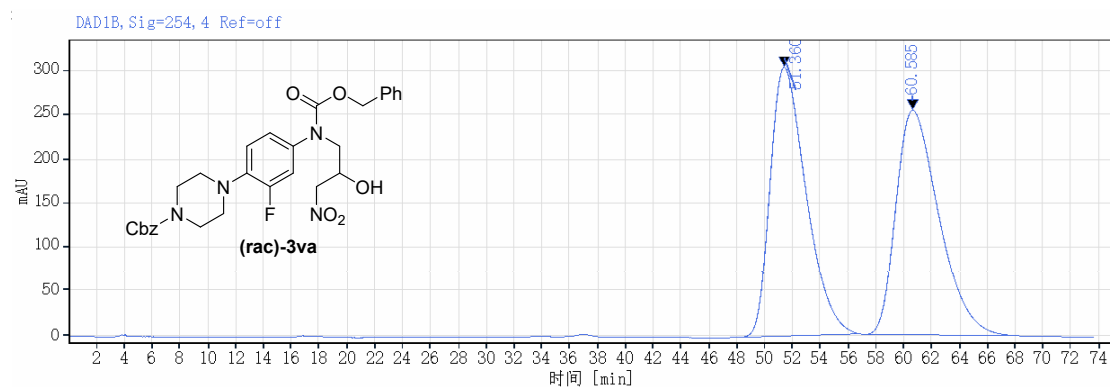
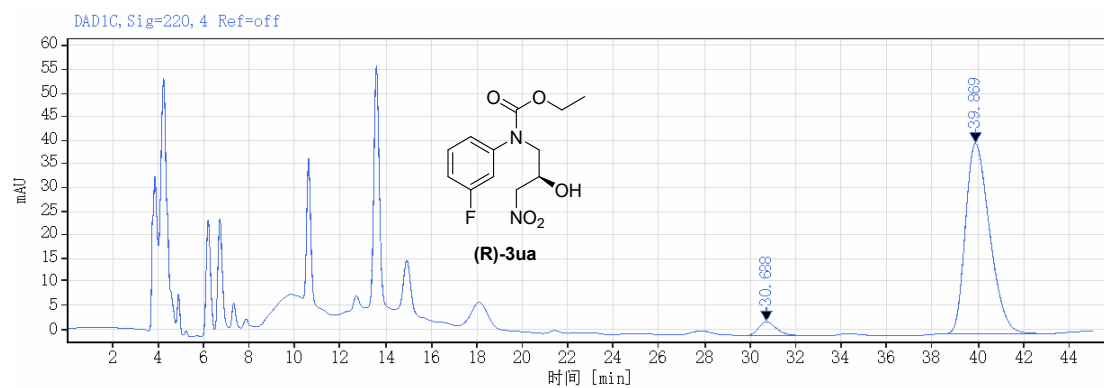
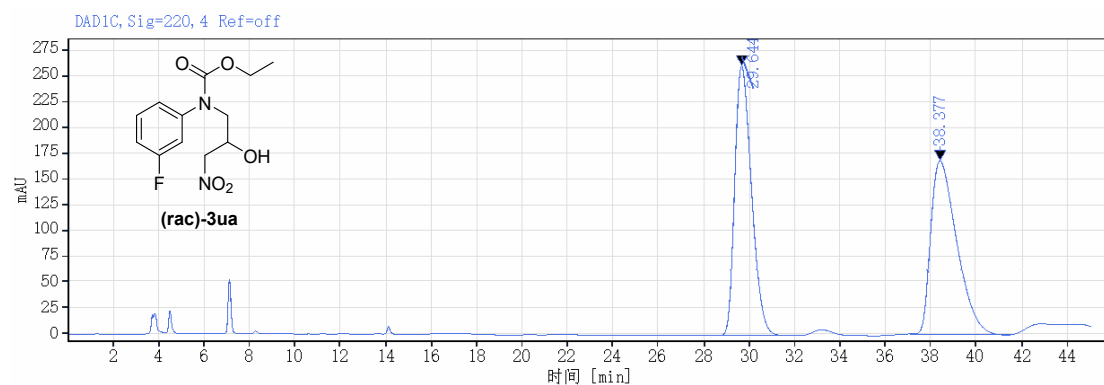
Time [min]	Type	Width [min]	Area [mAU * s]	Height [mAU]	Area%
14.301	MM m	0.32	16918.19	822.64	49.91
15.887	MM m	0.35	16980.45	756.27	50.09

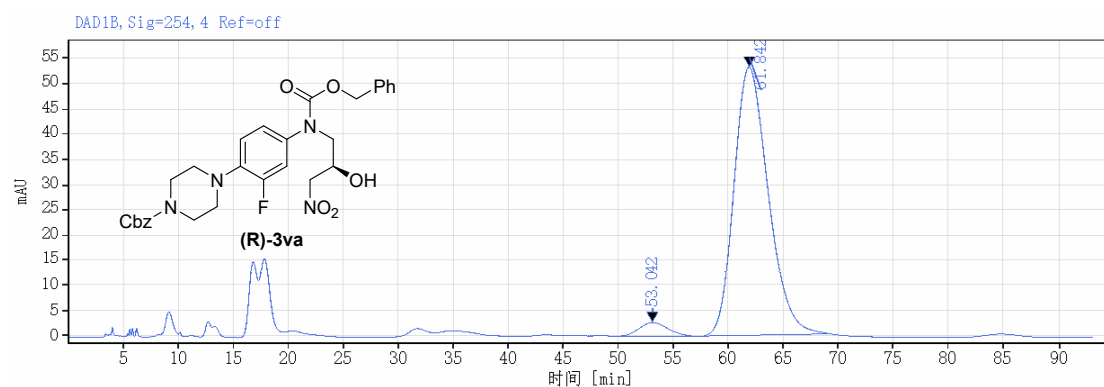


Time [min]	Type	Width [min]	Area [mAU * s]	Height [mAU]	Area%
14.690	MM m	0.27	584.64	33.40	3.57
16.267	MM m	0.32	15789.92	760.69	96.43









Time [min]	Type	Width [min]	Area [mAU * s]	Height [mAU]	Area%
53.042	MM m	2.08	469.91	2.64	3.93
61.842	MM m	2.54	11501.01	53.18	96.07

12. References

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