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Supplementary Information

2 One-Step, Efficient and Sustainable Microwave-Assisted Biodiesel 3 Production Using a Sulfonated Porous Organic Polymer Catalyst

4 *Biman Kaushik^a, Shikhasmita Das^a, Sanjay Basumatary^b, Ruma Rano^a, Hui Li^c, Jasha Momo*
5 *H. Anal^d, Gopinath Halder^e, Samuel Lalthazuala Rokhum^{a*}*

6 ^a *Department of Chemistry, National Institute of Technology Silchar, Silchar 788010, Assam,*
7 *India*

8 ^b *Department of Chemistry, Bodoland University, Kokrajhar, 783370, Assam, India*

9 ^c *School of Thermal Engineering, Shandong Jianzhu University, Jinan 250101, PR China*

10 ^d *Natural Products and Medicinal Chemistry Division, CSIR-Indian Institute of Integrative*
11 *Medicine, Jammu, Jammu and Kashmir, 180001 India*

12 ^e *Department of Chemical Engineering, National Institute of Technology Durgapur, Durgapur*
13 *713209, West Bengal, India*

14 *Corresponding author's email: rokhum@che.nits.ac.in (SLR)*

15

Sl. No	Caption	Figures
1	BET and pore size distribution of recovered catalyst	Fig. S1
2	Mass spectra of bio-diesel (methyl oleate)	Fig. S2
3	Reaction parameters influence on biodiesel conversion	Fig. S3
4	SEM-EDS spectrum of reused catalyst	Fig. S4
5	Single-factor optimization of biodiesel using CTF-POP-SO ₃ H catalyst.	Table S1
6	General plausible mechanism of esterification of oleic acid	Fig. S5
7	An expansion of the α -CH ₂ region showing triplets due to minor residual starting material (OA) at 2.37 ppm	Fig. S6
8	Cost of catalyst for 1 kg biodiesel	Table S2
9	Cost of 1 kg biodiesel from oleic acid by using microwave irradiation	Table S3

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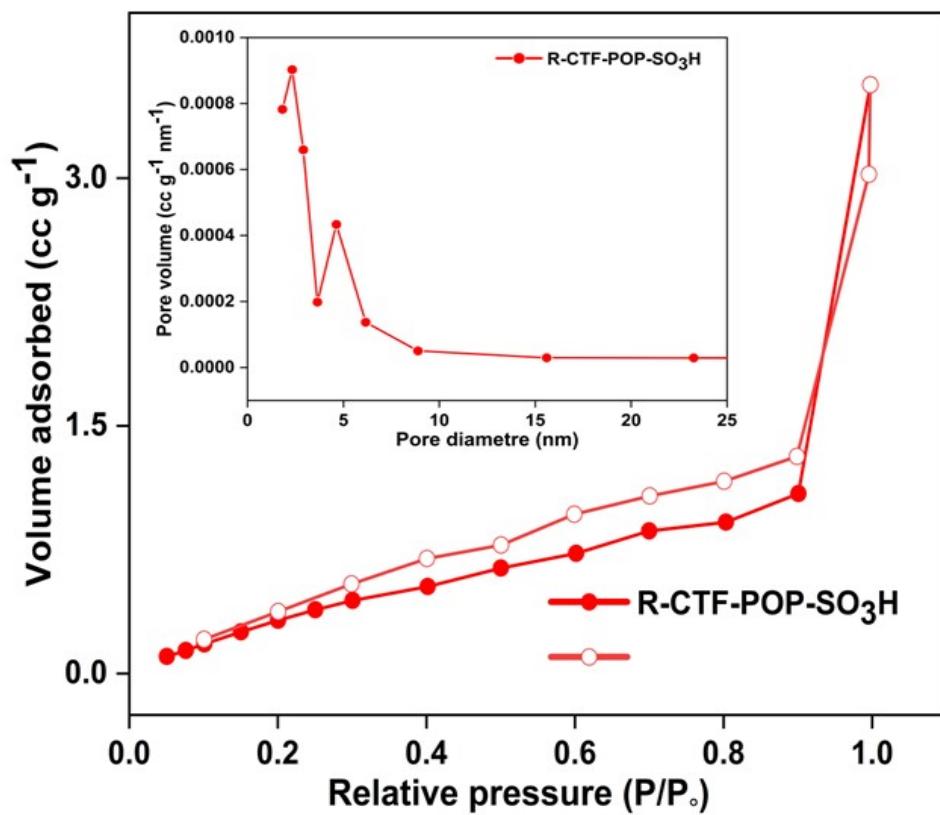


Fig. S1: BET and pore size distribution of recovered catalyst (R-CTF-POP-SO₃H)

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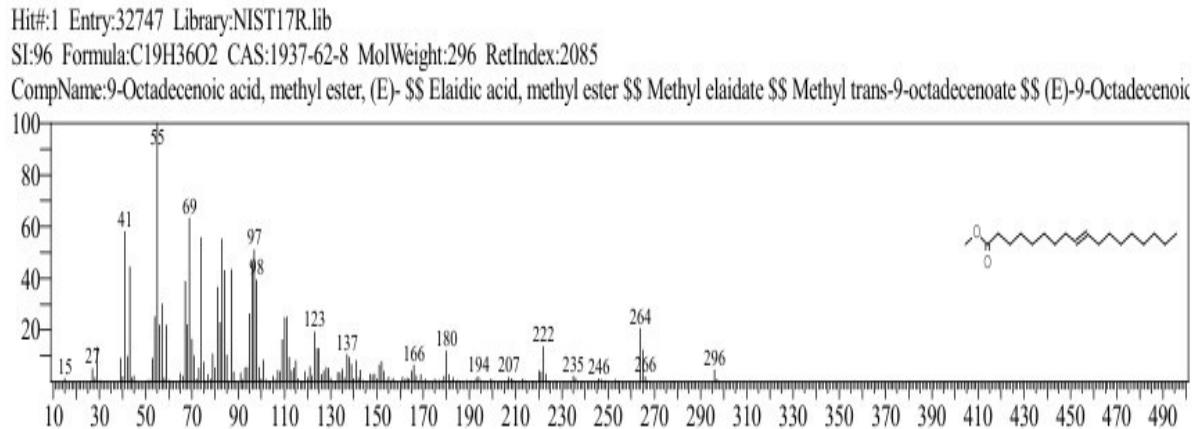


Fig. S2: Mass spectra of biodiesel (methyl oleate) eluted under optimized conditions.

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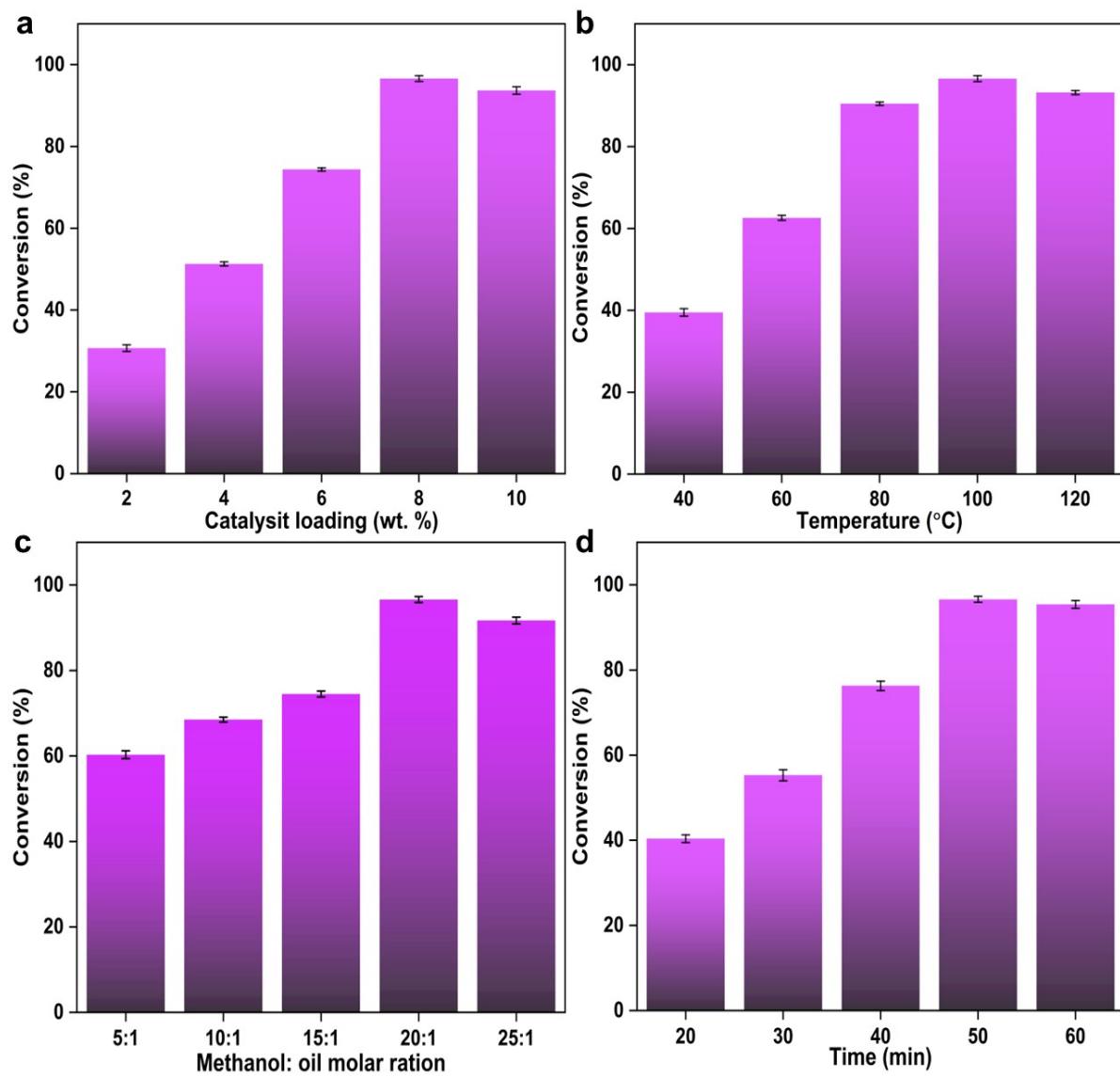


Fig S3: Reaction parameters influence on biodiesel conversion-(a) Catalyst loading, (b) Temperature, (c)MOMR, (d) reaction time.

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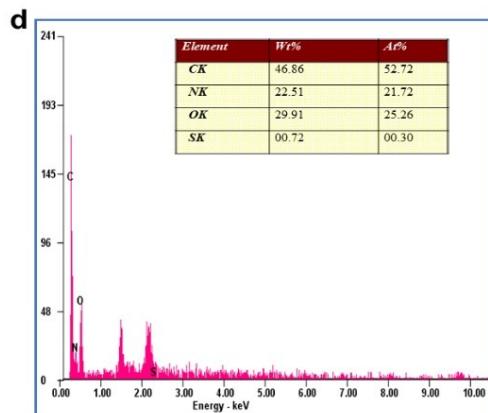
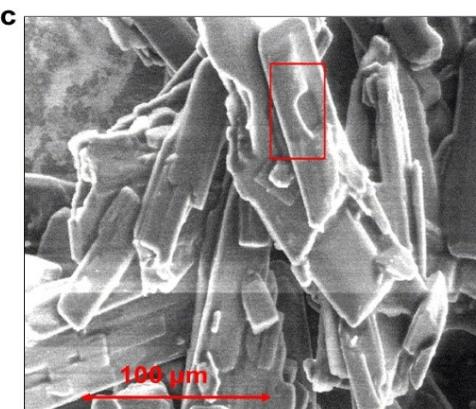
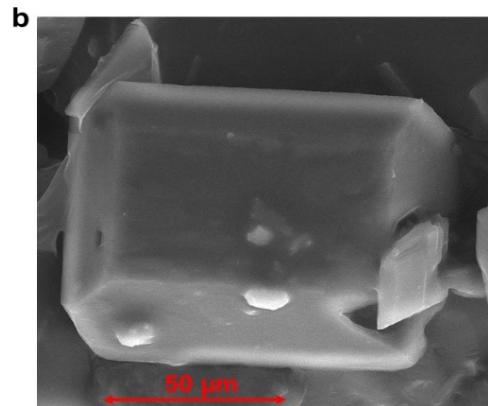
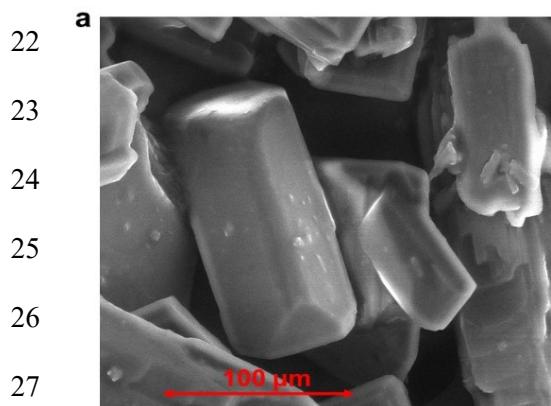


Fig. S4: SEM images of (a-c) recovered catalyst R-CTF-POP-SO₃H along with the EDX data (d) for the region highlighted in the red box in (c).

Table S1. Single-factor optimization of biodiesel using CTF-POP-SO₃H catalyst.

Catalyst loading (wt. %)	Temperature (°C)	Methanol to Oil Ratio	Time (min)	Conversion (%)
2	100	20:1	50	30.7 ± 0.8
4	100	20:1	50	51.3 ± 0.5
6	100	20:1	50	74.4 ± 0.4
8	100	20:1	50	96.6 ± 0.7
10	100	20:1	50	93.7 ± 0.9
8	40	20:1	50	39.5 ± 0.9
8	60	20:1	50	62.6 ± 0.6
8	80	20:1	50	90.5 ± 0.4
8	100	20:1	50	96.6 ± 0.7
8	120	20:1	50	93.2 ± 0.5
8	100	5:1	50	60.3 ± 0.9
8	100	10:1	50	68.5 ± 0.6
8	100	15:1	50	74.5 ± 0.7

8	100	20:1	50	96.6 \pm 0.7
8	100	25:1	50	91.7 \pm 0.8
8	100	20:1	20	40.4 \pm 0.9
8	100	20:1	30	55.3 \pm 1.3
8	100	20:1	40	76.3 \pm 1.1
8	100	20:1	50	96.6 \pm 0.7
8	100	20:1	60	95.4 \pm 0.9

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$$Mean(\bar{x}) = \frac{\sum x_i}{n} \quad \text{Eq. S1}$$

$$SD = \sqrt{\frac{\sum (x_i - \bar{x})^2}{n - 1}} \quad \text{Eq. S2}$$

34 where n = no of experiments. x_i = each value. \bar{x} = mean for one optimized parametre.

35 SD = Standard Deviation

36 At the optimum condition (8 wt % catalyst loading, 100 °C temperature, 20: 1 MOMR, 50 min
 37 reaction time), the reaction was performed three times. So, for this we got 96.6 % mean and
 38 0.7 % standard deviation.

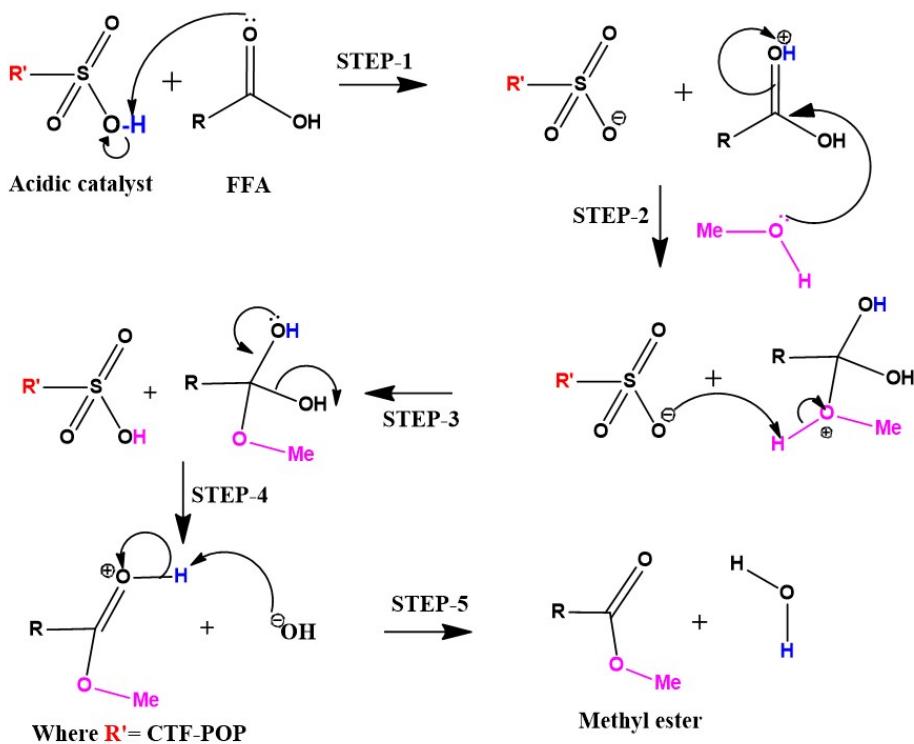


Fig. S5: Esterification of free fatty acid (oleic acid) to methyl ester (methyl oleate).

39 Mechanistic pathway:

40 The plausible reaction mechanism for the microwave-assisted esterification of oleic acid with
 41 methanol using CTF-POP- SO_3H as catalyst is illustrated in **Fig. S5** and proceeds through the
 42 following elementary steps:

43 1. Activation of Oleic Acid:

44 The Brønsted acidic $-\text{SO}_3\text{H}$ sites of the CTF-POP- SO_3H catalyst protonate the carbonyl
 45 oxygen of oleic acid ($\text{R}-\text{COOH}$), thereby increasing the electrophilicity of the carbonyl
 46 carbon.

47 2. Activation of Methanol and nucleophilic attack:

48 Methanol is activated through hydrogen bonding and subsequently attacks the
 49 protonated carbonyl carbon to form a tetrahedral intermediate.

50 3. Catalyst Regeneration:

51 The $-\text{SO}_3\text{H}$ site is regenerated by releasing the proton consumed in the first step.

52 4. Proton Transfer and Water Elimination:

53 Step 4 and 5 involves proton transfer and the elimination of water, leading to the
 54 formation of methyl ester, thus completing the catalytic cycle.

55 **Microwave-Assisted synergy:** Microwave irradiation speeds up the process by heating
 56 the whole volume evenly via the dipolar rotation of methanol and the polarization of sulfonic
 57 acid groups. This microwave-acidic-site synergy speeds up proton transfer and the creation of
 58 intermediates, leading to full conversion in 50 minutes, which is much quicker than traditional
 59 thermal approaches.

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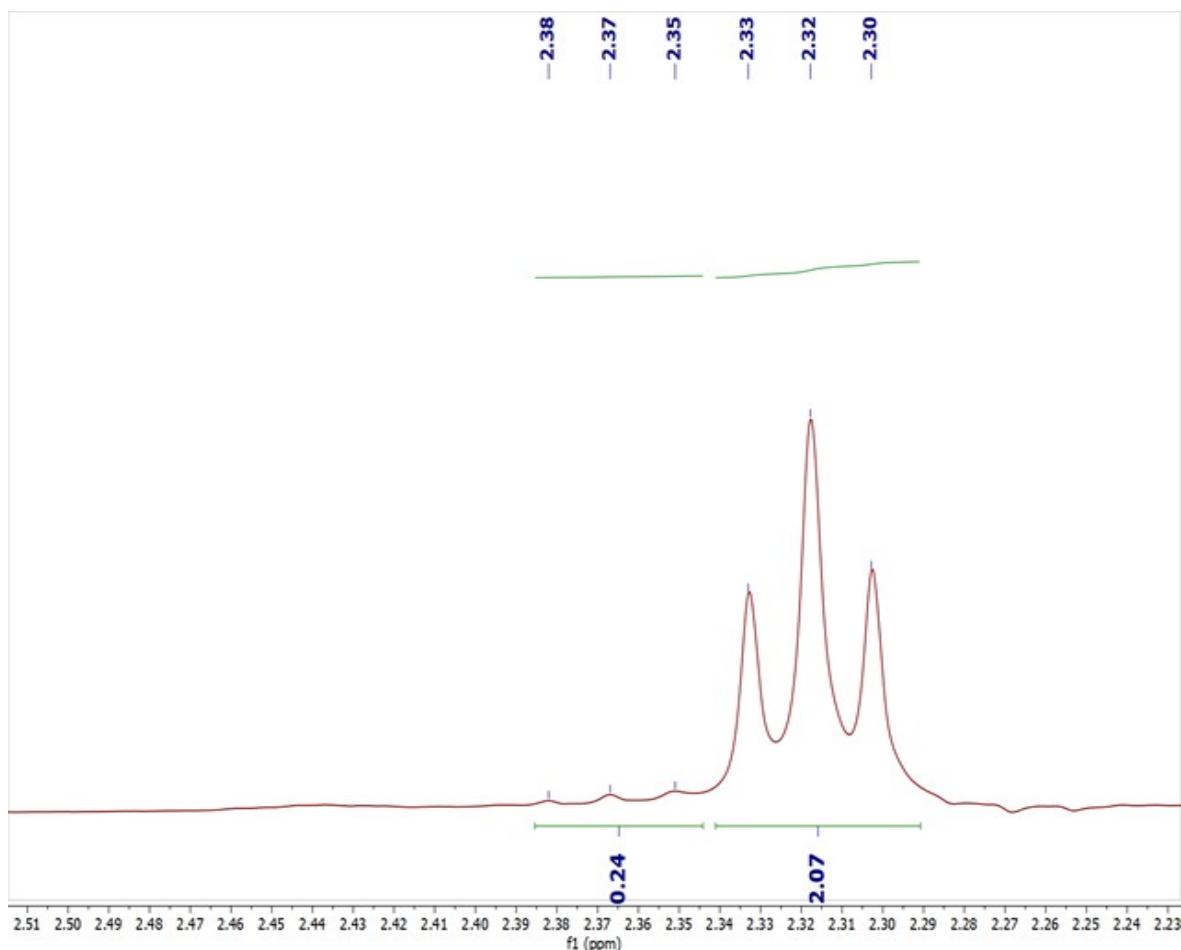


Fig S6: An expansion of the α -CH₂ region showing triplets due to minor residual starting material (OA) at 2.37 ppm

Table S2: Cost of catalyst for 1 kg biodiesel

SL. No.	Name of chemical	Req. amount for	Req. amount for	^a Unit price (USD)	Total price (USD)
		2.5 g catalyst	77.1 g catalyst		
1	Anhydrous AlCl ₃	2.6 g	80.184 g	0.45/kg	0.036

2	Cyanuric chloride	1 g	30.84 g	1.41/kg	0.043
3	Triphenyl methane	1.3 g	40.092 g	1.13/kg	0.045
4	DCM	61 mL	1.881 L	0.37/L	0.696
5	THF	4 mL	123.36 mL	1.52/L	0.188
6	Methanol	16 mL	493.44 mL	0.12/L	0.059
7	Chlorosulphonic acid	1.5 mL	46.26 mL	1.09/L	0.05
8	Electricity	1.5 unit	46.26 unit	0.055/unit	2.544
9	Total amount				3.661
10	Reusability 5 cycles				3.661/5
11	Total Cost of catalyst				0.732

^aCost of raw materials are as per the purchased quotation price from Sisco research lab, BLD pharma, India Mart, Trade India, and Scientific global Guwahati, India. 1USD = 88.7 (Nov. 2025)

61

Table S3: Cost of 1 kg biodiesel from oleic acid by using microwave irradiation

SL. NO	Process	Description	Unit price (USD)	Cost (USD)
1	Total amount of biodiesel production	1 kg		
2	Cost of oleic acid feedstock	967 g	0.96/1kg	0.92
3	Methanol required for biodiesel	2.78 L	0.12/1L	0.33
4	Electricity	0.04 unit	0.055/unit	0.002
5	Quantity of catalyst needed for 1 kg biodiesel	77.1 kg		0.732

6	Total cost	1.984
	Overhead Cost 10 % net charge	0.198
	Total cost for 1 kg biodiesel	2.182

62