

## Bottom-up Microwave Transformation of Molecules to Carbon Dots for Detection and Encryption Applications

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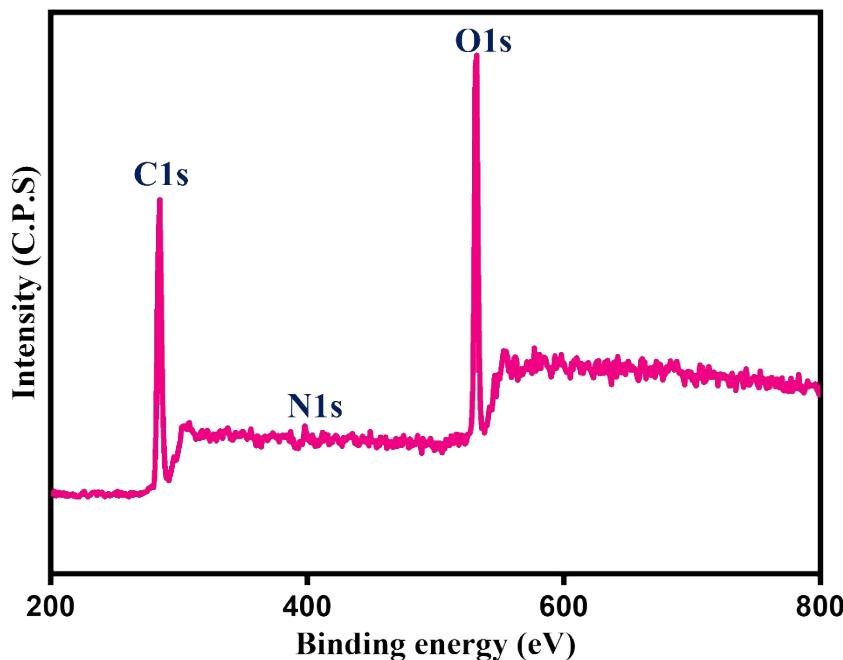
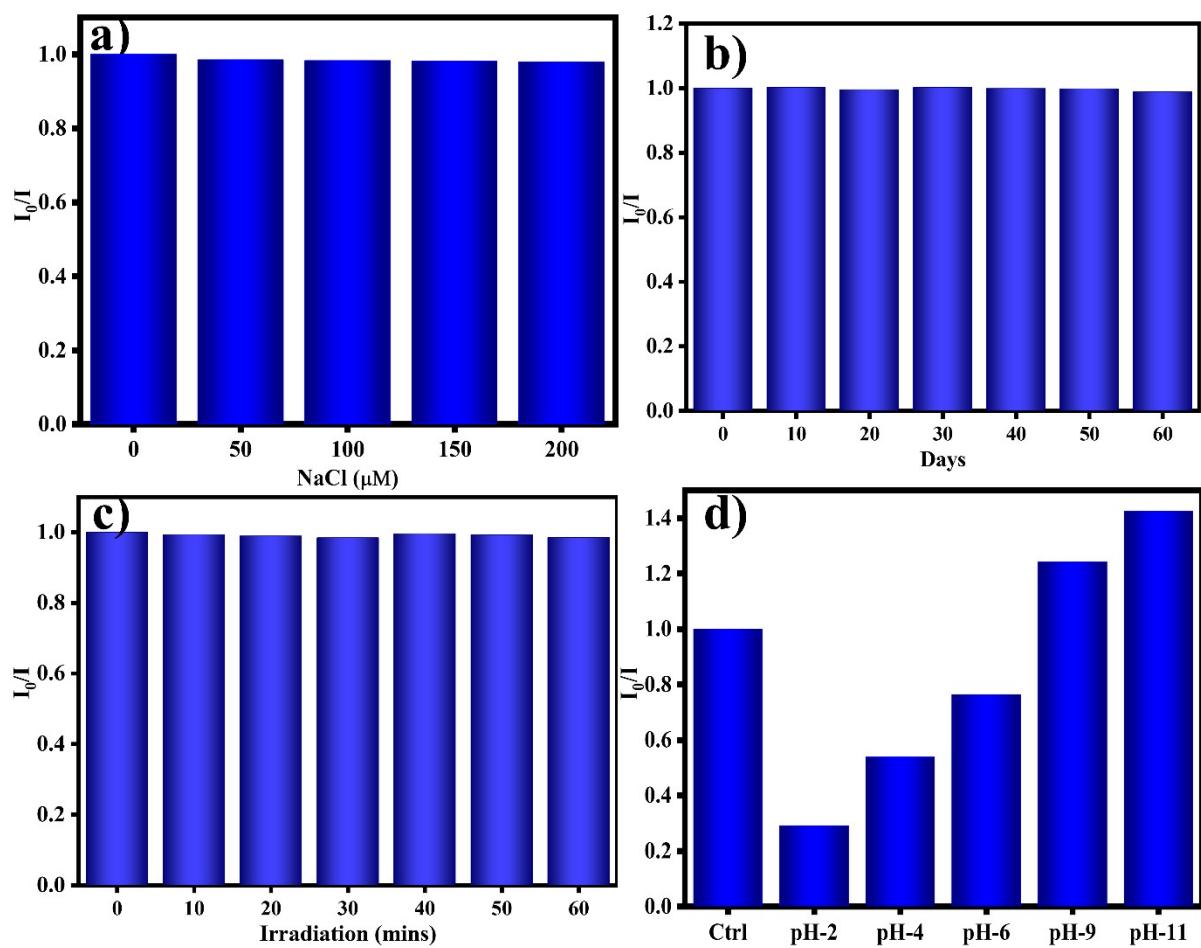


Figure S1: Survey spectra of CDs.



**Figure S2: Stability of CDs under a) Ionic environment, b) Long duration of storage c) UV-light irradiation, d) Different pH environment.**

**Table S1:**

**Table for comparing the present work LOD of Cr<sup>6+</sup> and Doc with already reported values based on fluorescence-based sensor probes.**

<b>Detection probe</b>	<b>Contaminant detected</b>	<b>Linear range</b>	<b>Detection Limit</b>	<b>Reference</b>
<b>CDs</b>	<b>Cr<sup>6+</sup></b>	<b>0-100 μM</b>	<b>0.14 μM (140 nM)</b>	<b>This Work</b>
N-CDs	Cr <sup>6+</sup>	1-100 μM	0.12 μM	[1]
CDs@Eu-MOFs	Cr <sup>6+</sup>	2-100 μM	0.21 μM	[2]
N, S-CDs	Cr <sup>6+</sup>	1-10 μM	0.2 μM	[3]
CDs-Ws	Cr <sup>6+</sup>	0-50 μM	106.57 nM	[4]
CDs	Cr <sup>6+</sup>	3-50 μM	0.09 μM	[5]
Ru@CDs	Cr <sup>6+</sup>	0-150 μM	0.128 μM	[6]
CDs	Cr <sup>6+</sup>	0-117 μM	0.11 μM	[7]
CDs	Doc	10-1000 μM	16.35 μM	[8]
CDs@CaF <sub>2</sub> : Eu <sup>3+</sup>	Doc	0.1-30 nM	43 nM	[9]
S-Dots	Doc	0.5-25 μM	0.19 μM	[10]
CDs	Doc	0.05-500 μM	18 nM	[11]
S,N-CDs	Doc	0.5-500 μM	25 nM	[12]
<b>CDs</b>	<b>Doc</b>	<b>0-90 μM</b>	<b>0.09 μM (90 nM)</b>	<b>This work</b>

## References

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