

## Supplementary Information

### **Production of phenols from a cyclic sugar alcohol in high-temperature water over a charcoal-supported platinum catalyst**

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## Detailed operating conditions of GC

The gaseous products were collected with a glass syringe and analyzed using a gas chromatograph (Shimadzu GC-8A) equipped with a Shincarbon ST column and a thermal conductivity detector. The oven temperature was initially set at 50 °C, increased to 200 °C at a rate of 10 °C min<sup>-1</sup> over 15 min, and then held at 200 °C until the total analysis time reached 50 min.

The Liquid products in the filtrate were quantitatively analyzed using a second gas chromatograph (Agilent HP-6890) equipped with a DB-WAX capillary column and a flame ionization detector. Either 1-propanol or 1-butanol was used as the internal standard. For the analysis, the filtrate was diluted and mixed with the internal standard in a vial. The oven temperature was initially set at 80 °C and held for 5 min, then increased to 230 °C at a rate of 5 °C min<sup>-1</sup> over 30 min, and finally maintained at 230 °C until the total analysis time reached 60 min.

### **Product distribution identified by GC-MS**

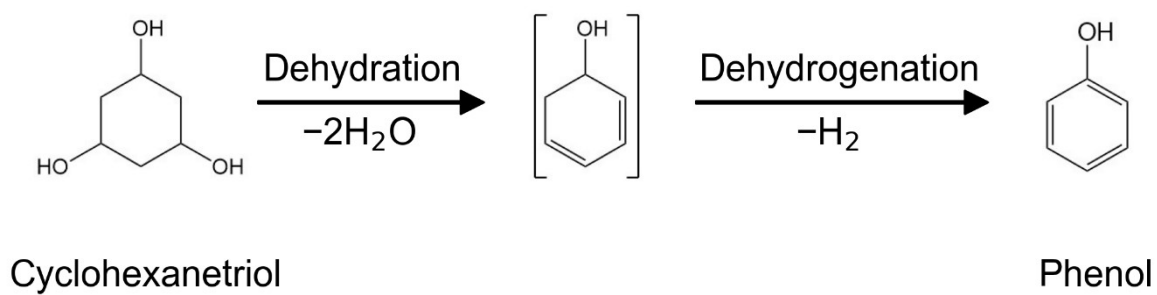
The *myo*-inositol conversion was repeated three times under identical conditions (Pt/C in water at 250 °C for 1 h). All byproducts identified by GC-MS (Agilent 5977A MSD) analysis are summarized in Table S1. The standard errors of the yields of aromatic compounds, gaseous products, and solid residues were calculated within the  $2\sigma$  range and included in Table S1.

**Table S1**

Results of *myo*-inositol conversion into aromatic compounds over Pt/C in water at 250 °C for

1 h. Gas composition shown in parentheses.

Catalyst	5%Pt/C
Aromatic compounds yield (C%)	42±1.4
Phenol	34
Catechol	6.7
Resorcinol	0.90
Hydroquinone	0.0
<i>p</i> -Cresol	0.02
3-Propylphenol	0.02
Benzene	0.65
<i>p</i> -Xylene	0.79
Indane	0.03
Naphthalene	0.11
Bibenzyl	0.06
Non-aromatic compounds yield (C%)	0.27±0.0016
Cyclohexanone	0.08
1,2,3-Cyclohexanetriol	0.17
Gas yield (C%)	35±6.0
H <sub>2</sub>	- ( 1.7)
CH <sub>4</sub>	0. ( 3.5)
CO <sub>2</sub>	27 (89)
C <sub>2</sub> H <sub>6</sub>	( 5.9)
Solid yield (wt%)	1.0±0.95



**Scheme S1** Plausible reaction routes from cyclohexanetriol to phenol

**Table S2**

Gas and solid yields from the conversion of *myo*-inositol over Pt/C catalyst at various reaction temperatures (Pt/C 0.15 g; *myo*-inositol 0.20 g; water 1.0 g; reaction time 1 h)

Temperature (°C)	Gas yield (C%)	Gas composition (%)				Solid yield (wt%)
		H <sub>2</sub>	CH <sub>4</sub>	CO <sub>2</sub>	C <sub>2</sub> H <sub>6</sub>	
200	26	0.1	3.4	90	6.7	20
250 <sup>a</sup>	31	1.7	3.5	89	5.9	2.6
300	35	3.5	3.3	89	4.7	2.4

<sup>a</sup> Data were taken from Table 1.

**Table S3**

Gas and solid yields from the conversion of *myo*-inositol over Pt/C catalyst with various water amounts (Pt/C 0.15 g; *myo*-inositol 0.20 g; reaction temperature 250 °C; reaction time 1 h)

Weight of water (g)	Gas yield (C%)	Gas composition (%)				Solid yield (wt%)
		H <sub>2</sub>	CH <sub>4</sub>	CO <sub>2</sub>	C <sub>2</sub> H <sub>6</sub>	
0.5	15	1.4	3.3	92	3.4	12
1.0 <sup>a</sup>	31	1.7	3.5	89	5.9	2.6
2.0	18	2.1	3.1	89	6.1	0.8
3.0	13	2.5	3.4	88	6.0	0.0

<sup>a</sup> Data were taken from Table 1.

**Table S4**

Gas and solid yields from the conversion of *myo*-inositol over Pt/C catalyst with different reaction times (Pt/C 0.15 g; *myo*-inositol 0.20 g; water 1.0 g; reaction temperature 250 °C)

Reaction time (min)	Gas yield (C%)	Gas composition (%)				Solid yield (wt%)
		H <sub>2</sub>	CH <sub>4</sub>	CO <sub>2</sub>	C <sub>2</sub> H <sub>6</sub>	
30	33	1.3	2.8	90	6.1	1.0
60 <sup>a</sup>	31	1.7	3.5	89	5.9	2.6
120	40	0.3	3.0	91	5.6	0.2

<sup>a</sup> Data were taken from Table 1.



**Table S5**

Gas and solid yields from the conversion of phenolic compounds over Pt/C catalyst (Pt/C

0.15 g; phenolic compounds 0.20 g; water 1.0 g; reaction temperature 250 °C; reaction time

1 h)

Phenolic compound	Gas yield (C%)	Gas composition (%)				Solid yield (wt%)
		H <sub>2</sub>	CH <sub>4</sub>	CO <sub>2</sub>	C <sub>2</sub> H <sub>6</sub>	
Catechol	12	0.7	0.0	99	0.0	3.2
Resorcinol	2.6	0.5	0.0	99	0.0	4.1
Hydroquinone	6.7	0.0	0.0	99	0.0	3.5
1,2,3-Trihydroxybenzene	21	0.4	0.0	99	0.2	8.6
1,2,4-Trihydroxybenzene	12	0.2	1.2	98	0.3	29
1,3,5-Trihydroxybenzene	12	1.1	0.7	98	0.0	28

**Table S6**

Gas and solid yields from the recycling test (Pt/C 0.15 g; *myo*-inositol 0.20 g; water 1.0 g;

reaction temperature 250 °C; reaction time 1 h)

Number of uses	Gas yield (C%)	Gas composition (%)				Solid yield (wt%)
		H <sub>2</sub>	CH <sub>4</sub>	CO <sub>2</sub>	C <sub>2</sub> H <sub>6</sub>	
1 <sup>a</sup>	31	1.7	3.5	89	5.9	2.6
2	21	1.4	4.2	90	4.7	0.0
3	24	0.6	2.7	92	4.9	1.2

<sup>a</sup> Data were taken from Table 1.