

Supporting Information

Modulating discharge capacity and cycling performance of $\text{LiMn}_{0.6}\text{Fe}_{0.4}\text{PO}_4$ cathode for lithium-ion batteries via titanium introduction

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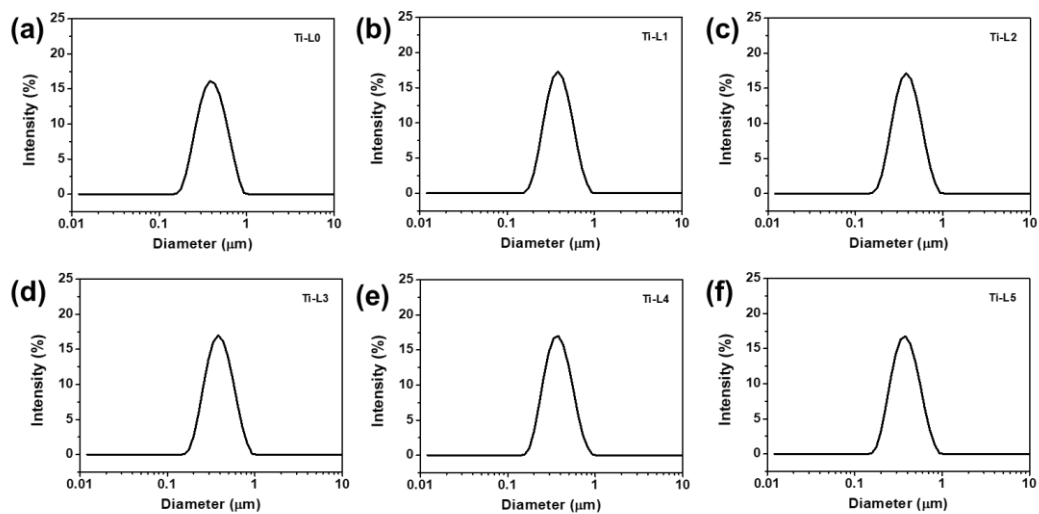


Figure S1 Particle size distribution curves of (a) Ti-L0, (b) Ti-L1, (c) Ti-L2, (d) Ti-L3, (e) Ti-L4, (f) Ti-L5 after ball-milling during preparation.

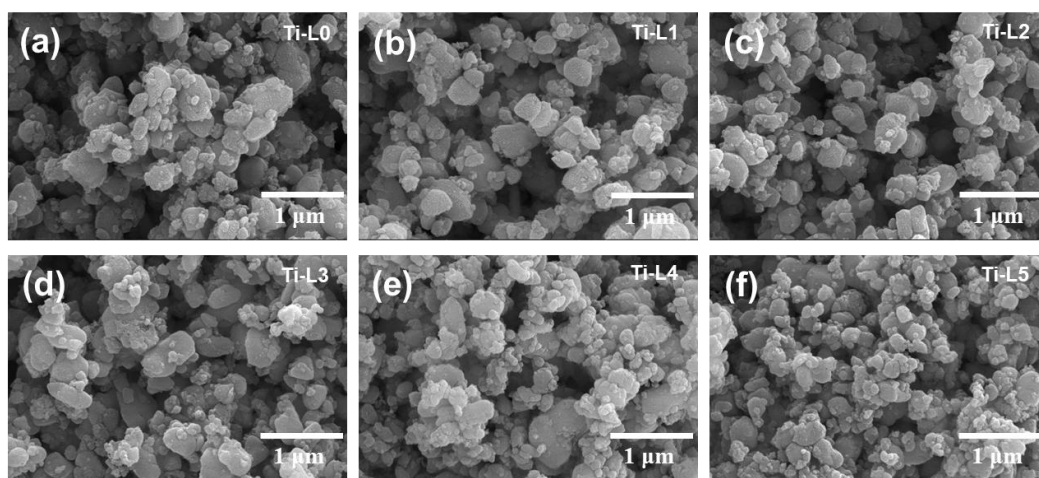


Figure S2 SEM images of (a) Ti-L0, (b) Ti-L1, (c) Ti-L2, (d) Ti-L3, (e) Ti-L4, (f) Ti-L5.

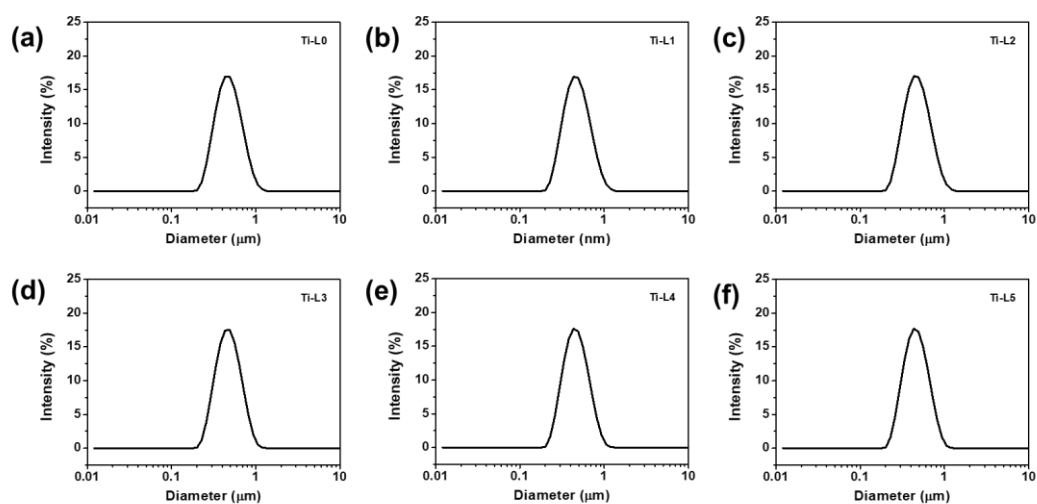


Figure S3 Particle size distribution curves of (a) Ti-L0, (b) Ti-L1, (c) Ti-L2, (d) Ti-L3, (e) Ti-L4, (f) Ti-L5.

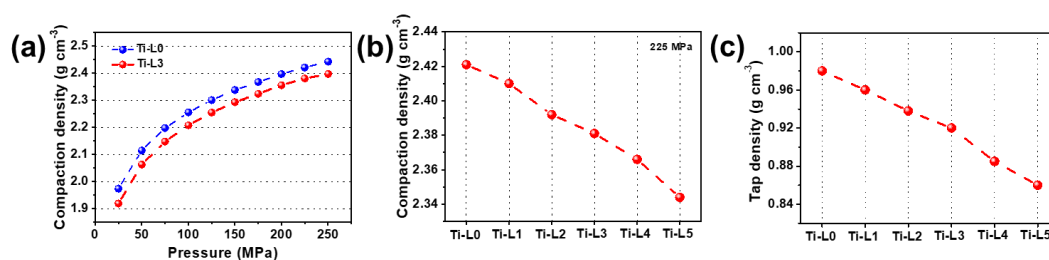


Figure S4 (a) Compaction density distribution at different pressures of Ti-L0 and Ti-L3. (b) Compaction density and (c) tap density of Ti-L0, Ti-L1, Ti-L2, Ti-L3, Ti-L4, Ti-L5.

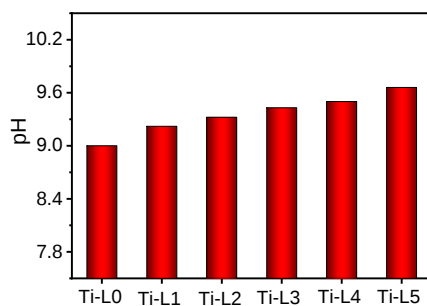


Figure S5 pH values of Ti-L0, Ti-L1, Ti-L2, Ti-L3, Ti-L4, Ti-L5.

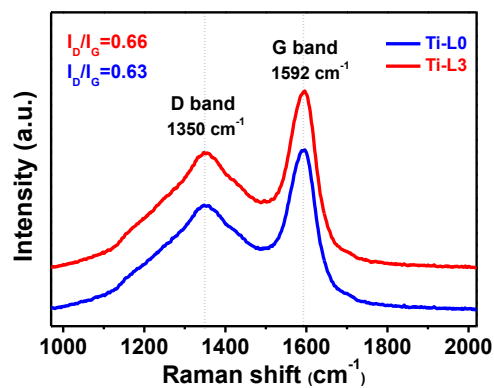


Figure S6 Raman spectra of Ti-L0 and Ti-L3.

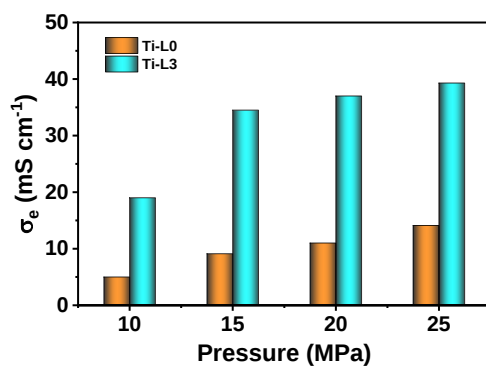


Figure S7 Electronic conductivities at different pressures of Ti-L0 and Ti-L3.

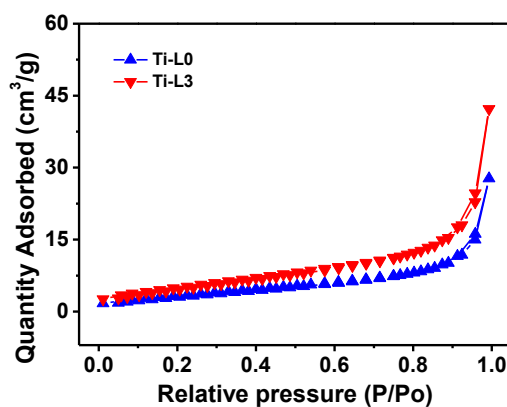


Figure S8 N_2 adsorption-desorption isotherm curves of Ti-L0 and Ti-L3.

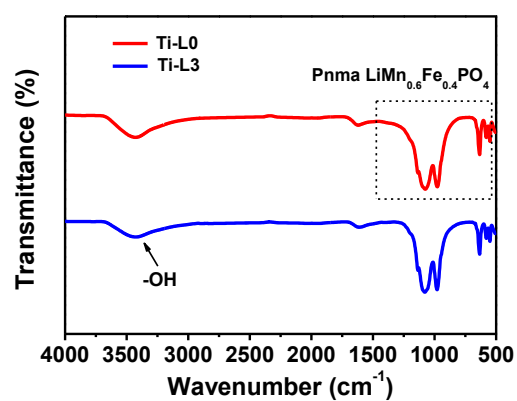


Figure S9 FT-IR spectra of Ti-L0 and Ti-L3.

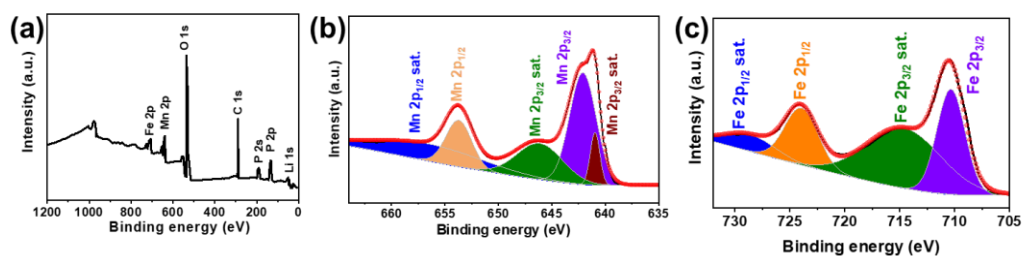


Figure S10 (a) XPS full spectra, (b) Mn 2p, (c) Fe 2p spectra of Ti-L0

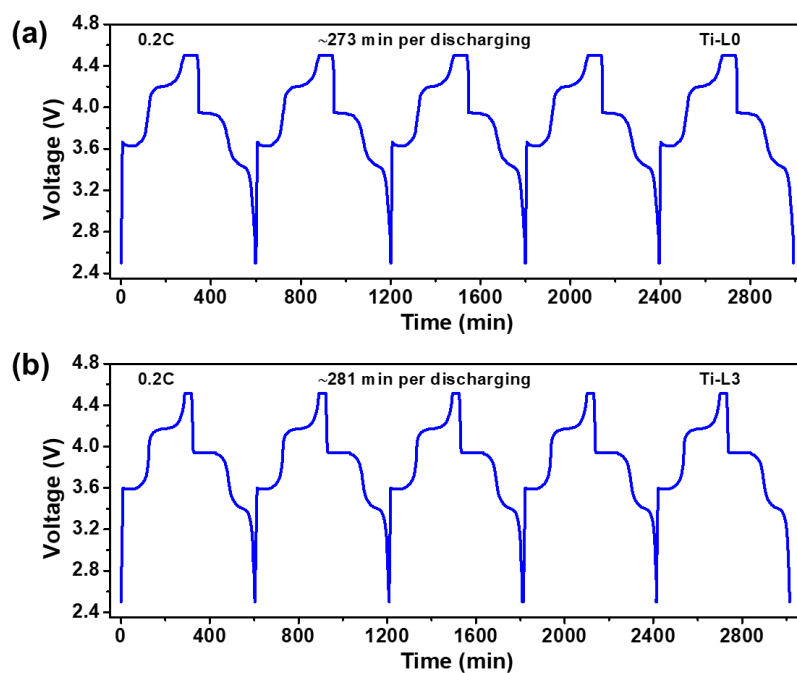


Figure S11 Time-voltage profiles of (a) Ti-L0 and (b) Ti-L3 at 0.2 C.

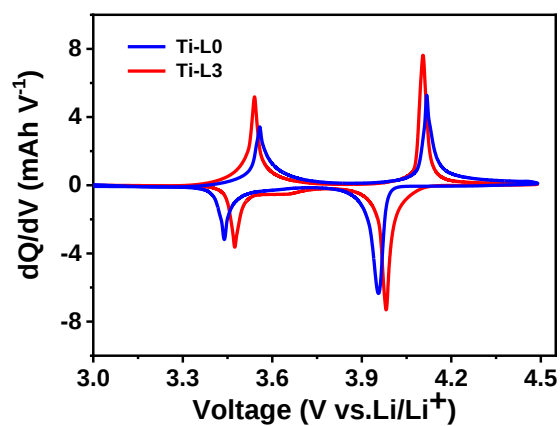


Figure S12 Differential capacities as a function of voltage for Ti-L0 and Ti-L3.

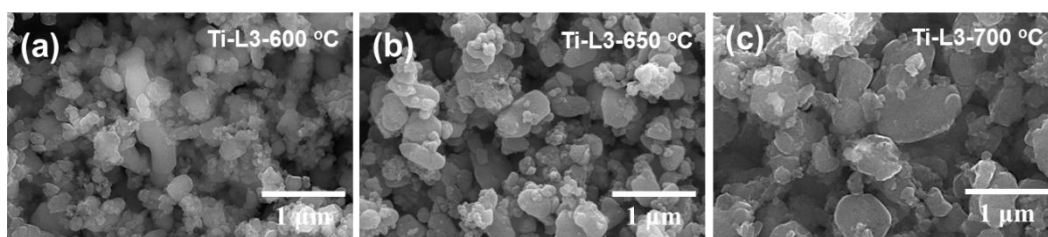


Figure S13 SEM images of Ti-L3 prepared at (a) 600 °C, (b) 650 °C, (c) 700 °C

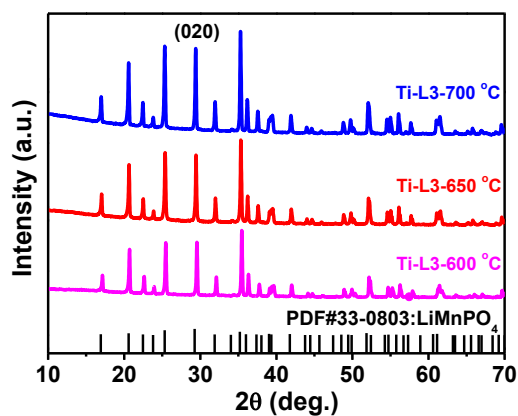


Figure S14 XRD of Ti-L3 prepared at 600 °C, 650 °C, 700 °C.

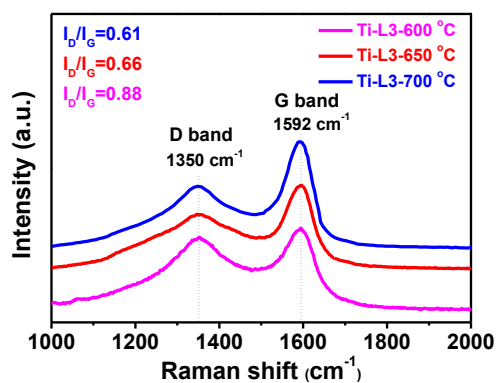


Figure S15 Raman spectra of Ti-L3 prepared at 600 °C, 650 °C, 700 °C.

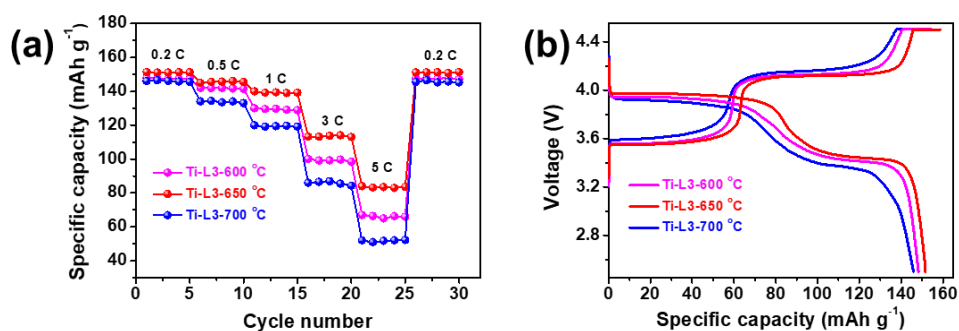


Figure S16 (a) Rate performance and (b) discharge profiles at 0.2 C of Ti-L3 prepared at 600 °C, 650 °C, 700 °C.

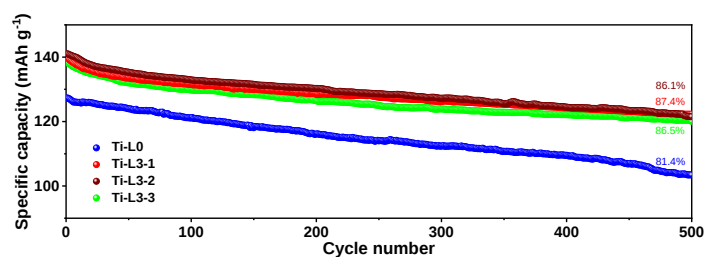


Figure S17 Cycling performance at 1 C at room temperature of Ti-L0 and three Ti-L3 samples.

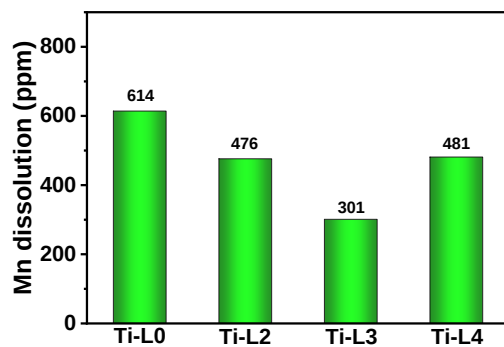


Figure S18 Content of Mn deposited on negative electrode after 500 cycles based on ICP.

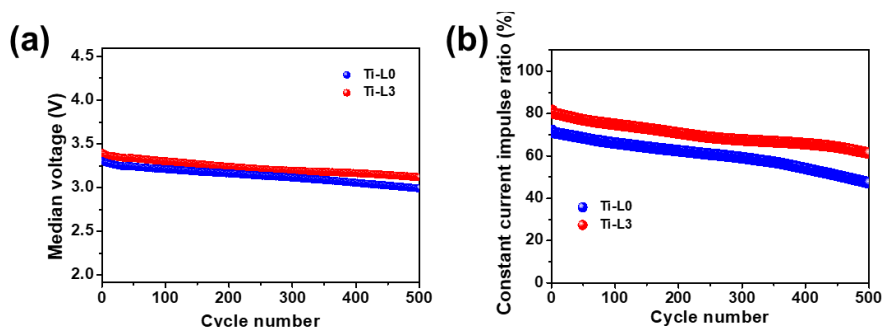


Figure S19 (a) Median voltage and (b) constant current impulse ratio of Ti-L0 and Ti-L3 during cycling at 1 C.

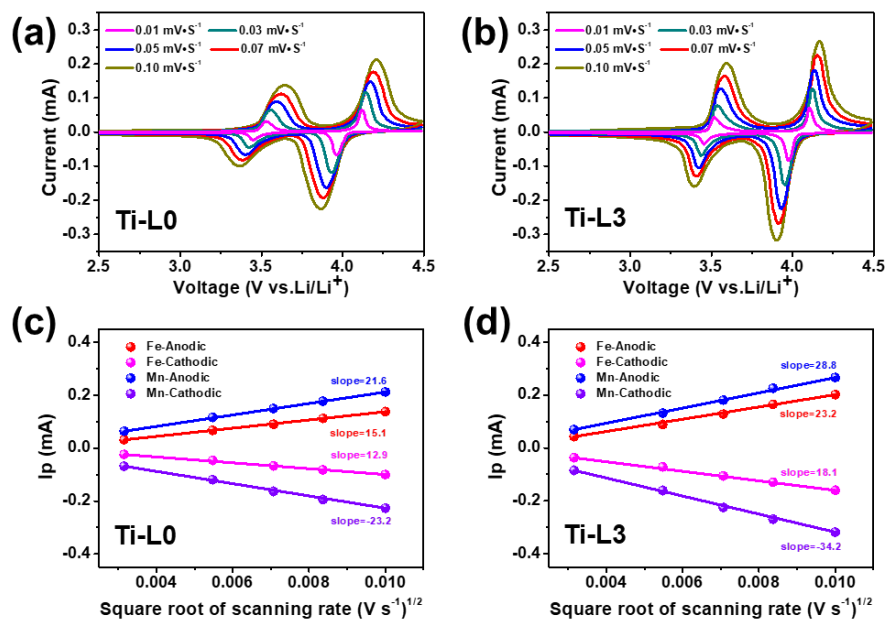


Figure S20 CV curves of (a) Ti-L0 and (b) Ti-L3 at the scanning rate of 0.01-0.01 mV s⁻¹, The corresponding relationships between I_p and $v^{1/2}$ of (c) Ti-L0 and (d) Ti-L3.

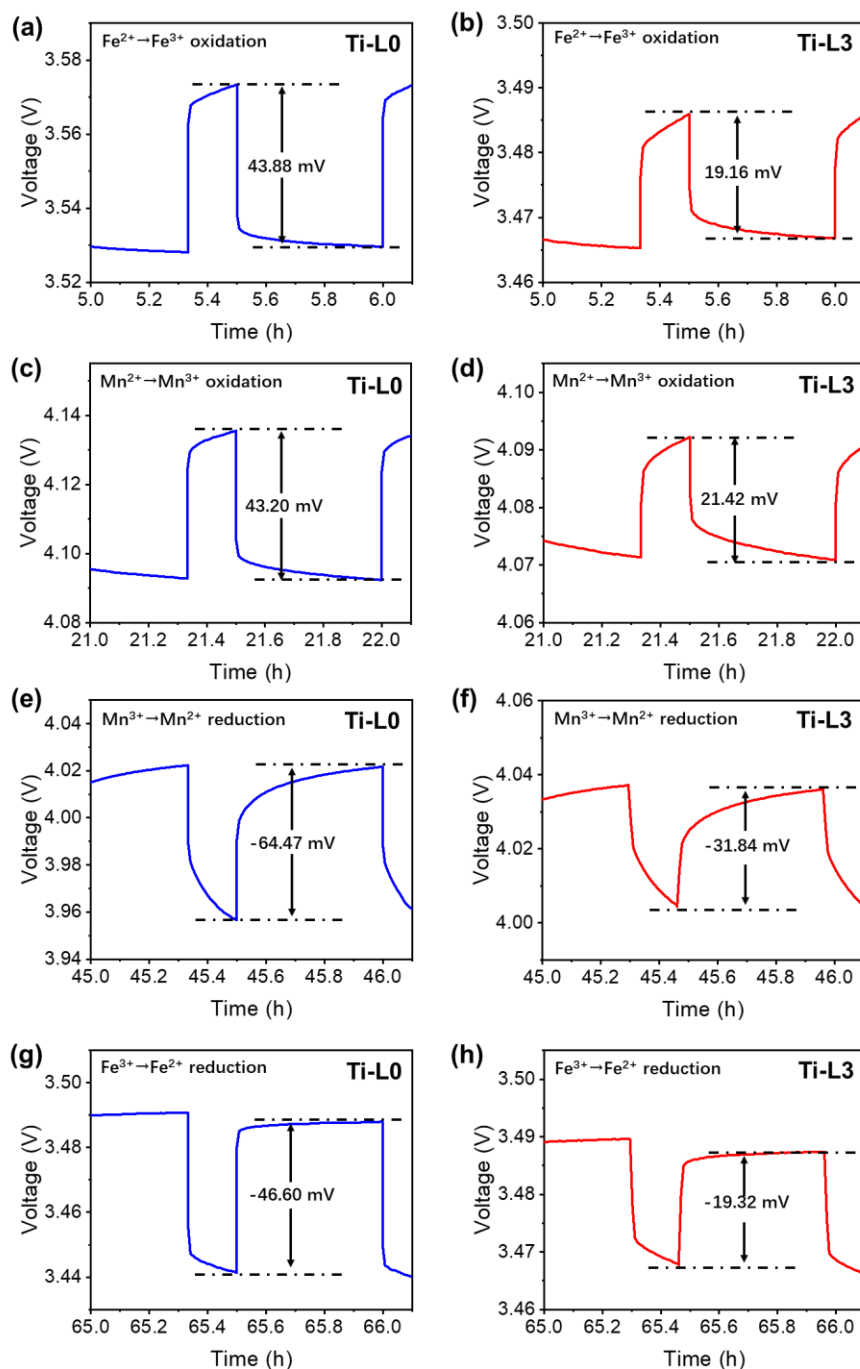


Figure S21 Titration fragments of (a, c, e, g) Ti-L0 and (b, d, f, h) Ti-L3 samples during $\text{Fe}^{2+}/\text{Fe}^{3+}$ and $\text{Mn}^{2+}/\text{Mn}^{3+}$ redox reaction. The current pulse time is 600 s and rest time is 1800 s.

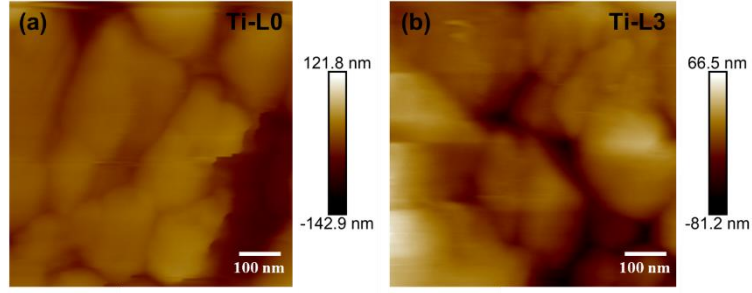


Figure S22 AFM height images (2D) of (a) Ti-L0 and (b) Ti-L3.

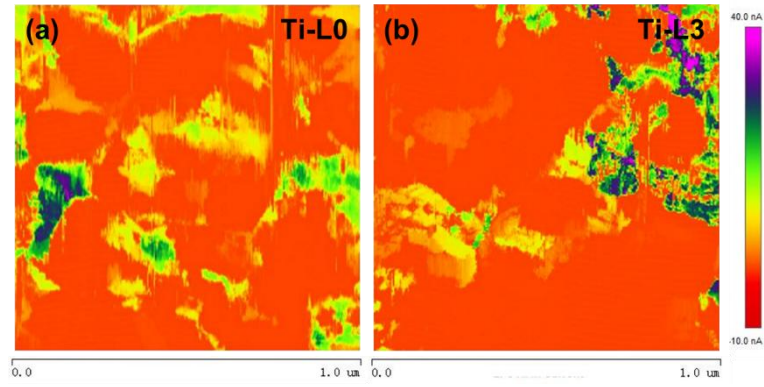


Figure S23 Current maps (2D) of (a) Ti-L0 and (b) Ti-L3 by C-AFM.

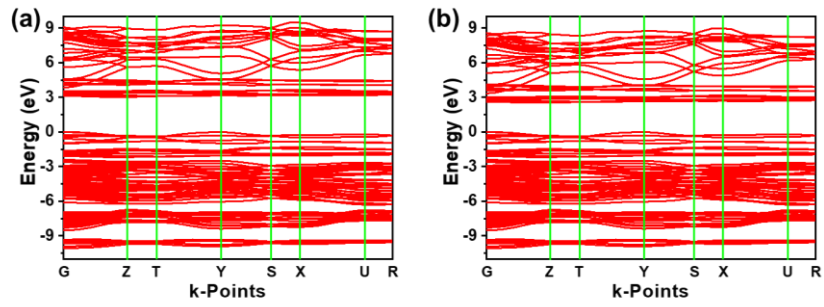


Figure S24 Energy band structure of (a) Ti-L0 and (b) Ti-L3 based on DFT calculation.

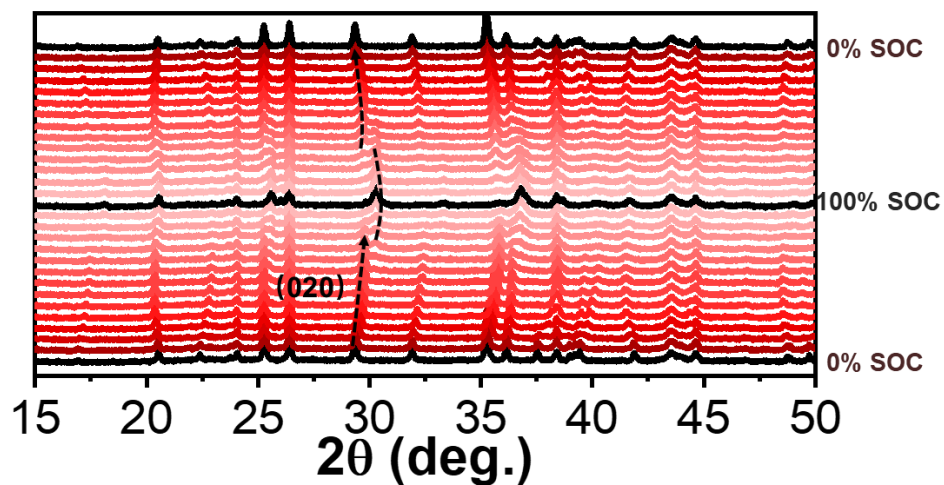


Figure S25 The waterfall profiles of in situ XRD patterns during the charge/discharge process at 0.2 C for Ti-L0 sample.

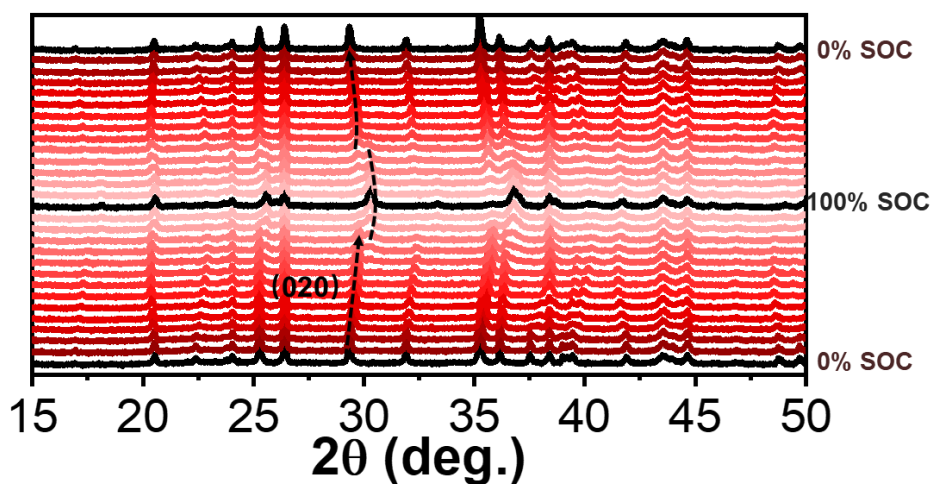


Figure S26 The waterfall profiles of in situ XRD patterns during the charge/discharge process at 0.2 C for Ti-L3 sample.

Table S1 Structural parameters of Ti-L0 and Ti-L3 from the Rietveld refinement of XRD patterns

	a (Å)	b (Å)	c (Å)	V (Å ³)
Ti-L0	10.401	6.062	4.721	297.663
Ti-L3	10.395	6.059	4.719	297.218

Table S2 The atom positions in the Ti-L0 crystal structure.

	X	Y	Z	Occupancy
Li1	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	1
Mn1	0.28278	0.25000	0.97078	0.6
Fe1	0.28278	0.25000	0.97078	0.4
P1	0.09488	0.25000	0.41634	1
O1	0.09586	0.25000	0.73048	1
O2	0.45138	0.25000	0.20564	1
O3	0.16024	0.05282	0.27857	1

Table S3 The atom positions in the Ti-L3 crystal structure.

	X	Y	Z	Occupancy
Li1	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	1
Mn1	0.28262	0.25000	0.97107	0.57
Fe1	0.28262	0.25000	0.97107	0.4
Ti1	0.28262	0.25000	0.97107	0.03
P1	0.09488	0.25000	0.41634	1
O1	0.09578	0.25000	0.73205	1
O2	0.45014	0.25000	0.21444	1
O3	0.16012	0.05271	0.27865	1

Table S4 The length of Li-O1, Li-O2 and Li-O3 for Ti-L0 and Ti-L3 samples from the Rietveld refinement of XRD patterns

	Li-O1(Å)	Li-O2 (Å)	Li-O3(Å)
Ti-L0	2.2158	2.0952	2.1512
Ti-L3	2.2204	2.1223	2.1520

Table S5 Particle size parameters of all samples.

	D10(μm)	D50 (μm)	D90(μm)
Ti-L0	0.337	0.461	0.891
Ti-L1	0.321	0.452	0.805
Ti-L2	0.320	0.449	0.767
Ti-L3	0.315	0.441	0.748
Ti-L4	0.306	0.427	0.721
Ti-L3	0.299	0.405	0.693

Table S6 Physical parameters of all samples

Sample	Carbon content (wt.%)	Compaction density (g cm ⁻³)	pH	Electronic conductivity (μS cm ⁻¹)	Specific surface area (m ² g ⁻¹)
Ti-L0	1.81	2.42	9.01	0.011	18.23
Ti-L1	1.76	2.41	9.22	0.032	20.18
Ti-L2	1.85	2.39	9.32	0.031	20.76
Ti-L3	1.79	2.38	9.43	0.037	21.39
Ti-L4	1.71	2.36	9.51	0.030	22.47
Ti-L5	1.82	2.34	9.66	0.033	23.51

Table S7 Comparisons of performances and preparation method between this work and the previously reported LiMn_{0.6}Fe_{0.4}PO₄ material.

Materials	Specific capacity (mAh g ⁻¹)	Cycle performance	Preparation method	Ref.
LiMn _{0.6} Fe _{0.4} PO ₄ /NC	156.8 at 0.1 C, 122.2 at 1 C	94.6 % after 200 cycles at 1 C	Solvothermal method	1
LiMn _{0.8} Fe _{0.2} PO ₄ /C	161 at 0.2 C, 105 at 1 C	76.4 % after 30 cycles at 0.2 C	Solid state method	2
0.9LiMn _{0.7} Fe _{0.3} PO ₄ · 0.1Li ₃ V ₂ (PO ₄) ₃	154.6 at 0.5 C, 90.9 at 50 C	98% after 200 cycles at 0.5 C	Solvothermal method	3, 4
LiMn _{0.7} Fe _{0.3} PO ₄ /C	149.1 at 0.1 C, 110.6 at 1 C	96.1% after 160 cycles at 0.1 C	Solid state method	5
LiMn _{0.6} Fe _{0.4} PO ₄ /C-F/G	155.4 at 0.2 C, 130.1 at 1 C	85.8% after 100 cycles at 0.1 C	Solvothermal method	6
LiMn _{0.6} Fe _{0.4} PO ₄ -SP-HCN	150.4 at 0.2 C, 133.7 at 1 C	86.3% after 500 cycles at 1 C,	Solid state method	7
LiMn _{0.25} Mg _{0.05} Fe _{0.7} PO ₄ /C	155.2 at 0.2 C, 142.0 at 1 C	98.6% after 50 cycles at 0.1 C	Solid state method	8
LiMn _{0.6} Fe _{0.4} PO ₄ /C	153.8 at 0.1C, ~128 at 1 C	98.5% after 50 cycles at 0.1 C	Spray drying method	9
LiMn _{0.6} Fe _{0.25} Mo _{0.15} PO ₄ /C	153.2 at 0.2 C, ~132 at 1 C	91.4% after 100 cycles at 1 C	Solid state method	10
LiMn _{0.6} Fe _{0.4} PO ₄ /C/Al ₂ O ₃	131.4 at 0.2 C, 111.2 at 1 C	99.3% after 500 cycles at 1 C	Solvothermal method	11
LiMn _{0.5} Fe _{0.49} Zn _{0.01} PO ₄ /C	148.9 at 0.1 C, 128.8 at 1 C	92.6 % after 100 cycles at 2 C	Solvothermal method	12
LiMn _{0.6} Fe _{0.25} Nb _{0.15} PO ₄ /C	156.7 at 0.2 C, 134.5 at 1 C	95.6% after 100 cycles at 1 C	Solid state method	13
LiMn _{0.6} Fe _{0.395} La _{0.005} PO ₄ /C	153.0 at 0.2 C, 138.3 at 1 C	96.5 after 600 cycles at 1 C	Solid state method	14
LiMn _{0.57} Ti _{0.03} Fe _{0.4} PO ₄ /C	151.4 at 0.2 C, 139.3 at 1 C	87.4% after 500 cycles at 1 C	Solid state method	This work

Table S8 Cost structure of lithium manganese iron phosphate ($\text{LiMn}_{0.6}\text{Fe}_{0.4}\text{PO}_4$) production.

Item	Raw material	Unit price (¥/ton)	Consumption (ton)	Unit cost (¥/ton)	Cost (¥/ton)
Material cost	FePO_4	12000	0.39	4680	30995
	Li_2CO_3	65000	0.1	6500	
	Mn_3O_4	17000	0.29	4930	
	LiH_2PO_4	35000	0.4	14000	
	glucose	12000	0.005	60	
	PEG	20000	0.03	600	
	TiO_2	4500	0.05	225	
Energy cost					5000
Labor cost					400
Total cost					36395

Table S9 The kinetic simulation results based on EIS.

Sample	R_{ct} (Ω)	D_{Li^+} ($\text{cm}^2 \text{s}^{-1}$)
Ti-L0	176.2	3.78×10^{-14}
Ti-L1	146.5	9.62×10^{-14}
Ti-L2	126.3	2.06×10^{-13}
Ti-L3	112.6	5.60×10^{-13}
Ti-L4	127.1	3.31×10^{-13}
Ti-L5	148.7	8.02×10^{-14}

Table S10 Li^+ diffusion coefficients (D_{Li^+}) of Ti-L0 and Ti-L3 based on CV.

Sample	$D_{\text{Li}^+-\text{Fe}}$ anodic ($\text{cm}^2 \text{s}^{-1}$)	$D_{\text{Li}^+-\text{Fe}}$ cathodic ($\text{cm}^2 \text{s}^{-1}$)	$D_{\text{Li}^+-\text{Mn}}$ anodic ($\text{cm}^2 \text{s}^{-1}$)	$D_{\text{Li}^+-\text{Mn}}$ cathodic ($\text{cm}^2 \text{s}^{-1}$)
Ti-L0	4.74×10^{-12}	3.46×10^{-12}	9.69×10^{-12}	1.12×10^{-11}
Ti-L3	1.12×10^{-11}	6.81×10^{-12}	1.72×10^{-11}	2.43×10^{-11}

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