

# Journal of Materials Chemistry A

## Supporting Information

### {Fe<sup>2+</sup>–Imidazole} Catalyst Grafted on Magnetic {Fe@Graphitized C} Nanoparticles: A Robust Hybrid–Catalyst for H<sub>2</sub> Production from HCOOH

*Christos Gkatzouras<sup>[a]</sup>, Christos Dimitriou<sup>[b]</sup>, Szymon Smykala<sup>[c]</sup>, Yiannis*

*Deligiannakis<sup>[b]</sup>\* and Maria Louloudi<sup>[a]</sup>\**

<sup>[a]</sup> Laboratory of Biomimetic Catalysis and Hybrid Materials, Department of Chemistry,  
University of Ioannina, GR45110 Ioannina, Greece

<sup>[b]</sup> Laboratory of Physical Chemistry of Materials & Environment, Department of Physics,  
University of Ioannina (UOI), Ioannina, 45110, Greece

<sup>[c]</sup> Institute of Engineering Materials and Biomaterials, Silesian University of Technology, 18a  
Konarskiego St, Gliwice 44-100, Poland

\*Corresponding author email: [mlouloud@uoi.gr](mailto:mlouloud@uoi.gr)

## S1. Sample preparation

*Powder X-ray diffraction:* Data were acquired over a  $2\theta$  range of  $10^\circ$  to  $80^\circ$ . The crystallite size was determined using the Scherrer equation (Eq. S1)<sup>53</sup>

$$d_{\text{XRD}} = \frac{K \lambda}{\text{FWHM} \times \cos \theta} \quad (\text{Eq.S1})$$

Where,  $K = 0.9$ ,  $\lambda = 1.5418 \text{ \AA}$  and FWHM is the full width at half-maximum of the XRD peaks. The XRD patterns were acquired in the standard Bragg-Brentano geometry in step scanning mode with a step size of  $0.003^\circ$  and a scan speed of 0.7 seconds per step.

*N<sub>2</sub> porosimetry:* The SSA equivalent diameter  $d_{\text{BET}}$  of the particles was calculated by the Eq. S2,

$$d_{\text{BET}} = \frac{6000}{\text{SSA} \times \rho_{\text{Fe@GC}}} \quad (\text{Eq.S2})$$

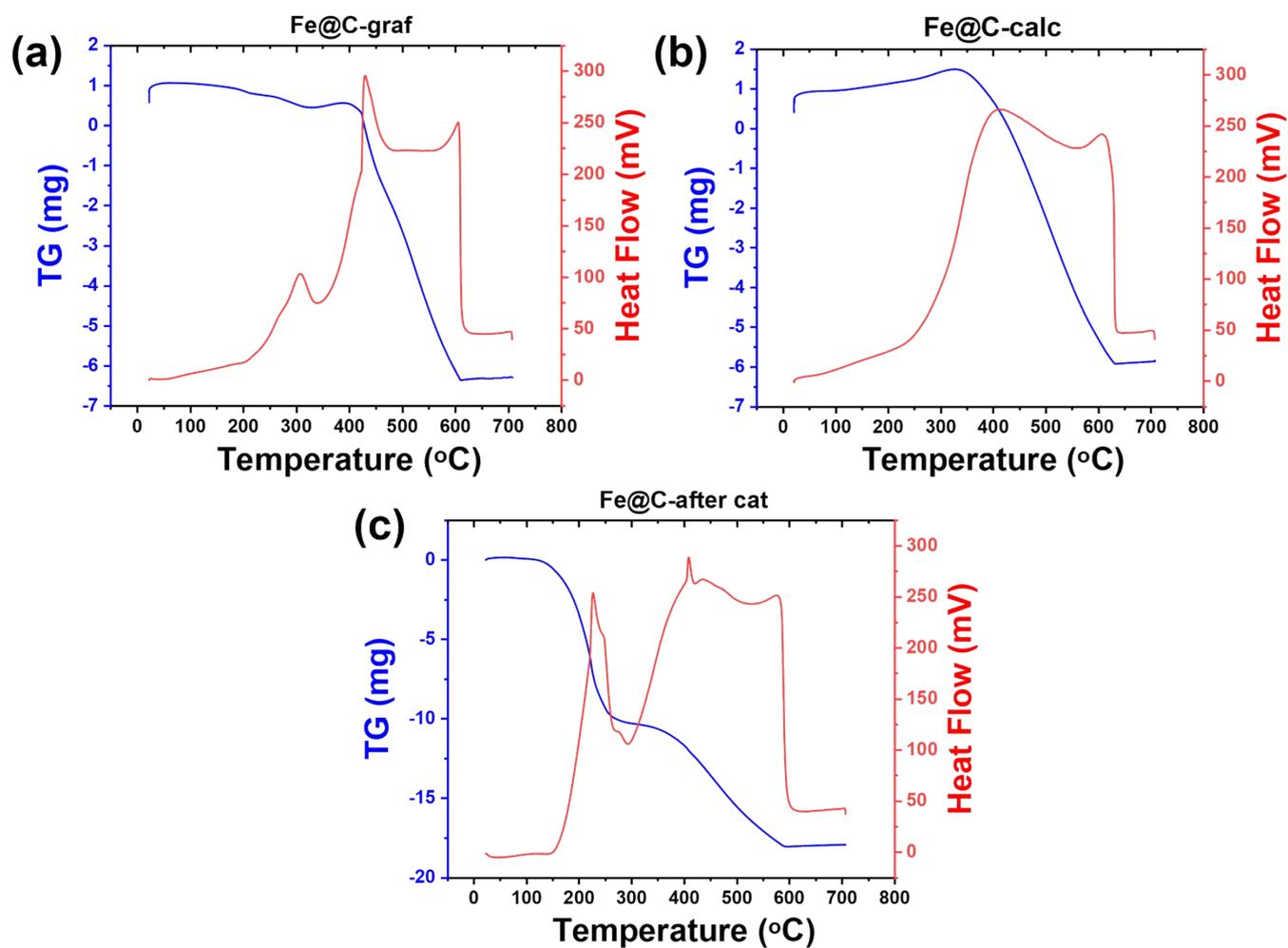
where  $\rho_{\text{Fe@GC}}$  was calculated based on the percentages of the main crystallographic phases derived from XRD data, i.e. magnetite ( $\rho_{\text{Fe}_3\text{O}_4} = 5.17 \text{ g/cm}^3$ ), wustite ( $\rho_{\text{FeO}} = 5.70 \text{ g/cm}^3$ ), cementite ( $\rho_{\text{Fe}_3\text{C}} = 7.6 \text{ g/cm}^3$ ), martensite ( $\rho_{\text{C}_{0.2}\text{Fe}_{1.8}} = 7.7 \text{ g/cm}^3$ ) and metallic Fe ( $\rho_{\text{Fe}} = 7.87 \text{ g/cm}^3$ ).<sup>54-56</sup>

*Thermogravimetric analysis (TG-TDA):* To assess the efficiency of our catalytic system, the  $\text{Fe}^{2+}$  loading was estimated based on the incorporation of the organic ligand imidazole. Considering the theoretical stoichiometric ratio of  $\text{Fe}^{2+}$  to imidazole as 1:2, the organic ligand loading was determined to be 0.36 mmol per gram of Fe@C-graf. Consequently, the corresponding surficial iron loading was calculated to be 0.18 mmol per gram of catalyst.

*Transmission Electron Microscopy (TEM):* Sample preparation consisted of sonicating powdered samples in ethanol and depositing the homogeneous suspension in the form of a single droplet on a TEM copper grid covered by a lacey carbon film. Before the observations, to remove any organic contamination, samples were treated for 3 s in argon plasma using a Fischione Instruments 1020 Plasma Cleaner.

Table 1 presents phase composition and crystallite size data obtained from X-ray diffraction (XRD) analysis, while specific surface area (SSA) and pore volume were determined via BET analysis. The particle diameter  $d_{\text{BET}}$  was calculated using Eq. S2.

## Supplementary Figure 1

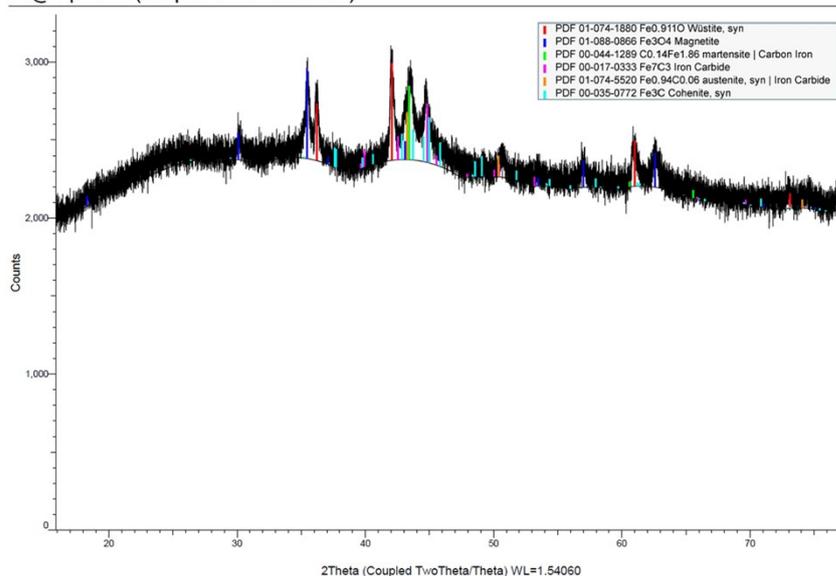


**Figure S1.** Thermogravimetric analysis of (a) Fe@C@-graf, (b) Fe@C-calc and (c) Fe@C-aftercat.

## Supplementary Figure 2

(a)

Fe@C-pristine (Coupled TwoTheta/Theta)

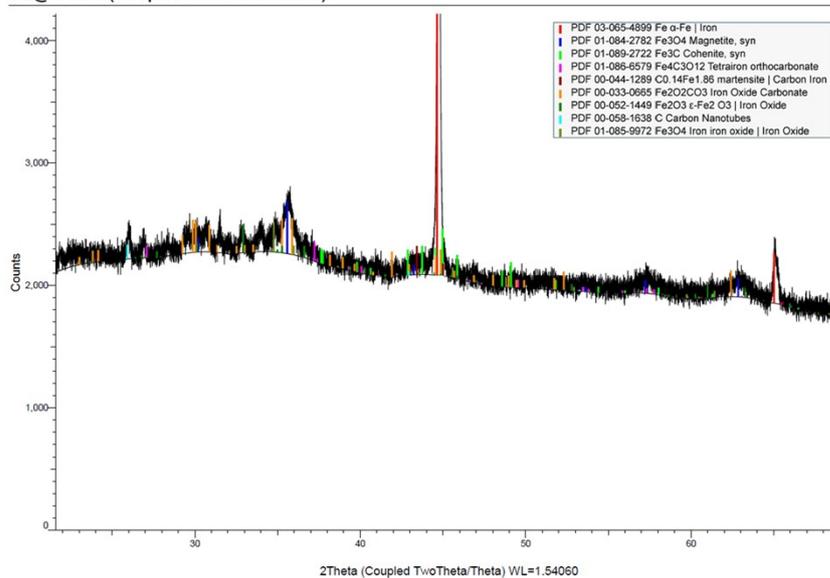


Crystallographic phases:

- Wustite FeO
- Magnetite Fe<sub>3</sub>O<sub>4</sub>
- Martensite C<sub>0.14</sub>Fe<sub>1.86</sub>
- Iron Carbide Fe<sub>7</sub>C<sub>3</sub>
- Austenite Fe<sub>0.94</sub>C<sub>0.06</sub>
- Cohenite Fe<sub>3</sub>C

(b)

Fe@C-calc (Coupled TwoTheta/Theta)

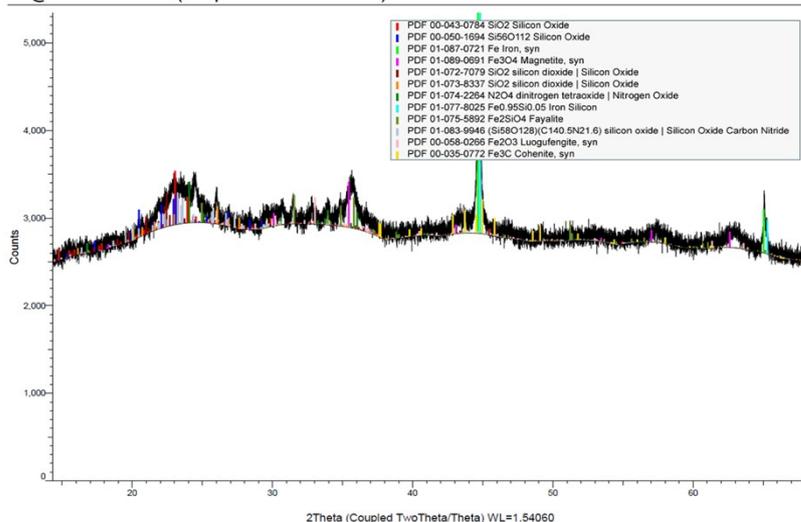


Crystallographic phases:

- Iron Fe
- Magnetite Fe<sub>3</sub>O<sub>4</sub>
- Martensite C<sub>0.14</sub>Fe<sub>1.86</sub>
- Iron Carbide Fe<sub>7</sub>C<sub>3</sub>
- Tetrairon orthocarbonate Fe<sub>4</sub>C<sub>3</sub>O<sub>12</sub>
- Luogufengite ε-Fe<sub>2</sub>O<sub>3</sub>
- Cohenite Fe<sub>3</sub>C
- Carbon C

(c)

Fe@C-calc+Fe-imid (Coupled TwoTheta/Theta)

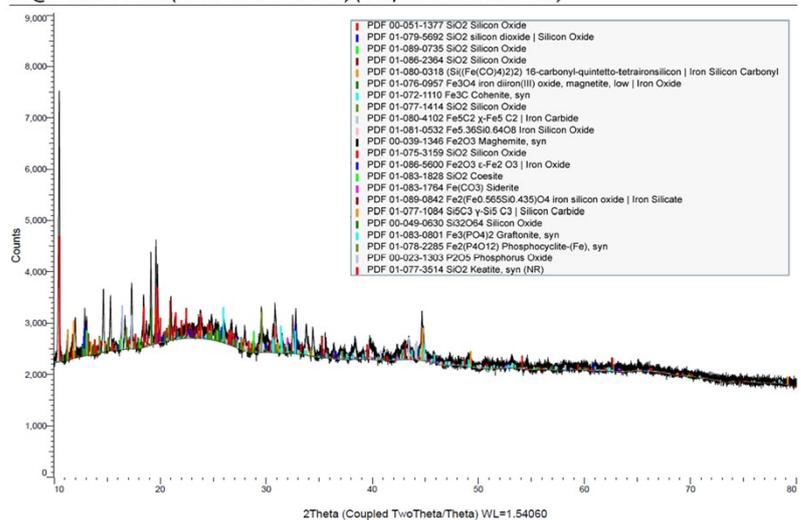


Crystallographic phases:

- Silicon Oxide  $\text{SiO}_2$
- Fayalite  $\text{FeSiO}_4$
- Iron Fe
- Silicon Oxide Carbon Nitride
- Iron Silicon  $\text{Fe}_{0.95}\text{Si}_{0.05}$
- Magnetite  $\text{Fe}_3\text{O}_4$
- Luogufengite  $\epsilon\text{-Fe}_2\text{O}_3$
- Cohenite  $\text{Fe}_3\text{C}$
- Dinitrogen Tetraoxide  $\text{N}_2\text{O}_4$

(d)

Fe@C-calc+Fe-imid(AFTE 12 CATALYSIS) (Coupled TwoTheta/Theta)

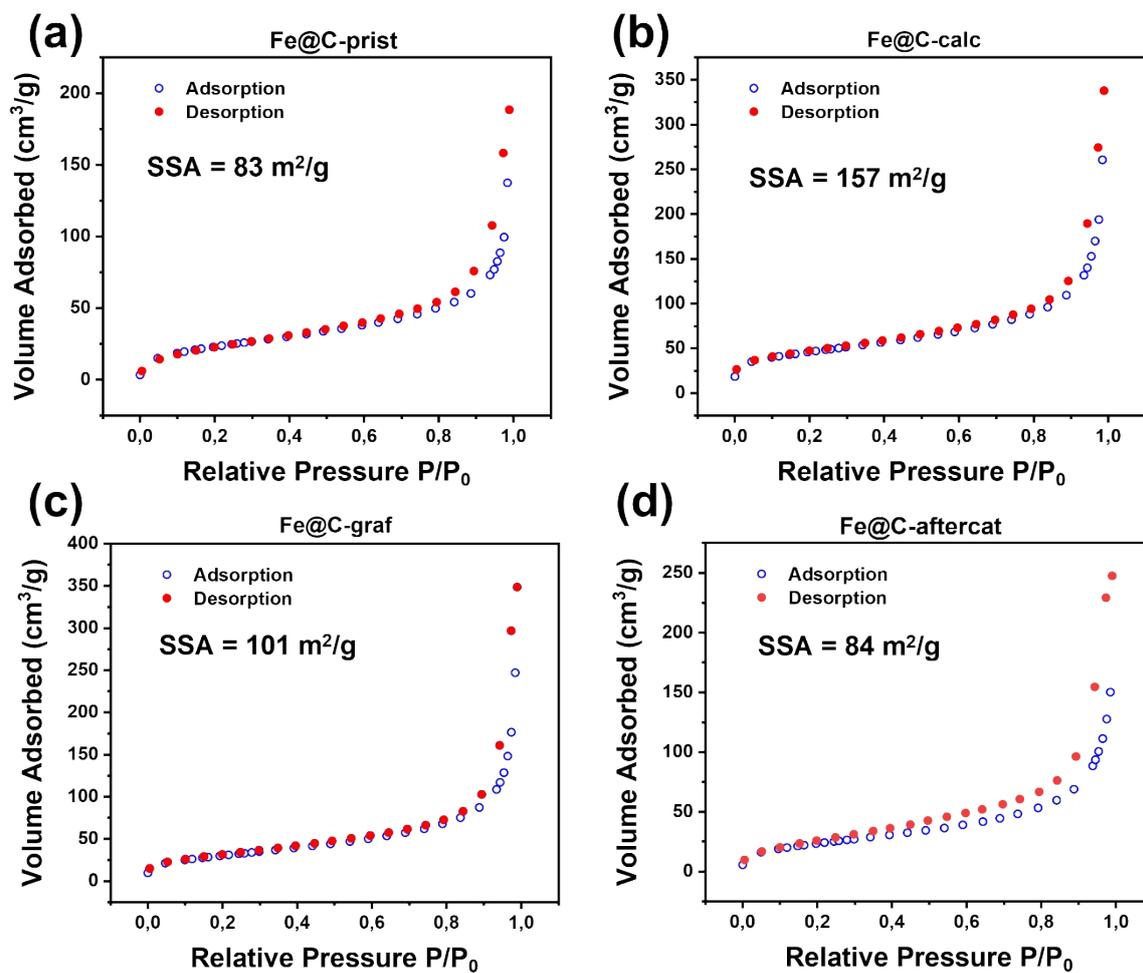


Crystallographic phases:

- Silicon Oxide  $\text{SiO}_2$
- Magnetite  $\text{Fe}_3\text{O}_4$
- Maghemite  $\text{Fe}_2\text{O}_3$
- Iron Silicon Carbonyl  $\text{Si}((\text{Fe}(\text{CO})_4)_2)_2$
- Siderite  $\text{FeCO}_3$
- Iron Fe
- Iron Silicate  $\text{Fe}_2(\text{Fe}_{0.565}\text{Si}_{0.435})\text{O}_4$
- Silicon Carbide  $\text{Si}_3\text{C}_3$
- Iron Carbide  $\text{Fe}_5\text{C}_2$
- Iron Silicon  $\text{Fe}_{0.95}\text{Si}_{0.05}$
- Luogufengite  $\epsilon\text{-Fe}_2\text{O}_3$
- Cohenite  $\text{Fe}_3\text{C}$
- Graftonite  $\text{Fe}_3(\text{PO}_4)_2$
- Phosphocyclite  $\text{Fe}_2\text{P}_4\text{O}_{12}$
- Phosphorus Oxide  $\text{P}_2\text{O}_5$

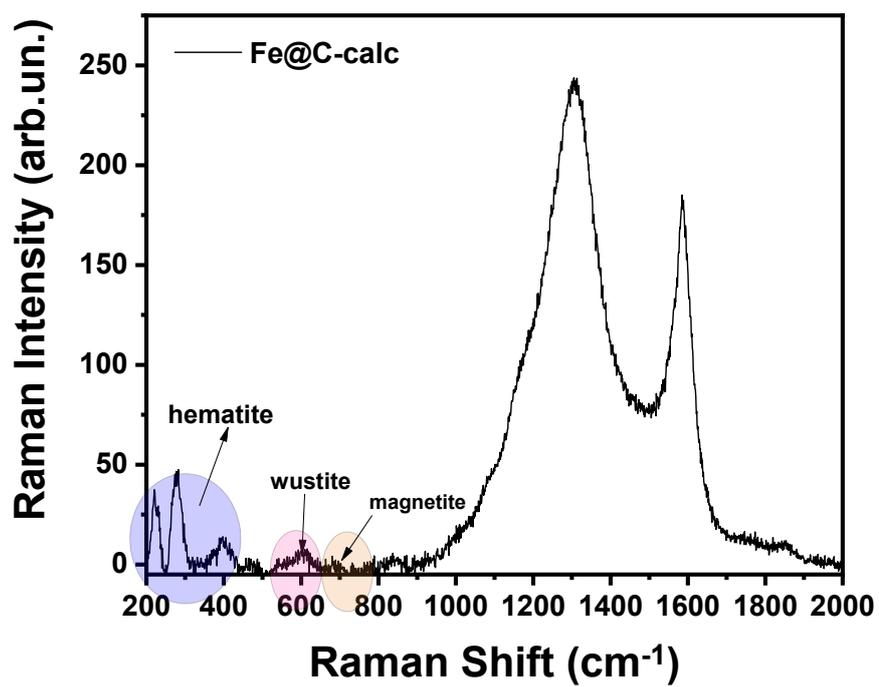
**Figure S2.** XRD patterns of (a) Fe@C-prist, (b), Fe@C-calc, (c) Fe@C-graf and (d) Fe@C-aftercat (12 uses) analyzed using EVA software, identifying the corresponding XRD crystallographic phases.

### Supplementary Figure 3



**Figure S3.**  $N_2$  adsorption-desorption isotherms of hybrid magnetic  $\{Core@Shell\} Fe@Carbon @ \{Fe^{2+}-Imidazole\}$  catalytic materials: (a) Fe@C-prist, (b) Fe@C-calc, (c) Fe@C-graf and (d) Fe@C-aftercat (12 uses).

### Supplementary Figure 4

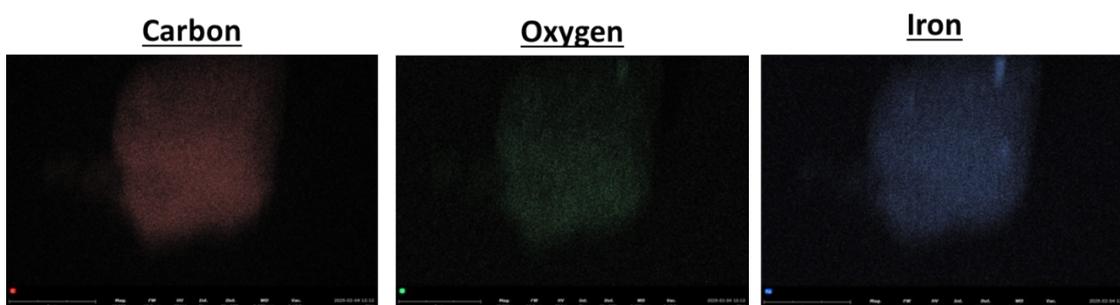
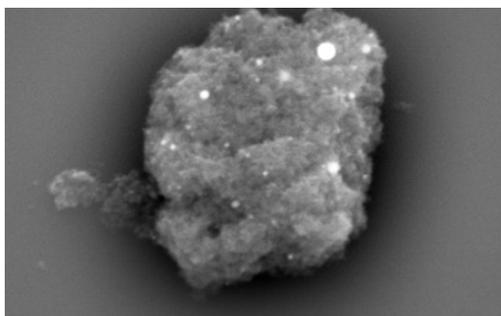


**Figure S4.** Raman spectrum of Fe@C-calc material showing the oxidation phases of wustite, specifically hematite and magnetite.

## Supplementary Figure 5

### a) Fe@C-prist

Cut out of map (resolution: 960×600 points)

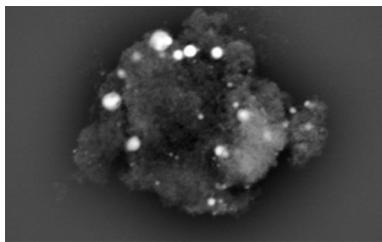


**Table S1.** EDS analysis for Fe@C-prist.

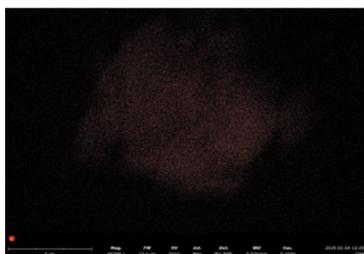
| <b>Element Number</b> | <b>Element Symbol</b> | <b>Element Name</b> | <b>Atomic Conc. (%)</b> | <b>Weight Conc. (%)</b> |
|-----------------------|-----------------------|---------------------|-------------------------|-------------------------|
| 6                     | C                     | Carbon              | 61.05                   | 44.80                   |
| 8                     | O                     | Oxygen              | 31.92                   | 31.20                   |
| 26                    | Fe                    | Iron                | 7.03                    | 24.00                   |

**b) Fe@C-calc**

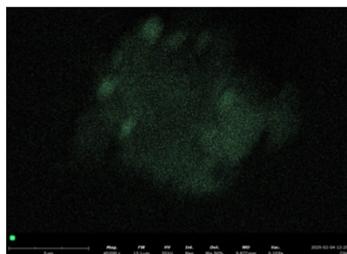
Cut out of map (resolution: 960×600 points)



**Carbon**



**Oxygen**



**Iron**

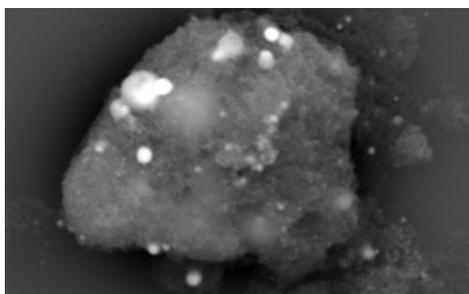


**Table S2.** EDS analysis for Fe@C-calc.

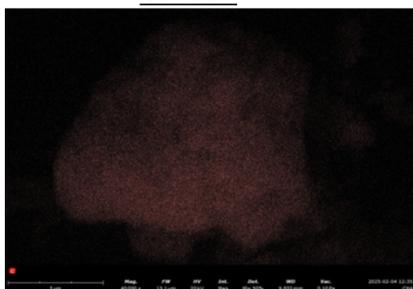
| <b>Element Number</b> | <b>Element Symbol</b> | <b>Element Name</b> | <b>Atomic Conc. (%)</b> | <b>Weight Conc. (%)</b> |
|-----------------------|-----------------------|---------------------|-------------------------|-------------------------|
| 6                     | C                     | Carbon              | 47.98                   | 30.20                   |
| 8                     | O                     | Oxygen              | 39.48                   | 33.10                   |
| 26                    | Fe                    | Iron                | 12.54                   | 36.70                   |

c) Fe@C-graf ( $\{\text{Fe}^{2+}\text{-imidazole}\}@ \{\text{Fe@GC}\}$ )

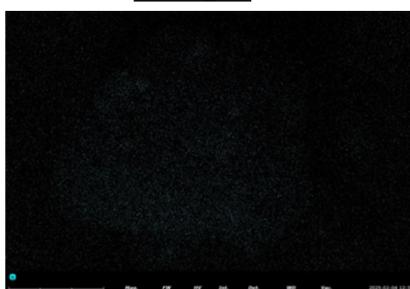
Cut out of map (resolution: 960×600 points)



Carbon



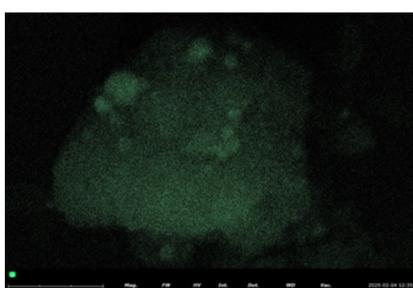
Nitrogen



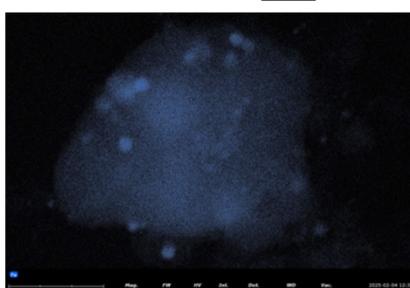
Silicon



Oxygen



Iron

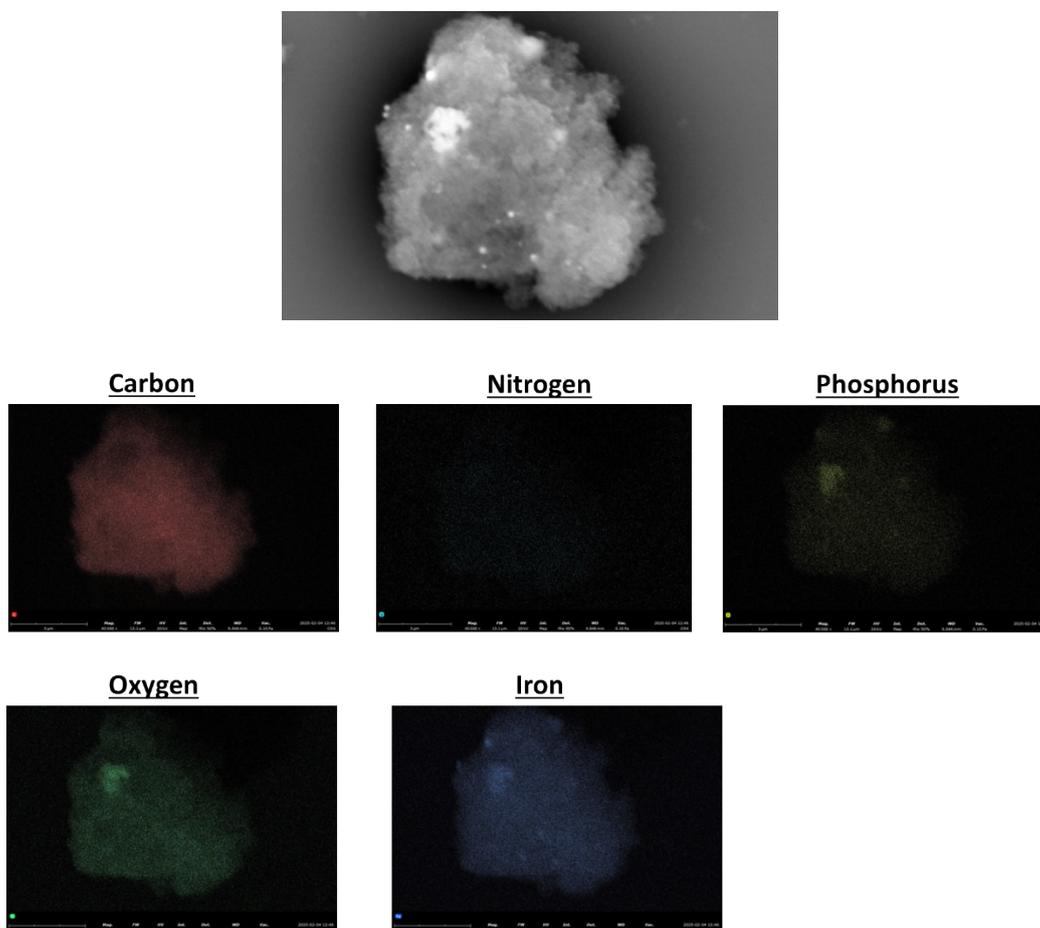


**Table S3.** EDS analysis for Fe@C-graf ( $\{\text{Fe}^{2+}\text{-imidazole}\}@ \{\text{Fe@GC}\}$ ).

| Element Number | Element Symbol | Element Name | Atomic Conc. (%) | Weight Conc. (%) |
|----------------|----------------|--------------|------------------|------------------|
| 6              | C              | Carbon       | 54.767           | 37.50            |
| 7              | N              | Nitrogen     | 2.51             | 1.50             |
| 8              | O              | Oxygen       | 31.36            | 28.50            |
| 14             | Si             | Silicon      | 1.003            | 0.90             |
| 26             | Fe             | Iron         | 10.36            | 31.60            |

#### d) Fe@C-aftercat

Cut out of map (resolution: 960×600 points)

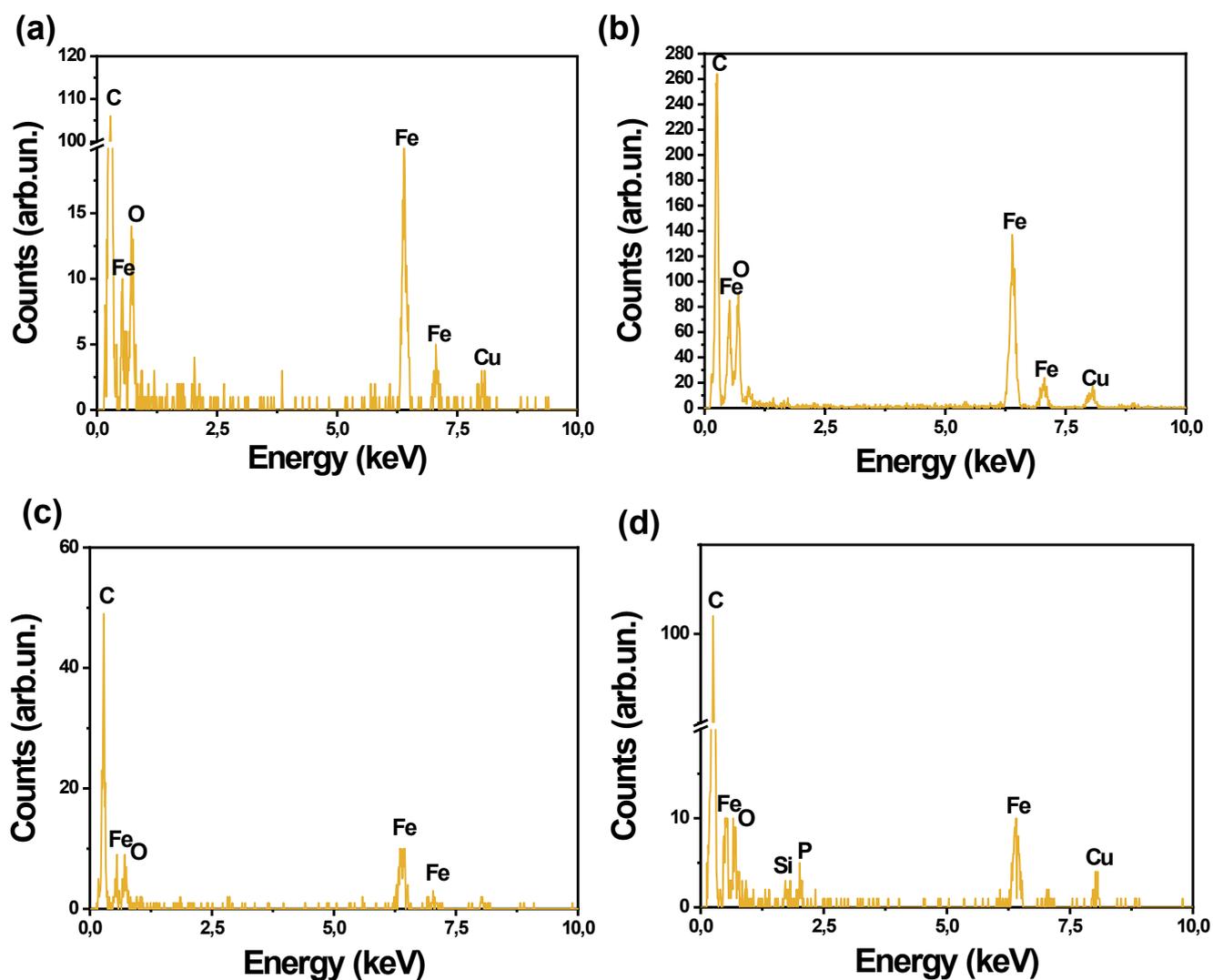


**Table S4.** EDS analysis for Fe@C-aftercat (12 uses).

| Element Number | Element Symbol | Element Name | Atomic Conc. (%) | Weight Conc. (%) |
|----------------|----------------|--------------|------------------|------------------|
| 6              | C              | Carbon       | 54.284           | 34.90            |
| 7              | N              | Nitrogen     | 1.27             | 1.18             |
| 8              | O              | Oxygen       | 30.04            | 27.35            |
| 15             | P              | Phosphorus   | 2.516            | 4.61             |
| 26             | Fe             | Iron         | 11.89            | 31.96            |

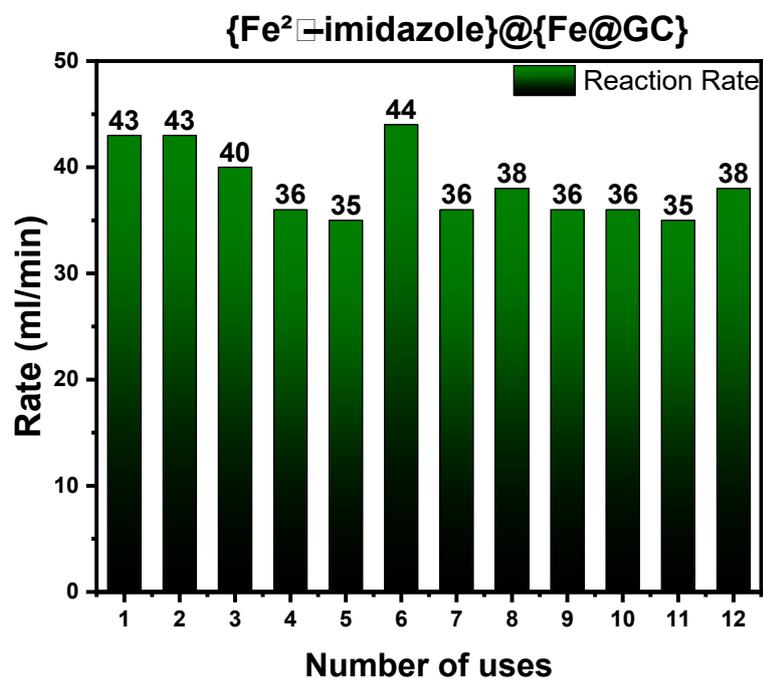
**Figure S5.** EDS analysis for hybrid magnetic {Core@Shell Fe@Carbon}@{Fe<sup>2+</sup>-Imidazole} catalytic materials: (a) Fe@C-prist (Table S1), (b), Fe@C-calc (Table S2), (c) Fe@C-graf (Table S3) and (d) Fe@C-aftercat (12 uses) (Table S4).

## Supplementary Figure 6



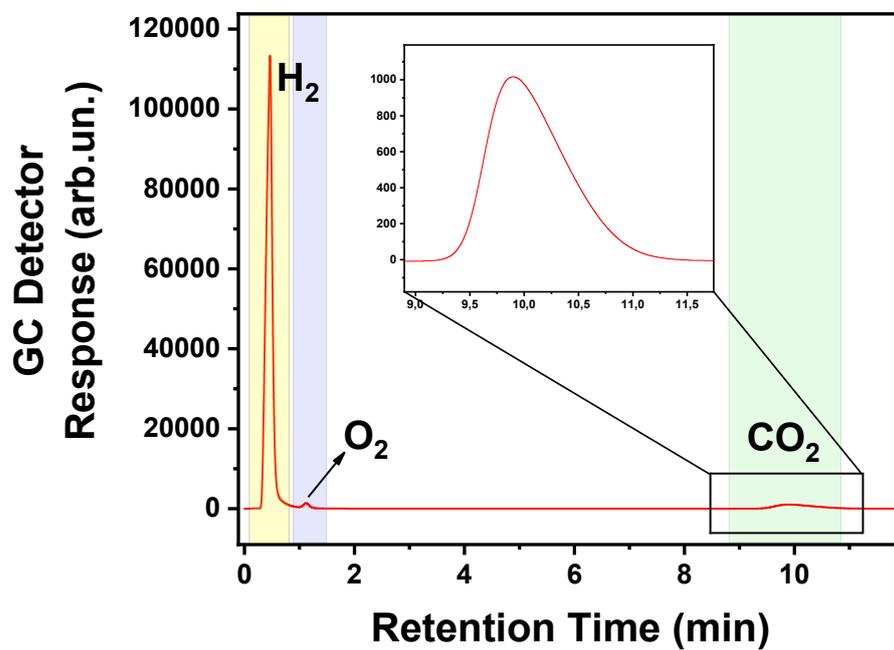
**Figure 6.** EDS/EDX spectra obtained from TEM/STEM for (a) Fe@C-prist, (b) Fe@C-calc, (c) Fe@C-graf and (d) Fe@C-aftercat (12 uses).

## Supplementary Figure 7



**Figure S7.** Catalytic reaction rate of {Fe<sup>2+</sup>-imidazole}@{Fe@GC} for each use.

## Supplementary Figure 8



**Figure S8.** GC spectrum during the catalytic reaction for the  $[\{\text{Fe}^{2+}\text{-imidazole/PP}_3\}@ \{\text{Fe@GC}\}]$  catalytic system.