

Supplementary information (ESI)

Mixed–Halogen Layer Approach of Band Engineering and Anisotropic Charge Migration in X₁X₂ Sillén Nanosheets Boost Cocatalyst-free Photocatalytic Hydrogen Evolution

Parul Yadav^a and Tapas Kumar Mandal^{a,b,}*

^aDepartment of Chemistry, Indian Institute of Technology Roorkee, Roorkee – 247667, India

^bCenter for Nanotechnology, Indian Institute of Technology Roorkee, Roorkee – 247667, India

Corresponding Author

*E-mail: tapas.mandal@cy.iitr.ac.in

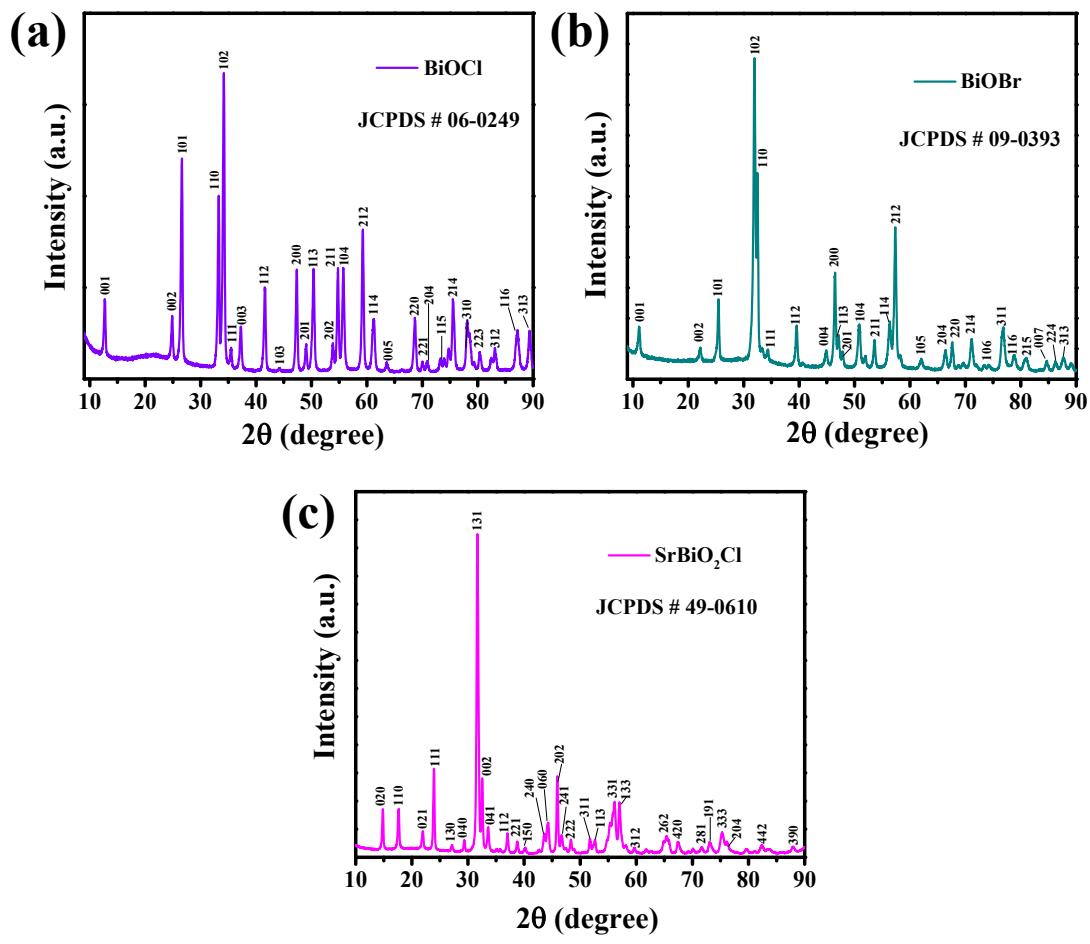


Fig. S1. P-XRD data of synthesized Sillén phases, (a) BiOCl, (b) BiOBr, and (c) SrBiO₂Cl.

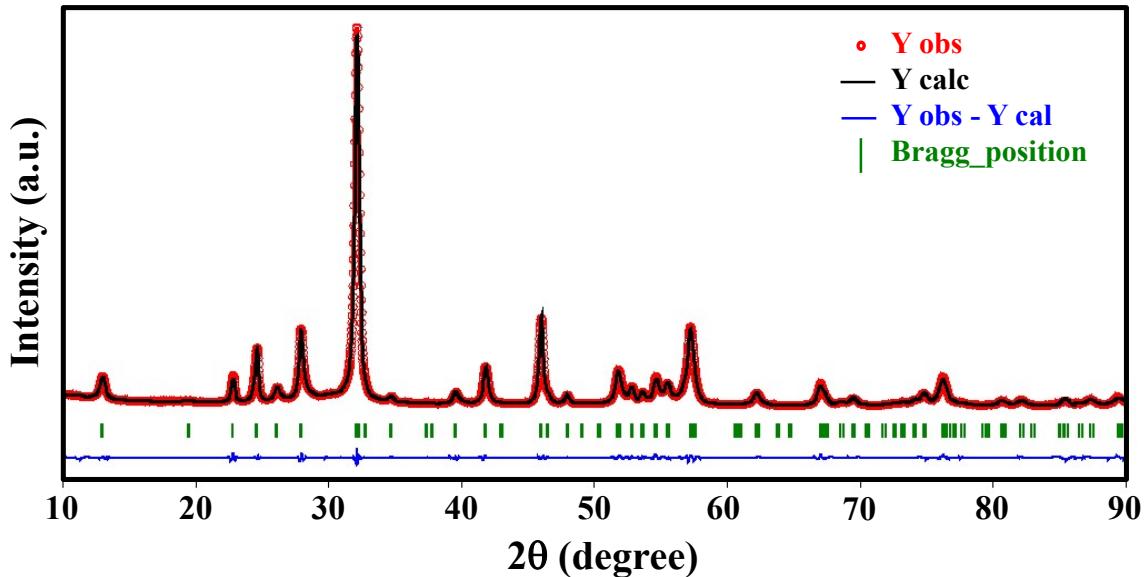


Figure S2. Rietveld Refinement profile of $\text{SrBi}_3\text{O}_4\text{Cl}_3$ (SBOCl).

Table S1. Rietveld Refined Lattice Parameters, Reliability Factors, Positional (x , y , z) and Occupancy Parameters for $\text{SrBi}_3\text{O}_4\text{Cl}_3$

Atom	Wyckoff site	x	y	z	f_{occ}
Bi2	4e	0	0	0.3432	0.528
Sr2	4e	0	0	0.3287	0.472
Bi1	4e	0	0	0.0717	0.972
Sr1	4e	0	0	0.0800	0.028
Cl2	4e	0	0	0.2100	1.000
Cl1	2b	0	0	0.5000	1.000
O1	8g	0	0.5	0.1114	1.000

Space group: $I4/mmm$; $a = b = 3.9481(1)$ Å and $c = 27.3516(9)$ Å; Reliability factors: $R_{\text{Bragg}} = 1.07\%$, $R_f = 2.29\%$, $R_p = 5.13\%$, $R_{wp} = 5.45\%$, and $\chi^2 = 6.42$.

Table S2. Rietveld Refined Lattice Parameters, Reliability Factors, Positional (*x*, *y*, *z*) and Occupancy Parameters for SrBi₃O₄Cl₂Br

Atom	Wyckoff site	<i>x</i>	<i>y</i>	<i>z</i>	<i>f_{occ}</i>
Bi2	4e	0	0	0.3393(2)	0.528
Sr2	4e	0	0	0.3286(6)	0.472
Bi1	4e	0	0	0.0742(1)	0.972
Sr1	4e	0	0	0.0800	0.028
Cl2	4e	0	0	0.2108(5)	0.850
Br2	4e	0	0	0.2108(5)	0.150
Cl1	2b	0	0	0.5000	0.300
Br1	2b	0	0	0.5000	0.700
O1	8g	0	0.5	0.1178(1)	1.000

Space group: *I*4/*mmm*; *a* = *b* = 3.9520(1) Å and *c* = 27.3775(9) Å; Reliability factors: *R_{Bragg}* = 1.03 %, *R_f* = 1.17 %, *R_p* = 4.12 %, *R_{wp}* = 4.53 %, and χ^2 = 4.44.

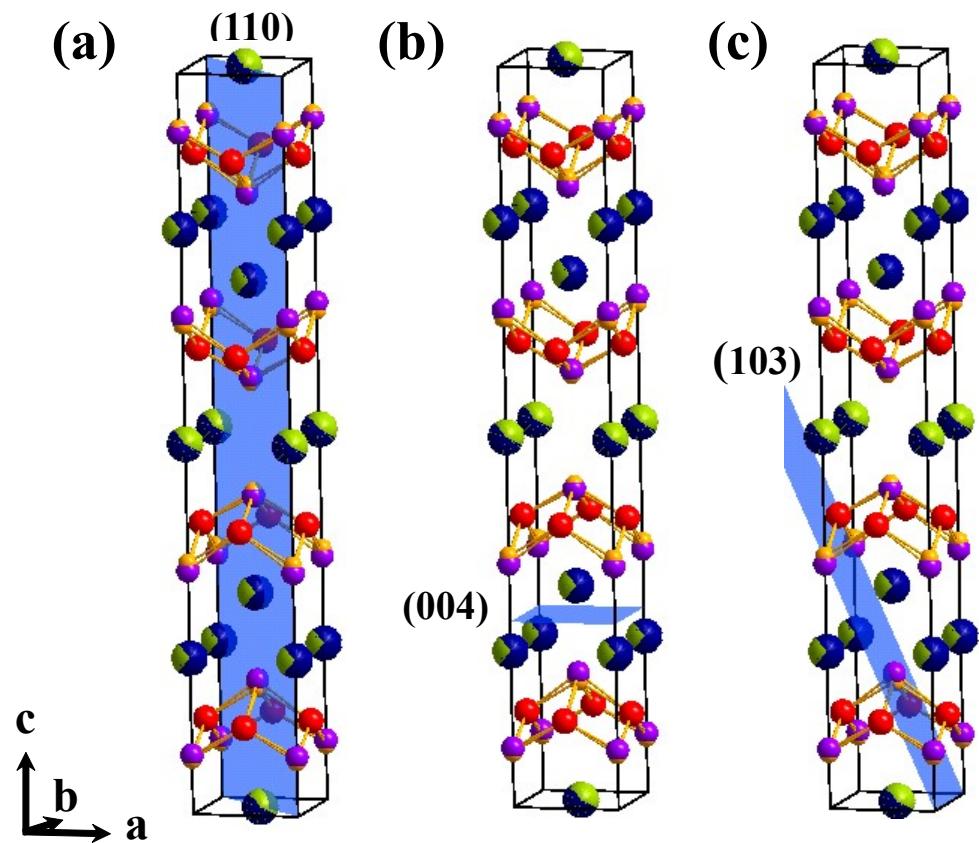


Figure S3. Different lattice planes of $\text{SrBi}_3\text{O}_4\text{Cl}_2\text{Br}$ crystal structure.

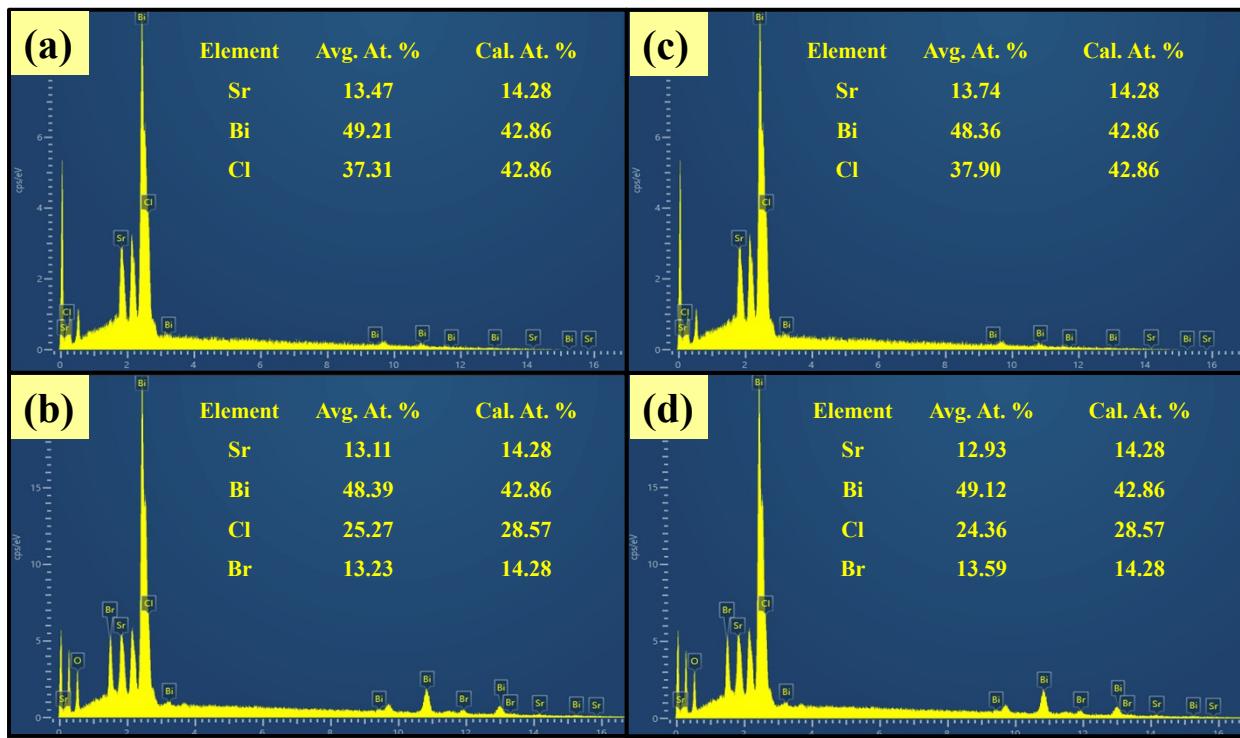


Figure S4. EDX spectra of (a) SBOCl, (b) SBOClBr, (c) SBOCl-NS and (d) SBOClBr-NS.

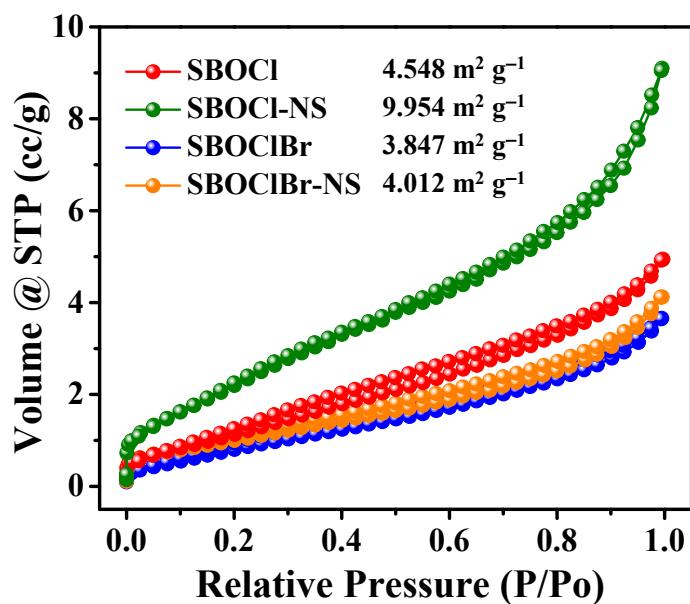


Figure S5. BET adsorption–desorption isotherms of SBOCl, SBOClBr, SBOCl-NS and SBOClBr-NS.

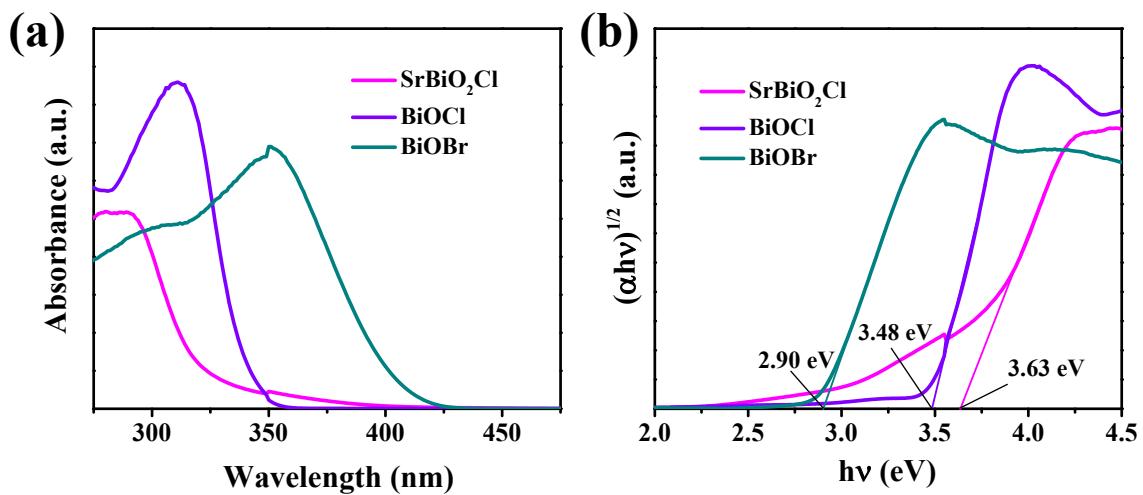


Figure S6. (a) UV-Vis DRS and (b) corresponding Tauc plot of precursor Sillén compounds.

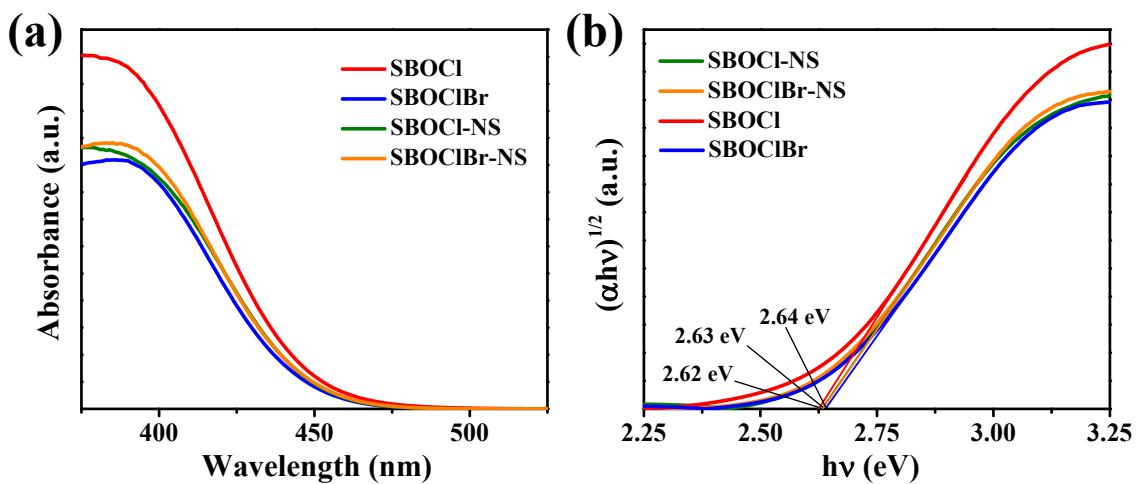


Figure S7. (a) UV-Vis DRS and (b) corresponding Tauc plot of X1X2 Sillén compounds.

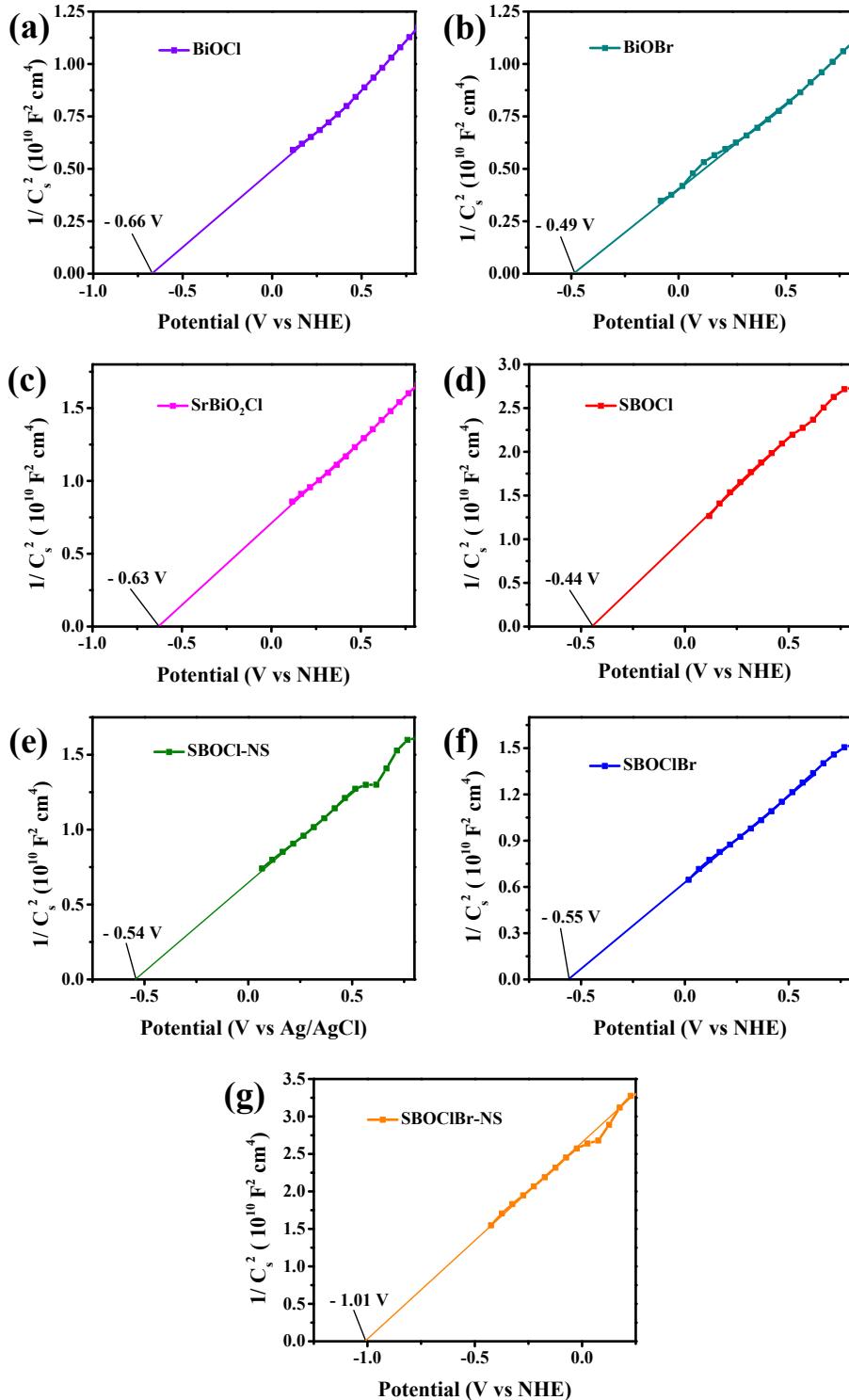


Figure S8. Mott-Schottky plots of (a) BiOCl, (b) BiOBr, (c) SrBi₂O₃Cl, (d) SBOCl, (e) SBOCl-NS, (f) SBOClBr and (g) SBOClBr-NS.

Table S3. VBM, CBM and Band Gap Values of X₁, X₂ and X₁X₂ Sillén Compounds

S. No.	Compound	VBM (V)	CBM (V)	Band Gap (eV)
1	BiOCl	2.82	- 0.66	3.48
2	BiOBr	2.41	- 0.49	2.90
3	SrBiO ₂ Cl	3.00	- 0.63	3.63
4	SBOCl	2.18	- 0.44	2.62
5	SBOCl-NS	2.09	- 0.54	2.63
6	SBOClBr	2.09	- 0.55	2.64
7	SBOClBr-NS	1.62	- 1.01	2.63

Table S4. VBM and CBM Values of SBOClBr and SBOClBr-NS calculated from UPS Data

S. No.	Compound	VBM (eV)	CBM (eV)
1	SBOClBr	- 6.59	- 3.95
2	SBOClBr-NS	- 6.12	- 3.49

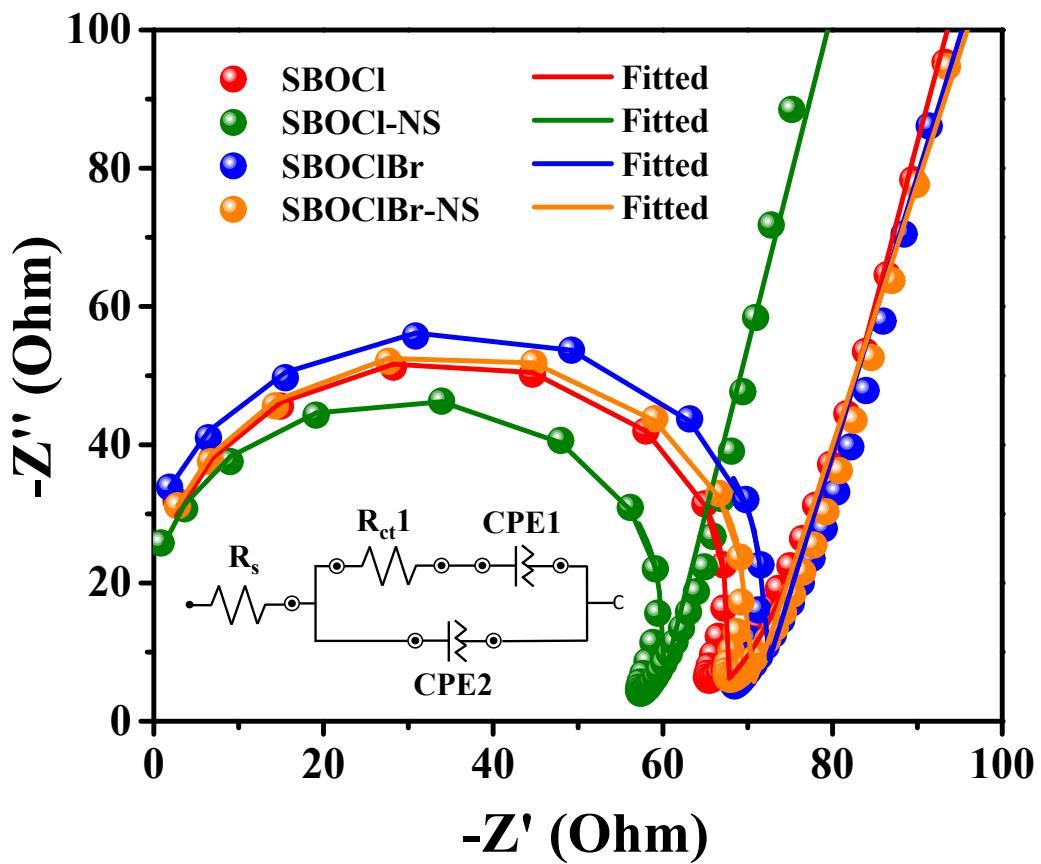


Figure S9. EIS data with equivalent circuit diagram of SBOCl, SBOCl-NS, SBOClBr and SBOClBr-NS.

Table S5. Equivalent Circuit Fitting Parameter (R_{ct}) of EIS Data

S. No.	Compound name	R_{ct} (Ω)
1.	SBOCl	77.2
2.	SBOClBr	81.0
3.	SBOCl-NS	67.2
4.	SBOClBr-NS	78.0

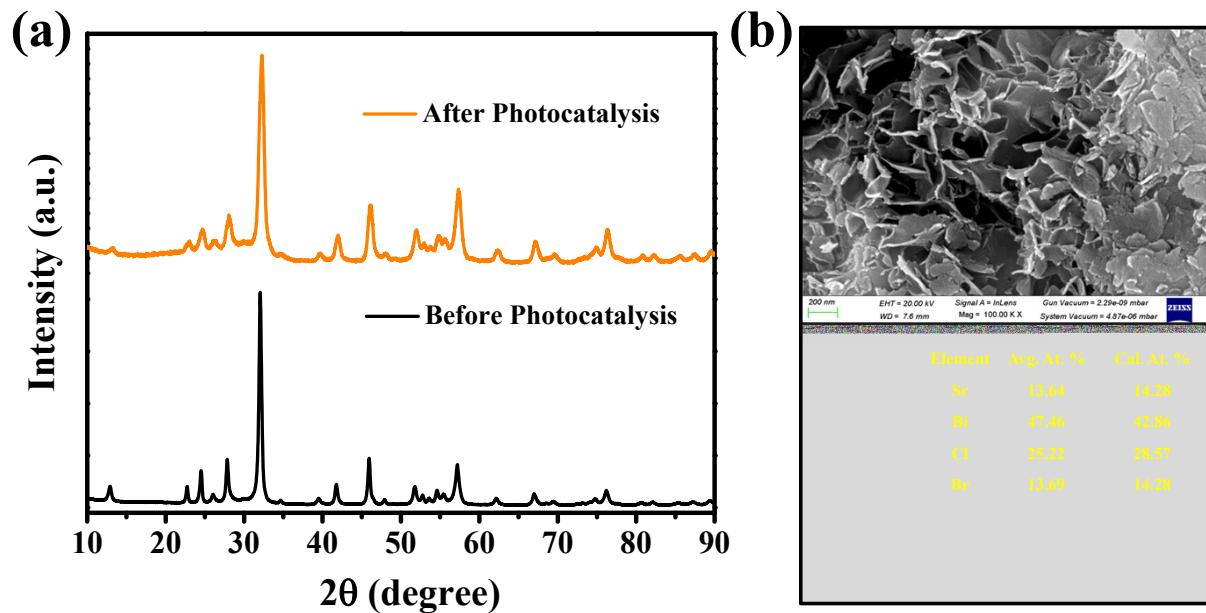


Figure S10. Post-photocatalytic characterization of SBOClBr-NS, (a) P-XRD data and (b) FE-SEM image with elemental composition.

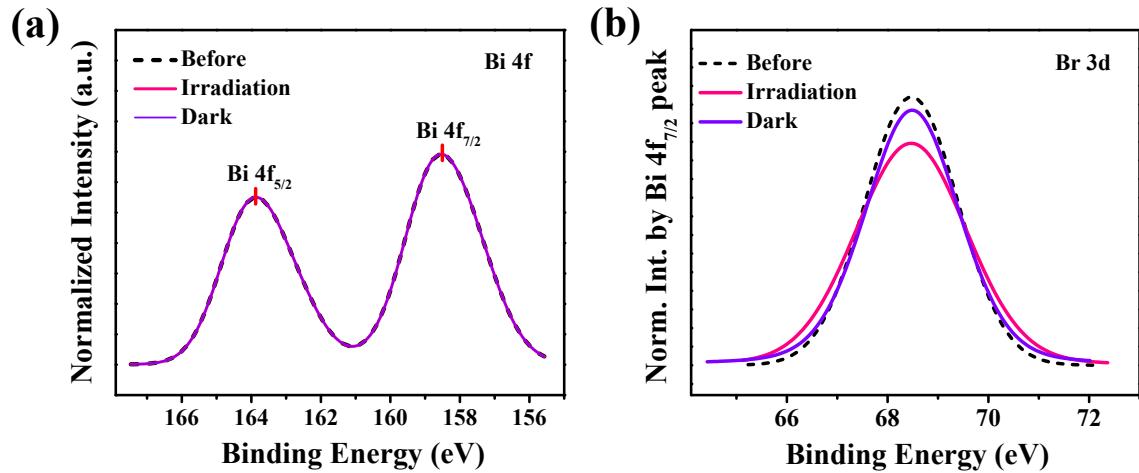


Figure S11. XPS spectra of (a) Bi 4f and (b) Br 3d for SBOClBr-NS.

Table S6. Br/Bi XPS Peak Area Ratios for SBOClBr-NS Before and After Photocatalytic Reaction, along with the Reaction in Dark Condition

Compound	Before	After Irradiation	Dark
SBOClBr-NS	1.00	0.97	0.96