

Electronic Supplementary Information (ESI)

Cerium-Doping and Nitridation Effects on Nickel-based Metal Organic Framework for Alkaline Water Oxidation

Chikaodili E. Chukwuneke^{1,4}, Kenta Kawashima¹, Tran Phuoc Anh Nguyen¹, Gabriella Ruiz¹, Jing Lian Ng², Johnpaul Smith¹, Raul A. Marquez¹, Jay T. Bender², Xun Zhan³, Wennie Wang^{2,3,4}, Delia J. Milliron^{1,2,3}, Michael J. Rose^{1,4}, C. Buddie Mullins^{1,2,3,4,5,*}

¹Department of Chemistry, The University of Texas at Austin, Austin, Texas 78712, United States

²McKetta Department of Chemical Engineering, The University of Texas at Austin, Austin, Texas 78712, United States

³Texas Materials Institute, The University of Texas at Austin, Texas 78712, United States

⁴Allen J. Bard Center for Electrochemistry, The University of Texas at Austin, Austin, Texas 78712, United States

⁵H2@UT, The University of Texas at Austin, Austin, Texas 78712, United States

*Corresponding author.

E-mail address: mullins@che.utexas.edu

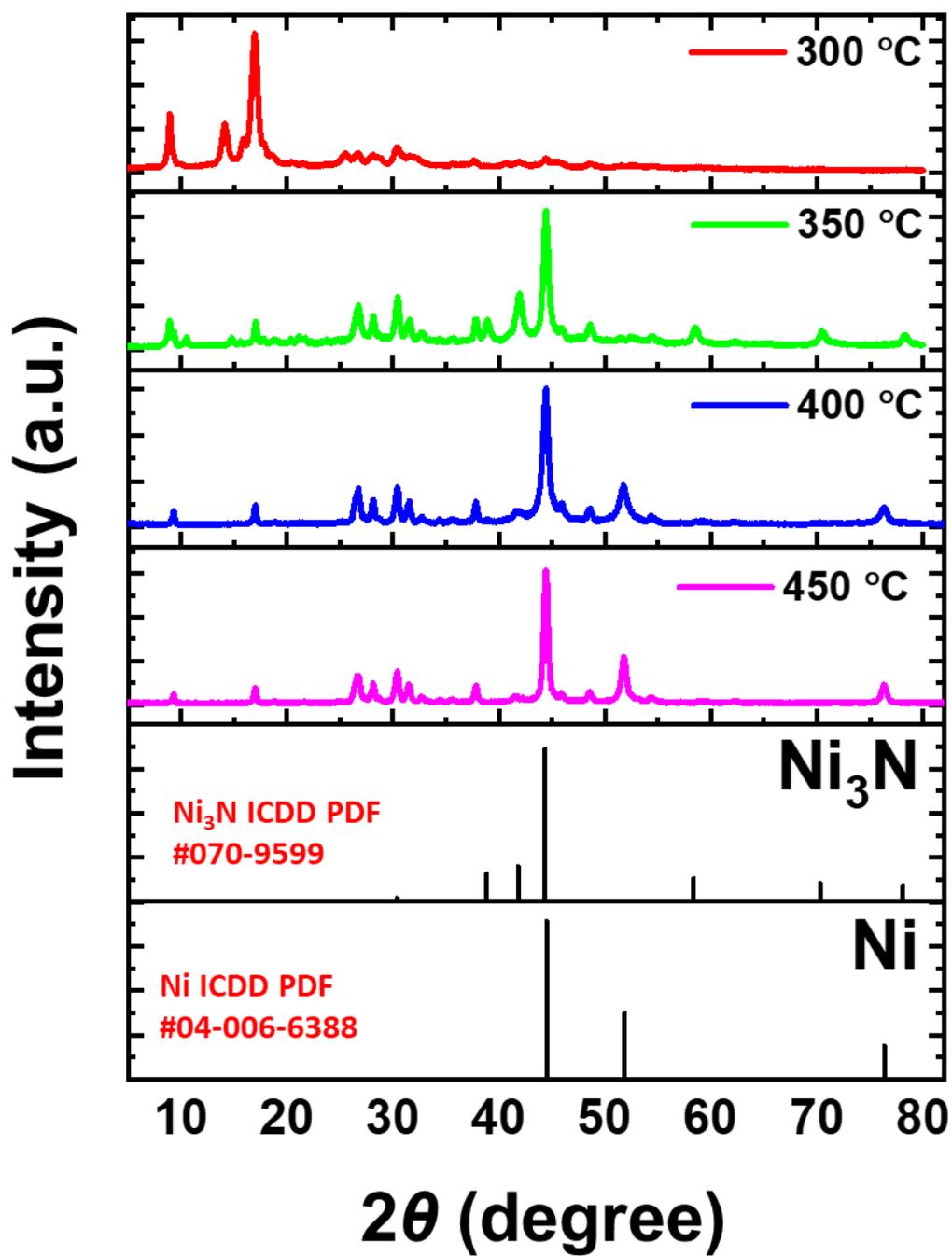


Figure S1. XRD patterns of the nitride phase optimization process.

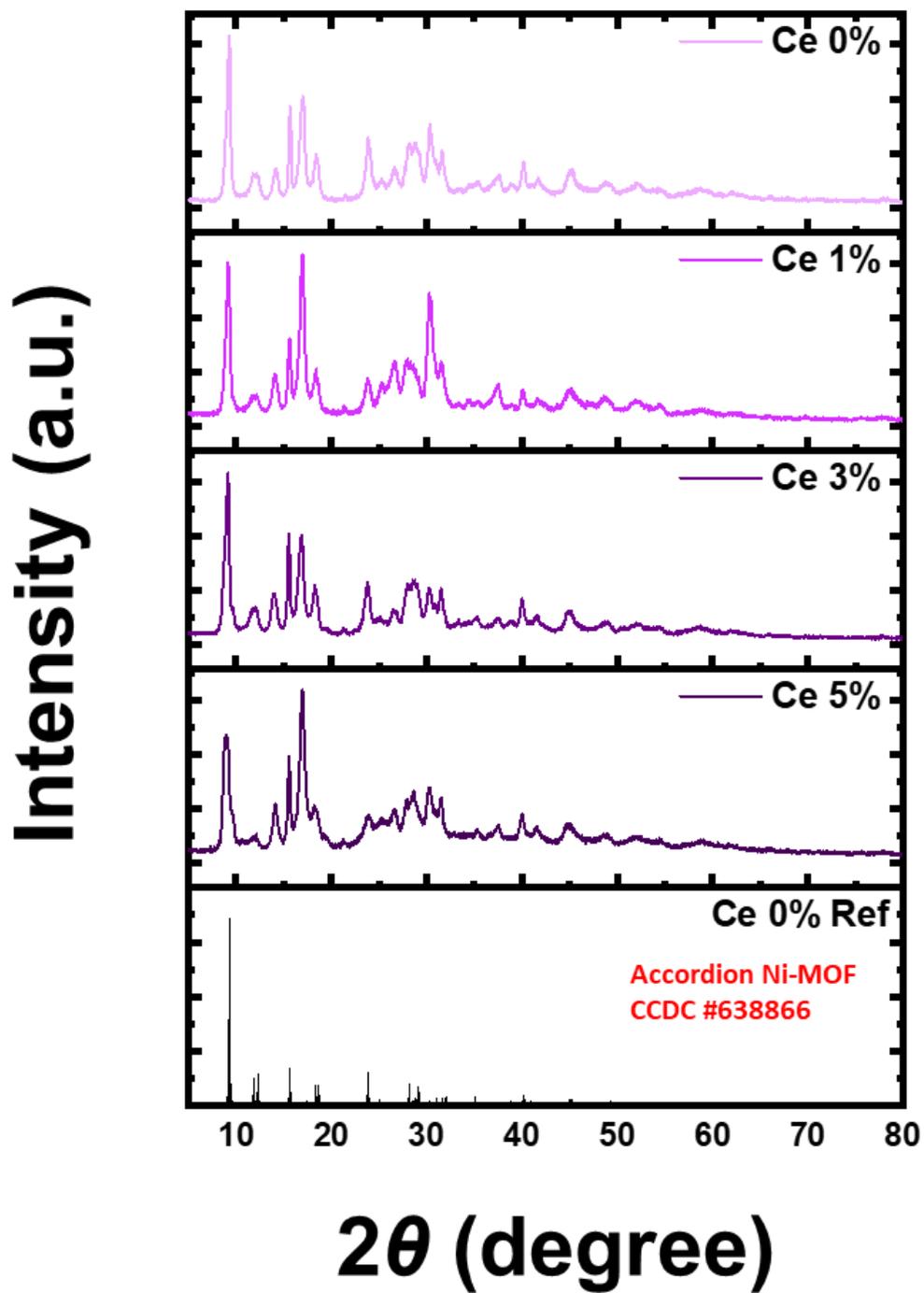


Figure S2. XRD patterns of pristine Ce_xNi_{1-x} -MOFs.

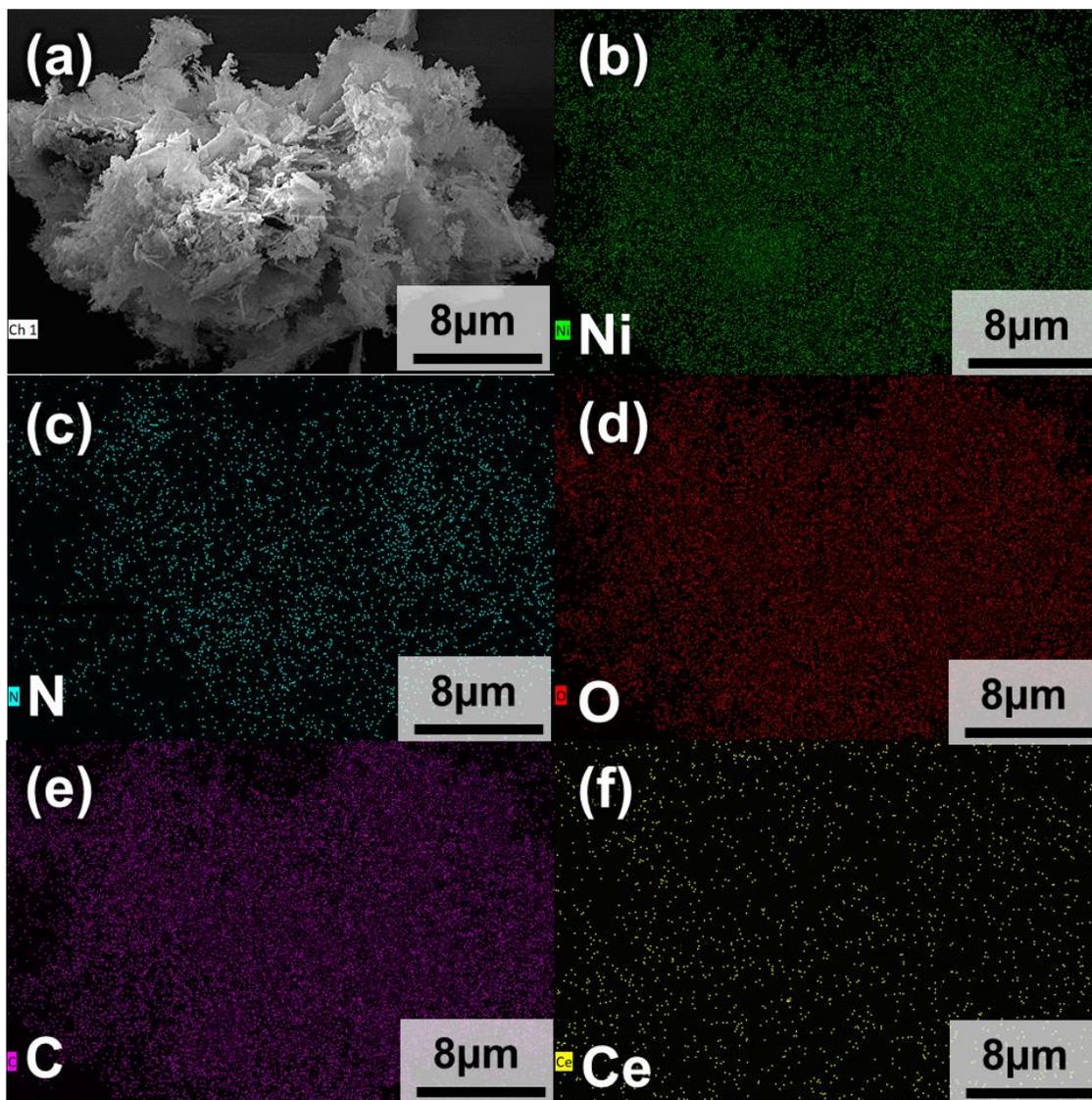


Figure S3. SEM and EDX elemental mapping images of $\text{Ce}_0\text{Ni}_1\text{-NMOF}$.

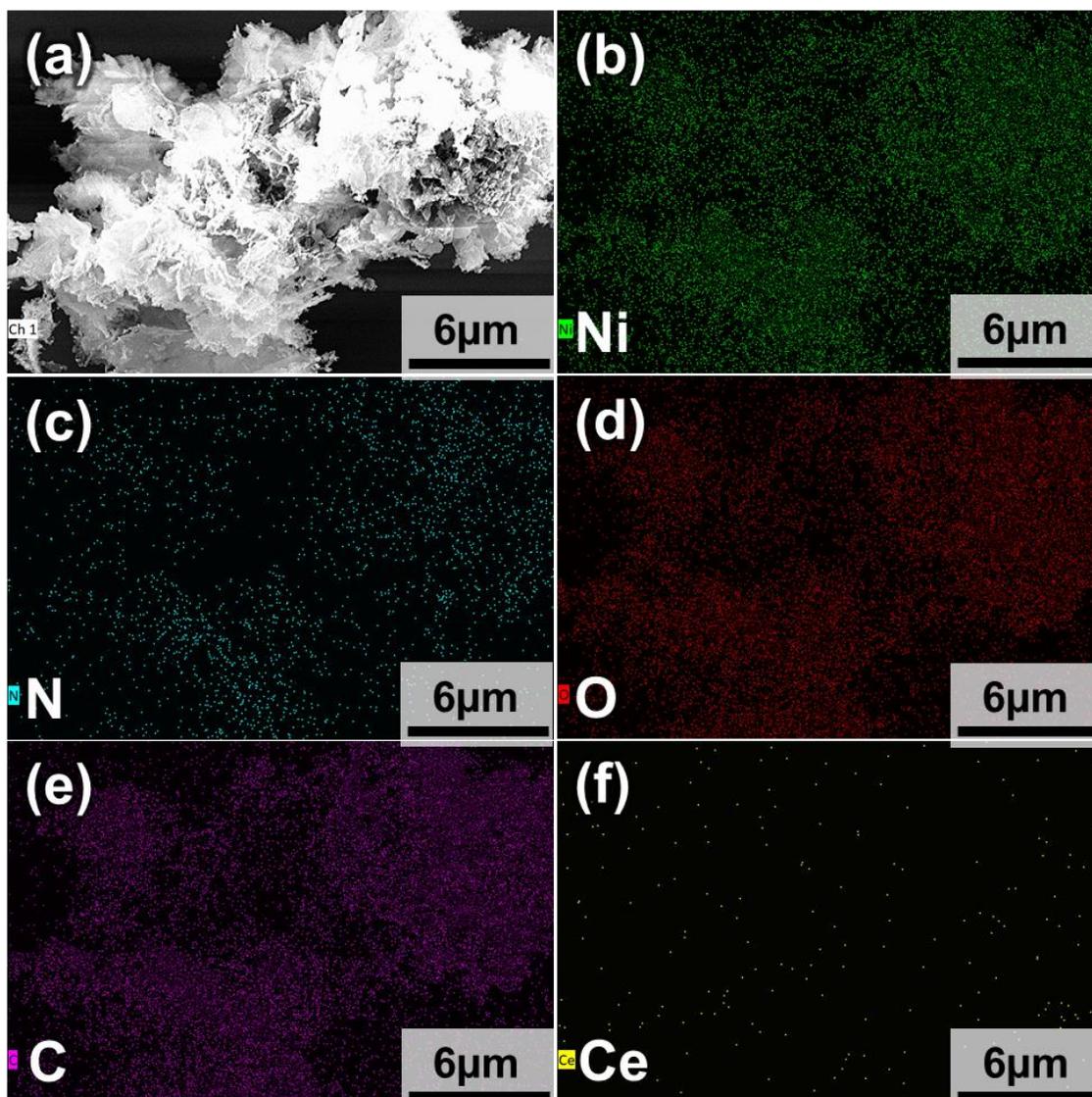


Figure S4. SEM and EDX elemental mapping images of $\text{Ce}_{0.01}\text{Ni}_{0.99}\text{-NMOF}$.

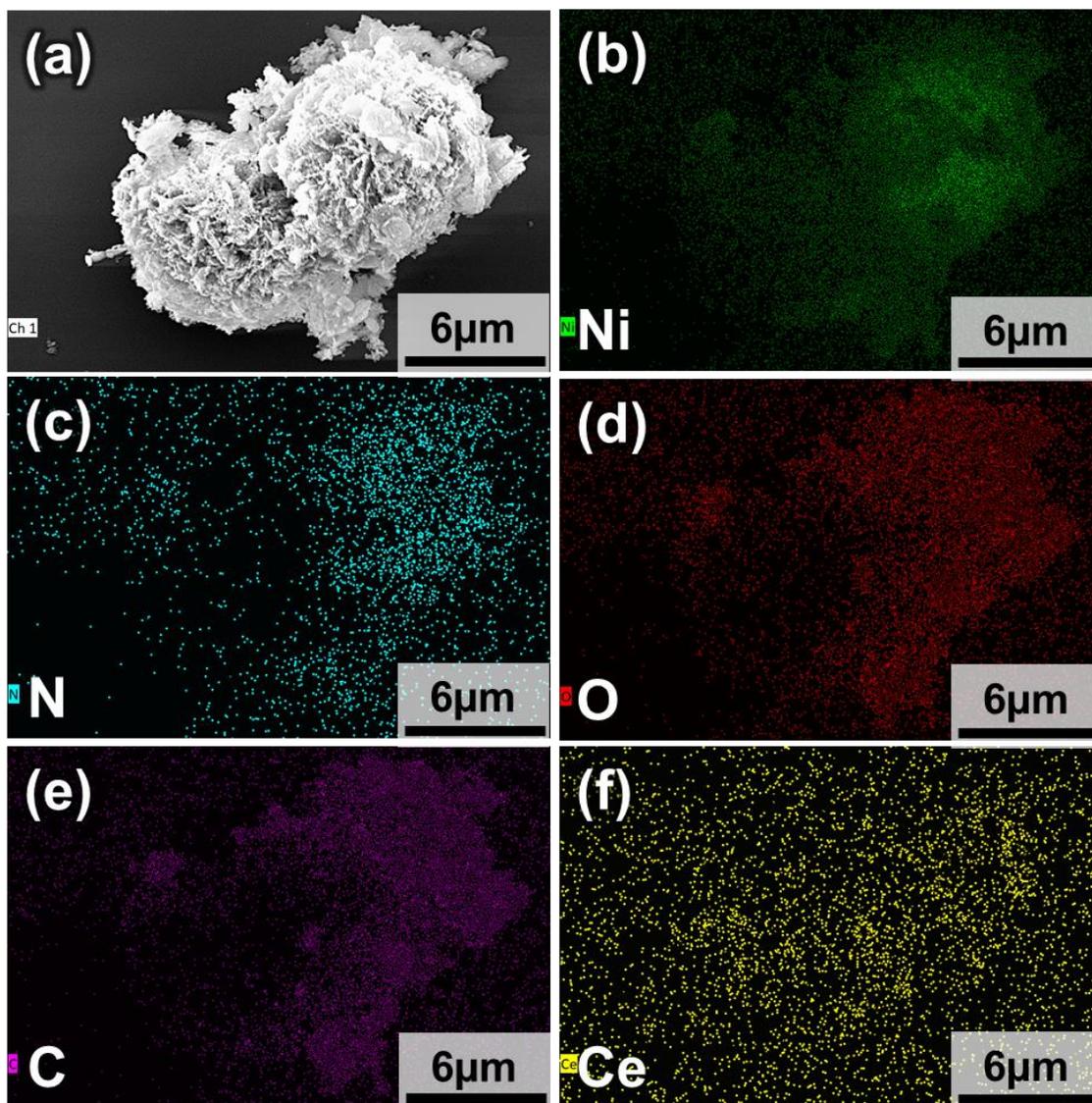


Figure S5. SEM and EDX elemental mapping images of $\text{Ce}_{0.05}\text{Ni}_{0.95}\text{-NMOF}$.

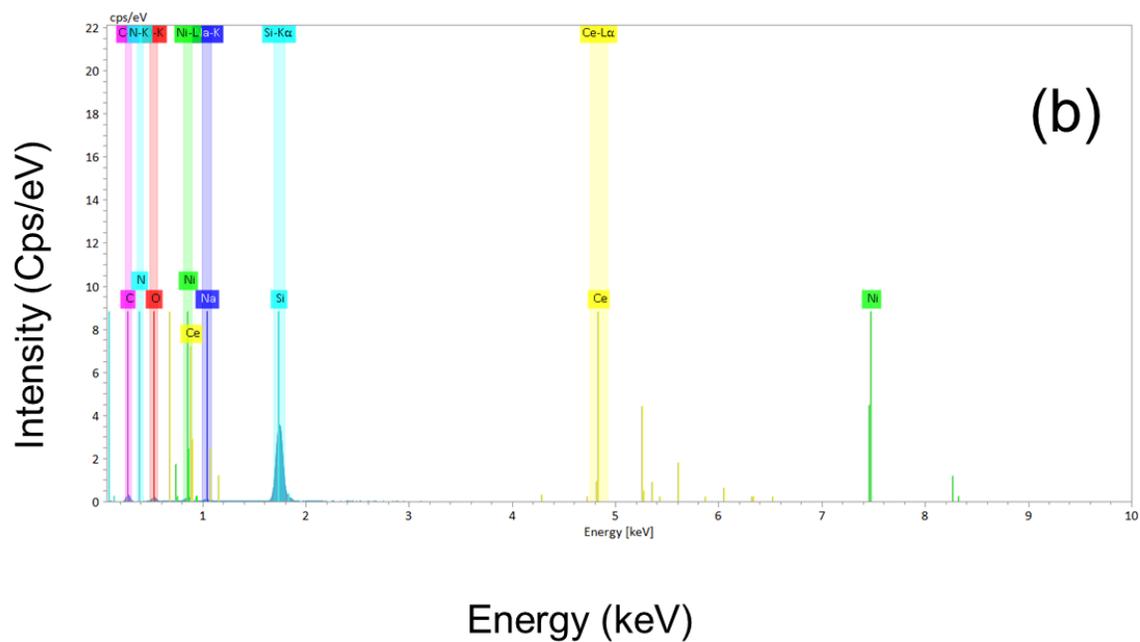
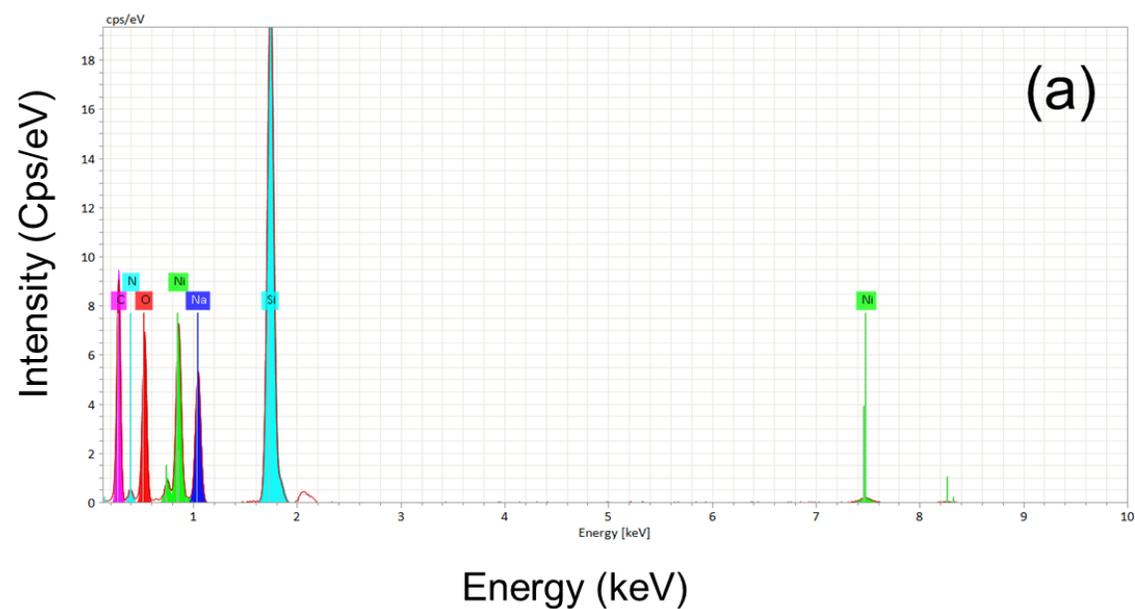


Figure S6. EDX spectra of (a) $\text{Ce}_0\text{Ni}_1\text{-NMOF}$ and (b) $\text{Ce}_{0.01}\text{Ni}_{0.99}\text{-NMOF}$.

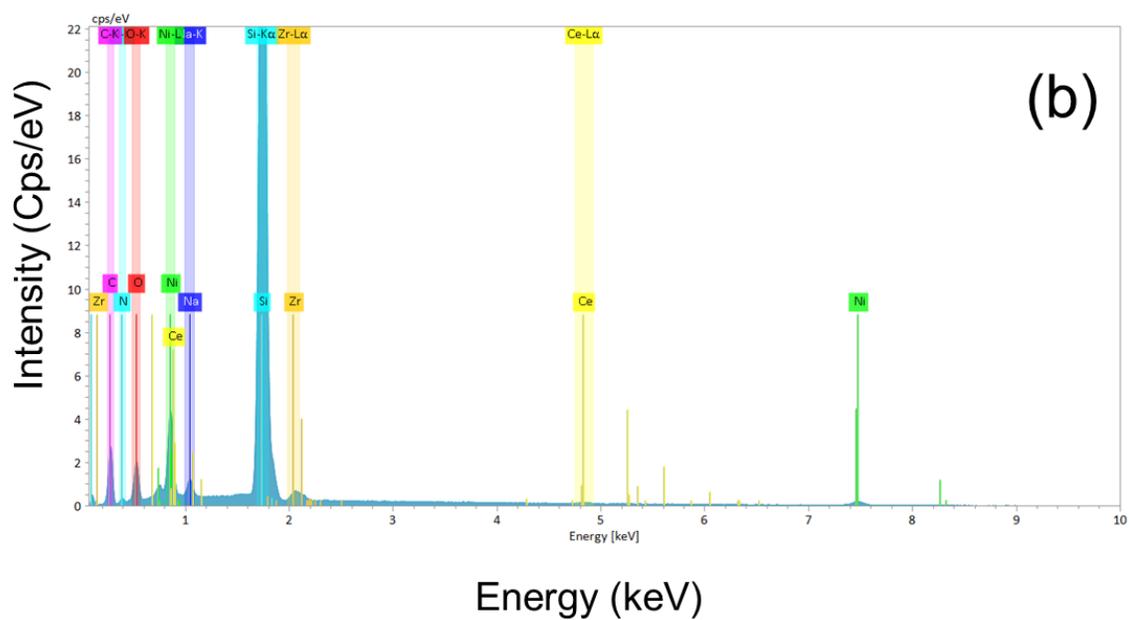
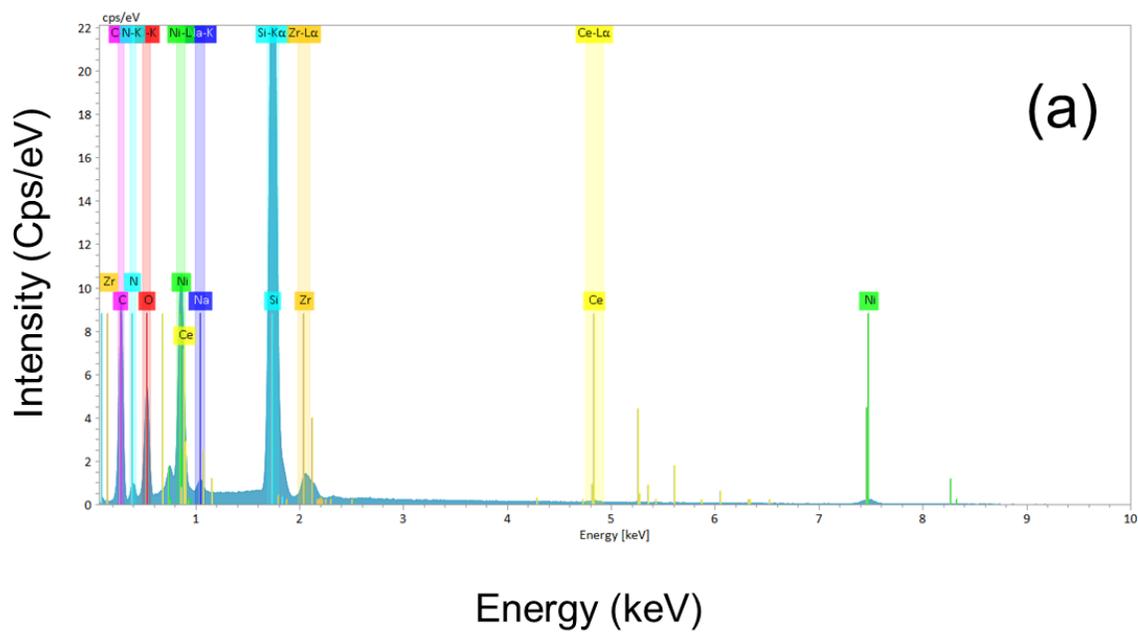


Figure S7. EDX spectra of (a) $\text{Ce}_{0.03}\text{Ni}_{0.97}$ -NMOF and (b) $\text{Ce}_{0.05}\text{Ni}_{0.95}$ -NMOF.

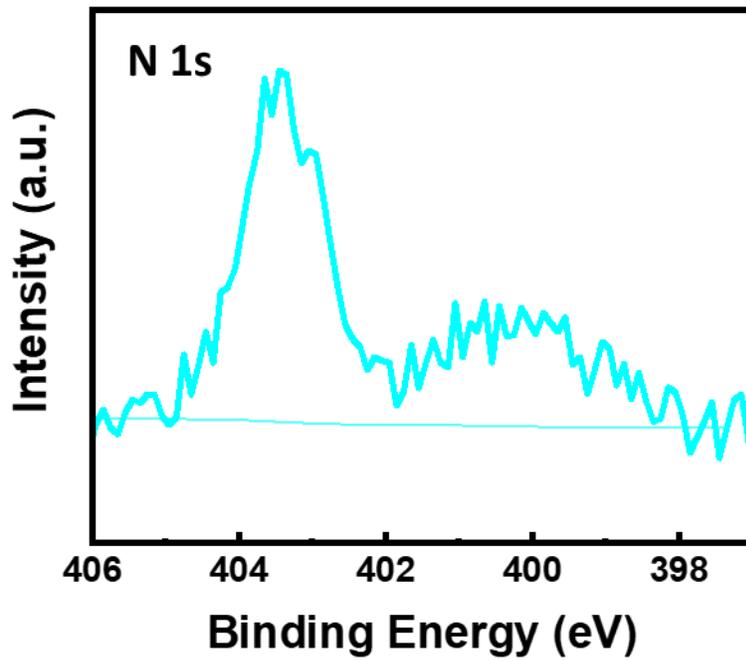
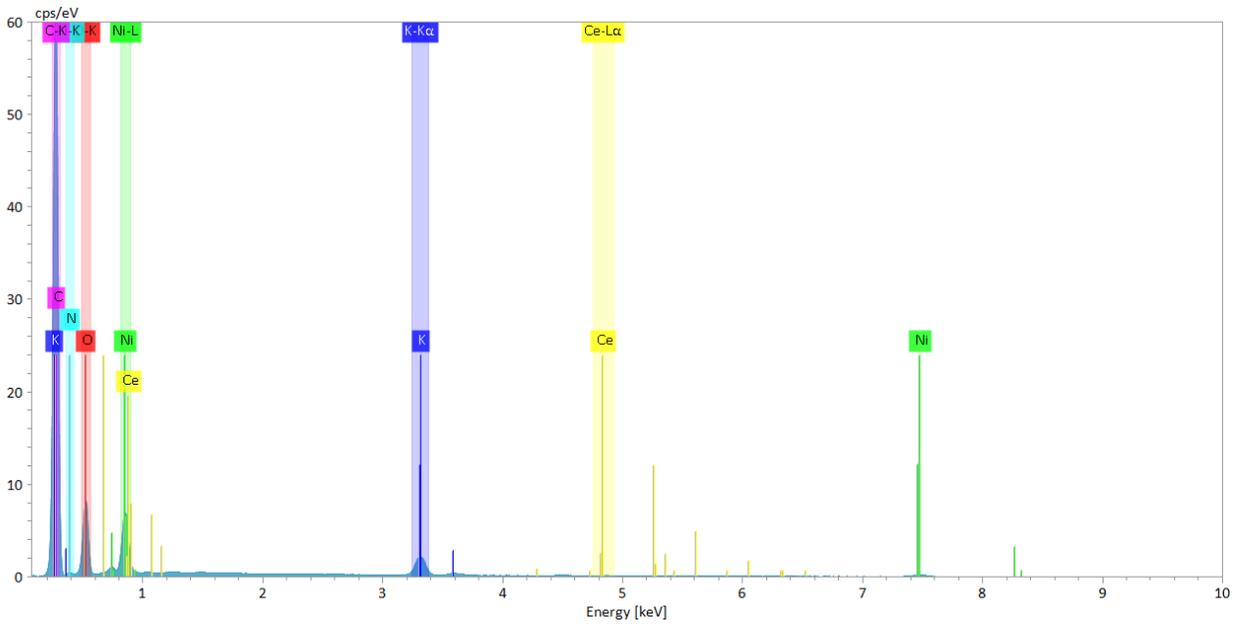


Figure S8. Post-OER (a) EDX (b) N 1s XPS spectra of Ce_{0.03}Ni_{0.97}-NMOF.

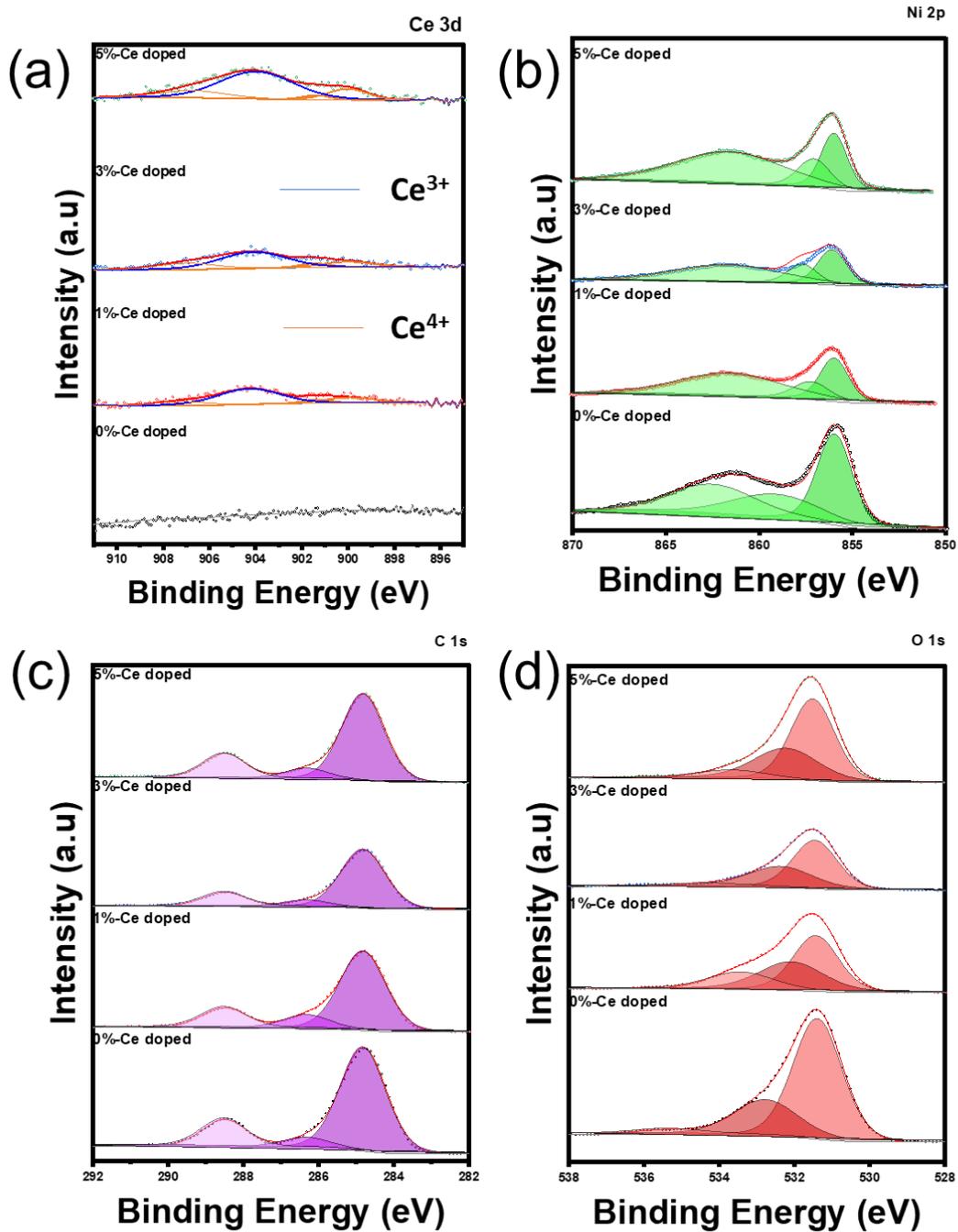


Figure S9. XPS spectra of Ce_xNi_{1-x}-MOF showing (a) Ce 3d, (b) Ni 2p, (c) C 1s, and (d) O 1s.

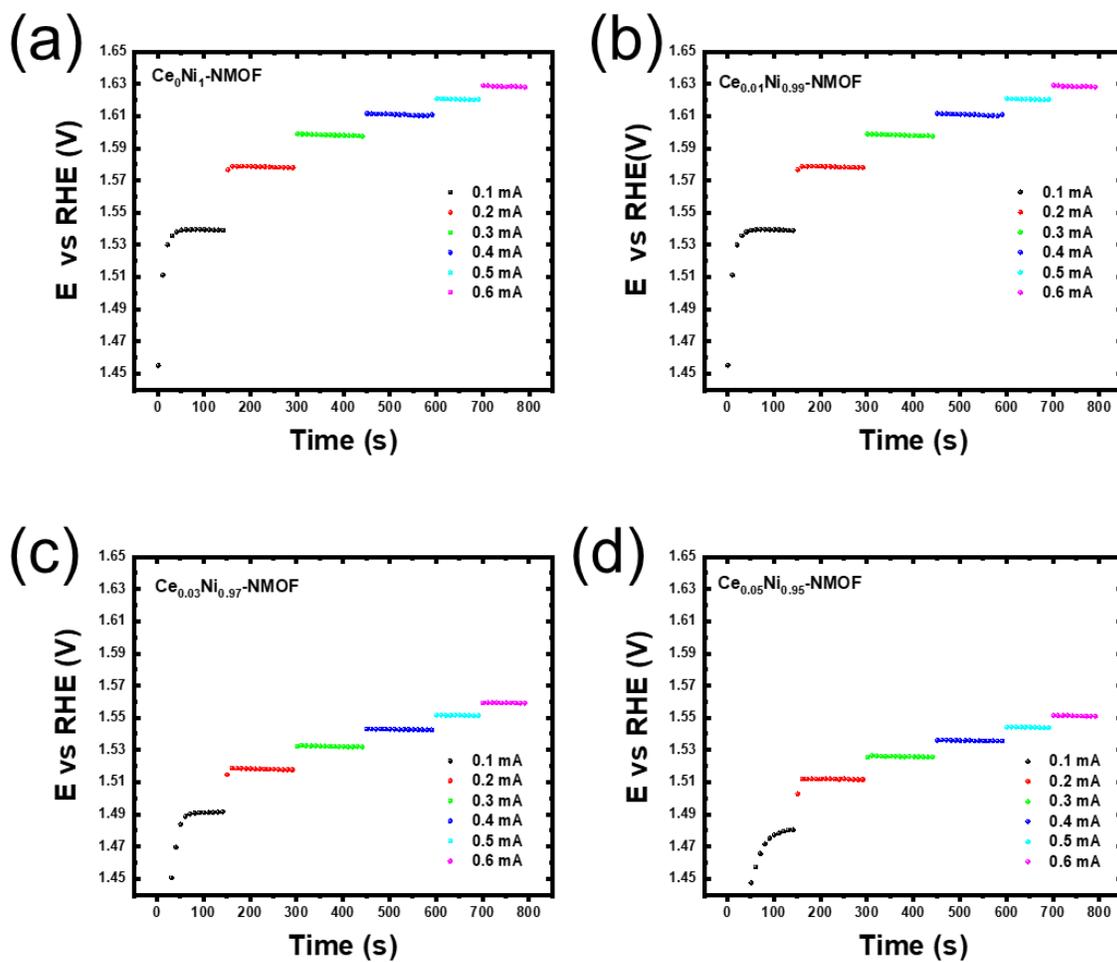


Figure S10. MUSCP plots for $\text{Ce}_x\text{Ni}_{1-x}$ -NMOF.

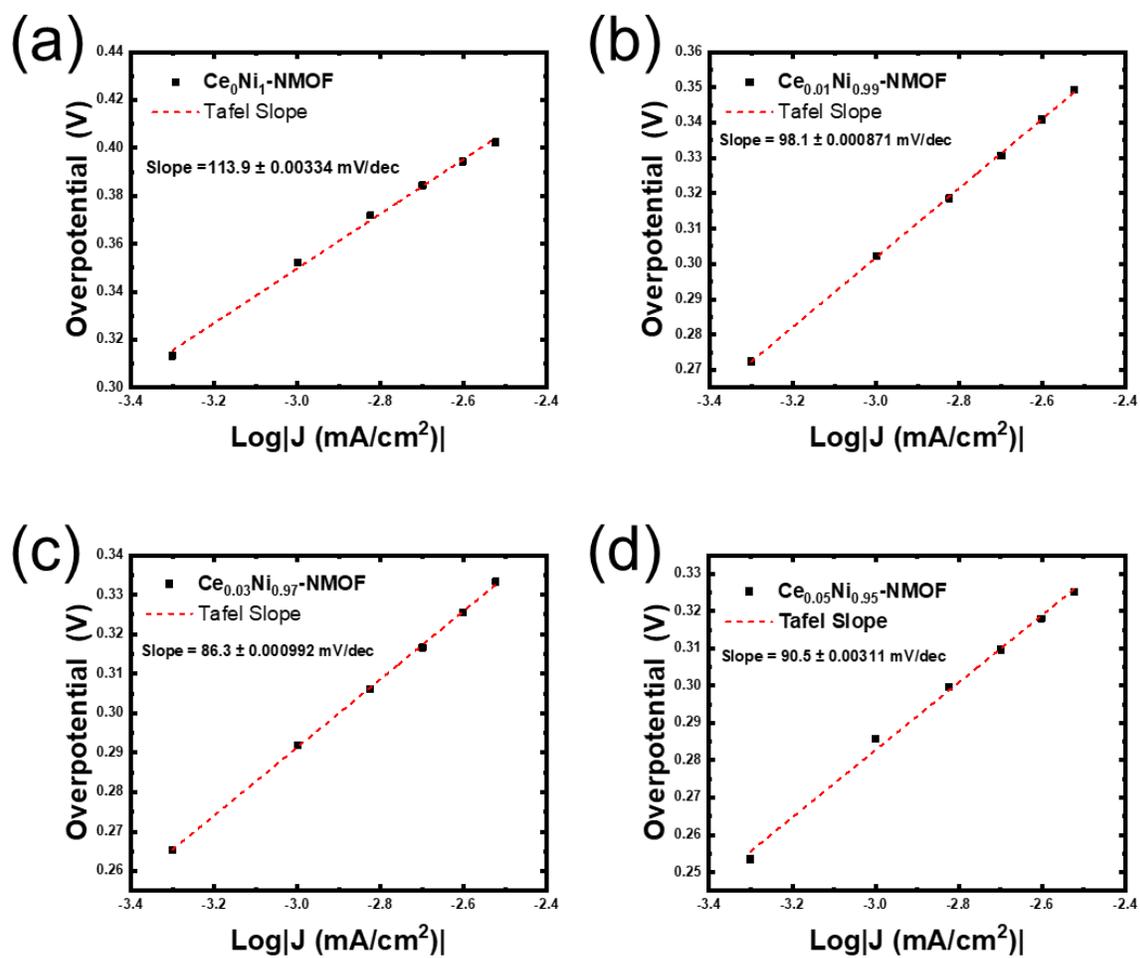


Figure S11. Tafel slopes from corresponding $\text{Ce}_x\text{Ni}_{1-x}$ -NMOF MUSCP plots.

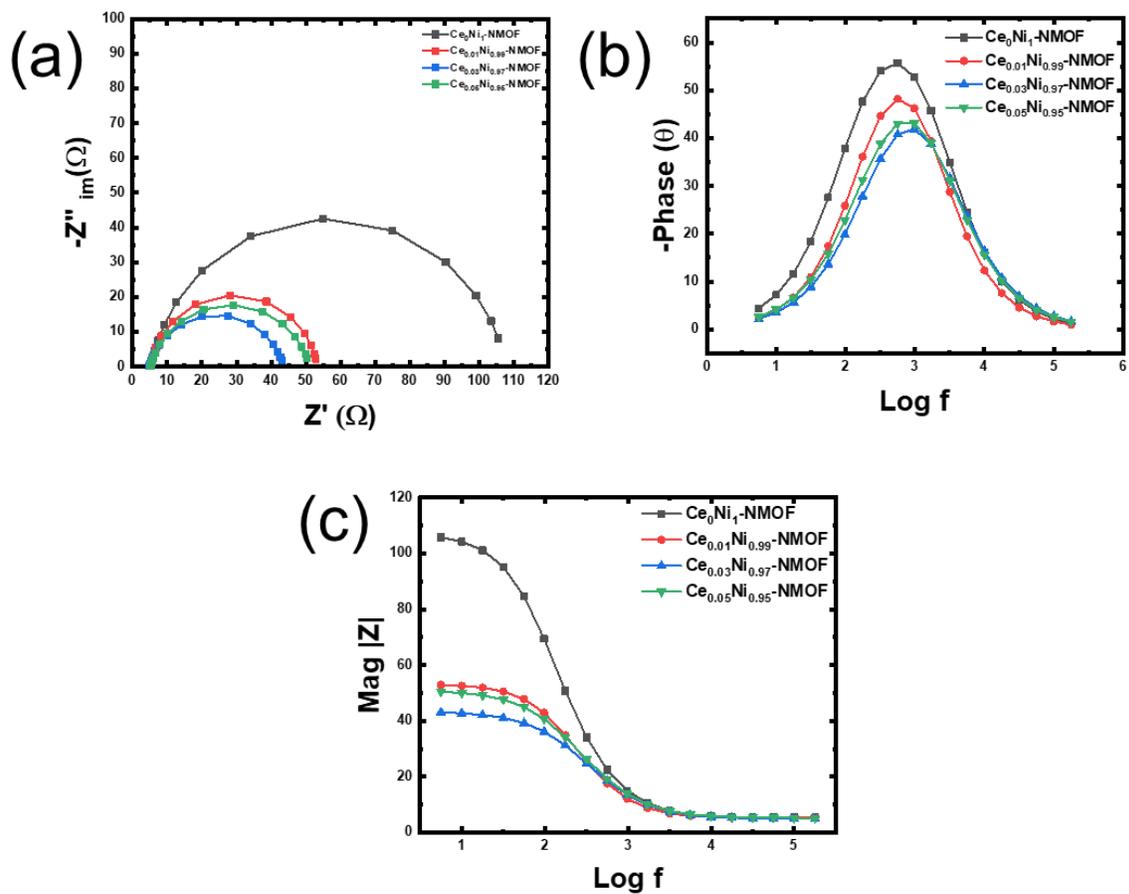


Figure S12. EIS results showing (a) Nyquist plots and (b and c) Bode plots for $\text{Ce}_x\text{Ni}_{1-x}\text{-NMOF}$.

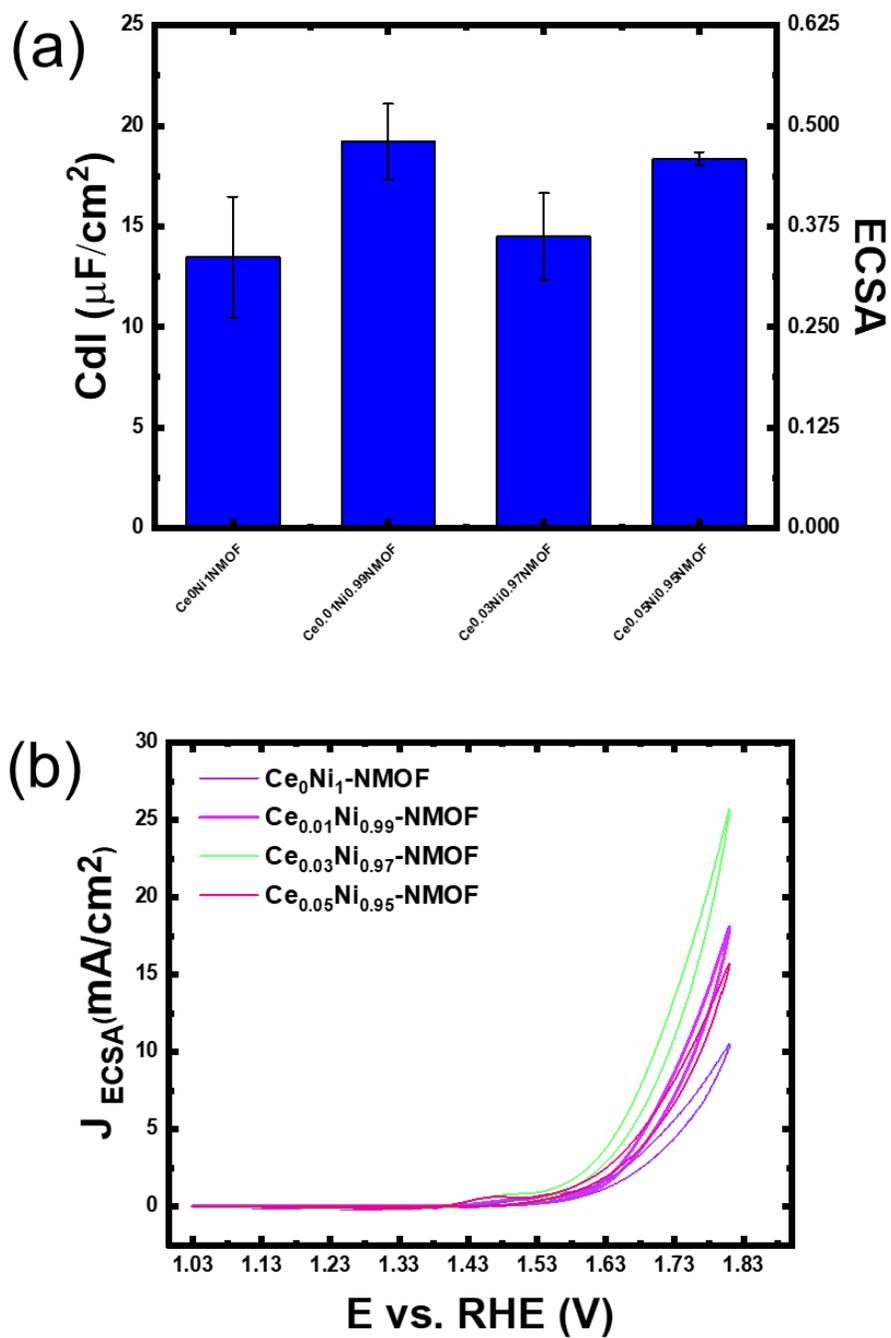


Figure S13. (a) Double-layer capacitance and ECSA values for $\text{Ce}_x\text{Ni}_{1-x}$ -NMOF. (b) ECSA normalized current for $\text{Ce}_x\text{Ni}_{1-x}$ -NMOF polarization curves.

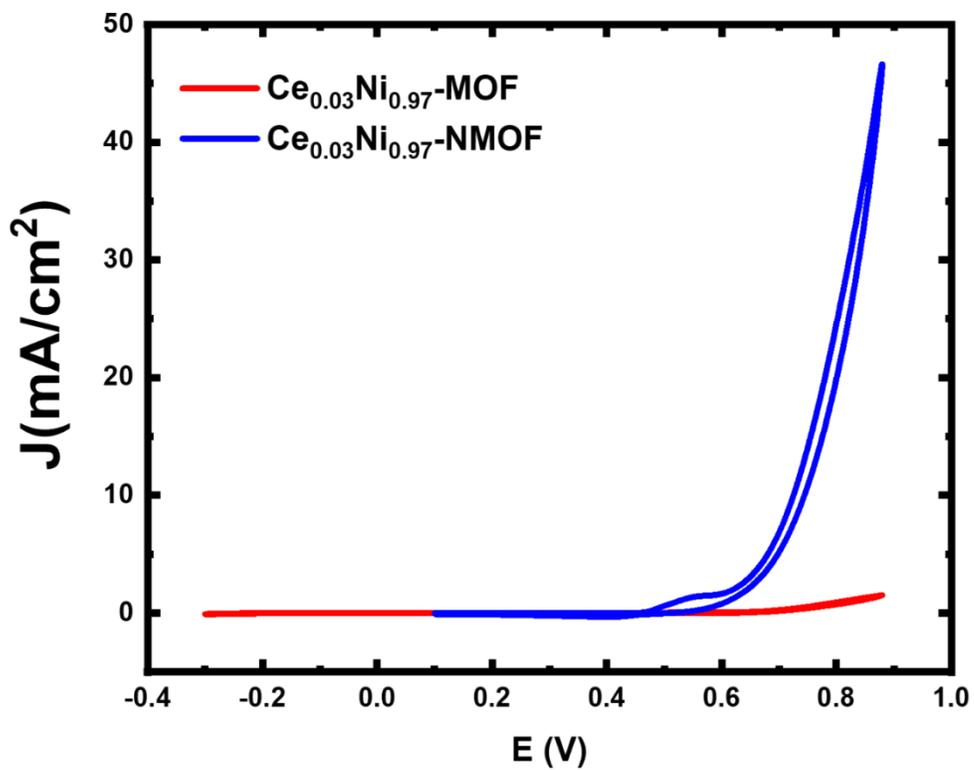
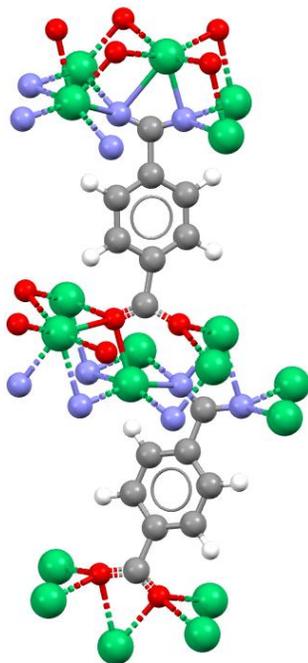


Figure S14. CV curves showing the effect of nitridation.

(a)



(b)

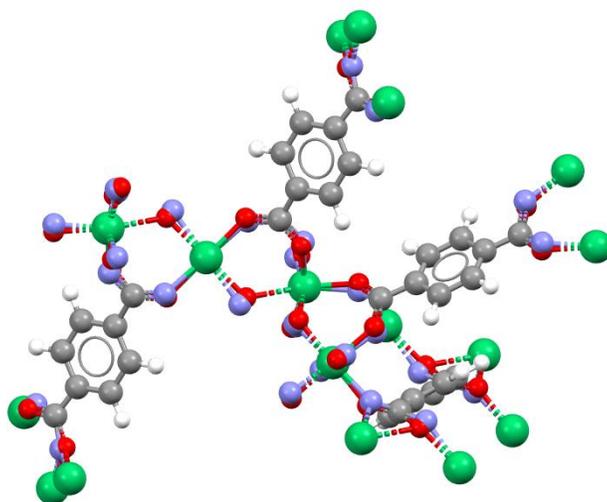


Figure S15. Micro-ED results of (a) Ce₀Ni₁-NMOF and (b) Ce_{0.03}Ni_{0.97}-NMOF.

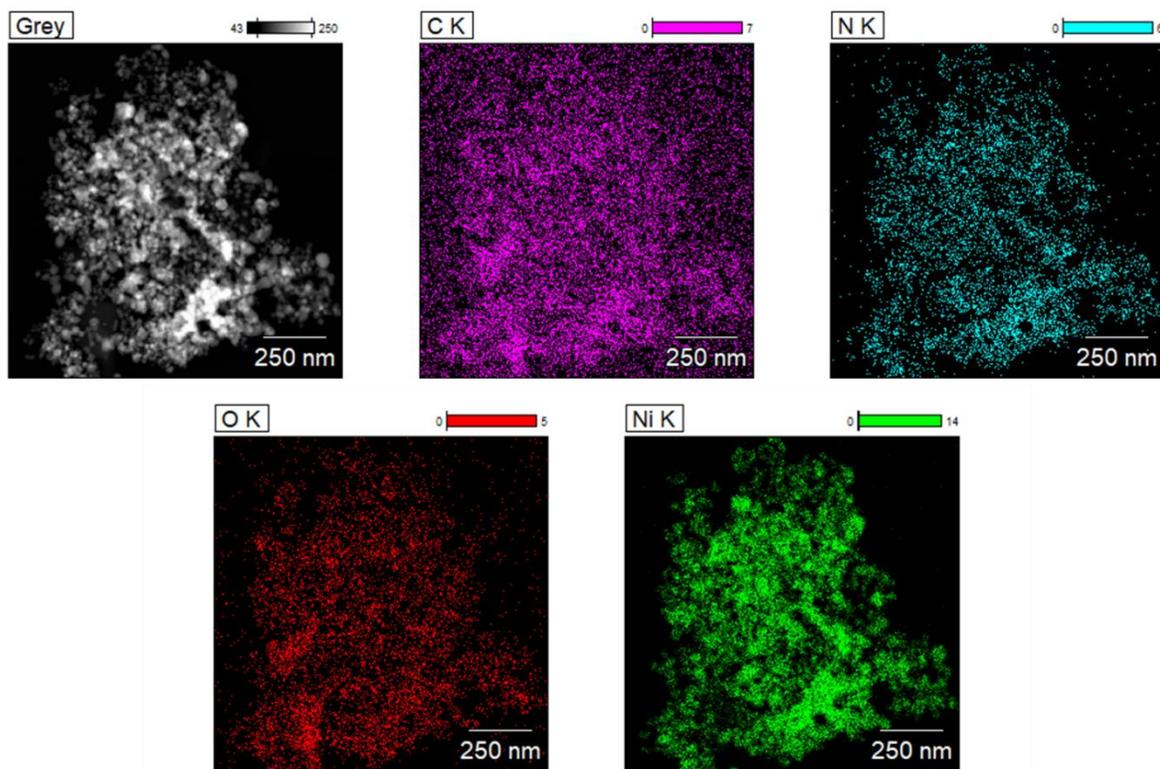


Figure S16. TEM and EDX elemental mapping images of Ce₀Ni₁-NMOF.

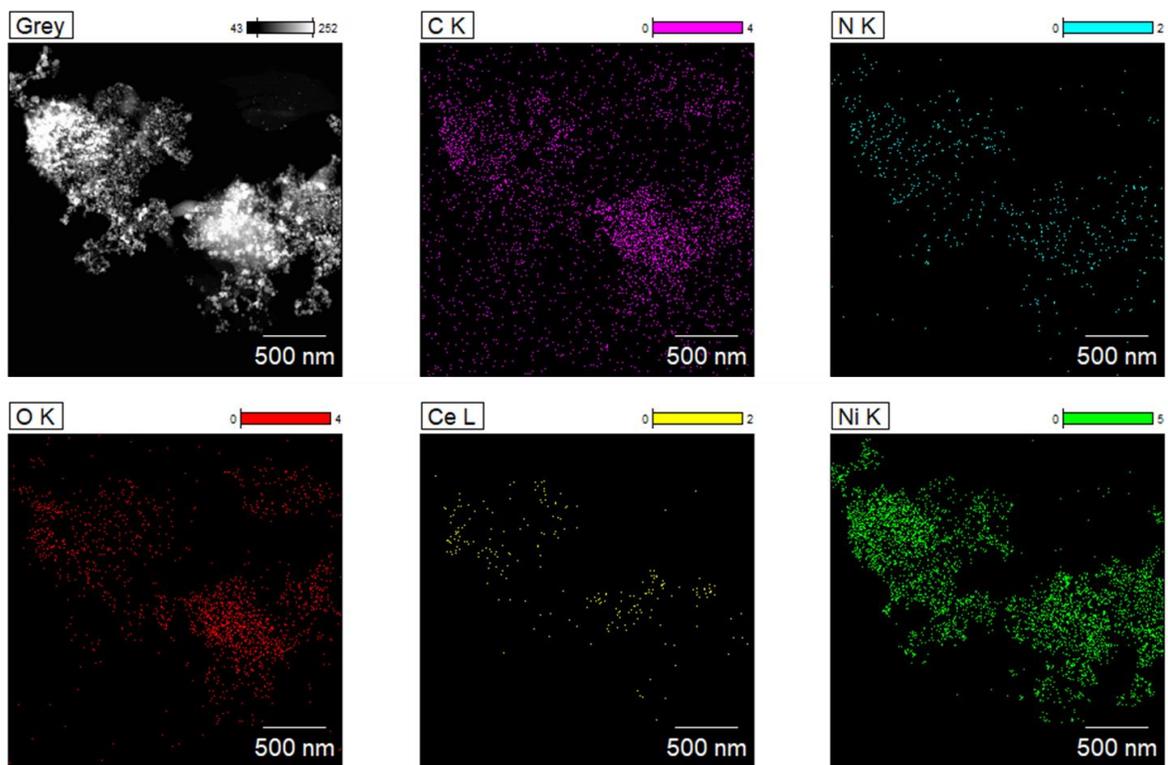


Figure S17. TEM and EDX elemental mapping images of $\text{Ce}_{0.03}\text{Ni}_{0.97}\text{-NMOF}$.

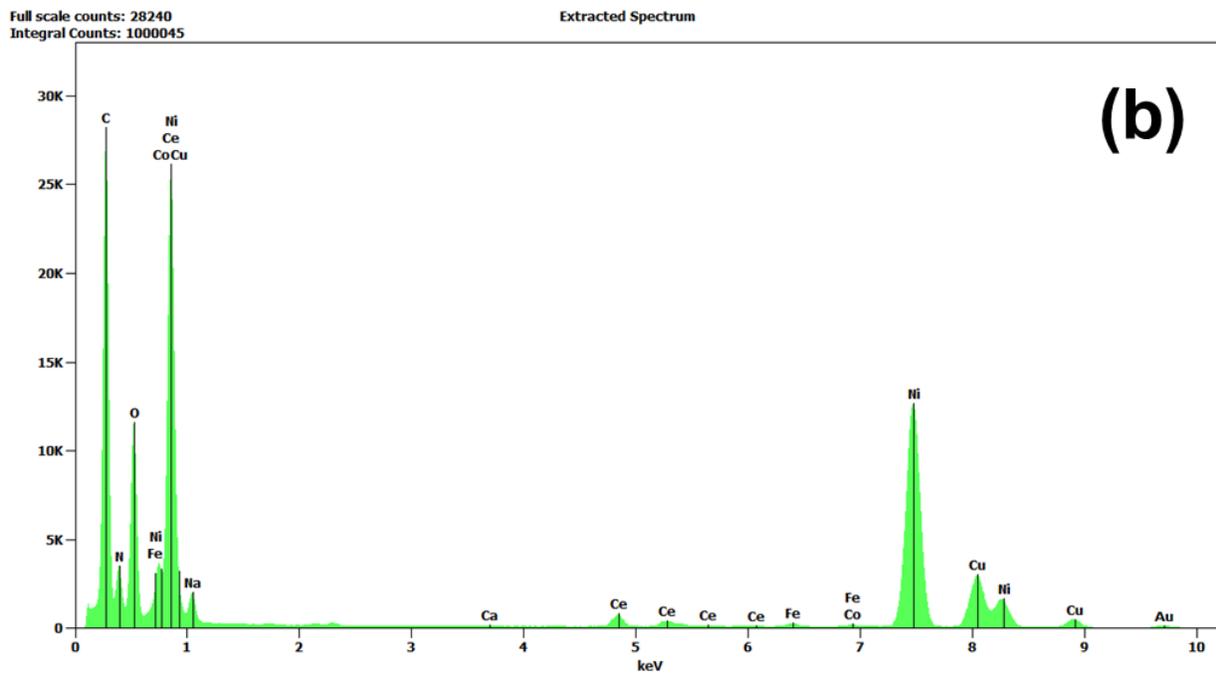
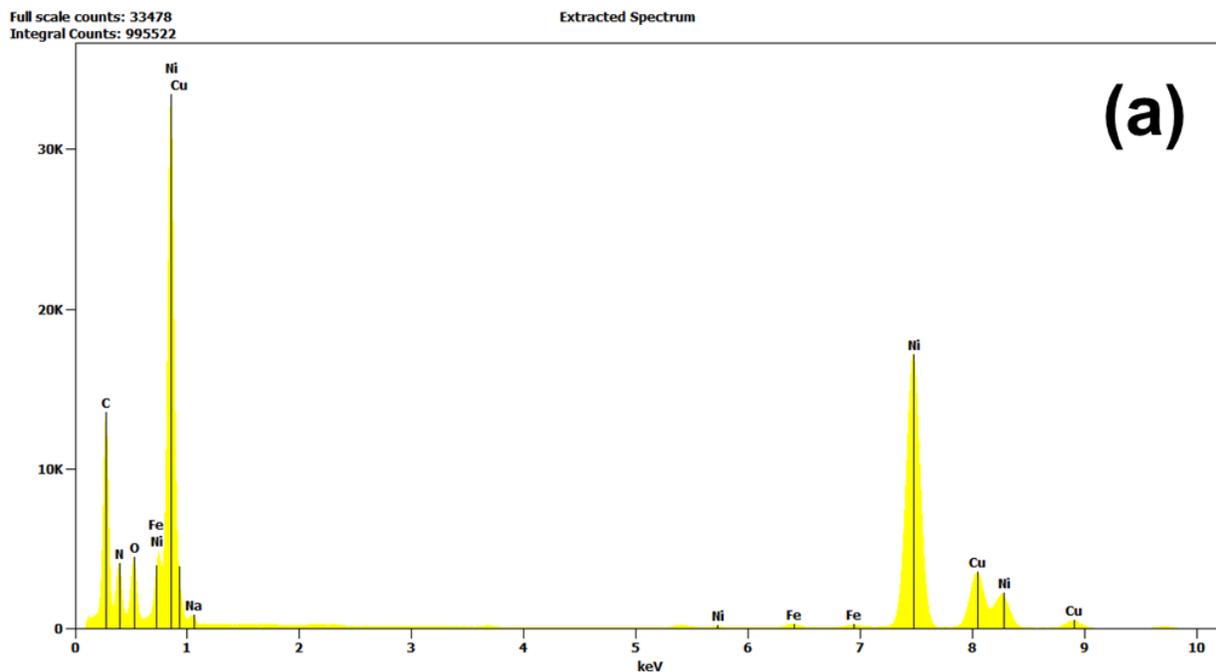


Figure S18. TEM-EDX spectra of (a) $\text{Ce}_0\text{Ni}_1\text{-NMOF}$ and (b) $\text{Ce}_{0.03}\text{Ni}_{0.97}\text{-NMOF}$.

Table S1. ICP-MS determination of metallic distribution. *BDL: below detection limit

Elements		
Substance	Ni %	Ce %
Ce ₀ Ni ₁ -NMOF	99.9918	8.24E-05
Ce _{0.01} Ni _{0.99} -NMOF	97.5663	2.4337
Ce _{0.03} Ni _{0.97} -NMOF	91.3843	8.6157
Ce _{0.05} Ni _{0.95} -NMOF	87.6709	12.3291
Pristine KOH	NA	BDL
Post-OER KOH	NA	BDL

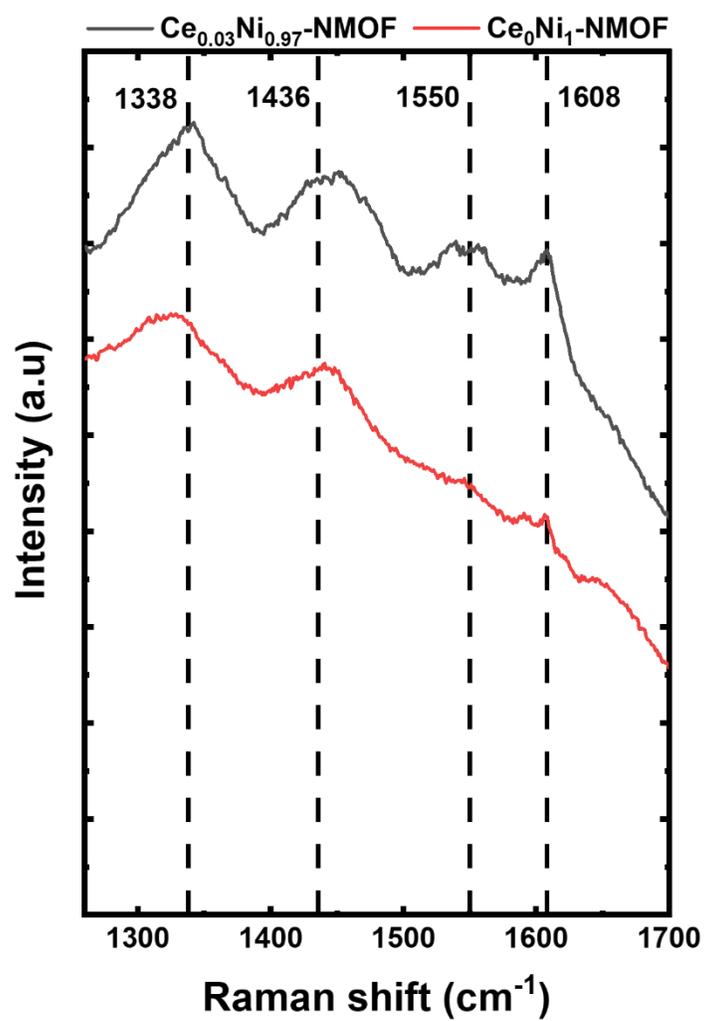


Figure S19. Post-OER *ex-situ* Raman spectra of Ce₀Ni₁-NMOF and Ce_{0.03}Ni_{0.97}-NMOF.

Table S2. Crystal data and refinement parameters

	Ce ₀ Ni ₁ -NMOF	Ce _{0.03} Ni _{0.97} -NMOF
Chemical Formula	C ₈ H ₄ Ni ₂ O ₄	C ₁₇ H ₉ Ni ₃ O ₇
FW	281.50	501.33
Crystal system, space group	Triclinic, P1	Triclinic, P-1
Temperature (K)	100	100
a,b,c (Å)	3.400(3), 5.200(4), 18.300(3)	8.600(3), 8.900(4), 10.600(3)
$\alpha, \beta, \gamma,$	90.10(3), 90.20(3), 90.70(3),	112.50(3), 97.90(3), 94.90(3),
Volume (Å ³)	323.5(5)	734.0(5)
ρ (g/cm ³)	2.623	1.998
Z	4	4
Diffractometer	Thermo Fisher Glacios	Thermo Fisher Glacios
Accelerating voltage (kV)	200	200
Wavelength (Å)	0.025	0.025
Rotation rate (°/s)	1	1
# of crystals used	1	1
Resolution (Å)	0.65	0.70
Completeness (%)	63.3	63.1
R _{σ}	0.0894	0.1248
R _{int}	--	0.0784
R ₁ , wR ₂ , S [GooF]	0.3699, 0.6916	0.2121, 0.5022
Tot. No. of Reflections	3017	5675
No. of Independent Reflections	3017	2901

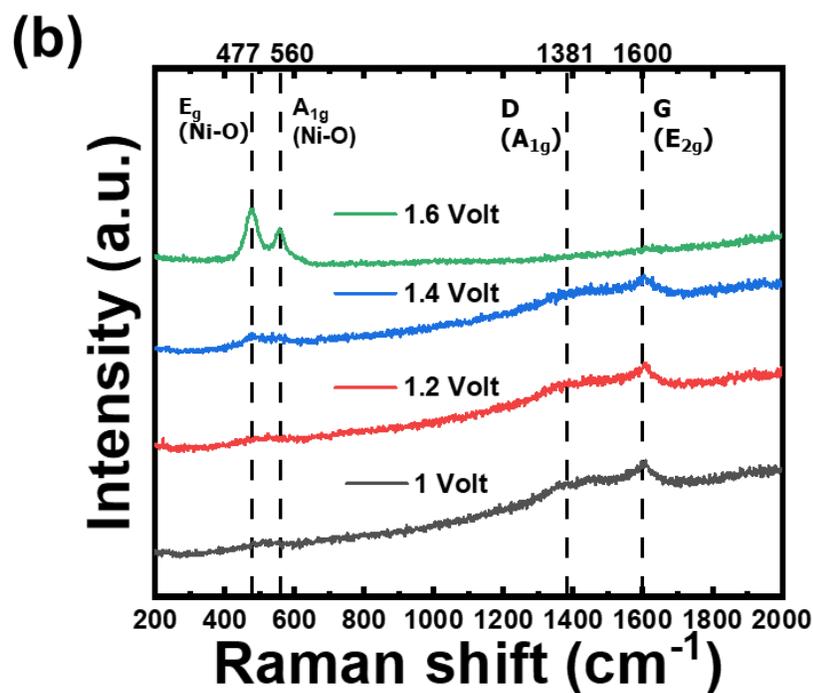
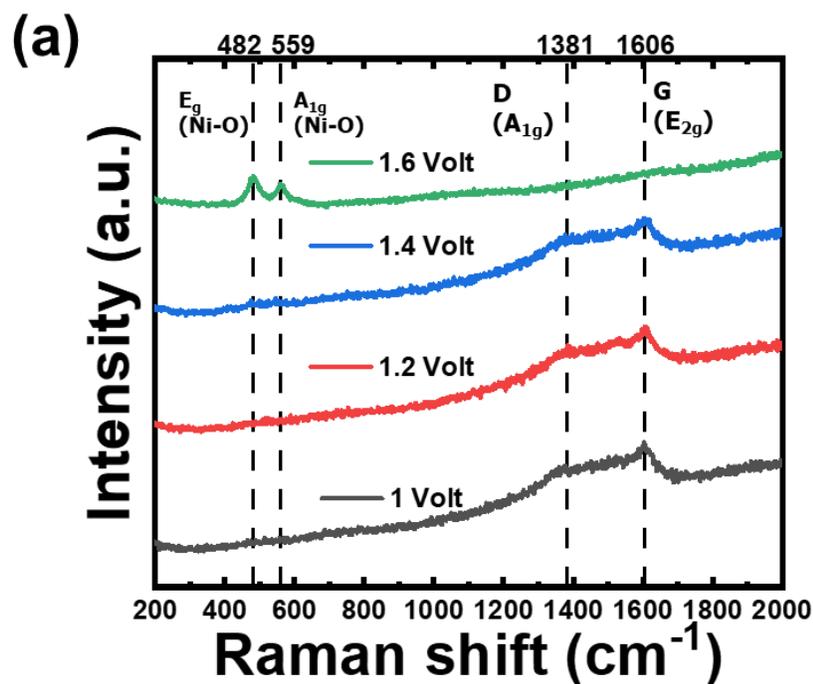


Figure S20. *In-situ* Raman measurements using a 514 nm laser at various potentials showing (a) NiOOH and graphitic carbon bands in $\text{Ce}_0\text{Ni}_1\text{-NMOF}$ and (b) NiOOH and graphitic carbon bands in $\text{Ce}_{0.03}\text{Ni}_{0.97}\text{-NMOF}$.

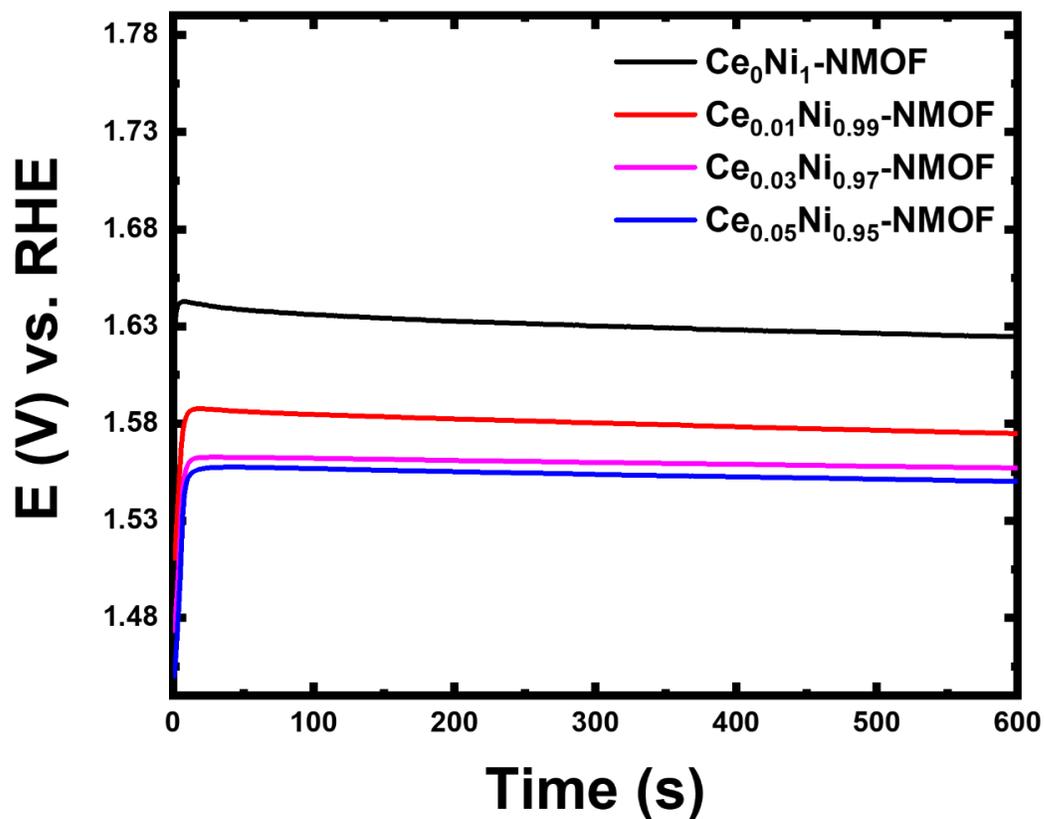


Figure S21. Chronopotentiometry of Ce_xNi_{1-x}-NMOF.

Supporting Note for Figure S21

Chronopotentiometry was conducted for 10 minutes to completely oxidize the precatalyst, creating a stable surface. This ensured that the current observed in the OER region is solely from OER currents and not a convoluting response from surface oxidation.

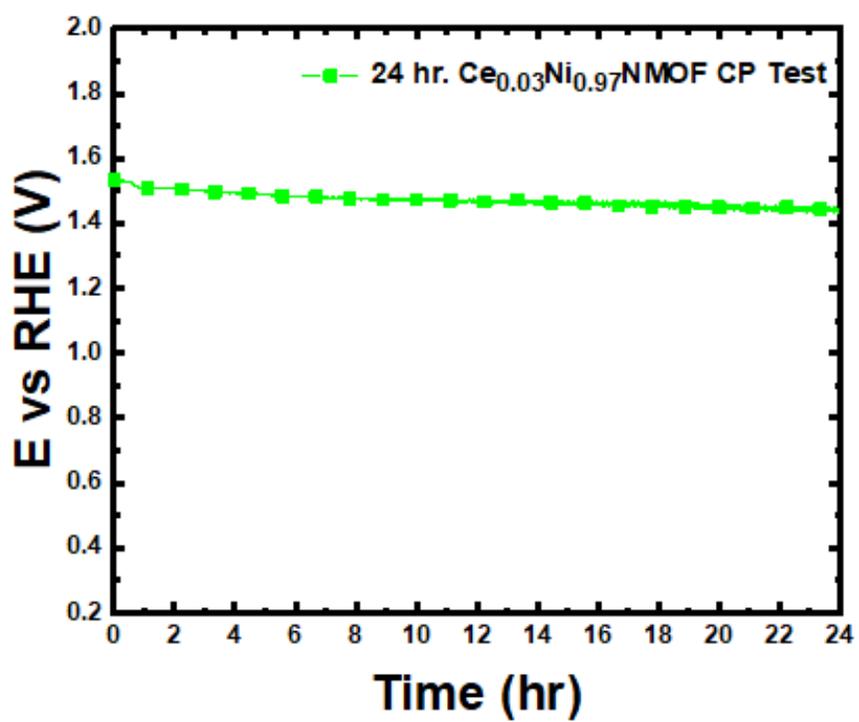


Figure S22. 24 h CP test for Ce_{0.03}Ni_{0.97}NMOF.

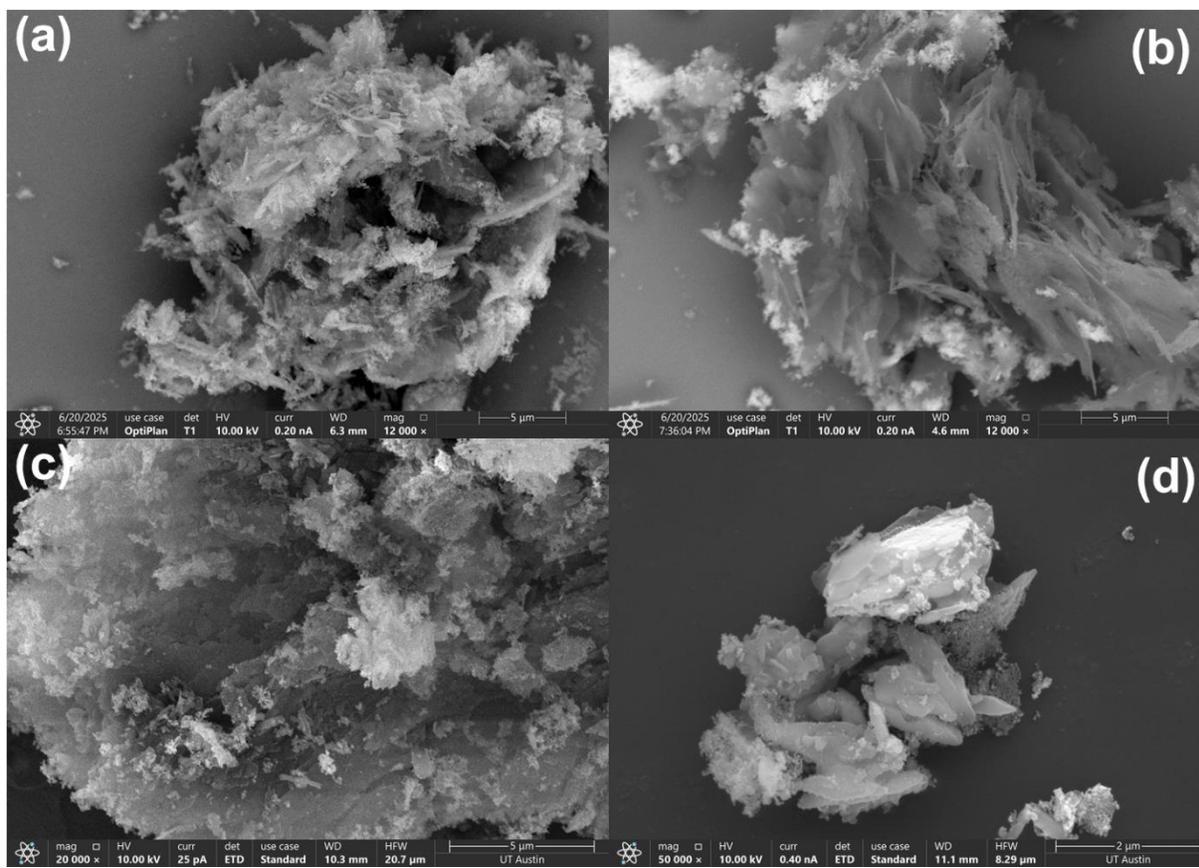


Figure S23. Scanning electron microscope images of (a) $\text{Ce}_0\text{Ni}_1\text{-NMOF}$, (b) $\text{Ce}_{0.01}\text{Ni}_{0.99}\text{-NMOF}$, (c) $\text{Ce}_{0.03}\text{Ni}_{0.97}\text{-NMOF}$, and (d) $\text{Ce}_{0.05}\text{Ni}_{0.95}\text{-NMOF}$.