

## Supplementary Information

### Defect engineering and triangular copper as key drivers for ultralow thermal conductivity in $\text{Cu}_2\text{ZrS}_3$ polytypes

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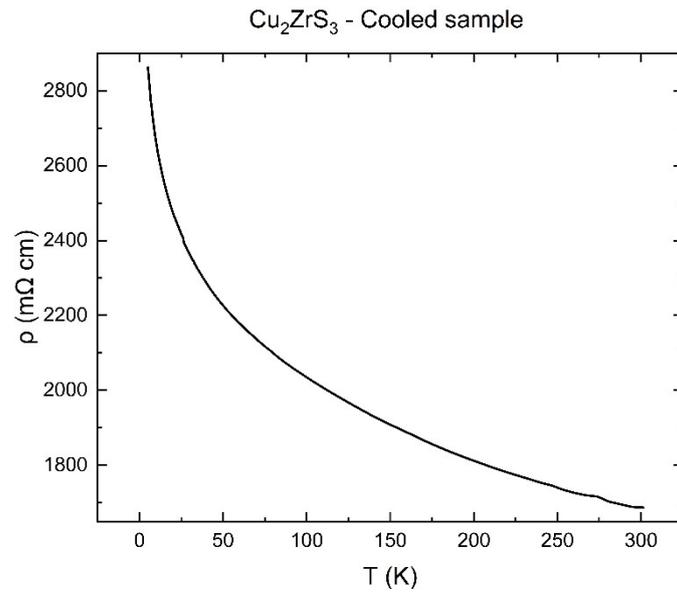
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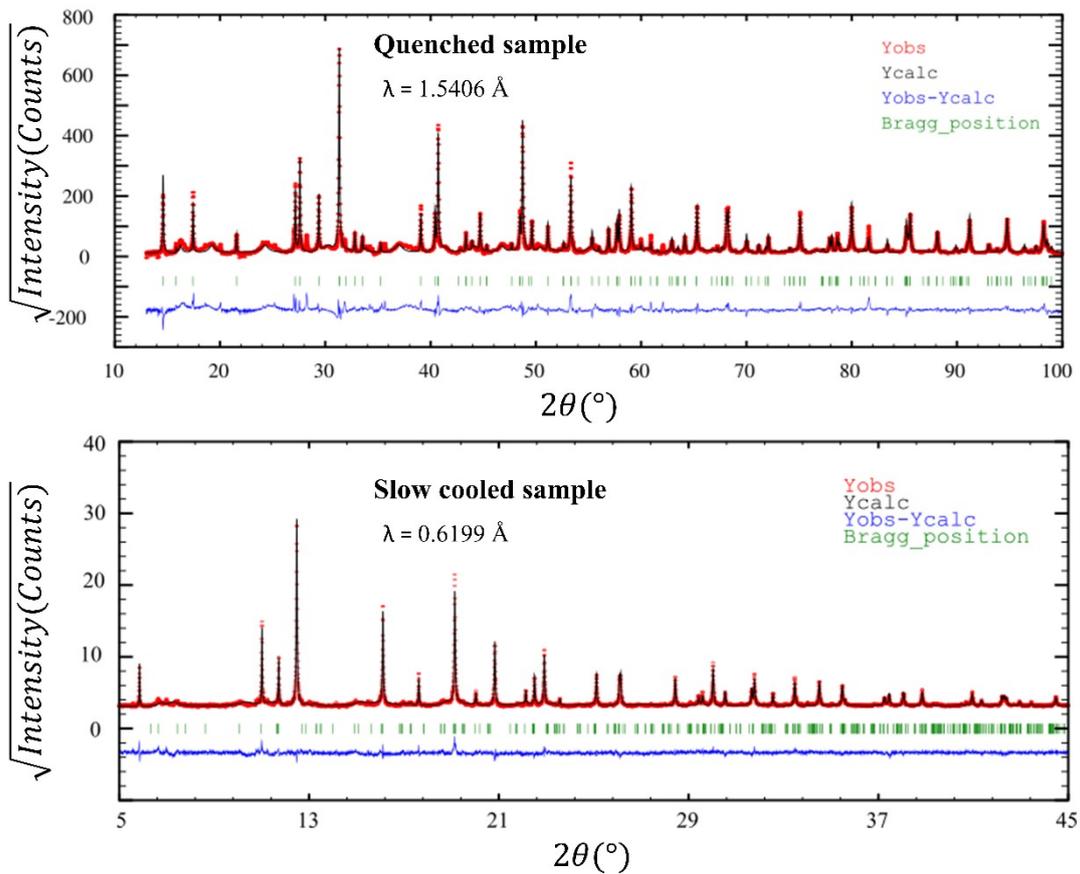
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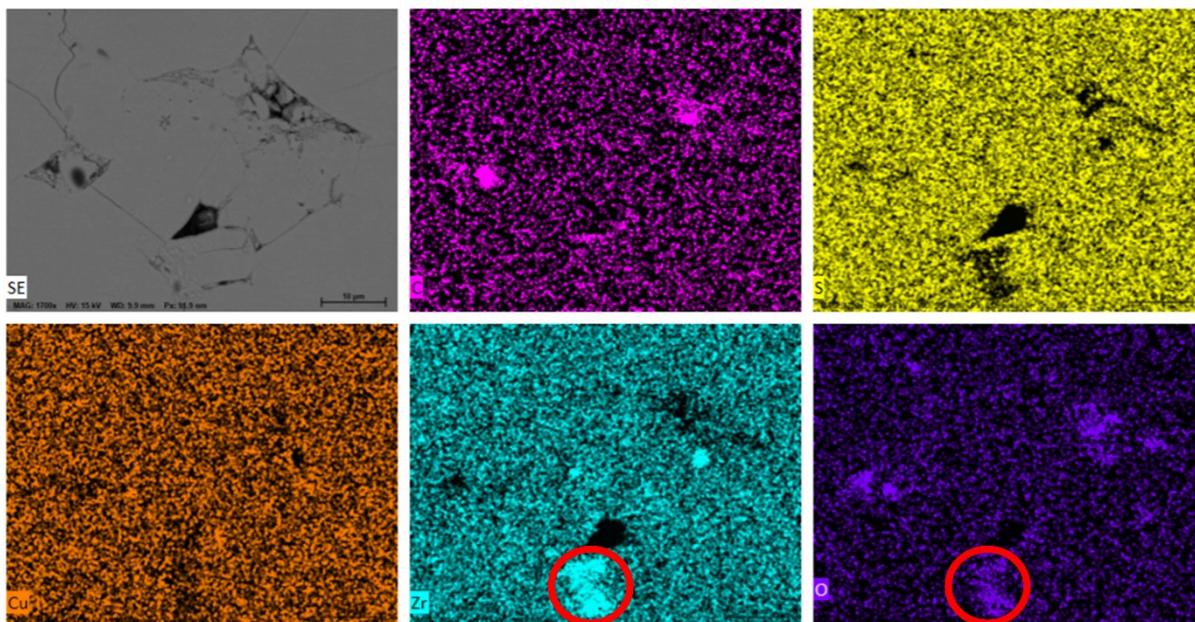
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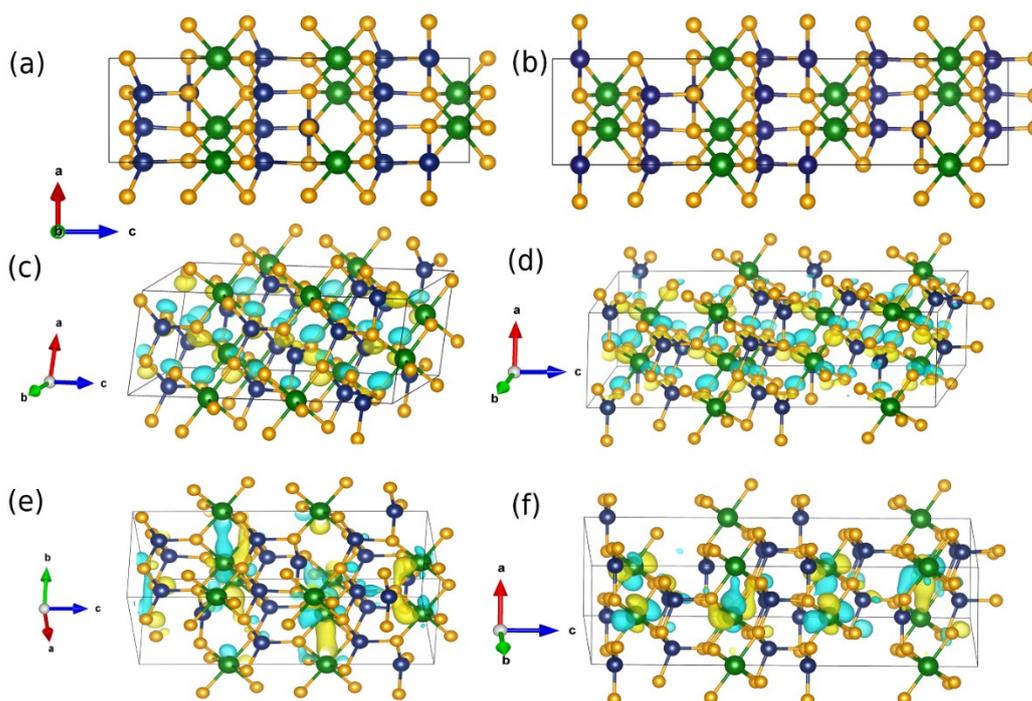
**Figure S1.** Measurement of the resistivity of  $\text{Cu}_2\text{ZrS}_3$  at low temperature.



**Figure S2.** Rietveld refinement of synchrotron XRD patterns of a) quenched sample and b) slow cooled sample, considering stacking fault models.

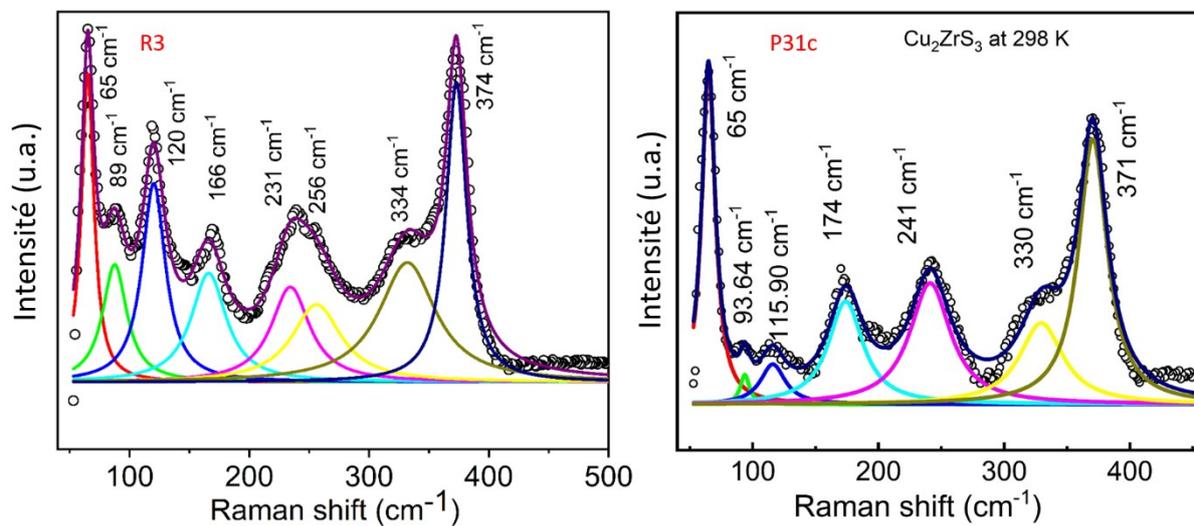


**Figure S3.** EDX mapping of the slow-cooled  $\text{Cu}_2\text{ZrS}_3$  sample.

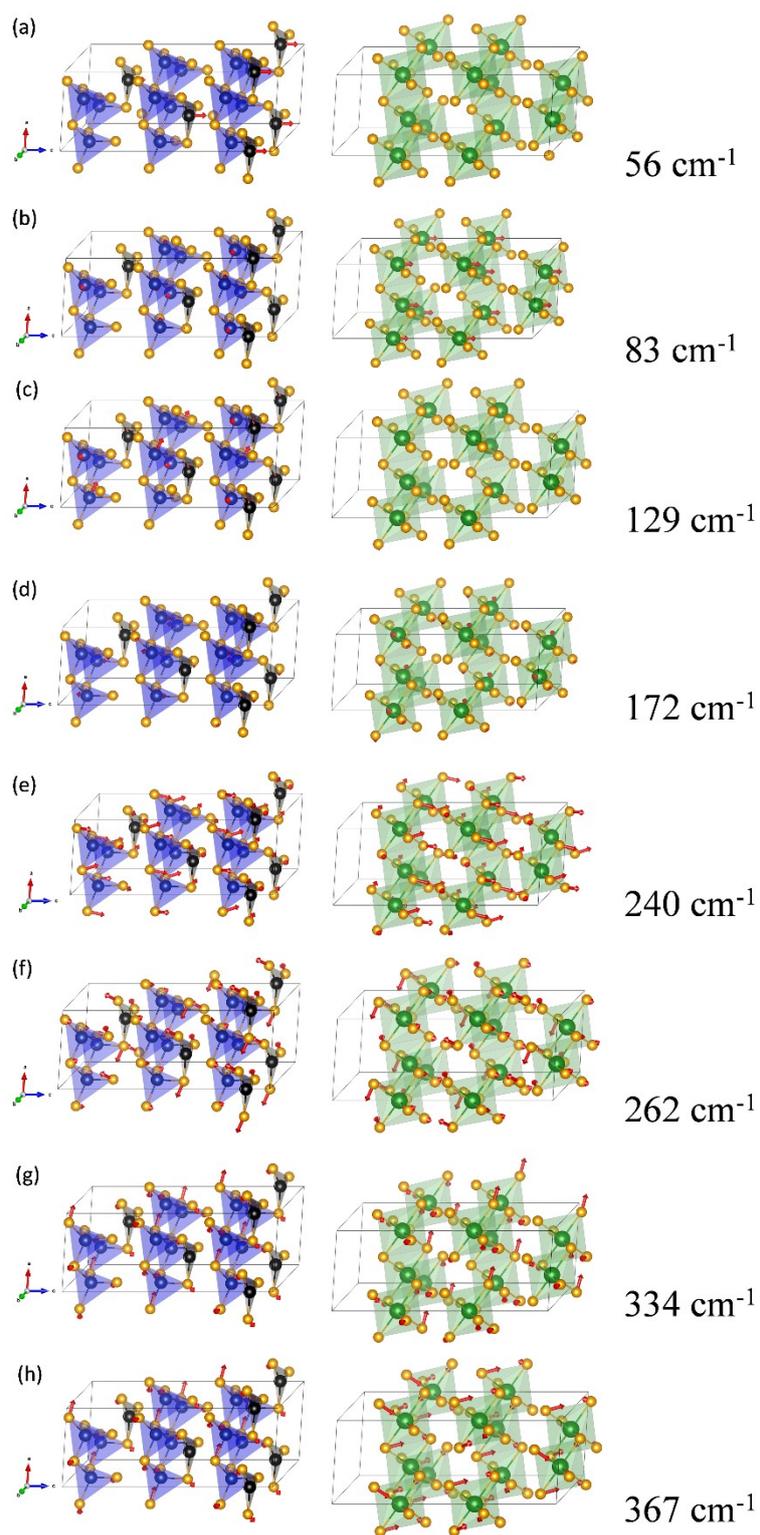


**Figure S4.** Crystal structures and visualization of wavefunctions at band edges of  $\text{Cu}_2\text{ZrS}_3$ . Optimized structures obtained with ABC (a) and ABCB (b) stacking of its layers. Spheres in green, blue and orange represent Zr, Cu and S respectively. Cu atoms coordinated with three S form a planar structure with them. Visualization of wavefunctions at VBM shows S-*p* orbitals

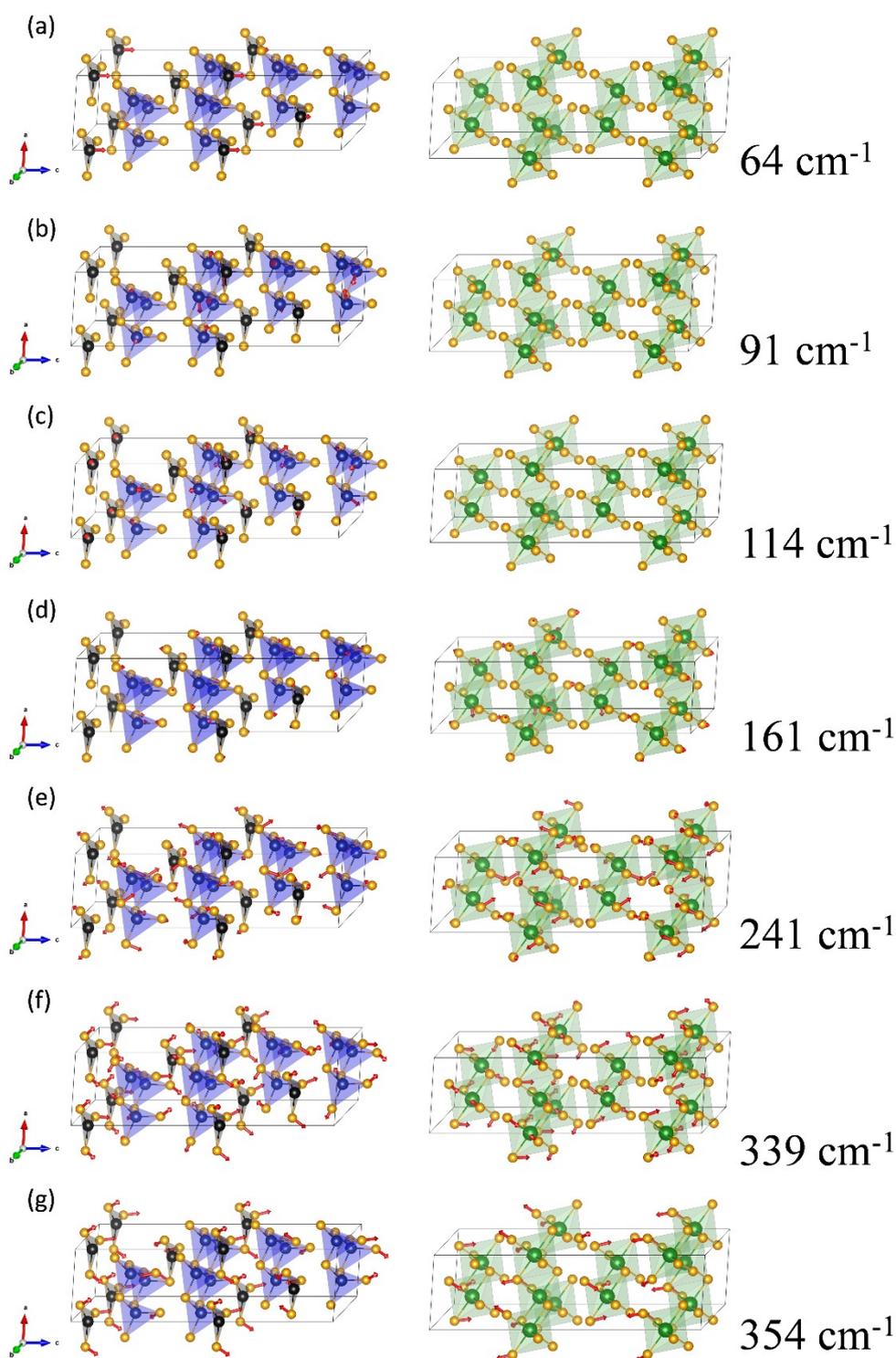
for ABC (c) and ABCB (d) stackings respectively and that at CBM reveals Zr-*d* orbitals as well as interactions between Zr-Zr and Zr-S (e) and (f)



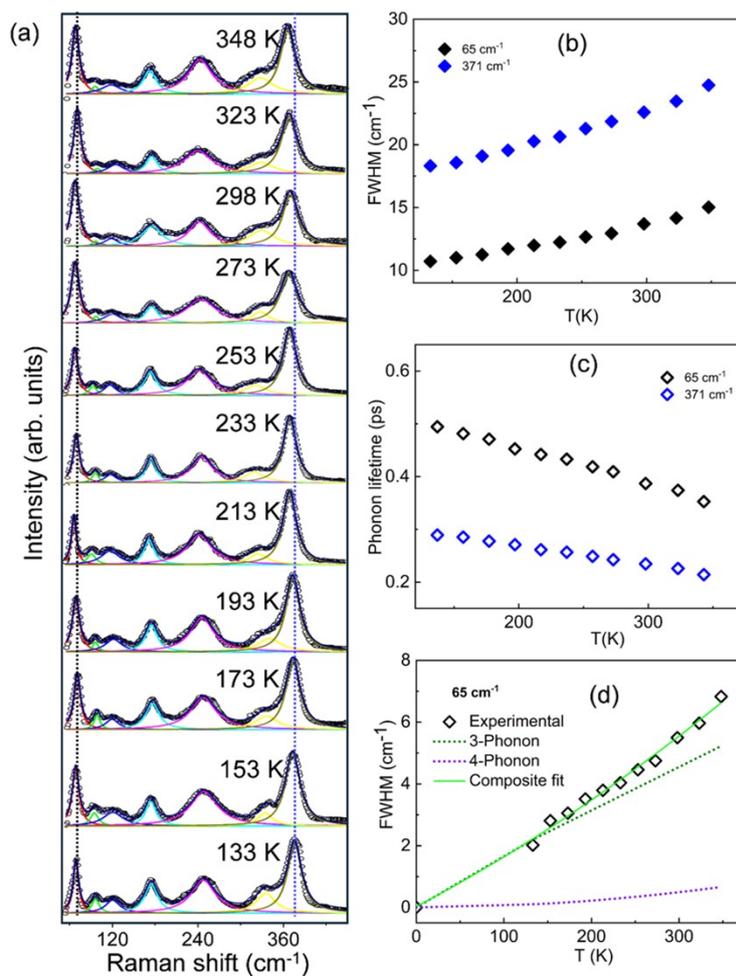
**Figure S5.** Room temperature Raman spectra of Cu<sub>2</sub>ZrS<sub>3</sub> in R3 space group.



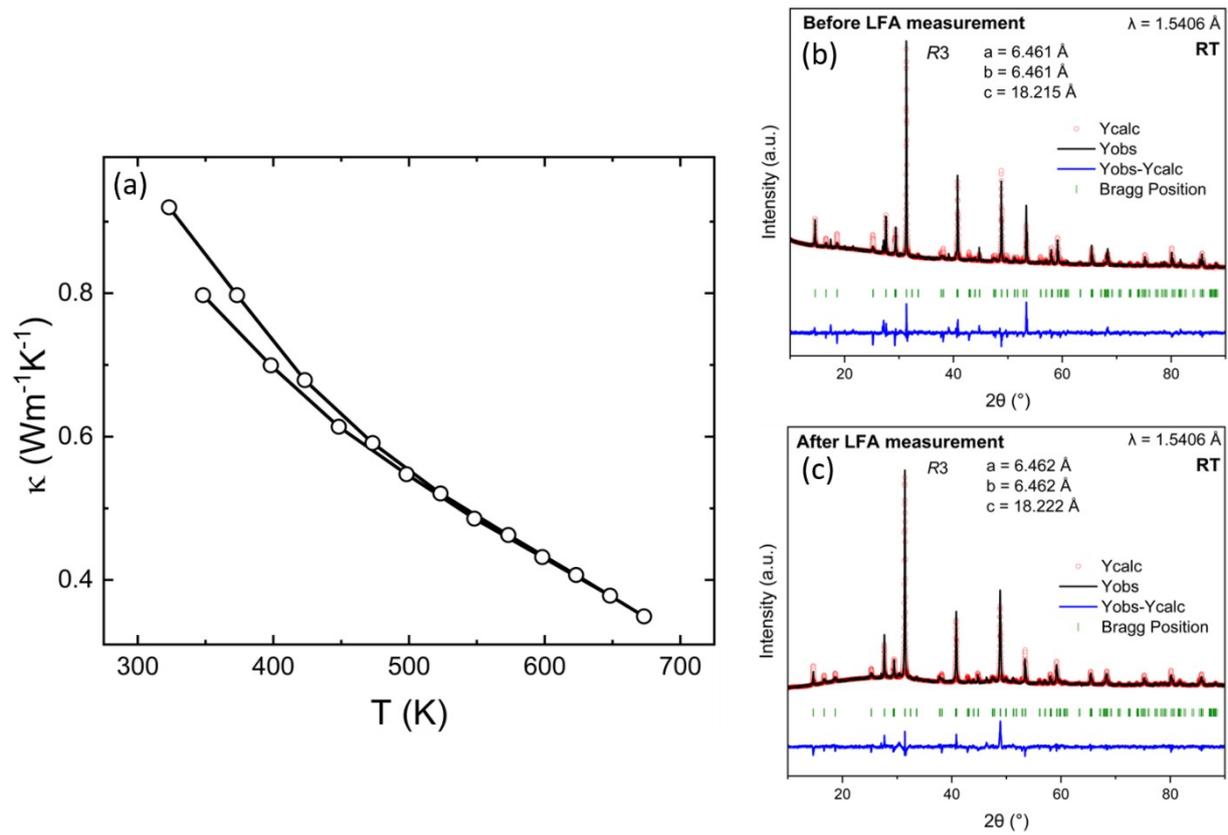
**Figure S6.** Visualization of the Raman active modes of R3 phase (ABC stacking) at frequencies  $56\text{ cm}^{-1}$ ,  $83\text{ cm}^{-1}$ ,  $129\text{ cm}^{-1}$ ,  $172\text{ cm}^{-1}$ ,  $240\text{ cm}^{-1}$ ,  $262\text{ cm}^{-1}$ ,  $334\text{ cm}^{-1}$  and  $367\text{ cm}^{-1}$  shown in (a)-(h) respectively. Spheres in green, blue, black and yellow colors denote Zr, Cu in four fold coordination, Cu in three fold coordination and S respectively. For ease of visualization, the Cu and Zr sublattices are shown separately.



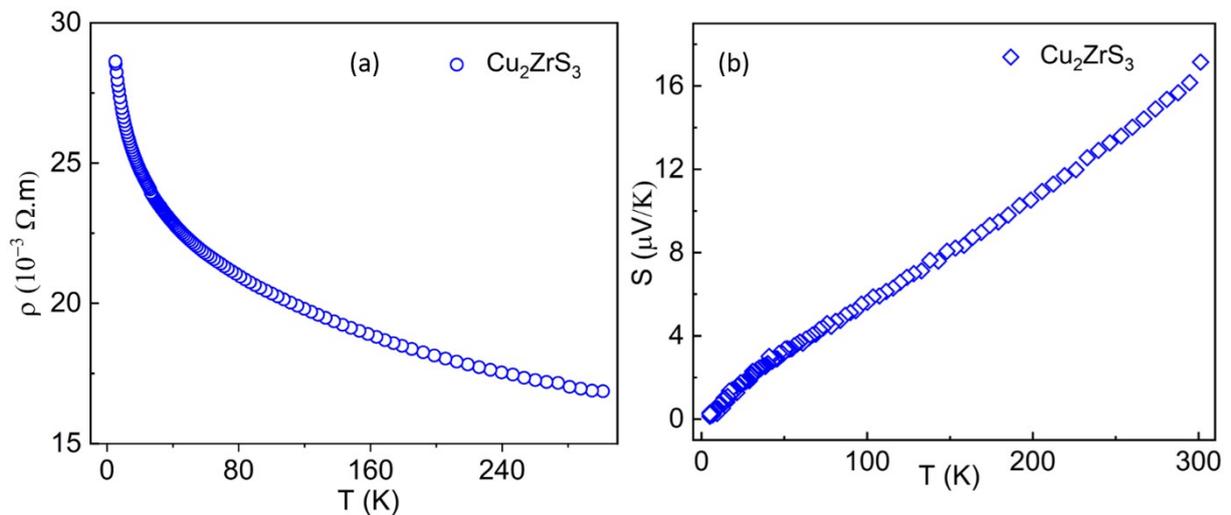
**Figure S7.** Visualization of the Raman active modes of P31c phase (ABCB stacking) at frequencies 64  $\text{cm}^{-1}$ , 91  $\text{cm}^{-1}$ , 114  $\text{cm}^{-1}$ , 161  $\text{cm}^{-1}$ , 241  $\text{cm}^{-1}$ , 339  $\text{cm}^{-1}$  and 354  $\text{cm}^{-1}$  shown in (a)-(g) respectively. Spheres in green, blue, black and yellow colors denote Zr, Cu in four fold coordination, Cu in three fold coordination and S respectively. For ease of visualization, the Cu and Zr sublattices are shown separately.



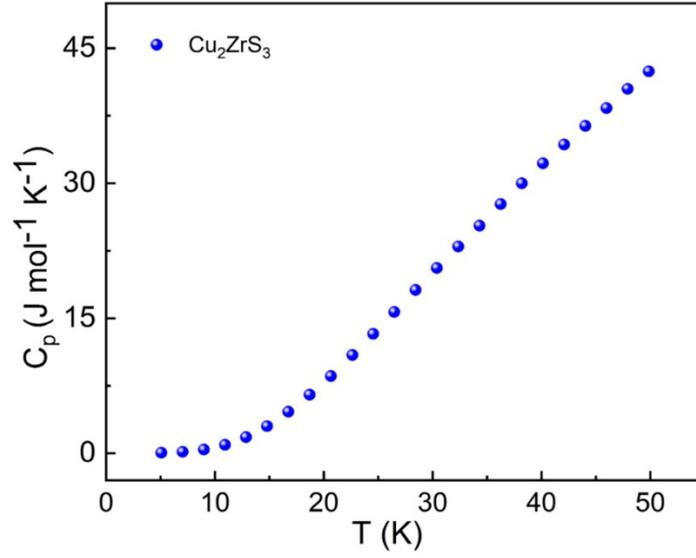
**Figure S8.** (a) Temperature-dependent Raman spectra of the P31c  $\text{Cu}_2\text{ZrS}_3$  compound measured from 133 to 348 K. (b) Full width at half maximum (FWHM) of the Raman modes at 65, and 371  $\text{cm}^{-1}$  as a function of temperature. (c) Calculated phonon lifetimes corresponding to the 65 and 371  $\text{cm}^{-1}$  Raman modes. (d) Decomposition of the FWHM of the 65  $\text{cm}^{-1}$  Raman mode into anharmonic contributions from three-phonon and four-phonon scattering processes in  $\text{Cu}_2\text{ZrS}_3$ .



**Figure S9.** (a) Thermal conductivity of the slowly-cooled  $\text{Cu}_2\text{ZrS}_3$  sample and XRD patterns (b) before and (c) after LFA measurement, confirming  $R3$  phase stability.



**Figure S10.** Temperature-dependent (a) electrical conductivity ( $\rho$ ), (b) Seebeck coefficient ( $S$ ) of  $\text{Cu}_2\text{ZrS}_3$  sample measured from 5 K to 300 K



**Figure S11.** Low temperature (5-49 K) heat capacity ( $C_p$ ) of  $\text{Cu}_2\text{ZrS}_3$

$$v_s = \left( \frac{1}{3} \left[ \frac{1}{v_L^3} + \frac{2}{v_T^3} \right] \right)^{-1/3}$$

$$v_p = \frac{1 - 2 \left( \frac{v_T}{v_L} \right)^2}{2 - 2 \left( \frac{v_T}{v_L} \right)^2}, \quad \gamma = \frac{3}{2} \left( \frac{1 + v_p}{2 - 3v_p} \right)$$

**Equations S1.** Expressions used to calculate the average sound velocity  $v_s$ , the Poisson's ratio  $v_p$ , and the Grüneisen parameter  $\gamma$  from the longitudinal ( $v_L$ ) and transverse ( $v_T$ ) sound velocities.

**Table S1.** Quench sample, structural parameters obtained from single crystal X-ray diffraction. Fractional atomic coordinates, equivalent isotropic displacement parameters, and

Cu <sub>2</sub> ZrS <sub>3</sub> Trigonal, P31c Temperature (K): 293					
$a = 6.47548$ (15), $c = 24.3290$ (5) (Å), $V = 883.48$ (3) (Å <sup>3</sup> ), $Z = 6$					
No. of measured (47270), independent (21731) and observed [ $I > 3\sigma(I)$ ] reflections (11070)					
$R_{\text{int}} = 3.3$ %, $R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)] = 0.074$ , $wR(F^2) = 0.240$ , $S = 1.30$					
	$x$	$y$	$z$	$U_{\text{eq}}$ (Å <sup>2</sup> )	Occ. (<1)
Zr1	0	0	0.37070 (8)	0.00949 (8)	
Zr2	$\frac{2}{3}$	$\frac{1}{3}$	0.62157 (10)	0.00865 (12)	
Zr3	$\frac{1}{3}$	$\frac{2}{3}$	0.61960 (10)	0.00951 (12)	
Zr4/Cu1	$\frac{1}{3}$	$\frac{2}{3}$	0.37058 (5)	0.00903 (9)	0.5/0.5
Zr5/Cu2	0.66125 (6)	0.99671 (6)	0.21592 (7)	0.01484 (15)	0.083/0.917
Zr6/Cu3	0.00456 (6)	0.66845 (6)	0.46591 (7)	0.01487 (15)	0.083/0.917
Cu4	0	0	0.56406 (11)	0.0259 (2)	
Cu5	$\frac{2}{3}$	$\frac{1}{3}$	0.31403 (5)	0.0287 (2)	
S1	0.66754 (12)	0.98703 (14)	0.31083 (9)	0.0097 (3)	
S2	0.99879 (13)	0.65112 (16)	0.56073 (11)	0.0096 (3)	
S3	0.33721 (12)	0.00246 (11)	0.18026 (11)	0.0084 (3)	
S4	0.32985 (12)	0.99786 (11)	0.43034 (9)	0.0082 (3)	

anisotropic displacement parameter (Å<sup>2</sup>).

	$U_{11}$	$U_{22}$	$U_{33}$	$U_{12}$	$U_{13}$	$U_{23}$
Zr1	0.00801 (10)	$U_{11}$	0.01244 (16)	$\frac{1}{2} U_{11}$	0	0
Zr2	0.00824 (13)	$U_{11}$	0.0095 (3)	$\frac{1}{2} U_{11}$	0	0
Zr3	0.00837 (13)	$U_{11}$	0.0118 (2)	$\frac{1}{2} U_{11}$	0	0
Zr4/Cu1	0.00848 (11)	$U_{11}$	0.01014 (16)	$\frac{1}{2} U_{11}$	0	0
Zr5/Cu2	0.01711 (18)	0.0197 (2)	0.0089 (2)	0.01014 (13)	-0.00169 (10)	-0.00056 (9)
Zr6/Cu3	0.01760 (19)	0.01707 (19)	0.0087 (2)	0.00774 (12)	0.00147 (9)	0.00126 (11)
Cu4	0.0213 (2)	$U_{11}$	0.0349 (4)	$\frac{1}{2} U_{11}$	0	0
Cu5	0.0242 (3)	$U_{11}$	0.0377 (5)	$\frac{1}{2} U_{11}$	0	0
S1	0.0084 (3)	0.0124 (3)	0.0074 (5)	0.0045 (2)	-0.0007 (2)	0.0018 (3)

S2	0.0080 (3)	0.0126 (3)	0.0076 (5)	0.0047 (2)	0.00100 (17)	0.0022 (3)
S3	0.0087 (3)	0.0079 (3)	0.0086 (6)	0.0041 (2)	0.00215 (19)	-0.00054 (18)
S4	0.0092 (3)	0.0091 (4)	0.0073 (6)	0.0052 (2)	-0.00187 (18)	-0.00199 (18)

**Table S2.** Slow cooled sample, structural parameters obtained from single crystal X-ray diffraction. Fractional atomic coordinates, equivalent isotropic displacement parameters, and anisotropic displacement parameter ( $\text{\AA}^2$ ).

<p><math>\text{Cu}_2\text{ZrS}_3</math> Trigonal, R3 Temperature (K): 150  <math>a = 6.4573(2)</math>, <math>c = 18.1755 (6)</math> (<math>\text{\AA}</math>), <math>V=656.3148</math> (<math>\text{\AA}^3</math>) <math>Z=6</math>  No. of measured (1750), independent (721) and observed [<math>I &gt; 3\sigma(I)</math>] reflections (721)  <math>R_{\text{int}}=2.1\%</math>, <math>R[F^2 &gt; 2\sigma(F^2)] = 0.052</math>, <math>wR(F^2) = 0.156</math>, <math>S = 3.75</math></p>				
	$x$	$y$	$z$	$U_{\text{eq}}$ ( $\text{\AA}^2$ )
Cu1	-0.3358 (2)	-0.3361 (2)	0.0975 (2)	0.0083 (8)
Cu2	0	0	-0.10625 (17)	0.0195 (10)
S1	0.0074 (5)	-0.6651 (5)	0.2226 (3)	0.0065 (9)
S2	-0.3322 (5)	0.0017 (5)	0.0496 (4)	0.0044 (10)
Zr1	0	0	0.30400 (9)	0.0045 (6)
Zr2	0	0	0.63509 (9)	0.0048 (6)

	$U_{11}$	$U_{22}$	$U_{33}$	$U_{12}$	$U_{13}$	$U_{23}$
Cu1	0.0084 (10)	0.0093 (10)	0.0065 (10)	0.0039 (6)	-0.0008 (5)	-0.0018 (5)
Cu2	0.0206 (12)	$U_{11}$	0.0174 (16)	$\frac{1}{2} U_{11}$	0	0
Zr1	0.0048 (7)	$U_{11}$	0.0037 (9)	$\frac{1}{2} U_{11}$	0	0
Zr2	0.0025 (7)	$U_{11}$	0.0094 (12)	$\frac{1}{2} U_{11}$	0	0

**Table S3.** Slow cooled sample, structural parameters obtained from precession-assisted 3D ED (dynamical refinement). Fractional atomic coordinates, equivalent isotropic displacement parameters, and anisotropic displacement parameter ( $\text{\AA}^2$ ).

$\text{Cu}_2\text{ZrS}_3$ Trigonal, R3 Temperature (K): 297 $a = 6.6489$ (13), $c = 18.753$ (4) ( $\text{\AA}$ ), $V = 718$ ( $\text{\AA}^3$ ), $Z=6$ $R(\text{obs}) = 0.087$ , $R(\text{all}) = 0.087$ , $wR(\text{all}) = 0.212$ , $\text{GoF}(\text{obs}) = 6.16$ No. of measured (10830), independent (4207) and observed [ $I > 3\sigma(I)$ ] reflections (4180) Dynamical refinement parameters: $g_{\text{max}} (\text{\AA}^{-1}) = 1.6$ , $Sg_{\text{max}} (\text{\AA}^{-1}) = 0.01$ , $RSg_{\text{max}} = 0.66$ , steps=128				
	$x$	$y$	$z$	$U_{\text{eq}} (\text{\AA}^2)$
Zr1	$\frac{1}{3}$	$\frac{2}{3}$	0.52780 (15)	0.0073 (6)
Zr2	0	0	0.53*	0.0086 (6)
Cu1	0.0066 (2)	0.3381 (2)	0.40133 (18)	0.0147 (6)
Cu2	$\frac{2}{3}$	$\frac{1}{3}$	0.6035 (2)	0.0212 (10)
S1	0.3184 (4)	-0.0175 (4)	0.6098 (2)	0.0099 (9)
S2	0.3295 (3)	0.3316 (3)	0.44916 (19)	0.0061 (8)

	$U_{11}$	$U_{22}$	$U_{33}$	$U_{12}$	$U_{13}$	$U_{23}$
Zr1	0.0059 (5)	$U_{11}$	0.0101 (15)	$\frac{1}{2} U_{11}$	0	0
Zr2	0.0071 (5)	$U_{11}$	0.0116 (16)	$\frac{1}{2} U_{11}$	0	0
Cu1	0.0182 (6)	0.0207 (6)	0.0059 (11)	0.0103 (5)	-0.0016 (6)	-0.0007 (6)
Cu2	0.0201 (7)	$U_{11}$	0.024 (3)	$\frac{1}{2} U_{11}$	0	0
S1	0.0130 (9)	0.0115 (9)	0.0088 (17)	0.0088 (8)	-0.0029 (11)	-0.0023 (10)
S2	0.0084 (8)	0.0076 (8)	0.0022 (18)	0.0039 (7)	0.0022 (9)	0.0017 (10)

\* fixed parameter

**Table S4.** Calculated Formation Energies of  $\text{Cu}_2\text{ZrS}_3$  for Different Stacking Sequences

Stacking	Space group	Energy eV / f.u.
AB	P31c	+ 0.0001(30)
ABC	R3	0

ABCB	P31c	+ 0.0003(30)
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**Table S5.** Calculated fitting parameters from the Klemens model for  $\text{Cu}_2\text{ZrS}_3$  in the temperature range 77-343 K.

Modes Raman		3-phonon constant (A) in $\text{cm}^{-1}$	4-phonon constant (B) in $\text{cm}^{-1}$
<b>R3</b>	65 $\text{cm}^{-1}$	0.30	0.0018
	166 $\text{cm}^{-1}$	0.90	0.028
<b>P31c</b>	65 $\text{cm}^{-1}$	0.27	0.0023
	371 $\text{cm}^{-1}$	0.86	0.031

**Table S6.** Parameters obtained from the fitting of low-temperature  $C_p/T$  vs.  $T^2$  data of  $\text{Cu}_2\text{ZrS}_3$  using Debye-Einstein model with three Einstein oscillators.

Parameters	Values
$\gamma$	0.0078
$\beta$	5.06478E-5
$\Theta_{E1}(\text{K})$	50.83 (35.27 $\text{cm}^{-1}$ )
$\Theta_{E2}(\text{K})$	95.68 (66.38 $\text{cm}^{-1}$ )
$\Theta_{E3}(\text{K})$	156.47 (108.56 $\text{cm}^{-1}$ )
$\Theta_D(\text{K})$	285.85
A1	2.180
A2	27.324
A3	28.882
R2	0.999
$\chi^2$	1.0675E-6

**Table S7.** Debye-Callaway model fitted parameter of  $\text{Cu}_2\text{ZrS}_3$  in the R3 polytype.

<b>Parameter of <math>\text{Cu}_2\text{ZrS}_3</math></b>	<b>Value</b>
m	6.20
L ( $\mu\text{m}$ )	0.28
A	$3.42 \times 10^{-42}$
B	$4.93 \times 10^{-17}$
Sound velocity (m/s)	1971
Debye temperature (K)	285

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