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Supplementary Information

Harnessing Machine Learning to Probe Dielectrics in Next Generation Telecommunication and Automotive Radar Applications

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Table S1: The synthesis parameters for $Ba_3(VO_4)_2$ -doped Mg_2SiO_4 used as the original input data for the machine learning model, were obtained through the solid-state reaction method.

		Compound	Ba3(VO4)2 doping amount	Sintering time (hr)		Output variable					
Mg/Si ratio	Impurity				Sintering temperature (°C)	Proportion	Sintered Density	Test frequency (GHz)	Dielectric Constant	Dielectric loss	Experimental Q×f value
2	Ν	Y	50	4	1175	50	97.6	11.3	9.48	0.0004	46600
2	Ν	Y	45	4	1175	55	97	11.3	9.03	0.0004	52500
2	Ν	Y	40	4	1200	60	97.3	11.3	8.81	0.0004	55900
2	Ν	Y	35	4	1200	65	97	11.3	8.44	0.0004	52200

Table S2: The synthesis parameters for LiF-doped Mg_2SiO_4 used as the original input data for the machine learning model, were obtained through the solid-state reaction method.

						Input v	Output variable				
ratio	Impurity	Compound	amount	time (hr)	Sintering temperature (°C)	Proportio n	Sintered Density	Test frequency (GHz)	Dielectric Constant	Dielectric loss	Experimental Q×f value
2	Ν	Y	0.5	4	1200	99.5	97.1	12.8	6.98	0.002	171000
2	Ν	Y	1	4	950	99	97	12.8	7.02	0.002	162300
2	Ν	Y	2	4	800	98	97	12.8	6.81	0.002	167000
2	Ν	Y	3	4	800	97	97	12.8	6.95	0.002	160300

Table S3: The synthesis parameters for LMZBS-doped Mg_2SiO_4 used as the original input data for the machine learning model, were obtainedthrough the solid-state reaction method.

Impurity		LMZBS	Sintering		Output variable						
	Compound	addition amount	time (hr)	Mg/Si ratio	Sintering temperature (°C)	Proportio n	Sintered Density	Test frequency (GHz)	Dielectric Constant	Dielectric loss	Experimental Q×f value
Y	Ν	0	3	2	1400	100	97.2	10.76	7.24	0.0022	54820
Y	Ν	0	3	2.025	1400	100	97.2	10.85	7.43	0.0018	73620
Y	Ν	0	3	2.05	1400	100	97.2	10.57	7.5	0.0016	114730
Y	Ν	0	3	2.2	1400	100	97.2	10.45	7.59	0.0013	107370
Ν	Ν	0	3	2	1075	100	92.6	11.35	7.2	0.0022	193800
Y	Ν	0	2	2	1400	100	96.7	16	6.8	0.000066	240000
Ν	Ν	0	2	2	1550	100	95	13	7.1	0.002	168400
Y	Y	0.5	2	2	1525	99.5	97	13	7.3	0.001	198503.4
Y	Y	1	2	2	1375	99	96	13	7.2	0.001	190574.2
Y	Y	3	2	2	1250	97	96	13	7.15	0.001	203276.5
Y	Y	5	2	2	1250	95	95	13	6.9	0.002	181046.3
Y	Y	10	2	2	1000	90	93	13	6.76	0.002	217718.7
Y	Y	15	2	2	950	85	91	13	6.75	0.003	30600

Table S4: The synthesis parameters for MgO-doped Zn_2SiO_4 used as the original input data for the machine learning model, were obtained through the solid-state reaction method.

			Input variables					Output variable	
MgO addition amount	Zn/Si ratio Proportion		Sintering temperature (°C)	Dielectric Constant	Compound	Impurity	Sintering time (hr)	Experimental Q×f value	
0	2	100	1250	6.4	N	Ν	3	108000	
10	2	90	1250	6.5	Y	Ν	3	21500	
20	2	80	1250	6.385	Y	Ν	3	38500	
30	2	70	1250	6.245	Y	Ν	3	73021	
40	2	60	1250	6.097	Y	Ν	3	129991	
50	2	50	1250	6.52	Y	Ν	3	98500	
0	1.8	100	1300	6.6	Ν	Y	3	147000	

Table S5: Fabrication parameters for antenna design through number of sides of polygon and thickness as the original input data for the machine learning model.

Input va	Input variables		Lowest point	Bandwidth center point	Number of	Max Gain	Output variable
Polygon	Thickness	(THz)	(THz)	(THz)	bands	(dBi)	Efficiency
sides	(m)						(%)
3	0.0002	0.564	0.6	0.718	2	10.2	81.2
3	0.002	0.563	0.598	0.718	3	10.7	84.3
4	0.0002	0.6	0.663	0.7	4	11.3	94.4
4	0.002	0.47	0.466	0.765	4	11.3	82
5	0.0002	0.63	0.605	0.685	2	10.8	82
5	0.002	0.456	0.6	0.772	5	10.9	99.5
6	0.0002	0.461	0.8	0.769	2	12	79
6	0.002	0.451	0.595	0.774	3	10.9	79.4
7	0.0002	0.475	0.632	0.762	5	11.5	75
7	0.002	0.581	0.627	0.7	3	11.8	79.6
8	0.0002	0.434	0.635	0.783	7	13.3	112
8	0.002	0.579	0.9	0.71	1	12.9	81.8

		Input va	riables		Glass transition temperature (°C)	γ	Coefficient of	Test	Output variables	
Polymer	Molecular Weight	Nc (Number of C-side chain)	Nb (Number of Benzene rings)	Moistur e		ہ (electronegativity)	expansion (ppm)	frequency	Dielectric Constant	Dielectric loss (Q×f)
PMDA-6FDAM	223400	1	1	0.95%	282	43.6	56.3	1MHz	2.95	0.0035
6FDA-6FDAM	135200	3	1	0.42%	261	67.6	82.5	1MHz	2.71	0.0028
BTDA-6FDAM	190500	1	1	0.84%	238	47	37.6	1MHz	2.91	0.0031
ODPA-6FDAM	167500	1	1	0.52%	242	47	37.6	1MHz	2.89	0.0029
9FDA-4,4'-ODA	580000	3	1	0.35%	283.6	59	26.8	1MHz	2.89	0.0014
9FDA-APB	230000	3	1	0.18%	259.5	62.4	44.2	1MHz	2.97	0.0022
9FDA-3,4'-ODA	210000	3	1	0.40%	257.7	59	26.8	1MHz	2.88	0.0013
9FDA-9FAPB	280000	6	1	0.10%	245.8	86.4	44.4	1MHz	2.71	0.0028
BGTF-HMDA	35561	2	0	0.23%	175	28.56	68.9	1MHz	3.3	0.0028
BGTF-DDM	20326	2	1	0.13%	170	26.4	68.2	1MHz	3.2	0.0021
DGEBA-HMDA	24006	2	0	0.32%	164	21.76	68.9	1MHz	3.5	0.0073
DGEBA-DDM	21817	2	1	0.14%	187	19.6	68.5	1MHz	3.6	0.0069
ADEP	160295	16.8	0	1.68%	372	141.2	24	200MHz	3.07	0.2212
EP904	255994	9.6	0	1.99%	428	48.87	782	200MHz	3.63	0.0096
Silixane-ADEP	250706	9.6	0	2.08%	428	71.4	522	200MHz	4.54	0.0096
DGEBA/B10	21691	7.2	0	1.08%	223	36.6	68.9	10KHz	2.943	0.02
BP/B10	172176	2	0	1.23%	253	36.6	68.5	10KHz	2.638	0.001
FBE-FBP	213540	3	0	0.27%	424	34.2	68.7	1MHz	3.8	0.0036
FBE-BP	200341	3	0	0.33%	429	22.2	68.9	1MHz	4.1	0.0038
BE-FBP	188094	3	0	0.29%	438	22.2	68.9	1MHz	4.1	0.0045
BE-BP	198362	3	0	0.37%	431	10.2	68.9	1MHz	4.2	0.004

Table S6: The synthesis parameters of polymers for antenna design used as the original input data for the machine learning model.

6FCDA/TFMB	215000	4.8	0	1.20%	420	77.8	6	1MHz	2.4	0.0096
6FCDA/TFMOB	217000	4.8	0	0.80%	375	84.6	10	1MHz	2.8	0.2171
6FCDA/TFEOB	205000	4.8	0	0.70%	363	92.6	10	1MHz	3	0.0097
6FCDA/DFPOB	106000	4.8	0	0.10%	350	147.4	109	1MHz	2.5	0.0096
3FCDA/TFMB	396000	3	0	1.90%	426	65.8	20	1MHz	2.7	0.0096
3FCDA/TFMOB	354000	3	0		400	72.6	36	1MHz	2.6	0.0096
3FCDA/TFEOB	203000	3	0	0.80%	378	80.6	40	1MHz	3.1	0.0097
PETI-PMDA	108248	0	0	0.45%	245	26.4	68.9	1MHz	3.17	0.24
PETI-PMDA	95793	0	0	0.489/	222	26.4	<u> </u>	1111-	2.06	0.10
(CH3)4	05/05	0	0	0.4870	232	20.4	00.9	IMITZ	5.00	0.19
PETI-PMDA	76612	0	0	0.560/	224	26.4	<u>(8</u>)		2 02	0.21
(CH3)5	/0012	0	0	0.30%	224	20.4	00.9	IMITZ	2.82	0.31
PETI-PMDA	62140	0	0	0.40%	202	26.4	68.0	1MU-7	2 77	0.26
(CH3)6	02140	0	0	0.4070	202	20.4	00.9	TIMITIZ	2.11	0.20
Fn1-FDA	125000	2	2	0.80%	302	50.4	64.3	1MHz	2.49	0.0123
Fn2-FDA	181000	6	2	0.67%	311	50.4	62.9	1MHz	2.44	0.0064
Fn1-ODPA	107000	0	2	1.05%	296	29.8	59.6	1MHz	2.72	0.0099
Fn2-ODPA	180000	4	2	0.72%	322	29.8	63.7	1MHz	2.65	0.0118
Fn2-Si-ODPA	263000	4	6	0.45%	292	29.8	62.7	1MHz	2.75	0.0061
Fn2-Si-FDA	256000	6	6	0.19%	308	50.4	62.7	1MHz	2.63	0.0091
Fn2-Si-BPADA	180000	6	6	0.15%	245	33.2	62.7	1MHz	2.67	0.0024
LCPEI-10	33600	4.8	1	0.39%	218	9.185	58.1	10GHz	3.07	0.006
LCPEI-12.5	38000	4.8	1	0.55%	220	9.675	68.4	10GHz	2.91	0.008
LCPEI-3F	39227	4.8	1	0.44%	220	10.385	75.2	10GHz	3	0.0082
LCPEI-4F	18203	0	1	0.55%	191	10.785	78	10GHz	3.01	0.0063
LCPEI-6F	47516	7.2	1	0.33%	212	11.585	83.1	10GHz	2.93	0.0076
PEI-6F25AF	46200	7.2	1	0.42%	238	16.36	88.9	10GHz	2.6	0.0012
PEI-6Fd25AF	32700	4.8	0	0.46%	221	16.36	79.3	10GHz	2.79	0.0077
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TABPFL-4,4'-	116760	0	2	0.710/	200	12 1	62.5		2.01	0.0144
ODA	110/00	0	Z	0.71%	299	43.4	62.5	IMHZ	5.01	0.0144
TABPFLp-PDA	143475	0	2	1.77%	324	40	58.3	1MHz	3.05	0.014
TABPFL-m-TOL	152826	2	2	0.80%	312	40	57.7	1MHz	3.07	0.0174
TABPFL-TFMB	96677	2	2	0.68%	309	64	61.6	1MHz	2.87	0.0161
TABPFL-	10/350	0	2	0.60%	200	40	62.4	1MH7	2.0	0.0105
MBCHA	104550	0	2	0.0070	290	40	02.4	TIVITIZ	2.9	0.0105
TABCFL-4,4'-	113199	2	2	0.830/	285	12 1	62.6		2.00	0.0084
ODA		15177 2	2	0.0570	285	45.4	05.0	TIVITIZ	5.09	0.0084
TABCFL-p-PDA	152826	2	2	1.15%	312	40	64.5	1MHz	3.07	0.0081
TABCFL-m-TOL	122600	4.8	2	0.99%	309	64	66.6	1MHz	2.97	0.0065
TABCFL-TMFB	150139	4.8	2	0.46%	293	40	64.3	1MHz	2.87	0.0111
TABCFL-	95917	2	2	0.85%	777	40	67.2		200	0.0112
MBCHA	03047	2	2	0.8570	211	40	07.2	TIVITIZ	2.00	0.0115
CY-1	204056	7.2	2	1.91%	323	26.4	64.2	10GHz	2.84	0.0092
CY-1/6FDABPA	266270	14.4	2	1.89%	293	86.4	61.8	10GHz	2.81	0.0082
CY-1/Si-B	259779	14.4	6	0.73%	297	45.2	62.7	10GHz	2.95	0.0136
CY-1/Si/H	237709	12	6	1.71%	299	24.8	62.7	10GHz	2.81	0.0089
	1									



Figure S1: Experimental validation of the quality factors ($Q \times f$) of Mg₂SiO₄ doped with Ba₃(VO₂)₄ (**a**) and LiF (**b**) compared to the generated prediction output.