

## Supplementary Information

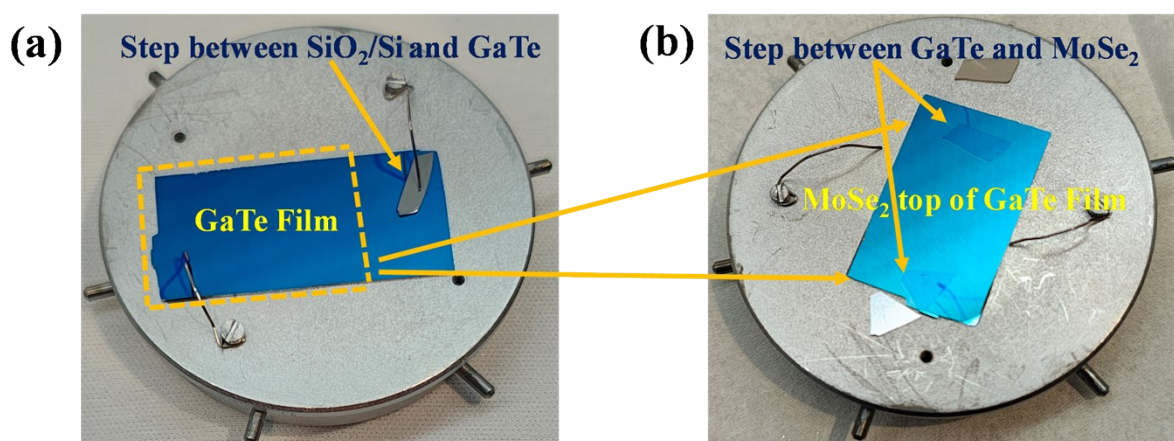
### Scalable MBE growth of MoSe<sub>2</sub>/GaTe van der Waals heterostructure for high-speed vis-NIR photodetection

Santanu Kandar <sup>1</sup>, Kamlesh Bhatt <sup>1</sup>, Shivansh Tiwari<sup>1</sup>, Nahid Chaudhary <sup>2</sup>, Taslim Khan<sup>1</sup>, Ashok Kapoor <sup>1</sup>, and Rajendra Singh <sup>1,\*</sup>

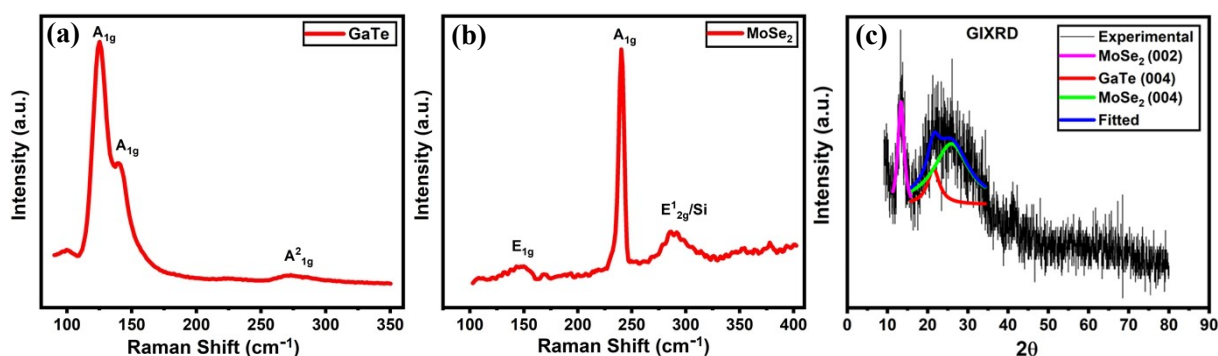
<sup>1</sup> Department of Physics, Indian Institute of Technology Delhi, Hauz Khas, New Delhi 110016, India

<sup>2</sup> School of Interdisciplinary Research, Indian Institute of Technology Delhi, Hauz Khas, New Delhi 110016, India

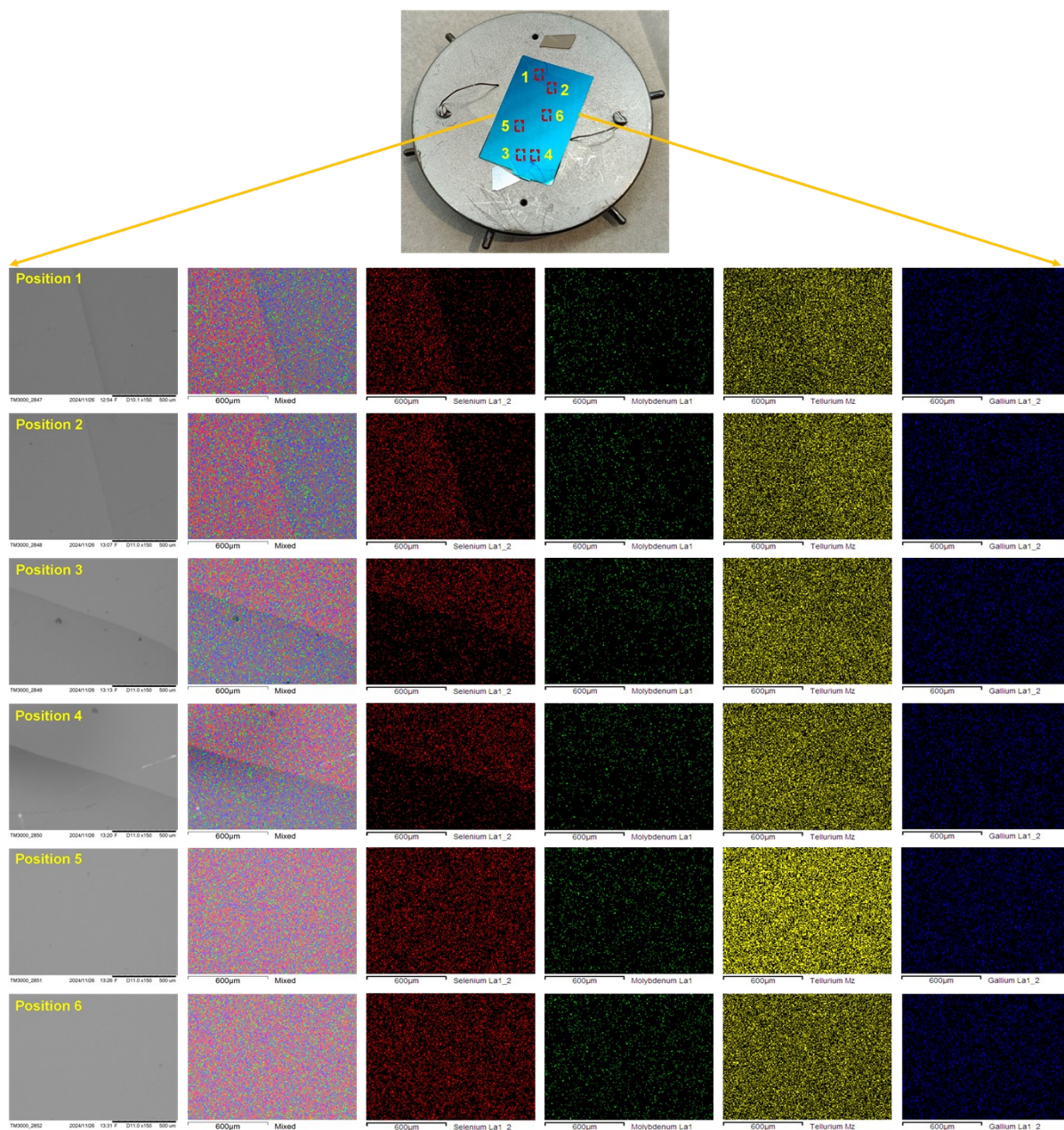
\*Corresponding author: [rsingh@physics.iitd.ac.in](mailto:rsingh@physics.iitd.ac.in)



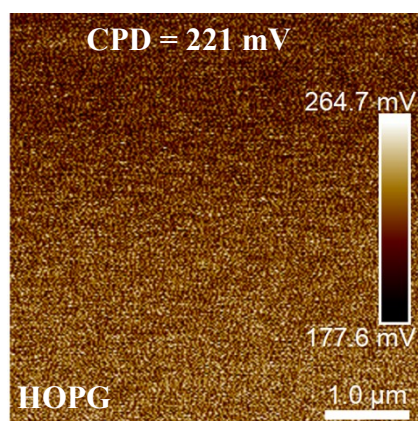
**Figure S1.** (a) Image of step between GaTe and SiO<sub>2</sub>/Si substrate, (b) Image of step between MoSe<sub>2</sub> and GaTe film.



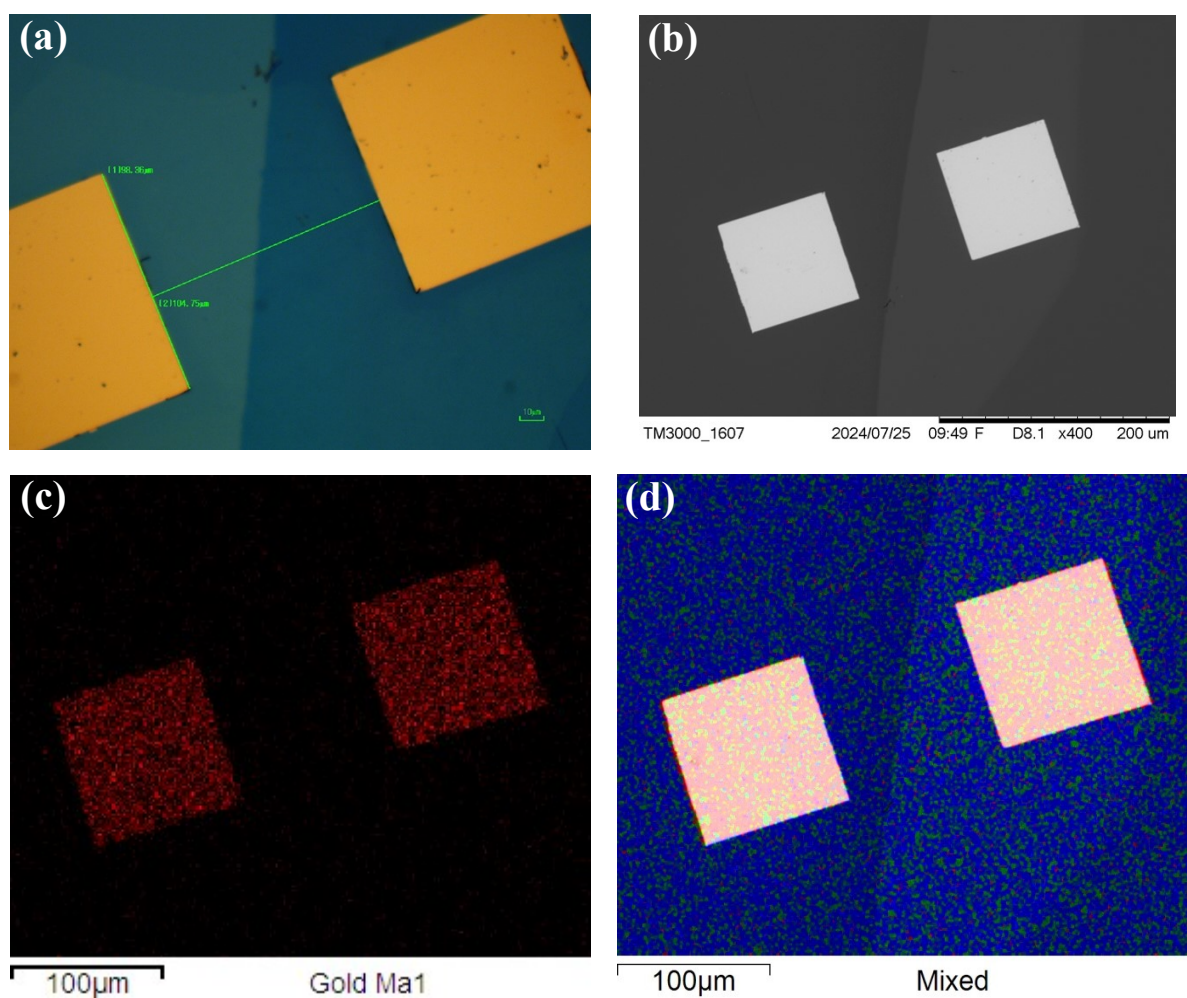
**Figure S2.** Raman spectroscopy of (a) GaTe and (b) MoSe<sub>2</sub> films, (c) XRD of MoSe<sub>2</sub>/GaTe heterostructure.



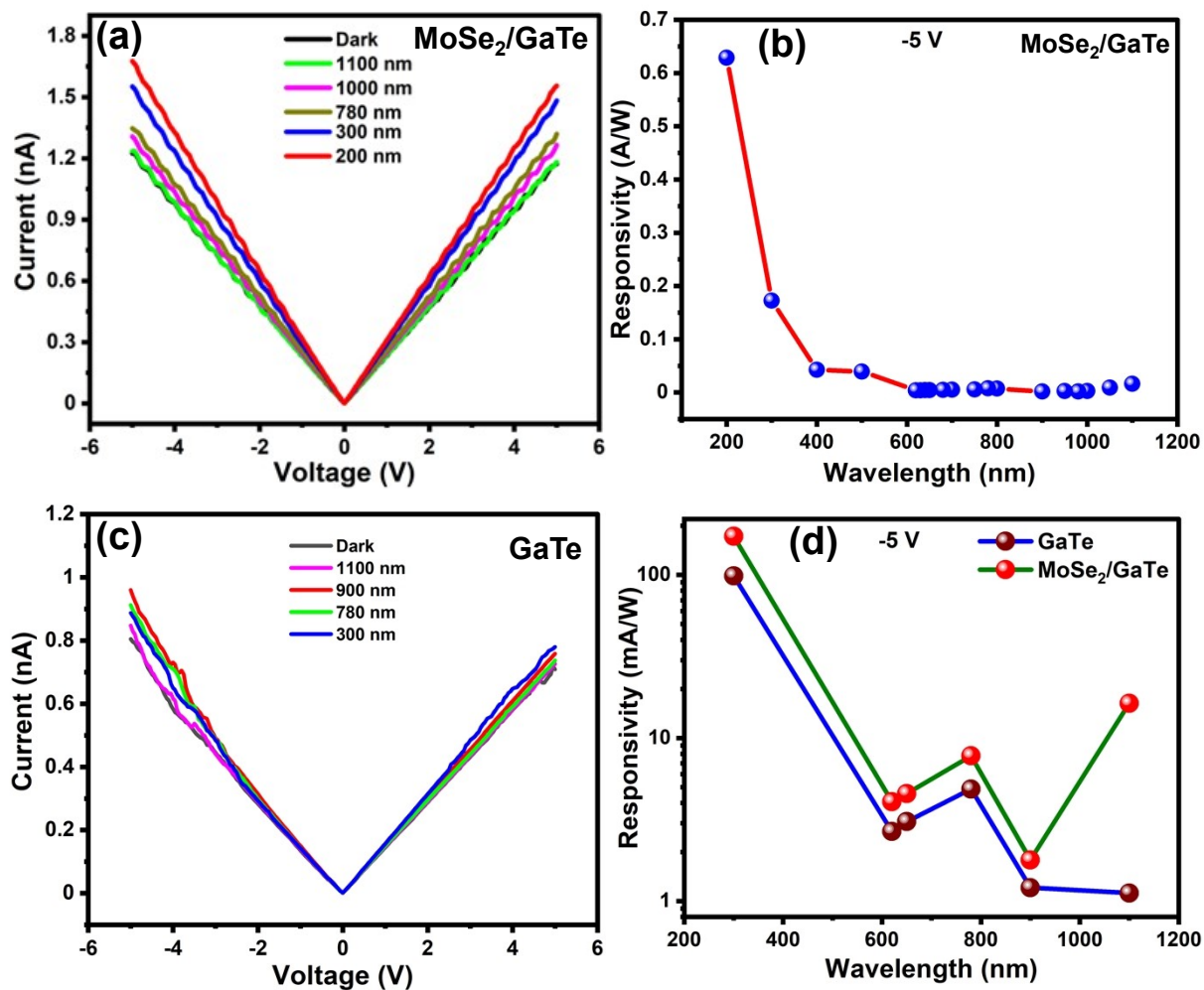
**Figure S3.** SEM image and EDX elemental mapping of the heterostructures at different positions as marked above.



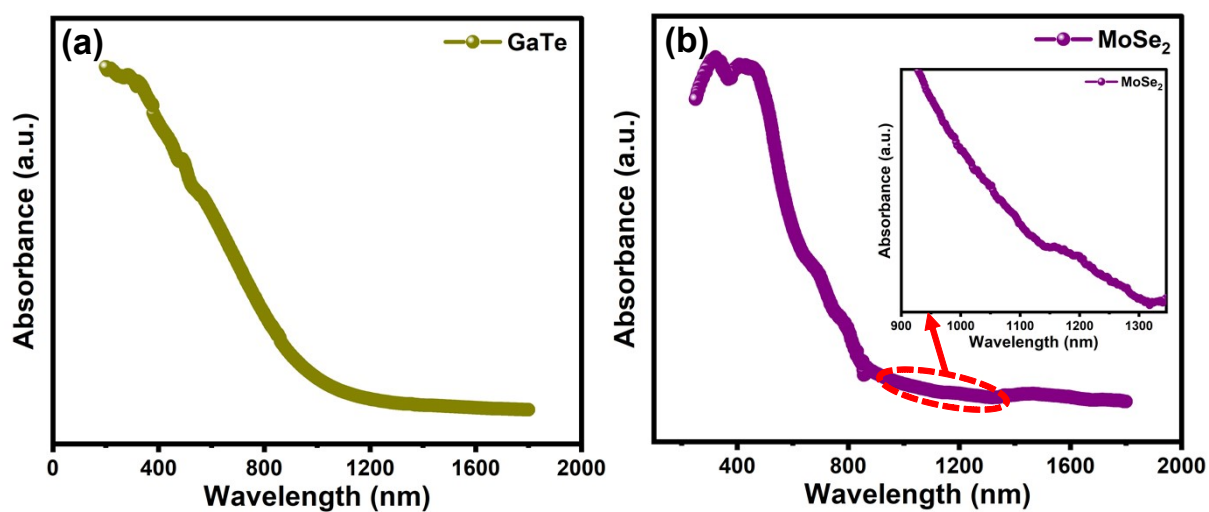
**Figure S4.** Surface potential image of HOPG substrate (scan area  $5 \times 5 \mu\text{m}^2$ ).



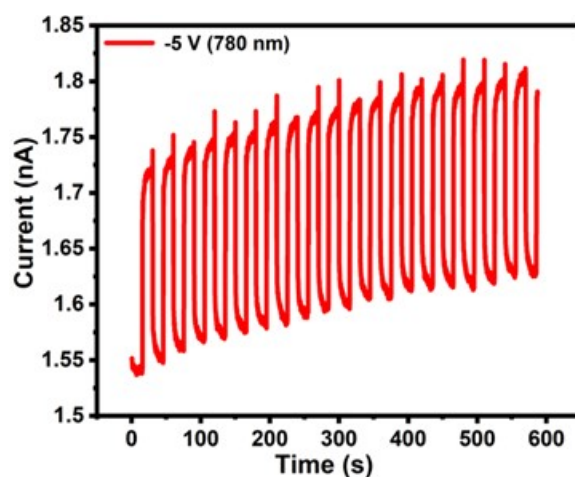
**Figure S5.** (a) Optical image of the device, (b) SEM image of the device, (c) EDX mapping of Au, (d) EDX mixed mapping of Ti, Au, Al and Ga.



**Figure S6.** (a) I-V characteristics of MoSe<sub>2</sub>/GaTe heterostructure, (b) Responsivity of MoSe<sub>2</sub>/GaTe heterostructure, (c) I-V characteristics of GaTe, (d) Responsivity comparison of GaTe and MoSe<sub>2</sub>/GaTe heterostructures.



**Figure S7.** Absorbance spectra of (a) GaTe and (b) MoSe<sub>2</sub> (inset is the zoomed-in absorption spectra in NIR region).



**Figure S8.** Device stability data (20 cycles) under 780 nm illumination.

**Table 1:**

| Material                            | Growth Technique                  | Scalability               | Wavelength Range | Responsivity | Device Speed (Rise/Fall) | Remarks                                                                   | Ref.             |
|-------------------------------------|-----------------------------------|---------------------------|------------------|--------------|--------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------|------------------|
| MoS <sub>2</sub>                    | Mechanical exfoliation            | Flakes                    | 532 nm           | 0.25-4.1 A/W | 2s                       | Not scalable                                                              | 1                |
| SnSe <sub>2</sub> /MoS <sub>2</sub> | CVD                               | Triangular flakes         | 500 nm           | -            | -                        | No uniformity<br>Not scalable                                             | 2                |
| MoS <sub>2</sub> /WS <sub>2</sub>   | Transfer method                   | Flakes                    | 633 nm           | 1.42 A/W     | -                        | Not scalable                                                              | 3                |
| CdSe/graphene                       | CVD                               | Flakes                    | 633 nm           | 10 mA/W      | 82 ms                    | No uniformity<br>Not scalable                                             | 4                |
| Graphene/MoSe <sub>2</sub> /Au      | Mechanical exfoliation            | Flakes                    | 450 to 900 nm    | 89.5 mA/W    | 9.6/12.8 ms              | Not scalable                                                              | 5                |
| GaTe-MoS <sub>2</sub>               | Vertical Bridgman technique & CVT | Flakes                    | 633 nm           | 1.365 A/W    | < 10 ms                  | Not scalable                                                              | 6                |
| GaTe/graphene                       | MBE                               | Large-area uniform growth | 325 to 1064 nm   | 0.3 A/W      | 9/7 ms                   | Scalable<br>Not good for NIR detection                                    | 7                |
| MoSe <sub>2</sub> /GaTe             | MBE                               | Large-area uniform growth | 200 to 1100 nm   | 0.6 A/W      | 44/67 ms                 | 1. Scalable up to wafer scale<br>2. Photo response in UV, Visible and NIR | <b>This work</b> |

## References:

- 1 M. M. Furchi, D. K. Polyushkin, A. Pospischil and T. Mueller, *Nano Lett.*, 2014, **14**, 6165–6170.
- 2 X. Zhou, N. Zhou, C. Li, H. Song, Q. Zhang, X. Hu, L. Gan, H. Li, J. Lü, J. Luo, J. Xiong and T. Zhai, *2D Mater.*, 2017, **4**, 025048.
- 3 N. Huo, J. Kang, Z. Wei, S. S. Li, J. Li and S. H. Wei, *Adv. Funct. Mater.*, 2014, **24**, 7025–7031.
- 4 W. Jin, Y. Ye, L. Gan, B. Yu, P. Wu, Y. Dai, H. Meng, X. Guo and L. Dai, *J. Mater. Chem.*, 2012, **22**, 2863–2867.
- 5 B. Liu, C. Zhao, X. Chen, L. Zhang, Y. Li, H. Yan and Y. Zhang, *Superlattices Microstruct.*, 2019, **130**, 87–92.
- 6 S. Yang, C. Wang, C. Ataca, Y. Li, H. Chen, H. Cai, A. Suslu, J. C. Grossman, C. Jiang, Q. Liu and S. Tongay, *ACS Appl. Mater. Interfaces*, 2016, **8**, 2533–2539.
- 7 Y. Cheng, J. Wang, Z. He, M. Chen, X. Guo, B. Deng, Q. Ye, S. Li, H. Chen, I. K. Sou and S. Wu, *ACS Appl. Mater. Interfaces*, 2024, **16**, 17881–17890.