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Supplementary Information

Breathing-induced high-temperature negative thermal quenching and room-temperature enhancement of luminescence in CuI-NCs based MOFs

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1. Figure



Figure S1. The asymmetric unit of CuI-MOF.



Figure S2. The experimental and simulated PXRD patterns of CuI-MOF-300 and CuI-MOF-400.



Figure S3. The TGA and DSC curves of CuI-MOF.



Figure S4. The CIE pattern of CuI-MOF.



Figure S5. The TGA curve of CuI-MOF-H.



Figure S6. The experimental and simulated PXRD patterns of CuI-MOF-H.



Figure S7. Photos of **CuI-MOF-H** under 365nm UV light at different times (room temperature, 54%RH).



Figure S8. Recycle tests of CuI-MOF and CuI-MOF-H for four runs.



Figure S9. Photos of CuI-MOF-H after 3 days of water, anhydrous ethanol, methanol, and acetonitrile immersion.



Figure S10. PL spectra of **CuI-MOF-H** after 3 days of water, methanol, ethanol, n-propyl alcohol, isopropyl alcohol, DMF, benzyl alcohol and acetonitrile immersion.

2. Table

Compound	CuI-MOF-300	CuI-MOF-320	CuI-MOF-340	CuI-MOF-360
Formula		$[Zn(Cu_3I_3)]$	L₂] _n ·xnH₂O	
Temperature/K	300	320	340	360
х	3	3	3	2.5
Fw	1329.31	1329.31	1329.31	1320.30
Crystal system	monoclinic	monoclinic	monoclinic	monoclinic
Space group	C2/m	<i>C</i> 2/ <i>m</i>	<i>C</i> 2/ <i>m</i>	<i>C</i> 2/ <i>m</i>
<i>a</i> /Å	13.7556(6)	13.7532(6)	13.7420(6)	13.6896(7)
b/Å	29.2549(13)	29.3445(12)	29.4318(12)	29.5886(14)
c /Å	10.2849(4)	10.2809(4)	10.2786(4)	10.2888(4)
lpha /°	90	90	90	90
eta /°	98.676(4)	98.656(4)	98.672(4)	98.594(4)
γ/°	90	90	90	90
$V/Å^3$	4091.5(3)	4101.9(3)	4109.7(3)	4120.7(3)
Ζ	4	4	4	4
$D_{ m c}$ /g.cm ⁻³	2.158	2.153	2.148	2.128
$\mu/ m mm^{-1}$	4.444	4.433	4.424	4.411
Goodness-of-fit on F^2	1.062	1.034	1.061	1.056
$R_1, wR_2 [I > 2\sigma(I)]$	0.0273, 0.0802	0.0277, 0.0836	0.0298, 0.0890	0.0346, 0.1000
R_1, wR_2 (all data)	0.0316, 0.0831	0.0325, 0.0867	0.0354, 0.0923	0.0422, 0.1051
Compound	CuI-MOF-380	CuI-MOF-400	CuI-MOF-H	CuI-MOF-300R
Formula		$[Zn(Cu_3I_3)]$	$L_2]_n \cdot xnH_2O$	
Temperature/K	380	400	300	300
Х	0.75	0	0	3

Table S1. Crystal data and structural refinements for **CuI-MOF** after heating up from 300 to 400 K, cooling down to 300 K and reabsorbing water molecules.

Fw	1288.78	1275.26	1275.26	1329.31
Crystal system	monoclinic	monoclinic	monoclinic	monoclinic
Space group	C2/m	<i>C</i> 2/ <i>m</i>	<i>C</i> 2/ <i>m</i>	<i>C</i> 2/ <i>m</i>
<i>a</i> /Å	13.5504(12)	13.3733(9)	13.3417(4)	13.6987(5)
b /Å	29.8545(16)	30.040(2)	29.6641(8)	29.2620(10)
c /Å	10.3019(5)	10.3062(6)	10.3124(3)	10.2928(3)
lpha /°	90	90	90	90
eta /°	98.586(6)	98.857(6)	98.686(2)	98.490(3)
$\gamma/^{\circ}$	90	90	90	90
$V/\text{\AA}^3$	4120.8(5)	4090.9(5)	4034.5(2)	4080.7(2)
Ζ	4	4	4	4
$D_{ m c}$ /g.cm ⁻³	2.077	2.071	2.100	2.164
μ /mm ⁻¹	4.405	4.435	4.497	4.456
Goodness-of-fit	1.026	1.050	1.040	1.016
on F^2	1.026	1.059	1.048	1.016
$R_1, wR_2 [I >$	0.0241.0.0001	0.0200.0.0007	0.0245 0.0640	0.0220.0.0027
2 <i>σ</i> (<i>I</i>)]	0.0341, 0.0881	0.0309, 0.0807	0.0243, 0.0640	0.0329, 0.0927
R_1 , wR_2 (all data)	0.0467, 0.0941	0.0392, 0.0850	0.0290, 0.0658	0.0400, 0.0983
$\overline{R_1 = \sum F_{\rm o} - F_{\rm c} / \sum F_{\rm o} }$	$F_{\rm o} , wR_2 = \{\sum w[(F_{\rm o})]\}$	$(F_{\rm o})^2 - (F_{\rm c})^2]^2 / \sum w[(\underline{F}_{\rm o})^2]^2 / \sum w[(\underline{F}_{\rm o})^2]^2$	$[2]^{2}\}^{1/2}$.	

Table S2. The bond lengths (\AA) in ligand at different temperature.

The bond lengths (Å) in CuI-MOF-300				
Zn1—O4 ⁴	1.965(3)	C3—C4	1.490(5)	
Zn1—O4	1.965(3)	C3—C17	1.381(5)	
Zn1—O2 ⁵	1.950(3)	C4—C5	1.385(5)	
Zn1—O2 ⁶	1.950(3)	C4—C16	1.389(6)	
O3—C13	1.231(6)	C5—C6	1.373(5)	
O4—C13	1.248(5)	C7—C8	1.387(5)	
O1—C10	1.206(7)	C7—C14	1.381(5)	
O2—C10	1.266(5)	С8—С9	1.393(5)	

N1—C1	1.356(5)	C9—C10	1.514(6)
N1—C18	1.324(5)	C9—C11	1.381(6)
N2—C6	1.339(5)	C11—C12	1.394(6)
N2—C7	1.458(5)	C12—C13	1.517(6)
N2—C15	1.347(5)	C12—C14	1.384(5)
C1—C2	1.378(6)	C15—C16	1.372(5)
C2—C3	1.377(6)	C17—C18	1.369(5)

Symmetry transformations used to generate equivalent atoms: ¹+X,1-Y,+Z; ²2-X,+Y,-Z; ³2-X,1-Y,-Z; ⁴2-X,+Y,3-Z; ⁵3/2-X,3/2-Y,3-Z; ⁶1/2+X,3/2-Y,+Z.

The bond lengths (Å) in CuI-MOF-320					
Zn1—O2 ⁴	1.951(3)	C3—C4	1.485(5)		
Zn1—O2 ⁵	1.951(3)	C3—C17	1.379(5)		
Zn1—O4	1.965(3)	C4—C5	1.388(5)		
Zn1—O4 ⁶	1.965(3)	C4—C16	1.385(5)		
O1—C10	1.211(6)	C5—C6	1.376(5)		
O2—C10	1.258(5)	C7—C8	1.382(5)		
O3—C13	1.234(6)	C7—C14	1.374(5)		
O4—C13	1.256(5)	C8—C9	1.400(5)		
N1—C1	1.358(5)	C9—C10	1.504(6)		
N1—C18	1.311(5)	C9—C11	1.385(6)		
N2—C6	1.344(5)	C11—C12	1.389(6)		
N2—C7	1.459(4)	C12—C13	1.517(6)		
N2—C15	1.347(5)	C12—C14	1.384(5)		
C1—C2	1.370(6)	C15—C16	1.375(5)		
С2—С3	1.382(6)	C17—C18	1.375(5)		

Symmetry transformations used to generate equivalent atoms: ¹+X,1-Y,+Z; ²2-X,+Y,-Z; ³2-X,1-Y,-Z; ⁴3/2-X,3/2-Y,3-Z; ⁵1/2+X,3/2-Y,+Z; ⁶2-X,+Y,3-Z.

The bond lengths (Å) in CuI-MOF-340

Zn1—O2 ⁴	1.945(3)	C3—C4	1.486(5)
Zn1—O2 ⁵	1.945(3)	C3—C17	1.381(6)

Zn1—O4 ⁶	1.963(3)	C4—C5	1.385(6)
Zn1—O4	1.963(3)	C4—C16	1.387(6)
O1—C10	1.195(7)	C5—C6	1.373(6)
O2—C10	1.265(5)	С7—С8	1.384(6)
O3—C13	1.221(6)	C7—C14	1.370(6)
O4—C13	1.255(6)	C8—C9	1.398(5)
N1—C1	1.358(6)	C9—C10	1.508(6)
N1—C18	1.321(6)	C9—C11	1.382(6)
N2—C6	1.342(5)	C11—C12	1.390(6)
N2—C7	1.462(5)	C12—C13	1.516(6)
N2—C15	1.353(5)	C12—C14	1.388(6)
C1—C2	1.379(6)	C15—C16	1.370(6)
C2—C3	1.369(6)	C17—C18	1.379(6)

Symmetry transformations used to generate equivalent atoms: ¹+X,1-Y,+Z; ²-X,1-Y,2-Z; ³-X,+Y,2-Z; ⁴-1/2+X,3/2-Y,+Z; ⁵1/2-X,3/2-Y,-1-Z; ⁶-X,+Y,-1-Z.

The bond lengths (Å) in CuI-MOF-360

$Zn1-O2^4$	1.938(4)	C3—C4	1.483(6)
Zn1—O2 ⁵	1.938(4)	C3—C17	1.384(7)
Zn1—O4 ⁶	1.961(4)	C4—C5	1.394(7)
Zn1—O4	1.961(4)	C4—C16	1.396(7)
O1—C10	1.205(7)	C5—C6	1.388(6)
O2—C10	1.268(6)	C7—C8	1.369(7)
O3—C13	1.230(7)	C7—C14	1.373(7)
O4—C13	1.252(6)	C8—C9	1.407(6)
N1—C1	1.371(7)	C9—C10	1.508(7)
N1—C18	1.320(7)	C9—C11	1.382(7)
N2—C6	1.332(6)	C11—C12	1.397(7)
N2—C7	1.463(5)	C12—C13	1.511(7)
N2—C15	1.359(6)	C12—C14	1.396(6)
C1—C2	1.382(7)	C15—C16	1.370(7)

C2—C3	1.372(7)	C17—C18	1.372(6)
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Symmetry transformations used to generate equivalent atoms: ¹+X,1-Y,+Z; ²-X,1-Y,2-Z; ³-X,+Y,2-Z; ⁴-1/2+X,3/2-Y,+Z; ⁵1/2-X,3/2-Y,-1-Z; ⁶-X,+Y,-1-Z.

The bond lengths (Å) in CuI-MOF-380				
Zn1—O2 ⁴	1.940(4)	C3—C4	1.494(6)	
Zn1—O2 ⁵	1.940(4)	C3—C17	1.373(7)	
Zn1—O46	1.946(4)	C4—C5	1.383(7)	
Zn1—O4	1.946(4)	C4—C16	1.386(7)	
O1—C10	1.209(7)	C5—C6	1.374(6)	
O2—C10	1.266(6)	C7—C8	1.381(7)	
O3—C13	1.216(7)	C7—C14	1.375(7)	
O4—C13	1.271(7)	C8—C9	1.401(6)	
N1—C1	1.349(7)	C9—C10	1.509(7)	
N1—C18	1.312(7)	C9—C11	1.388(7)	
N2—C6	1.344(6)	C11—C12	1.387(7)	
N2—C7	1.465(5)	C12—C13	1.535(7)	
N2—C15	1.342(6)	C12—C14	1.393(6)	
C1—C2	1.385(7)	C15—C16	1.364(7)	
C2—C3	1.368(7)	C17—C18	1.371(7)	

Symmetry transformations used to generate equivalent atoms: ¹+X,1-Y,+Z; ²-X,1-Y,2-Z; ³-X,+Y,2-Z; ⁴-1/2+X,3/2-Y,+Z; ⁵1/2-X,3/2-Y,-1-Z; ⁶-X,+Y,-1-Z.

The bond lengths (Å) in CuI-MOF-400

$Zn1-O2^4$	1.932(3)	C2—C3	1.355(6)
Zn1—O2 ⁵	1.932(3)	C3—C4	1.498(5)
Zn1—O4 ⁶	1.942(3)	C3—C17	1.374(6)
Zn1—O4	1.942(3)	C4—C5	1.378(6)
O1—C10	1.211(5)	C4—C16	1.378(6)
O2—C10	1.270(5)	C5—C6	1.374(5)
O3—C13	1.210(5)	C7—C8	1.385(5)
O4—C13	1.270(5)	C7—C14	1.370(5)

N1-	C1	1.349(6)	С8—С9	1.399(5)
N1—	-C18	1.319(6)	C9—C10	1.506(6)
N2—	C6	1.341(5)	C9—C11	1.374(5)
N2—	C7	1.465(4)	C11—C12	1.386(5)
N2—	-C15	1.343(5)	C12—C14	1.393(5)
C13-	C12	1.523(6)	C15—C16	1.375(5)
C1-	C2	1.382(6)	C17—C18	1.375(5)

Symmetry transformations used to generate equivalent atoms: ¹+X,1-Y,+Z; ²-X,1-Y,2-Z; ³-X,+Y,2-Z; ⁴1/2+X,3/2-Y,-1-Z; ⁵-1/2-X,3/2-Y,+Z; ⁶-X,+Y,-1-Z.

	The bond lengths (Å) in CuI-MOF-H						
Zn1—O2 ⁴	1.931(2)	C3—C4	1.494(4)				
Zn1—O2 ⁵	1.931(2)	C3—C17	1.379(4)				
Zn1—O4	1.949(2)	C4—C5	1.383(4)				
Zn1—O46	1.949(2)	C4—C16	1.377(5)				
O1—C10	1.212(4)	C5—C6	1.371(4)				
O2—C10	1.272(4)	C7—C8	1.384(4)				
O3—C13	1.220(4)	C7—C14	1.378(4)				
O4—C13	1.273(4)	C8—C9	1.402(4)				
N1—C1	1.346(4)	C9—C10	1.517(4)				
N1—C18	1.325(4)	C9—C11	1.374(4)				
N2—C6	1.344(4)	C11—C12	1.394(4)				
N2—C7	1.459(3)	C12—C13	1.517(4)				
N2—C15	1.345(4)	C12—C14	1.384(4)				
C1—C2	1.379(5)	C15—C16	1.377(4)				
C2—C3	1.366(5)	C17—C18	1.380(4)				

Symmetry transformations used to generate equivalent atoms: ¹+X,1-Y,+Z; ²-X,1-Y,2-Z; ³-X,+Y,2-Z; ⁴-1/2+X,3/2-Y,+Z; ⁵1/2-X,3/2-Y,-1-Z; ⁶-X,+Y,-1-Z.

Table S3. Cu···Cu distances (Å) and Cu—I/N bonds lengths(Å) in CuI-MOF at different temperatures.

CuI-MOF-300	CuI-MOF-320	CuI-MOF-340	CuI-MOF-360
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Cu1…Cu1 ¹	2.662	2.668	2.672	2.677
Cu1…Cu2	2.627	2.628	2.628	2.623
$Cu1\cdots Cu2^3$	2.533	2.534	2.535	2.537
$Cu2\cdots Cu2^2$	2.732	2.739	2.740	2.742
Cu1—I1	2.7668(7)	2.7670(7)	2.7692(8)	2.7757(9)
Cu1—I2	2.6637(6)	2.6650(6)	2.6652(7)	2.6697(8)
Cu1—I3	2.6579(6)	2.6576(6)	2.6573(6)	2.6561(8)
Cu2—I1	2.5125(11)	2.5119(10)	2.5112(11)	2.5087(13)
Cu2—I2 ²	2.5870(11)	2.5841(11)	2.5831(12)	2.5820(14)
Cu2—I3	2.7302(12)	2.7318(12)	2.7352(13)	2.7474(15)
Cu1—N1	2.036(3)	2.039(3)	2.029(4)	2.034(4)
	G	G 7 7 6 6 7 100	G	
	Cul-MOF-380	Cul-MOF-400	Cul-MOF-H	
Cu1…Cu1 ¹	2.679	2.679	Cul-MOF-H 2.647	
Cu1…Cu1 ¹ Cu1…Cu2	2.679 2.628	Cul-MOF-400 2.679 2.641	2.647 2.616	
Cu1…Cu1 ¹ Cu1…Cu2 Cu1…Cu2 ³	2.679 2.628 2.532	Cul-MOF-400 2.679 2.641 2.525	2.647 2.616 2.512	
$Cu1\cdots Cu1^{1}$ $Cu1\cdots Cu2$ $Cu1\cdots Cu2^{3}$ $Cu2\cdots Cu2^{2}$	2.679 2.628 2.532 2.753	Cul-MOF-400 2.679 2.641 2.525 2.749	2.647 2.616 2.512 2.722	
$Cu1\cdots Cu1^{1}$ $Cu1\cdots Cu2$ $Cu1\cdots Cu2^{3}$ $Cu2\cdots Cu2^{2}$ $Cu1-I1$	2.679 2.628 2.532 2.753 2.7873(10)	Cul-MOF-400 2.679 2.641 2.525 2.749 2.7882(8)	2.647 2.616 2.512 2.722 2.7814(6)	
$Cu1\cdots Cu1^{1}$ $Cu1\cdots Cu2$ $Cu1\cdots Cu2^{3}$ $Cu2\cdots Cu2^{2}$ $Cu1-I1$ $Cu1-I2$	Cul-MOF-380 2.679 2.628 2.532 2.753 2.7873(10) 2.6797(9)	Cul-MOF-400 2.679 2.641 2.525 2.749 2.7882(8) 2.6788(8)	Cul-MOF-H 2.647 2.616 2.512 2.722 2.7814(6) 2.6777(6)	
Cu1…Cu1 ¹ Cu1…Cu2 Cu1…Cu2 ³ Cu2…Cu2 ² Cu1—I1 Cu1—I2 Cu1—I3	2.679 2.628 2.532 2.753 2.7873(10) 2.6797(9) 2.6526(8)	2.679 2.641 2.525 2.749 2.7882(8) 2.6788(8) 2.6489(7)	2.647 2.616 2.512 2.722 2.7814(6) 2.6357(5)	
$\begin{array}{c} Cu1 \cdots Cu1^{1} \\ Cu1 \cdots Cu2 \\ Cu1 \cdots Cu2^{3} \\ Cu2 \cdots Cu2^{2} \\ Cu1 - I1 \\ Cu1 - I2 \\ Cu1 - I3 \\ Cu2 - I1 \end{array}$	2.679 2.628 2.532 2.753 2.7873(10) 2.6797(9) 2.6526(8) 2.5077(13)	2.679 2.641 2.525 2.749 2.7882(8) 2.6788(8) 2.6489(7) 2.5077(11)	2.647 2.616 2.512 2.722 2.7814(6) 2.6357(5) 2.5087(8)	
$\begin{array}{c} & Cu1 \cdots Cu1^{1} \\ & Cu1 \cdots Cu2 \\ & Cu1 \cdots Cu2^{3} \\ & Cu2 \cdots Cu2^{2} \\ & Cu1 I1 \\ & Cu1 I2 \\ & Cu1 I3 \\ & Cu2 I1 \\ & Cu2 I2^{2} \end{array}$	2.679 2.628 2.532 2.753 2.7873(10) 2.6797(9) 2.6526(8) 2.5077(13) 2.5899(16)	2.679 2.641 2.525 2.749 2.7882(8) 2.6788(8) 2.6489(7) 2.5077(11) 2.5944(13)	Cul-MOF-H 2.647 2.616 2.512 2.722 2.7814(6) 2.6357(5) 2.5087(8) 2.5909(10)	
$\begin{array}{c} Cu1 \cdots Cu1^{1} \\ Cu1 \cdots Cu2 \\ Cu1 \cdots Cu2^{3} \\ Cu2 \cdots Cu2^{2} \\ Cu1$	2.679 2.628 2.532 2.753 2.7873(10) 2.6797(9) 2.6526(8) 2.5077(13) 2.5899(16) 2.7537(16)	Cul-MOF-400 2.679 2.641 2.525 2.749 2.7882(8) 2.6788(8) 2.6489(7) 2.5077(11) 2.5944(13) 2.7522(13)	2.647 2.616 2.512 2.722 2.7814(6) 2.6357(5) 2.5087(8) 2.5909(10) 2.7428(10)	

Table S4. Hydrogen bonding in CuI-MOF.

Donor-H···Acceptor	d(D–H)	d(H···A)	d(D····A)	∠D–H…A
O1W–H1W…O2	0.85	2.60	3.012(8)	111

O2W-H2W…O3	0.85	2.59	3.044(4)	114
O3W–H3WB…O1	0.85	2.65	3.014(5)	107
С8–Н8…О1	0.93	2.48	3.241(6)	140
C14–H14…O2W	0.93	2.36	3.216(5)	153
С16-Н16…ОЗ	0.93	2.59	3.216(6)	125

 Table S5 The selected dihedral angles (°) in CuI-MOF at different temperatures.

	CuI-MOF-						
	300	320	340	360	380	400	Н
θ1	25.0(6)	25.0(6)	25.3(6)	25.4(7)	27.2(8)	28.7(6)	28.9(5)
θ2	-39.3(5)	-39.8(5)	-40.0(5)	-39.9(6)	-41.7(6)	-41.8(5)	-41.5(4)

 Table S6 The decay lifetimes of CuI-MOF at room temperature.

	7 1 (ns)	B ₁ (%)	$ au_2$ (ns)	B ₂ (%)	$ au_{av}$ (ns)
CuI-MOF	12.18	25.55	42.09	74.45	34.4

 Table S7 The temperature-dependent PL decay lifetimes of CuI-MOF.

T (K)	τ ₁ (ns)	B ₁ (%)	$ au_2$ (ns)	B ₂ (%)	$ au_3$ (ns)	B ₃ (%)	$ au_{av}$ (ns)
300	2.853	4.12	14.32	15.63	41.38	80.25	35.6
320	2.268	5.42	9.679	17.99	28.53	76.59	23.7
340	4.214	19.4	18.51	63.87	25.63	16.73	16.9
360	2.560	14.86	12.49	69.99	24.16	15.15	12.8
380	3.254	23.25	14.12	55.09	36.41	21.66	16.4
400	4.519	31.03	27.84	47.11	60.82	21.86	27.8
420	2.606	11.41	13.16	27.86	58.33	60.73	39.4

Table S8 The decay	y lifetimes of	CuI-MOF-H	at room ter	mperature.
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τ ₁ (ns)	B ₁ (%)	$ au_2$ (ns)	B ₂ (%)	τ ₃ (ns)	B ₃ (%)	$ au_{av}$ (ns)