

HLCT/HLCT-AIE-Enabled Donor-Acceptor System through Locking and Unlocking Strategy and Its Versatile Applications

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SII. General information and measurements

^1H and ^{13}C NMR spectra were recorded using an AV 400 Avance-III FT-NMR Spectrometer (Bruker Biospin International, Switzerland) with spectrometer frequencies 400 MHz and 100 MHz respectively and Mass spectra of fluorophore were recorded on High Resolution Mass Spectrometer (HRMS) Waters, USA, XEVO G2-XS QTOF model. The FT-IR spectra were recorded on a Perkin–Elmer RX-I FTIR spectrophotometer. Thermogravimetric analysis (TGA) was performed using TA Instrument TGAQ50 thermal analysis system. UV-vis absorption was measured using UV-vis spectrophotometer (Shimadzu Corporation, Japan/UV-2450 pekin Elmer, USA/Lambda 25) and photoluminescence (PL) spectra were recorded using an Edinburgh instrument FLS980 spectrofluorometer. The absolute PL Quantum yields (PLQY) were measured using an Edinburgh instrument spectrofluorometer, integrating sphere SC-30 model. The fluorophores' quantum yield is calculated using equation (1).

$$\Phi = \frac{L_n(\lambda) - L_i(\lambda)}{L_0(\lambda)} \quad (1)$$

$$\eta = \frac{E_i(\lambda) - (1 - \Phi)_0(\lambda)}{E_0(\lambda)\Phi} \quad (2)$$

Where, $L_0(\lambda)$ is the integrated excitation profile (sample is directly excited by the incident beam) and $L_i(\lambda)$ are the integrated excitation profile attained from the empty integrated sphere. $E_0(\lambda)$ is the integrated luminescence of solid caused by direct excitation and $E_i(\lambda)$ is indirect illumination from the sphere, respectively. Photoluminescence lifetime of the dyes was measured at 298 K with an Edinburgh Instrument FLS 980 luminescence spectrometer based on the time correlated single photon counting technology for all the dyes. Cyclic voltammetry (CV) of the fluorophores was carried out by using AUTOLAB 302 Modular Potentiostat electrochemical analyzer at 298 ± 1 K. The tests were carried out in dimethylformamide (DMF) containing 0.1 M tetrabutylammonium perchlorate (Bu_4NClO_4) as a supporting electrolyte, and the scan rate was maintained at $100 \text{ mV}\cdot\text{s}^{-1}$ with three conventional electrode configurations viz, a glassy carbon working electrode, a platinum plate auxiliary electrode, and an Ag/AgCl reference electrode.

SI2. Computational details:

The optimized geometries and relevant energies of the ImPy-Ac were obtained employing density functional theory (DFT) calculations using the hybrid B3LYP functional and 6-311G

(d, p) basis set. All geometries were confirmed to be minima by additional vibrational frequency calculations. The singlet and lowest triplet energies were evaluated via the Δ self-consistent field (Δ SCF) method based on optimized geometries. All the DFT and TD-DFT calculations were conducted using the Gaussian 09 software package and the Gauss View suite of programs for the studied system.

SI3. NMR (^1H and ^{13}C) spectra and HRMS spectra

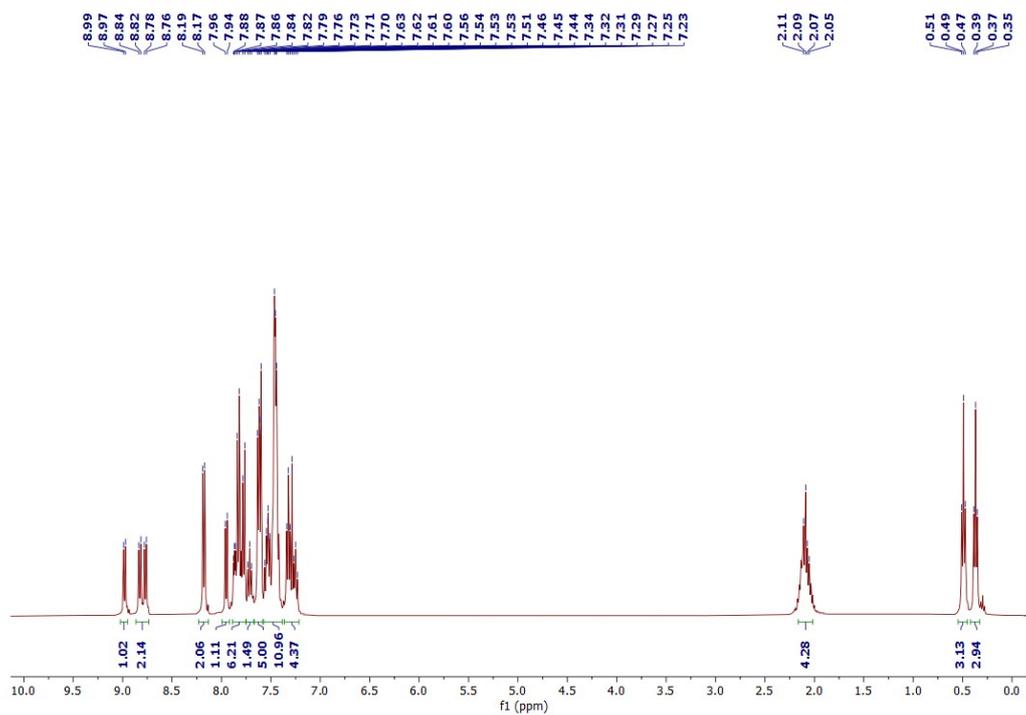


Figure S1. ^1H NMR spectra of PI-FLCBZ

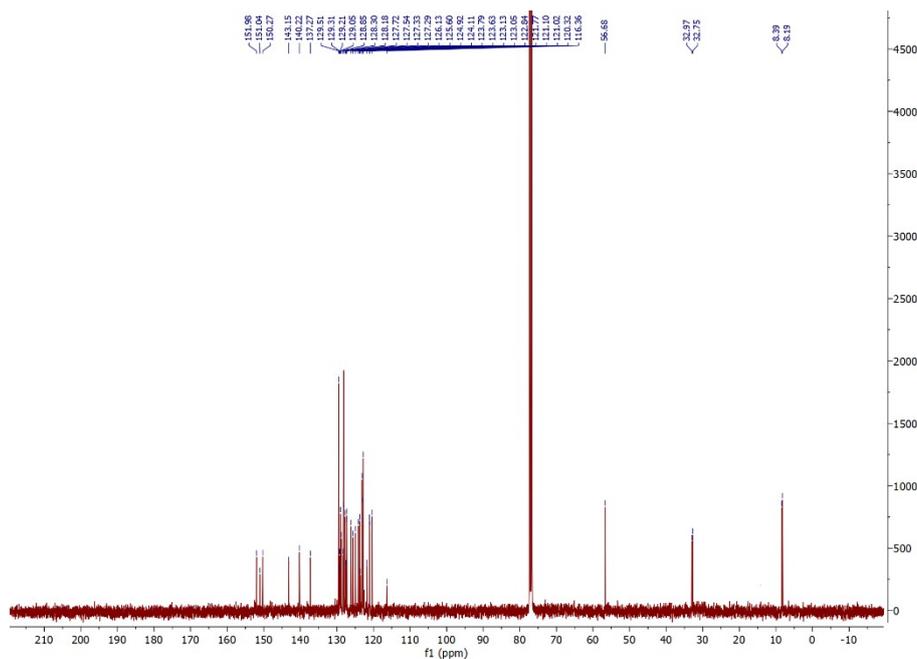


Figure S4. ^{13}C NMR spectra of PI-FLTPA.

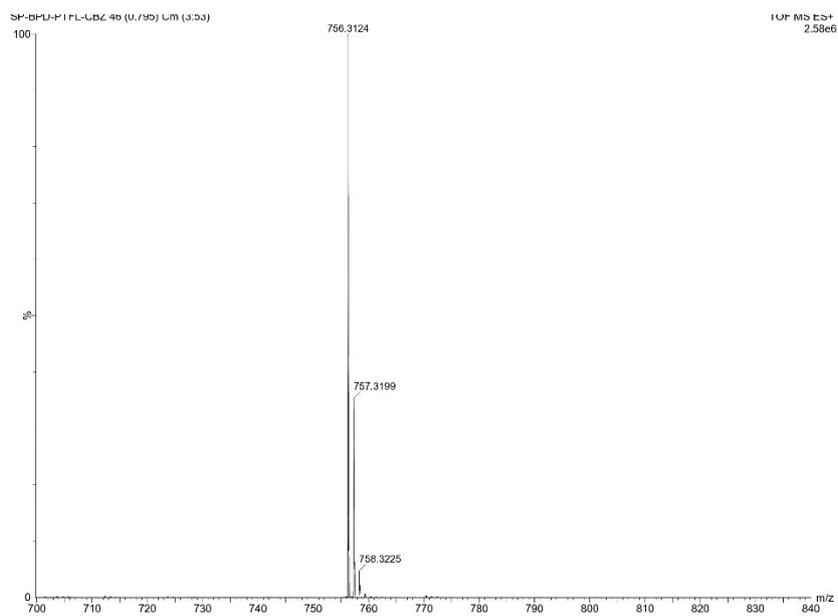


Figure S5. HRMS spectra of the PI-FLCBZ

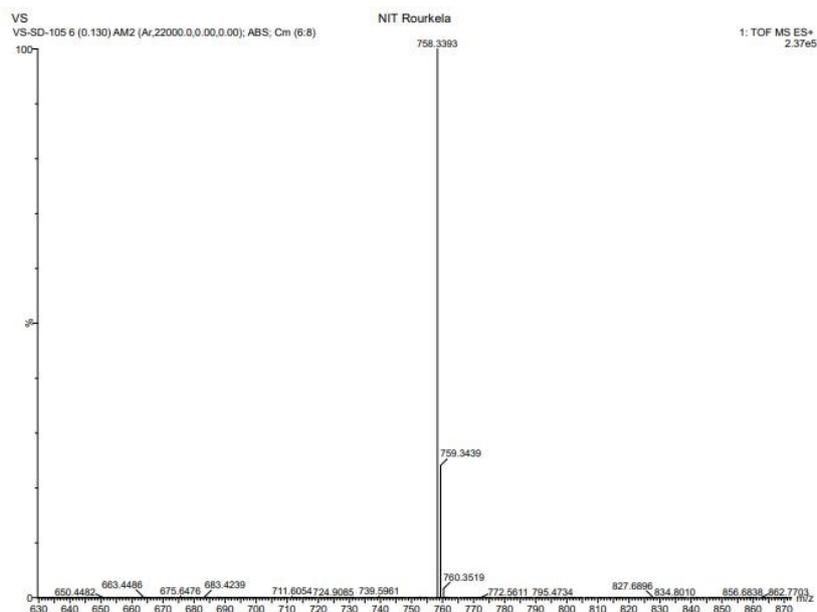


Figure S3. HRMS spectra of the PI-FLTPA.

SI4. Acidochromism properties of the fluorophore.

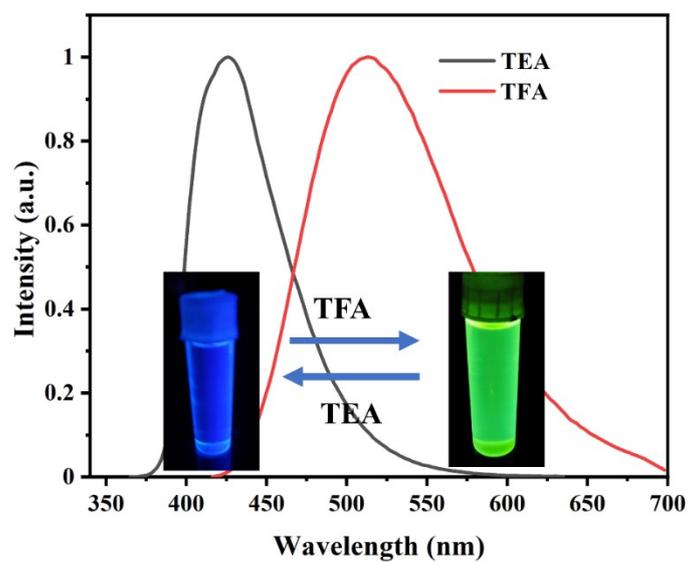


Figure S4. Fluorescence spectra of PI-FLCBZ with alternate addition of TFA and TEA

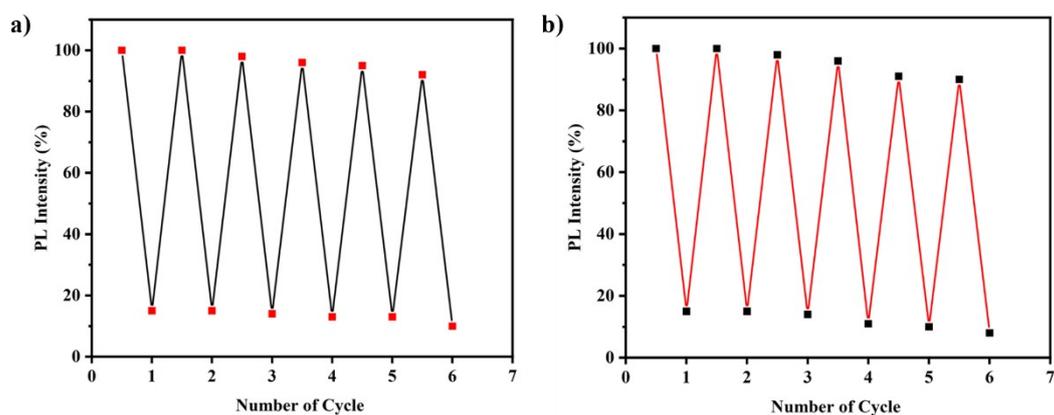


Figure S5. luminescence cycle of the fluorophores upon exposure to acid–base.

SI5. Theoretical Study.

The computed vertical transition and their oscillator strengths (f) and configuration of PI-FLCBZ.

Singlet

Excited State 1: Singlet-A 3.3327 eV 372.02 nm $f=0.7715$ $\langle S^{*2} \rangle=0.000$

198 -> 201 0.10070

199 -> 200 0.67956

199 -> 201 0.13366

Excited State 2: Singlet-A 3.3992 eV 364.75 nm $f=0.3422$ $\langle S^{*2} \rangle=0.000$

198 -> 200 0.12790

198 -> 201 0.11013

199 -> 200 -0.13353

199 -> 201 0.66648

Excited State 3: Singlet-A 3.6046 eV 343.97 nm $f=0.0112$ $\langle S^{*2} \rangle=0.000$

198 -> 200 0.66281

198 -> 201 -0.16189

Excited State 4: Singlet-A 3.7741 eV 328.52 nm $f=0.0086$ $\langle S^{*2} \rangle=0.000$

196 -> 200 -0.20188

196 -> 205 -0.15087

198 -> 200 0.11692
 198 -> 201 0.20763
 198 -> 202 -0.11833
 198 -> 203 0.15346
 199 -> 201 -0.10466
 199 -> 202 -0.37627
 199 -> 203 0.41449

Excited State 5: Singlet-A 3.8056 eV 325.79 nm f=0.0021 <S**2>=0.000

198 -> 200 0.13068
 198 -> 201 0.61915
 199 -> 201 -0.12618
 199 -> 202 0.24147

Excited State 6: Singlet-A 3.8329 eV 323.47 nm f=0.0214 <S**2>=0.000

198 -> 201 -0.14126
 198 -> 202 0.13161
 198 -> 203 0.13469
 199 -> 202 0.49028
 199 -> 203 0.39655
 199 -> 205 0.11704

Excited State 7: Singlet-A 3.9705 eV 312.26 nm f=0.0000 <S**2>=0.000

197 -> 200 0.67419
 197 -> 201 -0.17584

Excited State 8: Singlet-A 3.9790 eV 311.60 nm f=0.0388 <S**2>=0.000

197 -> 210 0.14828
 198 -> 204 -0.48140

199 -> 204 0.48664

Excited State 9: Singlet-A 4.0101 eV 309.18 nm f=0.0130 <S**2>=0.000

196 -> 200 0.46614

196 -> 203 -0.12096

198 -> 205 -0.11457

199 -> 203 0.24011

199 -> 205 -0.40268

Excited State 10: Singlet-A 4.1006 eV 302.36 nm f=0.0195 <S**2>=0.000

196 -> 200 0.38688

196 -> 201 0.48549

196 -> 203 0.11563

199 -> 205 0.28836

Triplet

Excited State 1: Triplet-A 2.5950 eV 477.77 nm f=0.0000 <S**2>=2.000

194 -> 200 0.14965

196 -> 203 0.12532

198 -> 200 0.11007

198 -> 205 0.12479

199 -> 200 0.55243

199 -> 201 -0.19074

199 -> 205 0.17175

Excited State 2: Triplet-A 2.9449 eV 421.01 nm f=0.0000 <S**2>=2.000

193 -> 200 0.12984

194 -> 200 -0.17632

196 -> 203 0.30359

198 -> 200 0.17549
198 -> 205 0.12088
198 -> 208 0.10712
199 -> 200 -0.19081
199 -> 202 -0.16037
199 -> 205 0.36258

Excited State 3: Triplet-A 3.0312 eV 409.02 nm f=0.0000 <S**2>=2.000

189 -> 202 -0.13553
190 -> 207 0.12578
195 -> 200 0.26688
195 -> 201 0.55968

Excited State 4: Triplet-A 3.1786 eV 390.06 nm f=0.0000 <S**2>=2.000

185 -> 215 -0.11676
192 -> 204 0.15494
192 -> 213 0.10511
197 -> 204 0.60055
198 -> 210 0.22709
199 -> 210 -0.11811

Excited State 5: Triplet-A 3.2363 eV 383.11 nm f=0.0000 <S**2>=2.000

188 -> 206 0.11608
196 -> 203 -0.24026
198 -> 200 0.46797
198 -> 201 -0.15101
198 -> 204 0.11007

198 -> 205	-0.11861
199 -> 208	-0.21983
Excited State 6: Triplet-A	3.3029 eV 375.37 nm f=0.0000 <S**2>=2.000
198 -> 201	0.14439
198 -> 203	0.18991
199 -> 200	0.13192
199 -> 201	0.45385
199 -> 202	-0.10369
199 -> 203	0.40103
Excited State 7: Triplet-A	3.3459 eV 370.56 nm f=0.0000 <S**2>=2.000
192 -> 210	0.12420
198 -> 204	0.55996
199 -> 204	-0.34378
Excited State 8: Triplet-A	3.4279 eV 361.69 nm f=0.0000 <S**2>=2.000
198 -> 203	-0.17940
199 -> 200	0.19675
199 -> 201	0.44670
199 -> 202	0.11323
199 -> 203	-0.38366
Excited State 9: Triplet-A	3.5335 eV 350.88 nm f=0.0000 <S**2>=2.000
194 -> 200	0.14077
196 -> 200	-0.23362
196 -> 201	0.16805
196 -> 203	0.36856
198 -> 200	0.17979

198 -> 205 -0.15919
199 -> 202 0.18324
199 -> 203 0.10759
199 -> 205 -0.25720
199 -> 208 -0.12607

Excited State 10: Triplet-A 3.7085 eV 334.32 nm f=0.0000 <S**2>=2.000

191 -> 209 0.10547
193 -> 200 -0.16154
193 -> 205 -0.12408
194 -> 200 0.27029
194 -> 205 -0.15286
196 -> 203 -0.15403
198 -> 200 0.15736
198 -> 208 0.15829
199 -> 200 -0.14456
199 -> 202 -0.16061
199 -> 208 0.18045
199 -> 211 -0.19706

The computed vertical transition and their oscillator strengths (*f*) and configuration of PI-FLTPA.

Singlet

Excited State 1: Singlet-A 3.2195 eV 385.10 nm f=0.8062 <S**2>=0.000

199 -> 201 0.11623
200 -> 201 0.65550
200 -> 202 0.21167

Excited State 2: Singlet-A 3.3049 eV 375.16 nm f=0.4132 <S**2>=0.000

199 -> 201	-0.15757
199 -> 202	0.12809
200 -> 201	-0.18056
200 -> 202	0.64673
Excited State 3: Singlet-A 3.5673 eV 347.56 nm f=0.0253 <S**2>=0.000	
199 -> 201	0.66213
199 -> 202	-0.10061
200 -> 201	-0.17034
200 -> 202	0.13318
Excited State 4: Singlet-A 3.6550 eV 339.22 nm f=0.0509 <S**2>=0.000	
198 -> 205	0.10833
199 -> 201	0.12036
199 -> 202	0.61513
199 -> 204	-0.13579
200 -> 203	0.10604
200 -> 204	-0.17403
Excited State 5: Singlet-A 3.7237 eV 332.96 nm f=0.0129 <S**2>=0.000	
199 -> 202	-0.18784
199 -> 203	0.30293
200 -> 203	0.58025
Excited State 6: Singlet-A 3.7823 eV 327.81 nm f=0.0606 <S**2>=0.000	
198 -> 205	-0.10594
199 -> 202	0.21576
199 -> 204	0.31743
200 -> 203	0.18345
200 -> 204	0.52469

Excited State 7: Singlet-A 3.8313 eV 323.61 nm f=0.0113 <S**2>=0.000

199 -> 206 -0.21287

200 -> 206 0.66074

Excited State 8: Singlet-A 3.9811 eV 311.43 nm f=0.0074 <S**2>=0.000

198 -> 201 -0.16840

198 -> 202 -0.21032

198 -> 204 0.14050

199 -> 205 0.22111

200 -> 204 -0.18329

200 -> 205 0.54424

Excited State 9: Singlet-A 4.0312 eV 307.56 nm f=0.1895 <S**2>=0.000

199 -> 207 -0.19129

200 -> 207 0.67084

Excited State 10: Singlet-A 4.0594 eV 305.42 nm f=0.0021 <S**2>=0.000

198 -> 201 0.17320

199 -> 203 0.56961

200 -> 203 -0.32484

200 -> 205 0.10451

Triplet

Excited State 1: 3.008-A 0.2686 eV 4615.73 nm f=0.0336 <S**2>=2.012

201A -> 203A 0.62567

201A -> 204A -0.19116

201A -> 208A -0.24679

201A -> 214A -0.10162

197B -> 200B -0.13768

198B -> 200B 0.10172

199B -> 200B	0.80317
201A <- 203A	0.29661
201A <- 208A	-0.16284
199B <- 200B	0.24101
Excited State 2: 3.009-A	0.4641 eV 2671.37 nm f=0.0067 <S**2>=2.013
201A -> 202A	0.99120
Excited State 3: 3.008-A	0.7648 eV 1621.23 nm f=0.0043 <S**2>=2.012
201A -> 203A	0.11703
201A -> 204A	0.97174
201A -> 208A	-0.10977
199B -> 200B	0.11410
Excited State 4: 3.010-A	0.8617 eV 1438.89 nm f=0.1805 <S**2>=2.014
201A -> 203A	0.66112
201A -> 205A	-0.26074
201A -> 208A	0.41231
197B -> 200B	-0.28332
198B -> 200B	0.26208
199B -> 200B	-0.41754
199B <- 200B	0.10678
Excited State 5: 3.010-A	0.9659 eV 1283.64 nm f=0.0156 <S**2>=2.015
201A -> 205A	0.92636
201A -> 208A	0.18553
201A -> 210A	-0.11220
197B -> 200B	-0.10606
198B -> 200B	0.18087

199B -> 200B -0.11397
 Excited State 6: 3.010-A 1.0297 eV 1204.12 nm f=0.0004 <S**2>=2.015
 201A -> 205A 0.10001
 201A -> 206A -0.40188
 201A -> 207A 0.82040
 201A -> 211A 0.35299
 195B -> 200B -0.11485
 Excited State 7: 3.014-A 1.1631 eV 1065.95 nm f=0.0040 <S**2>=2.020
 201A -> 206A 0.82698
 201A -> 207A 0.27601
 201A -> 211A 0.12148
 201A -> 212A -0.10179
 201A -> 213A 0.29401
 195B -> 200B -0.30524
 198B -> 200B -0.12852
 Excited State 8: 3.017-A 1.1834 eV 1047.68 nm f=0.0168 <S**2>=2.026
 201A -> 203A -0.11417
 201A -> 205A -0.15000
 201A -> 206A 0.33477
 201A -> 207A 0.32522
 201A -> 211A -0.11919
 201A -> 212A 0.13735
 201A -> 213A -0.33396
 195B -> 200B 0.41894
 197B -> 200B 0.28028
 198B -> 200B 0.57038

Excited State 9: 3.018-A 1.2039 eV 1029.86 nm f=0.0258 <S**2>=2.028

201A -> 203A -0.11458

201A -> 206A -0.13316

201A -> 207A -0.23982

201A -> 211A 0.15774

201A -> 212A -0.10351

201A -> 213A 0.41627

194B -> 200B 0.15881

195B -> 200B -0.39810

197B -> 200B 0.27310

198B -> 200B 0.64629

Excited State 10: 3.012-A 1.3893 eV 892.40 nm f=0.1008 <S**2>=2.018

201A -> 203A 0.38386

201A -> 208A 0.11482

201A -> 212A -0.40706

201A -> 213A -0.11897

201A -> 217A -0.13193

197B -> 200B 0.75267

198B -> 200B -0.23111

199B -> 200B -0.12237

201A <- 203A -0.10789

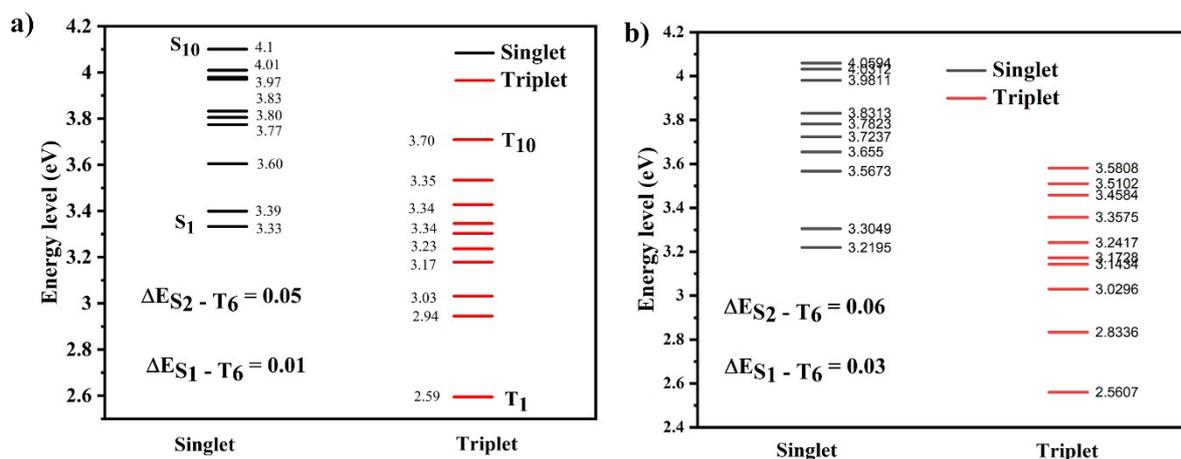


Figure S6. The energy difference between S₂-T₅ and S₂-T₄ for the fluorophore PI-FLCBZ

SI6. AIEE study of the fluorophore PI-FLCBZ.

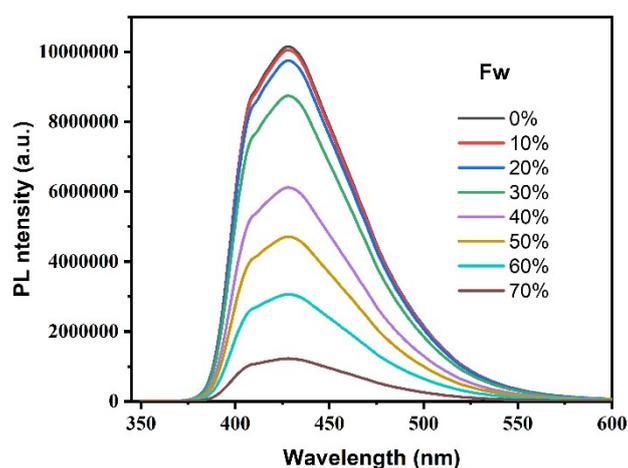


Figure S7. AIEE study of the fluorophore PI-FLCBZ

SI7. PLQY of the fluorophores.

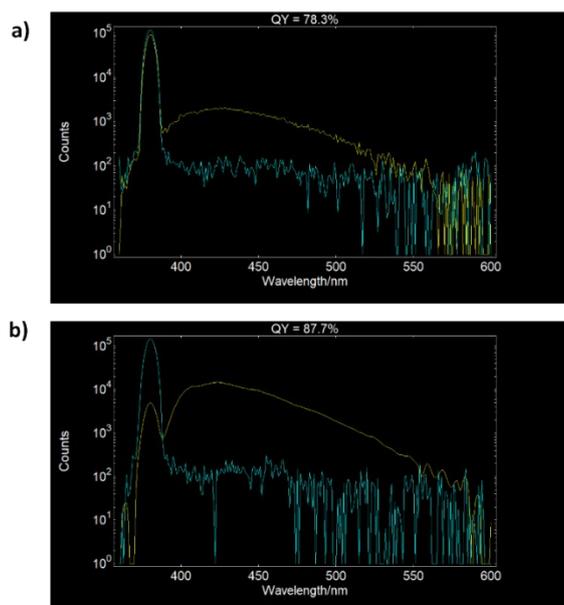


Figure S8. PLQY a) PI-FLCBZ b) PI-FLTPA

SI8. SXRD data of PI-FLTPA

Table S1. Crystallographic data of PI-FLCBZ.

Identification code	mo_VS_NS_BB_2_0m
Empirical formula	C ₅₆ H ₄₁ N ₃
Formula weight	755.92
CCDC number	2493865
Temperature/K	298
Crystal system	monoclinic
Space group	C2/c
a/Å	19.8894(12)
b/Å	12.8546(9)
c/Å	32.966(2)
α /°	90
β /°	105.195(2)
γ /°	90
Volume/Å ³	8133.9(9)
Z	8
$\rho_{\text{calc}}/\text{cm}^3$	1.235

μ/mm^{-1}	0.072
F(000)	3184.0
Crystal size/ mm^3	$0.29 \times 0.25 \times 0.19$
Radiation	MoK α ($\lambda = 0.71073$)