

Supplemental Information

Organic electrochemical transistor-based biosensors using doped polyaniline

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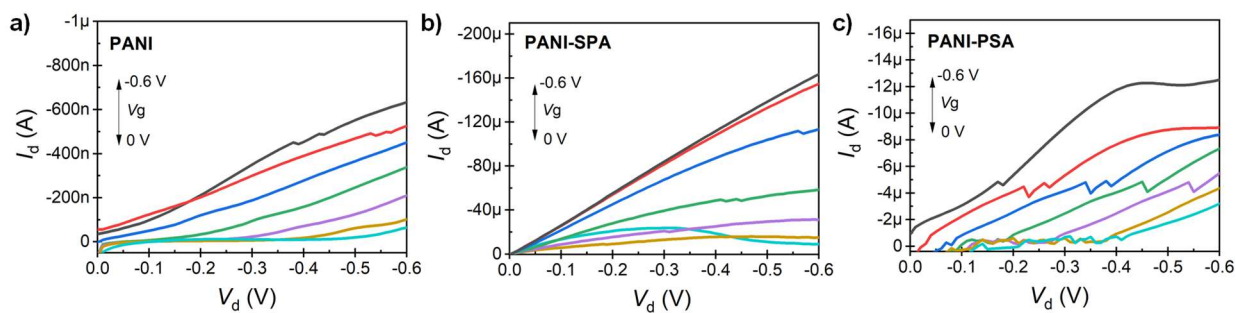


Fig. S1 Output characteristics of OEETs based on a) **PANI**, b) **PANI-SPA**, and c) **PANI-PSA**.

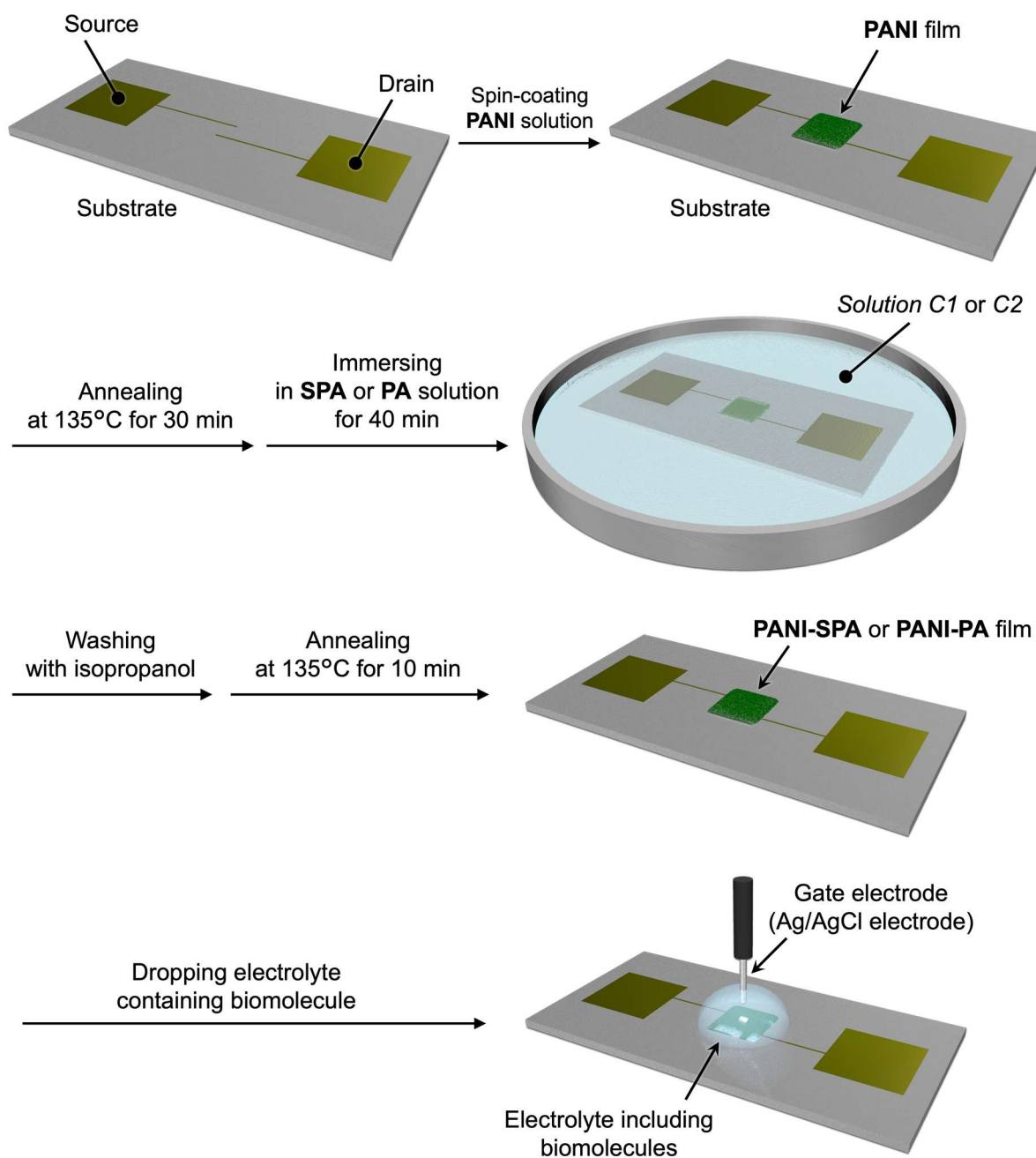


Fig. S2 The detailed fabrication process of **PANI** film and the OEET device in this study.

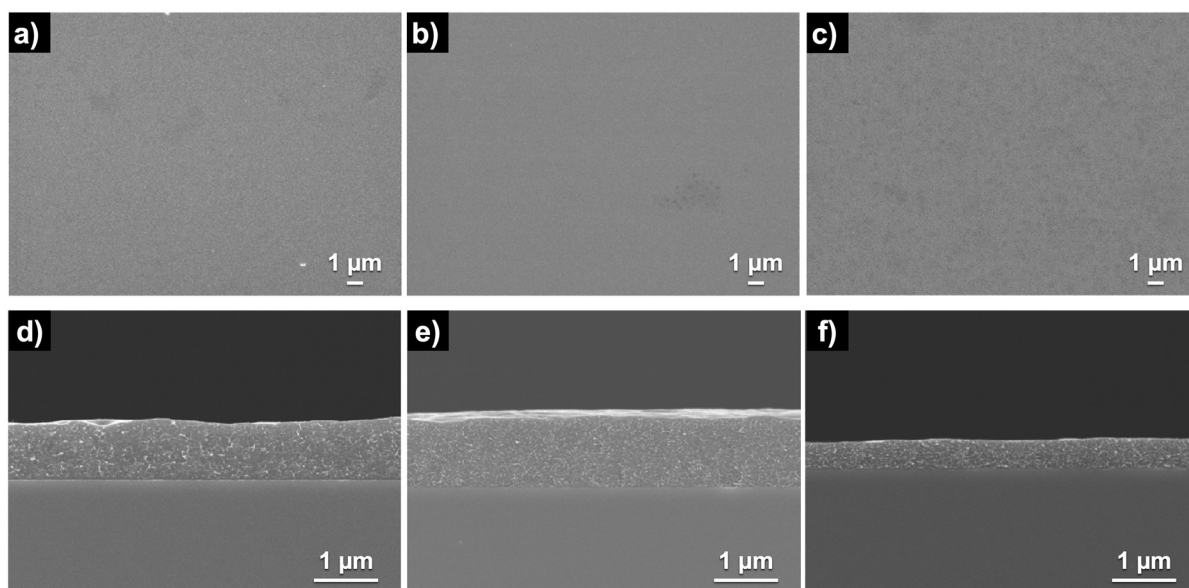


Fig. S3 SEM images of the polymer film surface and cross-section for a,d) PANI, b,e) PANI-SPA, and c,f) PANI-PSA.

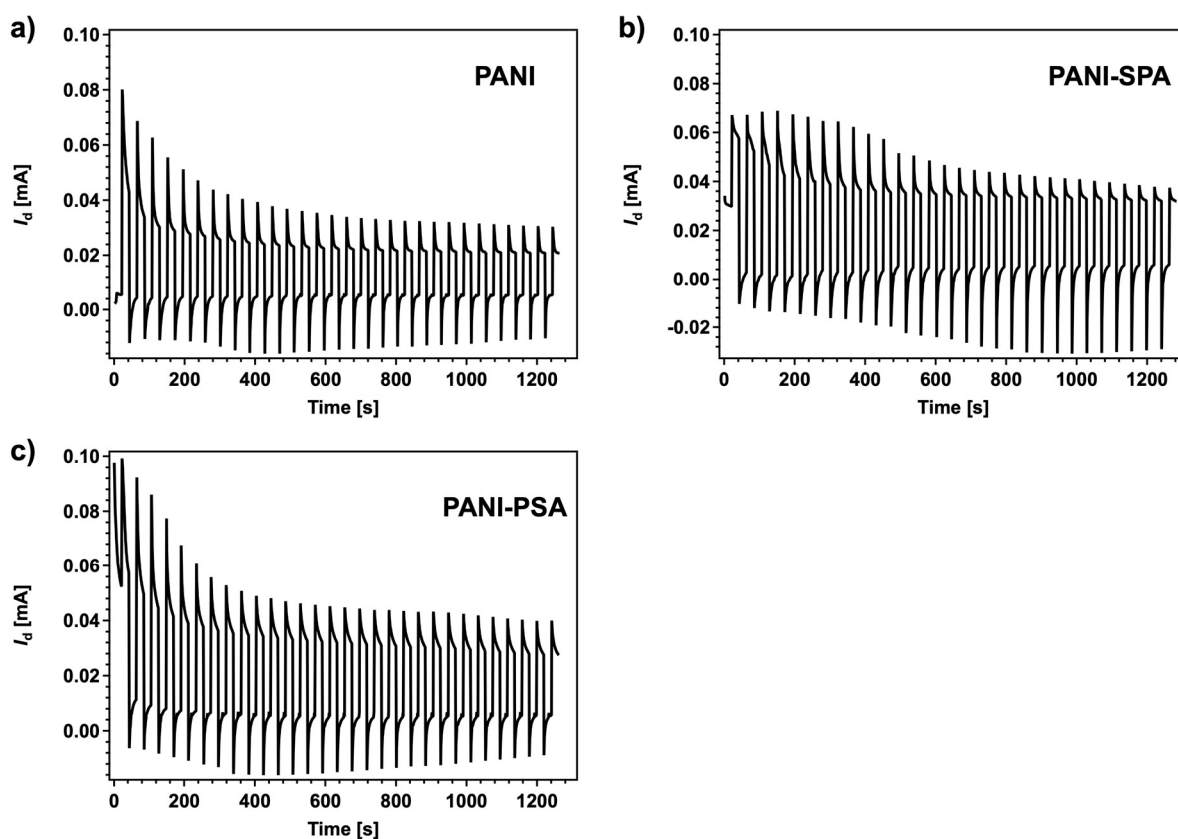


Fig. S4 Real-time drain current switching profiles under repeated on/off gate voltage cycles (0.5 V / 0 V) for a) PANI, b) PANI-SPA, and c) PANI-PSA. Measurements were performed under ambient conditions with a fixed drain voltage of -0.6 V. Each gate voltage cycle lasted 40 s (20 s on / 20 s off) and was repeated for a total duration of 1200 s.

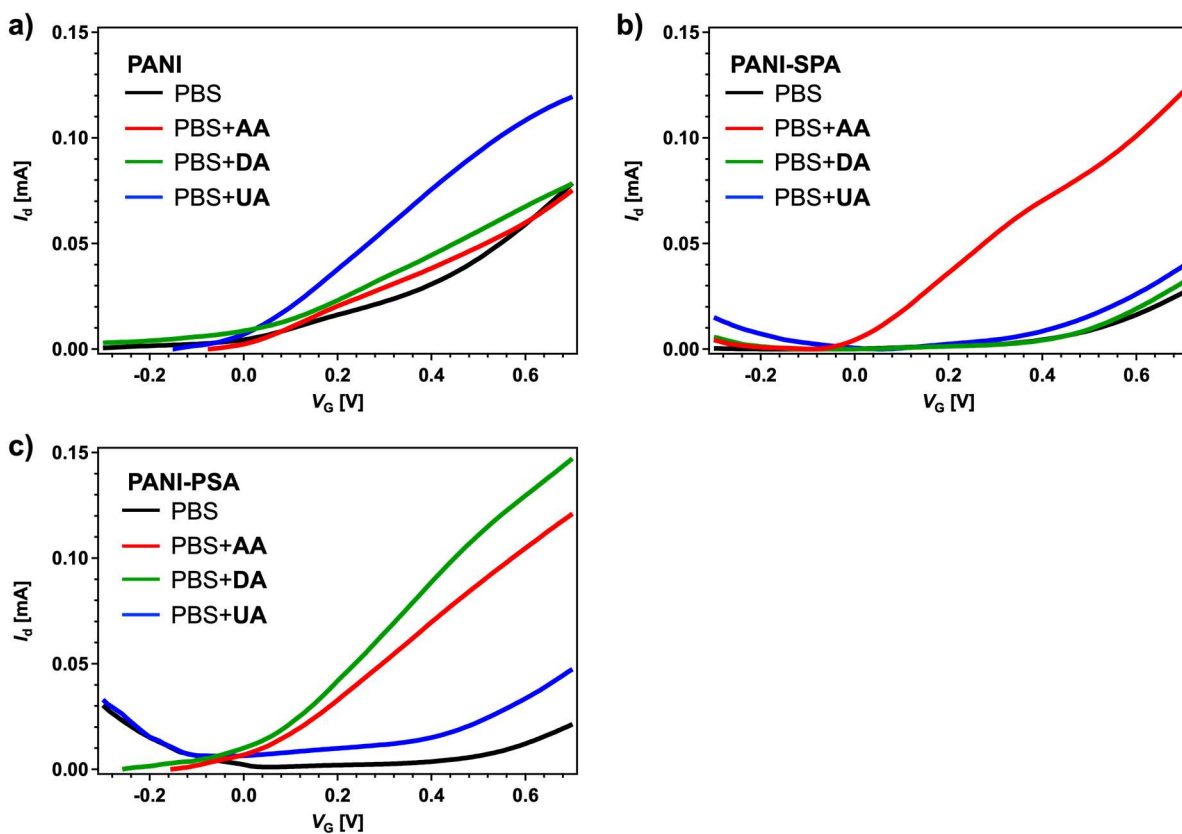


Fig. S5 Transfer curves of a) PANI, b) PANI-SPA, and c) PANI-PSA measured with/without biomolecules in 0.1 M phosphate-buffered saline (PBS, pH 7.0). The drain voltage was set to -0.6 V, and the gate voltage was swept from -0.3 V to 0.7 V.

Table S1 Maximum transconductance ($g_{m,max}$) and threshold voltage obtained from the transfer curves (Figure 5) in OECTs at a biomolecule concentration of 1 mM^a

Channel materials	Electrolytes	$g_{m,max}$ (mS)	Gate voltage at $g_{m,max}$ (V)	Threshold voltage (V)
PANi	PBS	-	-	0.10
	PBS + AA	0.10	0.12	0.09
	PBS + UA	0.19	0.32	0.02
	PBS + DA	0.11	0.25	0.10
PANi-SPA	PBS	-	-	0.48
	PBS + AA	0.19	0.13	-0.12
	PBS + UA	0.15	0.71	0.31
	PBS + DA	0.13	0.66	0.49
PANi-PSA	PBS	-	-	0.57
	PBS + AA	0.19	0.35	0.03
	PBS + UA	0.15	0.65	0.20
	PBS + DA	0.24	0.34	-0.01

^a Since the values in the table are averaged, there may be slight differences compared with those shown in Figure 5.

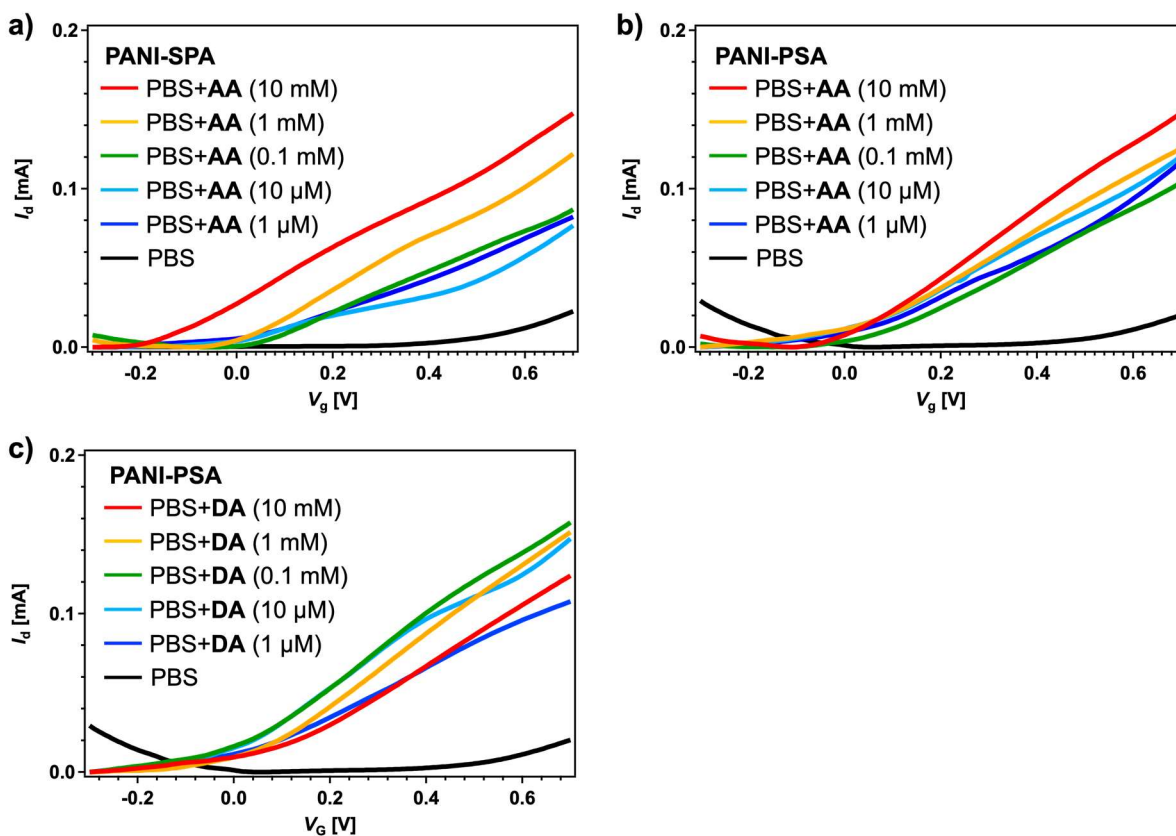


Fig. S6 Transfer curves of a) PANI-SPA with varying AA concentrations, and b,c) PANI-PSA with varying b) AA and c) DA concentrations. The AA or DA concentrations were 0 M, 1 μ M, 10 μ M, 0.1 mM, 1 mM, and 10 mM in 0.1 M PBS. Measurements were performed with a drain voltage of -0.6 V and a gate voltage sweep from -0.3 V to 0.7 V, demonstrating concentration-dependent modulation of channel conductivity.

Table S2 Maximum transconductance ($g_{m,max}$) and threshold voltage extracted from the transfer curves (Figure 6) in OEECTs^a

Channel materials	Electrolytes	$g_{m,max}$ (mS)	Gate voltage at $g_{m,max}$ (V)	Threshold voltage (V)
PANI-SPA	PBS	-	-	0.48
	PBS + AA (1 μ M)	0.11	0.14	-0.01
	PBS + AA (10 μ M)	0.10	0.08	0.03
	PBS + AA (100 μ M)	0.15	0.15	-0.04
	PBS + AA (1 mM)	0.19	0.13	-0.12
	PBS + AA (10 mM)	0.19	0.08	-0.26
PANI-PSA	PBS	-	-	0.57
	PBS + AA (1 μ M)	0.16	0.17	0.02
	PBS + AA (10 μ M)	0.18	0.19	0.03
	PBS + AA (100 μ M)	0.17	0.36	0.05
	PBS + AA (1 mM)	0.19	0.35	0.03
	PBS + AA (10 mM)	0.23	0.27	-0.11
PANI-PSA	PBS	-	-	0.57
	PBS + DA (1 μ M)	0.17	0.35	-0.03
	PBS + DA (10 μ M)	0.24	0.26	0.01
	PBS + DA (100 μ M)	0.25	0.26	0.02
	PBS + DA (1 mM)	0.24	0.29	-0.01
	PBS + DA (10 mM)	0.20	0.37	0.03

^a Since the values in the table are averaged, there may be slight differences compared with those shown in Figure 6.

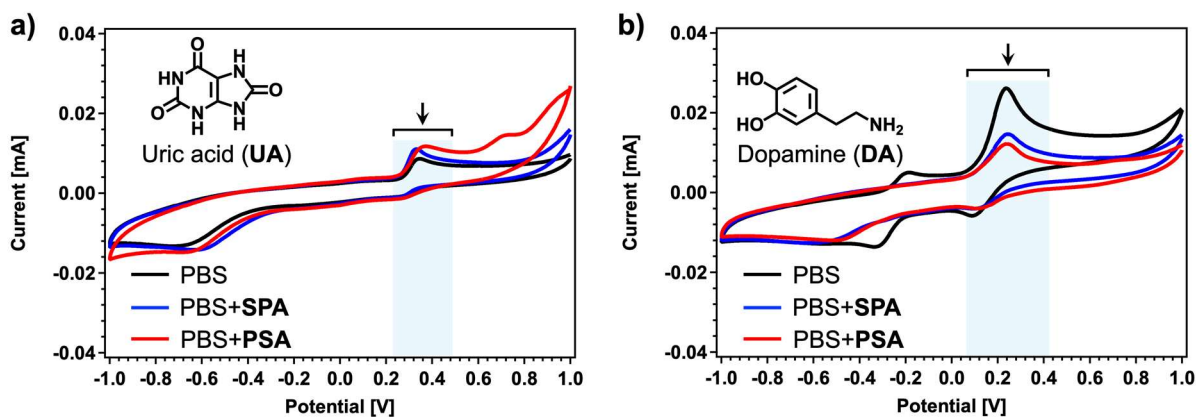


Fig. S7 Cyclic voltammograms of electrolytes containing a) 1 mM UA and b) 1 mM DA, measured in PBS (black), PBS + SPA (blue), and PBS + PSA (red). Conditions: scanning range -1.0 to 1.0 V, scan rate 50 mV s^{-1} . The cyclic voltammograms correspond to the second cycle after stabilization during the first scan.

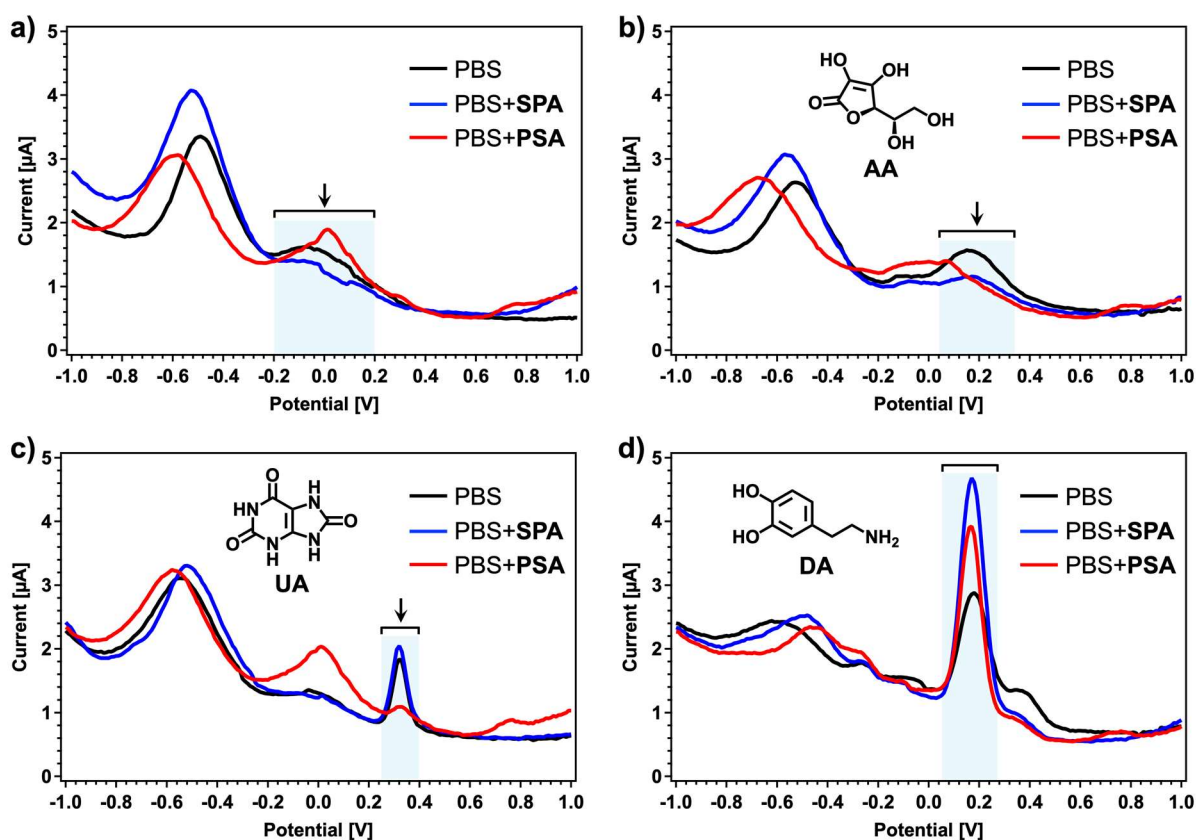


Fig. S8 Differential pulse voltammograms of electrolytes containing a) only PBS, b) AA (1 mM), c) UA (1 mM), and d) DA (1 mM) in PBS (black), PBS + SPA (blue), and PBS + PSA (red). Measurements were carried out over the potential range -1.0 to 1.0 V with a step potential of 10 mV s^{-1} , amplitude 0.025 V , pulse width 0.06 ms , and pulse interval 0.5 s .

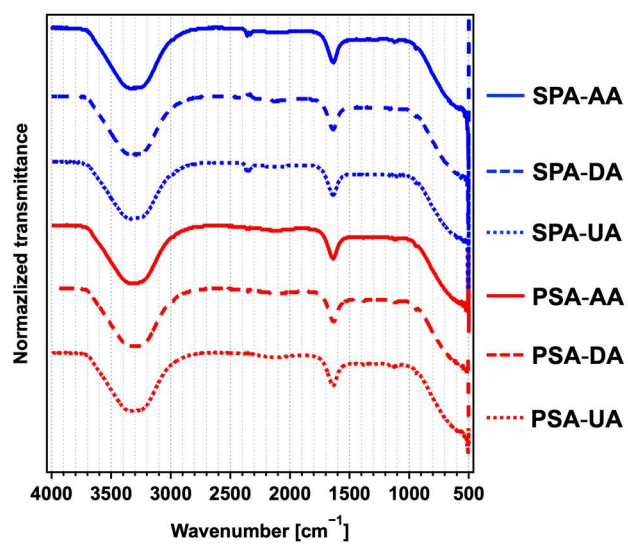


Fig. S9 Full FT-IR spectra of biomolecule-sulfonic acid mixtures in deionized water.

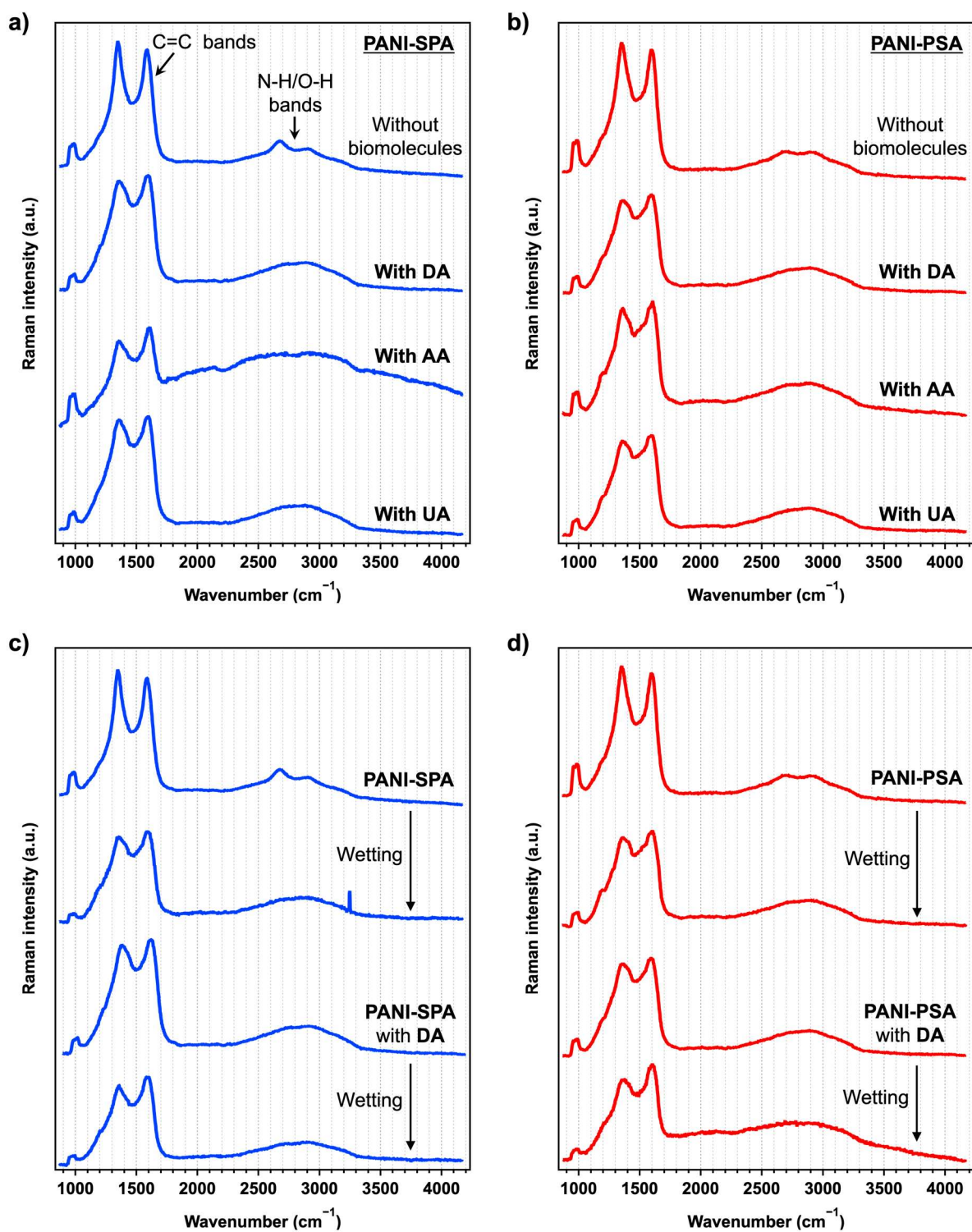


Fig. S10 Raman spectra of (a,c) PANI-SPA and (b,d) PANI-PSA. The measured films with biomolecules were prepared by dropping them into the aqueous solution followed by annealing at 130 °C for 5 min. For the spectra shown in (c) and (d), films were wetted by exposing them to water vapor. The excitation laser wavelength was 532 nm.