

Umpolung Reactivity of *N*-Sulfonylhydrazones and Imino Esters to Access Functionalized Oxazoles

Mohammad Junaid, Pokhriyal Yamini, and Dongari Yadagiri*

Laboratory of Organic Synthesis and Catalysis, Department of Chemistry, Indian Institute of Technology Roorkee, Uttarakhand-247667, India.

E-mail: yadagiri.dongari@cy.iitr.ac.in

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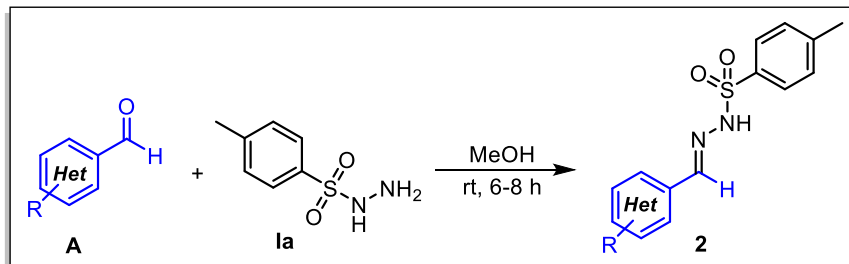
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1.0 General information

All chemicals were purchased from Aldrich, TCI, GLR Innovations and Avra chemicals in analytical grade and were used as supplied. All reaction were carried out under nitrogen atmosphere using oven dried reaction vials. Dry solvents were prepared by distilling over sodium metal with benzophenone, Calcium hydride and stored over molecular sieves 4 Å under N₂ atmosphere. All compounds were purified by column chromatography using silica gel (100-200 mesh). Thin layer chromatography was performed on 0.25 mm thick aluminium-baked silica gel plates purchased from Merck and visualized with ultraviolet ($\lambda = 254$ nm). ¹H, ¹³C{¹H}, and ¹⁹F NMR spectra were recorded on JEOL ECZ500R/S1 (500, 126, and 471 MHz respectively) instrument. ¹H signals are referenced to residual CDCl₃ at 7.26 ppm. ¹³C signals are referenced to CDCl₃ at 77.16 ppm. IR spectra were recorded on Bruker Alpha II compact FT-IR spectrophotometer. Only characteristic peak was reported. High resolution mass spectra quadrupole time-of-flight (HRMS-QTOF) was obtained in ESI mode. The UV-Vis spectrum of compounds was recorded using a UV-Vis spectrophotometer (Shimadzu-2600). The reaction vials were purchased from Aldrich. The small Air Circulator fan Vornado 133 were purchased from amazon.com. The 40W Blue LED lamps were used Kessil LED photoreaction lighting PR160L (<https://www.kessil.com>).

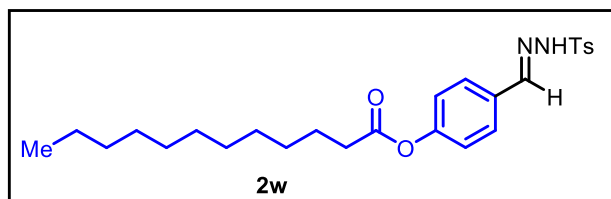
2.0 Synthesis of starting materials

General procedure 2.1: Synthesis of *N*-sulfonylhydrazones **2** derived from corresponding aldehydes **A**



Starting material **2** is prepared according to the reported literature.^[1] To a stirred solution of *p*-toluenesulfonylhydrazide **Ia** (1.0 equiv.) in MeOH (1.0 M, 2.0 mL), corresponding aldehydes **A** (1.0 equiv.) in MeOH (0.5 M, 4.0 mL) solution were added dropwise. The reaction mixture was stirred at room temperature until complete conversion was observed by TLC. Solvent was removed under reduced pressure by rotary evaporator. Crude compound was purified by column chromatography on silica gel using (10% -15% EtOAc:Hexane) as an eluent to furnish the title product **2**.

4-(Tosylhydrazineylidene) methyl-phenyl dodecanoate (**2w**)

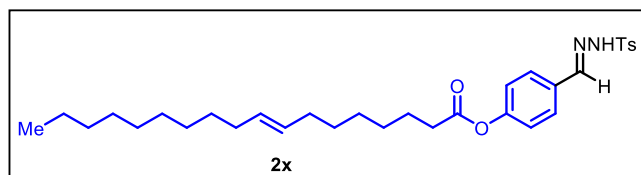


2w was prepared according to the general procedure **2.1** 64% (550 mg) white solid compound. Purification done by washing with diethyl ether and recrystallized with hot

methanol. **TLC** (5% Methanol in DCM): $R_f = 0.30$; **MP**: 120-122 °C; **IR neat** (cm^{-1}): 3230, 2858, 1690, 1595, 1385, 1185, 850 cm^{-1} ; **¹H NMR** (500 MHz CDCl₃): δ 7.86 (d, $J = 8.3$ Hz, 2H), 7.69 (s, 1H), 7.57 (d, $J = 8.5$ Hz, 2H), 7.31 (d, $J = 7.9$ Hz, 2H), 7.05 (d, $J = 8.5$ Hz, 2H), 2.56 (t, $J = 7.4$ Hz, 2H), 2.40 (s, 3H), 1.77-1.65 (m, 2H), 1.65 (br s, 1H), 1.41-1.37 (m, 3H), 1.29-1.26 (m, 12H), 0.87 (t, $J = 6.8$ Hz, 3H); **¹³C NMR** (126 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 172.3, 152.4, 146.8, 145.5, 135.3, 130.8,

129.8, 128.6, 128.0, 122.1, 34.5, 32.0, 29.7, 29.5, 29.4, 29.3, 29.2, 25.0, 22.8, 21.7, 14.2; **HRMS** (ESI/Q-TOF) m/z : $[M+H]^+$ Calcd for $[C_{26}H_{37}N_2O_4S]^+$ 473.2469, Found 473.2469.

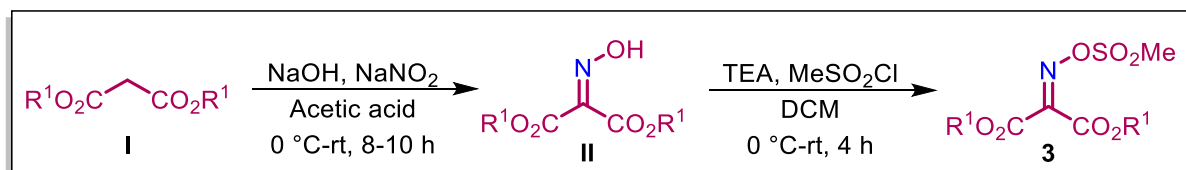
4-(Tosylhydrazineylidene) methyl-phenyl-octadec-9-enoate **2x**



2x was prepared according to the general procedure **2.1** in 69% (500 mg) white solid compound. Purification done by washing with diethyl ether and recrystallized with hot

methanol. **TLC** (5% Methanol in DCM): $R_f = 0.25$; **MP**: 102-104 °C; **IR neat** (cm^{-1}): 3134, 2956, 1692, 1596, 1330, 1153, 789 cm^{-1} ; **1H NMR** (500 MHz $CDCl_3$): δ 7.86 (d, $J = 8.3$ Hz, 2H), 7.70 (s, 1H), 7.58 (d, $J = 8.6$ Hz, 2H), 7.31 (d, $J = 8.6$ Hz, 2H), 7.06 (d, $J = 8.6$ Hz, 2H), 5.36-5.33 (m, 2H), 2.56 (t, $J = 7.4$ Hz, 2H), 2.40 (s, 3H), 2.02-1.99 (m, 4H), 1.75-1.72 (m, 2H), 1.59 (br s, 1H), 1.36-1.33 (m, 7H), 1.29-1.26 (m, 12H), 0.88 (t, $J = 6.8$ Hz, 3H); **^{13}C NMR** (126 MHz, $CDCl_3$): δ 172.3, 152.4, 146.7, 144.5, 135.3, 130.9, 130.2, 129.8(6), 129.8(3), 128.6, 128.0, 122.0, 34.5, 32.0, 29.9, 29.8, 29.6, 29.4, 29.2(8), 29.2(2), 29.1, 27.3, 27.2, 24.9, 22.8, 21.7, 14.2; **HRMS** (ESI/Q-TOF) m/z : $[M-H]^-$ Calcd for $[C_{32}H_{47}N_2O_4S]^+$ 555.3251, Found 555.3245.

General procedure 2.2.1: Synthesis of dialkyl-2-(methylsulfonyl-oxy) imino malonate **3** derived from dialkyl-2-(hydroxyimino)malonate **II**

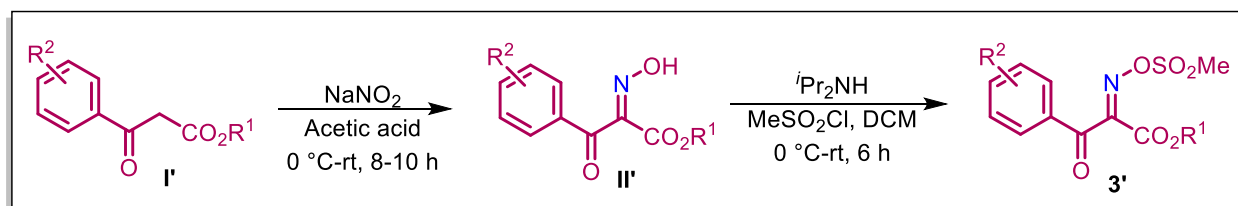


Step 1: Starting material **II** is prepared according to the reported literature.^[2] To a stirred solution of NaOH (0.6 equiv.) in glacial acetic acid (formation of white thick slurry was observed), corresponding dialkyl malonate **I** (1.0 equiv.) solution were added dropwise to the reaction mixture. Temperature of reaction were maintained at 0 °C and then saturated solution of NaNO₂ (1.2 equiv.) was added dropwise in reaction mixture and reaction was stirred continuously at room temperature for 8-10 h. After completion of the reaction which was monitored by TLC analysis, the reaction mixture was extracted with EtOAc and brine solution followed by organic layer was washed with saturated solution of NaHCO₃ until the aqueous layer reached at 8-9 pH. Organic solvent was removed under reduced pressure using rotary evaporator and crude compound was

purified by column chromatography on silica gel using (12-15% EtOAc:Hexanes) as an eluent to furnish the title product **II**.

Step 2: To a stirred solution of dialkyl-2-(hydroxyimino) malonate **II** (1.0 equiv.) and TEA (1.2 equiv.) in DCM (5.0 M, 5 mL), solution of MeSO₂Cl (1.2 equiv.) in DCM were added in dropwise at 0 °C. The reaction was stirred at ambient temperature for 4 hours. After completion of the reaction, reaction mixture was extracted with DCM, the solvent was removed under reduced pressure using rotary evaporator. The crude compound was purified by column chromatography on silica gel using (3-5% EtOAc:Hexanes) as an eluent to furnish the title product **3**.

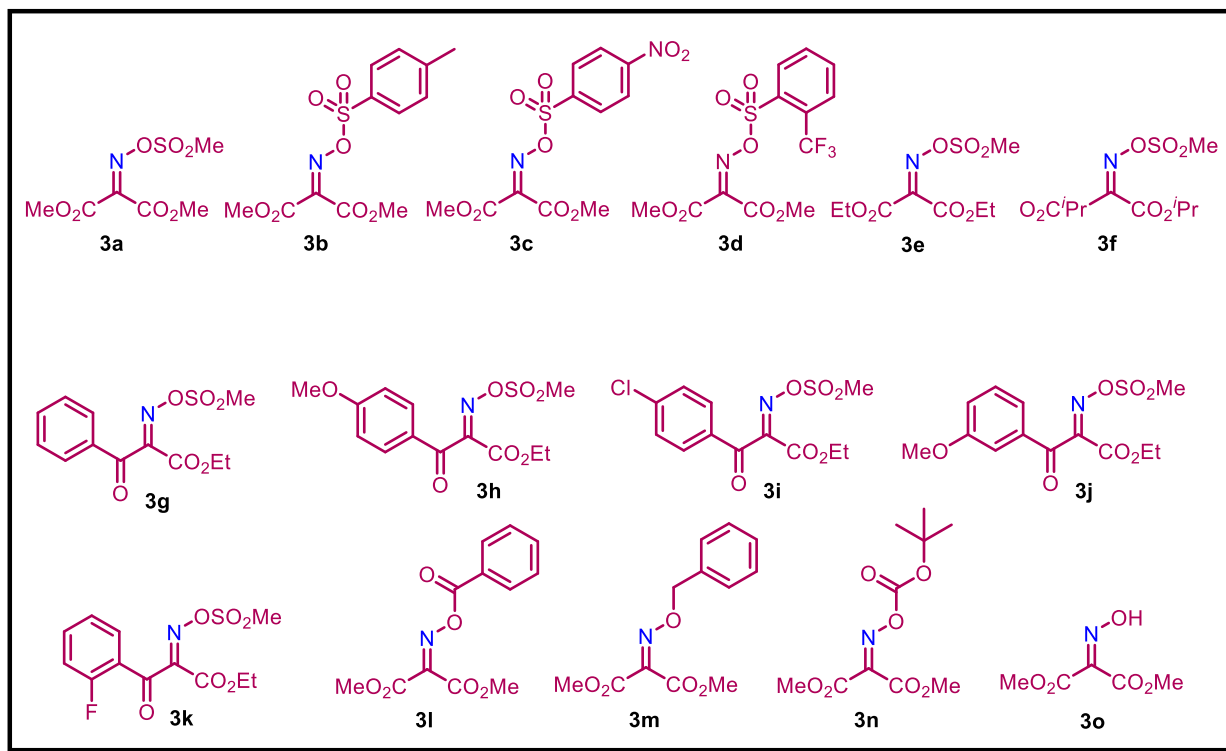
General procedure 2.2.2: Synthesis of alkyl-2-(methylsulfonyl-oxy)imino-3-oxo-3-arylpropanoate **3'** derived from alkyl-2-(hydroxyimino)-3-oxo-3-arylpropanoate **II'**



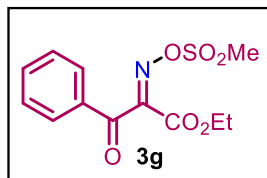
Step 1: Starting material **II'** is prepared according to the reported literature.^[2] To a stirred solution of substituted 3-oxo-3-arylpropanoate **I'** (1.0 equiv.) in glacial acetic acid (1.0 M, 3.0 mL), saturated solution of NaNO₂ (1.2 equiv.) was added dropwise at 0 °C in reaction mixture and reaction was stirred continuously at room temperature for 8-10 h. After completion of reaction monitored by TLC analysis, crude reaction mixture was extracted with EtOAc and organic layer was washed with saturated solution of NaHCO₃, solvent was removed under reduced pressure using rotary evaporator and crude compound was purified by column chromatography on silica gel using (15-18% EtOAc:Hexanes) as an eluent to furnish the title product **II'**.

Step 2: To a stirred solution of alkyl-2-(hydroxyimino)-3-oxo-3-arylpropanoate **II'** (1.0 equiv.) and di-isopropyl amine (ⁱPr₂NH) (1.2 equiv.) in DCM (5.0 M, 5 mL), a solution of MeSO₂Cl (1.2 equiv.) were added dropwise at 0 °C. The reaction was stirred at room temperature for 4 hours. After completion of the reaction monitored by TLC analysis, reaction mixture was extracted with DCM, the solvent was removed under reduced pressure using rotary evaporator. The crude compound was purified by column chromatography on silica gel using (15-20% EtOAc:Hexanes) as an eluent to furnish the title product **3'**.

List of 2-(sulfonyloxy imino) malonate esters

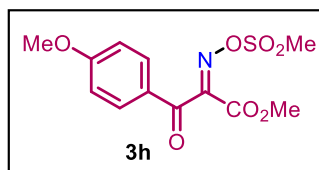


Ethyl-2-(methylsulfonyl-oxy)imino-3-oxo-3-phenylpropanoate (**3g**)



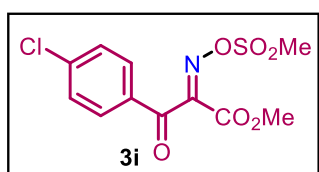
3g was prepared according to the general procedure **2.2.2** in 66% (450 mg) white solid compound. Purification done by column chromatography on silica gel using (hexane: EtOAc = 90:10) as an eluent, **TLC** (20% ethyl acetate in hexane): $R_f = 0.35$; **MP**: 110-112 °C; **IR neat** (cm^{-1}): 2990, 1748, 1654, 1495, 1325, 1163; **$^1\text{H NMR}$** (500 MHz CDCl_3): δ 7.86 (d, $J = 8.3$ Hz, 2H), 7.70 (t, $J = 7.4$ Hz, 1H), 7.55 (t, $J = 8.1$ Hz, 2H), 4.38 (q, $J = 7.1$ Hz, 2H), 3.22 (s, 3H), 1.33 (t, $J = 7.1$ Hz, 3H); **$^{13}\text{C NMR}$** (126 MHz, CDCl_3): δ 186.1, 158.7, 156.3, 135.7, 133.0, 129.5, 129.4, 63.9, 37.1, 14.0; **HRMS** (ESI/Q-TOF) m/z : $[\text{M}+\text{Na}]^+$ Calcd for $[\text{C}_{12}\text{H}_{13}\text{NNaO}_6\text{S}]^+$ 322.0356, Found 322.0356.

Methyl-4-methoxyphenyl-2-(methylsulfonyl-oxy)imino-3-oxopropanoate (**3h**)



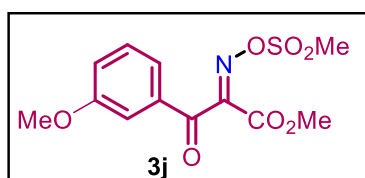
3h was prepared according to the general procedure **2.2.2** in 72% (544 mg) white solid compound. Purification done by column chromatography on silica gel using (hexane: EtOAc = 85:15) as an eluent, **TLC** (30% ethyl acetate in hexane): $R_f = 0.30$; **MP**: 123-125 °C; **IR neat** (cm^{-1}): 2964, 1726, 1666, 1438, 1320, 1158 cm^{-1} ; **$^1\text{H NMR}$** (500 MHz, CDCl_3): δ 7.81 (d, $J = 9.1$ Hz, 2H), 6.99 (d, $J = 9.1$ Hz, 2H), 3.88 (s, 3H), 3.87 (s, 3H), 3.21 (s, 3H); **$^{13}\text{C NMR}$** (126 MHz, CDCl_3): δ 184.0, 165.7, 159.4, 156.2, 132.0, 126.0, 114.9, 56.8, 54.0, 37.1; **HRMS** (ESI/Q-TOF) m/z : $[\text{M}+\text{H}]^+$ Calcd for $[\text{C}_{12}\text{H}_{14}\text{NO}_6\text{S}]^+$ 316.0485, Found 316.0484.

Methyl-4-chlorophenyl-2-(methylsulfonyl-oxy)imino-3-oxopropanoate (**3i**)



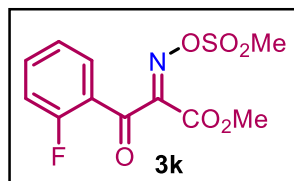
3i was prepared according to the general procedure **2.2.2** in 59% (442 mg) green solid compound. Purification done by column chromatography on silica gel using (hexane: EtOAc = 85:15) as an eluent, **TLC** (30% ethyl acetate in hexane): $R_f = 0.35$; **MP**: 122-124 °C; **IR neat** (cm^{-1}): 2957, 1745, 1682, 1371, 1284, 1130 cm^{-1} ; **$^1\text{H NMR}$** (500 MHz, CDCl_3): δ 7.81 (d, $J = 8.8$ Hz, 2H), 7.54 (d, $J = 8.8$ Hz, 2H), 3.93 (s, 3H), 3.24 (s, 3H) **$^{13}\text{C NMR}$** (126 MHz, CDCl_3): δ 184.9, 159.1, 155.5, 142.7, 131.1, 130.7, 130.0, 54.2, 37.2; **HRMS** (ESI/Q-TOF) m/z : $[\text{M}+\text{Na}]^+$ Calcd for $[\text{C}_{11}\text{H}_{10}\text{ClNaO}_6\text{S}]^+$ 341.9810, Found 341.9803.

Methyl-3-methoxyphenyl-2-(methylsulfonyl-oxy)imino-3-oxopropanoate (**3j**)



3j was prepared according to the general procedure **2.2.2** in 57% (431 mg) green solid compound. Purification done by column chromatography on silica gel using (hexane: EtOAc = 85:15) as an eluent, **TLC** (30% ethyl acetate in hexane): $R_f = 0.30$; **MP**: 133-135 °C; **IR neat** (cm^{-1}): 2948, 1752, 1676, 1435, 1323, 1125 cm^{-1} ; **$^1\text{H NMR}$** (500 MHz, CDCl_3): δ 7.45-7.43 (m, 1H), 7.41-7.40 (m, 1H), 7.37-7.36 (m, 1H), 7.24-7.21 (m, 1H), 3.91 (s, 3H), 3.86 (s, 3H), 3.00 (s, 3H); **$^{13}\text{C NMR}$** (126 MHz, CDCl_3): δ 186.8, 160.4, 159.2, 156.0, 134.1, 130.9, 122.9, 122.6, 112.4, 55.6, 54.1, 37.1; **HRMS** (ESI/Q-TOF) m/z : $[\text{M}+\text{H}]^+$ Calcd for $[\text{C}_{12}\text{H}_{14}\text{NO}_6\text{S}]^+$ 316.0485, Found 316.0484.

Methyl-2-fluorophenyl-2-(methylsulfonyl-oxy)imino-3-oxopropanoate (**3k**)

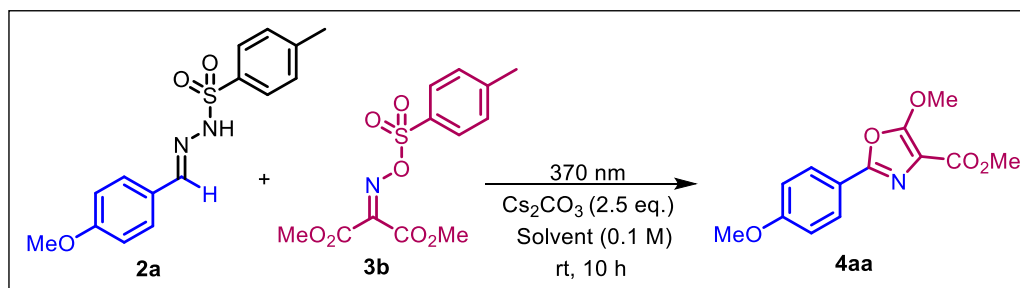


3k was prepared according to the general procedure **2.2.2** in 68% (533 mg) yellow solid compound. Purification done by column chromatography on silica gel using (hexane: EtOAc = 80:20) as an eluent, TLC (20% ethyl acetate in hexane): $R_f = 0.35$; **MP**: 110-112 °C; **IR neat** (cm^{-1}): 2916, 1730, 1588, 1475, 1325, 1177 cm^{-1} ; **$^1\text{H NMR}$** (500 MHz, CDCl_3): δ 8.08-8.00 (m, 1H), 7.71-7.66 (m, 1H), 7.37-7.33 (m, 1H), 7.20-7.16 (m, 1H), 3.94 (s, 3H), 3.22 (s, 3H); **$^{13}\text{C NMR}$** (126 MHz, CDCl_3): δ 181.9, 164.0 (d, $^1J_{\text{CF}} = 258$ Hz), 159.1(9), 159.1(6), 156.2, 137.9 (d, $^3J_{\text{CF}} = 9.8$ Hz), 130.6, 125.5 (d, $^4J_{\text{CF}} = 3.7$ Hz), 122.1 (d, $^3J_{\text{CF}} = 8.3$ Hz), 117.0 (d, $^2J_{\text{CF}} = 22.1$ Hz), 54.0, 37.1; **$^{19}\text{F NMR}$** (471 MHz, CDCl_3): δ -111.3; **HRMS** (ESI/Q-TOF) m/z : $[\text{M}+\text{Na}]^+$ Calcd for $[\text{C}_{11}\text{H}_{10}\text{FNNaO}_6\text{S}]^+$ 326.0105, Found 326.0106.

3.0 Reaction optimization

3.1 Synthesis of Methyl-5-methoxy-2-(4-methoxyphenyl) oxazole-4-carboxylate **4aa**

3.11: Solvent optimization



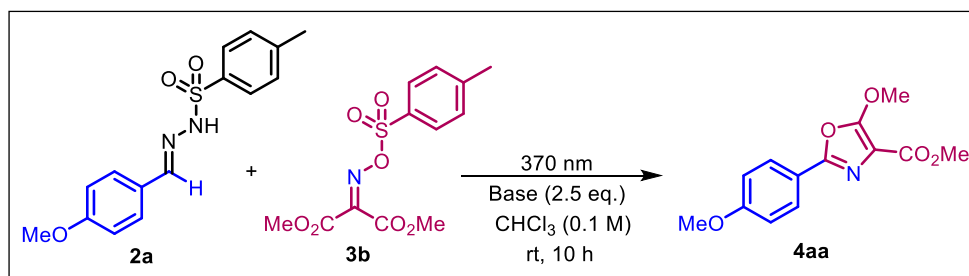
To an oven dried 5 mL glass vial was charged with magnetic stir bar, 4-(methoxybenzylidene)-4-methylbenzenesulfonohydrazide **2a** (60.8 mg, 0.2 mmol, 1.0 equiv.) was added, then Cs_2CO_3 (163 mg, 0.25 mmol, 0.5 equiv.) and dimethyl 2-(tosyloxy-imino) malonate **3b** (94.5 mg, 0.3 mmol, 1.5 equiv.) were added followed by solvent (0.1 M, 2.0 mL) under nitrogen atmosphere. The reaction mixture was stirred in presence of 40 W 370 nm LEDs (the reaction vial distance from light source ~ 2 cm) at room temperature using fan (we control the temperature by using the fan, temperature of the reaction reaching $\sim 35^\circ\text{C}$) for 10 h. Upon the complete consumption of the starting materials, the reaction mixture was diluted with ethyl acetate and then passed through the celite pad, the

solvent was removed under reduced pressure. Compound was purified by column chromatography on silica gel using (15%-18% EtOAc:Hexane) as an eluent to furnish the title product **4aa**.

Entry	Solvent	Isolated yield (4aa) ^[a]
1	DCM	42%
2	DCE	14%
3	Toluene	38%
4	Mesitylene	10%
5	Benzene	22%
6	2-MeTHF	44%
7	THF	30%
8	Benzotrifluoride	34%
9	DMSO	ND
10	Acetonitrile	ND
11	CHCl ₃	58%

Reaction conditions: **2a** (0.2 mmol), **3b** (0.3 mmol), solvent (0.1 M, 2 mL), Cs₂CO₃ (0.5 mmol), 370 nm LEDs (40 W), rt, 30-35 °C, 10 h. ^[a]All are isolated yield for 0.2 mmol scale reaction. ND = not detected. NR = no reaction.

3.12: Base optimization



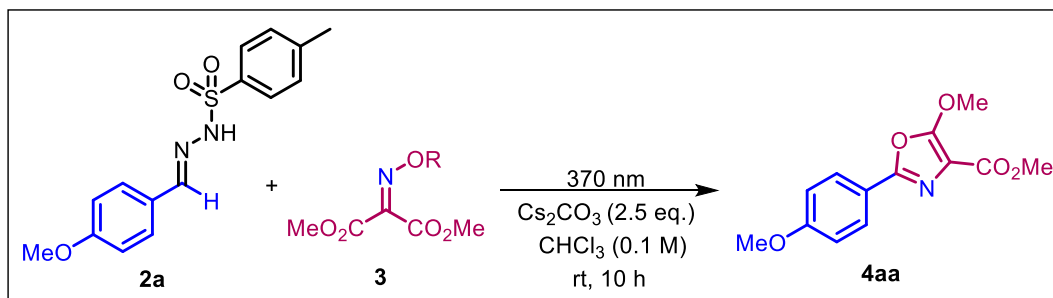
To an oven dried 5 mL glass vial was charged with magnetic stir bar, 4-(methoxybenzylidene)-4-methylbenzenesulfonylhydrazide **2a** (60.8 mg, 0.2 mmol, 1.0 equiv.) was added, then various base (0.5 mmol, 2.5 equiv.) and dimethyl 2-(tosyloxy-imino) malonate **3b** (94.5 mg, 0.3 mmol, 1.5 equiv.) were added followed by addition of CHCl₃ (0.1 M, 2.0 mL) under nitrogen atmosphere. The reaction mixture was stirred in presence of 40 W 370 nm LEDs (the reaction vial distance from light source ~ 2 cm) at room temperature using fan (we control the temperature by using the fan, temperature of the reaction reaching ~35 °C) for 10 h. Upon the complete consumption of the

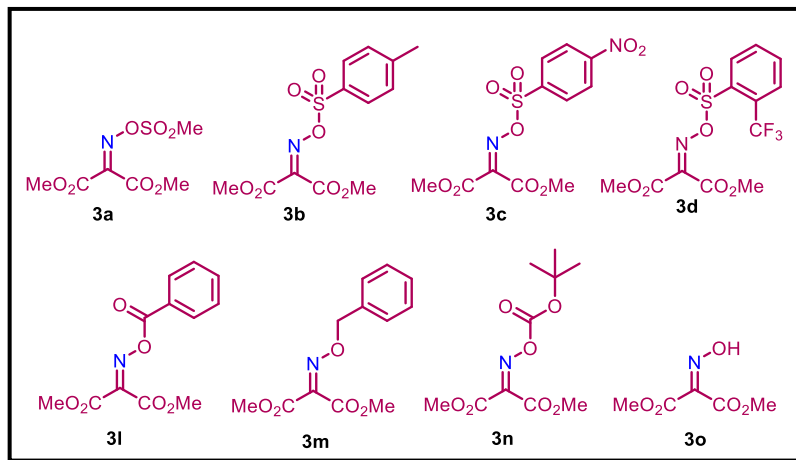
starting materials, the reaction mixture was diluted with ethyl acetate and then passed through the celite pad, the solvent was removed under reduced pressure. Compound was purified by column chromatography on silica gel using (15-18% EtOAc:Hexane) as an eluent to furnish the title product **4aa**.

Entry	Base	Isolated yield (4aa) ^[a]
1	No base	ND
2	Cs ₂ CO ₃	58%
3	K ₂ CO ₃	34%
4	LiO ^t Bu	25%
5	NaOMe	23%
6	K ₃ PO ₄	30%
7	KOH	10%
8	NaH	35%
9	NaNH ₂	13%
10	KOAc	19%
11	TEA	NR
12	DBU	NR

Reaction conditions: **2a** (0.2 mmol), **3b** (0.3 mmol), CHCl₃ (0.1 M, 2 mL), base (0.5 mmol), 370 nm LEDs (40 W), rt, 30-35 °C, 10 h. ^[a]All are isolated yield for 0.2 mmol scale reaction. ND = not detected. NR = no reaction.

3.13 Optimization of for *N*-protected malonate ester **3**





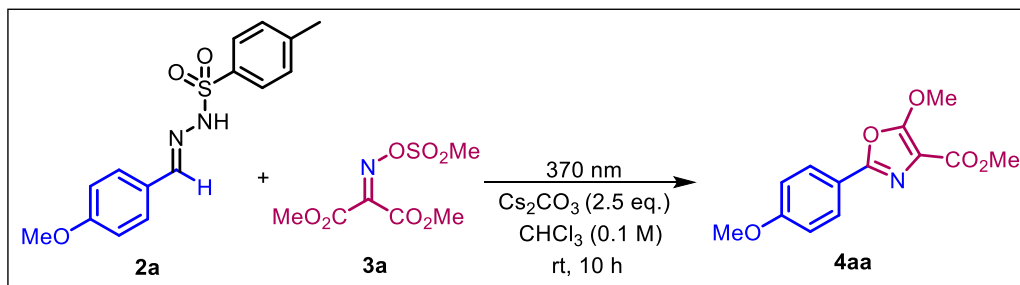
Entry	Imino-esters (3)	Isolated yield (4aa) ^[a]
1	Mesyl (3a)	62%
2	Tosyl (3b)	58%
3	<i>p</i> -Nosyl (3c)	23%
4	<i>o</i> -Trifosyl (3d)	15%
5	Benzoyl (3l)	30%
6	Benzyl (3m)	ND
7	Boc (3n)	35%
8	2-(Hydroxy)-imino-malonate (3o)	ND

Reaction conditions: **2a** (0.2 mmol), **3** (0.3 mmol), CHCl₃ (0.1 M, 2 mL), base (0.5 mmol), 370 nm LEDs (40 W), rt, 30-35 °C, 10 h. ^[a]All are isolated yield for 0.2 mmol scale reaction. ND = not detected.

To an oven dried 5 mL glass vial was charged with magnetic stir bar, 4-(methoxybenzylidene)-4-methylbenzenesulfonylhydrazide **2a** (60.8 mg, 0.2 mmol, 1.0 equiv.) was added, then Cs₂CO₃ (163 mg, 0.25 mmol, 0.5 equiv.) and various dimethyl 2-(sulfonyloxy-imino)malonate **3** (0.3 mmol, 1.5 equiv.) were added followed by addition of CHCl₃ (0.1 M, 2.0 mL) under nitrogen atmosphere. The reaction mixture was stirred in presence of 370 nm 40 W LEDs (the reaction vial distance from light source ~ 2 cm) at room temperature using fan (we control the temperature by using the fan, temperature of the reaction reaching ~35 °C) for 10 h. Upon the complete consumption of the starting materials, the reaction mixture was diluted with ethyl acetate and then passed through the celite pad, the solvent was removed under reduced pressure. Compound was purified by column

chromatography on silica gel using (15-18% EtOAc:Hexane) as an eluent to furnish the title product **4aa**.

3.14: Optimization of equivalent of dimethyl 2-(mesyl-oxy) imino malonate **3a**

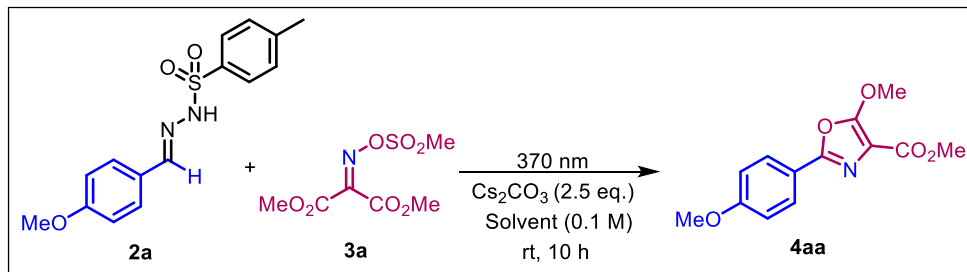


To an oven dried 5 mL glass vial was charged with magnetic stir bar, 4-(methoxybenzylidene)-4-methylbenzenesulfonylhydrazide **2a** (60.8 mg, 0.2 mmol, 1.0 equiv.) was added, then Cs₂CO₃ (163 mg, 0.5 mmol, 2.5 equiv.) and dimethyl 2-(mesyloxy-imino) malonate **3a** (xx equiv.) were added followed by addition of CHCl₃ (0.1 M, 2.0 mL) under nitrogen atmosphere. The reaction mixture was stirred in presence of 370 nm 40 W LEDs (the reaction vial distance from light source ~2 cm) at room temperature using fan (we control the temperature by using the fan, temperature of the reaction reaching ~35 °C) for 10 h. Upon the complete consumption of the starting materials, the reaction mixture was diluted with ethyl acetate and then passed through the celite pad, the solvent was removed under reduced pressure. Compound was purified by column chromatography on silica gel using (15-18% EtOAc:Hexane) as an eluent to furnish the title product **4aa**.

Entry	3a (equiv.)	Isolated yield (4aa) ^[a]
1	1.0	42%
2	1.5	62%
3	2.0	74%
4	2.5	58%

Reaction conditions: **2a** (0.2 mmol), **3a** (x mmol), CHCl₃ (0.1 M, 2 mL), Cs₂CO₃ (0.5 mmol), 370 nm LEDs (40 W), rt, 30-35 °C, 10 h. ^[a]All are isolated yield for 0.2 mmol scale reaction.

3.15: Solvent optimization with our optimized substrates **2a** and **3a**.

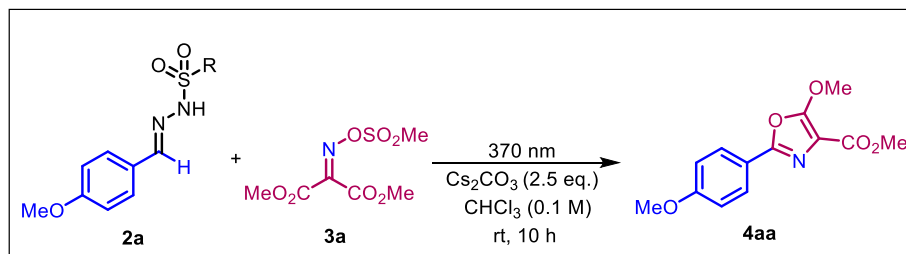


To an oven dried 5 mL glass vial was charged with magnetic stir bar, 4-(methoxybenzylidene)-4-methylbenzenesulfonylhydrazide **2a** (60.8 mg, 0.2 mmol, 1.0 equiv.) was added, then Cs₂CO₃ (163 mg, 0.5 mmol, 2.5 equiv.) and dimethyl 2-(mesyloxy-imino) malonate **3a** (95.6 mg, 0.4 mmol, 2.0 equiv.) were added followed by solvents (0.1 M, 2.0 mL) under nitrogen atmosphere. The reaction mixture was stirred in presence of 40 W 370 nm LEDs (the reaction vial distance from light source ~ 2 cm) at room temperature using fan (we control the temperature by using the fan, temperature of the reaction reaching ~35 °C) for 10 h. Upon the complete consumption of the starting materials, the reaction mixture was diluted with ethyl acetate and then passed through the celite pad, the solvent was removed under reduced pressure. Compound was purified by column chromatography on silica gel using (15-18% EtOAc:Hexane) as an eluent to furnish the title product **4aa**.

Entry	Solvent	Isolated yield (4aa) ^[a]
1	DCM	48%
2	Toluene	38%
3	2-MeTHF	49%
4	CHCl ₃	74%
5	2-MeTHF:DCM	52%
6	2-MeTHF:CHCl ₃	64%
7	Benzotrifluoride	38%

Reaction conditions: **2a** (0.2 mmol), **3a** (0.4 mmol), solvent (0.1 M, 2 mL), Cs₂CO₃ (0.5 mmol), 370 nm LEDs (40 W), rt, 30-35 °C, 10 h. ^[a]All are isolated yield for 0.2 mmol scale reaction.

3.16: Optimization of *N*-sulfonylhydrazones **2**

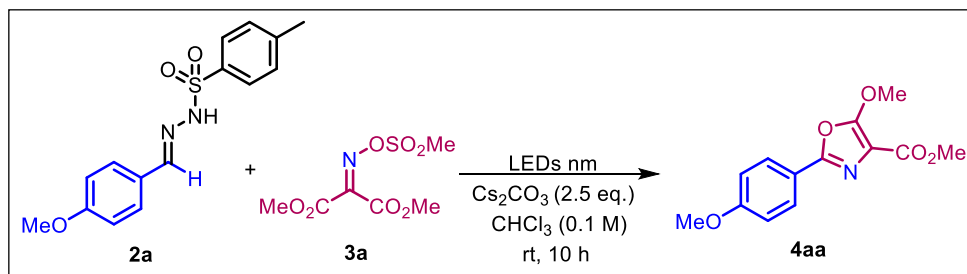


To an oven dried 5 mL glass vial was charged with magnetic stir bar, various *N*-sulfonylhydrazones **2** (0.2 mmol, 1.0 equiv.) was added, then Cs₂CO₃ (163 mg, 0.5 mmol, 2.5 equiv.) and dimethyl 2-(mesyloxy-imino) malonate **3a** (95.6 mg, 0.4 mmol, 2.0 equiv.) were added followed by addition of CHCl₃ (0.1 M, 2.0 mL) under nitrogen atmosphere. The reaction mixture was stirred in presence of 370 nm 40 W LEDs (the reaction vial distance from light source ~ 2 cm) at room temperature using fan (we control the temperature by using the fan, temperature of the reaction reaching ~35 °C) for 10 h. Upon the complete consumption of the starting materials, the reaction mixture was diluted with ethyl acetate and then passed through the celite pad, the solvent was removed under reduced pressure. Compound was purified by column chromatography on silica gel using (15-18% EtOAc:Hexane) as an eluent to furnish the title product **4aa**.

Entry	<i>N</i> -sulfonylhydrazones (2)	Isolated yield (4aa) ^[a]
1	R = Tolylyl	74%
2	R = Mesitylyl	48%
3	R = <i>p</i> -Nosyl	32%
4	R = <i>o</i> -Trifloro-tolylyl	38%
5	R = Methyl	42%

Reaction conditions: **2** (0.2 mmol), **3a** (0.4 mmol), CHCl₃ (0.1 M, 2 mL), Cs₂CO₃ (0.5 mmol), 370 nm LEDs (40 W), rt, 30-35 °C, 10 h. ^[a]All are isolated yield for 0.2 mmol scale reaction.

3.17: Optimization of light source (LEDs nm)

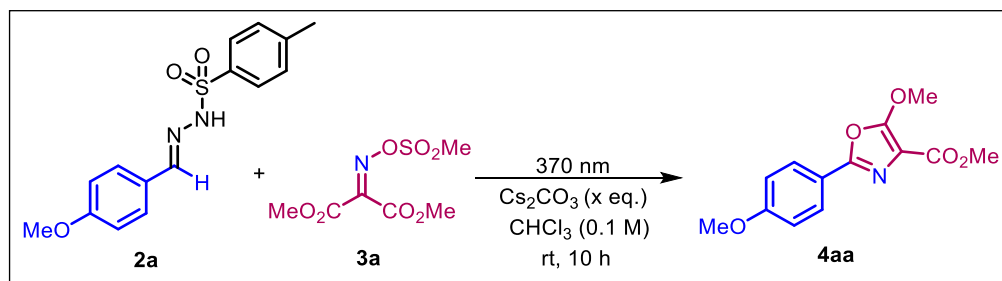


To an oven dried 5 mL glass vial was charged with magnetic stir bar, 4-(methoxybenzylidene)-4-methylbenzenesulfonylhydrazide **2a** (60.8 mg, 0.2 mmol, 1.0 equiv.) was added, then Cs₂CO₃ (163 mg, 0.5 mmol, 2.5 equiv.) and dimethyl 2-(mesyloxy-imino)malonate **3a** (95.6 mg, 0.4 mmol, 2.0 equiv.) were added followed by addition of CHCl₃ (0.1 M, 2.0 mL) under nitrogen atmosphere. The reaction mixture was stirred in presence of various 40 W LEDs (the reaction vial distance from light source ~2 cm) at room temperature using fan (we control the temperature by using the fan, temperature of the reaction reaching ~35 °C) for 10 h. Upon the complete consumption of the starting materials, the reaction mixture was diluted with ethyl acetate and then passed through the celite pad, the solvent was removed under reduced pressure. Compound was purified by column chromatography on silica gel using (15-18% EtOAc:Hexane) as an eluent to furnish the title product **4aa**.

Entry	LEDs (nm)	Isolated yield (4aa) ^[a]
1	365	48%
2	370	74%
3	390	42%
4	427	32%
5	440	15%
6	Dark condition	ND
7	40 °C & 60 °C	ND

Reaction conditions: **2a** (0.2 mmol), **3a** (0.4 mmol), CHCl₃ (0.1 M, 2 mL), Cs₂CO₃ (0.5 mmol), LEDs (40 W), rt, 30-35 °C, 10 h. ^[a]All are isolated yield for 0.2 mmol scale reaction. ND = not detected.

3.16: Optimization of equivalent of Cs₂CO₃



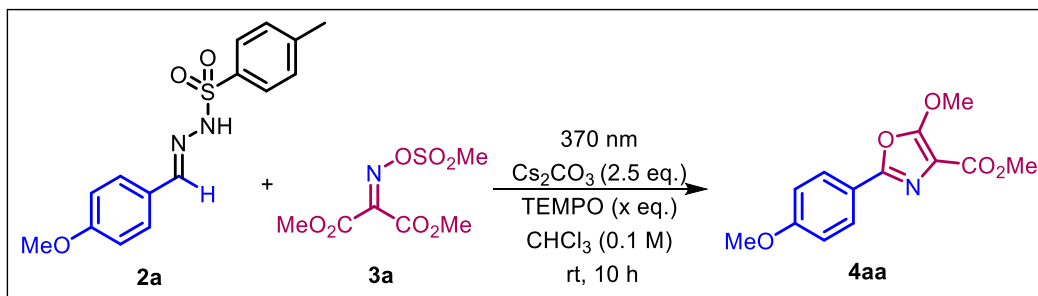
To an oven dried 5 mL glass vial was charged with magnetic stir bar, various *N*-sulfonylhydrazones **2** (0.2 mmol, 1.0 equiv.) was added, then Cs₂CO₃ (xx equiv.) and dimethyl 2-(methoxyimino) malonate **3a** (95.6 mg, 0.4 mmol, 2.0 equiv.) were added followed by addition of CHCl₃ (0.1 M, 2.0 mL) under nitrogen atmosphere. The reaction mixture was stirred in presence of 370 nm 40 W LEDs (the reaction vial distance from light source ~ 2 cm) at room temperature using fan (we control the temperature by using the fan, temperature of the reaction reaching ~35 °C) for 10 h. Upon the complete consumption of the starting materials, the reaction mixture was diluted with ethyl acetate and then passed through the celite pad, the solvent was removed under reduced pressure. Compound was purified by column chromatography on silica gel using (15-18% EtOAc:Hexane) as an eluent to furnish the title product **4aa**.

Entry	Cs ₂ CO ₃ (equiv.)	Isolated yield (4aa) ^[a]
1	1.0	57%
2	2.0	70%
3	3.0	65%
4	4.0	67%
5	5.0	61%

Reaction conditions: **2** (0.2 mmol), **3a** (0.4 mmol), CHCl₃ (0.1 M, 2 mL), Cs₂CO₃ (x mmol), 370 nm LEDs (40 W), rt, 30-35 °C, 10 h. ^[a]All are isolated yield for 0.2 mmol scale reaction.

4.0 Control experiments

4.1 Reaction in presence of TEMPO

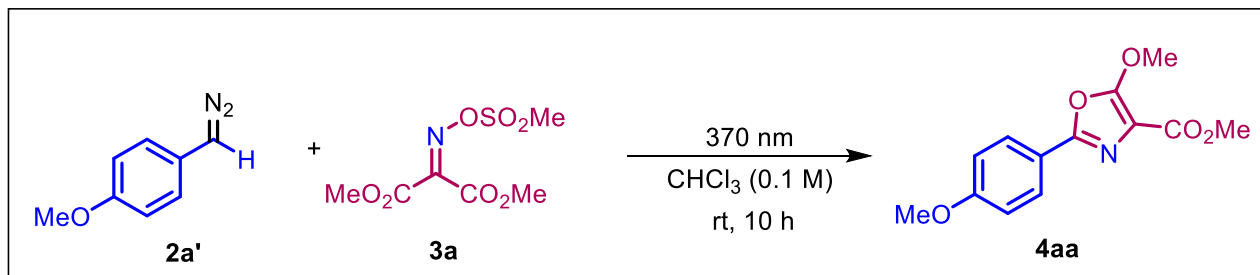


To an oven dried 5 mL glass vial was charged with magnetic stir bar, 4-(methoxybenzylidene)-4-methylbenzenesulfonylhydrazide **2a** (60.8 mg, 0.2 mmol, 1.0 equiv.) was added, then Cs₂CO₃ (163 mg, 0.5 mmol, 2.5 equiv.), TEMPO (x equiv.) and dimethyl 2-(mesyloxy-imino)malonate **3a** (95.6 mg, 0.4 mmol, 2.0 equiv.) were added followed by addition of CHCl₃ (0.1 M, 2.0 mL) under nitrogen atmosphere. The reaction mixture was stirred in presence of 370 nm 40 W LEDs (the reaction vial distance from light source ~ 2 cm) at room temperature using fan (we control the temperature by using the fan, temperature of the reaction reaching ~35 °C) for 10 h. Upon the complete consumption of the starting materials, the reaction mixture was diluted with ethyl acetate and then passed through the celite pad, the solvent was removed under reduced pressure. Compound was purified by column chromatography on silica gel using (15-18% EtOAc:Hexane) as an eluent to furnish the title product **4aa**.

Entry	TEMPO (x equiv.)	Isolated yield (4aa) ^[a]
1	1.0	51%
2	2.0	48%
3	3.0	48%

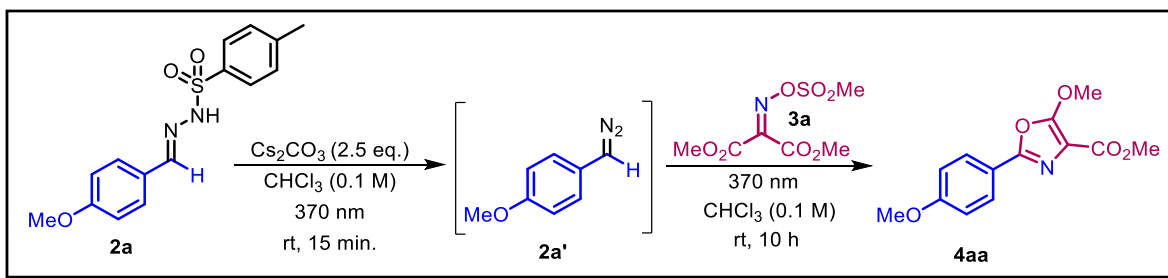
Reaction conditions: **2a** (0.2 mmol), **3a** (0.4 mmol), CHCl₃ (0.1 M, 2 mL), Cs₂CO₃ (0.5 mmol), TEMPO (xx equiv.), 370 nm LEDs (40 W), rt, 30-35 °C, 10 h. ^[a]All are isolated yield for 0.2 mmol scale reaction.

4.2 Reaction with diazo intermediate under 370 nm LEDs.



To an oven dried 5 mL glass vial was charged with magnetic stir bar, diazomethyl-4-methoxybenzene **2a'** (29.6 mg, 0.2 mmol, 1.0 equiv.) was added, then dimethyl 2-(mesyloxy-imino) malonate **3a** (95.6 mg, 0.4 mmol, 2.0 equiv.) were added followed by addition of CHCl₃ (0.1 M, 2.0 mL) under nitrogen atmosphere. The reaction mixture was stirred in presence of 370 nm 40 W LEDs (the reaction vial distance from light source ~ 2 cm) at room temperature using fan (we control the temperature by using the fan, temperature of the reaction reaching ~35 °C) for 10 h. Upon the complete consumption of the starting materials, the reaction mixture was diluted with ethyl acetate and then passed through the celite pad, the solvent was removed under reduced pressure. Compound was purified by column chromatography on silica gel using (15-18% EtOAc:Hexane) as an eluent to furnish the title product **4aa** with 42% yield.

4.3 Reaction with in-situ generated diazo intermediate under 370 nm LEDs.

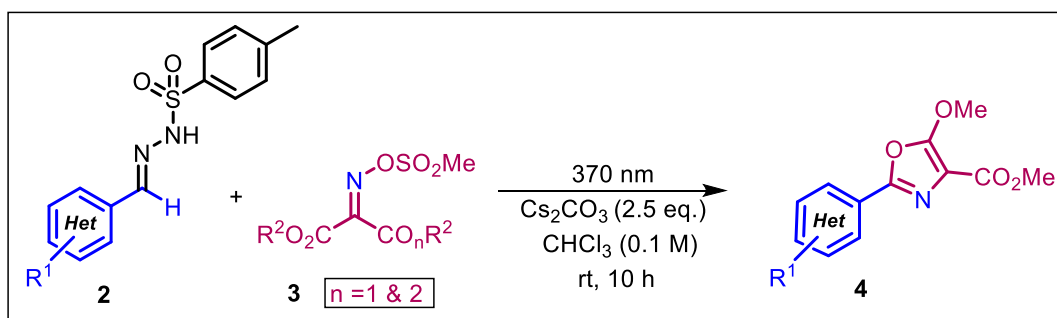


To an oven dried 5 mL glass vial was charged with magnetic stir bar, 4-(methoxybenzylidene)-4-methylbenzenesulfonylhydrazide **2a** (60.8 mg, 0.2 mmol, 1.0 equiv.) was added, then Cs₂CO₃ (163 mg, 0.5 mmol, 2.5 equiv.) were added followed by addition of CHCl₃ (0.1 M, 2.0 mL) under nitrogen atmosphere. The reaction mixture was stirred in presence of 370 nm LEDs (the reaction vial distance from light source ~2 cm) at room temperature using fan (we control the temperature by using the fan, temperature of the reaction reaching ~35 °C) for 15 min. Upon the complete consumption of **2a**, monitored by the TLC. After this, dimethyl 2-(mesyloxy-imino) malonate **3a**

(95.6 mg, 0.4 mmol, 2.0 equiv.) was added in reaction mixture and reaction was allowed to stir under irradiation of 370 nm LEDs at room temperature till diazo is consumed, monitored by the TLC analysis. After complete consumption of diazo, reaction mixture was diluted with ethyl acetate and then passed through the celite pad, the solvent was removed under reduced pressure. Compound was purified by column chromatography on silica gel using (15-18% EtOAc:Hexane) as an eluent to furnish the title product **4aa** with 44% yield.

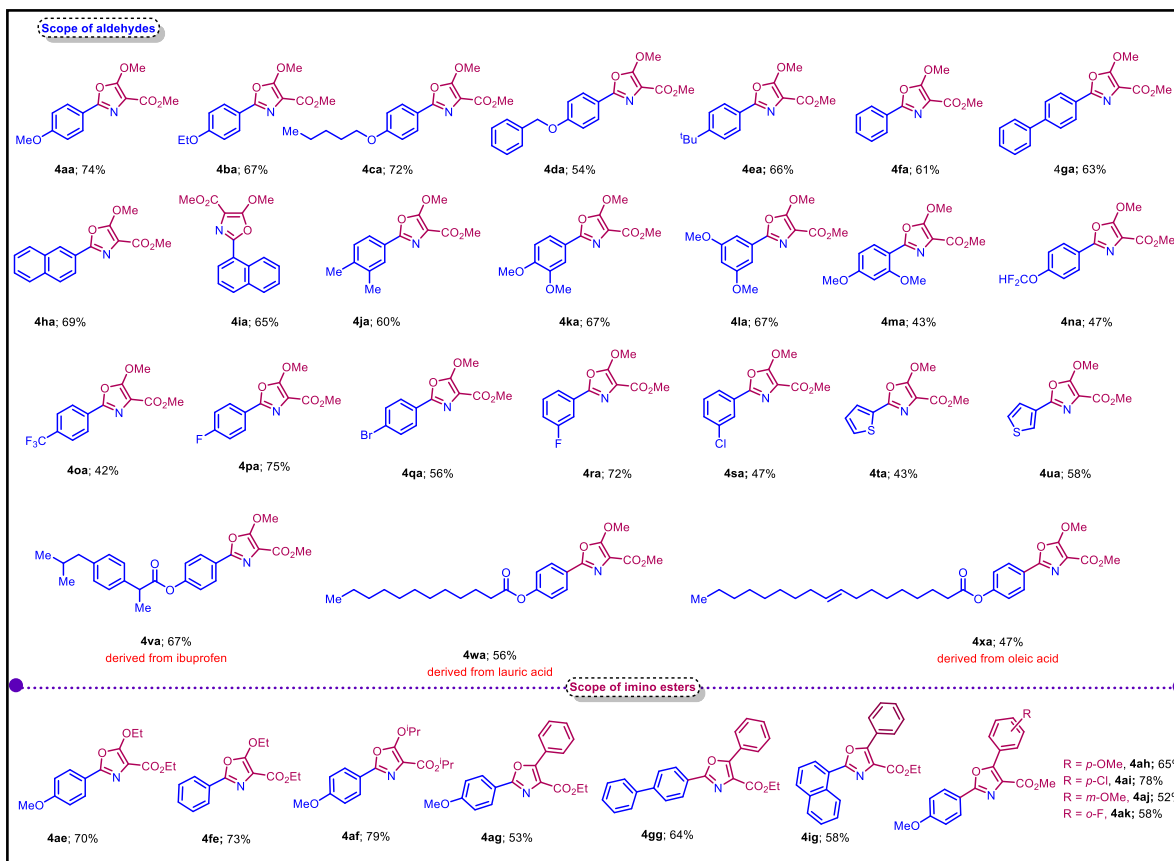
5.0 General procedure for light driven synthesis of substituted oxazoles

5.1 General procedure for light-driven synthesis of substituted oxazoles **4**

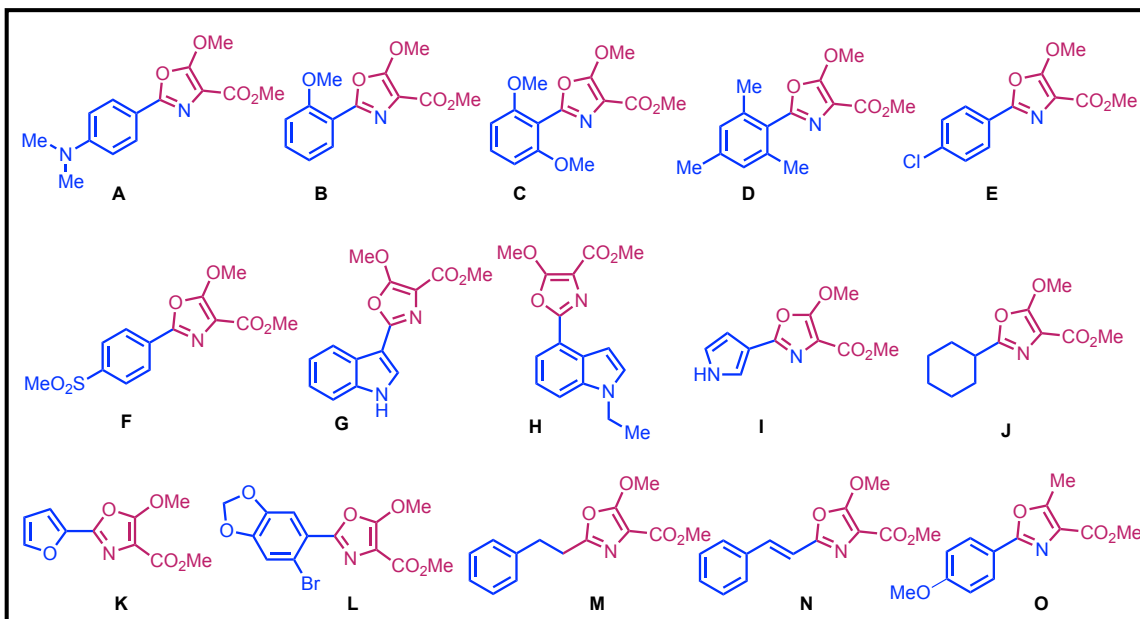


General procedure 4.1: To an oven dried 5 mL glass vial was charged with magnetic stir bar, *N*-sulfonylhydrazones **2** (0.2 mmol, 1.0 equiv.) was added, then Cs₂CO₃ (163 mg, 0.5 mmol, 2.5 equiv.) and substituted-2-(mesyloxy-imino)malonate **3** (0.4 mmol, 2.0 equiv.) were added followed by addition of CHCl₃ (0.1 M, 2.0 mL) under nitrogen atmosphere. The reaction mixture was stirred in presence of 370 nm 40 W LEDs (the reaction vial distance from light source ~ 2 cm) at room temperature using fan (we control the temperature by using the fan, temperature of the reaction reaching ~35 °C) for 10 h. Upon the complete consumption of the starting materials, the reaction mixture was diluted with ethyl acetate and then passed through the celite pad, the solvent was removed under reduced pressure. The crude compound was purified by column chromatography on silica gel using (8-25% EtOAc:Hexane) as an eluent to furnish the product **4**.

Substrate scope:

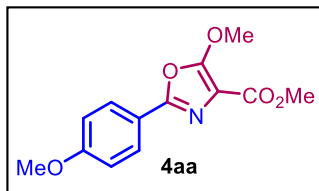


Failed substrates



Spectral data of isolated compounds:

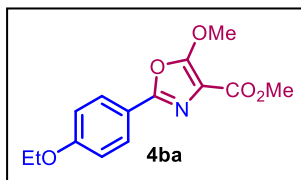
Methyl 5-methoxy-2-(4-methoxyphenyl)-oxazole-4-carboxylate (**4aa**)



4aa was prepared according to the general procedure **4.1** in 74% (39.0 mg) isolated yield. Pale yellow oil; Purification done by column chromatography on silica gel using (hexane: EtOAc = 85:15) as an eluent, **TLC** (30% ethyl acetate in hexane); $R_f = 0.25$; **IR** (KBr): 2956, 1730, 1573, 1395, 1150, 1084, 830, 549 cm^{-1} ; **$^1\text{H NMR}$** (500 MHz, CDCl_3): δ 7.90 (d, $J = 9.1$ Hz, 2H), 6.93 (d, $J = 9.1$ Hz, 2H), 4.25 (s, 3H), 3.91 (s, 3H), 3.85 (s, 3H); **$^{13}\text{C NMR}$** (126 MHz, CDCl_3): δ 162.2, 161.7, 161.5, 151.2, 127.7, 119.1, 114.3, 107.3, 59.9, 55.5, 52.0; **HRMS** (ESI/Q-TOF) m/z : $[\text{M}+\text{H}]^+$ Calcd for $[\text{C}_{13}\text{H}_{14}\text{O}_5]^+$ 264.0866, Found 264.0866.

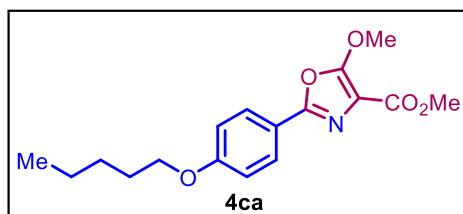
Spectral data matched with the reported literature. [3]

Methyl 2-(4-ethoxyphenyl)-5-methoxyoxazole-4-carboxylate (**4ba**)



4ba was prepared according to the general procedure **4.1** in 67% (37.0 mg) isolated yield. Yellow oil; Purification done by column chromatography on silica gel using (hexane: EtOAc = 85:15) as an eluent, **TLC** (30% ethyl acetate in hexane); $R_f = 0.25$; **IR** (KBr): 2859, 1742, 1490, 1370, 1180, 1075, 889, 585 cm^{-1} ; **$^1\text{H NMR}$** (500 MHz, CDCl_3): δ 7.90 (d, $J = 8.7$ Hz, 2H), 6.94 (d, $J = 8.8$ Hz, 2H), 4.24 (s, 3H), 4.08 (q, $J = 6.9$ Hz, 2H), 3.91 (s, 3H), 1.43 (t, $J = 7.0$ Hz, 3H); **$^{13}\text{C NMR}$** (126 MHz, CDCl_3): δ 162.2, 161.7, 161.0, 151.3, 127.7, 118.9, 114.7, 107.3, 63.7, 59.9, 51.9, 14.8; **HRMS** (ESI/Q-TOF) m/z : $[\text{M}+\text{H}]^+$ Calcd for $[\text{C}_{14}\text{H}_{16}\text{O}_5]^+$ 278.1023, Found 278.1019.

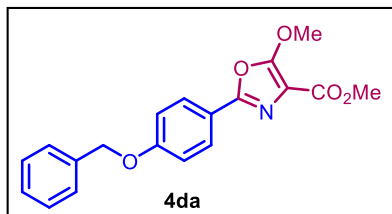
Methyl 5-methoxy-2-(4-(pentyloxy)phenyl)-oxazole-4-carboxylate (**4ca**)



4ca was prepared according to the general procedure **4.1** in 72% (46.0 mg) isolated yield. White solid; Purification done by column chromatography on silica gel using (hexanes: EtOAc = 90:10) as the eluent, **TLC** (20% ethyl acetate in hexanes): $R_f = 0.30$; ; **MP**: 92-94 $^\circ\text{C}$; **IR** (KBr): 2956, 2859, 1704, 1503, 1395, 1252, 1022, 837, 631 cm^{-1} ; **$^1\text{H NMR}$** (500 MHz, CDCl_3): δ 7.90 (d, $J = 9.0$ Hz, 2H), 6.92 (d, $J = 9.0$ Hz, 2H), 4.24 (s, 3H), 3.99 (t, $J = 6.9$ Hz, 2H), 3.91 (s, 3H),

1.82-1.77 (m, 2H), 1.40-1.38 (m, 4H), 0.93 (t, $J = 7.1$ Hz, 3H); ^{13}C NMR (126 MHz, CDCl_3): δ 162.2, 161.7, 161.2, 151.3, 132.1, 127.7, 118.9, 114.8, 68.3, 59.9, 51.9, 28.9, 28.2, 22.5, 14.1; **HRMS** (ESI/Q-TOF) m/z : $[\text{M}+\text{H}]^+$ Calcd for $[\text{C}_{17}\text{H}_{22}\text{NO}_5]^+$ 320.1492, Found 320.1492.

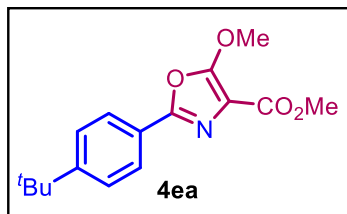
Methyl 2-(4-(benzyloxy)-phenyl)-5-methoxyoxazole-4-carboxylate (**4da**)



4da was prepared according to the general procedure **4.1** in 54% (36.6 mg) in isolated yield. White solid; Purification done by column chromatography on silica gel using (hexanes: EtOAc = 85:15) as the eluent, **TLC** (30% ethyl acetate in hexanes): $R_f = 0.30$; **MP**: 108-110 °C; **IR** (KBr): 2954, 1712, 1503, 1399, 1240,

1046, 813, 661 cm^{-1} ; ^1H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl_3): δ 7.93 (d, $J = 9.1$ Hz, 2H), 7.44-7.38 (m, 4H), 7.3 (d, $J = 7.2$ Hz, 1H), 7.32 (d, $J = 8.3$ Hz, 2H), 5.11 (s, 2H), 4.25 (s, 3H), 3.91 (s, 3H); ^{13}C NMR (126 MHz, CDCl_3): δ 162.2, 161.7, 160.7, 136.4, 128.9, 128.8, 128.5, 128.3, 127.8, 127.6, 119.4, 115.2, 70.2, 59.9, 52.0; **HRMS** (ESI/Q-TOF) m/z : $[\text{M}+\text{H}]^+$ Calcd for $[\text{C}_{19}\text{H}_{18}\text{NO}_5]^+$ 340.1179, Found 340.1184.

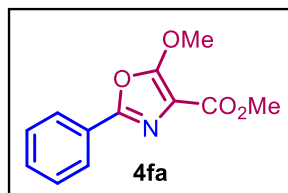
Methyl 2-(4-(*tert*-butyl-phenyl)-5-methoxyoxazole-4-carboxylate (**4ea**)



4ea was prepared according to the general procedure **4.1** in 66% (38.0 mg) isolated yield. Yellow oil; Purification done by column chromatography on silica gel using (hexane: EtOAc = 90:10) as an eluent, **TLC** (20% ethyl acetate in hexane); $R_f = 0.35$; **IR** (KBr):

2955, 1721, 1509, 1392, 1245, 1096, 829, 698 cm^{-1} ; ^1H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl_3): δ 7.91 (d, $J = 8.8$ Hz, 2H), 7.46 (d, $J = 8.8$ Hz, 2H), 4.26 (s, 3H), 3.91 (s, 3H), 1.33 (s, 9H); ^{13}C NMR (126 MHz, CDCl_3): δ 162.1, 161.8, 154.0, 151.2, 150.6, 125.8, 123.6, 107.4, 59.8, 51.9, 35.0, 31.2; **HRMS** (ESI/Q-TOF) m/z : $[\text{M}+\text{H}]^+$ Calcd for $[\text{C}_{16}\text{H}_{20}\text{NO}_4]^+$ 290.1387, Found 290.1382.

Methyl 5-methoxy-2-phenyloxazole-4-carboxylate (**4fa**)



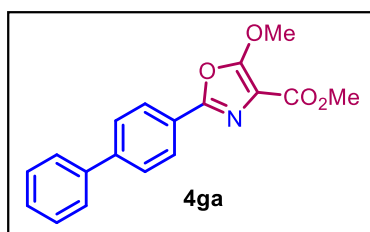
4fa was prepared according to the general procedure **4.1** in 61% (28.5 mg) in isolated yield. Colourless oil; Purification done by column chromatography on silica gel using (hexane: EtOAc = 92:8) as an eluent, **TLC** (20% ethyl acetate in hexane); $R_f = 0.40$; **IR** (KBr): 2885, 1735,

1490, 1380, 1195, 1045, 875, 589 cm^{-1} ; ^1H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl_3): δ 7.99-7.97 (m, 2H), 7.45-

7.43 (m, 3H), 4.27 (s, 3H), 3.92 (s, 3H); ^{13}C NMR (126 MHz, CDCl_3): δ 162.1, 161.9, 151.0, 130.6, 128.9, 126.4, 126.0, 107.6, 59.9, 52.0; HRMS (ESI/Q-TOF) m/z : $[\text{M}+\text{H}]^+$ Calcd for $[\text{C}_{12}\text{H}_{12}\text{NO}_4]^+$ 234.0761, Found 234.0760.

Spectral data matched with the reported literature. [3]

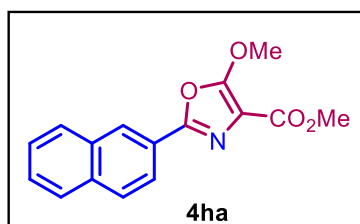
Methyl 2-([1,1'-biphenyl]-4-yl)-5-methoxyoxazole-4-carboxylate (**4ga**)



4ga was prepared according to the general procedure **4.1** in 63% (39.0 mg) in isolated yield. White solid; Purification done by column chromatography on silica gel using (hexane: EtOAc = 90:10) as an eluent, TLC (20% ethyl acetate in hexane); R_f = 0.40; ; MP: 118-120 °C; IR (KBr): 3062, 1721, 1598, 1449, 1217, 1098,

846, 664 cm^{-1} ; ^1H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl_3): δ 8.06 (d, J = 8.4 Hz, 2H), 7.67 (d, J = 8.4 Hz, 2H), 7.62 (d, J = 7.4 Hz, 2H), 7.46 (t, J = 7.4 Hz, 2H), 7.38 (t, J = 7.2 Hz, 1H), 4.29 (s, 3H), 3.93 (s, 3H); ^{13}C NMR (126 MHz, CDCl_3): δ 162.1, 161.9, 150.9, 143.3, 140.1, 129.0, 128.8, 128.1, 127.5, 127.2, 126.5, 125.2, 60.0, 52.0; HRMS (ESI/Q-TOF) m/z : $[\text{M}+\text{H}]^+$ Calcd for $[\text{C}_{18}\text{H}_{16}\text{NO}_4]^+$ 310.1074, Found 310.1069.

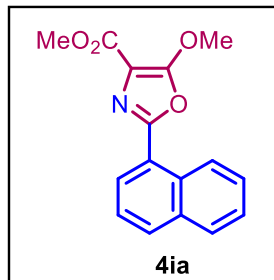
Methyl 5-methoxy-2-(naphthalen-2-yl)-oxazole-4-carboxylate (**4ha**)



4ha was prepared according to the general procedure **4.1** in 69% (39.0 mg) in isolated yield. Yellow oil; Purification done by column chromatography on silica gel using (hexane: EtOAc = 90:10) as an eluent, TLC (20% ethyl acetate in hexane); R_f = 0.40; IR (KBr):

2919, 1709, 1593, 1454, 1152, 1030, 803, 675 cm^{-1} ; ^1H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl_3): δ 8.43 (s, 1H), 8.09 (dd, J = 2.2 Hz, 8.8 Hz, 1H), 7.91 (d, J = 9.1 Hz, 2H), 7.86-7.84 (m, 1H), 7.55-7.53 (m, 2H), 4.33 (s, 3H), 3.94 (s, 3H); ^{13}C NMR (126 MHz, CDCl_3): δ 162.1, 162.0, 151.2, 134.2, 133.0, 129.6, 128.8, 128.7, 128.0, 127.5, 127.0, 126.0, 123.7, 122.8, 60.0, 52.0; HRMS (ESI/Q-TOF) m/z : $[\text{M}+\text{H}]^+$ Calcd for $[\text{C}_{16}\text{H}_{14}\text{NO}_4]^+$ 284.0917, Found 284.0916.

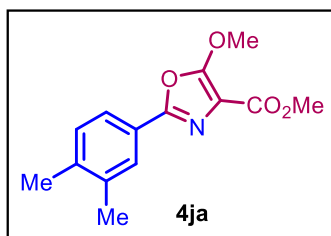
Methyl 5-methoxy-2-(naphthalen-1-yl)-oxazole-4-carboxylate (**4ia**)



4ia was prepared according to the general procedure **4.1** in 65% (37.0 mg) in isolated yield. Yellow oil; Purification done by column chromatography on silica gel using (hexane: EtOAc = 90:10) as an eluent, **TLC** (20% ethyl acetate in hexane); $R_f = 0.40$; **IR** (KBr): 3065, 1820, 1580, 1510, 1180, 1045, 835, 690 cm^{-1} ; **$^1\text{H NMR}$** (500 MHz, CDCl_3): δ 9.19 (d, $J = 9.2$ Hz, 1H) 8.09 (d, $J = 7.8$ Hz, 1H) 7.96 (d, $J = 8.5$ Hz, 1H) 7.90 (d, $J = 8.5$ Hz, 1H), 7.67 (t, $J = 7.3$ Hz, 1H), 7.54-7.51 (m, 2H), 4.31 (s, 3H), 3.95 (s, 3H); **$^{13}\text{C NMR}$** (126 MHz, CDCl_3): δ 162.1, 161.8, 150.8, 133.9, 131.4, 129.9, 128.6, 127.9, 127.5, 126.5, 126.0, 124.8, 122.8, 107.5, 59.9, 51.9; **HRMS** (ESI/Q-TOF) m/z : $[\text{M}+\text{H}]^+$ Calcd for $[\text{C}_{16}\text{H}_{14}\text{NO}_4]^+$ 284.0917, Found 284.0914.

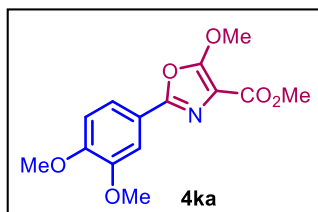
Spectral data matched with the reported literature.^[5]

Methyl 2-(3,4-dimethylphenyl)-5-methoxyoxazole-4-carboxylate (**4ja**)



4ja was prepared according to the general procedure **4.1** in 60% (31.5 mg) in isolated yield. Yellow solid; Purification done by column chromatography on silica gel using (hexane: EtOAc = 90:10) as an eluent, **TLC** (20% ethyl acetate in hexane); $R_f = 0.40$; ; **MP**: 140-142 $^\circ\text{C}$; **IR** (KBr): 2952, 1709, 1485, 1380, 1233, 1048, 840, 608 cm^{-1} ; **$^1\text{H NMR}$** (500 MHz, CDCl_3): δ 7.78 (s, 1H) 7.68 (d, $J = 8.0$ Hz, 1H), 7.20 (d, $J = 8.0$ Hz, 1H), 4.26 (s, 3H), 3.91 (s, 3H), 2.30 (s, 6H); **$^{13}\text{C NMR}$** (126 MHz, CDCl_3): δ 162.2, 161.8, 151.4, 139.7, 137.3, 130.1, 127.1, 124.0, 123.5, 107.3, 59.9, 52.0, 19.9, 19.7; **HRMS** (ESI/Q-TOF) m/z : $[\text{M}+\text{H}]^+$ Calcd for $[\text{C}_{14}\text{H}_{16}\text{NO}_4]^+$ 262.1074, Found 262.1074.

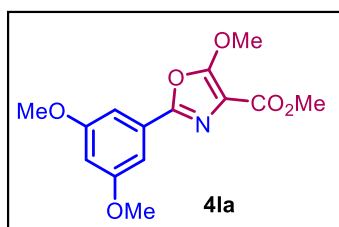
Methyl 2-(3,4-dimethoxyphenyl)-5-methoxyoxazole-4-carboxylate (**4ka**)



4ka was prepared according to the general procedure **4.1** in 67% (39.5 mg) in isolated yield. Yellow solid; Purification done by column chromatography on silica gel using (hexane: EtOAc = 80:20) as an eluent, **TLC** (30% ethyl acetate in hexane); $R_f = 0.25$; ; **MP**: 120-122 $^\circ\text{C}$; **IR** (KBr): 3034, 1741, 1494, 1390, 1188, 1055, 802, 665 cm^{-1} ; **$^1\text{H NMR}$**

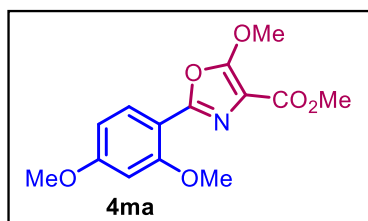
NMR (500 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 7.43 (s, 1H), 6.98-6.96 (m, 1H), 6.94-6.92 (m, 1H), 4.24 (s, 3H), 3.90 (s, 3H), 3.88 (s, 3H), 3.81 (s, 3H); **¹³C NMR** (126 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 162.2, 161.8, 153.5, 152.0, 149.6, 129.3, 118.2, 116.0, 114.3, 113.6, 59.8, 56.7, 56.1, 51.8; **HRMS** (ESI/Q-TOF) m/z : [M+H]⁺ Calcd for [C₁₄H₁₆NO₆]⁺ 294.0972, Found 294.0972.

Methyl 2-(3,5-dimethoxyphenyl)-5-methoxyoxazole-4-carboxylate (**4la**)



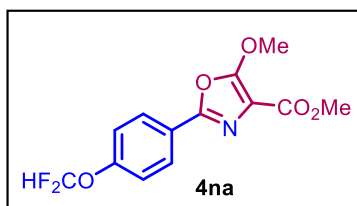
4la was prepared according to the general procedure **4.1** in 67% (39.5 mg) isolated yield. Yellow solid; Purification done by column chromatography on silica gel using (hexanes: EtOAc = 80:20) as an eluent, **TLC** (30% ethyl acetate in hexanes): $R_f = 0.25$; ; **MP**: 138-140 °C; **IR** (KBr): 2985, 1745, 1525, 1380, 1210, 1110, 845, 610 cm⁻¹; **¹H NMR** (500 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 7.12 (s, 1H), 7.11(s, 1H), 6.54 (s, 1H), 4.26 (s, 3H), 3.92 (s, 3H), 3.84 (s, 6H); **¹³C NMR** (126 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 162.0, 161.8, 161.1, 128.0, 103.9, 103.3, 102.3, 59.9, 55.8, 52.1; **HRMS** (ESI/Q-TOF) m/z : [M+H]⁺ Calcd for [C₁₆H₁₆NO₆]⁺ 294.0972, Found 294.0976.

Methyl 2-(2,4-dimethoxyphenyl)-5-methoxyoxazole-4-carboxylate (**4ma**)



4ma was prepared according to the general procedure **4.1** in 43% (25.1 mg) isolated yield. Yellow solid; Purification done by column chromatography on silica gel using (hexane: EtOAc = 80:20) as an eluent, **TLC** (30% ethyl acetate in hexane); $R_f = 0.25$; ; **MP**: 133-135 °C; **IR** (KBr): 3085, 1789, 1525, 1410, 1167, 1086, 817, 687 cm⁻¹; **¹H NMR** (500 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 7.51 (s, 1H), 7.50 (d, $J = 8.6$ Hz, 1H), 6.90 (d, $J = 8.5$ Hz, 1H), 4.26 (s, 3H), 3.95 (s, 3H), 3.92 (s, 3H), 3.91 (s, 3H); **¹³C NMR** (126 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 162.1, 161.8(2), 161.8 151.2, 149.3, 119.3, 110.9, 108.8, 108.6, 107.5, 60.0, 56.3, 56.1, 52.0; **HRMS** (ESI/Q-TOF) m/z : [M+H]⁺ Calcd for [C₁₄H₁₀Cl₂NO]⁺ [C₁₆H₁₆NO₆]⁺ 294.0972, Found 294.0970.

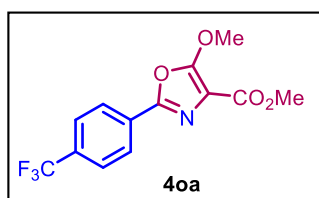
Methyl 2-(4-(difluoromethoxy-phenyl)-5-methoxyoxazole-4-carboxylate (**4na**)



4na was prepared according to the general procedure **4.1** in 47% (28.0 mg) isolated yield. Colorless oil; Purification done by column chromatography on silica gel using (hexane: EtOAc = 90:10) as an eluent, **TLC** (20% ethyl acetate in hexane); $R_f = 0.35$; **IR** (KBr): 3085, 1789, 1525, 1410, 1167, 1086, 817, 687 cm⁻¹; **¹H NMR** (500 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 7.99 (d, $J =$

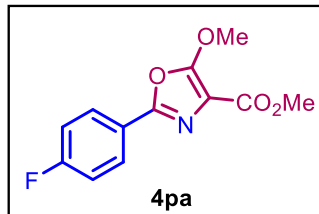
9.1 Hz, 2H), 7.19 (d, $J = 9.1$ Hz, 2H), 6.71 (t, $J = 73.5$ Hz, 1H), 4.27 (s, 3H), 3.92 (s, 3H); ^{13}C NMR (126 MHz, CDCl_3): δ 162.0, 161.9, 152.8, 150.1, 127.8, 123.6, 119.6, 117.6 (t, $^1J_{\text{CF}} = 261.3$ Hz), 107.6, 60.0, 52.1; ^{19}F NMR (471 MHz, CDCl_3): δ -81.3 (d, $J = 77.9$ Hz, 2F); HRMS (ESI/Q-TOF) m/z : $[\text{M}+\text{H}]^+$ Calcd for $[\text{C}_{13}\text{H}_{12}\text{F}_2\text{NO}_5]^+$ 300.0678, Found 300.0677.

Methyl 5-methoxy-2-(4-trifluoromethyl)-phenyl-oxazole-4-carboxylate (**4oa**)



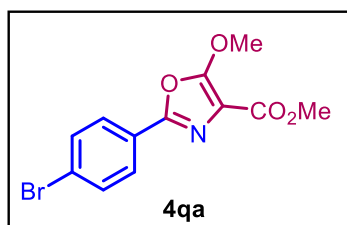
4oa was prepared according to the general procedure **4.1** in 42% (25.0 mg) isolated yield. Colorless oil; Purification done by column chromatography on silica gel using (hexane: EtOAc = 90:10) as an eluent, TLC (20% ethyl acetate in hexane); $R_f = 0.30$; IR (KBr): 3050, 1734, 1512, 1225, 1135, 930, 638 cm^{-1} ; ^1H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl_3): δ 8.10 (d, $J = 8.1$ Hz, 2H), 7.71 (d, $J = 8.2$ Hz, 2H), 4.30 (s, 3H), 3.93 (s, 3H); ^{13}C NMR (126 MHz, CDCl_3): δ 162.1, 161.8, 149.5, 132.3 (q, $^1J_{\text{CF}} = 313.0$ Hz), 128.7 (q, $^2J_{\text{CF}} = 24.0$ Hz), 128.5, 126.2, 126.0 (q, $^3J_{\text{CF}} = 3.9$ Hz), 108.1, 60.1, 52.1; ^{19}F NMR (471 MHz, CDCl_3): δ -62.8; HRMS (ESI/Q-TOF) m/z : $[\text{M}+\text{H}]^+$ Calcd for $[\text{C}_{13}\text{H}_{11}\text{F}_3\text{NO}_4]^+$ 302.0635, Found 302.0637.

Methyl 2-(4-fluorophenyl)-5-methoxyoxazole-4-carboxylate (**4pa**)



4pa was prepared according to the general procedure **4.1** in 75% (38.0 mg) isolated yield. Colorless oil; Purification done by column chromatography on silica gel using (hexane: EtOAc = 90:10) as an eluent, TLC (20% ethyl acetate in hexane); $R_f = 0.35$; IR (KBr): 2985, 1709, 1528, 1380, 1240, 1033, 852, 667 cm^{-1} ; ^1H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl_3): δ 7.99-7.96 (m, 2H), 7.15 (t, $J = 8.5$ Hz, 2H), 4.26 (s, 3H), 3.92 (s, 3H); ^{13}C NMR (126 MHz, CDCl_3): δ 165.2 (d, $^1J_{\text{CF}} = 252.1$ Hz), 162.0, 161.9, 150.3, 128.2 (d, $^3J_{\text{CF}} = 8.7$ Hz), 122.8 (d, $^4J_{\text{CF}} = 3.5$ Hz), 116.2 (d, $^2J_{\text{CF}} = 22.4$ Hz), 107.6, 60.0, 52.0; ^{19}F NMR (471 MHz, CDCl_3): δ -108.7; HRMS (ESI/Q-TOF) m/z : $[\text{M}+\text{H}]^+$ Calcd for $[\text{C}_{12}\text{H}_{11}\text{FNO}_4]^+$ 252.0667, Found 252.0667.

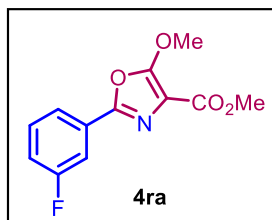
Methyl 2-(4-bromophenyl)-5-methoxyoxazole-4-carboxylate (**4qa**)



4qa was prepared according to the general procedure **4.1** in 56% (35.0 mg) isolated yield. Yellow oil; Purification done by column chromatography on silica gel using (hexane: EtOAc = 90:10) as an eluent, TLC (20% ethyl acetate in hexane); $R_f = 0.35$; IR (KBr): 3090, 1720, 1545, 1289, 1059, 839, 585 cm^{-1} ; ^1H NMR (500 MHz,

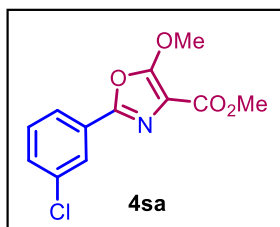
CDCl₃): δ 7.92 (d, J = 8.8 Hz, 2H), 7.42 (d, J = 8.9 Hz, 2H), 4.27 (s, 3H), 3.9 (s, 3H); ¹³C NMR (126 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 162.0, 161.9, 150.1, 136.7, 129.2, 127.3, 124.9, 107.7, 60.0, 52.1; HRMS (ESI/Q-TOF) m/z : [M+H]⁺ Calcd for [C₁₂H₁₁BrNO₄]⁺ 311.9866, Found 311.9869.

Methyl 2-(3-fluorophenyl)-5-methoxyoxazole-4-carboxylate (**4ra**)



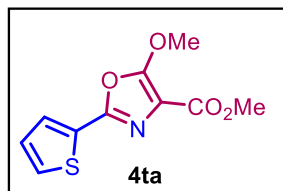
4ra was prepared according to the general procedure **4.1** in 72% (36.1 mg) isolated yield. Colorless oil; Purification done by column chromatography on silica gel using (hexane: EtOAc = 90:10) as an eluent, TLC (20% ethyl acetate in hexane); R_f = 0.35; IR (KBr): 3025, 1729, 1520, 1380, 1298, 1025, 838, 656 cm⁻¹; ¹H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 7.78-7.76 (m, 1H), 7.68-7.66 (m, 1H), 7.44-7.39 (m, 1H), 7.16-7.12 (m, 1H), 4.28 (s, 3H), 3.92 (s, 3H); ¹³C NMR (176 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 163.9 (d, ¹ J_{CF} = 252.7 Hz), 163.8, 161.9, 130.7 (d, ³ J_{CF} = 11.8 Hz), 128.4 (d, ³ J_{CF} = 11.9 Hz), 121.7 (d, ⁴ J_{CF} = 5.2 Hz), 117.3 (d, ² J_{CF} = 30.0 Hz), 113.1, 112.9, 107.8, 60.0, 52.1; ¹⁹F NMR (471 MHz, CDCl₃): δ -108.7; HRMS (ESI/Q-TOF) m/z : [M+H]⁺ Calcd for [C₁₂H₁₁FNO₄]⁺ 252.0667, Found 252.0670.

Methyl 2-(3-chlorophenyl)-5-methoxyoxazole-4-carboxylate (**4sa**)



4sa was prepared according to the general procedure **4.1** in 47% (25.0 mg) isolated yield. Colorless oil; Purification done by column chromatography on silica gel using (hexane: EtOAc = 90:10) as an eluent, TLC (20% ethyl acetate in hexane); R_f = 0.35; IR (KBr): 2923, 1708, 1465, 1212, 1101, 986, 748, 585 cm⁻¹; ¹H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 7.88-7.85 (m, 1H), 7.41-7.38 (m, 1H), 4.28 (s, 3H), 3.92 (s, 3H); ¹³C NMR (126 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 161.9, 161.4, 150.1, 136.7, 132.2, 129.7, 129.2, 127.2, 124.9, 107.7, 60.0, 52.0; HRMS (ESI/Q-TOF) m/z : [M+H]⁺ Calcd for [C₁₂H₁₁ClNO₄]⁺ 268.0371, Found 268.0370.

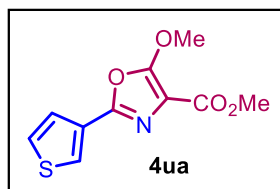
Methyl 5-methoxy-2-(thiophen-2-yl)-oxazole-4-carboxylate (**4ta**)



4ta was prepared according to the general procedure **4.1** in 43% (20.5 mg) isolated yield. Yellow oil; Purification done by column chromatography on silica gel using (hexane: EtOAc = 90:10) as an eluent, TLC (20% ethyl acetate in hexane); R_f = 0.35; IR (KBr): 3063, 1706, 1593, 1397, 1205, 1089, 835, 702 cm⁻¹; ¹H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl₃): 7.63-7.62 (m, 1H), 7.42-7.40 (m, 1H), 7.09

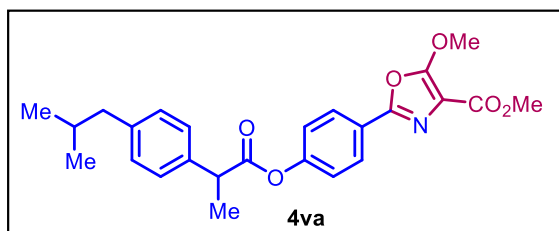
(dd, $J = 3.7, 5.0$ Hz, 1H), 4.24 (s, 3H), 3.90 (s, 3H); ^{13}C NMR (126 MHz, CDCl_3): δ 161.9, 161.4, 147.5, 128.2, 128.6, 127.9(8), 127.9(6), 107.4, 60.1, 52.0; HRMS (ESI/Q-TOF) m/z : $[\text{M}+\text{H}]^+$ Calcd for $[\text{C}_{10}\text{H}_{10}\text{NO}_4\text{S}]^+$ 240.0325, Found 240.0325.

Methyl 5-methoxy-2-(thiophen-3-yl)-oxazole-4-carboxylate (**4ua**)



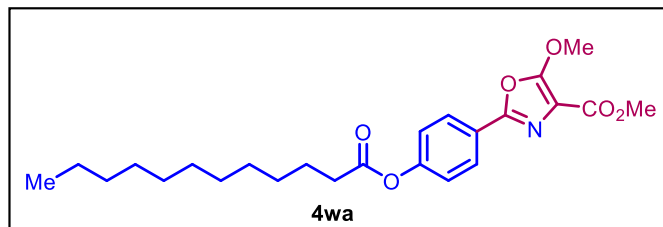
4ua was prepared according to the general procedure **4.1** in 58% (27.5 mg) isolated yield. Yellow oil; Purification done by column chromatography on silica gel using (hexane: EtOAc = 90:10) as an eluent, TLC (20% ethyl acetate in hexane); $R_f = 0.35$; IR (KBr): 3018, 1750, 1526, 1393, 1201, 1052, 858, 637 cm^{-1} ; ^1H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl_3): 7.89-7.88 (m, 1H), 7.61 (d, $J = 6.3$ Hz, 1H), 7.38 (dd, $J = 3.2$ Hz, 5.1 Hz, 1H), 4.24 (s, 3H), 3.91 (s, 3H); ^{13}C NMR (126 MHz, CDCl_3): δ 161.9, 161.4, 147.5, 129.7, 128.8, 128.6, 127.9, 107.4, 60.1, 52.0; HRMS (ESI/Q-TOF) m/z : $[\text{M}+\text{H}]^+$ Calcd for $[\text{C}_{10}\text{H}_{10}\text{NO}_4\text{S}]^+$ 240.0325, Found 240.0324.

Methyl 2-(4-isobutylphenyl-propanoyl)-oxy-phenyl)-5-methoxyoxazole-4-carboxylate (**4va**)



4va was prepared according to the general procedure **4.1** in 67% (58.5 mg) isolated yield. Yellow oil; Purification done by column chromatography on silica gel using (hexane: EtOAc = 85:15) as an eluent, TLC (30% ethyl acetate in hexane); $R_f = 0.30$; IR (KBr): 2945, 1745, 1548, 1474, 1237, 1090, 829, 685 cm^{-1} ; ^1H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl_3): 7.96 (d, $J = 7.9$ Hz, 2H), 7.30 (d, $J = 7.3$ Hz, 2H), 7.16 (d, $J = 8.3$ Hz, 2H), 7.08 (d, $J = 8.9$ Hz, 2H), 4.25 (s, 3H), 3.91 (s, 3H), 3.87-3.84 (m, 1H), 2.48 (d, $J = 8.9$ Hz, 3H), 1.88-.83 (m, 1H), 1.60 (d, $J = 3.3$ Hz, 2H), 0.91 (d, $J = 7.1$ Hz, 6H); ^{13}C NMR HRMS (126 MHz, CDCl_3): δ 172.9, 162.0, 161.9, 152.6, 150.4, 141.1, 137.0, 129.7, 127.3, 127.2, 124.0, 122.1, 107.7, 60.0, 52.0 45.4, 45.1, 30.3, 22.5, 18.5; (ESI/Q-TOF) m/z : $[\text{M}+\text{H}]^+$ Calcd for $[\text{C}_{25}\text{H}_{28}\text{NO}_6]^+$ 438.1911, Found 438.1915

Methyl 2-(4-dodecanoyloxy-phenyl)-5-methoxyoxazole-4-carboxylate (**4wa**)



4wa was prepared according to the general procedure **4.1** in 56% (48.0 mg) isolated yield. Colorless oil; Purification done by column chromatography on silica gel using (hexane: EtOAc = 85:15) as an eluent, **TLC**

(30% ethyl acetate in hexane); $R_f = 0.30$; **IR** (KBr): 2956, 1752, 1510, 1400, 1203, 1050, 850, 695 cm^{-1} ; **$^1\text{H NMR}$** (500 MHz, CDCl_3): 7.99 (d, $J = 8.7$ Hz, 2H), 7.18 (d, $J = 8.7$ Hz, 2H), 4.26 (s, 3H), 3.91 (s, 3H), 2.57 (t, $J = 7.5$ Hz, 2H), 1.77-1.71 (m, 3H), 1.42-1.36 (m, 3H), 1.30-1.26 (m, 10 H), 0.8 (t, $J = 6.6$ Hz, 5H); **$^{13}\text{C NMR}$** (126 MHz, CDCl_3): δ 172.0, 162.0, 161.9, 152.5, 150.4, 127.3, 123.9, 122.2, 107.7, 60.0, 52.0, 34.5, 32.0, 29.7, 29.5, 29.4, 29.3, 29.2, 24.9, 22.8, 14.2; **HRMS** (ESI/Q-TOF) m/z : $[\text{M}+\text{H}]^+$ Calcd for $[\text{C}_{24}\text{H}_{34}\text{NO}_6]^+$ 432.2381, Found 432.2385.

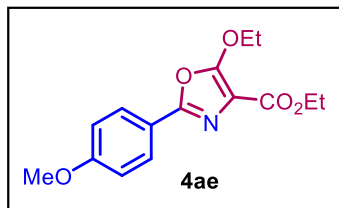
Methyl (*E*)-5-methoxy-2-(4-(octadec-8-enoyloxy-phenyl)-oxazole-4-carboxylate (**4xa**)



4xa was prepared according to the general procedure **4.1** in 47% (48.0 mg) isolated yield. Brown oil; Purification done by column chromatography on

silica gel using (hexane: EtOAc = 80:20) as an eluent, **TLC** (30% ethyl acetate in hexane); $R_f = 0.25$; **IR** (KBr): 2943, 1729, 1535, 1460, 1270, 1050, 820, 635 cm^{-1} ; **$^1\text{H NMR}$** (700 MHz, CDCl_3): 7.98 (d, $J = 8.2$ Hz, 2H), 7.18 (d, $J = 8.4$ Hz, 2H), 5.38 (s, 2H), 4.26 (s, 3H), 3.92 (s, 3H), 2.57 (t, $J = 6.6$ Hz, 2H), 1.97 (s, 3H), 1.76 (t, $J = 7.0$ Hz, 2H) 1.34-1.33 (m, 8H), 1.32-1.26 (m, 13H), 0.88 (t, $J = 5.8$ Hz, 3H); **$^{13}\text{C NMR}$** **HRMS** (176 MHz, CDCl_3): δ 172.0, 162.0, 161.9, 152.6, 130.7, 130.3, 127.3, 124.0, 122.2, 60.0, 52.0, 32.7, 32.6, 32.0, 29.8, 29.6, 29.4, 29.3, 29.2(4), 29.2(0), 29.0, 24.9, 22.8, 14.2; (ESI/Q-TOF) m/z : $[\text{M}+\text{H}]^+$ Calcd for $[\text{C}_{30}\text{H}_{44}\text{NO}_6]^+$ 514.3162, Found 514.3158.

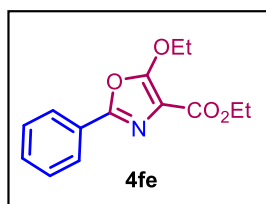
Ethyl 5-ethoxy-2-(4-methoxyphenyl)-oxazole-4-carboxylate (**4ae**)



4ae was prepared according to the general procedure **4.1** in 70% (41.0 mg) isolated yield. Yellow liquid; Purification done by column chromatography on silica gel using (hexane: EtOAc = 85:15) as an eluent, **TLC** (30% ethyl acetate in hexane); $R_f = 0.25$; **IR** (KBr):

3104, 1743, 1509, 1389, 1243, 1075, 845, 611 cm^{-1} ; **$^1\text{H NMR}$** (500 MHz, CDCl_3): δ 7.90 (d, $J = 9.0$ Hz, 2H), 6.93 (d, $J = 9.0$ Hz, 2H), 4.57 (q, $J = 7.1$ Hz, 2H), 4.39 (q, $J = 7.1$ Hz, 2H), 3.83 (s, 3H), 1.52 (t, $J = 7.0$ Hz, 3H), 1.39 (t, $J = 7.0$ Hz, 3H); **$^{13}\text{C NMR}$** (126 MHz, CDCl_3): δ 161.9, 161.4, 161.2, 151.4, 127.7, 119.2, 114.2, 108.4, 70.1, 60.7, 55.4, 15.0, 14.5; **HRMS** (ESI/Q-TOF) m/z : $[\text{M}+\text{H}]^+$ Calcd for $[\text{C}_{15}\text{H}_{18}\text{NO}_5]^+$ 292.1179, Found 292.1176.

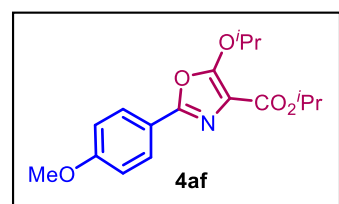
Ethyl 5-ethoxy-2-(4-ethoxyphenyl)-oxazole-4-carboxylate (**4fe**)



4fe was prepared according to the general procedure **4.1** in 73% (38.0 mg) isolated yield. Colorless liquid; Purification done by column chromatography on silica gel using (hexane: EtOAc = 90:10) as an eluent, **TLC** (20% ethyl acetate in hexane); $R_f = 0.30$; **IR** (KBr): 3025, 1740, 1489,

1357, 1210, 1043, 867, 565 cm^{-1} ; **$^1\text{H NMR}$** (500 MHz, CDCl_3): δ 7.98-7.96 (m, 2H), 7.44-7.42 (m, 3H), 4.61 (q, $J = 7.5$ Hz, 2H), 4.40 (q, $J = 7.5$ Hz, 2H), 1.53 (t, $J = 7.3$ Hz, 3H), 1.39 (t, $J = 7.4$ Hz, 3H); **$^{13}\text{C NMR}$** (126 MHz, CDCl_3): δ 161.8, 161.4, 151.2, 130.5, 128.8, 126.6, 126.0, 108.7, 70.1, 60.8, 15.1, 14.5; **HRMS** (ESI/Q-TOF) m/z : $[\text{M}+\text{H}]^+$ Calcd for $[\text{C}_{14}\text{H}_{16}\text{NO}_4]^+$ 262.1074, Found 262.1080

Isopropyl 5-isopropoxy-2-(4-methoxyphenyl)-oxazole-4-carboxylate (**4af**)

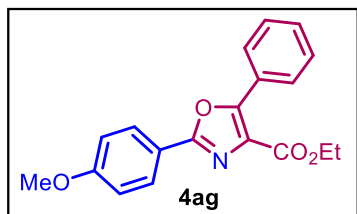


4af was prepared according to the general procedure **4.1** in 79% (50.5 mg) isolated yield. Orange liquid; Purification done by column chromatography on silica gel using (hexane: EtOAc = 85:15) as an eluent, **TLC** (30% ethyl acetate in hexane); $R_f = 0.25$; **IR** (KBr):

2981, 1707, 1504, 1413, 1254, 1085, 835, 702 cm^{-1} ; **$^1\text{H NMR}$** (500 MHz, CDCl_3): δ 7.92 (d, $J = 9.0$ Hz, 2H), 6.94 (d, $J = 9.0$ Hz, 2H), 5.26-5.21 (m, 1H), 4.98-4.93 (m, 1H), 3.84 (s, 3H), 1.47 (d, $J = 6.2$ Hz, 6H), 1.37 (d, $J = 6.3$ Hz, 6H); **$^{13}\text{C NMR}$** (126 MHz, CDCl_3): δ 161.6, 161.4, 160.4,

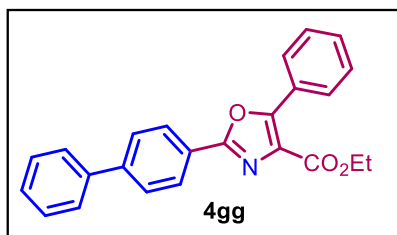
152.1, 127.8, 119.5, 114.2, 110.7, 79.4, 68.2, 55.4, 22.4, 22.0; **HRMS** (ESI/Q-TOF) m/z : $[M+H]^+$ Calcd for $[C_{17}H_{22}NO_5]^+$ 320.1492, Found 320.1487.

Ethyl 2-(4-methoxyphenyl)-5-phenyloxazole-4-carboxylate (**4ag**)



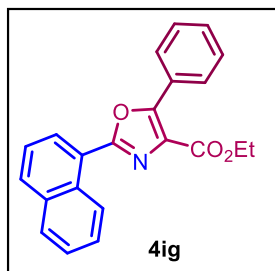
4ag was prepared according to the general procedure **4.1** in 53% (34.0 mg) isolated yield. Orange liquid; Purification done by column chromatography on silica gel using (hexane: EtOAc = 85:15) as an eluent, **TLC** (30% ethyl acetate in hexane); R_f = 0.25; **IR** (KBr): 3008, 1731, 1501, 1444, 1253, 1021, 833, 689 cm^{-1} ; **1H NMR** (500 MHz, $CDCl_3$): δ 8.10 (d, J = 9.1 Hz, 4H), 7.48-7.45 (m, 3H), 6.99 (d, J = 9 Hz, 2H); 4.46 (q, J = 7.1 Hz, 2H), 3.86 (s, 3H), 1.43 (t, J = 7.1 Hz, 3H); **^{13}C NMR** (126 MHz, $CDCl_3$): δ 162.5, 162.0, 160.0, 154.7, 130.2, 128.7, 128.6, 128.4, 128.2, 127.4, 119.2, 114.3, 61.5, 55.5, 14.4; **HRMS** (ESI/Q-TOF) m/z : $[M+H]^+$ Calcd for $[C_{19}H_{18}NO_4]^+$ 324.1230, Found 324.1227.

Ethyl 2-([1,1'-biphenyl]-4-yl)-5-phenyloxazole-4-carboxylate (**4gg**)



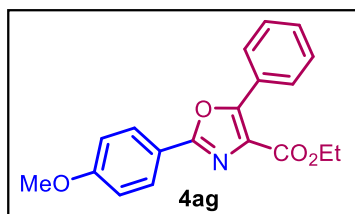
4gg was prepared according to the general procedure **4.1** in 64% (47.0 mg) isolated yield. Orange solid; Purification done by column chromatography on silica gel using (hexane: EtOAc = 85:15) as an eluent, **TLC** (30% ethyl acetate in hexane); R_f = 0.25; **MP**: 120-122 $^{\circ}C$; **IR** (KBr): 3008, 1731, 1501, 1444, 1253, 1021, 833, 689 cm^{-1} ; **1H NMR** (500 MHz, $CDCl_3$): δ 8.24 (d, J = 8.6 Hz, 2H), 8.14-8.12 (m, 2H), 7.73 (d, J = 8.5 Hz, 2H), 7.66 (d, J = 7.9 Hz, 2H), 7.51-7.46 (m, 5H), 7.41 (t, J = 7.3 Hz, 1H), 4.49 (q, J = 7.1 Hz, 2H), 1.45 (t, J = 7.1 Hz, 3H); **^{13}C NMR** (126 MHz, $CDCl_3$): δ 162.4, 159.8, 155.2, 143.9, 143.8(8), 143.8(5), 140.1, 130.4, 129.0, 128.7, 128.5, 128.1, 127.5, 127.4, 127.2, 125.3, 61.6, 14.4; **HRMS** (ESI/Q-TOF) m/z : $[M+H]^+$ Calcd for $[C_{24}H_{20}NO_3]^+$ 370.1438, Found 370.1431.

Ethyl 2-(naphthalen-1-yl)-5-phenyloxazole-4-carboxylate (**4ig**)



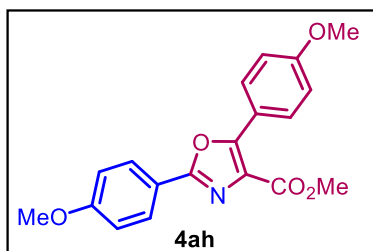
4ig was prepared according to the general procedure **4.1** in 58% (40.0 mg) isolated yield. Yellow liquid; Purification done by column chromatography on silica gel using (hexane: EtOAc = 85:15) as an eluent, **TLC** (30% ethyl acetate in hexane); $R_f = 0.25$; **IR** (KBr): 3055, 1755, 1550, 1445, 1220, 1085, 845, 664 cm^{-1} ; **$^1\text{H NMR}$** (500 MHz, CDCl_3): δ 9.23 (d, $J = 7.95$ Hz, 1H), 8.31 (d, $J = 7.2$ Hz, 1H), 8.18 (d, $J = 9.7$ Hz, 2H), 8.01 (d, $J = 8.1$ Hz, 1H), 7.93 (d, $J = 8.1$ Hz, 1H), 7.69 (d, $J = 7.1$ Hz, 1H), 7.60-7.57 (m, 2H), 7.56-7.51 (m, 3H), 4.51 (q, $J = 7.1$ Hz, 2H), 1.47 (t, $J = 7.1$ Hz, 3H); **$^{13}\text{C NMR}$** (126 MHz, CDCl_3): δ 162.6, 159.9, 155.0, 134.0, 132.0, 130.4, 130.3, 128.7, 128.6(8), 128.6(1), 128.5, 128.4, 128.0, 127.3, 126.6, 126.1, 125.0, 123.1, 61.5, 14.4; **HRMS** (ESI/Q-TOF) m/z : $[\text{M}+\text{H}]^+$ Calcd for $[\text{C}_{22}\text{H}_{18}\text{NO}_3]^+$ 344.1281, Found 344.1276.

Ethyl 2-(4-methoxyphenyl)-5-phenyloxazole-4-carboxylate (**4ag**)



4ag was prepared according to the general procedure **4.1** in 53% (34.0 mg) isolated yield. Orange liquid; Purification done by column chromatography on silica gel using (hexane: EtOAc = 85:15) as an eluent, **TLC** (30% ethyl acetate in hexane); $R_f = 0.25$; **IR** (KBr): 3008, 1731, 1501, 1444, 1253, 1021, 833, 689 cm^{-1} ; **$^1\text{H NMR}$** (500 MHz, CDCl_3): δ 8.10 (d, $J = 9.1$ Hz, 4H), 7.48-7.45 (m, 3H), 6.99 (d, $J = 9.0$ Hz, 2H); 4.46 (q, $J = 7.1$ Hz, 2H), 3.86 (s, 3H), 1.43 (t, $J = 7.1$ Hz, 3H); **$^{13}\text{C NMR}$** (126 MHz, CDCl_3): δ 162.5, 162.0, 160.0, 154.7, 130.2, 128.7, 128.6, 128.4, 128.2, 127.4, 119.2, 114.3, 61.5, 55.5, 14.4; **HRMS** (ESI/Q-TOF) m/z : $[\text{M}+\text{H}]^+$ Calcd for $[\text{C}_{19}\text{H}_{18}\text{NO}_4]^+$ 324.1230, Found 324.1227.

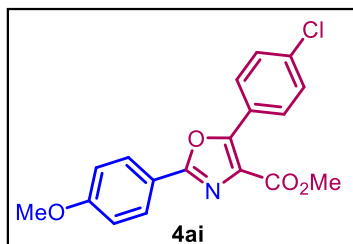
Methyl 2,5-bis(4-methoxyphenyl)-oxazole-4-carboxylate (**4ah**)



4ah was prepared according to the general procedure **4.1** in 65% (44.0 mg) isolated yield. Yellow solid; Purification done by column chromatography on silica gel using (hexane: EtOAc = 80:20) as an eluent, **TLC** (30% ethyl acetate in hexane); $R_f = 0.20$; **MP**: 109-111 $^{\circ}\text{C}$; **IR neat** (cm^{-1}): 3064, 1707, 1503, 1362, 1175, 1028, 815, 662 cm^{-1} ; **$^1\text{H NMR}$** (500 MHz, CDCl_3): δ 8.13 (d, $J = 9.1$ Hz, 2H), 8.09 (d, $J = 9.1$ Hz, 2H), 7.02 (d, $J = 9.3$ Hz, 2H), 6.99 (d, $J = 8.9$ Hz, 2H), 3.96 (s, 3H), 3.88 (s, 3H), 3.87 (s, 3H); **$^{13}\text{C NMR}$**

NMR (126 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 163.1, 161.9, 161.2, 159.4, 156.3, 130.2, 128.6, 126.6, 119.8, 119.2, 114.3, 114.0, 55.5(7), 55.5(4), 52.4; **HRMS** (ESI/Q-TOF) m/z : [M+H]⁺ Calcd for [C₁₉H₁₈NO₅]⁺ 340.1179, Found 340.1173

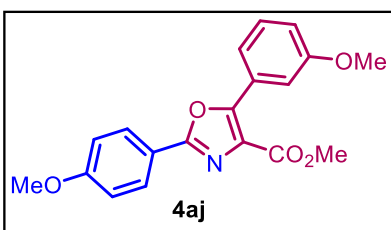
Methyl 5-(4-chlorophenyl)-2-(4-methoxyphenyl)oxazole-4-carboxylate (**4ai**)



4ai was prepared according to the general procedure **4.1** in 78% (53.0 mg) isolated yield. White solid; Purification done by column chromatography on silica gel using (hexane: EtOAc = 85:15) as an eluent, **TLC** (30% ethyl acetate in hexane); **R_f** = 0.25; **MP**: 112-114 °C; **IR neat (cm⁻¹)**: 2956, 1713, 1590, 1485, 1256, 1087, 834, 701

cm⁻¹; **¹H NMR** (500 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 8.10 (d, J = 8.9 Hz, 2H), 8.09 (d, J = 9.0 Hz, 2H), 7.48 (d, J = 8.9 Hz, 2H), 7.00 (d, J = 9.0 Hz, 2H), 3.98 (s, 3H), 3.88 (s, 3H); **¹³C NMR** (126 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 162.9, 162.2, 160.2, 153.8, 136.4, 129.7, 128.9, 128.8, 128.2, 125.7, 118.9, 114.4, 55.6, 52.6; **HRMS** (ESI/Q-TOF) m/z : [M+H]⁺ Calcd for [C₁₈H₁₅ClNO₄]⁺ 344.0684, Found 344.0688.

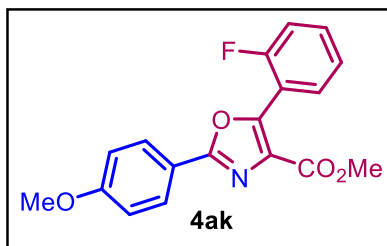
Methyl 5-(3-methoxyphenyl)-2-(4-methoxyphenyl)oxazole-4-carboxylate (**4aj**)



4aj was prepared according to the general procedure **4.1** in 52% (35.0 mg) isolated yield. Yellow solid; Purification done by column chromatography on silica gel using (hexane: EtOAc = 80:20) as an eluent, **TLC** (30% ethyl acetate in hexane); **R_f** = 0.20; **MP**: 118-120 °C; **IR neat (cm⁻¹)**: 2951, 1791, 1587, 1425,

1216, 1095, 839, 701 cm⁻¹; **¹H NMR** (500 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 8.10 (d, J = 9.1 Hz, 2H), 7.80-7.79 (m, 1H), 7.71-7.70 (m, 1H), 7.42-7.39 (m, 1H), 7.0 (d, J = 9 Hz, 3H); 3.97 (s, 3H), 3.90 (s, 3H), 3.87 (s, 3H); **¹³C NMR** (126 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 162.9, 162.1, 160.0, 159.6, 154.6, 129.6, 128.7, 128.4, 128.1, 120.8, 119.1, 116.4, 114.4, 113.8, 55.6, 55.5, 52.5; **HRMS** (ESI/Q-TOF) m/z : [M+H]⁺ Calcd for [C₁₉H₁₈NO₅]⁺ 340.1179, Found 340.1183.

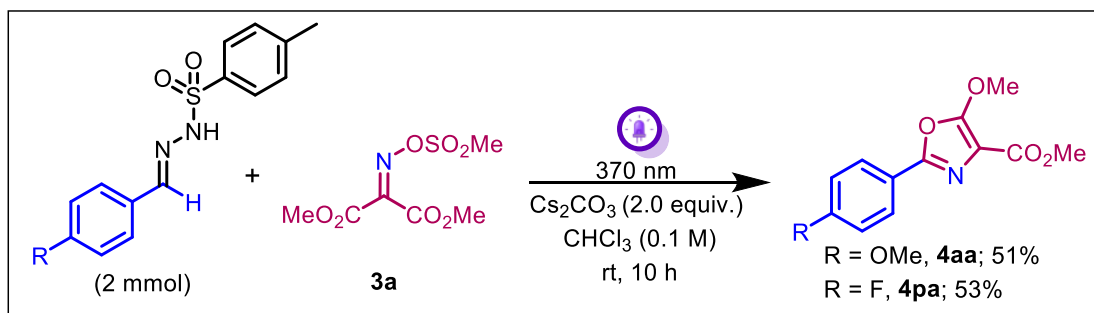
Methyl 5-(2-fluorophenyl)-2-(4-methoxyphenyl)-oxazole-4-carboxylate (**4ak**)



4ak was prepared according to the general procedure **4.1** in 58% (38.0 mg) isolated yield. Yellow liquid; Purification done by column chromatography on silica gel using (hexane: EtOAc = 80:20) as an eluent, TLC (30% ethyl acetate in hexane); $R_f = 0.20$; IR neat (cm^{-1}): 3025, 1695, 1485, 1352, 1213, 1004, 815,

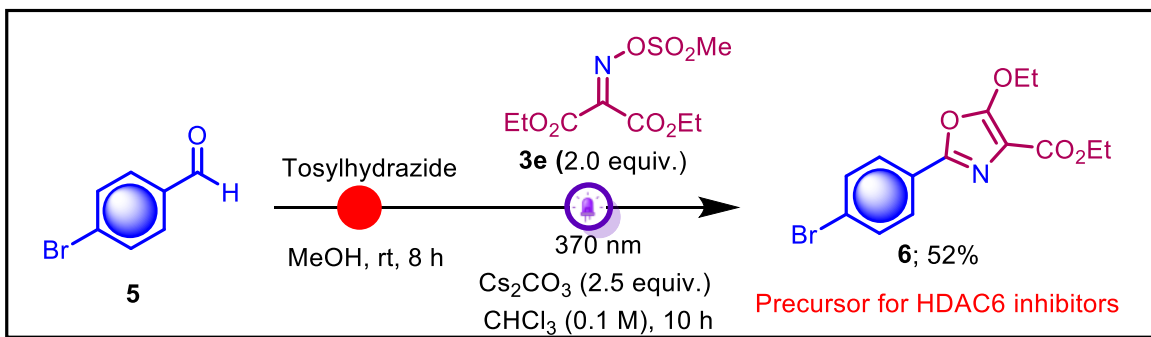
737 cm^{-1} ; $^1\text{H NMR}$ (500 MHz, CDCl_3): δ 8.09 (d, $J = 8.7$ Hz, 2H), 7.73 (t, $J = 6.1$ Hz, 1H), 7.23-7.19 (m, 1H); 7.13 (d, $J = 8.7$ Hz, 1H), 6.97 (d, $J = 8.7$ Hz, 2H), 6.82 (d, $J = 8.9$ Hz, 1H) 3.90 (s, 3H), 3.87 (s, 3H); $^{13}\text{C NMR}$ (126 MHz, CDCl_3): δ 162.1, 161.4 (d, $^1J_{\text{CF}} = 215$ Hz), 159.1, 157.3 (d, $^2J_{\text{CF}} = 35$ Hz), 154.9 (d, $^2J_{\text{CF}} = 44$ Hz), 132.4, 131.4, 128.8, 127.9, 124.0, 119.1, 116.3 (d, $^3J_{\text{CF}} = 13$ Hz), 114.4, 114.1, 56.9, 52.3; $^{19}\text{F NMR}$ (471 MHz, CDCl_3): δ -110.7 HRMS (ESI/Q-TOF) m/z : $[\text{M}+\text{H}]^+$ Calcd for $[\text{C}_{18}\text{H}_{15}\text{FNO}_4]^+$ 328.0980, Found 328.0978

6.0 General procedure for 2 mmol scale reaction



To an oven dried 25 mL round bottom flask was charged with magnetic stir bar, *N*-sulfonyl hydrazones **2a** and **2p** (2.0 mmol, 1.0 equiv.) was added, then Cs_2CO_3 (1.63 gm, 5.0 mmol, 2.5 equiv.) and dimethyl 2-(mesyloxy-imino)malonate **3a** (957mg, 4.0 mmol, 2.0 equiv.) were added followed by addition of CHCl_3 (0.1 M, 20 mL) under nitrogen atmosphere. The reaction mixture was stirred in presence of 370 nm 40 W LEDs (the reaction vial distance from light source ~ 2 cm) at room temperature using fan (we control the temperature by using the fan, temperature of the reaction reaching $\sim 35^\circ\text{C}$) for 10 h. Upon the complete consumption of the starting materials, the reaction mixture was diluted with ethyl acetate and then passed through the celite pad, the solvent was removed under reduced pressure. Compound was purified by column chromatography on silica gel using (15-18% EtOAc:Hexane) as an eluent to furnish the corresponding product **4aa** (268 mg, 51% yield) and **4pa** (266 mg, 53% yield), respectively.

7.0 Synthesis of compound 6



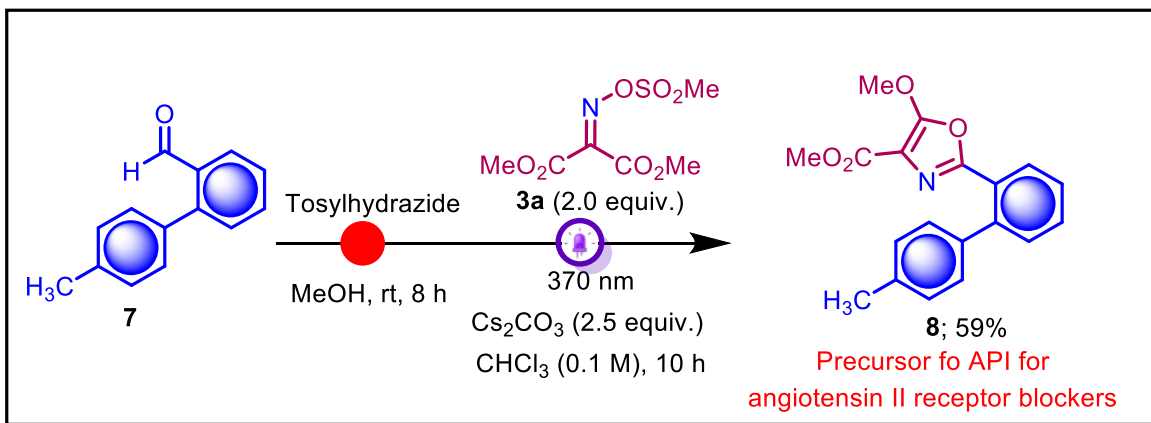
7.1 Compound **6** was prepared by three component approach via one pot manner

7.2 Synthesis of ethyl 2-(4-bromophenyl)-5-ethoxyoxazole-4-carboxylate (**6**)

To a stirred solution of *p*-toluene sulfonylhydrazide (37.2 mg, 0.2 mmol, 1.0 equiv) in MeOH (0.5 M), *p*-bromo benzaldehydes **5** (37 mg, 0.2 mmol, 1.0 equiv) in MeOH (0.25 M) solution were added dropwise. The reaction mixture was stirred at room temperature for 8 h followed by removal of MeOH under reduced pressure. In the crude reaction mixture, Cs₂CO₃ (163.0 mg, 0.5 mmol, 2.5 equiv) and diethyl 2-(methyl sulfonyloxy)imino-malonate **3e** (107 mg, 0.4 mmol, 2.0 equiv) were added followed by CHCl₃ solvent (0.1 M, 2 mL) under nitrogen atmosphere. The reaction mixture was stirred in presence of 370 nm 40 W LEDs (the reaction vial distance from light source ~ 2 cm) at room temperature using fan (we control the temperature by using the fan, temperature of the reaction reaching ~35 °C) for 10 h. Upon the complete consumption of the starting materials, the reaction mixture was diluted with ethyl acetate and then passed through the celite pad, the solvent was removed under reduced pressure. Compound was purified by column chromatography on silica gel using (8%-10% EtOAc:Hexane) as an eluent to furnish the title product **6** with (35.5 mg) 52% yield. Colorless liquid; **TLC** (20% ethyl acetate in hexane); **R_f** = 0.35; **IR** (KBr): 2982, 1716, 1595, 1430, 1155, 1008, 843, 679 cm⁻¹; **¹H NMR** (500 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 7.84 (d, *J* = 8.7 Hz, 2H), 7.57 (d, *J* = 8.7 Hz, 2H), 4.60 (q, *J* = 7.1 Hz, 2H), 4.39 (q, *J* = 7.1 Hz, 2H), 1.53 (t, *J* = 7.1 Hz, 3H), 1.39 (t, *J* = 7.1 Hz, 3H); **¹³C NMR** (126 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 161.7, 161.5, 150.4, 132.2, 127.5, 125.6, 125.1, 108.9, 70.4, 61.0, 15.2, 14.6; **HRMS** (ESI/Q-TOF) *m/z*: [M+H]⁺ Calcd for [C₁₄H₁₅BrNO₄]⁺ 340.0179, Found 340.0179.

Spectral data matched with the reported literature.^[4]

7.3 Synthesis of compound 8



To a stirred solution of *p*-toluene sulfonylhydrazide (37.2 mg, 0.2 mmol, 1.0 equiv) in MeOH (0.5 M), 4'-methyl-[1,1'-biphenyl]-2-carbaldehyde **7** (39.2 mg, 0.2 mmol, 1.0 equiv) in MeOH (0.25 M) solution were added dropwise. The reaction mixture was stirred at room temperature for 8 h followed by removal of MeOH under reduced pressure. In the crude reaction mixture, Cs₂CO₃ (163.0 mg, 0.5 mmol, 2.5 equiv) and dimethyl 2-(methyl sulfonyloxy)imino-malonate **3a** (95.6 mg, 0.4 mmol, 2.0 equiv) were added followed by CHCl₃ solvent (0.1 M, 2 mL) under nitrogen atmosphere. The reaction mixture was stirred in presence of 370 nm 40 W LEDs (the reaction vial distance from light source ~ 2 cm) at room temperature using fan (we control the temperature by using the fan, temperature of the reaction reaching ~35 °C) for 10 h. Upon the complete consumption of the starting materials, the reaction mixture was diluted with ethyl acetate and then passed through the celite pad, the solvent was removed under reduced pressure. Compound was purified by column chromatography on silica gel using (12-14% EtOAc:Hexane) as an eluent to furnish the title product **8** with (38 mg) 59% yield. White solid; **TLC** (20% ethyl acetate in hexane); **R_f** = 0.30; **MP**: 116-118 °C; **IR** (KBr): 3241, 2940, 1697, 1261, 1131, 759 cm⁻¹; **¹H NMR** (500 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 8.02 (d, *J* = 7.7 Hz, 1H), 7.50-7.47 (m, 1H), 7.43-7.40 (m, 1H), 7.37-7.36 (m, 1H), 7.27 (d, *J* = 7.9 Hz, 1H), 7.17 (t, *J* = 8.1 Hz, 3H), 3.89 (s, 3H), 3.50 (s, 3H), 2.35 (s, 3H); **¹³C NMR** (126 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 162.9, 161.7, 151.3, 141.0, 138.7, 136.9, 130.7, 130.4, 129.9, 128.9, 128.7, 127.5, 125.5, 106.3, 58.6, 51.9, 21.2; **HRMS** (ESI/Q-TOF) *m/z*: [M+H]⁺ Calcd for [C₁₉H₁₈NO₄]⁺ 324.1230, Found 324.1227.

Spectral data matched with the reported literature.^[5]

8.0 UV-vis. spectra

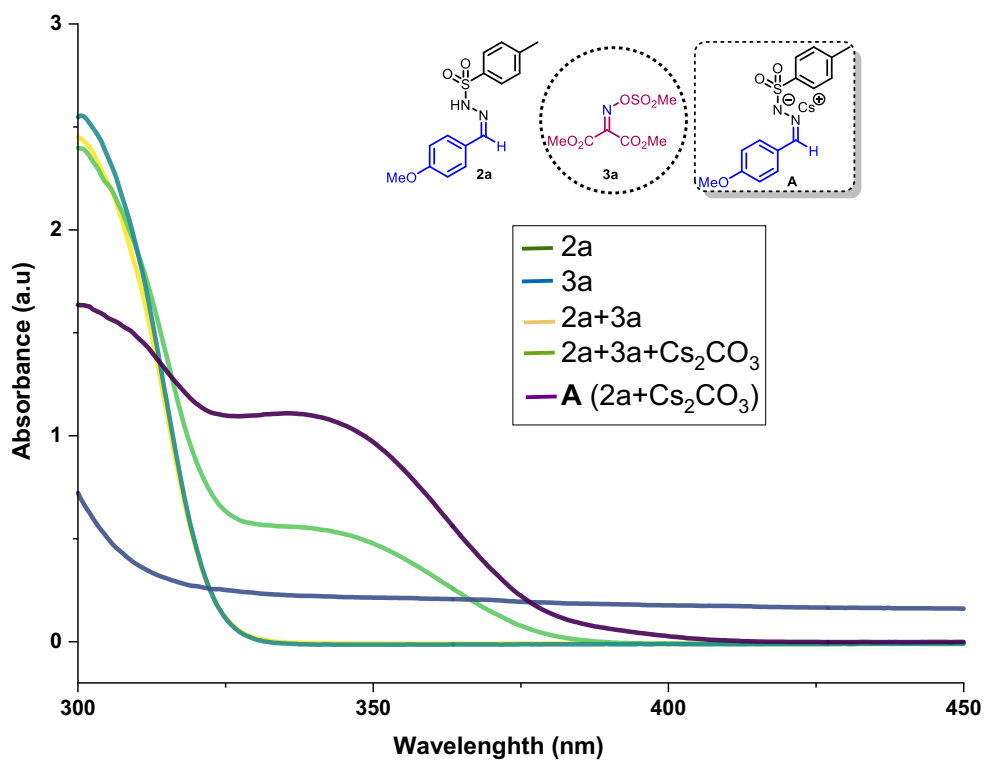
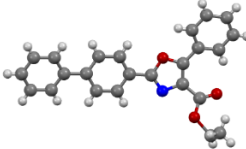


Figure S1: UV-Vis. spectrum of **2a** (0.1 M, dark green line), **3a** (0.1 M, blue line), **2a+3a** (0.1 M, yellow line), **2a+3a+Cs₂CO₃** (0.1 M green line) and intermediate **A** (**2a** + Cs₂CO₃) (0.1 M, violet line) in MeCN.

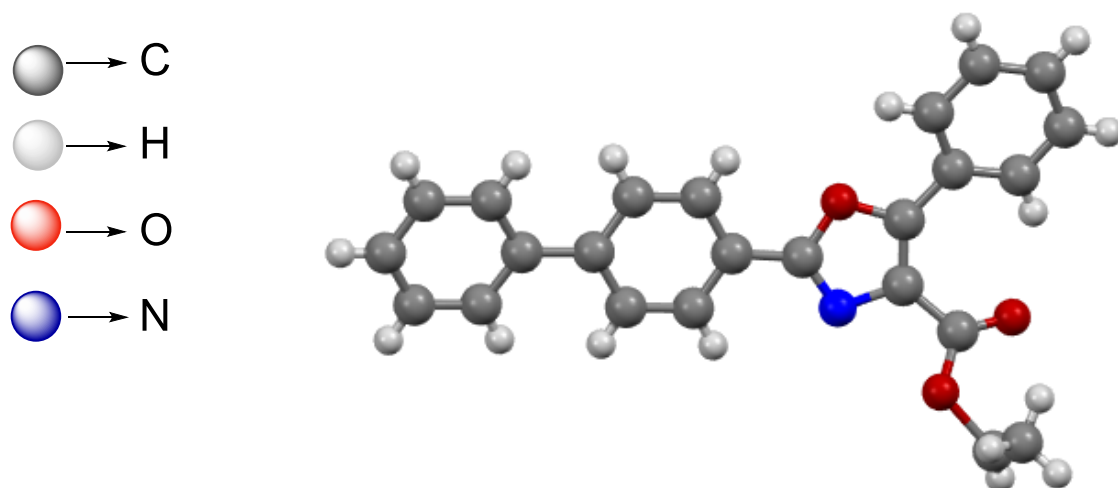
8.0 Single crystal XRD data.

Compound **4gg** was crystallized from 1: 4 mixtures of EtOAc: Hexane.

Data	4gg
Molecular Structure	
Formula	C ₂₄ H ₁₉ NO ₃
Formula weight	369.42
Crystal system	Orthorhombic
Space group	P 2 ₁ 2 ₁ 2 ₁
a (Å)	4.9899(9)
b (Å)	11.217(2)
c (Å)	31.913(6)
α (°)	90.000
β (°)	90.000
γ (°)	90.000
Volume (Å ³)	1786.3(6)
Z	4
Crystal size, mm ³	0.1199 × 0.1196 × 0.0814
Density (g/cm ³)	1.3735
λ (Å)	0.71073
Temp. (K)	298.00
Total reflns.	48644
Indepnt. reflns.	4632
Final R indices	R ₁ = 0.0746,

[I > 2σ(I)]	wR ₂ = 0.1635
R indices (all data)	R ₁ = 0.1054, wR ₂ = 0.1828
GOOF	1.034
CCDC	2532599

Crystal Structure of compound 4gg (Thermal Ellipsoid Contour Probability 50%)



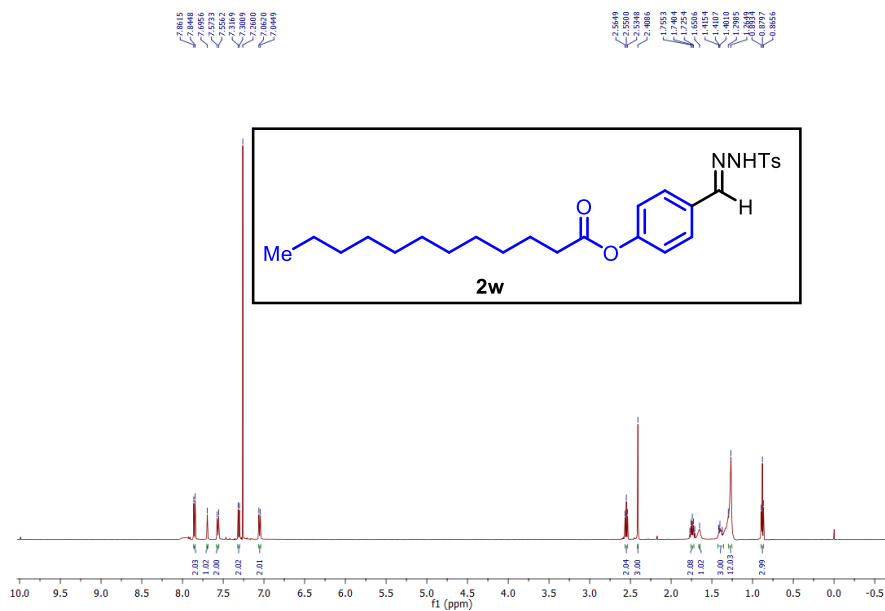
10.0 References

1. a) Fulton, J. R.; Aggarwal, V. K.; Vicente, J. De. The Use of Tosylhydrazone Salts as a Safe Alternative for Handling Diazo Compounds and Their Applications in Organic Synthesis. *Eur. J. Org. Chem.* **2005**, *2005*, 1479–1492; b) Junaid, M.; Happy, S.; Yadagiri, D. Light-Induced Arylation (Alkylation) of *N*-Sulfonylhydrazone with Boronic Acids. *Chem. Commun.* **2024**, *60*, 2796–2799.
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3. Connell, R. D.; Tebbe, M.; Gangloff, A. R.; Helquist, P.; Akermark, B. Rhodium-catalyzed heterocycloaddition route to 1,3-oxazoles as building blocks in natural products synthesis. *Tetrahedron* **1993**, *49*, 5445–5459.
4. Saha, A.; Casali, E.; Ghosh, A.; Maiti, D. Modular Approach for Photoinduced Cycloaddition Enabling the Synthesis of Diverse Bioactive Oxazoles. *Org. Lett.* **2025**, *27*, 2811–2814.
5. Saha, A.; Bianchi, M.; Casali, E.; Maiti, D. Scalable Photoinduced Cycloaddition for the Synthesis of Biorelevant Oxazoles. *Org. Lett.* **2025**, *27*, 6122–6126.

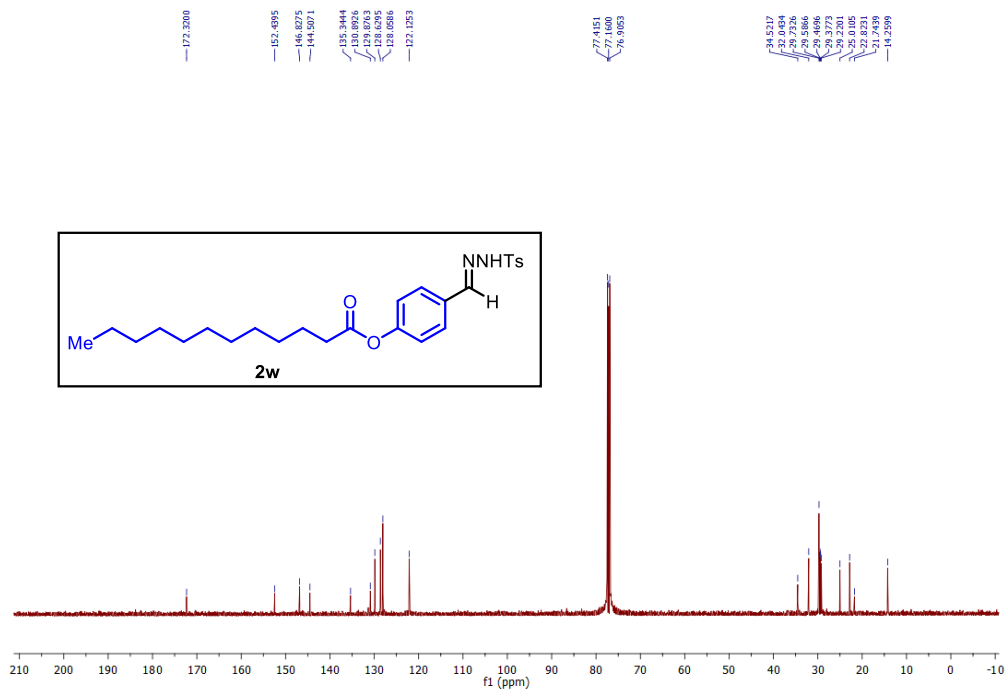
11.0 Spectral data

4-(Tosylhydrazineylidene)methyl-phenyl dodecanoate (**2w**)

^1H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl_3 , 24 °C)

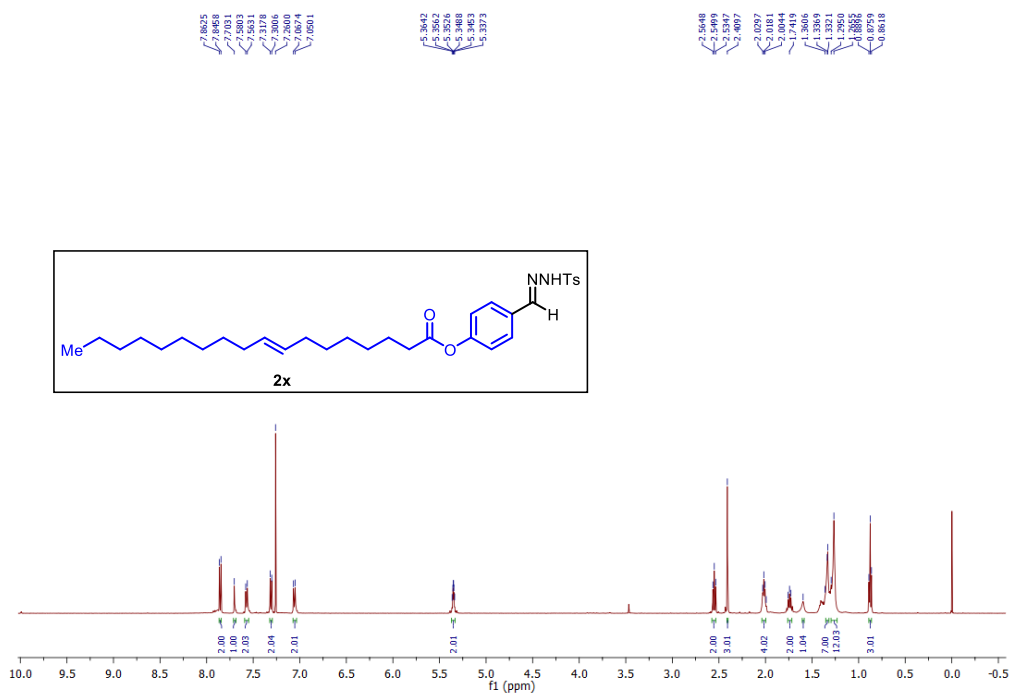


$^{13}\text{C}\{^1\text{H}\}$ NMR (126 MHz, CDCl_3 , 24 °C)

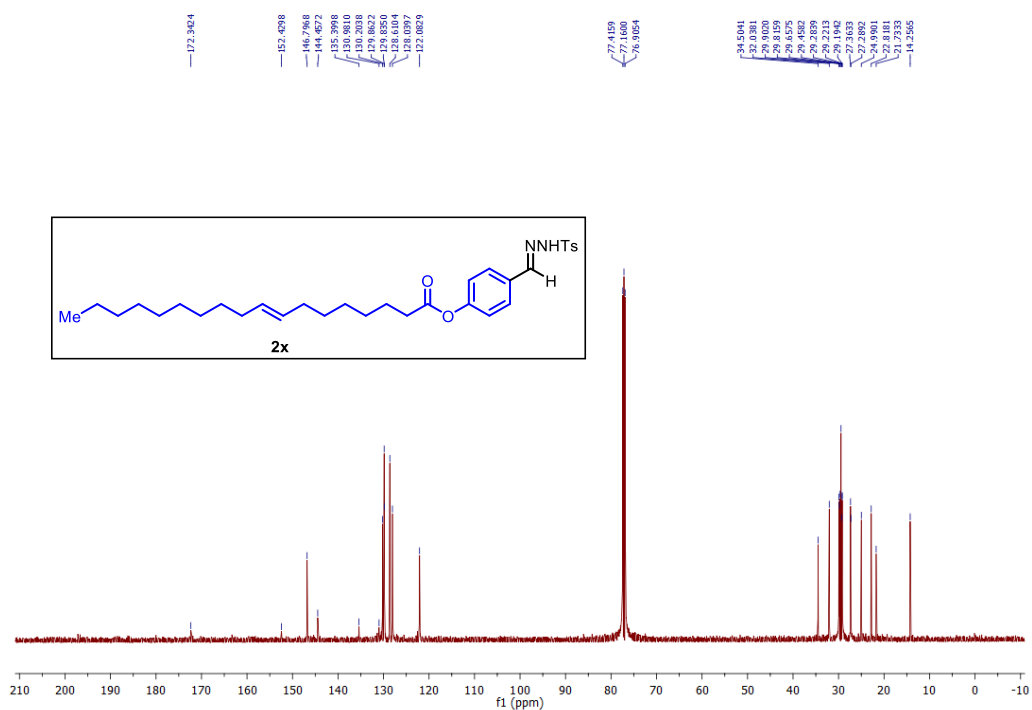


4-(Tosylhydrazineylidene) methyl-phenyl-octadec-9-enoate (**2x**)

^1H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl_3 , 24 °C)

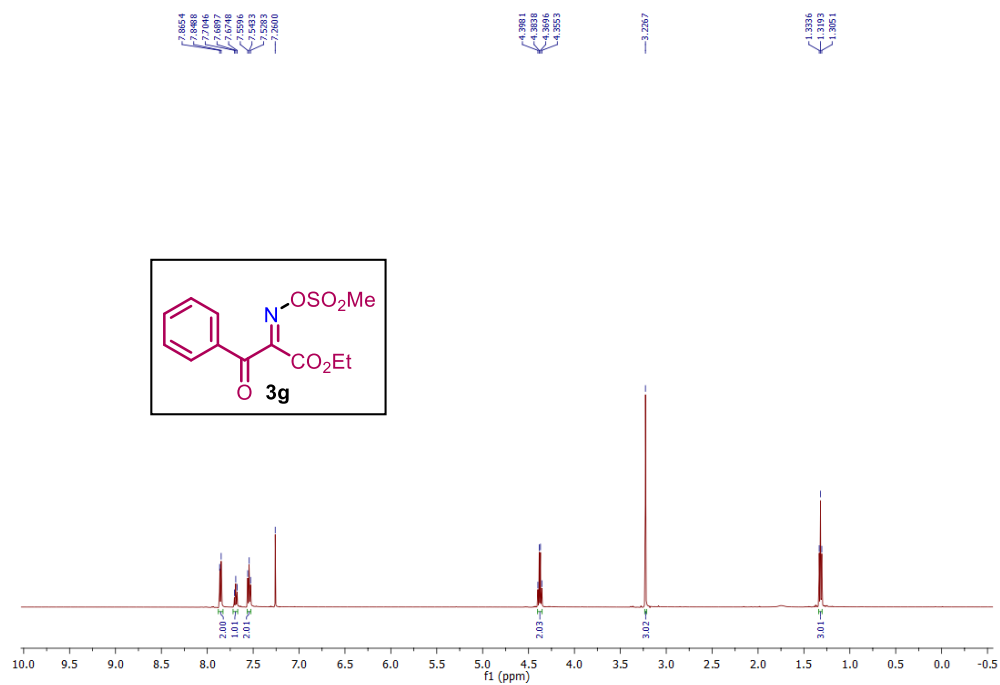


^{13}C { ^1H } NMR (126 MHz, CDCl_3 , 24 °C)

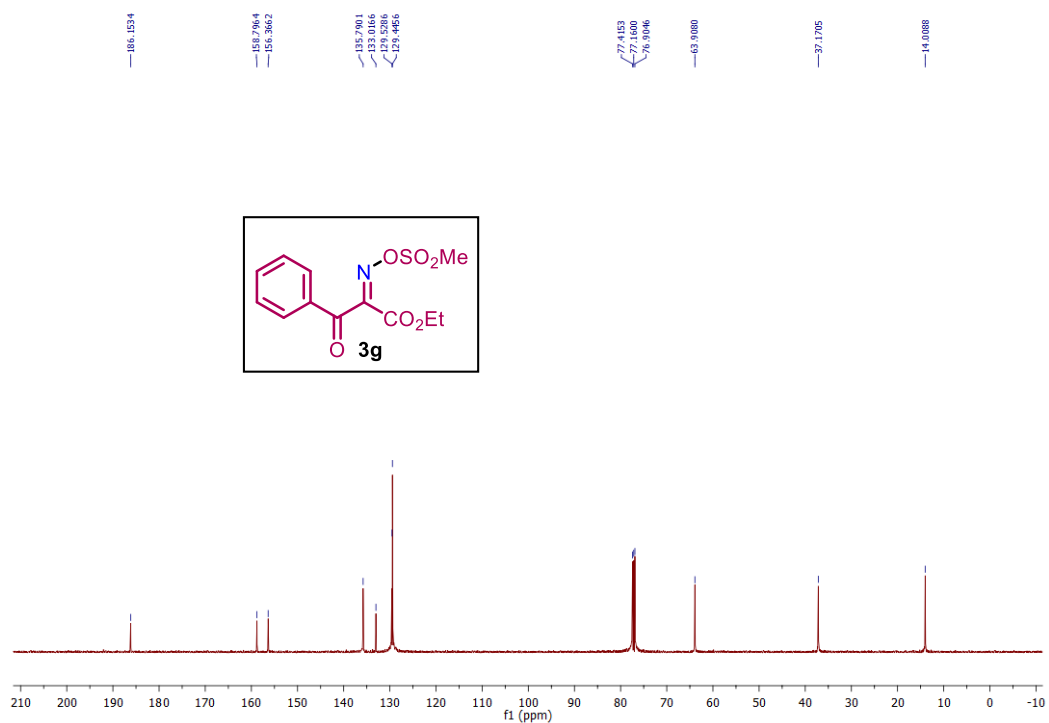


Ethyl-2-(methylsulfonyl-oxy) imino-3-oxo-3-phenylpropanoate (**3g**)

^1H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl_3 , 24 °C)

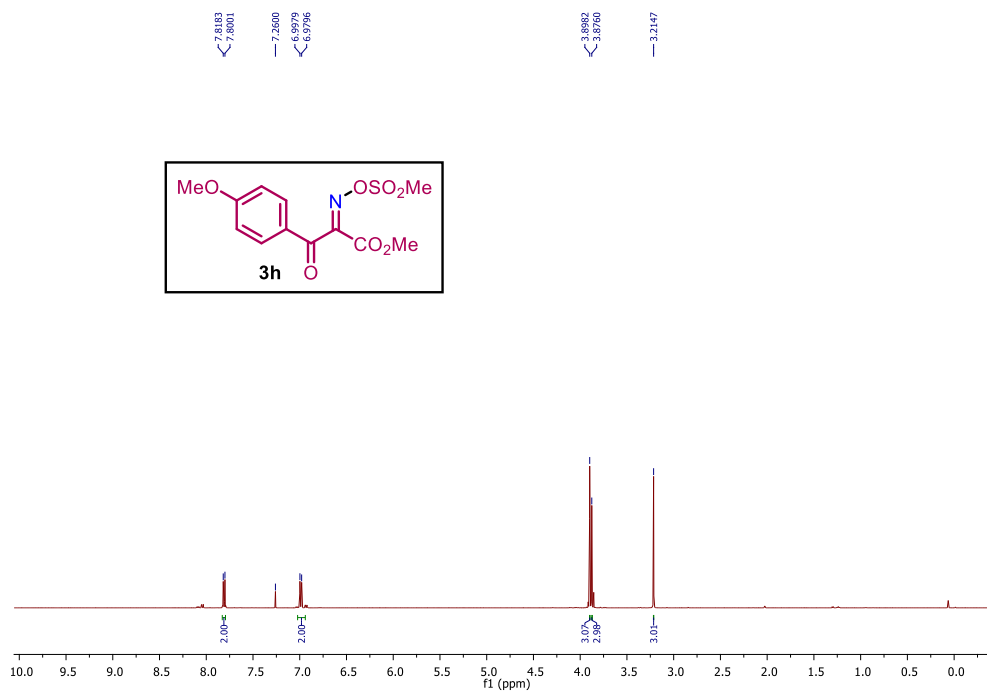


$^{13}\text{C}\{^1\text{H}\}$ NMR (126 MHz, CDCl_3 , 24 °C)

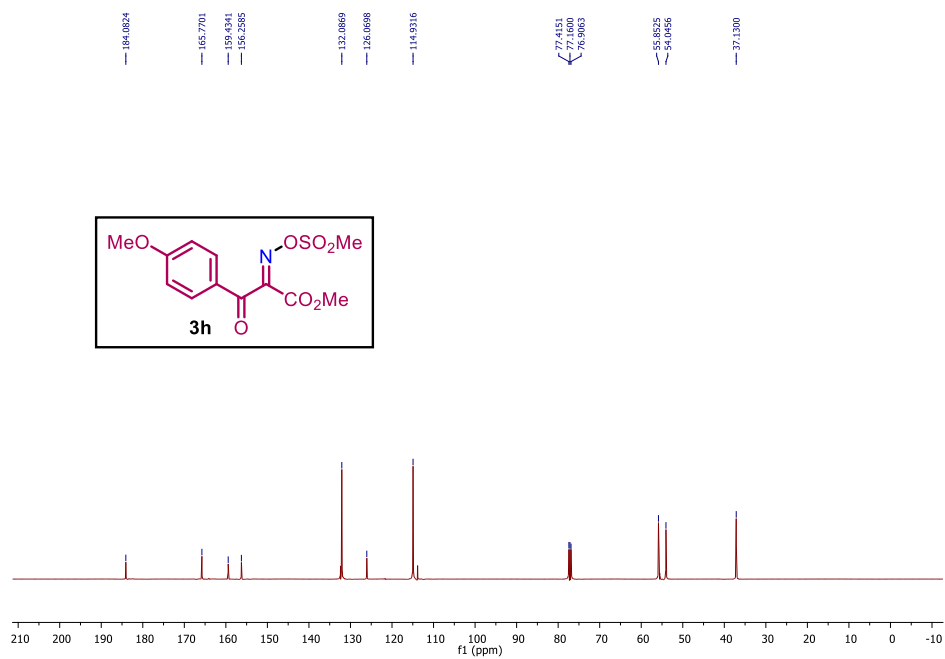


Methyl-3-(4-methoxyphenyl)-2-methylsulfonyloxy) imino-3-oxopropanoate (**3h**)

^1H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl_3 , 24 °C)

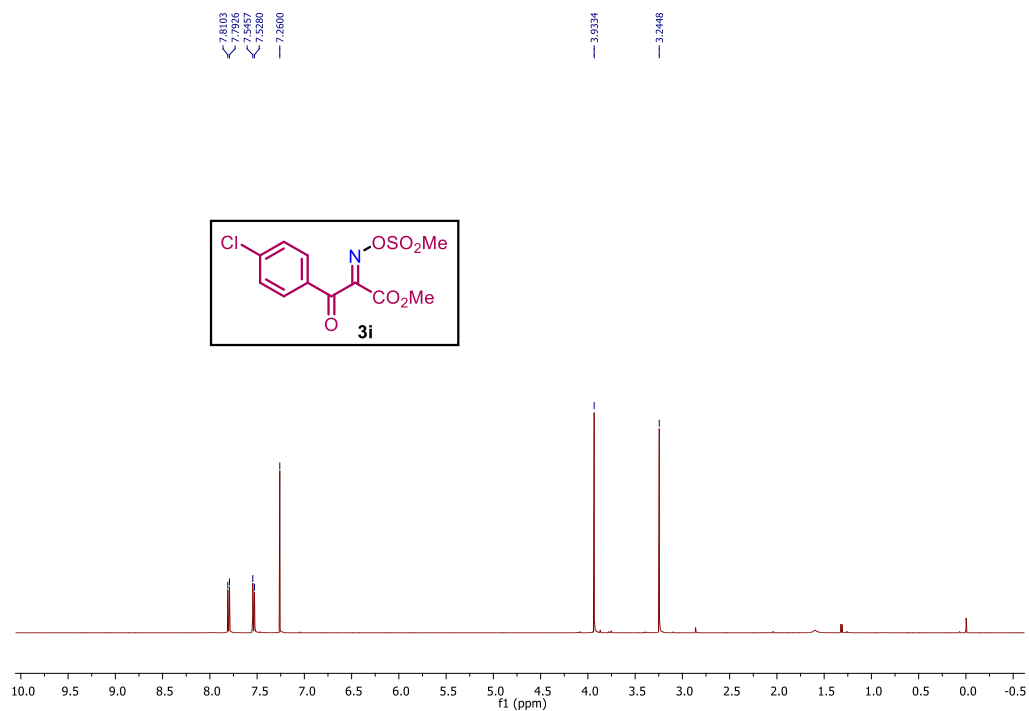


$^{13}\text{C}\{^1\text{H}\}$ NMR (126 MHz, CDCl_3 , 24 °C)

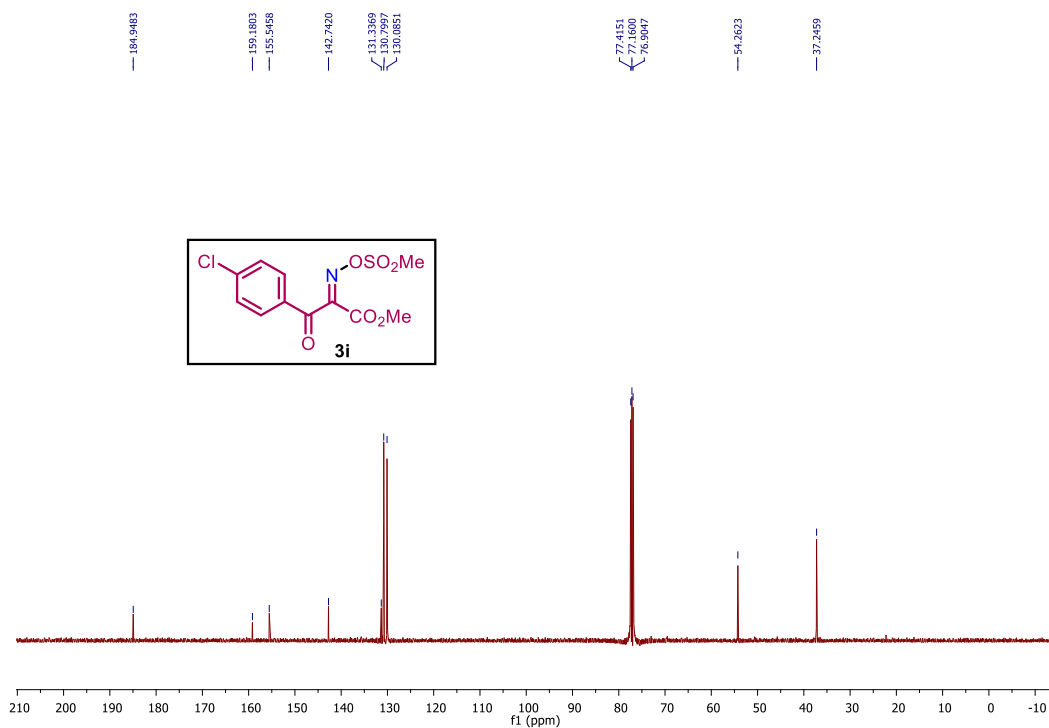


Methyl-3-(4-chlorophenyl)-2-methylsulfonyloxy) imino-3-oxopropanoate (**3i**)

^1H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl_3 , 24 °C)

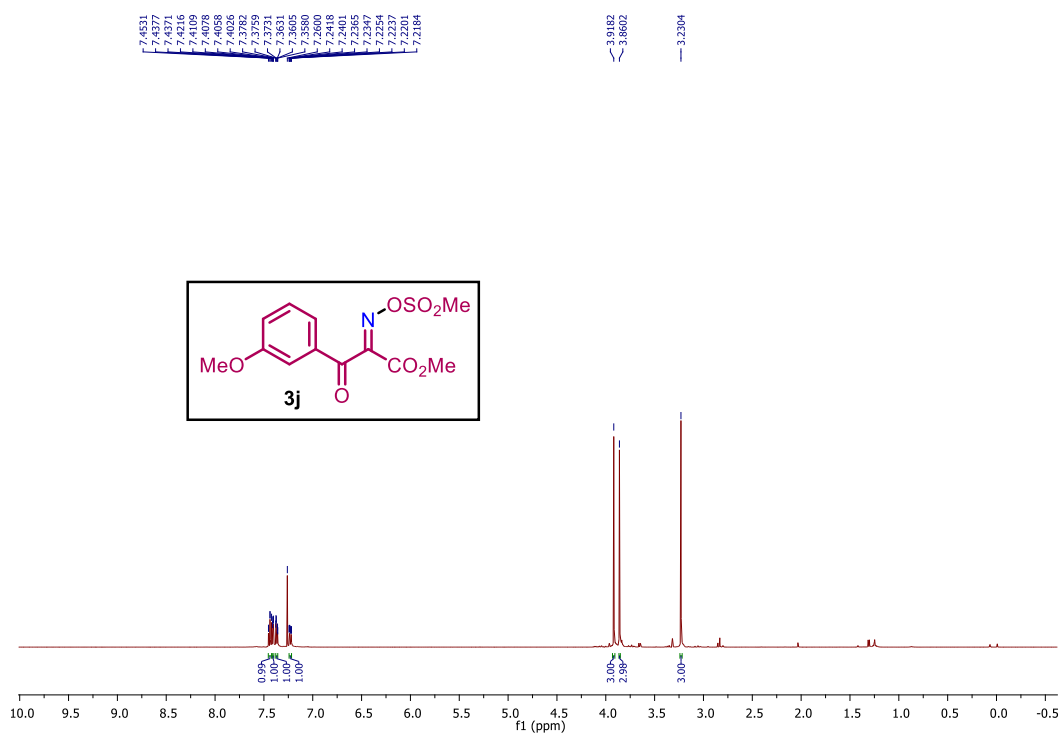


^{13}C { ^1H } NMR (126 MHz, CDCl_3 , 24 °C)

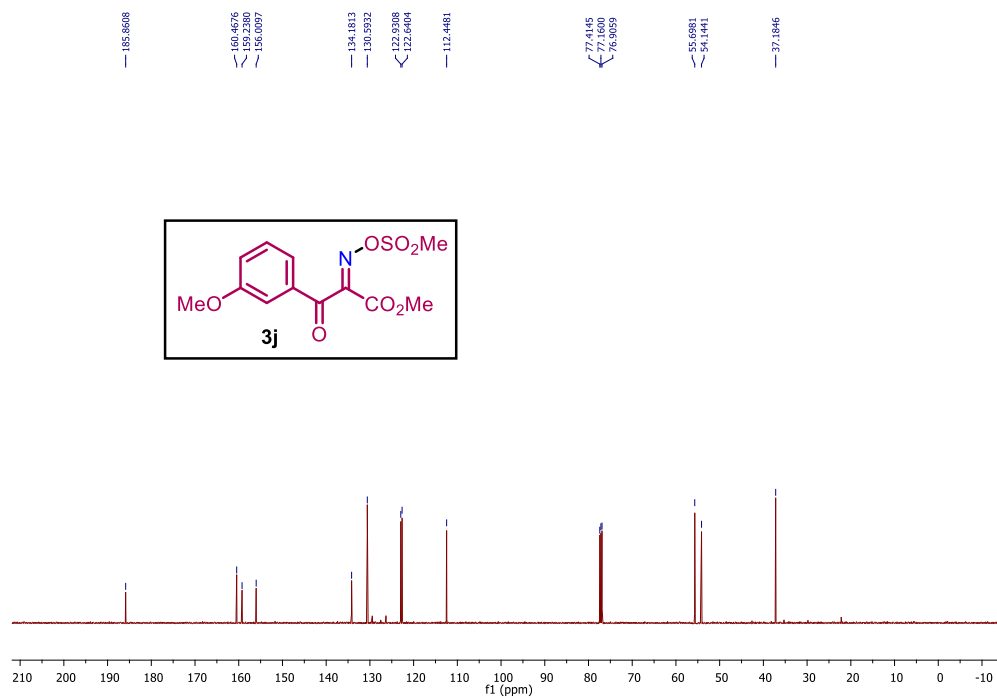


Methyl-3-(3-methoxyphenyl)-2-methylsulfonyloxy) imino-3-oxopropanoate (**3j**)

^1H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl_3 , 24 °C)

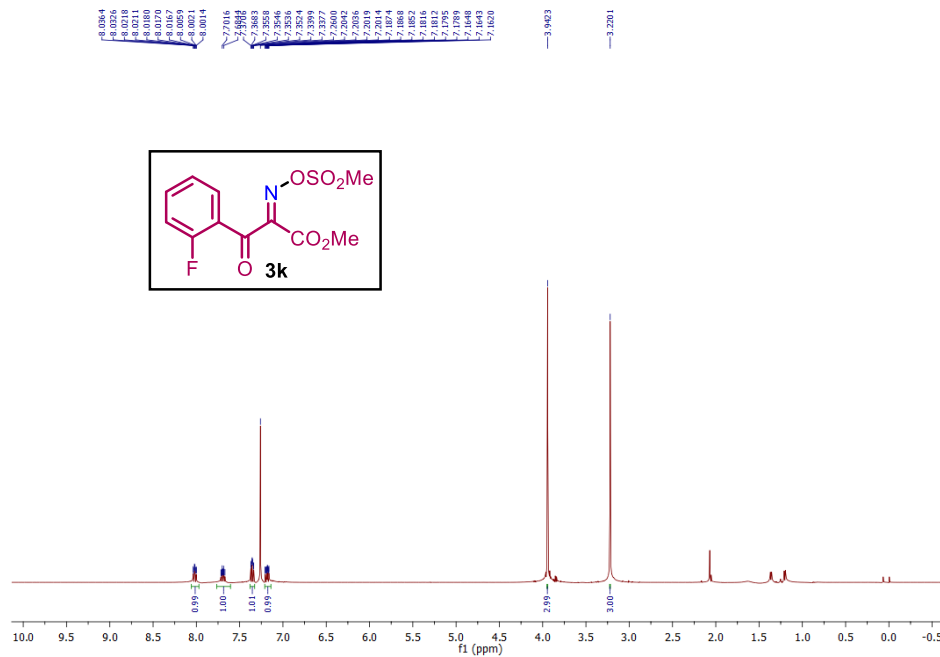


^{13}C { ^1H } NMR (126 MHz, CDCl_3 , 24 °C)

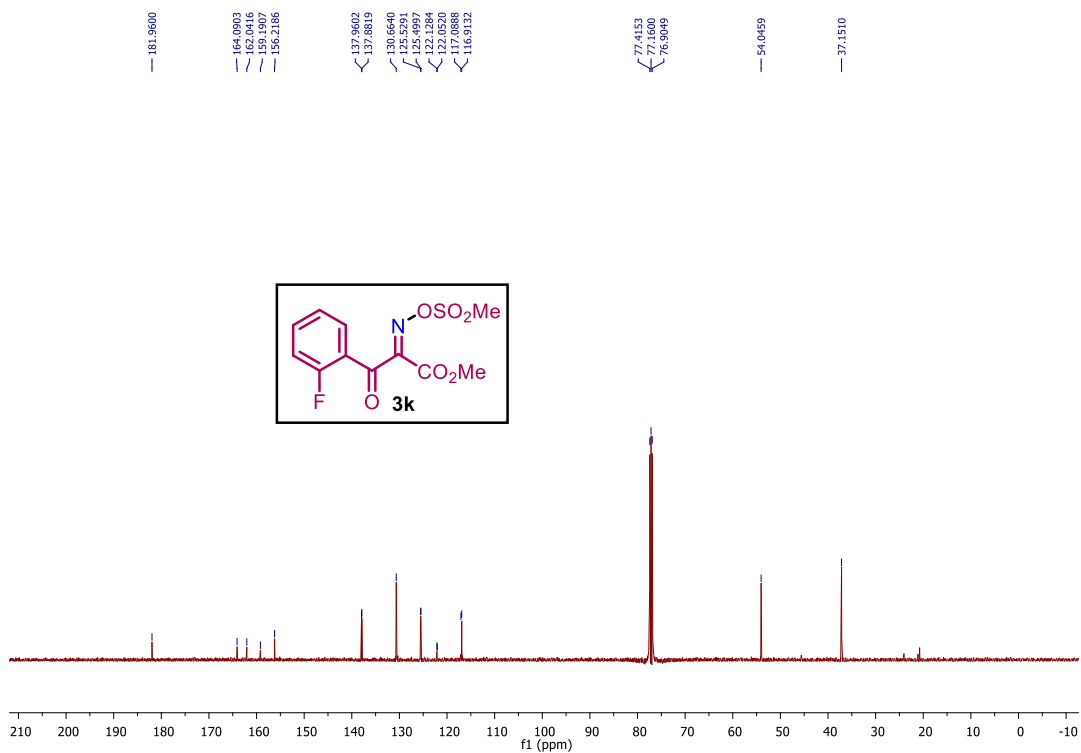


Methyl-3-(2-fluorophenyl)-2-methylsulfonyloxy) imino-3-oxopropanoate (**3k**)

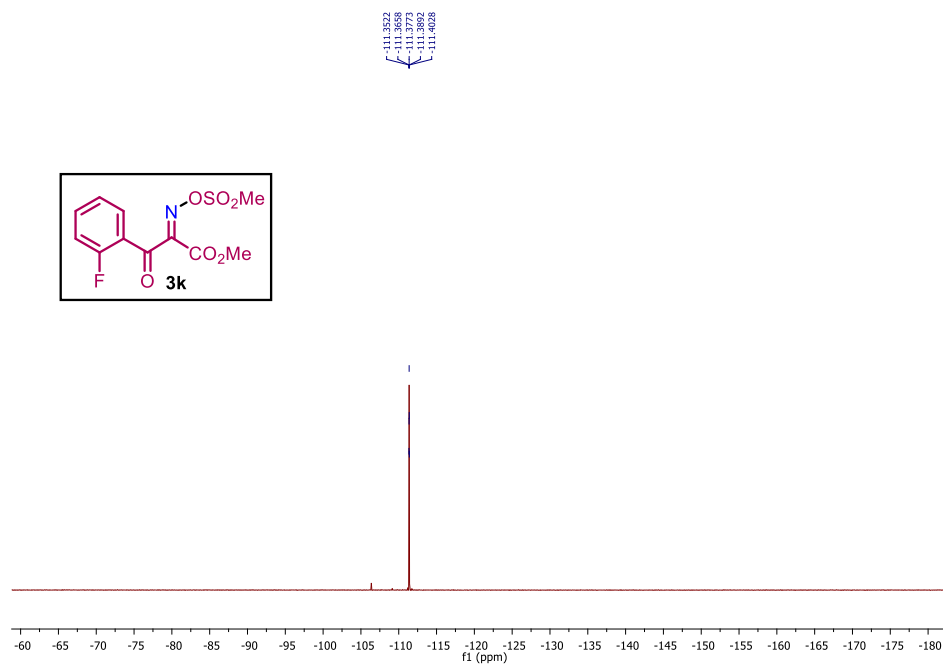
^1H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl_3 , 24 °C)



$^{13}\text{C}\{^1\text{H}\}$ NMR (126 MHz, CDCl_3 , 24 °C)

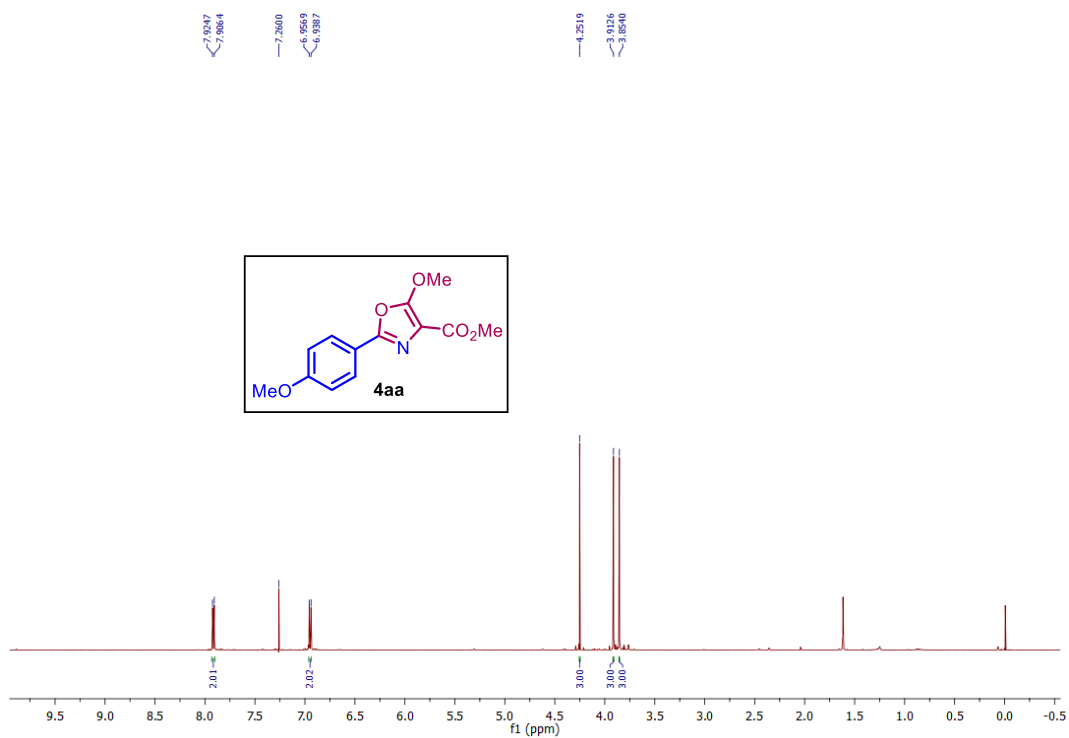


^{19}F NMR (471 MHz, CDCl_3 , 24 °C)

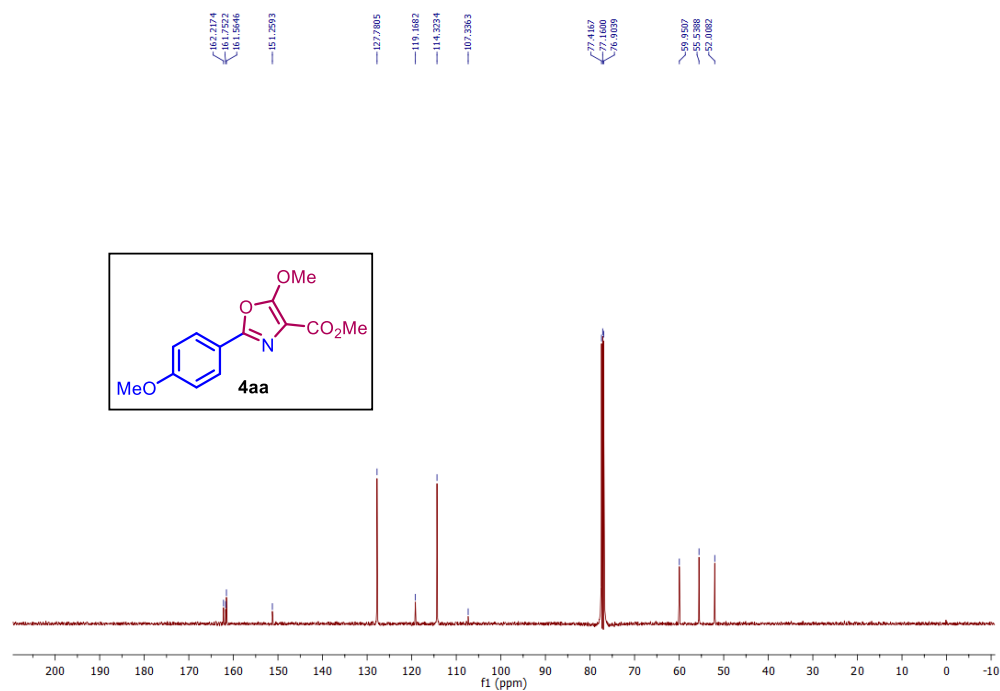


Methyl 5-methoxy-2-(4-methoxyphenyl)oxazole-4-carboxylate (**4aa**)

^1H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl_3 , 24 °C)

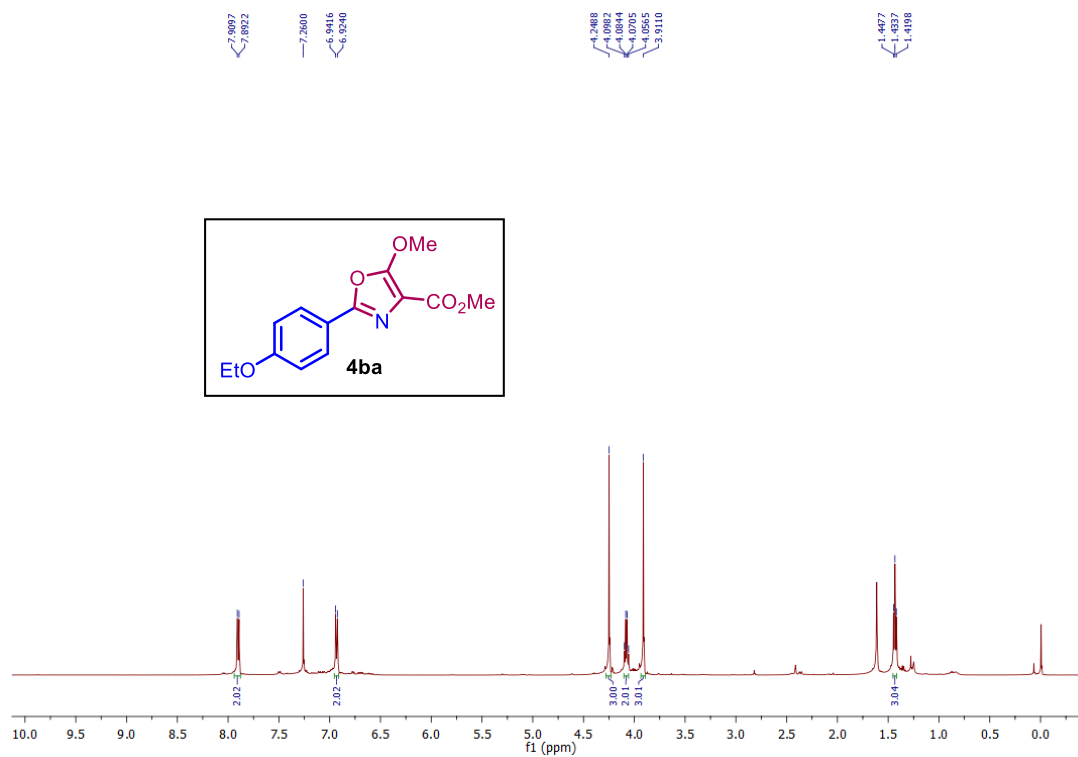


$^{13}\text{C}\{^1\text{H}\}$ NMR (126 MHz, CDCl_3 , 24 °C)

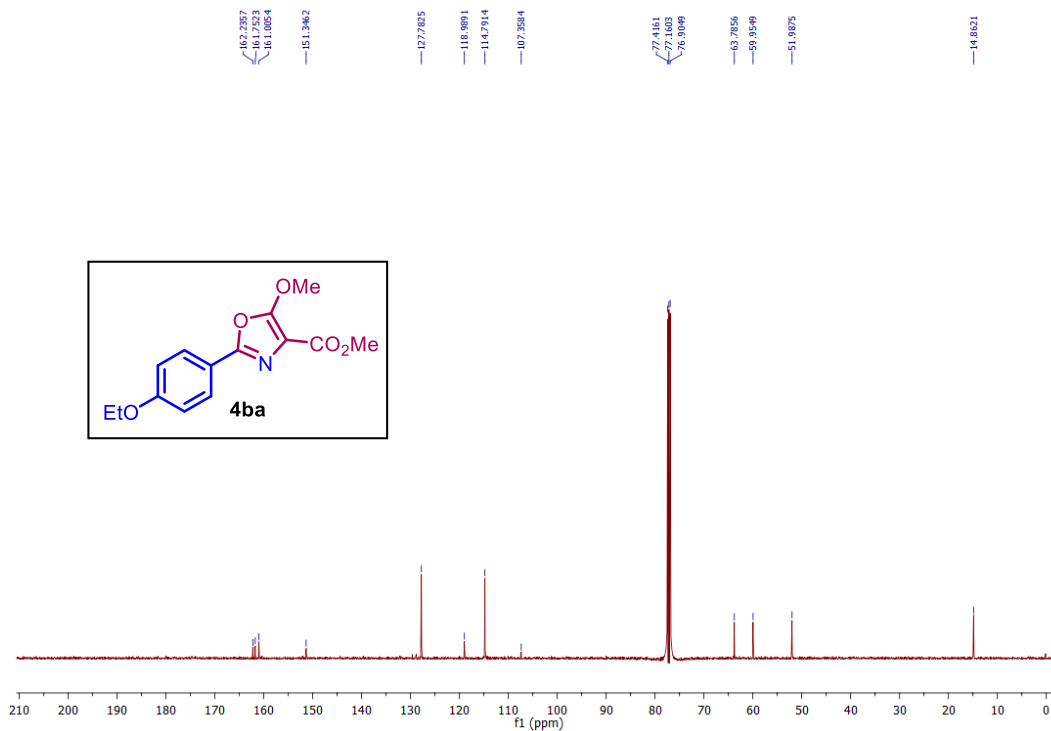


Methyl 5-methoxy-2-(4-ethoxyphenyl)oxazole-4-carboxylate (**4ba**)

^1H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl_3 , 24 °C)

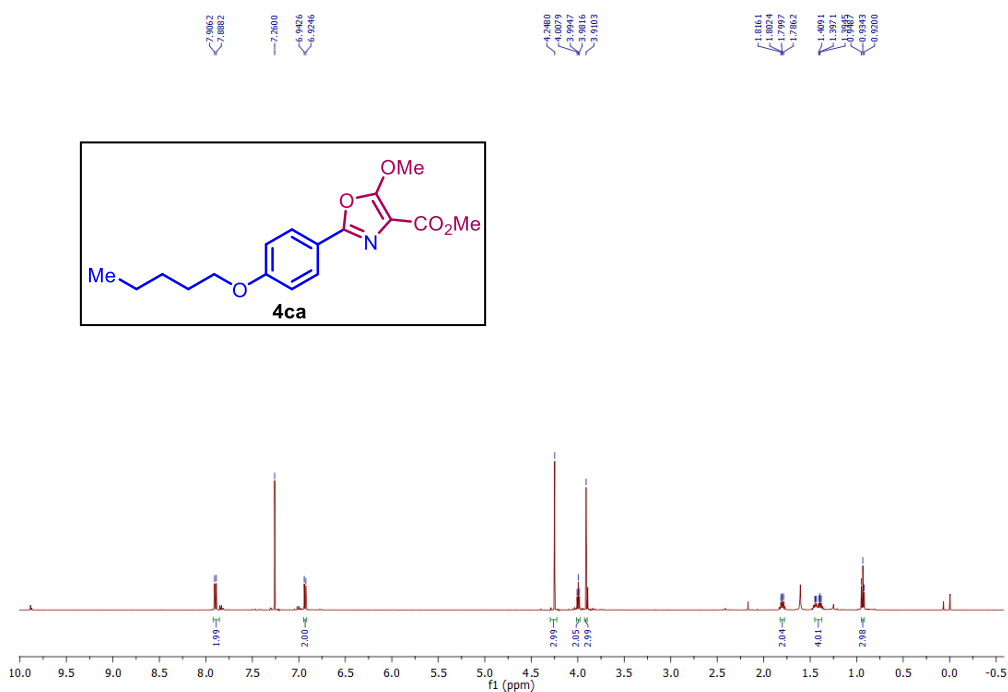


$^{13}\text{C}\{^1\text{H}\}$ NMR (126 MHz, CDCl_3 , 24 °C)

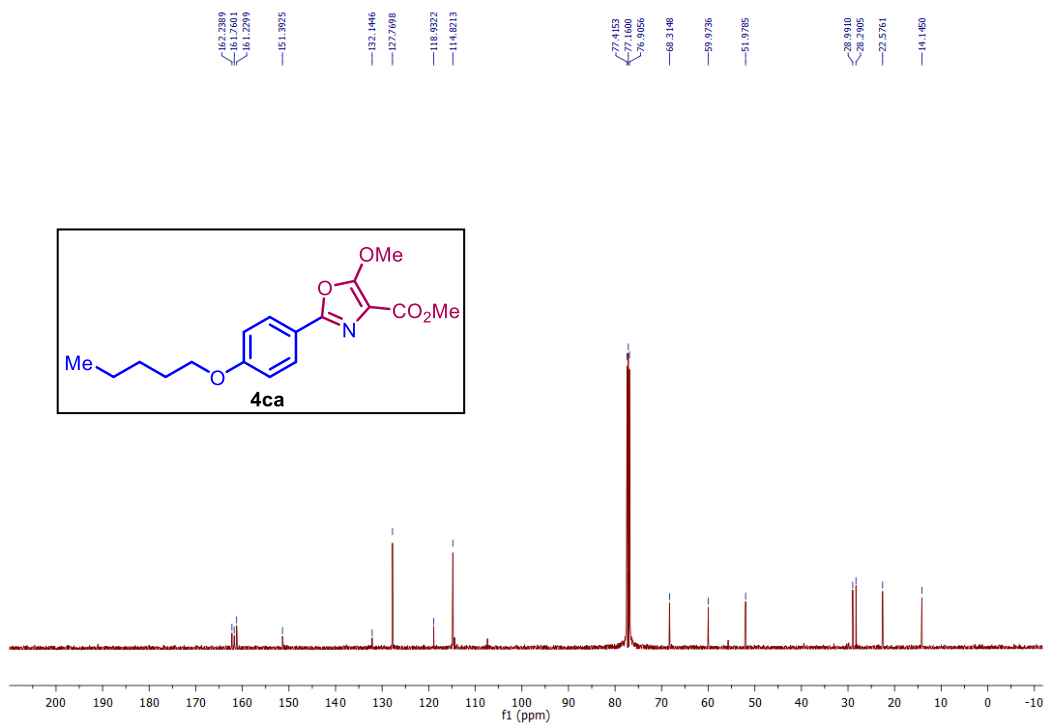


Methyl 5-methoxy-2-(4-pentyloxyphenyl)oxazole-4-carboxylate (**4ca**)

^1H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl_3 , 24 °C)

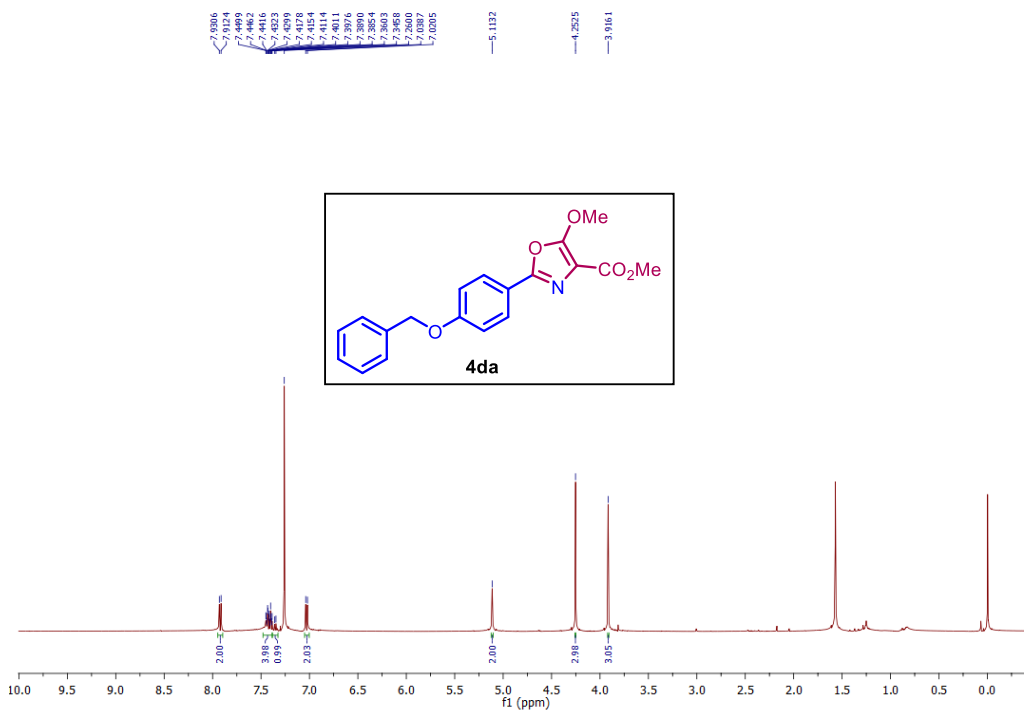


$^{13}\text{C}\{^1\text{H}\}$ NMR (126 MHz, CDCl_3 , 24 °C)

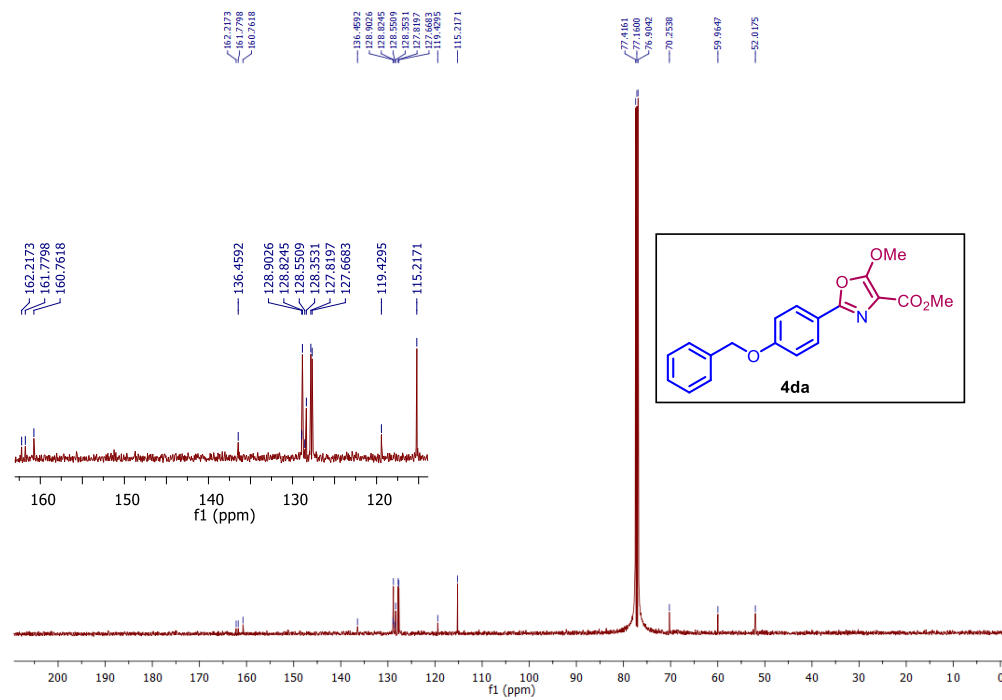


Methyl 2-(4-(benzyloxy)phenyl)-5-methoxyoxazole-4-carboxylate (**4da**)

^1H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl_3 , 24 °C)

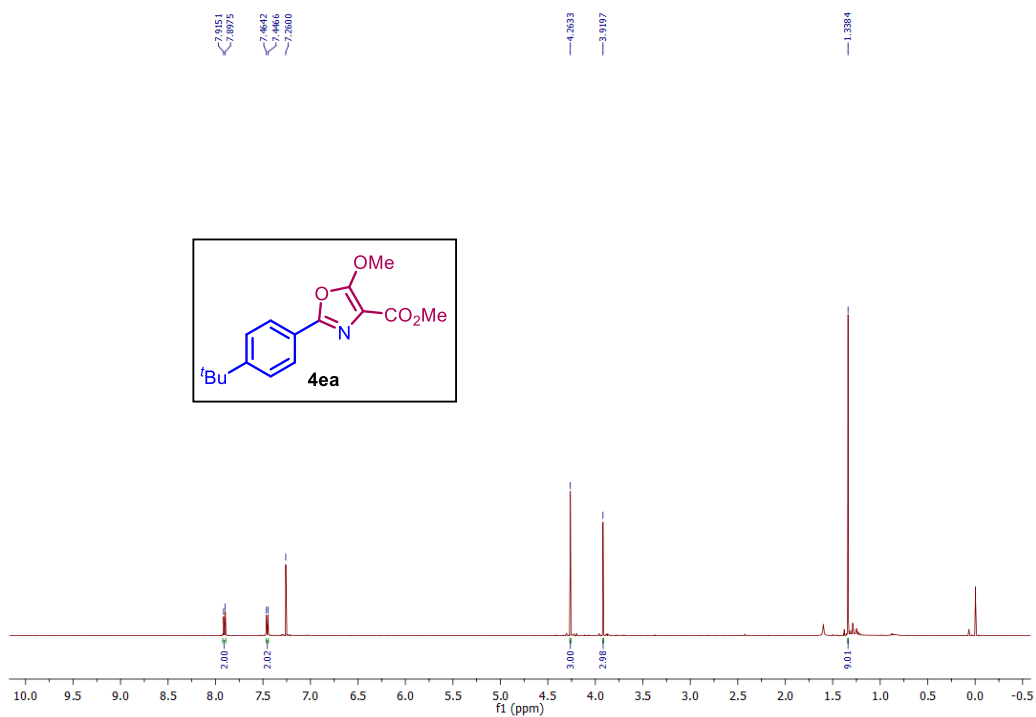


$^{13}\text{C}\{^1\text{H}\}$ NMR (126 MHz, CDCl_3 , 24 °C)

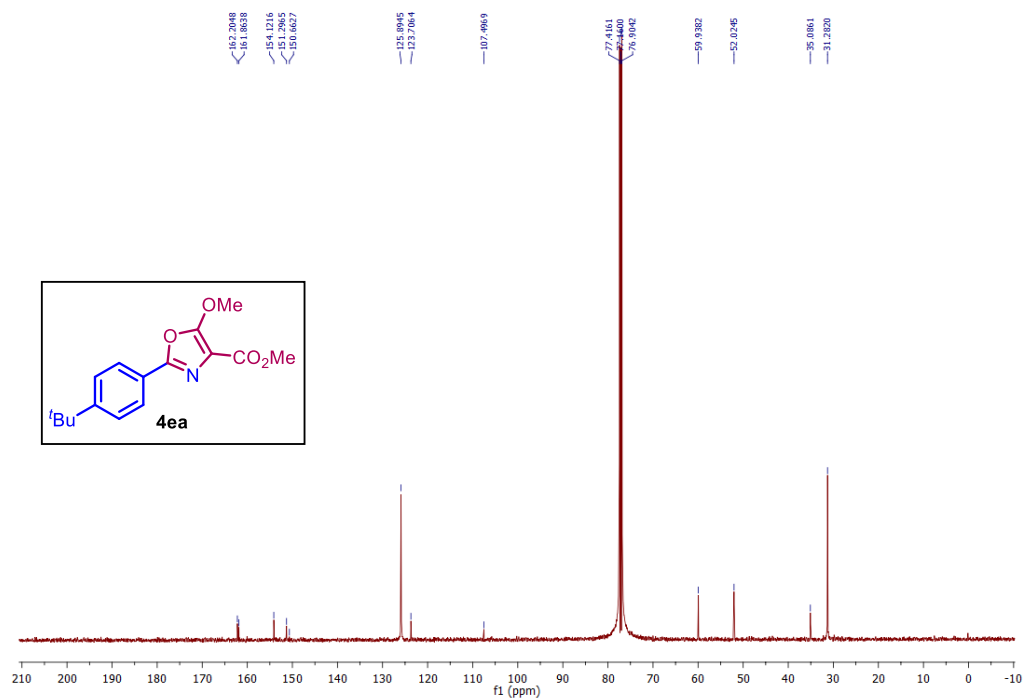


Methyl 2-(4-*tert*.butyl-phenyl)-5-methoxyoxazole-4-carboxylate (**4ea**)

^1H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl_3 , 24 °C)

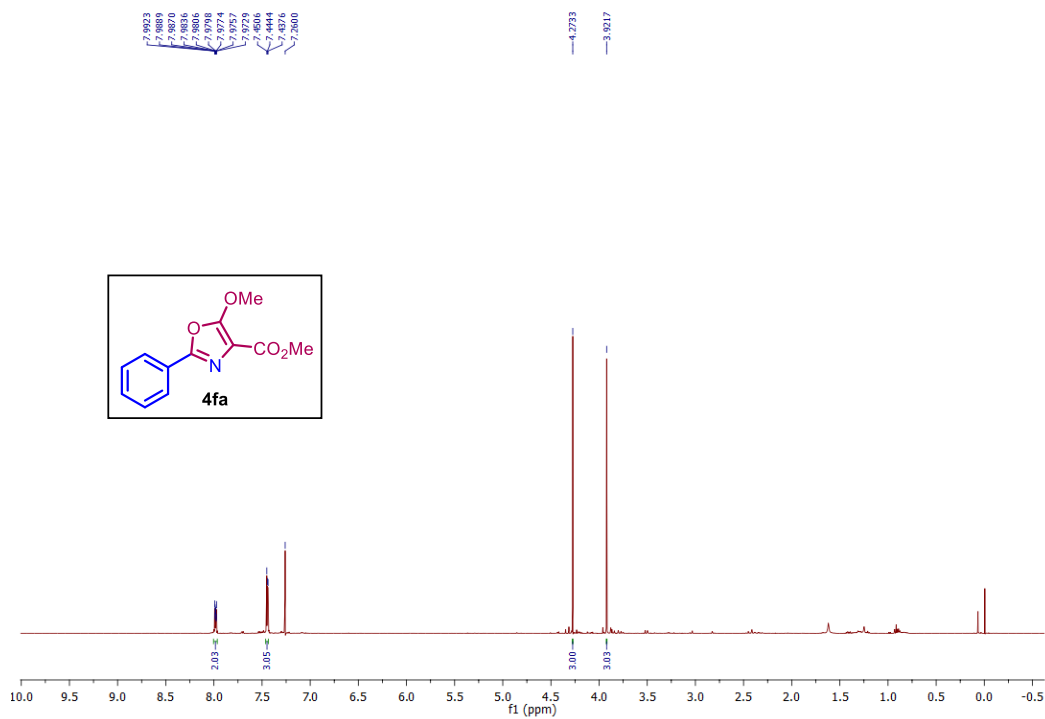


$^{13}\text{C}\{^1\text{H}\}$ NMR (126 MHz, CDCl_3 , 24 °C)

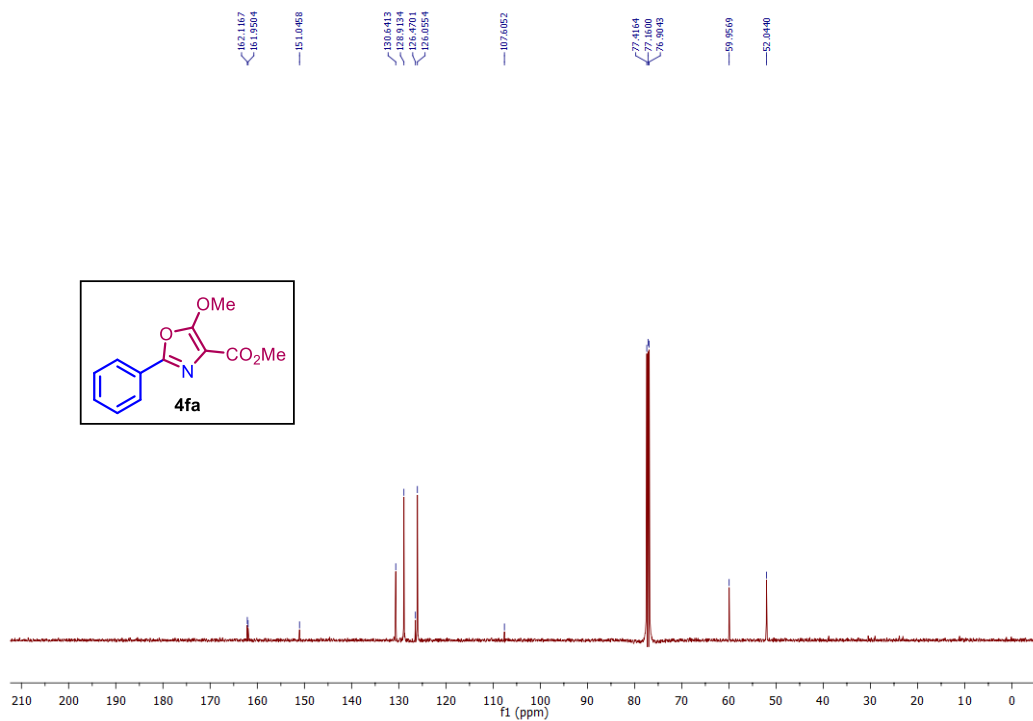


Methyl 5-methoxy-2-phenyloxazole-4-carboxylate (**4fa**)

^1H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl_3 , 24 °C)

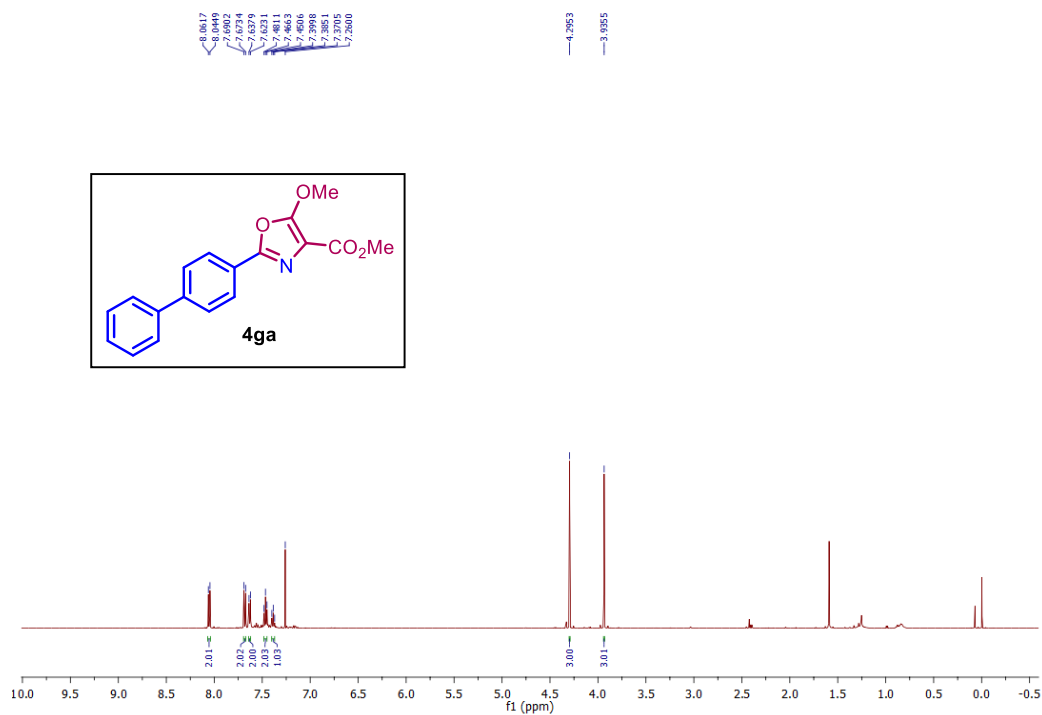


$^{13}\text{C}\{^1\text{H}\}$ NMR (126 MHz, CDCl_3 , 24 °C)

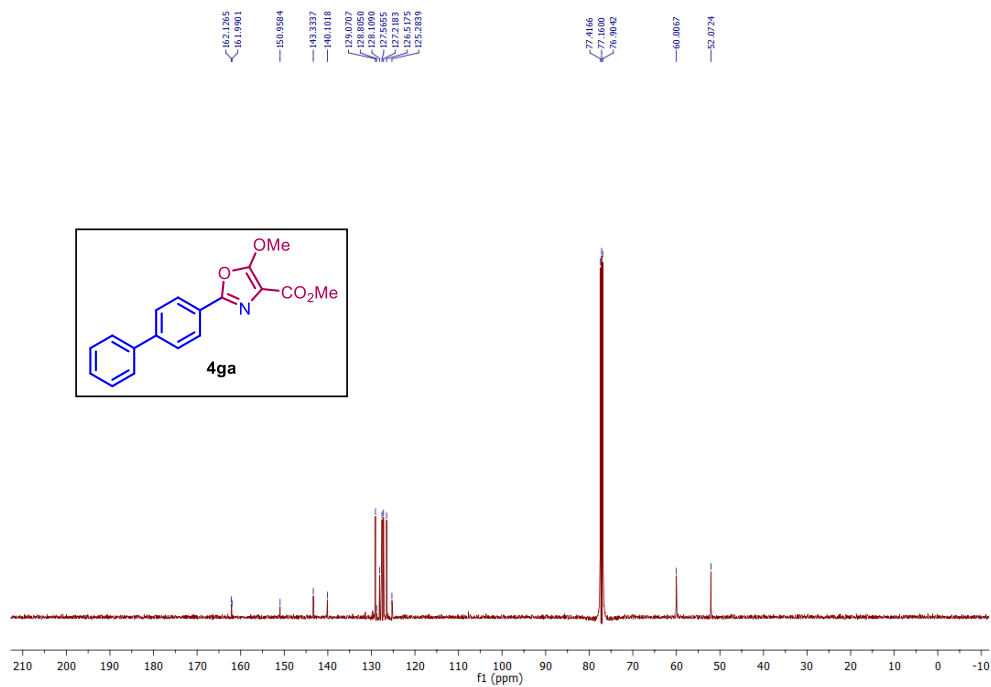


Methyl 2-([1,1'-biphenyl]-4-yl)-5-methoxyoxazole-4-carboxylate (**4ga**)

^1H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl_3 , 24 °C)

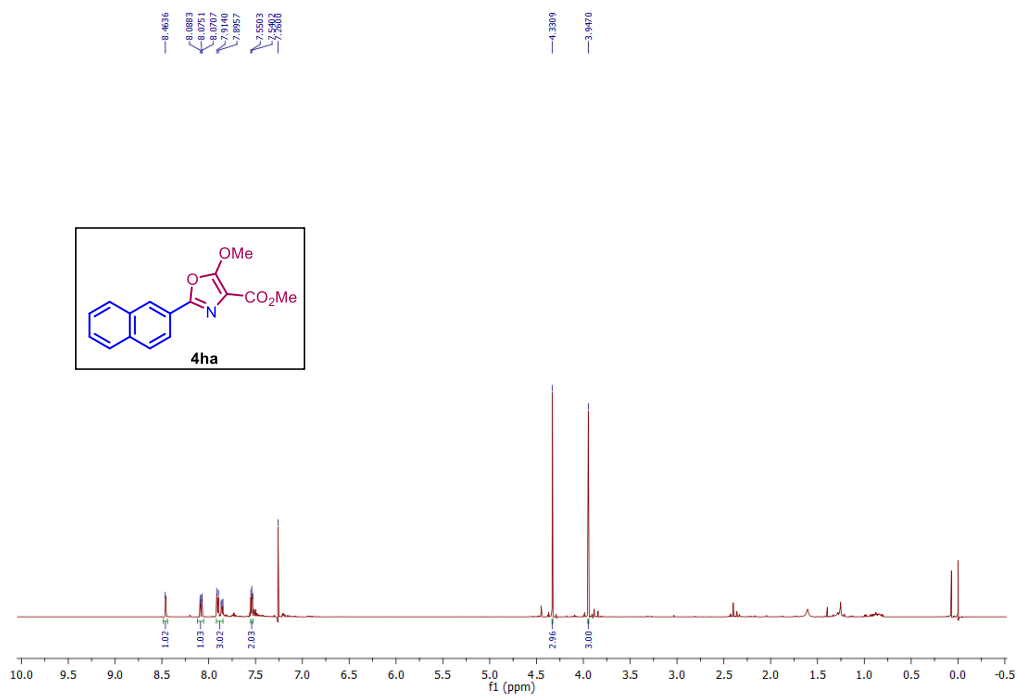


$^{13}\text{C}\{^1\text{H}\}$ NMR (126 MHz, CDCl_3 , 24 °C)

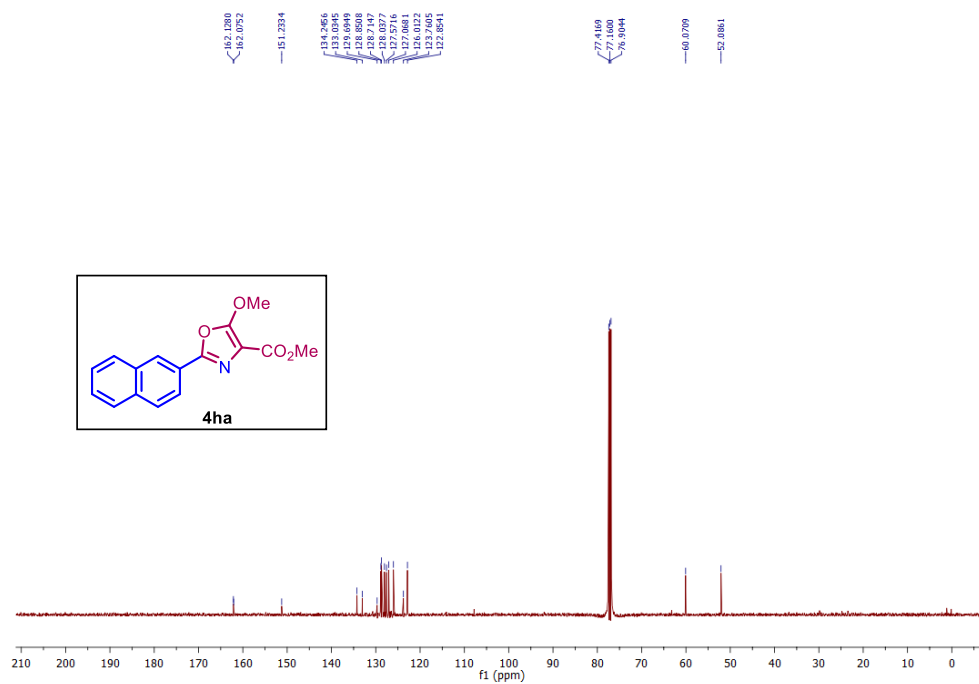


Methyl 5-methoxy-2-(naphthalen-2-yl)oxazole-4-carboxylate (**4ha**)

^1H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl_3 , 24 °C)

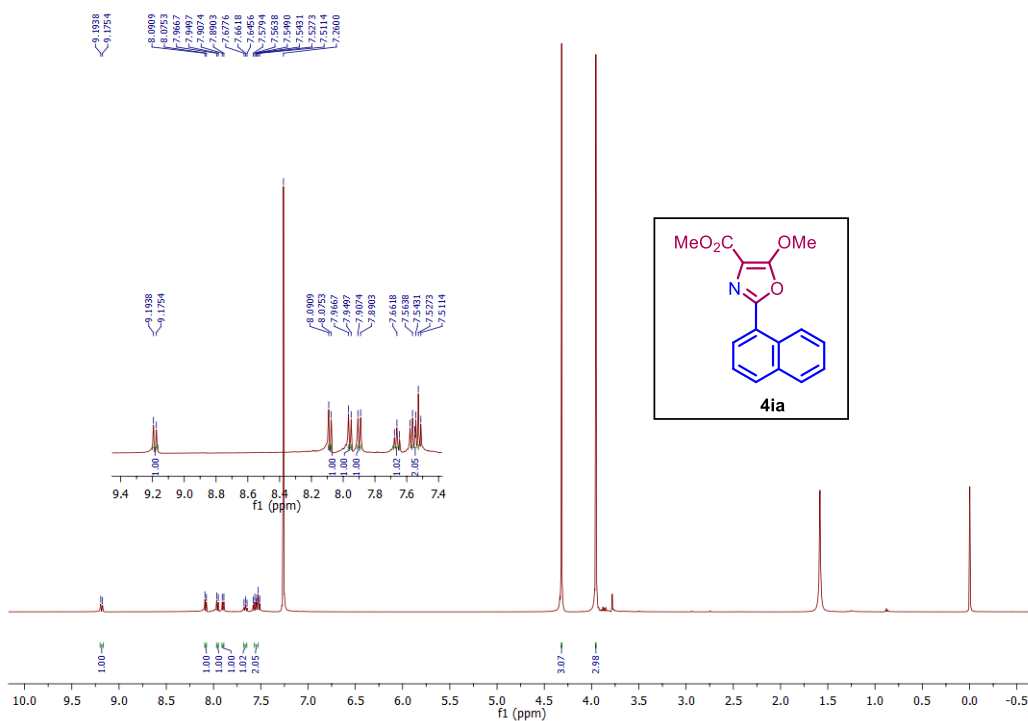


$^{13}\text{C}\{^1\text{H}\}$ NMR (126 MHz, CDCl_3 , 24 °C)

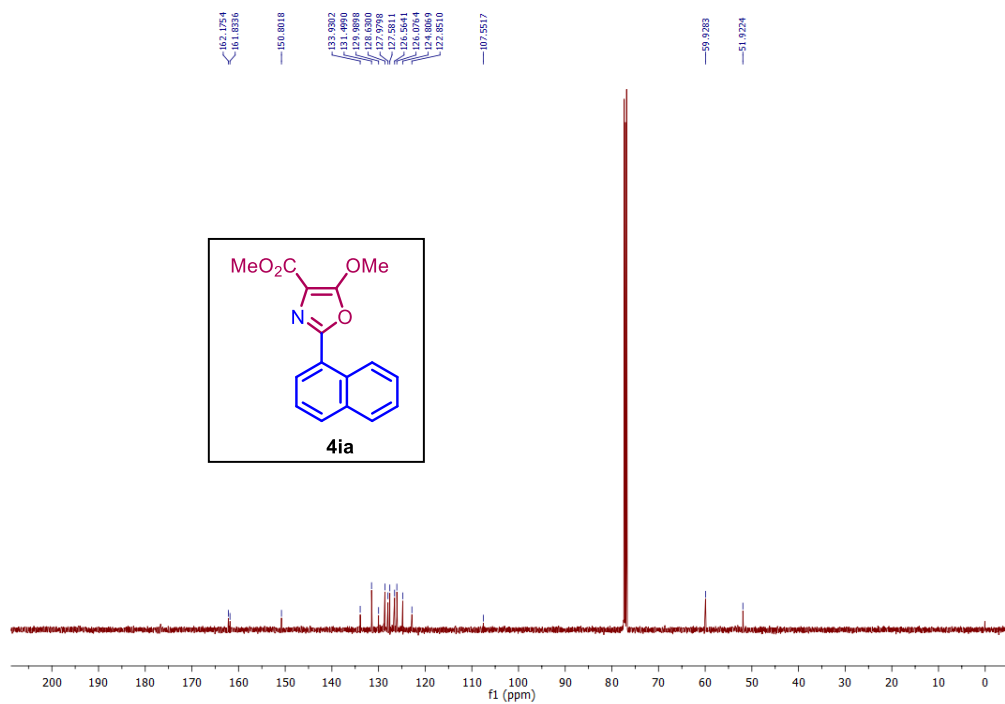


Methyl 5-methoxy-2-(naphthalen-1-yl)oxazole-4-carboxylate (**4ia**)

^1H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl_3 , 24 °C)

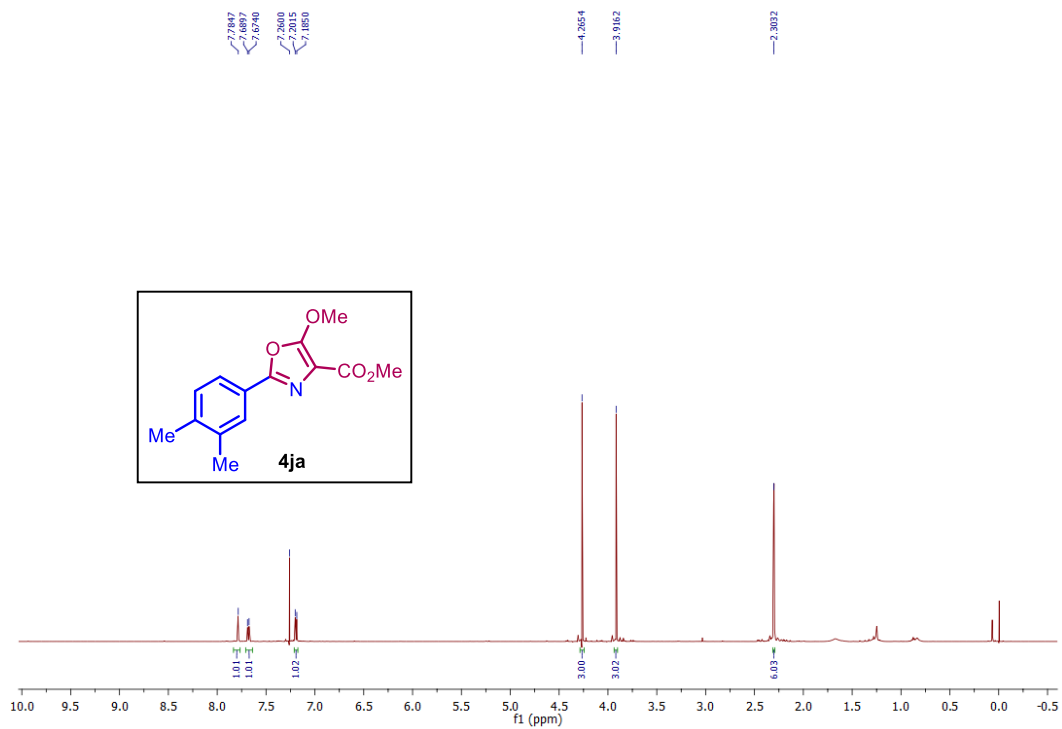


$^{13}\text{C}\{^1\text{H}\}$ NMR (126 MHz, CDCl_3 , 24 °)

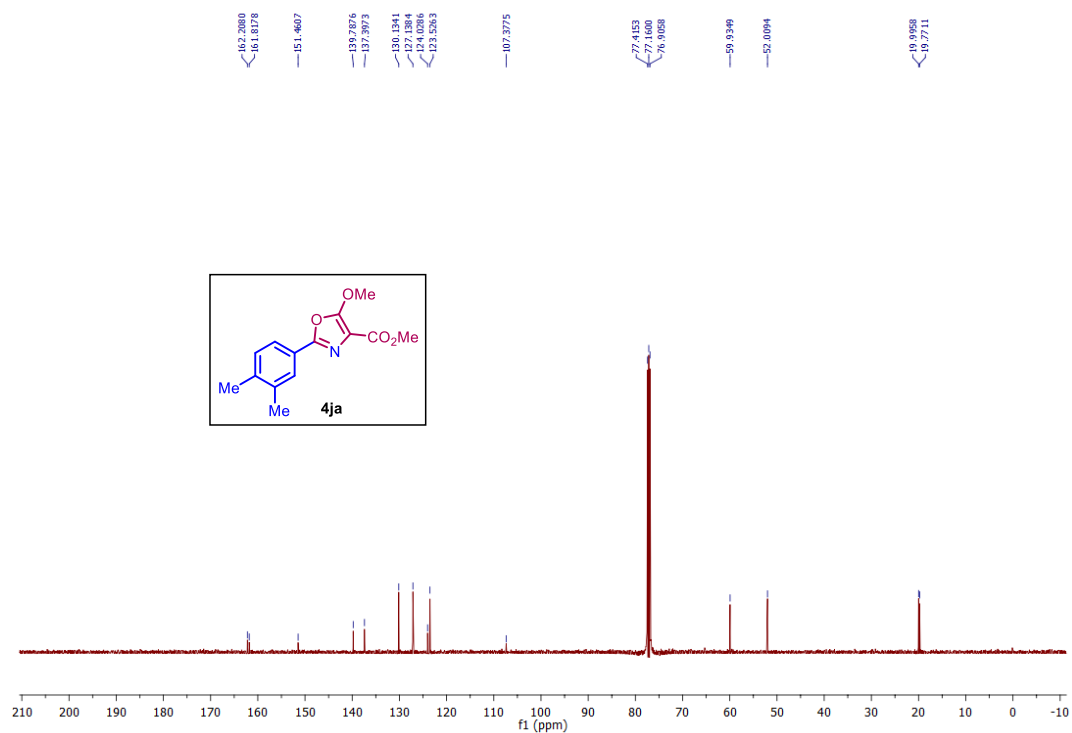


Methyl 2-(3,4-dimethylphenyl)-5-methoxyoxazole-4-carboxylate (**4ja**)

^1H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl_3 , 24 °C)

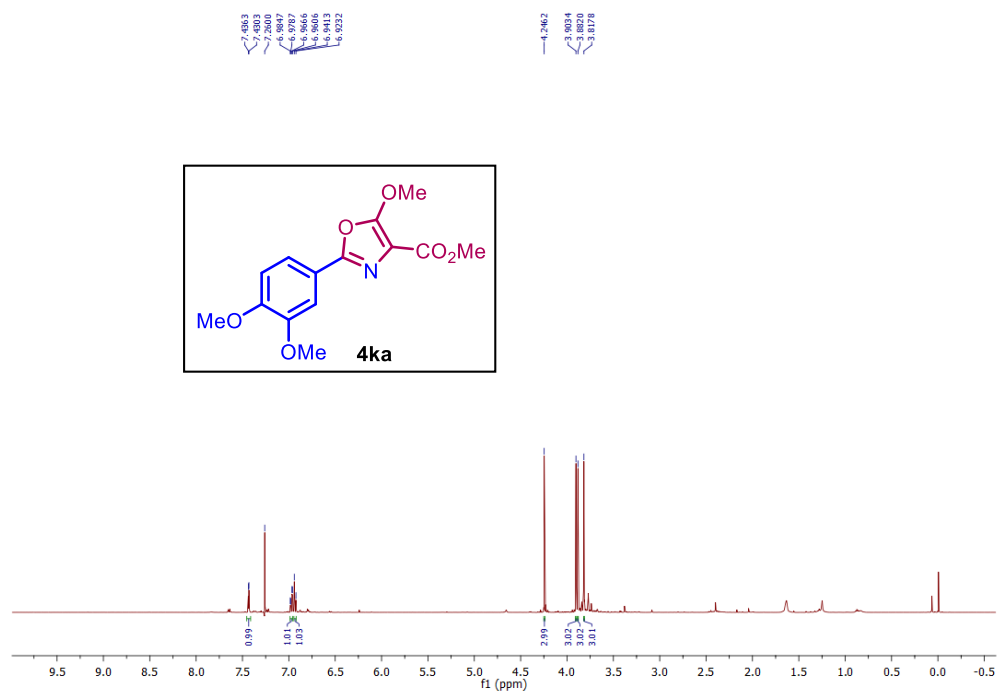


$^{13}\text{C}\{^1\text{H}\}$ NMR (126 MHz, CDCl_3 , 24 °C)

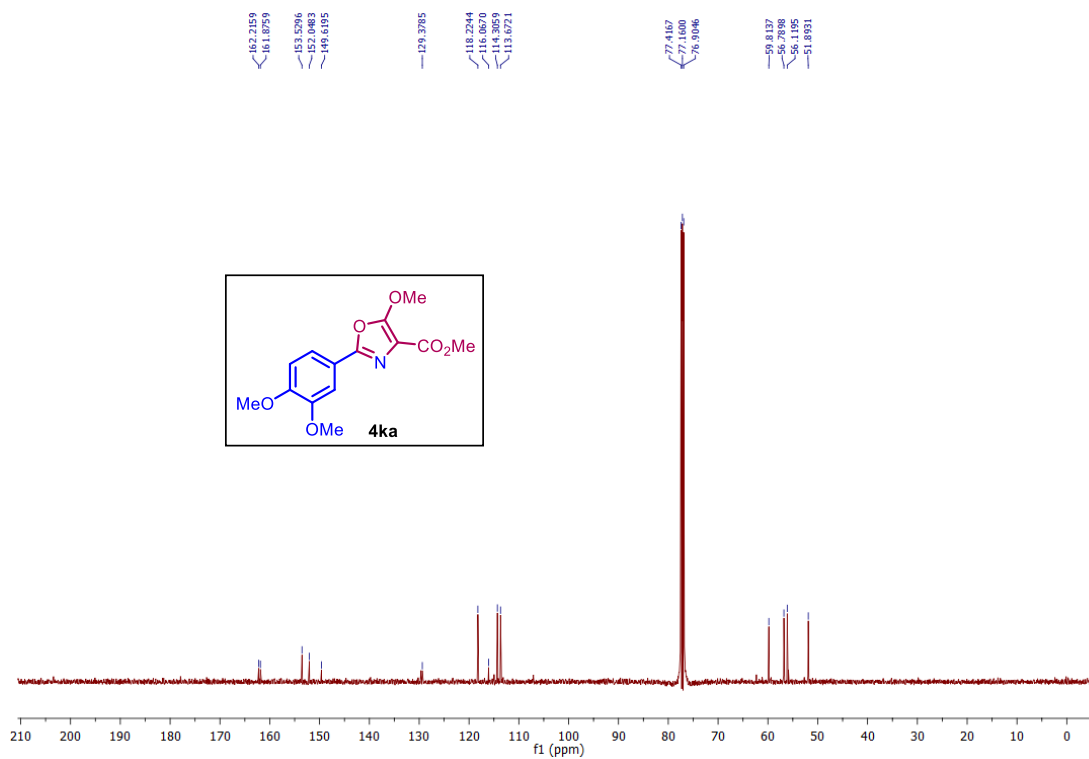


Methyl 2-(3,4-dimethoxyphenyl)-5-methoxyoxazole-4-carboxylate (**4ka**)

^1H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl_3 , 24 °C)

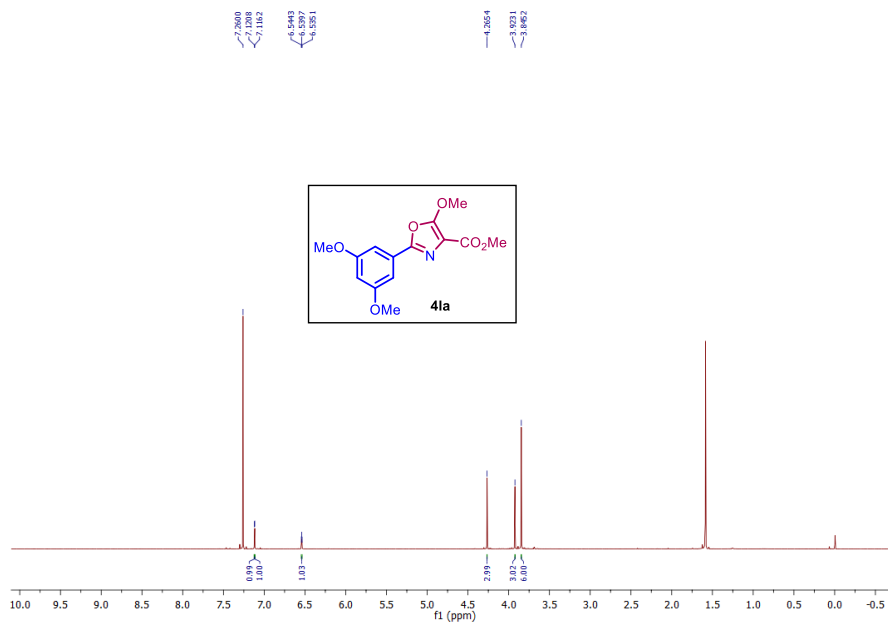


$^{13}\text{C}\{^1\text{H}\}$ NMR (126 MHz, CDCl_3 , 24 °C)

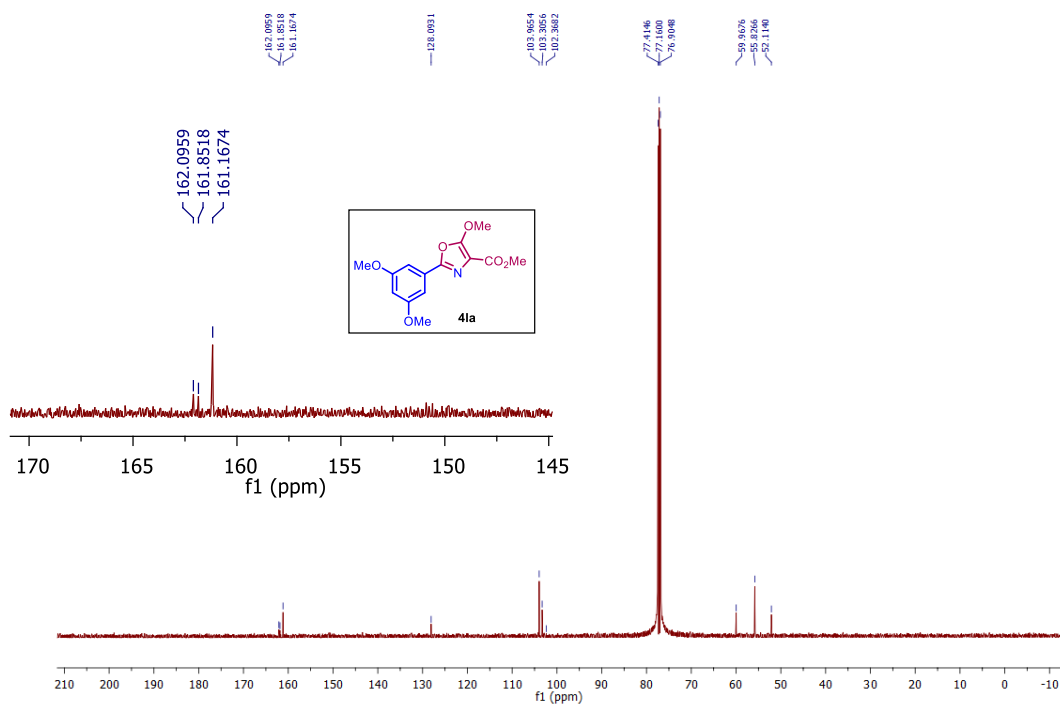


Methyl 2-(3,5-dimethoxyphenyl)-5-methoxyoxazole-4-carboxylate (**4la**)

^1H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl_3 , 24 °C)

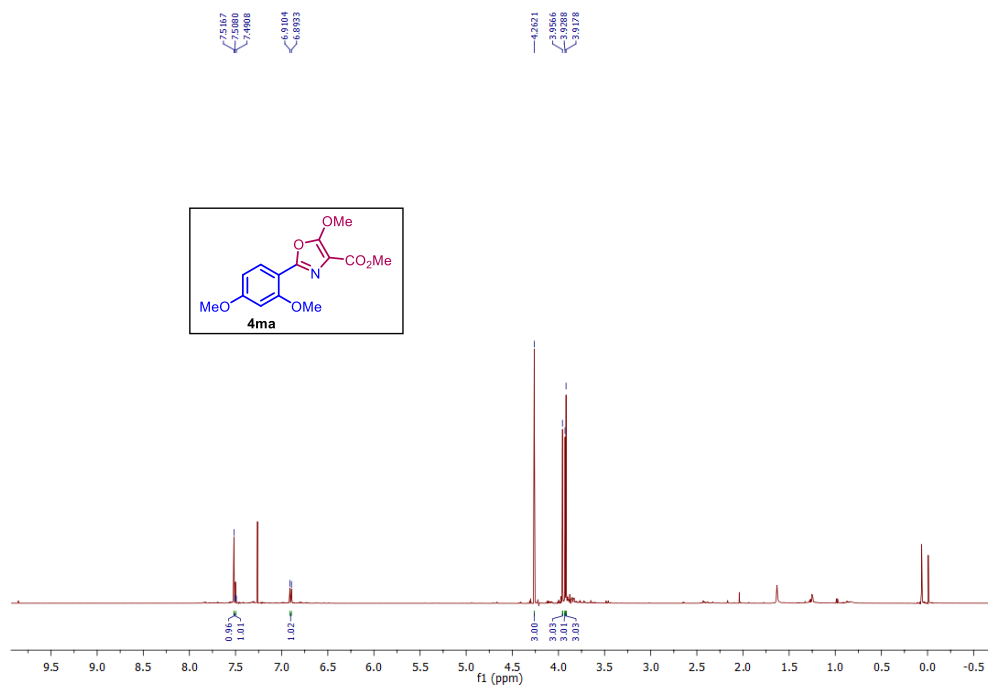


$^{13}\text{C}\{^1\text{H}\}$ NMR (126 MHz, CDCl_3 , 24 °C)

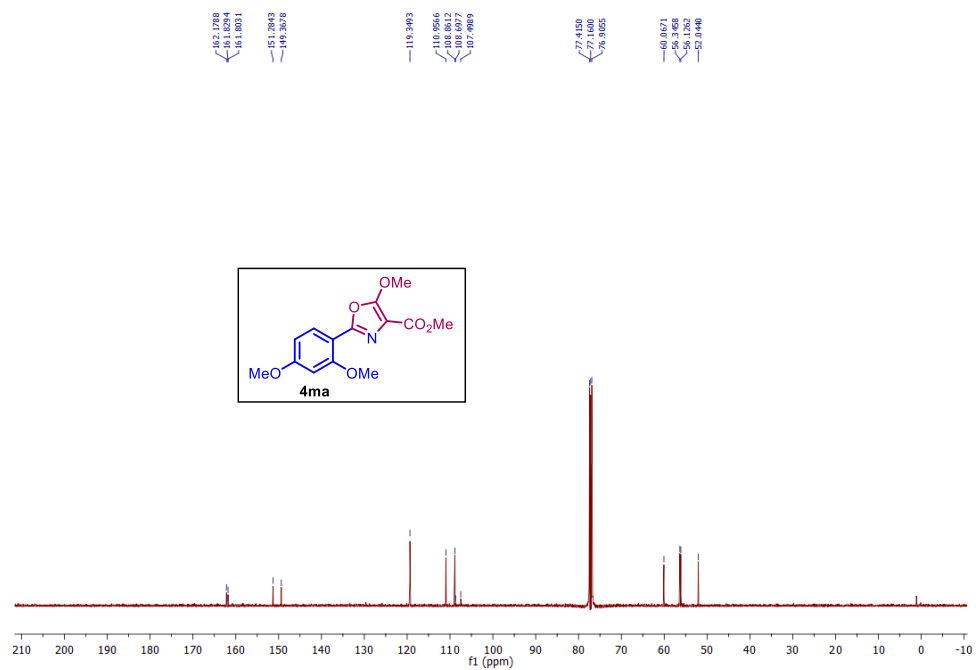


Methyl 2-(2,4-dimethoxyphenyl)-5-methoxyoxazole-4-carboxylate (**4ma**)

^1H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl_3 , 24 °C)

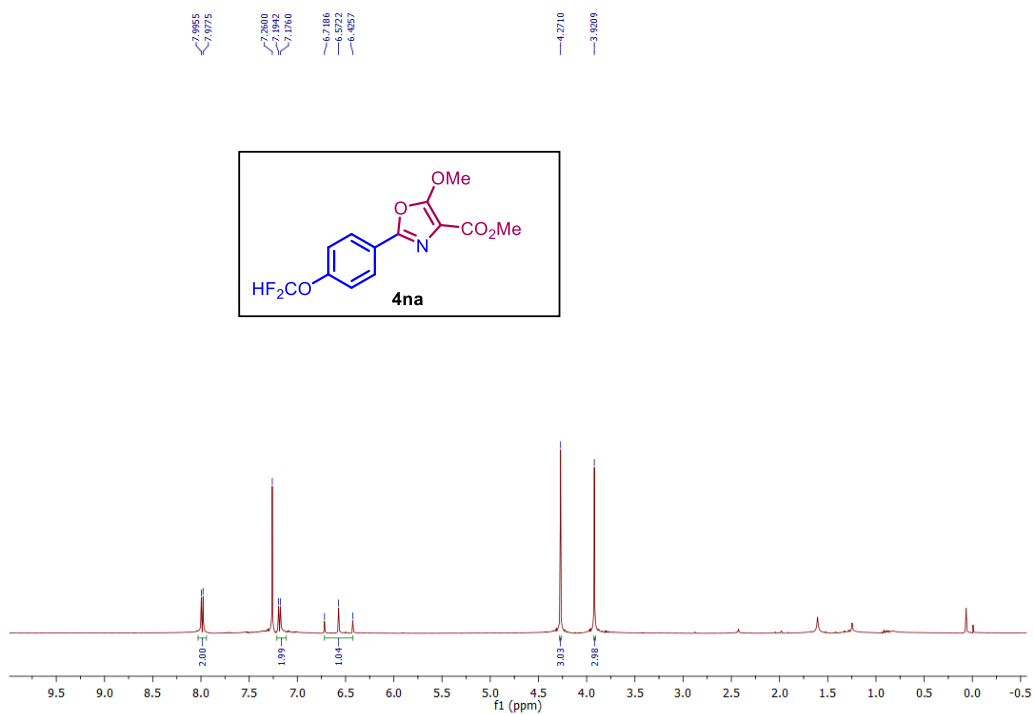


$^{13}\text{C}\{^1\text{H}\}$ NMR (126 MHz, CDCl_3 , 24 °C)

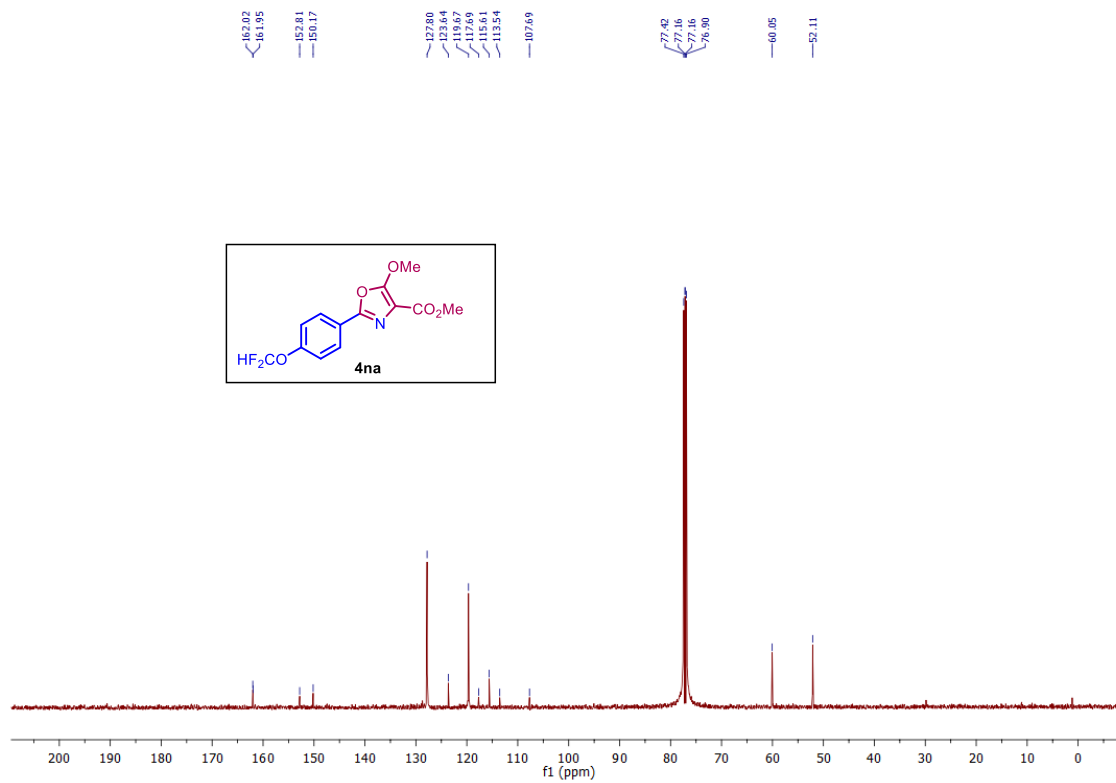


Methyl 2-(4-(difluoromethoxy)phenyl)-5-methoxyoxazole-4-carboxylate (**4na**)

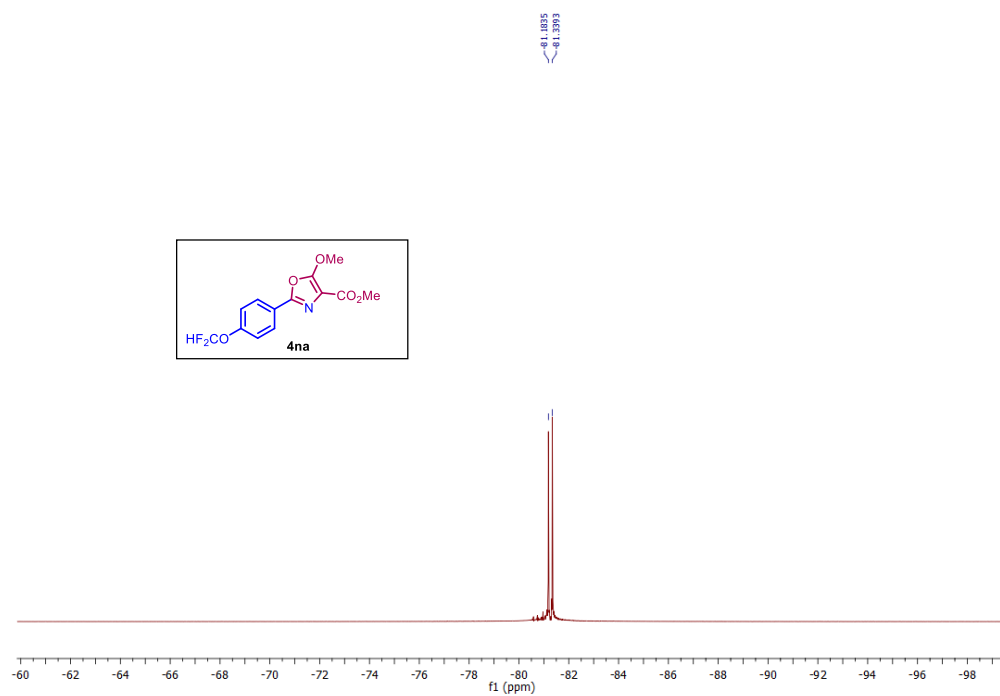
^1H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl_3 , 24 °C)



$^{13}\text{C}\{^1\text{H}\}$ NMR (126 MHz, CDCl_3 , 24 °C)

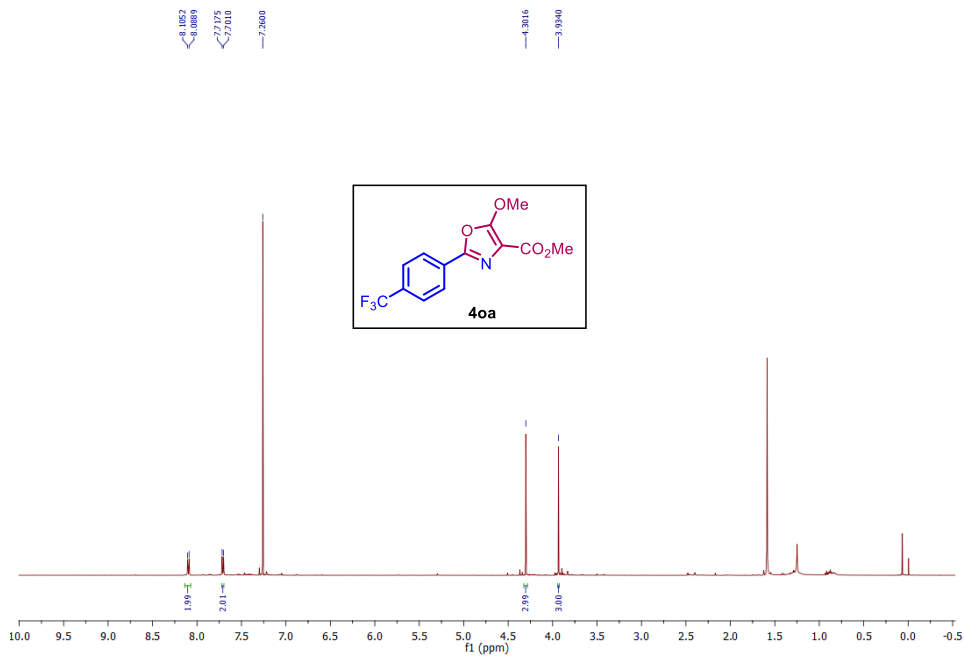


^{19}F NMR (471 MHz, CDCl_3 , 24 °C)

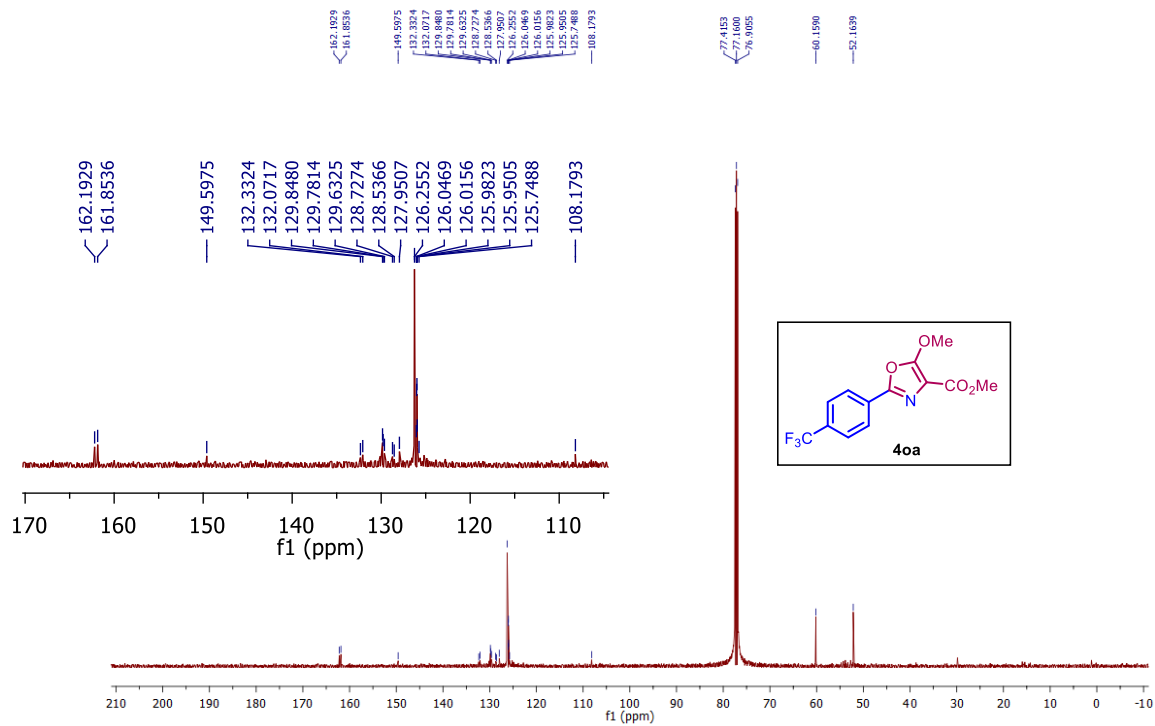


Methyl 5-methoxy-2-(4-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl)oxazole-4-carboxylate (**4oa**)

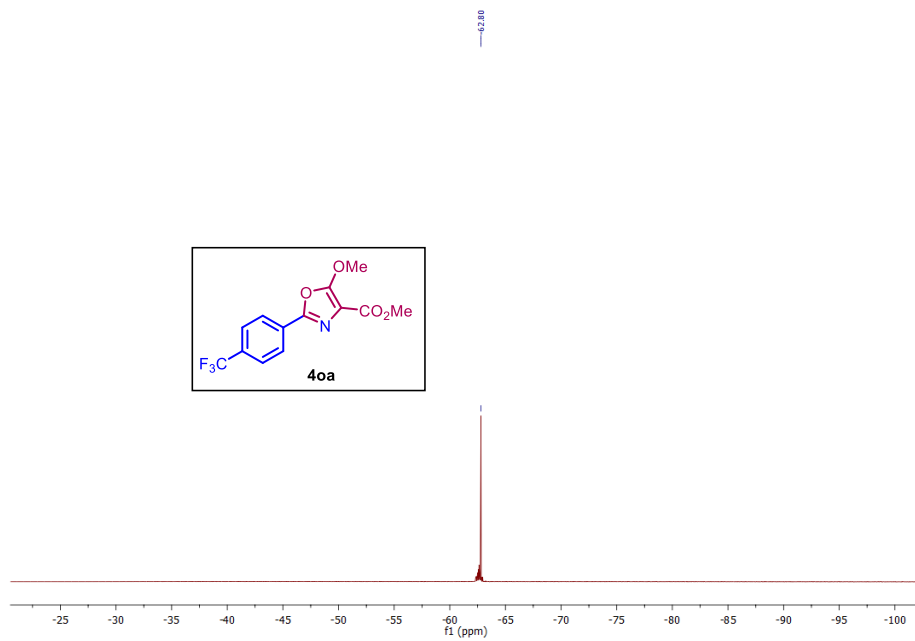
^1H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl_3 , 24 °C)



^{13}C { ^1H } NMR (126 MHz, CDCl_3 , 24 °C)

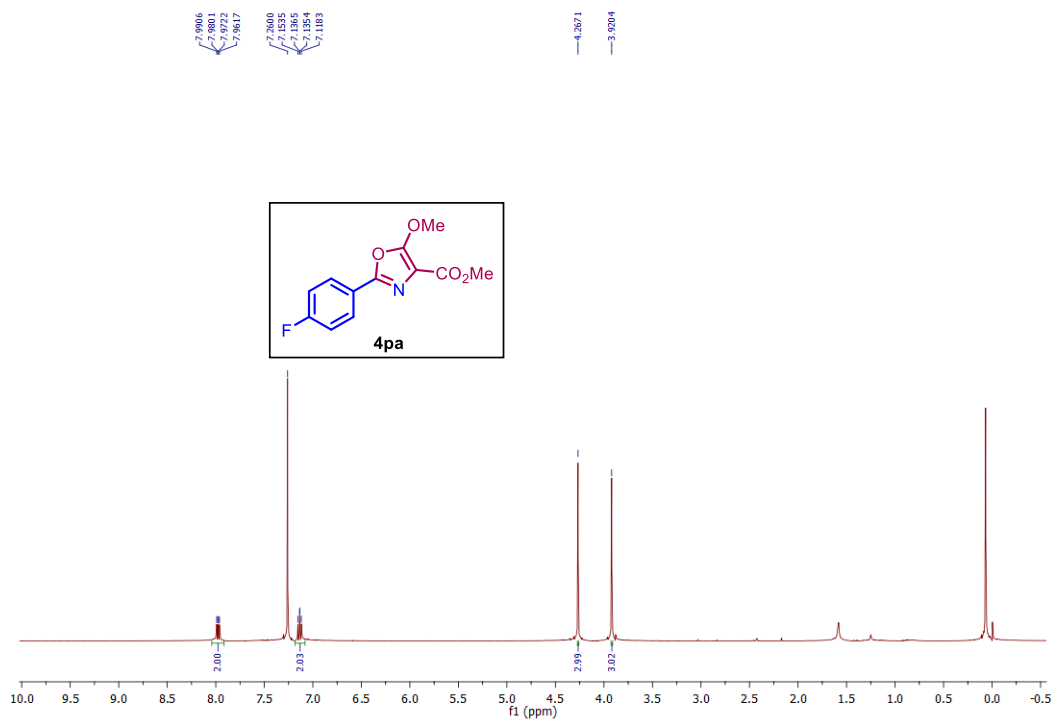


^{19}F NMR (471 MHz, CDCl_3 , 24 °C)

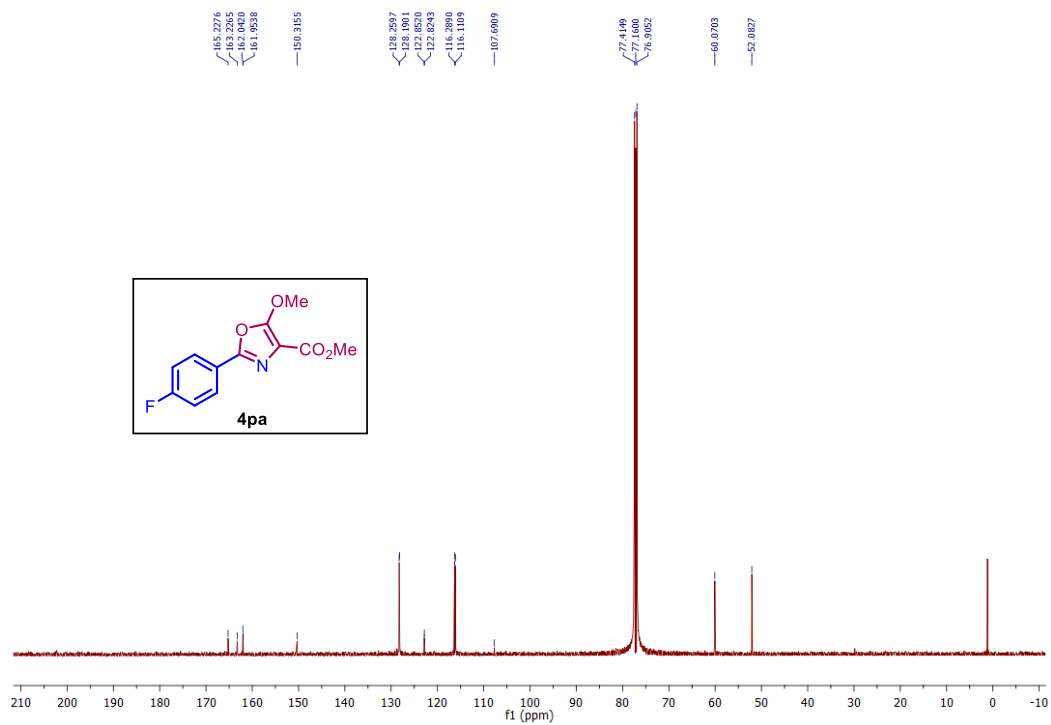


Methyl 2-(4-fluorophenyl)-5-methoxyoxazole-4-carboxylate (**4pa**)

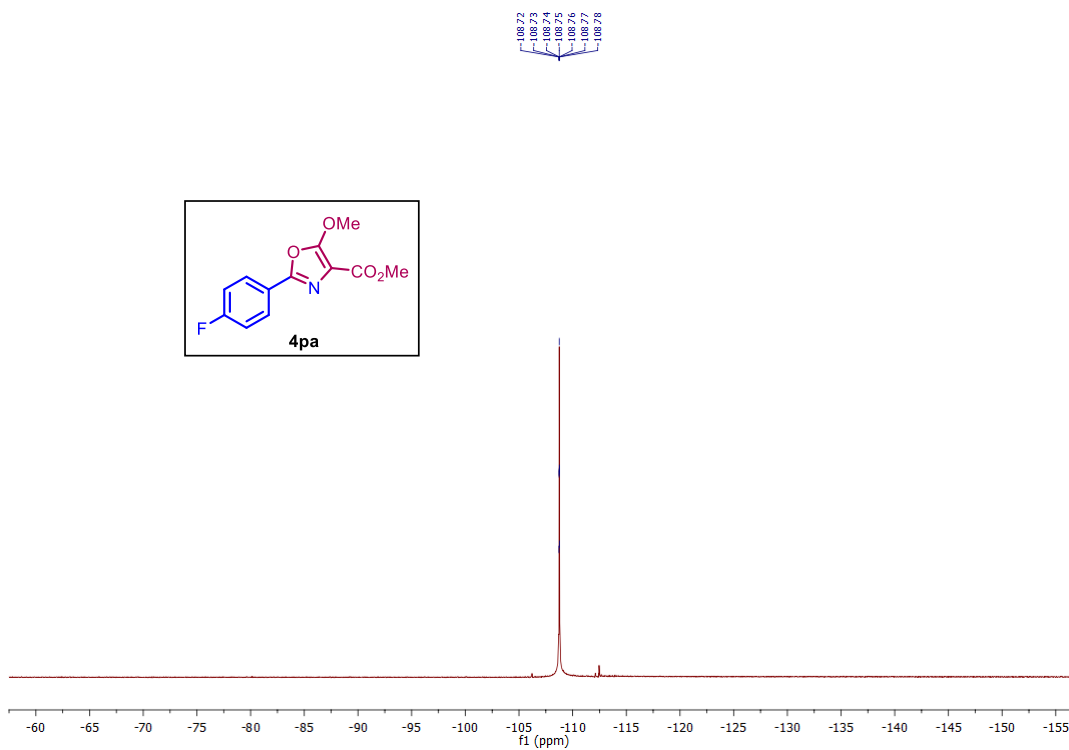
^1H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl_3 , 24 °C)



$^{13}\text{C}\{^1\text{H}\}$ NMR (126 MHz, CDCl_3 , 24 °C)

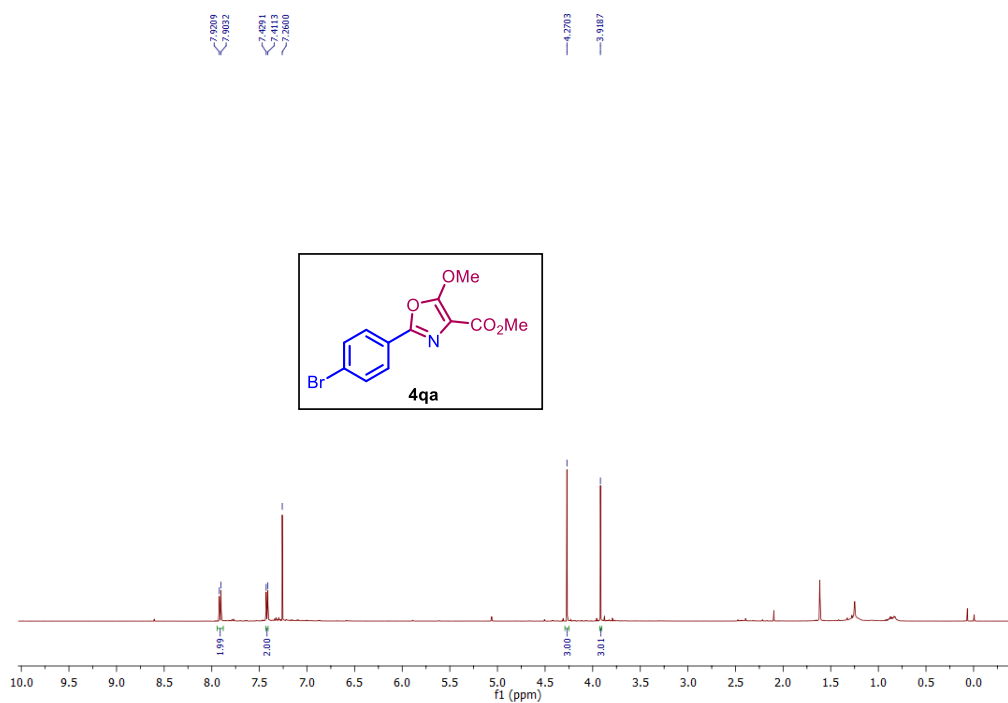


^{19}F NMR (471 MHz, CDCl_3 , 24 °C)

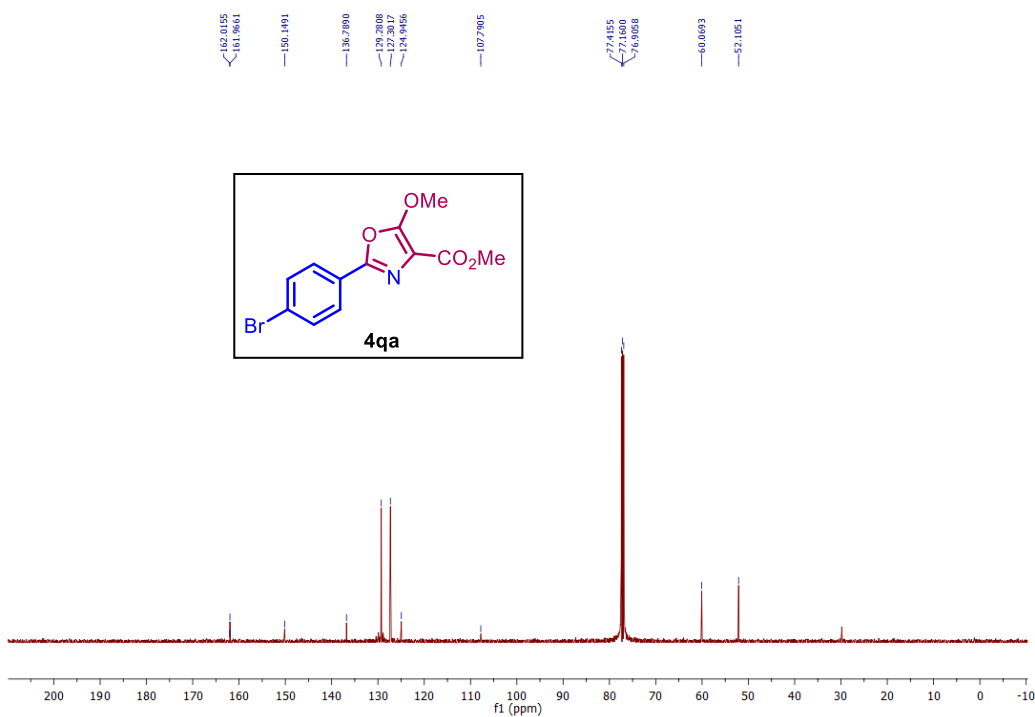


Methyl 5-methoxy-2-(4-bromo-phenyl)oxazole-4-carboxylate (**4qa**)

^1H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl_3 , 24 °C)

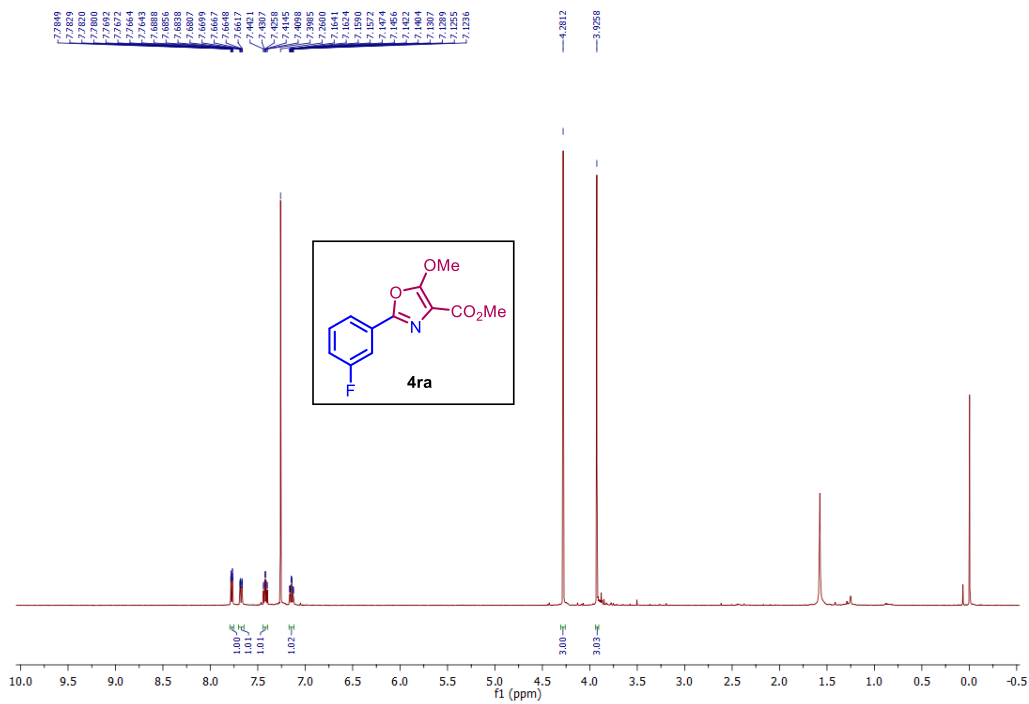


$^{13}\text{C}\{^1\text{H}\}$ NMR (126 MHz, CDCl_3 , 24 °C)

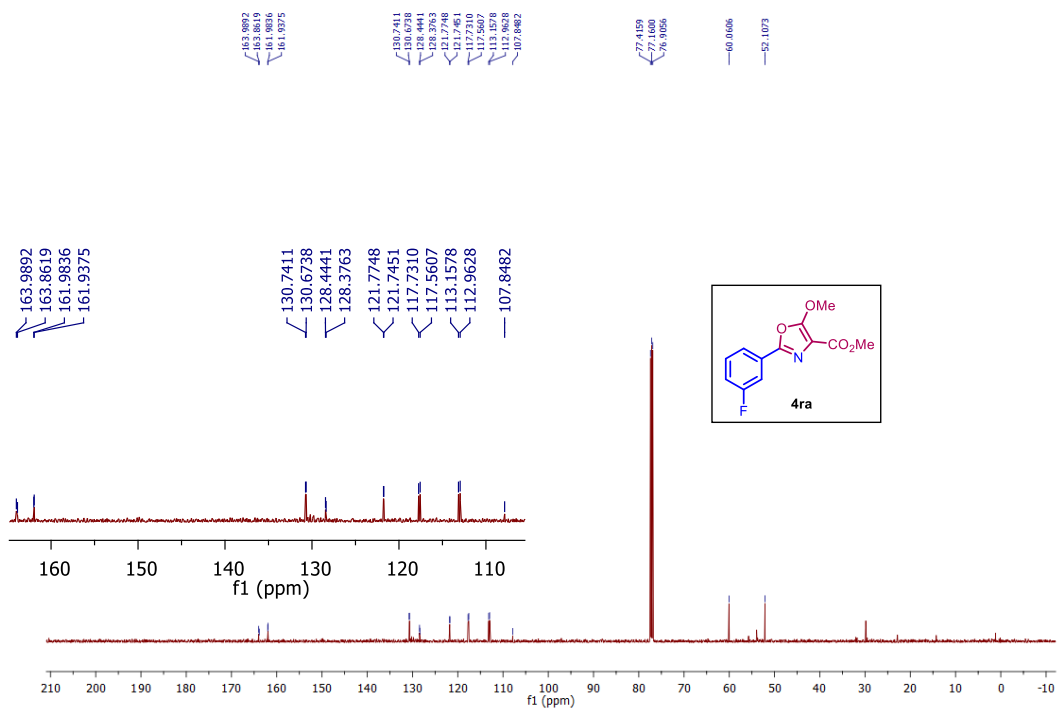


Methyl 2-(3-fluorophenyl)-5-methoxyoxazole-4-carboxylate (**4ra**)

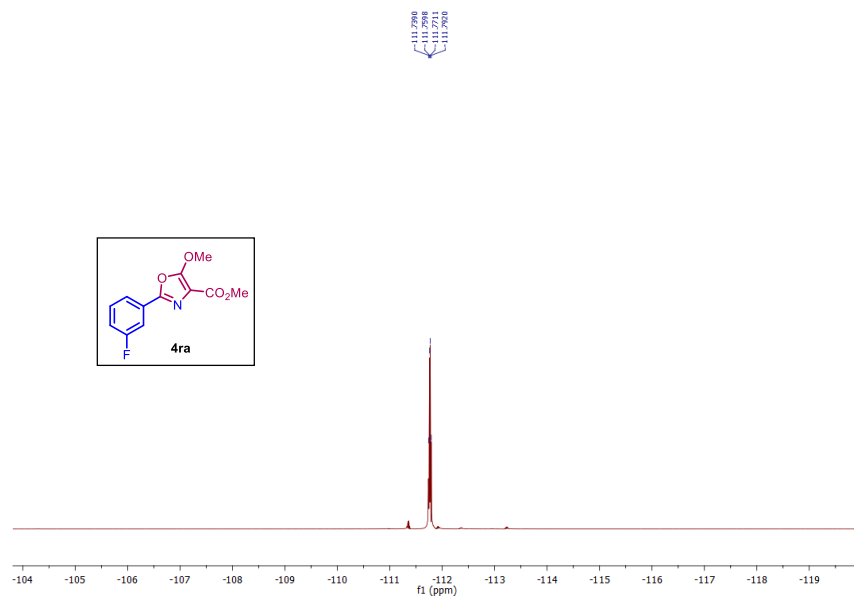
^1H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl_3 , 24 °C)



$^{13}\text{C}\{^1\text{H}\}$ NMR (176 MHz, CDCl_3 , 24 °C)

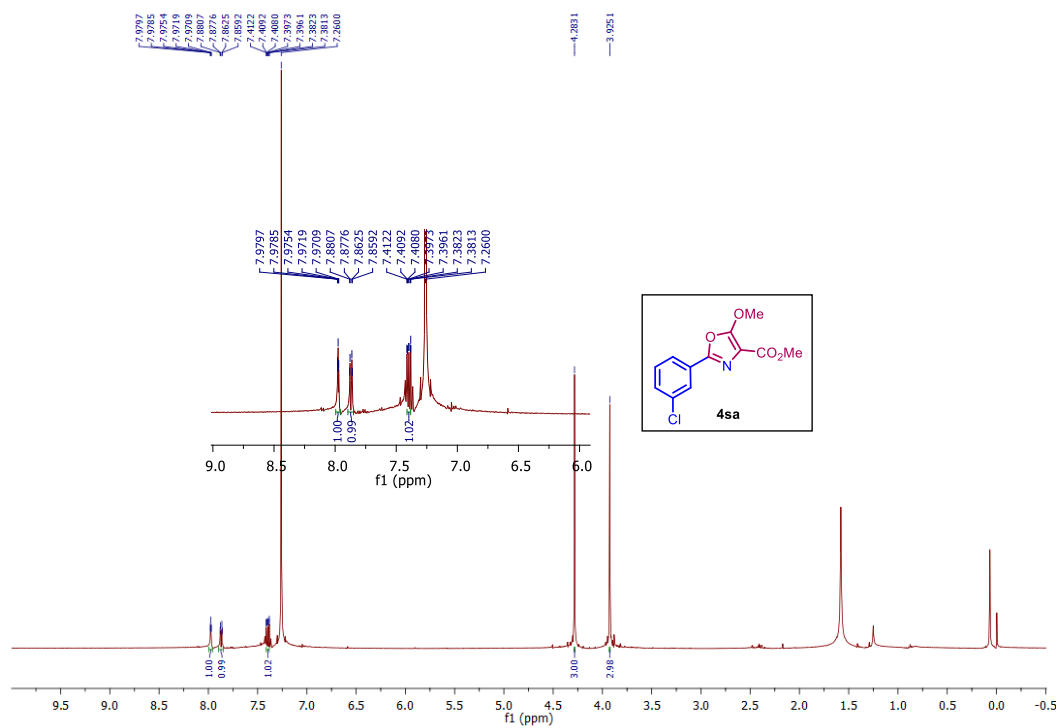


^{19}F NMR (471 MHz, CDCl_3 , 24 °C)

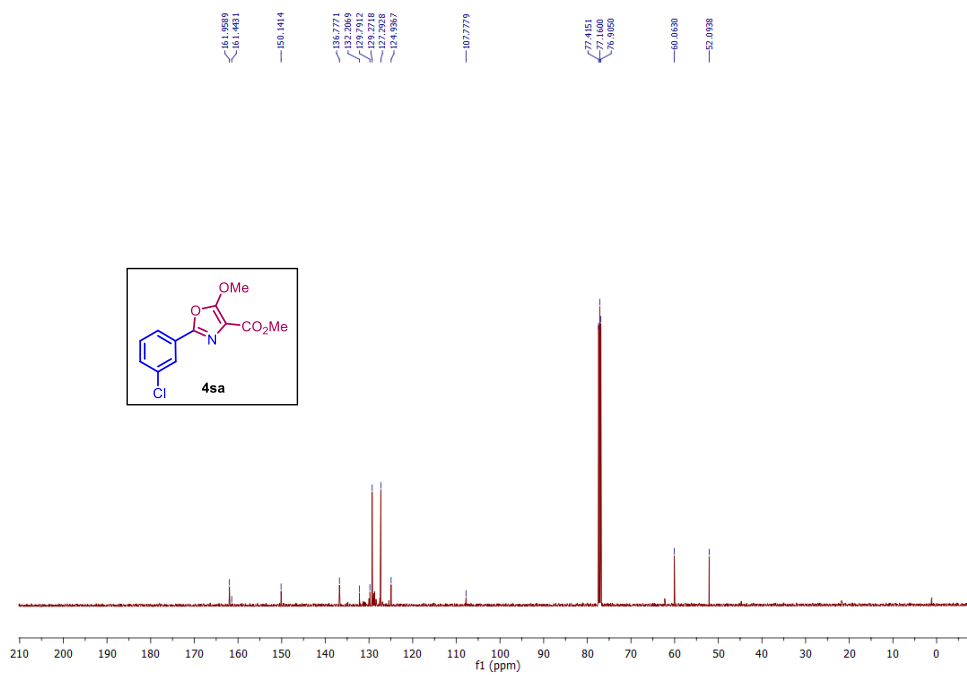


Methyl 2-(3-chlorophenyl)-5-methoxyoxazole-4-carboxylate (**4sa**)

^1H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl_3 , 24 °C)

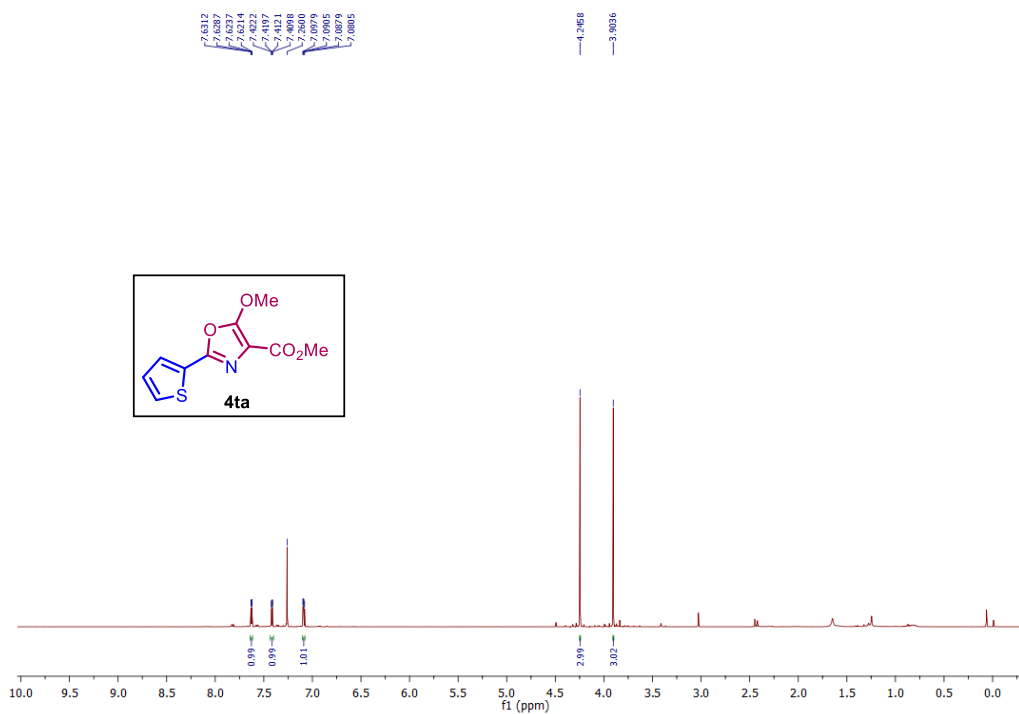


$^{13}\text{C}\{^1\text{H}\}$ NMR (126 MHz, CDCl_3 , 24 °C)

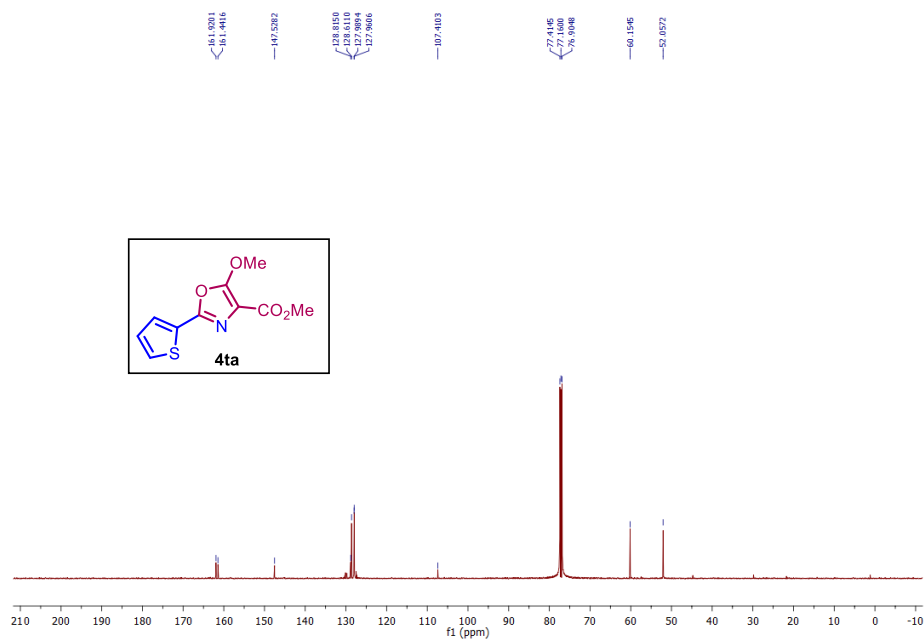


Methyl 5-methoxy-2-(thiophen-2-yl)oxazole-4-carboxylate (**4ta**)

^1H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl_3 , 24 °C)

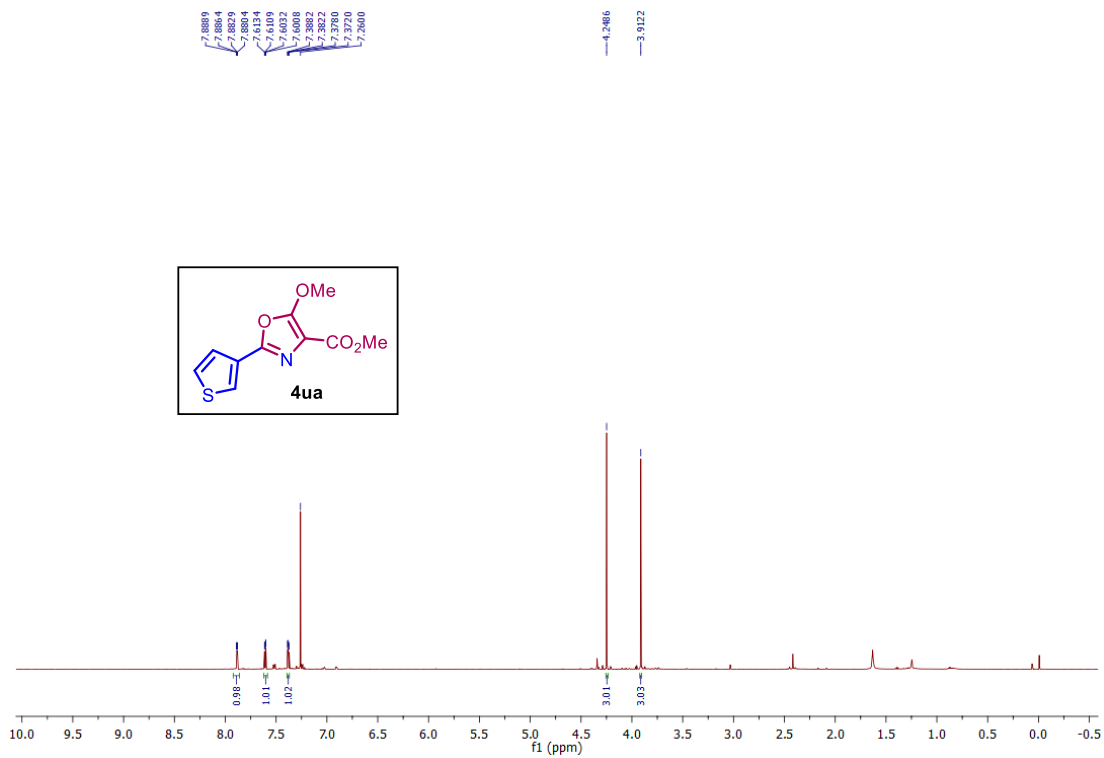


$^{13}\text{C}\{^1\text{H}\}$ NMR (126 MHz, CDCl_3 , 24 °C)

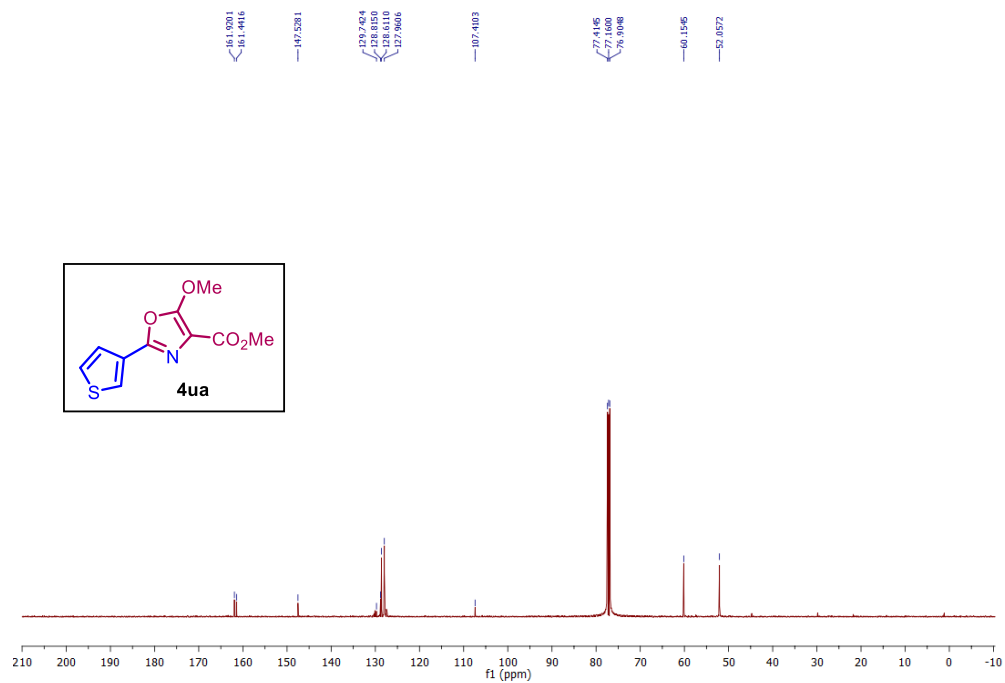


Methyl 5-methoxy-2-(thiophen-3-yl)oxazole-4-carboxylate (**4ua**)

^1H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl_3 , 24 °C)

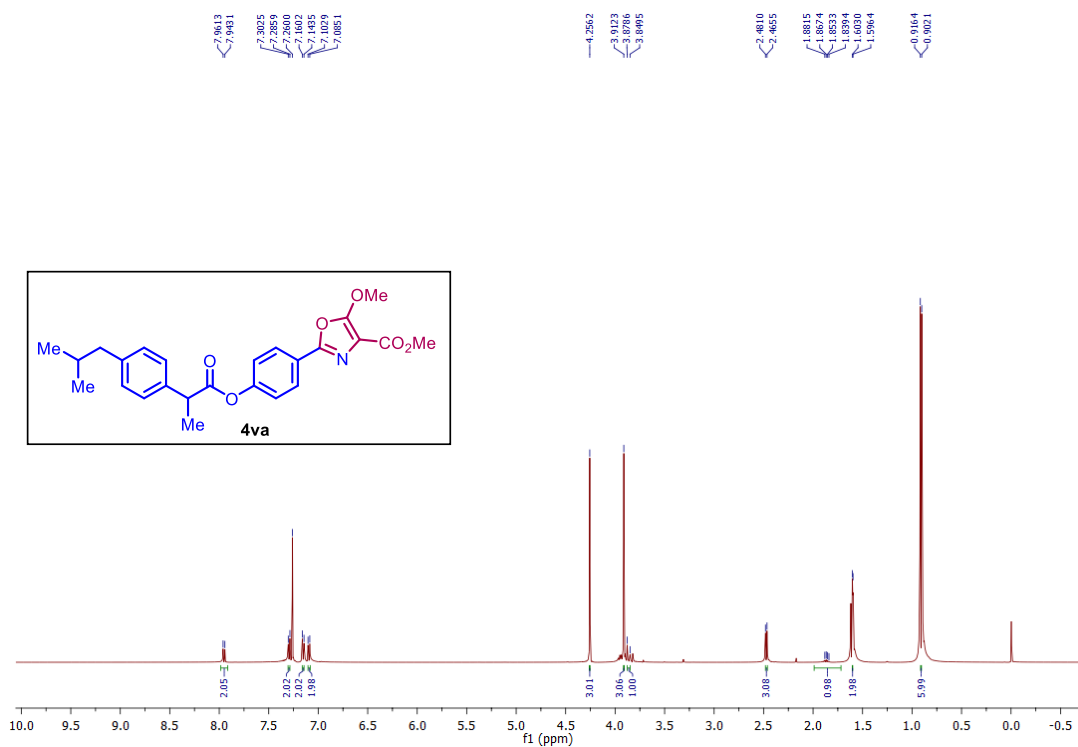


$^{13}\text{C}\{^1\text{H}\}$ NMR (126 MHz, CDCl_3 , 24 °C)

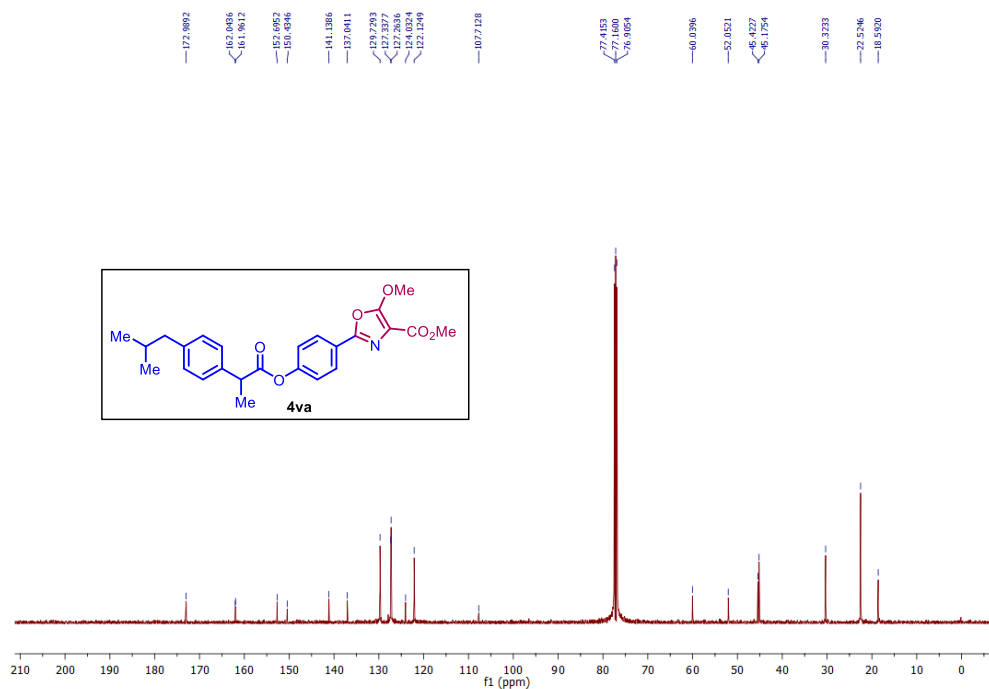


Methyl 2-(4-isobutylphenyl-propanoyl)oxy-phenyl)-5-methoxyoxazole-4-carboxylate (**4va**)

^1H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl_3 , 24 °C)

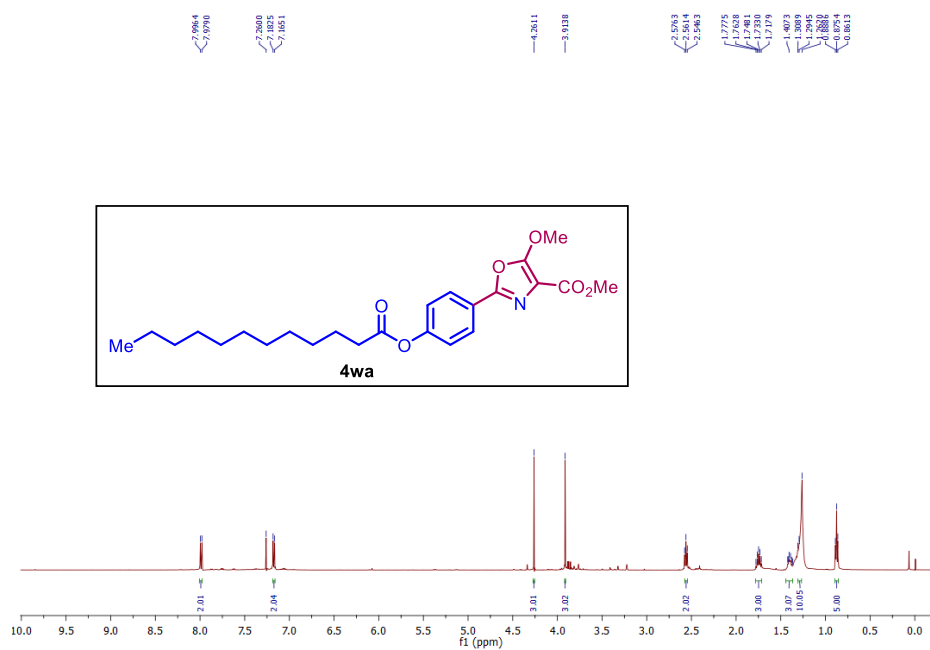


$^{13}\text{C}\{^1\text{H}\}$ NMR (126 MHz, CDCl_3 , 24 °C)

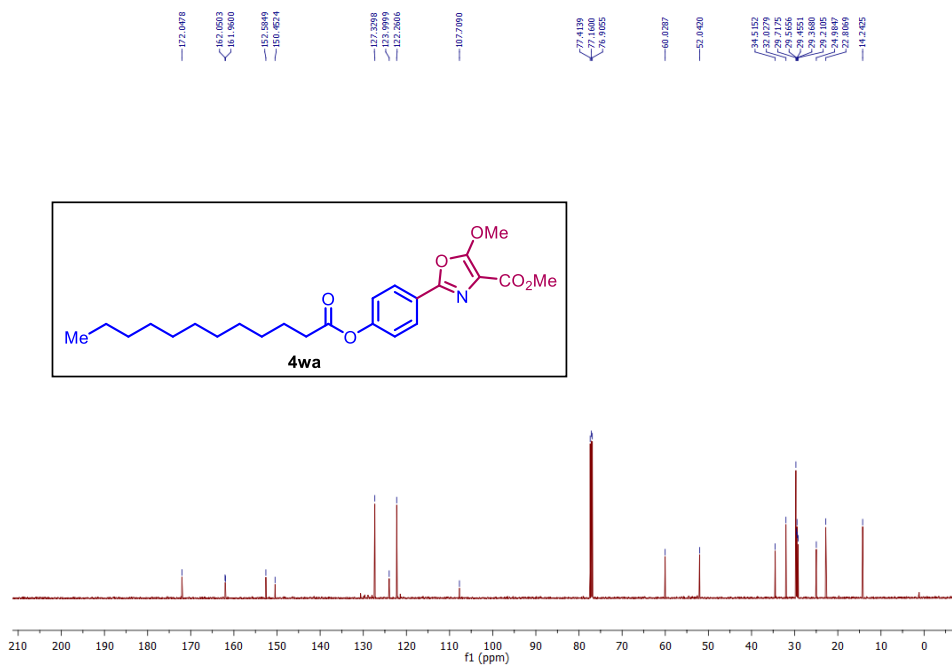


Methyl 2-(4-dodecanoyloxy-phenyl)-5-methoxyoxazole-4-carboxylate (**4wa**)

^1H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl_3 , 24 °C)

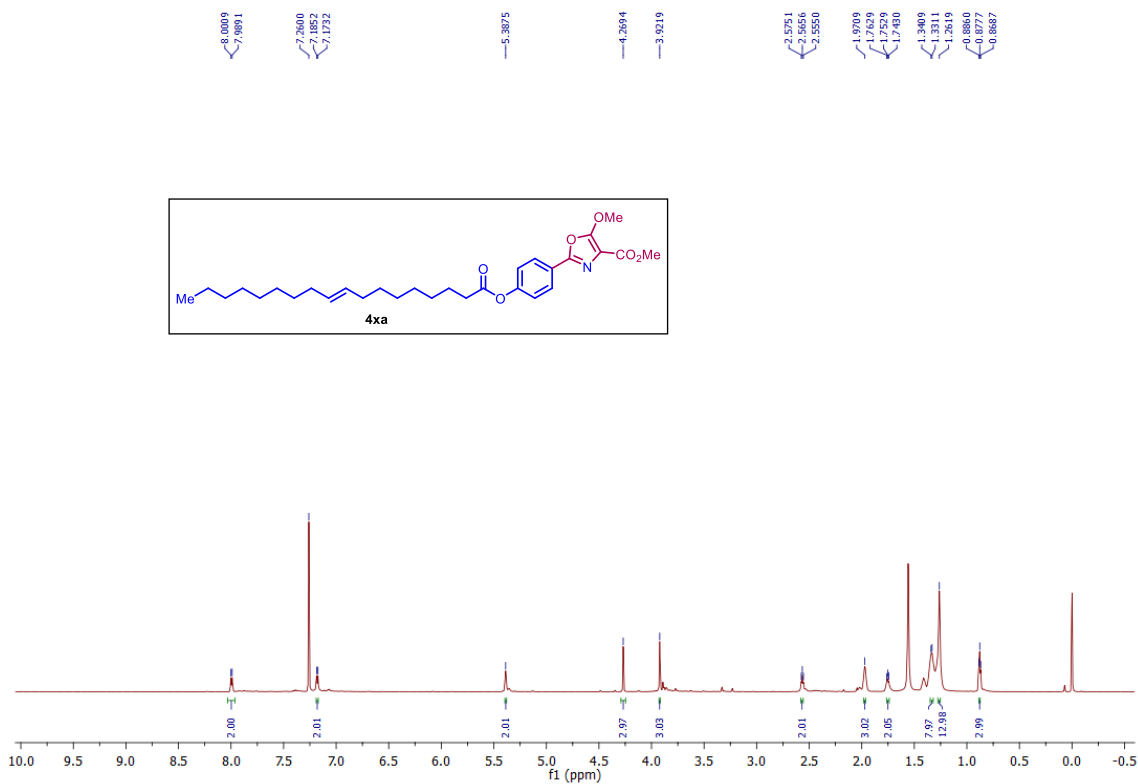


$^{13}\text{C}\{^1\text{H}\}$ NMR (126 MHz, CDCl_3 , 24 °C)

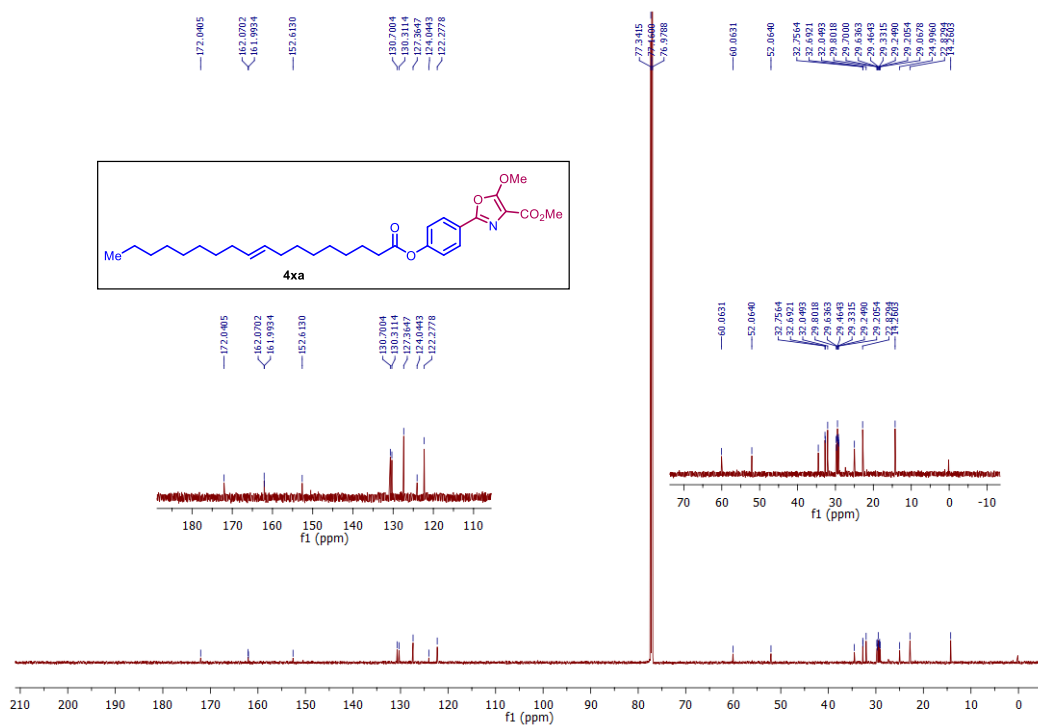


Methyl (E)-5-methoxy-2-(4-(octadec-8-enyloxy)phenyl)oxazole-4-carboxylate (**4xa**)

^1H NMR (700 MHz, CDCl_3 , 24 °C)

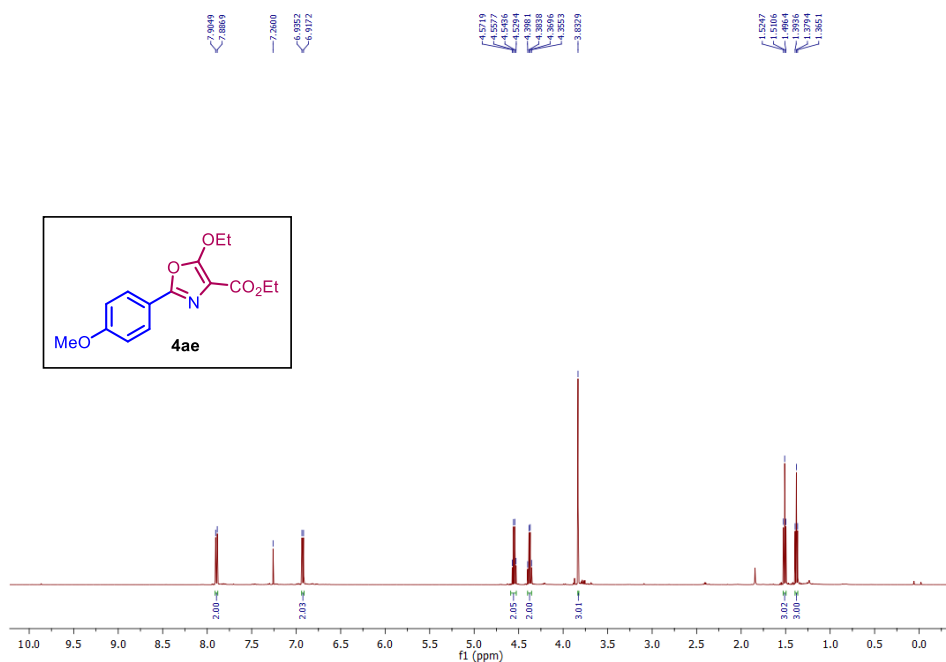


$^{13}\text{C}\{^1\text{H}\}$ NMR (176 MHz, CDCl_3 , 24 °C)

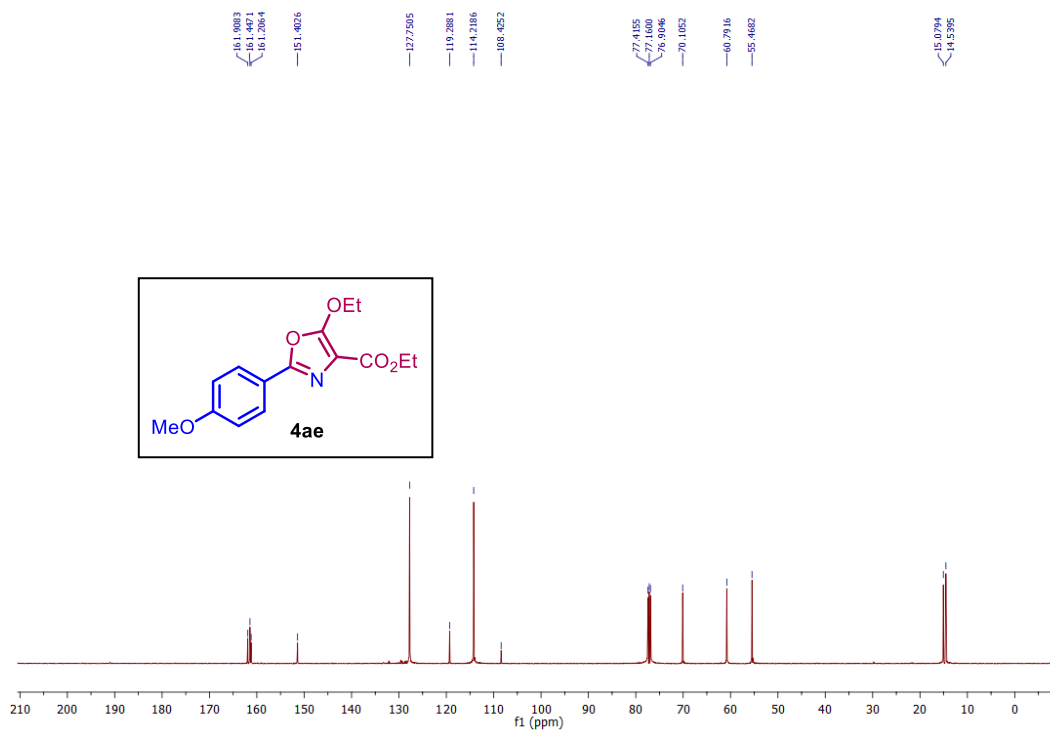


Ethyl 5-ethoxy-2-(4-methoxyphenyl)oxazole-4-carboxylate (**4ae**)

^1H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl_3 , 24 °C)

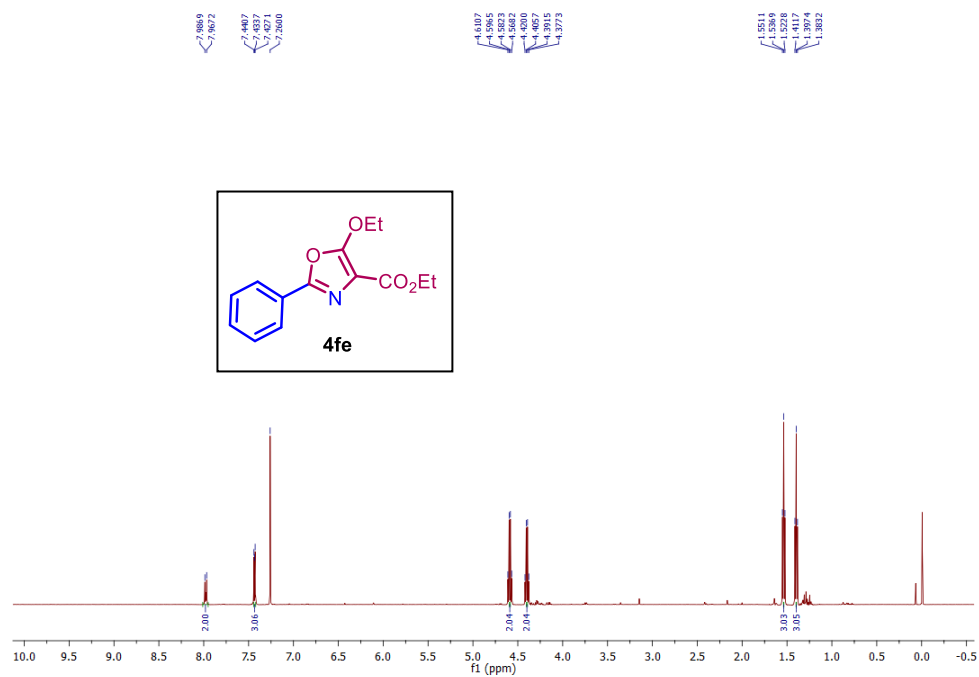


$^{13}\text{C}\{^1\text{H}\}$ NMR (126 MHz, CDCl_3 , 24 °C)

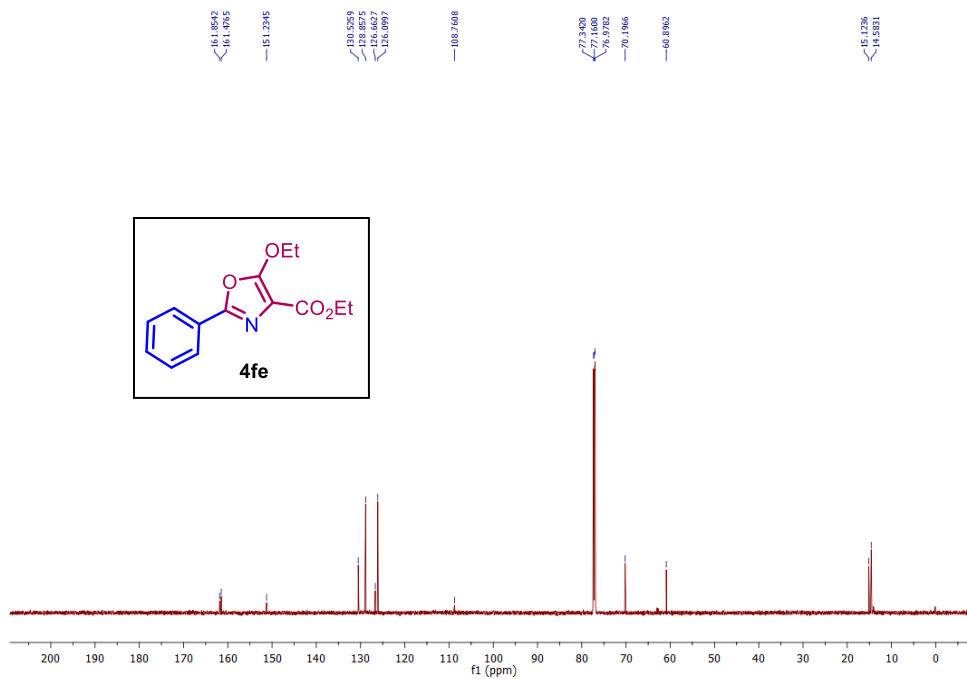


Ethyl 5-ethoxy-2-(4-ethoxyphenyl)oxazole-4-carboxylate (**4fe**)

^1H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl_3 , 24 °C)

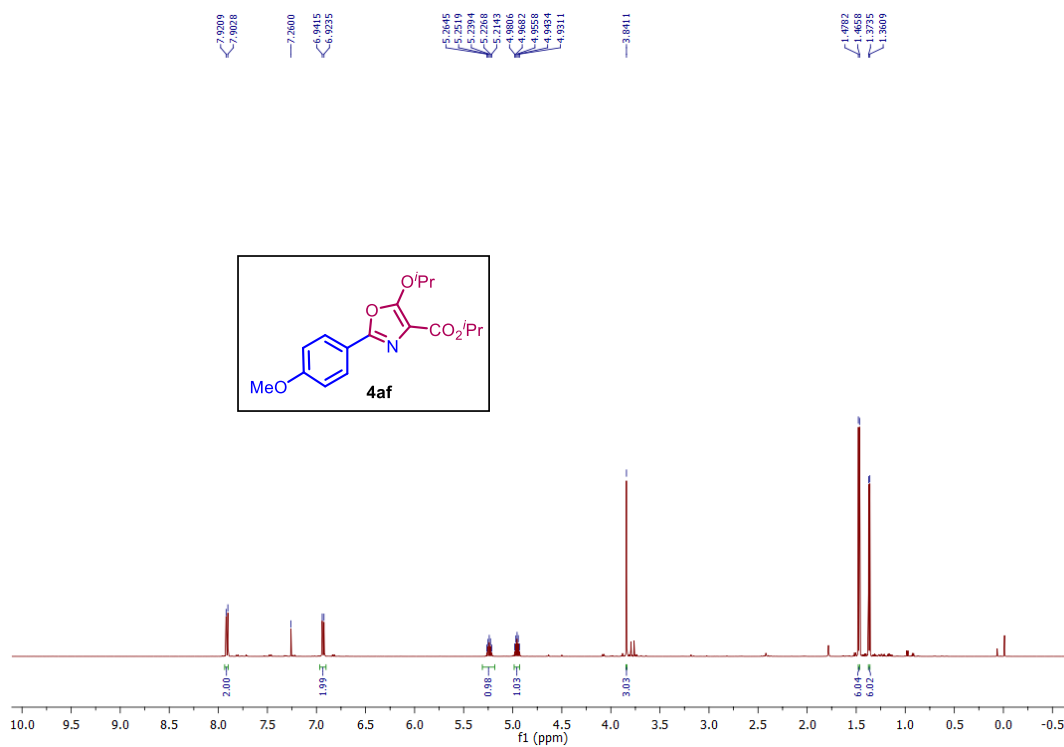


$^{13}\text{C}\{^1\text{H}\}$ NMR (126 MHz, CDCl_3 , 24 °C)

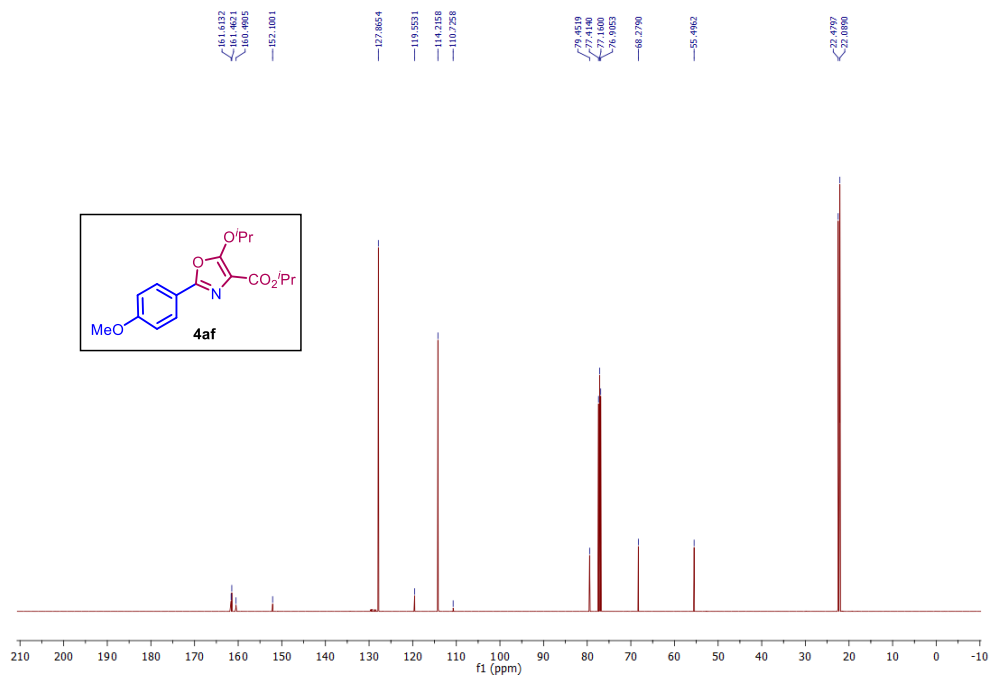


Isopropyl 5-isopropoxy-2-(4-methoxyphenyl)oxazole-4-carboxylate (**4af**)

^1H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl_3 , 24 °C)

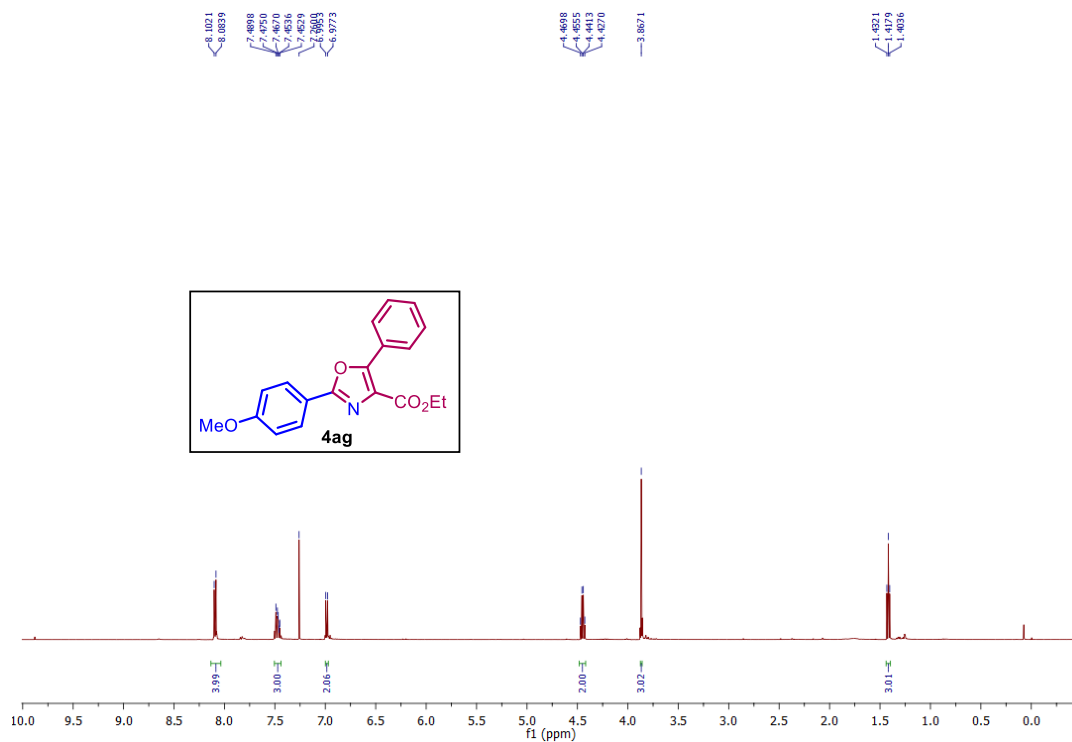


$^{13}\text{C}\{^1\text{H}\}$ NMR (126 MHz, CDCl_3 , 24 °C)

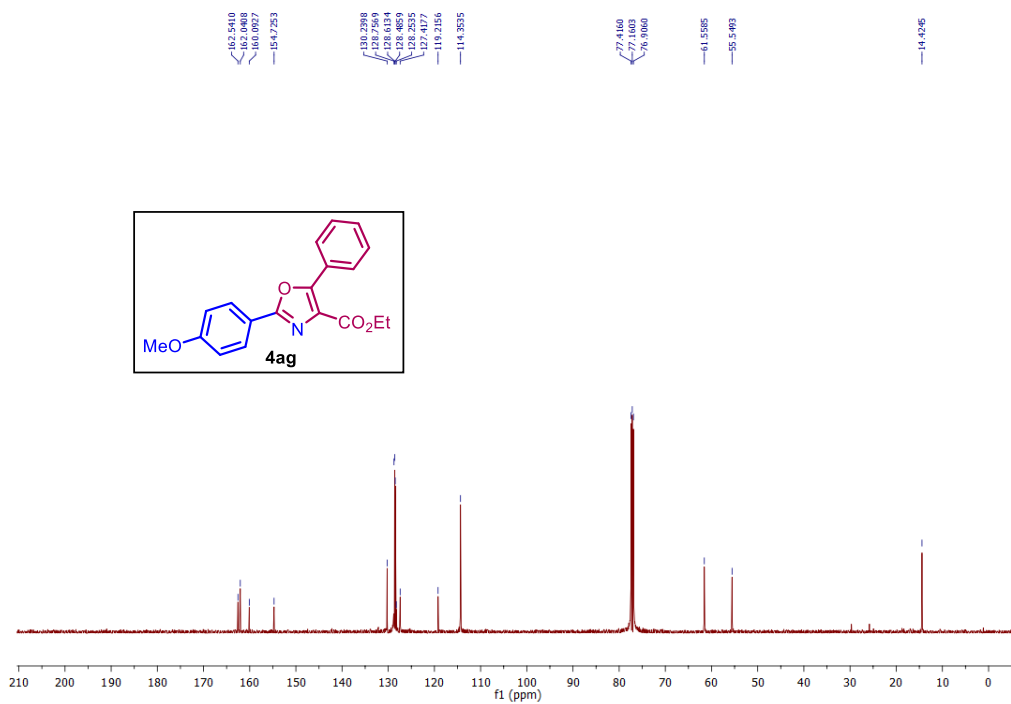


Ethyl 2-(4-methoxyphenyl)-5-phenyloxazole-4-carboxylate (**4ag**)

^1H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl_3 , 24 °C)

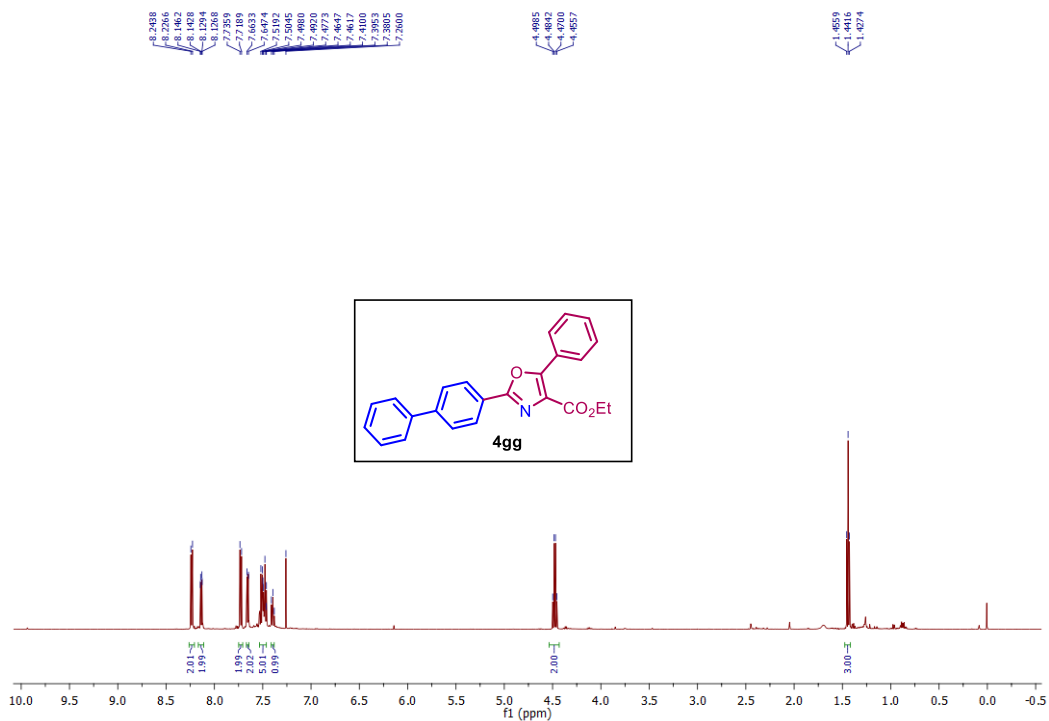


$^{13}\text{C}\{^1\text{H}\}$ NMR (126 MHz, CDCl_3 , 24 °C)

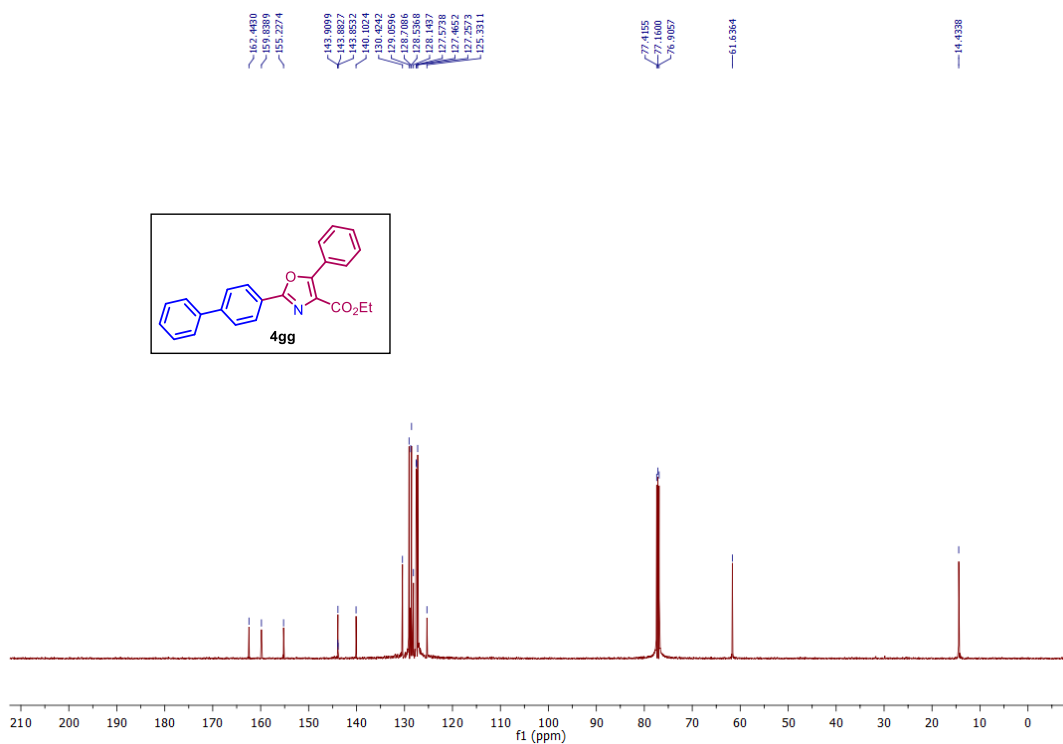


Ethyl 2-([1,1'-biphenyl]-4-yl)-5-phenyloxazole-4-carboxylate (**4gg**)

^1H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl_3 , 24 °C)

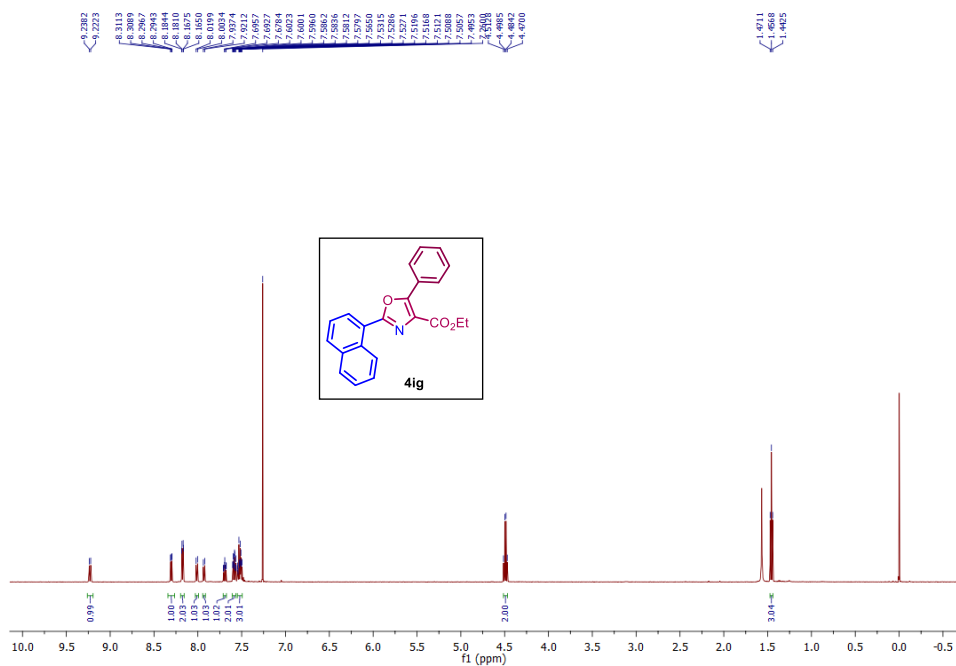


$^{13}\text{C}\{^1\text{H}\}$ NMR (126 MHz, CDCl_3 , 24 °C)

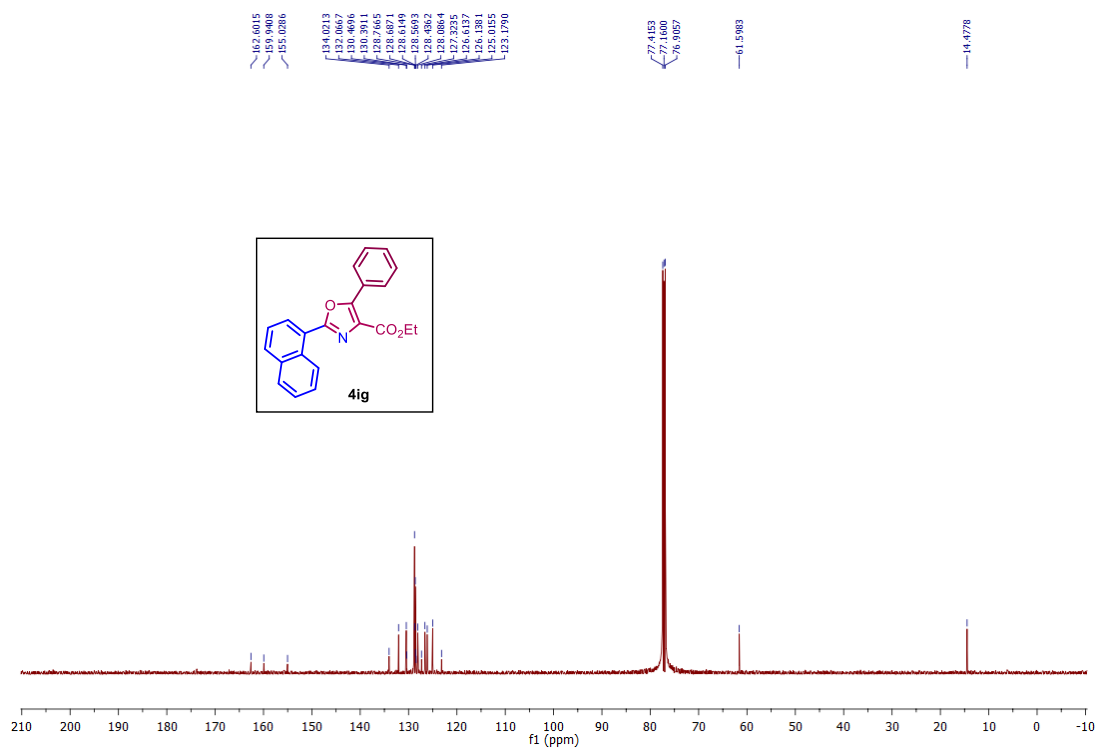


Ethyl 2-(naphthalen-1-yl)-5-phenyloxazole-4-carboxylate (**4ig**)

^1H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl_3 , 24 °C)

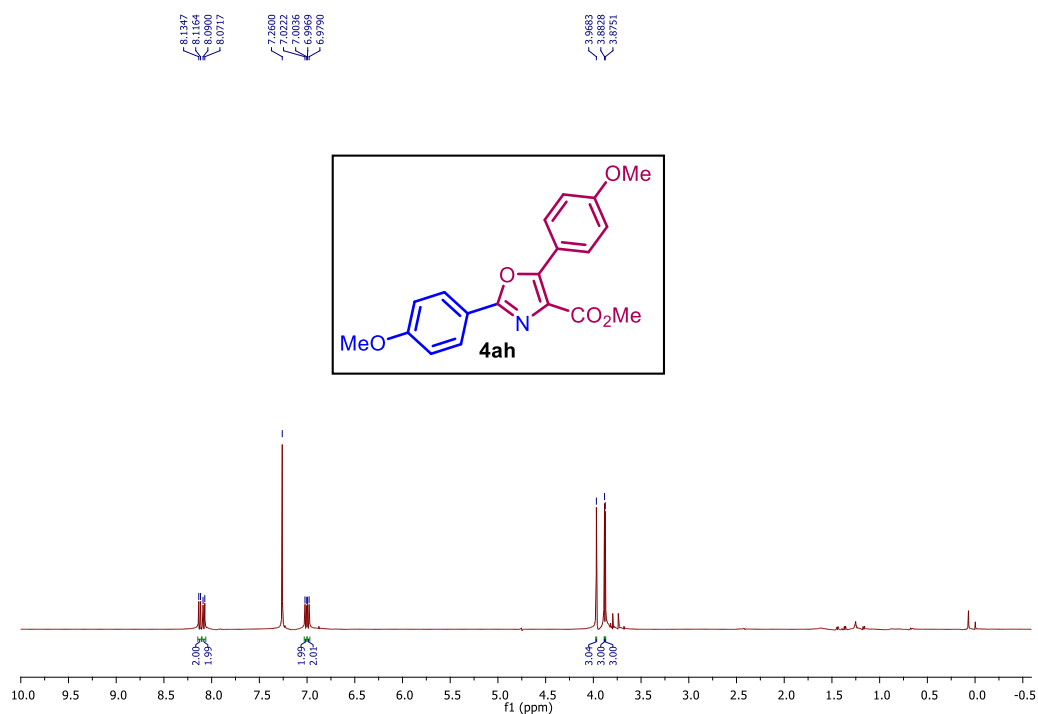


$^{13}\text{C}\{^1\text{H}\}$ NMR (126 MHz, CDCl_3 , 24 °C)

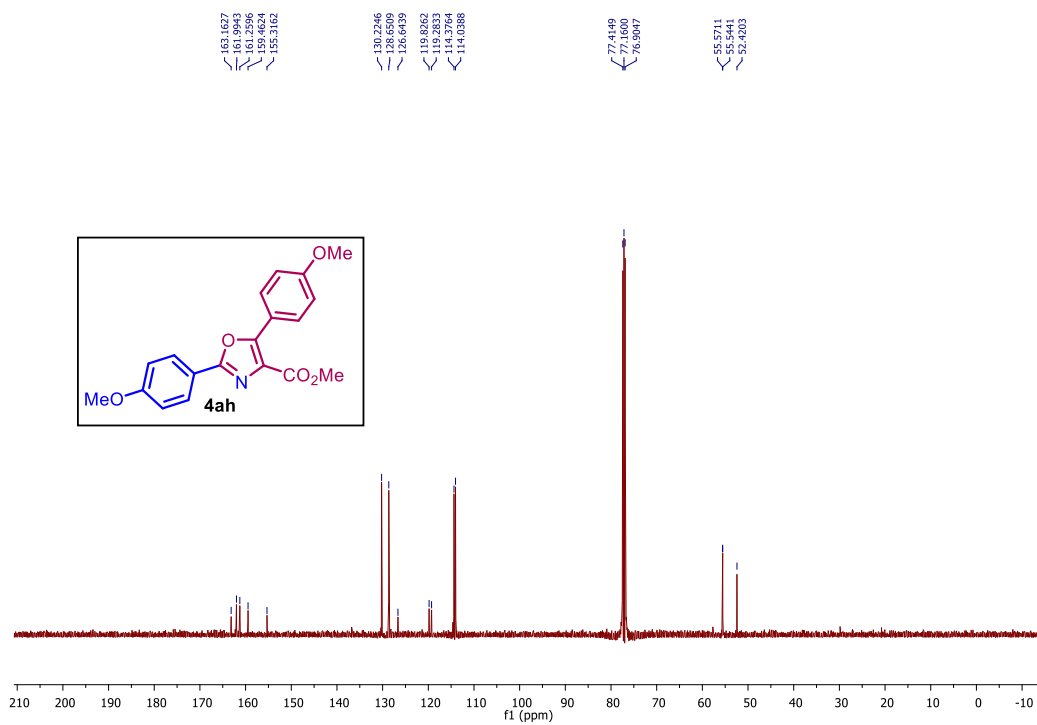


Methyl-5-(4-methoxyphenyl)-2-(4-methoxyphenyl) oxazole-4-carboxylate (**4ah**)

^1H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl_3 , 24 °C)

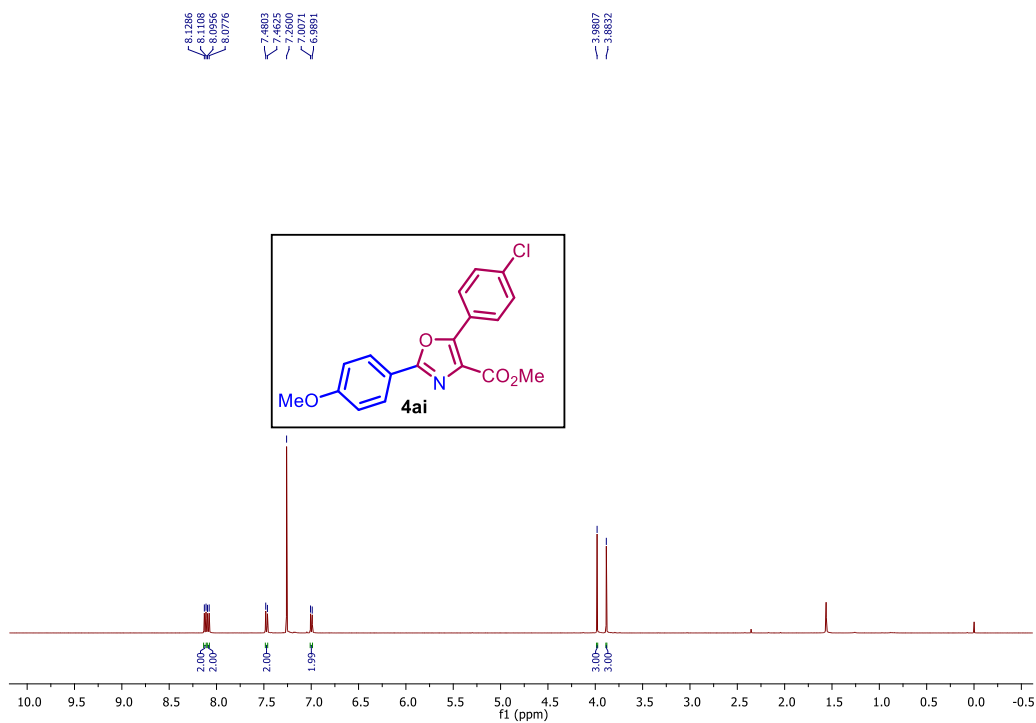


$^{13}\text{C}\{^1\text{H}\}$ NMR (126 MHz, CDCl_3 , 24 °C)

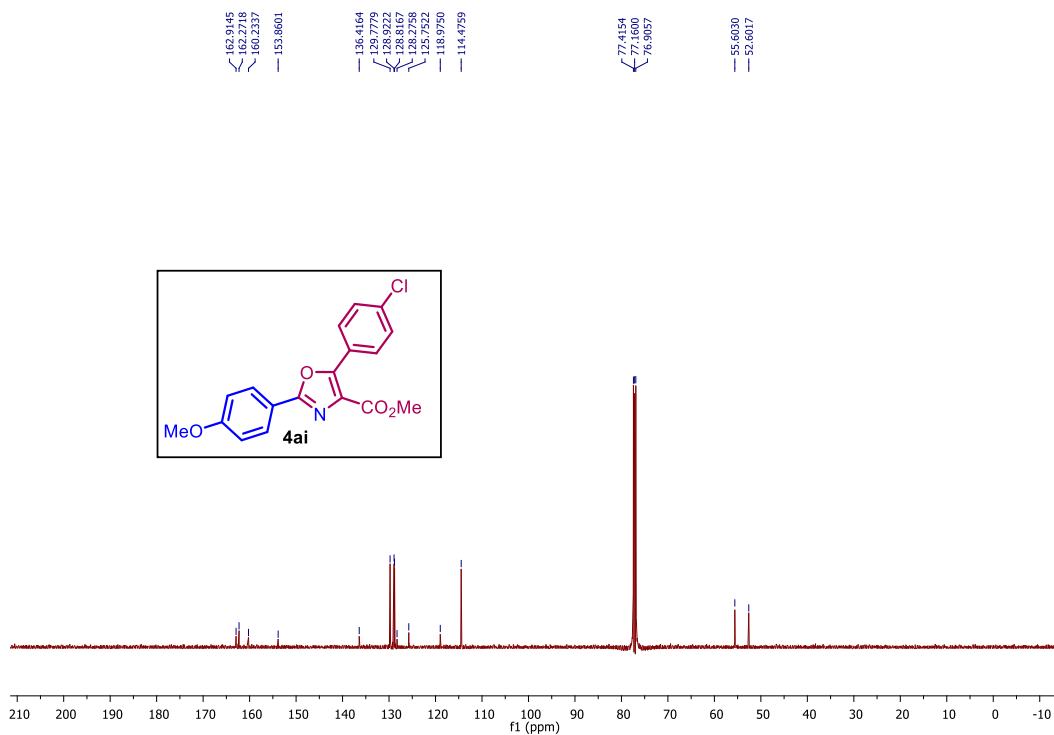


Methyl-5-(4-chlorophenyl)-2-(4-methoxyphenyl) oxazole-4-carboxylate (**4ai**)

^1H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl_3 , 24 °C)

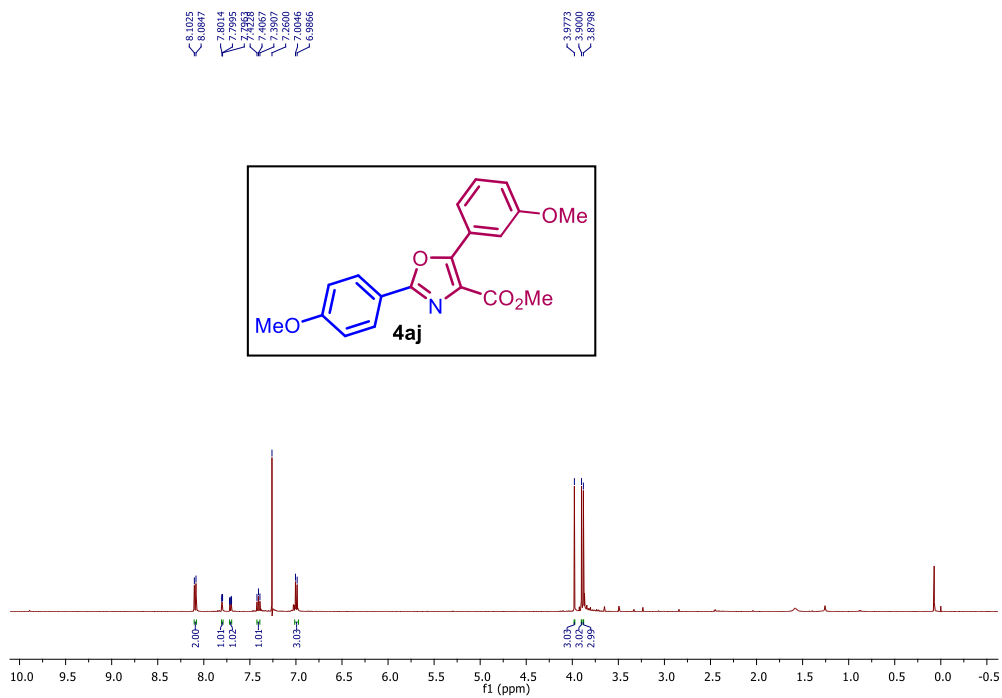


$^{13}\text{C}\{^1\text{H}\}$ NMR (126 MHz, CDCl_3 , 24 °C)

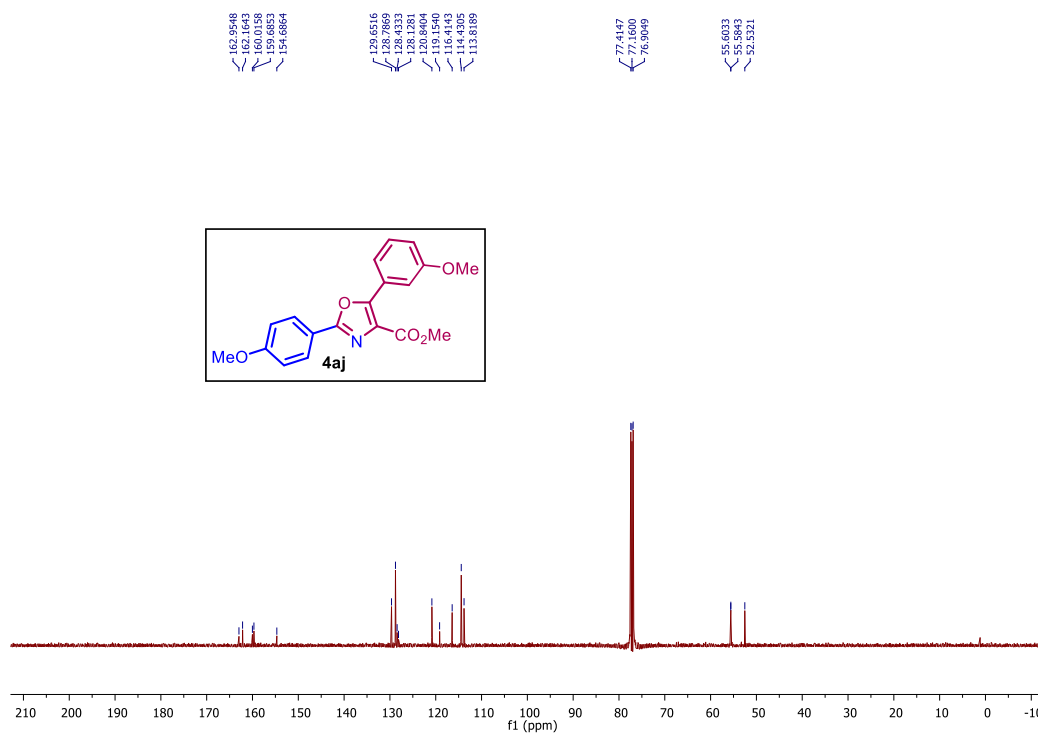


Methyl 5-(3-methoxyphenyl)-2-(4-methoxyphenyl) oxazole-4-carboxylate (**4aj**)

^1H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl_3 , 24 °C)

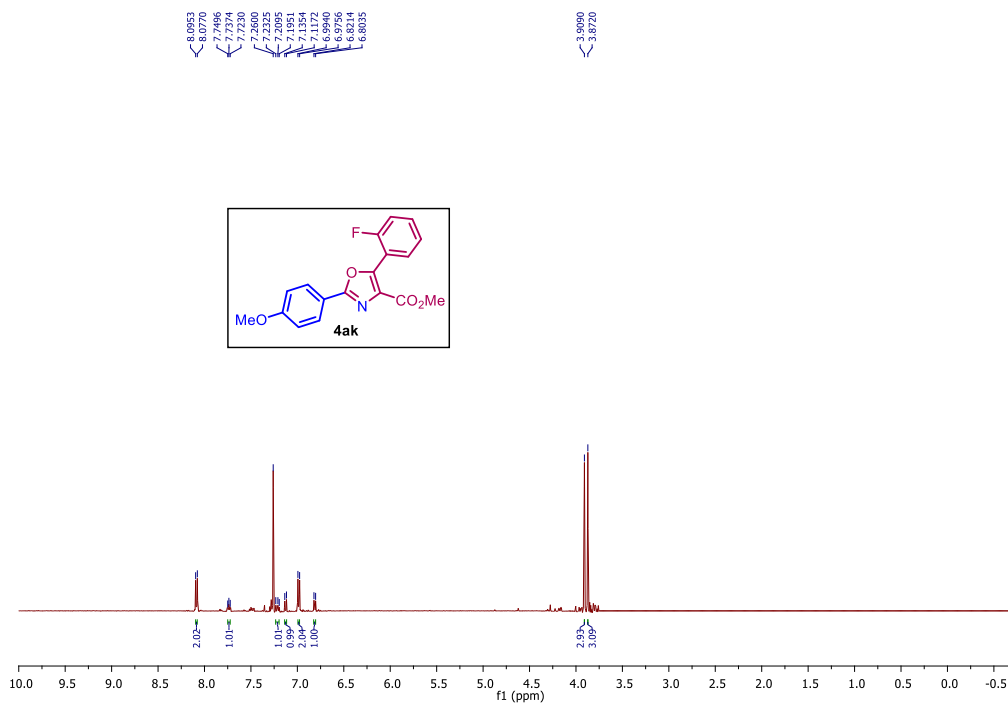


$^{13}\text{C}\{^1\text{H}\}$ NMR (126 MHz, CDCl_3 , 24 °C)

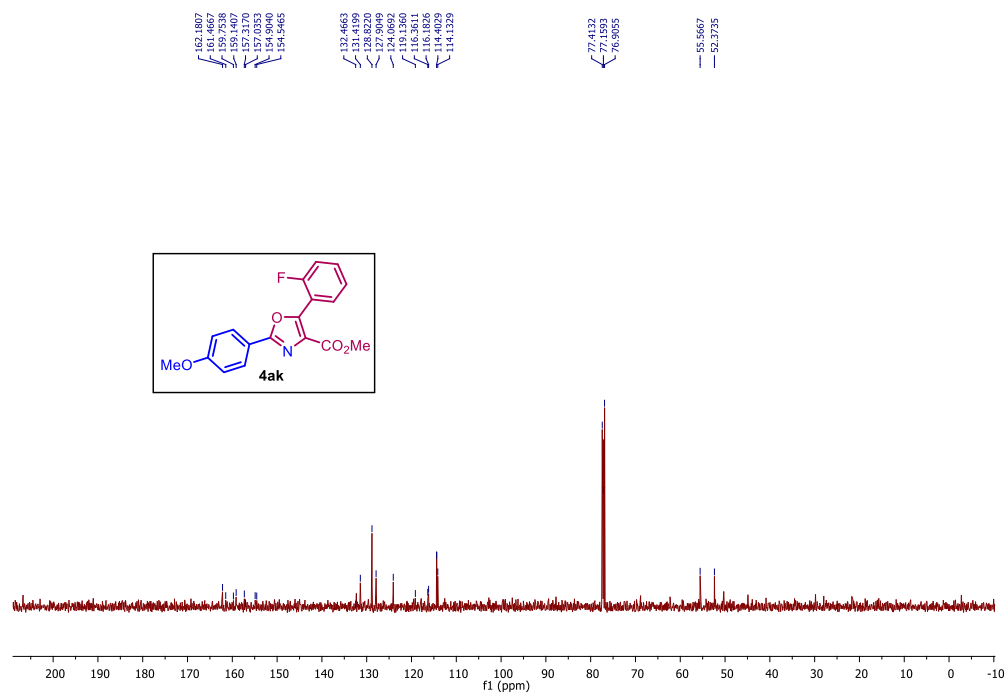


Methyl 5-(2-fluorophenyl)-2-(4-methoxyphenyl) oxazole-4-carboxylate (**4ak**)

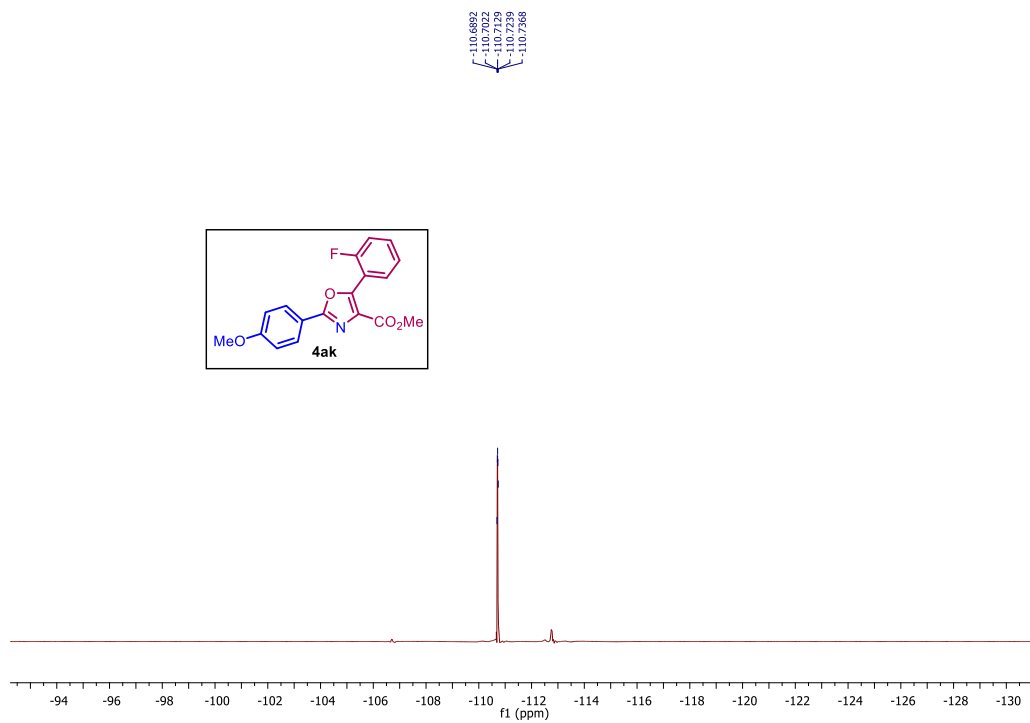
^1H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl_3 , 24 °C)



$^{13}\text{C}\{^1\text{H}\}$ NMR (126 MHz, CDCl_3 , 24 °C)

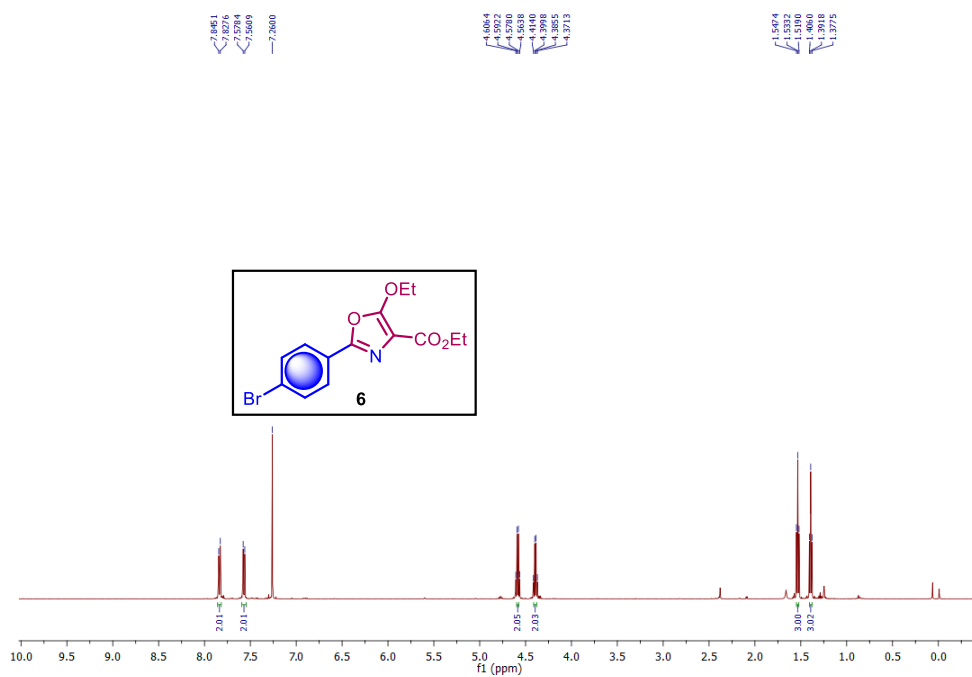


^{19}F NMR (471 MHz, CDCl_3 , 24 °C)

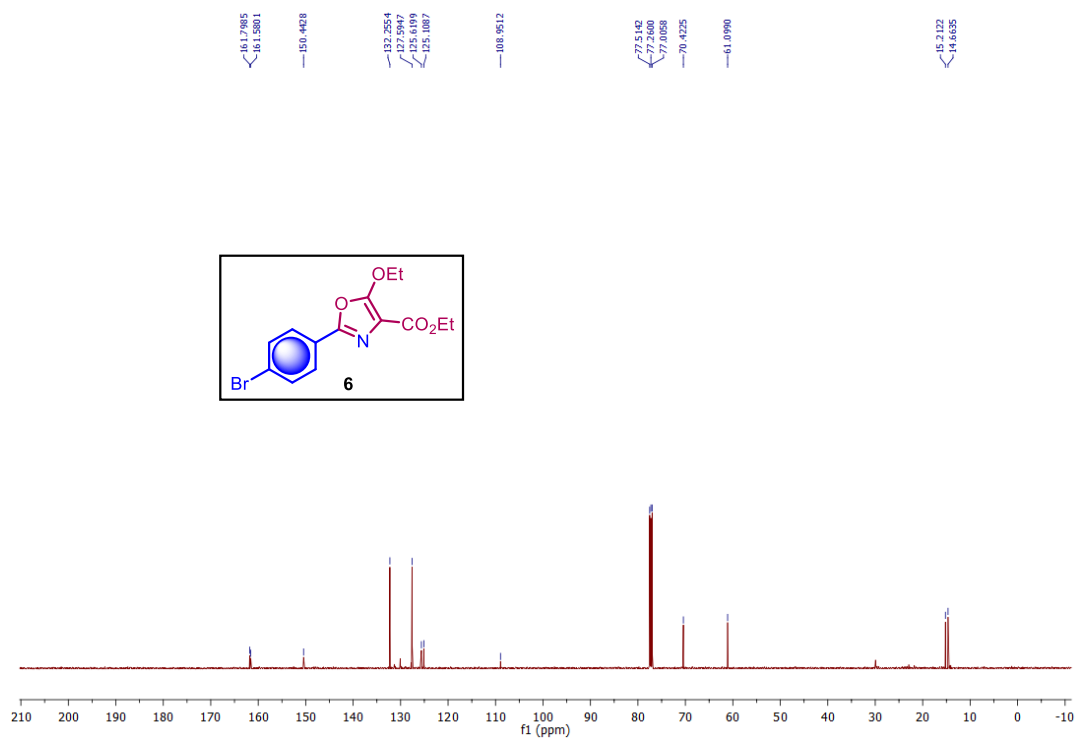


Ethyl 2-(4-bromophenyl)-5-ethoxyoxazole-4-carboxylate (**6**)

^1H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl_3 , 24 °C)

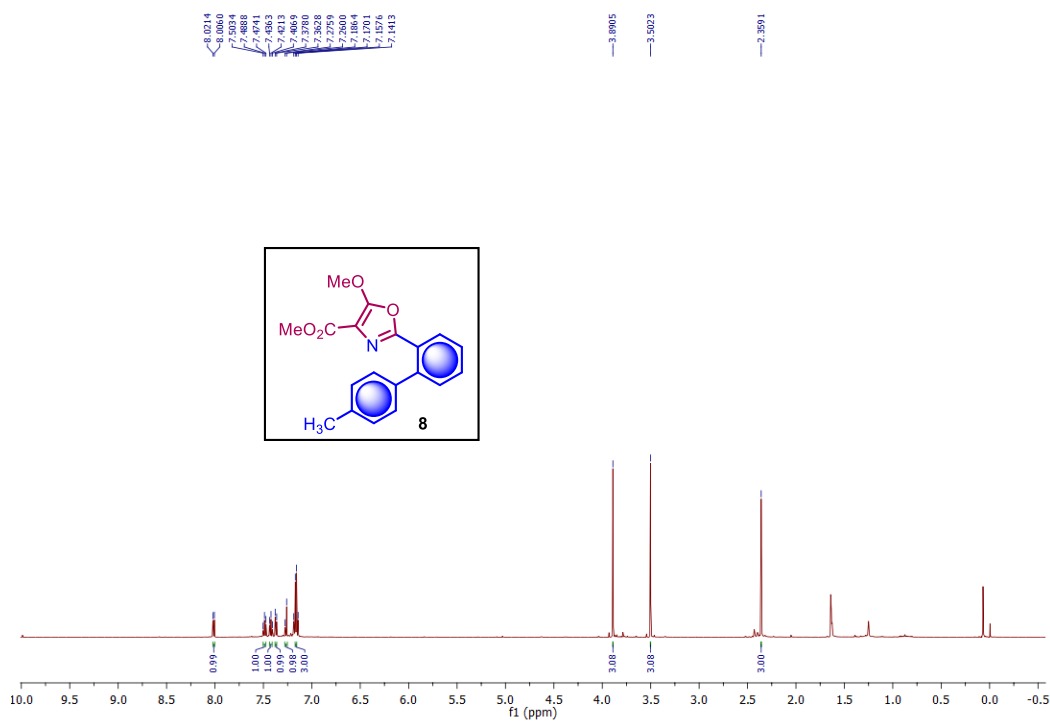


^{13}C { ^1H } NMR (126 MHz, CDCl_3 , 24 °C)



Methyl 5-methoxy-2-(4'-methyl-[1,1'-biphenyl]-2-yl)oxazole-4-carboxylate (**8**)

^1H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl_3 , 24 °C)



$^{13}\text{C}\{^1\text{H}\}$ NMR (126 MHz, CDCl_3 , 24 °C)

