

Catalytic Enantioselective Access to N(III)-Stereogenic Aziridines via Chiral Brønsted Acid-Catalyzed N–Cl Bond Formation

Yuting Zheng,[‡]^a Minghong Liao,[‡]^a Ge-Fei Hao,^a Lin-Hong Jin,^a Barana C. Jayawardana,^b B. Marambe,^c Qiang Xiong^{*a} and Xingxing Wu^{*a}

^a State Key Laboratory of Green Pesticide, Center for R&D of Fine Chemicals of Guizhou University, Guiyang, 550025, China.

^b Department of Animal Science, Faculty of Agriculture, University of Peradeniya, Peradeniya 20400, Sri Lanka.

^c Department of Crop Science, Faculty of Agriculture, University of Peradeniya, Peradeniya 20400, Sri Lanka.

E-mail: 2685848060@qq.com (Q. Xiong); wuxx@gzu.edu.cn (X. Wu)

Table of Contents

1. General information	3
2. Experimental section	4
2.1 Supplemental results on condition optimization.....	4
2.2 Typical procedure for the preparation of aziridines.....	5
2.3 Preparation of chiral chlorinated aziridines product (<i>R</i>)- 3	9
2.4 Determination of configuration of the obtained chiral product 3I	11
3. Characterizations of substrates and products	13
3.1 Characterization of substrates products	13
3.2 Characterization of N(III)-chiral products	18
3.3 References.....	27
3.4 Copies of ¹ H, ¹⁹ F and ¹³ C NMR spectra	28
3.5 HPLC traces of the obtained chiral products	63
3.6 Inversion barrier of 3a , 3b and 3I	79

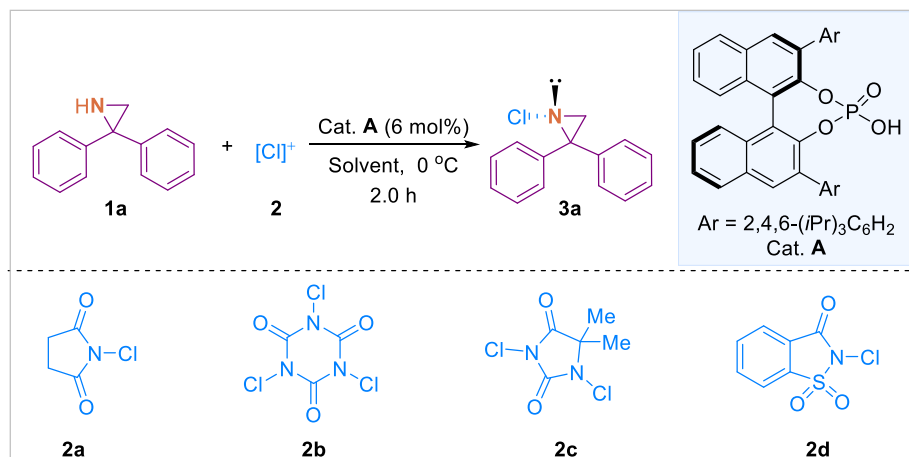
1. General information

Commercially available materials purchased from J&K or Energy Chemical were used as received. Unless otherwise specified, all reactions were carried out under nitrogen atmosphere in 10.0 mL dry screw cap vial. Proton nuclear magnetic resonance (^1H NMR) spectra were recorded on a Bruker (400 MHz) spectrometer. Chemical shifts were recorded in parts per million (ppm, δ) relative to tetramethylsilane ($\delta = 0.00$) or chloroform ($\delta = 7.26$, singlet). ^1H NMR splitting patterns are designated as singlet (s), doublet (d), triplet (t), quartet (q), dd (doublet of doublets); m (multiplets), and etc. All first-order splitting patterns were assigned based on the appearance of the multiplet. Splitting patterns that could not be easily interpreted are designated as multiplet (m) or broad (br). Carbon nuclear magnetic resonance (^{13}C NMR) spectra were recorded on a Bruker (400 MHz) spectrometer. Fluorine nuclear magnetic resonance (^{19}F NMR) spectra were recorded on a Bruker (AVANCE III HD 376 MHz) spectrometer. The melting points (m.p.) of the title compounds were determined when left untouched on a XT-4-MP apparatus from Beijing Tech. Instrument Co. (Beijing, China). High resolution mass spectral analysis (HRMS) was performed on a quadrupole/electrostatic field orbitrap mass spectrometer. The absolute configuration of the products was determined by X-ray crystallography. HPLC analyses were measured on Waters systems with Empower 3 system controller, Alliance 2695, and 2998 Diode Array Waters 2489 UV/Vis detector. Chiralcel brand chiral columns from Daicel Chemical Industries were used with models OD-H, AS-H, OJ-H, AD-H, IA, IB, IC, IE, IF in 4.6 \times 250 mm size. The racemic products used to determine the e.r. values were synthesized using racemic catalyst. Optical rotations were measured on an Insmark IP-digi Polarimeter in a 1 dm cuvette at 40 $^\circ\text{C}$. The concentration (c) is given in g/100 mL. Analytical thin-layer chromatography (TLC) was carried out pre-coated silica gel plate (0.2 mm thickness). Visualization was performed using a UV lamp.

2. Experimental section

2.1 Supplemental results on condition optimization

Table S1. Additional screening of oxidant and solvents^a

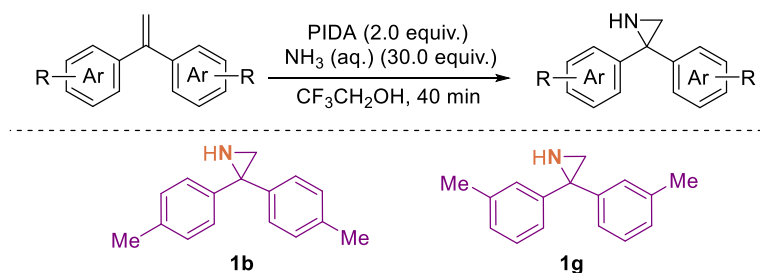


Entry	2	Solvent	T (°C)	Yield of 3a (%) ^b	E.r. ^c
1	2a	CH ₂ Cl ₂	r.t.	>95	30:70
2	2a	CH ₂ Cl ₂	0	>95	28:72
3	2a	CH ₂ Cl ₂	-10	>95	31:69
4	2a	CH ₂ Cl ₂	-20	>95	36:64
5	2a	CH ₂ Cl ₂	-30	>95	42:58
7	2b	CH ₂ Cl ₂	0	>95	43:57
8	2c	CH ₂ Cl ₂	0	>95	22:78
9	2d	CH ₂ Cl ₂	0	>95	34:66
10	2c	Tetrahydrofuran	0	>95	21:79
11	2c	Dibutyl ether	0	>95	15:85
12	2c	<i>n</i> -Propyl ether	0	>95	38:62
13	2c	<i>n</i> -octyl ether	0	>95	18:82
14	2c	Isopropyl ether	0	>95	22:78
15	2c	CPME	0	>95	12:88

^a The reactions were performed with **1a** (0.1 mmol, 19.6 mg, 1.0 equiv.), **2a–2d** (0.6–1.2 mmol, 0.6–1.2 equiv.), Cat. **A** (6 mol%, 4.5 mg), in solvent (2.0 mL) for 2.0 h; ^b Yield of **3a** was determined by ¹H NMR spectroscopy, based on **1a**, by using 1,3,5-trimethoxybenzene as an internal standard; ^c *E.r.* was determined by chiral HPLC analysis; CPME = Cyclopentyl methyl ether.

2.2 Typical procedure for the preparation of aziridines

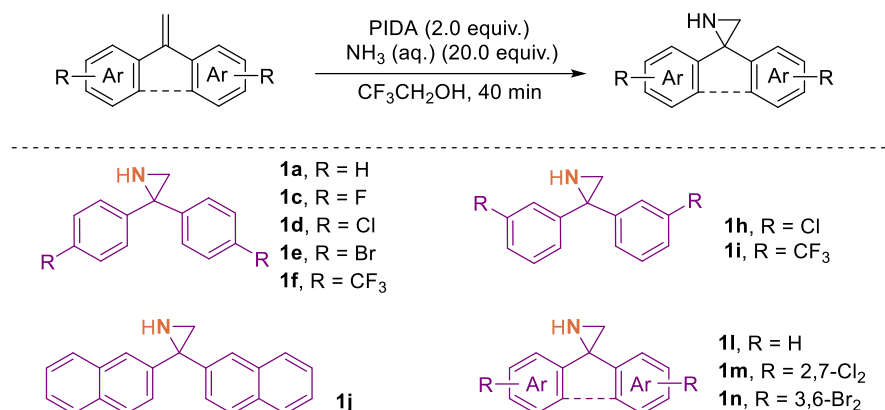
Scheme S1. General procedure A for the synthesis of aziridines **1b** and **1g**.¹



To a round bottom flask charged with a stir bar, were added the alkene (1.0 equiv., 0.35 mmol), and trifluoroethanol (0.7 mL). The solution was cooled down to 0 °C using an ice bath. Aqueous ammonia (15 M in H₂O, 30.0 equiv., 10.5 mmol) was added in one portion and immediately followed by (Diacetoxyiodo)benzene (PIDA, 2.0 equiv., 0.7 mmol). The flask was capped with a stopper. The reaction was stirred in the ice bath for 40 minutes and then stopped. The reaction mixture was diluted with diethyl ether (10.0 mL) and water (10.0 mL) and transferred to a separatory funnel where it was extracted three times with 30.0 mL of diethyl ether. The organic extracts were combined, dried over Na₂SO₄, filtered and concentrated in vacuo using a rotatory evaporator. The crude reaction mixture was purified by flash column chromatography on silica gel.¹

Note: It is important to titrate ammonia before use to make sure that the title is not below 14.5 M. In order to make sure that PIDA is added quickly enough, it is best to already have it weighed out in a vial, before ammonia is added.

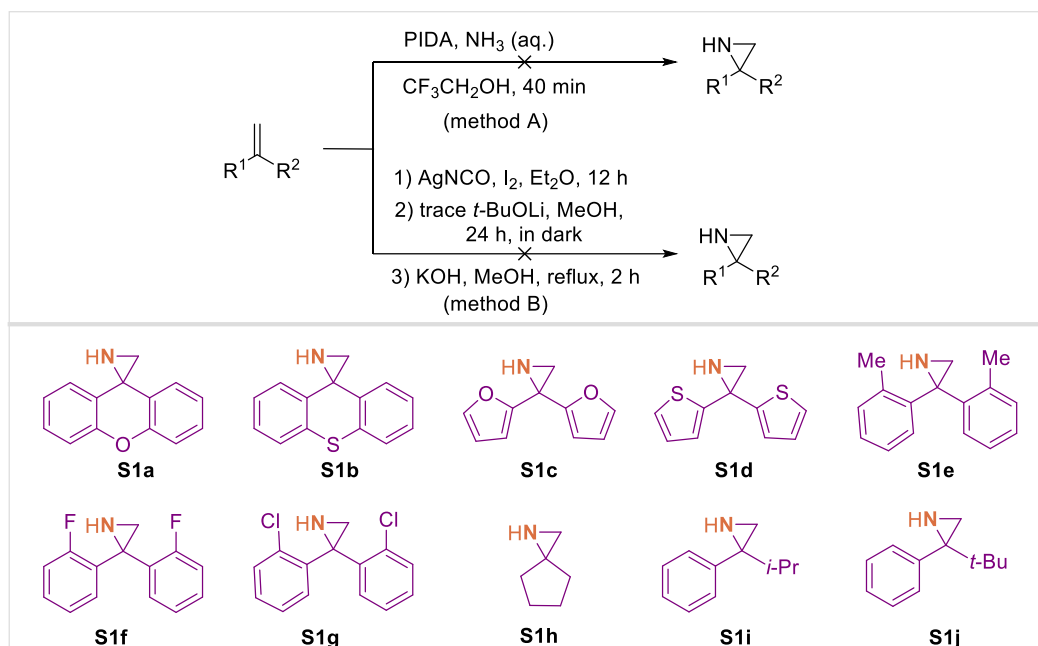
Scheme S2. General procedure B for the synthesis of aziridines **1a**, **1c–1f**, **1h–1j** and **1l–1n**



To a round bottom flask charged with a stir bar, were added the alkene (1.0 equiv., 0.35 mmol), and trifluoroethanol (0.7 mL). The solution was cooled down to 0 °C using an ice bath. Aqueous ammonia (6 M in H₂O, 20 equiv., 7 mmol) was added in one portion and immediately followed by PIDA (3 equiv., 1.05 mmol). The flask was capped with a stopper. The reaction was stirred in the ice bath for 40 minutes and then stopped. The reaction mixture was diluted with diethyl ether (10.0 mL) and water (10.0 mL) and transferred to a separatory funnel where it was extracted three times with 30 mL of diethyl ether. The organic extracts were combined, dried over Na₂SO₄, filtered and concentrated in vacuo using a rotatory evaporator. The crude reaction mixture was purified by flash column chromatography on silica gel.

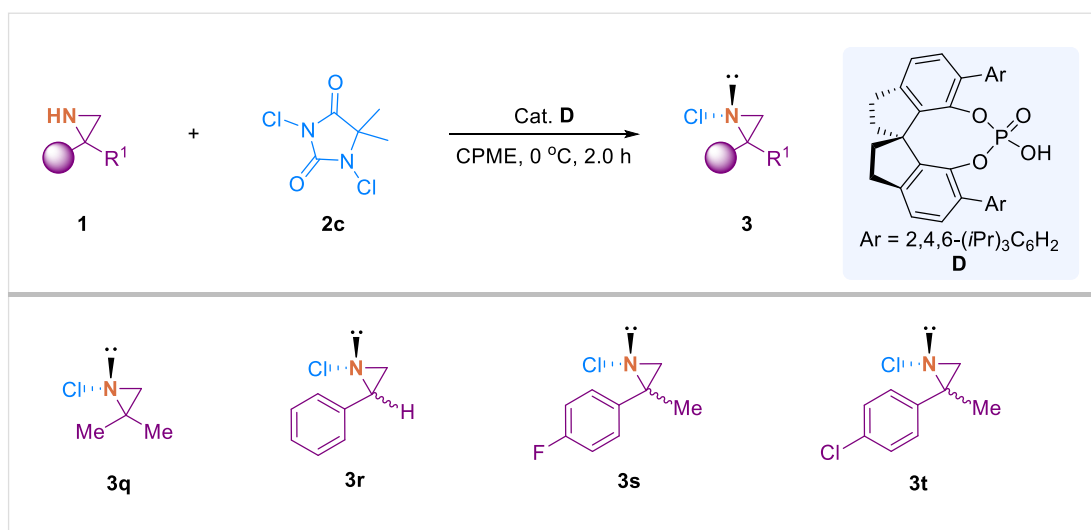
Note: 6 M ammonia should be freshly prepared by dilution of 15 M ammonia with the appropriate amount of distilled water. It is possible to add distilled water after the addition of trifluoroethanol and then proceed with the addition of 15 M ammonia and PIDA. In order to make sure that PIDA is added quickly enough, it is best to already have it weighed out in a vial, before ammonia is added.

Scheme S3. Unsuccessful aziridine substrates



Meanwhile, extensive efforts were directed toward synthesizing a diverse library of aziridines utilizing reported protocols (Method A and B)¹ (Scheme S3). This expanded scope encompassed substrates featuring heterocyclic (S1a, S1b) and bis(heteroaryl) (S1c, S1d) motifs, *ortho*-substituted aryl rings with electronically distinct groups (S1e, S1f, S1g), as well as various cyclic alkenyl (S1h), and unsymmetrical 2,2-disubstituted variants (S1i, S1j). Regrettably, these established methods consistently delivered either complex mixtures or unacceptably diminished yields, underscoring the synthetic challenge of these motifs.

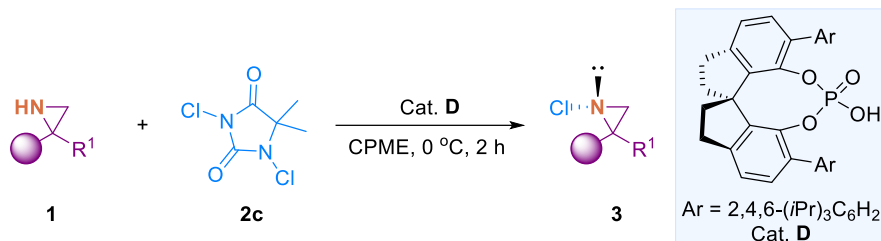
Scheme S4. Unsuccessful examples of chiral chlorinated aziridines 3



We subsequently evaluated the substrate scope regarding various 2,2-dialkyl, monoaryl, and unsymmetrical 2,2-disubstituted aziridines (Scheme S4). Under the optimized conditions, the commercially available 2,2-dimethylaziridine proved completely inert, with no desired product **3q** detectable by TLC or HRMS analysis. Conversely, while monoaryl-substituted substrates underwent smooth conversion to form the corresponding products (**3r–3t**), their enantiomeric components proved intractable to resolution via chiral HPLC analysis.

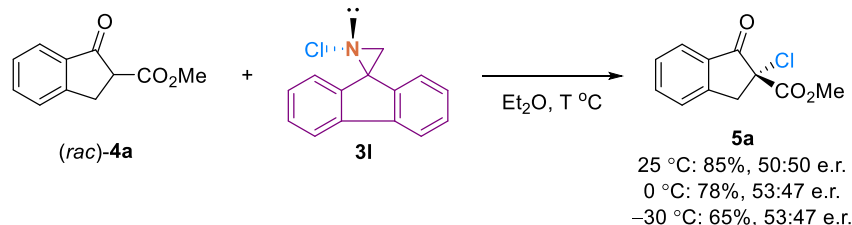
2.3 Preparation of chiral chlorinated aziridines product (*R*)-3

Scheme S5. General method for the synthesis of chiral chloroaziridines **3** (General procedure C)



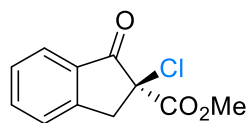
To a flask charged with compound **2c** (11.8 mg, 0.6 mmol, 0.6 equiv.) and Cat. **D** (6 mol%) was added the solvent CPME (2.0 mL). The reaction mixture was stirred at 0 °C for 30 min. Subsequently, compound **1** (19.6 mg, 0.1 mmol, 1 equiv.) was added, and stirring was continued at the same temperature for another 2 h. The reaction progress was monitored by TLC. Upon completion, the mixture was concentrated under reduced pressure to remove the solvent. The residue was purified by flash column chromatography (Petroleum ether/Ethyl acetate) to afford compound (*R*)-**3**.

Scheme S6. Synthetic application²



To evaluate the synthetic utility of the newly developed chiral chloroaziridines, we envisioned utilizing the obtained chloroaziridine **31** as a novel chiral chlorine source for asymmetric chlorination by selecting **4a** as the model substrate (Scheme S6). Initially, the reaction proceeded smoothly at room temperature to afford the racemic product **5a** in good yield. Upon lowering the temperature to 0 °C, a promising, albeit modest, enantioselectivity (53:47 *er*) was detected. Nevertheless, these preliminary results offer a proof-of-concept that chloroaziridines can serve as viable chiral chlorinating agents for asymmetric transformations.

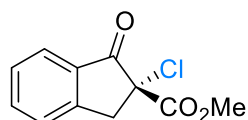
Determination of configuration of the chiral product **5a**



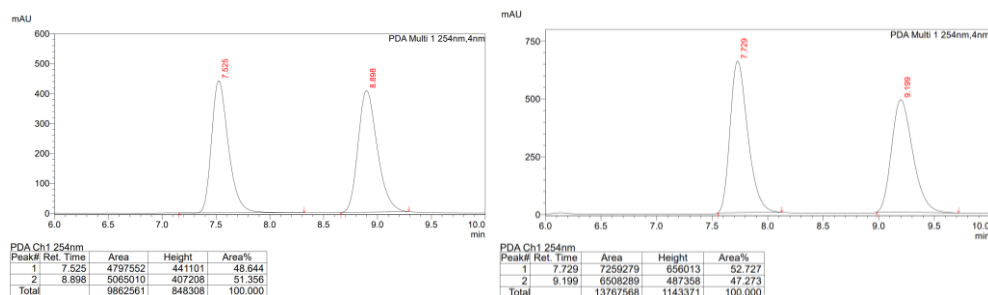
(*S*)-**5a** characterized by previous literature²:

HPLC analysis: 14:86 *e.r.* (Chiralcel OD-H 10:90 *i*-PrOH/*n*-Hexane, 1.0 mL/min), Rt (major) = 9.6 min, Rt (minor) = 8.1 min.

HPLC trace of product **5a** prepared by our method:



(*R*)-**5a**



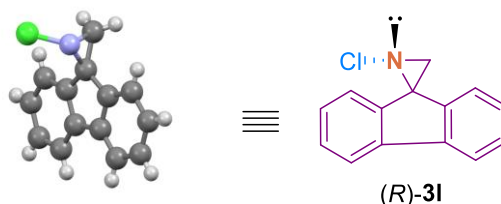
HPLC analysis: 53:47 *e.r.* (Chiralcel OD-H, 10:90 *i*-PrOH/*n*-Hexane, 1.0 mL/min), Rt (major) = 7.7 min, Rt (minor) = 9.2 min. By comparing the HPLC trace of **5a** with the literature reported title compound, it can be inferred that the absolute configuration of **5a** was (*R*).

2.4 Determination of configuration

Determination of configuration of the obtained chiral product 31

Stereochemistry determination of **31** via X-ray crystallographic analysis

Experimental. Single white plate-shaped crystals of the compound **31** were recrystallized from slow diffusion of Hex/THF solution. A suitable crystal with dimensions $0.23 \times 0.22 \times 0.19 \text{ mm}^3$ was selected and the crystal was mounted on a mylar loop in perfluoroether oil on a STOE STADIVARI Cu diffractometer. The crystal was kept at a steady $T = 298 \text{ K}$ during data collection. **CCDC 2525820** for (*R*)-**31** contains the supplementary crystallographic data that can be obtained free of charge from The Cambridge Crystallographic Data Centre via www.ccdc.cam.ac.uk/data_request/cif.



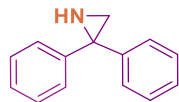
Compound	(<i>R</i>)- 31
Empirical formula	C ₁₄ H ₁₀ ClN
Formula weight	227.68
Temperature/K	298.00
Crystal system	orthorhombic
Space group	P2 ₁ 2 ₁ 2 ₁
<i>a</i> /Å	4.67020(10)
<i>b</i> /Å	12.4822(2)
<i>c</i> /Å	37.9133(7)
α /°	90
β /°	90
γ /°	90
Volume/Å ³	37.9133(7)
<i>Z</i>	8
$\rho_{\text{calc}}/\text{cm}^3$	1.369
μ/mm^{-1}	2.779

F(000)	944.0
Crystal size/mm ³	0.23 × 0.22 × 0.19
Radiation	CuK α ($\lambda = 1.54178$)
2 Θ range for data collection/ $^{\circ}$	4.662 to 136.468
Index ranges	-5 \leq h \leq 5, -15 \leq k \leq 14, -45 \leq l \leq 45
Reflections collected	21161
Independent reflections	4021 [$R_{\text{int}} = 0.0383$, $R_{\text{sigma}} = 0.0361$]
Data/restraints/parameters	4021/0/289
Goodness-of-fit on F^2	1.062
Final R indexes [$I \geq 2\sigma(I)$]	$R_1 = 0.0303$, $wR_2 = 0.0797$
Final R indexes [all data]	$R_1 = 0.0312$, $wR_2 = 0.0803$
Largest diff. peak/hole / e \AA^{-3}	0.11/-0.23
Flack parameter	0.055(4)

3. Characterizations of substrates and products

3.1 Characterization of substrates products

2,2-Diphenylaziridine (**1a**):



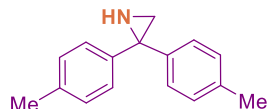
Prepared according to general procedure A, Flash column chromatography (Petroleum ether/Ethyl acetate = 30:1) to afford **1a**, colorless oil;

$^1\text{H NMR}$ (400 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 7.28 – 7.12 (m, 10H), 2.26 (s, 2H).

$^{13}\text{C NMR}$ (101 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 142.7, 128.4, 127.8, 127.2, 44.0, 35.5 ppm.

HRMS (ESI, m/z): calculated for $\text{C}_{14}\text{H}_{14}\text{N}^+$ $[\text{M} + \text{H}]^+$: 196.1126, found: 196.1113.

2,2-Di-*p*-tolylaziridine (**1b**):



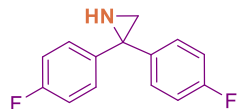
Prepared according to general procedure B. Flash column chromatography (Petroleum ether/Ethyl acetate = 30:1) to afford **1b**, colorless oil;

$^1\text{H NMR}$ (400 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 7.20 (d, $J = 8.4$ Hz, 4H), 7.09 (d, $J = 8.0$ Hz, 4H), 2.30 (s, 8H).

$^{13}\text{C NMR}$ (101 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 140.0, 136.8, 130.3, 129.1, 127.7, 126.2, 43.6, 35.5, 21.2 ppm.

HRMS (ESI, m/z): calculated for $\text{C}_{16}\text{H}_{18}\text{N}^+$ $[\text{M} + \text{H}]^+$: 224.1439, found: 224.1437.

2,2-Bis(4-fluorophenyl)aziridine (**1c**):



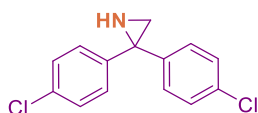
Prepared according to general procedure B. Flash column chromatography (Petroleum ether/Ethyl acetate = 30:1) to afford **1c**, colorless oil;

$^1\text{H NMR}$ (400 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 7.19 (m, 4H), 6.88 (m, 4H), 2.22 (s, 2H).

$^{13}\text{C NMR}$ (101 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 162.0 (d, $J = 246.1$ Hz), 138.4 (d, $J = 3.3$ Hz), 129.4 (d, $J = 8.0$ Hz), 115.3 (d, $J = 21.4$ Hz), 42.9, 35.5.

HRMS (ESI, m/z): calculated for $\text{C}_{14}\text{H}_{11}\text{F}_2\text{N}^+$ $[\text{M} + \text{H}]^+$: 232.0938, found: 232.0933.

2,2-Bis(4-chlorophenyl)aziridine (**1d**):



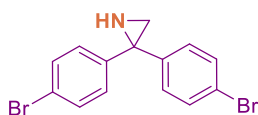
Prepared according to general procedure B. Flash column chromatography (Petroleum ether/Ethyl acetate = 40:1) to afford **1d**, colorless oil;

$^1\text{H NMR}$ (400 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 7.35 – 7.21 (m, 8H), 2.34 (s, 2H).

$^{13}\text{C NMR}$ (101 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 140.8, 133.4, 129.2, 128.8, 43.1, 35.6. ppm.

HRMS (ESI, m/z): calculated for $\text{C}_{14}\text{H}_{12}\text{Cl}_2\text{N}^+$ [$\text{M} + \text{H}$] $^+$: 264.0347, found: 264.0338.

2,2-Bis(4-bromophenyl)aziridine (**1e**):



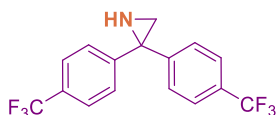
Prepared according to general procedure B. Flash column chromatography (Petroleum ether/Ethyl acetate = 30:1) to afford **1e**, colorless oil;

$^1\text{H NMR}$ (400 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 7.43 (d, $J = 8.8$ Hz, 4H), 7.19 (d, $J = 8.4$ Hz, 4H), 2.34 (s, 2H).

$^{13}\text{C NMR}$ (101 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 141.3, 131.7, 129.6, 121.5, 43.2, 35.5 ppm.

HRMS (ESI, m/z): calculated for $\text{C}_{14}\text{H}_{12}\text{Br}_2\text{N}^+$ [$\text{M} + \text{H}$] $^+$: 351.9316, found: 351.9312.

2,2-Bis(4-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl)aziridine (**1f**):



Prepared according to general procedure B. Flash column chromatography (Petroleum ether/Ethyl acetate = 30:1) to afford **1f**, colorless oil;

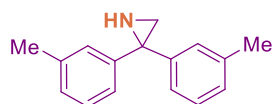
$^1\text{H NMR}$ (400 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 7.60 (d, $J = 8.0$ Hz, 4H), 7.46 (d, $J = 8.0$ Hz, 4H), 2.44 (s, 2H).

$^{13}\text{C NMR}$ (101 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 145.9, 130.0 (q, $J = 32.3$ Hz), 128.3, 125.7 (d, $J = 3.9$ Hz), 124.2 (q, $J = 272.0$ Hz), 43.5, 35.7.

$^{19}\text{F NMR}$ (377 MHz, CDCl_3) δ -62.6 ppm.

HRMS (ESI, m/z): calculated for $\text{C}_{16}\text{H}_{12}\text{F}_6\text{N}^+$ [$\text{M} + \text{H}$] $^+$: 332.0874, found: 332.0863.

2,2-Di-*m*-tolylaziridine (**1g**):



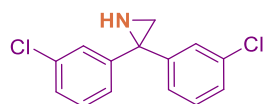
Prepared according to general procedure A. Flash column chromatography (Petroleum ether/Ethyl acetate = 30:1) to afford **1g**, colorless oil;

$^1\text{H NMR}$ (400 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 7.22 – 7.15 (m, 4H), 7.13 (dt, $J = 7.6, 1.6$ Hz, 2H), 7.08 – 7.03 (m, 2H), 2.34 (s, 8H).

$^{13}\text{C NMR}$ (101 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 142.8, 138.1, 128.4, 128.3, 128.0, 125.0, 44.0, 35.4, 21.5 ppm.

HRMS (ESI, m/z): calculated for $\text{C}_{16}\text{H}_{18}\text{N}^+$ $[\text{M} + \text{H}]^+$: 224.1439, found: 224.1435.

2,2-Bis(3-chlorophenyl)aziridine (**1h**):



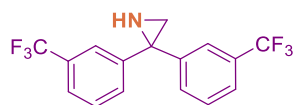
Prepared according to general procedure B. Flash column chromatography (Petroleum ether/Ethyl acetate = 30:1) to afford **1h**, colorless oil;

$^1\text{H NMR}$ (400 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 7.34 (m, 2H), 7.25 (m, 4H), 7.23 – 7.20 (m, 2H), 2.36 (s, 2H).

$^{13}\text{C NMR}$ (101 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 144.1, 134.6, 129.9, 128.0, 127.8, 126.2, 43.4, 35.5 ppm.

HRMS (ESI, m/z): calculated for $\text{C}_{14}\text{H}_{12}\text{Cl}_2\text{N}^+$ $[\text{M} + \text{H}]^+$: 264.0347, found: 264.0339.

2,2-Bis(3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl)aziridine (**1i**):



Prepared according to general procedure B. Flash column chromatography (Petroleum ether/Ethyl acetate = 30:1) to afford **1i**, colorless oil;

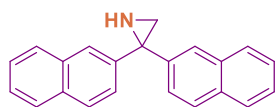
$^1\text{H NMR}$ (400 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 7.65 (s, 2H), 7.54 (m, 4H), 7.45 (m, 2H), 2.60 (s, 2H).

$^{13}\text{C NMR}$ (101 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 143.0, 131.9 – 130.7 (m, 1C), 129.3, 124.5, 124.1 (q, $J = 272.4$ Hz), 43.6, 35.6.

$^{19}\text{F NMR}$ (377 MHz, CDCl_3) δ -62.6 ppm.

HRMS (ESI, m/z): calculated for $\text{C}_{16}\text{H}_{12}\text{F}_6\text{N}^+$ $[\text{M} + \text{H}]^+$: 332.0874, found: 332.0868.

2,2-Di(naphthalen-2-yl)aziridine (**1j**):



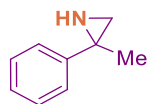
Prepared according to general procedure B. Flash column chromatography (Petroleum ether/Ethyl acetate = 30:1) to afford **1j**, yellow oil;

$^1\text{H NMR}$ (400 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 7.9 (d, $J = 1.81$ Hz, 2H), 7.9 – 7.8 (m, 6H), 7.6 – 7.5 (m, 6H), 2.6 (s, 2H).

$^{13}\text{C NMR}$ (101 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 140.0, 133.3, 132.7, 128.4, 128.1, 127.8, 126.7, 126.4, 126.1, 126.0, 44.5, 35.6 ppm.

HRMS (ESI, m/z): calculated for $\text{C}_{22}\text{H}_{18}\text{N}^+$ [$\text{M} + \text{H}$] $^+$: 296.1439, found: 296.1442.

2-Methyl-2-phenylaziridine (**1k**):

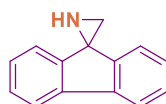


Prepared according to general procedure B. Flash column chromatography (Petroleum ether/Ethyl acetate = 30:1) to afford **1k**, colorless oil;

$^1\text{H NMR}$ (400 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 7.42 – 7.29 (m, 4H), 7.26 – 7.20 (m, 1H), 1.95 (s, 2H), 1.61 (s, 3H).

HRMS (ESI, m/z): calculated for $\text{C}_9\text{H}_{12}\text{N}^+$ [$\text{M} + \text{H}$] $^+$: 134.0970, found: 134.0968.

Spiro[aziridine-2,9'-fluorene] (**1l**):



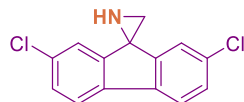
Prepared according to general procedure B. Flash column chromatography (Petroleum ether/Ethyl acetate = 30:1) to afford **1l**, pale yellow oil;

$^1\text{H NMR}$ (400 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 7.83 – 7.76 (m, 2H), 7.40 (m, 2H), 7.31 (m, 2H), 7.22 – 7.03 (m, 2H), 2.78 (d, $J = 61.2$ Hz, 2H).

$^{13}\text{C NMR}$ (101 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 144.5, 128.0, 127.5, 120.4, 44.0, 36.0 ppm.

HRMS (ESI, m/z): calculated for $\text{C}_{14}\text{H}_{12}\text{N}^+$ [$\text{M} + \text{H}$] $^+$: 194.0970, found: 194.0962.

2',7'-Dichlorospiro[aziridine-2,9'-fluorene] (1m):



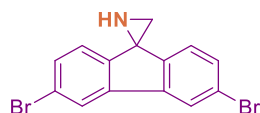
Prepared according to general procedure B. Flash column chromatography (Petroleum ether/Ethyl acetate = 30:1) to afford **1m**, yellow solid;

$^1\text{H NMR}$ (400 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 7.59 (d, $J = 8.1$ Hz, 2H), 7.33 (dd, $J = 8.1, 1.9$ Hz, 2H), 7.09 (s, 2H), 2.74 (s, 2H).

$^{13}\text{C NMR}$ (101 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 146.2, 138.1, 133.6, 128.4, 121.4, 43.7, 36.3 ppm.

HRMS (ESI, m/z): calculated for $\text{C}_{14}\text{H}_{10}\text{Cl}_2\text{N}^+$ [$\text{M} + \text{H}$] $^+$: 262.0190, found: 262.0184.

3',6'-Dibromospiro[aziridine-2,9'-fluorene] (1n):



Prepared according to general procedure B. Flash column chromatography (Petroleum ether/Ethyl acetate = 30:1) to afford **1n**, yellow solid. m.p. 153.1 – 155.2 °C;

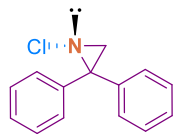
$^1\text{H NMR}$ (400 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 7.84 (d, $J = 1.8$ Hz, 2H), 7.44 (dd, $J = 8.1, 1.8$ Hz, 2H), 7.01 (s, 2H), 2.76 (s, 2H).

$^{13}\text{C NMR}$ (101 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 143.5, 130.9, 124.0, 122.1, 43.7, 36.0 ppm.

HRMS (ESI, m/z): calculated for $\text{C}_{14}\text{H}_{10}\text{Br}_2\text{N}^+$ [$\text{M} + \text{H}$] $^+$: 349.9180, found: 349.9186.

3.2 Characterization of N(III)-chiral products

(*R*)-1-Chloro-2,2-diphenylaziridine (**3a**):



Prepared according to general procedure C. Flash column chromatography (Petroleum ether/Ethyl acetate = 50:1) to afford **3a**, colorless oil (18.6 mg, 81% yield); $R_f = 0.34$ (Petroleum ether/Ethyl acetate = 50:1);

$^1\text{H NMR}$ (400 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 7.40 (m, 5H), 7.24 (m, 5H), 3.06 (d, $J = 3.2$ Hz, 1H), 2.81 (d, $J = 3.2$ Hz, 1H).

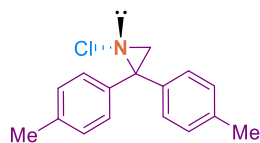
$^{13}\text{C NMR}$ (101 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 141.7, 137.1, 131.3, 128.8, 128.4, 127.5, 127.3, 55.4, 50.2 ppm.

HRMS (ESI, m/z): calculated for $\text{C}_{14}\text{H}_{13}\text{ClN}^+$ $[\text{M} + \text{H}]^+$: 230.0737, found: 230.0731.

$[\alpha]_D^{25} = -159.9$ ($c = 0.13$ in CHCl_3).

HPLC analysis: 96:4 *e.r.* (Chiralcel OJ-H 10:90 *i*-PrOH/*n*-Hexane, 1.0 mL/min), 40 °C (major) = 14.2 min, (minor) = 13.1 min.

(*R*)-1-Chloro-2,2-di-*p*-tolylaziridine (**3b**):



Prepared according to general procedure C. Flash column chromatography (Petroleum ether/Ethyl acetate = 50:1) to afford **3b**, colorless oil (22.1 mg, 86% yield); $R_f = 0.34$ (Petroleum ether/Ethyl acetate = 50:1);

$^1\text{H NMR}$ (400 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 7.30 (m, 2H), 7.23 (m, 2H), 7.14 (d, $J = 8.4$ Hz, 2H), 7.08 (d, $J = 8.0$ Hz, 2H), 3.03 (d, $J = 3.2$ Hz, 1H), 2.78 (d, $J = 3.2$ Hz, 1H), 2.40 (s, 3H), 2.31 (s, 3H).

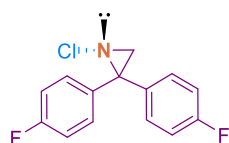
$^{13}\text{C NMR}$ (101 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 138.9, 138.5, 137.1, 134.2, 131.0, 129.0, 128.9, 127.1, 55.0, 50.1, 21.3, 21.1 ppm.

HRMS (ESI, m/z): calculated for $\text{C}_{16}\text{H}_{17}\text{ClN}^+$ $[\text{M} + \text{H}]^+$: 258.1050, found: 258.1034.

$[\alpha]_D^{25} = -26.8$ ($c = 0.3$ in CHCl_3).

HPLC analysis: 97:3 *e.r.* (Chiralcel OD-H 5:95 *i*-PrOH/*n*-Hexane, 0.5 mL/min), R_t (major) = 7.8 min, R_t (minor) = 8.7 min.

(R)-1-Chloro-2,2-bis(4-fluorophenyl)aziridine (3c):



Prepared according to general procedure C. Flash column chromatography (Petroleum ether/Ethyl acetate = 50:1) to afford **3c**, colorless oil (26.6 mg, 80% yield); $R_f = 0.34$ (Petroleum ether/Ethyl acetate = 50:1);

$^1\text{H NMR}$ (400 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 7.55 – 7.33 (m, 2H), 7.26 – 7.16 (m, 2H), 7.15 – 7.09 (m, 2H), 7.03 – 6.91 (m, 2H), 3.02 (d, $J = 3.2$ Hz, 1H), 2.78 (d, $J = 3.2$ Hz, 1H).

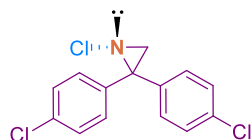
$^{13}\text{C NMR}$ (101 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 162.9 (d, $J = 248.7$ Hz), 162.2 (d, $J = 247.0$ Hz), 137.3 (d, $J = 3.1$ Hz), 133.0 (d, $J = 8.4$ Hz), 132.9 (d, $J = 3.2$ Hz), 128.9 (d, $J = 8.1$ Hz), 115.6 (d, $J = 18.9$ Hz), 115.4 (d, $J = 18.6$ Hz), 54.2, 50.4 ppm.

$^{19}\text{F NMR}$ (377 MHz, CDCl_3) δ -112.2, -114.5 ppm.

HRMS (ESI, m/z): calculated for $\text{C}_{14}\text{H}_{11}\text{ClF}_2\text{N}^+$ $[\text{M} + \text{H}]^+$: 266.0548, found: 266.0542. $[\alpha]_D^{25} = -115.3$ ($c = 0.13$ in CHCl_3).

HPLC analysis: 95:5 *e.r.* (Chiralcel OJ-H 20:80 *i*-PrOH/*n*-Hexane, 1.0 mL/min), R_t (major) = 8.5min, R_t (minor) = 6.3 min.

(R)-1-Chloro-2,2-bis(4-chlorophenyl)aziridine (3d):



Prepared according to general procedure C. Flash column chromatography (Petroleum ether/Ethyl acetate = 50:1) to afford **3d**, colorless oil (24.1 mg, 81% yield); $R_f = 0.34$ (Petroleum ether/Ethyl acetate = 50:1);

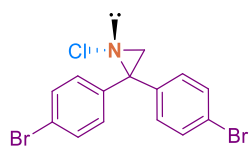
$^1\text{H NMR}$ (400 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 7.43 – 7.37 (m, 2H), 7.36 – 7.28 (m, 2H), 7.28 – 7.21 (m, 2H), 7.22 – 7.12 (m, 2H), 3.02 (d, $J = 3.2$ Hz, 1H), 2.77 (d, $J = 3.2$ Hz, 1H).

$^{13}\text{C NMR}$ (101 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 139.7, 135.2, 135.1, 133.7, 132.5, 128.8, 128.7, 128.6, 54.3, 50.3 ppm.

HRMS (ESI, m/z): calculated for $\text{C}_{14}\text{H}_{11}\text{Cl}_3\text{N}^+$ $[\text{M} + \text{H}]^+$: 297.9957, found: 297.9951. $[\alpha]_D^{25} = -74.4$ ($c = 0.2$ in CHCl_3).

HPLC analysis: 95:5 *e.r.* (Chiralcel OJ-H 20:80 *i*-PrOH/*n*-Hexane, 1.0 mL/min), R_t (major) = 6.3 min, R_t (minor) = 6.9 min.

(R)-2,2-Bis(4-bromophenyl)-1-chloroaziridine (3e):



Prepared according to general procedure C. Flash column chromatography (Petroleum ether/Ethyl acetate = 40:1) to afford **3e**, colorless oil (27.1 mg, 70% yield); $R_f = 0.32$ (Petroleum ether/Ethyl acetate = 40:1);

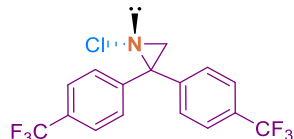
$^1\text{H NMR}$ (400 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 7.67 – 7.49 (m, 2H), 7.44 – 7.33 (m, 2H), 7.30 – 7.20 (m, 2H), 7.15 – 7.05 (m, 2H), 3.02 (d, $J = 3.2$ Hz, 1H), 2.76 (d, $J = 3.2$ Hz, 1H).

$^{13}\text{C NMR}$ (101 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 140.2, 135.6, 132.8, 131.8, 131.6, 128.9, 123.4, 121.9, 54.4, 50.2 ppm.

HRMS (ESI, m/z): calculated for $\text{C}_{14}\text{H}_{11}\text{Br}_2\text{ClN}^+$ $[\text{M} + \text{H}]^+$: 385.8947, found: 385.8936 $[\alpha]_D^{25} = -38.8$ ($c = 0.3$ in CHCl_3).

HPLC analysis: 98:2 *e.r.* (Chiralcel OJ-H 5:95 *i*-PrOH/*n*-Hexane, 1.0 mL/min), R_t (major) = 8.2 min, R_t (minor) = 9.9 min.

(R)-1-Chloro-2,2-bis(4-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl)aziridine (3f):



Prepared according to general procedure C. Flash column chromatography (Petroleum ether/Ethyl acetate = 50:1) to afford **3f**, colorless oil (29.6 mg, 81% yield); $R_f = 0.30$ (Petroleum ether/Ethyl acetate = 50:1);

$^1\text{H NMR}$ (400 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 7.72 (d, $J = 8.4$ Hz, 2H), 7.54 (t, $J = 8.6$ Hz, 4H), 7.37 (d, $J = 8.4$ Hz, 2H), 3.13 (d, $J = 3.2$ Hz, 1H), 2.85 (d, $J = 3.2$ Hz, 1H).

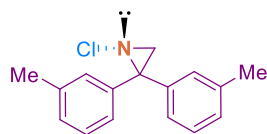
$^{13}\text{C NMR}$ (101 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 144.7, 140.1, 131.7, 131.3 (d, $J = 32.7$ Hz), 130.7, 130.2 (d, $J = 32.5$ Hz), 127.7, 125.7 (dq, $J = 3.7$ Hz), 124.0 (q, $J = 272.2$ Hz), 124.0 (q, $J = 272.3$ Hz), 54.6, 50.2.

$^{19}\text{F NMR}$ (377 MHz, CDCl_3) δ -62.68, -62.75 ppm.

HRMS (ESI, m/z): calculated for $\text{C}_{16}\text{H}_{10}\text{ClF}_6\text{N}^+$ $[\text{M} + \text{H}]^+$: 366.0484, found: 366.0478. $[\alpha]_D^{25} = -89.8$ ($c = 0.4$ in CHCl_3).

HPLC analysis: 97:3 *e.r.* (Chiralcel OJ-H 5:95 *i*-PrOH/*n*-Hexane, 1.0 mL/min), R_t (major) = 4.9 min, R_t (minor) = 6.0 min.

(R)-1-Chloro-2,2-di-*m*-tolylaziridine (3g):



Prepared according to general procedure C. Flash column chromatography (Petroleum ether/Ethyl acetate = 50:1) to afford **3g**, colorless oil (19.4 mg, 75% yield); $R_f = 0.40$ (Petroleum ether/Ethyl acetate = 50:1).

$^1\text{H NMR}$ (400 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 7.41 – 7.31 (m, 2H), 7.25 – 7.12 (m, 4H), 7.11 – 7.01 (m, 2H), 3.07 (d, $J = 2.8$ Hz, 1H), 2.83 (d, $J = 2.8$ Hz, 1H), 2.43 (s, 3H), 2.34 (s, 3H).

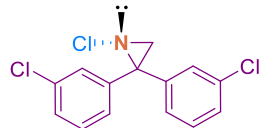
$^{13}\text{C NMR}$ (101 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 141.8, 138.1, 138.0, 137.2, 131.8, 129.5, 128.3, 128.3, 128.2, 127.7, 124.6, 55.5, 50.0, 21.57, 21.65 ppm.

HRMS (ESI, m/z): calculated for $\text{C}_{16}\text{H}_{17}\text{ClN}^+$ [$\text{M} + \text{H}$] $^+$: 258.1050, found: 258.1040.

$[\alpha]_D^{25} = -98.0$ ($c = 0.1$ in CHCl_3).

HPLC analysis: 96:4 *e.r.* (Chiralcel OJ-H 5:95 *i*-PrOH/*n*-Hexane, 1.0 mL/min), R_t (major) = 9.3 min, R_t (minor) = 7.5 min.

(R)-1-Chloro-2,2-bis(3-chlorophenyl)aziridine (3h):



Prepared according to general procedure C. Flash column chromatography (Petroleum ether/Ethyl acetate = 50:1) to afford **3h**, colorless oil (24.1 mg, 81% yield); $R_f = 0.34$ (Petroleum ether/Ethyl acetate = 50:1);

$^1\text{H NMR}$ (400 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 7.45 – 7.31 (m, 3H), 7.30 – 7.24 (m, 2H), 7.23 – 7.17 (m, 2H), 7.15 – 7.07 (m, 1H), 3.02 (d, $J = 3.2$ Hz, 1H), 2.76 (d, $J = 3.2$ Hz, 1H).

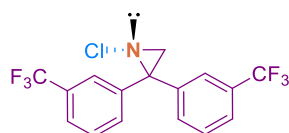
$^{13}\text{C NMR}$ (101 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 143.0, 138.4, 134.5, 134.4, 131.1, 129.8, 129.8, 129.5, 129.3, 128.0, 127.3, 54.4, 50.0 ppm.

HRMS (ESI, m/z): calculated for $\text{C}_{14}\text{H}_{11}\text{Cl}_3\text{N}^+$ [$\text{M} + \text{H}$] $^+$: 297.9957, found: 297.9943.

$[\alpha]_D^{25} = -45.1$ ($c = 0.13$ in CHCl_3).

HPLC analysis: 96:4 *e.r.* (Chiralcel OJ-H 1:99 *i*-PrOH/*n*-Hexane, 1.0 mL/min), R_t (major) = 6.9 min, R_t (minor) = 6.3 min.

(R)-1-Chloro-2,2-bis(3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl)aziridine (3i):



Prepared according to general procedure C. Flash column chromatography (Petroleum ether/Ethyl acetate = 50:1) to afford **3i**, colorless oil (28.7 mg, 79% yield); $R_f = 0.32$ (Petroleum ether/Ethyl acetate = 50:1);

$^1\text{H NMR}$ (400 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 7.73 – 7.65 (m, 2H), 7.61 – 7.58 (m, 2H), 7.57 – 7.52 (m, 2H), 7.44 – 7.40 (m, 2H), 3.13 (d, $J = 3.6$ Hz, 1H), 2.86 (d, $J = 3.2$ Hz, 1H).

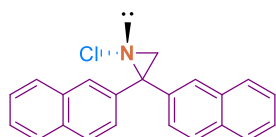
$^{13}\text{C NMR}$ (101 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 141.9, 137.4, 134.8, 131.22 (q, $J = 33.3$ Hz), 131.20 (q, $J = 32.3$ Hz), 130.9, 129.3, 129.2, 127.7 (d, $J = 3.8$ Hz), 126.1 (q, $J = 3.7$ Hz), 124.9 (q, $J = 3.7$ Hz), 124.0 (q, $J = 272.5$ Hz), 123.9 (q, $J = 272.5$ Hz), 123.8 (q, $J = 3.9$ Hz), 54.6, 50.2.

$^{19}\text{F NMR}$ (377 MHz, CDCl_3) δ -62.6, -62.7 ppm.

HRMS (ESI, m/z): calculated for $\text{C}_{16}\text{H}_{10}\text{ClF}_6\text{N}^+$ $[\text{M} + \text{H}]^+$: 366.0484, found: 366.0480. $[\alpha]_D^{25} = -68.5$ ($c = 0.2$ in CHCl_3).

HPLC analysis: 97:3 *e.r.* (Chiralcel OJ-H 5:95 *i*-PrOH/*n*-Hexane, 0.4 mL/min), R_t (major) = 12.3 min, R_t (minor) = 14.2 min.

(R)-1-Chloro-2,2-di(naphthalen-2-yl)aziridine (3j):



Prepared according to general procedure C. Flash column chromatography (Petroleum ether/Ethyl acetate = 50:1) to afford **3j**, yellow oil (25.6 mg, 78% yield); $R_f = 0.32$ (Petroleum ether/Ethyl acetate = 50:1);

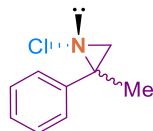
$^1\text{H NMR}$ (400 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 8.0 (d, $J = 1.7$ Hz, 1H), 7.9 – 7.8 (m, 4H), 7.8 – 7.7 (m, 3H), 7.6 – 7.5 (m, 3H), 7.5 – 7.4 (m, 2H), 7.4 – 7.3 (m, 1H), 3.3 (d, $J = 3.1$ Hz, 1H), 3.0 (d, $J = 3.14$ Hz, 1H).

$^{13}\text{C NMR}$ (101 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 138.9, 134.7, 133.4, 133.2, 133.0, 132.8, 130.4, 128.8, 128.4, 128.2, 128.2, 128.0, 127.7, 126.9, 126.6, 126.5, 126.4, 126.3, 125.2, 55.9, 50.3 ppm.

HRMS (ESI, m/z): calculated for $\text{C}_{22}\text{H}_{18}\text{ClN}^+$ $[\text{M} + \text{H}]^+$: 330.1044, found: 330.1039. $[\alpha]_D^{25} = -44.9$ ($c = 0.3$ in CHCl_3).

HPLC analysis: 96:4 *e.r.* (Chiralcel OD-H 1:99 *i*-PrOH/*n*-Hexane, 1.0 mL/min), Rt (major) = 5.7 min, Rt (minor) = 7.0 min.

(R)-1-Chloro-2-methyl-2-phenylaziridine (3k):



Minor diastereoisomer:

Prepared according to general procedure C. Flash column chromatography (Petroleum ether/Ethyl acetate = 50:1) to afford the minor diastereoisomer of **3k**, colorless oil (29% yield); R_f = 0.40 (Petroleum ether/Ethyl acetate = 50:1);

$^1\text{H NMR}$ (400 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 7.36 – 7.33 (m, 4H), 7.30 – 7.26 (m, 1H), 2.71 (d, J = 2.8 Hz, 1H), 2.37 (d, J = 2.8 Hz, 1H), 1.91 (s, 3H).

$^{13}\text{C NMR}$ (101 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 141.4, 128.5, 127.6, 126.5, 49.7, 20.9 ppm.

HRMS (ESI, m/z): calculated for $\text{C}_9\text{H}_{11}\text{ClN}^+$ [$\text{M} + \text{H}$] $^+$: 168.0580, found: 168.0573
 $[\alpha]_D^{25}$ = -106.0 (c = 0.1 in CHCl_3).

HPLC analysis: 95:5 *e.r.* (Chiralcel OJ-H 5:95 *i*-PrOH/*n*-Hexane, 1.0 mL/min), Rt (major) = 9.1 min, Rt (minor) = 10.3 min.

Major diastereoisomer:

Prepared according to general procedure C. Flash column chromatography (Petroleum ether/Ethyl acetate = 50:1) to afford the major diastereoisomer of **3k**, colorless oil (46% yield); R_f = 0.34 (Petroleum ether/Ethyl acetate = 50:1);

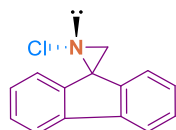
$^1\text{H NMR}$ (400 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 7.43 – 7.32 (m, 5H), 2.65 (d, J = 3.2 Hz, 1H), 2.58 (d, J = 3.2 Hz, 1H), 1.60 (s, 3H).

$^{13}\text{C NMR}$ (101 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 138.5, 129.6, 128.57, 128.63, 128.4, 126.6, 47.9, 25.9 ppm.

HRMS (ESI, m/z): calculated for $\text{C}_9\text{H}_{11}\text{ClN}^+$ [$\text{M} + \text{H}$] $^+$: 168.0580, found: 168.0568,
 $[\alpha]_D^{25}$ = -19.6 (c = 0.4 in CHCl_3).

HPLC analysis: 73:27 *e.r.* (Chiralcel OJ-H 5:95 *i*-PrOH/*n*-Hexane, 1.0 mL/min), Rt (major) = 14.6 min, Rt (minor) = 11.1 min.

(R)-1-Chlorospiro[aziridine-2,9'-fluorene] (3l):



Prepared according to general procedure C. Flash column chromatography (Petroleum ether/Ethyl acetate = 40:1) to afford **3l**, white solid (20.1 mg, 88% yield); $R_f = 0.34$ (Petroleum ether/Ethyl acetate = 5:1). m.p. 100.8 – 102.7 °C;

$^1\text{H NMR}$ (400 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 7.80 (d, $J = 7.2$ Hz, 1H), 7.74 (d, $J = 7.6$ Hz, 1H), 7.59 (d, $J = 7.6$ Hz, 1H), 7.53 – 7.46 (m, 1H), 7.45 – 7.40 (m, 1H), 7.39 – 7.34 (m, 1H), 7.33 – 7.28 (m, 1H), 7.12 (m, 1H), 3.43 (d, $J = 3.2$ Hz, 1H), 3.27 (d, $J = 3.2$ Hz, 1H).

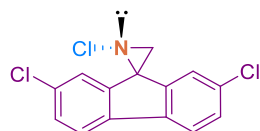
$^{13}\text{C NMR}$ (101 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 142.6, 140.9, 138.3, 129.2, 129.1, 127.9, 126.6, 125.1, 121.5, 120.6, 120.2, 53.6, 49.7 ppm.

HRMS (ESI, m/z): calculated for $\text{C}_{14}\text{H}_{11}\text{ClN}^+$ $[\text{M} + \text{H}]^+$: 228.0580, found: 228.0570.

$[\alpha]_D^{25} = +16.7$ ($c = 0.13$ in CHCl_3).

HPLC analysis: 98:2 *e.r.* (Chiralcel OJ-H 5:95 *i*-PrOH/*n*-Hexane, 1.0 mL/min), R_t (major) = 10.5 min, R_t (minor) = 9.5 min.

(R)-1,2',7'-Trichlorospiro[aziridine-2,9'-fluorene] (3m):



Prepared according to general procedure C. Flash column chromatography (Petroleum ether/Ethyl acetate = 40:1) to afford **3m**, yellow solid (26.4 mg, 89% yield); $R_f = 0.44$ (Petroleum ether/Ethyl acetate = 40:1). m.p. 161.4 – 163.4 °C;

$^1\text{H NMR}$ (400 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 7.66 (m, 1H), 7.60 (m, 1H), 7.55 (m, 1H), 7.45 (m, 1.9 Hz, 1H), 7.38 (m, 1H), 7.07 (m, 1H), 3.42 (d, $J = 3.6$ Hz, 1H), 3.25 (d, $J = 3.2$ Hz, 1H).

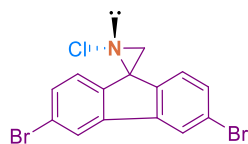
$^{13}\text{C NMR}$ (101 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 144.2, 139.9, 139.8, 138.2, 134.0, 132.7, 129.4, 129.4, 125.4, 122.1, 121.4, 121.2, 52.8, 49.9 ppm.

HRMS (ESI, m/z): calculated for $\text{C}_{14}\text{H}_9\text{Cl}_3\text{N}^+$ $[\text{M} + \text{H}]^+$: 295.9801, found: 295.9788.

$[\alpha]_D^{25} = +6.0$ ($c = 0.1$ in CHCl_3).

HPLC analysis: 97:3 *e.r.* (Chiralcel OJ-H 1:99 *i*-PrOH/*n*-Hexane, 1.0 mL/min), R_t (major) = 9.2 min, R_t (minor) = 8.5 min.

(R)-3',6'-Dibromo-1-chlorospiro[aziridine-2,9'-fluorene] (3n):



Prepared according to general procedure C. Flash column chromatography (Petroleum ether/Ethyl acetate = 40:1) to afford **3n**, yellow solid (25.1 mg, 65% yield); $R_f = 0.28$ (Petroleum ether/Ethyl acetate = 40:1); m.p. 140.6 – 142.6 °C.

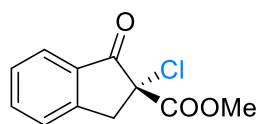
$^1\text{H NMR}$ (400 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 7.89 (d, $J = 1.8$ Hz, 1H), 7.83 (d, $J = 1.8$ Hz, 1H), 7.50 (dd, $J = 8.2, 1.8$ Hz, 1H), 7.46 – 7.41 (m, 2H), 6.97 (m, 1H), 3.42 (d, $J = 3.6$ Hz, 1H), 3.26 (d, $J = 3.2$ Hz, 1H).

Note: Owing to the poor solubility of this compound in a range of deuterated solvents (CDCl_3 , MeOD, $\text{DMSO-}d_6$, and acetone- d_6), a satisfactory $^{13}\text{C NMR}$ spectrum could not be obtained.

HRMS (ESI, m/z): calculated for $\text{C}_{14}\text{H}_{10}\text{Br}_2\text{ClN}^+ [\text{M} + \text{H}]^+$: 387.8770, found: 387.8774. $[\alpha]_D^{25} = -14.7$ ($c = 0.1$ in CHCl_3).

HPLC analysis: 86:14 *e.r.* (Chiralcel OJ-H, 20:80 *i*-PrOH/*n*-Hexane, 1.0 mL/min), R_t (major) = 11.3 min, R_t (minor) = 13.7 min.

(R)-Methyl 2-chloro-1-oxo-2,3-dihydro-1H-indene-2-carboxylate (5a)



Prepared according to general procedure. Flash column chromatography (Petroleum ether/Ethyl acetate = 6:1) to afford **5a**, yellow solid (17.7 mg, 79% yield); $R_f = 0.4$ (Petroleum ether/Ethyl acetate = 10:1);

$^1\text{H NMR}$ (400 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 7.9 (d, $J = 7.70$ Hz, 1H), 7.8 – 7.7 (m, 1H), 7.5 (d, $J = 7.8$ Hz, 2H), 4.1 (d, $J = 17.8$ Hz, 1H), 3.8 (s, 3H), 3.6 (d, $J = 17.8$ Hz, 1H).

$^{13}\text{C NMR}$ (101 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 195.1, 167.8, 150.7, 136.6, 132.5, 128.8, 126.4, 126.1, 68.0, 54.2, 43.5 ppm.

HRMS (ESI, m/z): calculated for $\text{C}_{11}\text{H}_9\text{Cl}_2\text{O}_3^+$ $[\text{M} + \text{H}]^+$: 225.0318, found: 225.0317.

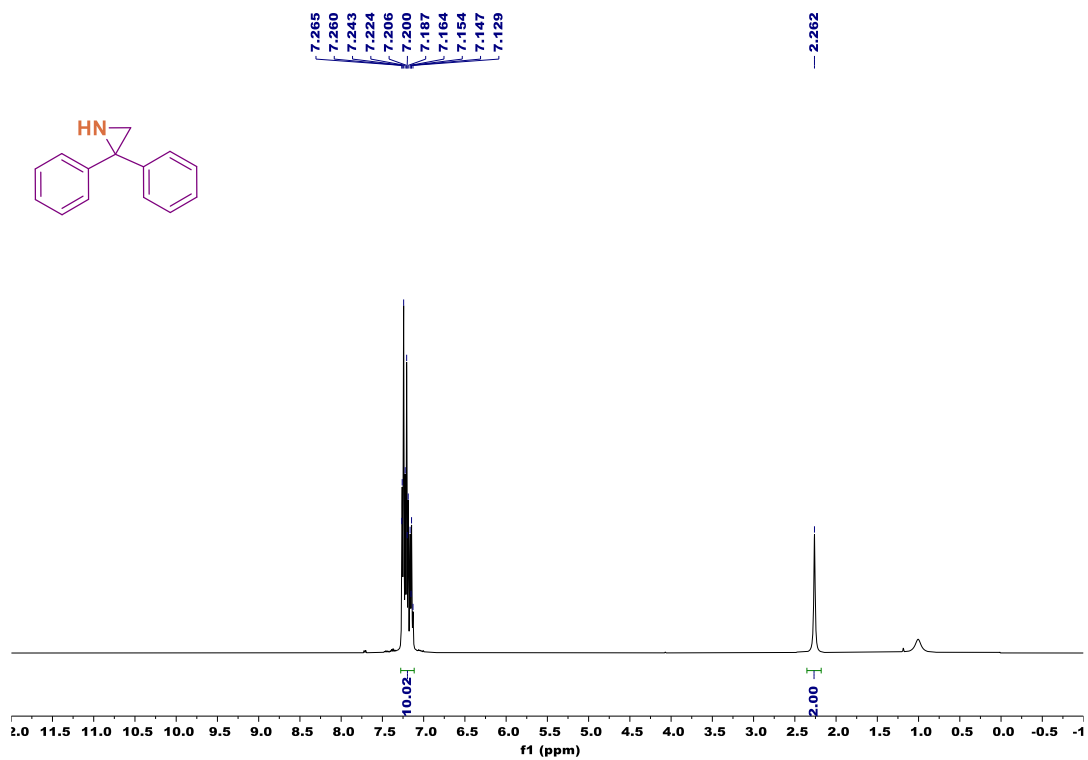
HPLC analysis: 53:47 *e.r.* (Chiralcel OD-H, 10:90 *i*-PrOH/*n*-Hexane, 1.0 mL/min), R_t (major) = 7.7 min, R_t (minor) = 9.2 min.

3.3 References

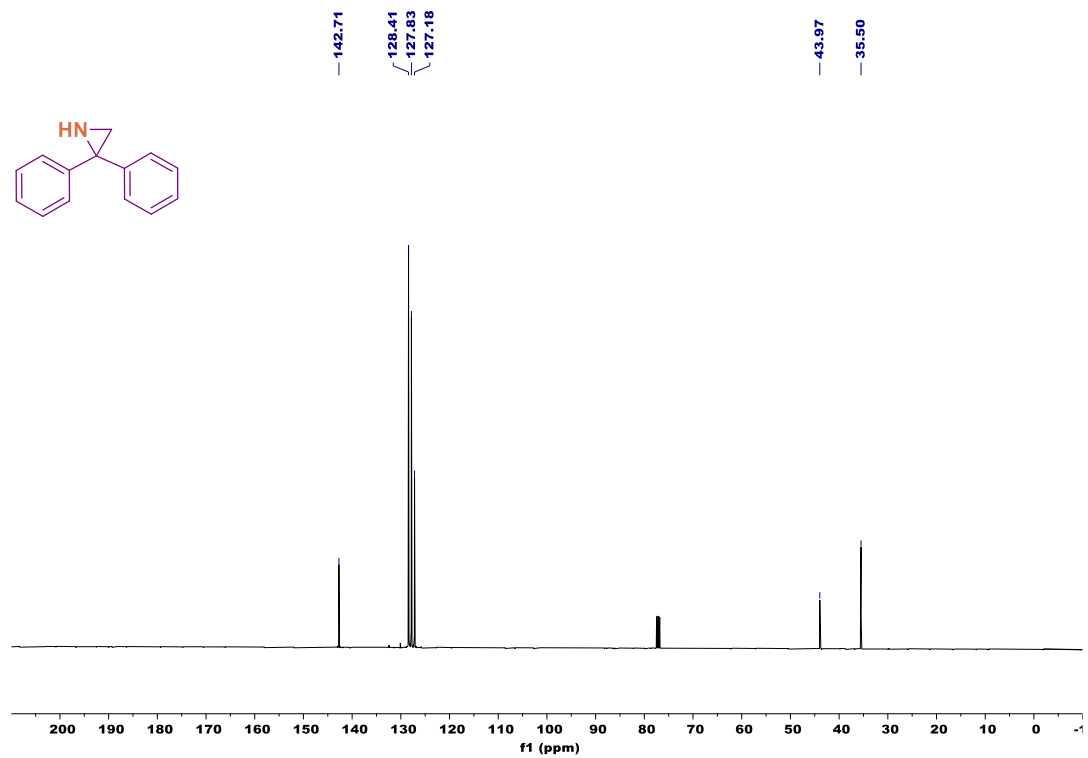
1. (a) Y. Gelato, L. Marraffa, F. Pasca, P. Natho, G. Romanazzi, A. Tota, M. Colella, R. Luisi. Iodonitrene-Mediated Nitrogen Transfer to Alkenes for the Direct Synthesis of NH-Aziridines. *J. Am. Chem. Soc.* **2025**, *147*, 35567–35575; (b) Q. Wu, J. Xu. Regio- and stereoselective synthesis of thiazoline derivatives via the thioketene-induced ring expansion of aziridines. *Chem. Commun.* **2022**, *58*, 2714–2717.
2. S. Wu, P. Chen, M. Duan, P.-Y. Jiang, Q. Zhou, S.-H. Xiang, K. N. Houk and B. Tan. Controlling pyramidal nitrogen chirality by asymmetric organocatalysis. *Nature*. **2025**, *647*, 897-905.
3. C. Song, C. Pang, Y. Deng, H. Cai, X. Gan, Y. R. Chi, Catalytic N-Acylation for Access to N-N Atropisomeric N-Aminoindoles: Choice of Acylation Reagents and Mechanistic Insights. *ACS Catal.* **2024**, *14*, 6926–6935.

3.4 Copies of ^1H , ^{19}F and ^{13}C NMR spectra

2,2-Diphenylaziridine (1a):

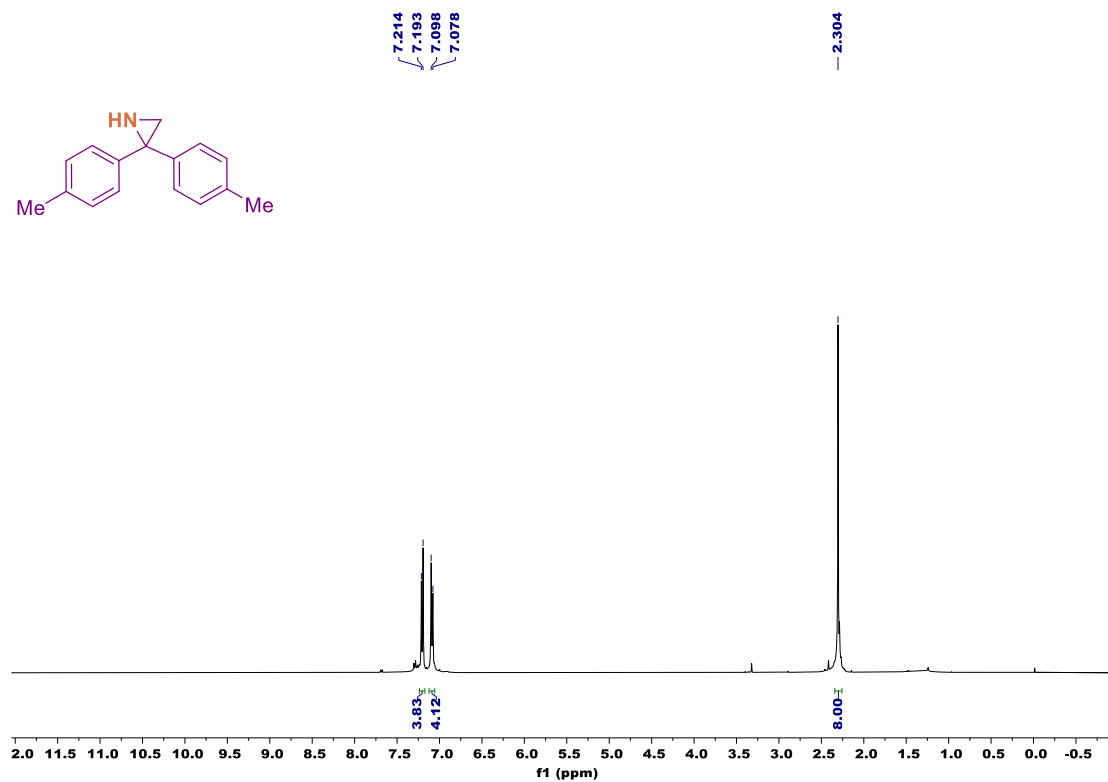


^1H NMR spectrum of **1a** (400 MHz, CDCl_3)

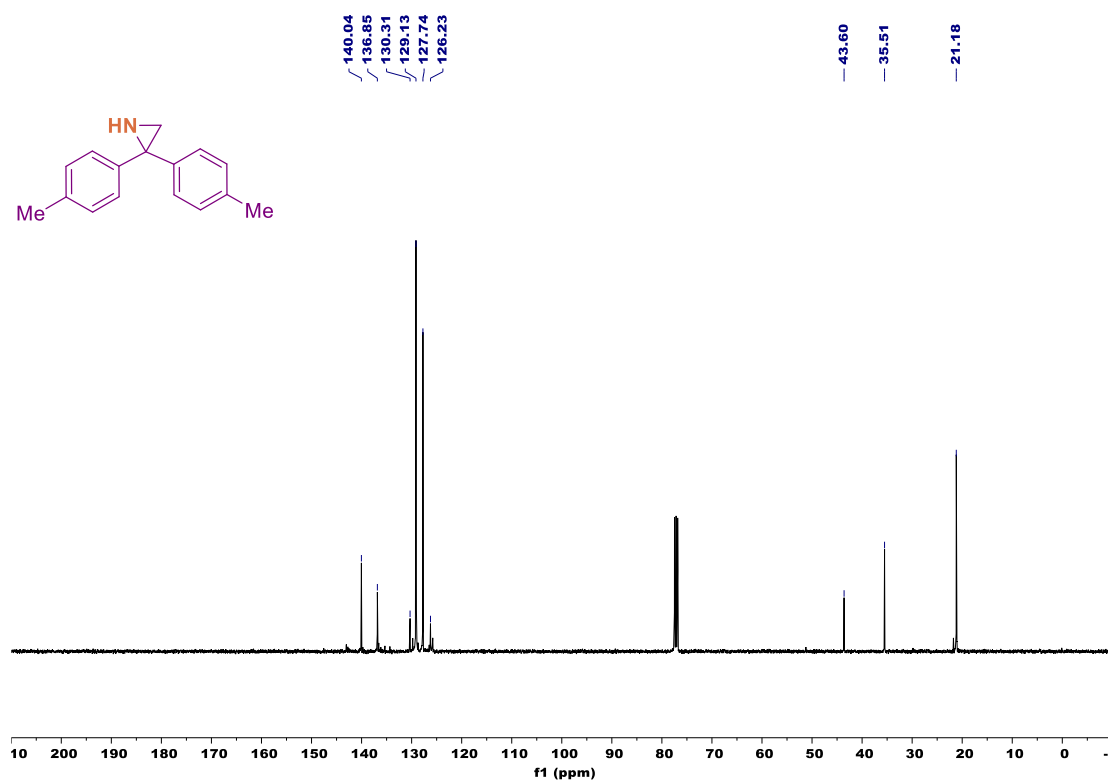


^{13}C NMR spectrum of **1a** (101 MHz, CDCl_3)

2,2-Di-*p*-tolylaziridine (1b):

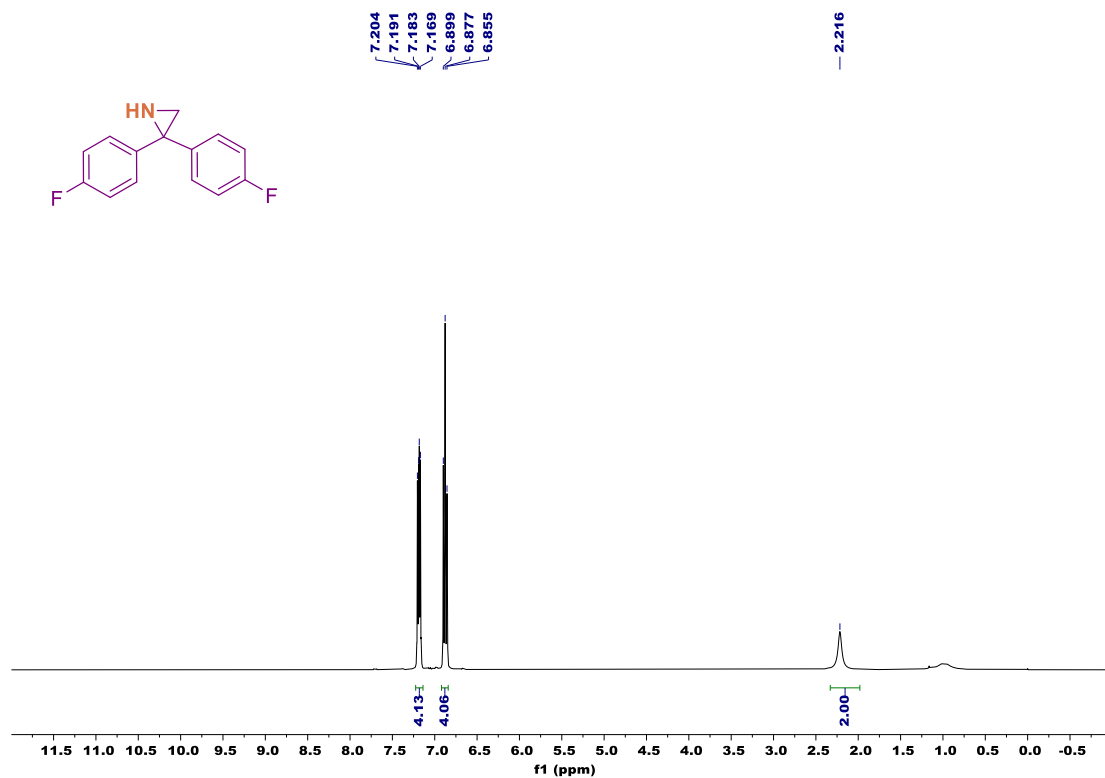


¹H NMR spectrum of **1b** (400 MHz, CDCl₃)

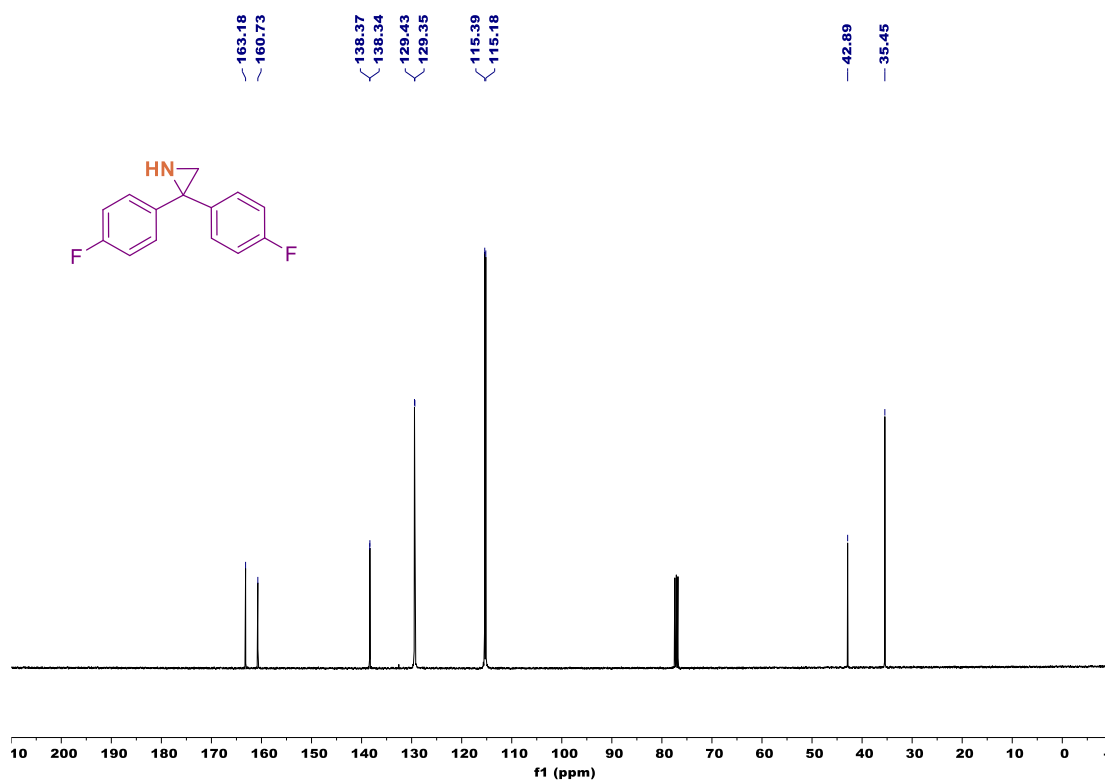


¹³C NMR spectrum of **1b** (101 MHz, CDCl₃)

2,2-Di(4-fluorophenyl)aziridine (**1c**):

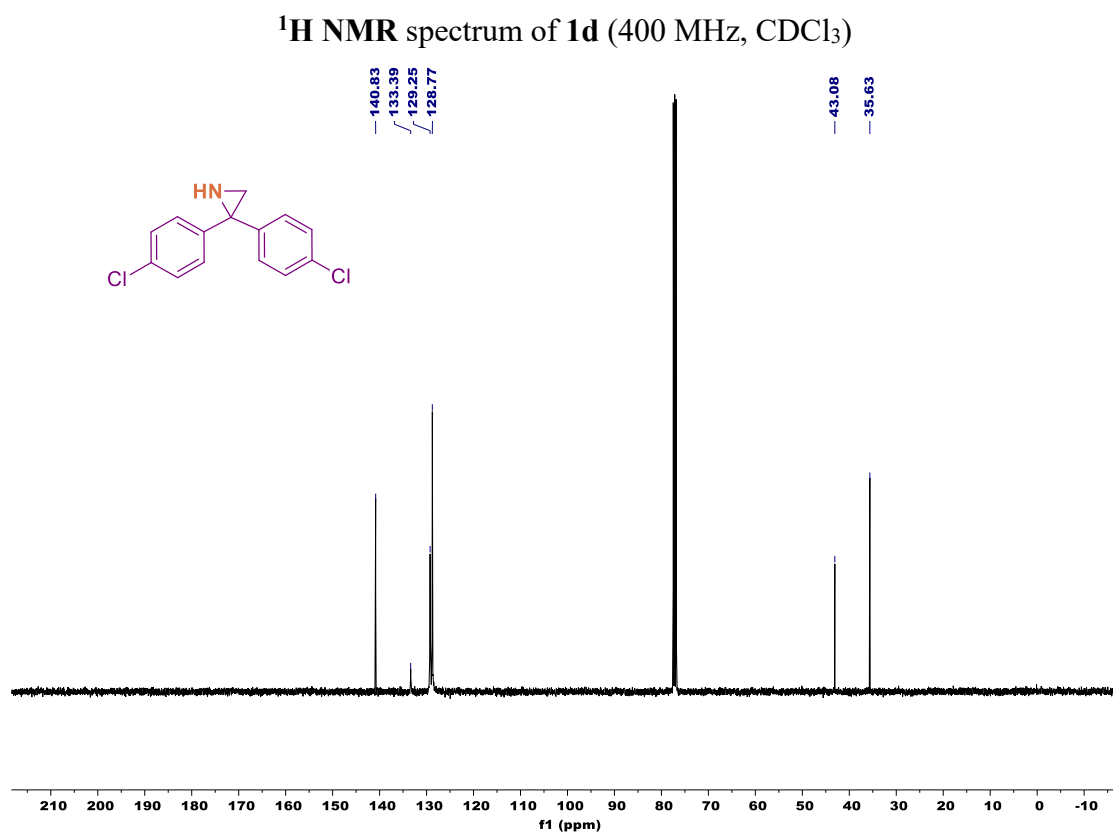
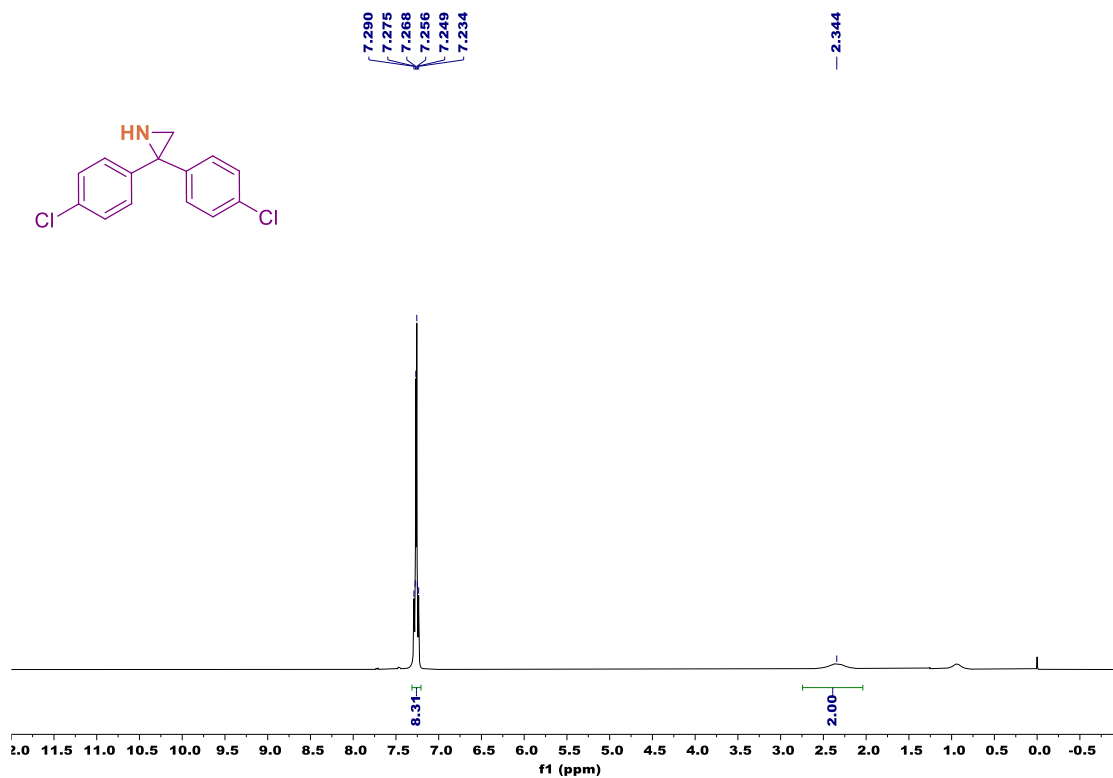


¹H NMR spectrum of **1c** (400 MHz, CDCl₃)

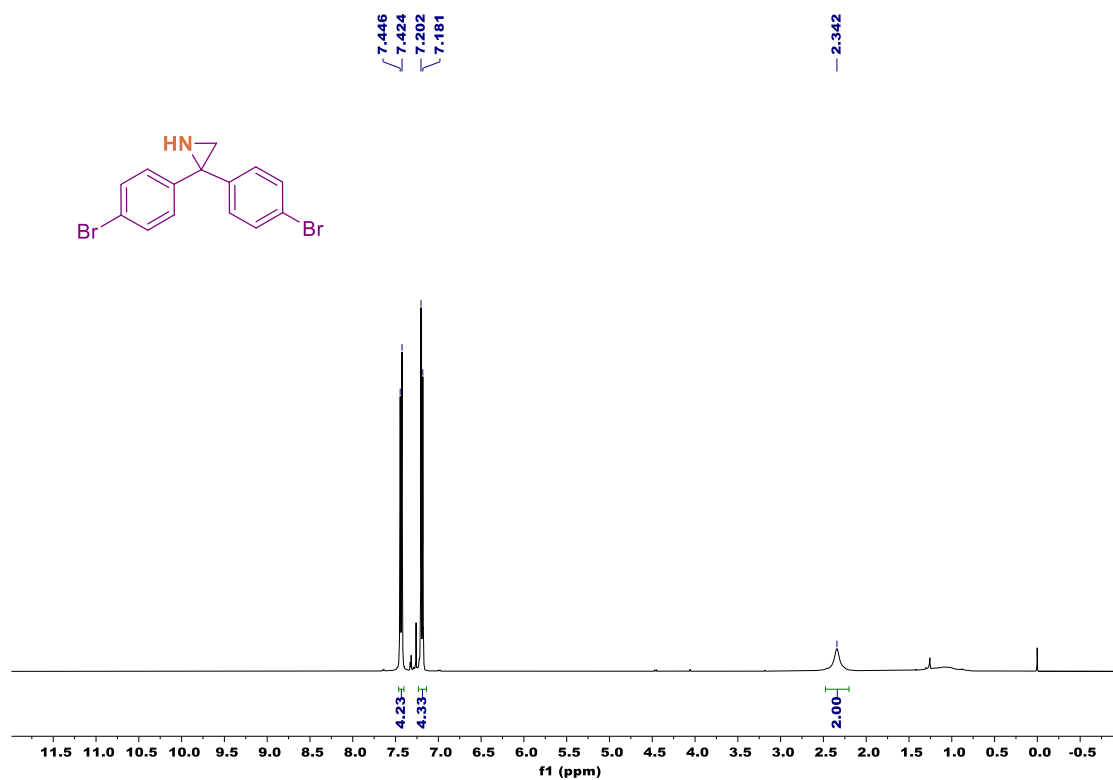


¹³C NMR spectrum of **1c** (101 MHz, CDCl₃)

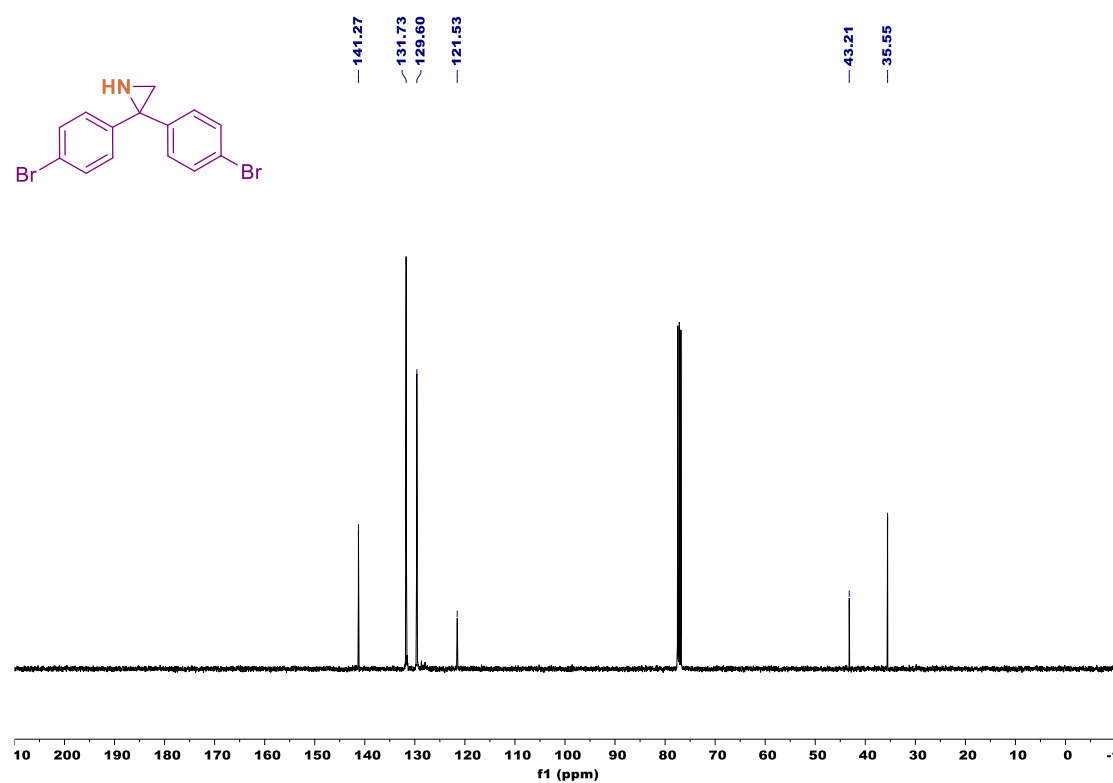
2,2-Bis(4-chlorophenyl)aziridine (1d):



2,2-Bis(4-bromophenyl)aziridine (1e):

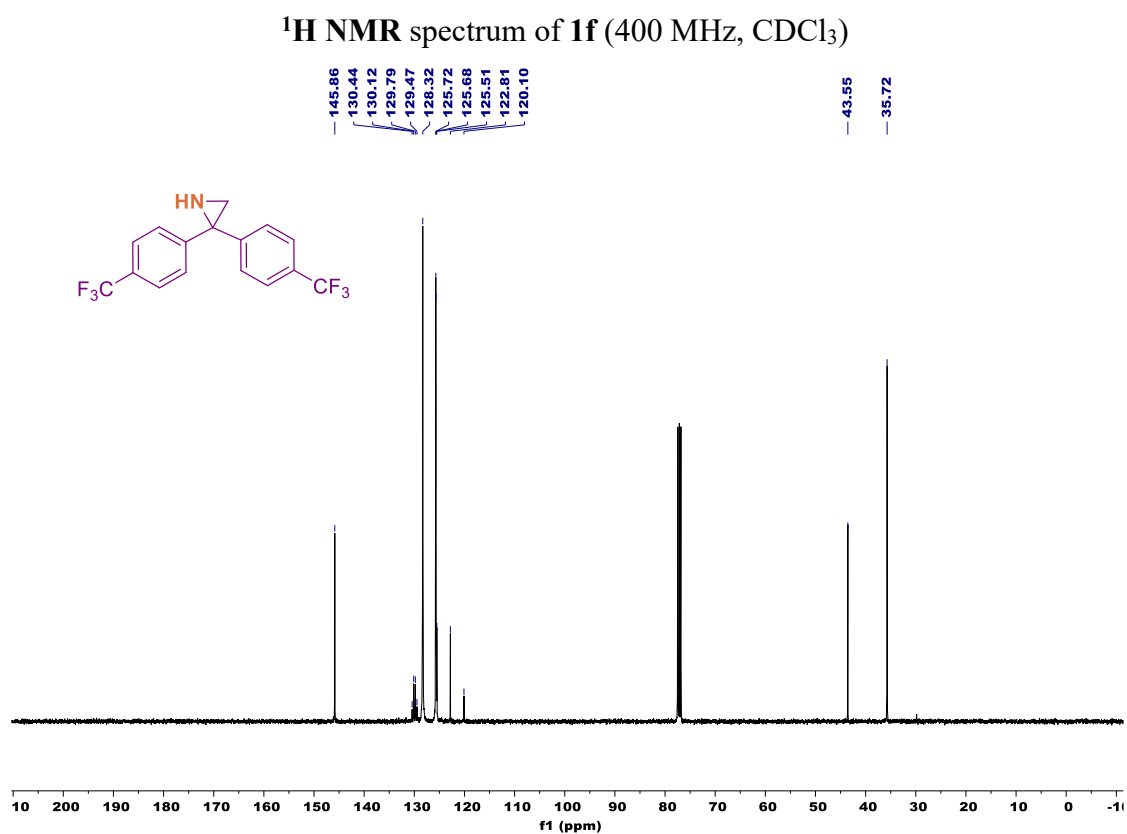
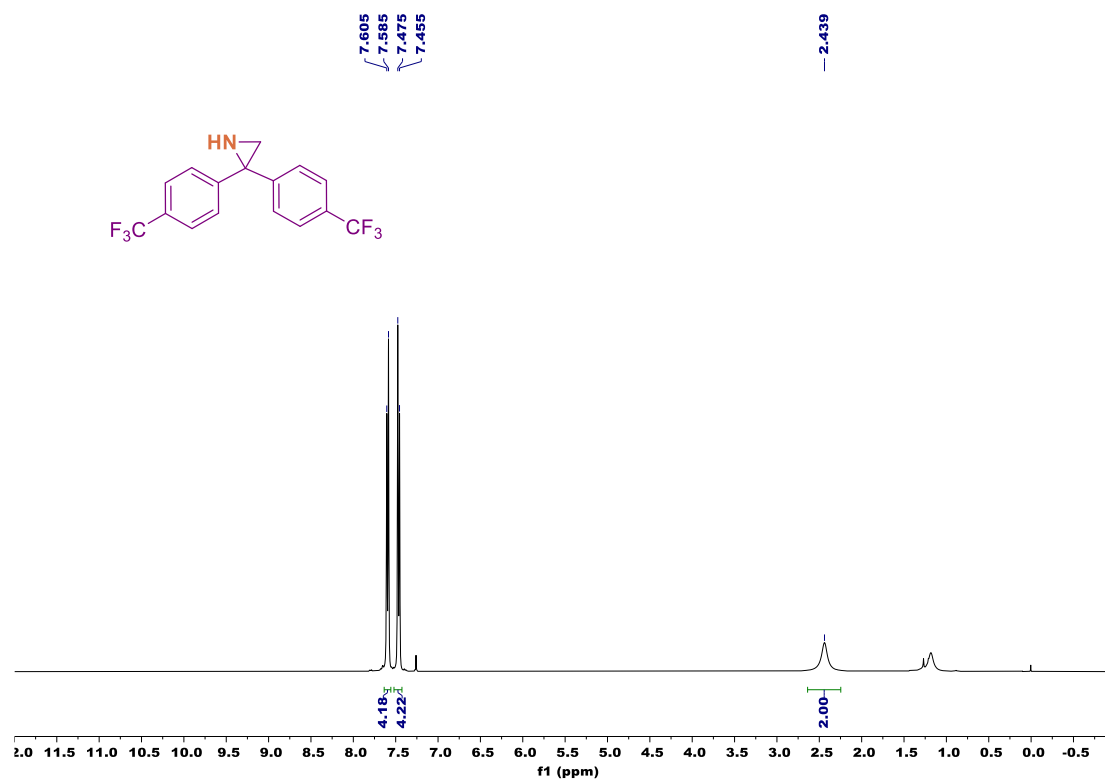


¹H NMR spectrum of 1e (400 MHz, CDCl₃)



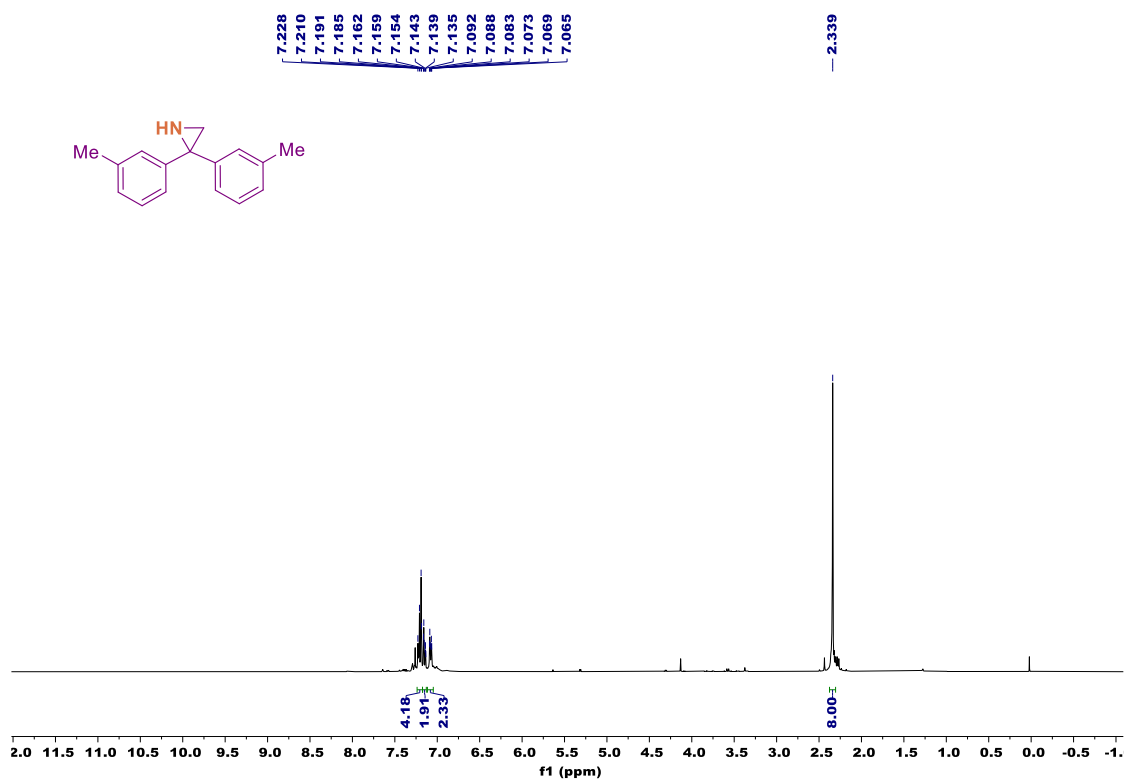
¹³C NMR spectrum of 1e (101 MHz, CDCl₃)

2,2-Bis(4-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl)aziridine (**1f**):

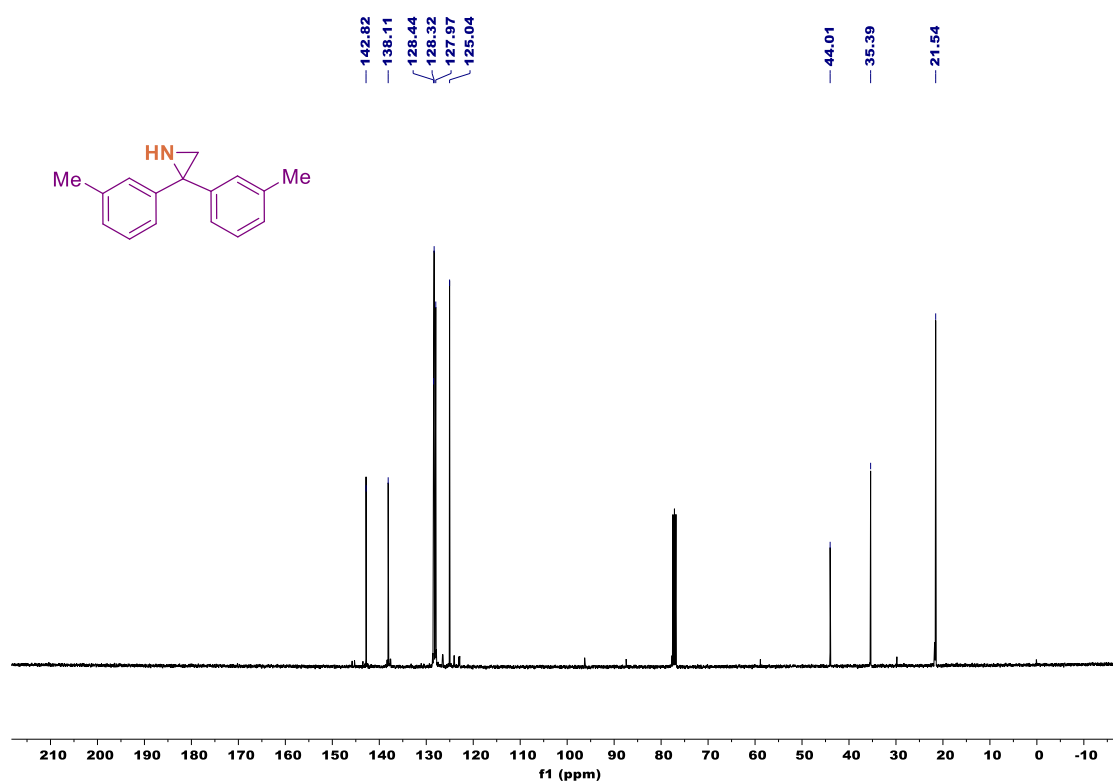




2,2-Di-*m*-tolylaziridine (**1g**):

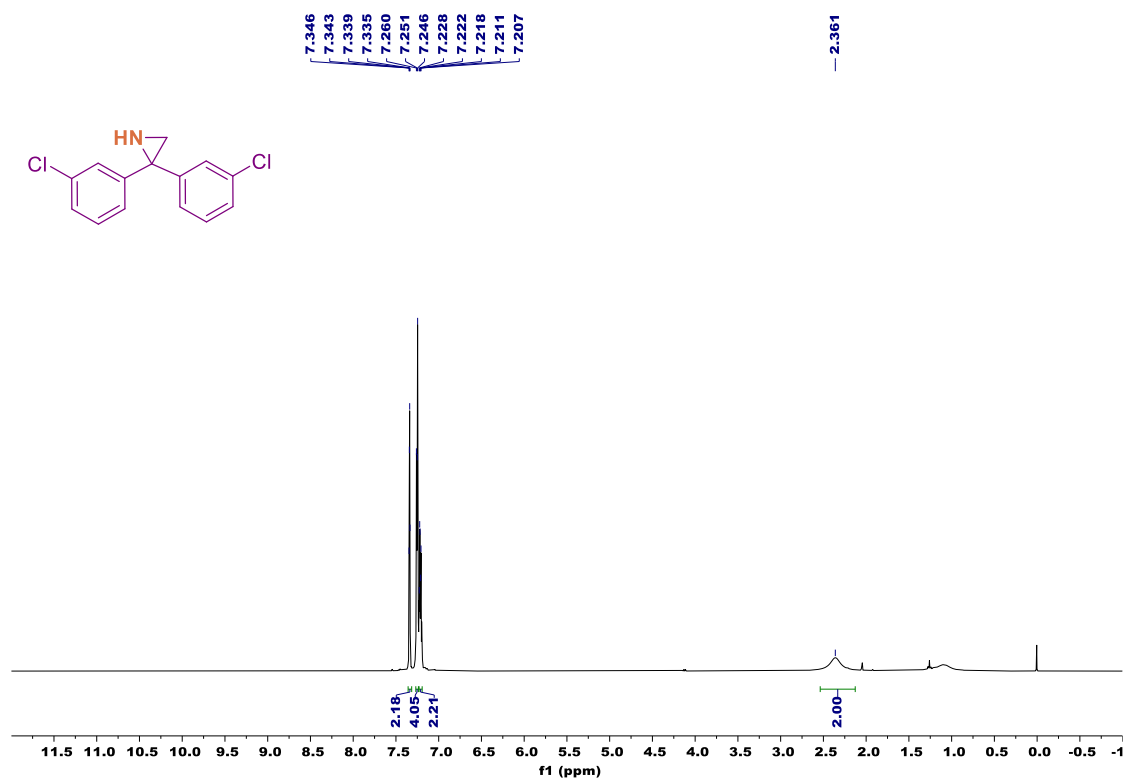


¹H NMR spectrum of **1g** (400 MHz, CDCl₃)

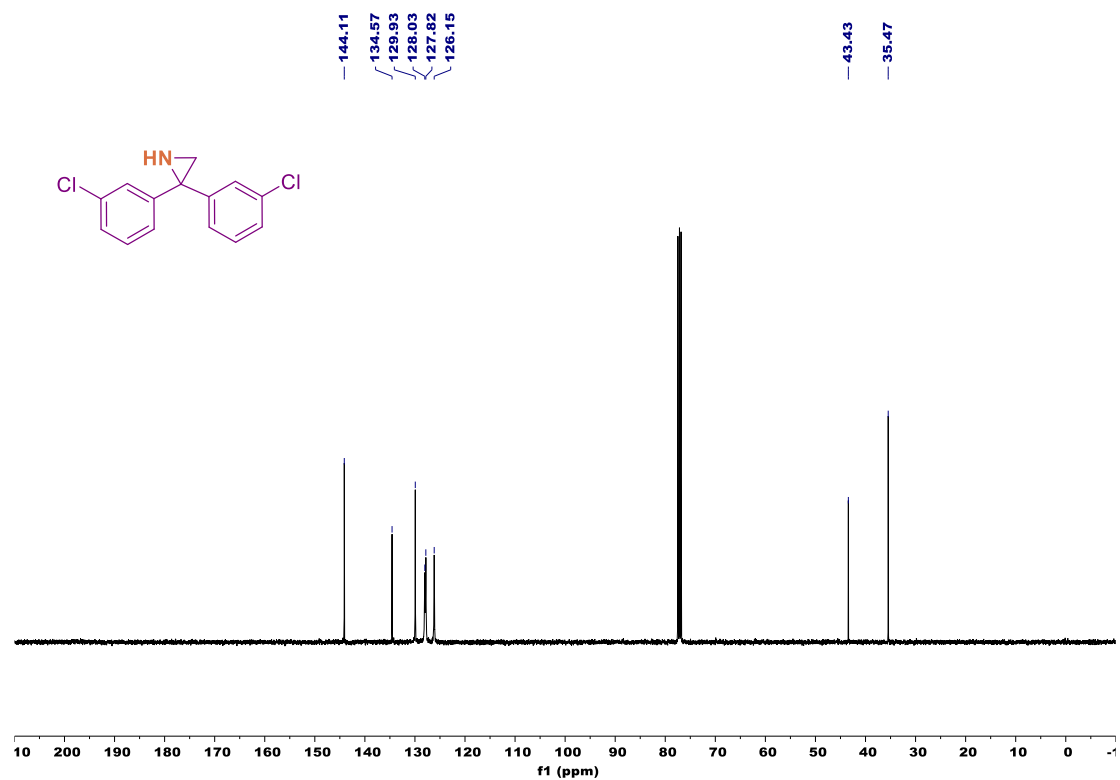


¹³C NMR spectrum of **1g** (101 MHz, CDCl₃)

2,2-Bis(3-chlorophenyl)aziridine (**1h**):

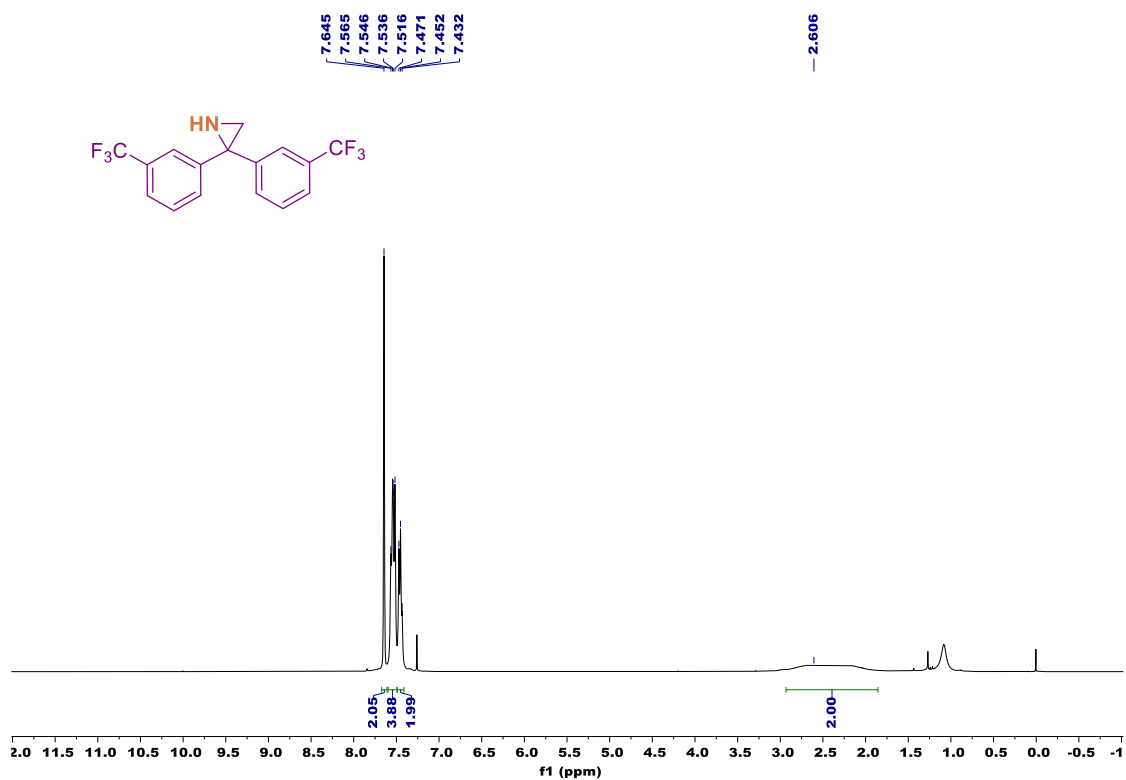


¹H NMR spectrum of **1h** (400 MHz, CDCl₃)

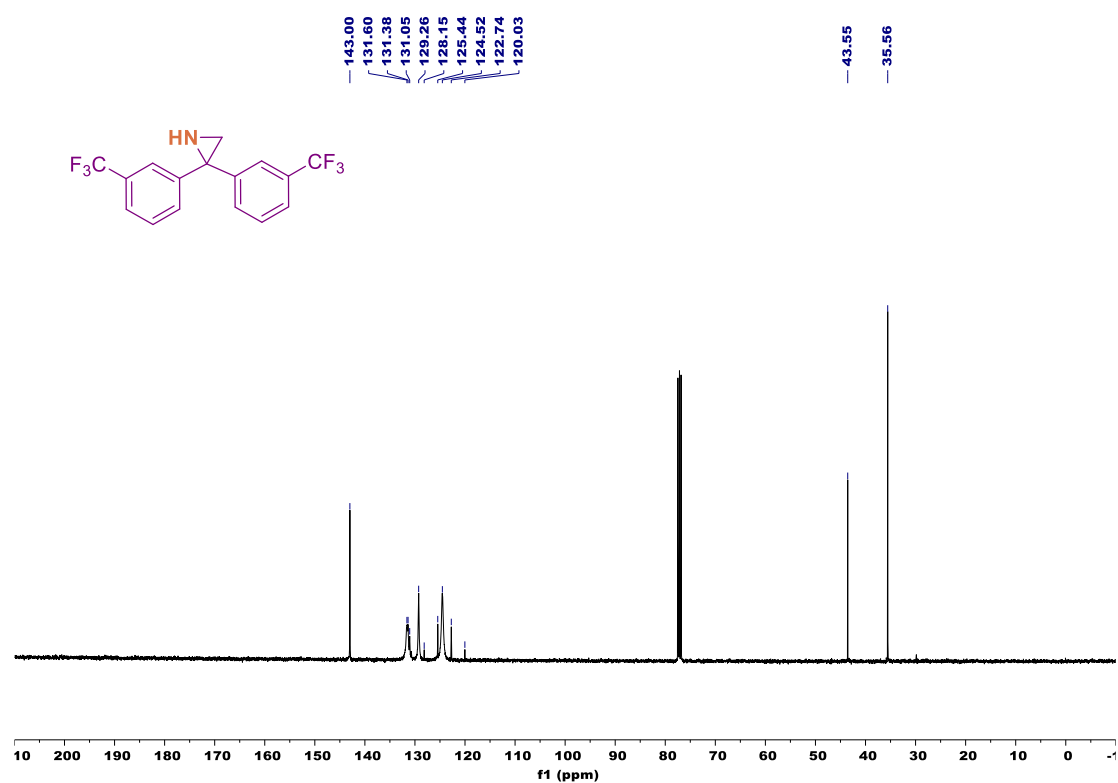


¹³C NMR spectrum of **1h** (101 MHz, CDCl₃)

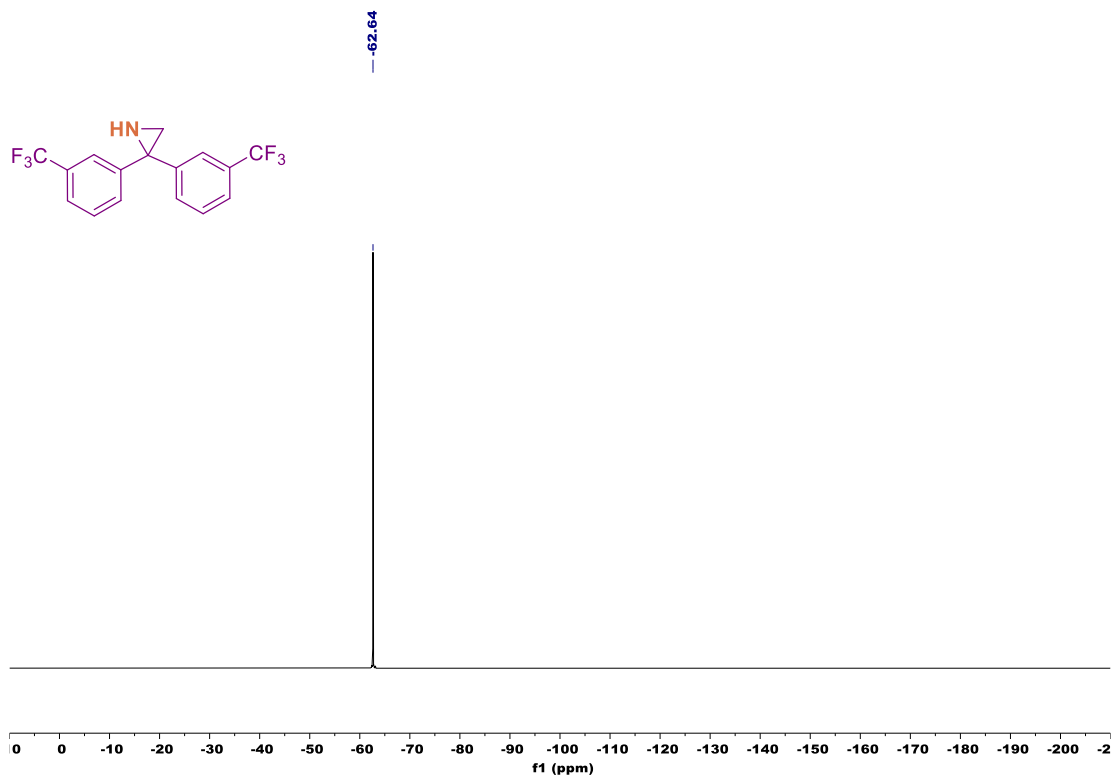
2,2-Bis(3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl)aziridine (**1i**):



¹H NMR spectrum of **1i** (400 MHz, CDCl₃)

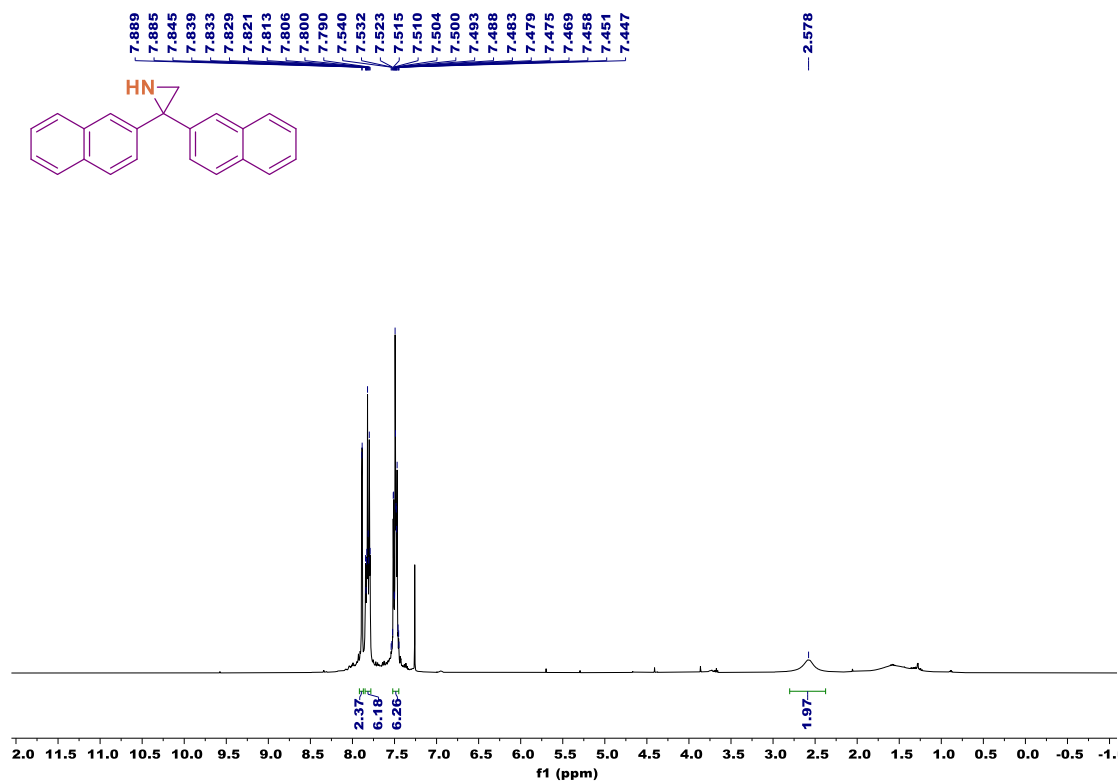


¹³C NMR spectrum of **1i** (101 MHz, CDCl₃)

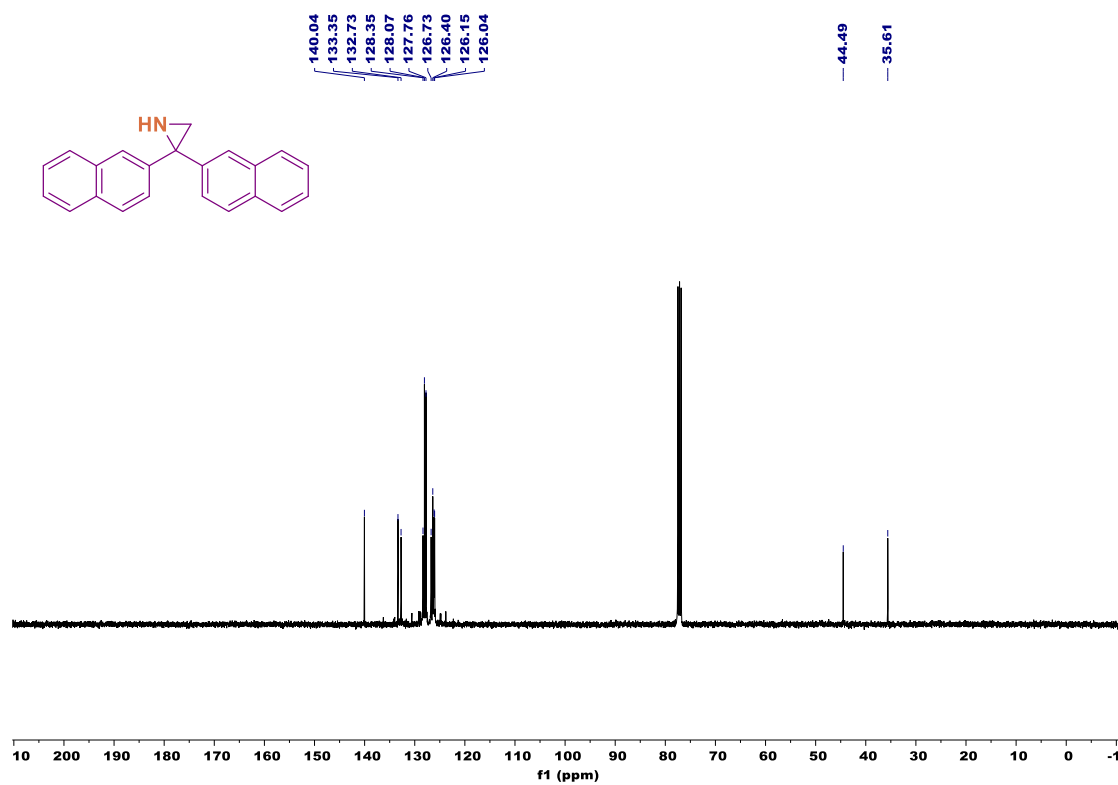


¹⁹F NMR spectrum of **1i** (377 MHz, CDCl₃)

2,2-Di(naphthalen-2-yl)aziridine (**1j**):

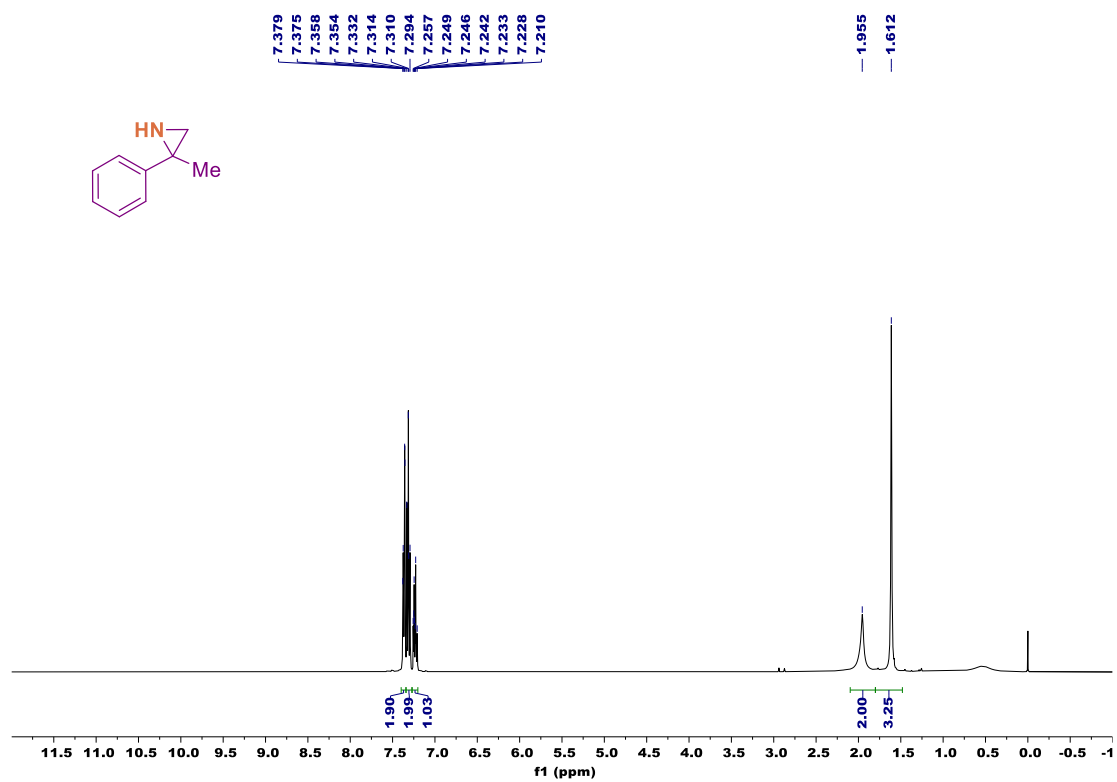


¹H NMR spectrum of **1j** (400 MHz, CDCl₃)



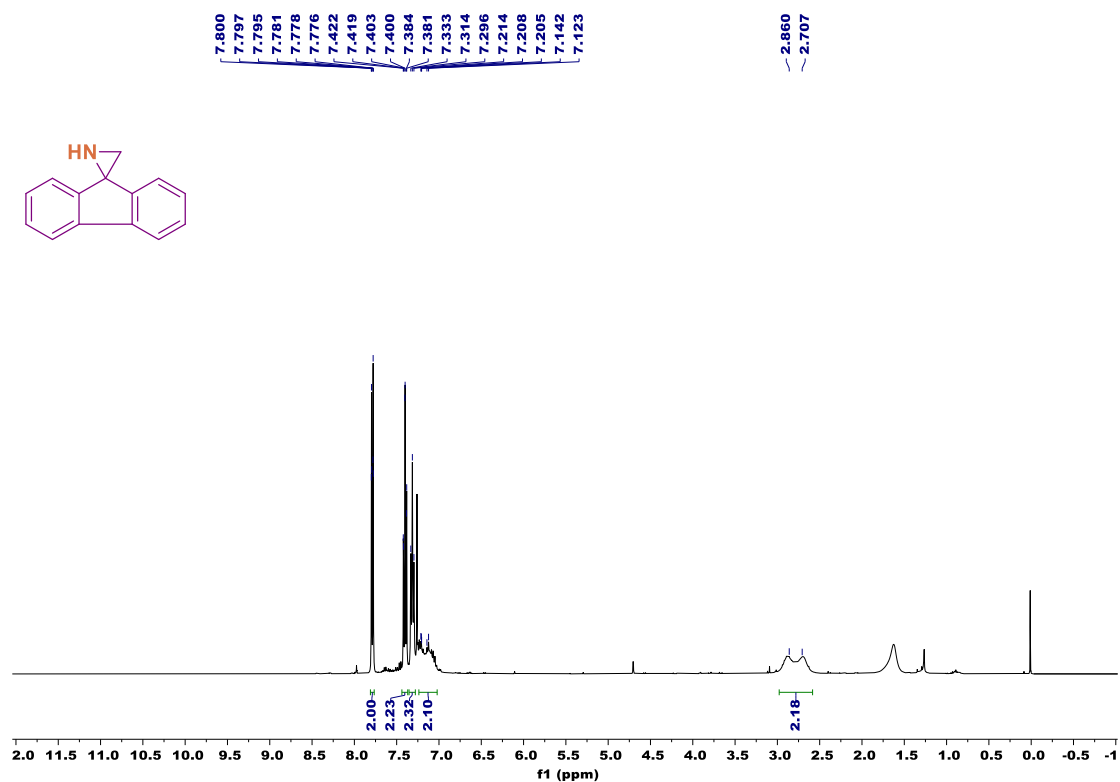
¹³C NMR spectrum of **1j** (101 MHz, CDCl₃)

2-Methyl-2-phenylaziridine (1k)

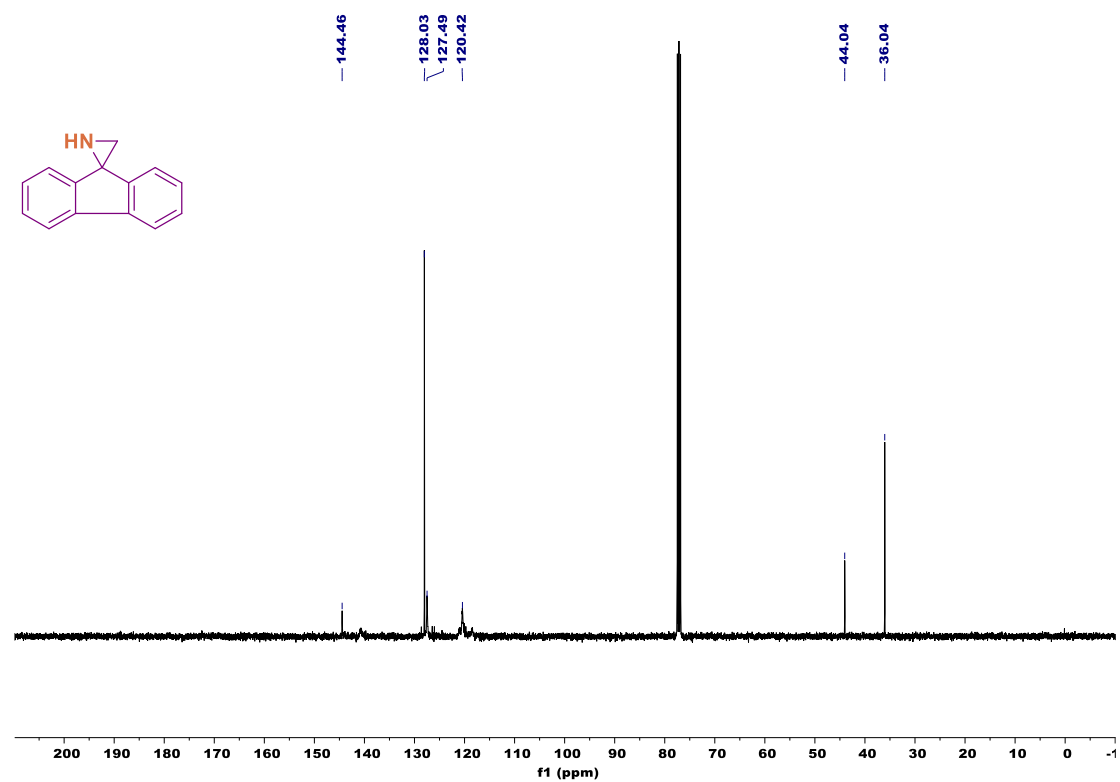


^1H NMR spectrum of **1k** (400 MHz, CDCl_3)

Spiro[aziridine-2,9'-fluorene] (**11**):

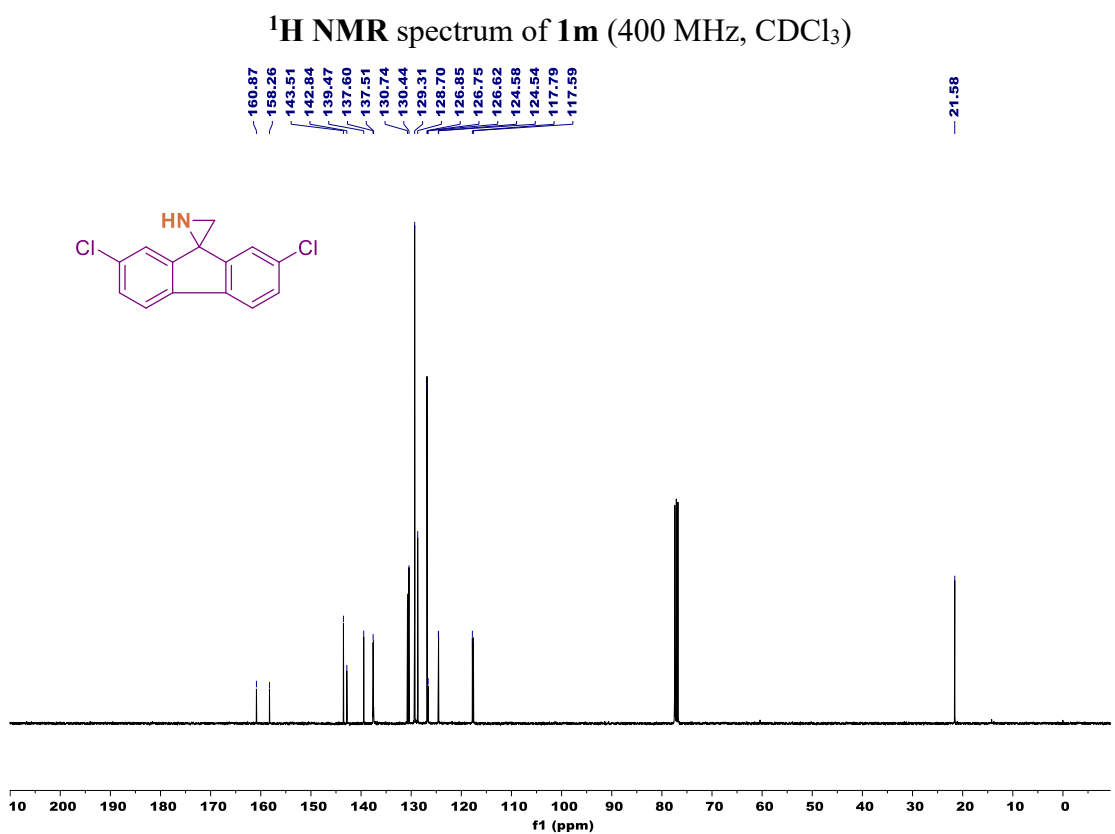
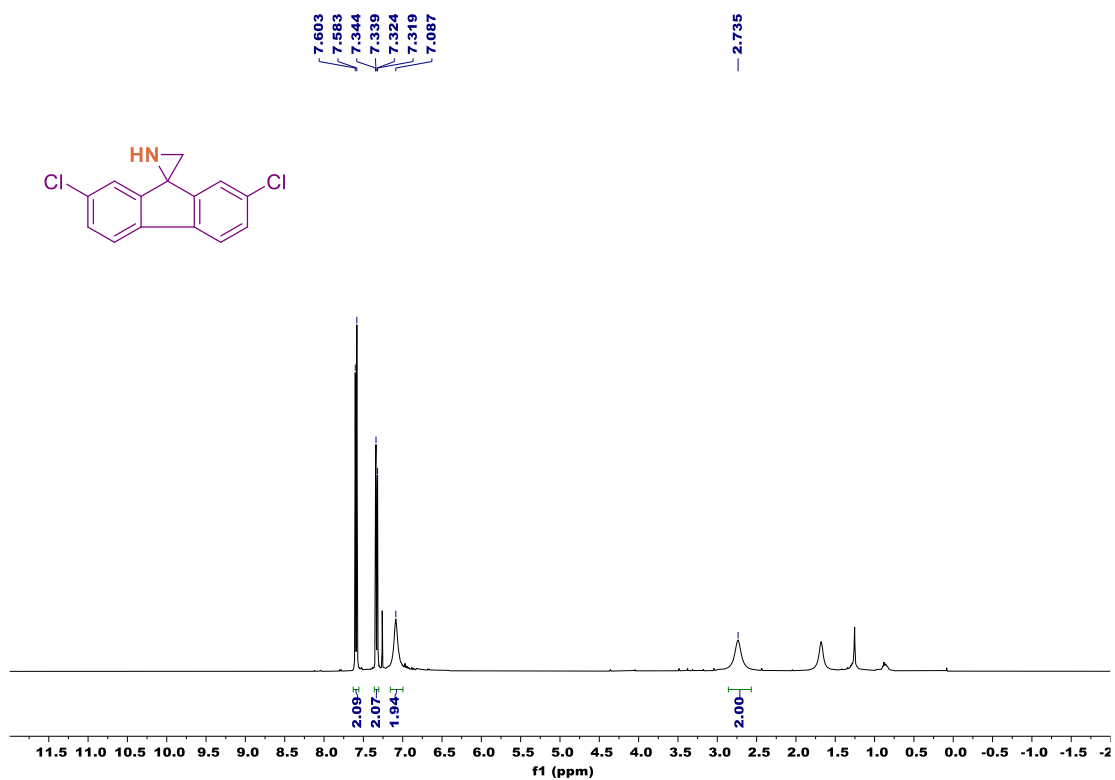


¹H NMR spectrum of **11** (400 MHz, CDCl₃)

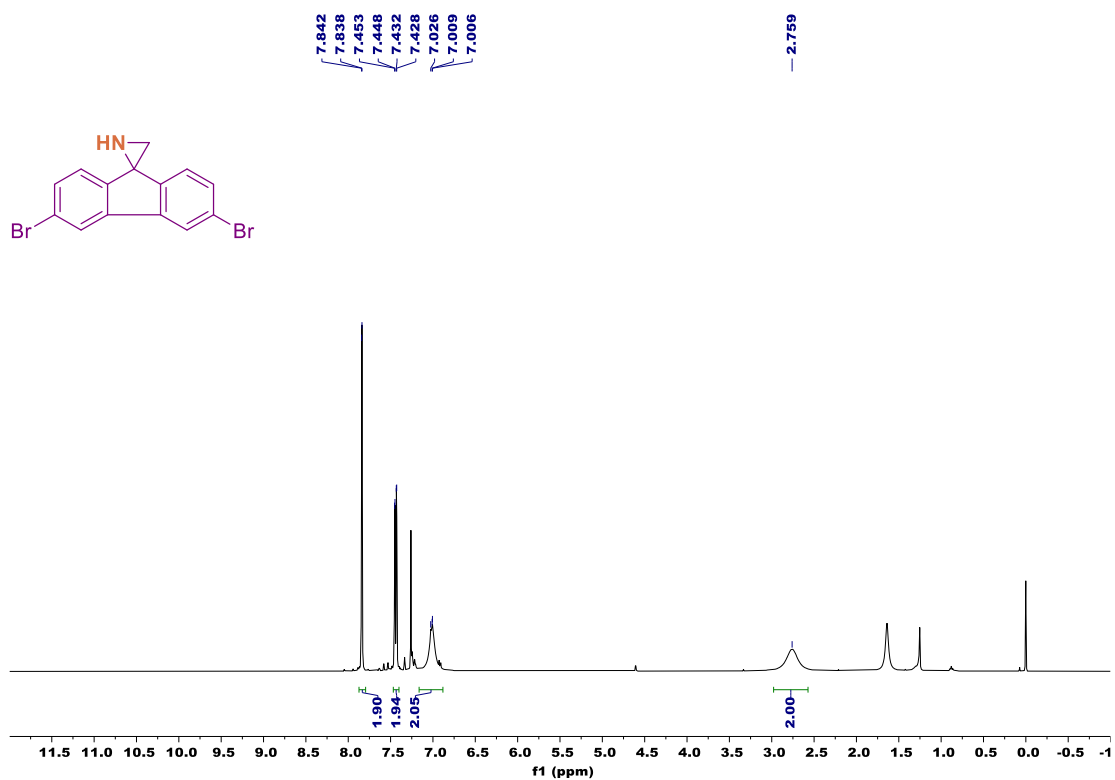


¹³C NMR spectrum of **11** (101 MHz, CDCl₃)

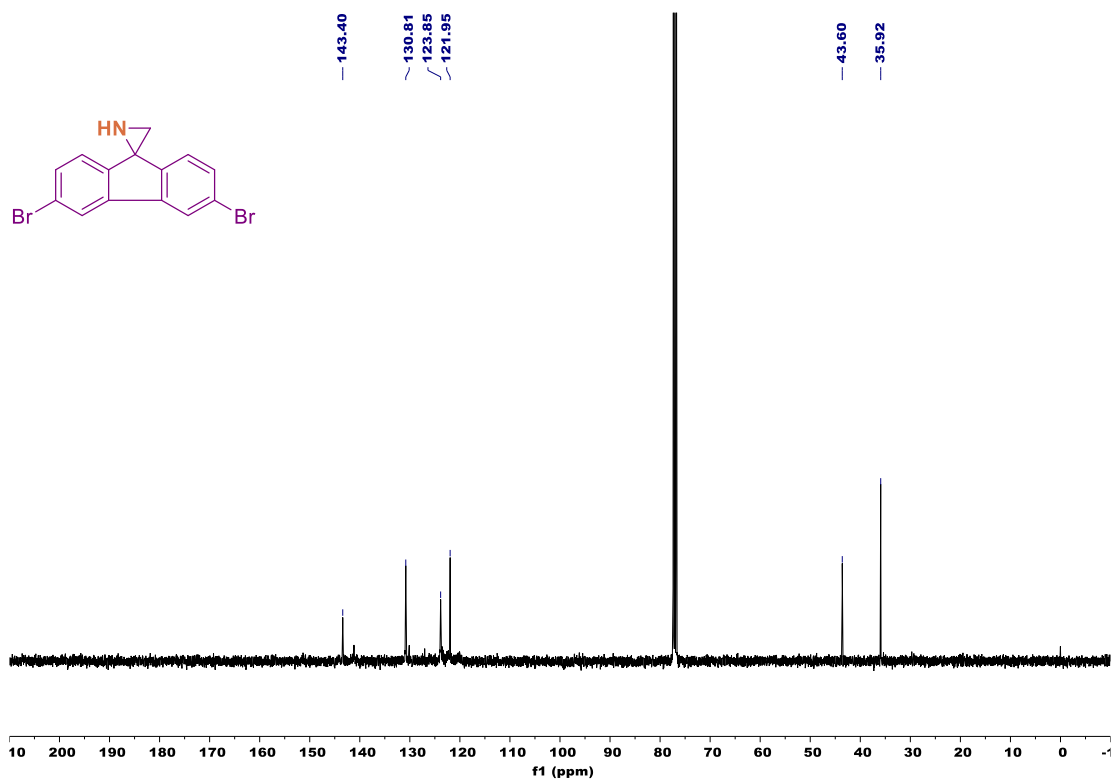
3',6'-Dibromospiro[aziridine-2,9'-fluorene] (1m):



2',7'-Dichlorospiro[aziridine-2,9'-fluorene] (1n):

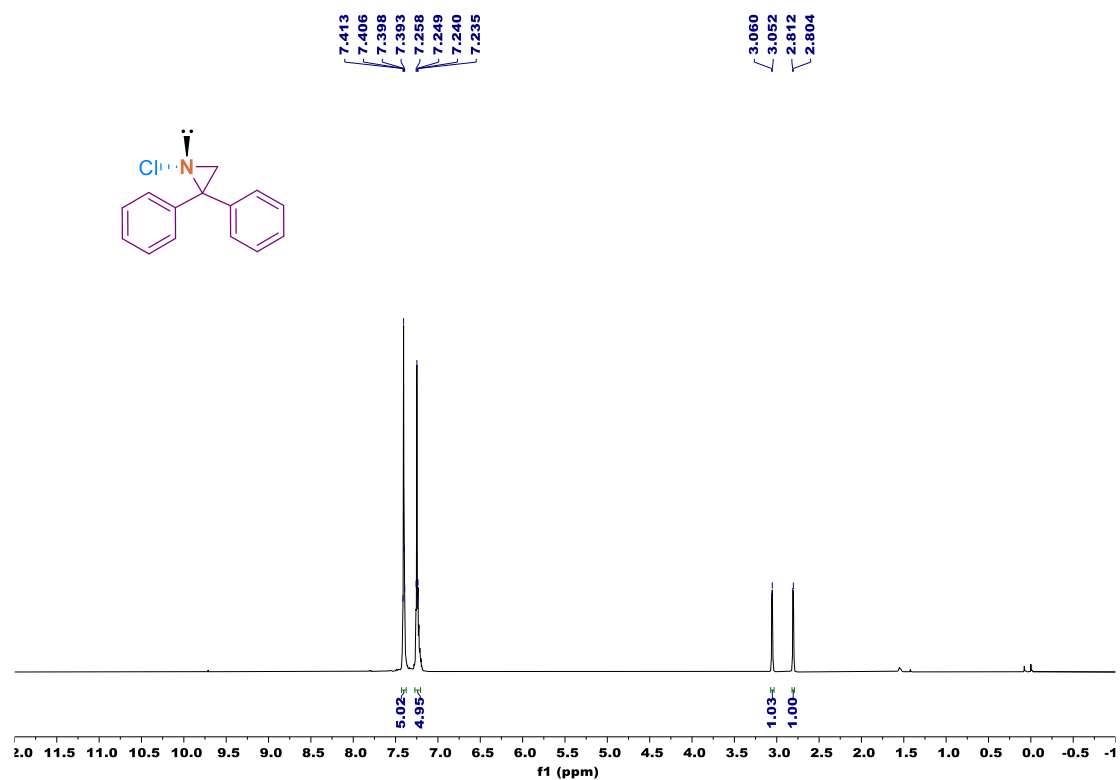


¹H NMR spectrum of 1n (400 MHz, CDCl₃)

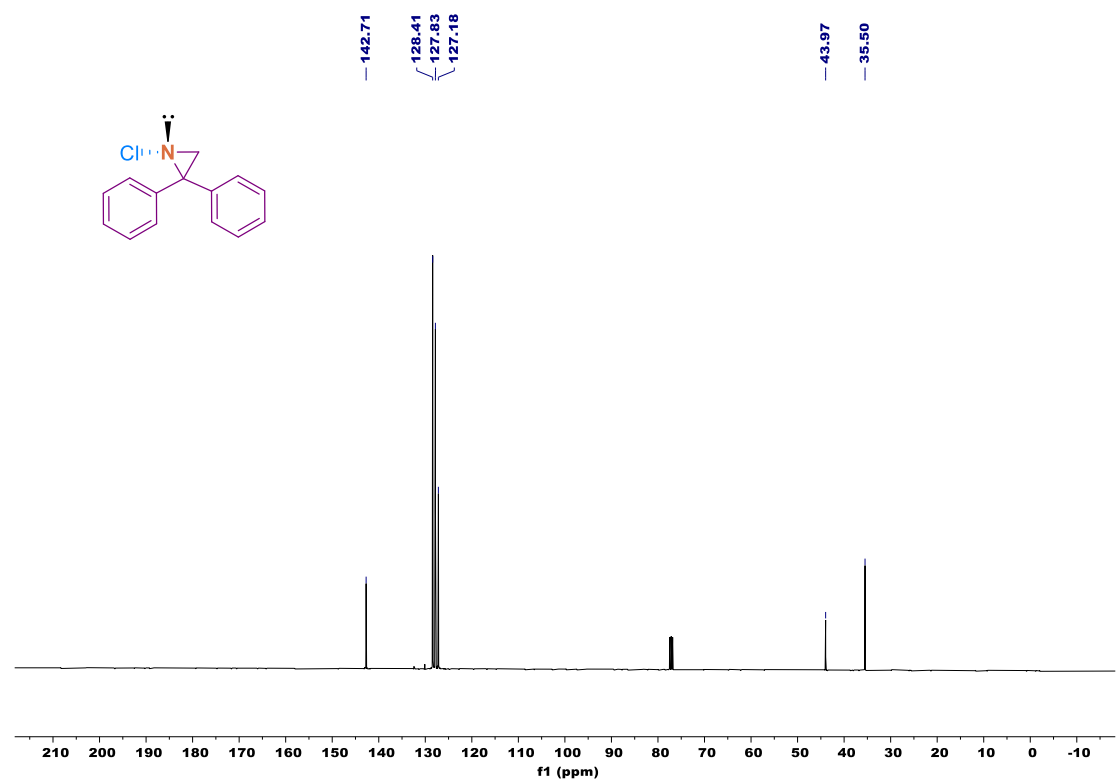


¹³C NMR spectrum of 1n (101 MHz, CDCl₃)

(R)-1-Chloro-2,2-diphenylaziridine (3a):

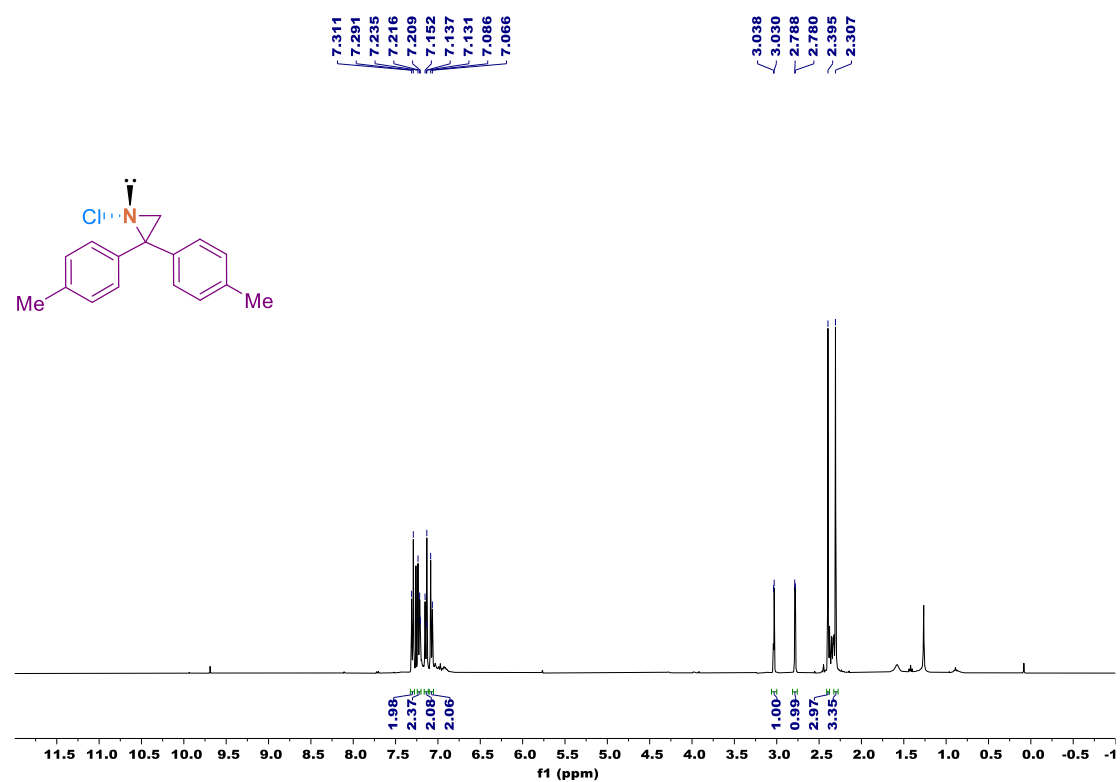


¹H NMR spectrum of 3a (400 MHz, CDCl₃)

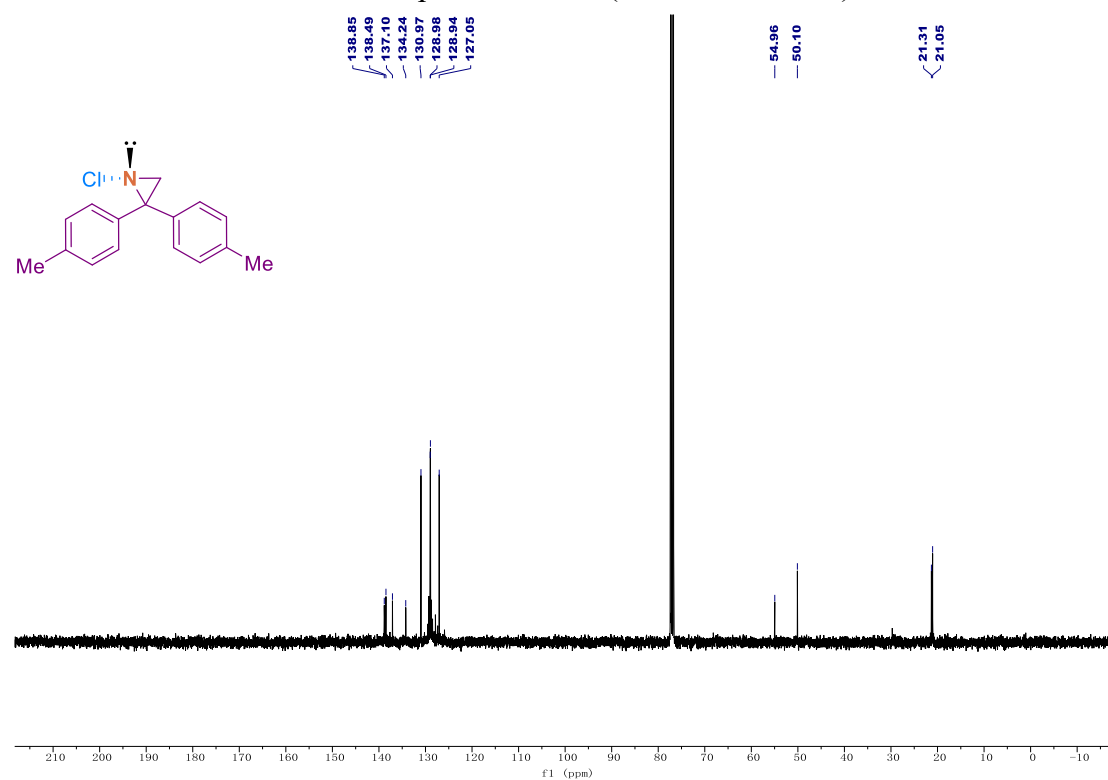


¹³C NMR spectrum of 3a (101 MHz, CDCl₃)

(R)-1-Chloro-2,2-di-*p*-tolylaziridine (3b):

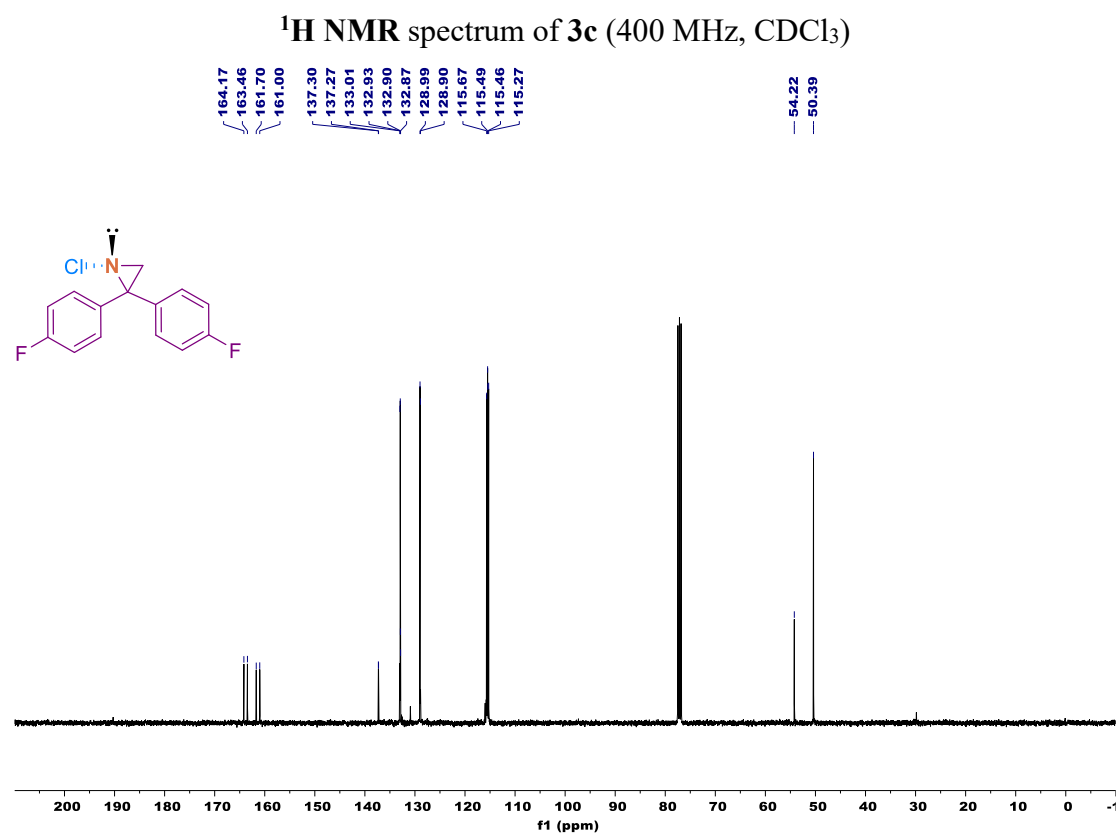
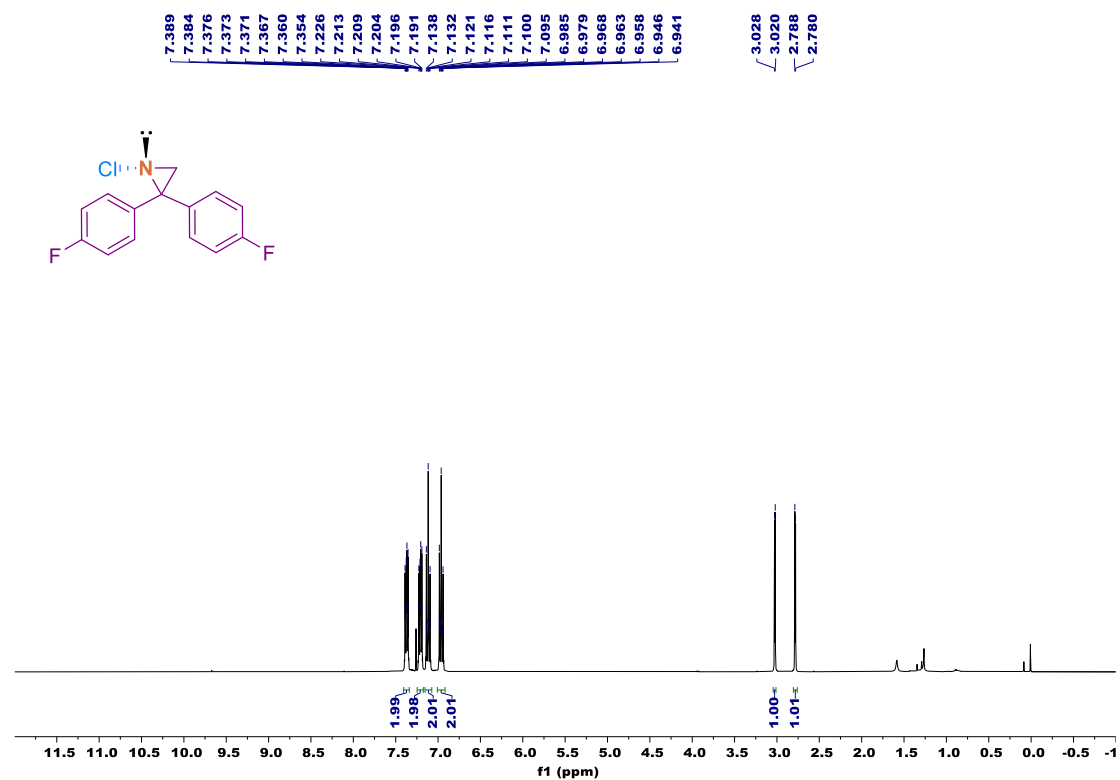


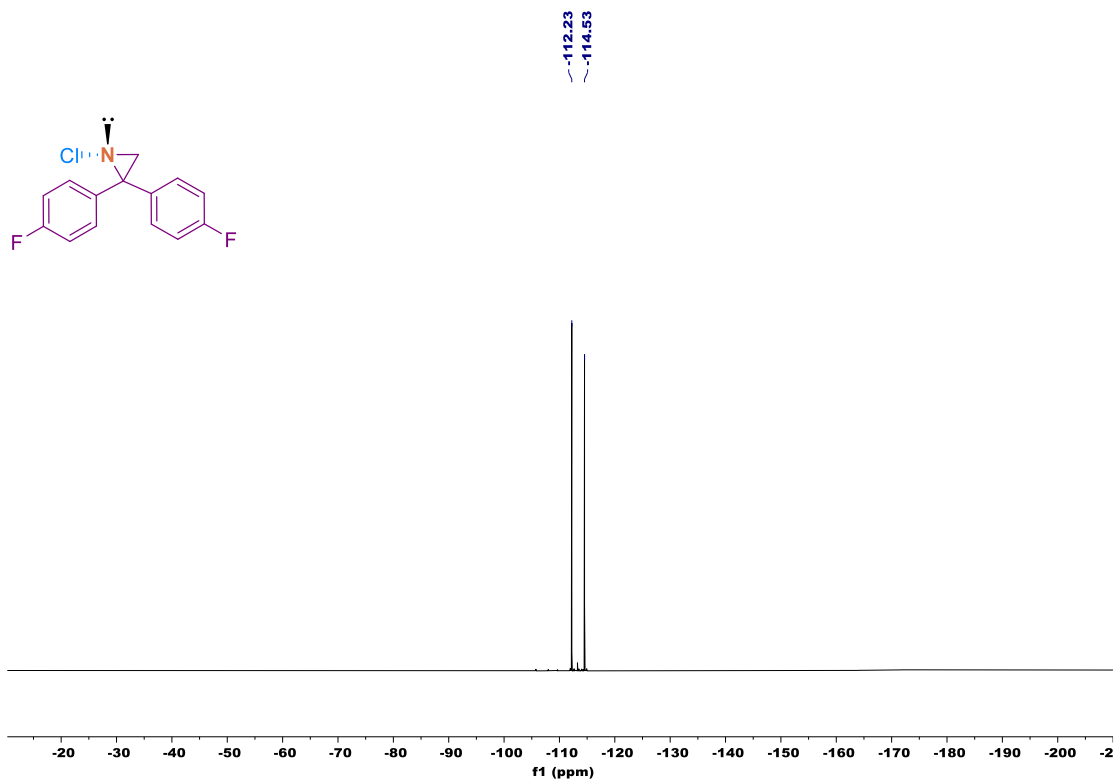
¹H NMR spectrum of **3b** (400 MHz, CDCl₃)



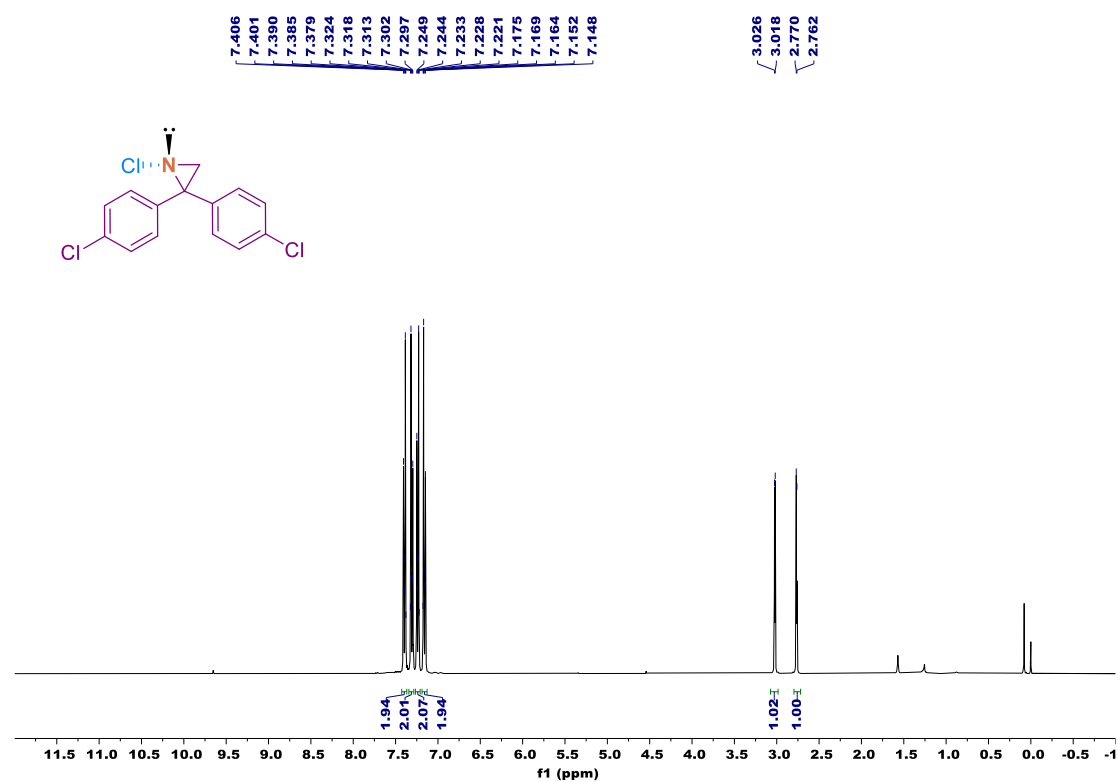
¹³C NMR spectrum of **3b** (101 MHz, CDCl₃)

(R)-1-Chloro-2,2-bis(4-fluorophenyl)aziridine (3c):

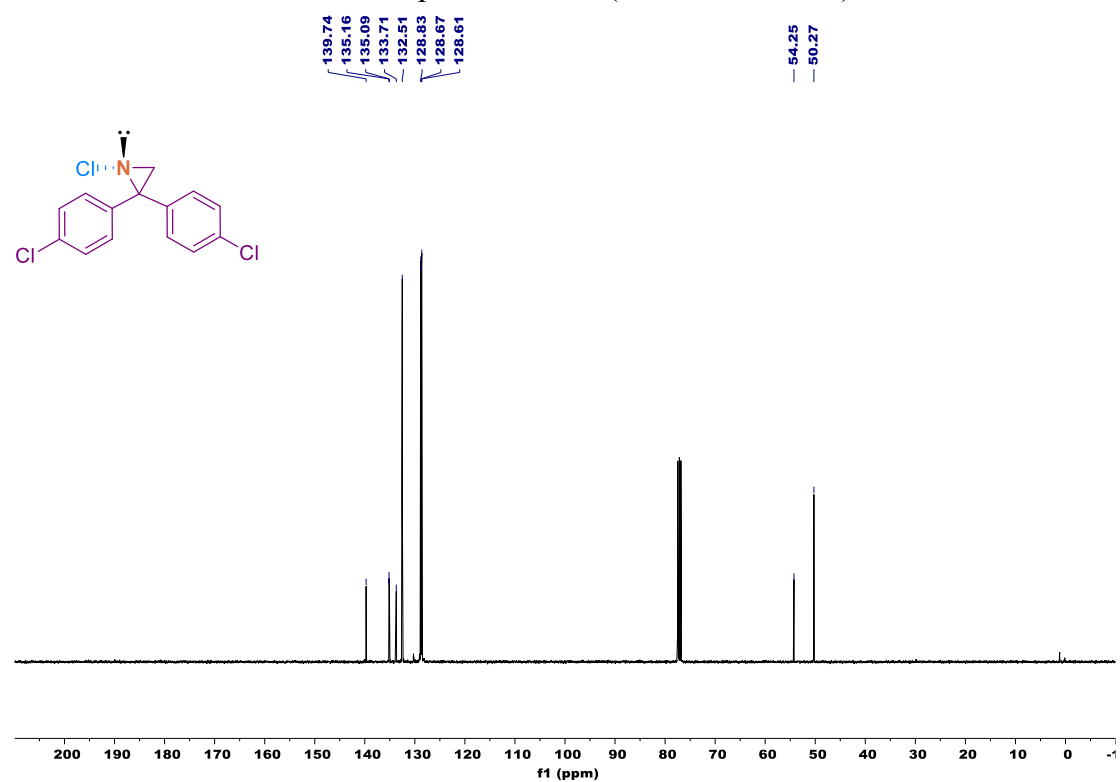




(R)-1-Chloro-2,2-bis(3-chlorophenyl)aziridine (3d):

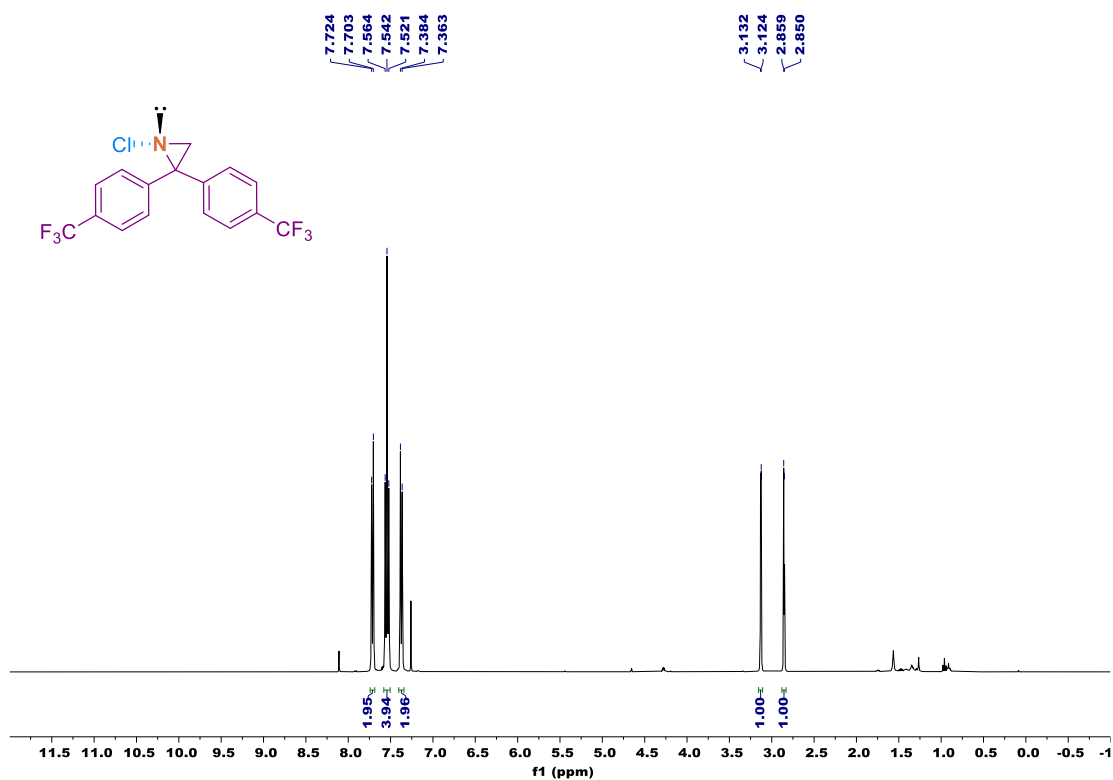


¹H NMR spectrum of 3d (400 MHz, CDCl₃)

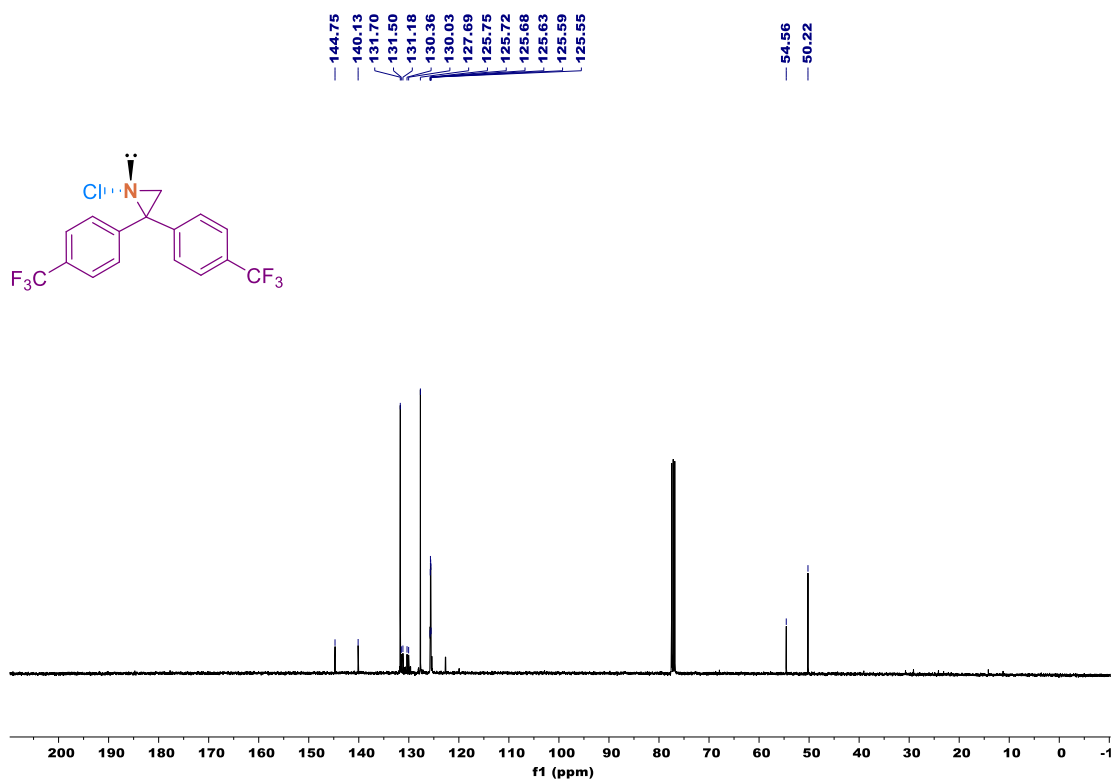


¹³C NMR spectrum of 3d (101 MHz, CDCl₃)

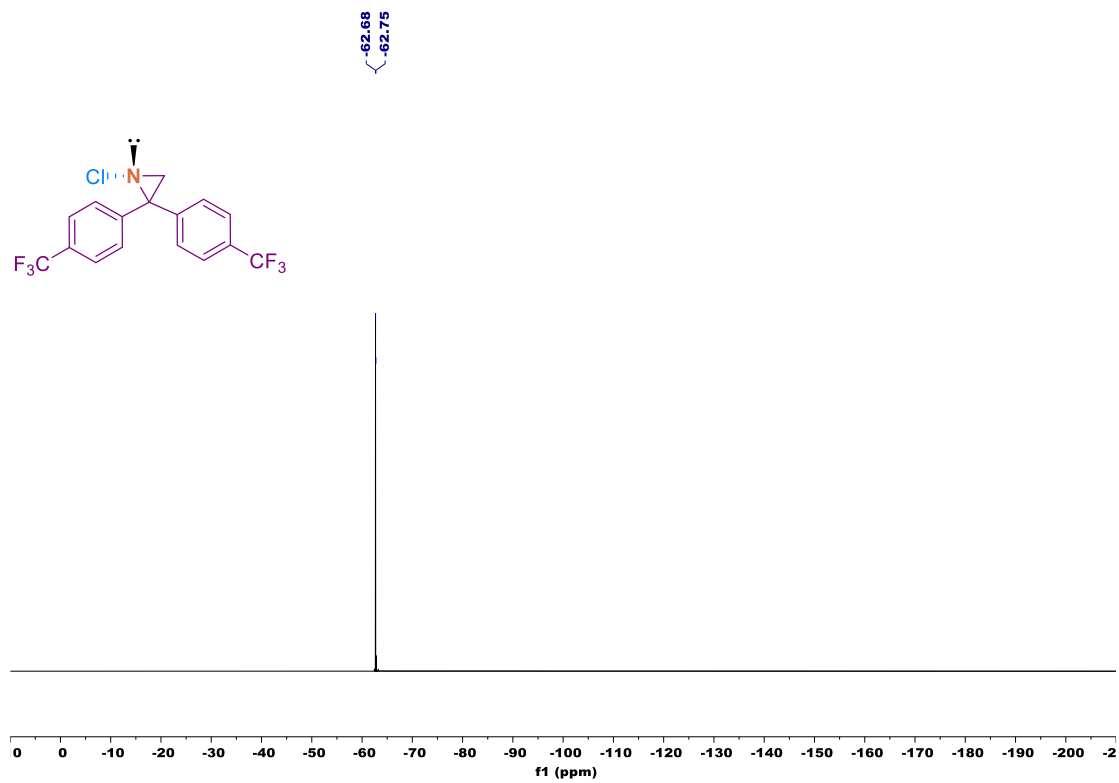
(R)-1-Chloro-2,2-bis(4-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl)aziridine (3f):



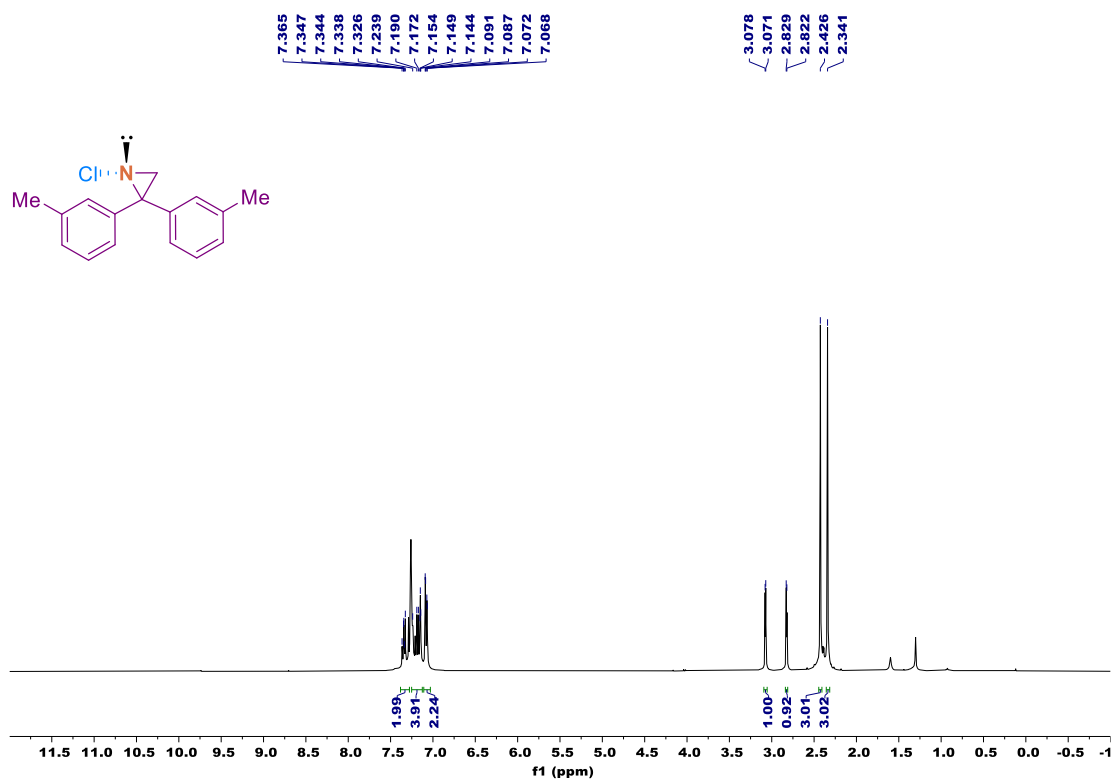
¹H NMR spectrum of 3f (400 MHz, CDCl₃)



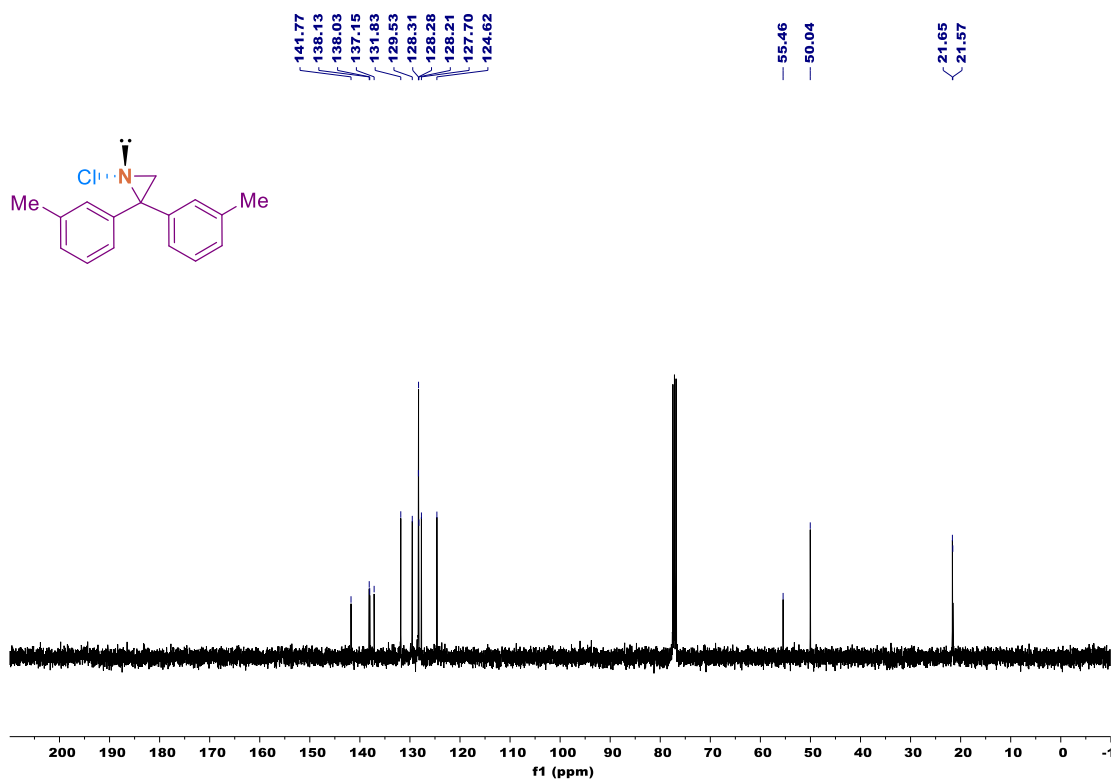
¹³C NMR spectrum of 3f (101 MHz, CDCl₃)



(R)-2,6-Dichlorophenyl (3g):

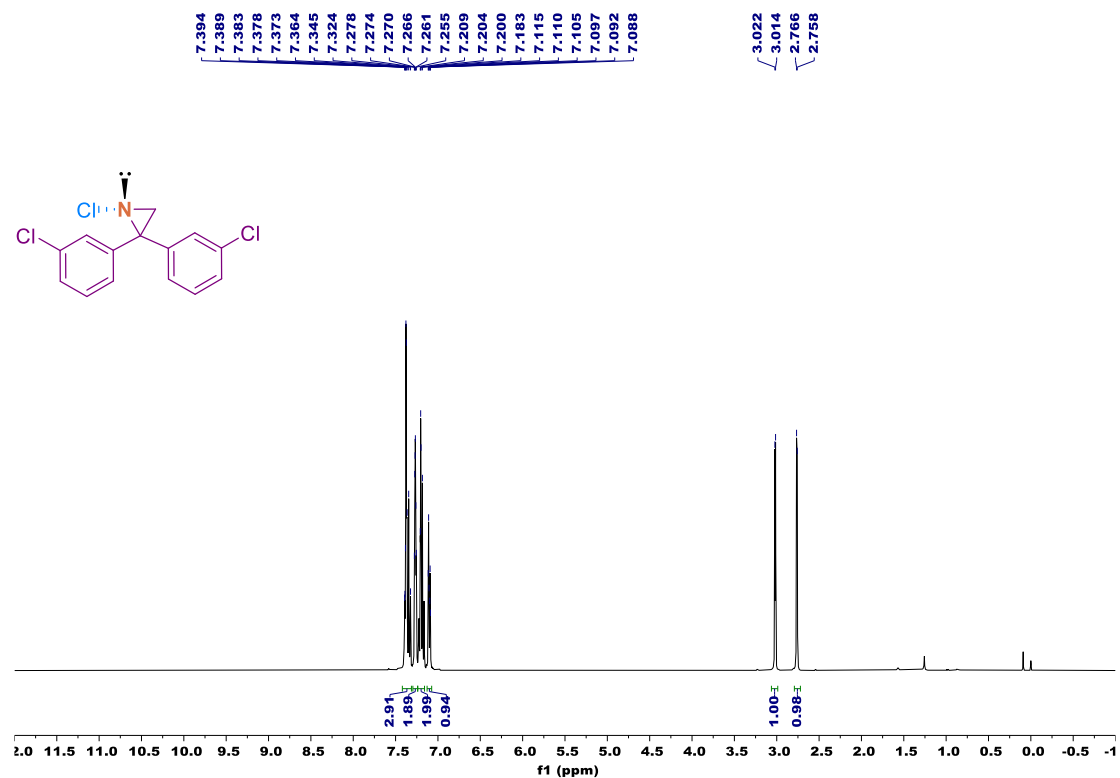


¹³C NMR spectrum of **3g (101 MHz, CDCl₃)**

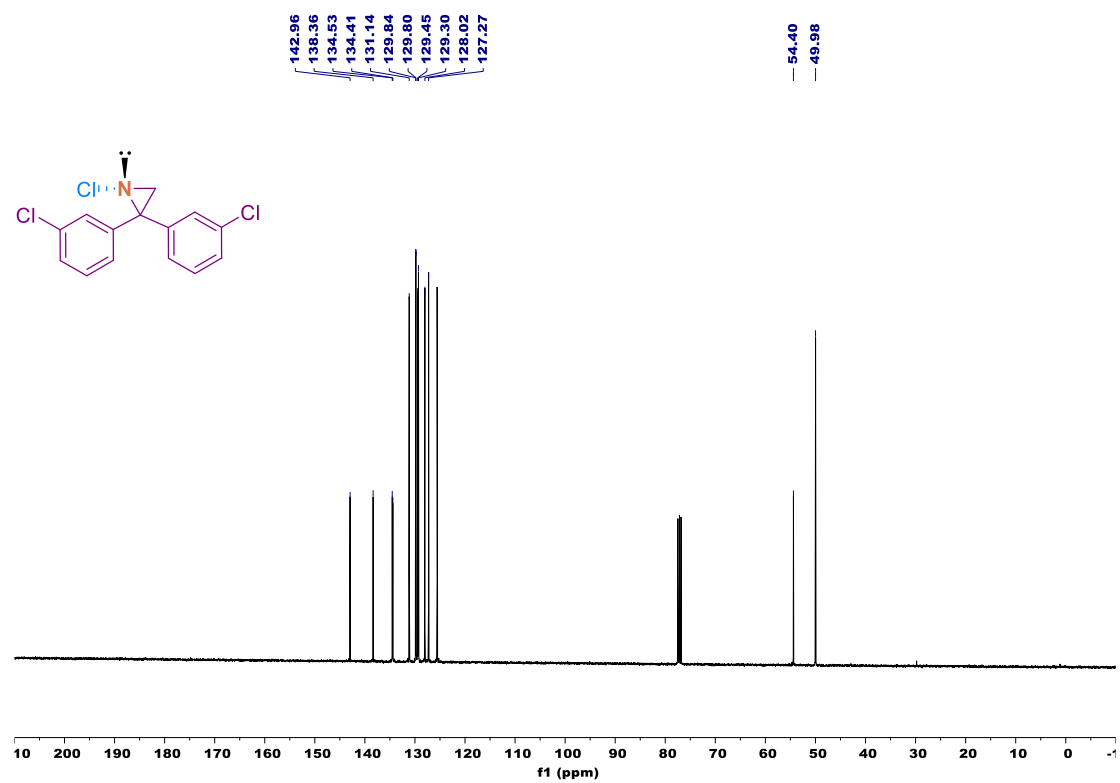


¹³C NMR spectrum of **3g (101 MHz, CDCl₃)**

(R)-1-Chloro-2,2-bis(3-chlorophenyl)aziridine (3h):

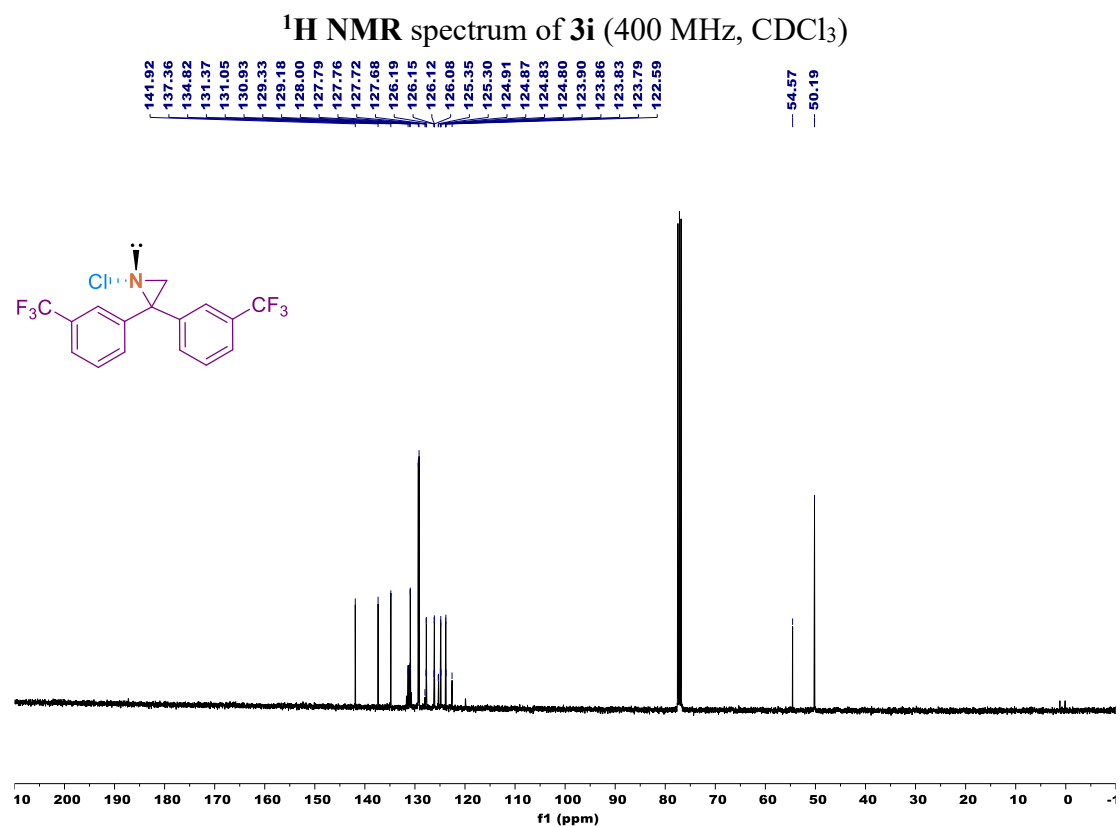
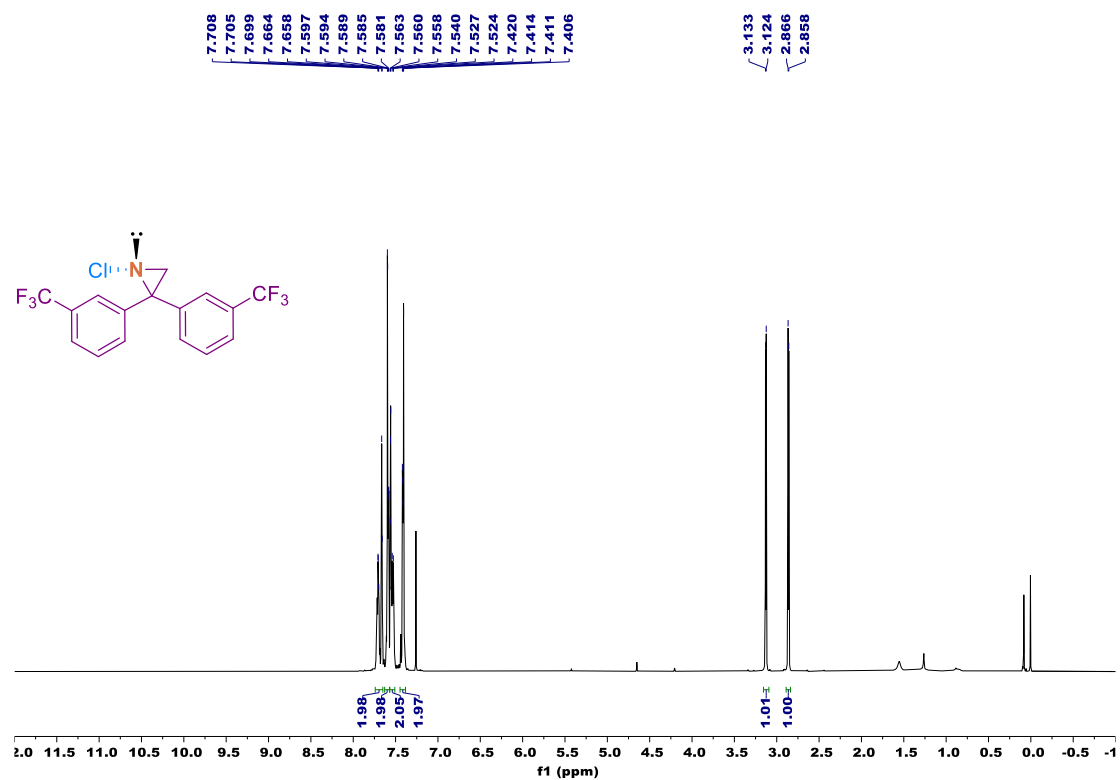


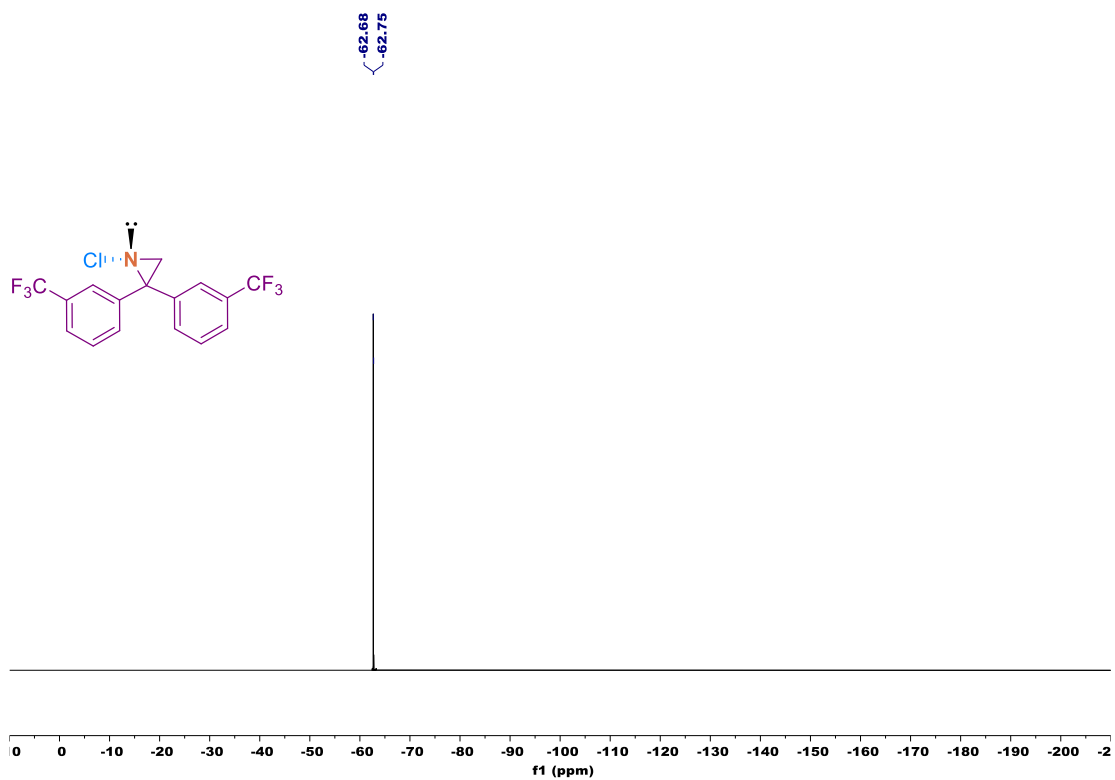
¹H NMR spectrum of 3h (400 MHz, CDCl₃)



¹³C NMR spectrum of 3h (101 MHz, CDCl₃)

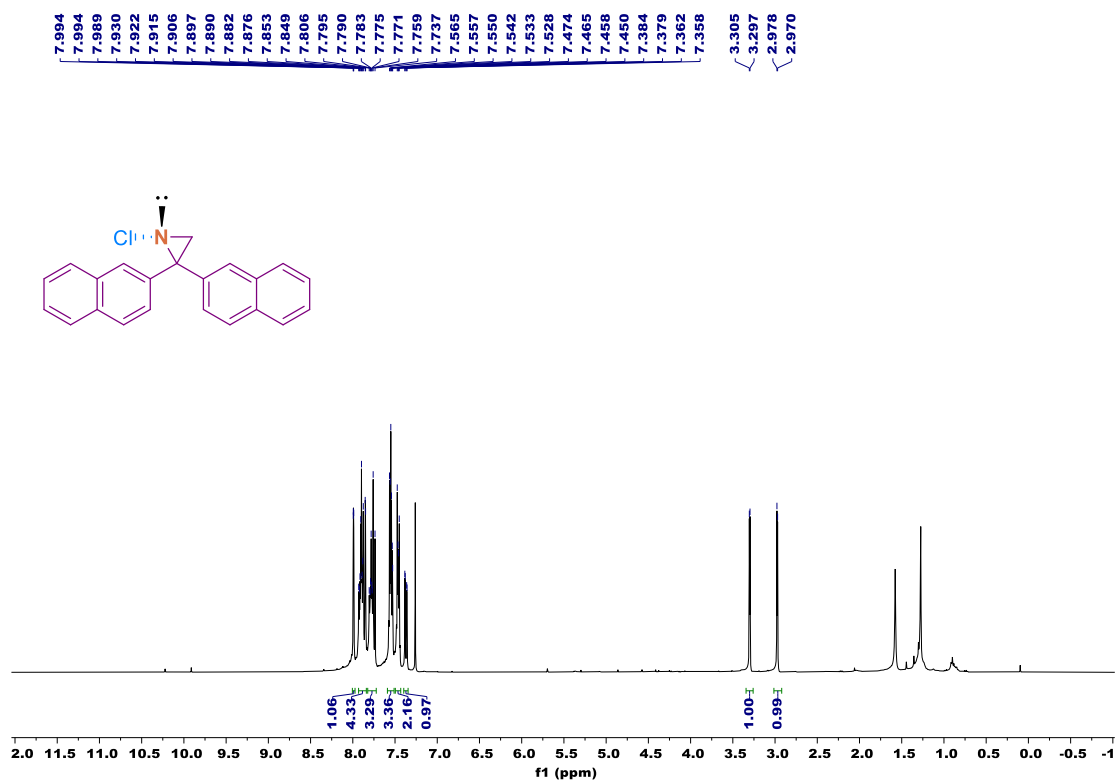
(R)-1-Chloro-2,2-bis(3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl)aziridine (3i):



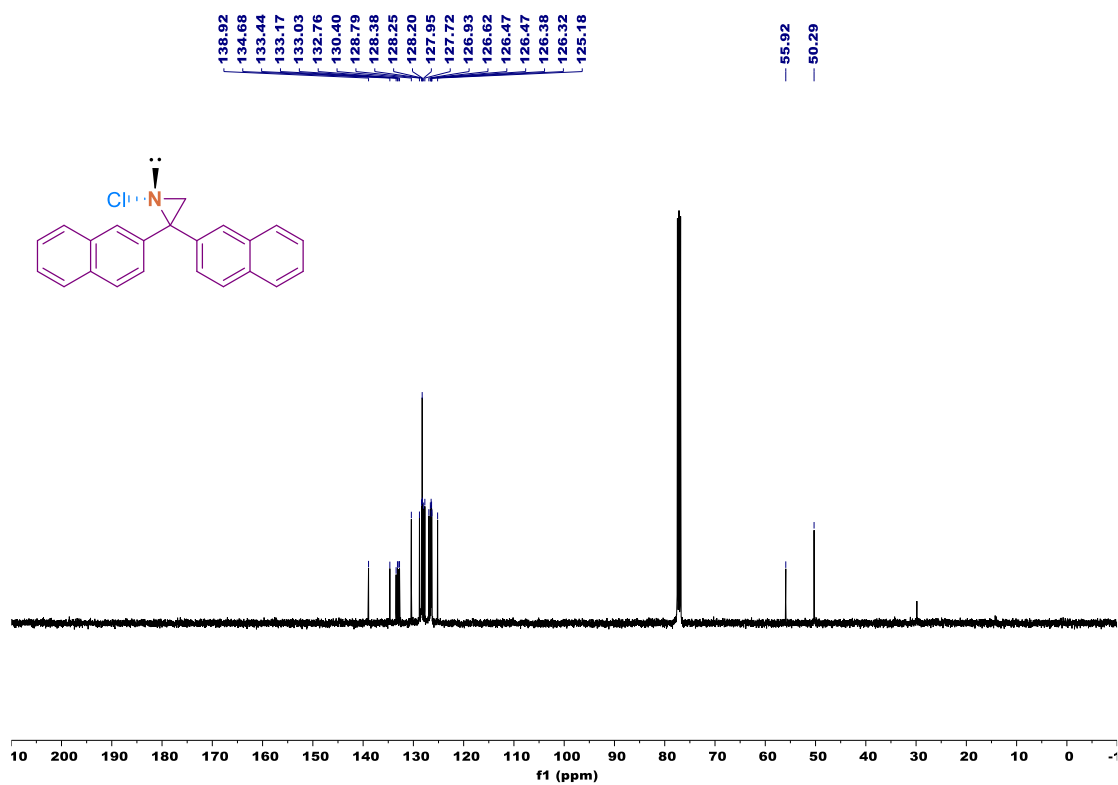


^{19}F NMR spectrum of **3i** (377 MHz, CDCl_3)

(R)-1-Chloro-2,2-di(naphthalen-2-yl)aziridine (3j):

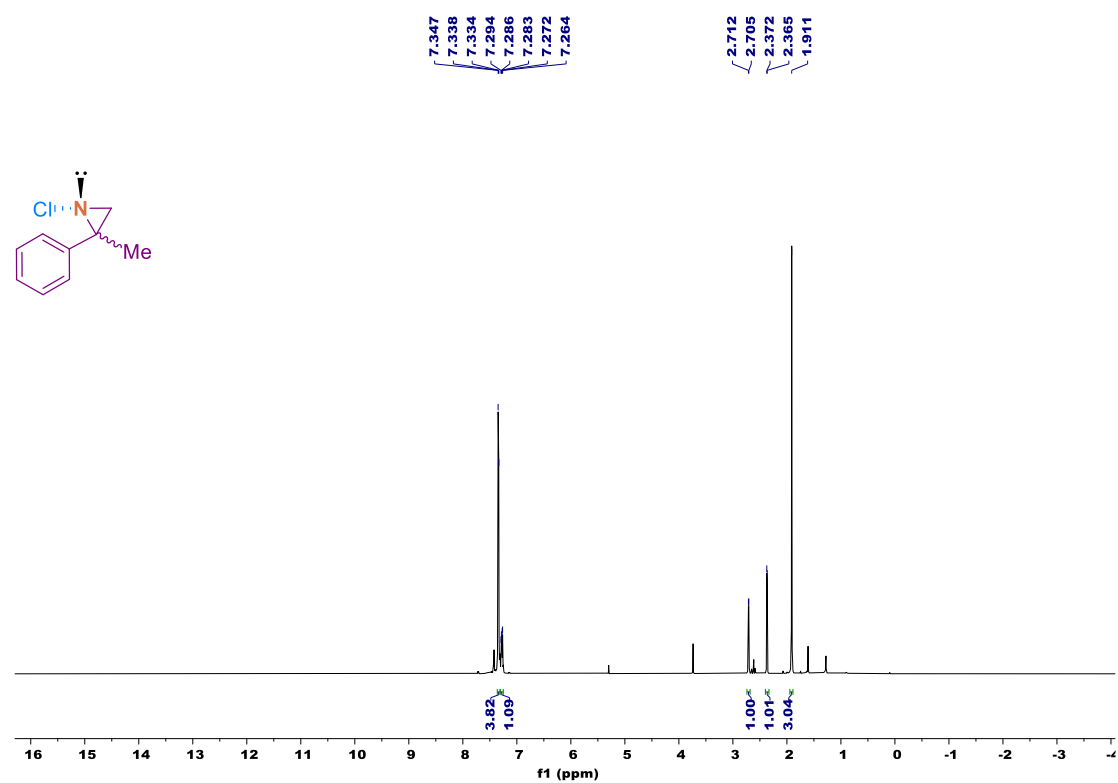


¹H NMR spectrum of 3j (400 MHz, CDCl₃)

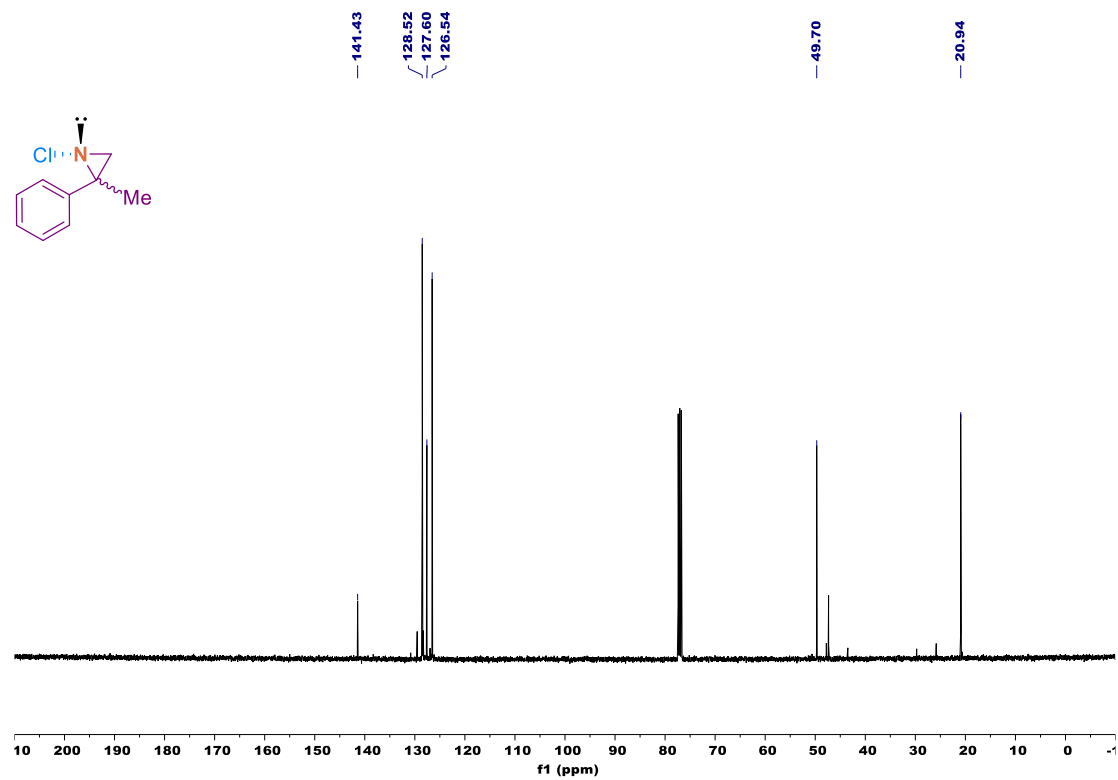


¹³C NMR spectrum of 3j (101 MHz, CDCl₃)

(R)-1-Chloro-2-methyl-2-phenylaziridine- Minor diastereoisomer(3k):

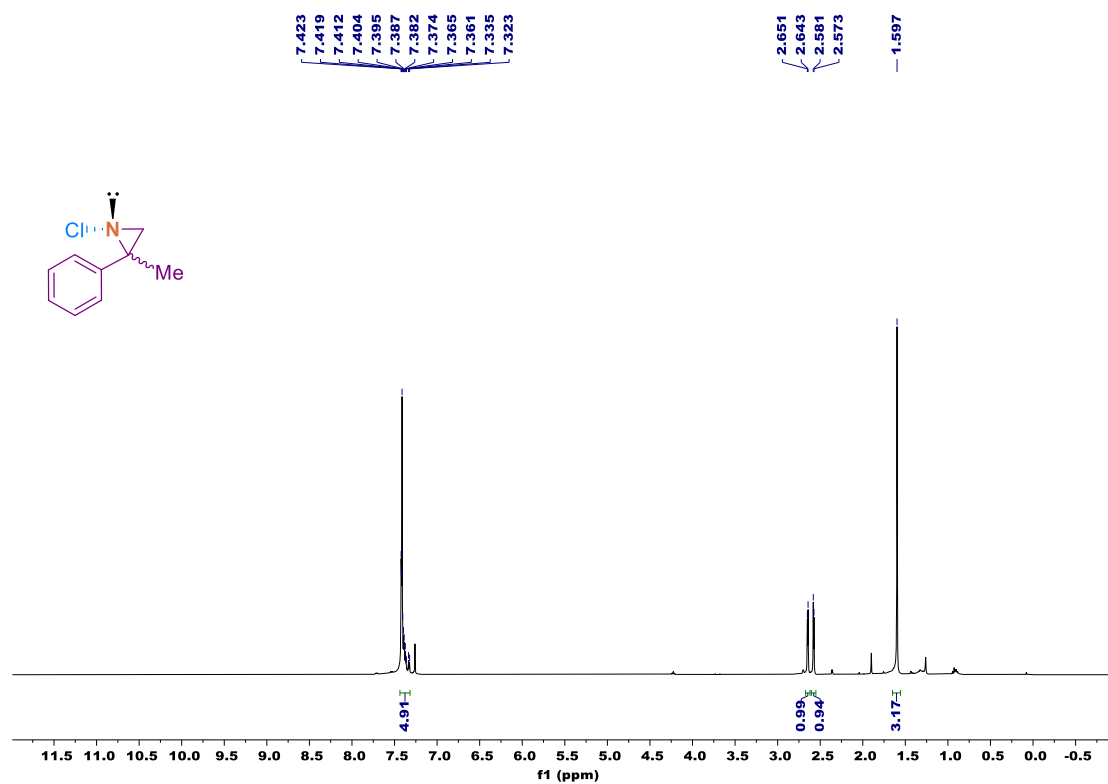


¹H NMR spectrum of **3k** (400 MHz, CDCl₃)

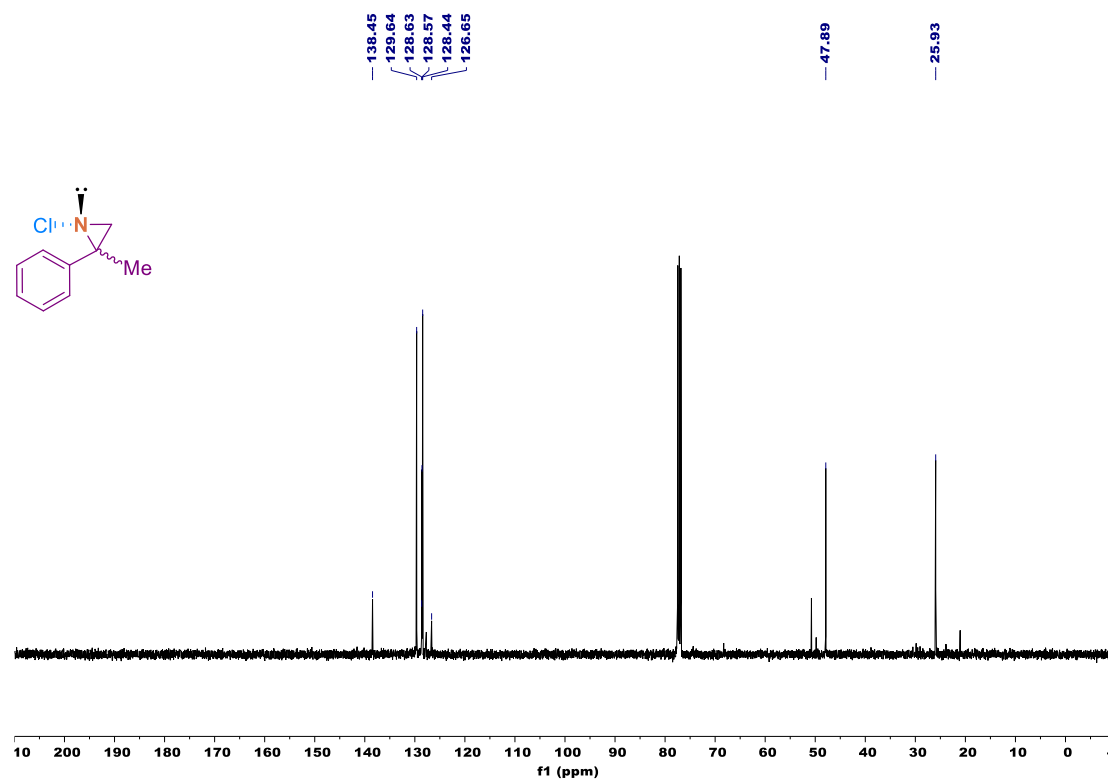


¹³C NMR spectrum of **3k** (101 MHz, CDCl₃)

(R)-1-Chloro-2-methyl-2-phenylaziridine- Major diastereoisomer (3k):

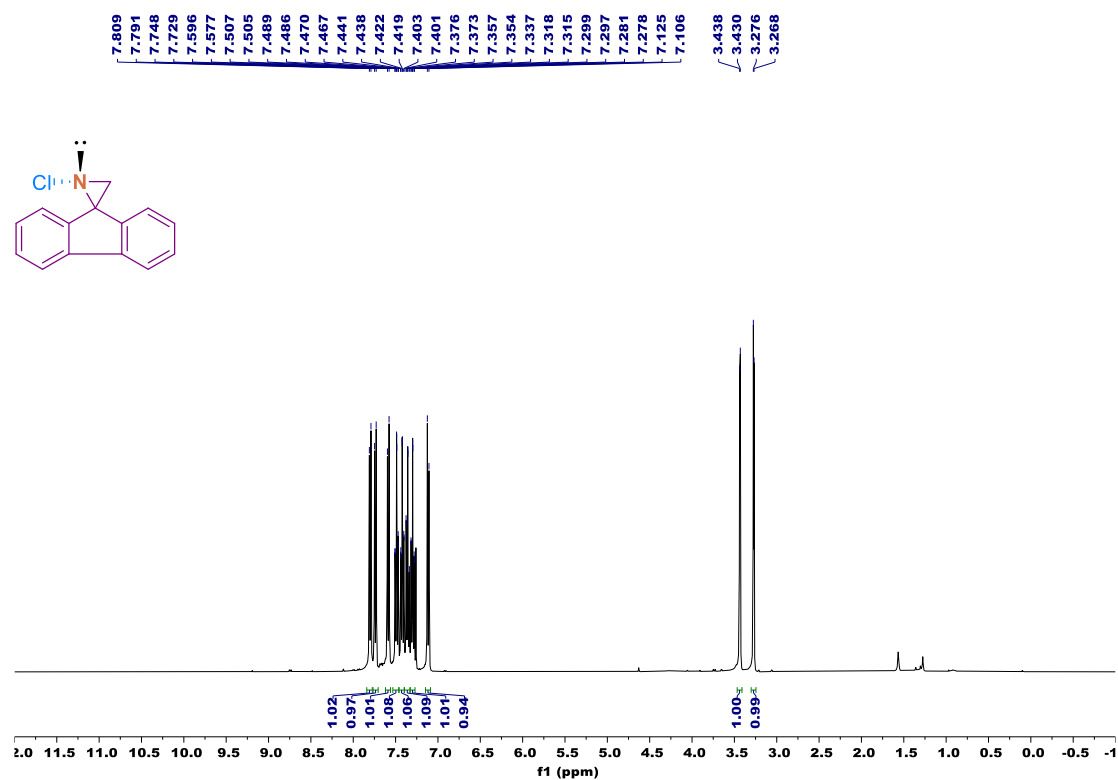


¹H NMR spectrum of 3k (400 MHz, CDCl₃)

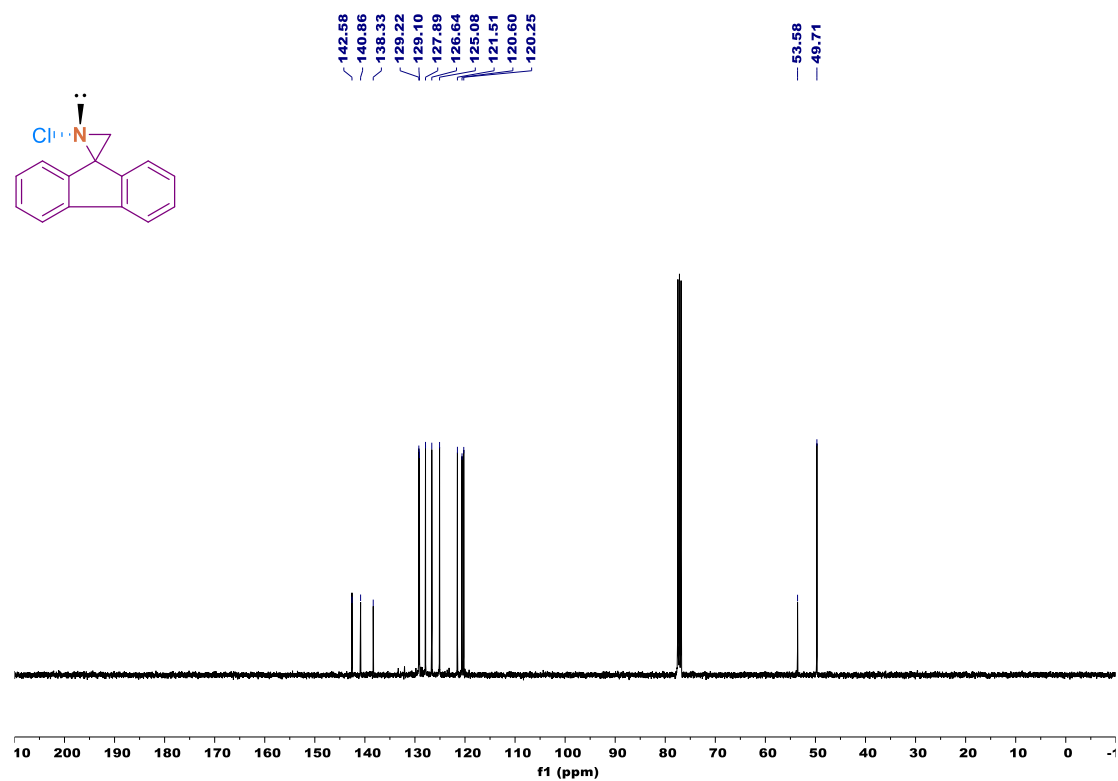


¹³C NMR spectrum of 3k (101 MHz, CDCl₃)

(R)-1-Chlorospiro[aziridine-2,9'-fluorene] (3I):

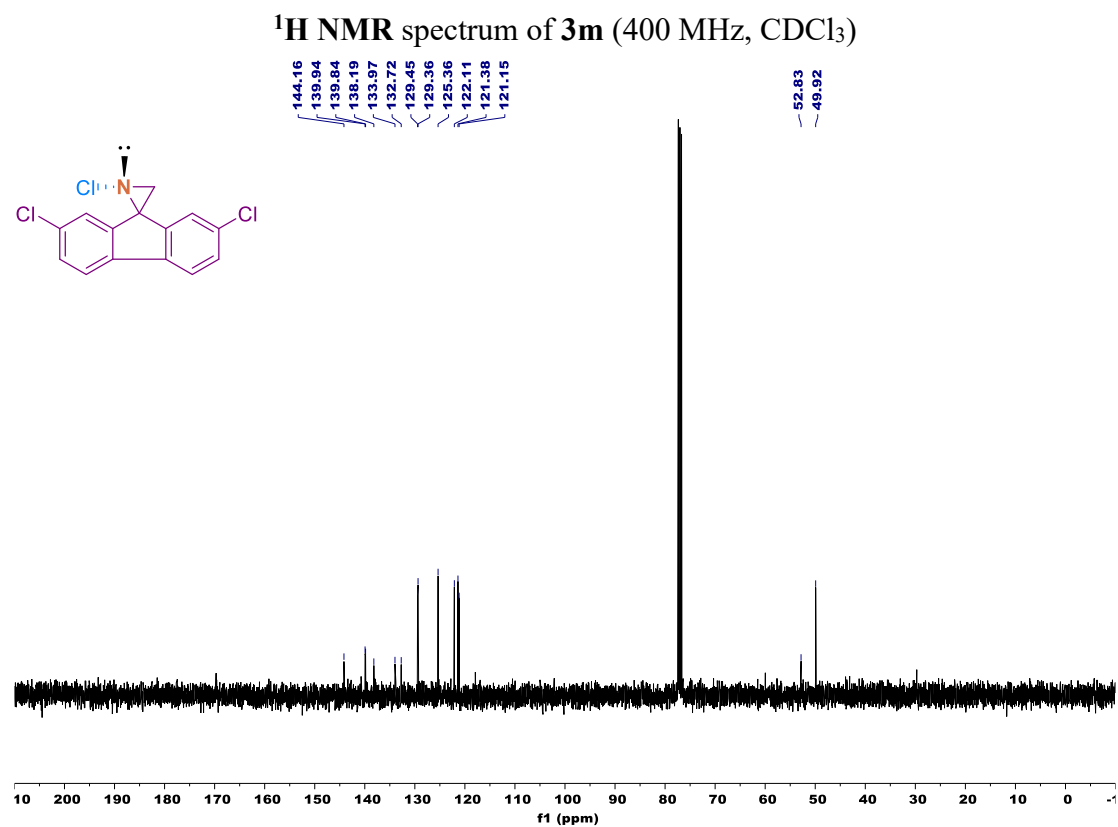
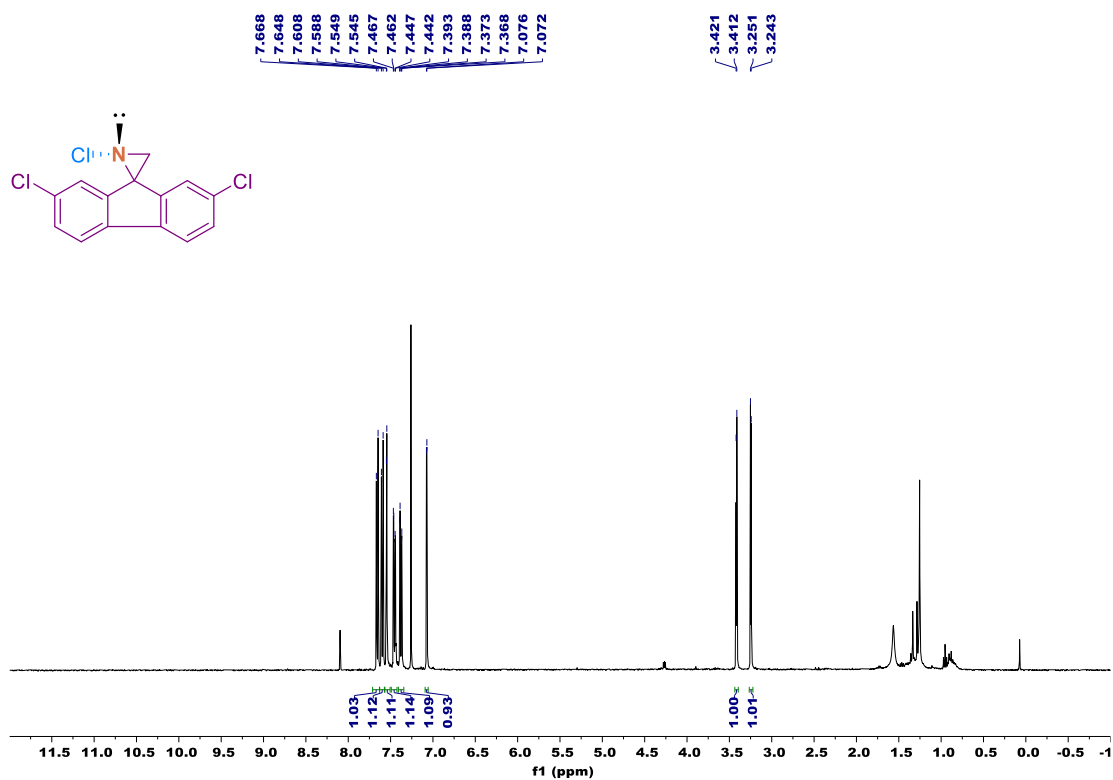


¹H NMR spectrum of 3I (400 MHz, CDCl₃)

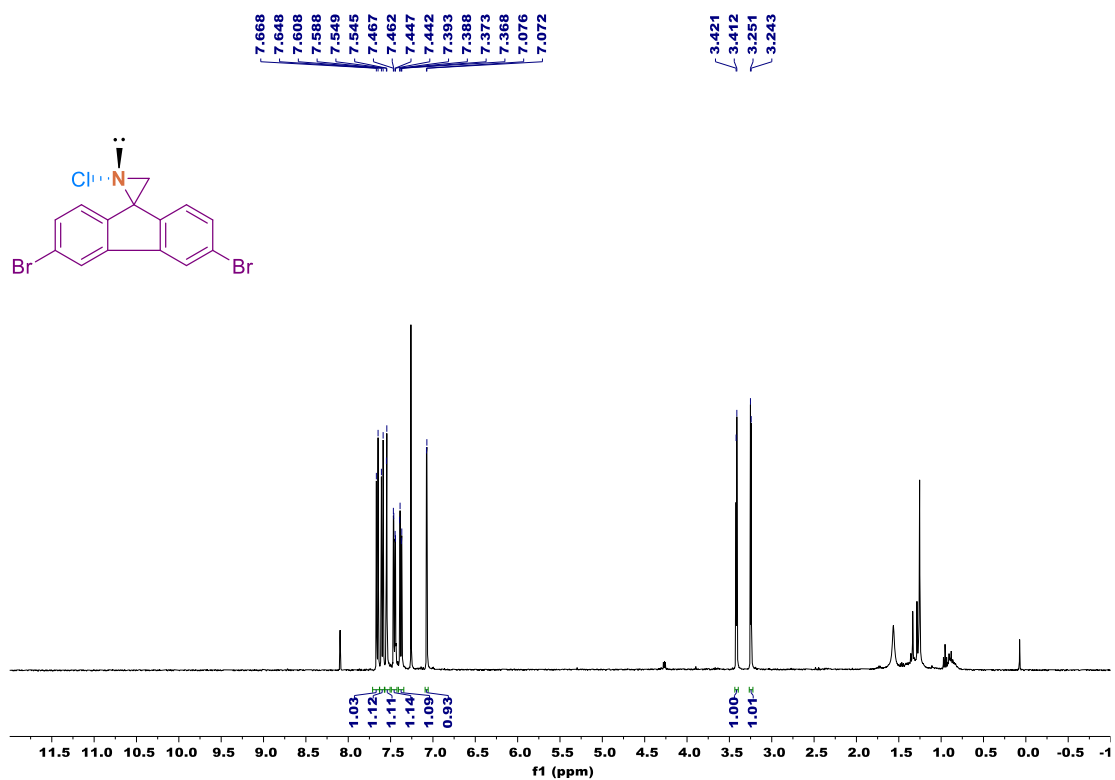


¹³C NMR spectrum of 3I (101 MHz, CDCl₃)

(R)-1,2',7'-Trichlorospiro[aziridine-2,9'-fluorene] (3m):

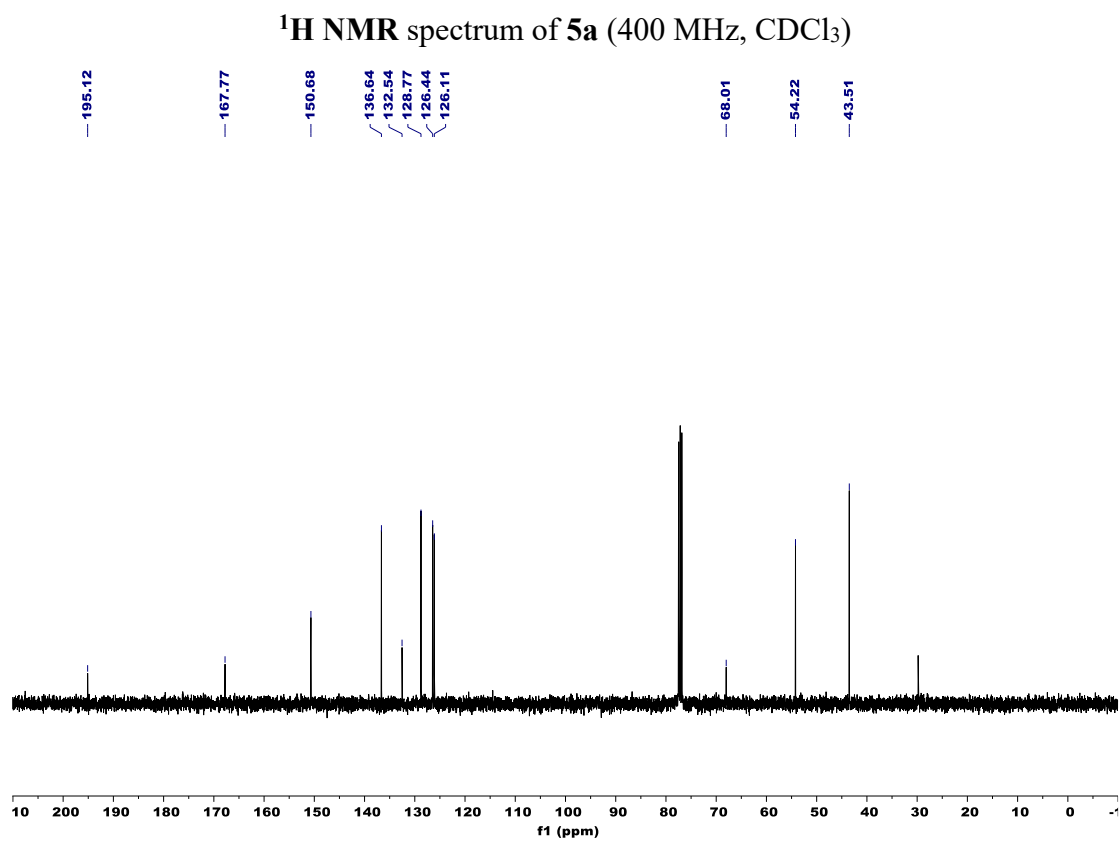
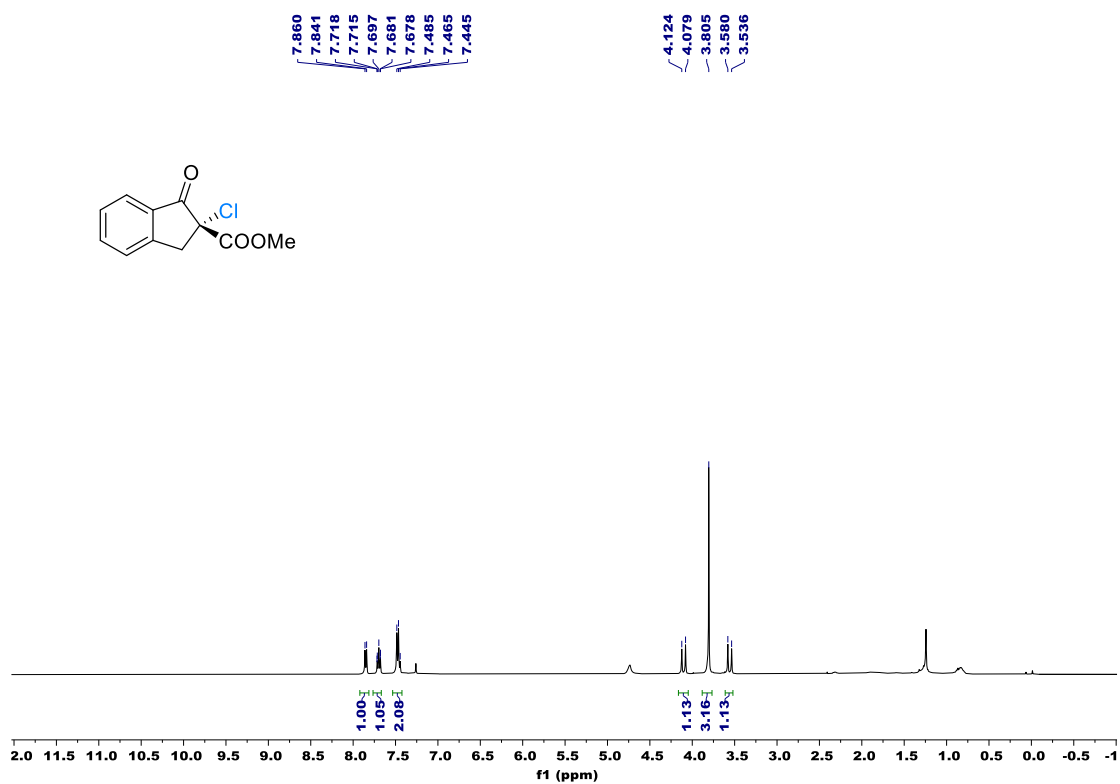


(R)-3',6'-Dibromo-1-chlorospiro[aziridine-2,9'-fluorene] (3n):



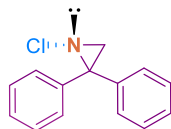
^1H NMR spectrum of **3n** (400 MHz, CDCl_3)

(R)-Methyl 2-chloro-1-oxo-2,3-dihydro-1H-indene-2-carboxylate (5a)

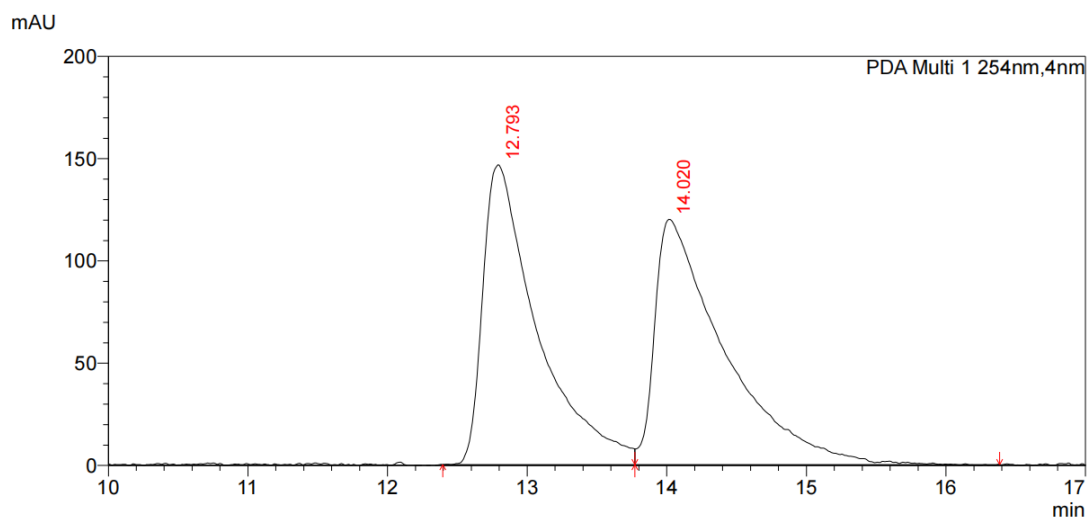


3.5 HPLC traces of the obtained chiral products

(R)-1-Chloro-2,2-diphenylaziridine (3a):

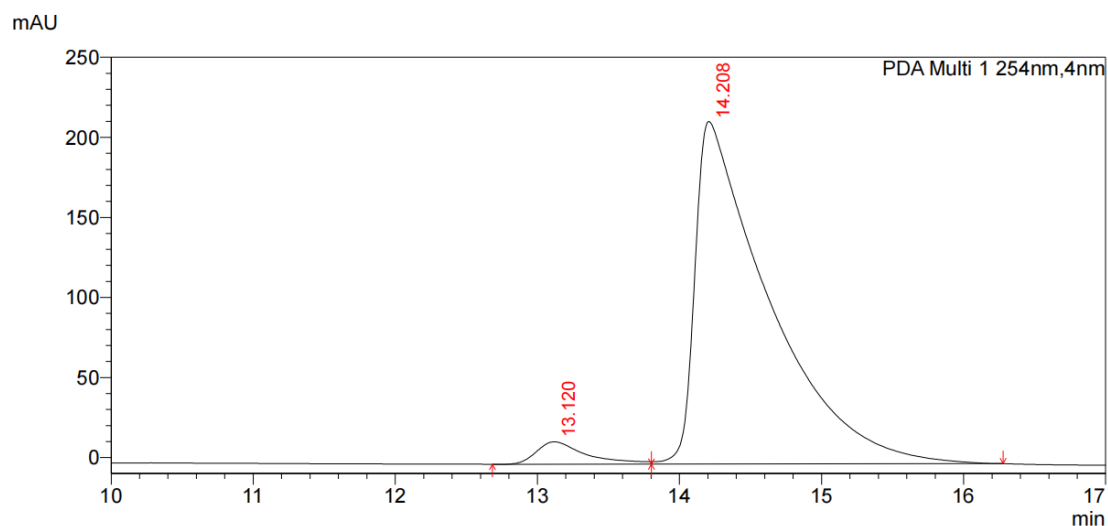


HPLC conditions: Chiralcel OJ-H (*i*-PrOH/*n*-Hexane, 5:95), Flow: 1.0 mL.min⁻¹, Temp: 40 °C.



PDA Ch1 254nm

Peak#	Ret. Time	Area	Height	Area%
1	12.793	3973433	146616	49.042
2	14.020	4128640	119920	50.958
Total		8102073	266536	100.000

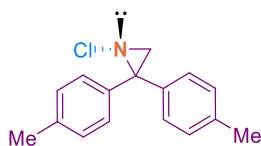


<Peak Table>

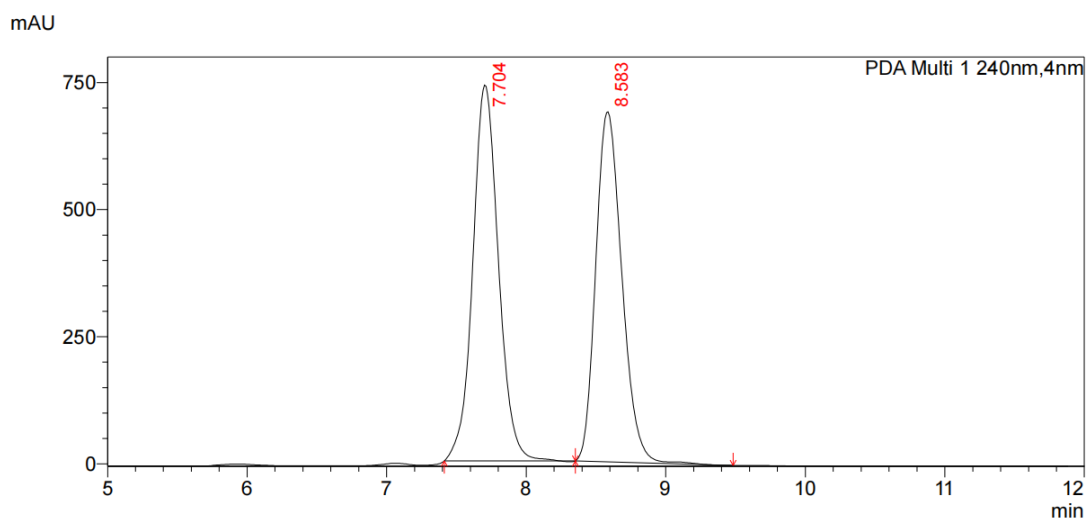
PDA Ch1 254nm

Peak#	Ret. Time	Area	Height	Area%
1	13.120	339893	14039	4.202
2	14.208	7749370	214075	95.798
Total		8089263	228114	100.000

(R)-1-Chloro-2,2-di-*p*-tolylaziridine (3b):

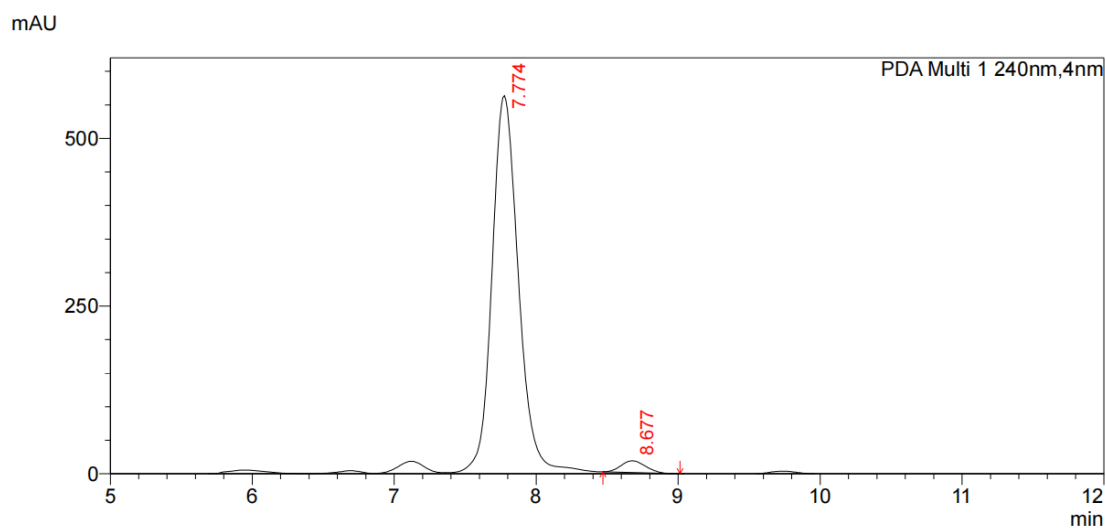


HPLC conditions: Chiralcel OD-H (*i*-PrOH/*n*-Hexane, 5:95), Flow: 0.5 mL.min⁻¹, Temp: 40 °C.



PDA Ch1 240nm

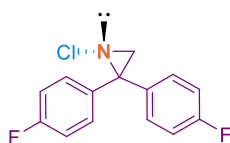
Peak#	Ret. Time	Area	Height	Area%
1	7.704	9435258	739142	51.396
2	8.583	8922654	688077	48.604
Total		18357912	1427219	100.000



PDA Ch1 240nm

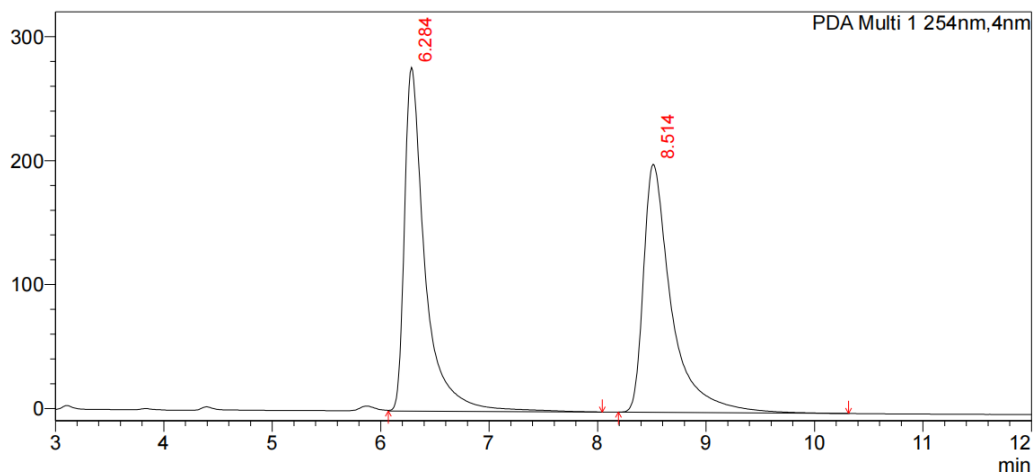
Peak#	Ret. Time	Area	Height	Area%
1	7.774	7679347	565227	97.296
2	8.677	213407	17591	2.704
Total		7892755	582818	100.000

(R)-1-Chloro-2,2-diphenylaziridine (3c):



HPLC conditions: Chiralcel OJ-H (*i*-PrOH/*n*-Hexane,20:80), Flow: 1.0 mL.min⁻¹, Temp: RT.

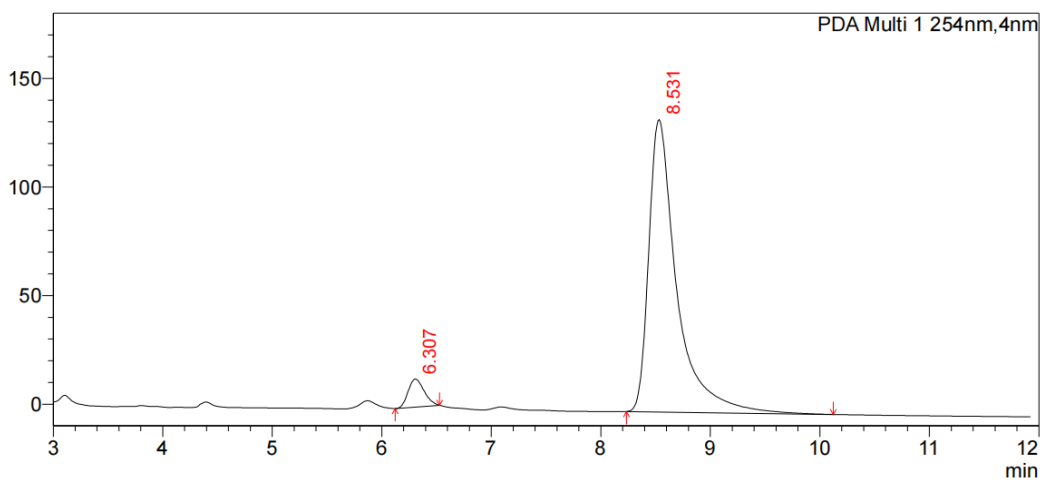
mAU



PDA Ch1 254nm

Peak#	Ret. Time	Area	Height	Area%
1	6.284	3663713	277445	50.496
2	8.514	3591678	200086	49.504
Total		7255391	477531	100.000

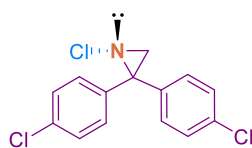
mAU



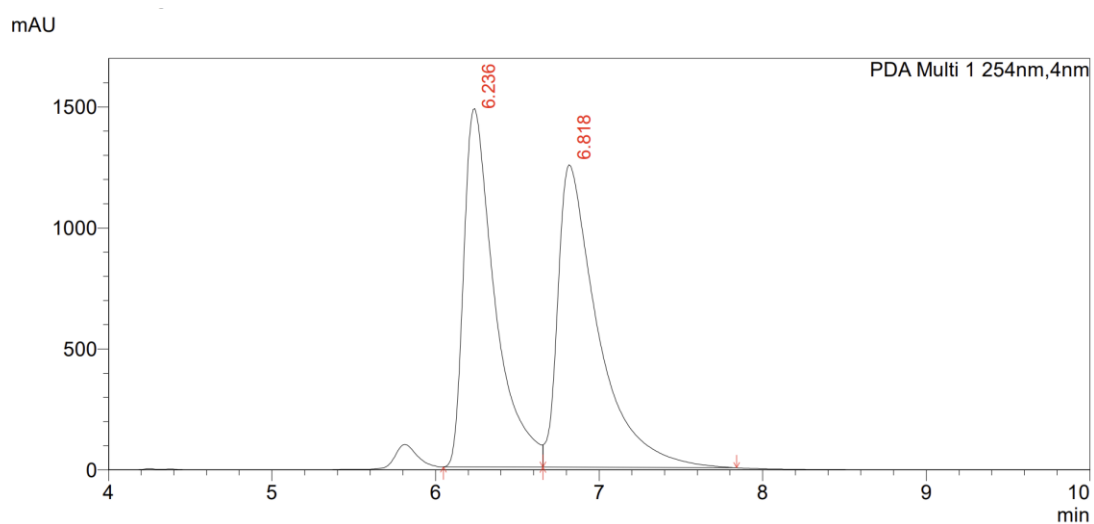
PDA Ch1 254nm

Peak#	Ret. Time	Area	Height	Area%
1	6.307	132070	12945	5.233
2	8.531	2391550	134581	94.767
Total		2523620	147526	100.000

(R)-1-Chloro-2,2-bis(4-chlorophenyl)aziridine (3d):

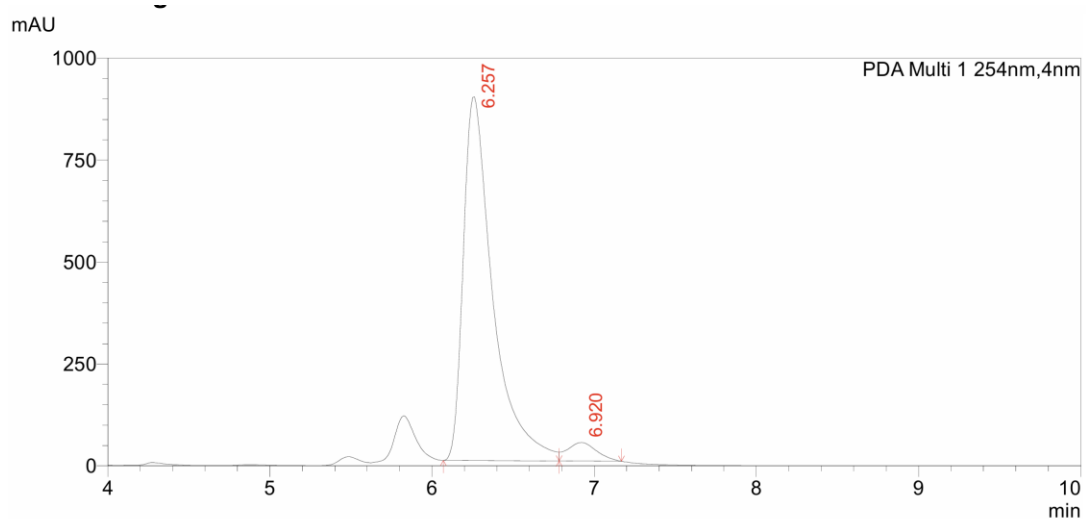


HPLC conditions: Chiralcel OJ-H (*i*-PrOH/*n*-Hexane, 20:80), Flow: 1.0 mL.min⁻¹, Temp: RT.



PDA Ch1 254nm

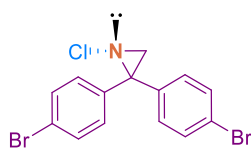
Peak#	Ret. Time	Area	Height	Area%
1	6.236	19597142	1480156	47.999
2	6.818	21231132	1249433	52.001
Total		40828274	2729588	100.000



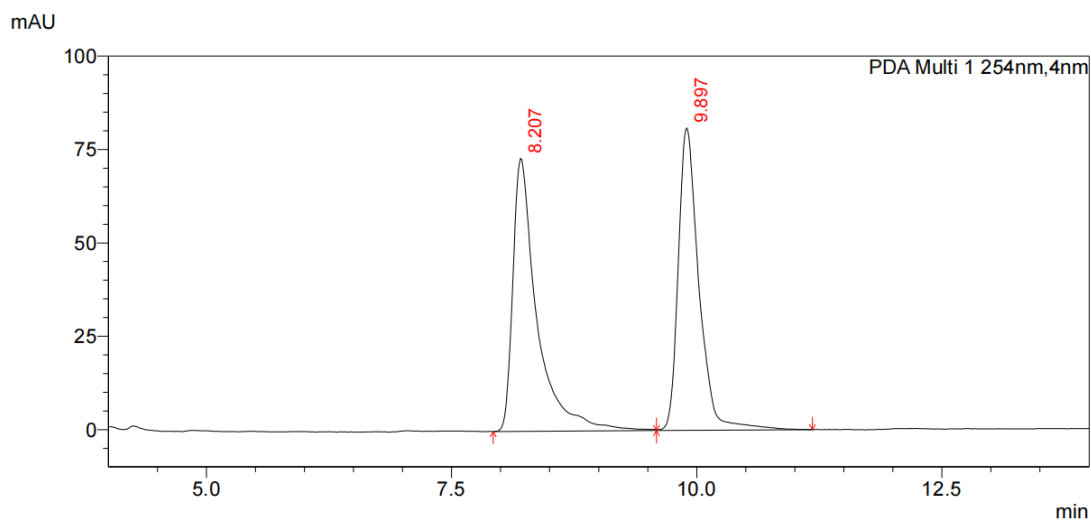
PDA Ch1 254nm

Peak#	Ret. Time	Area	Height	Area%
1	6.257	11297301	892369	95.202
2	6.920	569316	45664	4.798
Total		11866618	938033	100.000

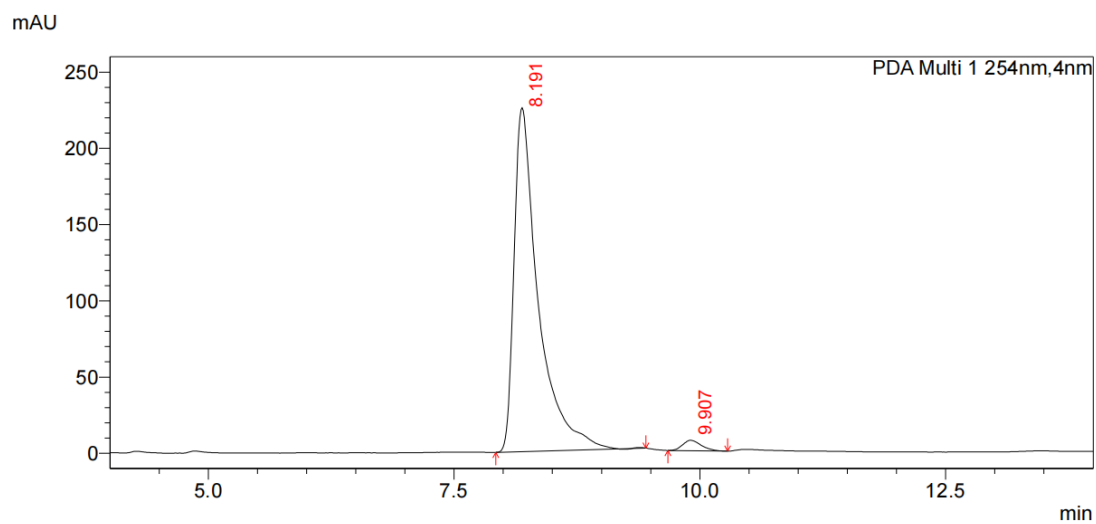
(R)-2,2-Bis(4-bromophenyl)-1-chloroaziridine (3e):



HPLC conditions: Chiralcel OJ-H (*i*-PrOH/*n*-Hexane, 5:95), Flow: 1.0 mL.min⁻¹, Temp: 40 °C.

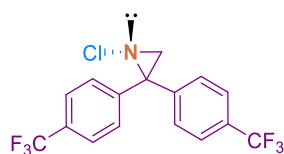


PDA Ch1 254nm				
Peak#	Ret. Time	Area	Height	Area%
1	8.207	1253993	73057	51.311
2	9.897	1189916	80967	48.689
Total		2443910	154024	100.000



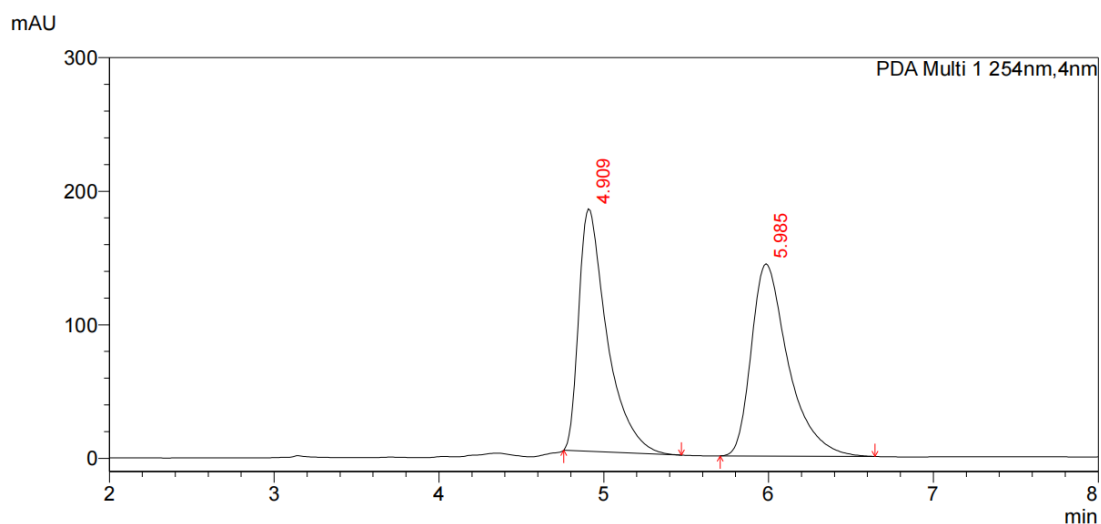
PDA Ch1 254nm				
Peak#	Ret. Time	Area	Height	Area%
1	8.191	3861603	225553	97.722
2	9.907	90031	6867	2.278
Total		3951633	232420	100.000

(R)-1-Chloro-2,2-bis(4-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl)aziridine (3f):



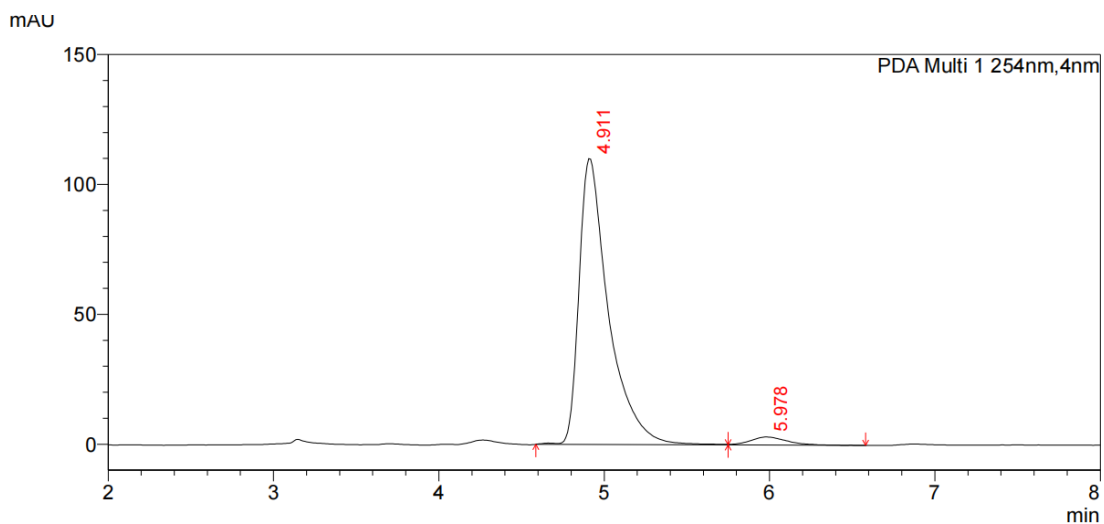
HPLC conditions: Chiralcel OJ-H (*i*-PrOH/*n*-Hexane, 5:95), Flow: 1.0 mL.min⁻¹,

Temp: RT.



PDA Ch1 254nm

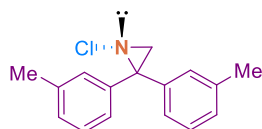
Peak#	Ret. Time	Area	Height	Area%
1	4.909	2167309	181569	49.106
2	5.985	2246235	144001	50.894
Total		4413544	325569	100.000



PDA Ch1 254nm

Peak#	Ret. Time	Area	Height	Area%
1	4.911	1368835	110048	96.629
2	5.978	47750	3125	3.371
Total		1416586	113173	100.000

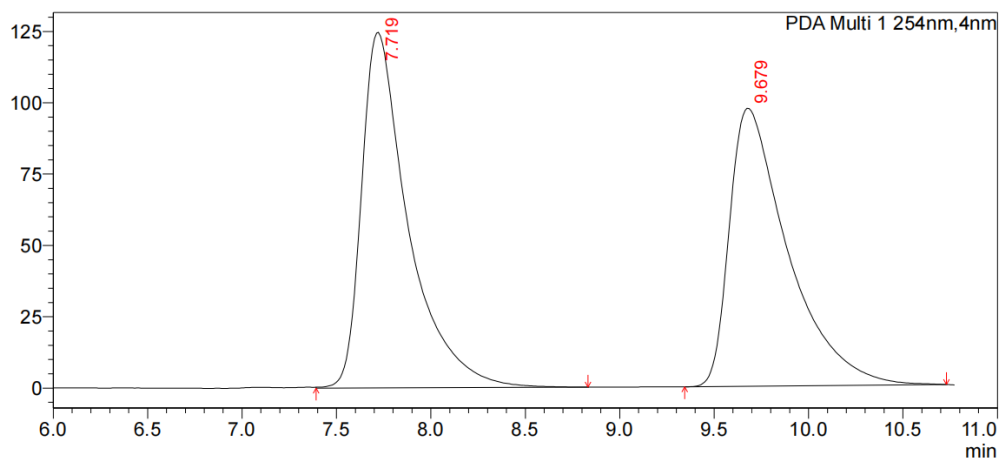
(R)-1-Chloro-2,2-di-*m*-tolylaziridine (3g):



HPLC conditions: Chiralcel OJ-H (*i*-PrOH/*n*-Hexane, 5:95), Flow: 1 mL.min⁻¹, Temp:

RT.

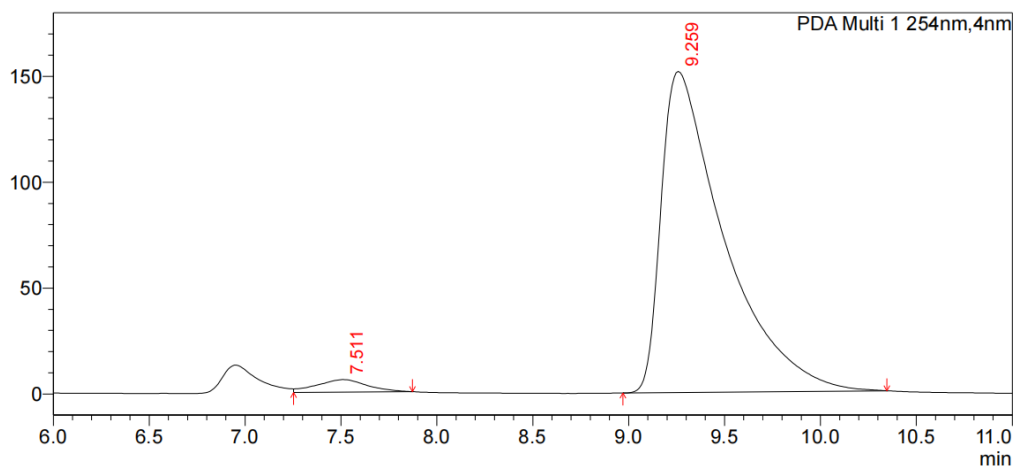
mAU



PDA Ch1 254nm

Peak#	Ret. Time	Area	Height	Area%
1	7.719	2144088	124598	50.510
2	9.679	2100823	97463	49.490
Total		4244911	222061	100.000

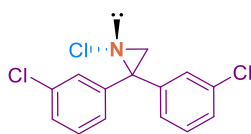
mAU



PDA Ch1 254nm

Peak#	Ret. Time	Area	Height	Area%
1	7.511	108574	5937	3.039
2	9.259	3464079	151691	96.961
Total		3572653	157628	100.000

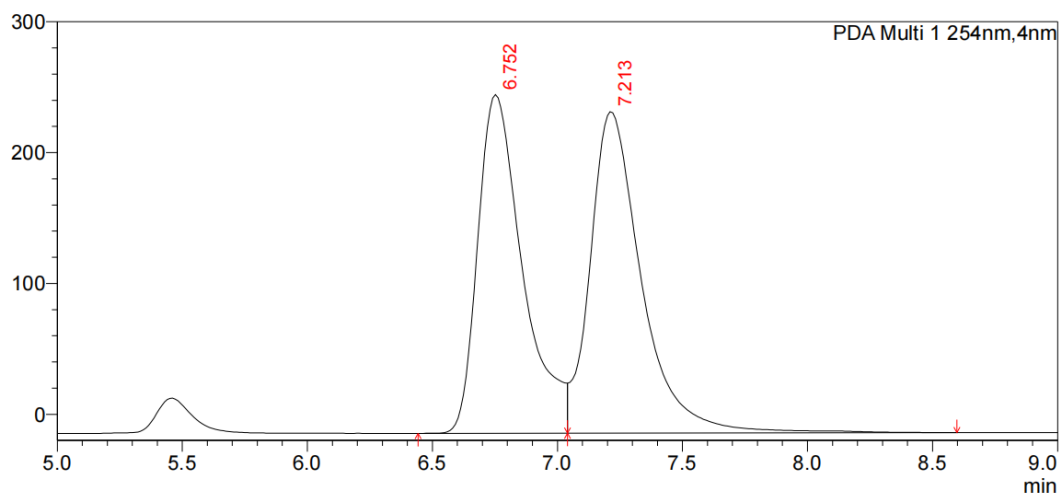
(R)-1-Chloro-2,2-bis(3-chlorophenyl)aziridine (3h):



HPLC conditions: Chiralcel OJ-H (*i*-PrOH/*n*-Hexane, 1:99), Flow: 1.0 mL.min⁻¹,

Temp: RT.

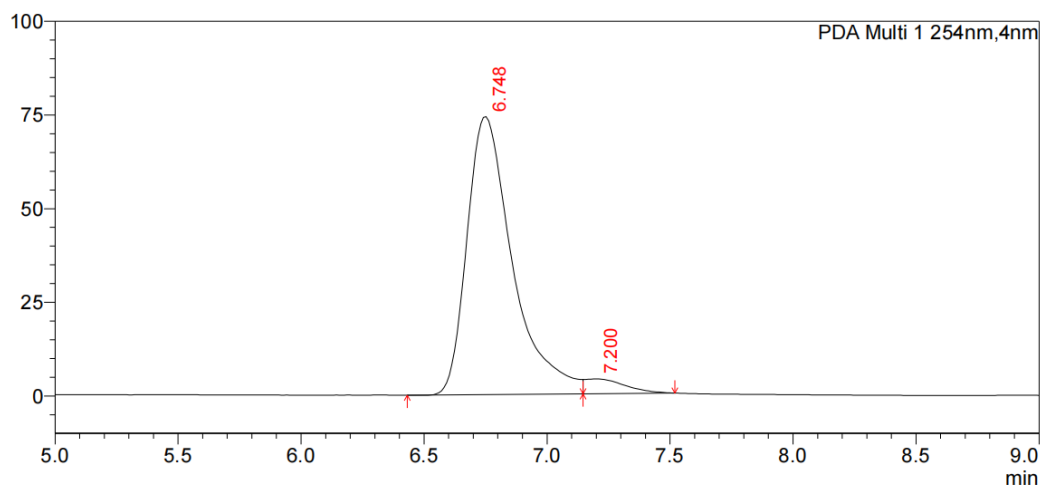
mAU



PDA Ch1 254nm

Peak#	Ret. Time	Area	Height	Area%
1	6.752	3232945	258839	47.991
2	7.213	3503631	245698	52.009
Total		6736576	504537	100.000

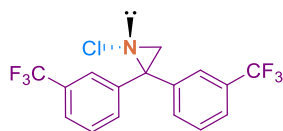
mAU



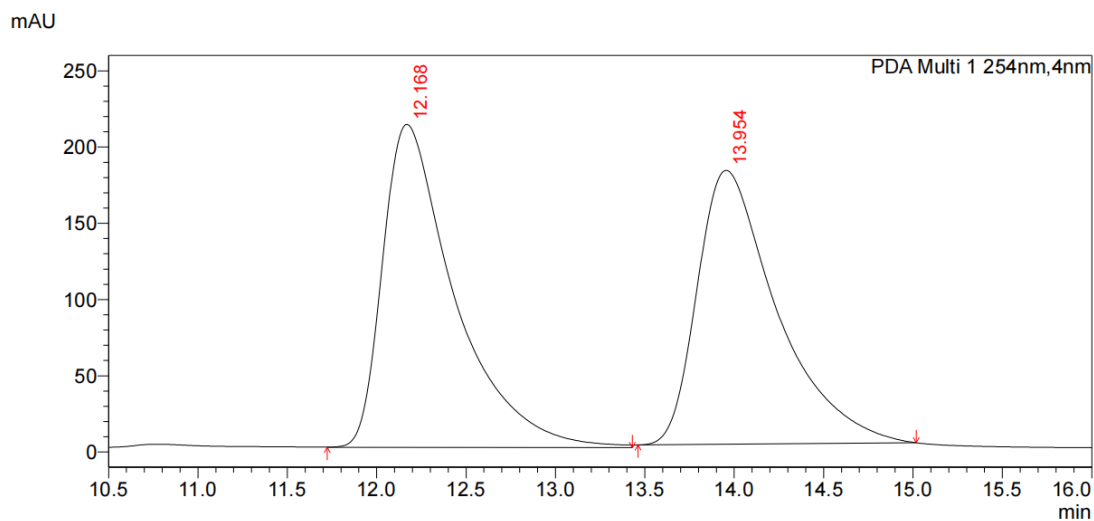
PDA Ch1 254nm

Peak#	Ret. Time	Area	Height	Area%
1	6.748	956479	74209	95.678
2	7.200	43202	3931	4.322
Total		999681	78140	100.000

(R)-1-Chloro-2,2-bis(3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl)aziridine (3i):

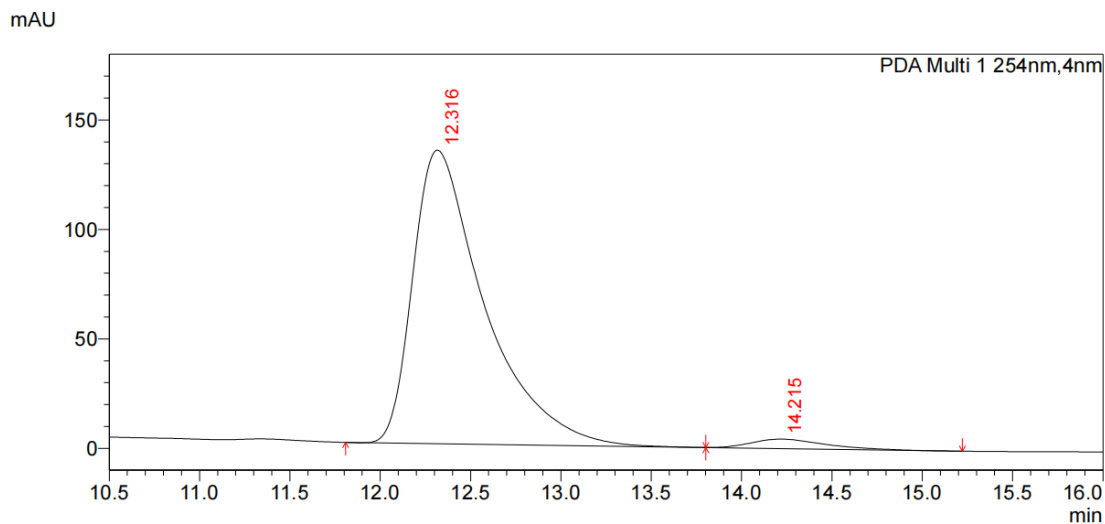


HPLC conditions: Chiralcel OJ-H (*i*-PrOH/*n*-Hexane, 5:95), Flow: 0.4 mL.min⁻¹, Temp: 40 °C.



PDA Ch1 254nm

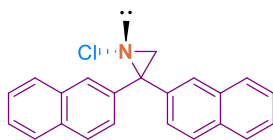
Peak#	Ret. Time	Area	Height	Area%
1	12.168	5928407	211907	51.591
2	13.954	5562709	179658	48.409
Total		11491116	391566	100.000



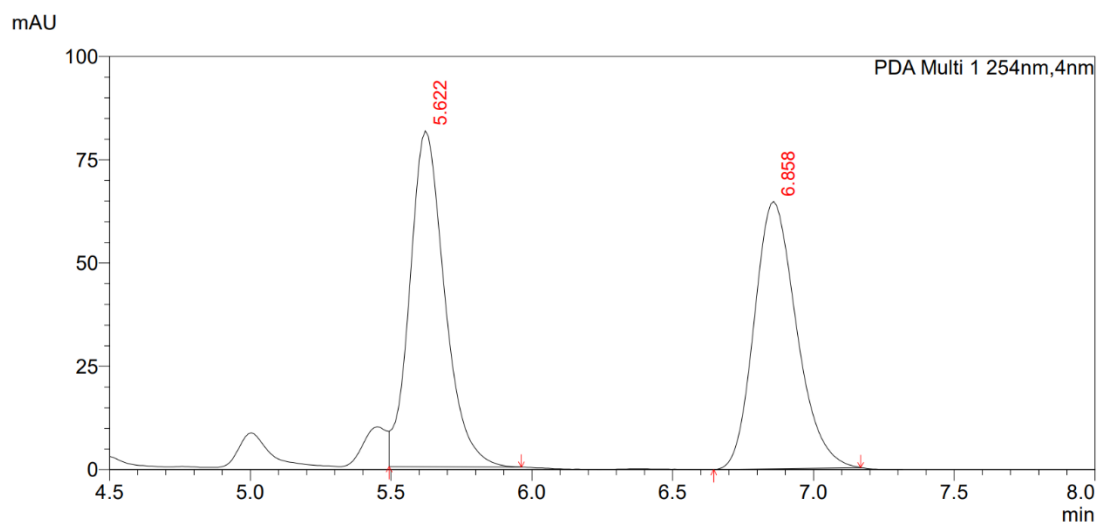
PDA Ch1 254nm

Peak#	Ret. Time	Area	Height	Area%
1	12.316	3696687	134169	96.763
2	14.215	123669	4341	3.237
Total		3820355	138510	100.000

(R)-1-Chloro-2,2-di(naphthalen-2-yl)aziridine (3j):

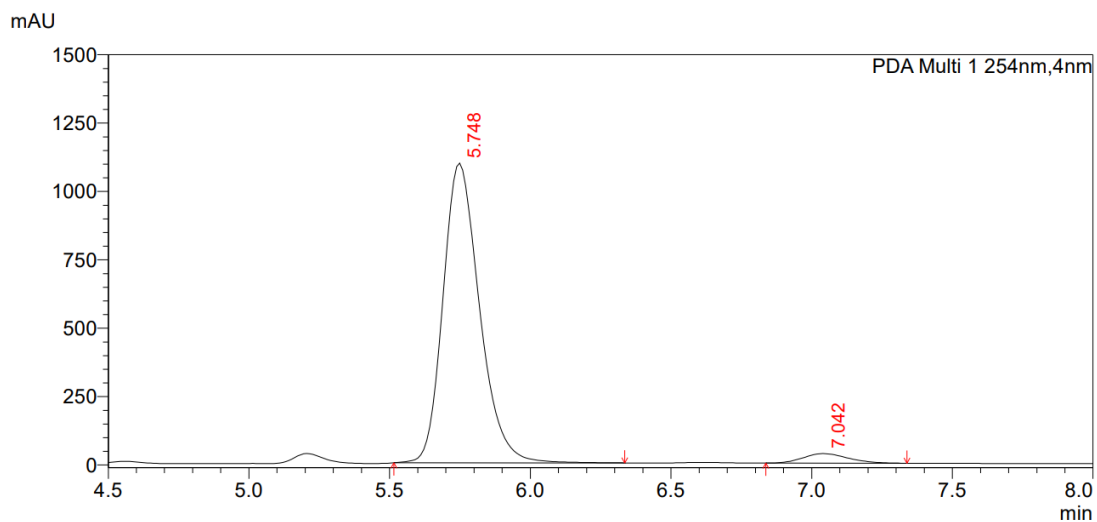


HPLC conditions: Chiralcel OD-H (*i*-PrOH/*n*-Hexane, 10:90), Flow: 1.0 mL.min⁻¹, Temp: RT.



PDA Ch1 254nm

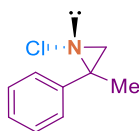
Peak#	Ret. Time	Area	Height	Area%
1	5.622	701209	81325	50.947
2	6.858	675135	64694	49.053
Total		1376344	146019	100.000



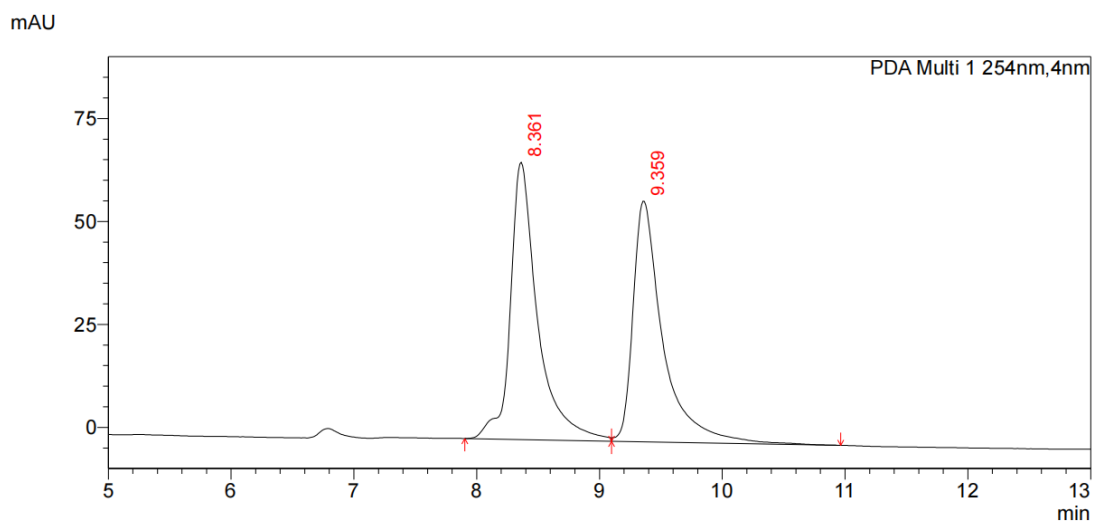
PDA Ch1 254nm

Peak#	Ret. Time	Area	Height	Area%
1	5.748	9873848	1095716	96.205
2	7.042	389495	35036	3.795
Total		10263342	1130753	100.000

(R)-1-Chloro-2-methyl-2-phenylaziridine- Minor diastereoisomer (3k):

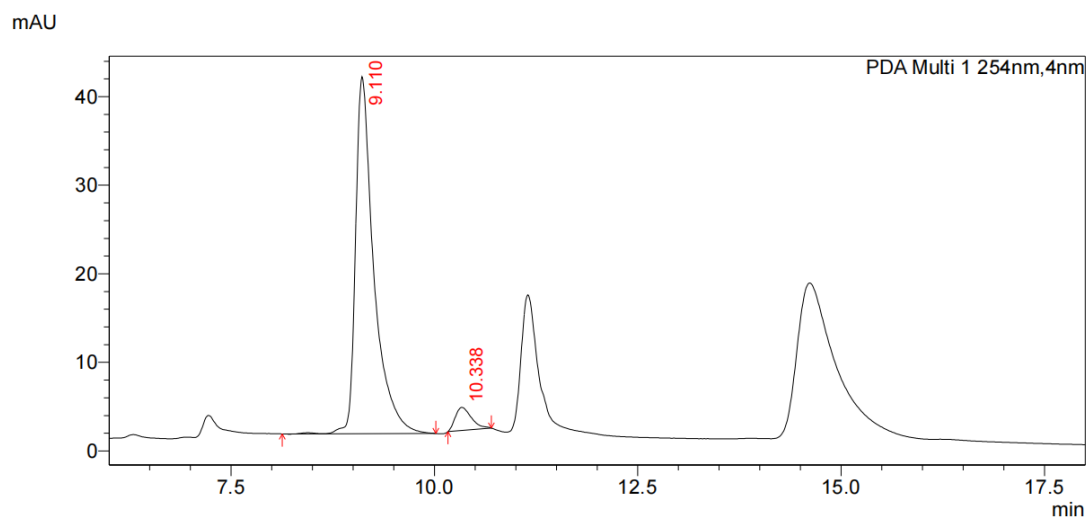


HPLC conditions: Chiralcel OJ-H (*i*-PrOH/*n*-Hexane, 5:95), Flow: 1.0 mL.min⁻¹, Temp: RT.



PDA Ch1 254nm

Peak#	Ret. Time	Area	Height	Area%
1	8.361	1041078	67305	51.254
2	9.359	990146	58418	48.746
Total		2031224	125724	100.000

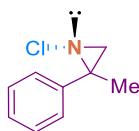


<Peak Table>

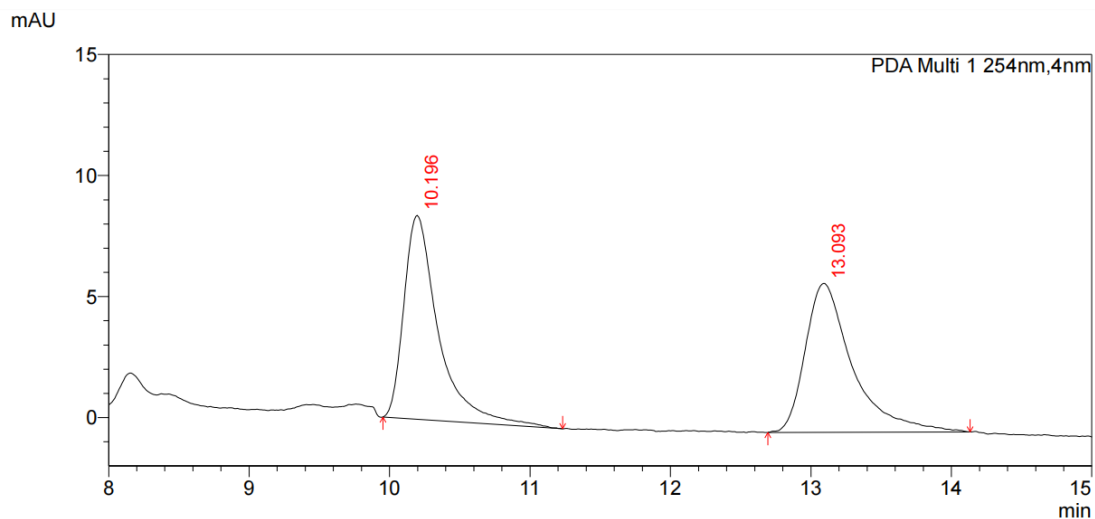
PDA Ch1 254nm

Peak#	Ret. Time	Area	Height	Area%
1	9.110	632184	40298	94.610
2	10.338	36015	2615	5.390
Total		668199	42913	100.000

(R)-1-Chloro-2-methyl-2-phenylaziridine- Major diastereoisomer (3k):

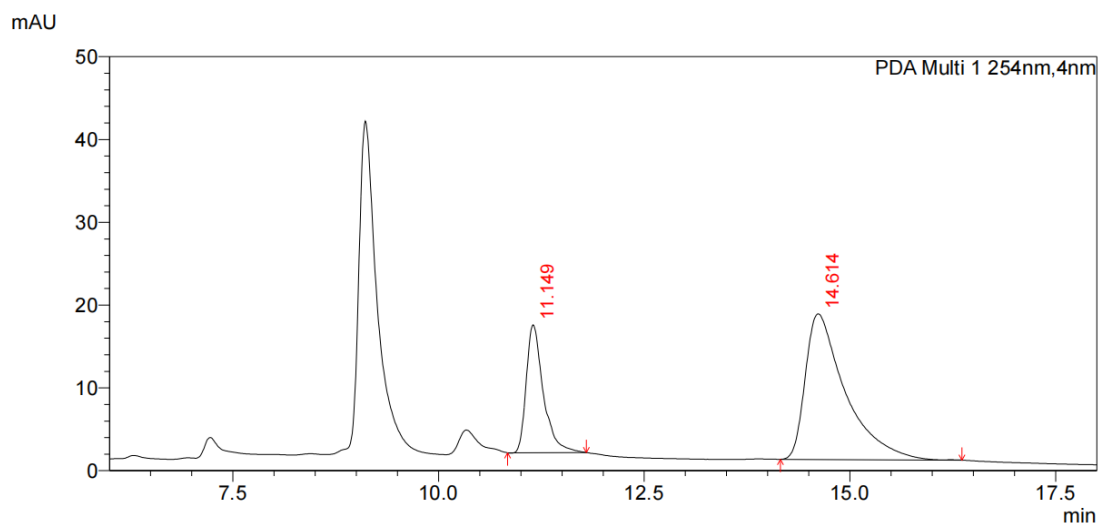


HPLC conditions: Chiralcel OJ-H (*i*-PrOH/*n*-Hexane, 5:95), Flow: 1.0 mL.min⁻¹, Temp: RT.



PDA Ch1 254nm

Peak#	Ret. Time	Area	Height	Area%
1	10.196	143461	8425	49.876
2	13.093	144175	6153	50.124
Total		287636	14578	100.000

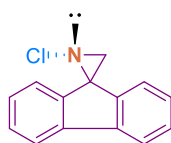


<Peak Table>

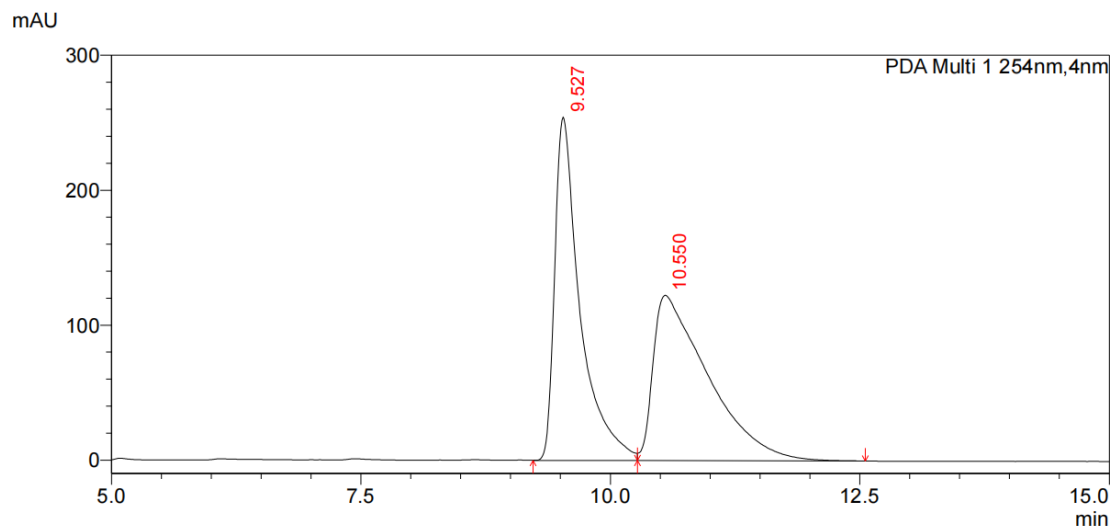
PDA Ch1 254nm

Peak#	Ret. Time	Area	Height	Area%
1	11.149	222857	15463	27.288
2	14.614	593829	17596	72.712
Total		816686	33059	100.000

(R)-1-Chlorospiro[aziridine-2,9'-fluorene] (3l):

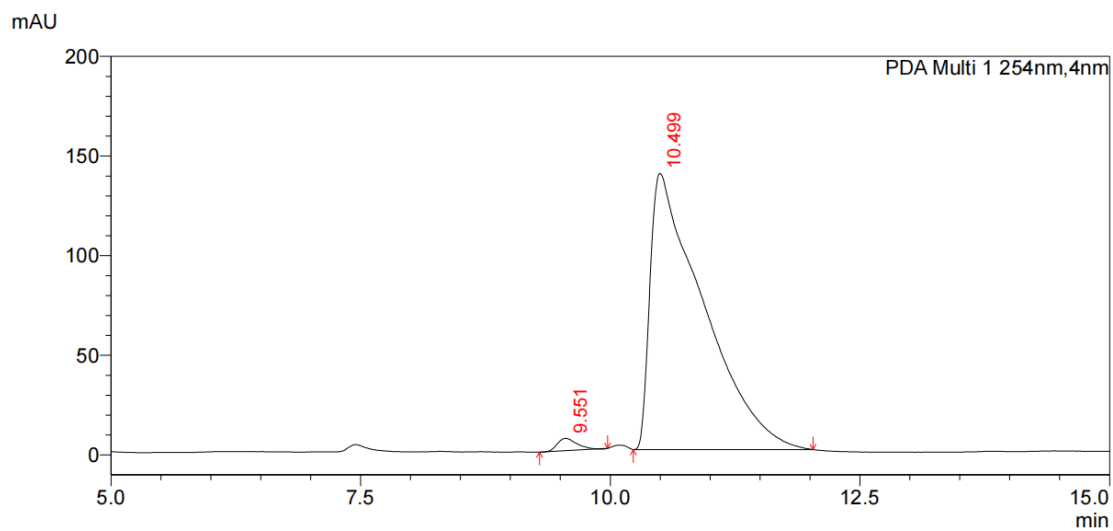


HPLC conditions: Chiralcel OJ-H (*i*-PrOH/*n*-Hexane, 5:95), Flow: 1.0 mL.min⁻¹, Temp: RT.



PDA Ch1 254nm

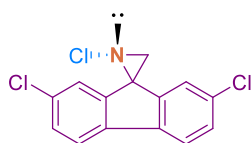
Peak#	Ret. Time	Area	Height	Area%
1	9.527	4493069	254397	48.920
2	10.550	4691538	122540	51.080
Total		9184608	376937	100.000



PDA Ch1 254nm

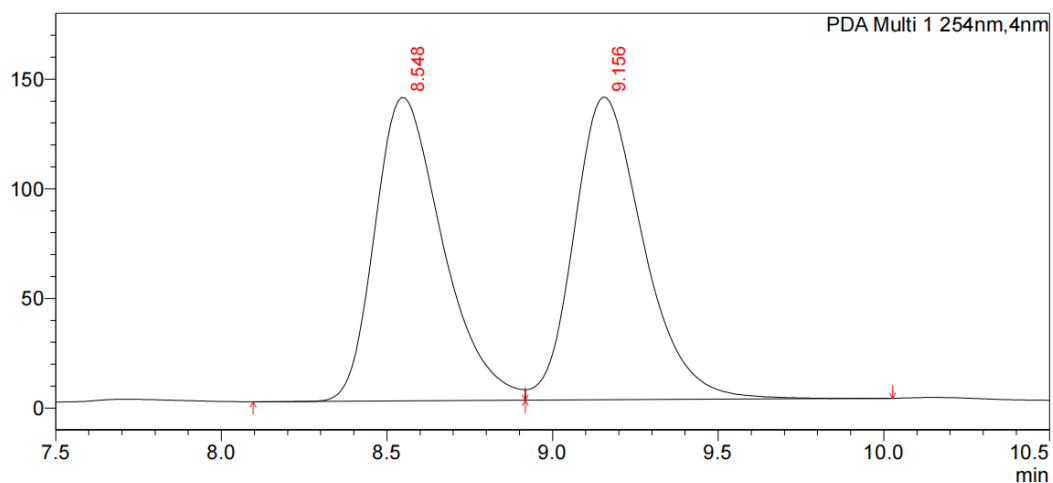
Peak#	Ret. Time	Area	Height	Area%
1	9.551	83542	6206	1.595
2	10.499	5152700	138642	98.405
Total		5236242	144848	100.000

(R)-1,2',7'-trichlorospiro[aziridine-2,9'-fluorene] (3m):



HPLC conditions: Chiralcel OD-H (*i*-PrOH/*n*-Hexane, 1:99), Flow: 1.0 mL.min⁻¹, Temp: RT.

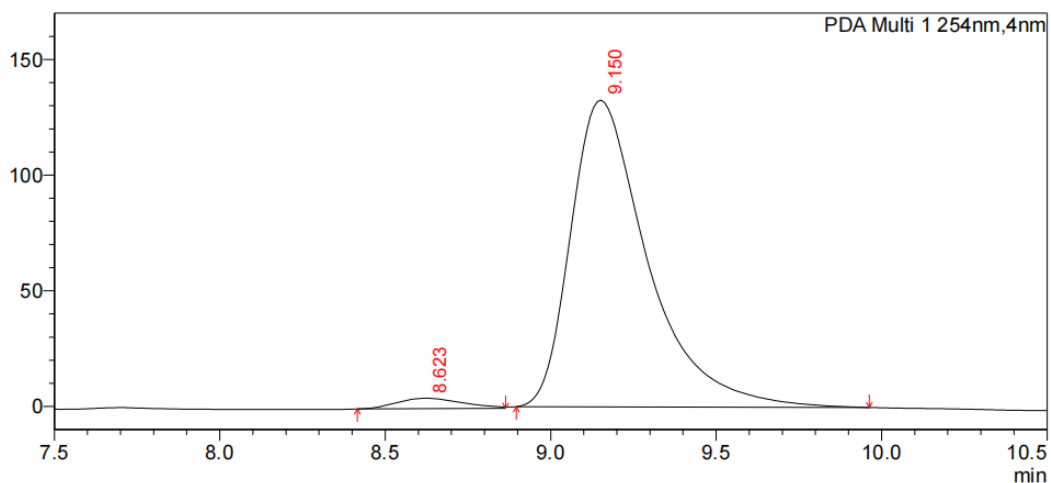
mAU



PDA Ch1 254nm

Peak#	Ret. Time	Area	Height	Area%
1	8.548	1971150	138432	49.411
2	9.156	2018113	138134	50.589
Total		3989263	276566	100.000

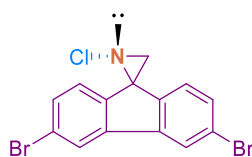
mAU



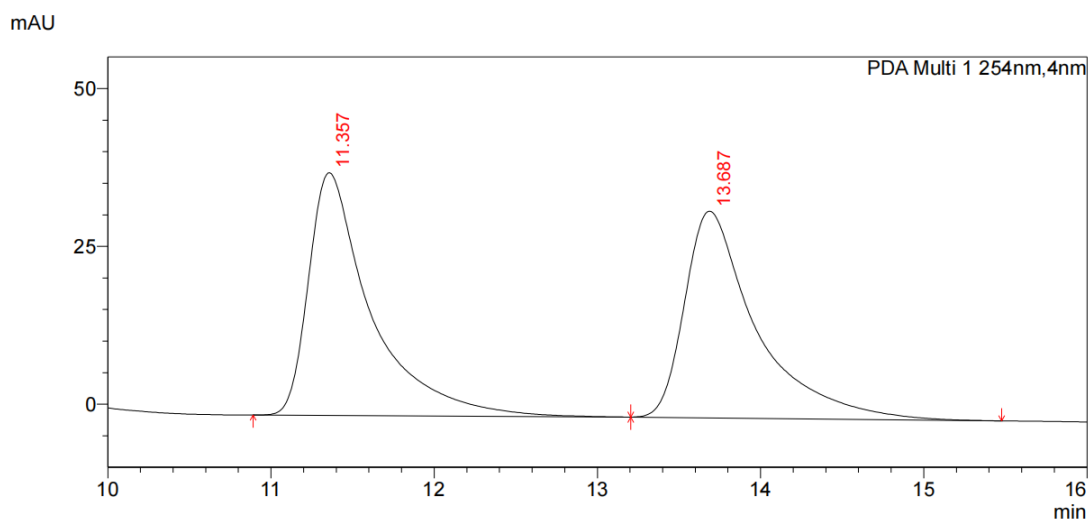
PDA Ch1 254nm

Peak#	Ret. Time	Area	Height	Area%
1	8.623	63035	4545	2.856
2	9.150	2144064	132509	97.144
Total		2207099	137054	100.000

(R)-3',6'-Dibromo-1-chlorospiro[aziridine-2,9'-fluorene] (3n):

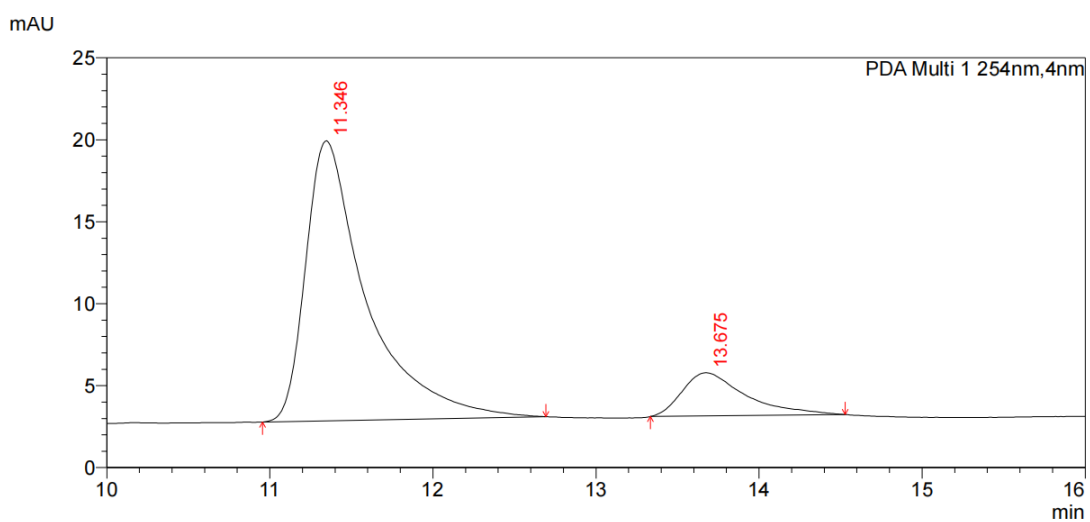


HPLC conditions: Chiralcel OJ-H (*i*-PrOH/*n*-Hexane, 20:80), Flow: 1.0 mL.min⁻¹, Temp: RT.



PDA Ch1 254nm

Peak#	Ret. Time	Area	Height	Area%
1	11.357	1022044	38453	50.581
2	13.687	998547	32750	49.419
Total		2020591	71204	100.000

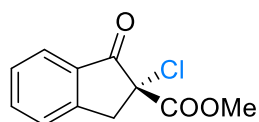


<Peak Table>

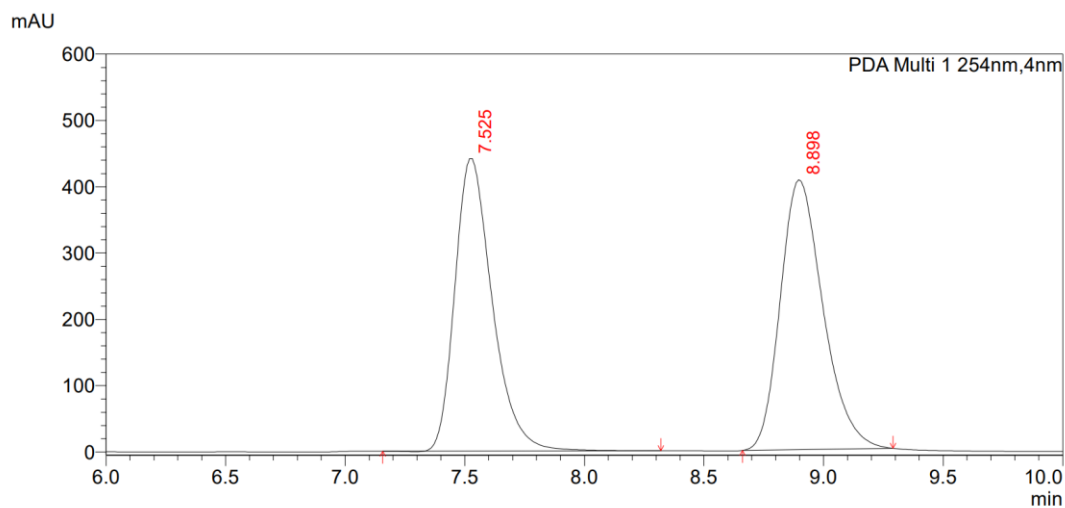
PDA Ch1 254nm

Peak#	Ret. Time	Area	Height	Area%
1	11.346	442473	17080	86.147
2	13.675	71151	2633	13.853
Total		513624	19713	100.000

(R)-Methyl 2-chloro-1-oxo-2,3-dihydro-1H-indene-2-carboxylate (5a)

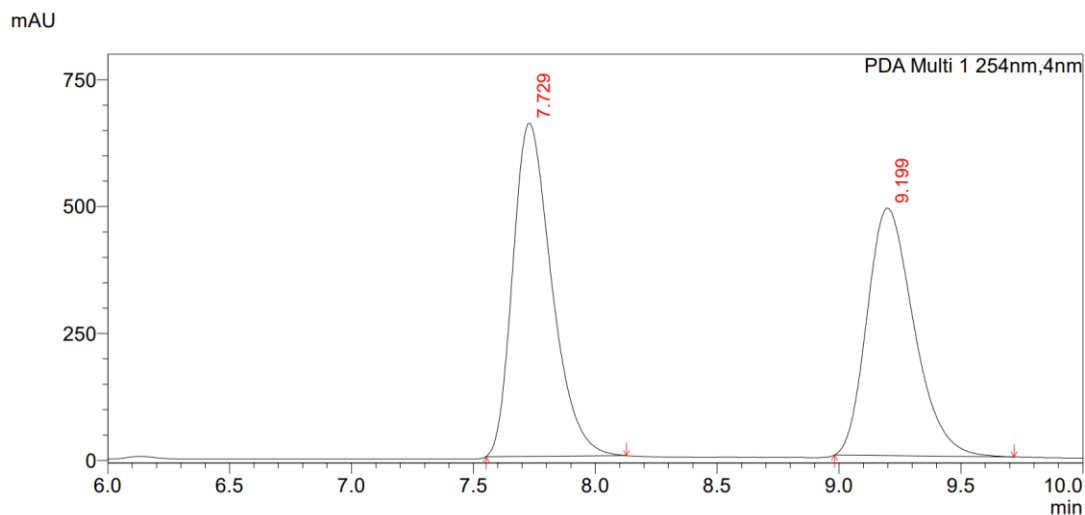


HPLC conditions: Chiralcel OD-H (*i*-PrOH/*n*-Hexane, 10:90), Flow: 1.0 mL.min⁻¹, Temp: RT.



PDA Ch1 254nm

Peak#	Ret. Time	Area	Height	Area%
1	7.525	4797552	441101	48.644
2	8.898	5065010	407208	51.356
Total		9862561	848308	100.000

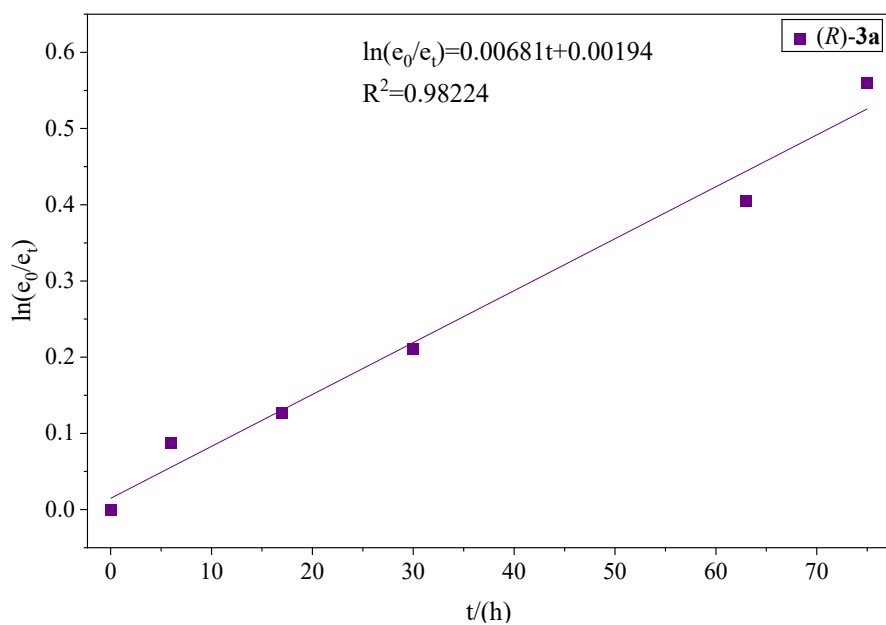
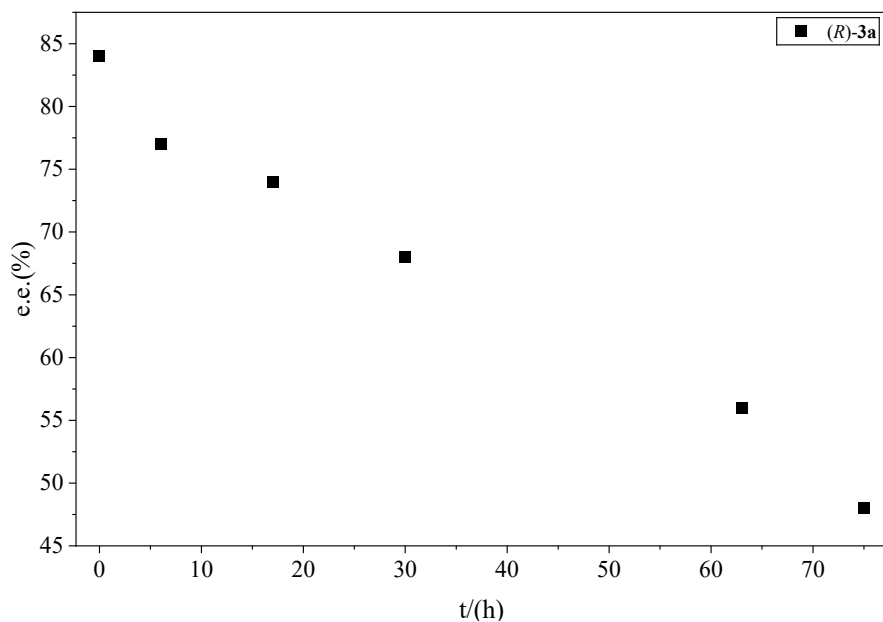


PDA Ch1 254nm

Peak#	Ret. Time	Area	Height	Area%
1	7.729	7259279	656013	52.727
2	9.199	6508289	487358	47.273
Total		13767568	1143371	100.000

3.6 Inversion barrier of 3a, 3b and 3l

Determination of $t_{1/2\text{rac}}$ for **3a**: The barrier to rotation of **3a** was determined according to the literature method ($t_{1/2\text{rac}} = 101.9$ h at r.t. (298 K), *i*PrOH; $\Delta G^\ddagger = 25.7$ kcal/mol).³



$$\ln e_0/e_t = 2k_{\text{ent}}t + C$$

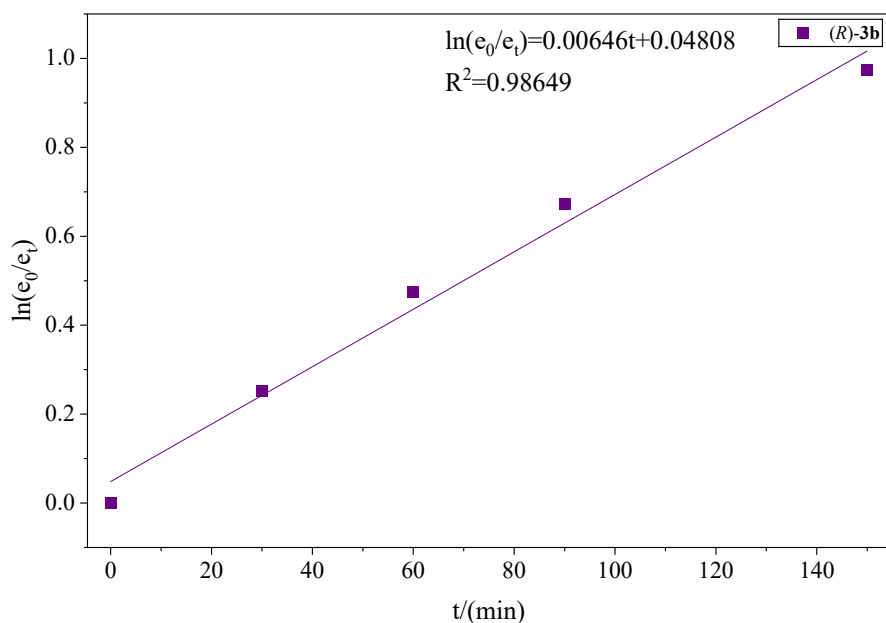
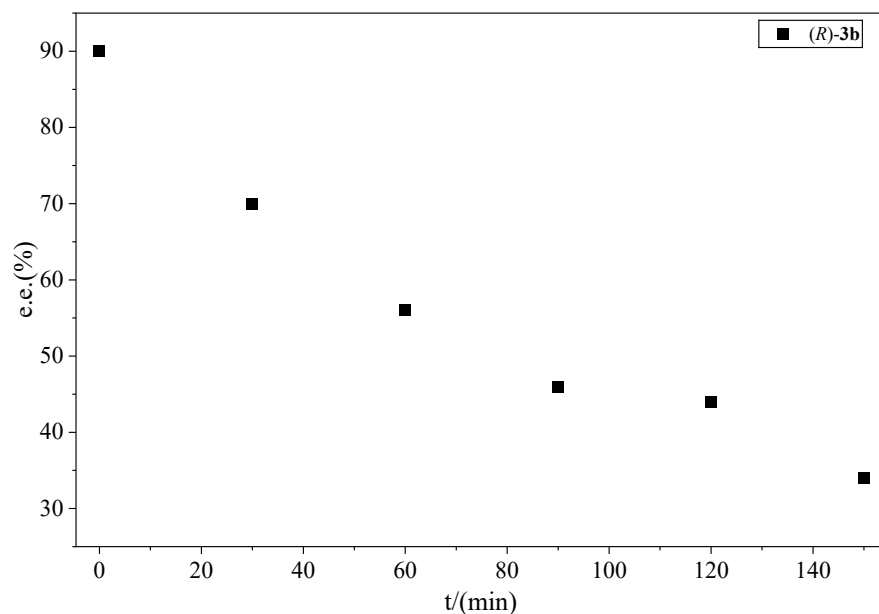
Therefore, $k_{\text{ent}} = 1/2 \text{ slope} = 3.4 \times 10^{-3}$

$$K_{\text{rac}} = 2k_{\text{ent}} = 6.8 \times 10^{-3} \text{ h}^{-1}$$

$$t_{1/2\text{rac}} = \ln 2 / k_{\text{rac}} = 101.9 \text{ h}$$

$$\Delta G^\ddagger = -RT \ln(k_{\text{ent}}h / k_{\text{B}}T) = 25.7 \text{ kcal/mol}$$

Determination of $t_{1/2rac}$ for **3b**: The barrier to rotation of **3b** was determined according to the literature method ($t_{1/2rac} = 1.8$ h at 40 °C. (313 K), *i*PrOH; $\Delta G^\ddagger = 24.5$ kcal/mol).



$$\ln e_0/e_t = 2k_{ent}t + C$$

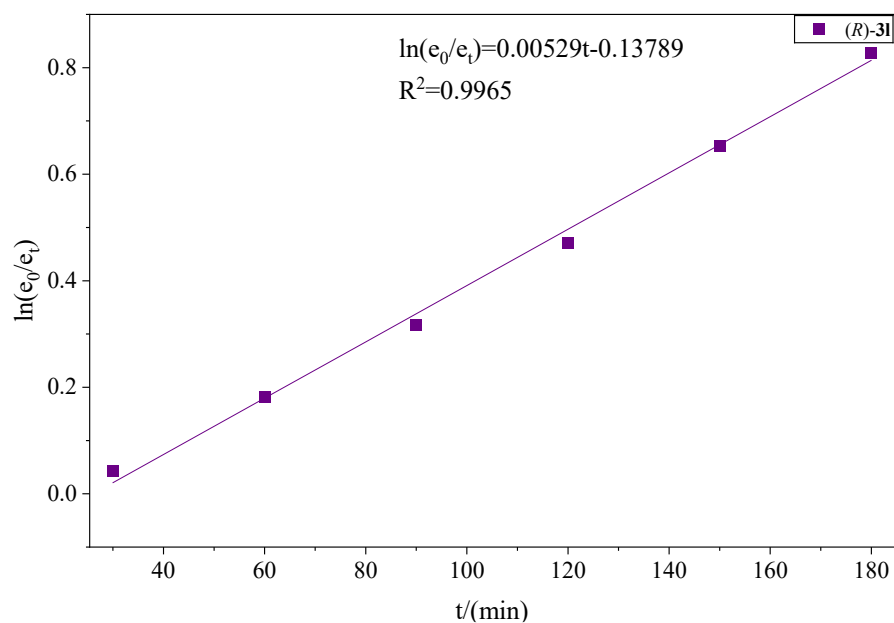
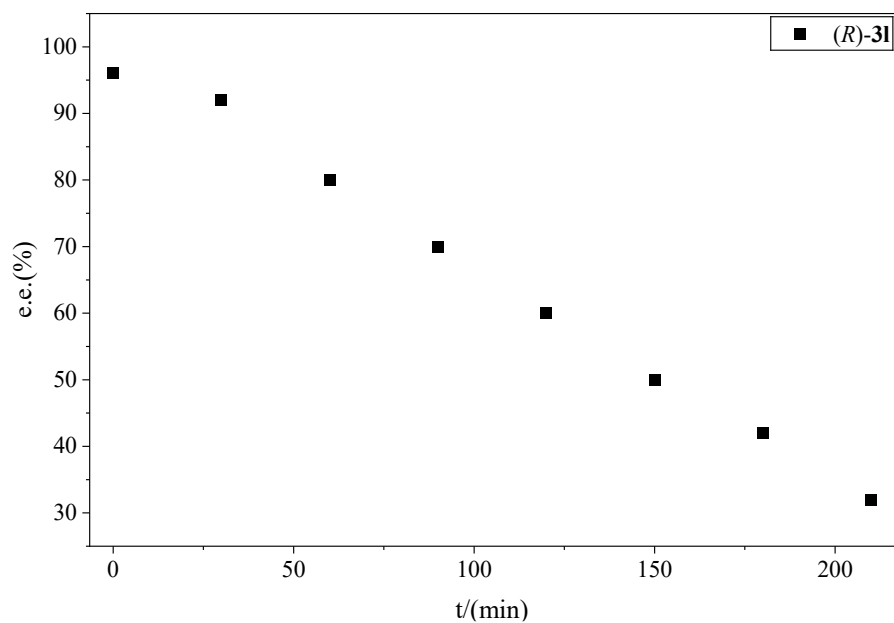
$$\text{Therefore, } k_{ent} = 1/2 \text{ slope} = 3.3 \times 10^{-3}$$

$$k_{rac} = 2k_{ent} = 6.6 \times 10^{-3} \text{ min}^{-1}$$

$$t_{1/2rac} = \ln 2 / k_{rac} = 1.8 \text{ h}$$

$$\Delta G^\ddagger = -RT \ln(k_{ent}h/k_B T) = 24.5 \text{ kcal/mol}$$

Determination of $t_{1/2rac}$ for **31**: The barrier to rotation of **31** was determined according to the literature method ($t_{1/2rac} = 2.2$ h at 40 °C. (313 K), *i*PrOH; $\Delta G^\ddagger = 24.6$ kcal/mol).



$$\ln e_0/e_t = 2k_{ent}t + C$$

$$K_{ent} = 1/2 \text{ slope} = 2.6 \times 10^{-3}$$

$$K_{rac} = 2k_{ent} = 5.29 \times 10^{-3} \text{ min}^{-1}$$

$$t_{1/2rac} = \ln 2 / k_{rac} = 2.2 \text{ h}$$

$$\Delta G^\ddagger = -RT \ln(k_{ent}h / k_B T) = 24.6 \text{ kcal/mol}$$