

Supporting Information

Carbamoyl Azide-Drug Conjugates as Supramolecular Gelators: Design, Synthesis, Crystal Structures and Anti-Melanoma Property

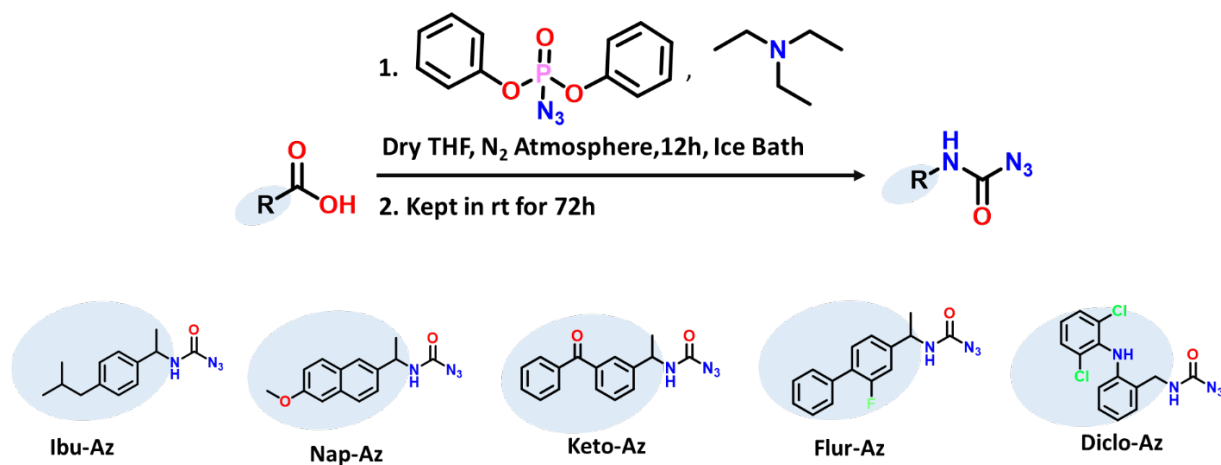
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Scheme 1: Synthetic strategy for carbamoyl azide **Ibu-Az**, **Nap-Az**, **Keto-Az**, **Flur-Az** and **Diclo-Az**.

Caution: Carbamoyl azides are sensitive to excessive heat and shock as they have potential for explosive decomposition and therefore, these compounds should be handled with care.

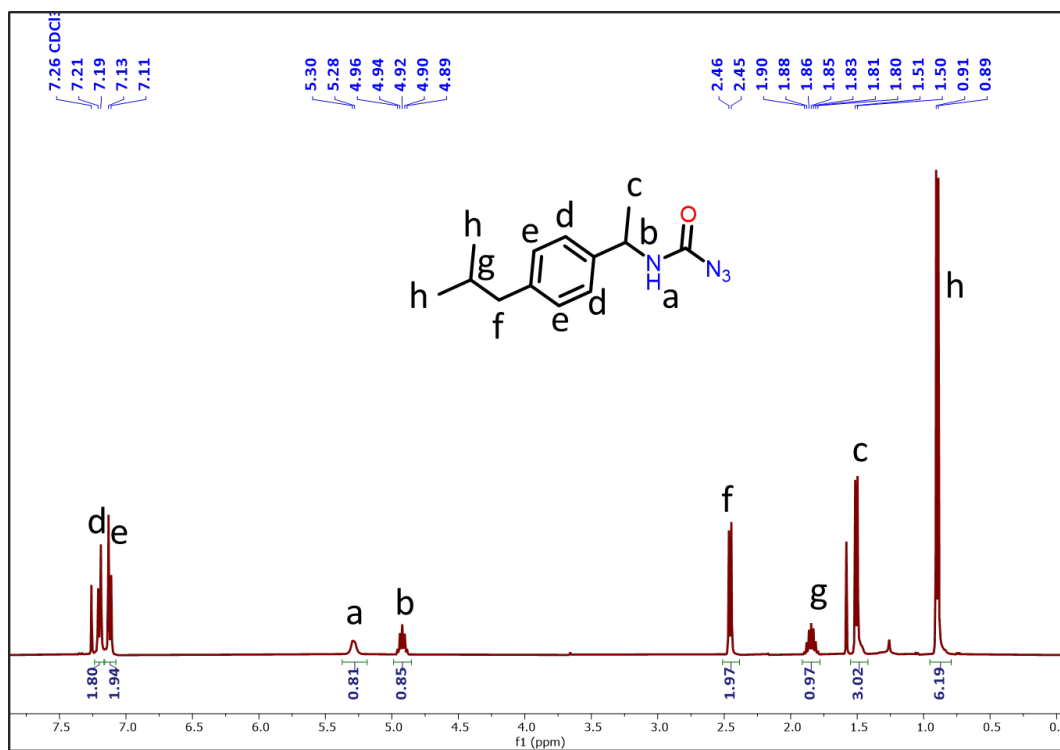


Fig. S1: ^1H NMR of Ibu-Az in CDCl_3 .

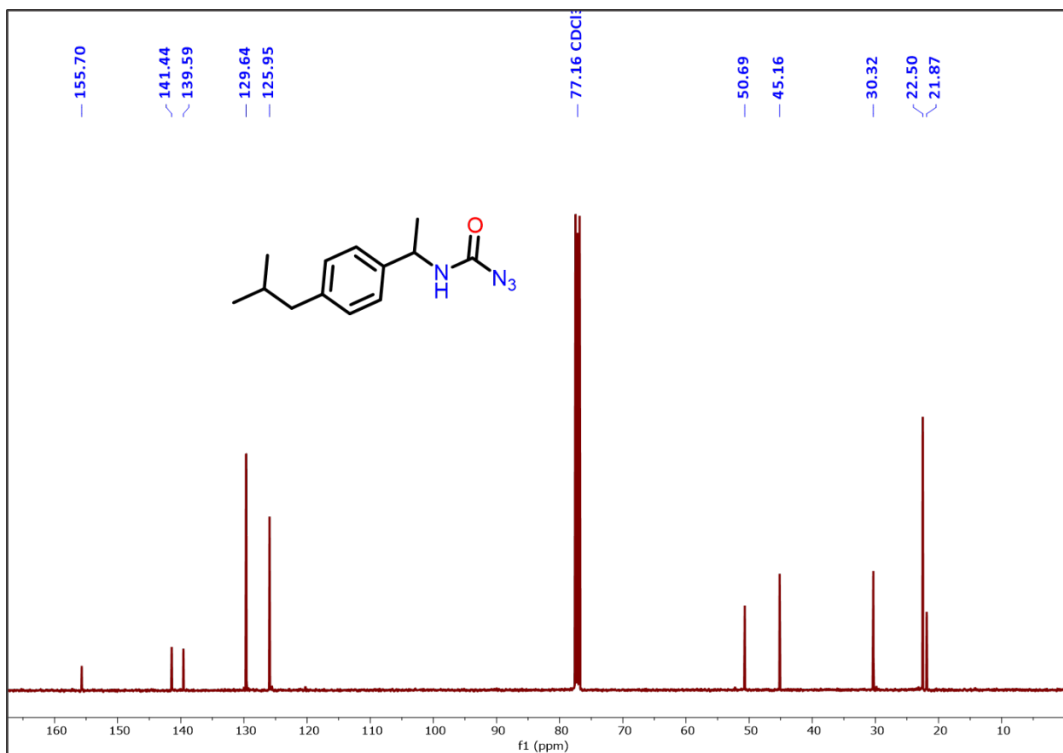


Fig. S2: ¹³C NMR of Ibu-Az in CDCl₃.

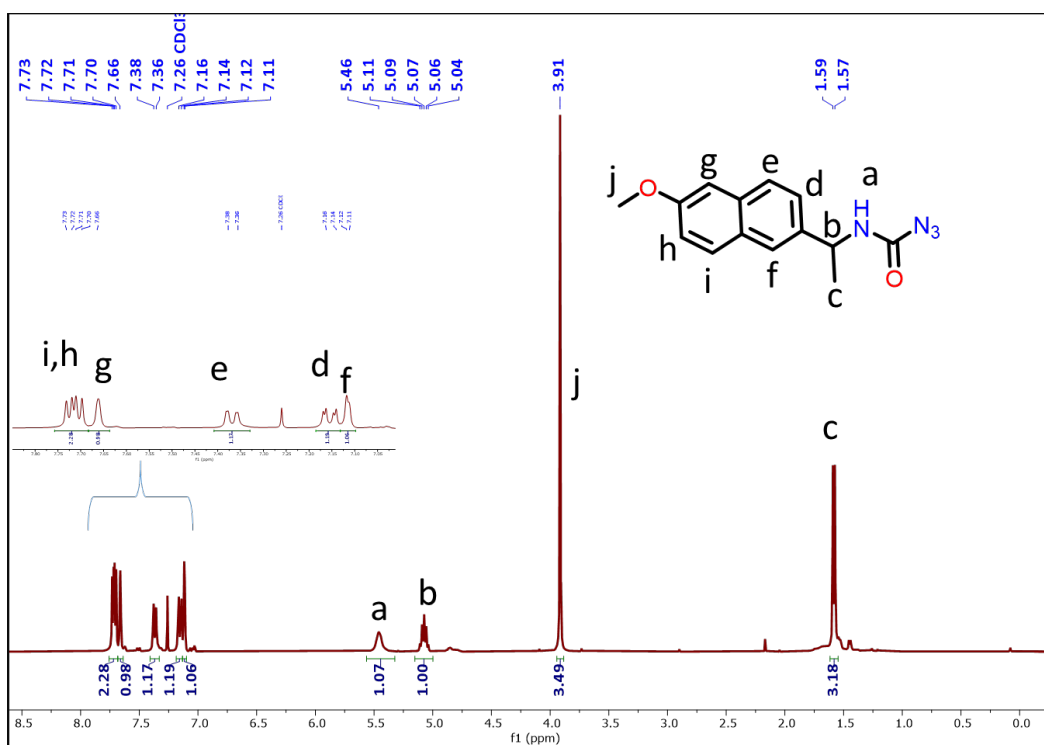
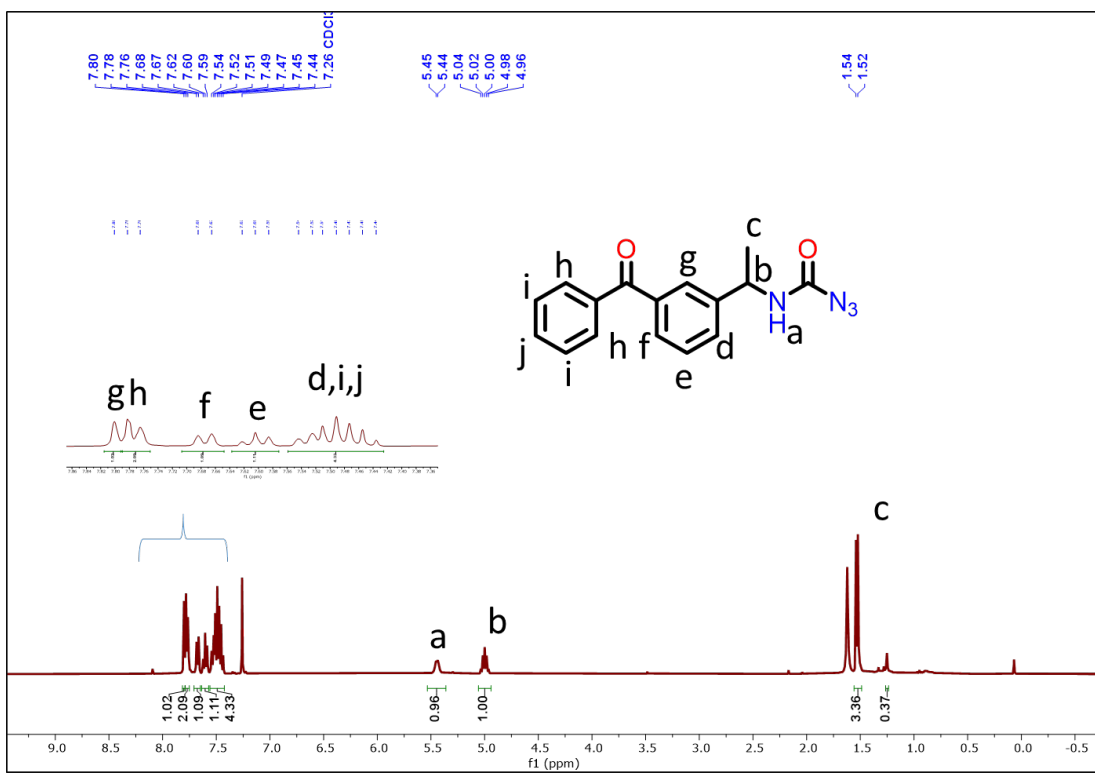
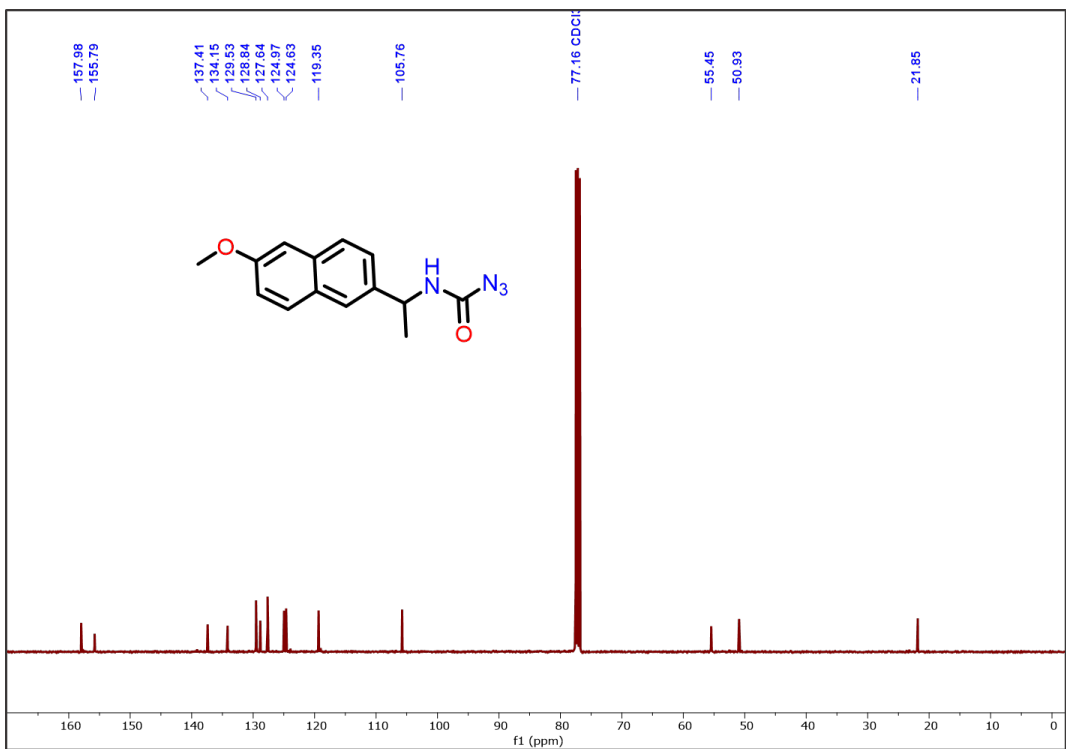


Fig. S3: ¹H NMR of Nap-Az in CDCl₃.



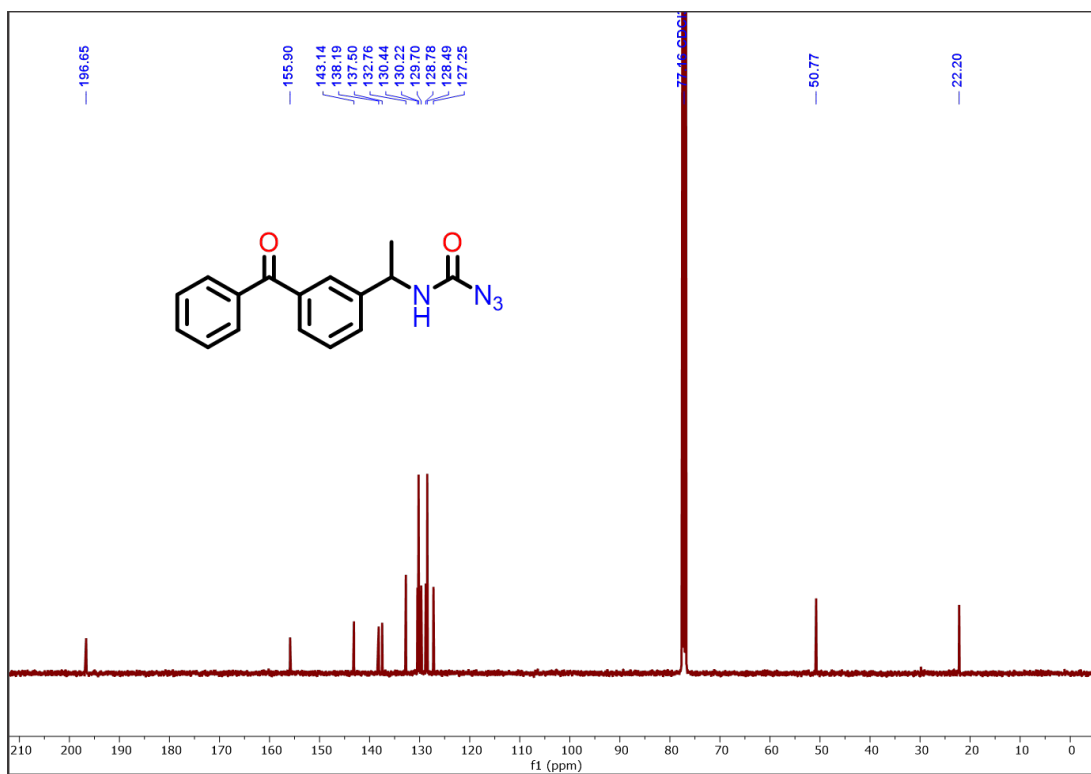


Fig. S6: ^{13}C NMR of Keto-Az in CDCl_3 .

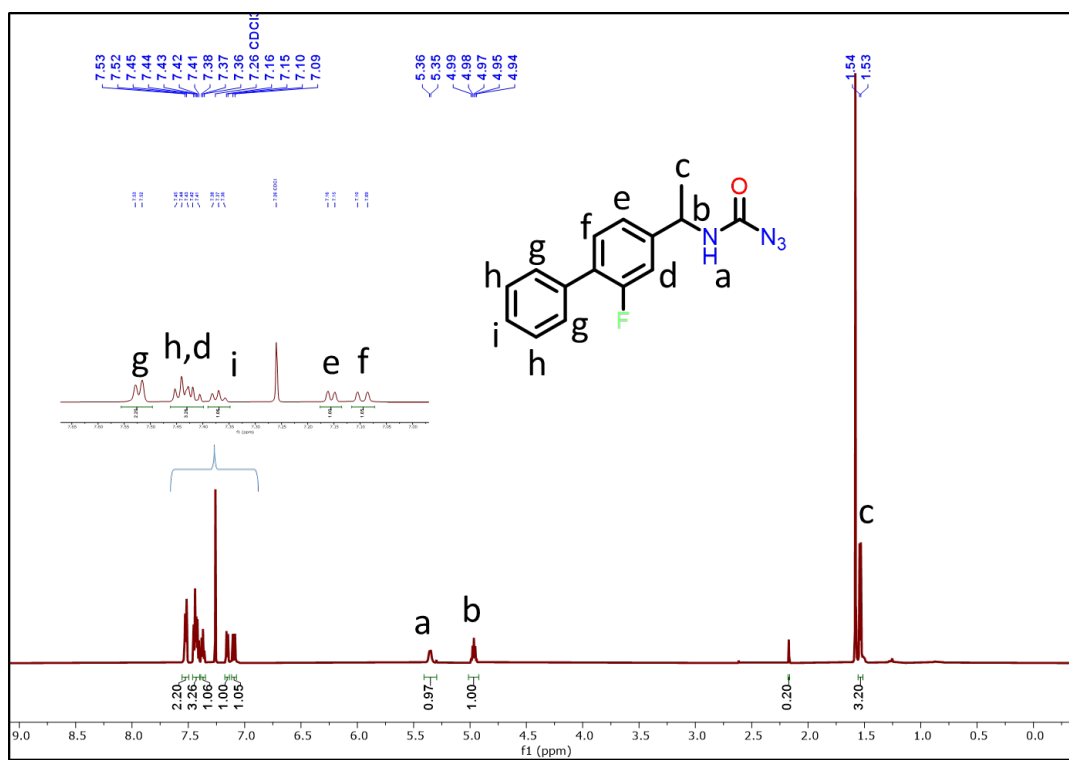


Fig. S7: ^1H NMR of Flur-Az in CDCl_3 .

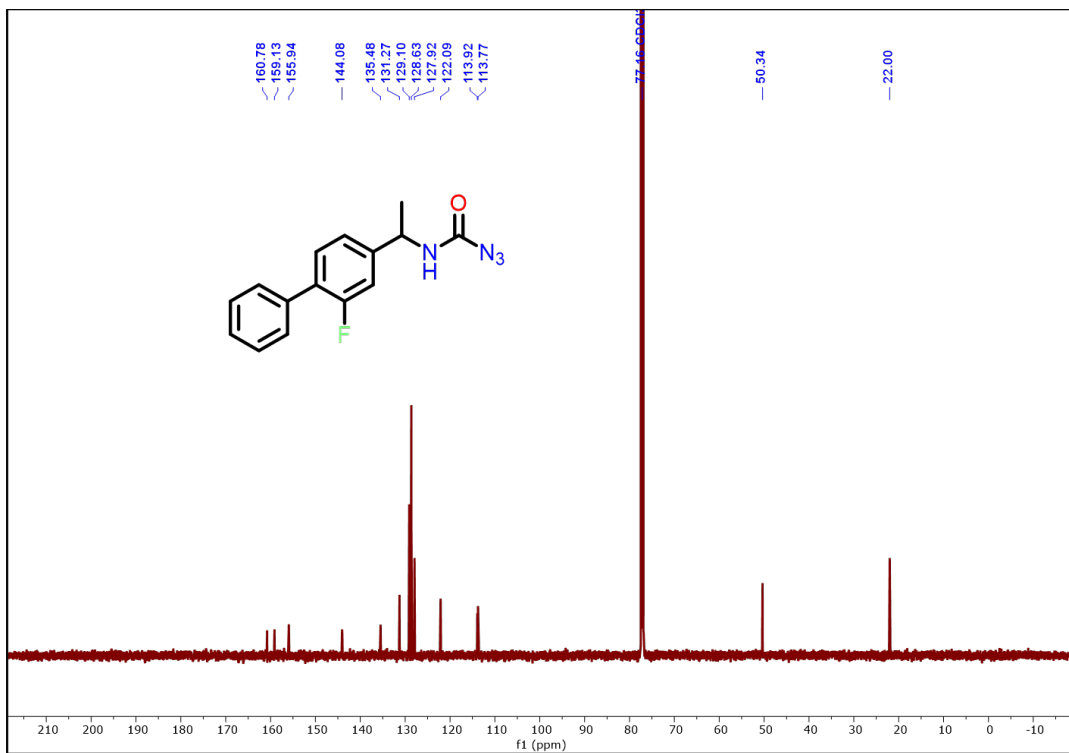


Fig. S8: ¹³C NMR of Flur-Az in CDCl₃.

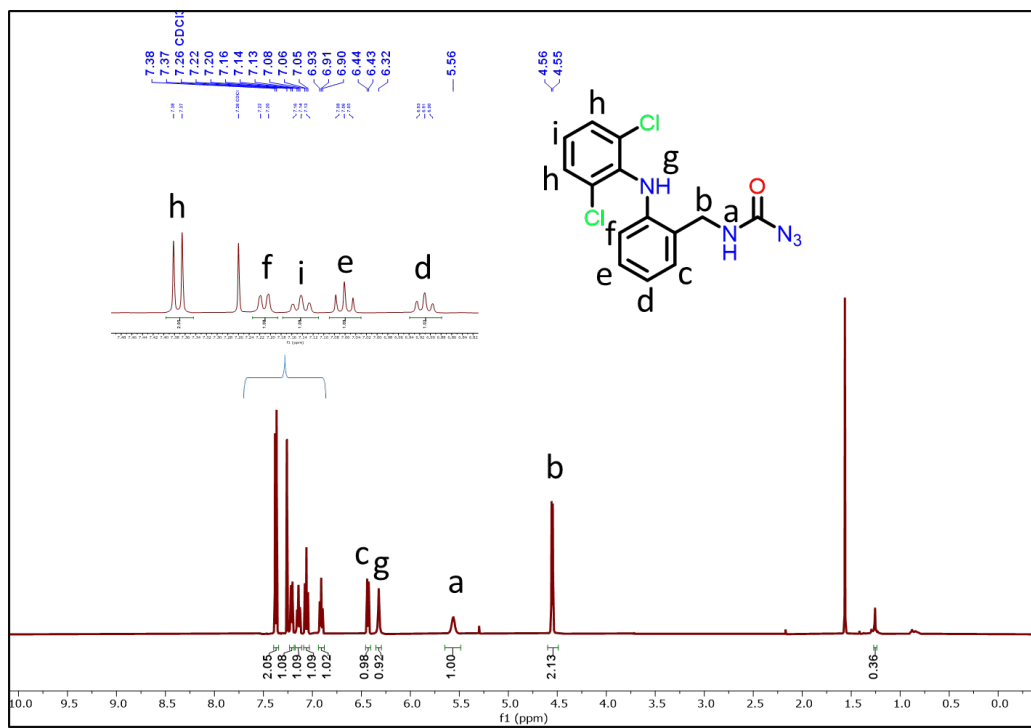


Fig. S9: ¹H NMR of Diclo-Az in CDCl₃.

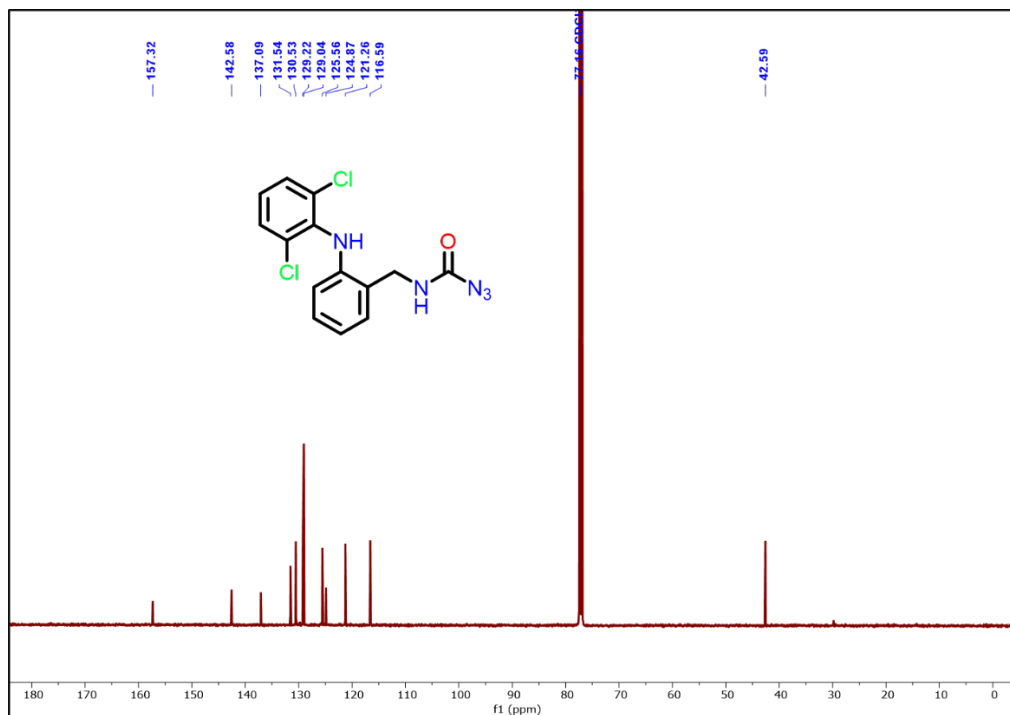


Fig. S10: ¹³C NMR of Diclo-Az in CDCl₃.

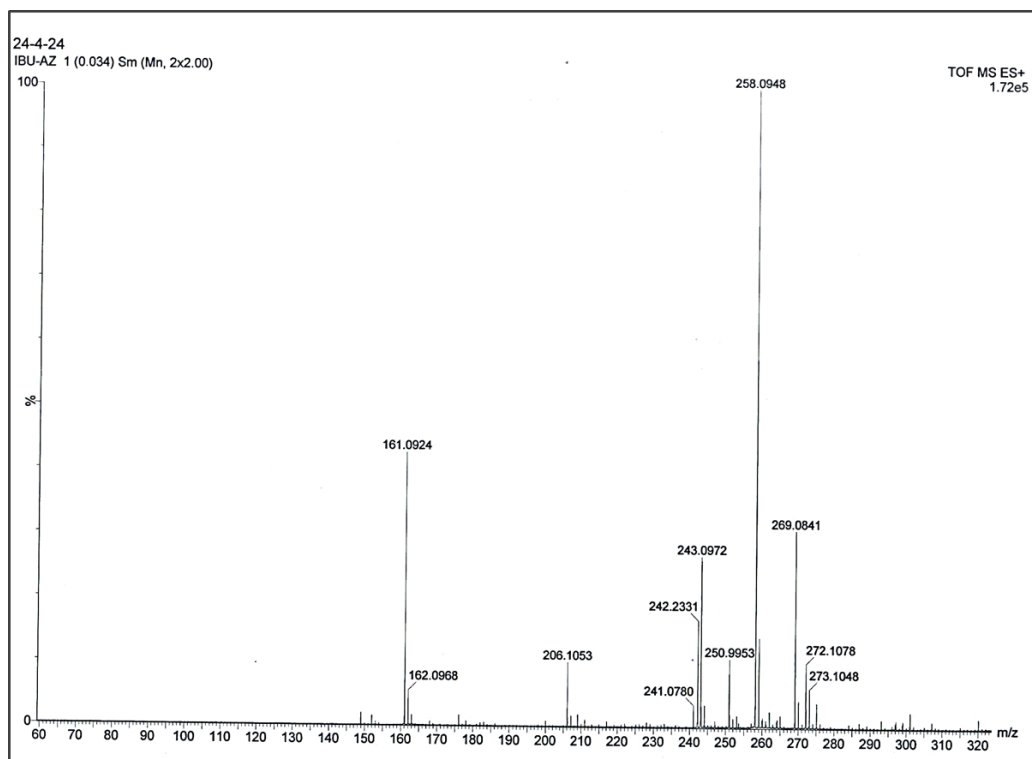


Fig. S11: HR-MASS of Ibu-Az obtained at [M+Na]⁺=269.08 m/z

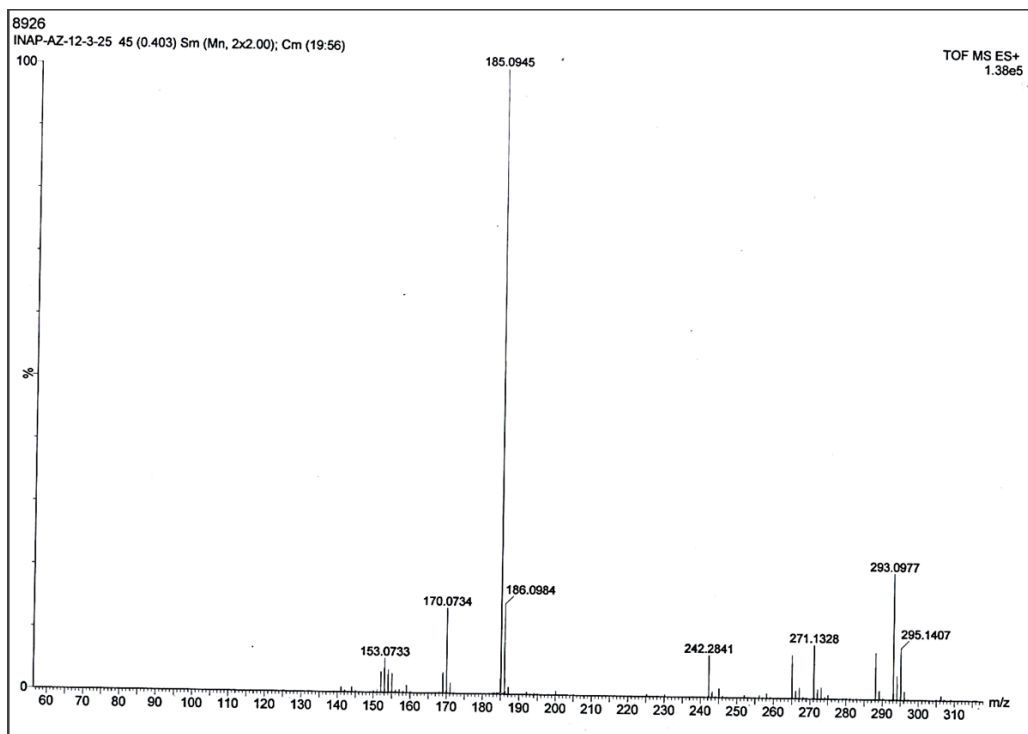


Fig. S12: HR-MASS of **Nap-Az** obtained at $[M+Na]^+=293.09$ m/z

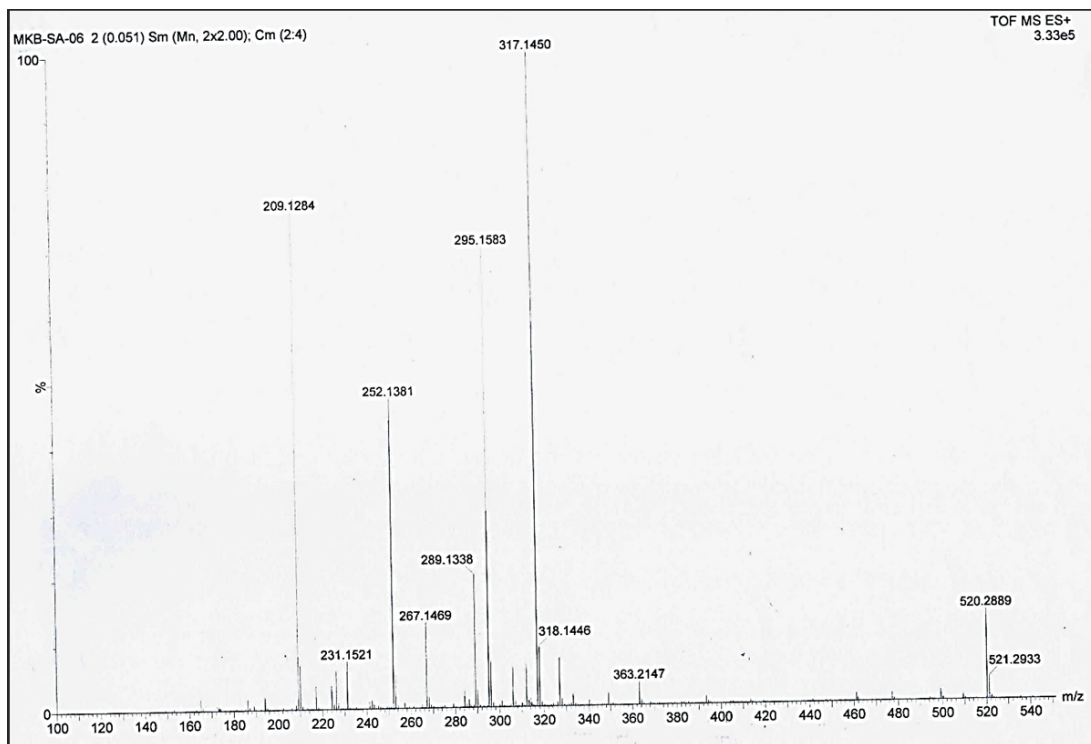


Fig. S13: HR-MASS of **Keto-Az** obtained at $[M+Na]^+=317.14$ m/z

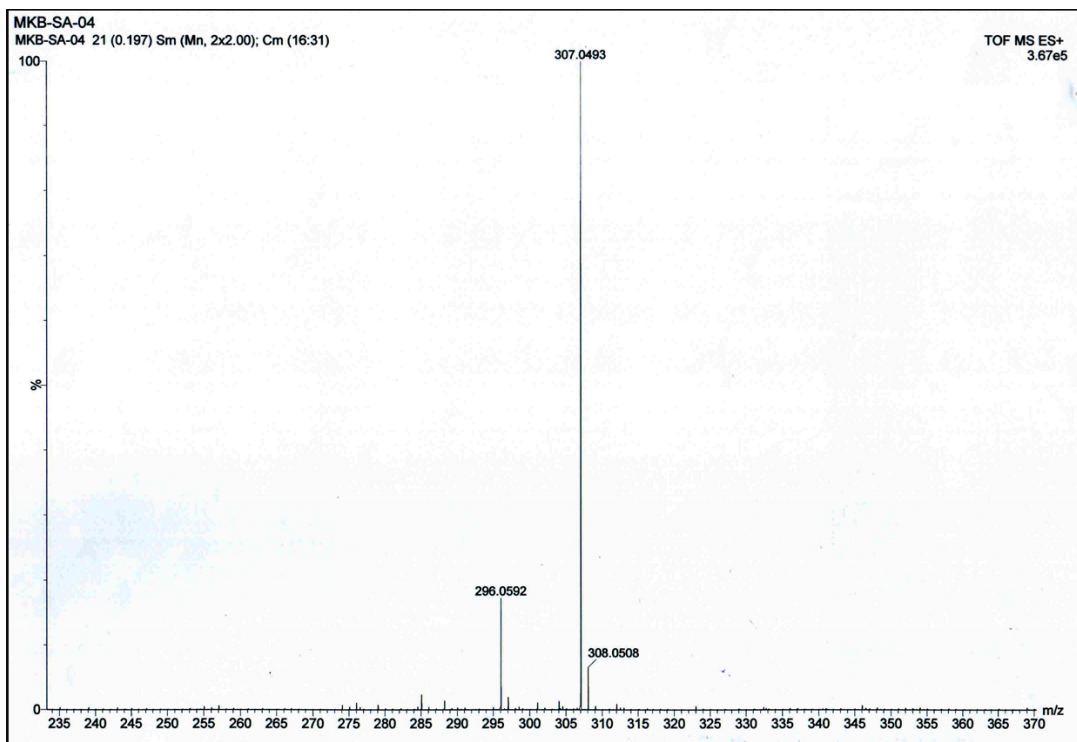


Fig. S14: HR-MASS of **Flur-Az** obtained at $[M+Na]^+=307.04$ m/z

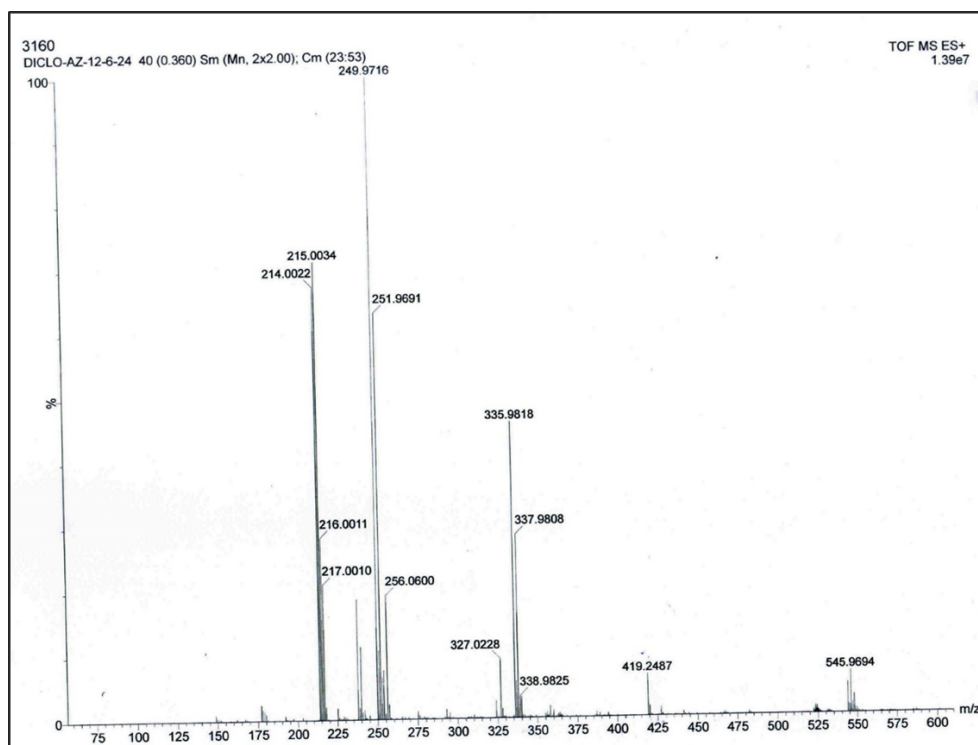


Fig. S15: HR-MASS of **Diclo-Az** obtained at $[M+H]^+=335.98$ m/z

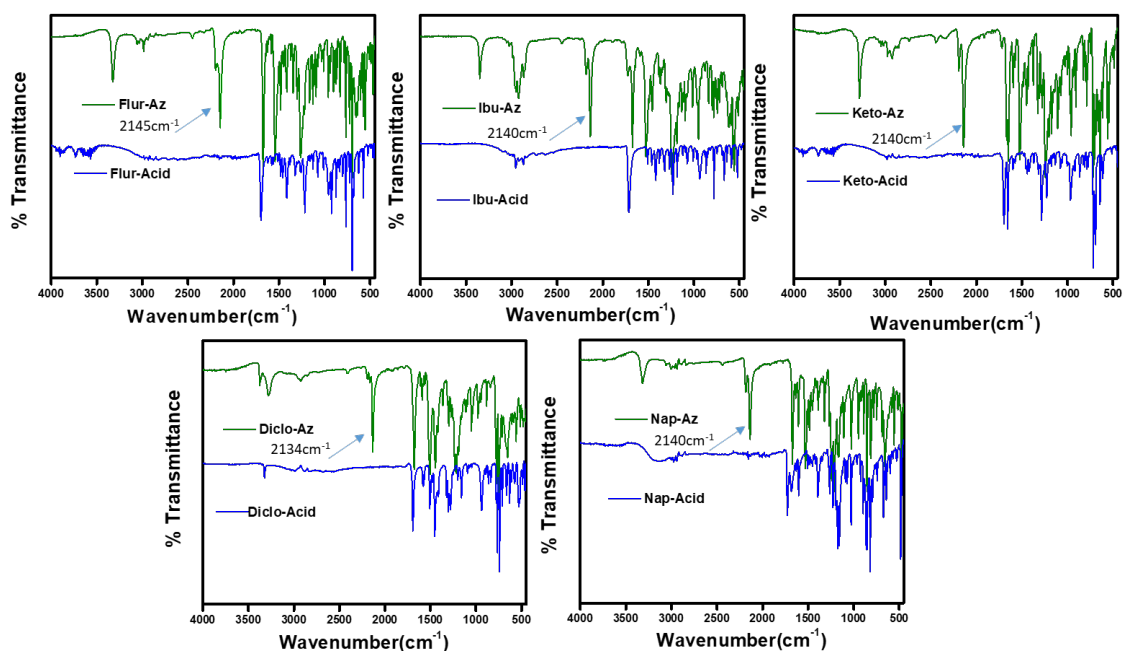


Fig. S16: FT-IR spectra of azides and corresponding precursor acids.

Table S1: Crystallographic data table:

Identification Code	Ibu-Az	Nap-Az	Keto-Az	Flur-Az	Diclo-Az
CCDC number	2049306	2049307	2432622	2049308	2362781
Empirical formula	C ₁₃ H ₁₈ N ₄ O	C ₁₄ H ₁₄ N ₄ O ₂	C ₁₆ H ₁₄ N ₄ O ₂	C ₃₀ H ₂₃ F ₂ N ₈ O ₂	C ₁₄ H ₁₁ Cl ₂ N ₅ O
Formula weight	246.31	270.29	294.31	565.56	336.18
Temperature/K	110.46	120.1	159.97	124.38	150.0
Crystal system	triclinic	monoclinic	monoclinic	triclinic	monoclinic
Space group	<i>P</i> -1	<i>P</i> 2 ₁ / <i>c</i>	<i>P</i> 2 ₁ / <i>c</i>	<i>P</i> -1	<i>P</i> 2 ₁ / <i>c</i>
a/Å	5.207(2)	13.9443(10)	19.98(2)	6.516(2)	14.073(9)
b/Å	11.084(6)	5.2071(4)	4.808(5)	10.111(3)	4.879(3)
c/Å	11.850(5)	18.4952(12)	14.863(12)	21.318(7)	22.444(14)

$\alpha/^\circ$	98.187(17)	90	90	91.568(5)	90
$\beta/^\circ$	97.794(15)	94.240(2)	91.84(4)	92.708(5)	98.92(2)
$\gamma/^\circ$	95.548(17)	90	90	103.339(5)	90
Volume/ \AA^3	665.9(6)	1339.25(17)	1427(2)	1363.9(8)	1522.2(16)
Z	2	4	4	2	4
$\rho_{\text{calc}}/\text{g/cm}^3$	1.228	1.341	1.370	1.377	1.467
μ/mm^{-1}	0.082	0.094	0.094	0.100	0.435
F(000)	264.0	568.0	616.0	586.0	688.0
Crystal size/ mm^3	0.18 × 0.16 × 0.12	0.2 × 0.18 × 0.14	0.06 × 0.04 × 0.04	0.2 × 0.18 × 0.12	0.12 × 0.07 × 0.05
Radiation	MoK α ($\lambda = 0.71073$)	MoK α ($\lambda = 0.71073$)	MoK α ($\lambda = 0.71073$)	MoK α ($\lambda = 0.71073$)	MoK α ($\lambda = 0.71073$)
2 θ range for data collection/ $^\circ$	4.71 to 47.322	5.116 to 54.196	5.484 to 50.092	1.914 to 45.972	5.86 to 50.182
Index ranges	-5 ≤ h ≤ 5, -12 ≤ k ≤ 12, -13 ≤ l ≤ 13	-17 ≤ h ≤ 17, -6 ≤ k ≤ 6, -23 ≤ l ≤ 23	-23 ≤ h ≤ 23, 0 ≤ k ≤ 5, 0 ≤ l ≤ 17	-7 ≤ h ≤ 7, -11 ≤ k ≤ 11, -23 ≤ l ≤ 23	-16 ≤ h ≤ 16, -5 ≤ k ≤ 5, -26 ≤ l ≤ 26
Reflections collected	5569	13240	2507	20695	12467
Independent reflections	1995 [R _{int} = 0.0910, R _{sigma} = 0.1027]	2946 [R _{int} = 0.0822, R _{sigma} = 0.0700]	2507 [R _{int} = 0.075, R _{sigma} = 0.1779]	3779 [R _{int} = 0.1276, R _{sigma} = 0.0985]	2695 [R _{int} = 0.0957, R _{sigma} = 0.0773]
Data/restraints/parameters	1995/0/166	2946/0/183	2507/0/201	3779/0/385	2695/0/199
Goodness-of-fit on F ²	1.036	1.051	1.026	1.141	1.031
Final R indexes [$I \geq 2\sigma(I)$]	R ₁ = 0.0647, wR ₂ = 0.1646	R ₁ = 0.0487, wR ₂ = 0.1227	R ₁ = 0.1227, wR ₂ = 0.3035	R ₁ = 0.1198, wR ₂ = 0.3398	R ₁ = 0.0624, wR ₂ = 0.1568
Final R indexes [all data]	R ₁ = 0.0899, wR ₂ = 0.1825	R ₁ = 0.0649, wR ₂ = 0.1323	R ₁ = 0.1880, wR ₂ = 0.3466	R ₁ = 0.1869, wR ₂ = 0.3780	R ₁ = 0.0822, wR ₂ = 0.1731
Largest diff. peak/hole / e \AA^{-3}	0.23/-0.28	0.19/-0.24	0.42/-0.49	0.62/-0.45	0.40/-0.40

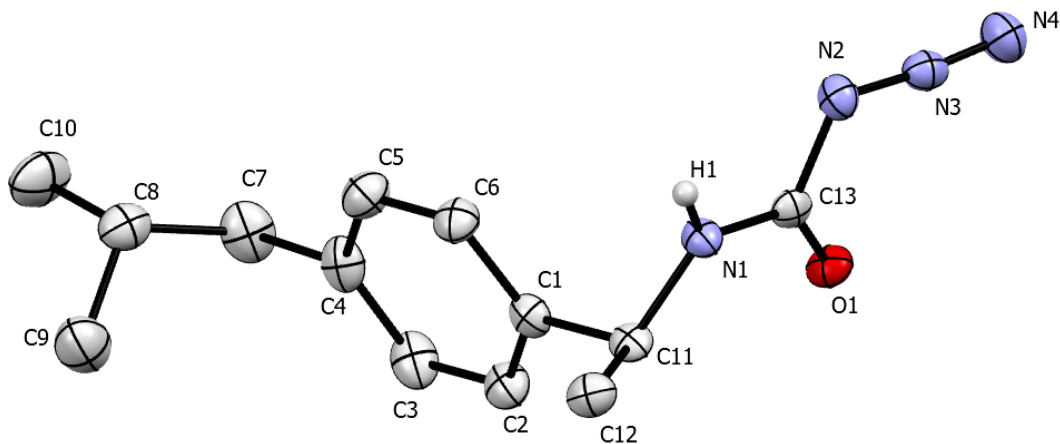


Fig. S17: ORTEP plot of Ibu-Az (50% probability)

Table S2: Hydrogen bonding table for Ibu-Az

D-H...A	d(D-H)/Å	d(H...A)/Å	d(D...A)/Å	∠D-H...A/°	Symmetry
N1--H1...O1	0.88	2.18	3.014(3)	157	-1+x,y,z

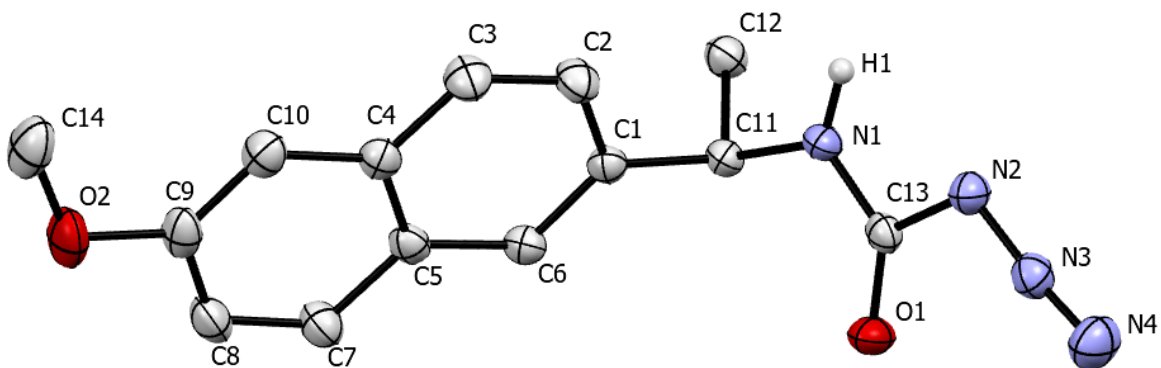


Fig. S18: ORTEP plot of Nap-Az (50% probability)

Table S3: Hydrogen bonding table for Nap-Az

D-H...A	d(D-H)/Å	d(H...A)/Å	d(D...A)/Å	∠D-H...A/°	Symmetry
N1-H1...O1	0.88	2.18	3.0253(19)	160	x,1+y,z

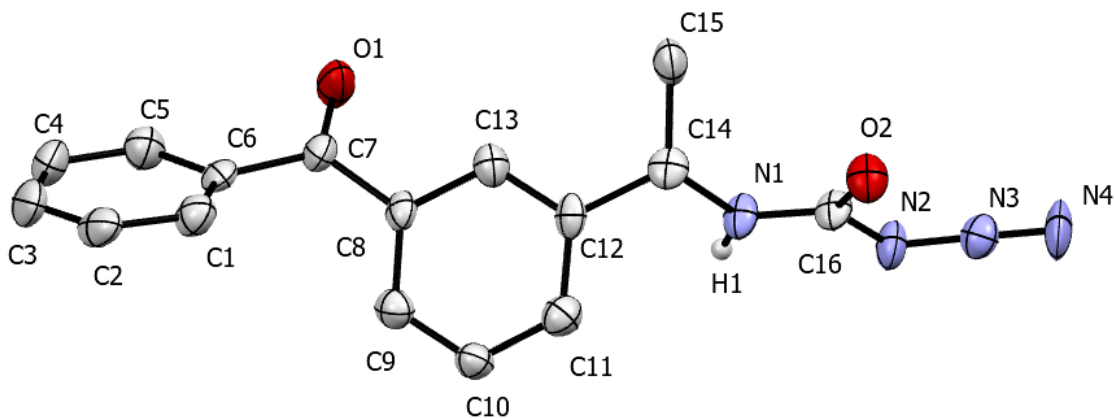


Fig. S19: ORTEP plot of **Keto-Az** (50% probability)

Table S4: Hydrogen bonding table for **Keto-Az**

D-H...A	d(D-H)/Å	d(H...A)/Å	d(D...A)/Å	∠D-H...A/°	Symmetry
N1-H1...O2	0.88	2.02	2.877(8)	165	x,-1+y,z

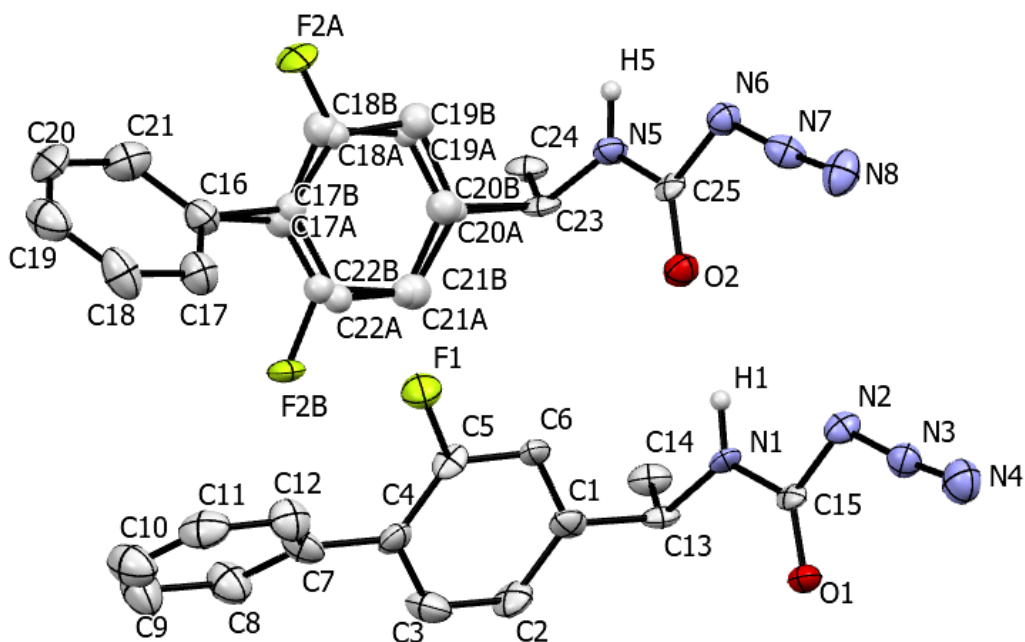


Fig. S20: ORTEP plot of **Flur-Az** (50% probability)

Table S5: Hydrogen bonding table for **Flur-Az**

D-H...A	d(D-H)/Å	d(H...A)/Å	d(D...A)/Å	∠D-H...A/°	Symmetry
N1-H1...O2	0.88	2.04	2.895(11)	164	x,-1+y,z

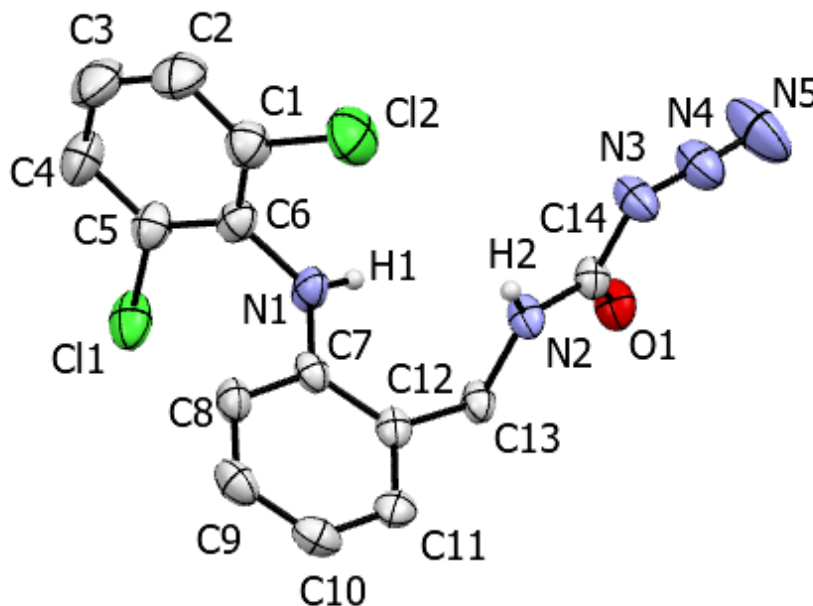
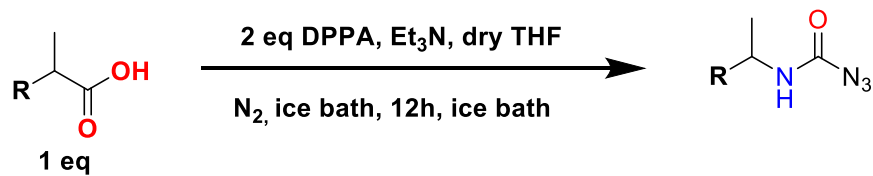


Fig. S21: ORTEP plot of **Diclo-Az** (50% probability)

Table S6: Hydrogen bonding table for **Diclo-Az**

D-H...A	d(D-H)/Å	d(H...A)/Å	d(D...A)/Å	∠D-H...A/°	Symmetry
N2-H2...O1	0.88	2.05	2.879(4)	156	x,1+y,z
N1-H1...Cl2	0.95	2.80	3.607(4)	144	x,1+y,z

Reaction Scheme:



Mechanism:

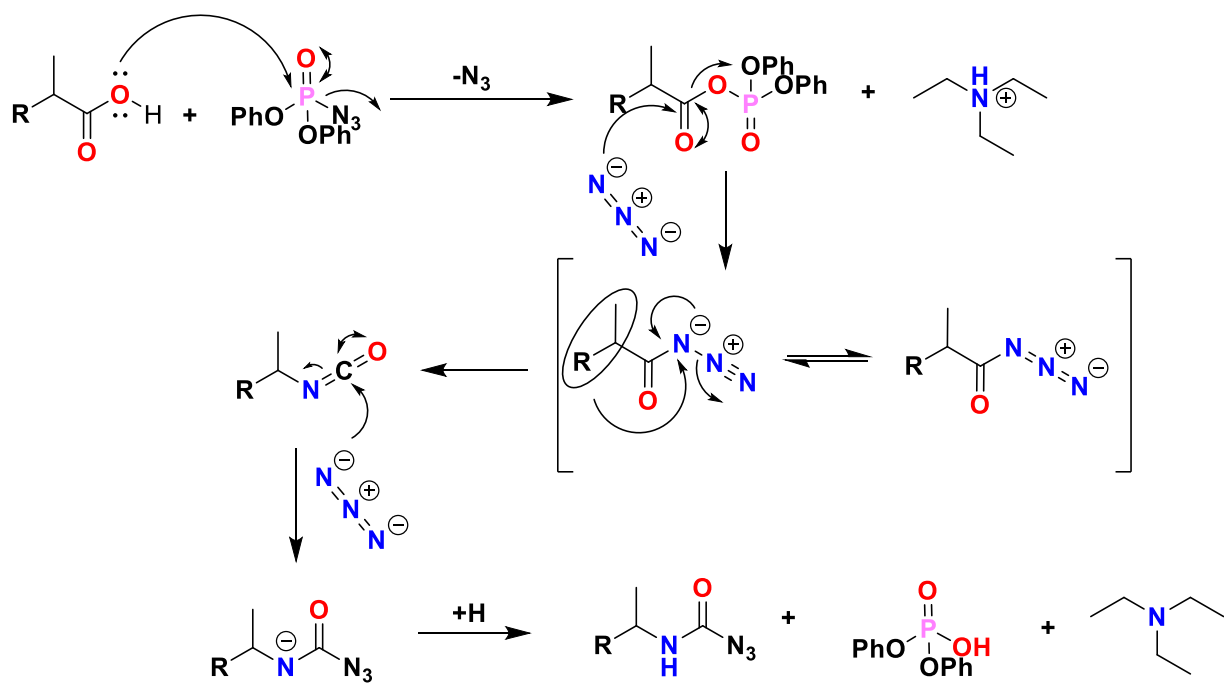


Fig. S22: Reaction Scheme and mechanism of carbamoyl azide.

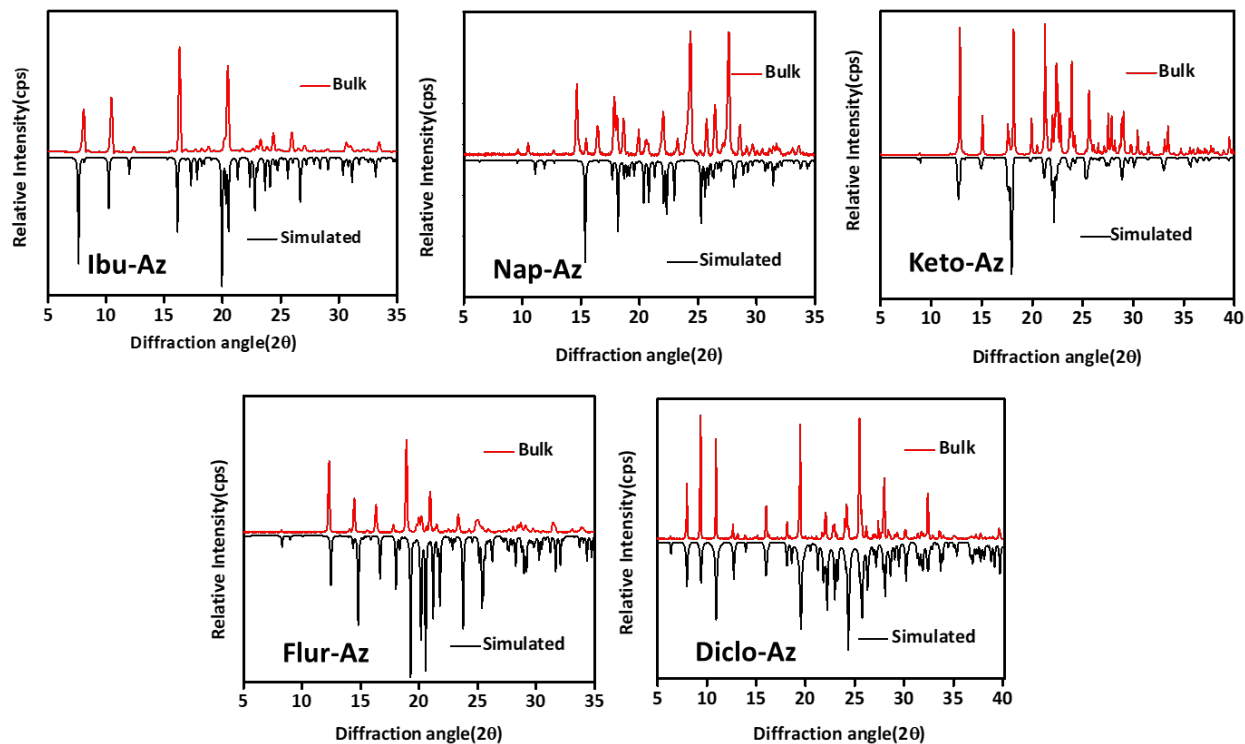


Fig. S23: PXRD plots of azides (bulk vs. simulated).

Table S7: Gelation table

Compound	Gelation Solvent (conc. 4 wt.% at RT)									
	DMSO:H ₂ O(1:1)	WATER	DCM	THF	CH ₃ CN	DMSO	DMF	1,4-Dioxan	Methyl salicylate	Nitro-benzene
Diclo-Az	G	INS	S	S	S	S	S	S	P	S
Nap-Az	G	INS	S	S	S	S	S	S	P	S
Flur-Az	GP	INS	S	S	S	S	S	S	S	S
Ibu-Az	P	INS	S	S	S	S	S	S	S	S
Keto-Az	S	INS	S	S	S	S	S	S	P	S

G=Gel, INS=Insoluble, S=Soluble, P=Precipitate, GP=Gelatinous Precipitate

Table S8: M.G.C and $\tan\delta$ (G''/G') table

Gel	G'' (Pa)	G' (Pa)	$\tan\delta$ (G''/G')	Minimum Gelator Conc.(M.G.C)
Diclo-Az	444	8010	0.05	1.8 wt% (18mg/ml)
Nap-Az	774	9640	0.08	3.2wt% (32mg/ml)

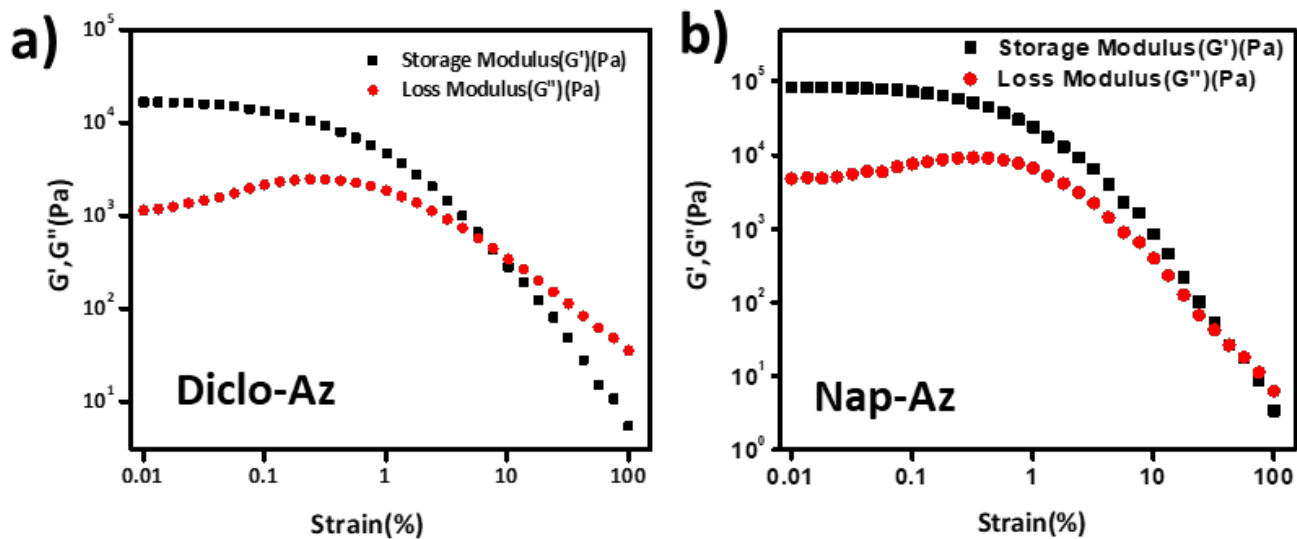


Fig. S24: Amplitude-sweep experiments of 4 wt.% of DMSO:H₂O (1:1) gels: (a) Diclo-Az and (b) Nap-Az

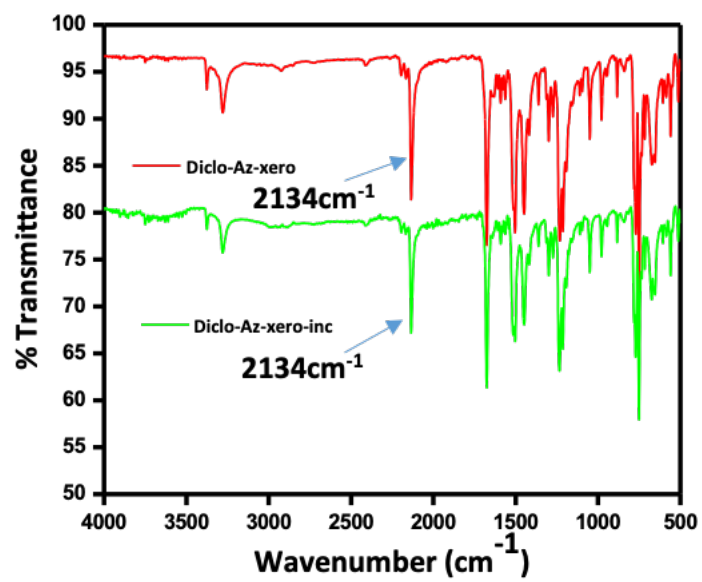


Fig. S25: FT-IR spectra of xerogel of **Diclo-Az** and xerogel of **Diclo-Az**-incubated at 37 °C for 24h.

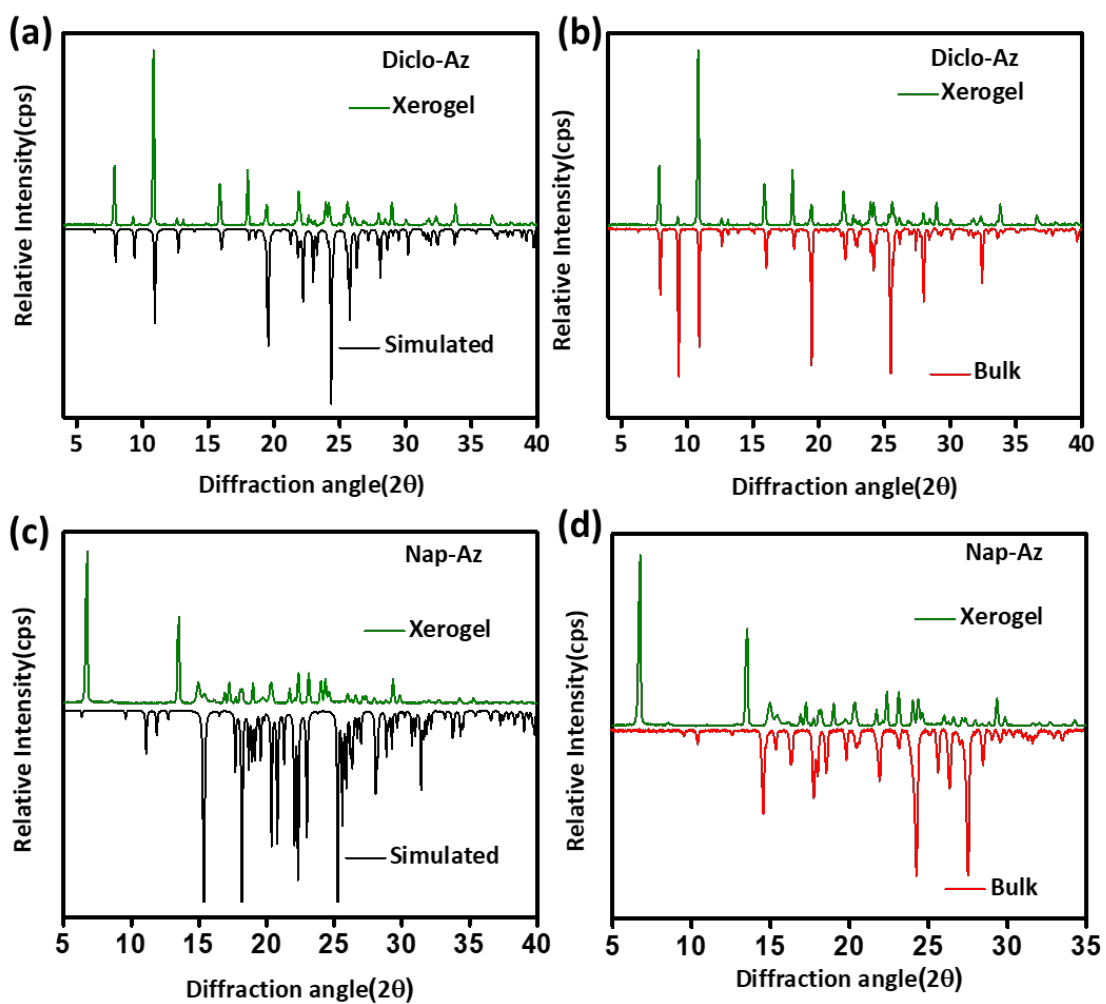


Fig. S26: PXRD Patterns (xerogel vs. bulk, xerogel vs. simulated) of (a, b) Diclo-Az and (c, d) Nap-Az

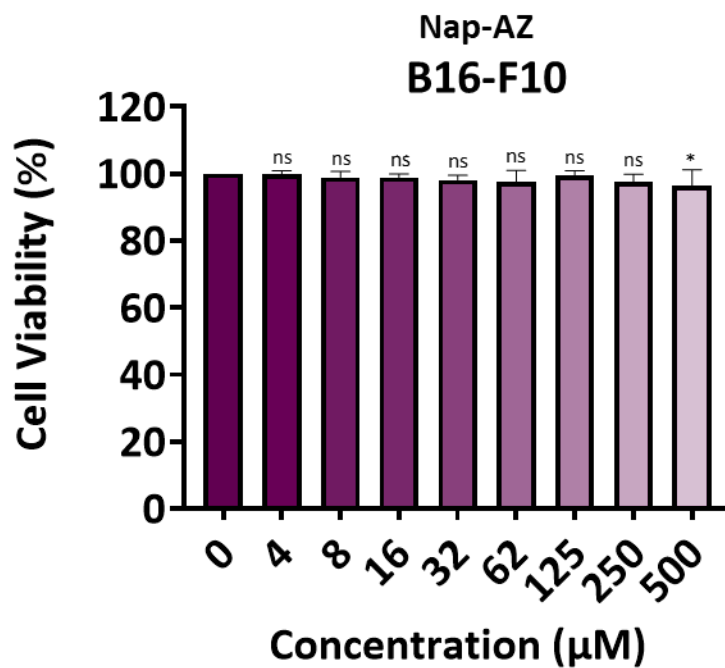


Fig. S27: MTT Assay on B16-F10 for **Nap-Az**. Data are represented considering mean \pm SD of the replicates where * $P < 0.05$, ** $P < 0.01$ and *** $P < 0.001$ and ns represents nonsignificant.

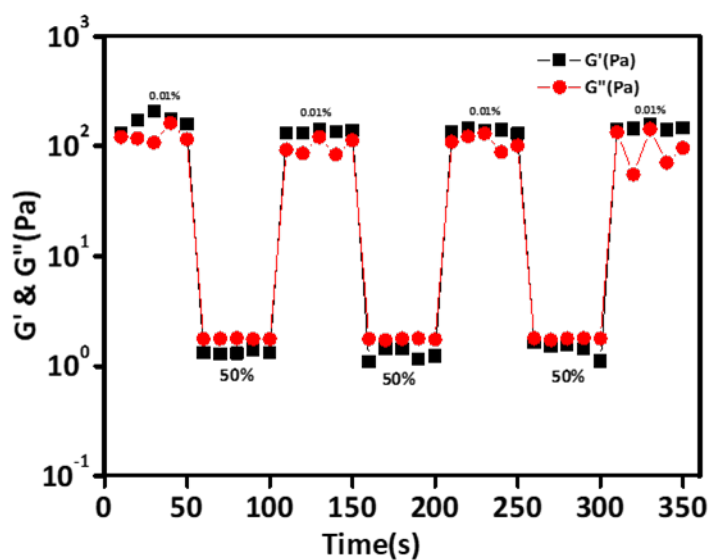


Fig. S28: Rheo-reversibility of **Nap-Az** (4 wt%, DMSO/water, 1:1, v/v)