

Large valleys splitting under biaxial strain in Janus

SHfAX₂ (A=Si, Ge; X=N, P, As)

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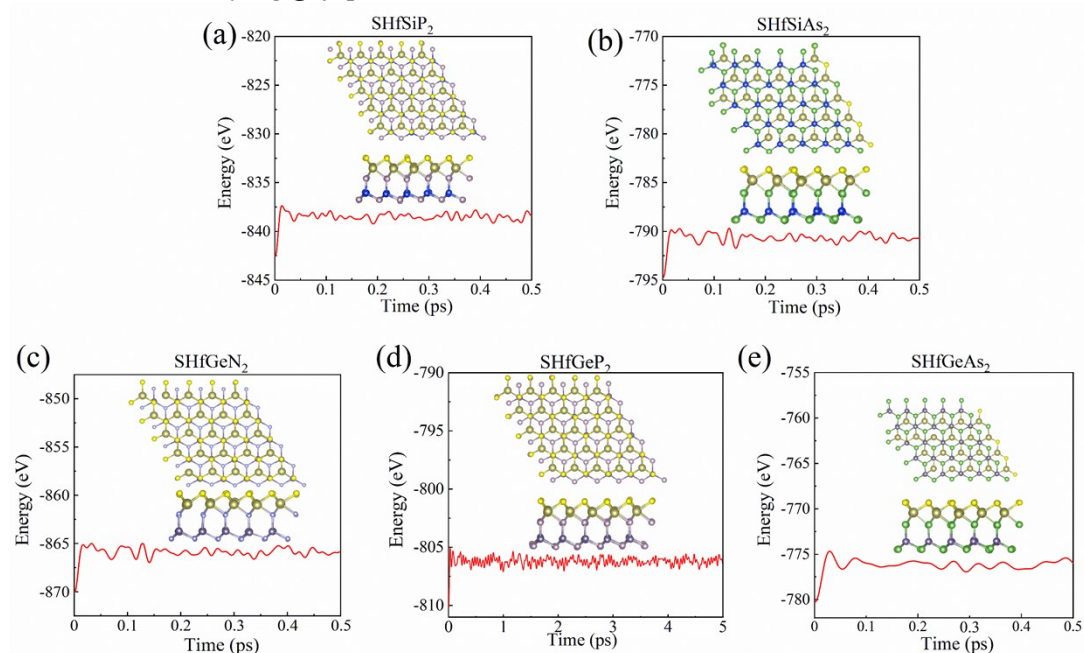
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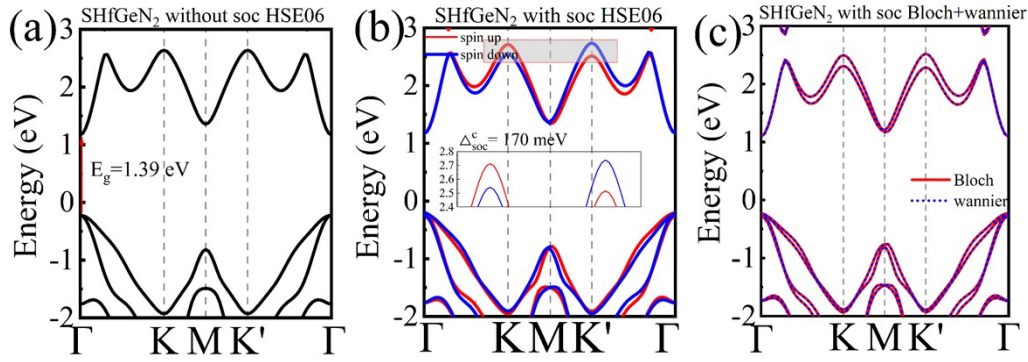


Support **Figure 1**. Variation of the energy as a function of time for the Janus SHfAX₂ monolayers at 500K. The insets are the top and side views of the structure at the end of the AIMD simulation.

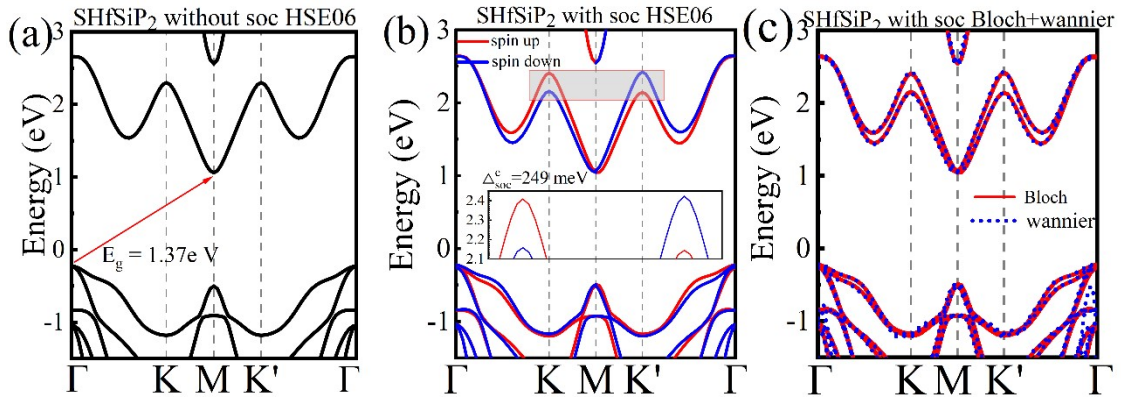
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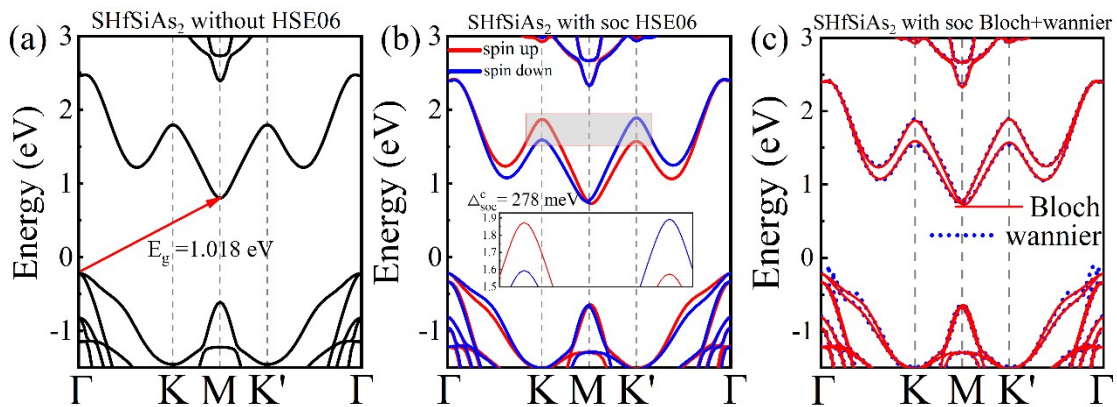
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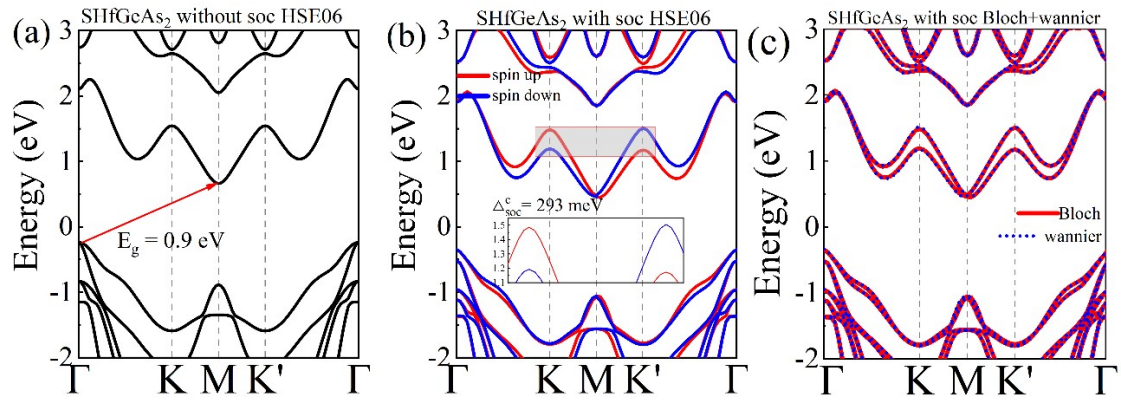
Support **Figure 2**. The electron energy band diagram of 1L SHfGeN₂ along the high symmetry point (a) without considering SOC; (b) with considering SOC; (c) The red dashed line obtained from the Bloch, while the blue dashed line is derived from the Wannier functions with considering SOC. the Fermi energy is set to zero.



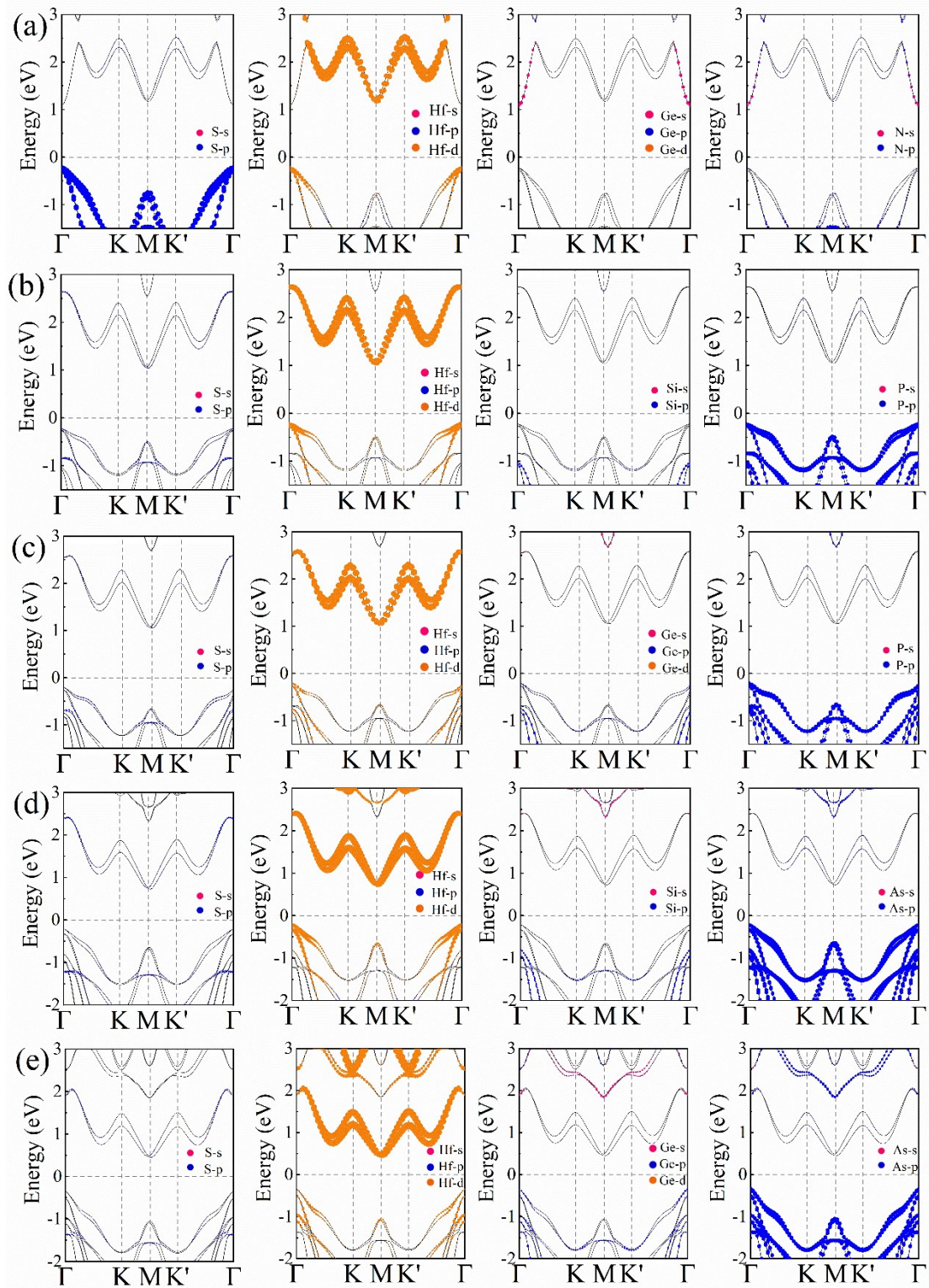
Support **Figure 3**. The electron energy band diagram of 1L SHfSiP₂ along the high symmetry point (a) without considering SOC; (b) with considering SOC; (c) The red dashed line obtained from the Bloch, while the blue dashed line is derived from the Wannier functions with considering SOC. the Fermi energy is set to zero.



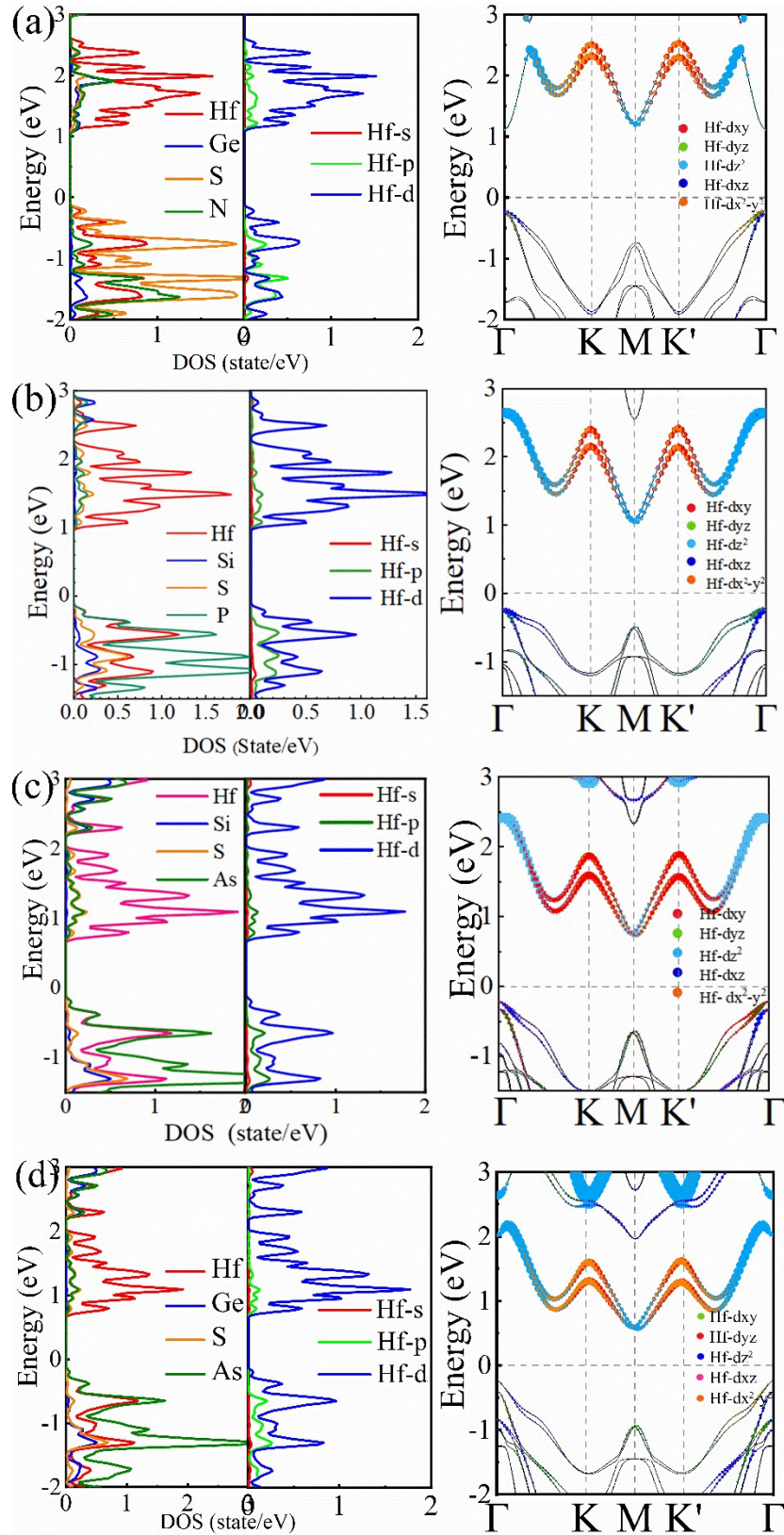
Support **Figure 4**. The electron energy band diagram of 1L SHfSiAs₂ along the high symmetry point (a) without considering SOC; (b) with considering SOC; (c) The red dashed line obtained from the Bloch, while the blue dashed line is derived from the Wannier functions with considering SOC. the Fermi energy is set to zero.



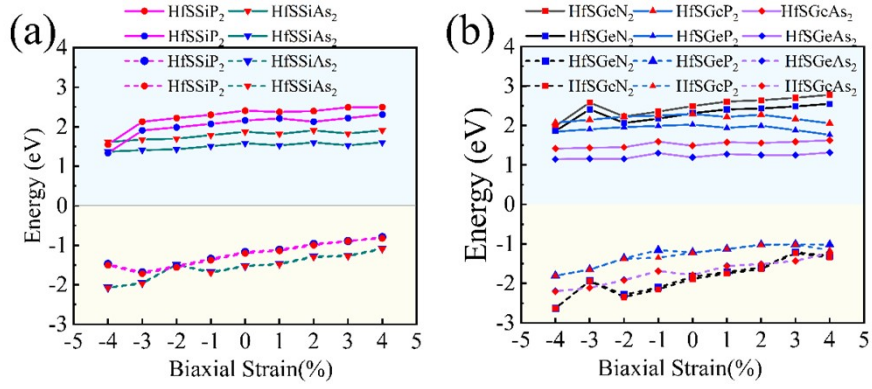
Support **Figure 5**. The electron energy band diagram of 1L SHfGeAs₂ along the high symmetry point (a) without considering SOC; (b) with considering SOC; (c) The red dashed line obtained from the Bloch, while the blue dashed line is derived from the Wannier functions with considering SOC. the Fermi energy is set to zero.



Support **Figure 6.** (a-e) The projected energy band diagram of SHfGeN₂, SHfSiP₂, SHfGeP₂, SHfSiAs₂ and SHfGeAs₂ the *S-s*, *S-p* orbitals; *Hf-s*, *Hf-p*, *Hf-d* orbitals; *Ge-s*, *Ge-p* orbitals; *N-s*, *N-p* orbitals.



Support **Figure 7**. The left is total density of states of each atom of 1L SHfSiN₂(a) SHfSiP₂ (b), SHfSiAs₂(c), SHfGeAs₂(d), and the middle projected density of states of the *s*, *p*, *d* orbitals of Hf atom, the right is projected energy band diagram of the *d* orbitals of the Hf atom in two-dimensional, where the *d*_{xy}, *d*_{x²-y²}, *d*_{z²}, *d*_{yz}, *d*_{xz} orbitals of Hf is in red, green, light blue, dark blue, orange.



Support **Figure 8**. The actual curves of valence in a and conduction band energies in b at the K point of 1L SHfAX₂. And the y-axis is the energy minus the vacuum level. Red dots represent spin-up, blue dots represent spin-down, dashed lines indicate the conduction band, and solid lines indicate the valence band.