

Supplementary Information

Phase behaviour of liquid CO₂ with an impurity of water: Influence of CO₂ hydrate.

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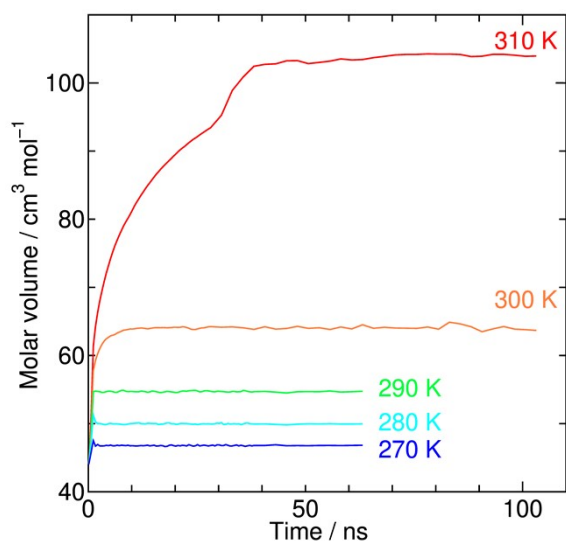


Fig. S1 Time evolution of the molar volume of liquid CO₂ averaged every 1 ns at a pressure of 10 MPa and at temperatures of (blue) 270, (cyan) 280, (green) 290, (orange) 300, and (red) 310 K.

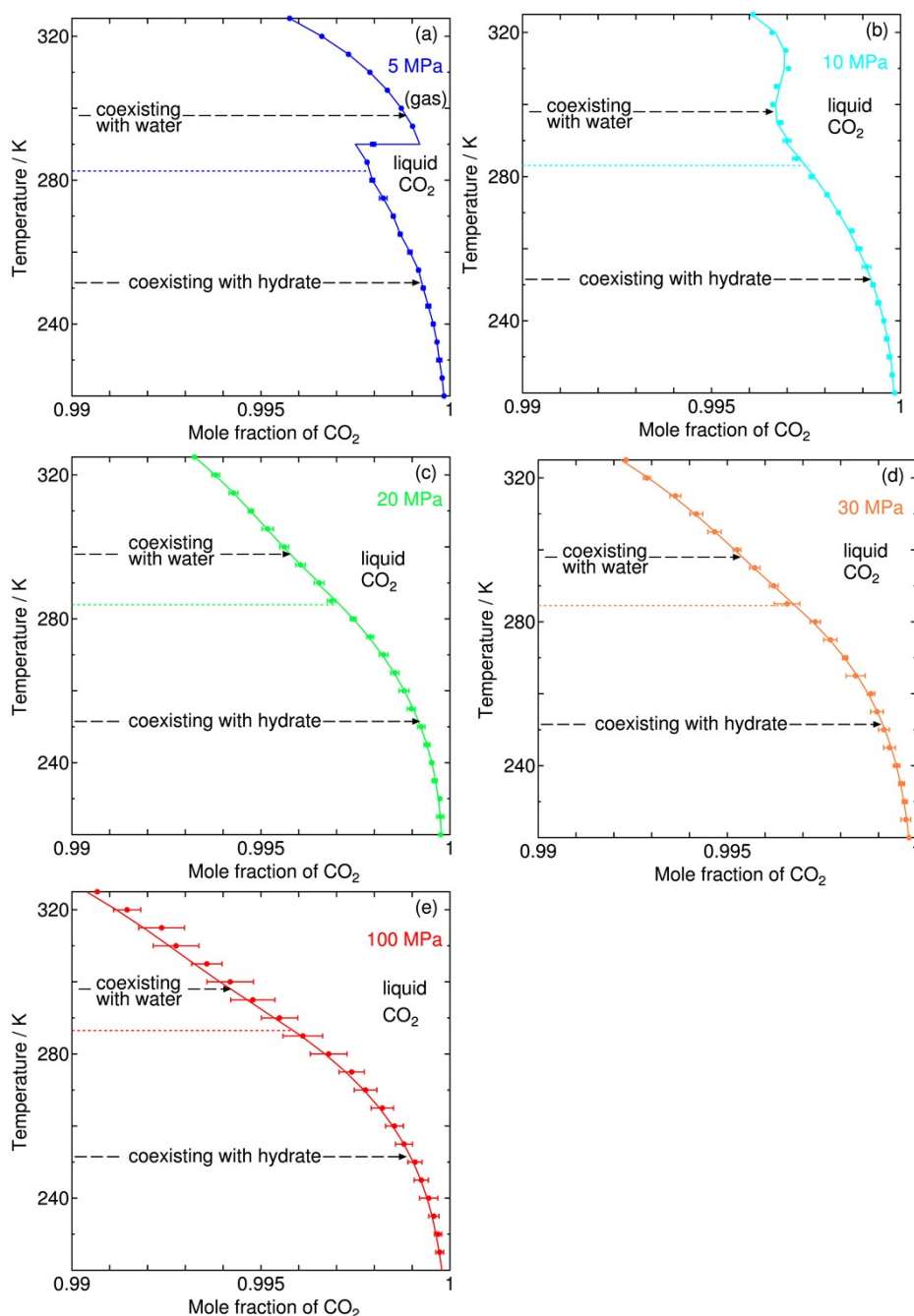


Fig. S2 Magnified phase diagram of the binary mixture of water and CO₂ for a region close to pure CO₂ at (a) 5, (b) 10, (c) 20, (d) 30, and (e) 100 MPa. The stable region of fluid CO₂ is separated by the solid curve. Liquid CO₂ coexists with either the aqueous solution or CO₂ hydrate in the left region of each solid curve. Each dotted line indicates the dissociation temperature above which no hydrate is stable and the CO₂ fluid is in equilibrium with the aqueous solution. The blue line in panel (a) depicts the interpolated solubility curve taking account of the breaks due to the vaporization of liquid CO₂.