

SUPPORTING INFORMATION

Crystal structure and physical properties of shchurovskyite-related $\text{K}_2\text{CaCu}_6\text{O}_2(\text{PO}_4)_4$

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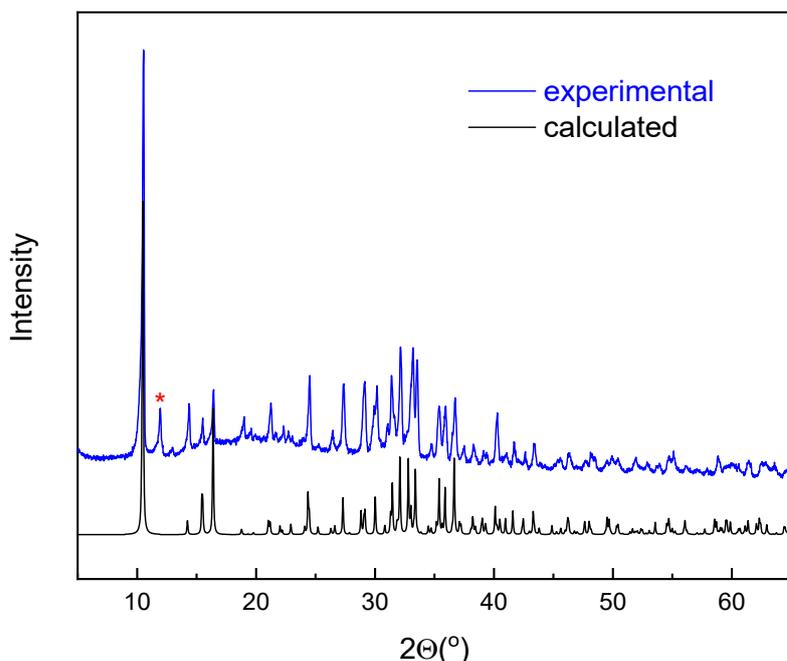


Fig. S1. Experimental and calculated X-Ray powder diffraction patterns for $\text{K}_2\text{CaCu}_6\text{O}_2(\text{PO}_4)_4$. The asterisk marks the impurity phase, identified as $\text{Ca}_3\text{Cu}_3(\text{PO}_4)_4$.

Table S1. Fractional atomic coordinates and isotropic or equivalent isotropic displacement parameters (\AA^2) for $\text{K}_2(\text{Ca}_{0.876}\text{Cu}_{0.124})\text{Cu}_6\text{O}_2(\text{PO}_4)_4^*$.

	<i>x</i>	<i>y</i>	<i>z</i>	$U_{\text{iso}}^*/U_{\text{eq}}$
Cu1	0.5	0.88451(14)	0.75	0.0094(2)
Cu2	0.5	0.39424(14)	0.75	0.0126(2)
Cu3	0.46883(8)	0.67543(11)	0.57146(4)	0.01541(18)
Cu4	0.77548(8)	0.66215(11)	0.66320(4)	0.01356(18)
Cu5	1.0	0.1649(2)	0.75	0.0135(5)
Ca1	1.0	0.1649(2)	0.75	0.0135(5)
P1	0.35185(17)	0.8297(2)	0.39321(8)	0.0070(3)
P2	1.14463(17)	0.6898(2)	0.65766(8)	0.0102(3)
K1	0.219(3)	1.193(3)	0.5616(11)	0.0662(19)
K2	0.1440(12)	1.2064(7)	0.5413(4)	0.0662(19)

O1	0.5528(4)	0.6358(5)	0.67856(19)	0.0080(8)
O2	0.4657(4)	0.8575(5)	0.3245(2)	0.0118(8)
O3	0.3266(4)	1.0758(5)	0.4279(2)	0.0096(8)
O4	0.4414(4)	0.6701(5)	0.4565(2)	0.0108(8)
O5	0.1965(4)	0.7104(5)	0.3610(2)	0.0130(8)
O6	1.2467(4)	0.7344(6)	0.5878(2)	0.0186(9)
O7	1.1935(5)	0.8574(6)	0.7285(2)	0.0205(9)
O8	0.9719(5)	0.7531(6)	0.6251(2)	0.0217(10)
O9	1.1576(5)	0.4346(6)	0.6859(2)	0.0239(10)

*Refined occupancies for Cu5 and Ca1 are 0.124(8) and 0.876(8); for K1 and K2 are 0.22(2) and 0.79(2).

Table S2. Interatomic distances (Å²) for K₂(Ca_{0.876}Cu_{0.124})Cu₆O₂(PO₄)₄.

Cu1		Cu2		Cu3		Cu4			
octahedron		planar square		5-vertex polyhedron		5-vertex polyhedron			
Cu1-O1	1.925(3)×2	Cu2-O1	1.896(3)×2	Cu3-O1	1.894(3)	Cu4-O8	1.881(4)		
-O2	1.960(3)×2	-O2	1.934(3)×2	-O6	1.927(4)	-O1	1.905(4)		
-O7	2.652(3)×2	-O9	2.983(3)×2	-O4	1.931(3)	-O7	2.130(4)		
				-O4	2.159(3)	-O5	2.164(3)		
				-O3	2.213(3)	-O3	2.251(3)		
						-O9	2.863(3)		
Ca1 octahedron*		K1*		K2*		P1		P2	
		9-vertex polyhedron		8-vertex polyhedron		tetrahedron		tetrahedron	
Ca1-O9	2.336(4)×2	K1-O3	2.58(2)	K2-O3	2.644(5)	P1-O5	1.523(4)	P2-O9	1.522(3)
-O7	2.422(4)×2	-O9	2.59(2)	-O9	2.749(6)	-O3	1.531(3)	-O6	1.528(4)
-O5	2.489(4)×2	-O6	2.64(2)	-O6	2.894(7)	-O4	1.543(3)	-O8	1.544(4)
		-O4	2.98(3)	-O8	2.899(9)	-O2	1.564(3)	-O7	1.553(4)
		-O6	3.10(2)	-O6	3.189(6)				
		-O2	3.14(3)	-O8	3.311(5)				
		-O7	3.41(2)	-O5	3.429(8)				
		-O8	3.42(2)	-O4	3.534(8)				
		-O8	3.46(2)						

*Ca1 position is occupied by Ca and Cu for 0.876(8) and 0.124(8); refined occupancies for K1 and K2 are 0.215(19) and 0.785(19).

Table S3. Bond-valence data for the title phase.

Atom	K2	Ca1	Cu1	Cu2	Cu3	Cu4	P1	P2	Σ
O1			0.514 ^{×2↓}	0.556 ^{×2↓}	0.559	0.543			2.17
O2			0.468 ^{×2↓}	0.502 ^{×2↓}			1.148		2.12
O3	0.259				0.236	0.213	1.255		1.96
O4	0.022				0.506,		1.215		2.02
					0.273				
O5	0.03	0.244 ^{×2↓}				0.270	1.282		1.83
O6	0.127,				0.512			1.265	1.96
	0.057								
O7		0.291 ^{×2↓}	0.072 ^{×2↓}			0.296		1.182	1.84
O8	0.125					0.579		1.212	1.96

	0.041							
O9	0.188	0.369 ^{×2↓}		0.029 ^{×2↓}		0.041		1.286 1.91
Σ	0.85	1.81	2.11	2.17	2.09	1.94	4.9	4.95

The “large” distances for copper ions are taken into account. Signs ^{×2↓} indicate doubling of the contribution according to symmetry. Atoms K1 with low occupancy are not considered.

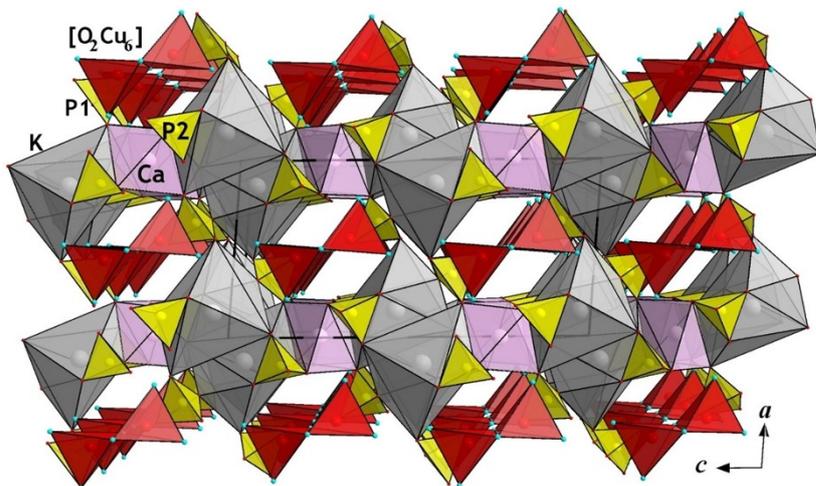


Figure S2. The ac projection of the $\text{K}_2\text{CaCu}_6\text{O}_2(\text{PO}_4)_4$ phase in the anion-centering approach.

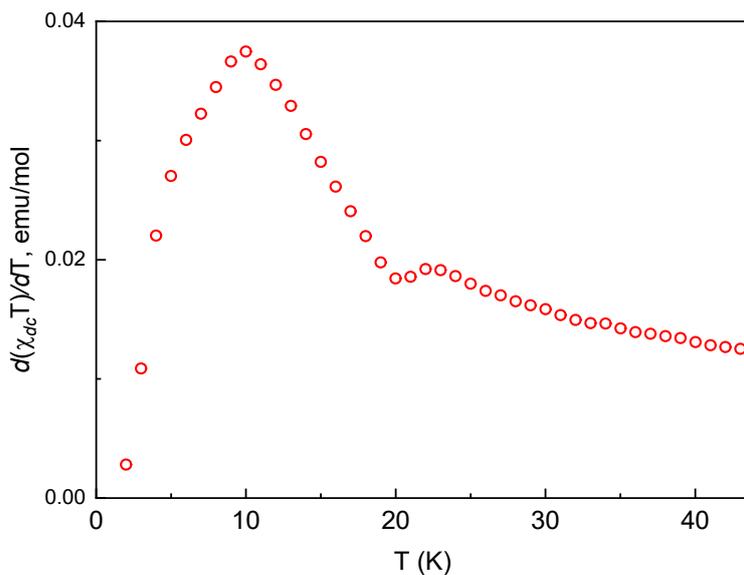


Figure S3. Temperature dependence of Fisher’s specific heat, $d(\chi T)/dT$, in $\text{K}_2\text{CaCu}_6\text{O}_2(\text{PO}_4)_4$.