

Supporting Information

Fixing CO₂ from the air to assemble Dy₈ zero-field single-molecule magnets and Gd₈ magnetocaloric molecular materials

Cai-Ming Liu^{a,*b}, Xiang Hao^a

^a *Beijing National Laboratory for Molecular Sciences, CAS Key Laboratory for Organic Solids, Center for Molecular Science, Institute of Chemistry, Chinese Academy of Sciences, Beijing 100190, China*

^b *School of Chemical Sciences, University of Chinese Academy of Sciences, Beijing 100049, China*

Contents

1. Fig. S1. The simulative and experimental powder X-ray diffraction patterns for **1**.
2. Fig. S2. The simulative and experimental powder X-ray diffraction patterns for **2**.
3. Fig. S3. The simulative and experimental powder X-ray diffraction patterns for **3**.
4. Table S1. Crystal data and structural refinement parameters for **1**, **2** and **3**.
5. Table S2. Selected bond lengths (Å) of **1**, **2** and **3**.
6. Table S3. Dy (III) ion (Dy1 and Dy3) geometry analysis by SHAPE 2.1 software for **1**.
7. Table S4. Dy (III) ion (Dy2 and Dy4) geometry analysis by SHAPE 2.1 software for **1**.
8. Table S5. Dy (III) ion geometry analysis by SHAPE 2.1 software for **2**.
9. Fig. S4. Hydrogen bonds in **2**.
10. Fig. S5. Plot of $1/\chi_M$ versus T of **3** ($H_{dc} = 1000$ Oe).
11. Fig. S6. M versus H/T plot of **1** at 2, 4 and 6 K.
12. Fig. S7. M versus H/T plot of **2** at 2, 4 and 6 K.
13. Fig. S8. Hysteresis loop for **1** at 2.0 K.
14. Fig. S9. Plot of $\ln(\tau)$ versus $1/T$ for **1** ($H_{dc} = 1500$ Oe), the solid line represents the best fitting with Raman + Orbach.
15. Table S6. U_{eff}/k and τ_0 values of some zero-field ferromagnetic coupling Dy₂ SMMs.
16. Fig. S10. (a) χ'' versus ν curves for **2** ($H_{dc} = 1500$ Oe); (b) plot of $\ln(\tau)$ versus $1/T$ for **2** ($H_{dc} = 1500$ Oe), the solid line represents the best fitting with Raman + Orbach.
17. Fig. S11. Hysteresis loop for **2** at 2.0 K.
18. Fig. S12. Magnetic axes of the Dy³⁺ ions in **1** calculated using an electrostatic model.

19. Fig. S13. Magnetic axes of the Dy³⁺ ions in **2** calculated using an electrostatic model

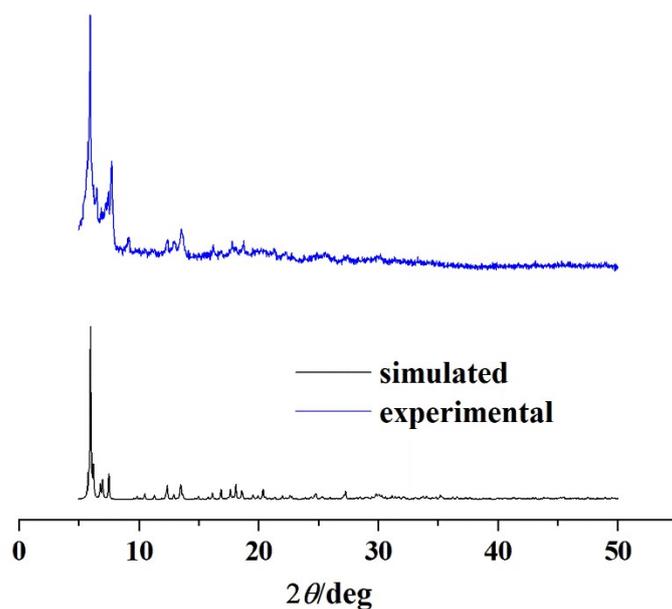


Fig. S1. The simulative and experimental powder X-ray diffraction patterns for **1**.

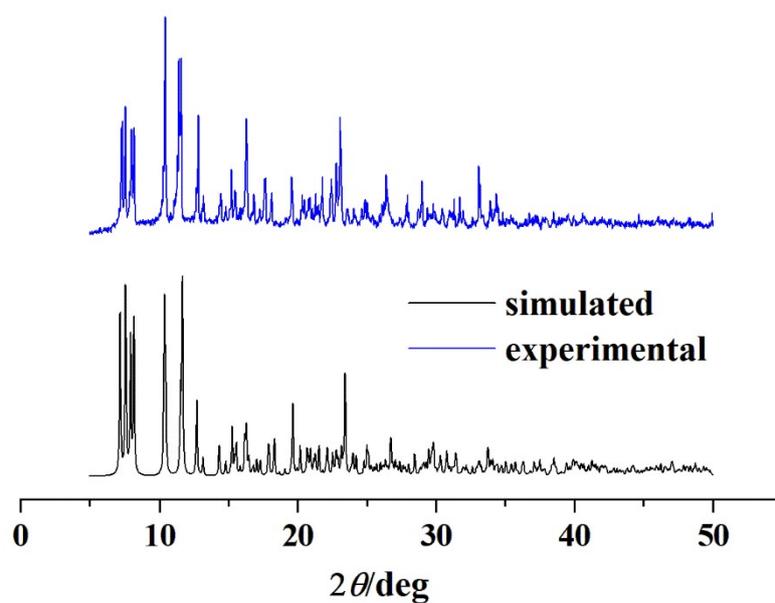


Fig. S2. The simulative and experimental powder X-ray diffraction patterns for **2**.

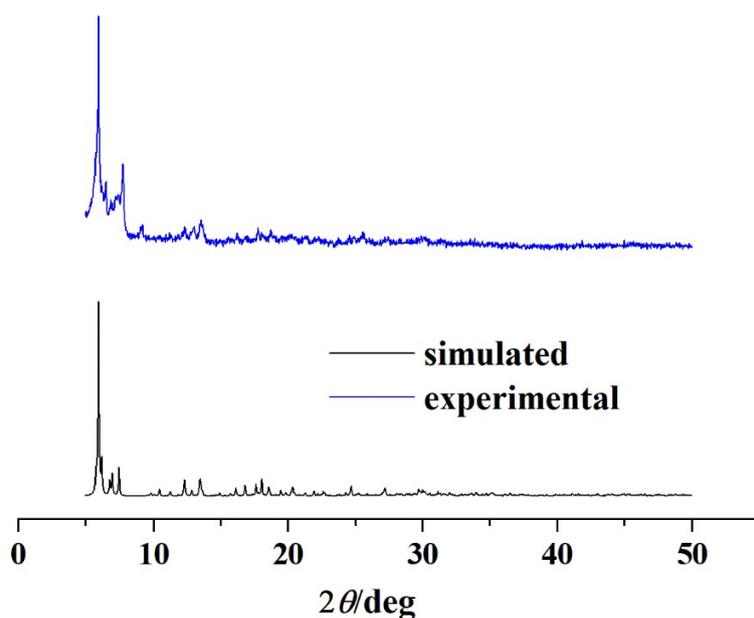


Fig. S3. The simulative and experimental powder X-ray diffraction patterns for **3**.

Table S1. Crystal data and structural refinement parameters for **1**, **2** and **3**.

	1 (squeeze)	2	3 (squeeze)
formula	C ₁₂₄ H ₁₄₈ Dy ₈ N ₄₄ O ₅₂	C ₅₂ H ₈₄ Dy ₂ F ₆ N ₁₆ O ₂₂ S ₂	C ₁₂₄ H ₁₄₈ Gd ₈ N ₄₄ O ₅₂
F_w	4386.85	1788.47	4344.85
crystal system	monoclinic	triclinic	monoclinic
space group	<i>C2/c</i>	<i>P1</i>	<i>C2/c</i>
a [Å]	32.5183(10)	11.7867(2)	32.5485(8)
b [Å]	18.0719(2)	12.4022(2)	18.1561(4)
c [Å]	31.6045(9)	13.6136(2)	28.8794(8)
α [°]	90.00	65.1480(10)	90.00
β [°]	126.481(4)	87.5400(10)	118.271(3)
γ [°]	90.00	83.2340(10)	90.00
V [Å ³]	14933.6(9)	1793.14(5)	15030.7(7)
Z	4	1	4
ρ_{calc} [g · cm ⁻³]	1.951	1.656	1.920
μ [mm ⁻¹]	21.864	12.409	23.277
T [K]	100	100	100
λ [Å]	1.54184	1.54184	1.54184
reflections collected	39305	33926	82338
unique reflections	11047	10359	12462
observed reflections	9334	10233	8652
parameters	912	920	910
GoF[$I \geq 2\sigma(I)$]	1.038	1.020	1.052
R_1 [$I \geq 2\sigma(I)$]	0.0457	0.0397	0.0531
wR_2 [$I \geq 2\sigma(I)$]	0.1226	0.1040	0.1394
CCDC	2521957	2521958	2521959

Table S2. Selected bond lengths (Å) of **1**, **2** and **3**.

1			
Dy1-N1	2.518(6)	Dy1-N18 [#]	2.675(6)
Dy1-O1W	2.396(6)	Dy1-O2	2.242(5)
Dy1-O3	2.409(5)	Dy1-O12 [#]	2.484(5)
Dy1-O13	2.378(5)	Dy1-O16	2.387(5)
Dy1-O17	2.473(5)	Dy2-N3	2.625(6)
Dy2-N6	2.464(6)	Dy2-O2W	2.346(5)
Dy2-O3	2.363(4)	Dy2-O5	2.212(5)
Dy2-O6	2.369(5)	Dy2-O14	2.296(5)
Dy2 O17	2.327(4)	Dy3 N8	2.653(6)
Dy3-N11	2.515(6)	Dy3-O3W	2.438(5)
Dy3-O6	2.470(5)	Dy3-O8	2.238(4)
Dy3-O9	2.404(5)	Dy3-O14	2.382(5)
Dy3-O15	2.533(5)	Dy3-O18 [#]	2.354(4)
Dy4-N13	2.585(7)	Dy4-N16	2.448(7)
Dy4-O4W	2.379(5)	Dy4-O9	2.358(5)
Dy4-O11	2.235(5)	Dy4-O12	2.339(5)
Dy4-O15	2.290(5)	Dy4-O16 [#]	2.312(4)
2			
Dy1-N1	2.461(7)	Dy1-N8	2.563(7)
Dy1-O1W	2.446(6)	Dy1-O2	2.163(6)
Dy1-O3	2.310(6)	Dy1-O6	2.365(6)
Dy1-O7	2.344(6)	Dy1-O8	2.336(8)
Dy2-N3	2.548(7)	Dy2-N6	2.485(7)
Dy2-O2W	2.335(6)	Dy2-O3	2.369(6)
Dy2-O5	2.163(6)	Dy2-O6	2.327(6)
Dy2-O9	2.399(7)	Dy2-O3W	2.435(6)
3			
Gd1-N1	2.539(7)	Gd1-N8 ^s	2.658(7)
Gd1-O1	2.410(6)	Gd1-O1W	2.466(5)
Gd1-O2	2.272(5)	Gd1-O6 ^s	2.490(6)
Gd1-O13	2.373(5)	Gd1-O16 ^s	2.400(6)
Gd1-O18 ^s	2.580(6)	Gd2-N6	2.505(7)
Gd2-N13	2.639(7)	Gd2-O2W	2.382(6)
Gd2-O5	2.239(6)	Gd2-O6	2.387(6)
Gd2-O9	2.377(5)	Gd2-O14	2.346(5)
Gd2-O16	2.331(5)	Gd3-N11	2.530(8)
Gd3-N18 ^s	2.677(7)	Gd3-O3W	2.412(7)
Gd3-O8	2.263(6)	Gd3-O9	2.430(6)
Gd3-O12 ^s	2.495(6)	Gd3-O14	2.505(5)
Gd3-O15	2.407(5)	Gd3-O17	2.404(6)

Gd4-N3 ^S	2.608(9)	Gd4-N16	2.480(8)
Gd4-O1 ^S	2.378(6)	Gd4-O4W	2.419(6)
Gd4-O11	2.267(6)	Gd4-O12	2.371(6)
Gd4-O15 ^S	2.343(5)	Gd4-O18	2.306(6)

Symmetry codes: #: 1-x, y, 2/3-z; ^S: 1-x, y, 1/2-z.

Table S3. Dy (III) ion (Dy1 and Dy3) geometry analysis by SHAPE 2.1 software for

1.

Configuration	ABOXIY Dy1	ABOXIY Dy3
Enneagon (D_{9h})	32.553	31.781
Octagonal pyramid (C_{8v})	22.094	22.380
Heptagonal bipyramid (D_{7h})	16.222	16.520
Johnson triangular cupola J3 (C_{3v})	13.506	13.614
Capped cube J8 (C_{4v})	6.958	8.025
Spherical-relaxed capped cube (C_{4v})	5.923	6.927
Capped square antiprism J10 (C_{4v})	5.412	4.659
Spherical capped square antiprism (C_{4v})	4.211	3.431
Tricapped trigonal prism J51 (D_{3h})	5.803	5.734
Spherical tricapped trigonal prism (D_{3h})	5.223	4.297
Tridiminished icosahedron J63 (C_{3v})	10.768	10.314
Hula-hoop (C_{2v})	5.183	6.274
Muffin (C_s)	2.840	2.093

Table S4. Dy (III) ion (Dy2 and Dy4) geometry analysis by SHAPE 2.1 software for

1.

Configuration	ABOXIY Dy2	ABOXIY Dy4
Octagon(D_{8h})	29.942	30.045
Heptagonal pyramid(C_{7v})	24.216	24.324
Hexagonal bipyramid(D_{6h})	14.395	14.058
Cube (O_h)	10.427	9.636
Square antiprism (D_{4d})	2.518	1.969
Triangular dodecahedron (D_{2d})	2.382	2.234
Johnson gyrobifastigium J26 (D_{2d})	12.553	13.126
Johnson elongated triangular bipyramid J14 (D_{3h})	27.114	28.354
Biaugmented trigonal prism J50 (C_{2v})	2.254	2.398
Biaugmented trigonal prism (C_{2v})	1.792	1.914
Snub diphenoid J84 (D_{2d})	3.980	4.185
Triakis tetrahedron (T_d)	10.944	10.239
Elongated trigonal bipyramid (D_{3h})	23.576	24.092

Table S5. Dy (III) ion geometry analysis by SHAPE 2.1 software for **2**.

Configuration	ABOXIY Dy1	ABOXIY Dy2
Octagon(D_{8h})	29.604	30.589
Heptagonal pyramid(C_{7v})	23.079	22.198
Hexagonal bipyramid(D_{6h})	16.752	17.420
Cube (O_h)	13.684	13.539
Square antiprism (D_{4d})	3.382	4.311
Triangular dodecahedron (D_{2d})	2.278	2.268
Johnson gyrobifastigium J26 (D_{2d})	13.352	13.192
Johnson elongated triangular bipyramid J14 (D_{3h})	24.630	23.724
Biaugmented trigonal prism J50 (C_{2v})	1.627	2.064
Biaugmented trigonal prism (C_{2v})	1.435	1.816
Snub diphenoid J84 (D_{2d})	3.564	3.277
Triakis tetrahedron (T_d)	14.210	13.954
Elongated trigonal bipyramid (D_{3h})	22.295	21.155

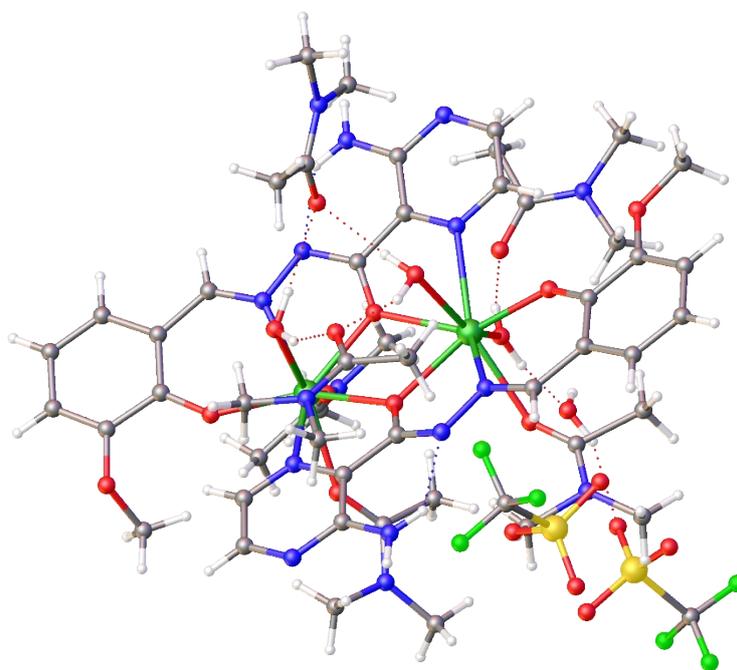


Fig. S4. Hydrogen bonds in **2**.

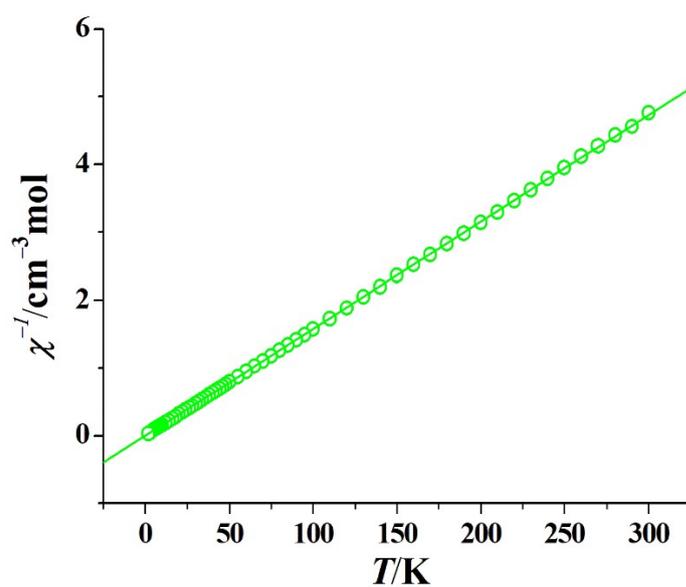


Fig. S5. Plot of $1/\chi_M$ versus T of **3** ($H_{\text{dc}} = 1000 \text{ Oe}$).

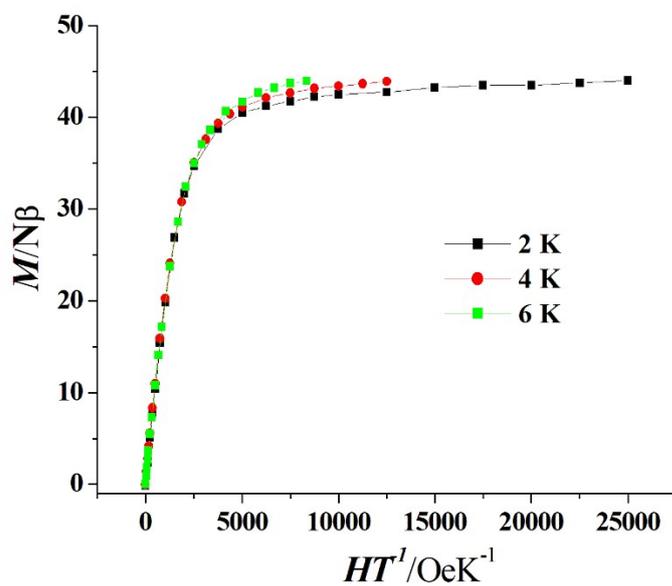


Fig. S6. M versus H/T plot of **1** at 2, 4 and 6 K.

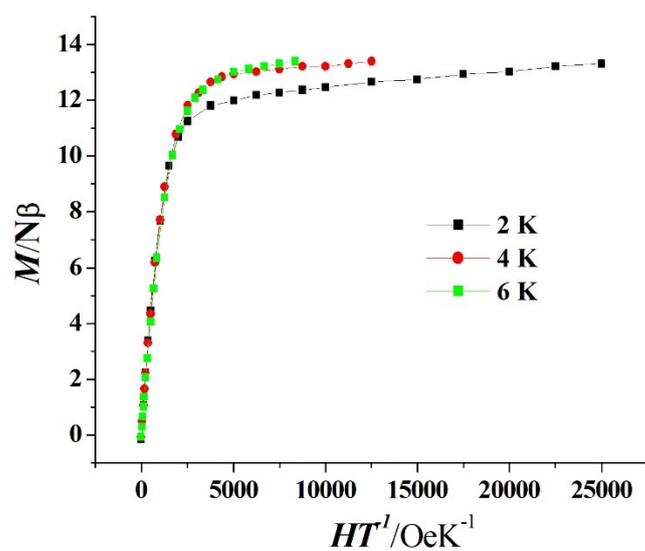


Fig. S7. M versus H/T plot of **2** at 2, 4 and 6 K.

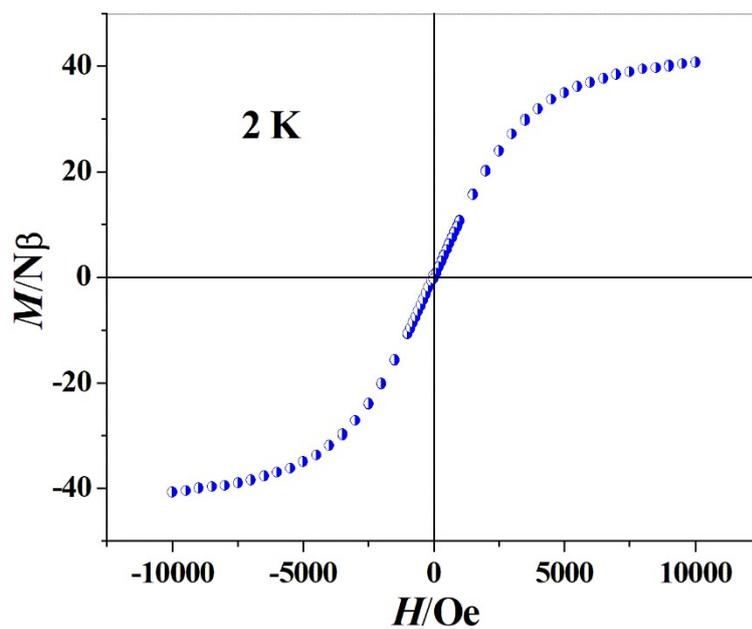


Fig. S8. Hysteresis loop for **1** at 2.0 K.

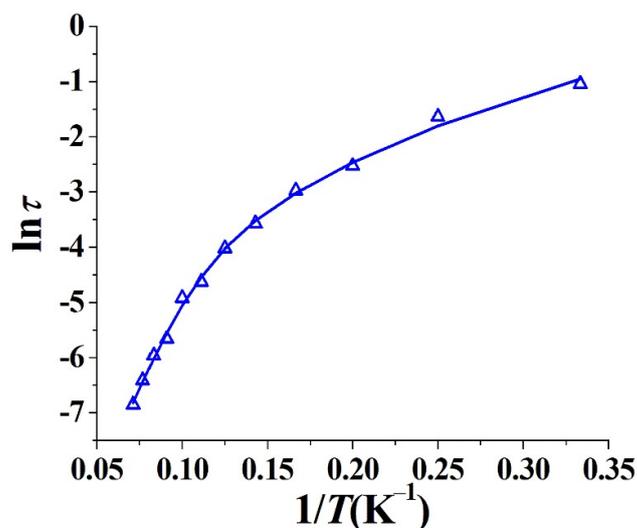


Fig. S9. Plot of $\ln(\tau)$ versus $1/T$ for **1** ($H_{dc} = 1500$ Oe), the solid line represents the best fitting with Raman + Orbach.

Table S6. U_{eff}/k and τ_0 values of some zero-field ferromagnetic coupling Dy_2 SMMs.

Structural formula	U_{eff}/k (K, 0 Oe)	τ_0 (s)	Ref.
$Dy_2(hmi)_2(NO_3)_2(MeOH)_2$	56	3×10^{-7}	35
$[Dy_2(hmi)_2(NO_3)_2(MeOH)_2] \cdot MeCN$	71	7×10^{-8}	35
$[(Pc)Dy(oopC)Dy(Pc)]$	25.9	2.4×10^{-7}	36
$[Dy_2(L_{Schiff1})_2(L-pfc)_2(MeOH)_2]$	76.9	1.0×10^{-6}	38
$[Dy_2(L_{Schiff2})_2(L-pfc)_2(MeOH)_2]$	78.1 180.6	3.5×10^{-8} 3.7×10^{-10}	38
$Dy^{III}_2L_2(acetate)_4(MeOH)_2$	76	1.5×10^{-6}	39
$[Dy_2ovph_2Cl_2(MeOH)_3]_3 \cdot MeCN$	150 198	2.3×10^{-8} 7.3×10^{-9}	40
$Dy_2L_2(DMF)_2(NO_3)_2$	58.2	1.0×10^{-5}	42
$Dy_2L_2(DMF)_2(AcO)_2$	59.9	8.0×10^{-6}	42
$Dy_2(l-tfc)_4(chp)_2(MeOH)_2$	180.5	1.5×10^{-11}	55
$Dy_2(d-tfc)_4(chp)_2(MeOH)_2$	181.3	1.5×10^{-11}	55
$[Dy_2(NO_3)_4(L)_2(H_2O)_2] \cdot 2MeCN$	112.0	8.7×10^{-9}	56
$[Dy_2(NO_3)_4(L)_2(H_2O)_2] \cdot 2(NO_3) \cdot DMBD \cdot 2MeOH$	128.2	2.3×10^{-8}	56
$[Dy_2(NO_3)_4(L)_2(TPO)_2] \cdot 2MeCN$	170.0	2.4×10^{-10}	56
$[Dy_2(L')_6(H_2O)_2] \cdot 4MeCN$	255.7	1.7×10^{-10}	56
$[Dy_2(HL)_2Cl_2(H_2O)_3] \cdot 2H_2O \cdot MeCN$	204 103	5.9×10^{-9} 1.8×10^{-8}	57
$[Dy_2(L_{schiff})_2(DMA)_3(H_2O)_3](CF_3SO_3)_2 \cdot 3DMA \cdot H_2O$	242.9	1.7×10^{-9}	this work

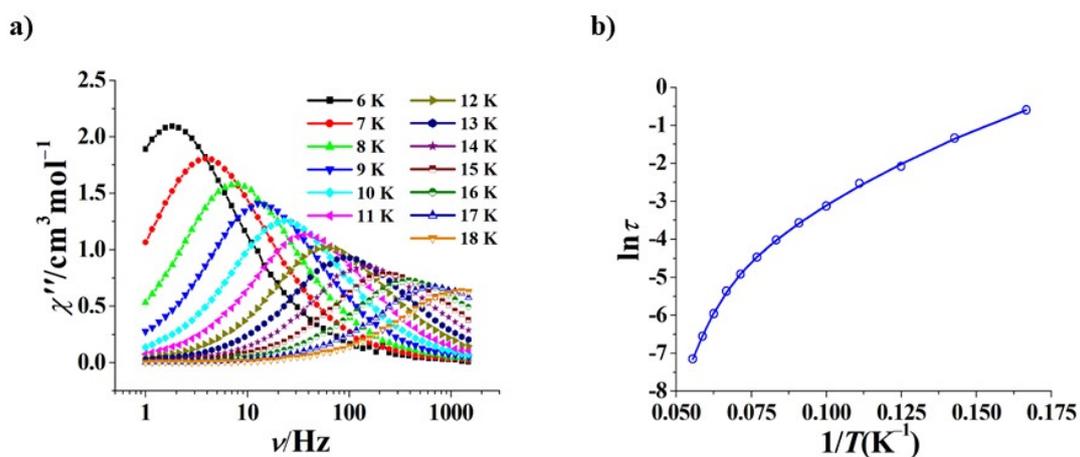


Fig. S10. (a) χ'' versus ν curves for **2** ($H_{dc} = 1500$ Oe); (b) plot of $\ln(\tau)$ versus $1/T$ for **2** ($H_{dc} = 1500$ Oe), the solid line represents the best fitting with Raman + Orbach.

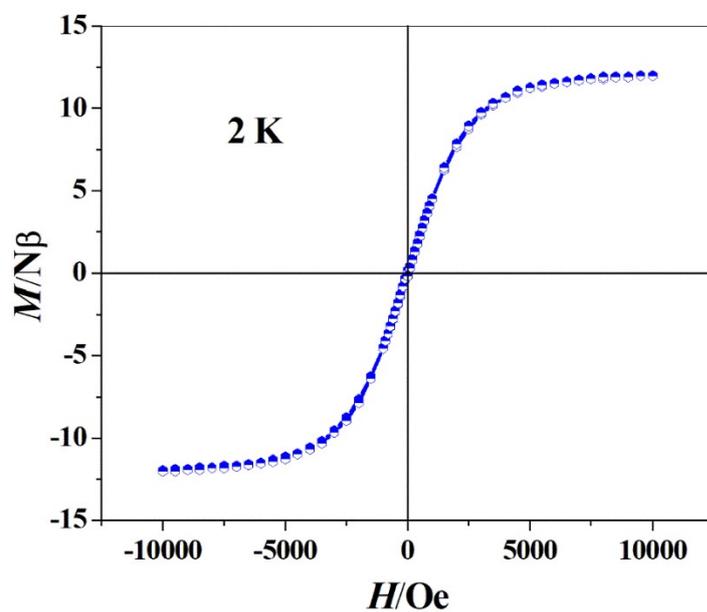


Fig. S11. Hysteresis loop for **2** at 2.0 K.

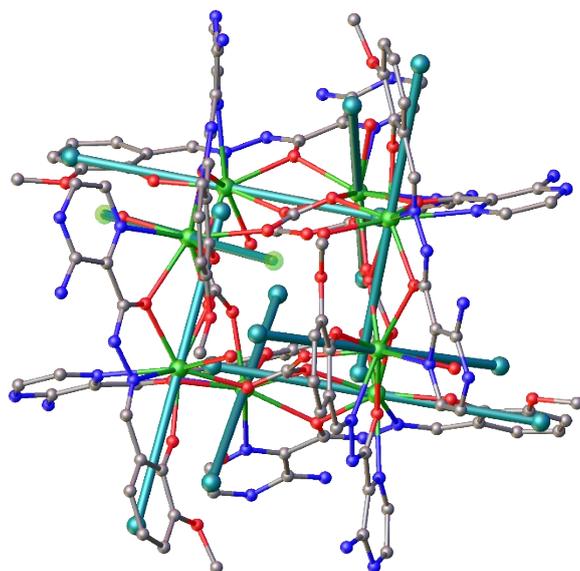


Fig. S12. Magnetic axes of the Dy³⁺ ions in **1** calculated using an electrostatic model.

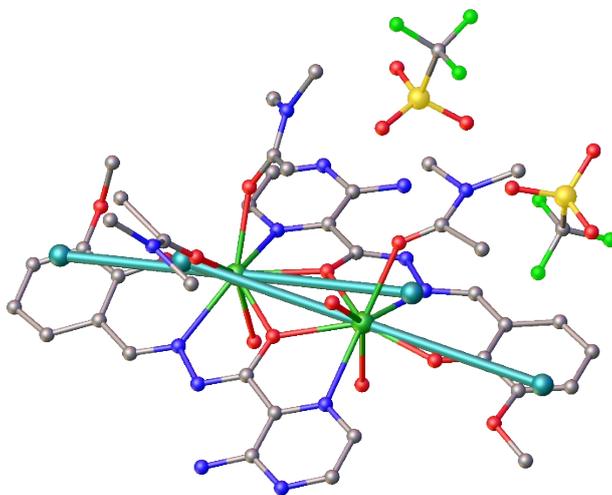


Fig. S13. Magnetic axes of the Dy³⁺ ions in **2** calculated using an electrostatic model.