

Supporting Information

Organocatalytic electrochemical synthesis of α -quaternary amino aldehydes

Jun Tan,^a Yueyue Fan,^a Youai Qiu,^b and Dengke Ma^{*a}

^a School of Pharmaceutical Sciences, Capital Medical University, Beijing 100069, China.

Email: madk@ccmu.edu.cn

^b State Key Laboratory and Institute of Elemento-Organic Chemistry, Frontiers Science Center for New Organic Matter, Haihe Laboratory of Sustainable Chemical Transformations, College of Chemistry, Nankai University, Tianjin 300071, China.

Table of Contents

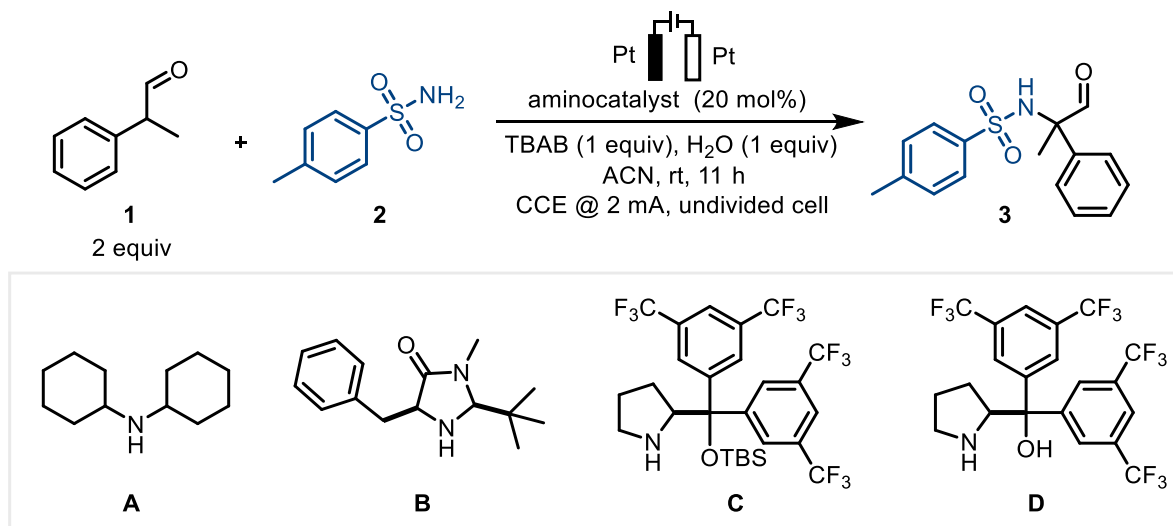
I. General Information	2
II. Optimization of the reaction conditions.....	3
III. Products Purification and Characterization Data	7
IV. Gram scale reaction and product Derivatizations.....	37
V. Mechanistic Studies	45
VI. NMR Spectra.....	55

I. General Information

Electroreductive reactions were carried out in undivided electrochemical cells (10 mL) using pre-dried glassware, if not noted otherwise. Platinum electrodes (10 mm × 15 mm × 0.20 mm, 99.9%; obtained from Chuxi, Shanghai, China) were connected using stainless steel adapters. Electroreduction was conducted using an HSPY-36-03 potentiostat in constant current mode. Cyclic Voltammetry studies were performed using a Shanghai Chenhua CHI630E workstation and Nova 2.0 software. Flash column chromatography was performed over silica gel (200-300 mesh) purchased from Qindao Haiyang Chemical Co., China. Anhydrous tetrahydrofuran were purchased from Energy Chemical or Adamas. Reagents were purchased at the highest commercial quality and used without further purification, unless otherwise stated. ¹H and ¹³C spectra were collected on a Bruker AV 300 MHz, 400 MHz or 800 MHz NMR spectrometer using residue solvent peaks as an internal standard (¹H NMR: CDCl₃ at 7.26 ppm, DMSO-*d*₆ at 2.50 ppm, Acetone-*d*₆ at 2.09 ppm; ¹³C NMR: CDCl₃ at 77.0 ppm, DMSO-*d*₆ at 39.5 ppm, Acetone-*d*₆ at 30.6 ppm). High resolution mass spectrometric data were obtained on Waters G2-XS QTOF UPLC/MS spectrometer (ESI-TOF), AB_Triple TOF 5600 UPLC/MS spectrometer (ESI-TOF), and FTICR-mass spectrometer.

II. Optimization of the reaction conditions

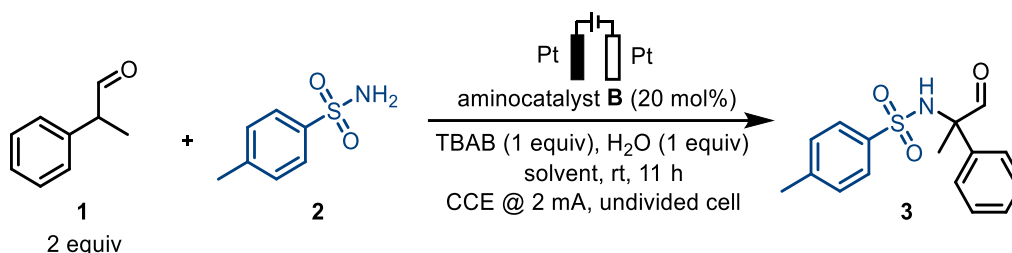
Table S1. Optimization of aminocatalyst.^[a]



Entry	Aminocatalyst	Yield of 3 (%) ^[b]	Recovery of 2 (%) ^[b]
1	A	58	4
2	B	82	0
3	C	14	25
4	D	40	21

[a] Reaction conditions: undivided cell, 2-phenylpropanal **1** (0.4 mmol), *p*-toluenesulfonamide **2** (0.2 mmol), TBAB (0.2 mmol), H₂O (0.2 mmol), and racemic aminocatalyst (0.04 mmol) were stirred in ACN (2 mL) under 2 mA constant current in argon atmosphere at room temperature for 11 h with platinum plates (each 1.0 × 1.5 cm²) as anode and cathode. [b] NMR yield determined by NMR using mesitylene as the internal standard.

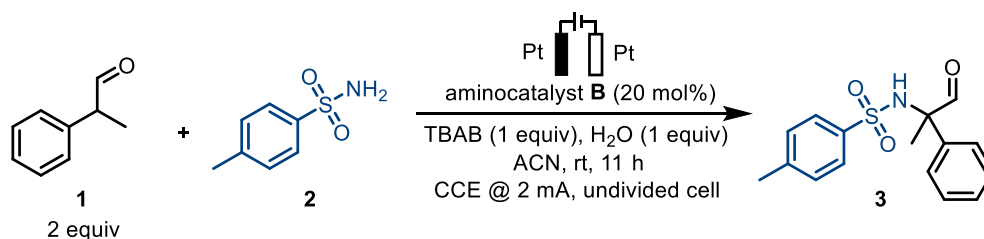
Table S2. Optimization of the solvent.^[a]



Entry	Solvent	Yield of 3 (%) ^[b]	Recovery of 2 (%) ^[b]
1	ACN	82	0
2	DCM	70	5
3	THF	64	24
4	DMSO	15	50
5	DMF	21	67
6	DCE	46	0

[a] Reaction conditions: undivided cell, 2-phenylpropanal **1** (0.4 mmol), *p*-toluenesulfonamide **2** (0.2 mmol), TBAB (0.2 mmol), H₂O (0.2 mmol), and racemic aminocatalyst **B** (0.04 mmol) were stirred in solvent (2 mL) under 2 mA constant current in argon atmosphere at room temperature for 11 h with platinum plates (each 1.0 × 1.5 cm²) as anode and cathode. [b] NMR yield determined by NMR using mesitylene as the internal standard.

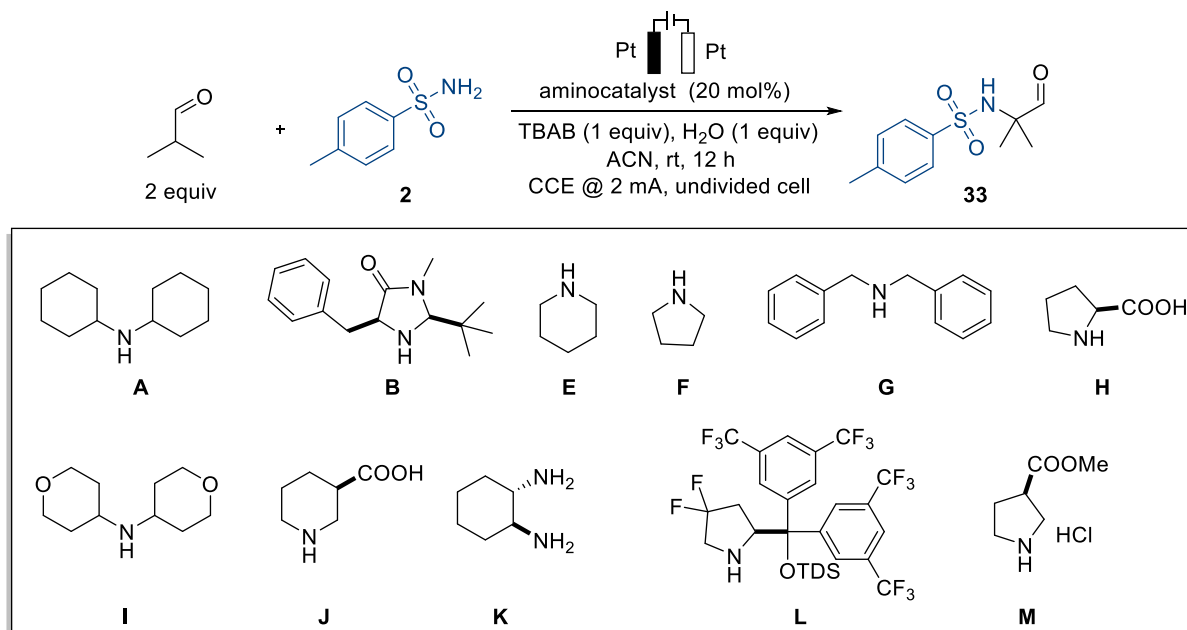
Table S3. Further optimization.^[a]



Entry	Variation from the standard conditions	Yield of 3 (%) ^[b]	Recovery of 2 (%) ^[b]
1	-	82	0
2	No electricity	0	94
3	No Catalyst	40	50
4	No H ₂ O	35	23
5	Ferrocene as mediator	0	50
6	TEMPO as mediator	36	27
7	GF as anode	3	70
8	CF as anode	1	58
9	Cu as anode	0	81
10	Pb as cathode	5	91
11	TEAB as electrolyte	67	29
12	TBAP as electrolyte	0	98
13	TBAI as electrolyte	28	37
14	<i>n</i> Bu ₄ PF ₆ as electrolyte	0	99
15	TBABF ₄ as electrolyte	0	95
16	1 mA (12 h)	17	75
17	3 mA (8 h)	51	33

[a] Reaction conditions: undivided cell, 2-phenylpropanal **1** (0.4 mmol), *p*-toluenesulfonamide **2** (0.2 mmol), TBAB (0.2 mmol), H₂O (0.2 mmol), and racemic aminocatalyst **B** (0.04 mmol) were stirred in ACN (2 mL) under 2 mA constant current in argon atmosphere at room temperature for 11 h with platinum plates (each 1.0 × 1.5 cm²) as anode and cathode. [b] NMR yield determined by NMR using mesitylene as the internal standard.

Table S4. Optimization for α,α -dialkyl substituted aldehydes.^[a]

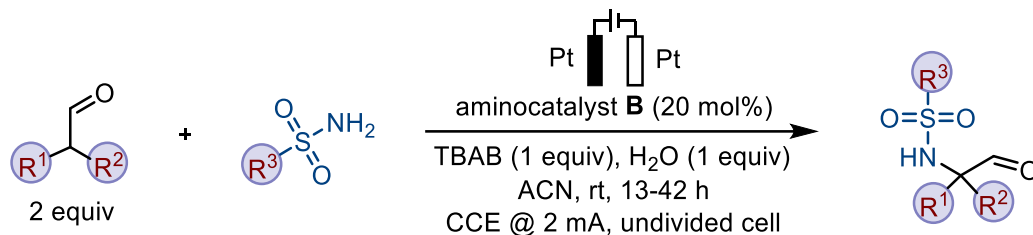


Entry	Aminocatalyst	Concentration (mol/L)	Yield of 33 (%) ^[b]	Recovery of 2 (%) ^[b]
1	A	0.05	56	13
2	E	0.05	6	48
3	F	0.05	8	42
4	G	0.05	5	55
5	A	0.1	59	3
6	B	0.1	6	90
7	H	0.1	17	45
8	I	0.1	56	5
9	J	0.1	42	38
10	K	0.1	36	31
11	L	0.1	6	50
12	M	0.1	6	40
13	A (30 mol%)	0.1	70	0
14	-	0.1	13	51

[a] Reaction conditions: undivided cell, isobutyraldehyde (0.4 mmol), *p*-toluenesulfonamide **2** (0.2 mmol), TBAB (0.2 mmol), H₂O (0.2 mmol), and racemic aminocatalyst (0.04 mmol) were stirred in ACN (2 or 4 mL) under 2 mA constant current in argon atmosphere at room temperature for 12 h with platinum plates (each 1.0 × 1.5 cm²) as anode and cathode. [b] NMR yield determined by NMR using mesitylene as the internal standard.

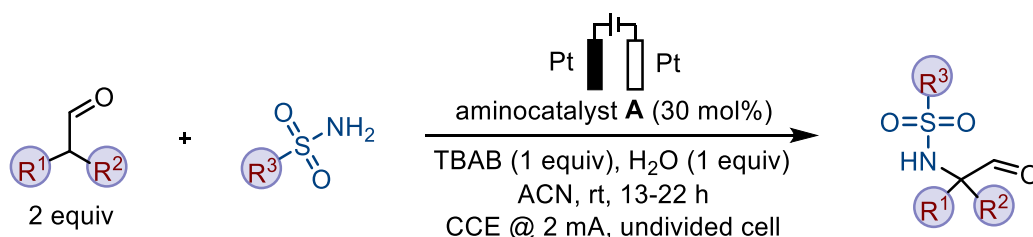
III. Products Purification and Characterization Data

General Procedure I.



The electrocatalysis was carried out in an undivided cell with a platinum plate anode (10.0 mm × 15.0 mm × 0.2 mm) and a platinum plate cathode (10.0 mm × 15.0 mm × 0.2 mm). Under argon, to a 10 mL pre-dried undivided electrochemical cell equipped with a magnetic bar were added sulfonamide (0.4 mmol, 1.0 equiv), racemic aminocatalyst **B** (19.7 mg, 0.08 mmol, 0.2 equiv), tetrabutylammonium bromide (128.9 mg, 0.4 mmol, 1.0 equiv). Then H₂O (0.4 mmol, 1.0 equiv, 7.2 uL), aldehyde (0.8 mmol, 2.0 equiv), and ACN (4 mL) were added. The electrocatalysis was performed at room temperature with a constant current of 2.0 mA maintained for 13-42 h. After the reaction was completed, the solution was concentrated and purified by silica gel flash column chromatography to afford the pure product.

General Procedure II.



The electrocatalysis was carried out in an undivided cell with a platinum plate anode (10.0 mm × 15.0 mm × 0.2 mm) and a platinum plate cathode (10.0 mm × 15.0 mm × 0.2 mm). Under argon, to a 10 mL pre-dried undivided electrochemical cell equipped with a magnetic bar were added sulfonamide (0.4 mmol, 1.0 equiv), aminocatalyst **A** (24.0 μL, 0.12 mmol, 0.3 equiv, d = 0.912 g/mL), tetrabutylammonium bromide (128.9 mg, 0.4 mmol, 1.0 equiv). Then H₂O (0.4 mmol, 1.0 equiv, 7.2 uL), aldehyde (0.8 mmol,

2.0 equiv), and ACN (4 mL) were added. The electrocatalysis was performed at room temperature with a constant current of 2.0 mA maintained for 13-22 h. After the reaction was completed, the solution was concentrated and purified by silica gel flash column chromatography to afford the pure product.

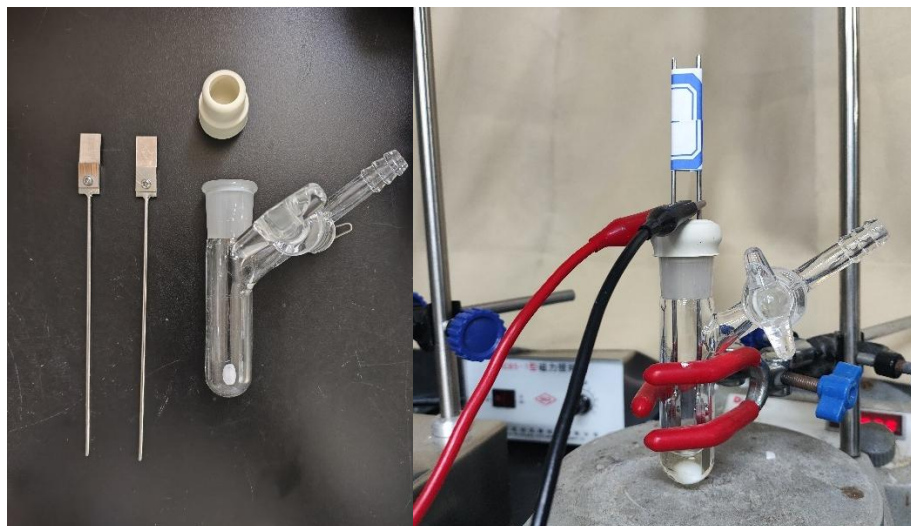
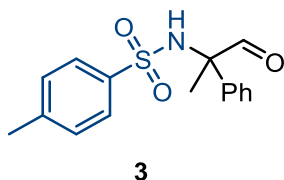


Figure S1. Electrolysis set-up.

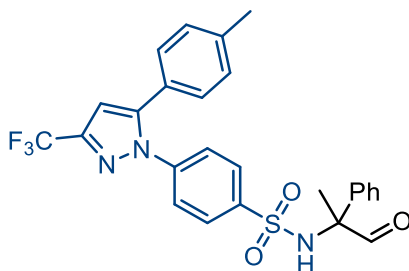


4-Methyl-N-(1-oxo-2-phenylpropan-2-yl)benzenesulfonamide (3) was prepared as a white solid from 4-methylbenzenesulfonamide **2** (69.0 mg, 0.4 mmol, 1.0 equiv), 2-phenylpropanal **1** (107.0 uL, 0.8 mmol, 2.0 equiv, $d = 1.002 \text{ g/mL}$), aminocatalyst **B** (19.9 mg, 0.08 mmol, 0.2 equiv), TBAB (129.0 mg, 0.4 mmol, 1.0 equiv), and H_2O (7.2 uL, 0.4 mmol, 1.0 equiv, $d = 1.000 \text{ g/mL}$) in ACN (4 mL) according to the General Procedure I (22 h, purified by flash column chromatography, eluent: *n*-hexane/ethyl acetate = 9/1, 103.7 mg, 85% yield). The NMR data are in consistent with the reported

literature.^[1]

¹H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 9.14 (s, 1H), 7.36 (d, *J* = 8.2 Hz, 2H), 7.25-7.10 (m, 5H), 7.05 (d, *J* = 8.1 Hz, 2H), 6.03 (s, 1H), 2.34 (s, 3H), 1.87 (s, 3H) ppm.

¹³C NMR (75 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 194.3, 142.7, 139.0, 134.0, 129.1, 128.7, 128.5, 127.4, 126.5, 66.7, 21.3, 19.9 ppm.



4

***N*-(1-Oxo-2-phenylpropan-2-yl)-4-(5-(*p*-tolyl)-3-(trifluoromethyl)-1*H*-pyrazol-1-yl)benzenesulfonamide (4)** was prepared as a white solid from Celecoxib (153.0 mg, 0.4 mmol, 1.0 equiv), 2-phenylpropanal **1** (107.0 uL, 0.8 mmol, 2.0 equiv, *d* = 1.002 g/mL), aminocatalyst **B** (19.9 mg, 0.08 mmol, 0.2 equiv), TBAB (130.0 mg, 0.4 mmol, 1.0 equiv), and H₂O (7.2 uL, 0.4 mmol, 1.0 equiv, *d* = 1.000 g/mL) in ACN (4 mL) according to the General Procedure I (constant current of 3.0 mA, 42 h, purified by flash column chromatography, eluent: *n*-hexane/ethyl acetate = 10/1 to 5/1, 174.6 mg, 85% yield).

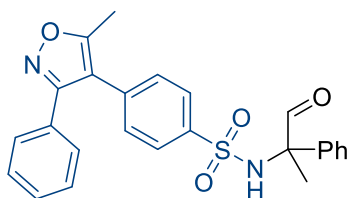
¹H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 9.11 (s, 1H), 7.40 (d, *J* = 8.6 Hz, 2H), 7.27-7.13 (m, 7H), 7.14-7.02 (m, 4H), 6.72 (s, 1H), 6.17 (s, 1H), 2.37 (s, 3H), 1.90 (s, 3H) ppm.

¹³C NMR (75 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 194.0, 145.0, 143.8 (q, *J* = 38.3 Hz), 141.8, 141.3, 139.7, 133.5, 129.6, 129.0, 128.9, 128.6, 127.6, 127.5, 125.7, 124.9, 121.6 (q, *J* = 267.0 Hz), 106.2, 66.8, 21.2, 19.9 ppm.

[1] H. Vogt, T. Baumann, M. Nieger and S. Bräse, *Eur. J. Org. Chem.*, 2006, **23**, 5315–5338.

^{19}F NMR (376 MHz, CDCl_3) δ -62.4 ppm.

HRMS (ESI) m/z Calcd for $\text{C}_{26}\text{H}_{23}\text{F}_3\text{N}_3\text{O}_3\text{S}$ [M^+H]: 514.1407, Found: 514.1408.



5

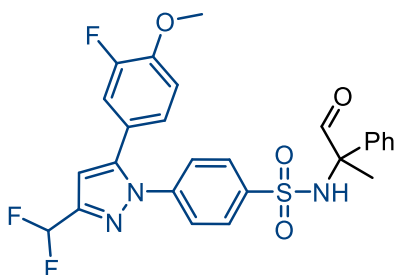
4-(5-Methyl-3-phenylisoxazol-4-yl)-N-(1-oxo-2-phenylpropan-2-

yl)benzenesulfonamide (5) was prepared as a white solid from Valdecoxib (126.0 mg, 0.4 mmol, 1.0 equiv), 2-phenylpropanal **1** (107.0 μL , 0.8 mmol, 2.0 equiv, $d = 1.002$ g/mL), aminocatalyst **B** (19.9 mg, 0.08 mmol, 0.2 equiv), TBAB (130.0 mg, 0.4 mmol, 1.0 equiv), and H_2O (7.2 μL , 0.4 mmol, 1.0 equiv, $d = 1.000$ g/mL) in ACN (4 mL) according to the General Procedure I (constant current of 3.0 mA, 22 h, purified by flash column chromatography, eluent: *n*-hexane/ethyl acetate = 10/1 to 6/1, 170.8 mg, 84% yield).

^1H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 9.14 (s, 1H), 7.46-7.29 (m, 7H), 7.21-7.10 (m, 5H), 7.05 (d, $J = 8.3$ Hz, 2H), 6.21 (s, 1H), 2.45 (s, 3H), 1.94 (s, 3H) ppm.

^{13}C NMR (75 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 194.1, 167.0, 160.9, 140.9, 134.3, 133.7, 129.6, 128.67, 128.65, 128.6, 128.4, 128.3, 127.7, 126.9, 114.4, 66.7, 20.0, 11.6 ppm.

HRMS (ESI) m/z Calcd for $\text{C}_{25}\text{H}_{22}\text{N}_2\text{NaO}_4\text{S}$ [M^+Na]: 469.1192, Found: 469.1194.



6

4-(3-(Difluoromethyl)-5-(3-fluoro-4-methoxyphenyl)-1H-pyrazol-1-yl)-N-(1-oxo-2-

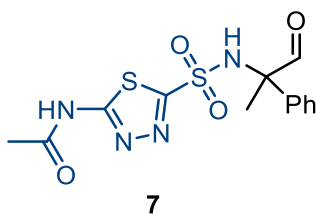
phenylpropan-2-yl)benzenesulfonamide (6) was prepared as a white solid from Deracoxib (159.0 mg, 0.4 mmol, 1.0 equiv), 2-phenylpropanal **1** (107.0 uL, 0.8 mmol, 2.0 equiv, $d = 1.002$ g/mL), aminocatalyst **B** (19.9 mg, 0.08 mmol, 0.2 equiv), TBAB (130.0 mg, 0.4 mmol, 1.0 equiv), and H₂O (7.2 uL, 0.4 mmol, 1.0 equiv, $d = 1.000$ g/mL) in ACN (4 mL) according to the General Procedure I (constant current of 3.0 mA, 22 h, purified by flash column chromatography, eluent: *n*-hexane/ethyl acetate = 6/1 to 4/1, 186.3 mg, 86% yield).

¹H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 9.12 (s, 1H), 7.42 (d, $J = 8.7$ Hz, 2H), 7.26-7.16 (m, 5H), 7.15-7.08 (m, 2H), 6.99-6.84 (m, 3H), 6.76 (t, $J = 54.8$ Hz, 1H), 6.68 (s, 1H), 6.23 (s, 1H), 3.89 (s, 3H), 1.89 (s, 3H) ppm.

¹³C NMR (75 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 194.0, 151.9 (d, $J = 246.8$ Hz), 148.4 (d, $J = 9.8$ Hz), 148.0 (t, $J = 29.6$ Hz), 143.5, 141.8, 141.1, 133.6, 128.9, 128.8, 127.5, 125.0 (d, $J = 3.0$ Hz), 124.6, 121.6 (d, $J = 6.8$ Hz), 116.4 (d, $J = 20.3$ Hz), 113.5 (d, $J = 1.5$ Hz), 110.9 (t, $J = 233.3$ Hz), 105.6, 66.7, 56.1, 19.8 ppm.

¹⁹F NMR (282 MHz, CDCl₃) δ -112.2, -133.4 ppm.

HRMS (ESI) m/z Calcd for C₂₆H₂₃F₃N₃O₄S [M⁺+H]: 530.1356, Found: 530.1359.

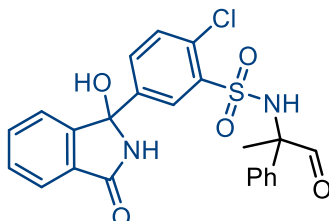


N-(5-(N-(1-Oxo-2-phenylpropan-2-yl)sulfamoyl)-1,3,4-thiadiazol-2-yl)acetamide (7) was prepared as a white solid from Acetazolamide (89.0 mg, 0.4 mmol, 1.0 equiv), 2-phenylpropanal **1** (107.0 uL, 0.8 mmol, 2.0 equiv, $d = 1.002$ g/mL), aminocatalyst **B** (19.7 mg, 0.08 mmol, 0.2 equiv), TBAB (130.0 mg, 0.4 mmol, 1.0 equiv), and H₂O (7.2 uL, 0.4 mmol, 1.0 equiv, $d = 1.000$ g/mL) in ACN (4 mL) according to the General Procedure I (constant current of 3.0 mA, 22 h, purified by flash column chromatography, eluent: *n*-hexane/ethyl acetate = 12/1 to 10/1, 72.3 mg, 51% yield).

$^1\text{H NMR}$ (300 MHz, Acetone- d_6) δ 12.15 (s, 1H), 9.66 (s, 1H), 8.32 (s, 1H), 7.54-7.27 (m, 5H), 2.37 (s, 3H), 1.92 (s, 3H) ppm.

$^{13}\text{C NMR}$ (75 MHz, Acetone- d_6) δ 196.8, 170.5, 165.5, 163.4, 137.9, 130.4, 130.1, 128.8, 69.6, 23.4, 21.8 ppm.

HRMS (ESI) m/z Calcd for $\text{C}_{13}\text{H}_{15}\text{N}_4\text{O}_4\text{S}_2$ [M^+H]: 355.0529, Found: 355.0527.



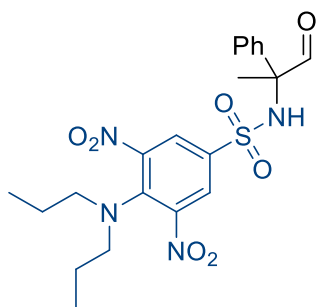
8

2-Chloro-5-(1-hydroxy-3-oxoisindolin-1-yl)-N-(1-oxo-2-phenylpropan-2-yl)benzenesulfonamide (8) was prepared as a white solid from Chlortalidone (137.0 mg, 0.4 mmol, 1.0 equiv), 2-phenylpropanal **1** (107.0 μL , 0.8 mmol, 2.0 equiv, $d = 1.002$ g/mL), aminocatalyst **B** (19.8 mg, 0.08 mmol, 0.2 equiv), TBAB (131.0 mg, 0.4 mmol, 1.0 equiv), and H_2O (7.2 μL , 0.4 mmol, 1.0 equiv, $d = 1.000$ g/mL) in ACN (4 mL) according to the General Procedure I (constant current of 3.0 mA, 22 h, purified by flash column chromatography, eluent: *n*-hexane/ethyl acetate = 2/1 to 9/7, 177.1 mg, 94% yield, dr: 1/1).

$^1\text{H NMR}$ (300 MHz, DMSO- d_6) δ [9.59 (s, 0.45H), 9.53 (s, 0.49H), 1H], 9.36 (d, $J = 1.4$ Hz, 1H), [8.86 (s, 0.44H), 8.76 (s, 0.46H), 1H], [7.90 (d, $J = 1.9$ Hz, 0.48H), 7.87 (d, $J = 2.1$ Hz, 0.5H), 1H], 7.73-7.50 (m, 5H), 7.34-7.04 (m, 7H), [1.59 (s, 1.5H), 1.52 (s, 1.39H), 3H] ppm.

$^{13}\text{C NMR}$ (75 MHz, DMSO- d_6) δ 197.0, 196.6, 168.34, 168.31, 149.8, 142.0, 141.91, 139.5, 139.4, 136.6, 136.3, 132.7, 131.74, 131.71, 131.2, 131.1, 130.61, 130.56, 129.9, 129.4, 128.4, 128.3, 128.2, 126.8, 126.74, 126.71, 122.81, 122.77, 86.61, 86.60, 67.4, 67.3, 21.14, 21.09 ppm.

HRMS (ESI) m/z Calcd for $\text{C}_{23}\text{H}_{19}\text{ClN}_2\text{NaO}_5\text{S}$ [M^+Na]: 493.0595, Found: 493.0599.



9

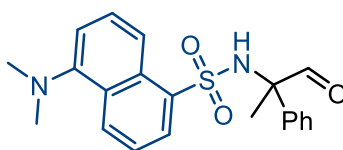
4-(Dipropylamino)-3,5-dinitro-*N*-(1-oxo-2-phenylpropan-2-yl)benzenesulfonamide

(9) was prepared as a reddish-brown solid from Oryzalin (139.0 mg, 0.4 mmol, 1.0 equiv), 2-phenylpropanal **1** (107.0 uL, 0.8 mmol, 2.0 equiv, $d = 1.002$ g/mL), aminocatalyst **B** (19.6 mg, 0.08 mmol, 0.2 equiv), TBAB (129.0 mg, 0.4 mmol, 1.0 equiv), and H₂O (7.2 uL, 0.4 mmol, 1.0 equiv, $d = 1.000$ g/mL) in ACN (4 mL) according to the General Procedure I (constant current of 3.0 mA, 36 h, purified by flash column chromatography, eluent: *n*-hexane/ethyl acetate = 9/1, 102.0 mg, 53% yield).

¹H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 9.08 (s, 1H), 7.60 (s, 2H), 7.22-7.13 (m, 3H), 7.10-7.01 (m, 2H), 6.34 (s, 1H), 2.97 (dt, $J_1 = 14.3$ Hz, $J_2 = 7.1$ Hz, 2H), 2.81 (dt, $J_1 = 13.7$ Hz, $J_2 = 7.4$ Hz, 2H), 2.04 (s, 3H), 1.58 (h, $J = 7.3$ Hz, 4H), 0.90 (t, $J = 7.4$ Hz, 6H) ppm.

¹³C NMR (75 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 193.4, 144.0, 140.8, 131.9, 131.8, 129.4, 128.8, 128.2, 128.1, 66.4, 54.0, 20.7, 19.8, 11.2 ppm.

HRMS (ESI) m/z Calcd for C₂₁H₂₇N₄O₇S [M⁺+H]: 479.1595, Found: 479.1597.



10

5-(Dimethylamino)-*N*-(1-oxo-2-phenylpropan-2-yl)naphthalene-1-sulfonamide (10)

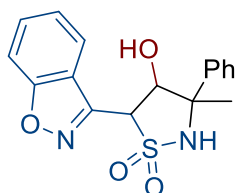
was prepared as a yellow solid from Dansylamide (100.1 mg, 0.4 mmol, 1.0 equiv), 2-phenylpropanal **1** (107.0 uL, 0.8 mmol, 2.0 equiv, $d = 1.002$ g/mL), aminocatalyst **B** (19.9 mg, 0.08 mmol, 0.2 equiv), TBAB (129.1 mg, 0.4 mmol, 1.0 equiv), and H₂O (7.2

uL, 0.4 mmol, 1.0 equiv, $d = 1.000$ g/mL) in ACN (4 mL) according to the General Procedure I (constant current of 5.0 mA, 13 h, purified by flash column chromatography, eluent: *n*-hexane/ethyl acetate = 12/1 to 10/1, 107.4 mg, 70% yield).

$^1\text{H NMR}$ (300 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 9.04 (s, 1H), 8.32 (d, $J = 8.5$ Hz, 1H), 8.20 (d, $J = 8.6$ Hz, 1H), 7.65-7.55 (m, 2H), 7.19-6.99 (m, 3H), 6.94-6.80 (m, 4H), 6.26 (s, 1H), 2.86 (s, 6H), 1.88 (s, 3H) ppm.

$^{13}\text{C NMR}$ (75 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 194.1, 151.8, 136.5, 133.0, 129.7, 129.4, 129.0, 128.8, 128.5, 128.4, 128.2, 127.2, 123.0, 118.4, 114.9, 66.7, 45.3, 19.9 ppm.

HRMS (ESI) m/z Calcd for $\text{C}_{21}\text{H}_{23}\text{N}_2\text{O}_3\text{S}$ [M^+H]: 383.1424, Found: 383.1424.



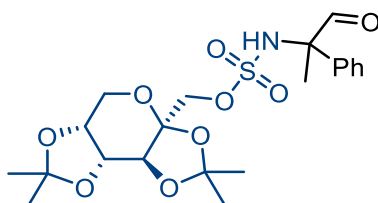
11

5-(Benzo[*d*]isoxazol-3-yl)-4-hydroxy-3-methyl-3-phenylisothiazolidine 1,1-dioxide (11) was prepared as a white solid from Zonisamide (85.0 mg, 0.4 mmol, 1.0 equiv), 2-phenylpropanal **1** (107.0 uL, 0.8 mmol, 2.0 equiv, $d = 1.002$ g/mL), aminocatalyst **B** (19.9 mg, 0.08 mmol, 0.2 equiv), TBAB (130.0 mg, 0.4 mmol, 1.0 equiv), and H_2O (7.2 uL, 0.4 mmol, 1.0 equiv, $d = 1.000$ g/mL) in ACN (4 mL) according to the General Procedure I (constant current of 3.0 mA, 42 h, purified by flash column chromatography, eluent: *n*-hexane/ethyl acetate = 7/1 to 5/1, 102.0 mg, 87% yield, dr: 11.5/1).

$^1\text{H NMR}$ (300 MHz, Acetone- d_6) δ [8.22 (d, $J = 8.2$ Hz, 0.08H), 7.98 (d, $J = 8.0$ Hz, 0.92H), 1H], 7.82-7.60 (m, 4H), 7.47-7.22 (m, 5H), [5.78 (d, $J = 6.3$ Hz, 0.84H), 5.62 (d, $J = 5.0$ Hz, 0.07H), 1H], 5.37 (dd, $J_1 = 10.6$ Hz, $J_2 = 6.2$ Hz, 1H), [5.25 (d, $J = 10.6$ Hz, 1H), 4.83 (d, $J = 3.9$ Hz, 0.07H), 1H], [1.92 (s, 2.73H), 1.78 (s, 0.23H), 3H] ppm.

$^{13}\text{C NMR}$ (75 MHz, Acetone- d_6) δ 165.4, 152.2, 147.3, 132.2, 129.9, 128.9, 126.9, 125.6, 124.5, 122.4, 111.4, 79.2, 66.3, 62.8, 24.2 ppm. (only major isomer was reported)

HRMS (ESI) m/z Calcd for $C_{17}H_{17}N_2O_4S$ [$M^+ + H$]: 345.0904, Found: 345.0904.



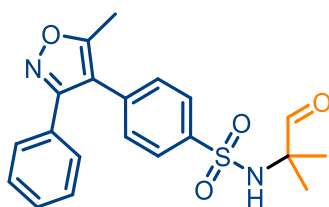
12

((3a*S*,5a*R*,8a*R*,8b*S*)-2,2,7,7-Tetramethyltetrahydro-3a*H*-bis([1,3]dioxolo)[4,5-*b*:4',5'-*d*]pyran-3a-yl)methyl (1-oxo-2-phenylpropan-2-yl)sulfamate (12) was prepared as a colorless oil from Topiramate (136.0 mg, 0.4 mmol, 1.0 equiv), 2-phenylpropanal **1** (107.0 μ L, 0.8 mmol, 2.0 equiv, $d = 1.002$ g/mL), aminocatalyst **B** (19.9 mg, 0.08 mmol, 0.2 equiv), TBAB (130.0 mg, 0.4 mmol, 1.0 equiv), and H_2O (7.2 μ L, 0.4 mmol, 1.0 equiv, $d = 1.000$ g/mL) in ACN (4 mL) according to the General Procedure I (constant current of 3.0 mA, 22 h, purified by flash column chromatography, eluent: *n*-hexane/ethyl acetate = 9/1 to 6/1, 97.0 mg, 51% yield, dr: about 1/1).

1H NMR (300 MHz, $CDCl_3$) δ 9.22 (s, 1H), 7.48-7.32 (m, 5H), 6.20 (s, 1H), 4.63-4.55 (m, 1H), 4.25-4.04 (m, 4H), 3.93-3.82 (m, 1H), 3.74 (dd, $J_1 = 13.0$ Hz, $J_2 = 7.0$ Hz, 1H), 1.98 (s, 3H), [1.53 (s, 1.52H), 1.52 (s, 1.44H), 3H], 1.45 (s, 3H), 1.37-1.30 (m, 6H) ppm.

^{13}C NMR (75 MHz, $CDCl_3$) δ 194.1, 135.5, 129.2, 128.9, 126.94, 126.91, 109.2, 109.13, 109.11, 100.7, 70.7, 70.6, 70.5, 70.4, 70.2, 70.1, 69.8, 67.2, 67.1, 61.3, 61.2, 26.4, 26.3, 25.80, 25.76, 25.1, 25.0, 24.00, 23.97, 18.8, 18.7 ppm.

HRMS (ESI) m/z Calcd for $C_{21}H_{29}NNaO_9S$ [$M^+ + Na$]: 494.1455, Found: 494.1456.



13

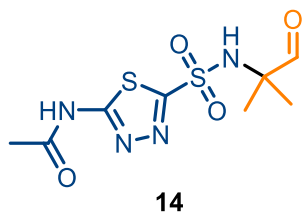
***N*-(2-Methyl-1-oxopropan-2-yl)-4-(5-methyl-3-phenylisoxazol-4-**

yl)benzenesulfonamide (**13**) was prepared as a white solid from Valdecoxib (127.0 mg, 0.4 mmol, 1.0 equiv), isobutyraldehyde (57.7 mg, 0.8 mmol, 2.0 equiv), aminocatalyst **A** (24.0 μ L, 0.12 mmol, 0.3 equiv, $d = 0.912$ g/mL), TBAB (129.3 mg, 0.4 mmol, 1.0 equiv), and H₂O (7.2 μ L, 0.4 mmol, 1.0 equiv, $d = 1.000$ g/mL) in ACN (4 mL) according to the General Procedure II (22 h, purified by flash column chromatography, eluent: *n*-hexane/ethyl acetate = 6/1 to 4/1, 108.5 mg, 71% yield).

¹H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 9.46 (s, 1H), 7.88 (d, $J = 8.2$ Hz, 2H), 7.44-7.25 (m, 7H), 5.85 (s, 1H), 2.48 (s, 3H), 1.31 (s, 6H) ppm.

¹³C NMR (75 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 199.3, 167.2, 161.0, 141.5, 135.1, 130.2, 129.7, 128.6, 128.4, 127.2, 114.4, 62.4, 22.3, 11.6 ppm.

HRMS (ESI) m/z Calcd for C₂₀H₂₁N₂O₄S [M⁺+H]: 385.1217, Found: 385.1217.

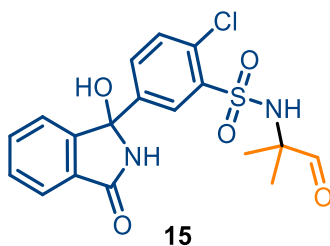


N-(5-(N-(2-Methyl-1-oxopropan-2-yl)sulfamoyl)-1,3,4-thiadiazol-2-yl)acetamide (14) was prepared as a white solid from Acetazolamide (88.9 mg, 0.4 mmol, 1.0 equiv), isobutyraldehyde (57.7 mg, 0.8 mmol, 2.0 equiv), aminocatalyst **A** (24.0 μ L, 0.12 mmol, 0.3 equiv, $d = 0.912$ g/mL), TBAB (129.1 mg, 0.4 mmol, 1.0 equiv), and H₂O (7.2 μ L, 0.4 mmol, 1.0 equiv, $d = 1.000$ g/mL) in ACN (4 mL) according to the General Procedure II (15 h, purified by flash column chromatography, eluent: *n*-hexane/ethyl acetate = 2/1 to 1/1, 79.1 mg, 68% yield).

¹H NMR (300 MHz, Acetone-*d*₆) δ 11.96 (s, 1H), 9.62 (s, 1H), 8.01 (s, 1H), 2.38 (s, 3H), 1.37 (s, 6H) ppm.

¹³C NMR (75 MHz, Acetone-*d*₆) δ 201.0, 170.6, 165.7, 163.2, 64.7, 23.39, 23.35 ppm.

HRMS (ESI) m/z Calcd for C₈H₁₃N₄O₄S₂ [M⁺+H]: 293.0373, Found: 293.0376.

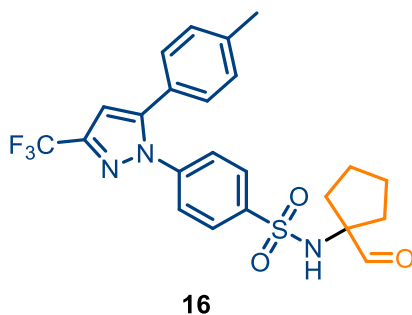


2-Chloro-5-(1-hydroxy-3-oxoisindolin-1-yl)-N-(2-methyl-1-oxopropan-2-yl)benzenesulfonamide (15) was prepared as a white solid from Chlortalidone (136.0 mg, 0.4 mmol, 1.0 equiv), isobutyraldehyde (57.7 mg, 0.8 mmol, 2.0 equiv), aminocatalyst **A** (24.0 μ L, 0.12 mmol, 0.3 equiv, $d = 0.912$ g/mL), TBAB (129.9 mg, 0.4 mmol, 1.0 equiv), and H₂O (7.2 μ L, 0.4 mmol, 1.0 equiv, $d = 1.000$ g/mL) in ACN (4 mL) according to the General Procedure II (17 h, purified by flash column chromatography, eluent: *n*-hexane/ethyl acetate = 2/1 to 1/1, 132.1 mg, 81% yield).

¹H NMR (300 MHz, DMSO-*d*₆) δ 9.47 (s, 2H), 8.70 (s, 1H), 8.09 (s, 1H), 7.75-7.62 (m, 3H), 7.61-7.47 (m, 2H), 7.38-7.23 (m, 2H), 1.05 (s, 6H) ppm.

¹³C NMR (75 MHz, DMSO-*d*₆) δ 200.7, 168.4, 150.0, 142.2, 140.1, 132.8, 132.0, 131.1, 130.6, 130.0, 129.5, 126.9, 122.9, 122.6, 86.6, 61.9, 21.8, 21.6 ppm.

HRMS (ESI) m/z Calcd for C₁₈H₁₇ClN₂NaO₅S [M⁺+Na]: 431.0439, Found: 431.0440.



N-(1-Formylcyclopentyl)-4-(5-(*p*-tolyl)-3-(trifluoromethyl)-1H-pyrazol-1-yl)benzenesulfonamide (16) was prepared as a white solid from Celecoxib (153.0 mg, 0.4 mmol, 1.0 equiv), cyclopentanecarbaldehyde (78.5 mg, 0.8 mmol, 2.0 equiv), aminocatalyst **A** (24.0 μ L, 0.12 mmol, 0.3 equiv, $d = 0.912$ g/mL), TBAB (129.0 mg, 0.4 mmol, 1.0 equiv), and H₂O (7.2 μ L, 0.4 mmol, 1.0 equiv, $d = 1.000$ g/mL) in ACN (4 mL)

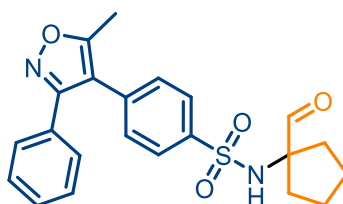
according to the General Procedure II (16 h, purified by flash column chromatography, eluent: *n*-hexane/ethyl acetate = 12/1 to 9/1, 133.0 mg, 70% yield).

$^1\text{H NMR}$ (300 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 9.58 (s, 1H), 7.88 (d, $J = 8.5$ Hz, 2H), 7.47 (d, $J = 8.5$ Hz, 2H), 7.21-7.05 (m, 4H), 6.75 (s, 1H), 5.84 (s, 1H), 2.37 (s, 3H), 2.06-1.90 (m, 2H), 1.78-1.55 (m, 6H) ppm.

$^{13}\text{C NMR}$ (75 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 199.3, 145.3, 144.0 (q, $J = 38.3$ Hz), 142.4, 141.4, 139.8, 129.7, 128.7, 127.8, 125.6, 125.5, 121.0 (q, $J = 267.5$ Hz), 106.2, 73.0, 33.9, 23.8, 21.2 ppm.

$^{19}\text{F NMR}$ (376 MHz, CDCl_3) δ -62.4 ppm.

HRMS (ESI) m/z Calcd for $\text{C}_{23}\text{H}_{23}\text{F}_3\text{N}_3\text{O}_3\text{S}$ [M^+H]: 478.1407, Found: 478.1410.



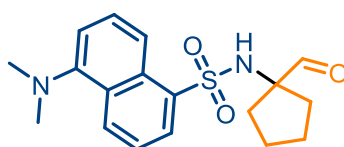
17

***N*-(1-Formylcyclopentyl)-4-(5-methyl-3-phenylisoxazol-4-yl)benzenesulfonamide (17)** was prepared as a white solid from Valdecocixib (126.0 mg, 0.4 mmol, 1.0 equiv), cyclopentanecarbaldehyde (78.5 mg, 0.8 mmol, 2.0 equiv), aminocatalyst A (24.0 μL , 0.12 mmol, 0.3 equiv, $d = 0.912$ g/mL), TBAB (129.3 mg, 0.4 mmol, 1.0 equiv), and H_2O (7.2 μL , 0.4 mmol, 1.0 equiv, $d = 1.000$ g/mL) in ACN (4 mL) according to the General Procedure II (16 h, purified by flash column chromatography, eluent: *n*-hexane/ethyl acetate = 9/1 to 4/1, 129.7 mg, 79% yield).

$^1\text{H NMR}$ (300 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 9.64 (s, 1H), 7.89 (d, $J = 8.1$ Hz, 2H), 7.44-7.23 (m, 7H), 6.02 (s, 1H), 2.49 (s, 3H), 2.05-1.91 (m, 2H), 1.84-1.53 (m, 6H) ppm.

$^{13}\text{C NMR}$ (75 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 199.7, 167.2, 161.0, 141.0, 135.2, 130.2, 129.7, 128.6, 128.34, 128.26, 127.2, 114.4, 73.0, 33.9, 23.6, 11.7 ppm.

HRMS (ESI) m/z Calcd for $\text{C}_{22}\text{H}_{23}\text{N}_2\text{O}_4\text{S}$ [M^+H]: 411.1373, Found: 411.1375.



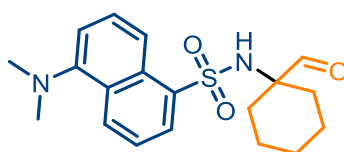
18

5-(Dimethylamino)-N-(1-formylcyclopentyl)naphthalene-1-sulfonamide (18) was prepared as a green solid from Dansylamide (100.0 mg, 0.4 mmol, 1.0 equiv), cyclopentanecarbaldehyde (78.5 mg, 0.8 mmol, 2.0 equiv), aminocatalyst **A** (24.0 μ L, 0.12 mmol, 0.3 equiv, $d = 0.912$ g/mL), TBAB (129.7 mg, 0.4 mmol, 1.0 equiv), and H₂O (7.2 μ L, 0.4 mmol, 1.0 equiv, $d = 1.000$ g/mL) in ACN (4 mL) according to the General Procedure II (16 h, purified by flash column chromatography, eluent: *n*-hexane/ethyl acetate = 12/1 to 9/1, 92.6 mg, 67% yield).

¹H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 9.67 (s, 1H), 8.55 (d, $J = 8.5$ Hz, 1H), 8.32 (d, $J = 8.6$ Hz, 1H), 8.24 (d, $J = 7.3$ Hz, 1H), 7.55 (dt, $J_1 = 21.7$ Hz, $J_2 = 7.9$ Hz, 2H), 7.19 (d, $J = 7.5$ Hz, 1H), 6.04 (s, 1H), 2.89 (s, 6H), 1.96-1.81 (m, 2H), 1.70-1.56 (m, 2H), 1.54-1.30 (m, 4H) ppm.

¹³C NMR (75 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 200.0, 152.0, 137.0, 130.6, 129.7, 129.4, 128.9, 128.5, 123.2, 118.6, 115.2, 73.1, 45.4, 33.8, 23.5 ppm.

HRMS (ESI) m/z Calcd for C₁₈H₂₂N₂NaO₃S [M⁺+Na]: 369.1243, Found: 369.1242.



19

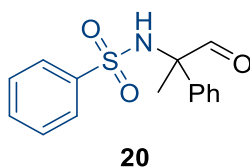
5-(Dimethylamino)-N-(1-formylcyclohexyl)naphthalene-1-sulfonamide (19) was prepared as a green solid from Dansylamide (100.4 mg, 0.4 mmol, 1.0 equiv), cyclohexanecarbaldehyde (89.7 mg, 0.8 mmol, 2.0 equiv), aminocatalyst **A** (24.0 μ L, 0.12 mmol, 0.3 equiv, $d = 0.912$ g/mL), TBAB (129.2 mg, 0.4 mmol, 1.0 equiv), and H₂O (7.2 μ L, 0.4 mmol, 1.0 equiv, $d = 1.000$ g/mL) in ACN (4 mL) according to the General Procedure II (16 h, purified by flash column chromatography, eluent: *n*-hexane/ethyl

acetate = 12/1 to 9/1, 124.1 mg, 86% yield).

$^1\text{H NMR}$ (300 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 9.69 (s, 1H), 8.55 (d, $J = 8.5$ Hz, 1H), 8.46 (d, $J = 8.6$ Hz, 1H), 8.28 (d, $J = 7.3$ Hz, 1H), 7.64 (t, $J = 8.1$ Hz, 1H), 7.51 (t, $J = 7.9$ Hz, 1H), 7.20 (d, $J = 7.5$ Hz, 1H), 6.34 (s, 1H), 2.89 (s, 6H), 1.66 (d, $J = 13.8$ Hz, 2H), 1.51 (t, $J = 11.4$ Hz, 2H), 1.28-1.14 (m, 3H), 1.10-0.78 (m, 3H) ppm.

$^{13}\text{C NMR}$ (75 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 201.3, 151.9, 136.9, 130.5, 129.5, 129.4, 128.9, 128.5, 123.1, 118.4, 115.1, 65.5, 45.3, 29.6, 24.5, 20.2 ppm.

HRMS (ESI) m/z Calcd for $\text{C}_{19}\text{H}_{24}\text{N}_2\text{NaO}_3\text{S}$ [M^+Na]: 383.1400, Found: 383.1400.

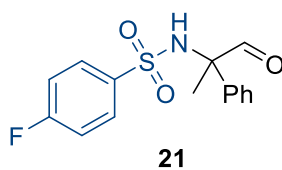


N-(1-Oxo-2-phenylpropan-2-yl)benzenesulfonamide (20) was prepared as a colorless oil from benzenesulfonamide (63.0 mg, 0.4 mmol, 1.0 equiv), 2-phenylpropanal **1** (107.0 μL , 0.8 mmol, 2.0 equiv, $d = 1.002$ g/mL), aminocatalyst **B** (19.7 mg, 0.08 mmol, 0.2 equiv), TBAB (129.0 mg, 0.4 mmol, 1.0 equiv), and H_2O (7.2 μL , 0.4 mmol, 1.0 equiv, $d = 1.000$ g/mL) in ACN (4 mL) according to the General Procedure I (22 h, purified by flash column chromatography, eluent: *n*-hexane/ethyl acetate = 9/1, 93.9 mg, 81% yield).

$^1\text{H NMR}$ (300 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 9.12 (s, 1H), 7.48-7.36 (m, 3H), 7.29-7.07 (m, 7H), 6.10 (s, 1H), 1.90 (s, 3H) ppm.

$^{13}\text{C NMR}$ (75 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 194.2, 141.8, 133.6, 131.9, 128.74, 128.65, 128.5, 127.5, 126.5, 66.7, 19.9 ppm.

HRMS (ESI) m/z Calcd for $\text{C}_{15}\text{H}_{15}\text{NNaO}_3\text{S}$ [M^+Na]: 312.0665, Found: 312.0664.



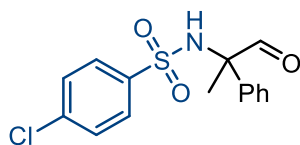
4-Fluoro-*N*-(1-oxo-2-phenylpropan-2-yl)benzenesulfonamide (21) was prepared as a colorless oil from 4-fluorobenzenesulfonamide (70.3 mg, 0.4 mmol, 1.0 equiv), 2-phenylpropanal **1** (107.0 uL, 0.8 mmol, 2.0 equiv, $d = 1.002$ g/mL), aminocatalyst **B** (19.8 mg, 0.08 mmol, 0.2 equiv), TBAB (129.3 mg, 0.4 mmol, 1.0 equiv), and H₂O (7.2 uL, 0.4 mmol, 1.0 equiv, $d = 1.000$ g/mL) in ACN (4 mL) according to the General Procedure I (22 h, purified by flash column chromatography, eluent: *n*-hexane/ethyl acetate = 12/1 to 10/1, 104.6 mg, 85% yield).

¹H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 9.11 (s, 1H), 7.41 (dd, $J_1 = 8.7$ Hz, $J_2 = 5.1$ Hz, 2H), 7.30-7.12 (m, 3H), 7.12-7.03 (m, 2H), 6.88 (t, $J = 8.6$ Hz, 2H), 6.17 (s, 1H), 1.92 (s, 3H) ppm.

¹³C NMR (75 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 194.0, 164.4 (d, $J = 254.1$ Hz), 137.9 (d, $J = 3.2$ Hz), 133.3, 129.2 (d, $J = 9.4$ Hz), 128.8, 127.6, 115.6 (d, $J = 22.6$ Hz), 66.6, 19.9 ppm.

¹⁹F NMR (282 MHz, CDCl₃) δ -106.3 ppm.

HRMS (ESI) m/z Calcd for C₁₅H₁₄FNNaO₃S [$M^+ + Na$]: 330.0571, Found: 330.0572.



22

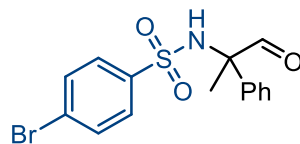
4-Chloro-*N*-(1-oxo-2-phenylpropan-2-yl)benzenesulfonamide (22) was prepared as white solid from 4-chlorobenzenesulfonamide (77.0 mg, 0.4 mmol, 1.0 equiv), 2-phenylpropanal **1** (107.0 uL, 0.8 mmol, 2.0 equiv, $d = 1.002$ g/mL), aminocatalyst **B** (19.7 mg, 0.08 mmol, 0.2 equiv), TBAB (129.1 mg, 0.4 mmol, 1.0 equiv), and H₂O (7.2 uL, 0.4 mmol, 1.0 equiv, $d = 1.000$ g/mL) in ACN (4 mL) electrocatalysis was performed with a constant current of 2.0 mA according to the General Procedure I (22 h, purified by flash column chromatography, eluent: *n*-hexane/ethyl acetate = 12/1 to 10/1, 91.7 mg, 71% yield).

¹H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 9.10 (s, 1H), 7.36-7.29 (m, 2H), 7.28-7.21 (m, 1H), 7.21-7.14 (m, 4H), 7.09-7.03 (m, 2H), 6.17 (s, 1H), 1.93 (s, 3H) ppm.

¹³C NMR (75 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 193.9, 140.3, 138.3, 133.2, 128.8, 128.7, 128.0, 127.7, 66.6,

19.9 ppm.

HRMS (ESI) m/z Calcd for $C_{15}H_{14}ClNNaO_3S$ [M^++Na]: 346.0275, Found: 346.0277.



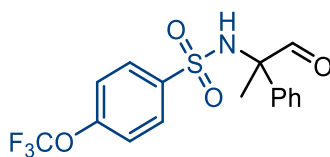
23

4-Bromo-N-(1-oxo-2-phenylpropan-2-yl)benzenesulfonamide (23) was prepared as a white solid from 4-bromobenzenesulfonamide (95.0 mg, 0.4 mmol, 1.0 equiv), 2-phenylpropanal **1** (107.0 μ L, 0.8 mmol, 2.0 equiv, $d = 1.002$ g/mL), aminocatalyst **B** (19.7 mg, 0.08 mmol, 0.2 equiv), TBAB (129.4 mg, 0.4 mmol, 1.0 equiv), and H_2O (7.2 μ L, 0.4 mmol, 1.0 equiv, $d = 1.000$ g/mL) in ACN (4 mL) according to the General Procedure I (18 h, purified by flash column chromatography, eluent: *n*-hexane/ethyl acetate = 12/1, 109.3 mg, 74% yield).

1H NMR (300 MHz, $CDCl_3$) δ 9.09 (s, 1H), 7.38-7.30 (m, 2H), 7.28-7.13 (m, 5H), 7.09-7.01 (m, 2H), 6.16 (s, 1H), 1.93 (s, 3H) ppm.

^{13}C NMR (75 MHz, $CDCl_3$) δ 193.8, 140.8, 133.1, 131.7, 128.8, 128.1, 127.7, 126.8, 66.6, 19.9 ppm.

HRMS (ESI) m/z Calcd for $C_{15}H_{14}BrKNO_3S$ [M^++K]: 405.9509, Found: 405.9512.



24

N-(1-Oxo-2-phenylpropan-2-yl)-4-(trifluoromethoxy)benzenesulfonamide (24) was prepared as a white solid from 4-(trifluoromethoxy)benzenesulfonamide (97.1mg, 0.4 mmol, 1.0 equiv), 2-phenylpropanal **1** (107.0 μ L, 0.8 mmol, 2.0 equiv, $d = 1.002$ g/mL), aminocatalyst **B** (19.9 mg, 0.08 mmol, 0.2 equiv), TBAB (129.2 mg, 0.4 mmol, 1.0 equiv), and H_2O (7.2 μ L, 0.4 mmol, 1.0 equiv, $d = 1.000$ g/mL) in ACN (4 mL) according to the

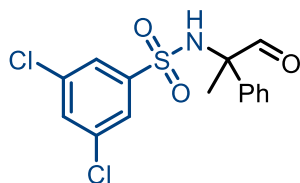
General Procedure I (36 h, purified by flash column chromatography, eluent: *n*-hexane/ethyl acetate = 12/1 to 10/1, 82.2 mg, 55% yield).

¹H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 9.08 (s, 1H), 7.42-7.35 (m, 2H), 7.24-7.17 (m, 1H), 7.16-7.09 (m, 2H), 7.05-6.98 (m, 4H), 6.18 (s, 1H), 1.98 (s, 3H) ppm.

¹³C NMR (201 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 193.8, 151.30 (q, *J* = 2.0 Hz), 140.1, 132.7, 128.9, 128.8, 128.6, 127.9, 120.5, 120.2 (q, *J* = 258.6 Hz), 66.5, 19.9 ppm.

¹⁹F NMR (282 MHz, CDCl₃) δ -57.7 ppm.

HRMS (ESI) *m/z* Calcd for C₁₆H₁₅F₃NO₄S [M⁺+H]: 374.0668, Found: 374.0669.



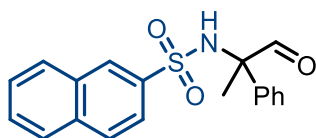
25

3,5-Dichloro-*N*-(1-oxo-2-phenylpropan-2-yl)benzenesulfonamide (25) was prepared as a white solid from 3,5-dichlorobenzenesulfonamide (90.7mg, 0.4 mmol, 1.0 equiv), 2-phenylpropanal **1** (107.0 uL, 0.8 mmol, 2.0 equiv, *d* = 1.002 g/mL), aminocatalyst **B** (19.9 mg, 0.08 mmol, 0.2 equiv), TBAB (129.2 mg, 0.4 mmol, 1.0 equiv), and H₂O (7.2 uL, 0.4 mmol, 1.0 equiv, *d* = 1.000 g/mL) in ACN (4 mL) according to the General Procedure I (22 h, purified by flash column chromatography, eluent: *n*-hexane/ethyl acetate = 15/1 to 12/1, 136.1 mg, 95% yield).

¹H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 9.09 (s, 1H), 7.37-7.12 (m, 6H), 7.04 (d, *J* = 7.5 Hz, 2H), 6.33 (s, 1H), 1.99 (s, 3H) ppm.

¹³C NMR (75 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 193.6, 144.1, 135.1, 132.1, 131.7, 129.4, 128.6, 127.8, 125.0, 66.5, 19.9 ppm.

HRMS (ESI) *m/z* Calcd for C₁₅H₁₃Cl₂NNaO₃S [M⁺+Na]: 379.9885, Found: 379.9888.

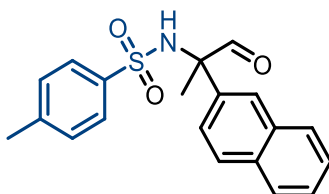


26

N-(1-Oxo-2-phenylpropan-2-yl)naphthalene-2-sulfonamide (26) was prepared as a white solid from naphthalene-2-sulfonamide (83.1 mg, 0.4 mmol, 1.0 equiv), 2-phenylpropanal **1** (107.0 uL, 0.8 mmol, 2.0 equiv, $d = 1.002$ g/mL), aminocatalyst **B** (19.9 mg, 0.08 mmol, 0.2 equiv), TBAB (129.1 mg, 0.4 mmol, 1.0 equiv), and H₂O (7.2 uL, 0.4 mmol, 1.0 equiv, $d = 1.000$ g/mL) in ACN (4 mL) according to the General Procedure I (22 h, purified by flash column chromatography, eluent: *n*-hexane/ethyl acetate = 12/1 to 9/1, 69.3 mg, 51% yield). The NMR data are in consistent with the reported literature.^[1]

¹H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 9.11 (s, 1H), 7.86-7.72 (m, 3H), 7.68 (d, $J = 7.9$ Hz, 1H), 7.63-7.48 (m, 3H), 7.10-6.93 (m, 5H), 6.15 (s, 1H), 1.93 (s, 3H) ppm.

¹³C NMR (75 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 194.2, 138.4, 134.3, 133.1, 131.8, 129.2, 128.9, 128.7, 128.53, 128.50, 127.9, 127.6, 127.5, 127.1, 121.8, 66.7, 20.0 ppm.



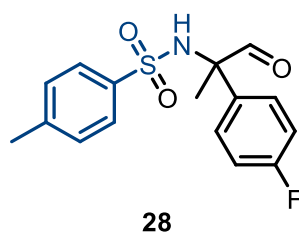
27

4-Methyl-N-(2-(naphthalen-2-yl)-1-oxopropan-2-yl)benzenesulfonamide (27) was prepared as a white solid from 4-methylbenzenesulfonamide (69.0 mg, 0.4 mmol, 1.0 equiv), 2-(naphthalen-2-yl)propanal (148.0 mg, 0.8 mmol, 2.0 equiv), aminocatalyst **B** (19.7 mg, 0.08 mmol, 0.2 equiv), TBAB (129.3 mg, 0.4 mmol, 1.0 equiv), and H₂O (7.2 uL, 0.4 mmol, 1.0 equiv, $d = 1.000$ g/mL) in ACN (4 mL) according to the General Procedure I (18 h, purified by flash column chromatography, eluent: *n*-hexane/ethyl acetate = 10/1 to 9/1, 122.6 mg, 87% yield). The NMR data are in consistent with the

reported literature.^[2]

¹H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 9.17 (s, 1H), 7.71 (d, *J* = 8.1 Hz, 1H), 7.62 (d, *J* = 7.1 Hz, 1H), 7.57-7.39 (m, 4H), 7.22 (d, *J* = 8.1 Hz, 2H), 7.09 (d, *J* = 8.7 Hz, 1H), 6.72 (d, *J* = 8.0 Hz, 2H), 6.19 (s, 1H), 2.11 (s, 3H), 1.98 (s, 3H) ppm.

¹³C NMR (75 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 194.3, 142.5, 138.6, 132.8, 132.7, 130.7, 128.7, 128.5, 128.1, 127.5, 127.2, 126.8, 126.4, 126.3, 124.3, 66.7, 21.1, 19.9 ppm.



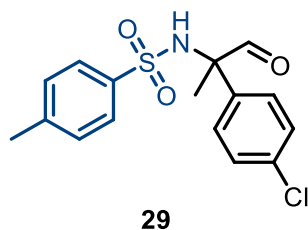
N-(2-(4-Fluorophenyl)-1-oxopropan-2-yl)-4-methylbenzenesulfonamide (28) was prepared as a colorless oil from 4-methylbenzenesulfonamide (69.0 mg, 0.4 mmol, 1.0 equiv), 2-(4-fluorophenyl)propanal (122.0 mg, 0.8 mmol, 2.0 equiv), aminocatalyst **B** (19.7 mg, 0.08 mmol, 0.2 equiv), TBAB (129.2 mg, 0.4 mmol, 1.0 equiv), and H₂O (7.2 uL, 0.4 mmol, 1.0 equiv, *d* = 1.000 g/mL) in ACN (4 mL) according to the General Procedure I (18 h, purified by flash column chromatography, eluent: *n*-hexane/ethyl acetate = 10/1 to 9/1, 109.2 mg, 85% yield). The NMR data are in consistent with the reported literature.^[2]

¹H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 9.08 (s, 1H), 7.34 (d, *J* = 8.1 Hz, 2H), 7.08 (d, *J* = 7.1 Hz, 4H), 6.85 (t, *J* = 8.5 Hz, 2H), 5.98 (s, 1H), 2.36 (s, 3H), 1.90 (s, 3H) ppm.

¹³C NMR (75 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 193.9, 162.8 (d, *J* = 249.4 Hz), 143.0, 139.0, 129.8 (d, *J* = 3.3 Hz), 129.6 (d, *J* = 8.5 Hz), 129.2, 126.6, 115.7 (d, *J* = 21.8 Hz), 66.2, 21.4, 20.1 ppm.

¹⁹F NMR (376 MHz, CDCl₃) δ -112.7 ppm.

[2]T. Baumann, M. Bächle and S. Bräse, *Org. Lett.*, 2006, **8**, 3797–3800.

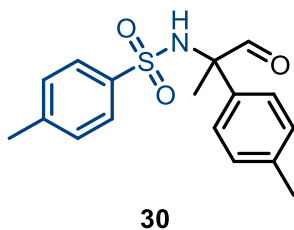


N-(2-(4-Chlorophenyl)-1-oxopropan-2-yl)-4-methylbenzenesulfonamide (29) was prepared as a white solid from 4-methylbenzenesulfonamide (68.5 mg, 0.4 mmol, 1.0 equiv), 2-(4-chlorophenyl)propanal (135.0 mg, 0.8 mmol, 2.0 equiv), aminocatalyst **B** (19.7 mg, 0.08 mmol, 0.2 equiv), TBAB (128.5 mg, 0.4 mmol, 1.0 equiv), and H₂O (7.2 uL, 0.4 mmol, 1.0 equiv, d = 1.000 g/mL) in ACN (4 mL) according to the General Procedure I (constant current of 3.0 mA, 13 h, purified by flash column chromatography, eluent: *n*-hexane/ethyl acetate = 12/1 to 10/1, 106.8 mg, 79% yield).

¹H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 9.09 (s, 1H), 7.33 (d, *J* = 7.9 Hz, 2H), 7.16-6.96 (m, 6H), 6.04 (s, 1H), 2.38 (s, 3H), 1.89 (s, 3H) ppm.

¹³C NMR (75 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 193.8, 143.0, 138.8, 135.0, 132.3, 129.2, 129.0, 128.8, 126.6, 66.2, 21.4, 19.9 ppm.

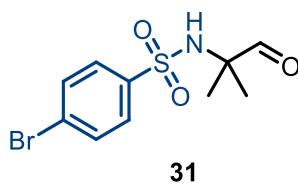
HRMS (ESI) *m/z* Calcd for C₁₆H₁₇ClNO₃S [M⁺+H]: 338.0612, Found: 338.0614.



4-Methyl-N-(1-oxo-2-(*p*-tolyl)propan-2-yl)benzenesulfonamide (30) was prepared as a colorless oil from 4-methylbenzenesulfonamide (68.6 mg, 0.4 mmol, 1.0 equiv), 2-(*p*-tolyl)propanal (119.0 mg, 0.8 mmol, 2.0 equiv), aminocatalyst **B** (19.8 mg, 0.08 mmol, 0.2 equiv), TBAB (128.9 mg, 0.4 mmol, 1.0 equiv), and H₂O (7.2 uL, 0.4 mmol, 1.0 equiv, d = 1.000 g/mL) in ACN (4 mL) according to the General Procedure I (15 h, purified by flash column chromatography, eluent: *n*-hexane/ethyl acetate = 10/1 to 9/1, 85.1 mg, 67% yield). The NMR data are in consistent with the reported literature.^[2]

$^1\text{H NMR}$ (300 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 9.10 (s, 1H), 7.35 (d, $J = 8.0$ Hz, 2H), 7.04 (d, $J = 7.9$ Hz, 2H), 7.01-6.91 (m, 4H), 5.99 (s, 1H), 2.35 (s, 3H), 2.28 (s, 3H), 1.85 (s, 3H) ppm.

$^{13}\text{C NMR}$ (75 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 194.3, 142.6, 139.0, 138.6, 130.8, 129.4, 129.0, 127.4, 126.6, 66.4, 21.4, 20.9, 19.8 ppm.

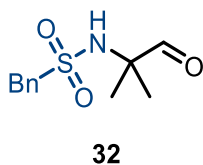


4-Bromo-N-(2-methyl-1-oxopropan-2-yl)benzenesulfonamide (31) was prepared as a white solid from 4-bromobenzenesulfonamide (94.4 mg, 0.4 mmol, 1.0 equiv), isobutyraldehyde (57.7 mg, 0.8 mmol, 2.0 equiv), aminocatalyst A (24.0 μL , 0.12 mmol, 0.3 equiv, $d = 0.912$ g/mL), TBAB (129.1 mg, 0.4 mmol, 1.0 equiv), and H_2O (7.2 μL , 0.4 mmol, 1.0 equiv, $d = 1.000$ g/mL) in ACN (4 mL) according to the General Procedure II (13 h, purified by flash column chromatography, eluent: *n*-hexane/ethyl acetate = 7/1 to 5/1, 101.0 mg, 82% yield).

$^1\text{H NMR}$ (300 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 9.44 (s, 1H), 7.76 (d, $J = 8.4$ Hz, 2H), 7.64 (d, $J = 8.3$ Hz, 2H), 5.72 (s, 1H), 1.30 (s, 6H) ppm.

$^{13}\text{C NMR}$ (75 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 199.1, 141.6, 132.4, 128.3, 127.6, 62.5, 22.4 ppm.

HRMS (ESI) m/z Calcd for $\text{C}_{10}\text{H}_{12}\text{BrNNaO}_3\text{S}$ [$\text{M}^+ + \text{Na}$]: 327.9613, Found: 327.9612.



N-(2-Methyl-1-oxopropan-2-yl)-1-phenylmethanesulfonamide (32) was prepared as a white solid from phenylmethanesulfonamide (80.5 mg, 0.4 mmol, 1.0 equiv), isobutyraldehyde (57.7 mg, 0.8 mmol, 2.0 equiv), aminocatalyst A (24.0 μL , 0.12 mmol, 0.3 equiv, $d = 0.912$ g/mL), TBAB (129.1 mg, 0.4 mmol, 1.0 equiv), and H_2O (7.2 μL , 0.4 mmol, 1.0 equiv, $d = 1.000$ g/mL) in ACN (4 mL) according to the General Procedure

II (20 h, purified by flash column chromatography, eluent: *n*-hexane/ethyl acetate = 6/1 to 5/1, 58.1 mg, 60% yield).

$^1\text{H NMR}$ (300 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 9.30 (s, 1H), 7.39 (s, 5H), 5.01 (s, 1H), 4.27 (s, 2H), 1.35 (s, 6H) ppm.

$^{13}\text{C NMR}$ (75 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 199.6, 130.8, 129.1, 128.8, 128.7, 62.7, 61.7, 22.8 ppm.

HRMS (ESI) m/z Calcd for $\text{C}_{11}\text{H}_{16}\text{NO}_3\text{S}$ [$\text{M}^+\text{+H}$]: 242.0845, Found: 242.0842.



33

4-Methyl-N-(2-methyl-1-oxopropan-2-yl)benzenesulfonamide (33) was prepared as a white solid from 4-methylbenzenesulfonamide (68.5 mg, 0.4 mmol, 1.0 equiv), isobutyraldehyde (57.7 mg, 0.8 mmol, 2.0 equiv), aminocatalyst A (24.0 μL , 0.12 mmol, 0.3 equiv, $d = 0.912$ g/mL), TBAB (130.1 mg, 0.4 mmol, 1.0 equiv), and H_2O (7.2 μL , 0.4 mmol, 1.0 equiv, $d = 1.000$ g/mL) in ACN (4 mL) according to the General Procedure II (22 h, purified by flash column chromatography, eluent: *n*-hexane/ethyl acetate = 8/1 to 7/1, 67.6 mg, 70% yield). The NMR data are in consistent with the reported literature.^[1]

$^1\text{H NMR}$ (300 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 9.47 (s, 1H), 7.78 (d, $J = 8.3$ Hz, 2H), 7.29 (d, $J = 8.2$ Hz, 2H), 5.72 (s, 1H), 2.42 (s, 3H), 1.27 (s, 6H) ppm.

$^{13}\text{C NMR}$ (75 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 199.7, 143.5, 139.5, 129.6, 126.8, 62.3, 22.3, 21.4 ppm.



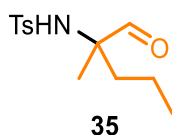
34

N-(3-Formylpentan-3-yl)-4-methylbenzenesulfonamide (34) was prepared as a white solid from 4-methylbenzenesulfonamide (69.0 mg, 0.4 mmol, 1.0 equiv), 2-ethylbutanal (80.1 mg, 0.8 mmol, 2.0 equiv), aminocatalyst A (24.0 μL , 0.12 mmol, 0.3 equiv, $d = 0.912$ g/mL), TBAB (131.0 mg, 0.4 mmol, 1.0 equiv), and H_2O (7.2 μL , 0.4

mmol, 1.0 equiv, $d = 1.000$ g/mL) in ACN (4 mL) according to the General Procedure II (22 h, purified by flash column chromatography, eluent: *n*-hexane/ethyl acetate = 8/1 to 7/1, 68.8 mg, 65% yield). The NMR data are in consistent with the reported literature.^[1]

¹H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 9.20 (s, 1H), 7.78 (d, $J = 8.2$ Hz, 2H), 7.28 (d, $J = 8.4$ Hz, 2H), 5.25 (s, 1H), 2.42 (s, 3H), 2.04 (dq, $J_1 = 15.0$ Hz, $J_2 = 7.5$ Hz, 2H), 1.69 (dq, $J_1 = 15.3$ Hz, $J_2 = 7.6$ Hz, 2H), 0.59 (t, $J = 7.5$ Hz, 6H) ppm.

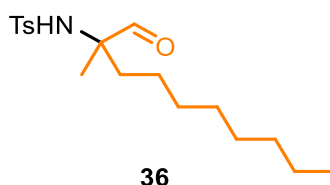
¹³C NMR (75 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 199.4, 143.3, 139.7, 129.5, 126.8, 70.3, 26.3, 21.5, 7.5 ppm.



4-Methyl-N-(2-methyl-1-oxopentan-2-yl)benzenesulfonamide (35) was prepared as a white solid from 4-methylbenzenesulfonamide (69.0 mg, 0.4 mmol, 1.0 equiv), 2-methylpentanal (80.1 mg, 0.8 mmol, 2.0 equiv), aminocatalyst **A** (24.0 μ L, 0.12 mmol, 0.3 equiv, $d = 0.912$ g/mL), TBAB (130.1 mg, 0.4 mmol, 1.0 equiv), and H₂O (7.2 μ L, 0.4 mmol, 1.0 equiv, $d = 1.000$ g/mL) in ACN (4 mL) according to the General Procedure II (22 h, purified by flash column chromatography, eluent: *n*-hexane/ethyl acetate = 8/1 to 7/1, 78.0 mg, 72% yield). The NMR data are in consistent with the reported literature.^[1]

¹H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 9.38 (s, 1H), 7.77 (d, $J = 8.3$ Hz, 2H), 7.29 (d, $J = 8.1$ Hz, 2H), 5.66 (s, 1H), 2.42 (s, 3H), 1.83-1.71 (m, 1H), 1.64-1.50 (m, 1H), 1.34-1.15 (m, 4H), 1.12-0.93 (m, 1H), 0.76 (t, $J = 7.3$ Hz, 3H) ppm.

¹³C NMR (75 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 199.7, 143.3, 139.7, 129.5, 126.7, 65.5, 37.7, 21.4, 19.8, 16.4, 13.8 ppm.

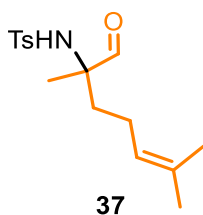


4-Methyl-N-(2-methyl-1-oxodecan-2-yl)benzenesulfonamide (36) was prepared as a white solid from 4-methylbenzenesulfonamide (69.1 mg, 0.4 mmol, 1.0 equiv), 2-methyldecanal (136.0 mg, 0.8 mmol, 2.0 equiv), aminocatalyst **A** (24.0 μ L, 0.12 mmol, 0.3 equiv, $d = 0.912$ g/mL), TBAB (128.9 mg, 0.4 mmol, 1.0 equiv), and H₂O (7.2 μ L, 0.4 mmol, 1.0 equiv, $d = 1.000$ g/mL) in ACN (4 mL) according to the General Procedure II (22 h, purified by flash column chromatography, eluent: *n*-hexane/ethyl acetate = 18/1 to 15/1, 70.4 mg, 52% yield).

¹H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 9.32 (s, 1H), 7.76 (d, $J = 8.2$ Hz, 2H), 7.28 (d, $J = 8.4$ Hz, 2H), 5.34 (s, 1H), 2.42 (s, 3H), 1.90-1.75 (m, 1H), 1.64-1.53 (m, 1H), 1.33-1.03 (m, 14H), 1.00-0.82 (m, 4H) ppm.

¹³C NMR (75 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 199.4, 143.3, 139.8, 129.6, 126.8, 65.6, 35.7, 31.8, 29.5, 29.3, 29.1, 23.3, 22.6, 21.5, 20.3, 14.1 ppm.

HRMS (ESI) m/z Calcd for C₁₈H₃₀NO₃S [M⁺+H]: 340.1941, Found: 340.1943.

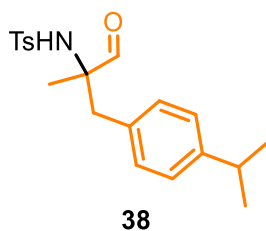


N-(2,6-Dimethyl-1-oxohept-5-en-2-yl)-4-methylbenzenesulfonamide (37) was prepared as a colorless oil from 4-methylbenzenesulfonamide (68.6 mg, 0.4 mmol, 1.0 equiv), 2,6-dimethylhept-5-enal (112.0 mg, 0.8 mmol, 2.0 equiv), aminocatalyst **A** (24.0 μ L, 0.12 mmol, 0.3 equiv, $d = 0.912$ g/mL), TBAB (131.1 mg, 0.4 mmol, 1.0 equiv), and H₂O (7.2 μ L, 0.4 mmol, 1.0 equiv, $d = 1.000$ g/mL) in ACN (4 mL) according to the General Procedure II (22 h, purified by flash column chromatography, eluent: *n*-hexane/ethyl acetate = 9/1 to 8/1, 81.5 mg, 69% yield).

$^1\text{H NMR}$ (300 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 9.31 (s, 1H), 7.77 (d, $J = 8.2$ Hz, 2H), 7.28 (d, $J = 7.9$ Hz, 2H), 5.58 (s, 1H), 4.87 (t, $J = 6.4$ Hz, 1H), 2.41 (s, 3H), 2.02-1.87 (m, 2H), 1.86-1.67 (m, 2H), 1.62 (s, 3H), 1.50 (s, 3H), 1.24 (s, 3H) ppm.

$^{13}\text{C NMR}$ (75 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 199.1, 143.3, 139.8, 133.5, 129.6, 126.7, 122.5, 65.5, 36.0, 25.5, 22.0, 21.4, 20.2, 17.7 ppm.

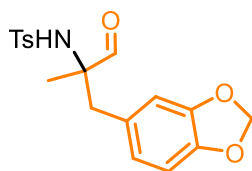
HRMS (ESI) m/z Calcd for $\text{C}_{16}\text{H}_{24}\text{NO}_3\text{S}$ [$\text{M}^+\text{+H}$]: 310.1471, Found: 310.1471.



***N*-(1-(4-Isopropylphenyl)-2-methyl-3-oxopropan-2-yl)-4-methylbenzenesulfonamide (38)** was prepared as colorless oil from 4-methylbenzenesulfonamide (68.6 mg, 0.4 mmol, 1.0 equiv), 3-(4-isopropylphenyl)-2-methylpropanal (152.2 mg, 0.8 mmol, 2.0 equiv), aminocatalyst **A** (24.0 μL , 0.12 mmol, 0.3 equiv, $d = 0.912$ g/mL), TBAB (131.0 mg, 0.4 mmol, 1.0 equiv), and H_2O (7.2 μL , 0.4 mmol, 1.0 equiv, $d = 1.000$ g/mL) in ACN (4 mL) according to the General Procedure II (22 h, purified by flash column chromatography, eluent: *n*-hexane/ethyl acetate = 9/1 to 7/1, 92.1 mg, 64% yield). The NMR data are in consistent with the reported literature.^[2]

$^1\text{H NMR}$ (300 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 9.48 (s, 1H), 7.71 (d, $J = 8.3$ Hz, 2H), 7.26 (d, $J = 8.1$ Hz, 2H), 7.16 (d, $J = 8.1$ Hz, 2H), 7.05 (d, $J = 8.1$ Hz, 2H), 5.14 (s, 1H), 3.02 (s, 2H), 2.88 (hept, $J = 7.0$ Hz, 1H), 2.41 (s, 3H), 1.29 (s, 3H), 1.25 (s, 3H), 1.22 (s, 3H) ppm.

$^{13}\text{C NMR}$ (75 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 199.8, 148.2, 143.4, 139.8, 131.0, 130.3, 129.6, 126.80, 126.76, 65.6, 42.9, 33.7, 23.9, 21.5, 19.8 ppm.



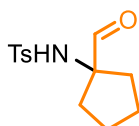
39

N-(1-(Benzo[*d*][1,3]dioxol-5-yl)-2-methyl-3-oxopropan-2-yl)-4-methylbenzenesulfonamide (39) was prepared as a colorless oil from 4-methylbenzenesulfonamide (68.9 mg, 0.4 mmol, 1.0 equiv), 3-(benzo[*d*][1,3]dioxol-5-yl)-2-methylpropanal (153.7 mg, 0.8 mmol, 2.0 equiv), aminocatalyst **A** (24.0 μ L, 0.12 mmol, 0.3 equiv, $d = 0.912$ g/mL), TBAB (130.0 mg, 0.4 mmol, 1.0 equiv), and H₂O (7.2 μ L, 0.4 mmol, 1.0 equiv, $d = 1.000$ g/mL) in ACN (4 mL) according to the General Procedure II (17 h, purified by flash column chromatography, eluent: *n*-hexane/ethyl acetate = 8/1 to 6/1, 100.0 mg, 75% yield).

¹H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 9.46 (s, 1H), 7.72 (d, $J = 8.3$ Hz, 2H), 7.27 (d, $J = 8.1$ Hz, 2H), 6.71 (d, $J = 7.8$ Hz, 1H), 6.63-6.55 (m, 2H), 5.91 (s, 2H), 5.36 (s, 1H), 3.01 (d, $J = 14.1$ Hz, 1H), 2.95 (d, $J = 14.1$ Hz, 1H), 2.40 (s, 3H), 1.25 (s, 3H) ppm.

¹³C NMR (75 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 199.6, 147.7, 146.9, 143.4, 139.7, 129.6, 127.4, 126.7, 123.6, 110.6, 108.3, 101.0, 65.6, 42.6, 21.4, 19.6 ppm.

HRMS (ESI) m/z Calcd for C₁₈H₂₀NO₅S [$M^+ + H$]: 362.1057, Found: 362.1058.



40

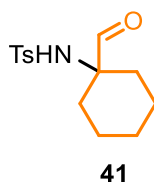
N-(1-Formylcyclopentyl)-4-methylbenzenesulfonamide (40) was prepared as a white solid from 4-methylbenzenesulfonamide (68.9 mg, 0.4 mmol, 1.0 equiv), cyclopentanecarbaldehyde (78.5 mg, 0.8 mmol, 2.0 equiv), aminocatalyst **A** (24.0 μ L, 0.12 mmol, 0.3 equiv, $d = 0.912$ g/mL), TBAB (129.4 mg, 0.4 mmol, 1.0 equiv), and H₂O (7.2 μ L, 0.4 mmol, 1.0 equiv, $d = 1.000$ g/mL) in ACN (4 mL) according to the General Procedure II (22 h, purified by flash column chromatography, eluent: *n*-hexane/ethyl

acetate = 8/1 to 7/1, 70.0 mg, 65% yield).

$^1\text{H NMR}$ (300 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 9.63 (s, 1H), 7.78 (d, $J = 8.3$ Hz, 2H), 7.30 (d, $J = 8.1$ Hz, 2H), 5.74 (s, 1H), 2.43 (s, 3H), 2.03-1.90 (m, 2H), 1.78-1.56 (m, 6H) ppm.

$^{13}\text{C NMR}$ (75 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 199.9, 143.6, 139.0, 129.7, 126.8, 72.8, 33.9, 23.8, 21.5 ppm.

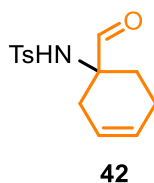
HRMS (ESI) m/z Calcd for $\text{C}_{13}\text{H}_{17}\text{NNaO}_3\text{S}$ [M^+Na]: 290.0821, Found: 290.0820.



***N*-(1-Formylcyclohexyl)-4-methylbenzenesulfonamide (41)** was prepared as a white solid from 4-methylbenzenesulfonamide (68.6 mg, 0.4 mmol, 1.0 equiv), cyclohexanecarbaldehyde (89.7 mg, 0.8 mmol, 2.0 equiv), aminocatalyst **A** (24.0 μL , 0.12 mmol, 0.3 equiv, $d = 0.912$ g/mL), TBAB (129.3 mg, 0.4 mmol, 1.0 equiv), and H_2O (7.2 μL , 0.4 mmol, 1.0 equiv, $d = 1.000$ g/mL) in ACN (4 mL) according to the General Procedure II (17 h, purified by flash column chromatography, eluent: *n*-hexane/ethyl acetate = 8/1 to 7/1, 79.9 mg, 71% yield). The NMR data are in consistent with the reported literature.^[1]

$^1\text{H NMR}$ (300 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 9.61 (s, 1H), 7.82 (d, $J = 8.3$ Hz, 2H), 7.31 (d, $J = 8.0$ Hz, 2H), 5.77 (s, 1H), 2.43 (s, 3H), 1.75-1.55 (m, 4H), 1.49-1.34 (m, 3H), 1.31-1.15 (m, 3H) ppm.

$^{13}\text{C NMR}$ (75 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 201.0, 143.5, 139.2, 129.6, 126.9, 65.2, 30.0, 24.6, 21.5, 20.5 ppm.



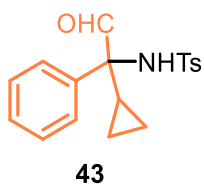
***N*-(1-Formylcyclohex-3-en-1-yl)-4-methylbenzenesulfonamide (42)** was prepared as

a white solid from 4-methylbenzenesulfonamide (68.7 mg, 0.4 mmol, 1.0 equiv), cyclohex-3-ene-1-carbaldehyde (88.0 mg, 0.8 mmol, 2.0 equiv), aminocatalyst **A** (24.0 μ L, 0.12 mmol, 0.3 equiv, $d = 0.912$ g/mL), TBAB (130.0 mg, 0.4 mmol, 1.0 equiv), and H₂O (7.2 μ L, 0.4 mmol, 1.0 equiv, $d = 1.000$ g/mL) in ACN (4 mL) according to the General Procedure II (17 h, purified by flash column chromatography, eluent: *n*-hexane/ethyl acetate = 9/1 to 7/1, 73.9 mg, 66% yield).

¹H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 9.67 (s, 1H), 7.77 (d, $J = 8.3$ Hz, 2H), 7.29 (d, $J = 8.2$ Hz, 2H), 5.69-5.57 (m, 2H), 5.42-5.32 (m, 1H), 2.43 (s, 3H), 2.41-2.30 (m, 1H), 2.17-2.04 (m, 1H), 2.03-1.67 (m, 4H) ppm.

¹³C NMR (75 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 200.1, 143.6, 139.0, 129.6, 126.8, 126.4, 121.9, 63.2, 29.8, 26.6, 21.5, 21.1 ppm.

HRMS (ESI) m/z Calcd for C₁₄H₁₇NNaO₃S [M⁺+Na]: 302.0821, Found: 302.0820.

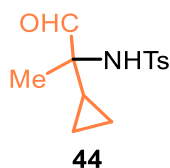


N-(1-Cyclopropyl-2-oxo-1-phenylethyl)-4-methylbenzenesulfonamide (43) was prepared as a white solid from 4-methylbenzenesulfonamide (68.6 mg, 0.4 mmol, 1.0 equiv), 2-cyclopropyl-2-phenylacetaldehyde (129.0 mg, 0.8 mmol, 2.0 equiv), aminocatalyst **B** (19.7 mg, 0.08 mmol, 0.2 equiv), TBAB (129.2 mg, 0.4 mmol, 1.0 equiv), and H₂O (7.2 μ L, 0.4 mmol, 1.0 equiv, $d = 1.000$ g/mL) in ACN (4 mL) according to the General Procedure I (22 h, purified by flash column chromatography, eluent: *n*-hexane/ethyl acetate = 10/1, 117.4 mg, 89% yield).

¹H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 9.15 (s, 1H), 7.29-7.11 (m, 7H), 7.02 (d, $J = 8.2$ Hz, 2H), 5.93 (s, 1H), 2.34 (s, 3H), 1.65-1.51 (m, 1H), 0.85 (dq, $J_1 = 10.3$ Hz, $J_2 = 5.4$ Hz, 1H), 0.73-0.54 (m, 2H), 0.47 (dq, $J_1 = 10.8$ Hz, $J_2 = 5.5$ Hz, 1H) ppm.

¹³C NMR (75 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 193.6, 142.4, 139.3, 133.5, 128.9, 128.8, 128.5, 128.3, 126.4, 69.3, 21.3, 14.9, 2.4, 0.8 ppm.

HRMS (ESI) m/z Calcd for $C_{18}H_{19}NNaO_3S$ [M^+Na]: 352.0978, Found: 352.0976.

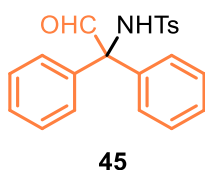


***N*-(2-Cyclopropyl-1-oxopropan-2-yl)-4-methylbenzenesulfonamide (44)** was prepared as a white solid from 4-methylbenzenesulfonamide (68.6 mg, 0.4 mmol, 1.0 equiv), 2-cyclopropylpropanal (78.5 mg, 0.8 mmol, 2.0 equiv), aminocatalyst **A** (24.0 μ L, 0.12 mmol, 0.3 equiv, $d = 0.912$ g/mL), TBAB (129.2 mg, 0.4 mmol, 1.0 equiv), and H_2O (7.2 μ L, 0.4 mmol, 1.0 equiv, $d = 1.000$ g/mL) in ACN (4 mL) according to the General Procedure II (16 h, purified by flash column chromatography, eluent: *n*-hexane/ethyl acetate = 6/1 to 5/1, 81.3 mg, 76% yield).

1H NMR (300 MHz, $CDCl_3$) δ 9.43 (s, 1H), 7.77 (d, $J = 8.1$ Hz, 2H), 7.28 (d, $J = 7.9$ Hz, 2H), 5.52 (s, 1H), 2.42 (s, 3H), 1.11 (s, 3H), 0.92 (p, $J = 7.3$ Hz, 1H), 0.54-0.32 (m, 4H) ppm.

^{13}C NMR (75 MHz, $CDCl_3$) δ 198.6, 143.3, 139.7, 129.6, 126.8, 64.3, 21.5, 16.6, 16.4, 1.2, 0.5 ppm.

HRMS (ESI) m/z Calcd for $C_{13}H_{17}NNaO_3S$ [M^+Na]: 290.0821, Found: 290.0819.



4-Methyl-*N*-(2-oxo-1,1-diphenylethyl)benzenesulfonamide (45) was prepared as a white solid from 4-methylbenzenesulfonamide (68.6 mg, 0.4 mmol, 1.0 equiv), 2,2-diphenylacetaldehyde (157.0 mg, 0.8 mmol, 2.0 equiv), aminocatalyst **A** (24.0 μ L, 0.12 mmol, 0.3 equiv, $d = 0.912$ g/mL), TBAB (129.1 mg, 0.4 mmol, 1.0 equiv), and H_2O (7.2 μ L, 0.4 mmol, 1.0 equiv, $d = 1.000$ g/mL) in ACN (4 mL) according to the General Procedure II (constant current of 3.0 mA, 18 h, purified by flash column

chromatography, eluent: *n*-hexane/ethyl acetate = 13/1, 95.2 mg, 65% yield). The NMR data are in consistent with the reported literature.^[2]

¹H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 9.36 (s, 1H), 7.36-7.19 (m, 10H), 6.99 (d, *J* = 7.7 Hz, 2H), 6.88 (d, *J* = 7.6 Hz, 2H), 6.42 (s, 1H), 2.28 (s, 3H) ppm.

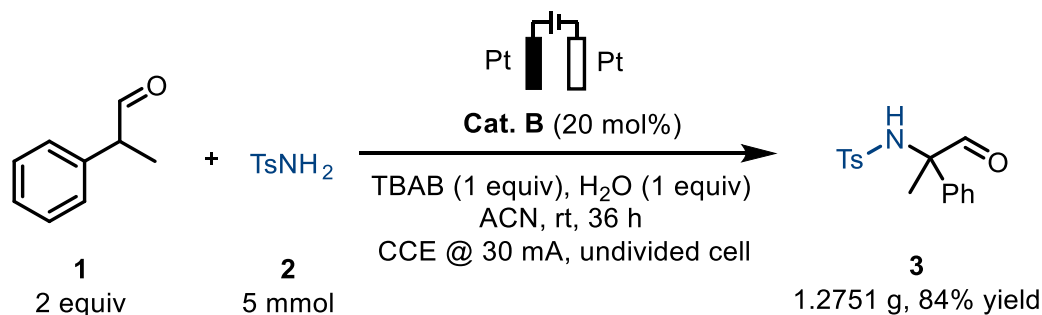
¹³C NMR (75 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 190.6, 142.0, 138.9, 134.2, 129.6, 128.7, 128.6, 128.5, 126.1, 74.1, 21.2 ppm.

IV. Gram scale reaction and product Derivatizations

(a) Gram scale reaction

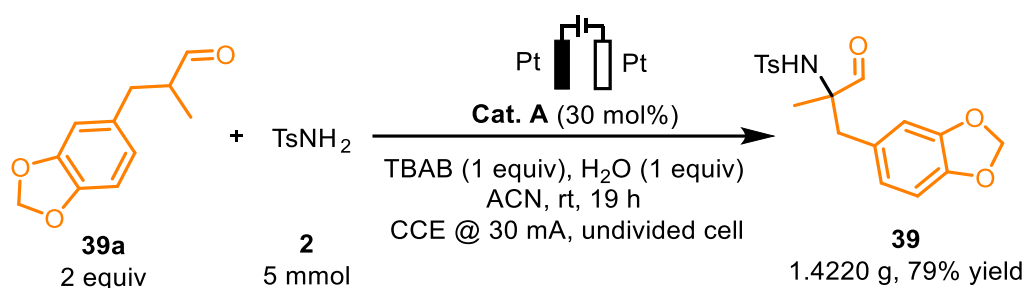


Figure S2. Electrolysis set-up for gram-scale experiment.



The electrocatalysis was carried out in an undivided cell with a platinum plate anode (20.0 mm × 50.0 mm × 0.2 mm) and a platinum plate cathode (20.0 mm × 50.0 mm × 0.2 mm). The dimensions of the platinum plate immersed in the reaction solution are approximately 20.0 mm × 20.0 mm. Under argon, to a 150 mL pre-dried undivided electrochemical cell equipped with a magnetic bar were added 4-methylbenzenesulfonamide **2** (857.0 mg, 5.0 mmol, 1.0 equiv), aminocatalyst **B** (247.0 mg, 1.0 mmol, 0.2 equiv), tetrabutylammonium bromide (1.6140 g, 5.0 mmol, 1.0 equiv), then H₂O (5.0 mmol, 1.0 equiv, 90.0 μL), 2-phenylpropanal **1** (10.0 mmol, 2.0

equiv, 1.340 mL) and ACN (50.0 mL) were added. The electrocatalysis was performed at room temperature with a constant current of 30.0 mA maintained for 36 h. After the reaction was completed, the solution was concentrated and purified by silica gel flash column chromatography to afford the pure product (purified by flash column chromatography, eluent: *n*-hexane/ethyl acetate = 9/1, 1.2751 g, white solid, 84% yield). ¹H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 9.14 (s, 1H), 7.36 (d, *J* = 8.3 Hz, 2H), 7.26-7.07 (m, 5H), 7.05 (d, *J* = 8.1 Hz, 2H), 6.02 (s, 1H), 2.34 (s, 3H), 1.87 (s, 3H) ppm. ¹³C NMR (75 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 194.3, 142.7, 139.0, 134.1, 129.1, 128.7, 128.5, 127.4, 126.5, 66.7, 21.3, 19.9 ppm.

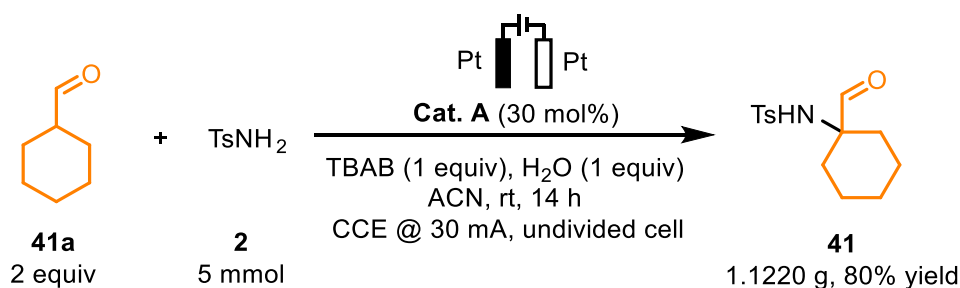


The electrocatalysis was carried out in an undivided cell with a platinum plate anode (20.0 mm × 50.0 mm × 0.2 mm) and a platinum plate cathode (20.0 mm × 50.0 mm × 0.2 mm). The dimensions of the platinum plate immersed in the reaction solution are approximately 20.0 mm × 20.0 mm. Under argon, to a 150 mL pre-dried undivided electrochemical cell equipped with a magnetic bar were added 4-methylbenzenesulfonamide **2** (855.0 mg, 5.0 mmol, 1.0 equiv), aminocatalyst **A** (298.0 uL, 1.5 mmol, 0.3 equiv), tetrabutylammonium bromide (1.6150 g, 5.0 mmol, 1.0 equiv), then H₂O (5.0 mmol, 1.0 equiv, 90.0 uL), 3-(benzo[*d*][1,3]dioxol-5-yl)-2-methylpropanal (1.654 mL, 10.0 mmol, 2.0 equiv) and ACN (50.0 mL) were added. The electrocatalysis was performed at room temperature with a constant current of 30.0 mA maintained for 19 h. After the reaction was completed, the solution was concentrated and purified by silica gel flash column chromatography to afford the

pure product (purified by flash column chromatography, eluent: *n*-hexane/ethyl acetate = 6/1 to 4/1, 1.4220 g, colorless oil, 79% yield).

$^1\text{H NMR}$ (300 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 9.45 (s, 1H), 7.73 (d, $J = 8.3$ Hz, 2H), 7.27 (d, $J = 8.1$ Hz, 2H), 6.71 (d, $J = 7.8$ Hz, 1H), 6.63-6.55 (m, 2H), 5.92 (s, 2H), 5.29 (s, 1H), 3.01 (d, $J = 14.1$ Hz, 1H), 2.95 (d, $J = 14.1$ Hz, 1H), 2.41 (s, 3H), 1.26 (s, 3H) ppm.

$^{13}\text{C NMR}$ (75 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 199.6, 147.7, 146.9, 143.4, 139.7, 129.6, 127.4, 126.7, 123.6, 110.6, 108.3, 101.1, 65.6, 42.7, 21.4, 19.7 ppm.



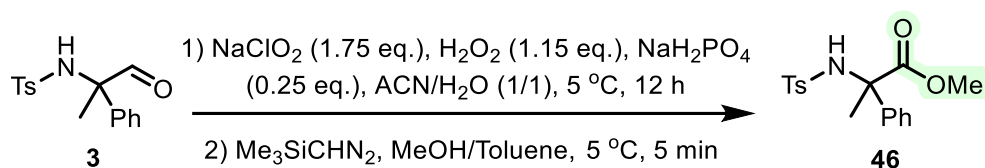
The electrocatalysis was carried out in an undivided cell with a platinum plate anode (20.0 mm × 50.0 mm × 0.2 mm) and a platinum plate cathode (20.0 mm × 50.0 mm × 0.2 mm). The dimensions of the platinum plate immersed in the reaction solution are approximately 20.0 mm × 20.0 mm. Under argon, to a 150 mL pre-dried undivided electrochemical cell equipped with a magnetic bar were added 4-methylbenzenesulfonamide **2** (858.0 mg, 5.0 mmol, 1.0 equiv), aminocatalyst **A** (298.0 μL , 1.5 mmol, 0.3 equiv), tetrabutylammonium bromide (1.6170 g, 5.0 mmol, 1.0 equiv), then H₂O (5.0 mmol, 1.0 equiv, 90.0 μL), cyclohexanecarbaldehyde (1.210 mL, 10.0 mmol, 2.0 equiv) and ACN (50.0 mL) were added. The electrocatalysis was performed at room temperature with a constant current of 30.0 mA maintained for 14 h. After the reaction was completed, the solution was concentrated and purified by silica gel flash column chromatography to afford the pure product (purified by flash column chromatography, eluent: *n*-hexane/ethyl acetate = 9/1 to 6/1, 1.2200 g, white solid, 80% yield).

$^1\text{H NMR}$ (300 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 9.61 (s, 1H), 7.82 (d, $J = 8.3$ Hz, 2H), 7.31 (d, $J = 8.1$ Hz,

2H), 5.90 (s, 1H), 2.43 (s, 3H), 1.74-1.55 (m, 4H), 1.51-1.35 (m, 3H), 1.31-1.12 (m, 3H) ppm.

^{13}C NMR (75 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 201.0, 143.5, 139.2, 129.6, 126.8, 65.2, 29.9, 24.6, 21.5, 20.5 ppm.

(b) Synthetic transformations

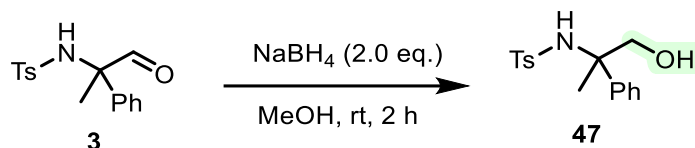


Methyl 2-((4-methylphenyl)sulfonamido)-2-phenylpropanoate (**46**)

To a solution of **3** (0.455 g, 1.50 mmol, 1.0 equiv) in ACN (5 mL) was added an aqueous solution of NaH_2PO_4 (0.05 g, 0.42 mmol, 0.25 equiv) in water (2 mL), follow by 35% H_2O_2 (140.0. μL). Subsequently, an aqueous solution of NaClO_2 (0.2270 g, 2.60 mmol, 1.75 equiv) in water (3 mL) was added dropwise to the resulting mixture, keeping the temperature of the mixture at $5\text{ }^\circ\text{C}$. After the mixture was stirred for 12 h, Na_2SO_3 (0.0301 g) was added and the resulting mixture was acidified (pH = 2-3) with 10% aqueous hydrochloric acid. The reaction mixture was extracted with DCM (20 mL \times 3). The combined organic layers were washed with brine (10 mL), dried over Na_2SO_4 , and concentrated. Then the residue was dissolved in toluene/methanol 1: 2 and treated with trimethylsilyldiazomethane (0.8 mL) at $0\text{ }^\circ\text{C}$ for 5 min until bubbling subsided. The excess trimethylsilyldiazomethane was quenched with a few drops of acetic acid and the solution was concentrated and purified by silica gel flash column chromatography to afford the pure product. (purified by flash column chromatography, eluent: *n*-hexane/ethyl acetate = 10/1, 0.4400 g, white solid, 88% yield). The NMR data are in consistent with the reported literature.^[2]

^1H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 7.50 (d, J = 8.2 Hz, 2H), 7.29-7.08 (m, 7H), 5.99 (s, 1H), 3.64 (s, 3H), 2.36 (s, 3H), 1.91 (s, 3H) ppm.

^{13}C NMR (75 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 173.3, 142.8, 139.3, 139.0, 129.2, 128.4, 128.0, 126.8, 125.8, 64.3, 53.2, 23.7, 21.3 ppm.

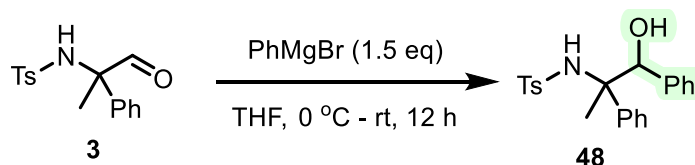


To a solution of **3** (61.0 mg, 0.2 mmol, 1.0 equiv) in MeOH (2 mL) was added sodium borohydride (15.0 mg, 0.4 mmol, 2.0 equiv). The reaction mixture was stirred at room temperature for 2 h. After the completion of the reaction determined by TLC, the reaction mixture was quenched by water (5 mL) and extracted with DCM (20 mL \times 3). The combined organic layers were washed with brine (10 mL), dried over Na_2SO_4 , and concentrated. The residue was purified by silica gel flash column chromatography (eluent: petroleum ether/ethyl acetate = 5/1 to 3/1, white solid, 48.9 mg, 80% yield) to give **N-(1-Hydroxy-2-phenylpropan-2-yl)-4-methylbenzenesulfonamide (47)**.

^1H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 7.61 (d, J = 8.2 Hz, 2H), 7.37-7.13 (m, 7H), 5.52 (s, 1H), 3.86 (d, J = 11.4 Hz, 1H), 3.65 (d, J = 11.3 Hz, 1H), 2.39 (s, 3H), 2.25 (s, 1H), 1.56 (s, 3H) ppm.

^{13}C NMR (75 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 143.0, 141.8, 139.5, 129.4, 128.4, 127.4, 126.9, 126.1, 70.3, 62.4, 23.2, 21.4 ppm.

HRMS (ESI) m/z Calcd for $\text{C}_{16}\text{H}_{19}\text{NNaO}_3\text{S}$ [$\text{M}^+\text{+Na}$]: 328.0978, Found: 328.0977.

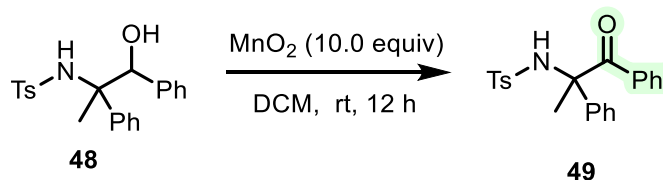


At 0 °C, to a solution of **3** (121.0 mg, 0.4 mmol, 1.0 equiv) in anhydrous THF (2 mL) was added PhMgBr (0.6 mL, 0.6 mmol, 1.0 mol/L in THF, 1.5 equiv) under argon. The reaction mixture was warmed up to room temperature naturally and stirred for 12 h. After the completion of the reaction determined by TLC, the reaction mixture was

quenched by saturated aqueous solution of NH_4Cl (5 mL) and extracted with EA (10 mL \times 3). The combined organic layers were washed with brine (10 mL), dried over Na_2SO_4 , and concentrated. The residue was purified by silica gel flash column chromatography (eluent: *n*-hexane /ethyl acetate = 7/1, white solid, 123.1 mg, 81% yield, dr: about 1/1) to give ***N*-(1-Hydroxy-1,2-diphenylpropan-2-yl)-4-methylbenzenesulfonamide (48)**.

$^1\text{H NMR}$ (300 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 7.54 (d, $J = 8.2$ Hz, 1H), 7.39 (d, $J = 8.2$ Hz, 1H), 7.32-7.25 (m, 1H), 7.23-7.01 (m, 9H), 6.97 (d, $J = 7.1$ Hz, 1H), 6.75 (d, $J = 7.3$ Hz, 1H), [5.95 (s, 0.45H), 5.82 (s, 0.50H), 1H], [4.83 (s, 0.50H), 4.77 (s, 0.45H), 1H], [2.66 (s, 0.50H), 2.57 (s, 0.45H), 1H], [2.35 (s, 1.5 H), 2.33 (s, 1.4H), 3H], [1.59 (s, 1.56H), 1.47 (s, 1.39H), 3H] ppm.
 $^{13}\text{C NMR}$ (75 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 142.8, 142.5, 141.8, 139.8, 139.5, 139.4, 138.1, 129.2, 129.0, 128.1, 128.0, 127.9, 127.6, 127.54, 127.51, 127.48, 127.4, 127.3, 127.2, 127.0, 126.9, 126.7, 81.2, 80.9, 65.1, 64.3, 21.6, 21.38, 21.36, 19.7 ppm.

HRMS (ESI) m/z Calcd for $\text{C}_{22}\text{H}_{23}\text{NNaO}_3\text{S}$ [M^+Na]: 404.1291, Found: 404.1293.

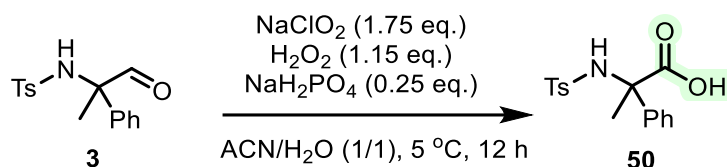


To a solution of **48** (76.4 mg, 0.2 mmol, 1.0 equiv) in DCM (2 mL) was added MnO_2 (174.0 mg, 2.0 mmol, 10.0 equiv). The reaction mixture was stirred at room temperature for 12 h. After the completion of the reaction determined by TLC. Upon completion, the reaction mixture was filtered through a pad of celite, the residue was washed with EA (15 mL \times 3), the filtrate was combined and concentrated. The residue was purified by silica gel flash column chromatography (eluent: petroleum ether/ethyl acetate = 12/1 to 10/1, white solid, 48.9 mg, 76% yield) to give **4-Methyl-N-(1-oxo-1,2-diphenylpropan-2-yl)benzenesulfonamide (49)**.

$^1\text{H NMR}$ (300 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 7.42-7.34 (m, 3H), 7.24-7.12 (m, 7H), 7.11-7.02 (m, 2H), 6.93 (d, $J = 8.1$ Hz, 2H), 6.82 (s, 1H), 2.30 (s, 3H), 2.15 (s, 3H) ppm.

^{13}C NMR (75 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 197.5, 141.9, 139.4, 136.6, 133.2, 132.8, 130.0, 128.8, 128.6, 128.3, 128.2, 127.5, 126.3, 67.3, 24.9, 21.3 ppm.

HRMS (ESI) m/z Calcd for $\text{C}_{22}\text{H}_{21}\text{NNaO}_3\text{S}$ [M^+Na]: 402.1134, Found: 402.1136.



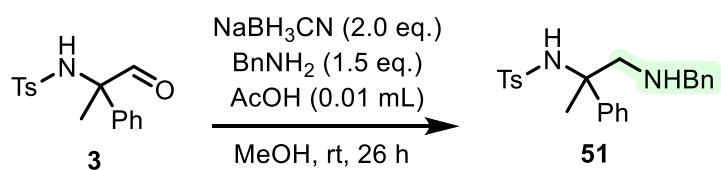
2-((4-Methylphenyl)sulfonamido)-2-phenylpropanoic acid (**50**)

To a solution of **3** (60.9 mg, 0.2 mmol, 1.0 equiv) in ACN (1 mL) was added an aqueous solution of NaH_2PO_4 (6.0 mg, 0.05 mmol, 0.25 equiv) in water (0.5 mL), followed by 35% H_2O_2 (1.5 μL). Subsequently, an aqueous solution of NaClO_2 (26.2 mg, 0.35 mmol, 1.75 equiv) in water (0.5 mL) was added dropwise to the resulting mixture, keeping the temperature of the mixture at 5 °C. After the mixture was stirred for 12 h, Na_2SO_3 (10.0 mg) was added and the resulting mixture was acidified (pH = 2-3) with 10% aqueous hydrochloric acid. The reaction mixture was extracted with DCM (10 mL \times 3). The combined organic layers were washed with brine (10 mL), dried over Na_2SO_4 , and concentrated. The residue was purified by silica gel flash column chromatography (eluent: petroleum ether/ethyl acetate = 2/1 to 1/1, white solid, 58.1 mg, 91% yield).

^1H NMR (300 MHz, $\text{DMSO}-d_6$) δ 8.04 (s, 1H), 7.59 (d, J = 7.8 Hz, 2H), 7.42-7.12 (m, 8H), 2.35 (s, 3H), 1.68 (s, 3H) ppm.

^{13}C NMR (75 MHz, $\text{DMSO}-d_6$) δ 173.5, 142.0, 141.0, 140.6, 129.2, 127.9, 127.4, 126.3, 126.1, 63.8, 24.2, 21.0 ppm.

HRMS (ESI) m/z Calcd for $\text{C}_{16}\text{H}_{17}\text{NO}_4\text{S}$ [M^+Na]: 342.0770, Found: 342.0774.



To a solution of **3** (60.7 mg, 0.2 mmol, 1.0 equiv) in MeOH (2 mL) was added Benzylamine (32.0 mg, 0.3 mmol, 1.5 equiv). After stirring the reaction mixture at room temperature for 20 minutes, adjust the pH to 6 using 0.1 mL of acetic acid, then add sodium cyanoborohydride (25.0 mg, 0.4 mmol, 2.0 equiv). After the completion of the reaction determined by TLC, the reaction mixture was quenched by water (5 mL) and extracted with DCM (20 mL×3). The combined organic layers were washed with brine (10 mL), dried over Na₂SO₄, and concentrated. The residue was purified by silica gel flash column chromatography (eluent: petroleum ether/ethyl acetate = 6/1 to 5/1) to give ***N*-(1-(benzylamino)-2-phenylpropan-2-yl)-4-methylbenzenesulfonamide (51)** (white oil, 67.2 mg, 85% yield).

¹H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.53 (d, *J* = 8.0 Hz, 2H), 7.44-7.09 (m, 12H), 6.32 (s, 1H), 3.71 (d, *J* = 13.4 Hz, 1H), 3.62 (d, *J* = 13.4 Hz, 1H), 2.90 (d, *J* = 11.9 Hz, 1H), 2.54 (d, *J* = 11.9 Hz, 1H), 2.37 (s, 3H), 1.51 (s, 3H), 1.26 (s, 1H) ppm.

¹³C NMR (75 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 143.5, 142.4, 140.5, 139.6, 129.2, 128.5, 128.2, 128.1, 127.2, 126.9, 126.6, 125.8, 60.6, 60.0, 53.4, 24.0, 21.4 ppm.

HRMS (ESI) *m/z* Calcd for C₂₃H₂₇N₂O₂S [M⁺+H]: 395.1788, Found: 395.1788.

V. Mechanistic Studies

Cyclic voltammetry studies

The cyclic voltammetry was carried out with a Shanghai Chenhua CHI630E workstation in 10 mL electrolytic cell (inner diameter 26 mm). A glassy-carbon electrode (3 mm-diameter, disc-electrode) was used as the working electrode, a Pt plate (10 mm × 10 mm × 0.1 mm) was used as the auxiliary electrode and an Ag/AgCl electrode was used as a reference electrode. The sample should be bubbled with Ar for 5 min before testing. The measurements were carried out at a scan rate of 100 mV s⁻¹ in ACN/ⁿBu₄NBF₄ (0.1 M).

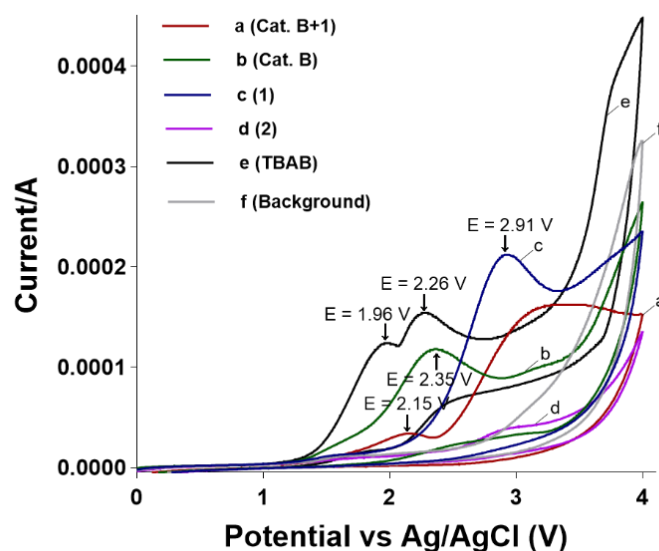


Figure S3. Cyclic voltammograms of **1** and related compounds in 0.1 M ACN/ⁿBu₄NBF₄ using a glass-carbon working electrode, Pt plate, and Ag/AgCl as counter and reference electrodes at 100 mV s⁻¹ scan rate. (a) Cat. **B** (0.002 M) and **1** (0.01M), (b) Cat. **B** (0.01 M), (c) **1** (0.01 M), (d) **2** (0.01 M), (e) TBAB (0.01 M), (f) Background.

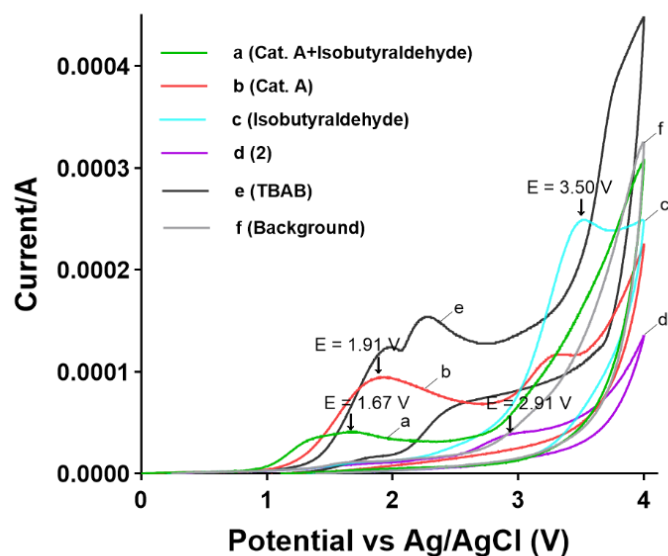


Figure S4. Cyclic voltammograms of Isobutyraldehyde and related compounds in 0.1 M ACN/*n*Bu₄NBF₄ using a glass-carbon working electrode, Pt plate, and Ag/AgCl as counter and reference electrodes at 100 mV s⁻¹ scan rate. (a) Cat. A (0.002 M) and Isobutyraldehyde (0.01 M), (b) Cat. A (0.01 M), (c) Isobutyraldehyde (0.01 M), (d) 2 (0.01M), (e) TBAB (0.01 M), (f) Background.

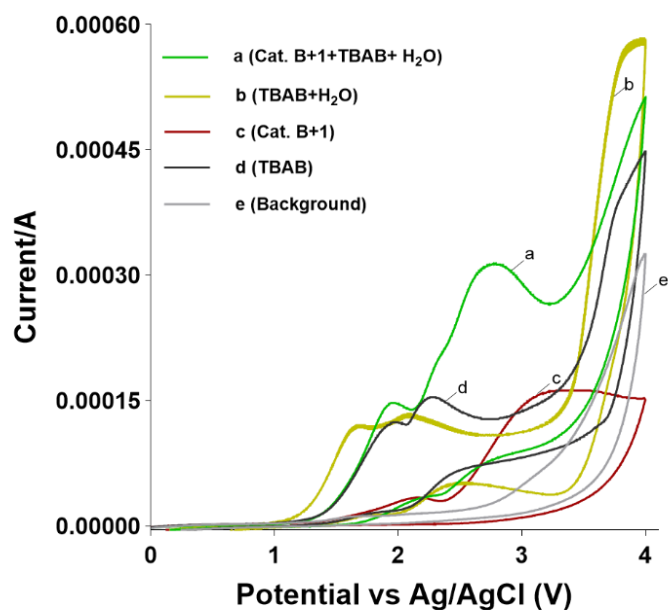


Figure S5. Cyclic voltammograms of **1** and related compounds in 0.1 M ACN/ n Bu₄NBF₄ using a glass-carbon working electrode, Pt plate, and Ag/AgCl as counter and reference electrodes at 100 mV s⁻¹ scan rate. (a) Cat. **B** (0.002 M), **1** (0.01 M), TBAB (0.01 M) and H₂O (0.01 M), (b) TBAB (0.01 M) and H₂O (0.01 M), (c) Cat. **B** (0.002 M) and **1** (0.01 M), (d) TBAB (0.01 M), (e) Background.

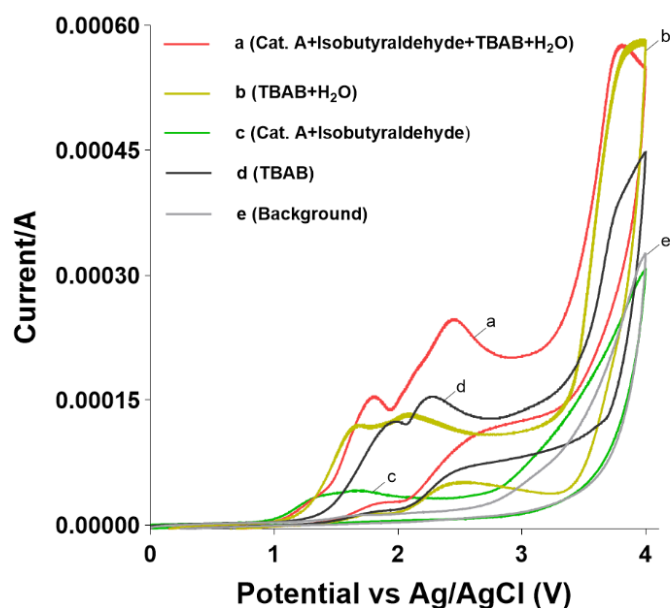


Figure S6. Cyclic voltammograms of Isobutyraldehyde and related compounds in 0.1 M ACN/ n Bu₄NBF₄ using a glass-carbon working electrode, Pt plate, and Ag/AgCl as counter and reference electrodes at 100 mV s⁻¹ scan rate. (a) Cat. **A** (0.002 M), Isobutyraldehyde (0.01 M), TBAB (0.01 M) and H₂O (0.01 M), (b) TBAB (0.01 M) and H₂O (0.01 M), (c) Cat. **A** (0.002 M) and Isobutyraldehyde (0.01 M), (d) TBAB (0.01 M), (e) Background.

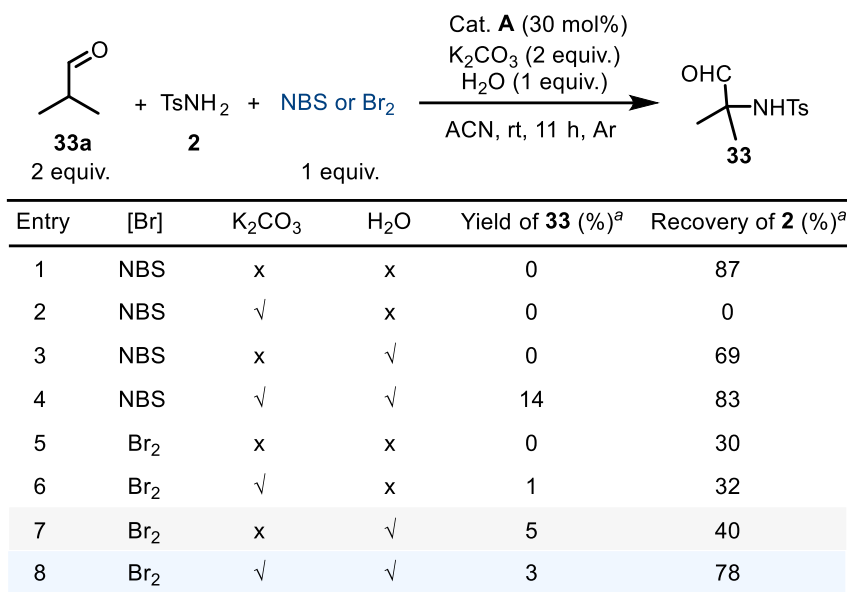
Control experiments with Br₂ and NBS



Entry	[Br]	K ₂ CO ₃	H ₂ O	Yield of 3 (%) ^a	Recovery of 2 (%) ^a
1	NBS	x	x	0	72
2	NBS	√	x	0	10
3	NBS	x	√	0	72
4	NBS	√	√	35	22
5	Br ₂	x	x	0	66
6	Br ₂	√	x	2	46
7	Br ₂	x	√	0	62
8	Br ₂	√	√	3	44

^a Determined by NMR using mesitylene as the internal standard

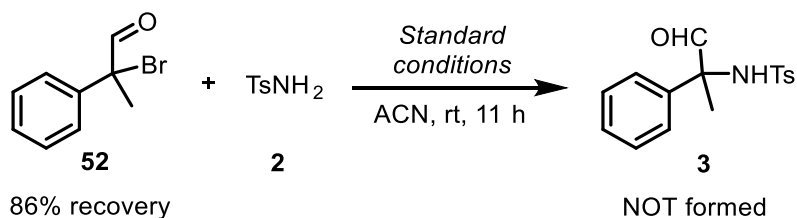
To a solution of **1** (53.5 uL, 0.4 mmol, 2.0 equiv, d = 1.002 g/mL), **2** (34.2 mg, 0.2 mmol, 1.0 equiv), Cat. **B** (9.8 mg, 0.04 mmol, 0.2 equiv), K₂CO₃ (56.0 mg, 0.4 mmol, 2.0 equiv), H₂O (3.6 uL, 0.2 mmol, 1.0 equiv) in ACN (2 mL) was added Br₂ (10.0 uL, 0.2 mmol, 1.0 equiv) or NBS (35.6 mg, 0.2 mmol, 1.0 equiv) or under argon. The reaction was stirred at room temperature for 11 h, then the reaction mixture was filtered through a short pad of silica gel and washed with EA (20 mL×3). After concentrated, a crude NMR analysis was conducted with 14 μL of mesitylene as internal standard.



^a Determined by NMR using mesitylene as the internal standard

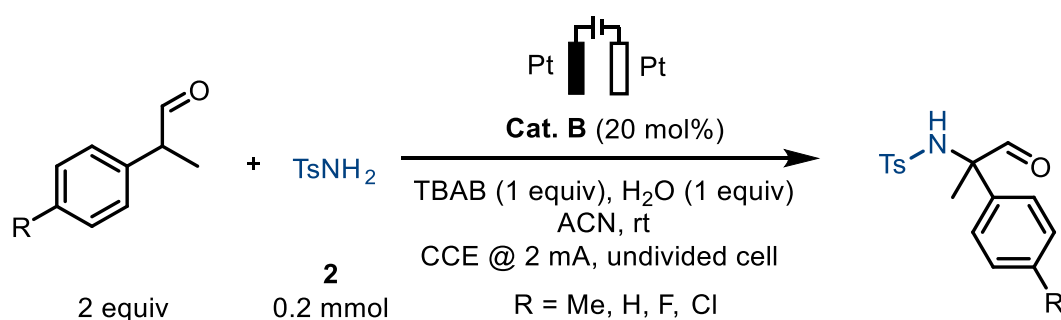
To a solution of isobutyraldehyde (28.8 mg, 0.4 mmol, 2.0 equiv), **2** (34.2 mg, 0.2 mmol, 1.0 equiv), Cat. **A** (12.0 μL, 0.06 mmol, 0.3 equiv, d = 0.912 g/mL), K₂CO₃ (56.0 mg, 0.4 mmol, 2.0 equiv), H₂O (3.6 uL, 0.2 mmol, 1.0 equiv) in ACN (2 mL) was added Br₂ (10.0 uL, 0.2 mmol, 1.0 equiv) or NBS (35.6 mg, 0.2 mmol, 1.0 equiv) under argon. The reaction was stirred at room temperature for 11 h, then the reaction mixture was filtered through a short pad of silica gel and washed with EA (20 mL×3). After concentrated, a crude NMR analysis was conducted with 14 μL of mesitylene as internal standard.

Control experiment with α-bromoaldehyde



Under argon, to a 10 mL pre-dried undivided electrochemical cell equipped with a magnetic bar were added 2-bromo-2-phenylpropanal **52**^[3] (85.1 mg, 0.4 mmol, 2.0 equiv), **2** (34.3 mg, 0.2 mmol, 1.0 equiv), Cat. **B** (9.8 mg, 0.04 mmol, 0.2 equiv), TBAB (64.5 mg, 0.2 mmol, 1.0 equiv), and H₂O (3.6 μ L, 0.2 mmol, 1.0 equiv, d = 1.000 g/mL) in ACN (2 mL) according to the General Procedure I. The electrocatalysis was performed at room temperature for 11 h, then the reaction mixture was filtered through a short pad of silica gel and washed with EA (20 mL \times 3). After concentrated, a crude NMR analysis was conducted with 14 μ L of mesitylene as internal standard. As a result, **3** was not found, the recovery of **52** was calculated to be 86%.

Hammett analysis

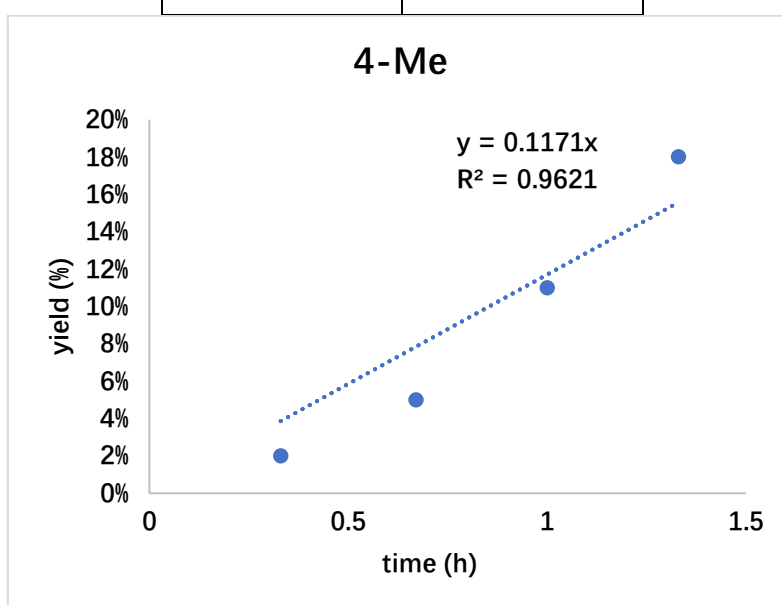


The electrocatalysis was carried out in an undivided cell with a platinum plate anode (10.0 mm \times 15.0 mm \times 0.2 mm) and a platinum plate cathode (10.0 mm \times 15.0 mm \times 0.2 mm). Under argon, to a 10 mL pre-dried undivided electrochemical cell equipped with a magnetic bar were added **2** (34.2 mg, 0.2 mmol, 1.0 equiv), racemic aminocatalyst **B** (9.85 mg, 0.04 mmol, 0.2 equiv), tetrabutylammonium bromide (64.5 mg, 0.2 mmol, 1.0 equiv). Then H₂O (0.2 mmol, 1.0 equiv, 3.6 μ L), aldehyde (0.4 mmol, 2.0 equiv), and ACN (2 mL) were added. The electrocatalysis was performed at room temperature with a constant current of 2.0 mA maintained for 0.33-1.67 h. The crude reaction mixture was concentrated, and Mesitylene (14.0 μ L, 0.1 mmol) was added.

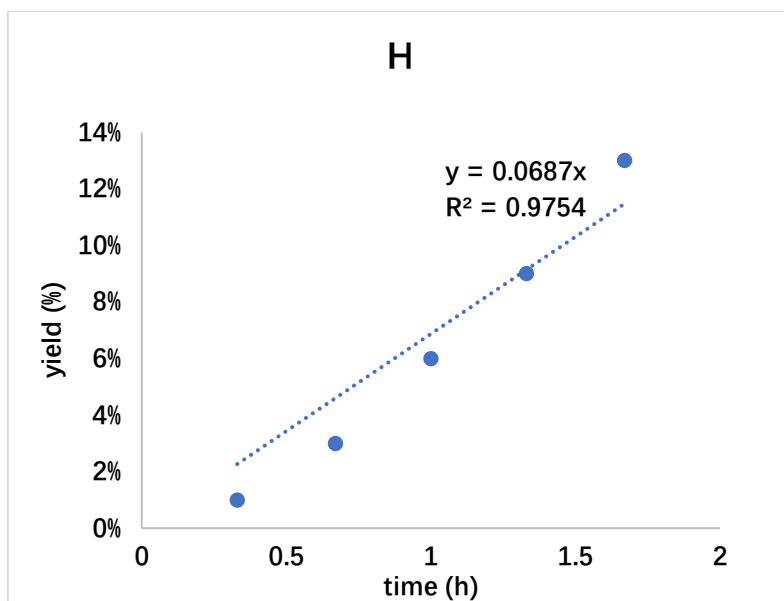
[3] G. Hutchinson, C. Alamillo-Ferrer, M. Fernández-Pascual and J. Burés, *J. Org. Chem.*, 2022, **87**, 7968–7974.

The yield dependence on substituent R and time was measured by ^1H NMR and is listed in the following table.

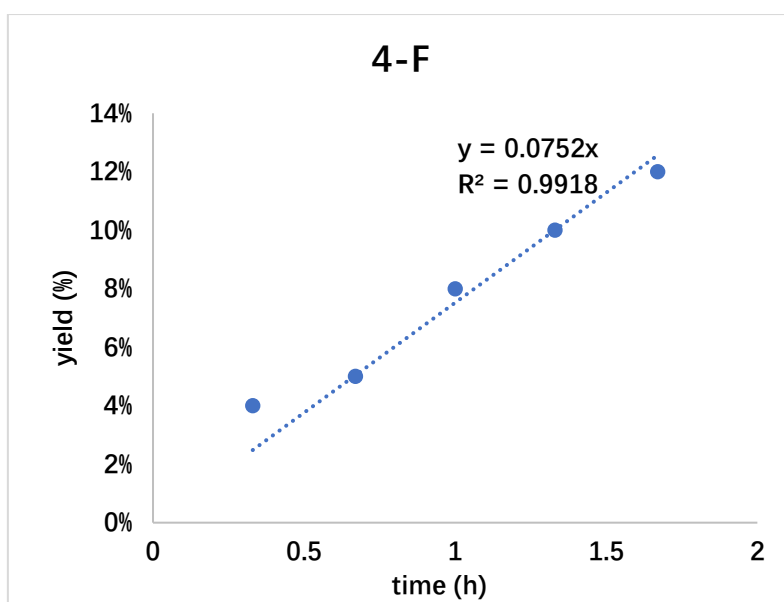
Time (h)	Yield (4-Me)
0.33	2%
0.67	5%
1	11%
1.33	18%
1.67	24% (delete)



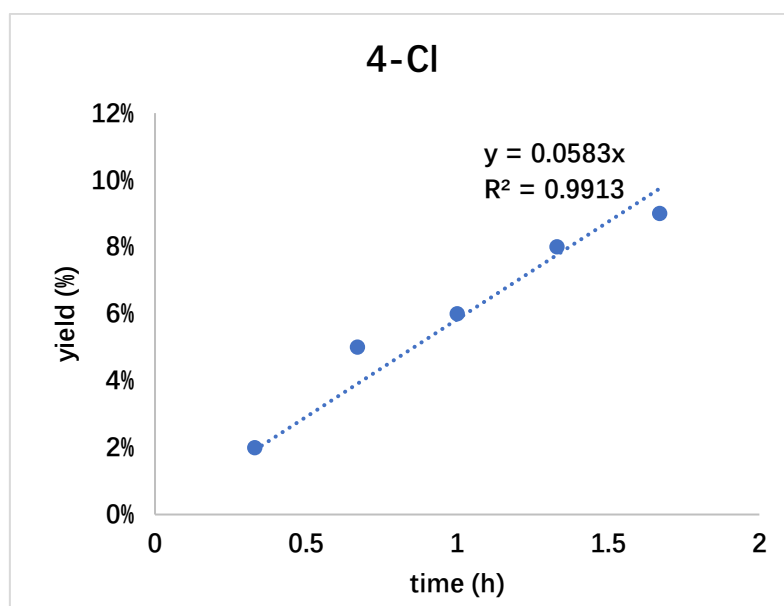
Time (h)	Yield (H)
0.33	1%
0.67	3%
1	6%
1.33	9%
1.67	13%



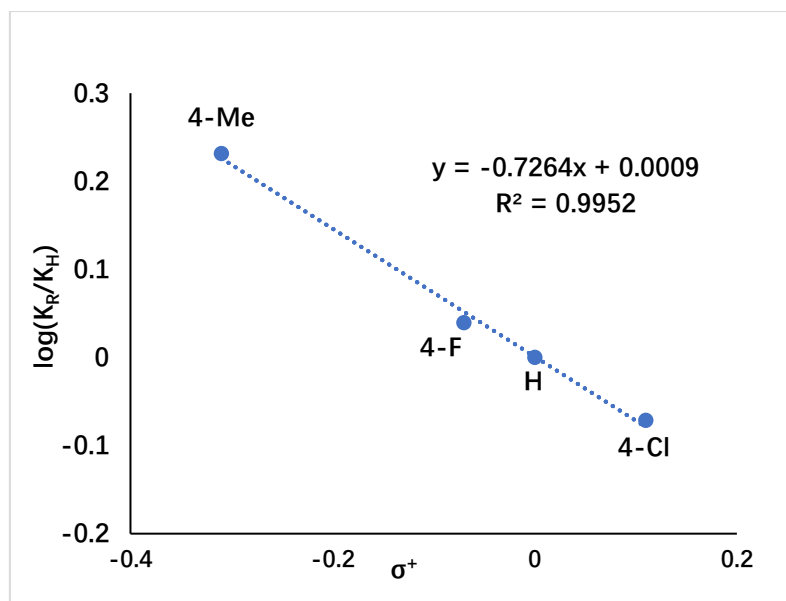
Time (h)	Yield (4-F)
0.33	4%
0.67	5%
1	8%
1.33	10%
1.67	12%



Time (h)	Yield (4-Cl)
0.33	2%
0.67	5%
1	6%
1.33	8%
1.67	9%

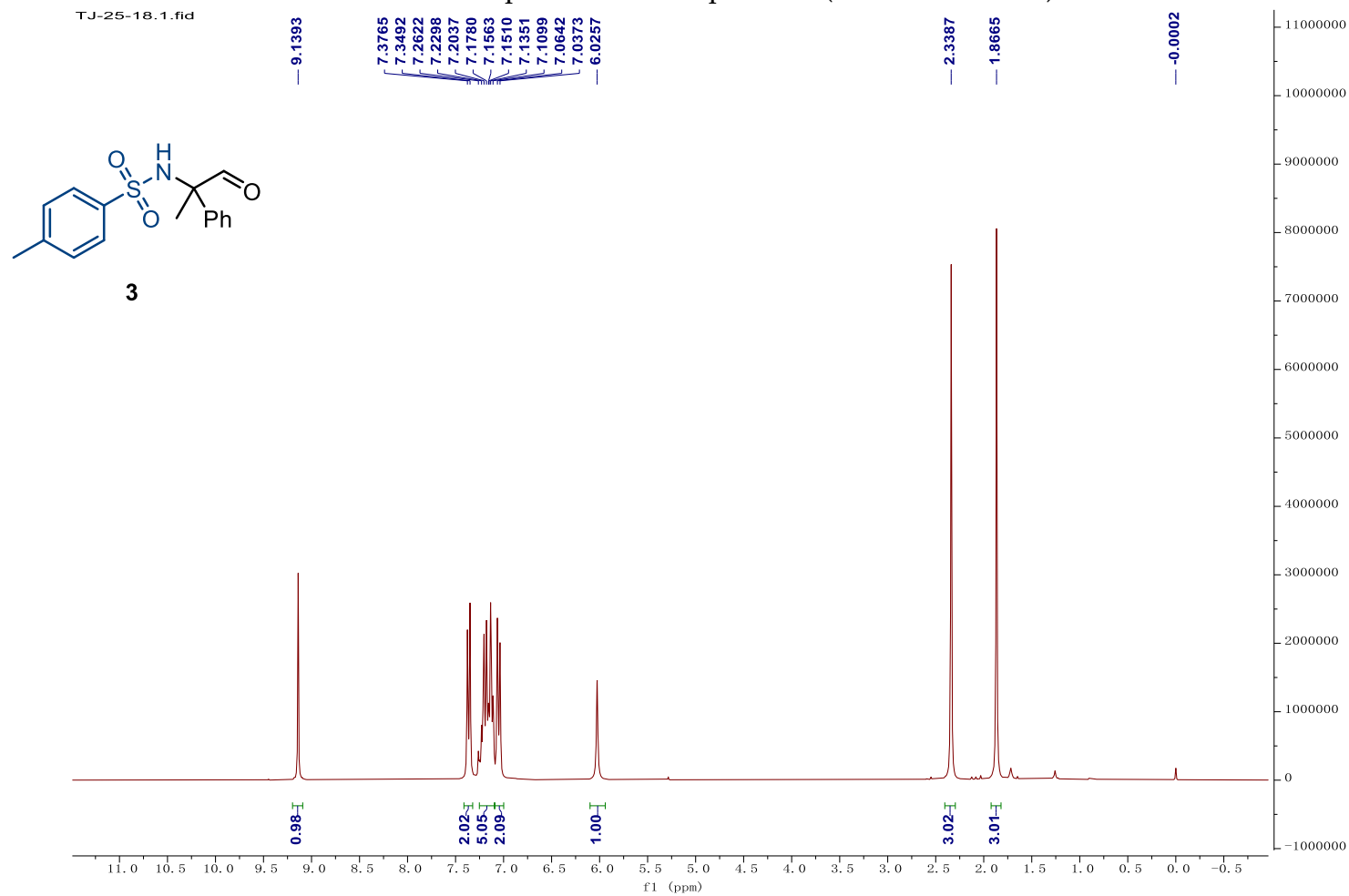


R	4-Me	H	4-F	4-Cl
σ^+	-0.31	0	-0.07	0.11
K_R/K_H	1.7045	1	1.095	0.8486
$\text{Log}(K_R/K_H)$	0.232	0	0.039	-0.071



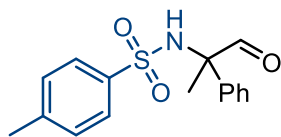
VI. NMR Spectra

^1H NMR spectrum of compound **3** (300 MHz, CDCl_3)

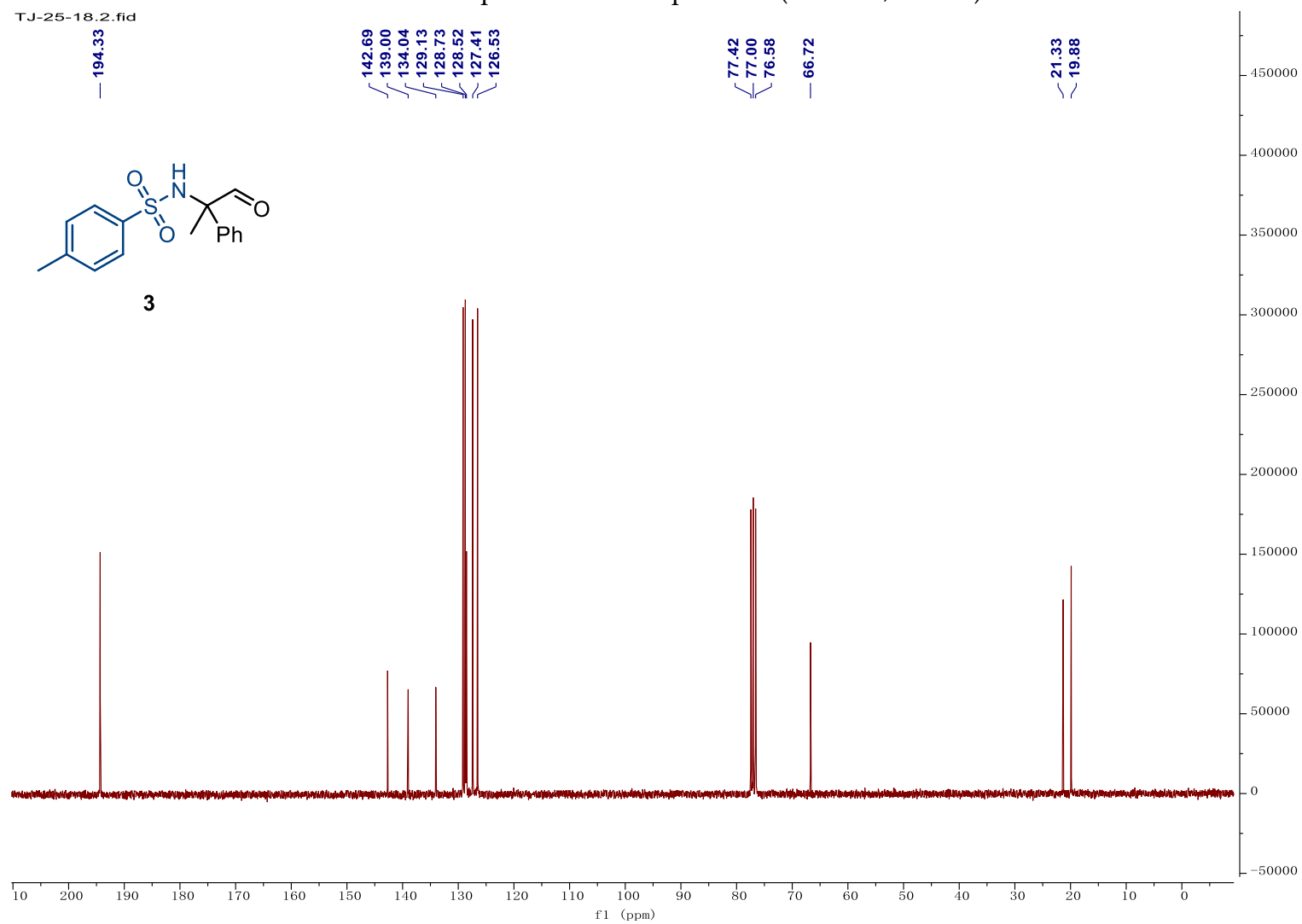


¹³C NMR spectrum of compound 3 (75 MHz, CDCl₃)

TJ-25-18.2.fid

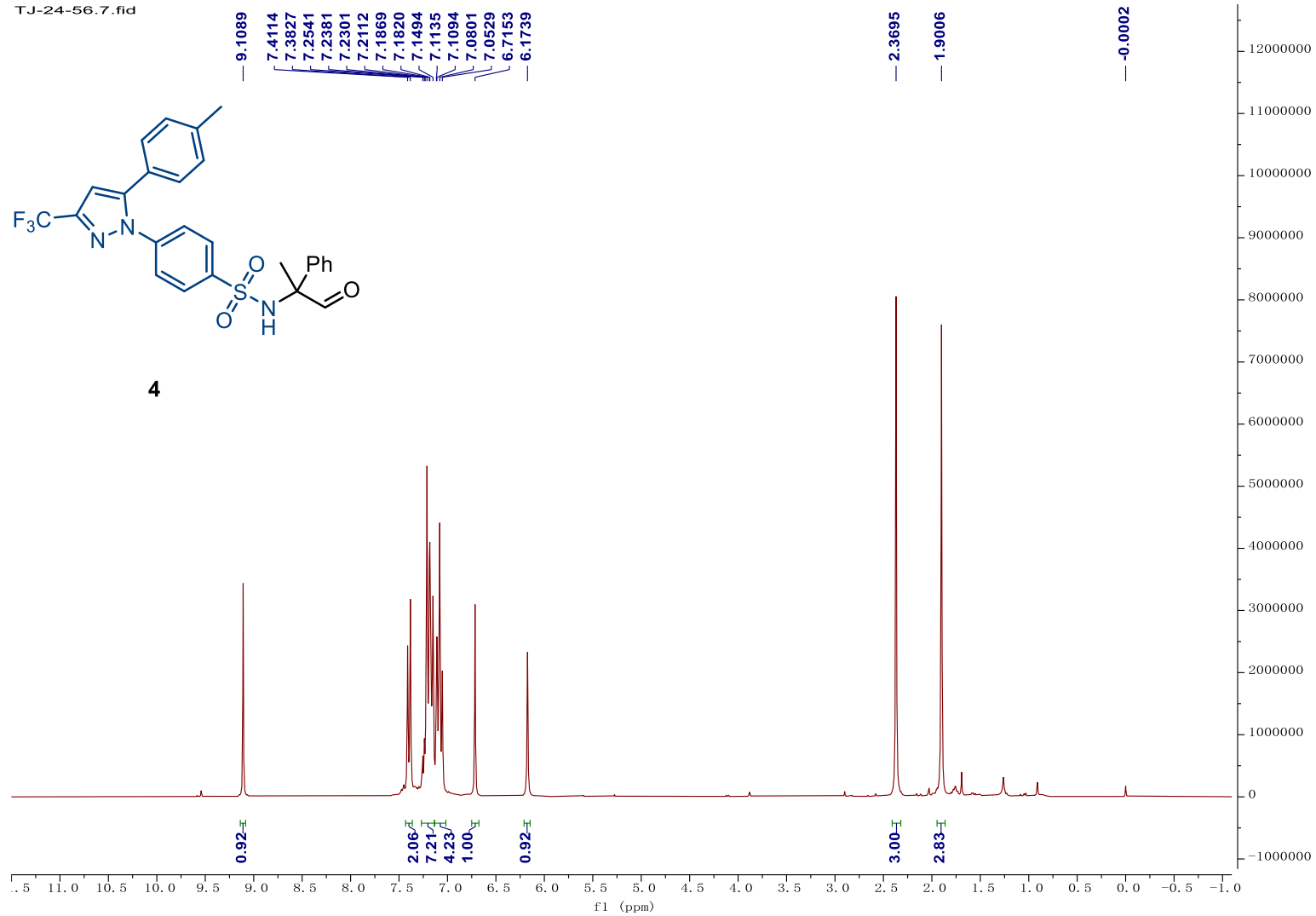


3

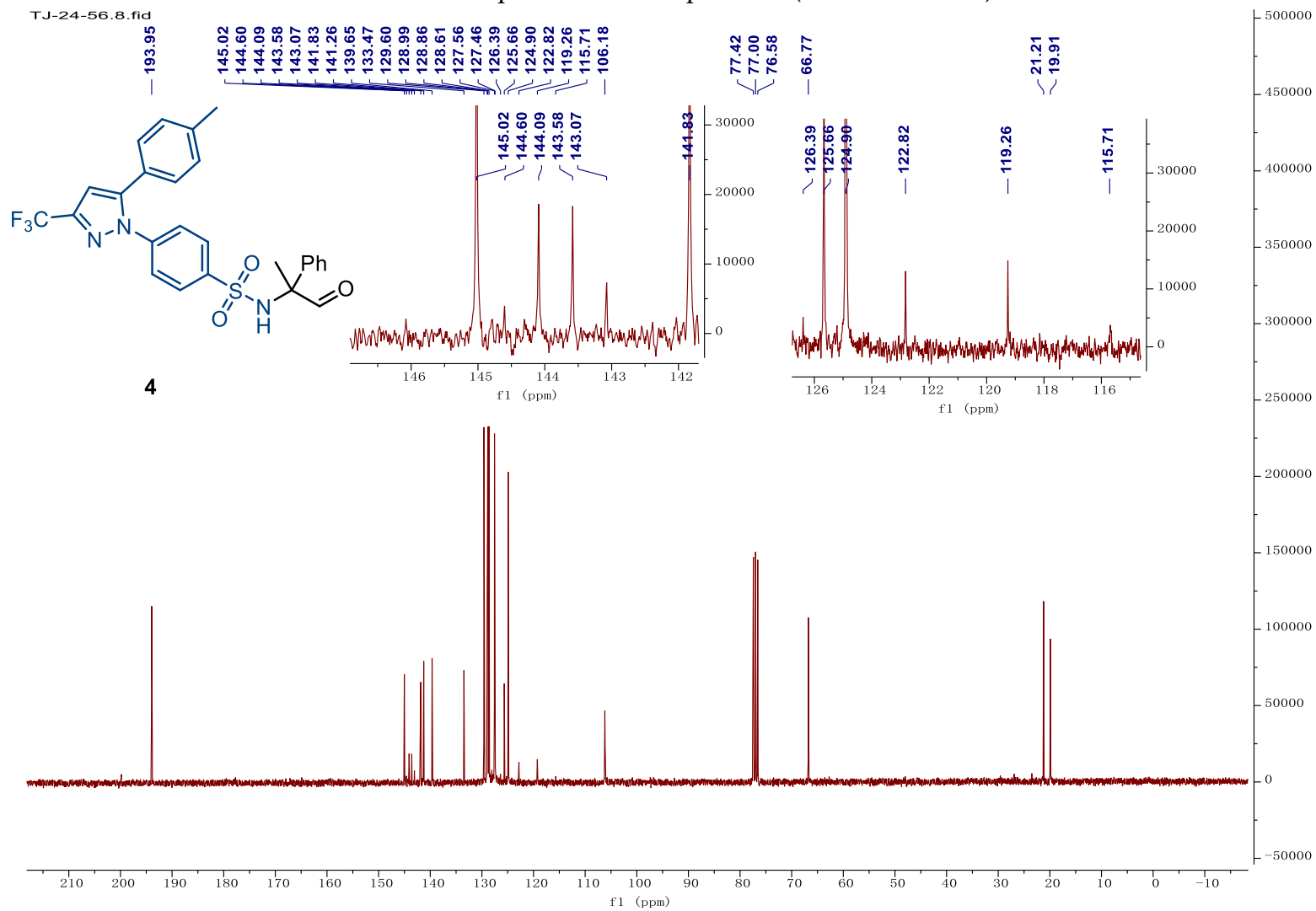


¹H NMR spectrum of compound 4 (300 MHz, CDCl₃)

TJ-24-56.7.fid

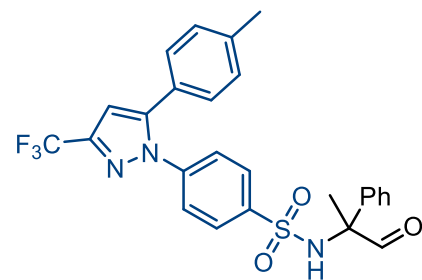


¹³C NMR spectrum of compound 4 (75 MHz, CDCl₃)

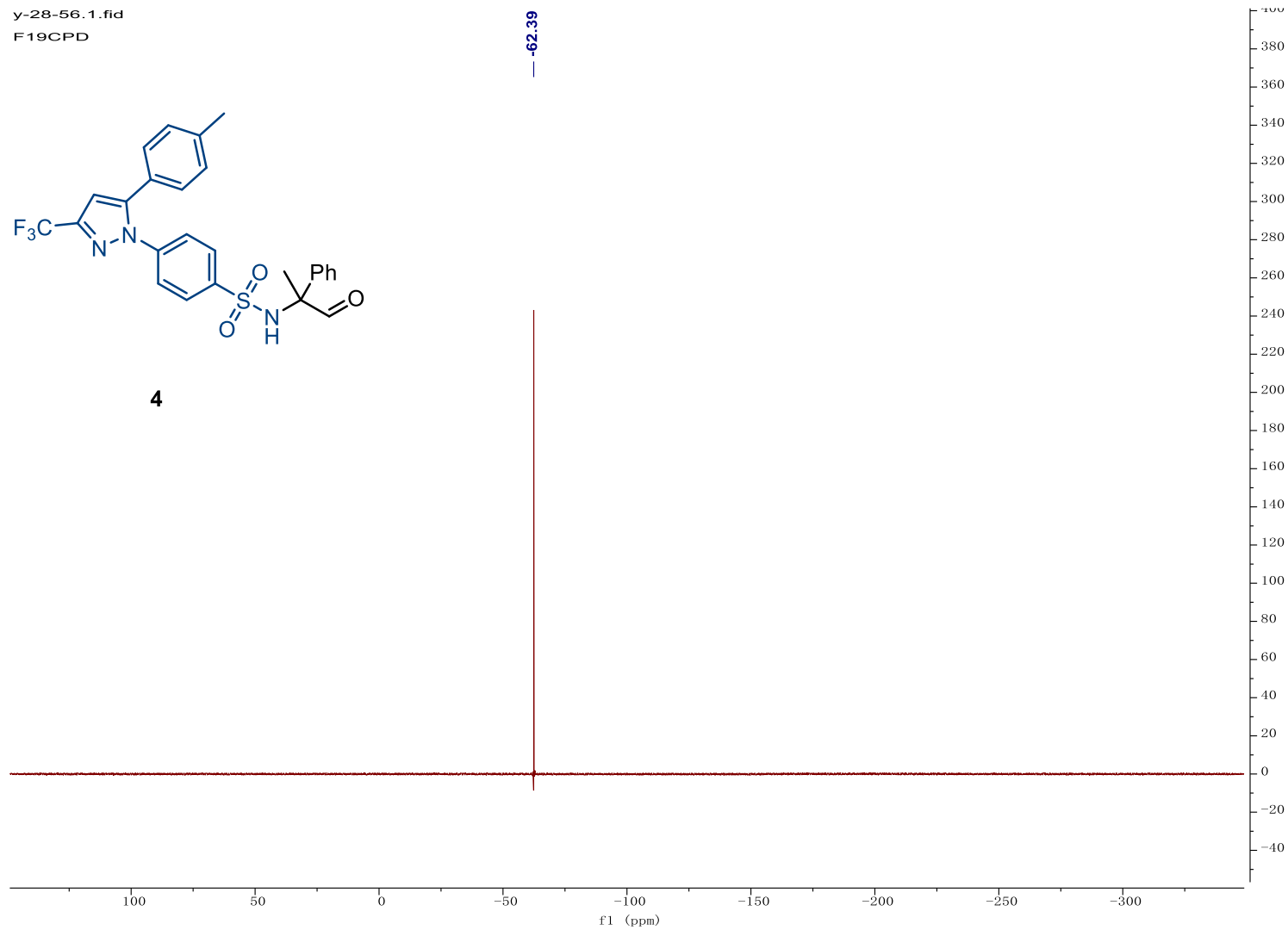


¹⁹F NMR spectrum of compound 4 (376 MHz, CDCl₃)

y-28-56.1.fid
F19CPD

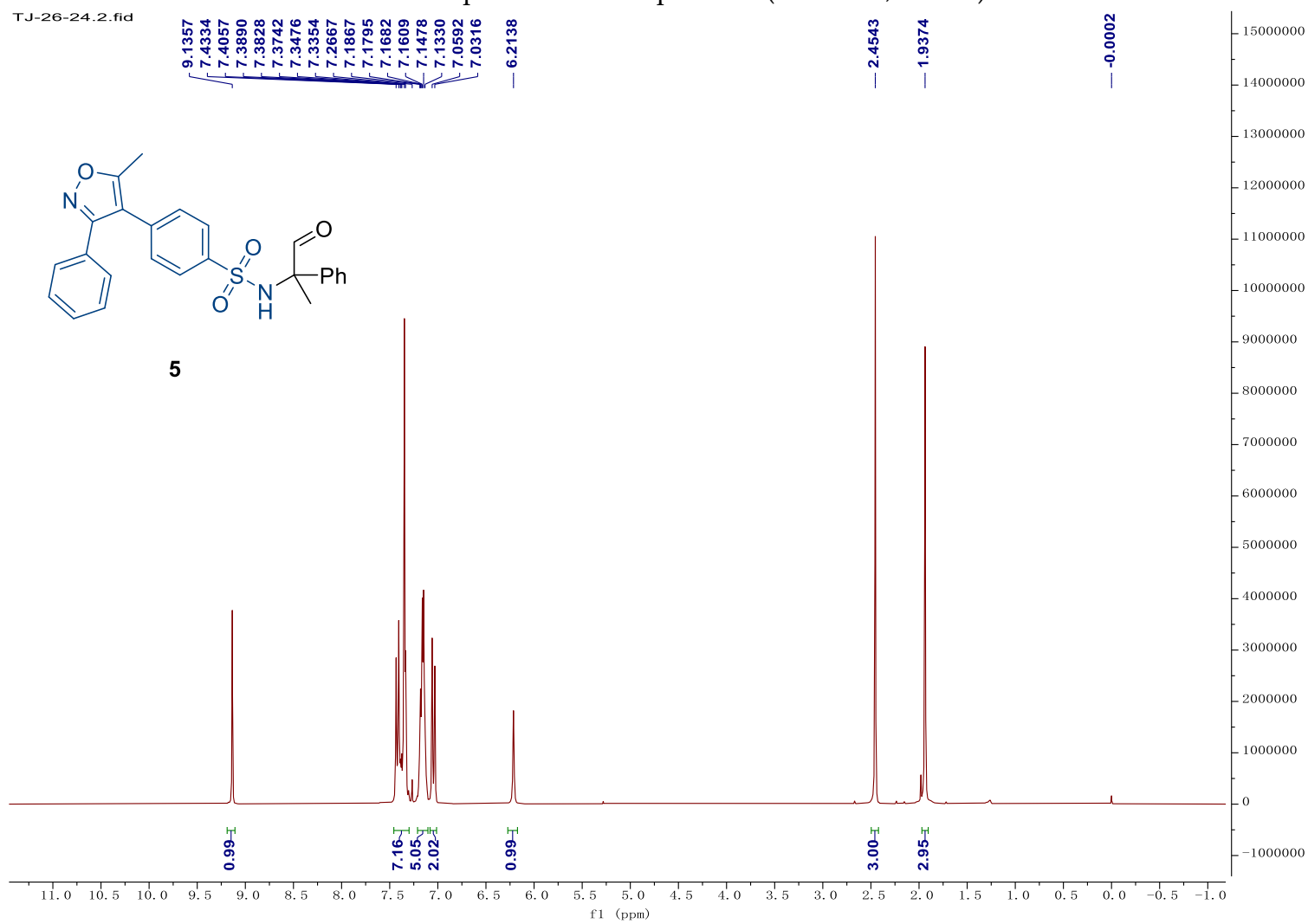


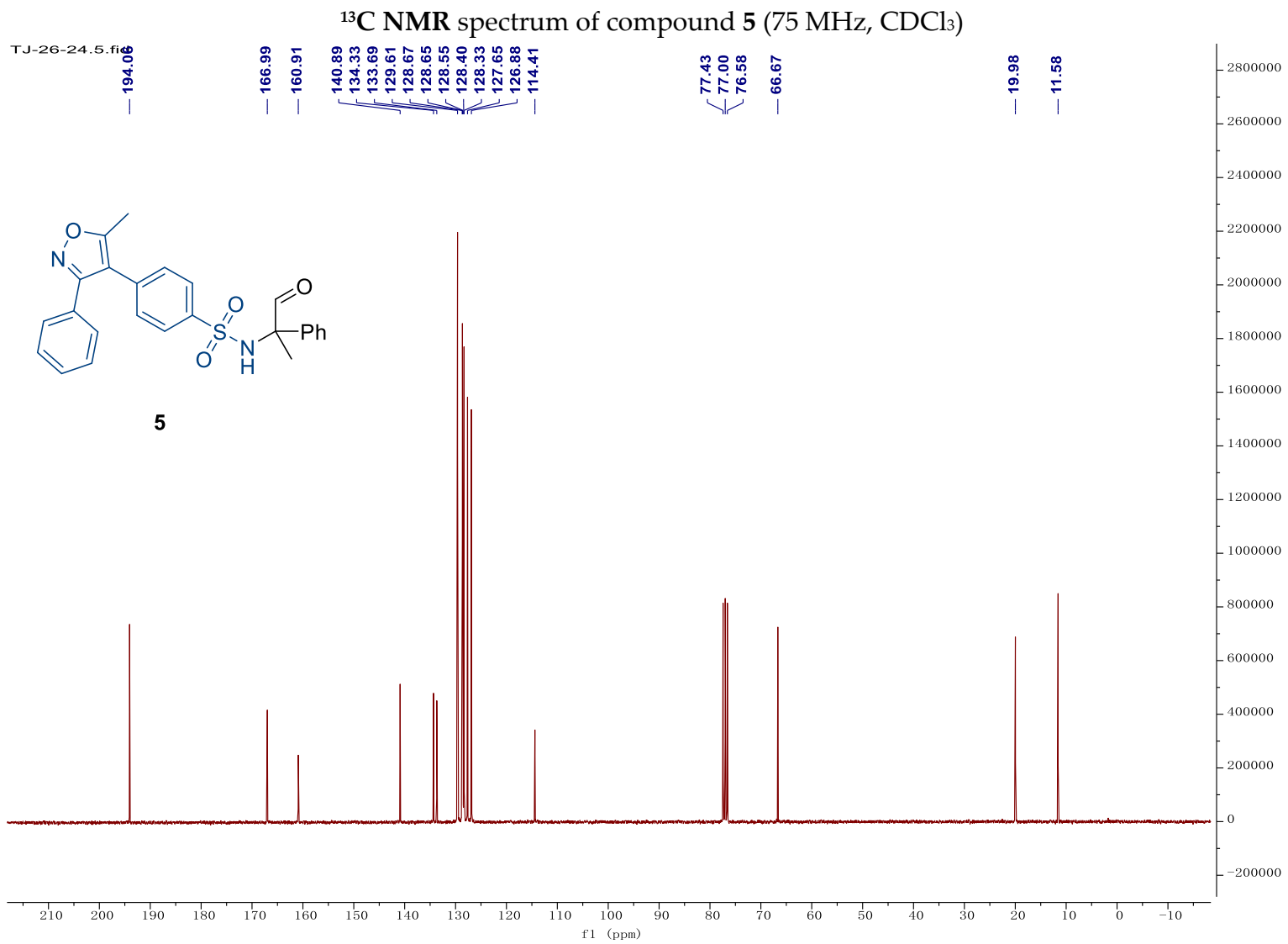
4



S59

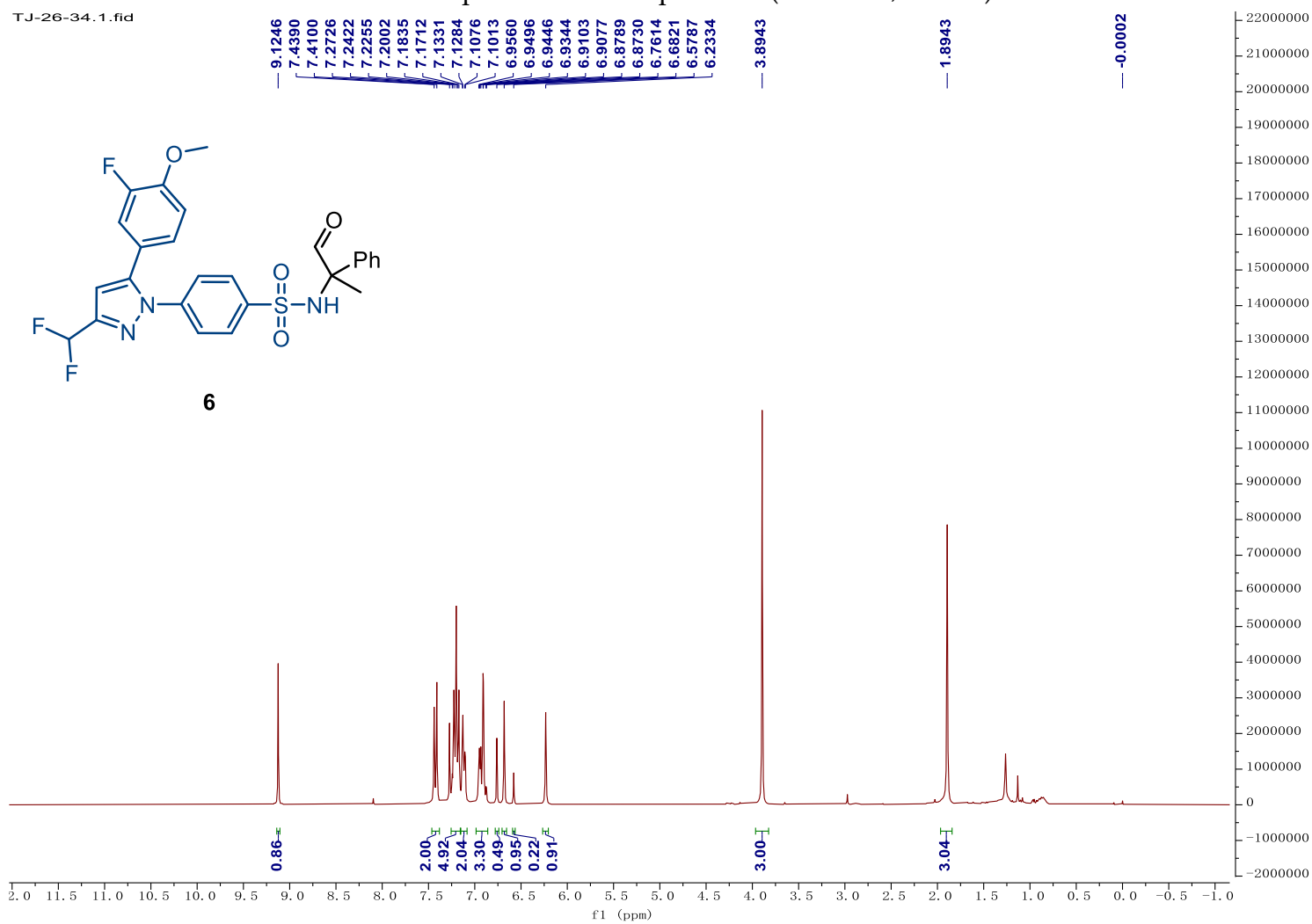
¹H NMR spectrum of compound 5 (300 MHz, CDCl₃)



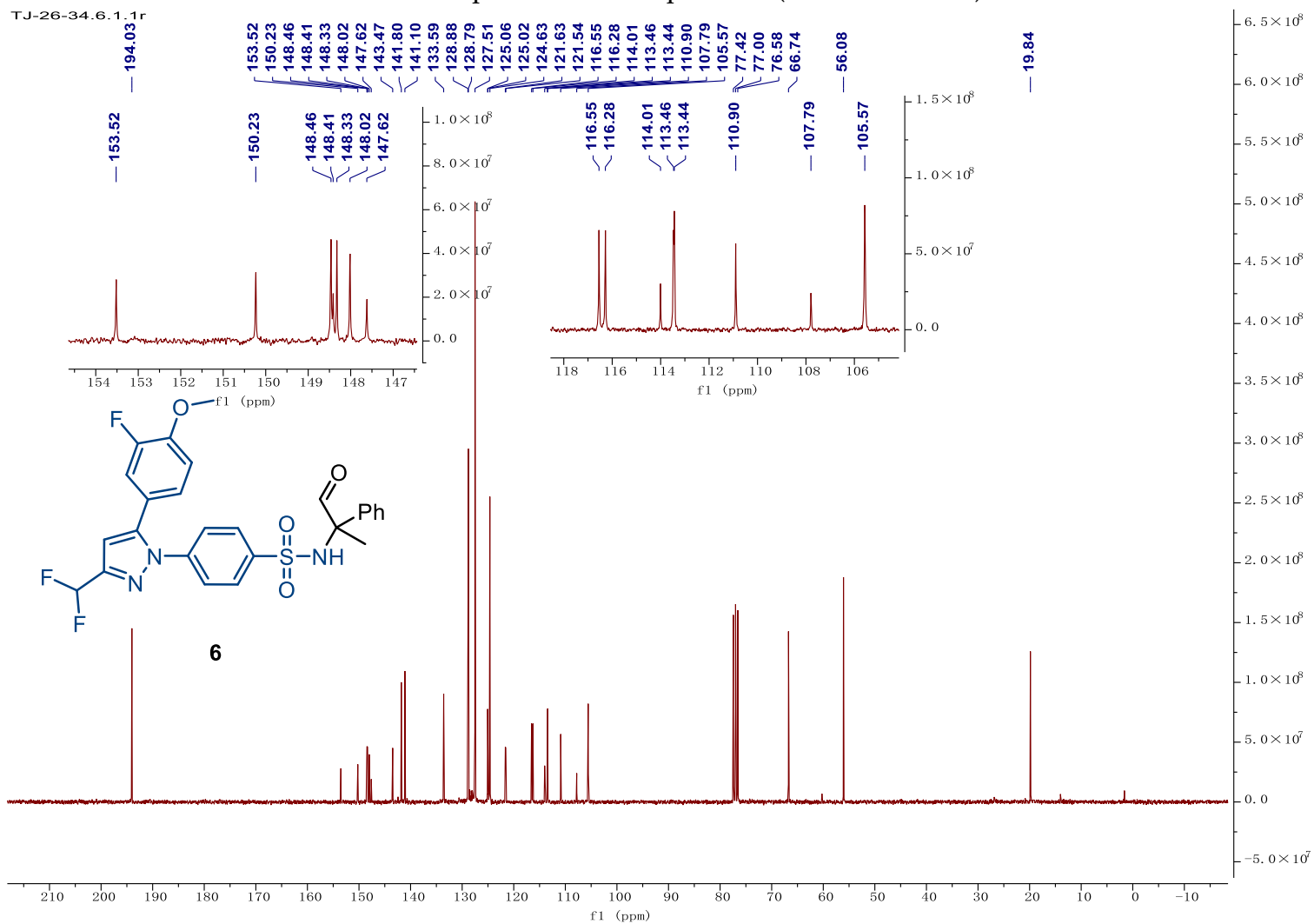


¹H NMR spectrum of compound 6 (300 MHz, CDCl₃)

TJ-26-34.1.fid

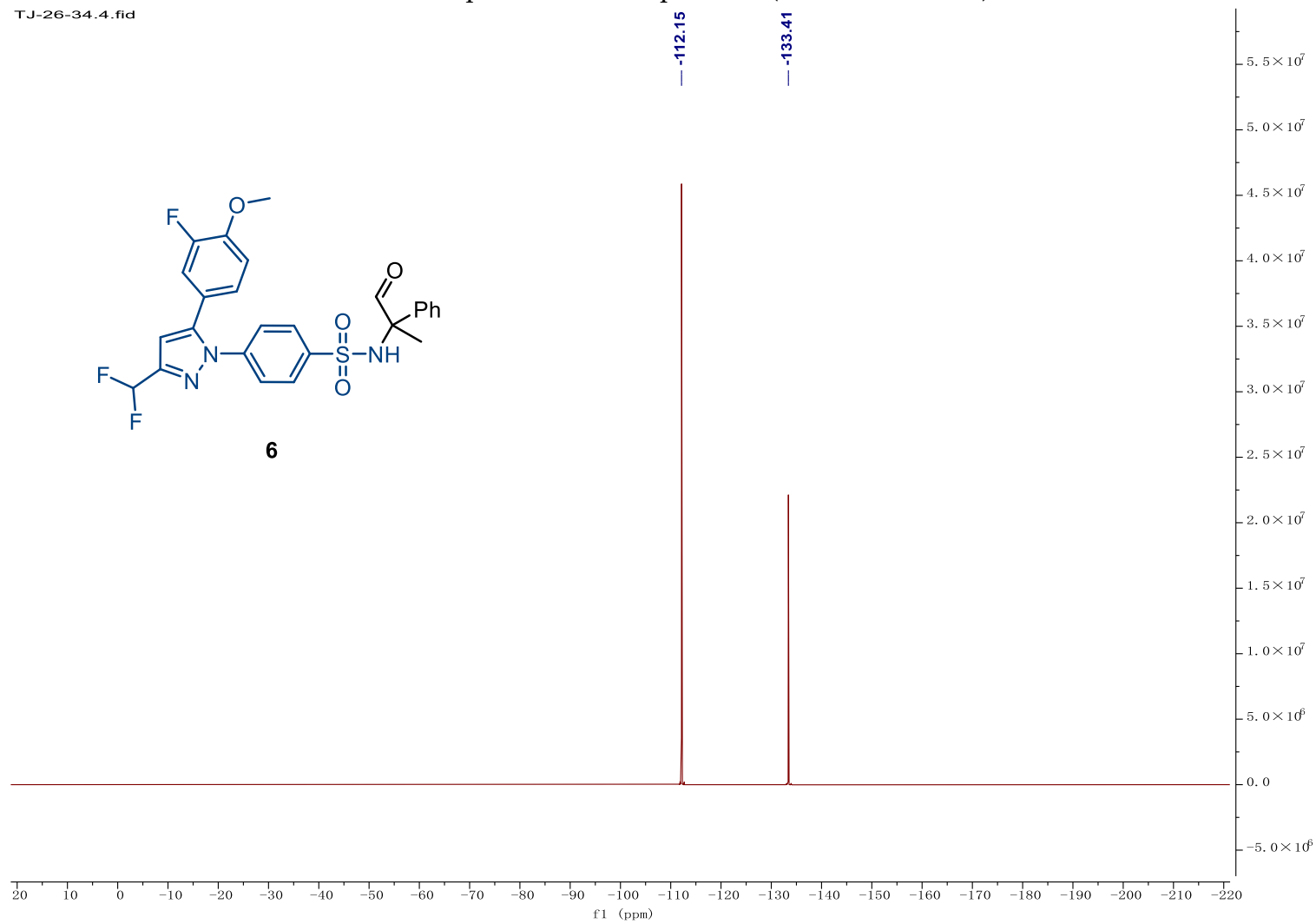


¹³C NMR spectrum of compound 6 (75 MHz, CDCl₃)

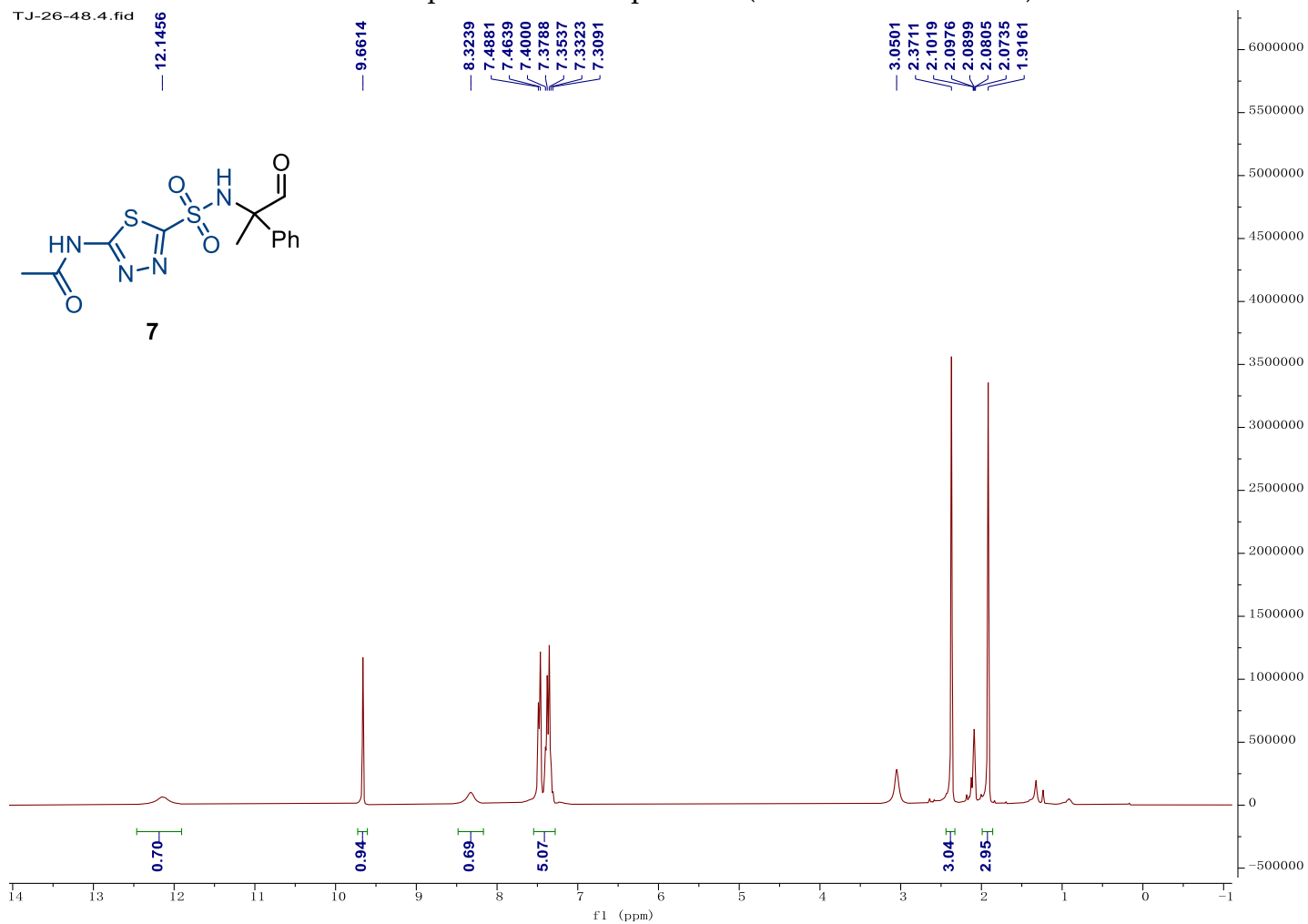


¹⁹F NMR spectrum of compound 6 (282 MHz, CDCl₃)

TJ-26-34.4.fid

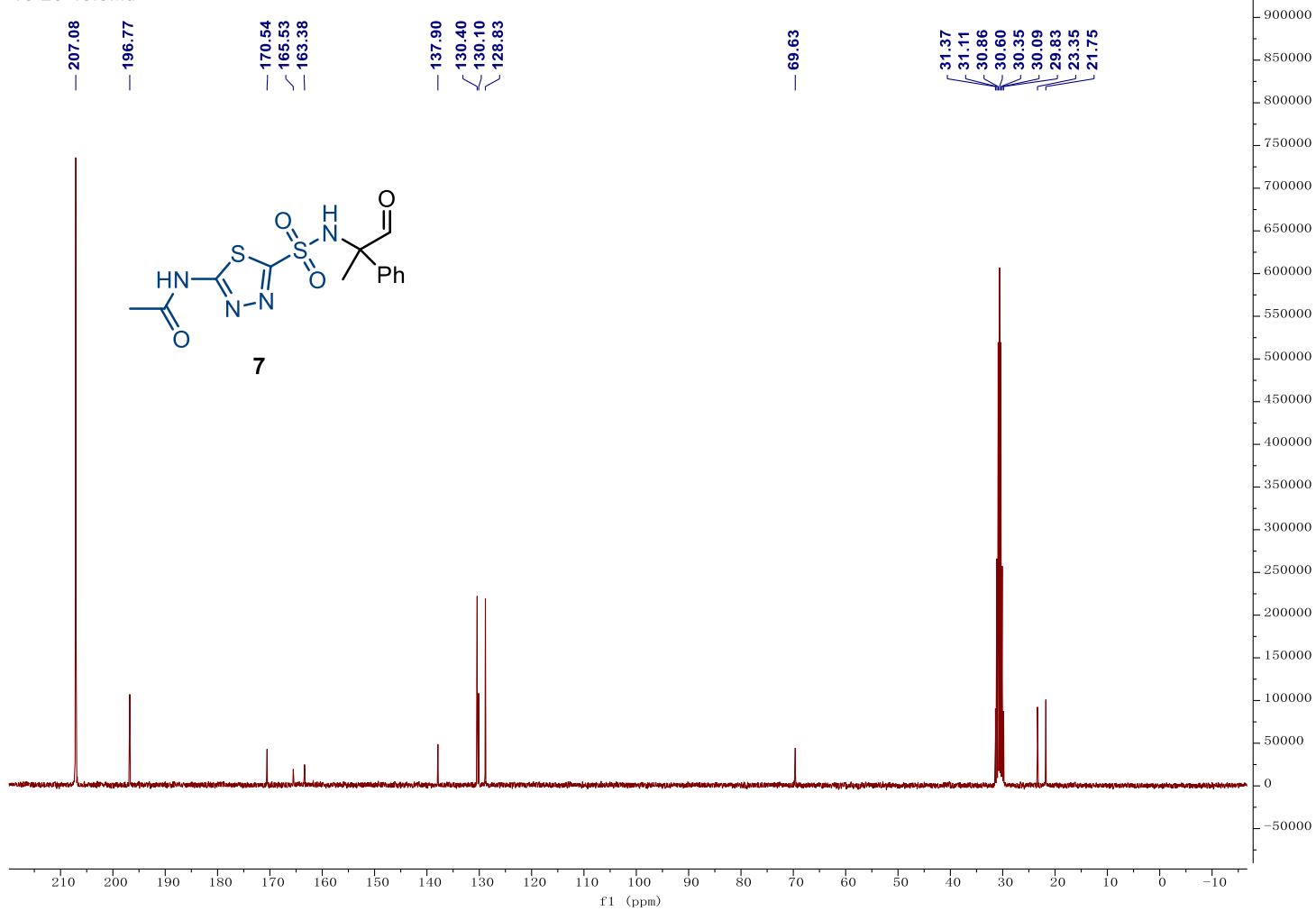


¹H NMR spectrum of compound 7 (300 MHz, Acetone-d₆)



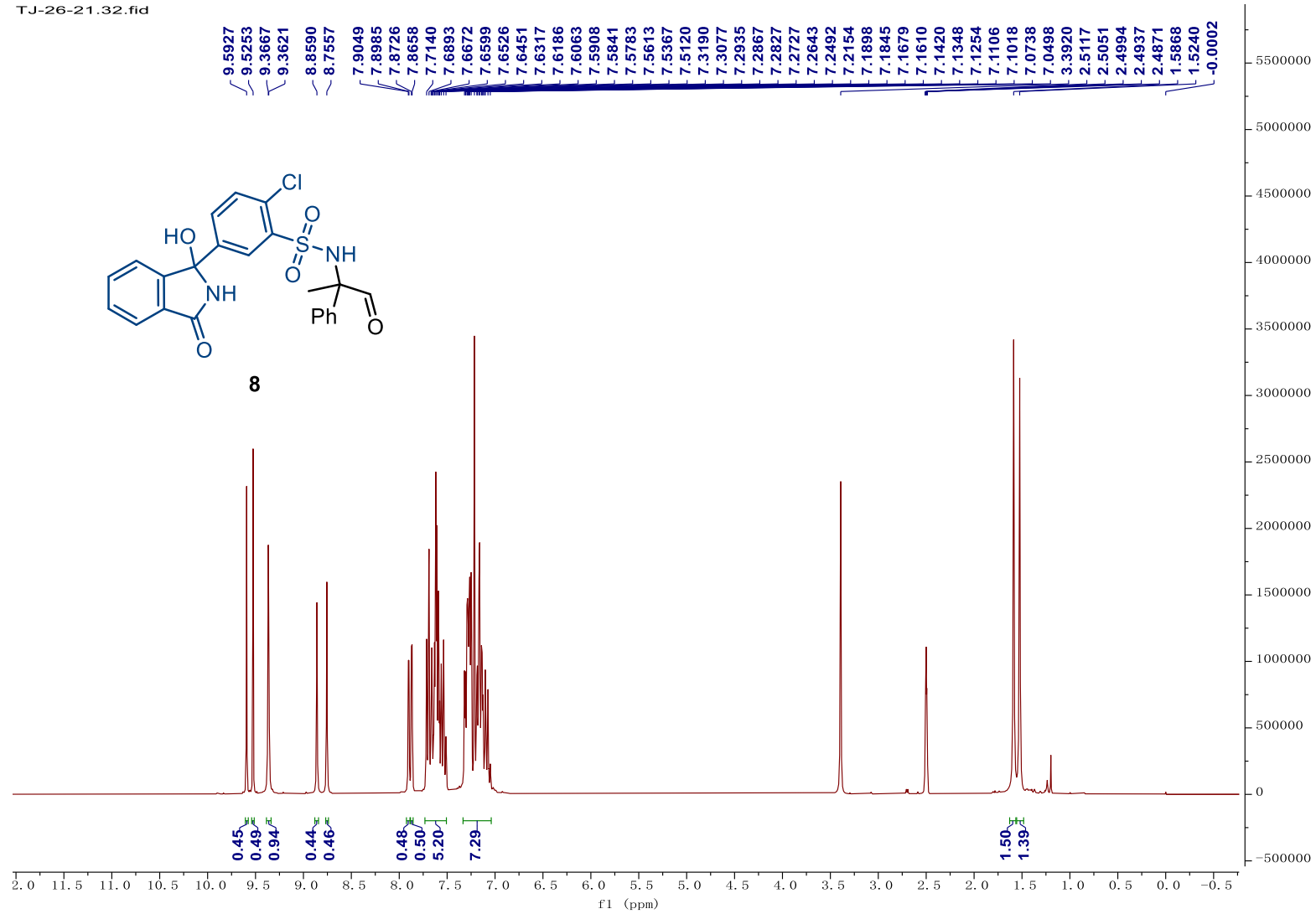
¹³C NMR spectrum of compound 7 (75 MHz, Acetone-*d*₆)

TJ-26-48.5.fid



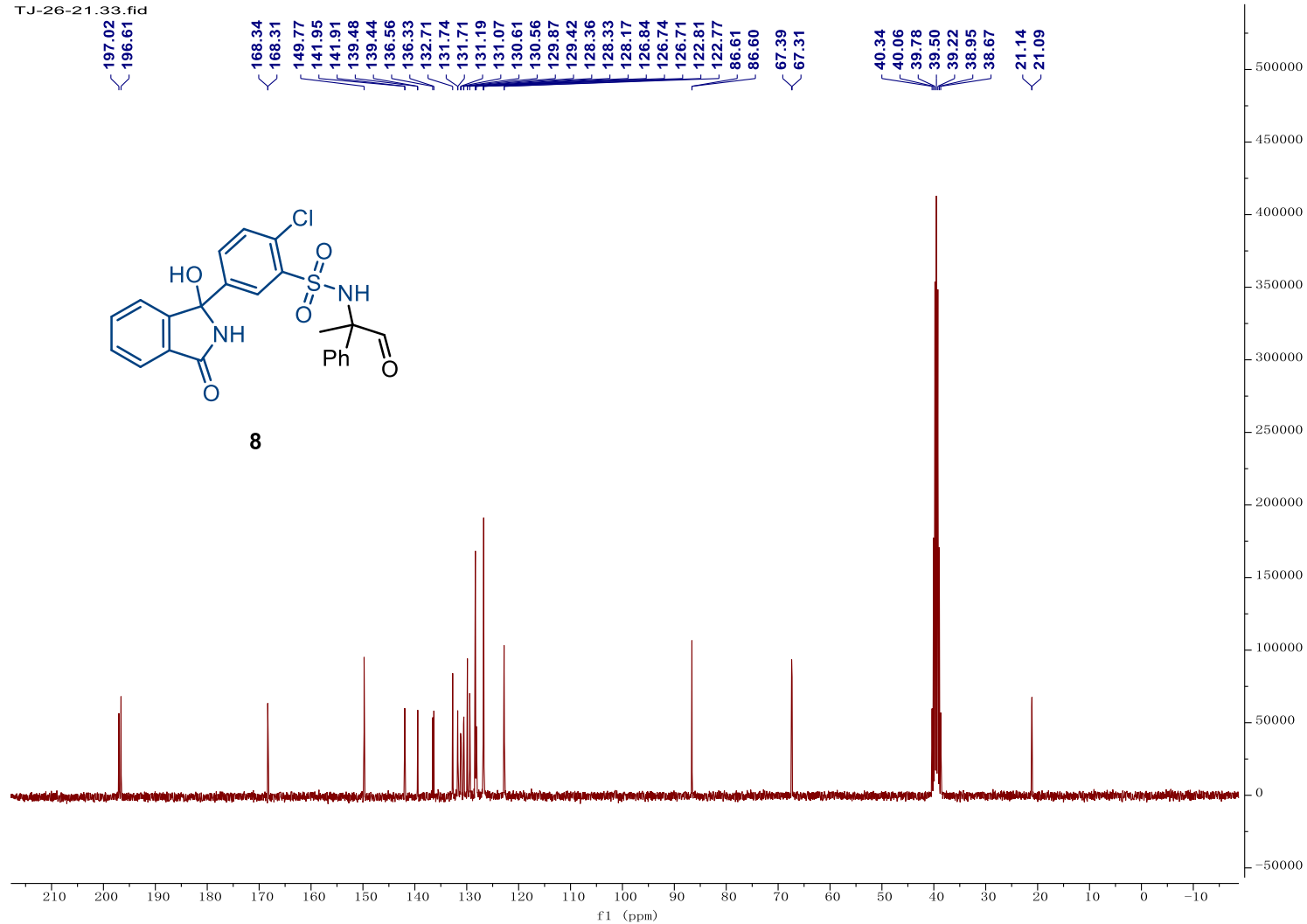
¹H NMR spectrum of compound 8 (300 MHz, DMSO-d₆)

TJ-26-21.32.fid



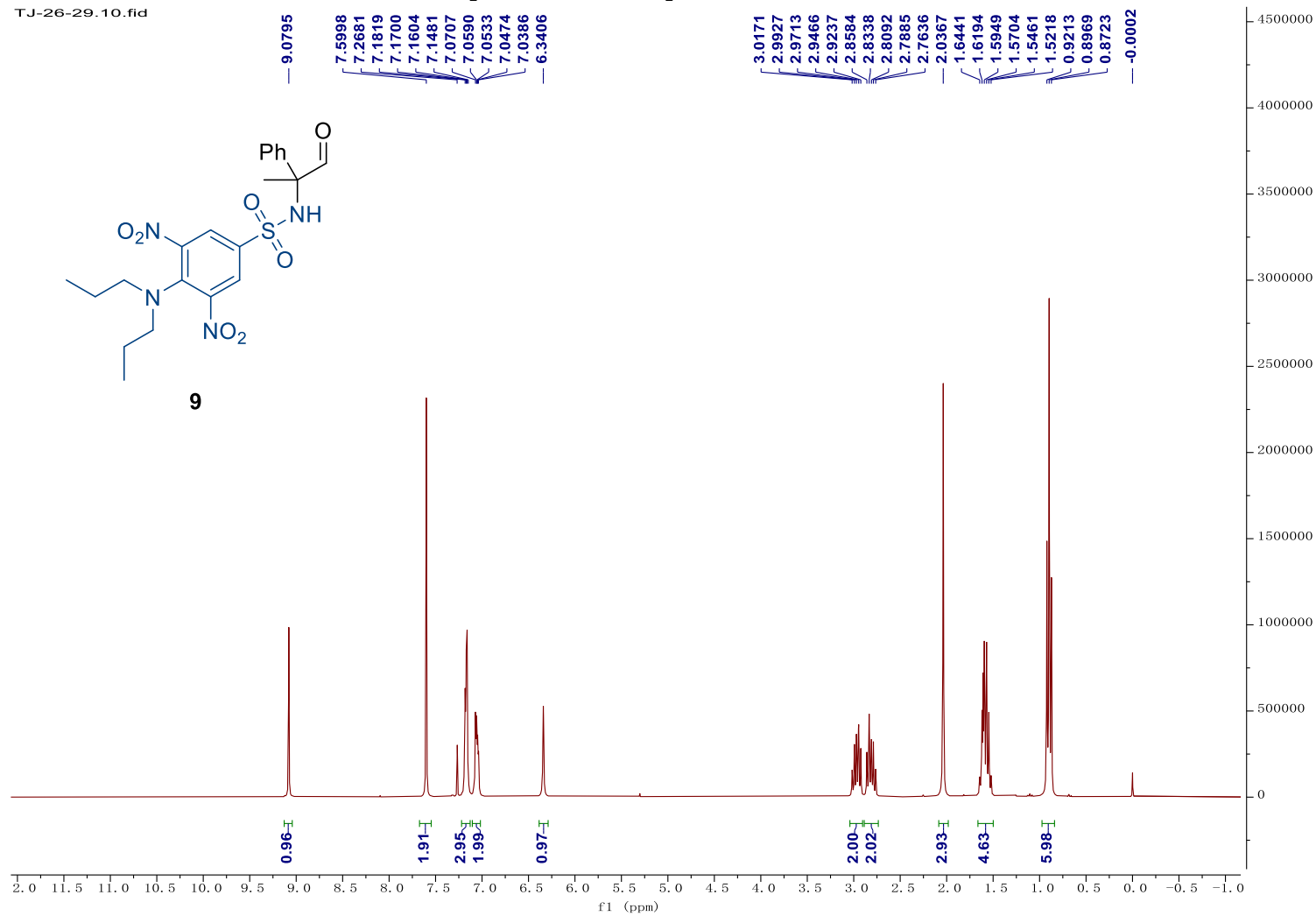
¹³C NMR spectrum of compound 8 (75 MHz, DMSO-d₆)

TJ-26-21.33.fid

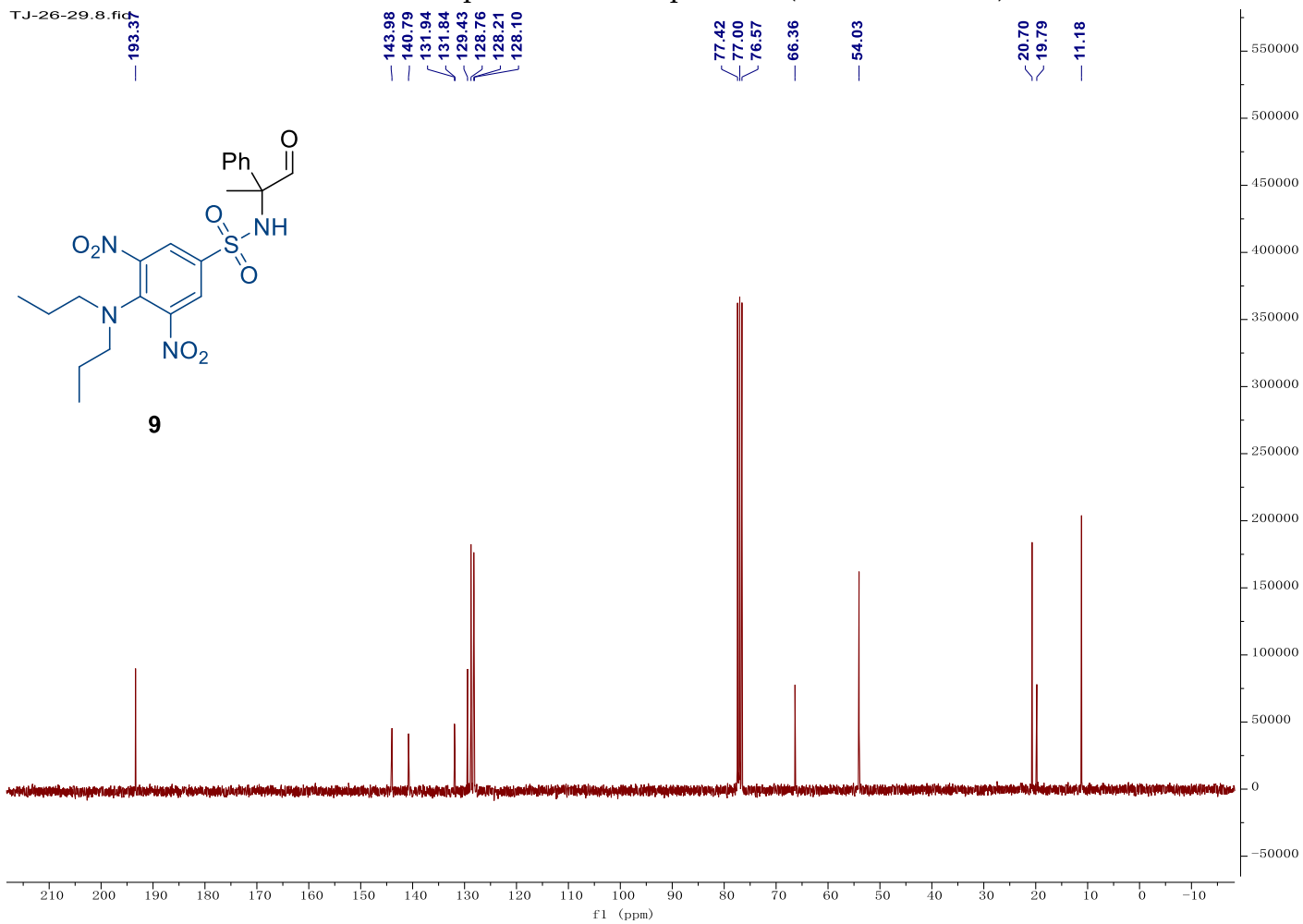


¹H NMR spectrum of compound 9 (300 MHz, CDCl₃)

TJ-26-29.10.fid

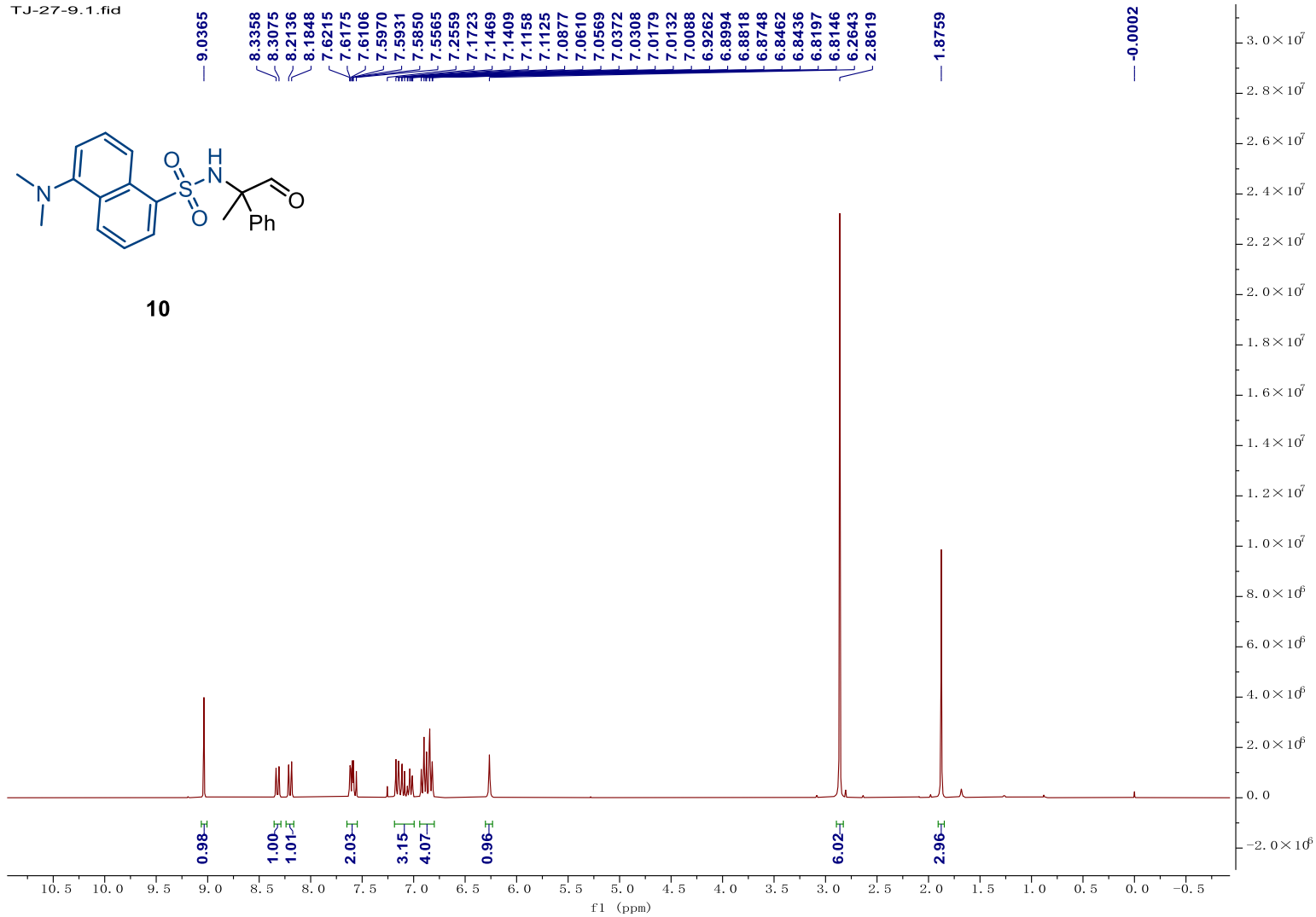


¹³C NMR spectrum of compound 9 (75 MHz, CDCl₃)



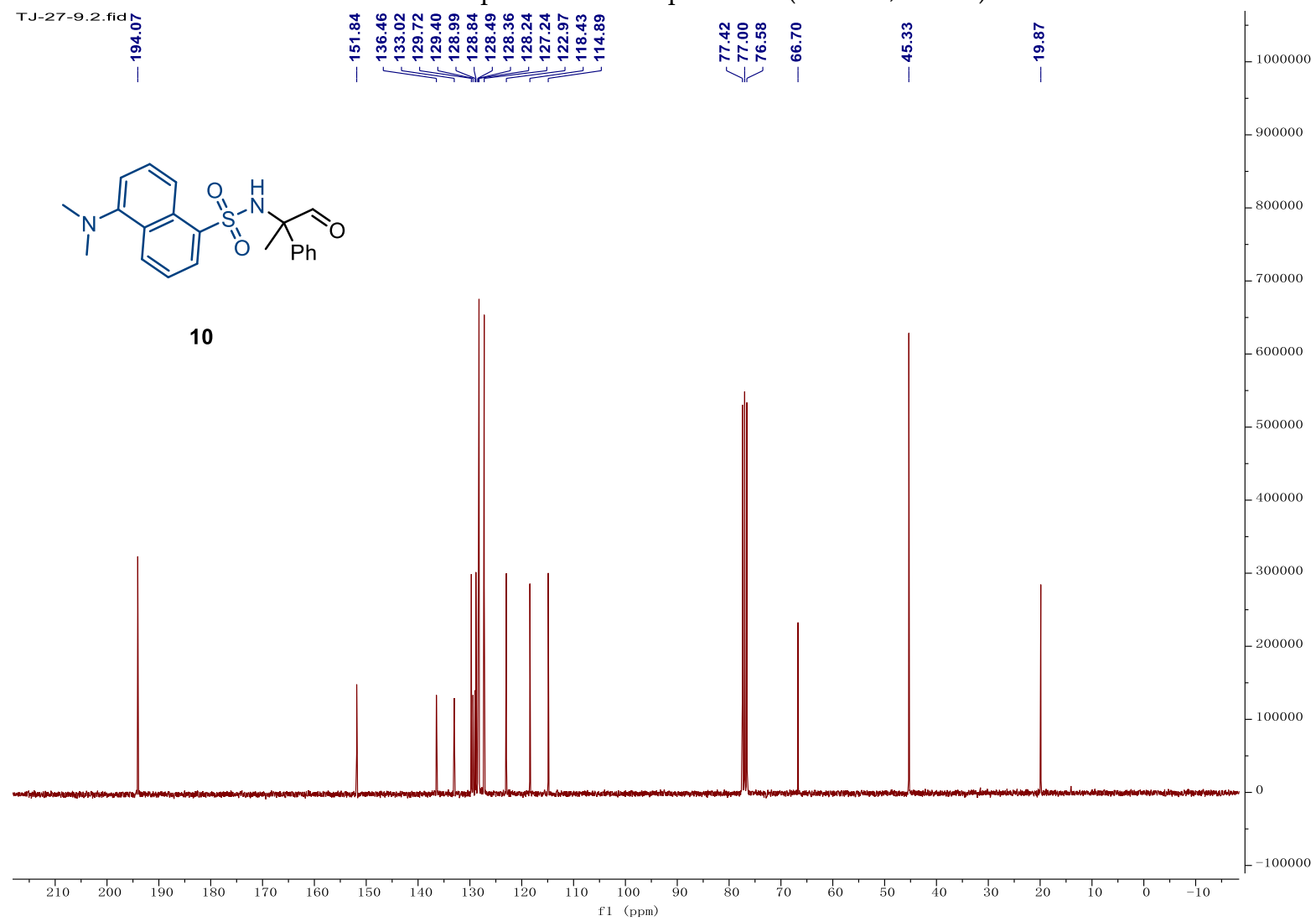
¹H NMR spectrum of compound **10** (300 MHz, CDCl₃)

TJ-27-9.1.fid

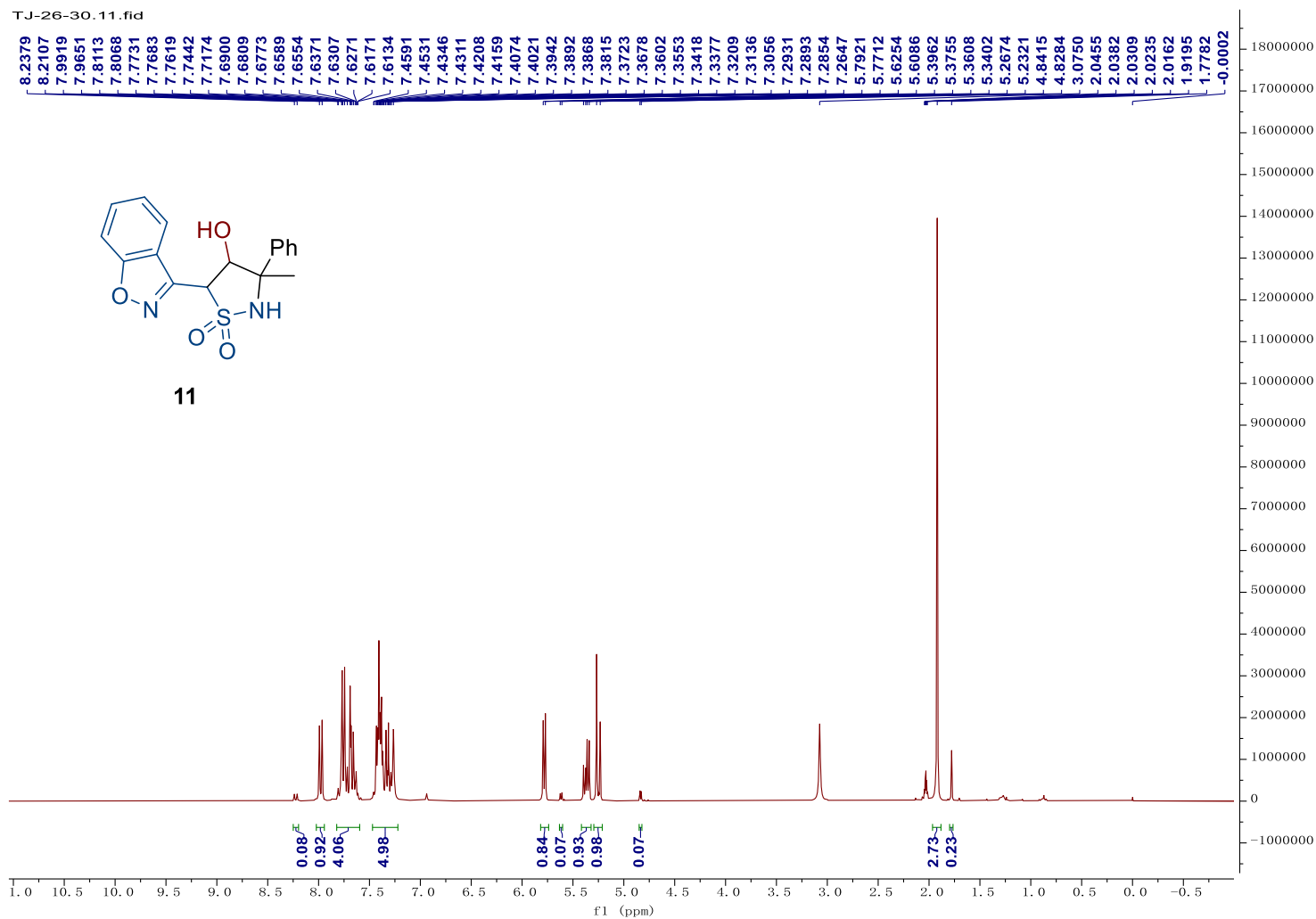


¹³C NMR spectrum of compound 10 (75 MHz, CDCl₃)

TJ-27-9.2.fid

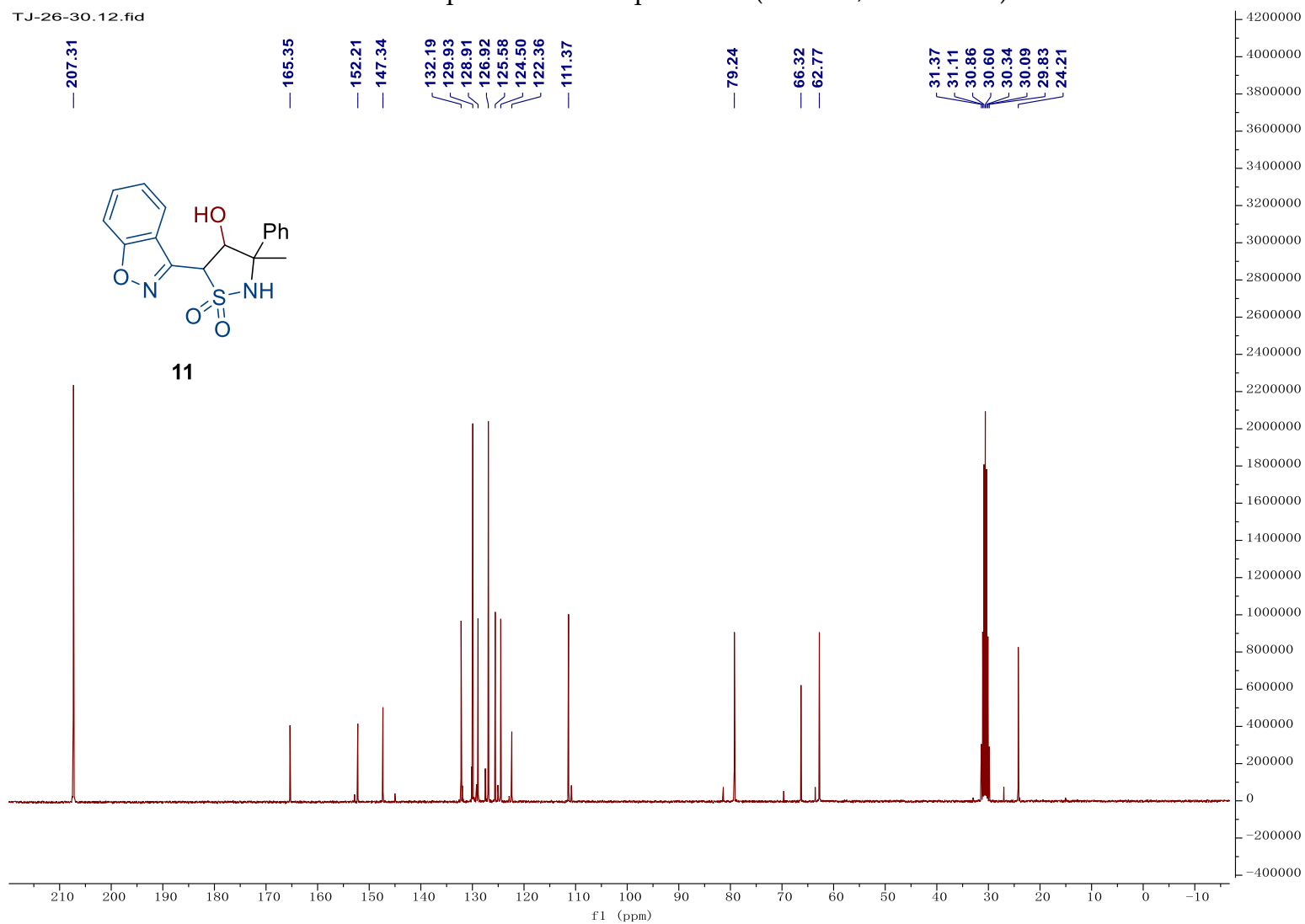


¹H NMR spectrum of compound **11** (300 MHz, Acetone-d₆)



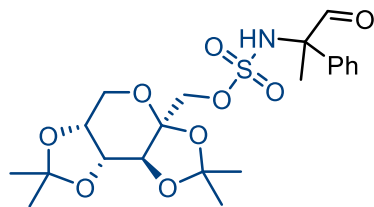
¹³C NMR spectrum of compound **11** (75 MHz, Acetone-*d*₆)

TJ-26-30.12.fid

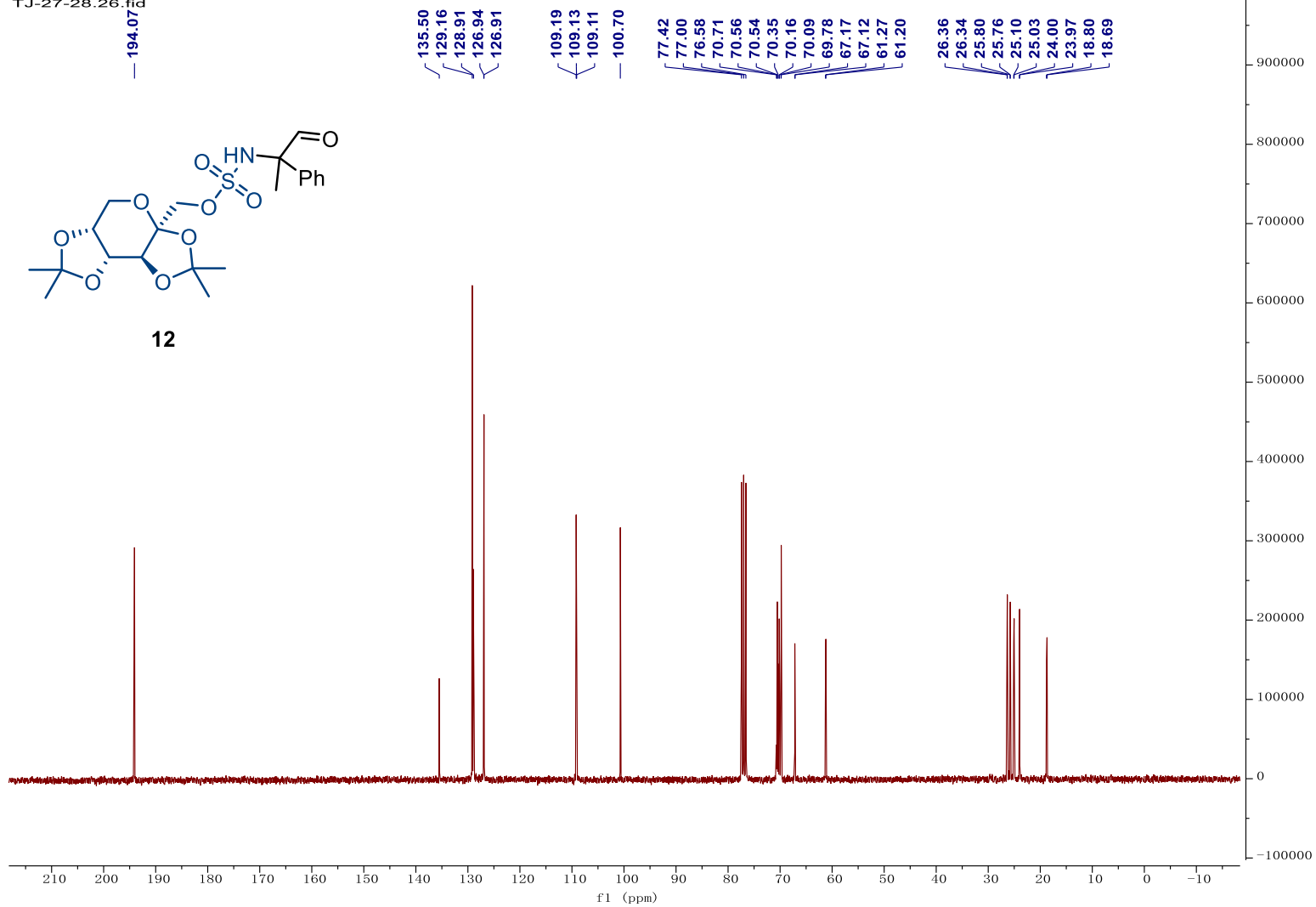


¹³C NMR spectrum of compound 12 (75 MHz, CDCl₃)

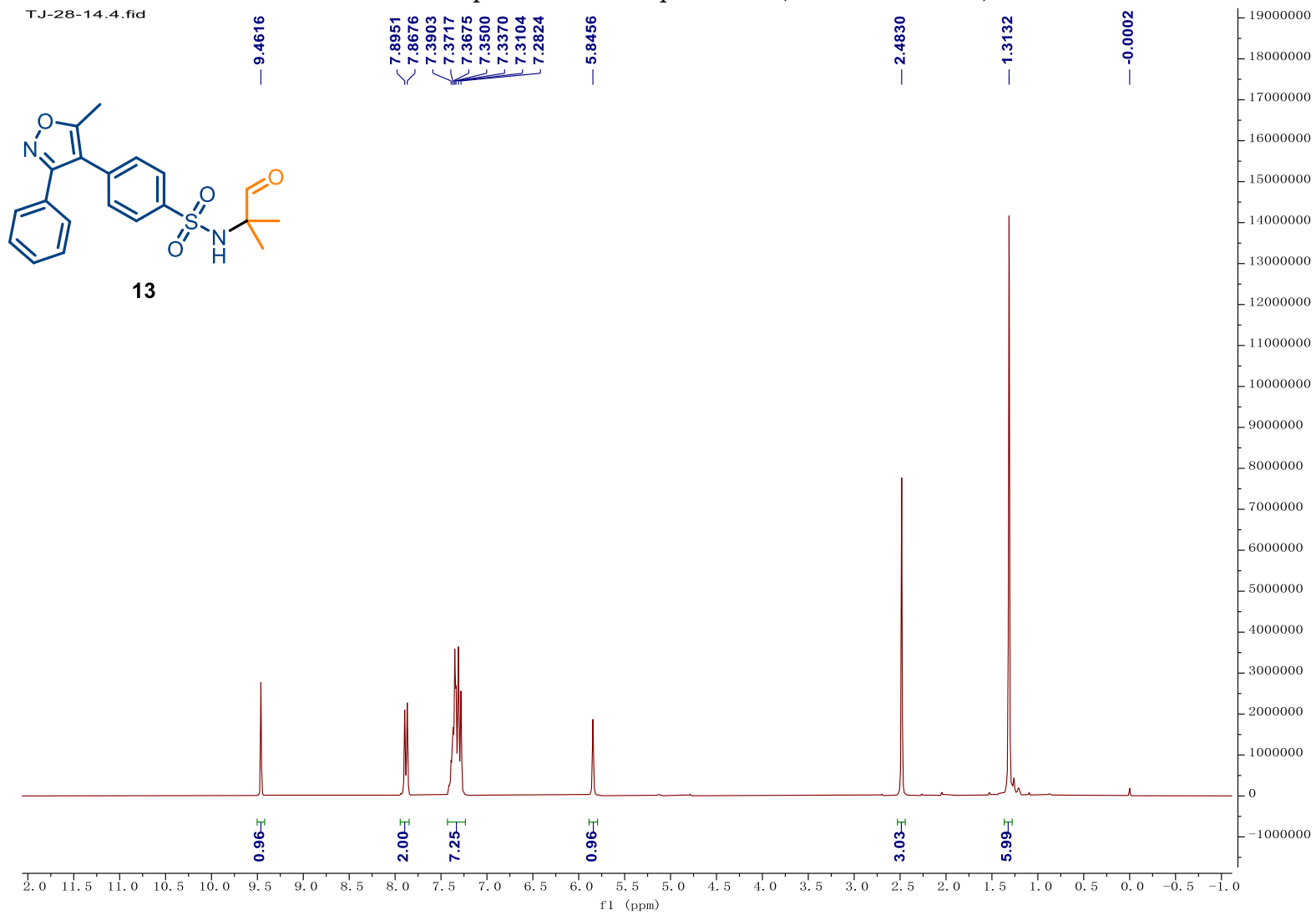
TJ-27-28.26.fid



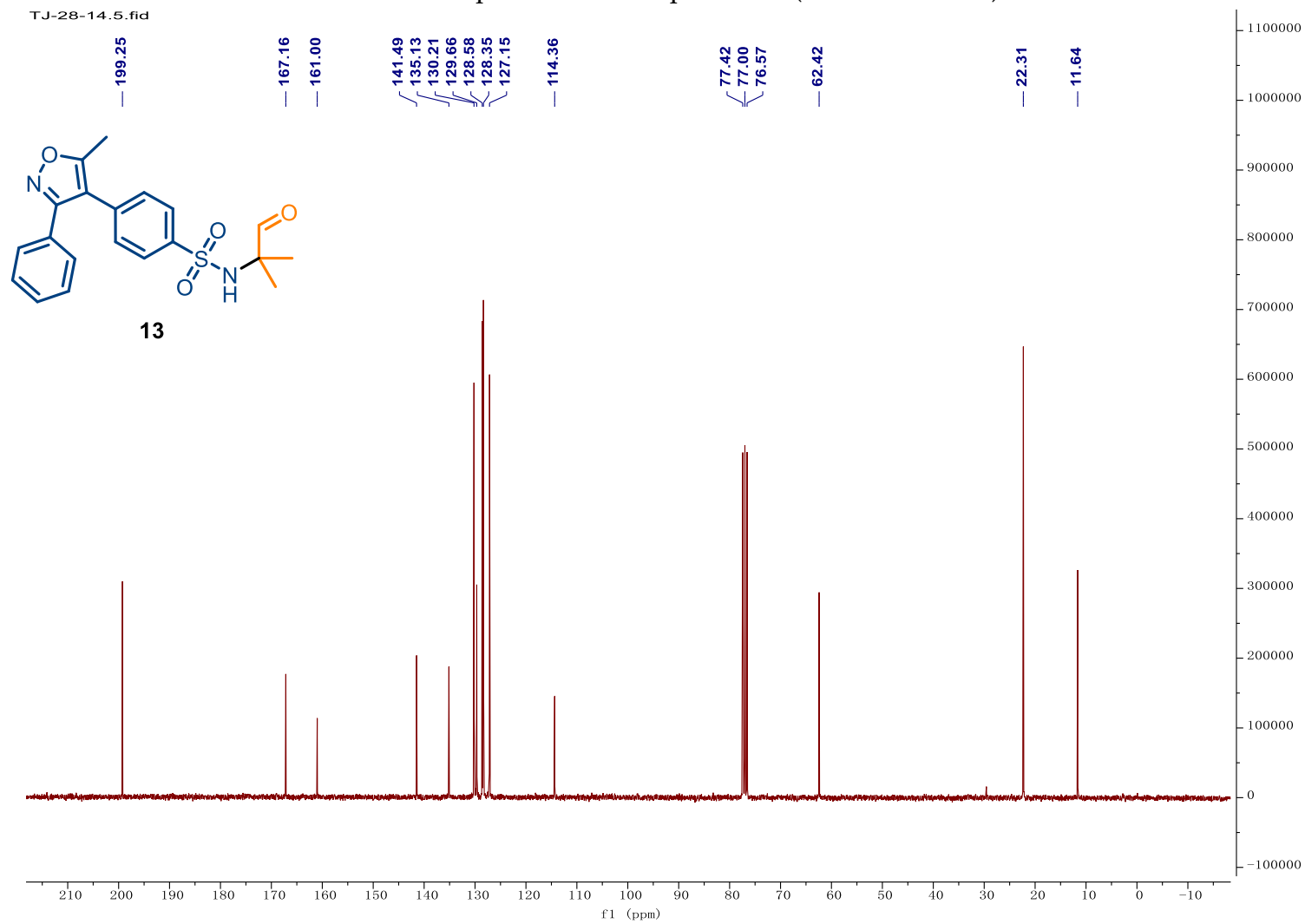
12



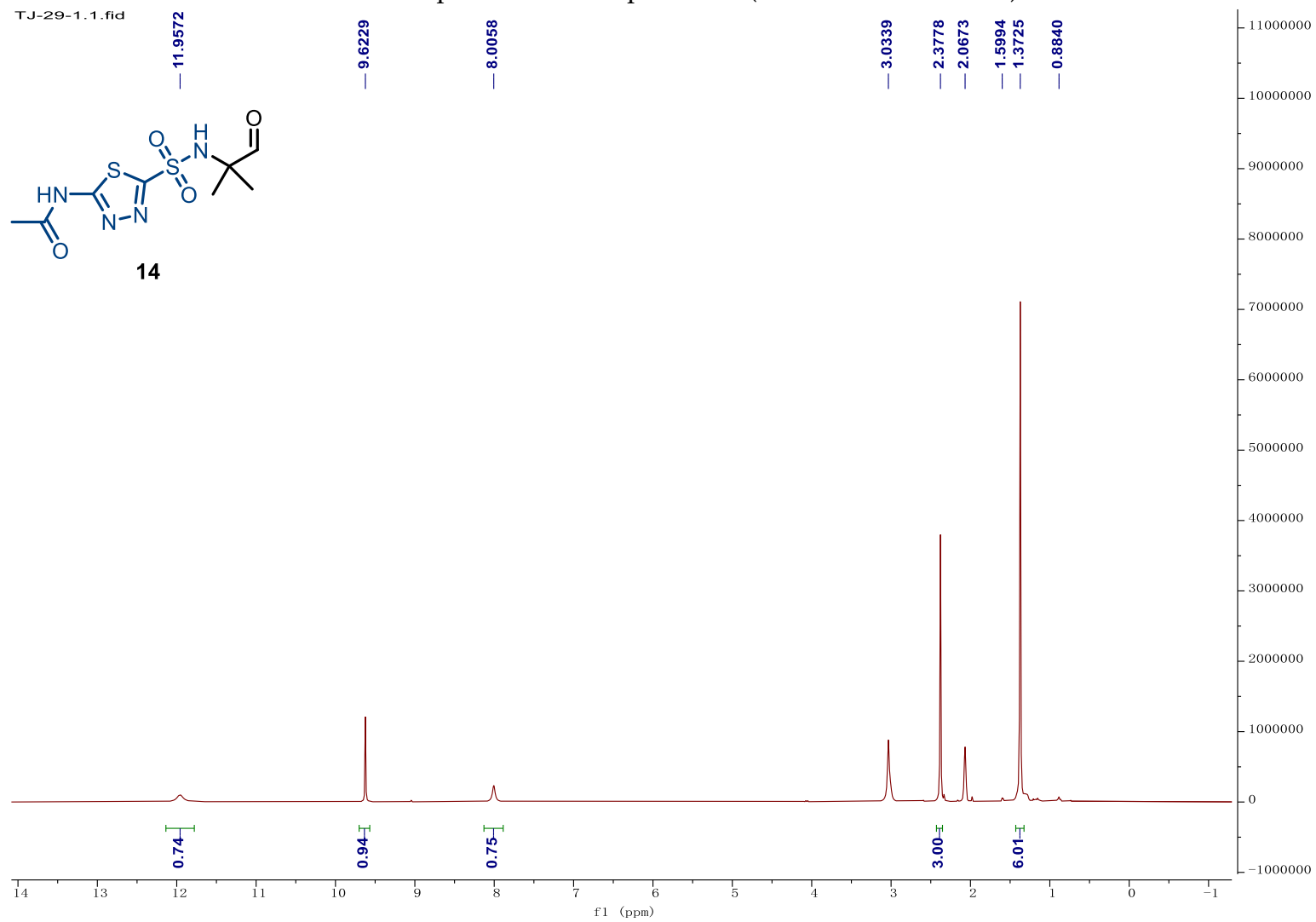
¹H NMR spectrum of compound 13 (300 MHz, CDCl₃)



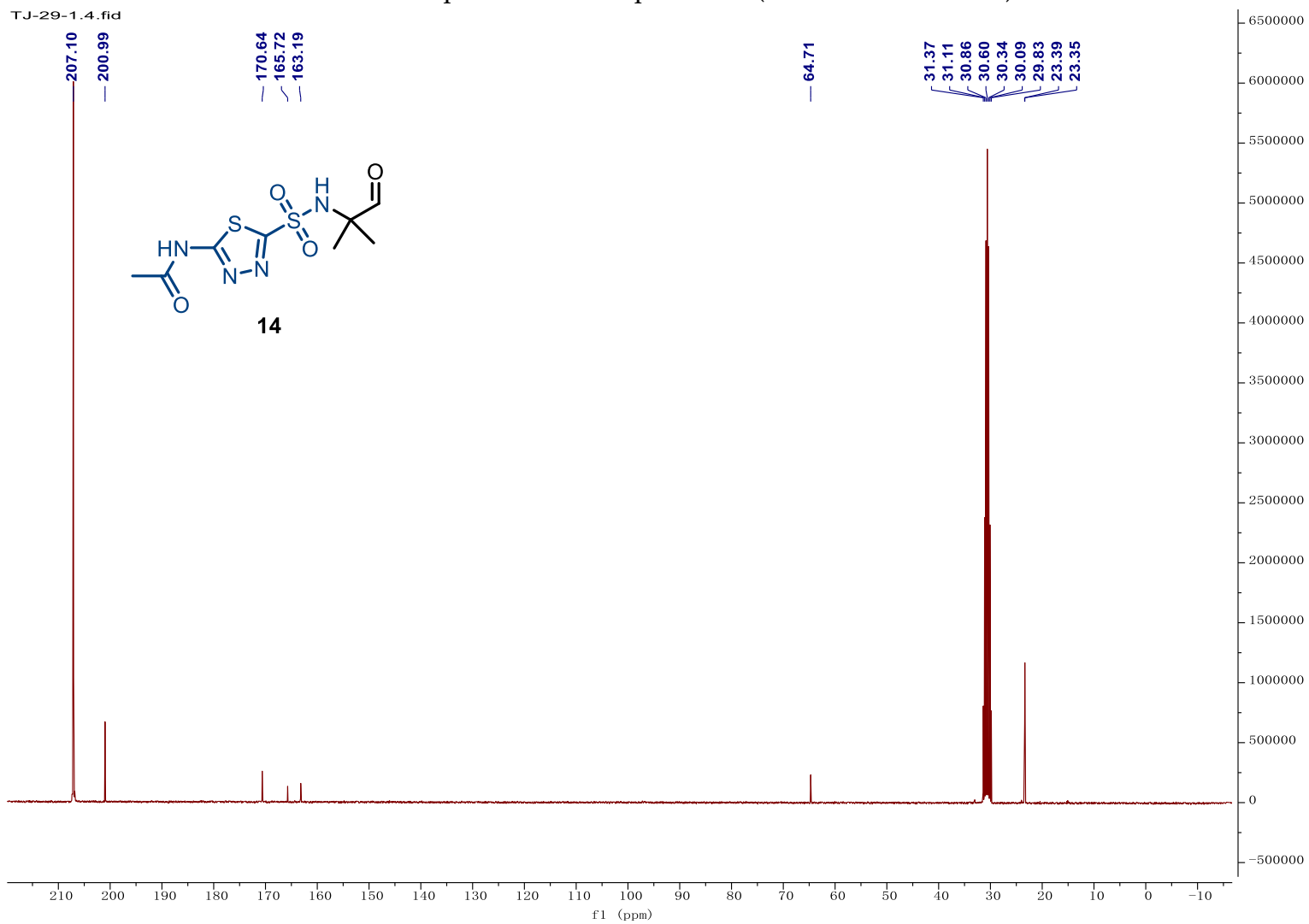
¹³C NMR spectrum of compound 13 (75 MHz, CDCl₃)



¹H NMR spectrum of compound 14 (300 MHz, Acetone-d₆)

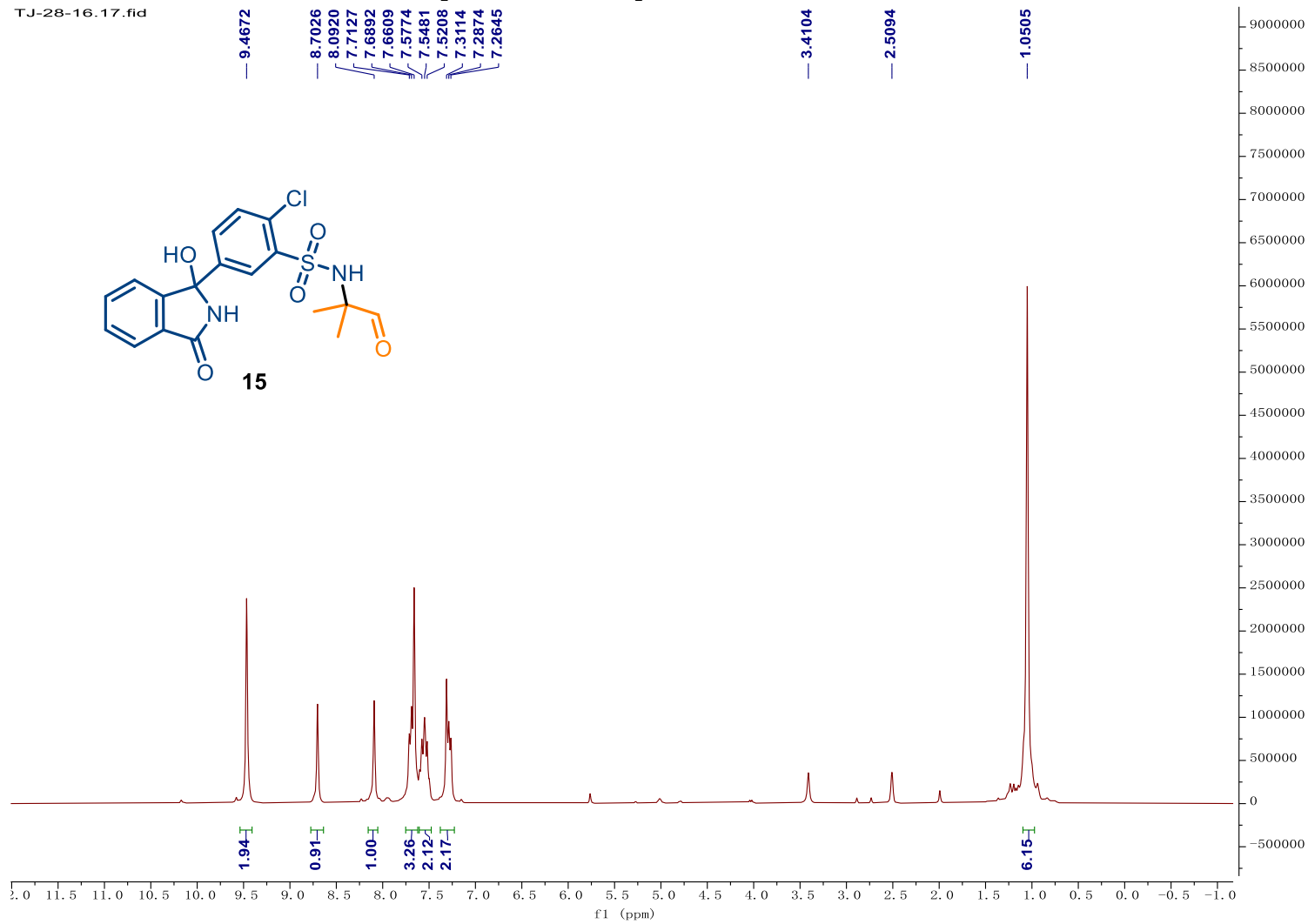


¹³C NMR spectrum of compound **14** (75 MHz, Acetone-*d*₆)



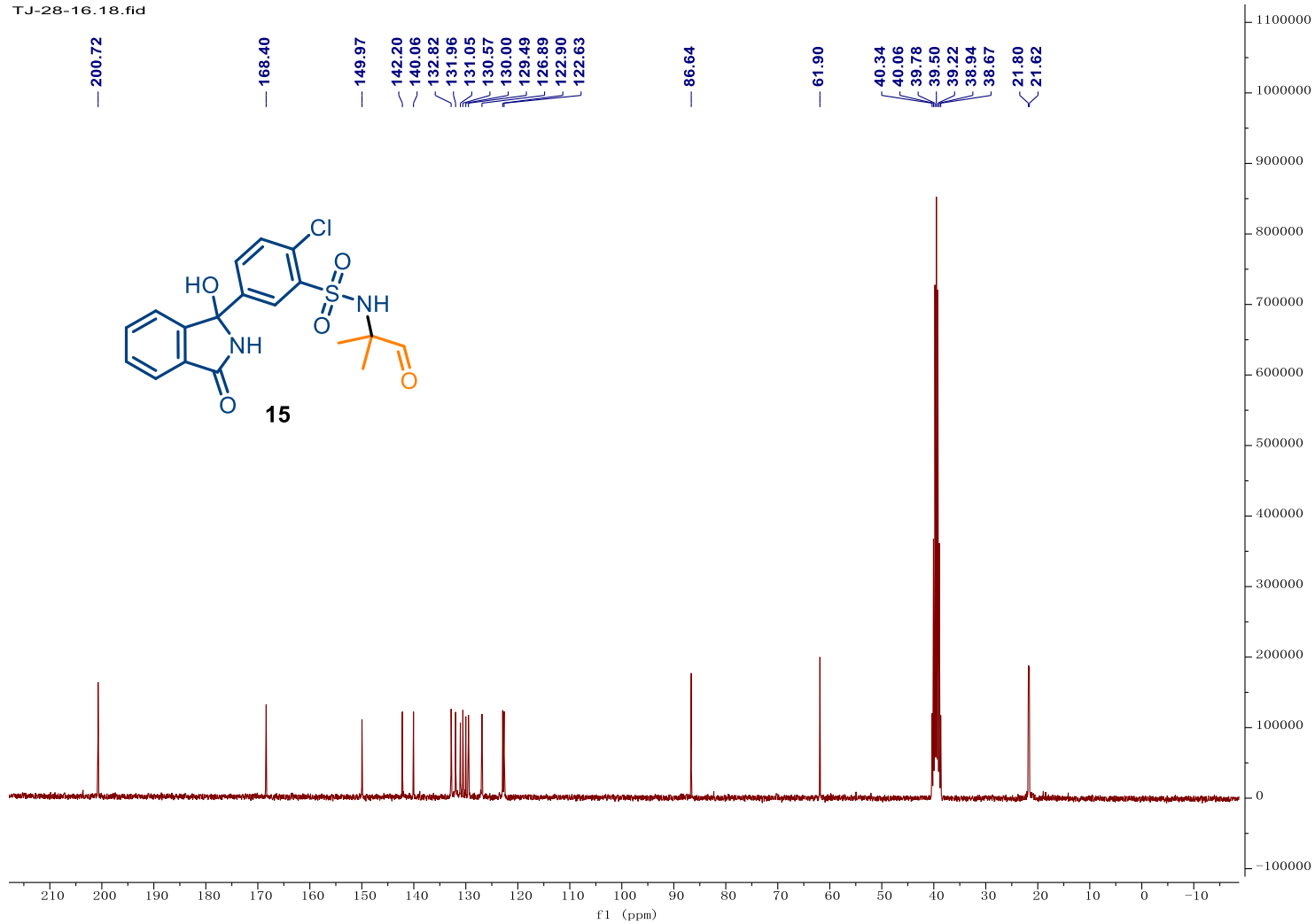
TJ-28-16.17.fid

¹H NMR spectrum of compound 15 (300 MHz, DMSO-d₆)

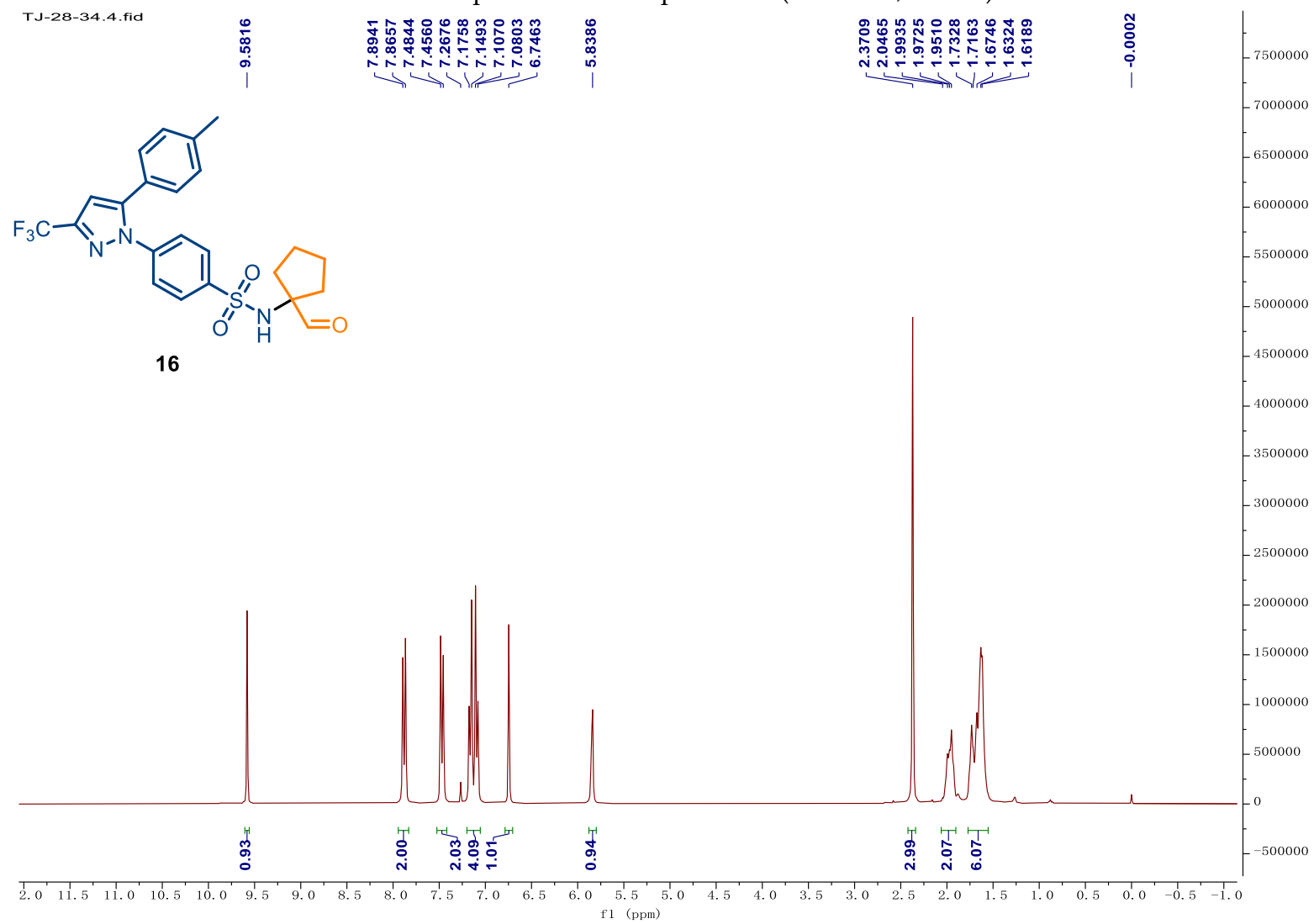


¹³C NMR spectrum of compound 15 (75 MHz, DMSO-d₆)

TJ-28-16.18.fid

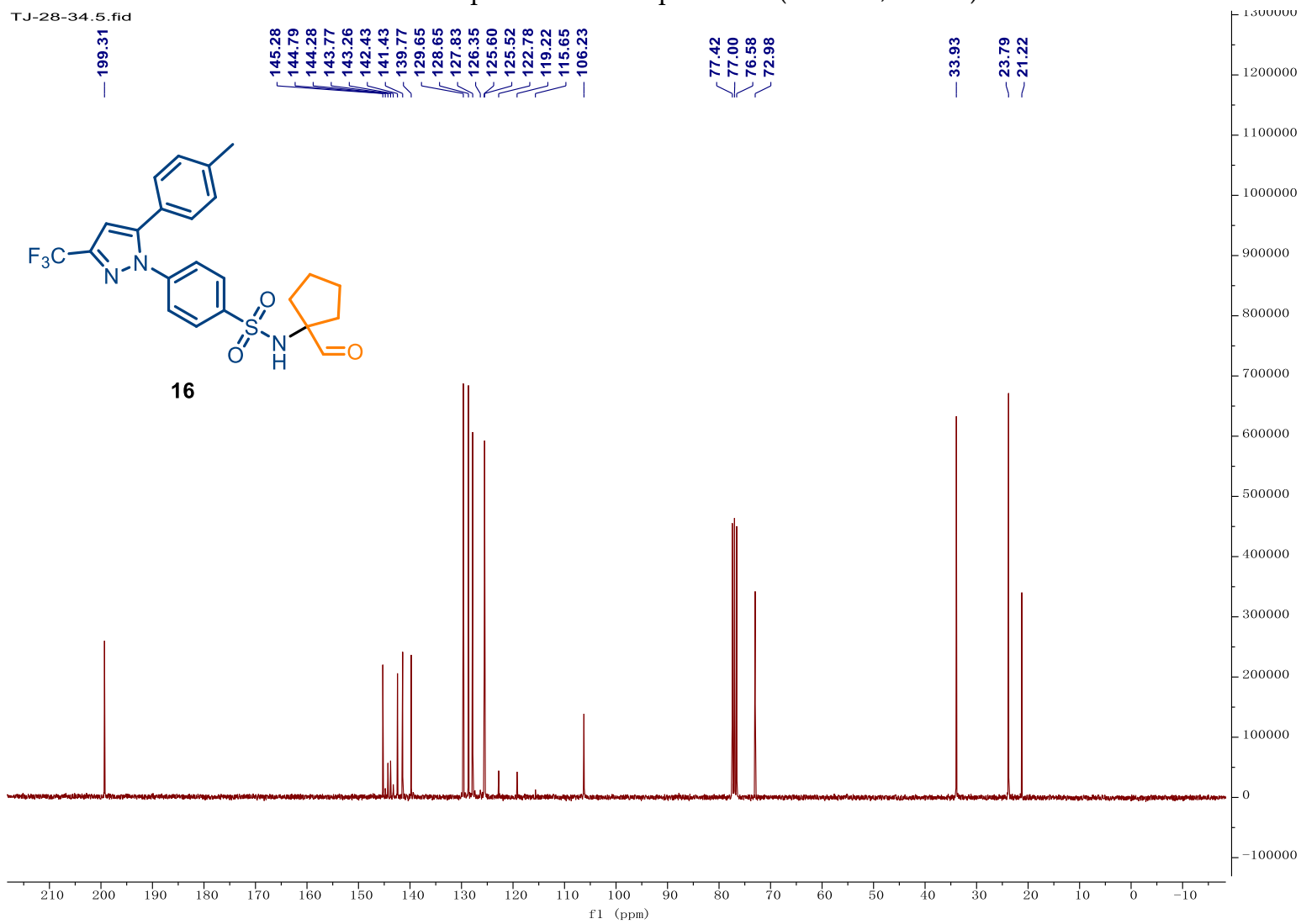


¹H NMR spectrum of compound **16** (300 MHz, CDCl₃)



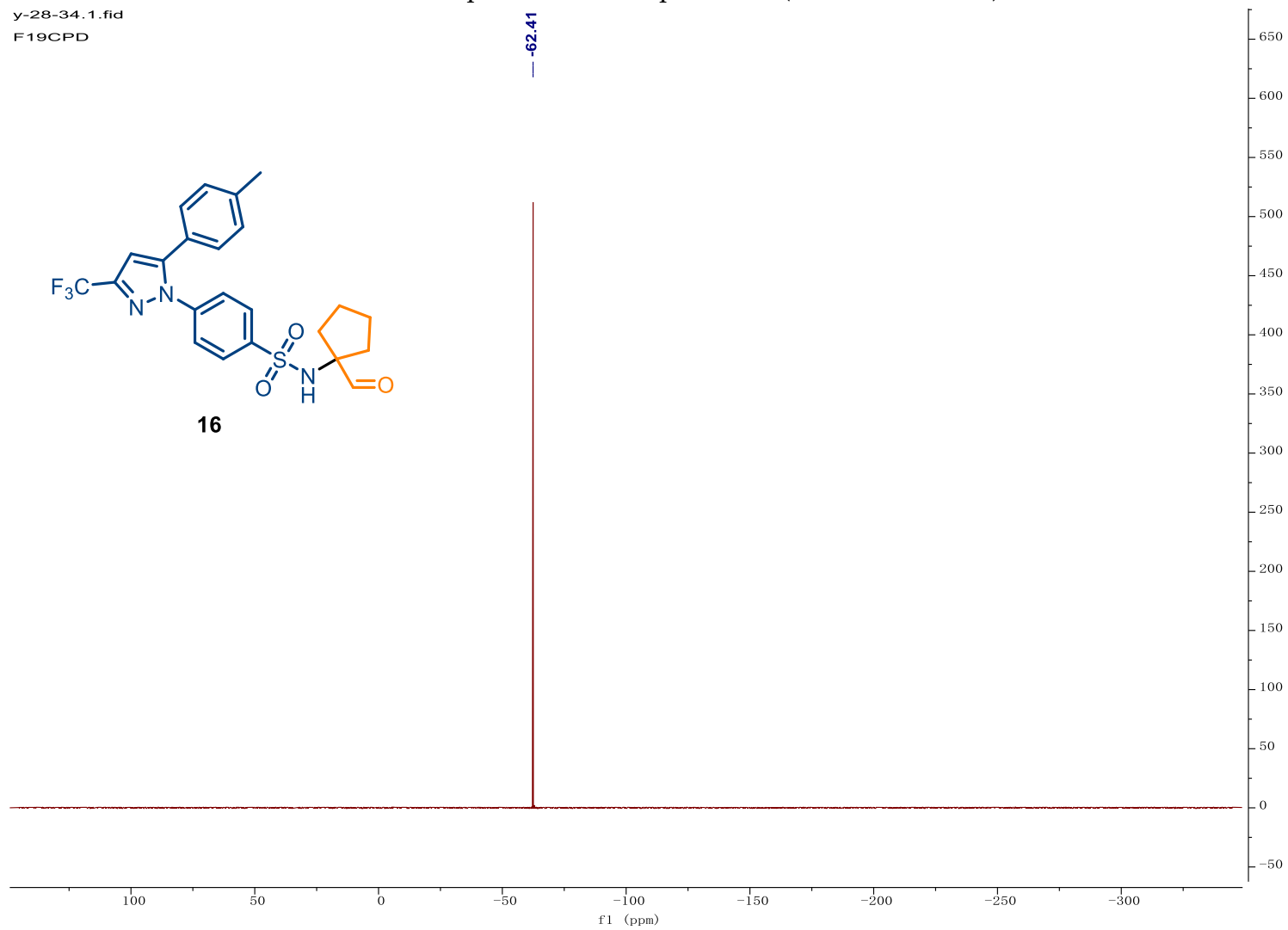
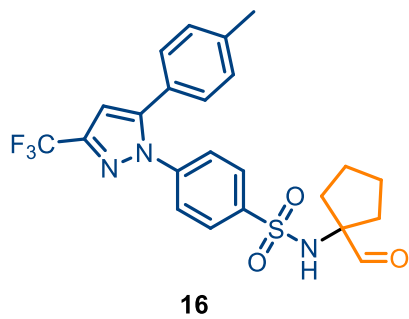
¹³C NMR spectrum of compound 16 (75 MHz, CDCl₃)

TJ-28-34.5.fid



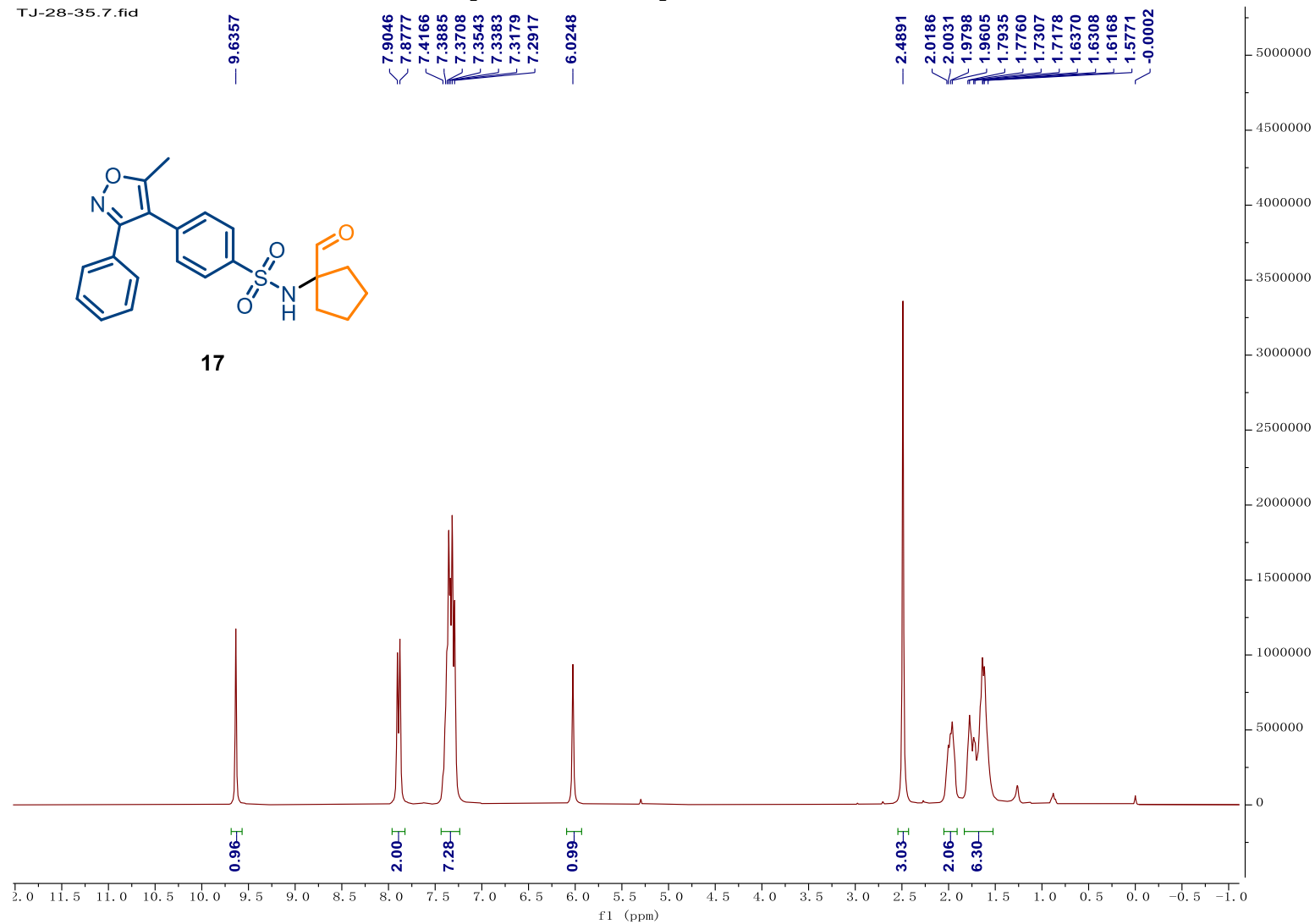
¹⁹F NMR spectrum of compound **16** (376 MHz, CDCl₃)

y-28-34.1.fid
F19CPD

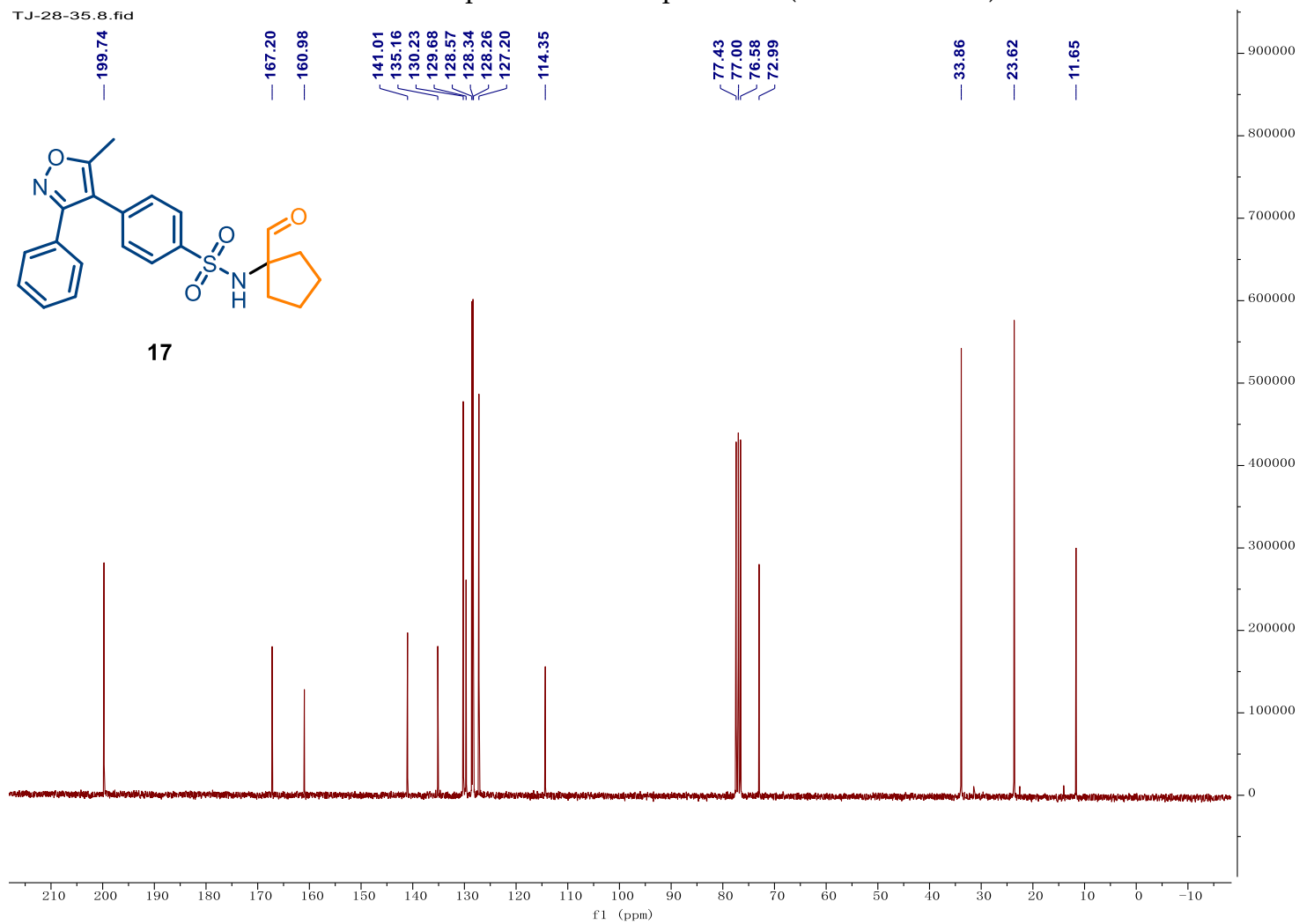


¹H NMR spectrum of compound 17 (300 MHz, CDCl₃)

TJ-28-35.7.fid

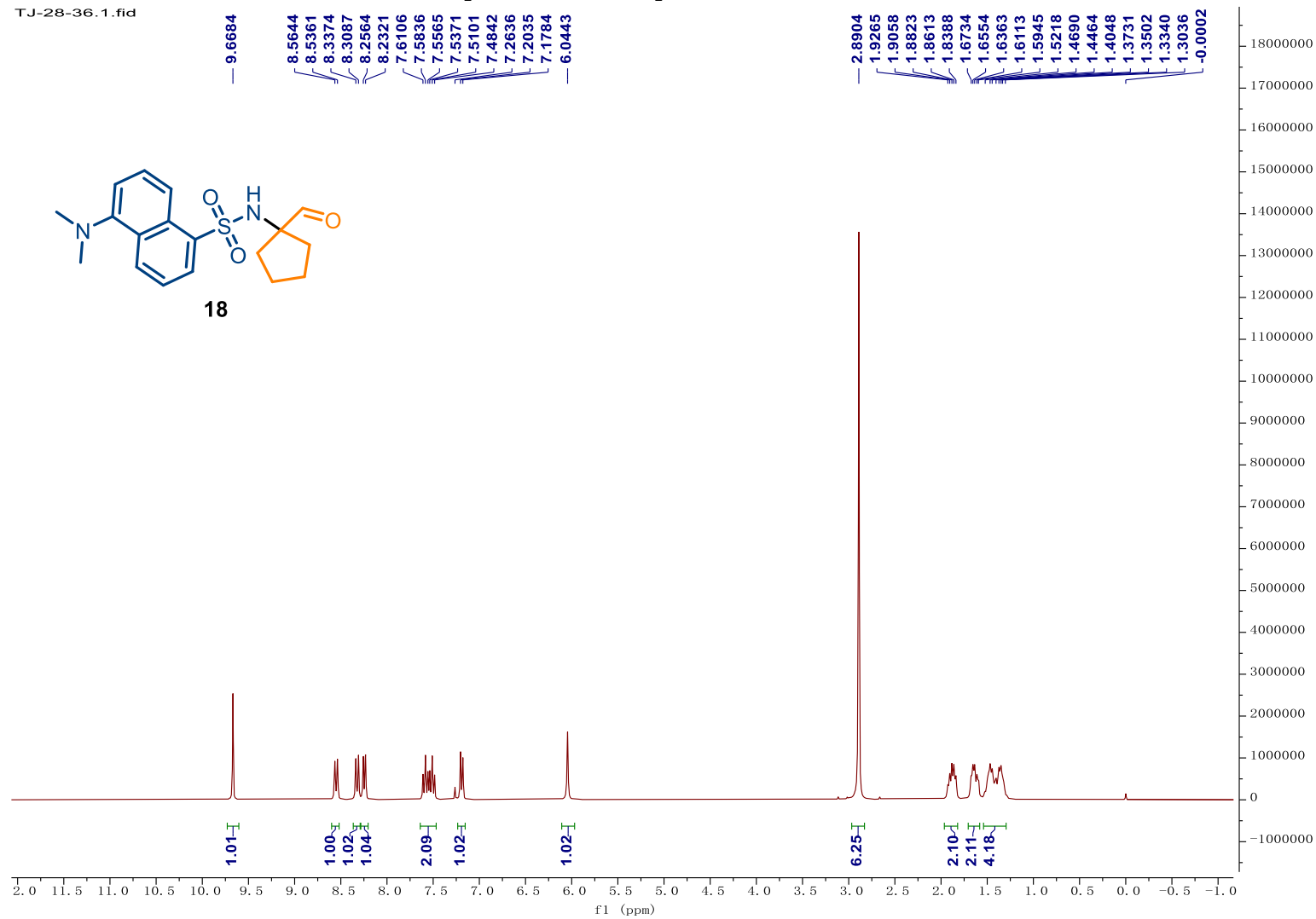


¹³C NMR spectrum of compound 17 (75 MHz, CDCl₃)



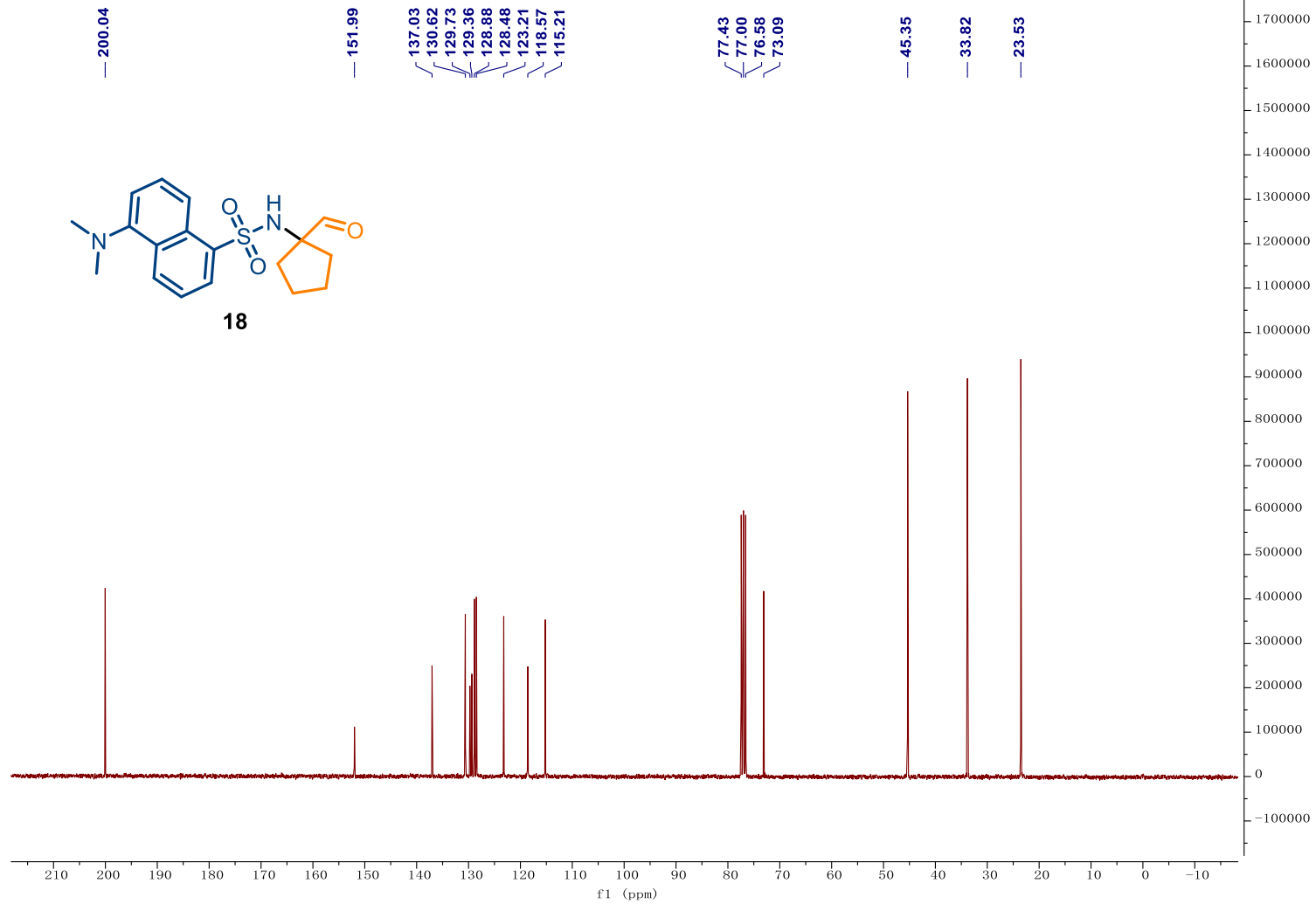
¹H NMR spectrum of compound 18 (300 MHz, CDCl₃)

TJ-28-36.1.fid



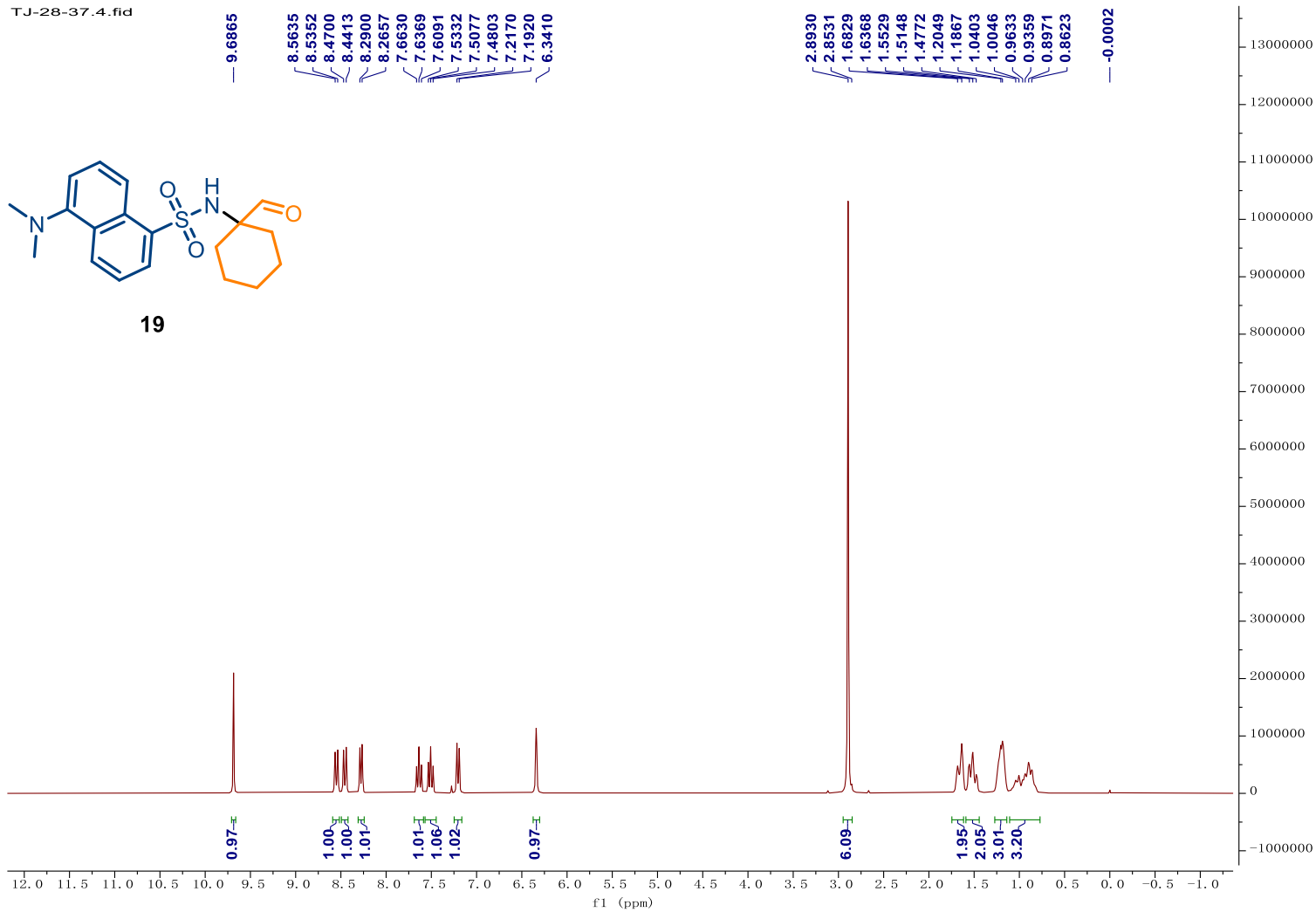
¹³C NMR spectrum of compound 18 (75 MHz, CDCl₃)

TJ-28-36.2.fid



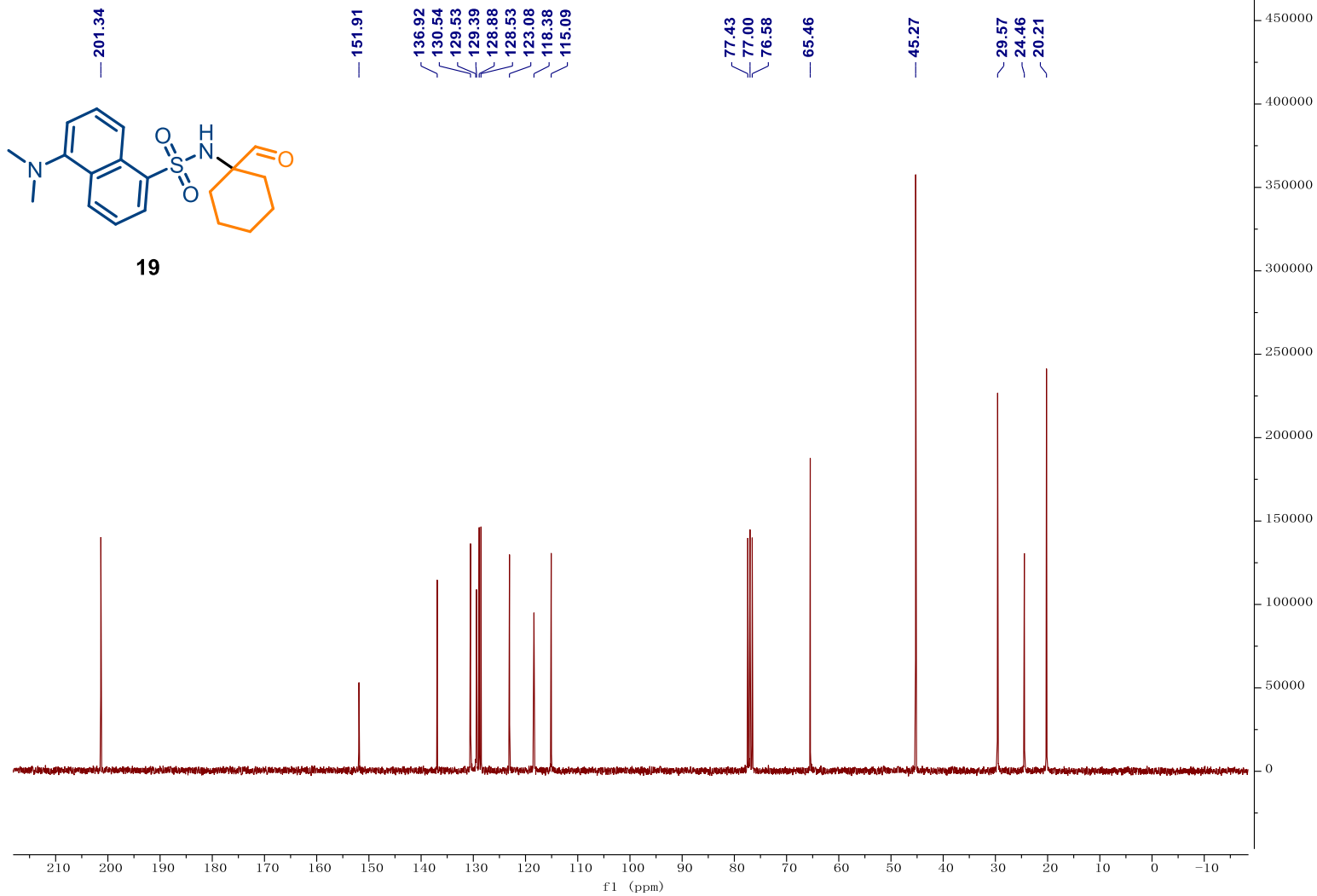
¹H NMR spectrum of compound **19** (300 MHz, CDCl₃)

TJ-28-37.4.fid

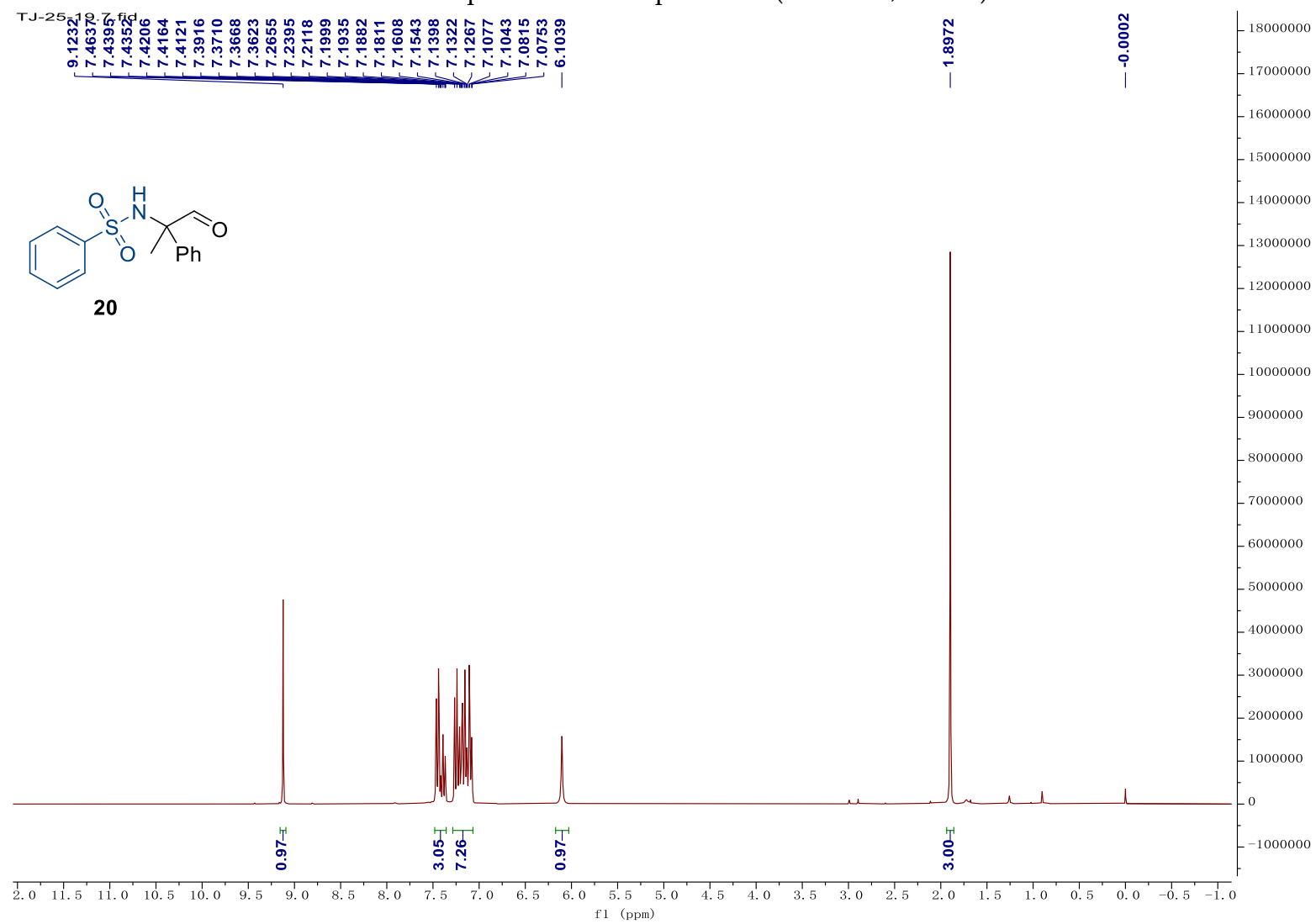


¹³C NMR spectrum of compound **19** (75 MHz, CDCl₃)

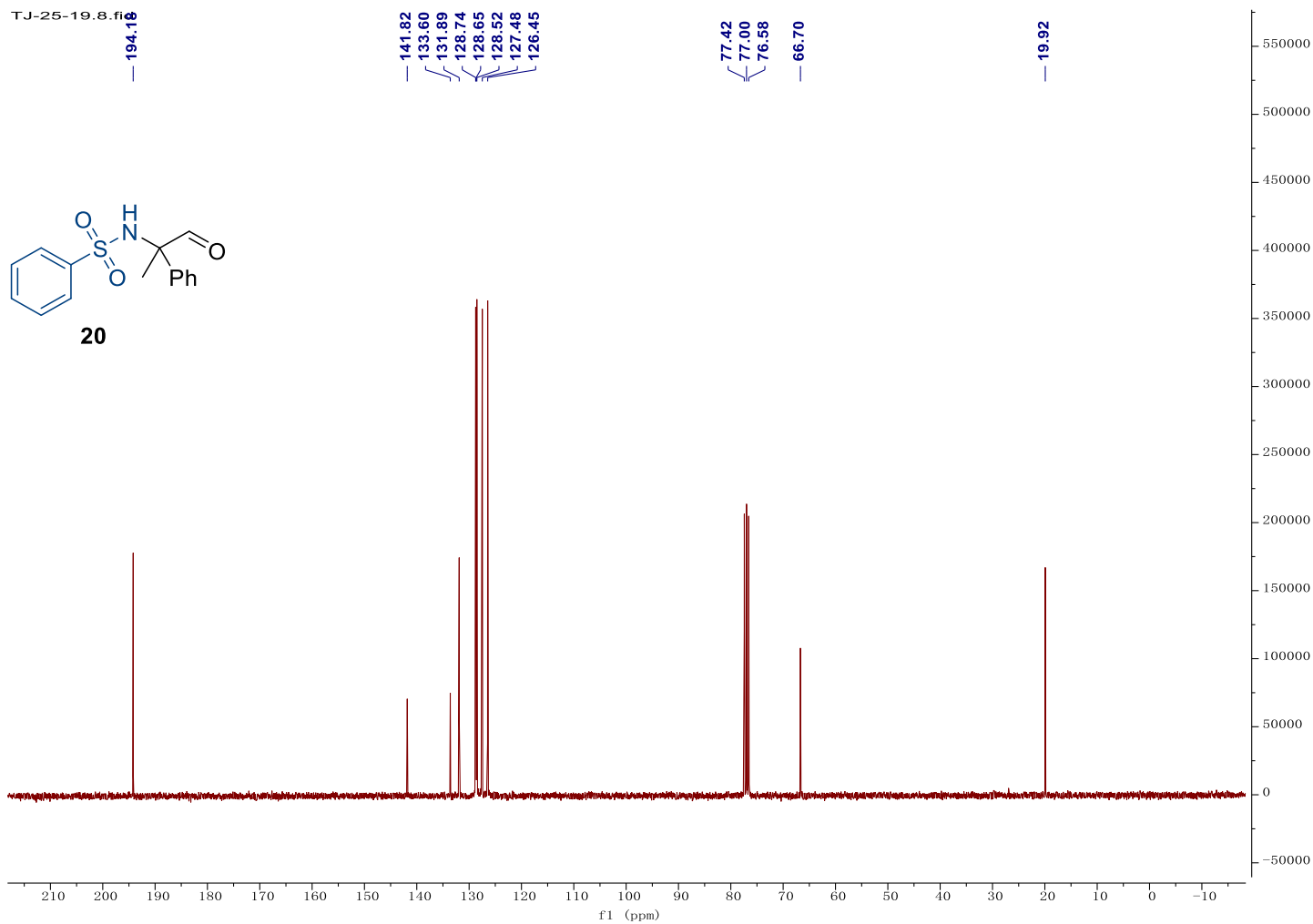
TJ-28-37.5.fid



¹H NMR spectrum of compound **20** (300 MHz, CDCl₃)

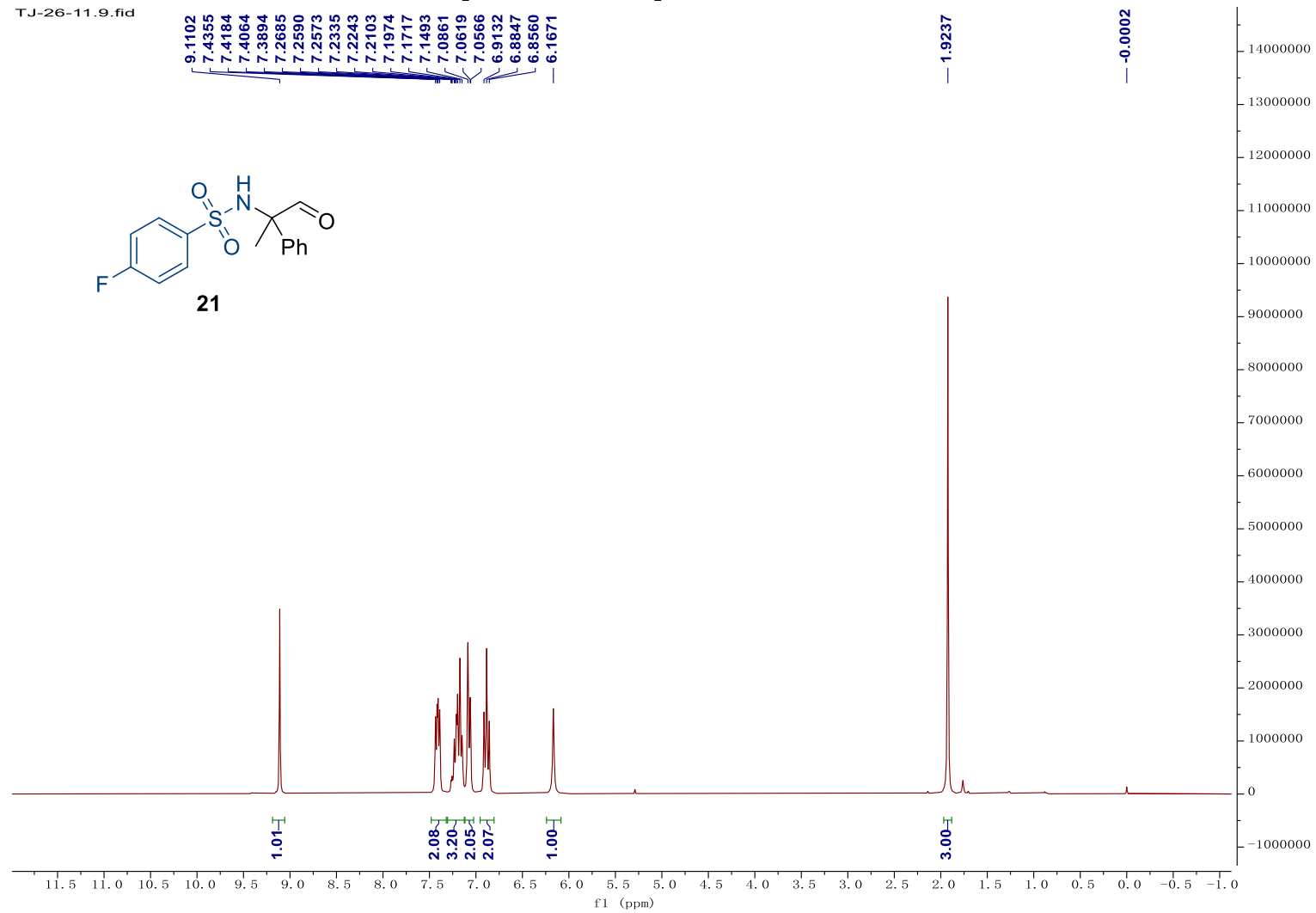


¹³C NMR spectrum of compound 20 (75 MHz, CDCl₃)



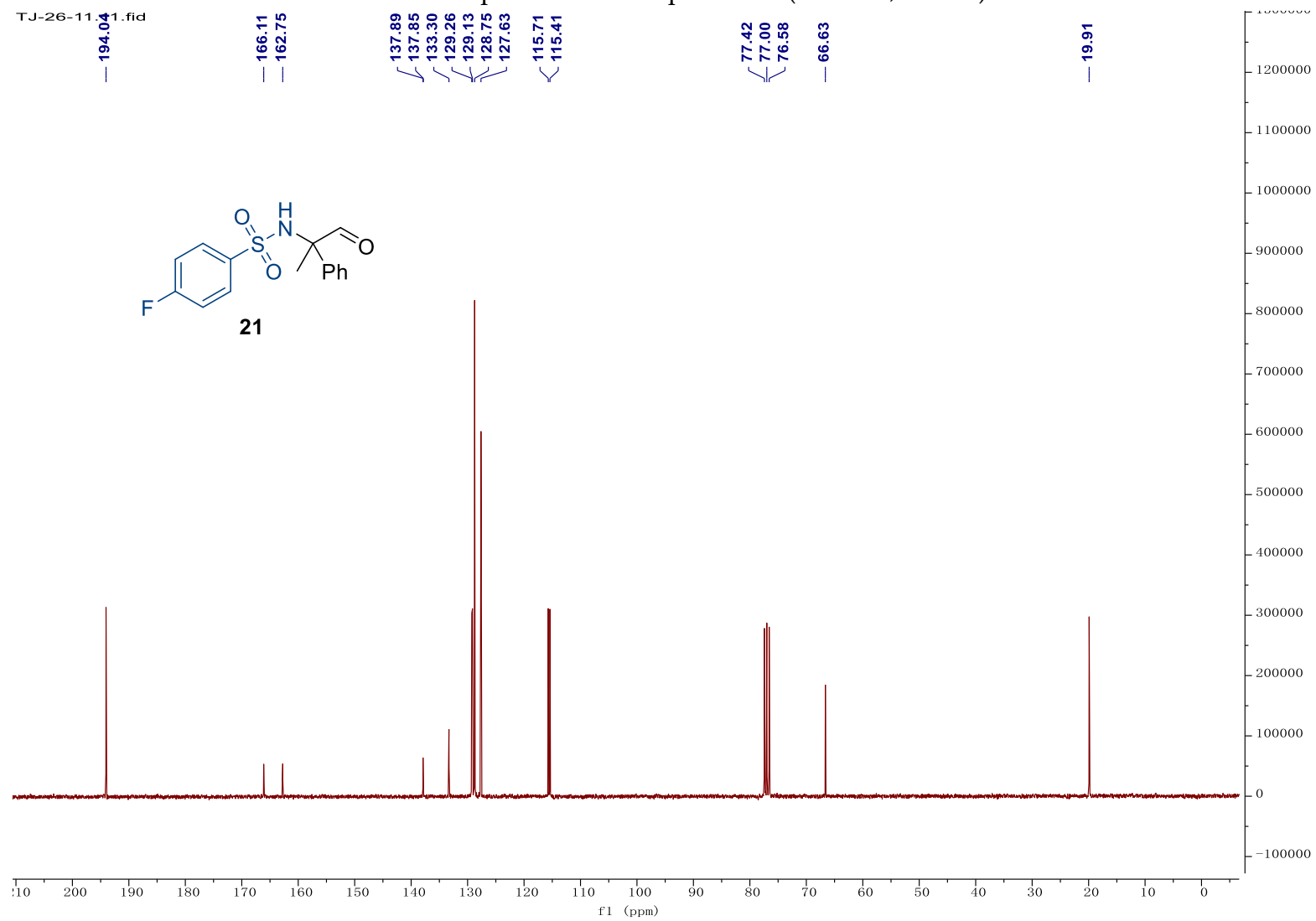
¹H NMR spectrum of compound **21** (300 MHz, CDCl₃)

TJ-26-11.9.fid



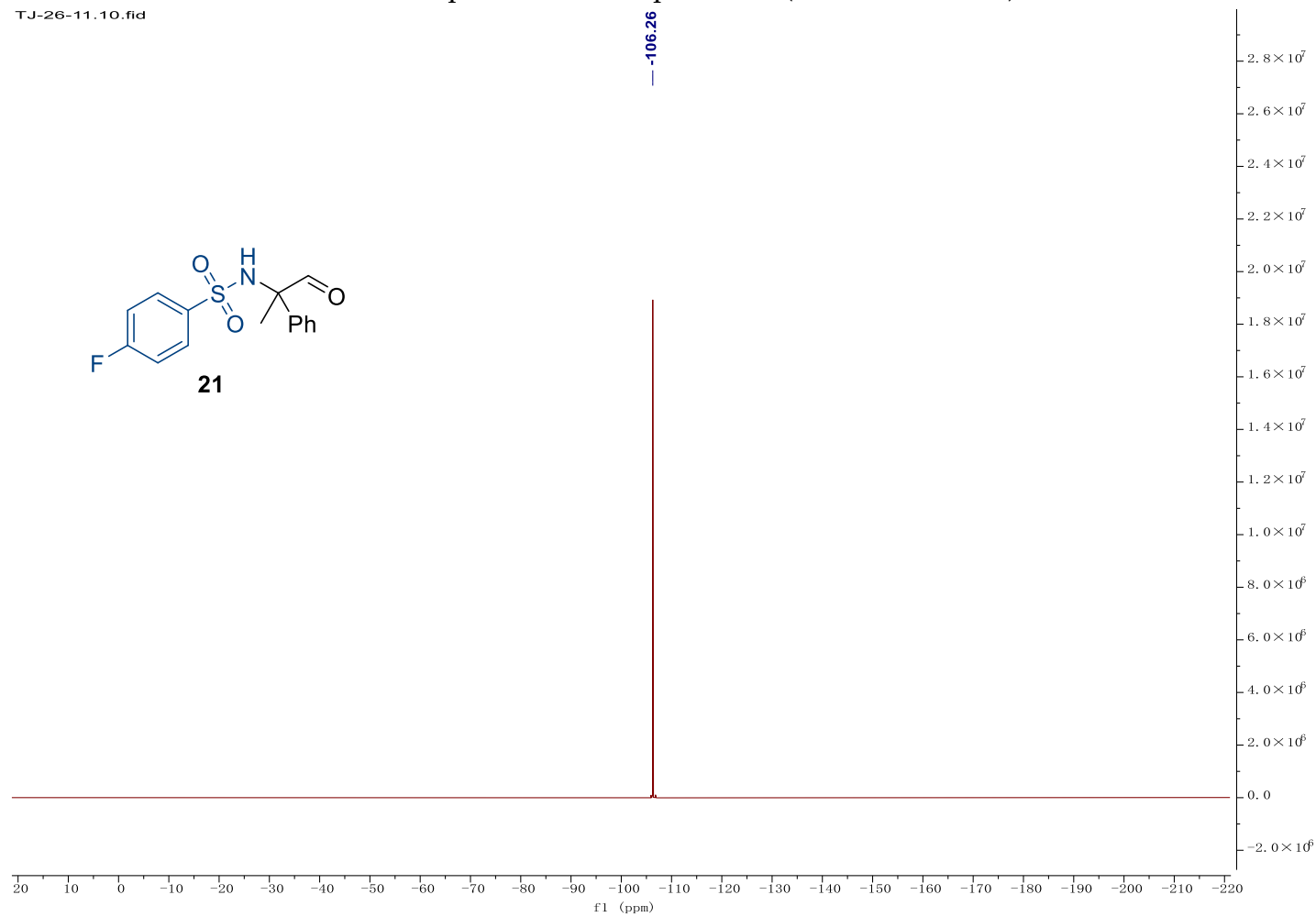
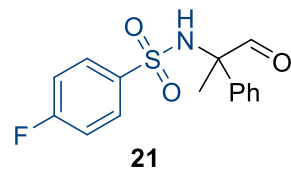
¹³C NMR spectrum of compound **21** (75 MHz, CDCl₃)

TJ-26-1111.fid

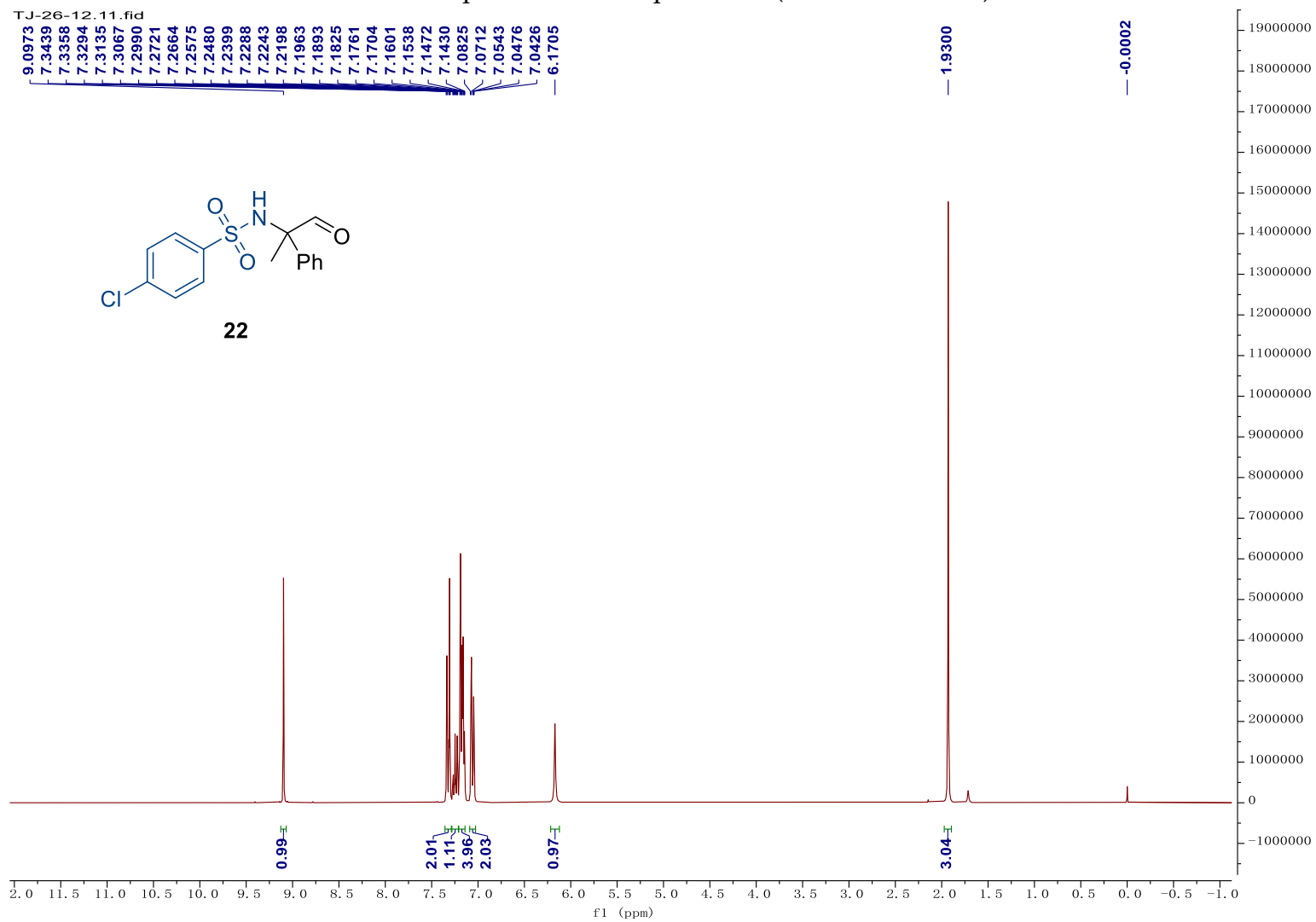


¹⁹F NMR spectrum of compound **21** (282 MHz, CDCl₃)

TJ-26-11.10.fid

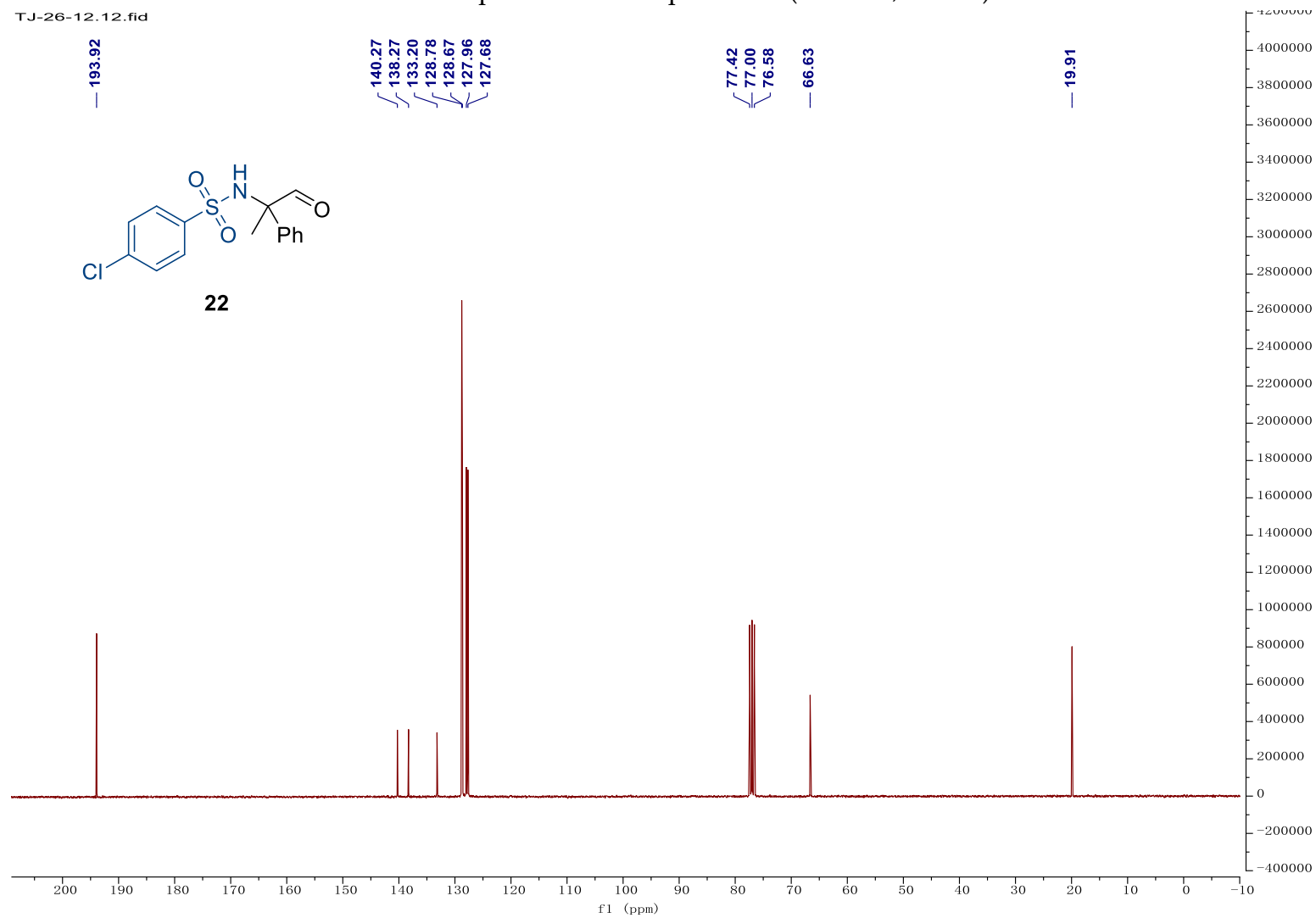
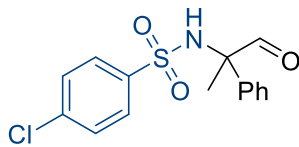


¹H NMR spectrum of compound 22 (300 MHz, CDCl₃)



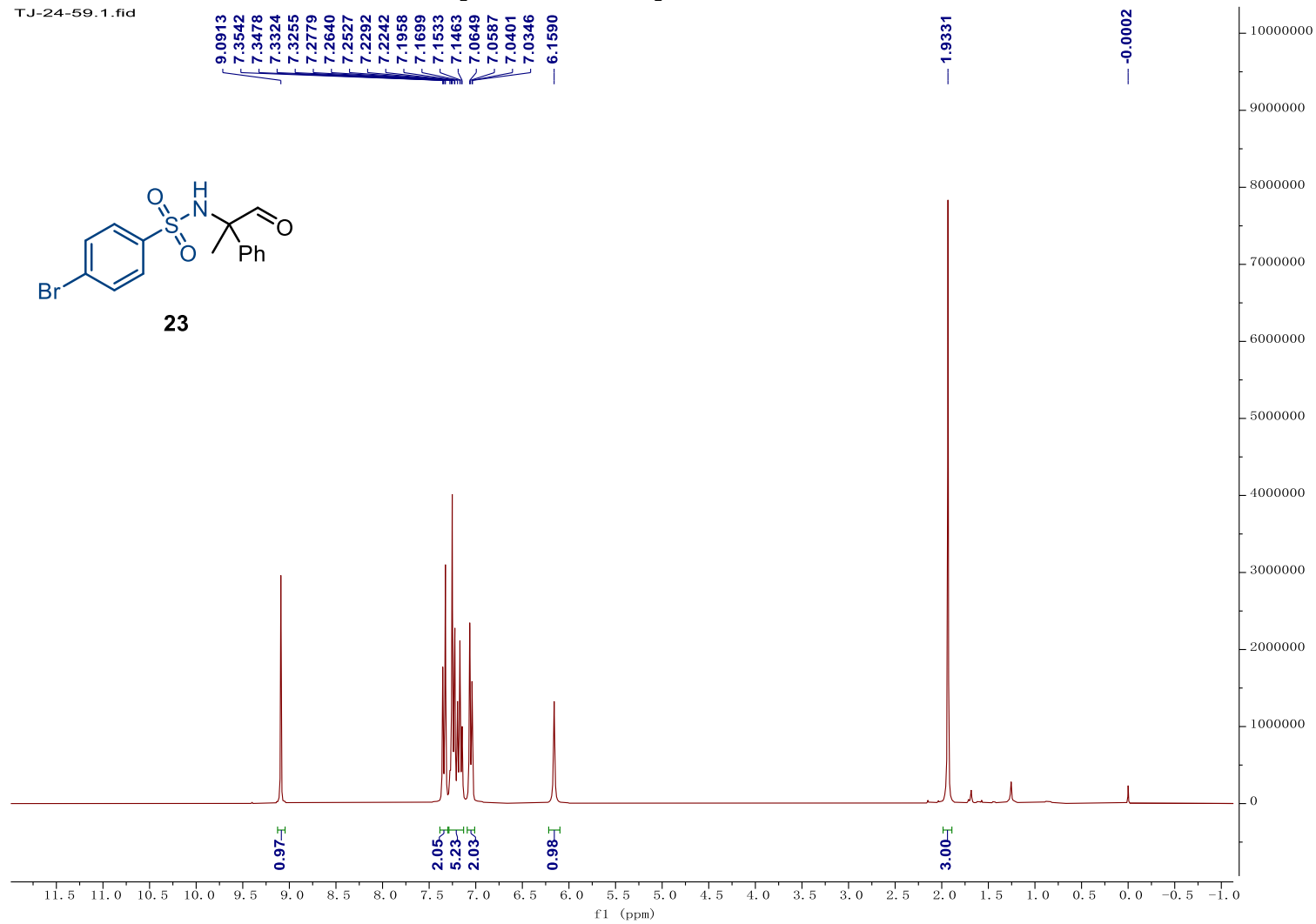
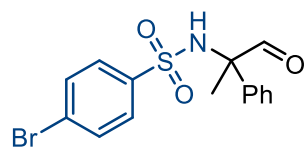
¹³C NMR spectrum of compound **22** (75 MHz, CDCl₃)

TJ-26-12.12.fid



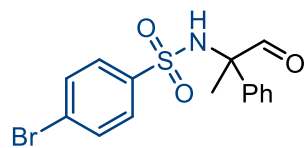
¹H NMR spectrum of compound **23** (300 MHz, CDCl₃)

TJ-24-59.1.fid

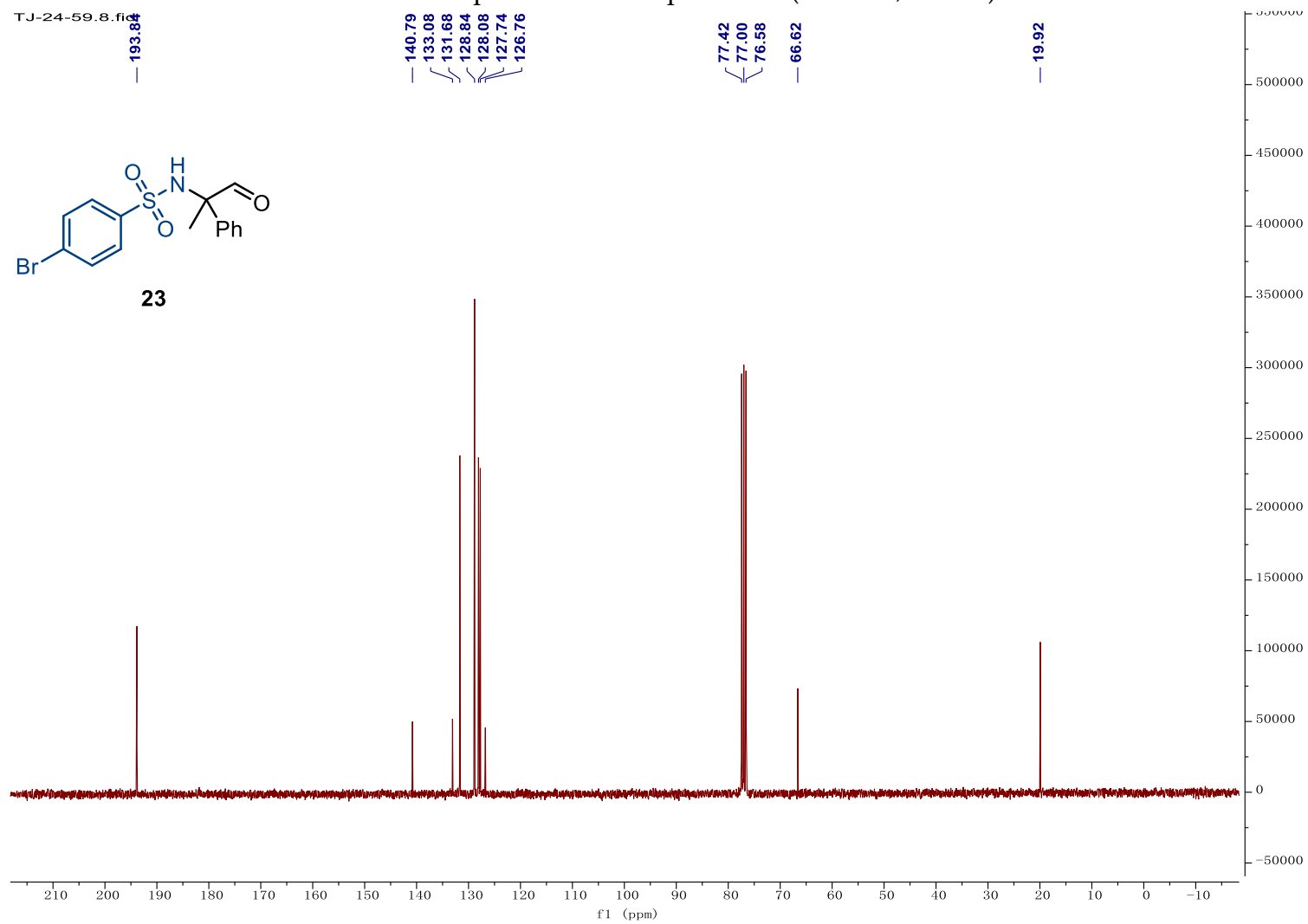


¹³C NMR spectrum of compound 23 (75 MHz, CDCl₃)

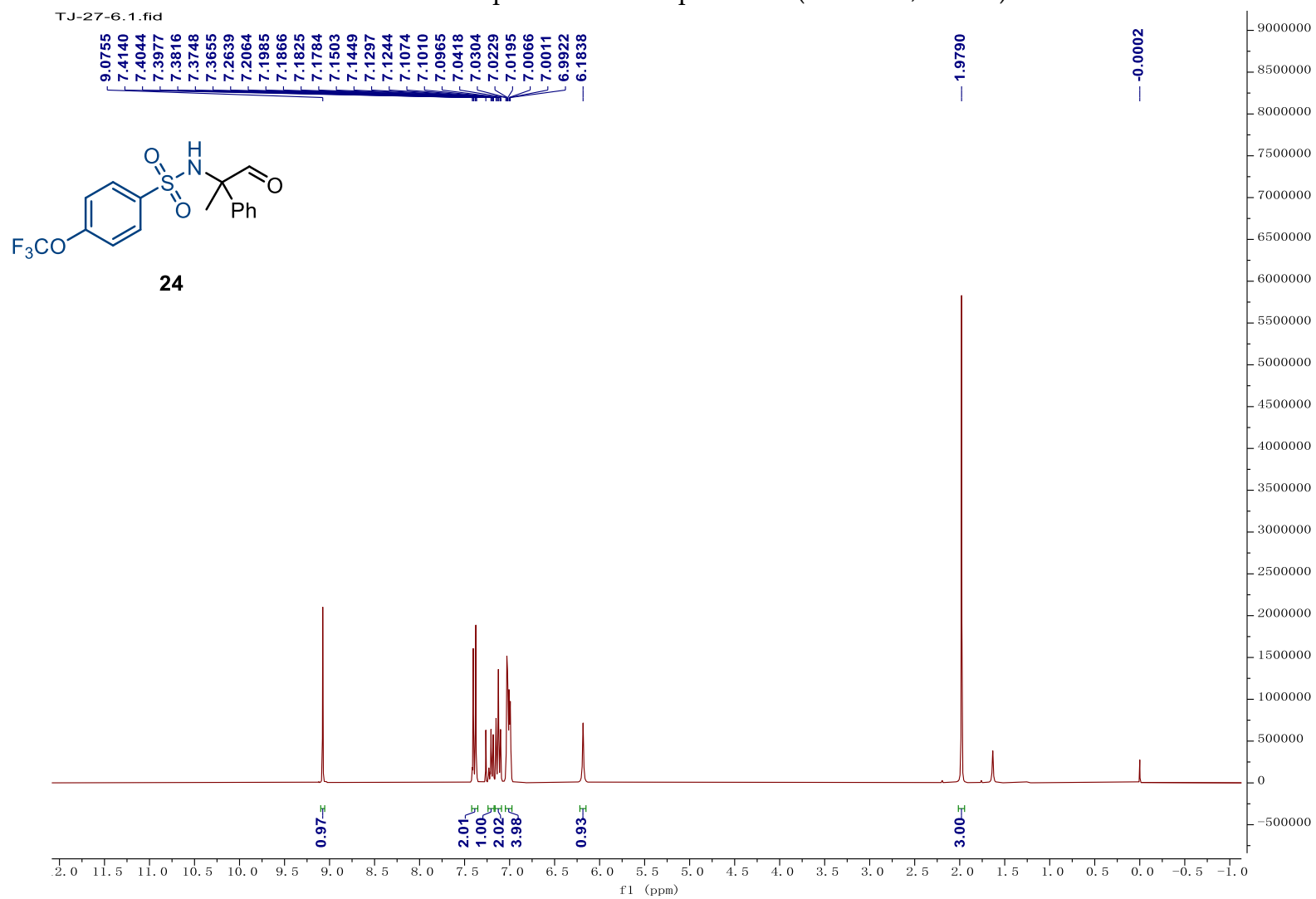
TJ-24-59.8.f14

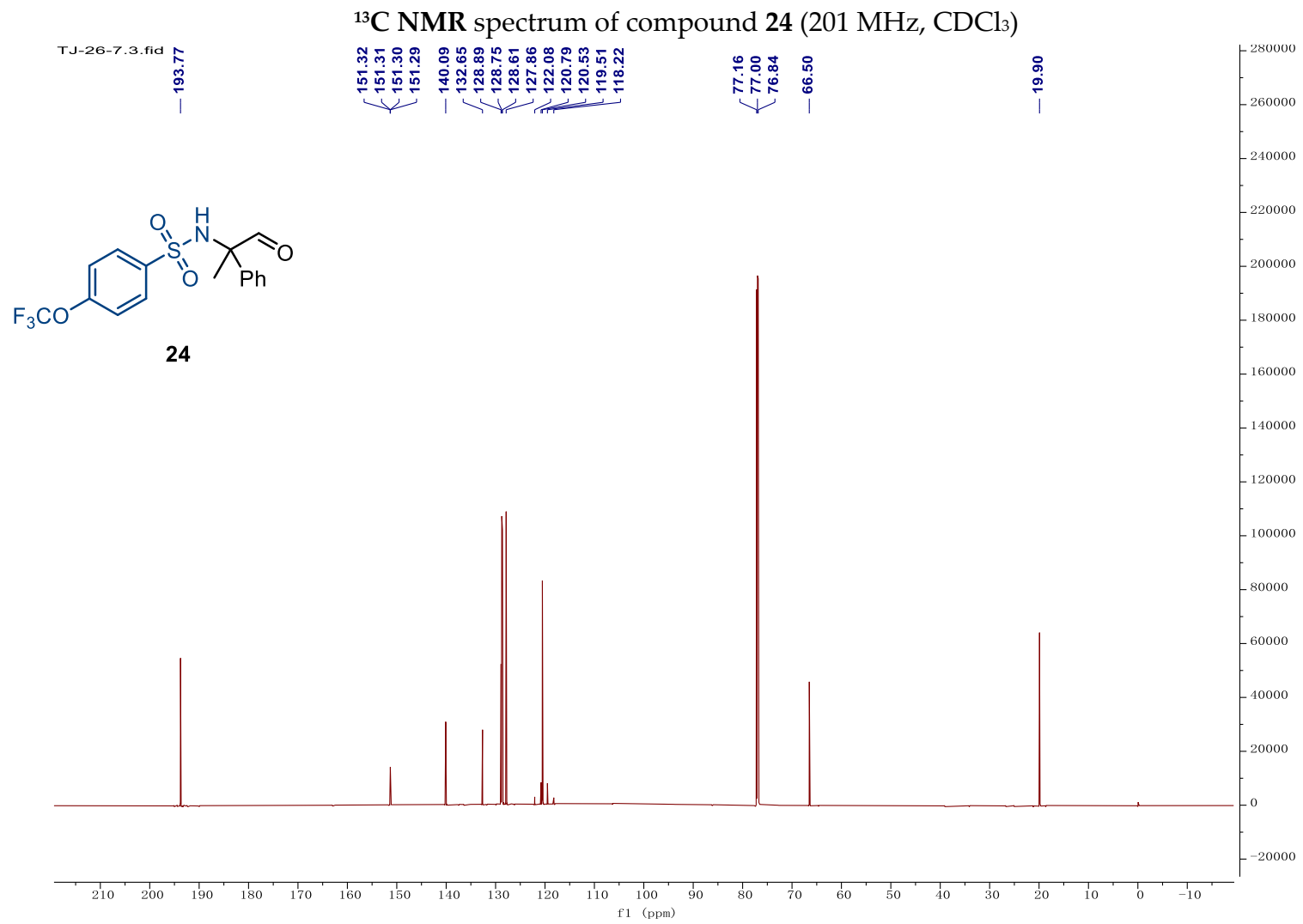


23



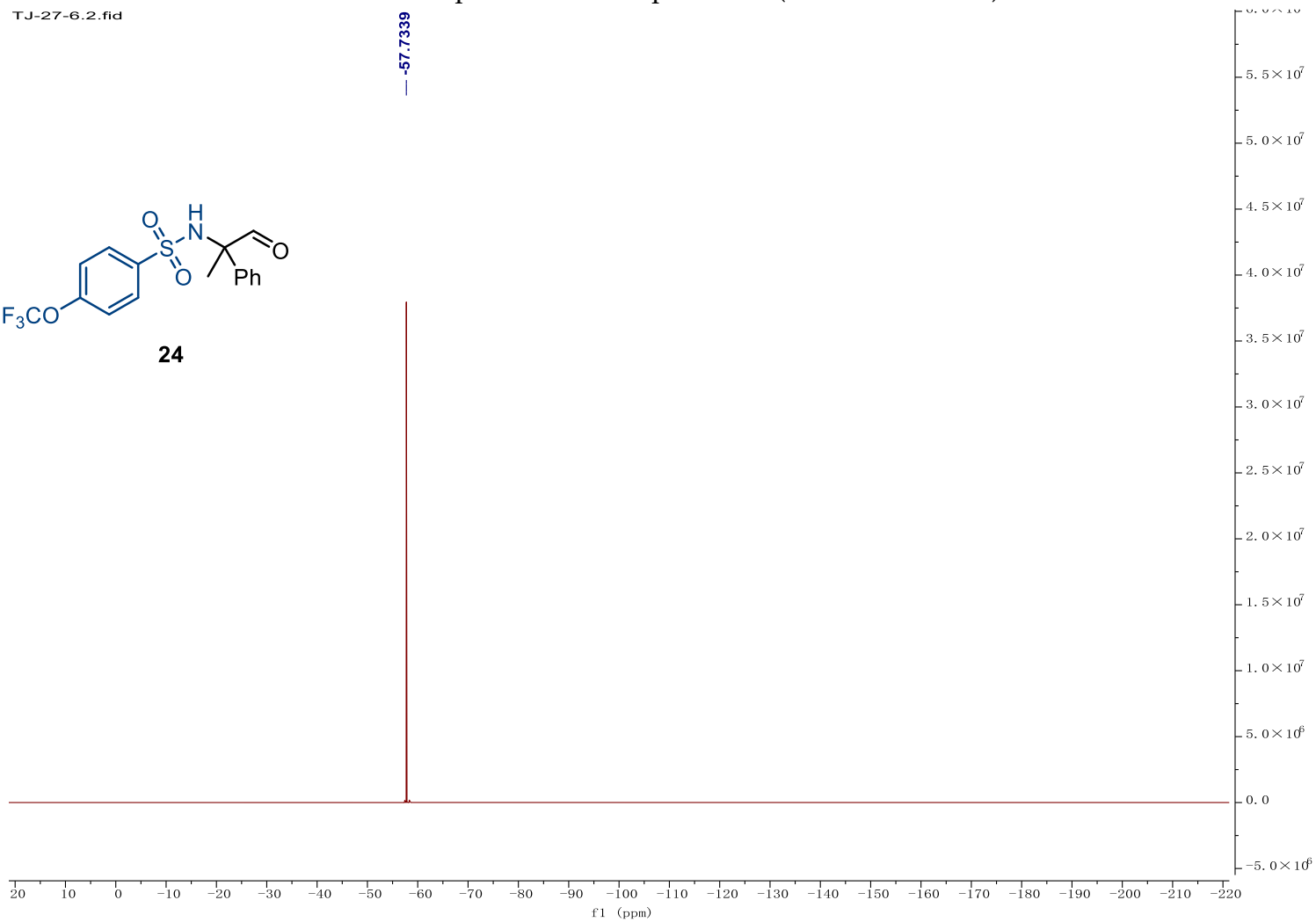
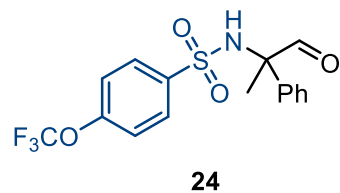
¹H NMR spectrum of compound **24** (300 MHz, CDCl₃)





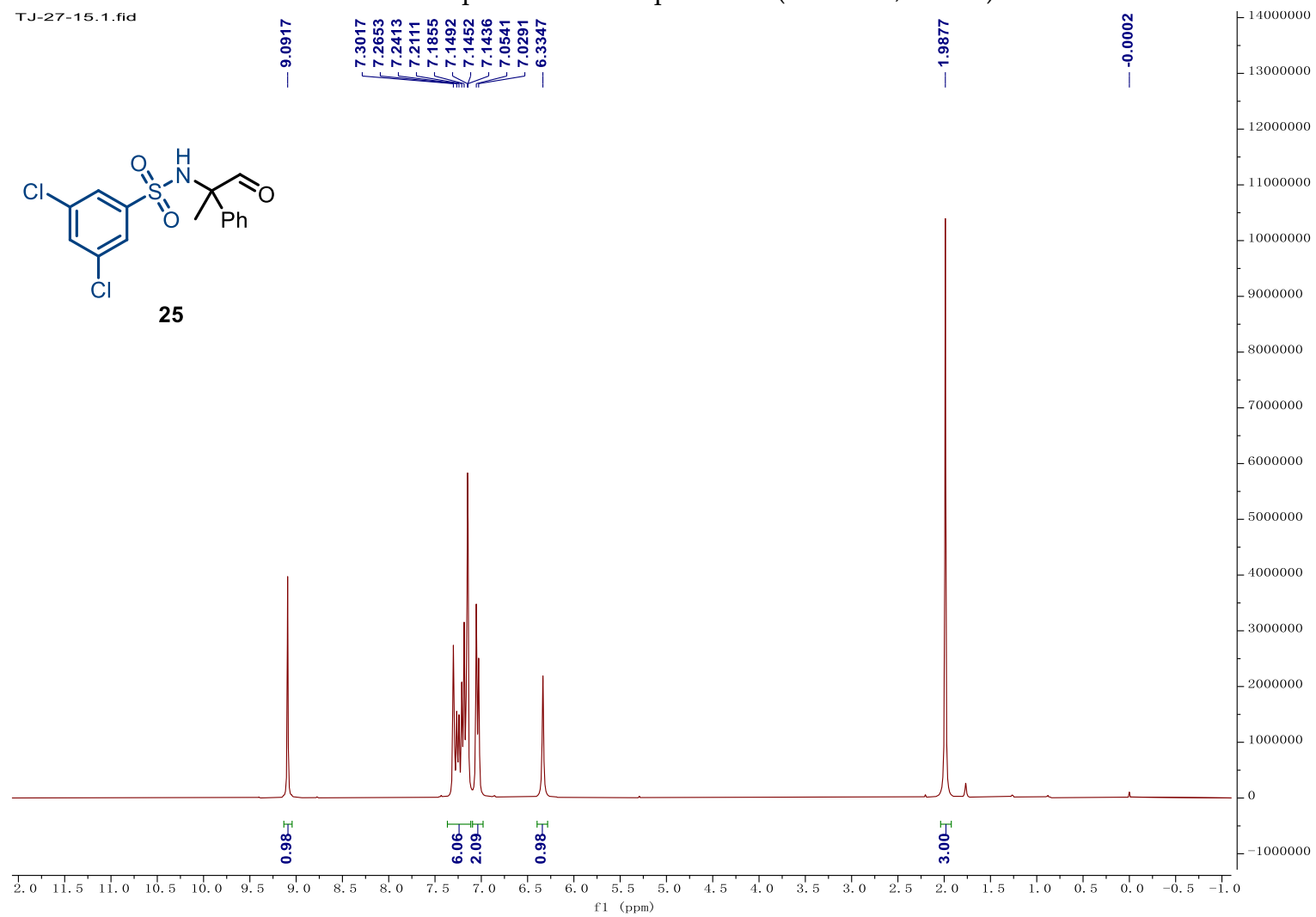
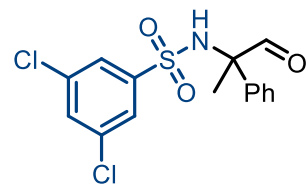
¹⁹F NMR spectrum of compound **24** (282 MHz, CDCl₃)

TJ-27-6.2.fid



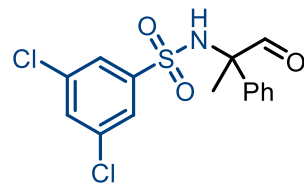
¹H NMR spectrum of compound **25** (300 MHz, CDCl₃)

TJ-27-15.1.fid

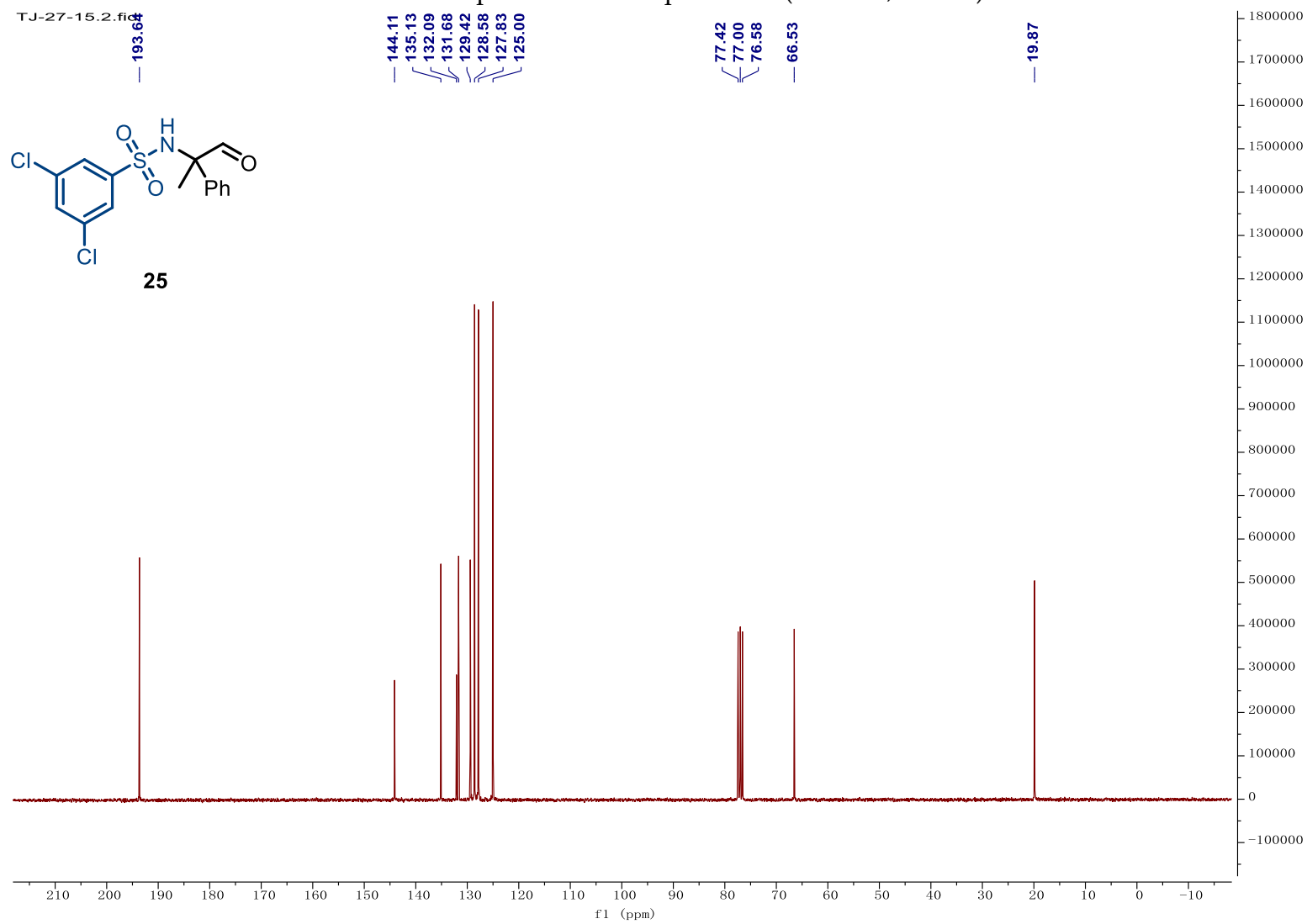


¹³C NMR spectrum of compound 25 (75 MHz, CDCl₃)

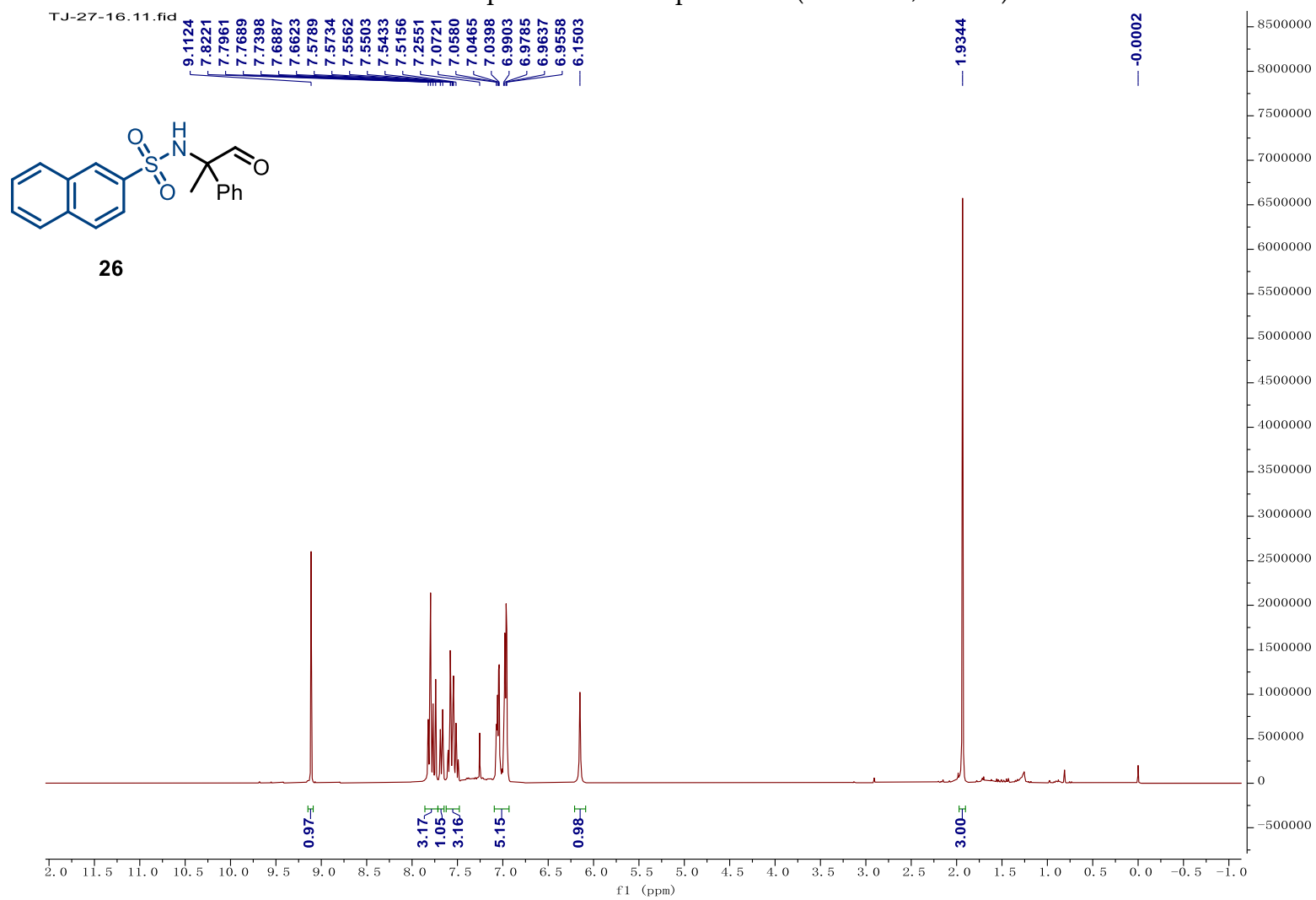
TJ-27-15.2.f14



25

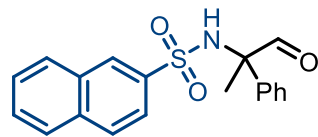


¹H NMR spectrum of compound **26** (300 MHz, CDCl₃)

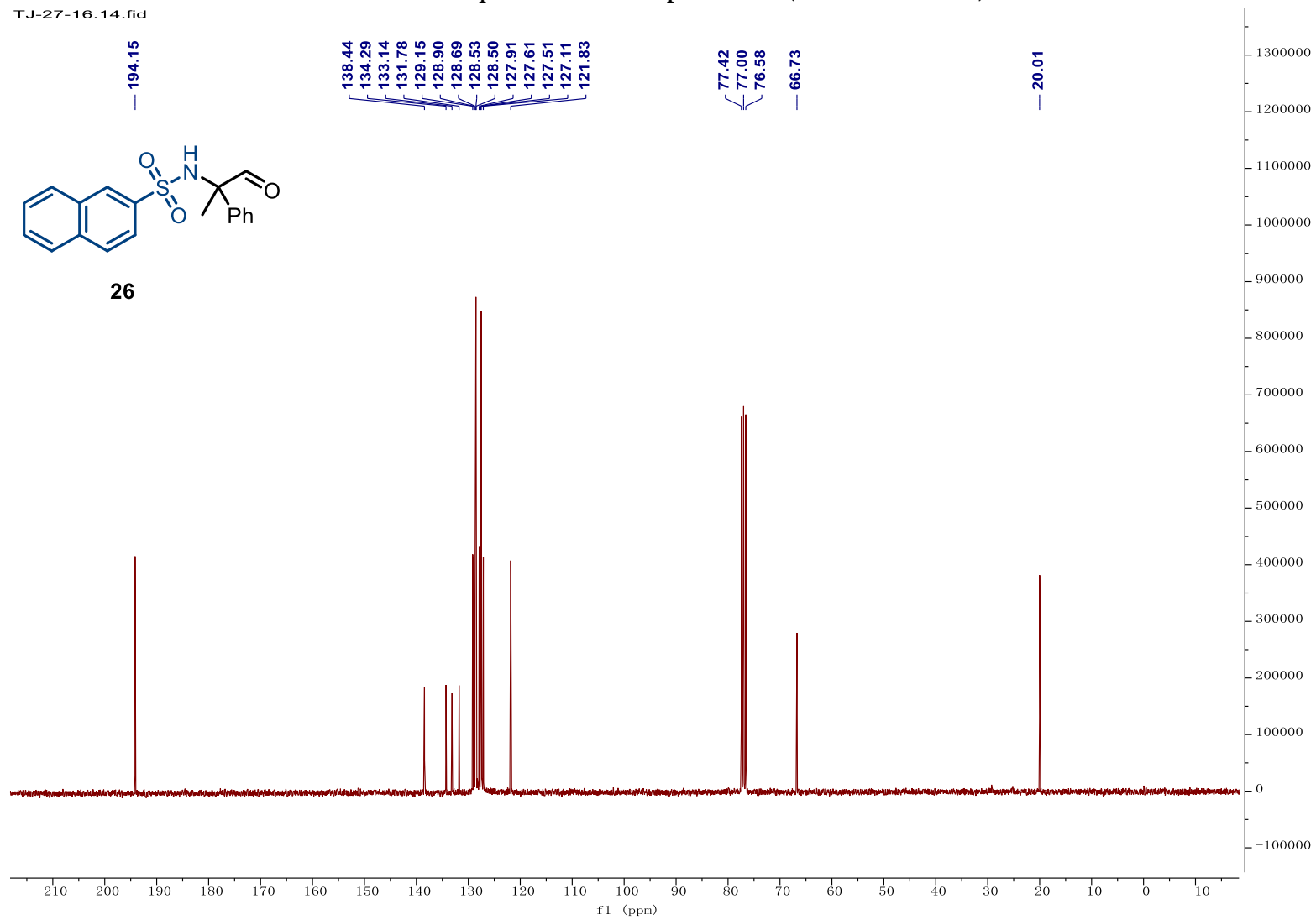


¹³C NMR spectrum of compound 26 (75 MHz, CDCl₃)

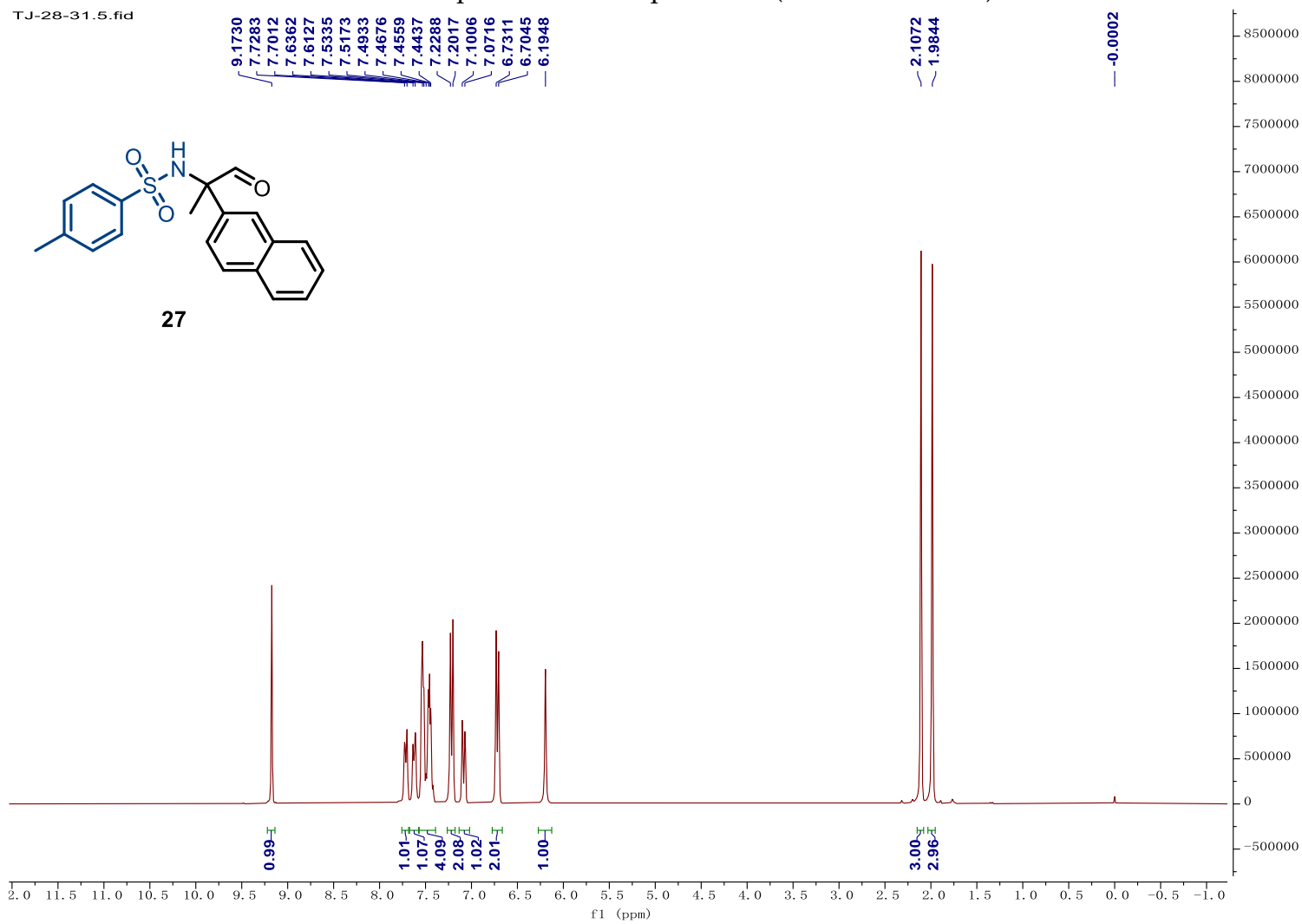
TJ-27-16.14.fid



26

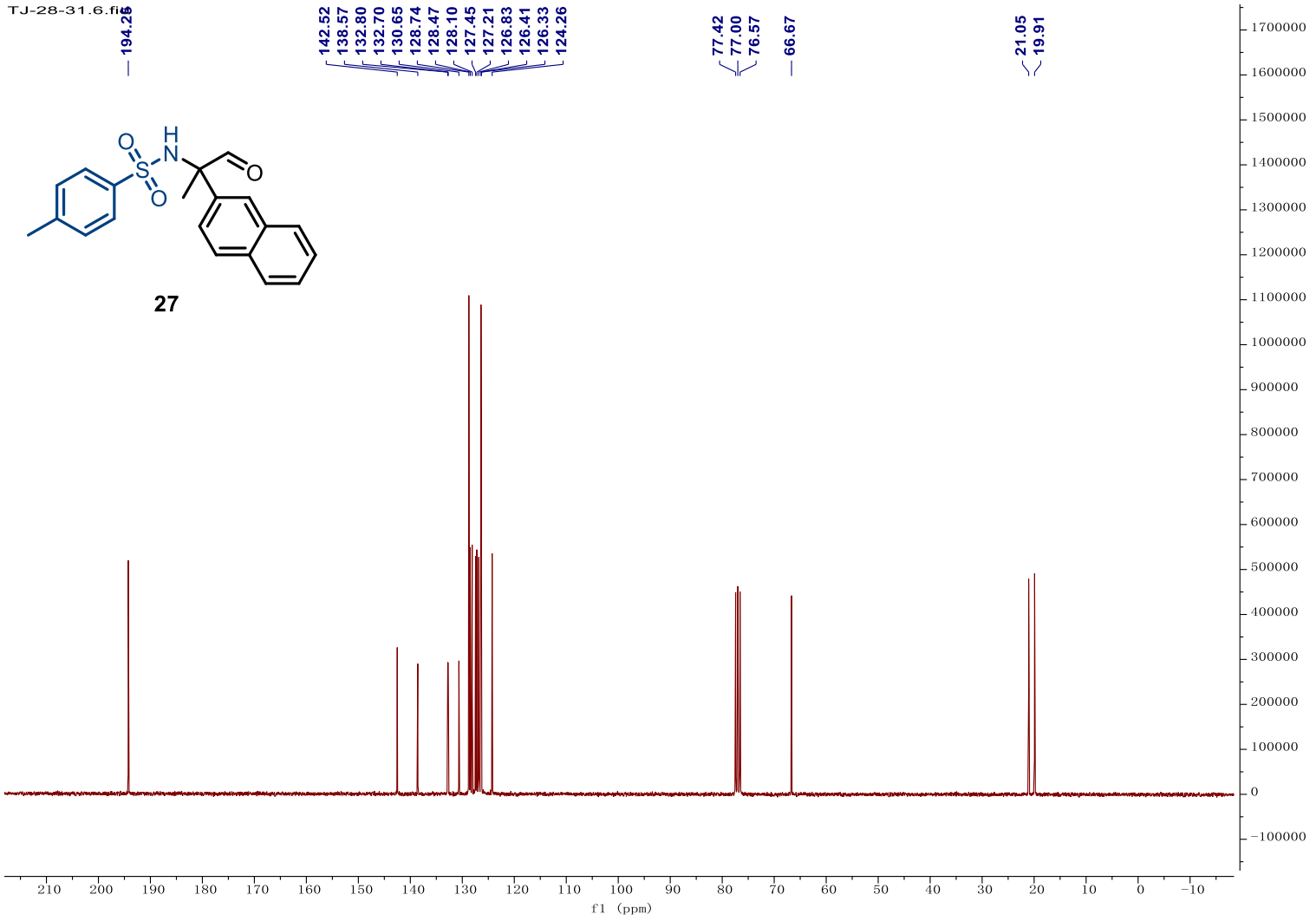


¹H NMR spectrum of compound 27 (300 MHz, CDCl₃)

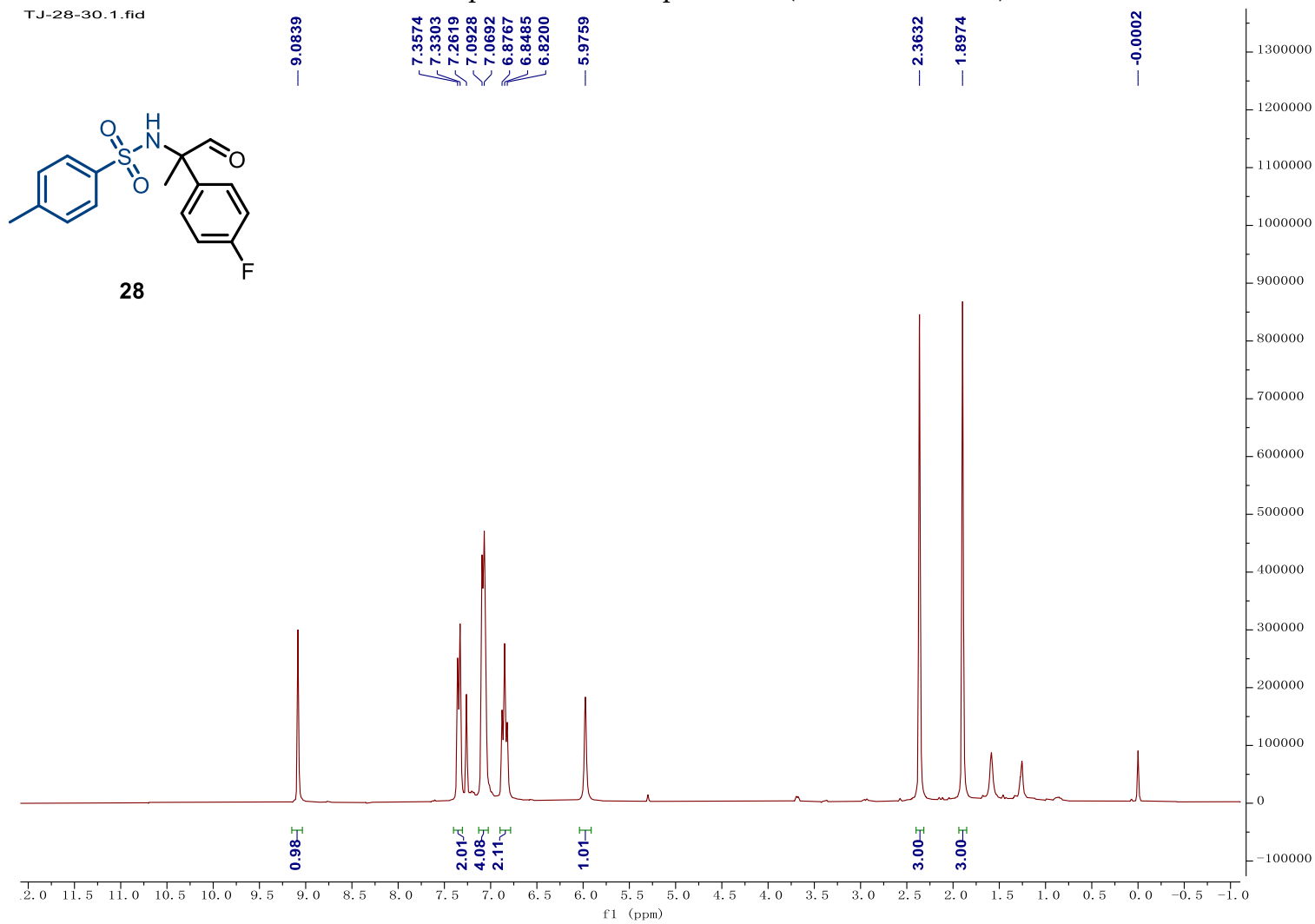


¹³C NMR spectrum of compound 27 (75 MHz, CDCl₃)

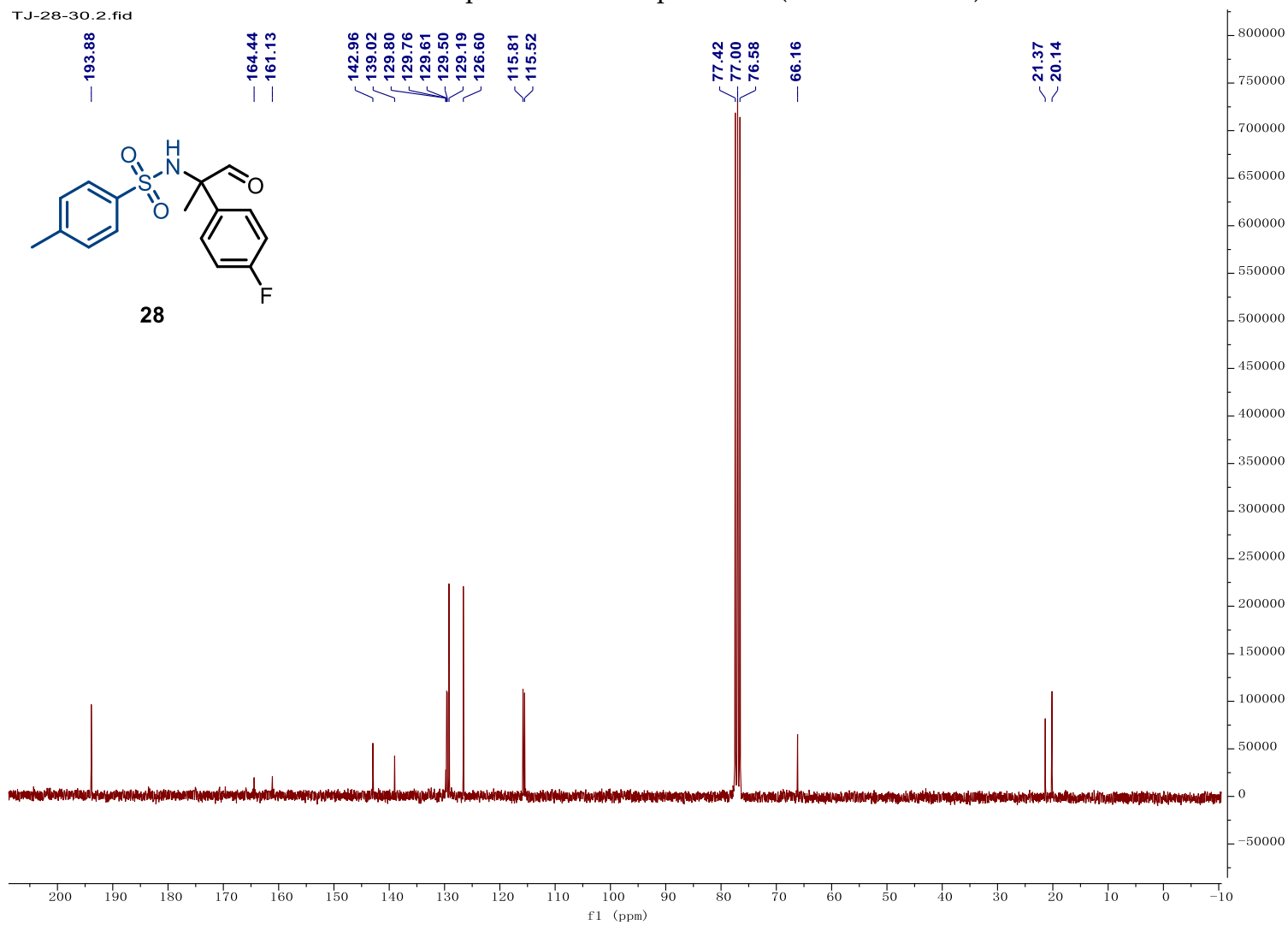
TJ-28-31.6.f1



¹H NMR spectrum of compound 28 (300 MHz, CDCl₃)

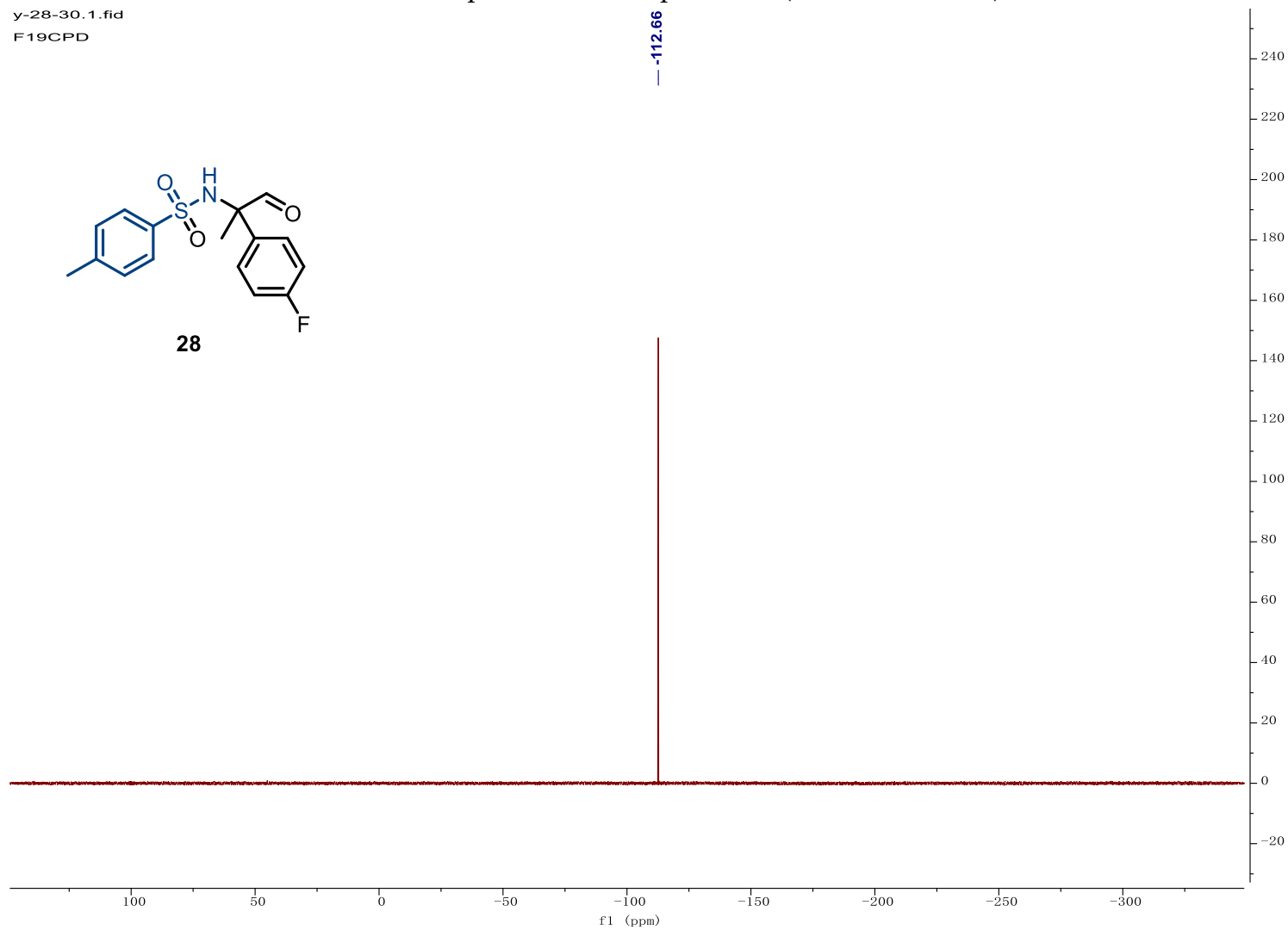
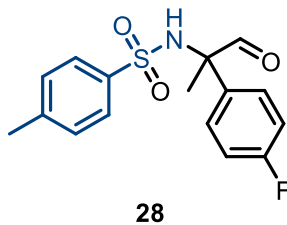


¹³C NMR spectrum of compound 28 (75 MHz, CDCl₃)

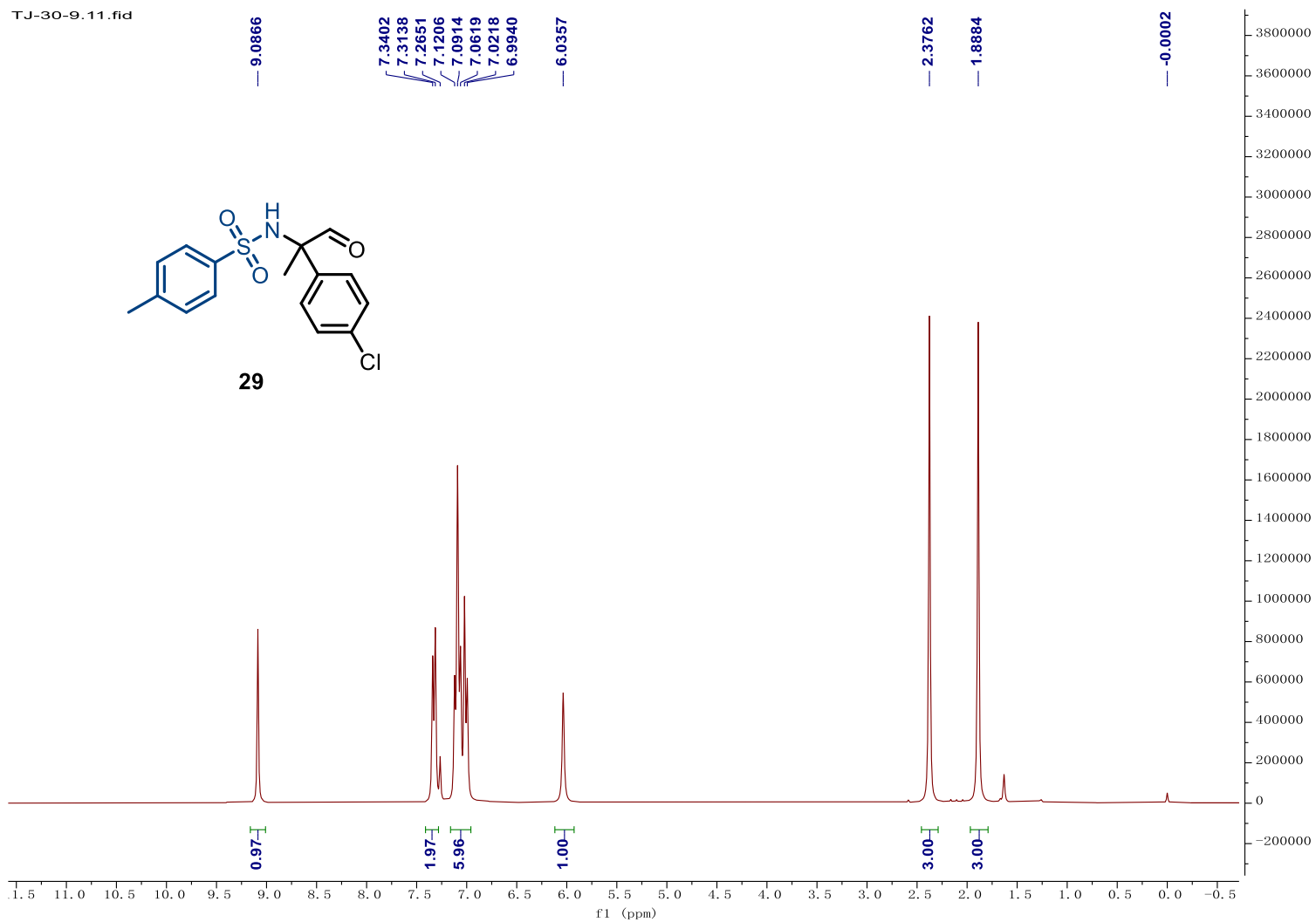


¹⁹F NMR spectrum of compound **28** (376 MHz, CDCl₃)

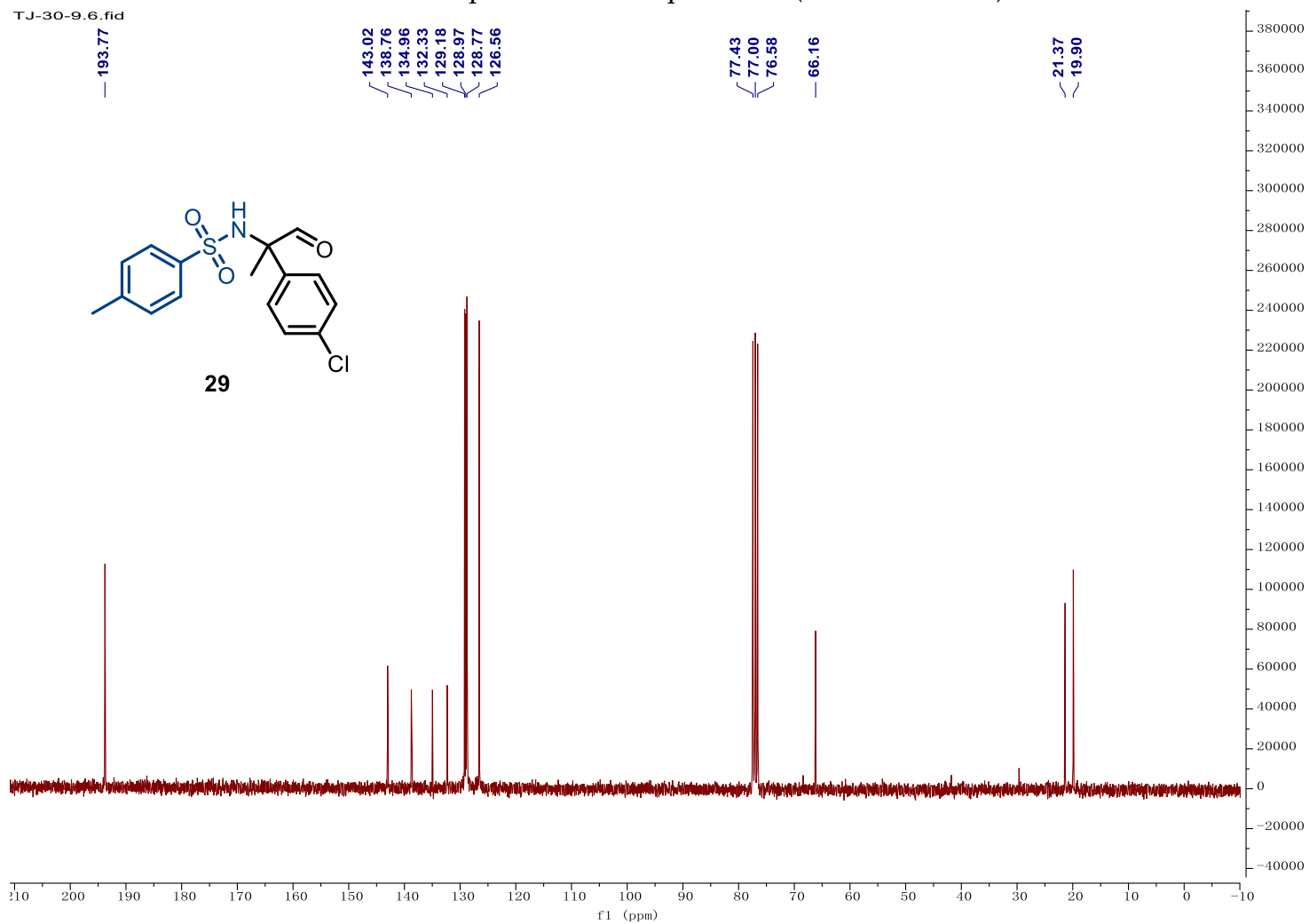
y-28-30.1.fid
F19CPD



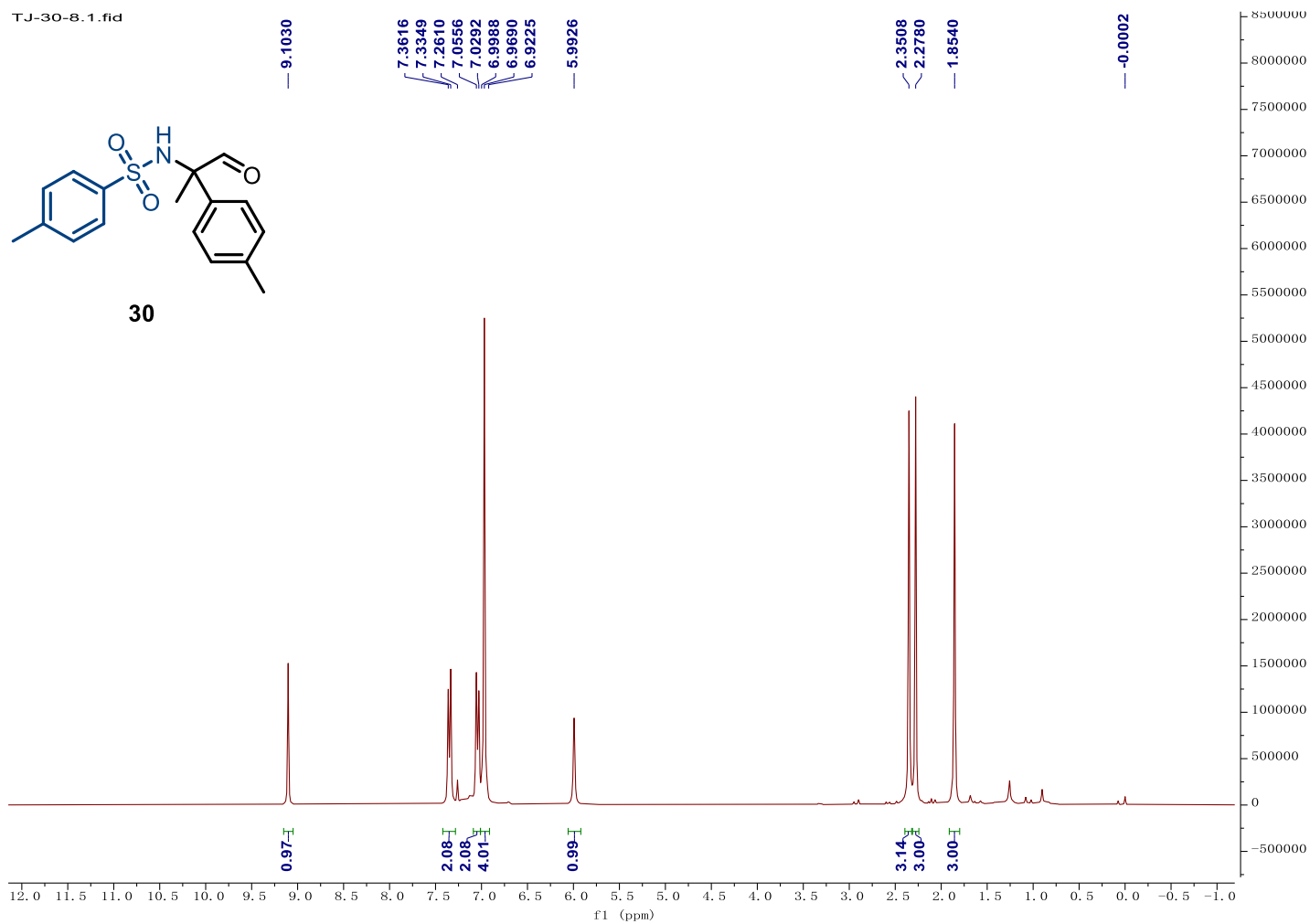
¹H NMR spectrum of compound **29** (300 MHz, CDCl₃)



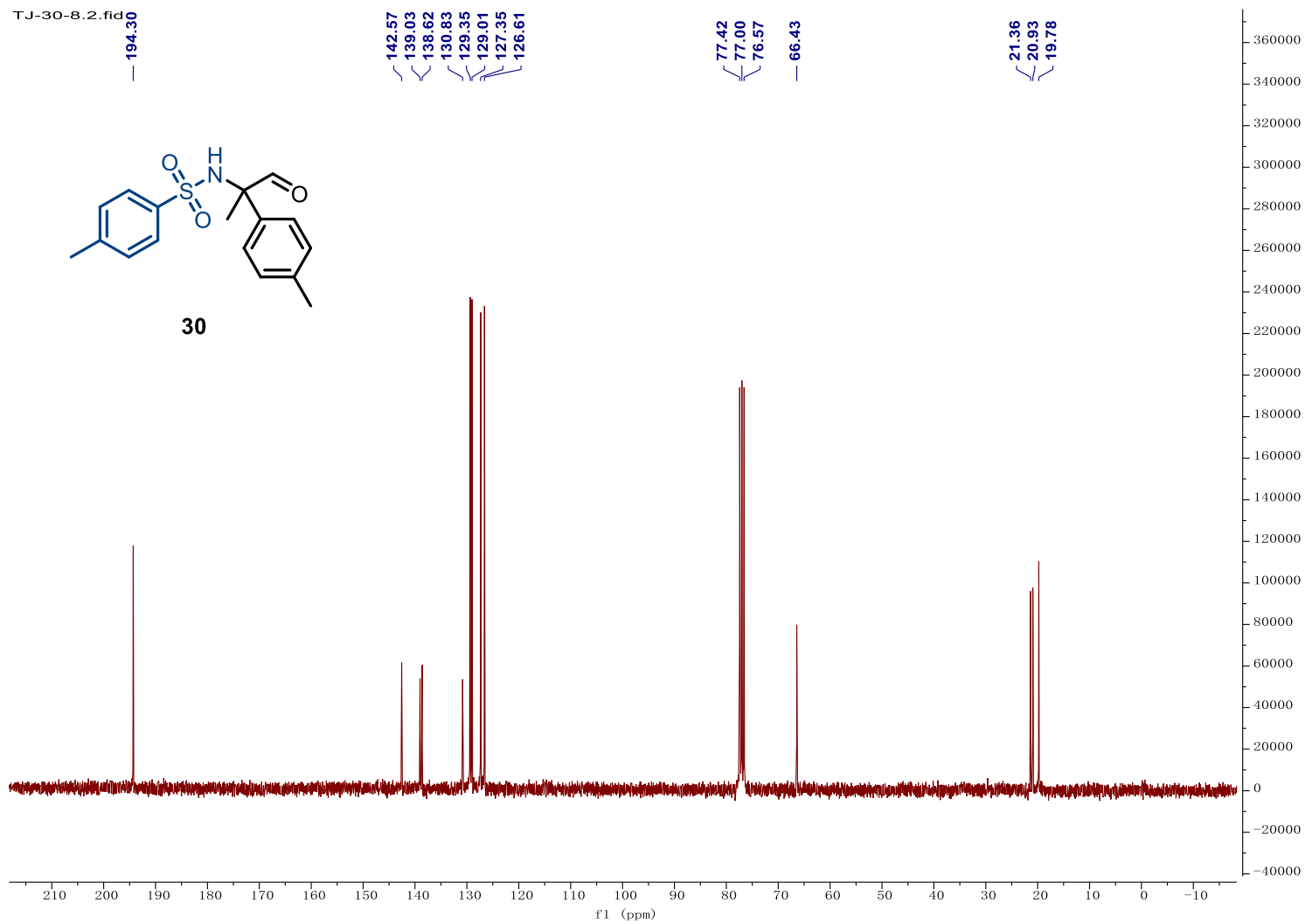
¹³C NMR spectrum of compound 29 (75 MHz, CDCl₃)



¹H NMR spectrum of compound 30 (300 MHz, CDCl₃)

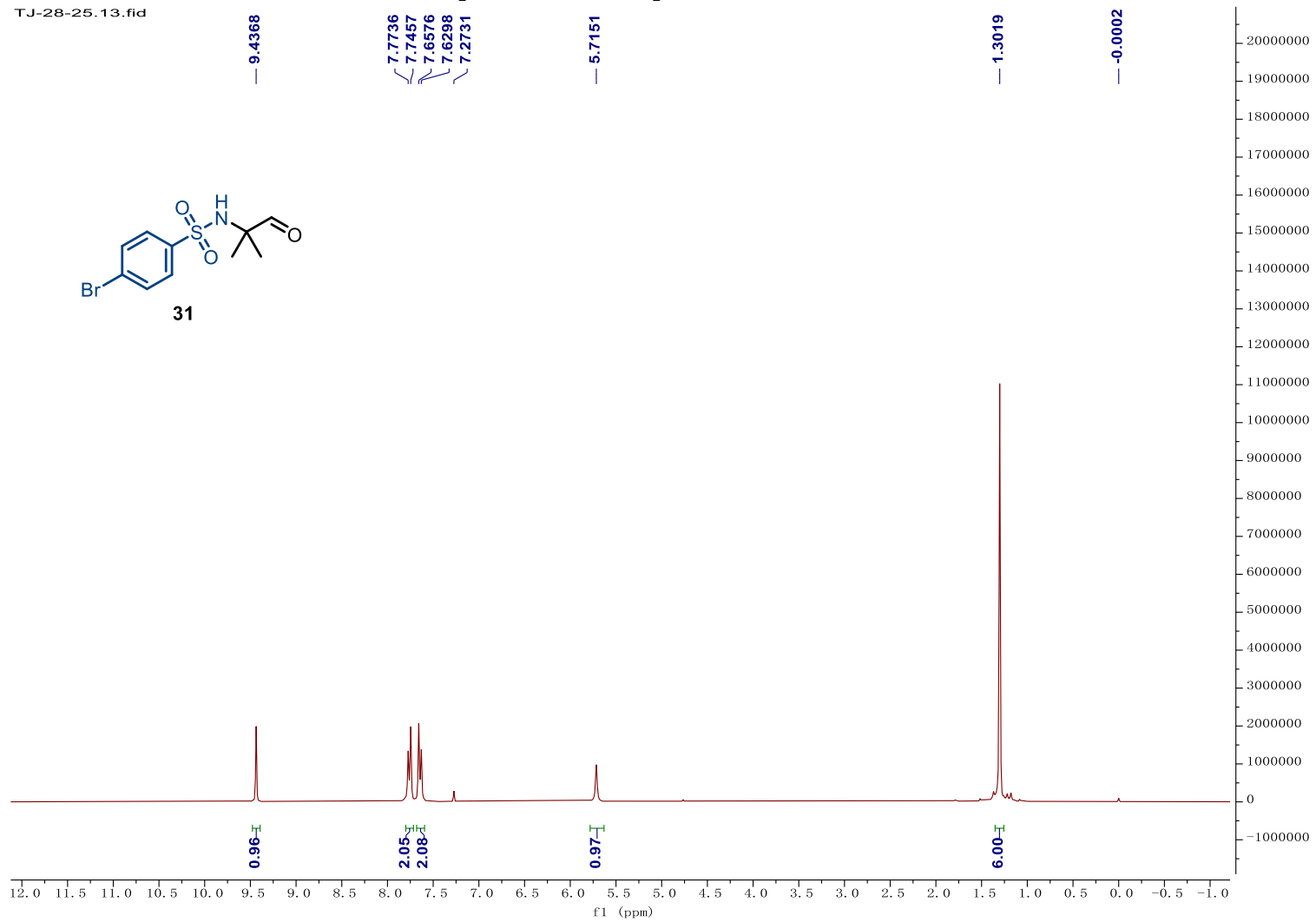
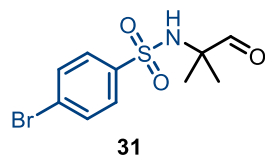


¹³C NMR spectrum of compound 30 (75 MHz, CDCl₃)



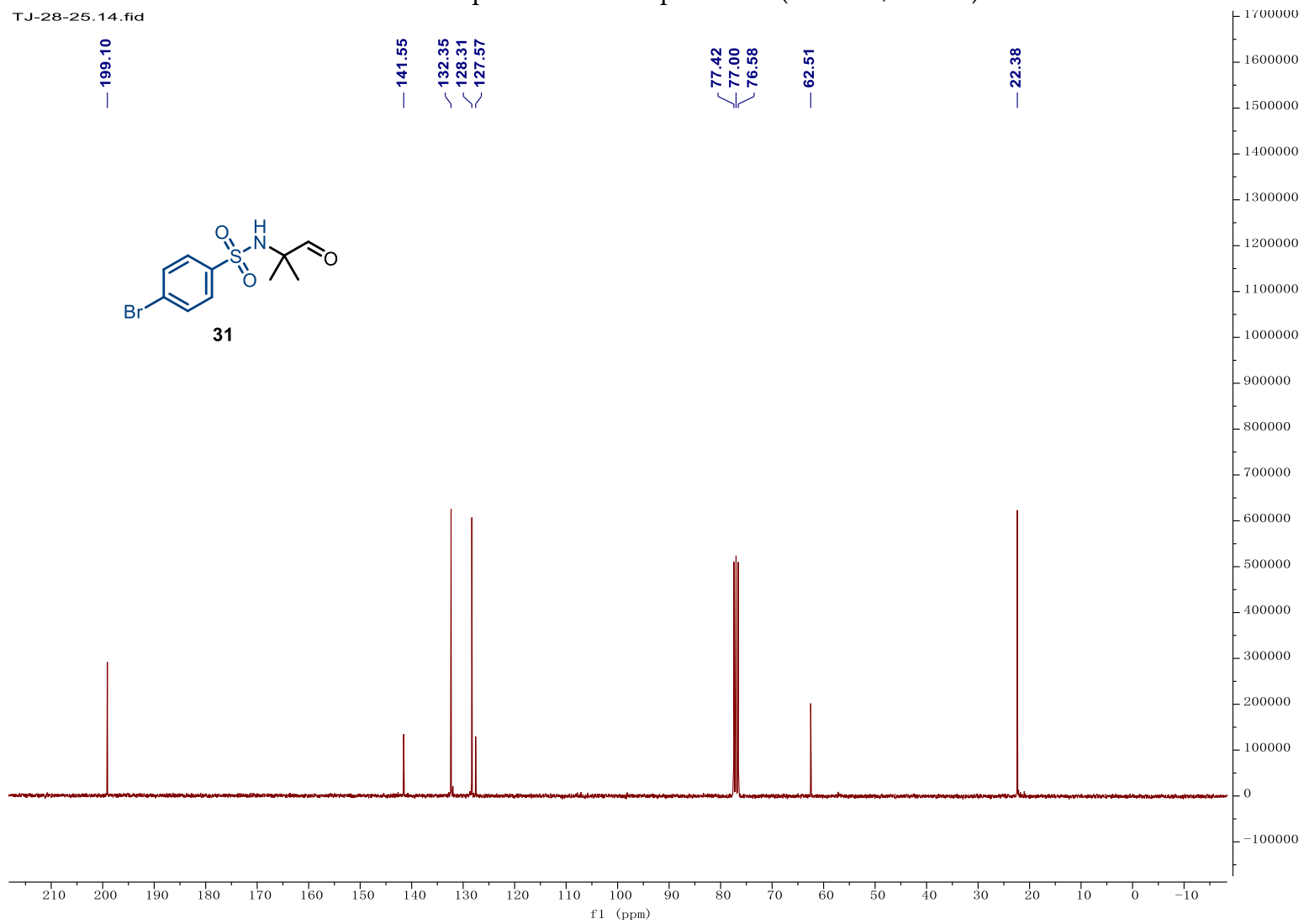
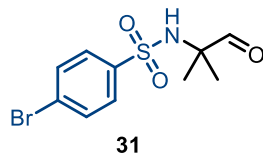
¹H NMR spectrum of compound 31 (300 MHz, CDCl₃)

TJ-28-25.13.fid



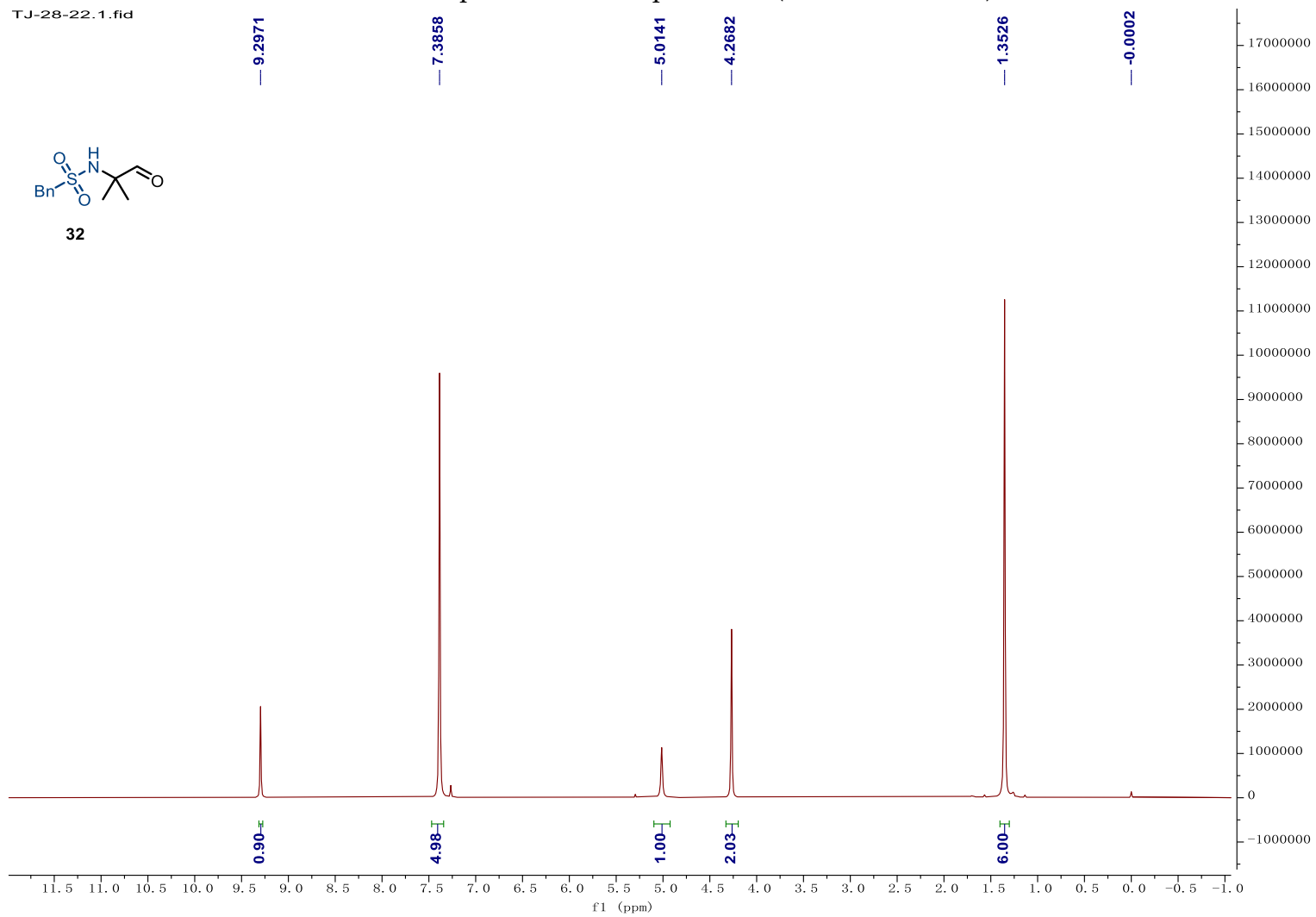
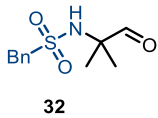
¹³C NMR spectrum of compound 31 (75 MHz, CDCl₃)

TJ-28-25.14.fid



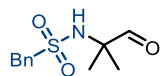
¹H NMR spectrum of compound 32 (300 MHz, CDCl₃)

TJ-28-22.1.fid

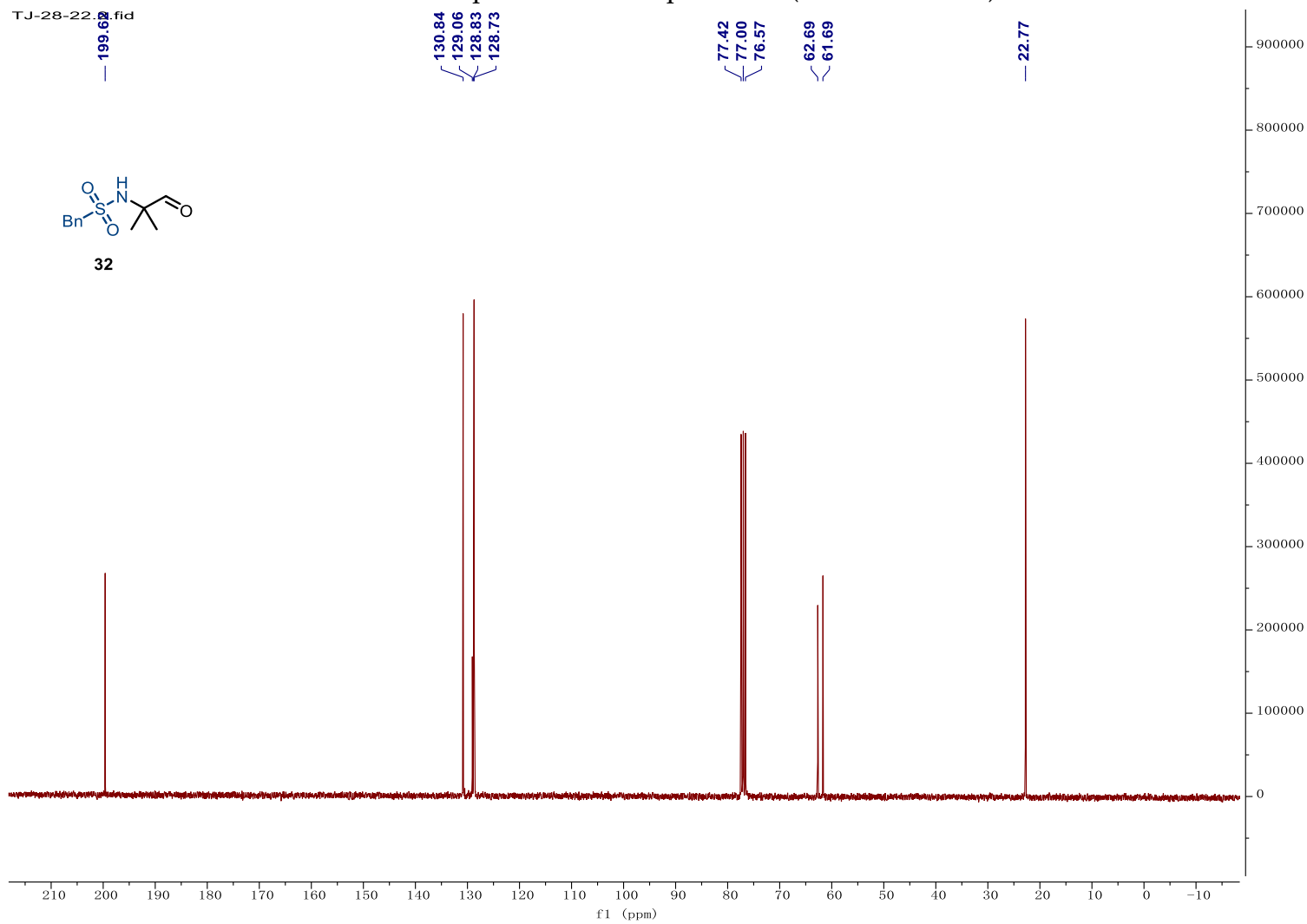


¹³C NMR spectrum of compound 32 (75 MHz, CDCl₃)

TJ-28-22.fid



32

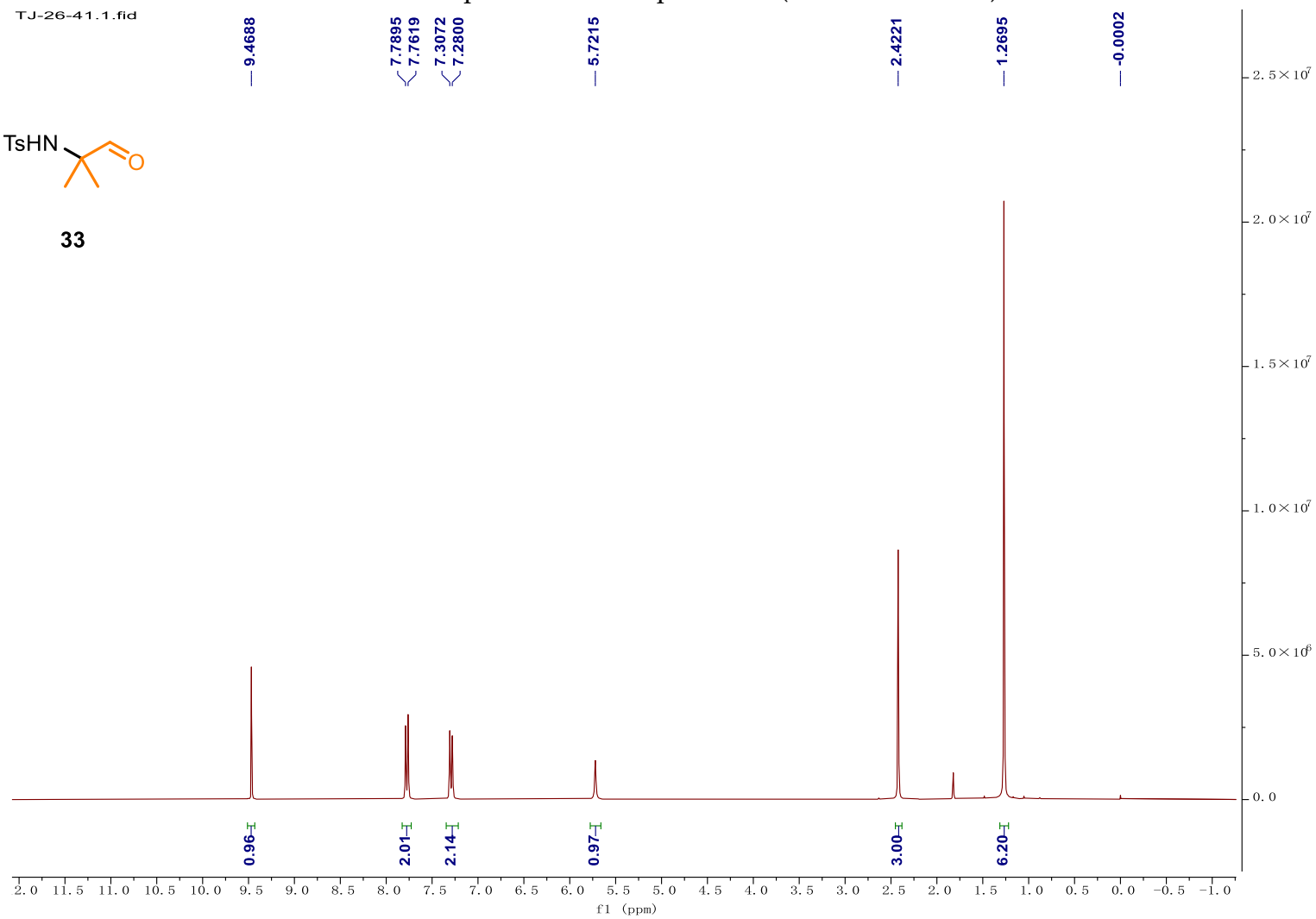


TJ-26-41.1.fid

^1H NMR spectrum of compound **33** (300 MHz, CDCl_3)

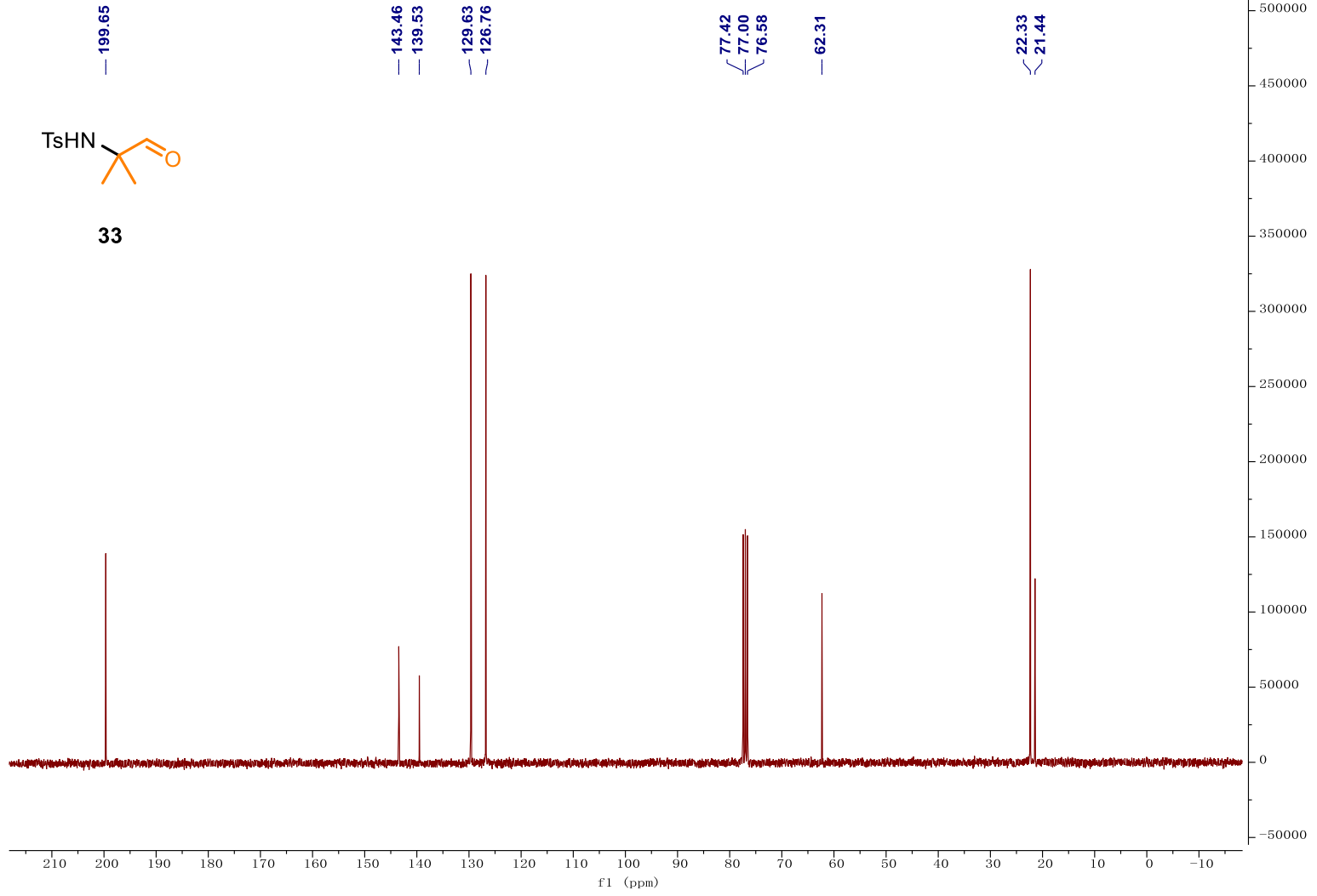
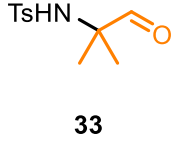


33

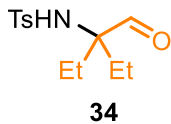


¹³C NMR spectrum of compound 33 (75 MHz, CDCl₃)

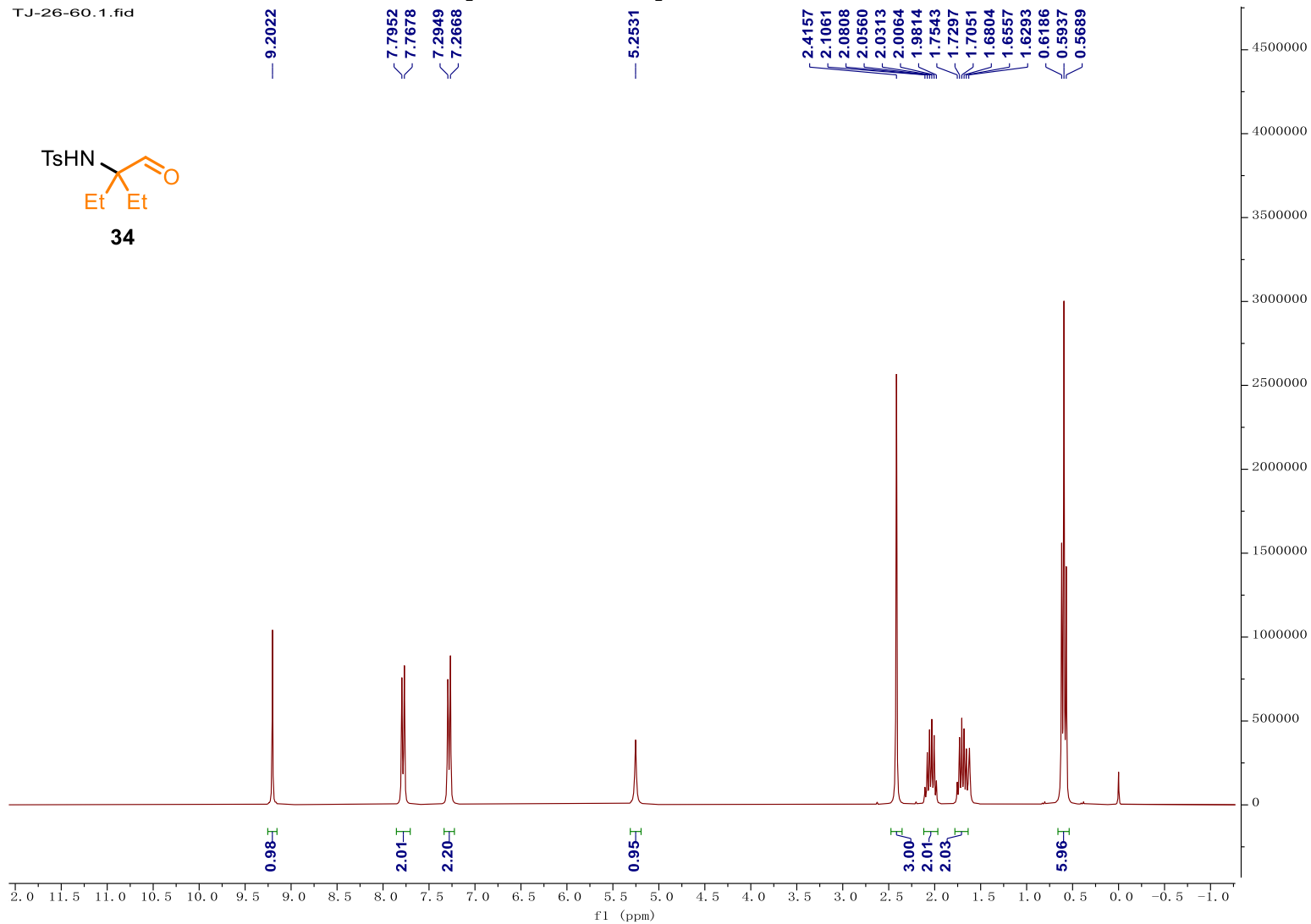
TJ-26-41.2.fid



TJ-26-60.1.fid

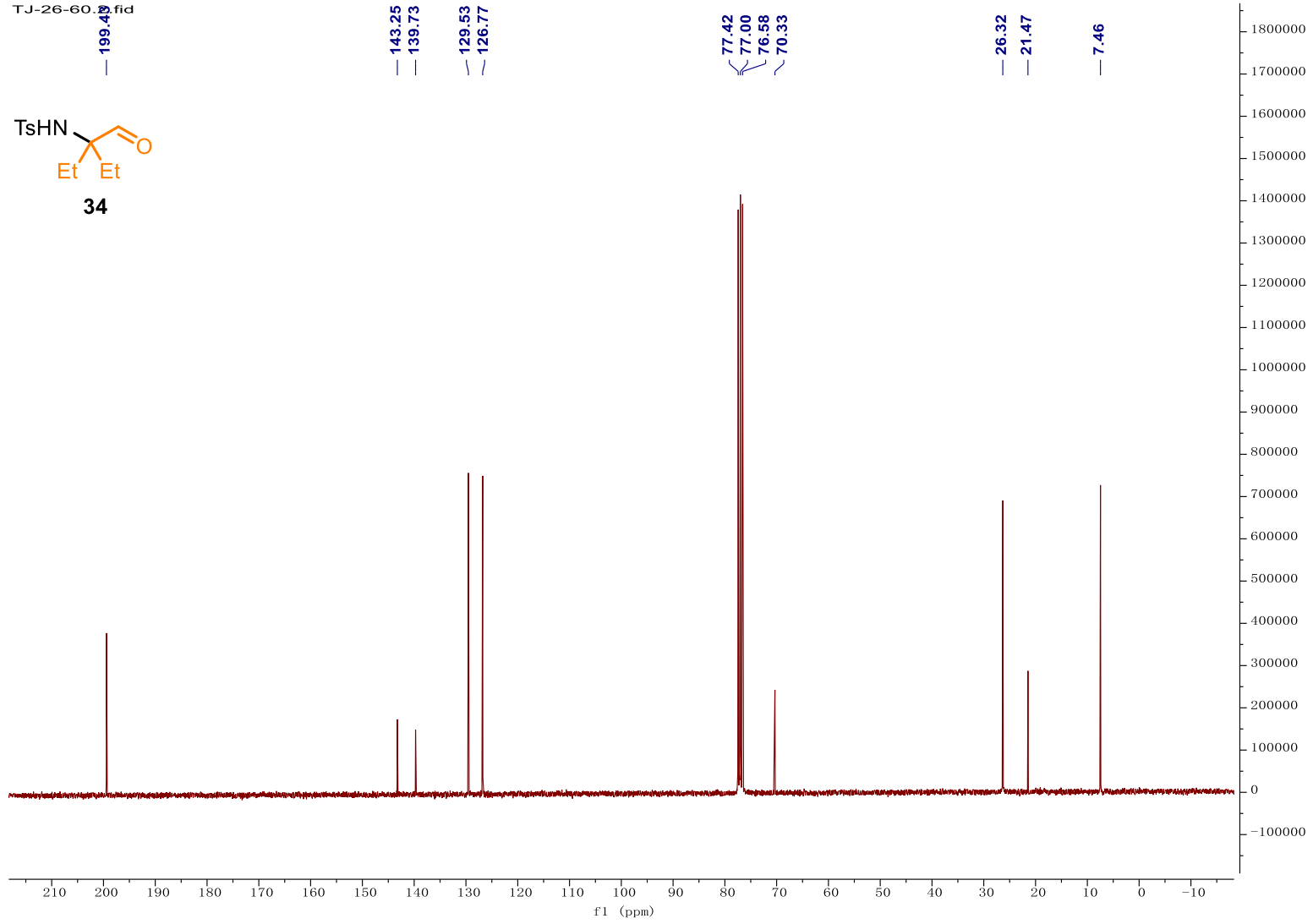
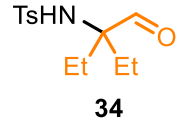


¹H NMR spectrum of compound **34** (300 MHz, CDCl₃)



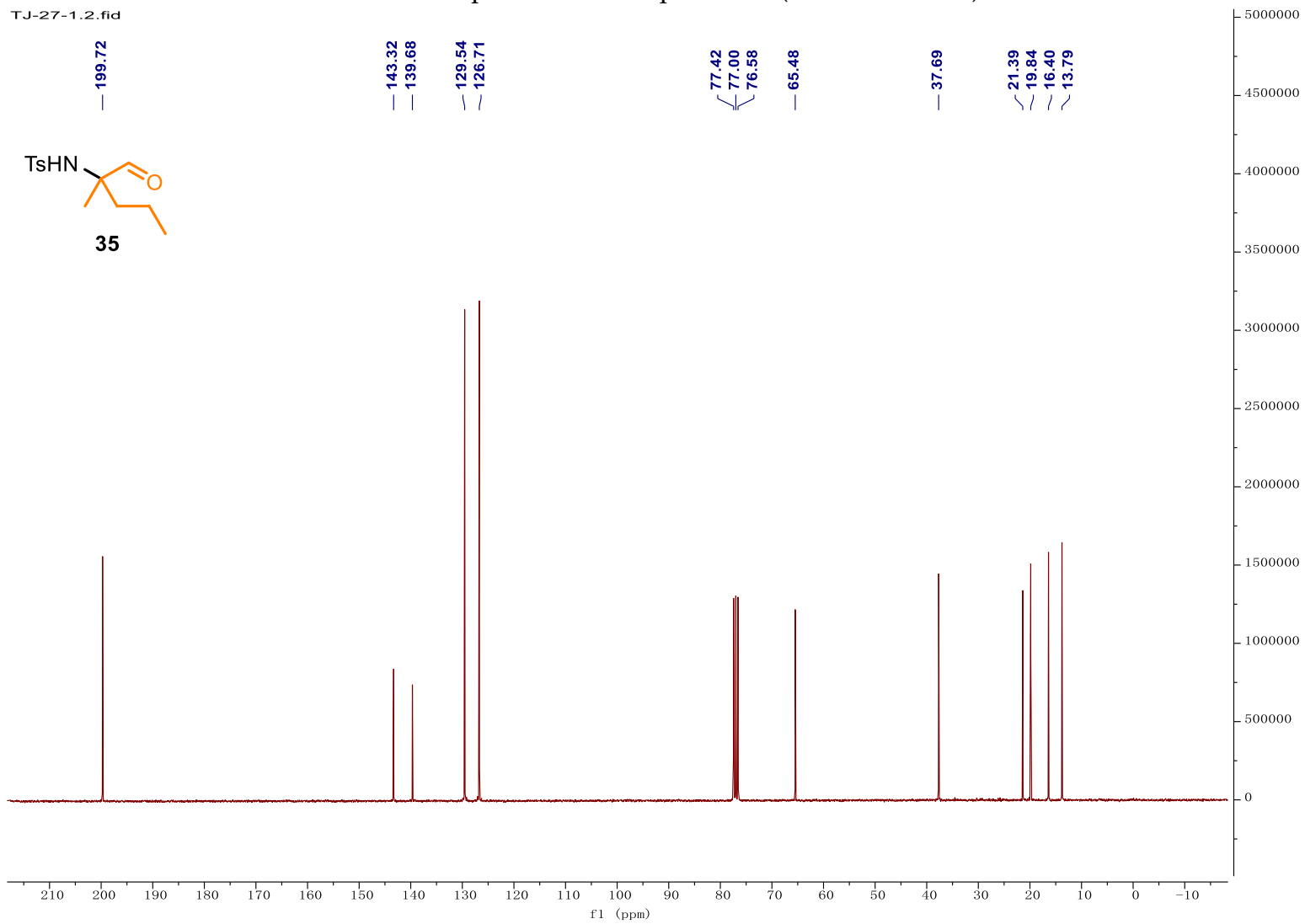
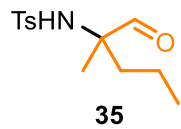
¹³C NMR spectrum of compound 34 (75 MHz, CDCl₃)

TJ-26-60.8.fid

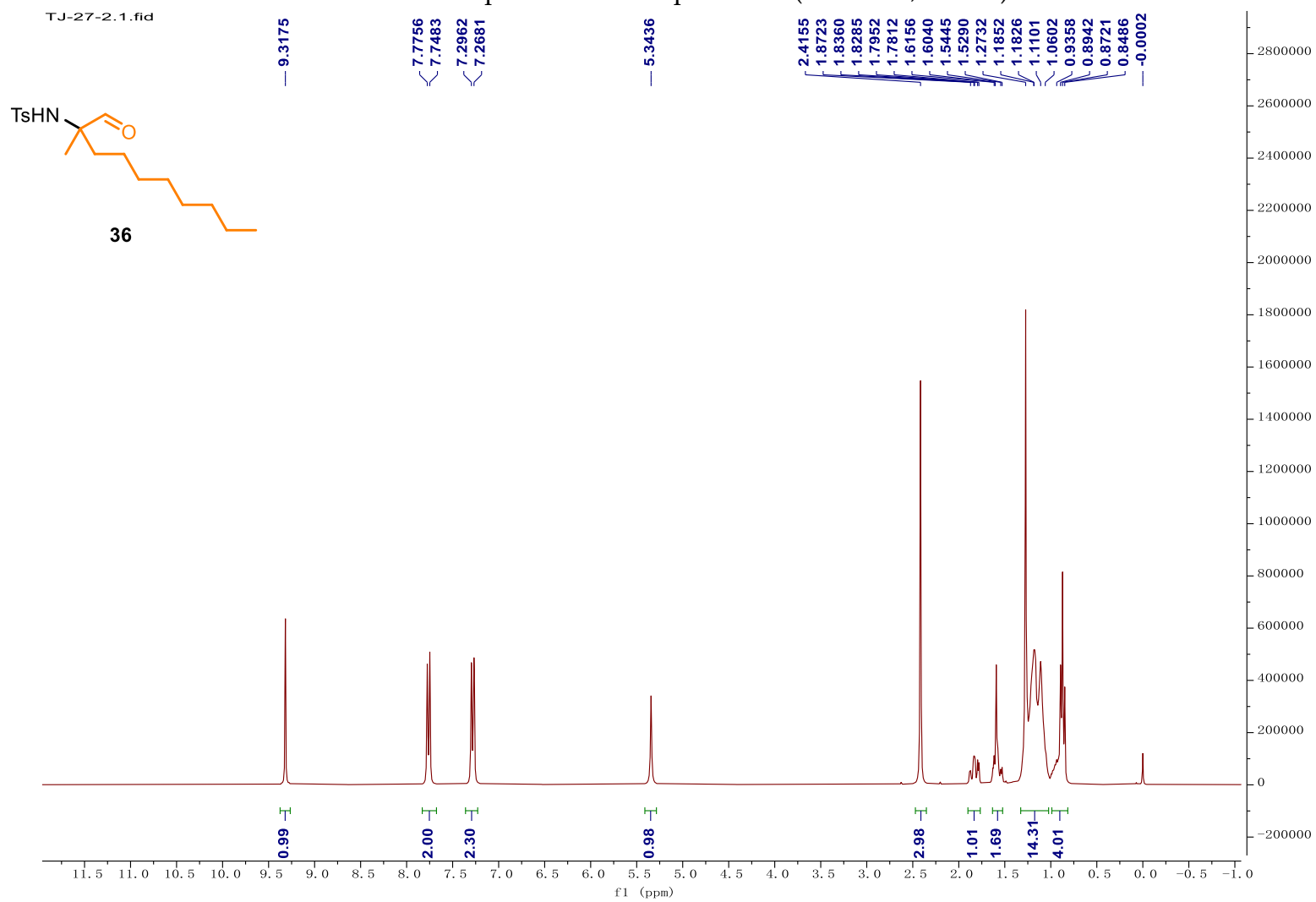


¹³C NMR spectrum of compound 35 (75 MHz, CDCl₃)

TJ-27-1.2.fid

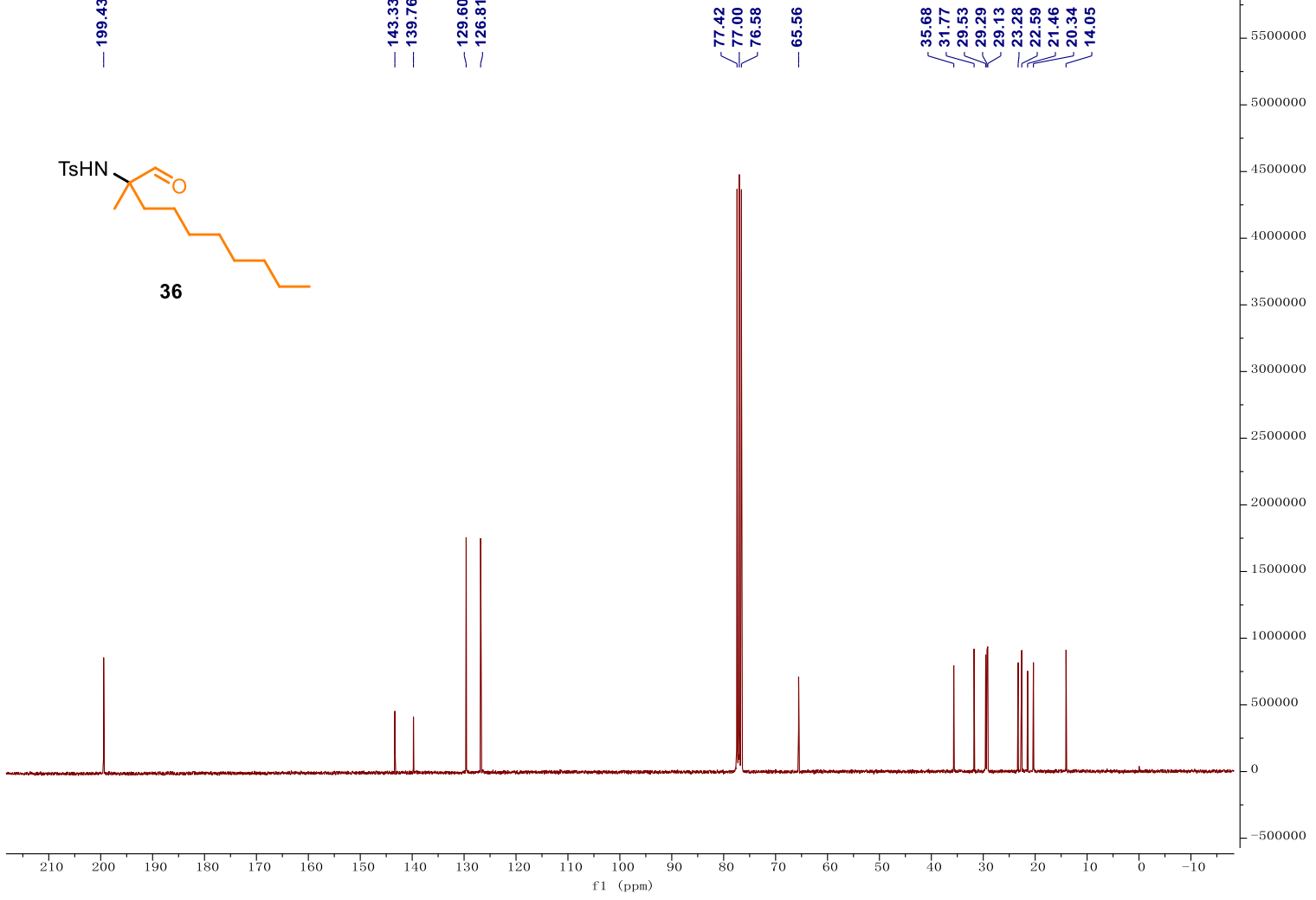


¹H NMR spectrum of compound 36 (300 MHz, CDCl₃)



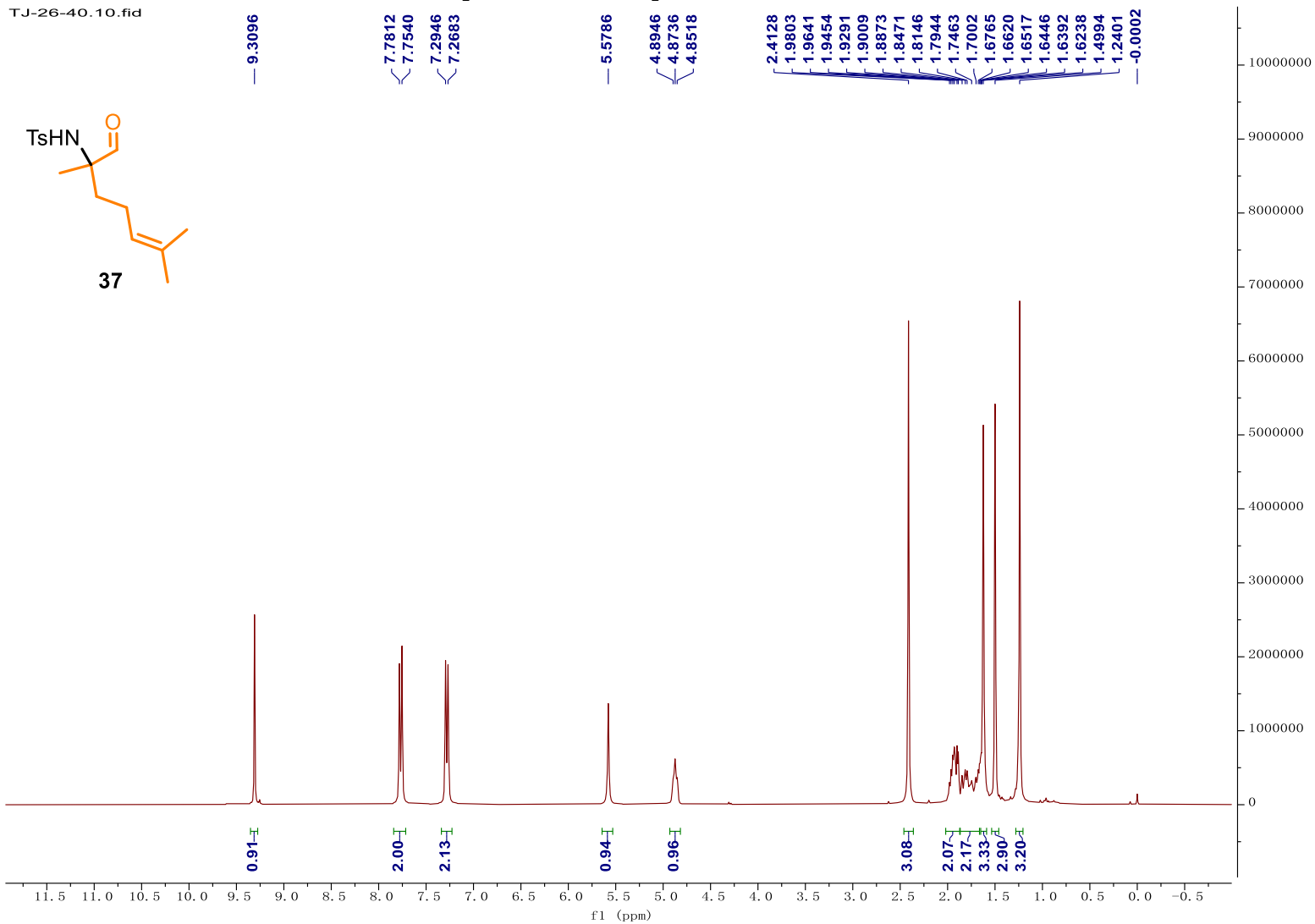
¹³C NMR spectrum of compound 36 (75 MHz, CDCl₃)

TJ-27-2.4.fid

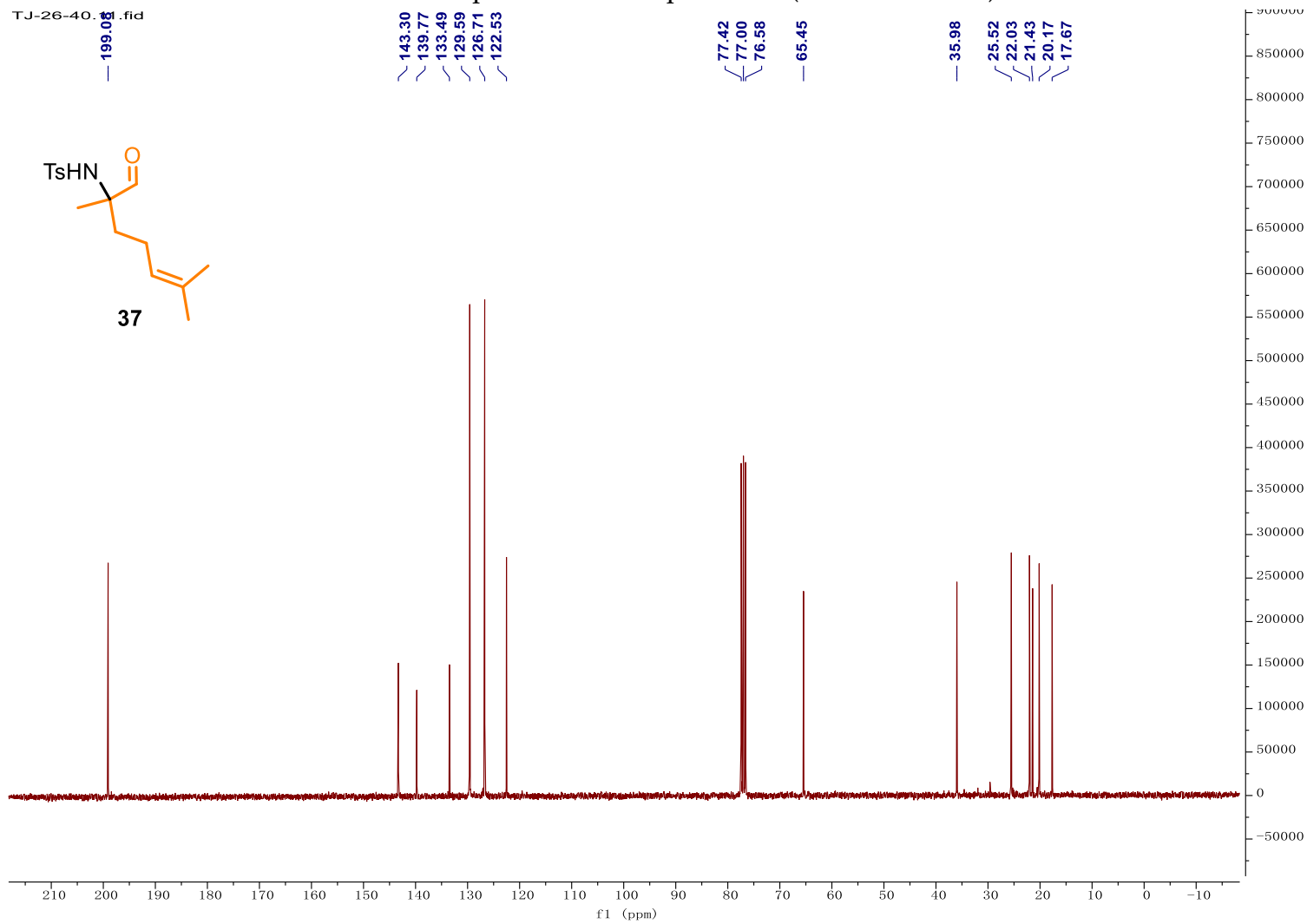


TJ-26-40.10.fid

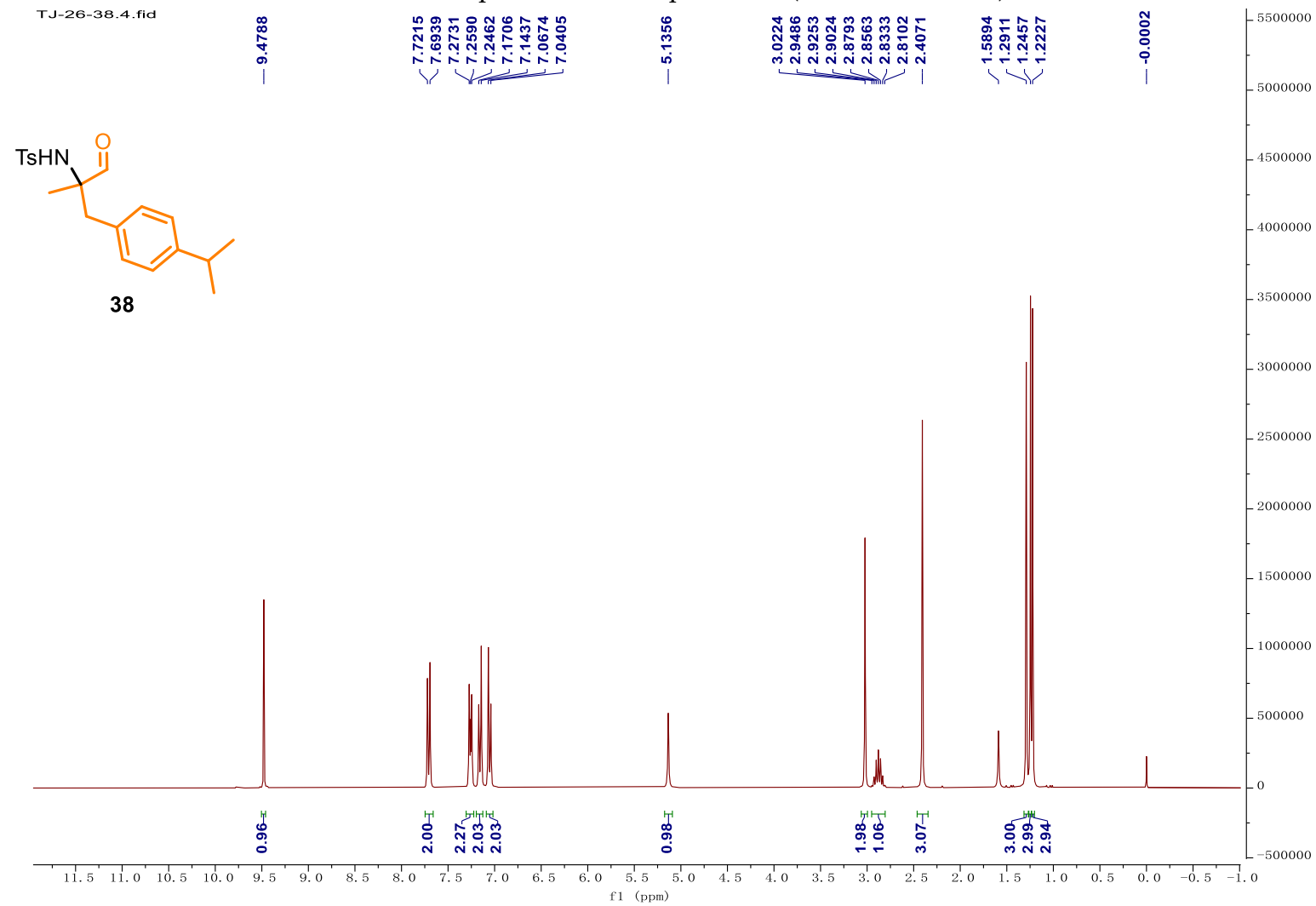
¹H NMR spectrum of compound 37 (300 MHz, CDCl₃)



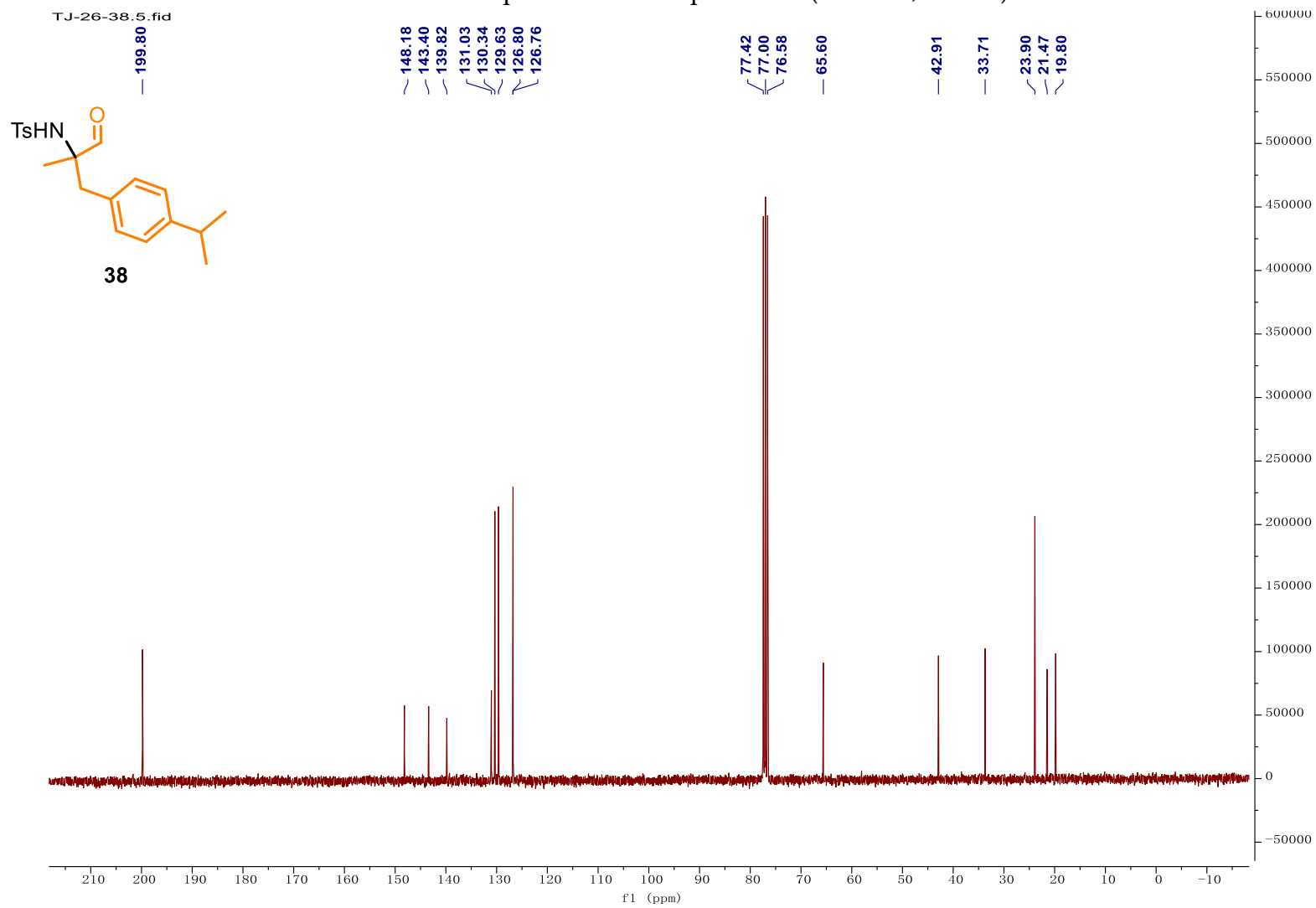
¹³C NMR spectrum of compound 37 (75 MHz, CDCl₃)



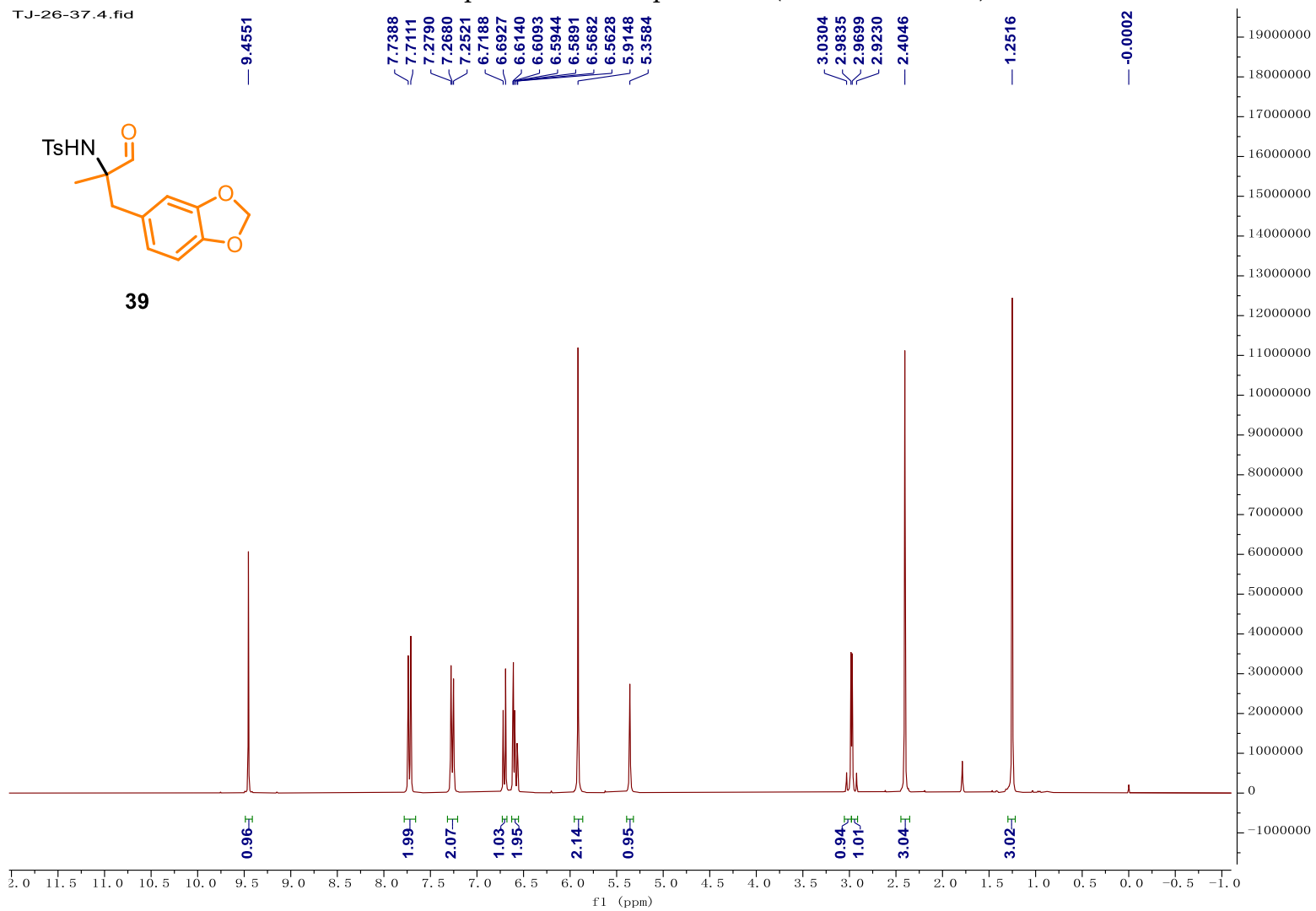
¹H NMR spectrum of compound 38 (300 MHz, CDCl₃)



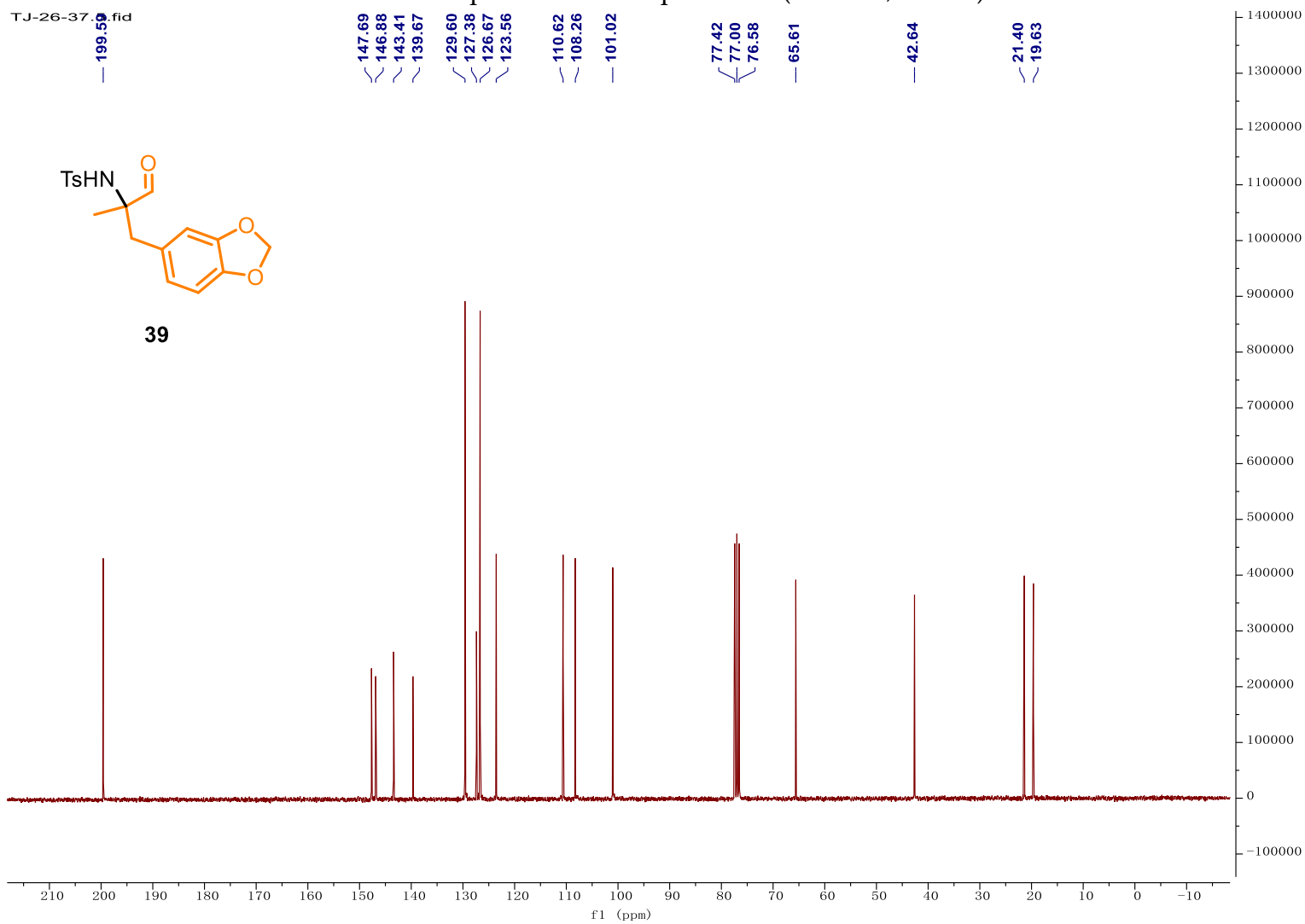
¹³C NMR spectrum of compound 38 (75 MHz, CDCl₃)



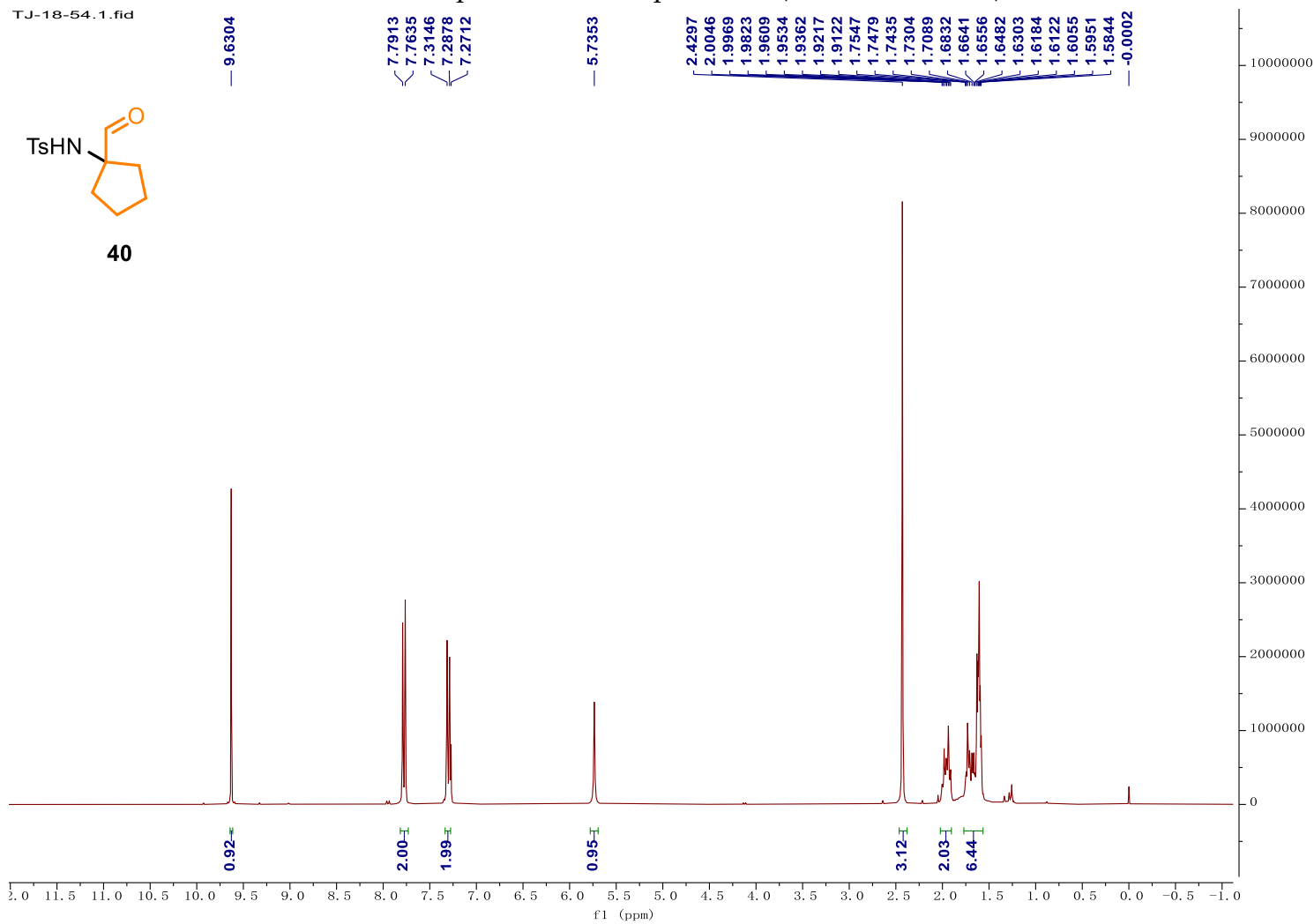
¹H NMR spectrum of compound **39** (300 MHz, CDCl₃)



¹³C NMR spectrum of compound 39 (75 MHz, CDCl₃)

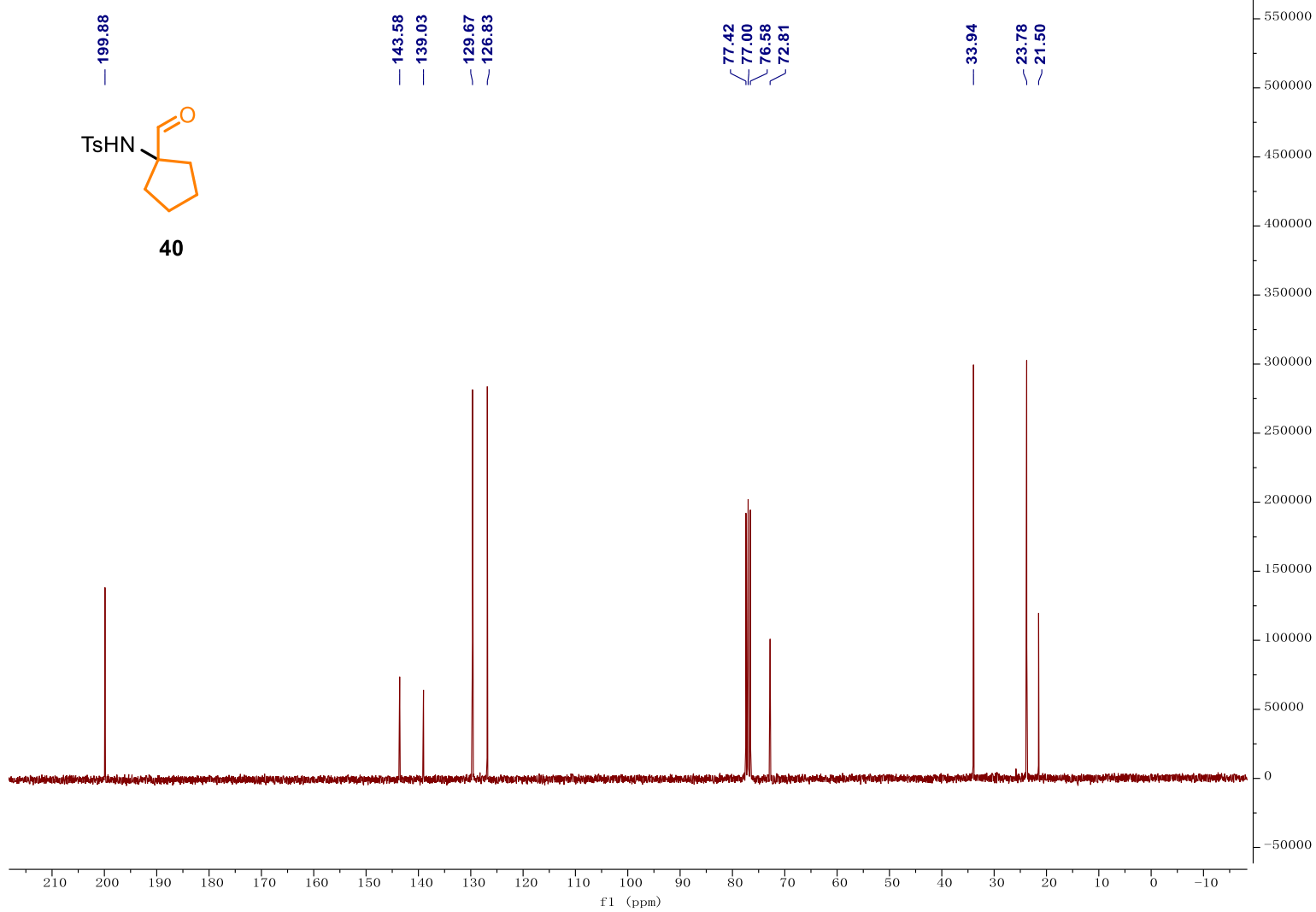
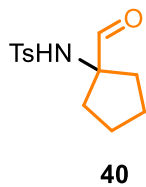


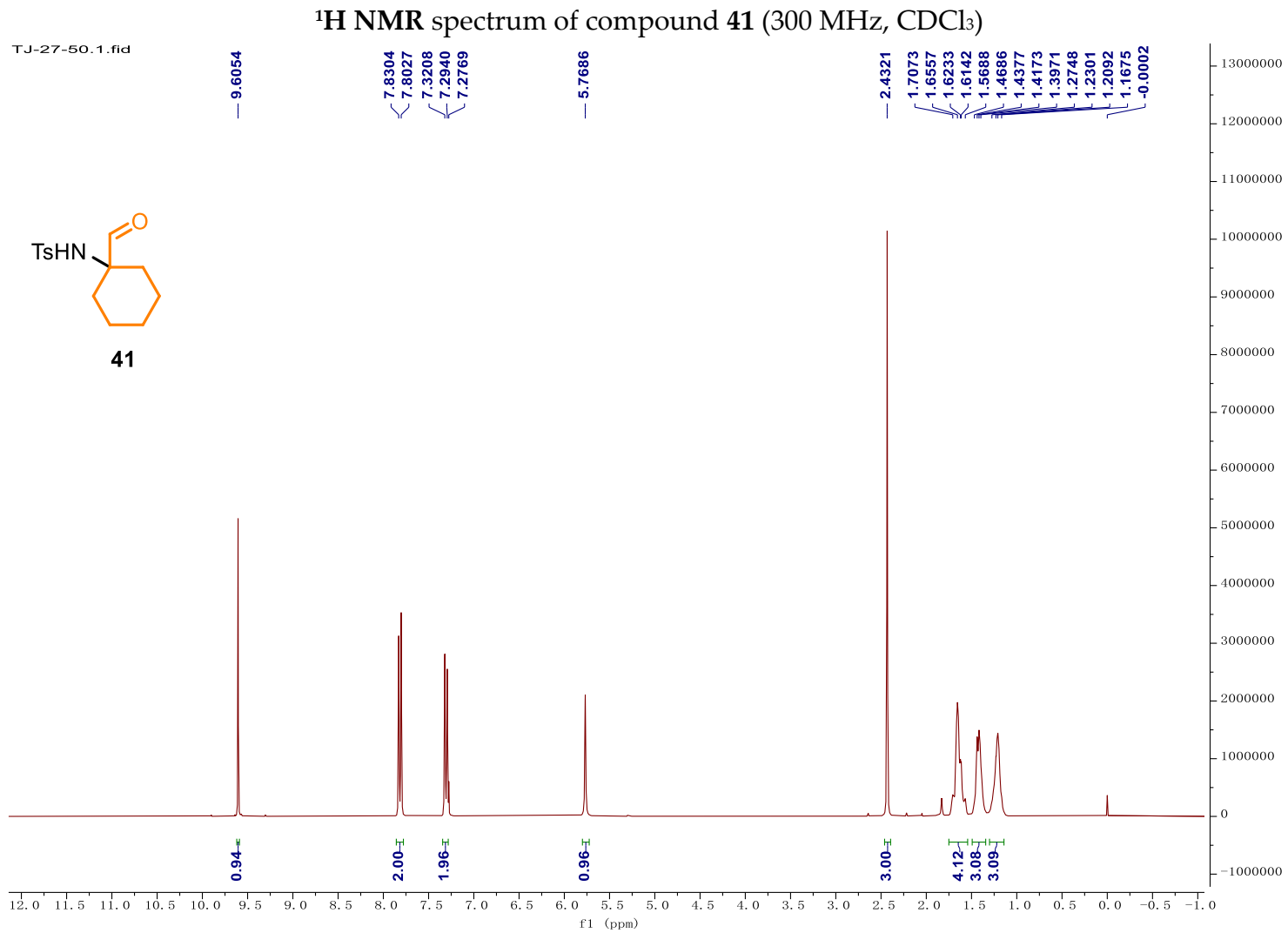
¹H NMR spectrum of compound **40** (300 MHz, CDCl₃)



¹³C NMR spectrum of compound 40 (75 MHz, CDCl₃)

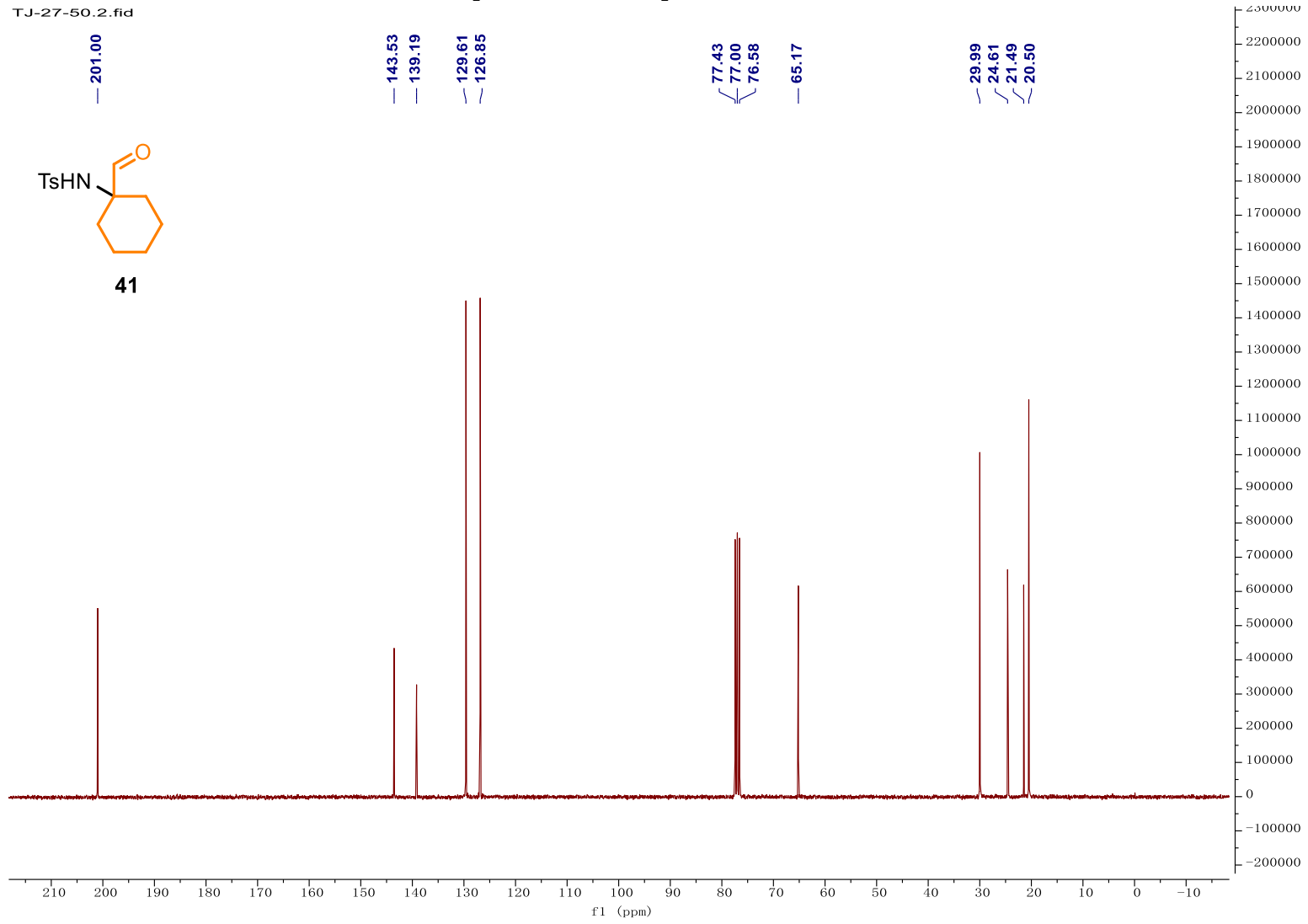
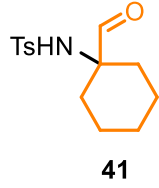
TJ-18-54.2.fid





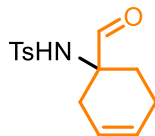
¹³C NMR spectrum of compound **41** (75 MHz, CDCl₃)

TJ-27-50.2.fid

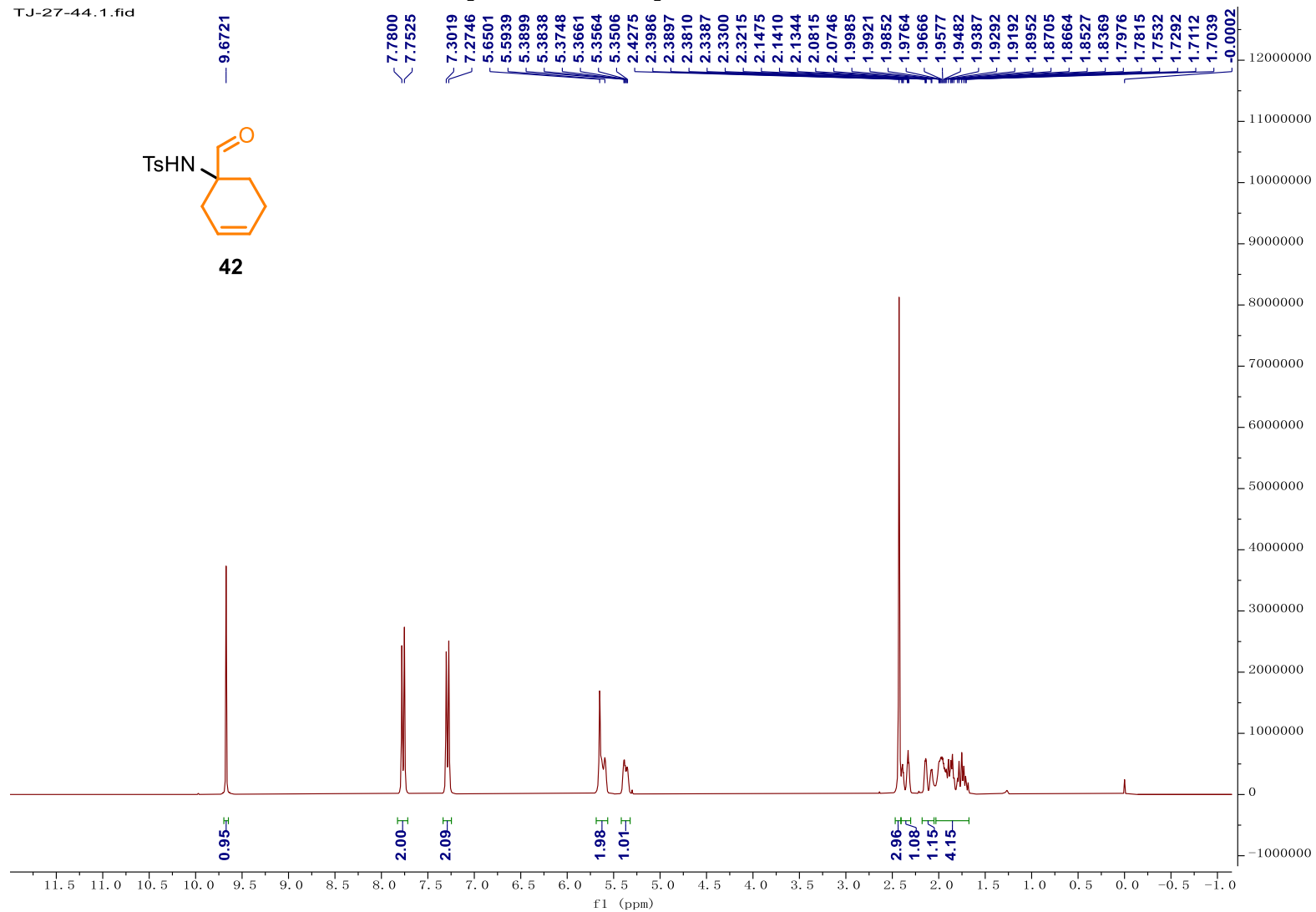


TJ-27-44.1.fid

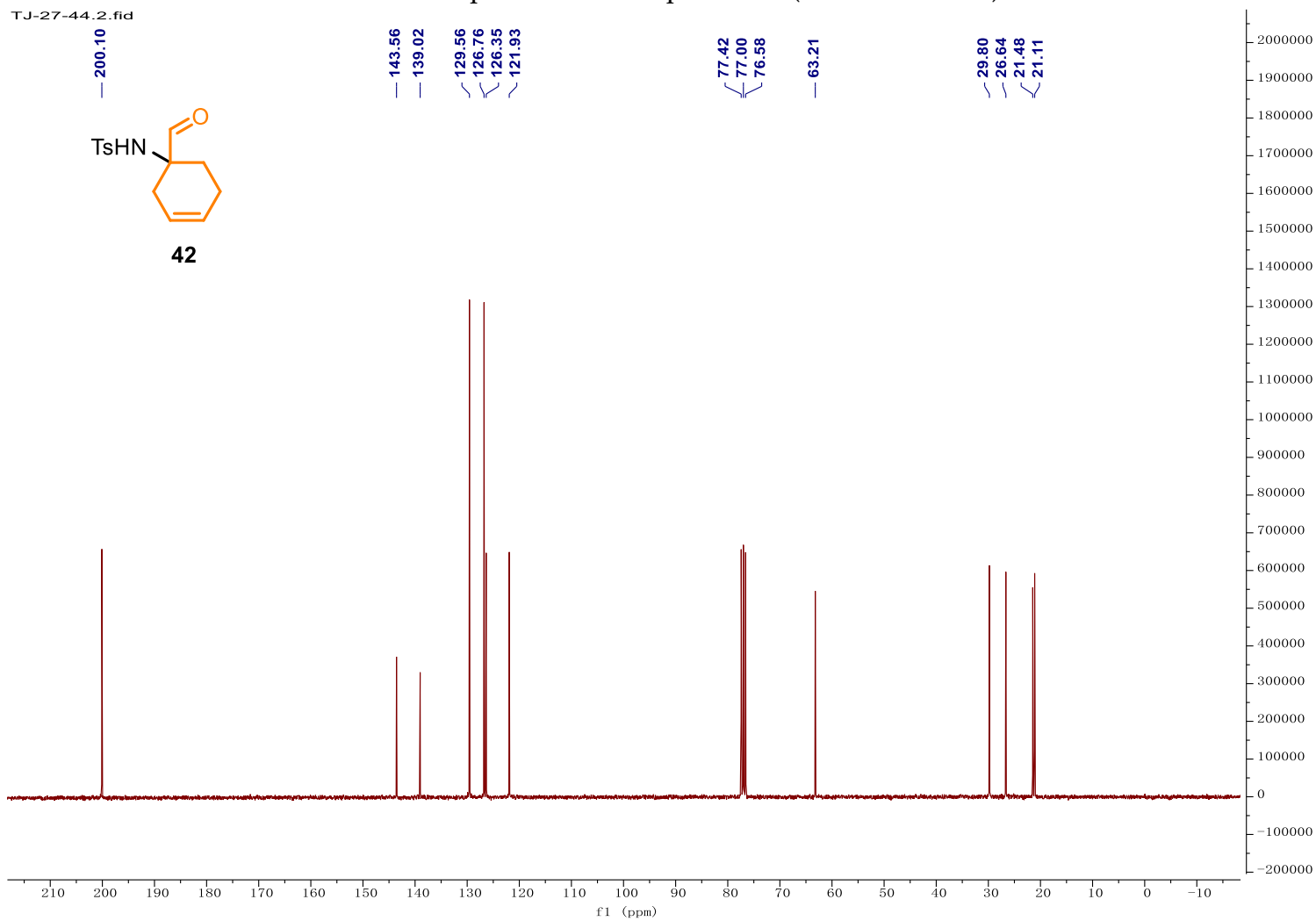
¹H NMR spectrum of compound 42 (300 MHz, CDCl₃)



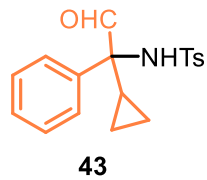
42



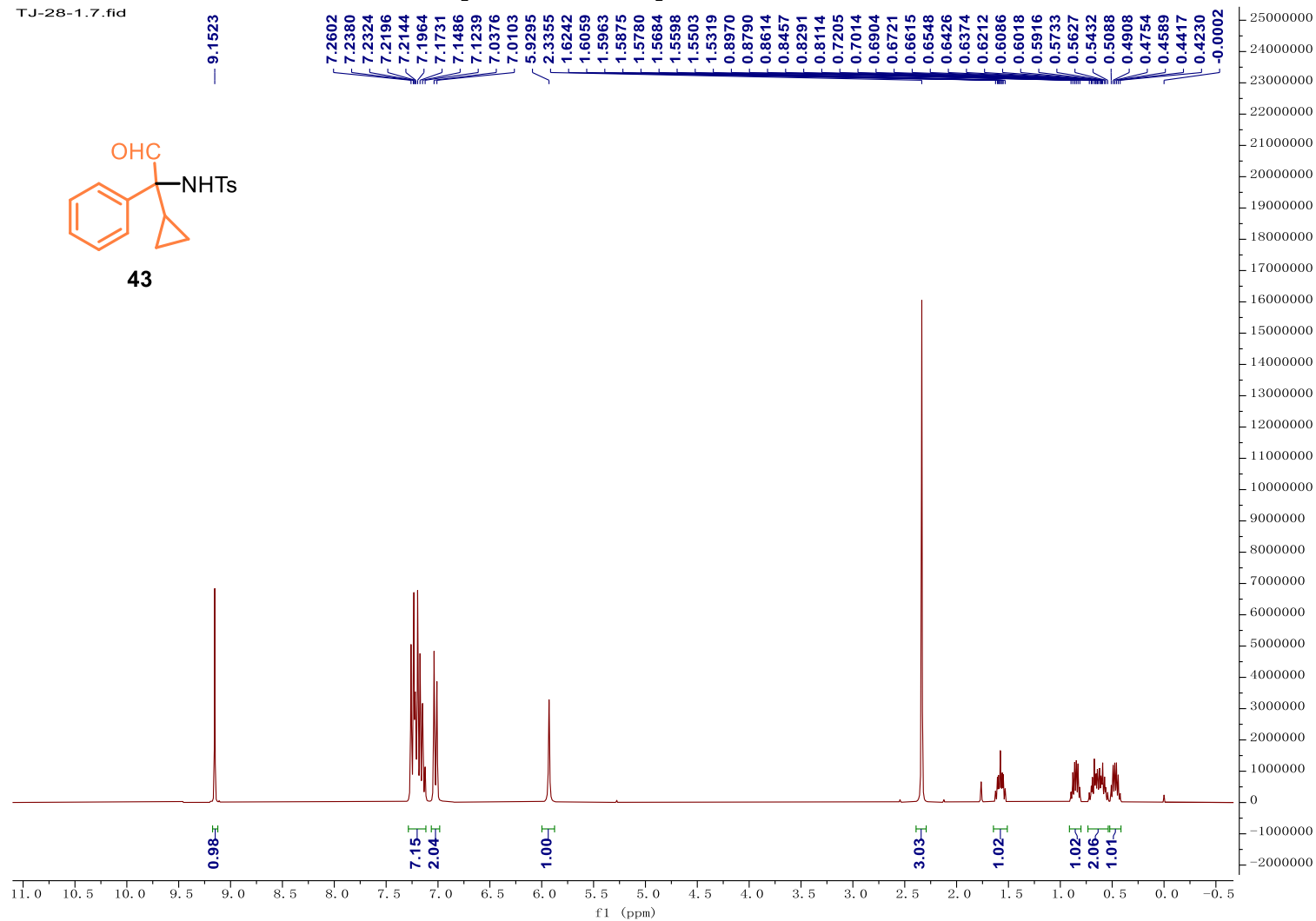
¹³C NMR spectrum of compound 42 (75 MHz, CDCl₃)



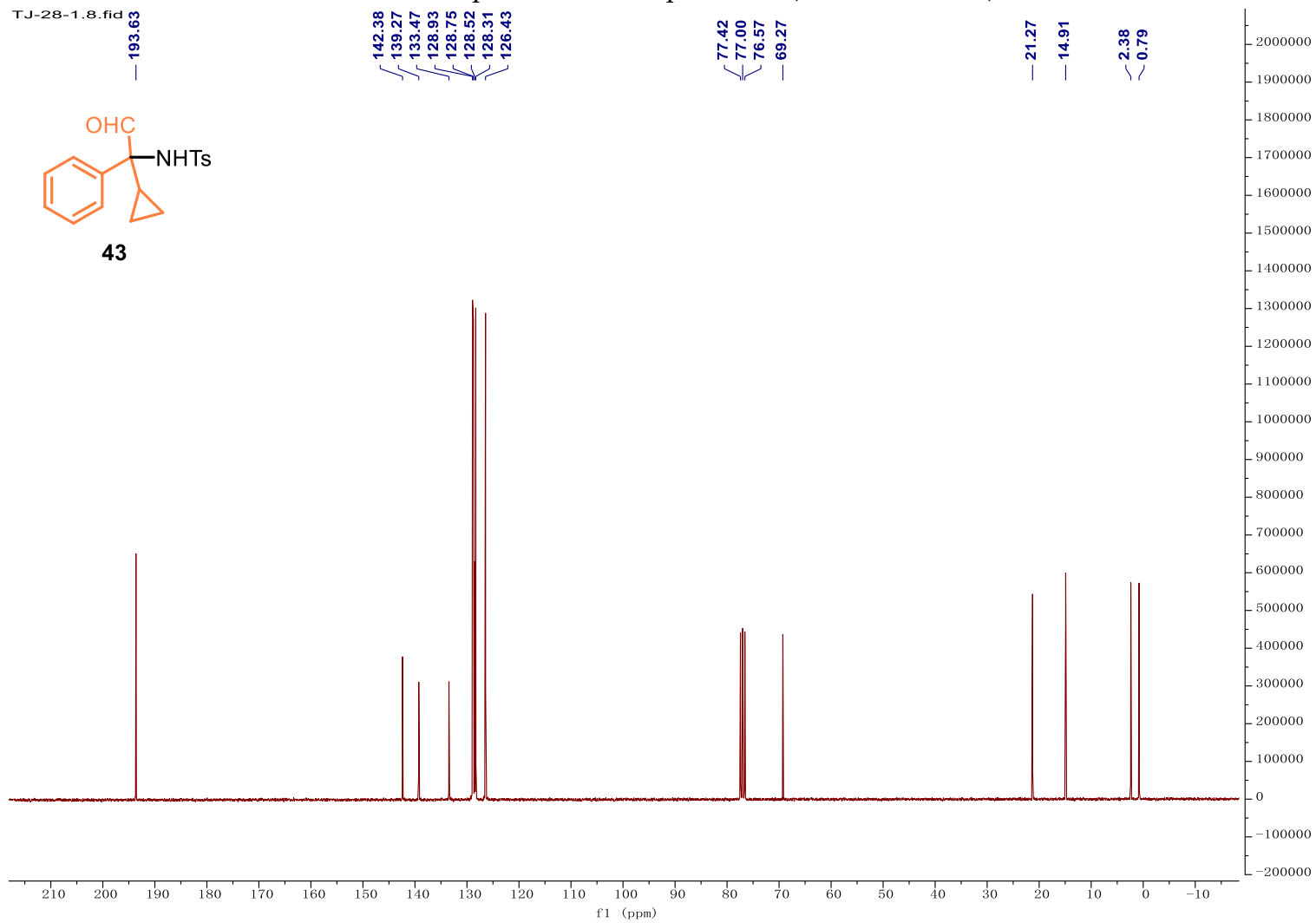
TJ-28-1.7.fid



¹H NMR spectrum of compound 43 (300 MHz, CDCl₃)

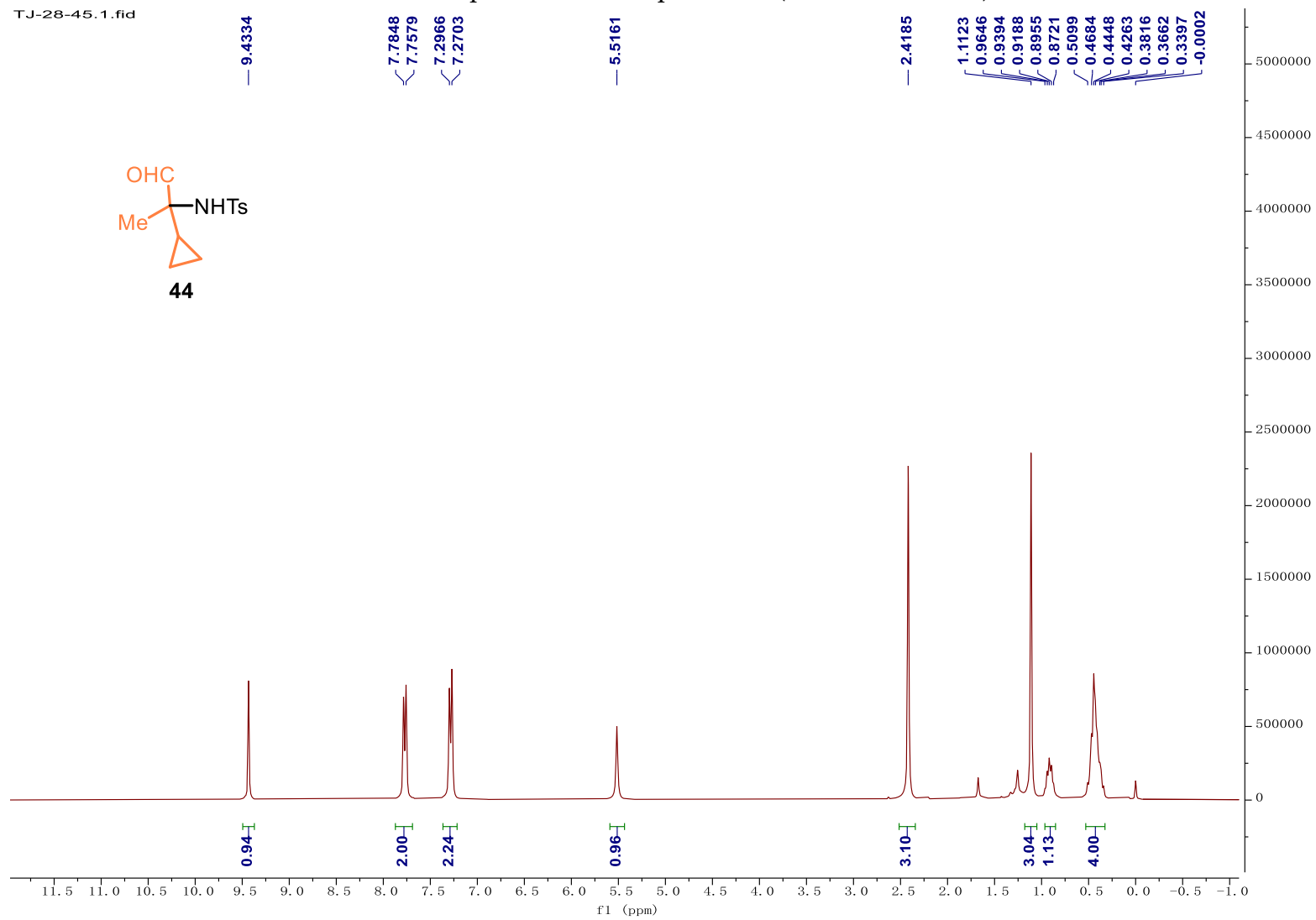
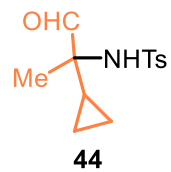


¹³C NMR spectrum of compound 43 (75 MHz, CDCl₃)

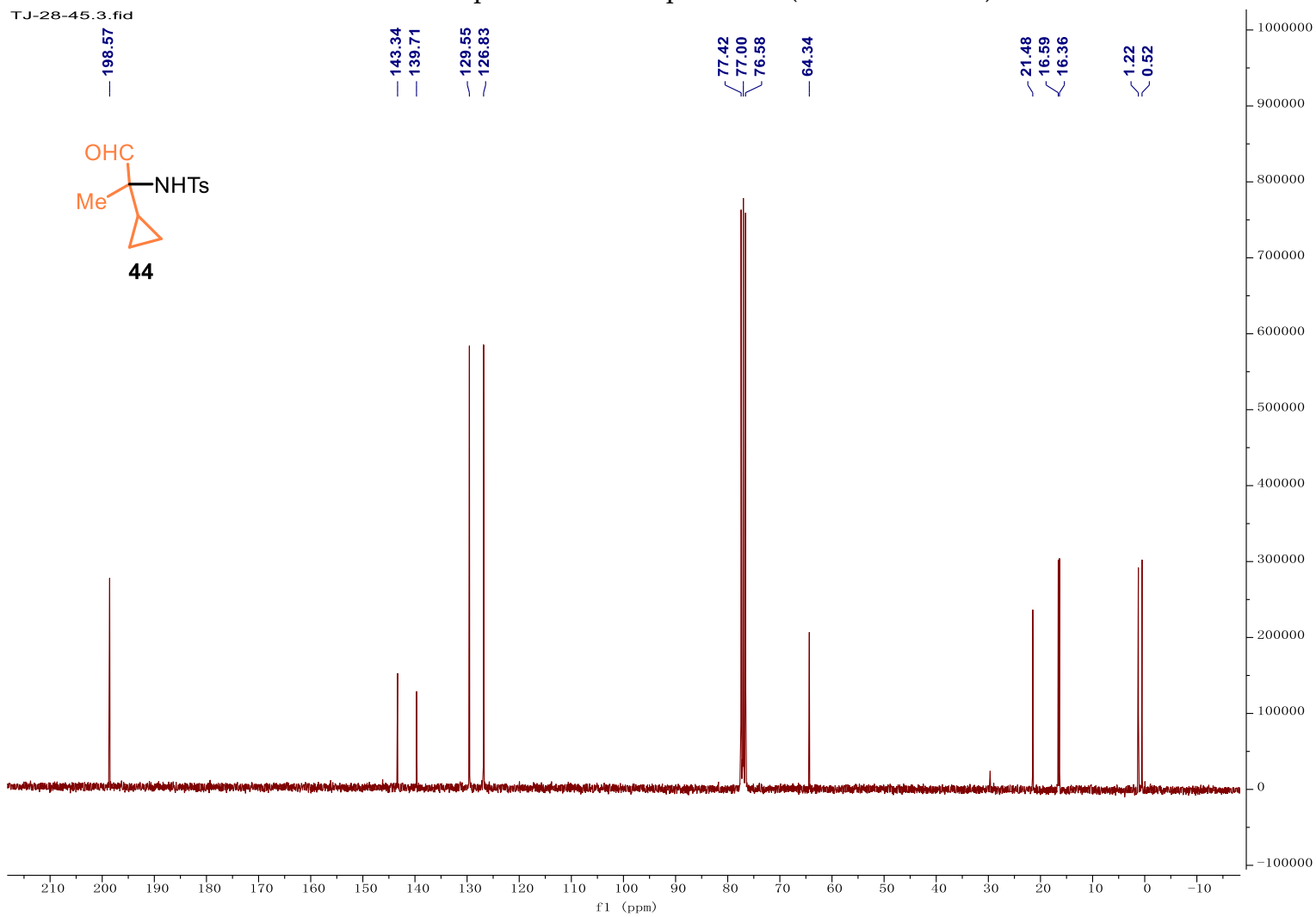


¹H NMR spectrum of compound **44** (300 MHz, CDCl₃)

TJ-28-45.1.fid

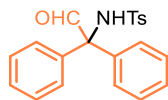


¹³C NMR spectrum of compound **44** (75 MHz, CDCl₃)

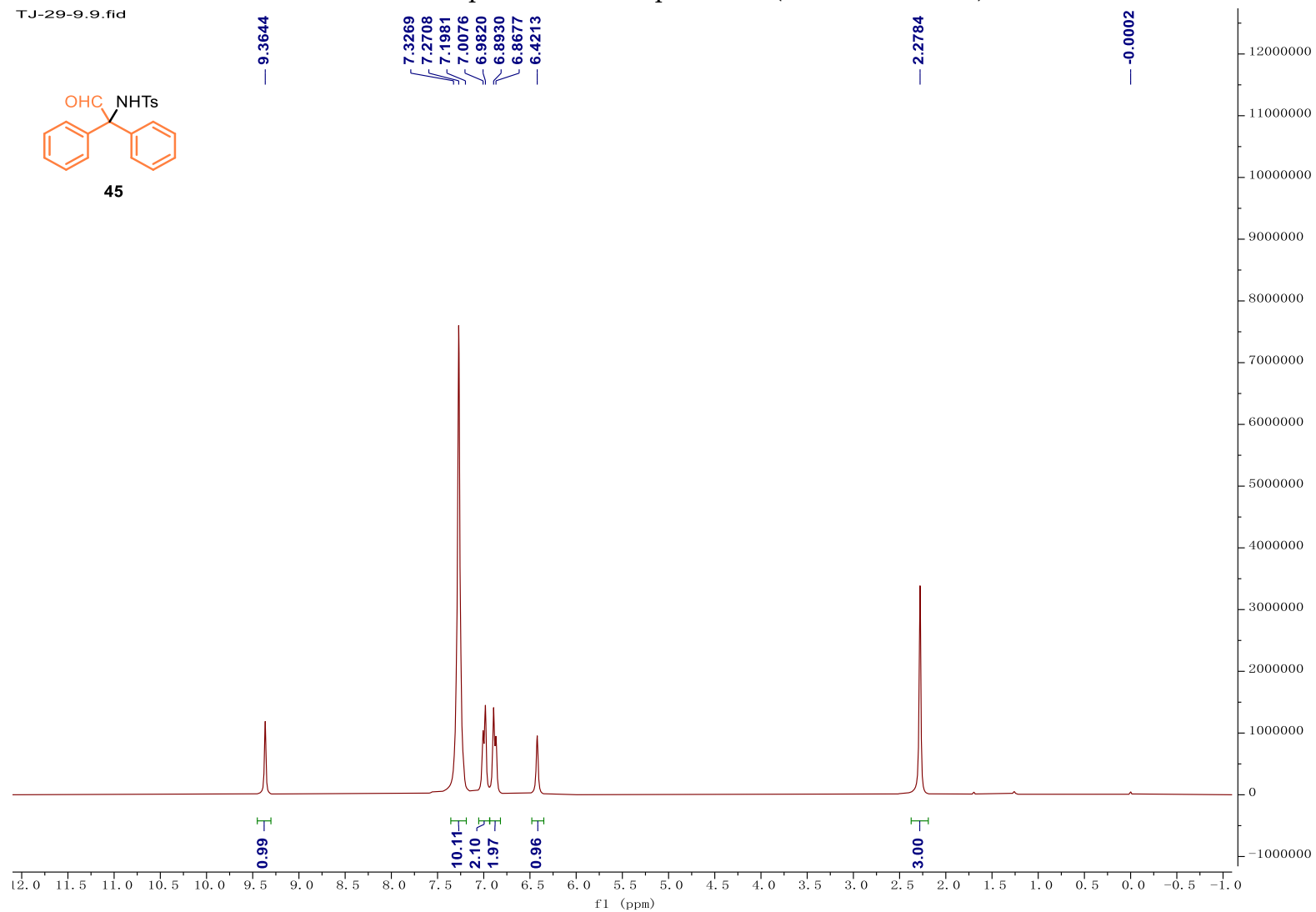


¹H NMR spectrum of compound **45** (300 MHz, CDCl₃)

TJ-29-9.9.fid

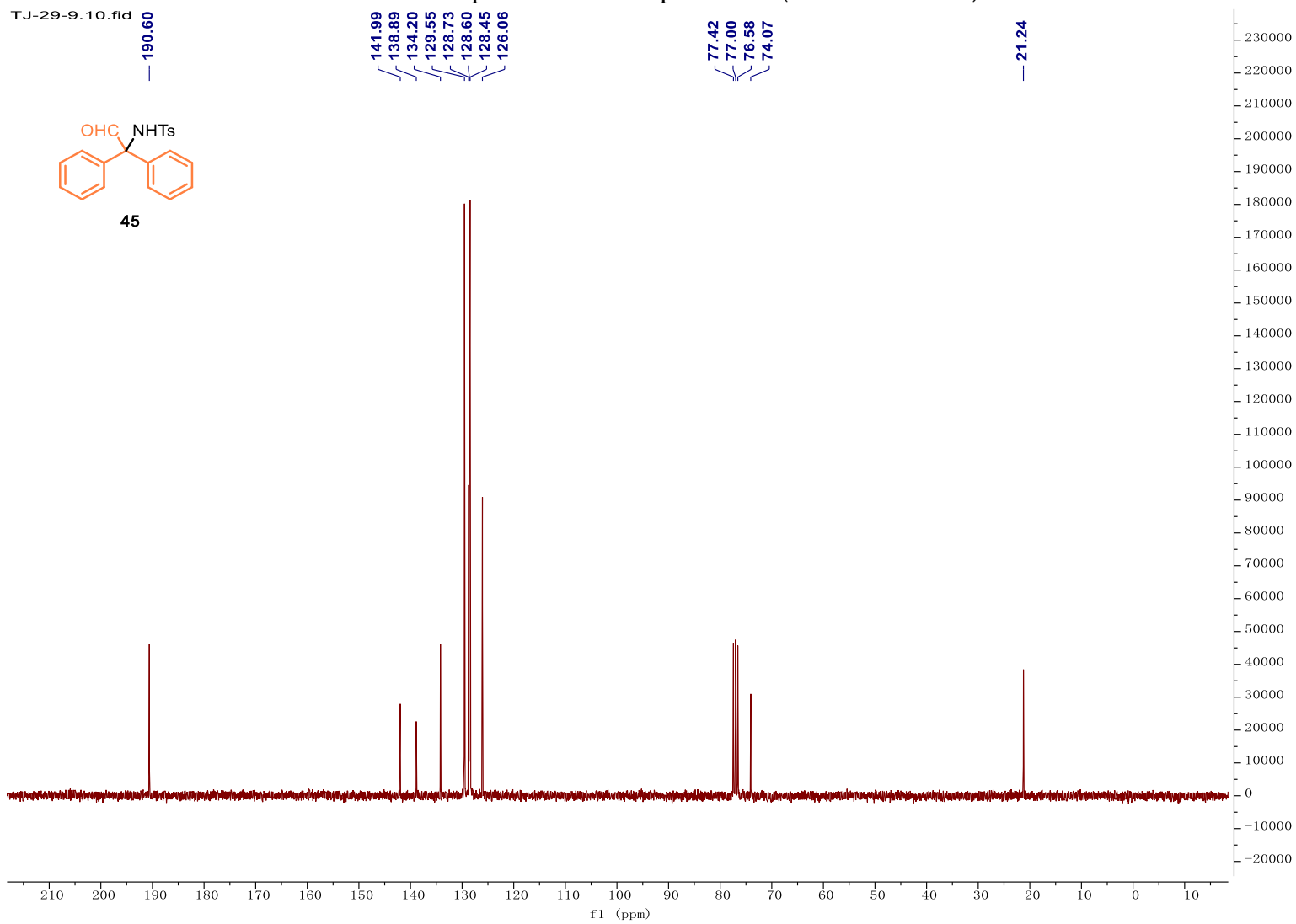


45



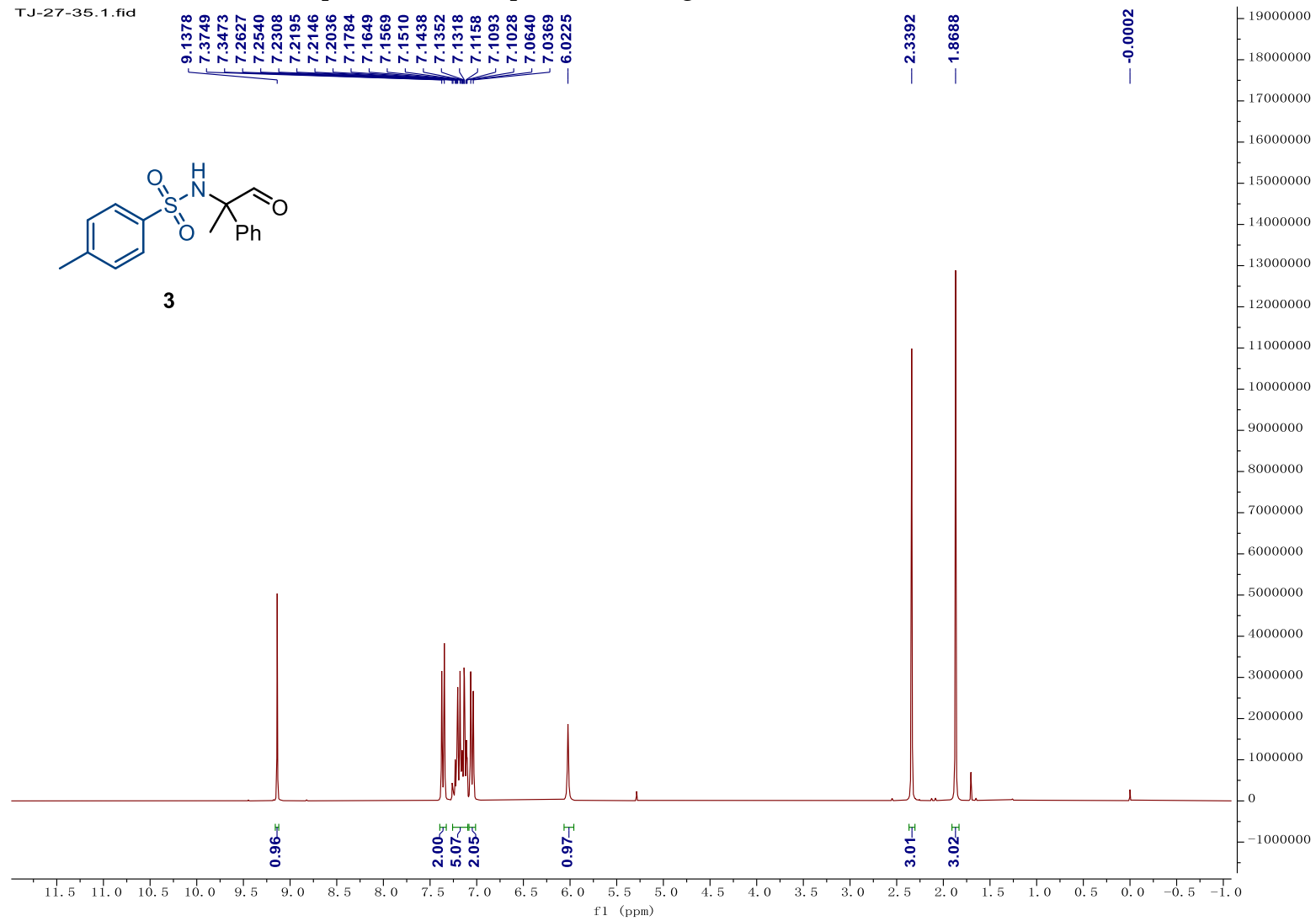
S145

¹³C NMR spectrum of compound 45 (75 MHz, CDCl₃)



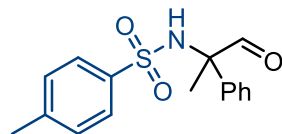
¹H NMR spectrum of compound 3 from gram scale reaction (300 MHz, CDCl₃)

TJ-27-35.1.fid

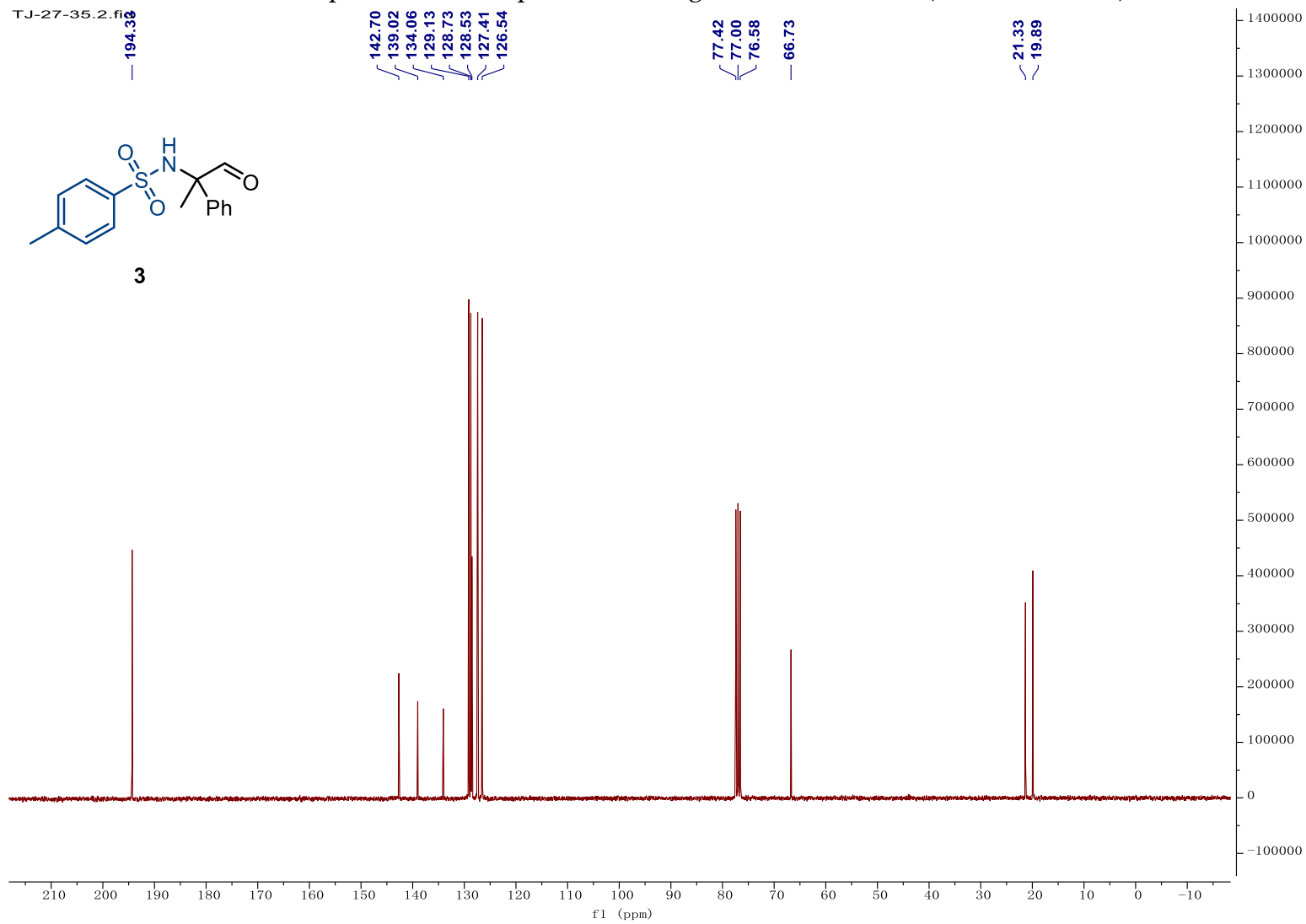


¹³C NMR spectrum of compound 3 from gram scale reaction (75 MHz, CDCl₃)

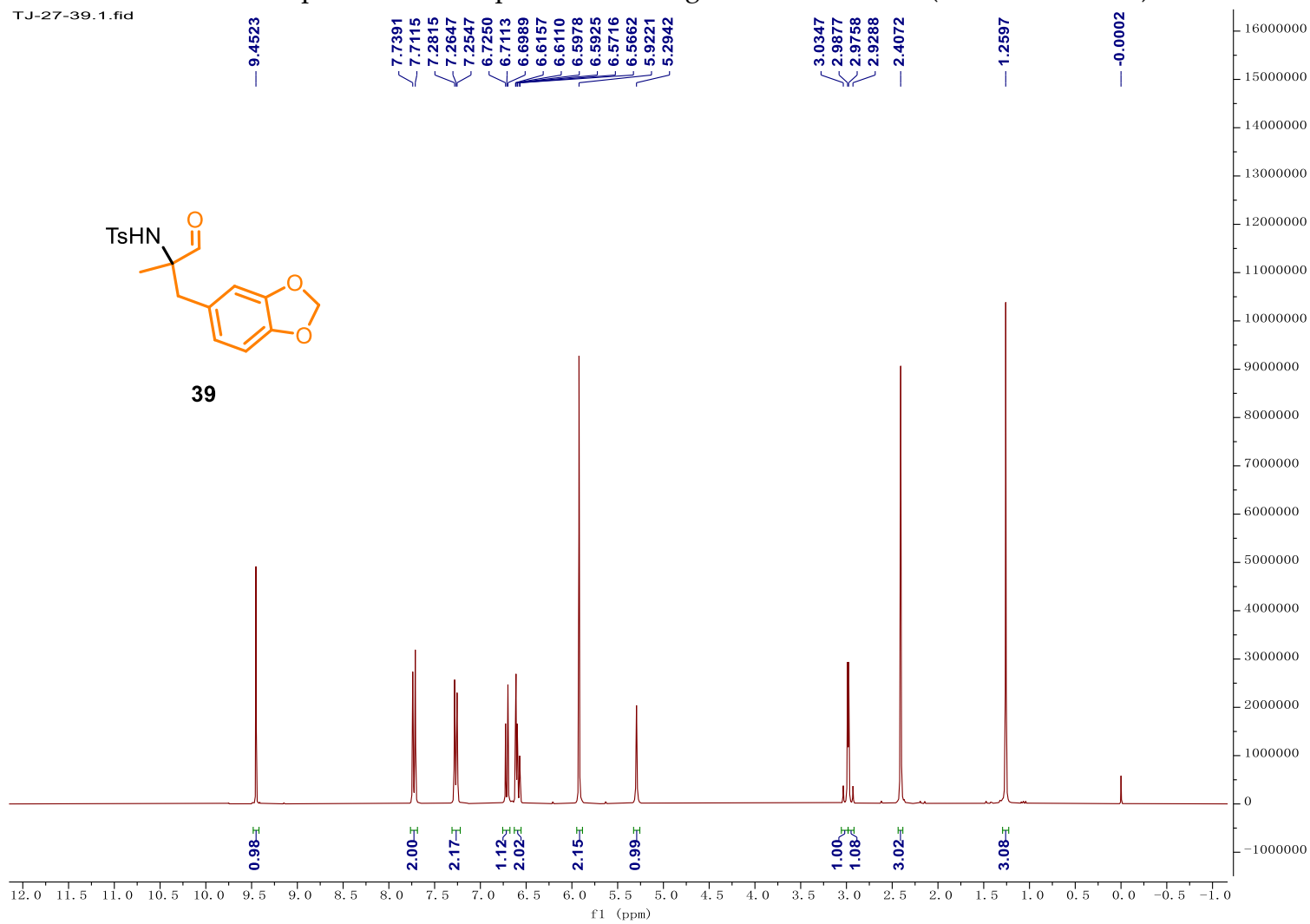
TJ-27-35.2.f1



3

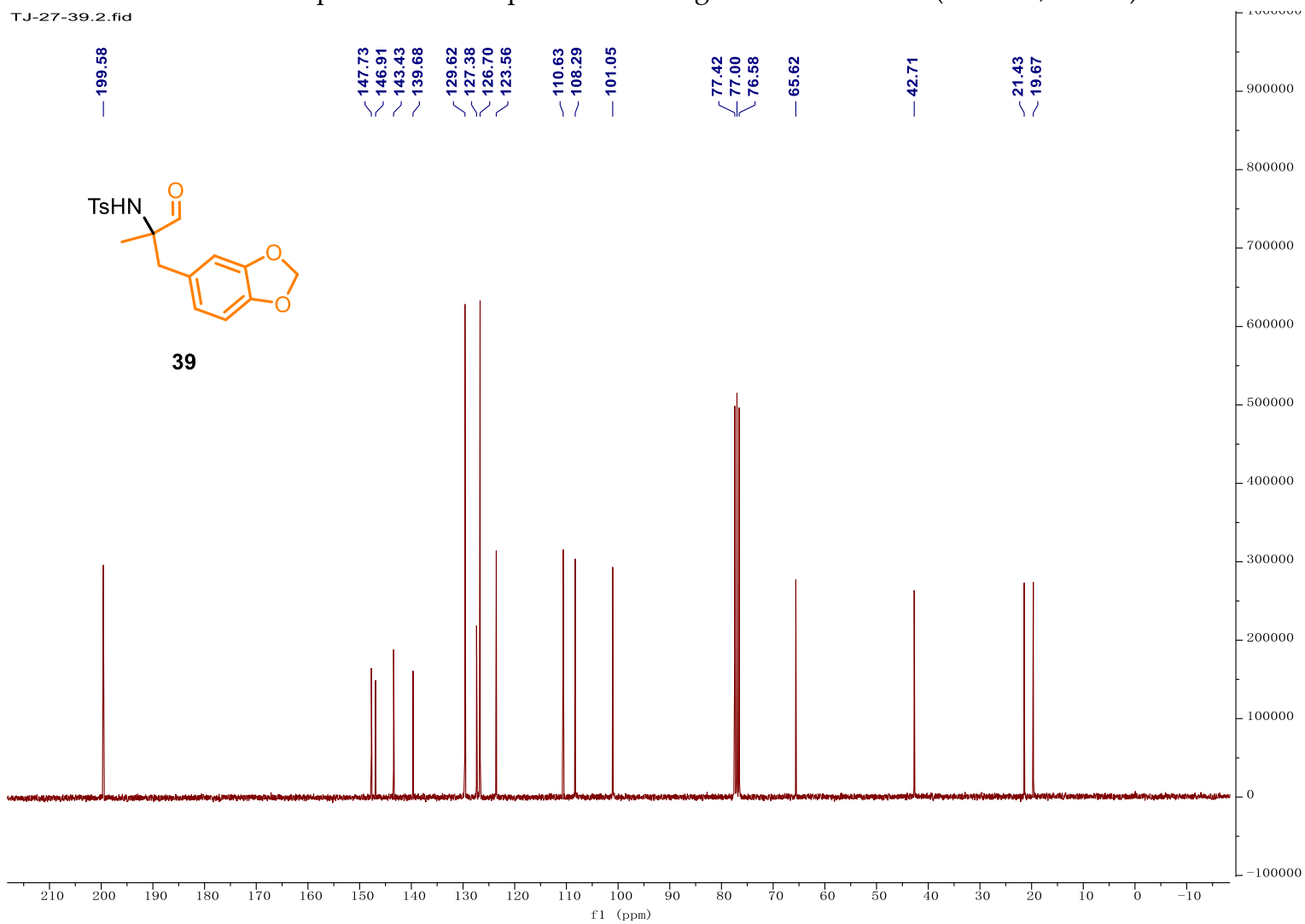


¹H NMR spectrum of compound **39** from gram scale reaction (300 MHz, CDCl₃)

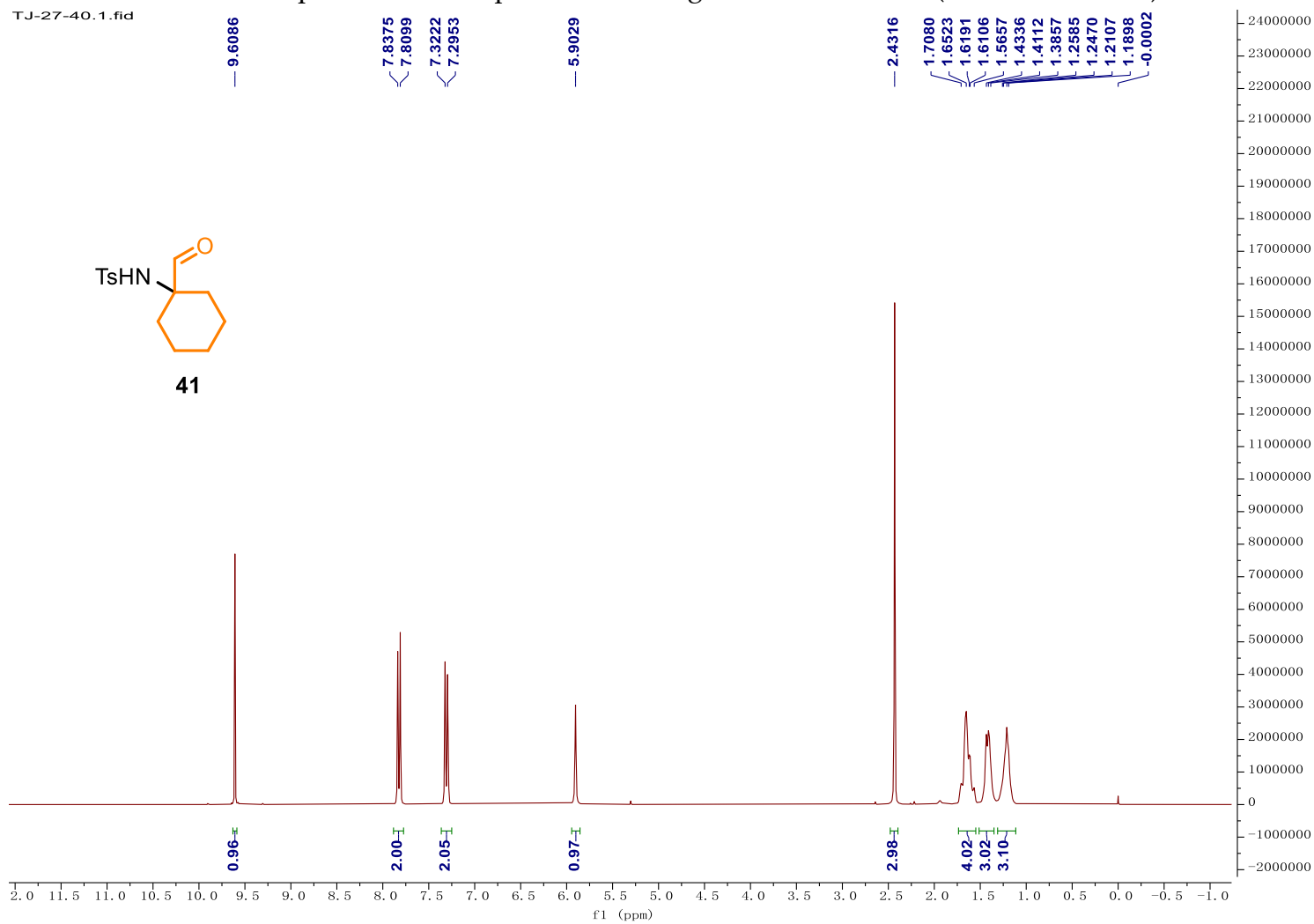


¹³C NMR spectrum of compound **39** from gram scale reaction (75 MHz, CDCl₃)

TJ-27-39.2.fid

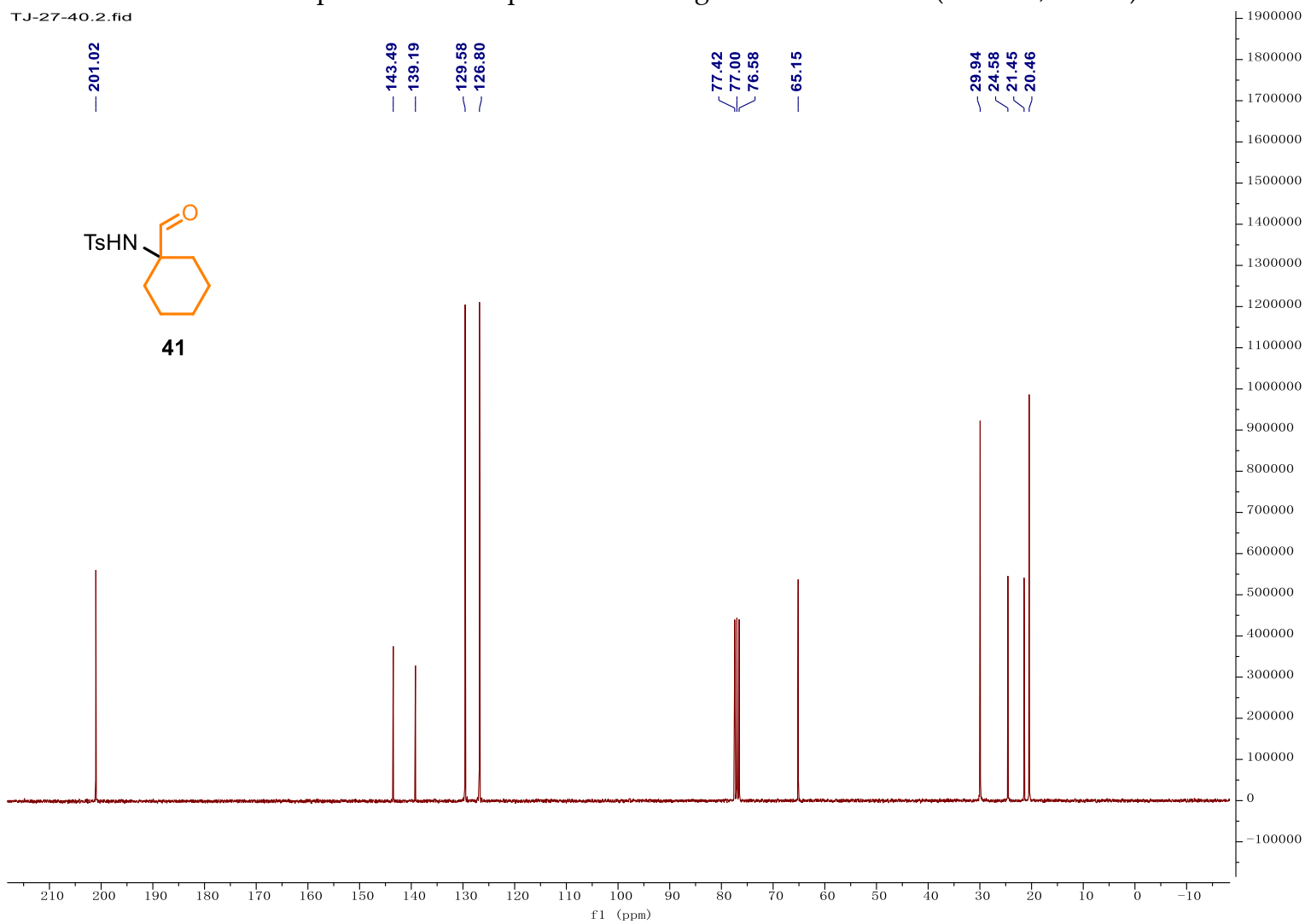


¹H NMR spectrum of compound 41 from gram scale reaction (300 MHz, CDCl₃)



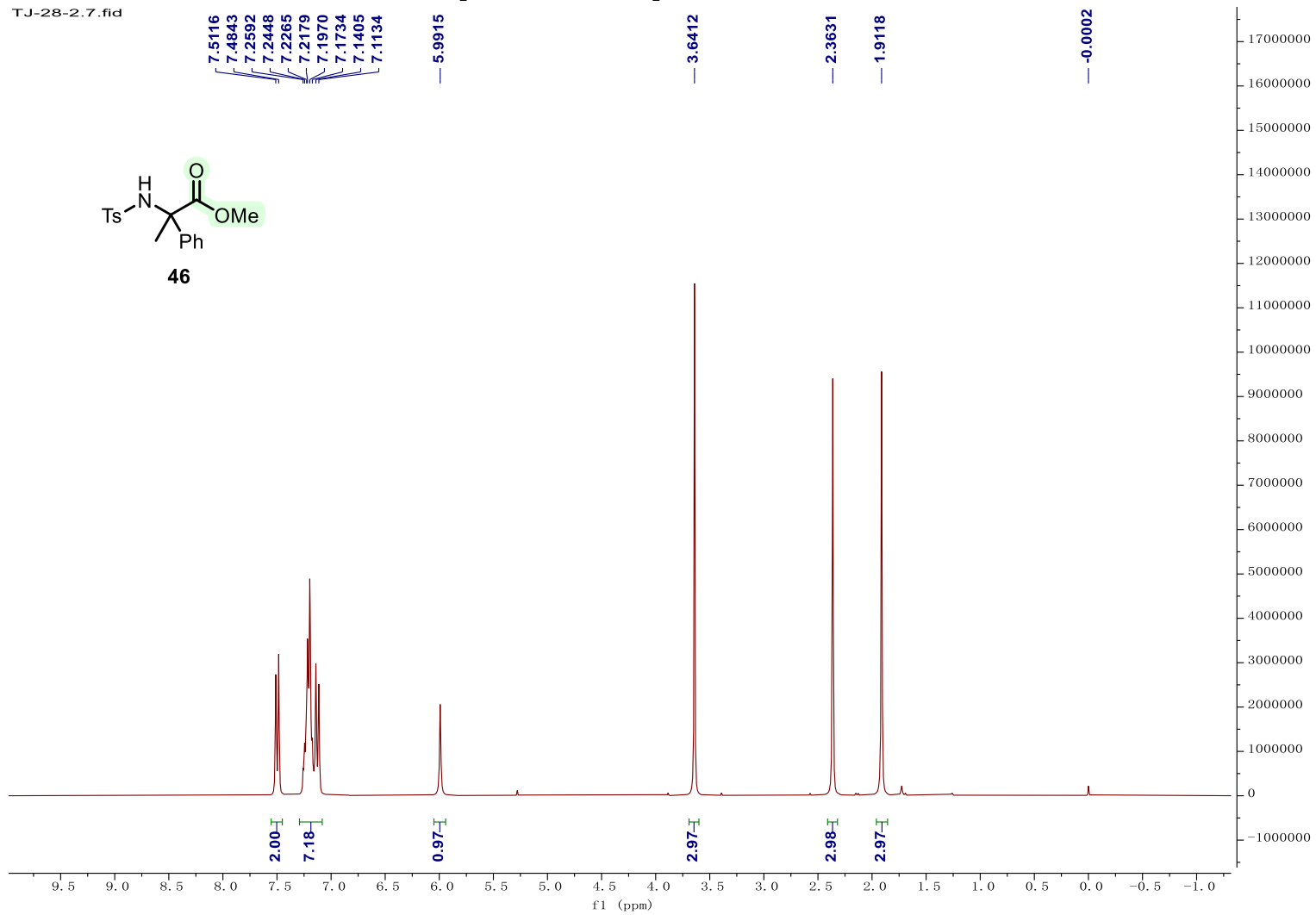
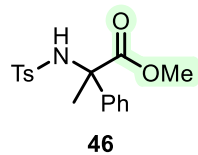
¹³C NMR spectrum of compound **41** from gram scale reaction (75 MHz, CDCl₃)

TJ-27-40.2.fid



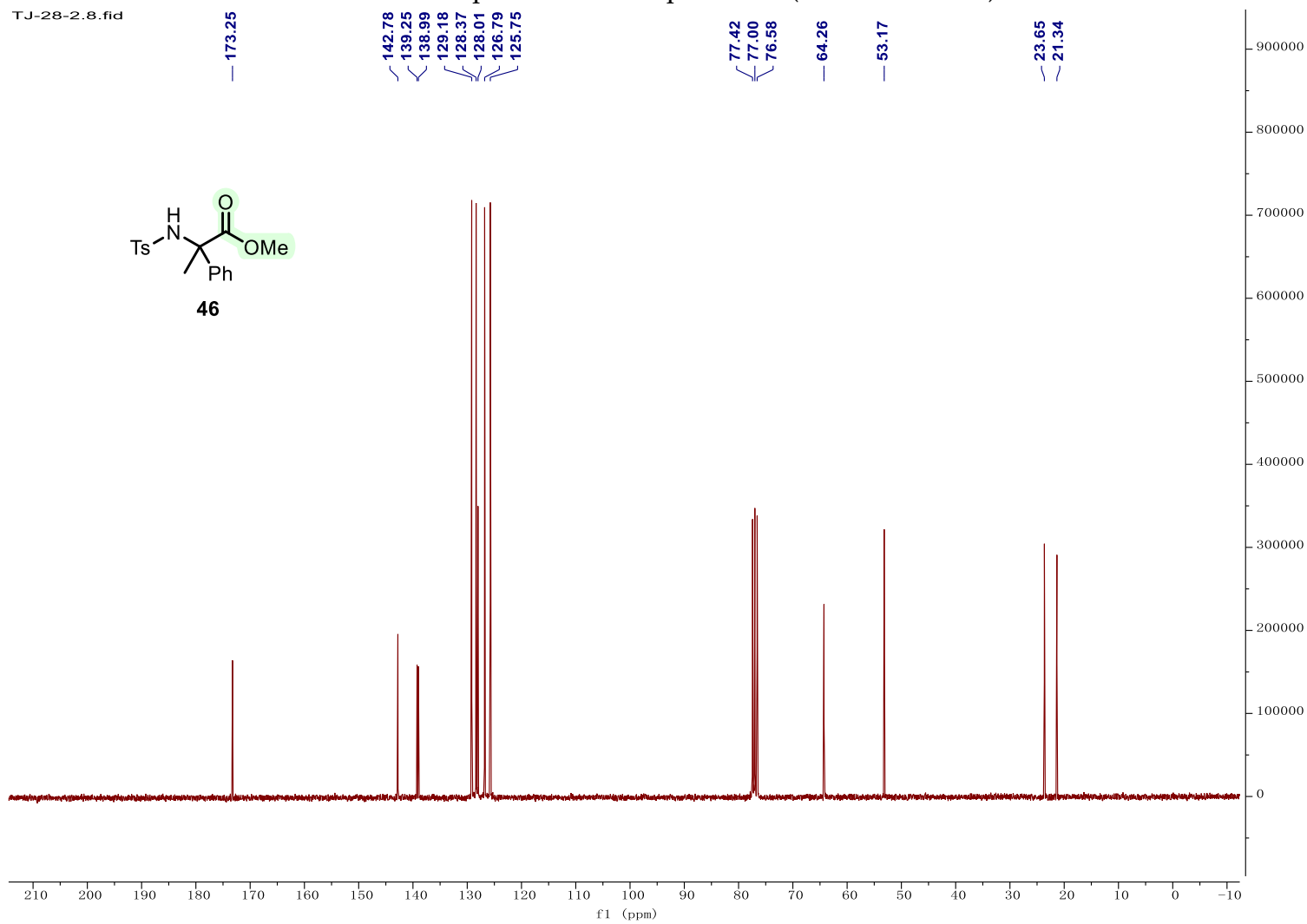
¹H NMR spectrum of compound **46** (300 MHz, CDCl₃)

TJ-28-2.7.fid

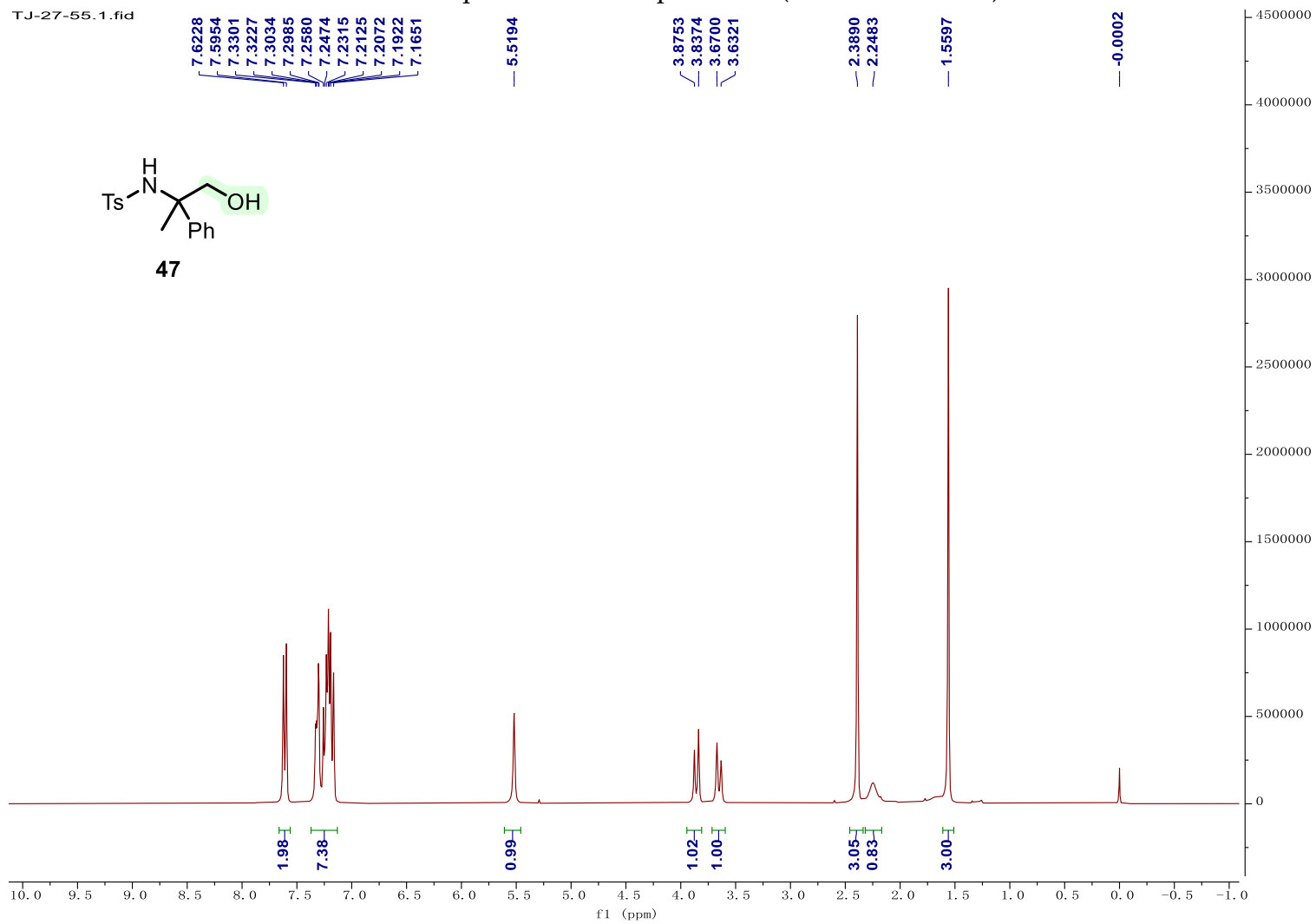


TJ-28-2.8.fid

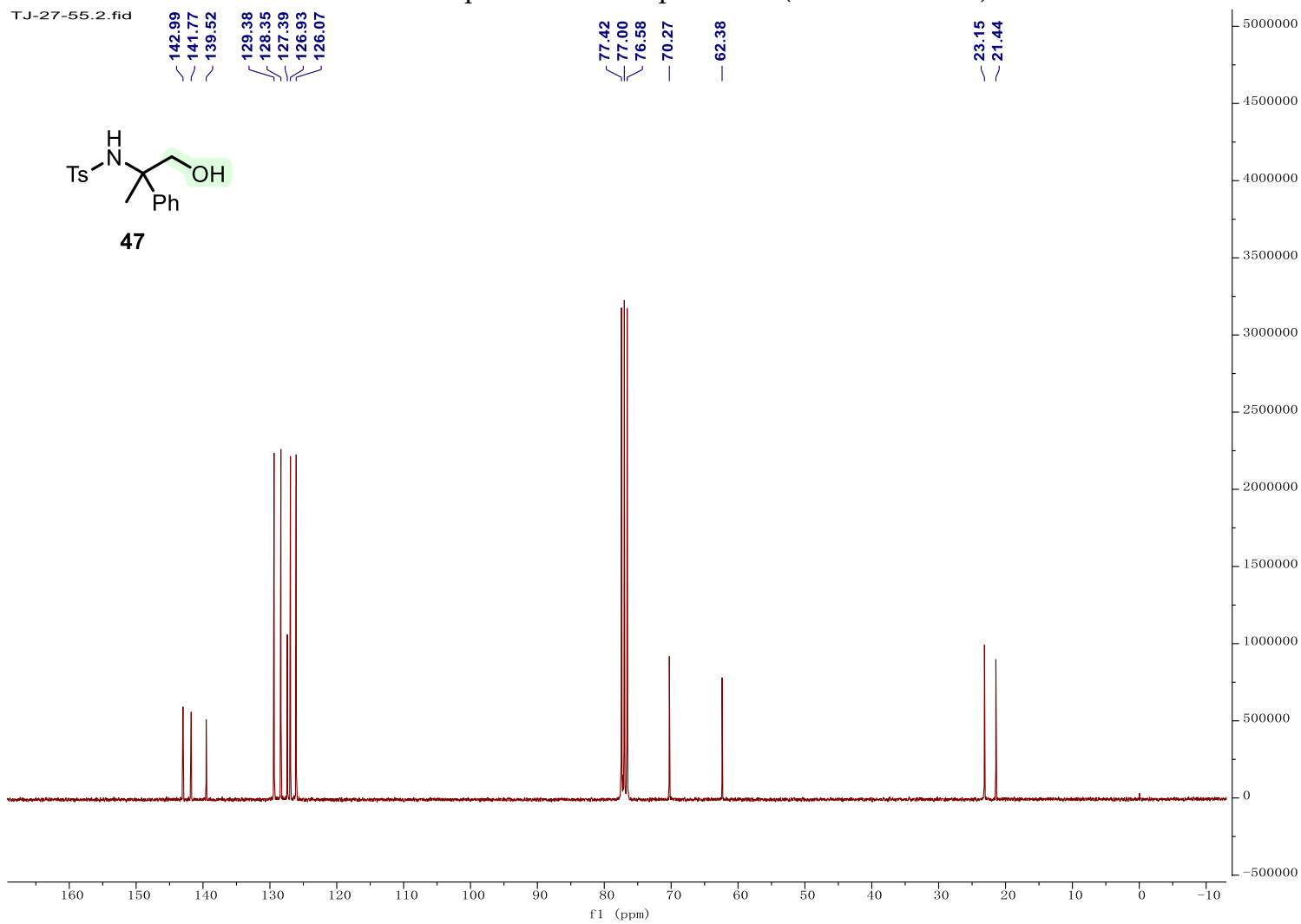
¹³C NMR spectrum of compound **46** (75 MHz, CDCl₃)



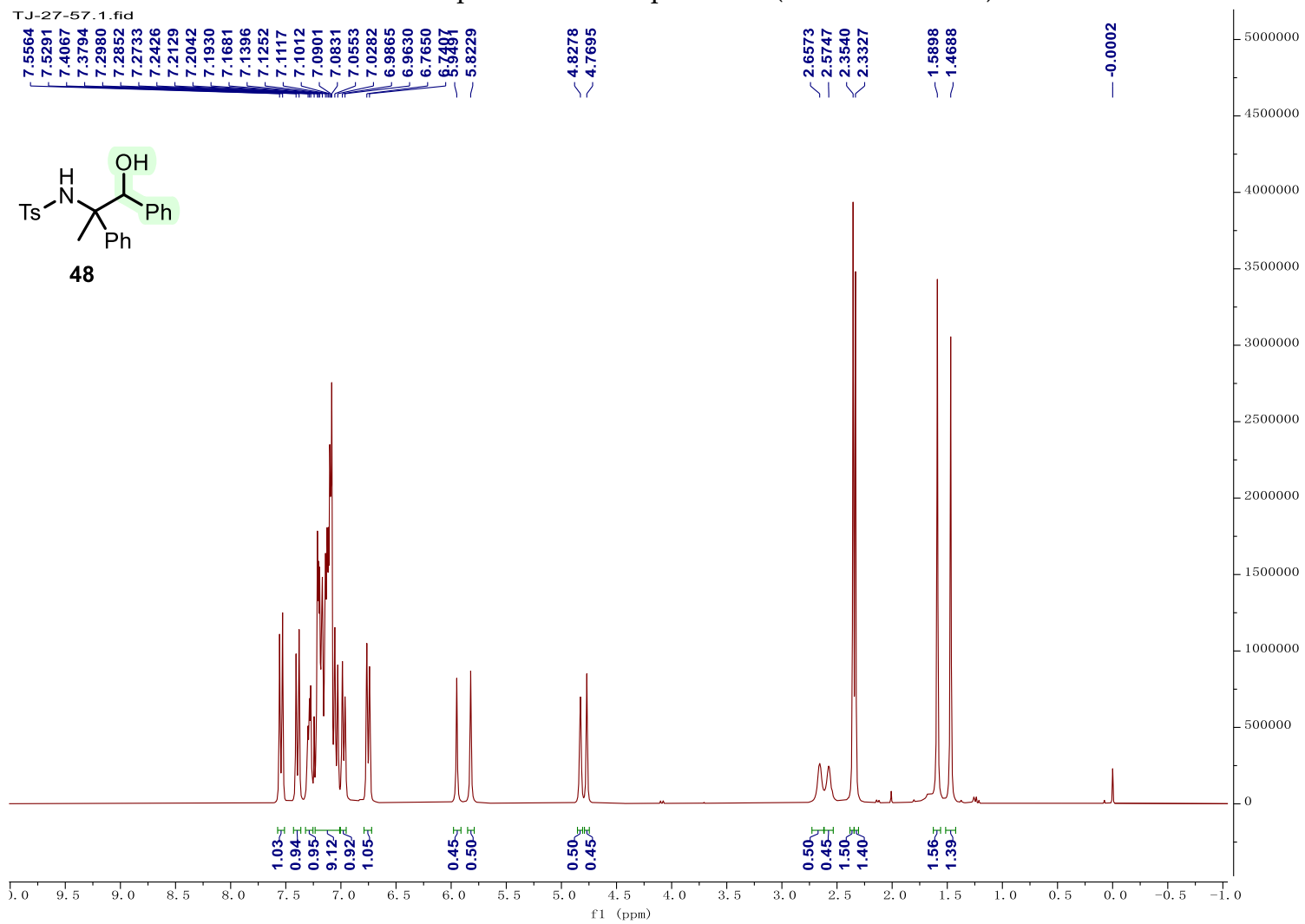
¹H NMR spectrum of compound 47 (300 MHz, CDCl₃)



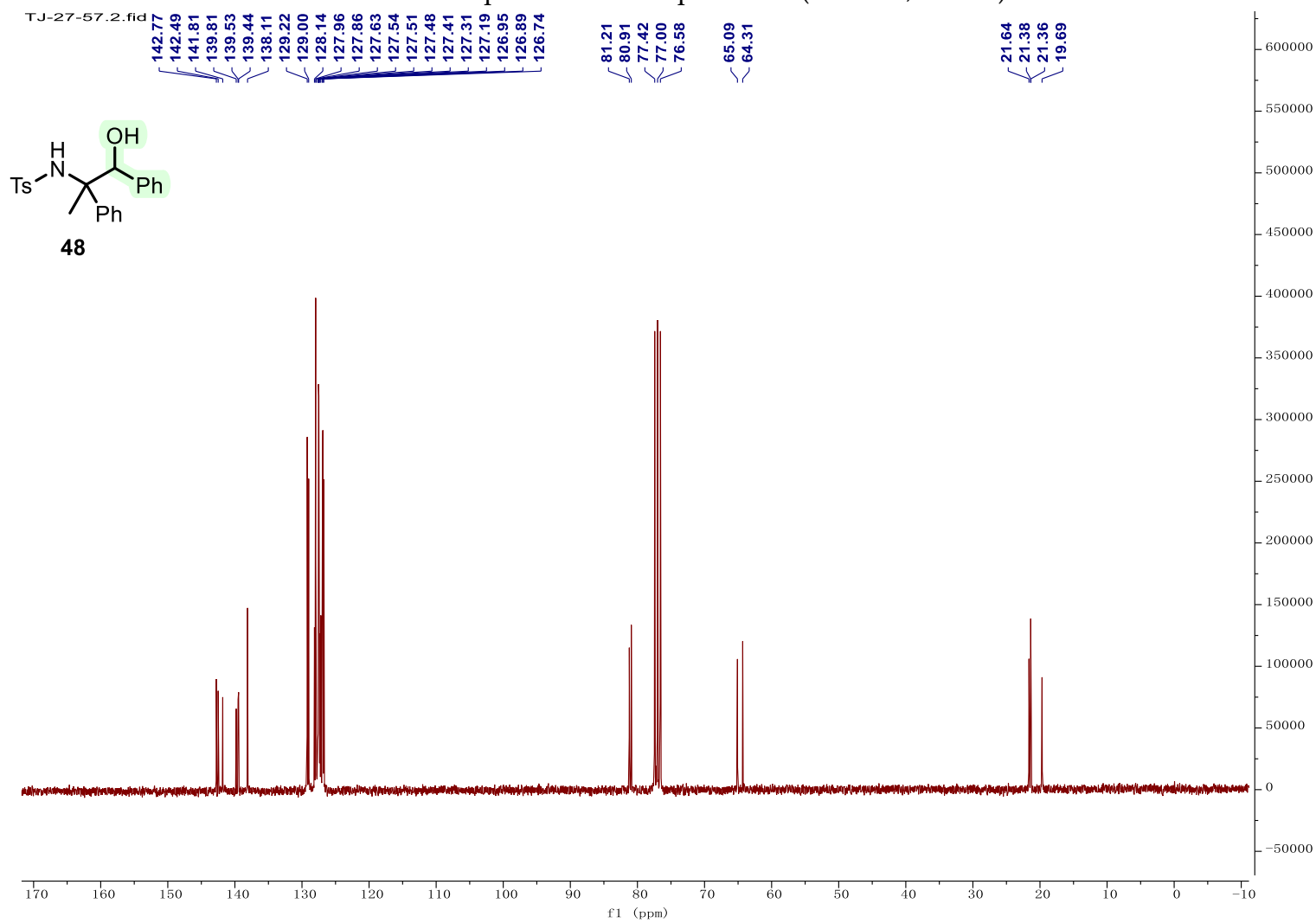
¹³C NMR spectrum of compound 47 (75 MHz, CDCl₃)



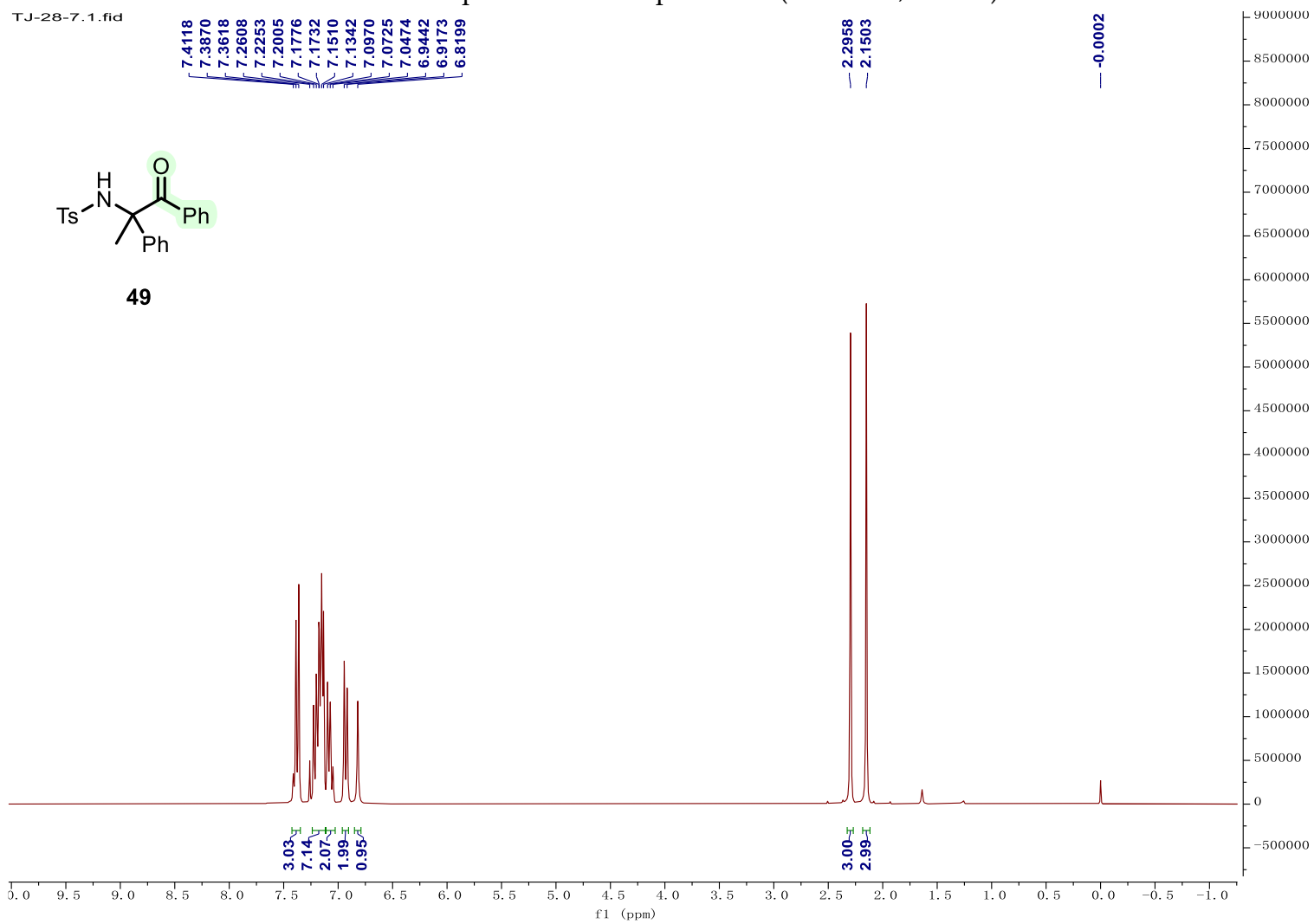
¹H NMR spectrum of compound 48 (300 MHz, CDCl₃)



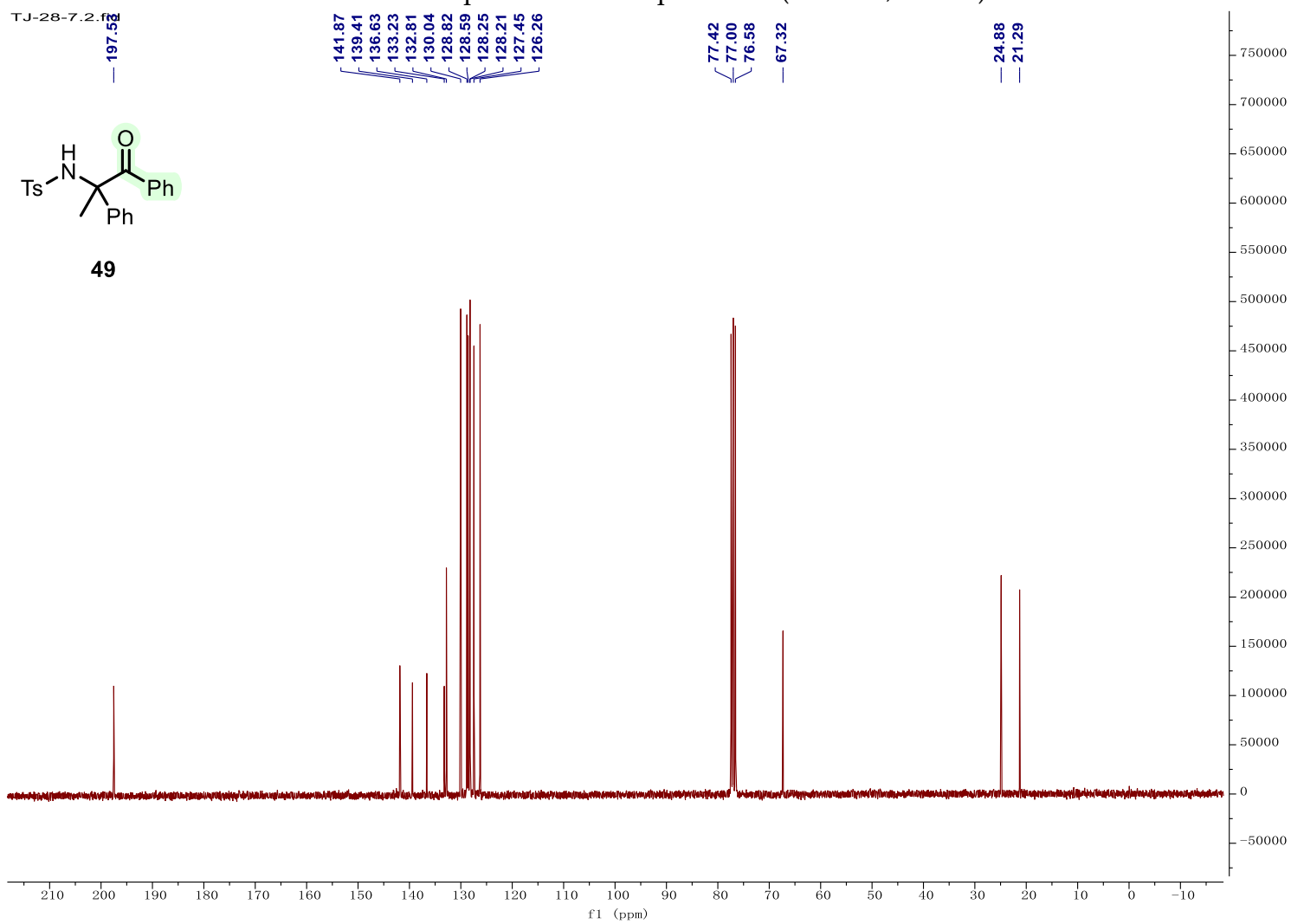
¹³C NMR spectrum of compound **48** (75 MHz, CDCl₃)



¹H NMR spectrum of compound **49** (300 MHz, CDCl₃)

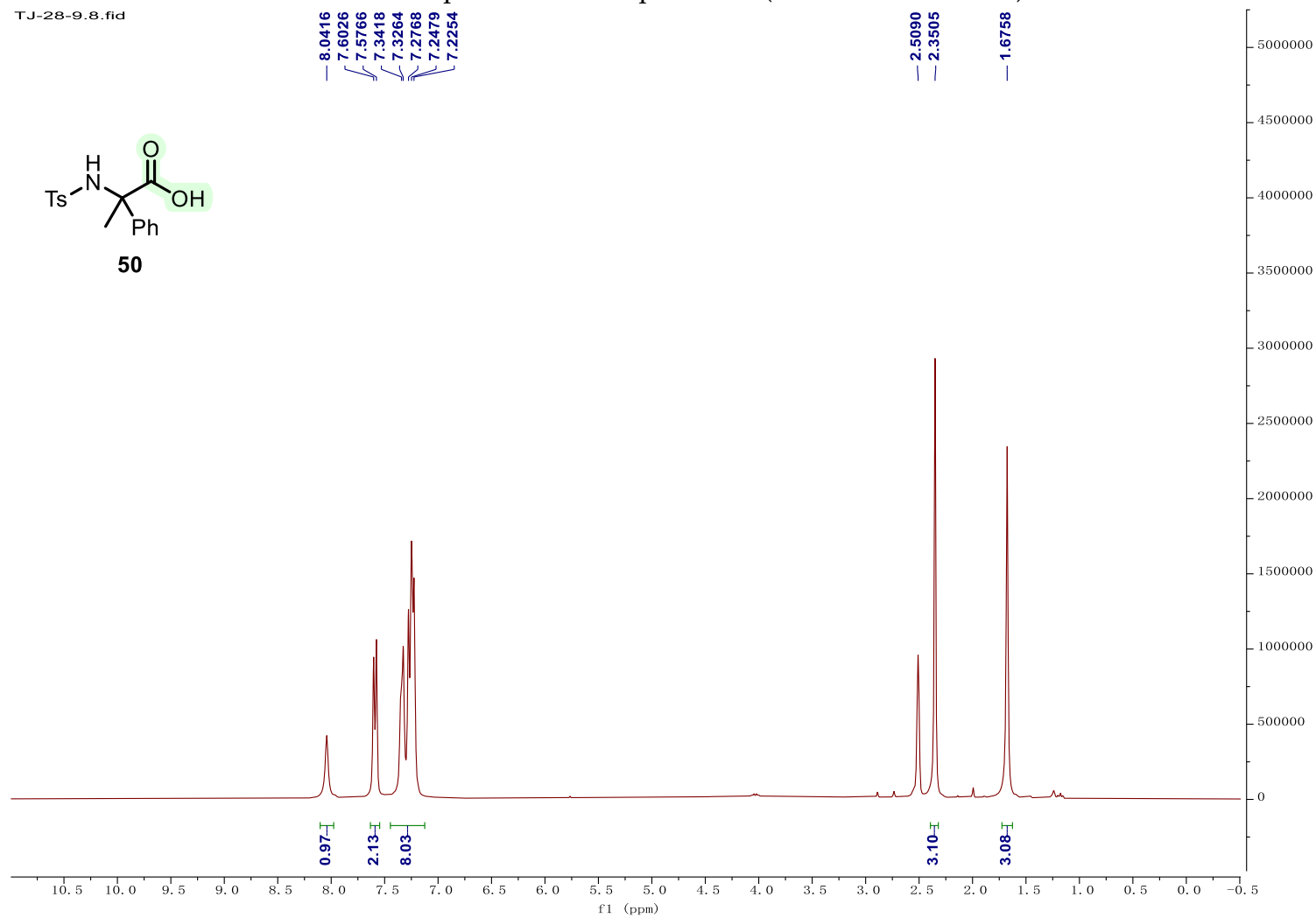
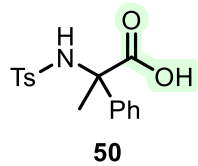


¹³C NMR spectrum of compound **49** (75 MHz, CDCl₃)

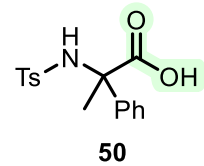


¹H NMR spectrum of compound 50 (300 MHz, DMSO-d₆)

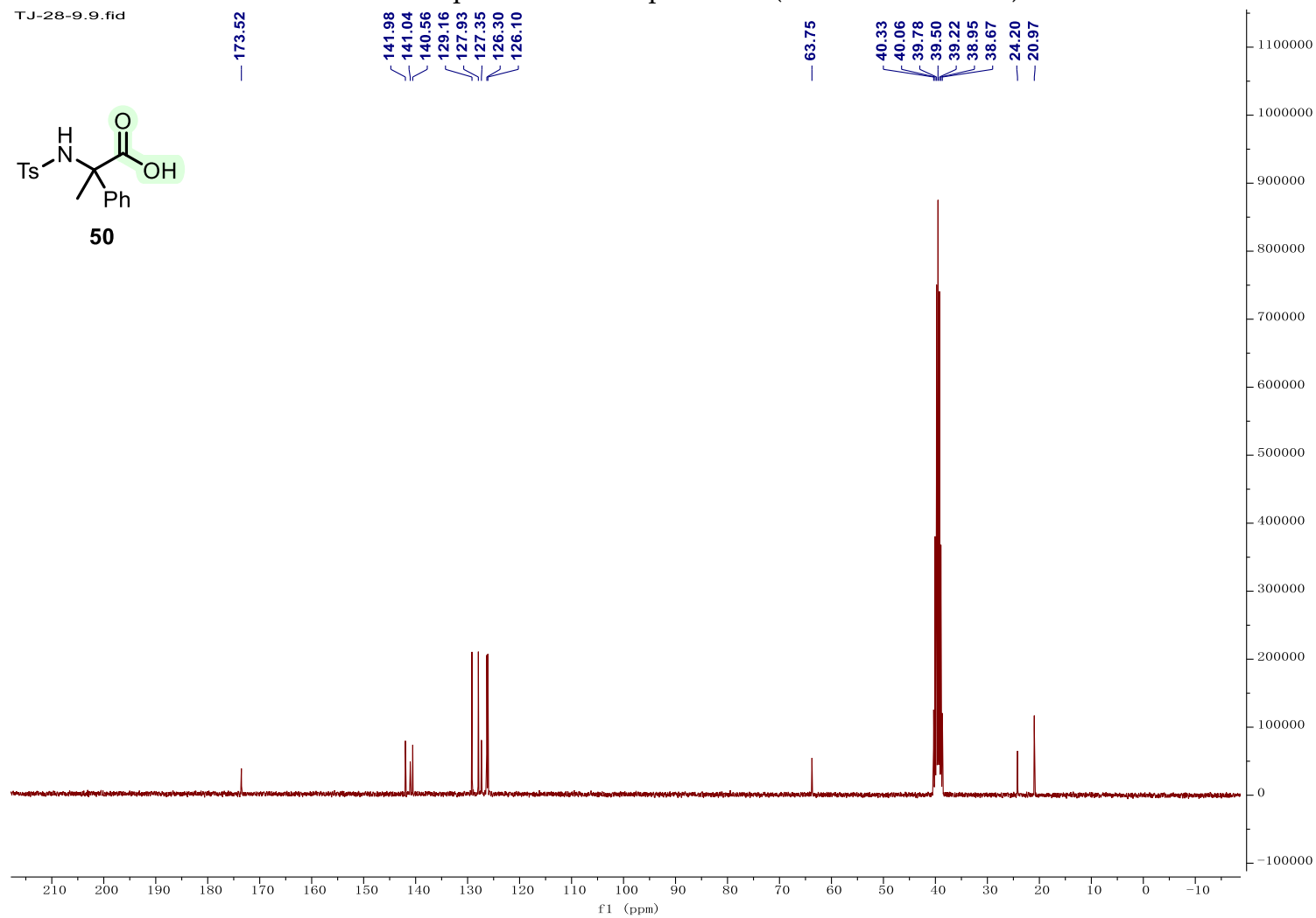
TJ-28-9.8.fid



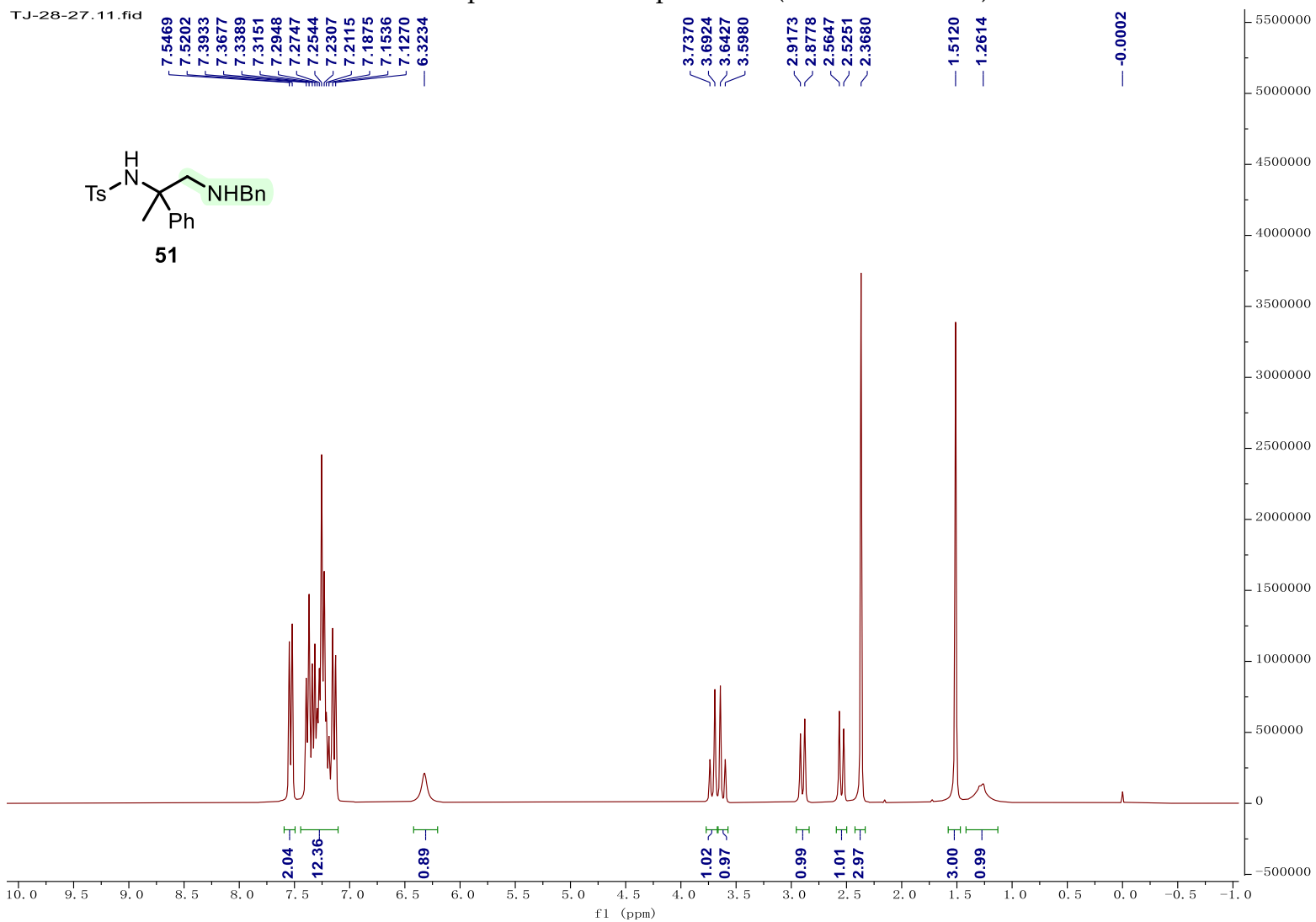
TJ-28-9.9.fid



¹³C NMR spectrum of compound 50 (75 MHz, DMSO-d₆)



¹H NMR spectrum of compound **51** (300 MHz, CDCl₃)



¹³C NMR spectrum of compound 51 (75 MHz, CDCl₃)

TJ-28-27.12.fid

