

Support information

## **A BiVO<sub>4</sub>/UU-200 Heterojunction for Efficient Visible-Light Photocatalytic Degradation of Rhodamine B**

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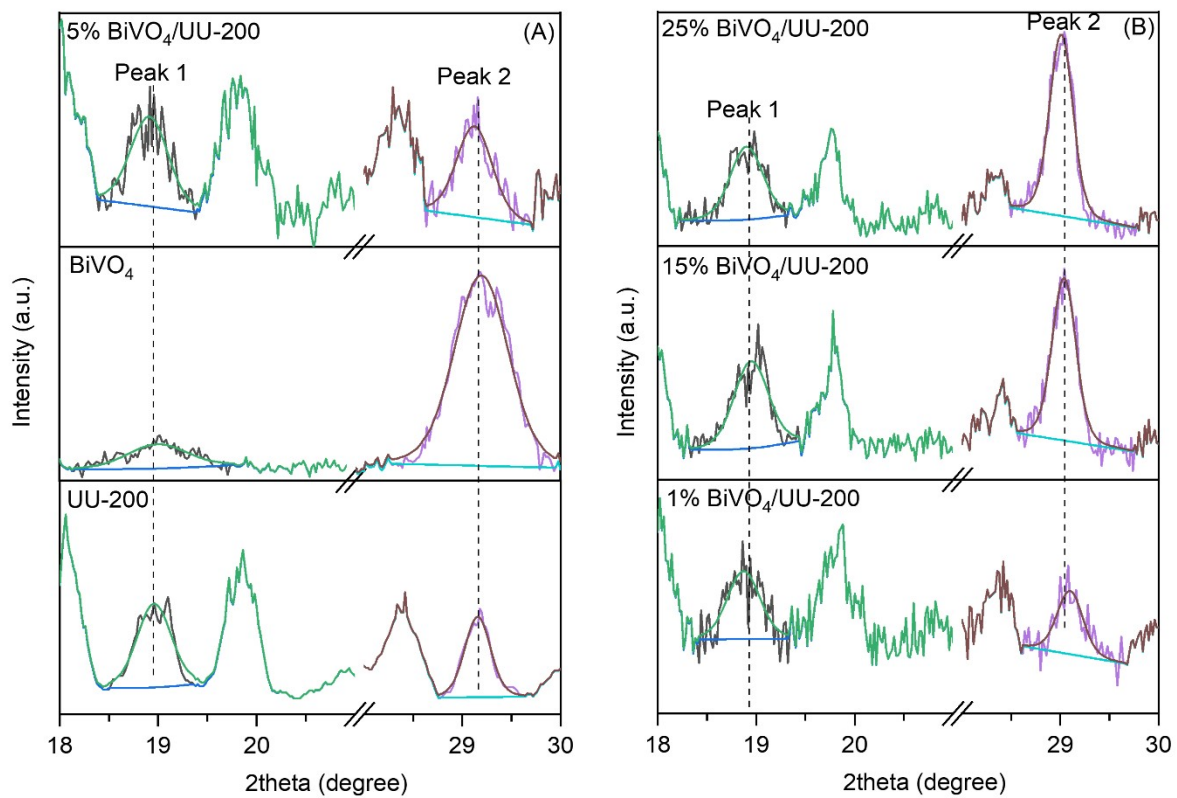


Figure S1. The magnified part of XRD data from 18° to 30° and the deconvolution of the XRD data

Table S1: The weight crystalline fractions of the prepared materials

Samples		Peak		Peak2/Peak1
		1	2	ratio
UU-200	Position (degree)	18.96	29.16	
	Area	20.040	14.536	0.725
	FWHM	0.414	0.311	
BiVO <sub>4</sub>	Position (degree)	19.16	29.23	
	Area	13.043	91.878	7.044
	FWHM	0.697	0.624	
1% BiVO <sub>4</sub> /UU-200	Position (degree)	18.87	29.10	
	Area	32.232	23.722	0.736
	FWHM	0.392	0.310	
5% BiVO <sub>4</sub> /UU-200	Position (degree)	18.91	29.13	
	Area	13.732	13.149	0.957
	FWHM	0.453	0.428	
15% BiVO <sub>4</sub> /UU-200	Position (degree)	18.95	29.04	
	Area	64.761	82.867	1.280
	FWHM	0.417	0.285	
25% BiVO <sub>4</sub> /UU-200	Position (degree)	18.90	29.01	
	Area	55.841	97.902	1.753
	FWHM	0.396	0.279	

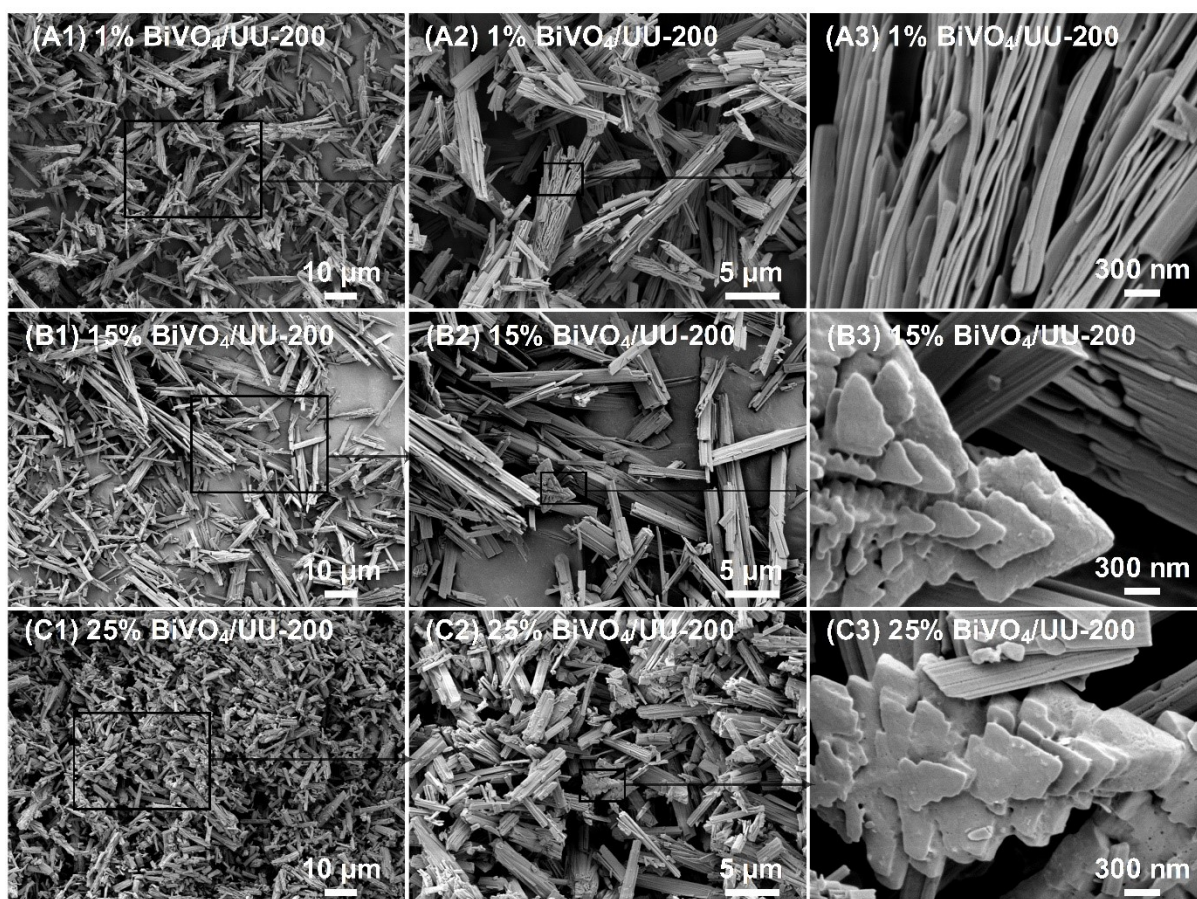


Figure S2. SEM images of 1% BiVO<sub>4</sub>/UU-200 (A1–A3), 15% BiVO<sub>4</sub>/UU-200 (B1–B3), and 25% BiVO<sub>4</sub>/UU-200 (C1–C3)

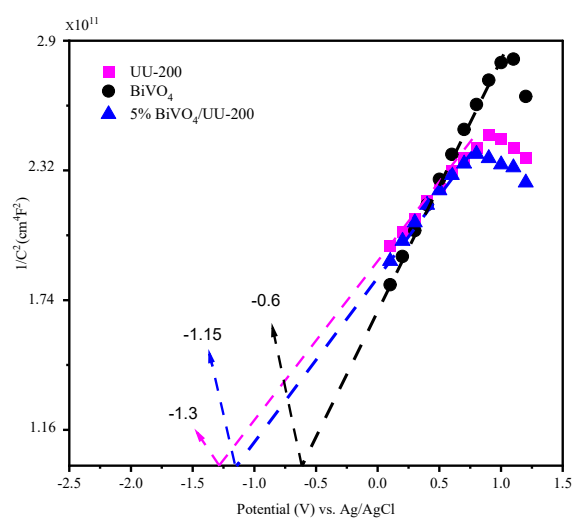


Figure S3. Mott–Schottky plots of BiVO<sub>4</sub>, UU-200 and 5% BiVO<sub>4</sub>/UU-200 composite.

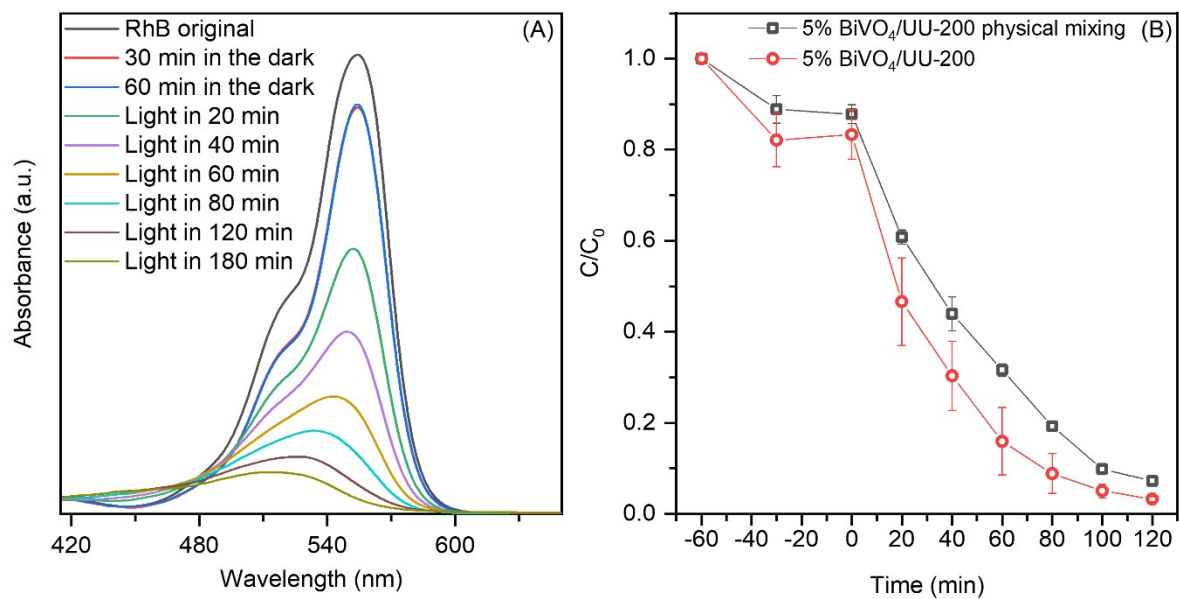


Figure S4. (A) Time courses of UV-vis absorption spectra of RhB over 5% BiVO<sub>4</sub>/UU-200; (B) Time courses of photocatalytic degradation of RhB over 5% BiVO<sub>4</sub>/UU-200 composites and 5% BiVO<sub>4</sub>/UU-200 physical mixing.

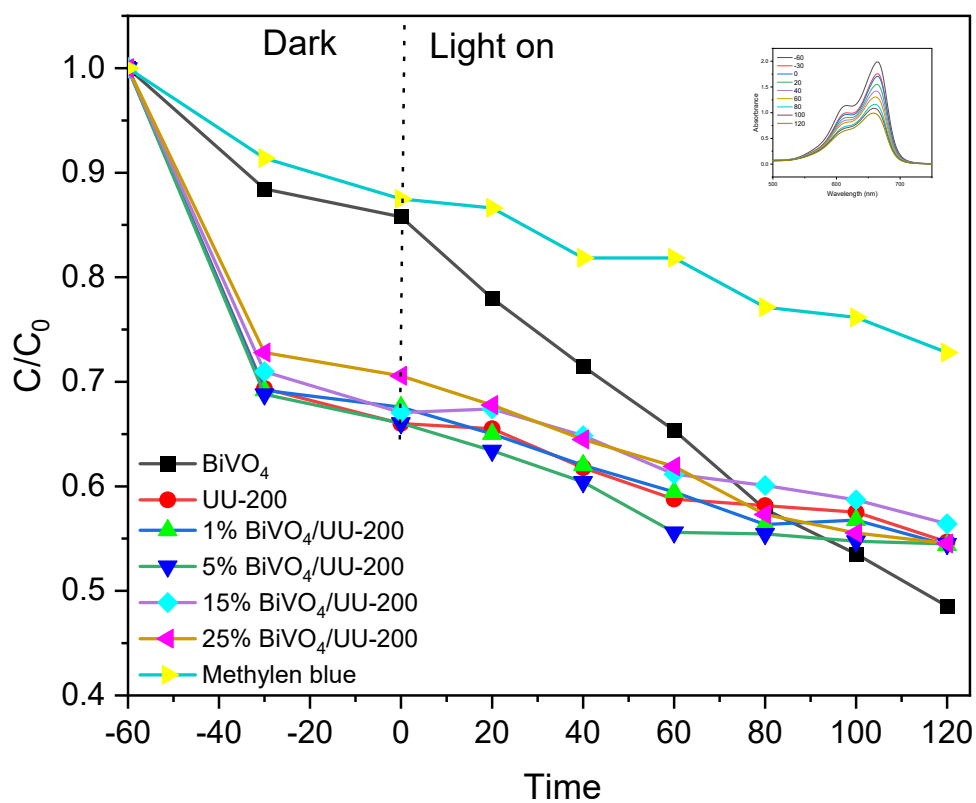


Figure S5. Photocatalytic degradation of Methylene Blue over  $\text{BiVO}_4/\text{UU-200}$  composites under dark and light irradiation.

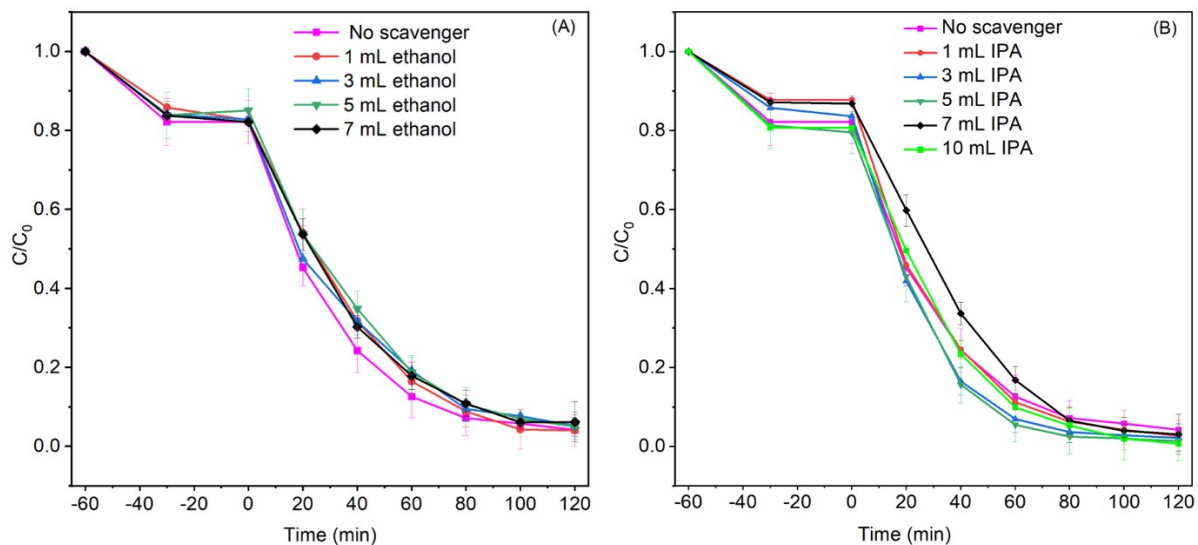


Figure S6. The effect of ethanol (A) and isopropanol (B) as  $\cdot\text{OH}$  scavengers on the degradation of RhB over the 5%  $\text{BiVO}_4/\text{UU-200}$  photocatalyst.

Table S2. Comparison of photodegradation performances of Bi-MOF-based composite photocatalysts

Photocatalysts	Contaminant	Light sources	Dosage ( $\text{g}\cdot\text{L}^{-1}$ )	$C_0$ ( $\text{mg}\cdot\text{L}^{-1}$ )	Time (min)	Degradation rates (%)	Ref.
$\text{BiVO}_4/\text{UU-200}$	RhB	40 W LED	0.1	15	120	96.8	This work
$\text{BiBDC}/\text{BiVO}_4$	TC	300 W Xenon	0.2	10	30	96.2	(Zhang et al., 2023)
$\text{BiVO}_4/\text{CAU-17}$	RhB	300 W Xenon	1.0	10	60	99.3	(Zhou et al., 2024)

BiOCl/CAU-17	RhB	40 W LED	0.15	15	60	96.0	(Nguyen et al., 2024)
Bi <sub>2</sub> WO <sub>6</sub> /CAU-17	RhB	500 W Xenon	0.4	10	60	80	(Yang et al., 2021)
Bi-MOF/BiOI	TC	Xenon	1.0	40	60	77	(Dai et al., 2023)
BiOCl@Bi-MOF	CTC	300 W Xenon	0.5	50	90	75.8	(Zhang et al., 2022)
BiOBr/CAU-17	RhB	500 W Xenon	0.2	20	50	85.7	(Zhu et al., 2017)

**Table S3.** Control experiments for photodegradation of RhB over the as-synthesized samples.

C and C<sub>0</sub> (in units of mol/L) denote the respective concentrations of RhB dye at time points t and 0, where t represents the current time, and 0 denotes the initial time.  $\sigma$  is the standard deviation calculated from 3 samples.

Sample	Time [min]	$C/C_0 \pm \sigma$	$-\ln(C/C_0)^{(a)}$	Sample	Time [min]	$C/C_0 \pm \sigma$	$-\ln(C/C_0)^{(a)}$
No catalyst	-60	1±0	--	BiVO <sub>4</sub>	-60	1±0	--
	-30	0.99438±0.00197	--		-30	0.96985±0.00658	--
	0	0.99392±0.00226	0		0	0.96439±0.000560 367	0
	20	0.99252±0.00378	8.56773E-4		20	0.96034±0.00785	0.00866
	40	0.99167±0.00278	0.00139		40	0.95206±0.00304	0.01472
	60	0.99114±0.00273	0.00281		60	0.94631±0.00179	0.02927
	80	0.98973±0.00303	0.00258		80	0.93264±0.00775	0.04963
	100	0.98996±0.00802	0.00805		100	0.91384±0.00501	0.08559
	120	0.98456±0.00472	0.01048		120	0.88156±0.01343	0.09116
UU-200	-60	1±0	--	1% BiVO <sub>4</sub> /U U-200	-60	1±0	--
	-30	0.86438±0.01798	--		-30	0.90269±0.02483	--
	0	0.84498±0.01242	0		0	0.91373±0.02935	0
	20	0.62436±0.03735	0.31731		20	0.64731±0.04491	0.24783
	40	0.4546±0.04305	0.78126		40	0.50522±0.03973	0.57529
	60	0.28585±0.02348	1.10706		60	0.36414±0.01696	0.95903
	80	0.20637±0.01674	1.64209		80	0.24809±0.00993	1.33709
	100	0.12086±0.02043	2.09917		100	0.16999±0.0068	1.78617
	120	0.07652±0.02206	2.821		120	0.10849±0.00267	2.4672
5% BiVO <sub>4</sub> /U U-200	-60	1±0	--	15% BiVO <sub>4</sub> /U U-200	-60	1±0	--
	-30	0.79802±0.02601	--		-30	0.86495±0.00571	--
	0	0.817±0.01536	0		0	0.86949±0.01319	0
	20	0.52961±0.03803	0.56003		20	0.52384±0.03338	0.28918
	40	0.30251±0.02242	0.98711		40	0.39229±0.03086	0.61419
	60	0.19736±0.02733	1.5565		60	0.28344±0.02323	1.14739
	80	0.11168±0.0199	2.29265		80	0.1663±0.02061	1.58808
	100	0.05349±0.01048	2.80266		100	0.10703±0.02865	2.11773
	120	0.03212±0.00561	3.25595		120	0.06302±0.00876	2.3139
25% BiVO <sub>4</sub> /U	-60	1±0	--	5% BiVO <sub>4</sub> /U U-200	-60	1±0	--

U-200	-30	0.88431±0.00236	--	physical mixing	-30	0.889±0.0304
	0	0.85692±0.02826	0		0	0.878±0.0208
	20	0.60211±0.0054	0.24605		20	0.608±0.0154
	40	0.47078±0.03151	0.59062		40	0.439±0.0369
	60	0.33356±0.03834	1.08787		60	0.316±0.0139
	80	0.20287±0.03779	1.62291		80	0.193±0.00811
	100	0.11881±0.02145	2.11851		100	0.0978±0.00626
	120	0.07238±0.01106	2.63476		120	0.0718±0.00803

(a)  $C_0$  (in units of mol/L) denote the respective concentrations of RhB at time points  $t = 0$  min

**Table S4.** Effect of catalyst dosage on the degradation of RhB over the 5% BiVO<sub>4</sub>/UU-200 sample. C and C<sub>0</sub> (in units of mol/L) denote the respective concentrations of RhB dye at time points t and 0, where t represents the current time, and 0 denotes the initial time.

Catalyst dosage	Time [min]	C/C <sub>0</sub>	Sample	Time [min]	C/C <sub>0</sub>
m = 5 mg	0	1	m = 10 mg	0	1
	20	0.986		20	0.748
	40	0.978		40	0.577
	60	0.908		60	0.397
	80	0.788		80	0.240
	100	0.684		100	0.141
	120	0.548		120	0.0702
m = 15 mg	0	1	m = 20 mg	0	1
	20	0.776		20	0.698
	40	0.666		40	0.449
	60	0.354		60	0.243
	80	0.182		80	0.123
	100	0.0937		100	0.0576
	120	0.0371		120	0.0234

**Table S5.** Effect of initial RhB concentration on the degradation of RhB over the 5% BiVO<sub>4</sub>/UU-200 sample. C and C<sub>0</sub> (in units of mol/L) denote the respective concentrations of RhB dye at time points t and 0, where t represents the current time, and 0 denotes the initial time.

RhB concentration	Time [min]	C/C <sub>0</sub>	Sample	Time [min]	C/C <sub>0</sub>
[RhB] = 15 ppm	0	1	[RhB] = 20 ppm	0	1
	20	0.643		20	0.731
	40	0.430		40	0.558
	60	0.254		60	0.341
	80	0.147		80	0.220
	100	0.0729		100	0.0998
	120	0.0377		120	0.0524
[RhB] = 25 ppm	0	1	[RhB] = 30 ppm	0	1
	20	0.691		20	0.942
	40	0.522		40	0.813
	60	0.373		60	0.578
	80	0.249		80	0.325
	100	0.150		100	0.196
	120	0.0848		120	0.100
[RhB] = 35 ppm	0	1			
	20	0.985			
	40	0.949			
	60	0.841			
	80	0.584			
	100	0.394			
	120	0.273			

**Table S6.** Effect of initial solution pH on the degradation of RhB over the 5% BiVO<sub>4</sub>/UU-200 sample. C and C<sub>0</sub> (in units of mol/L) denote the respective concentrations of RhB dye at time points t and 0, where t represents the current time, and 0 denotes the initial time.

initial solution pH	Time [min]	C/C <sub>0</sub>	Sample	Time [min]	C/C <sub>0</sub>
pH 2	0	1	pH 4	0	1
	20	0.298		20	0.874
	40	0.0283		40	0.691
	60	0.00353		60	0.534
	80	0.00199		80	0.357
	100	0.00202		100	0.187
	120	0.00106		120	0.0955
pH 6	0	1	pH8	0	1
	20	0.869		20	0.936
	40	0.717		40	0.856
	60	0.562		60	0.779
	80	0.463		80	0.726
	100	0.327		100	0.656
	120	0.259		120	0.624
pH 10	0	1			
	20	1.006			
	40	1.000			
	60	1.002			
	80	0.997			
	100	0.997			
	120	1.000			

**Table S7.** Active species trapping experiments for photodegradation of RhB over 5% BiVO<sub>4</sub>/UU-200 sample. C and C<sub>0</sub> (in units of mol/L) denote the respective concentrations of RhB and TCH at time points t and 0, where t represents the current time, and 0 denotes the initial time.  $\sigma$  is the standard deviation calculated from 3 samples.

Scavenger	Time [min]	C/C <sub>0</sub> ± $\sigma$	Scavenger	Time [min]	C/C <sub>0</sub> ± $\sigma$
IPA	-60	1±0	BQ	-60	1±0
	-30	0.981±0.00724		-30	0.987±0.00319
	0	0.986±0.000756		0	0.985±0.00579
	20	0.852±0.0399		20	0.973±0.00637
	40	0.617±0.0283		40	0.968±0.00992
	60	0.361±0.0343		60	0.965±0.0129
	80	0.218±0.0334		80	0.961±0.0129
	100	0.126±0.0160		100	0.961±0.0119
	120	0.0560±0.00577		120	0.956±0.0120
Na <sub>2</sub> C <sub>2</sub> O <sub>4</sub>	-60	1±0	K <sub>2</sub> Cr <sub>2</sub> O <sub>7</sub>	-60	1±0
	-30	0.987±0.00223		-30	0.980±0.0170
	0	0.989±0.00571		0	0.981±0.0103
	20	0.928±0.0122		20	0.907±0.0168
	40	0.786±0.0336		40	0.855±0.0237
	60	0.626±0.0337		60	0.771±0.0197
	80	0.521±0.0269		80	0.706±0.0400
	100	0.410±0.00243		100	0.629±0.0507
	120	0.257±0.0155		120	0.581±0.0526

**Table S8.** Recycling runs for photodegradation of RhB over 5% BiVO<sub>4</sub>/UU-200 sample. C and C<sub>0</sub> (in units of mol/L) denote the respective concentrations of RhB dye at time points t and 0, where t represents the current time, and 0 denotes the initial time.  $\sigma$  is the standard deviation calculated from 3 samples.

Cycle run	Time [min]	C/C <sub>0</sub> ± $\sigma$	Cycle run	Time [min]	C/C <sub>0</sub> ± $\sigma$
Cycle 1	-60	1±0	Cycle 2	-60	1±0
	-30	0.867±0.00958		-30	0.951±0.0153
	0	0.880±0.0152		0	0.950±0.0158
	20	0.608±0.107		20	0.743±0.0231
	40	0.459±0.0713		40	0.637±0.00360
	60	0.328±0.0630		60	0.521±0.0290
	80	0.219±0.0674		80	0.392±0.0192
	100	0.132±0.0487		100	0.227±0.0384
	120	0.0746±0.0196		120	0.0946±0.0171
Cycle 3	-60	1±0			
	-30	0.969±0.0148			
	0	0.974±0.0172			
	20	0.844±0.0110			
	40	0.706±0.0120			
	60	0.556±0.0280			
	80	0.406±0.0212			
	100	0.311±0.0255			
	120	0.1423±0.00512			

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